

# van Emde Boas Trees

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## Abstract

The *van Emde Boas tree* or *van Emde Boas priority queue* [1, 2] is a data structure supporting membership test, insertion, predecessor and successor search, minimum and maximum determination and deletion in  $\mathcal{O}(\log \log |\mathcal{U}|)$  time, where  $\mathcal{U} = \{0, \dots, 2^n - 1\}$  is the overall range to be considered. The presented formalization follows Chapter 20 of the popular *Introduction to Algorithms (3rd ed.)* [3] by Cormen, Leiserson, Rivest and Stein (CLRS), extending the list of formally verified CLRS algorithms [4]. Our current formalization is based on the first author's bachelor's thesis.

First, we prove correct a *functional* implementation, w.r.t. an abstract data type for sets. Apart from functional correctness, we show a resource bound, and runtime bounds w.r.t. manually defined timing functions [5] for the operations.

Next, we refine the operations to Imperative HOL [6, 7] with time [8], and show correctness and complexity. This yields a practically more efficient implementation, and eliminates the manually defined timing functions from the trusted base of the proof.

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```

theory VEBT-Definitions imports
  Main
  HOL-Library.Extended-Nat
  HOL-Library.Code-Target-Numeral
  HOL-Library.Code-Target-Nat

```

```

begin

```

## 1 Preliminaries and Preparations

### 1.1 Data Type Definition

```

datatype VEBT = is-Node: Node (info:(nat*nat) option)(deg: nat)(treeList: VEBT list) (summary:VEBT)
|
  is-Leaf: Leaf bool bool

```

```

hide-const (open) info deg treeList summary

```

```

locale VEBT-internal begin

```

### 1.2 Functions for obtaining high and low bits of an input number.

```

definition high :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
  high x n = (x div (2n))

```

```

definition low :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
  low x n = (x mod (2n))

```

### 1.3 Some auxiliary lemmata

```

lemma inthall[termination-simp]: ( $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } xs \Rightarrow P x$ )  $\Rightarrow n < \text{length } xs \Rightarrow P (xs ! n)$ 
  <proof>

```

```

lemma intind:  $i < n \Rightarrow P x \Rightarrow P (\text{replicate } n x ! i)$ 
  <proof>

```

```

lemma concat-inth:(xs @ [x] @ ys) ! (length xs) = x
  <proof>

```

```

lemma pos-n-replace:  $n < \text{length } xs \Rightarrow \text{length } xs = \text{length } (\text{take } n xs @ [y] @ \text{drop } (\text{Suc } n) xs)$ 
  <proof>

```

```

lemma inthrepl:  $i < n \Rightarrow (\text{replicate } n x) ! i = x$  <proof>

```

```

lemma nth-repl:  $m < \text{length } xs \Rightarrow n < \text{length } xs \Rightarrow m \neq n \Rightarrow (\text{take } n xs @ [x] @ \text{drop } (n+1) xs) !$ 
   $m = xs ! m$ 
  <proof>

```

**lemma** *[termination-simp]:assumes*  $high\ x\ deg < length\ treeList$   
**shows**  $size\ (treeList\ !\ high\ x\ deg) < Suc\ (size-list\ size\ treeList + size\ s)$   
*<proof>*

## 1.4 Auxiliary functions for defining valid Van Emde Boas Trees

This function checks whether an element occurs in a Leaf

**fun** *naive-member* ::  $VEBT \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool$  **where**  
*naive-member* (Leaf  $a\ b$ )  $x = (if\ x = 0\ then\ a\ else\ if\ x = 1\ then\ b\ else\ False)$  |  
*naive-member* (Node - 0 - -) - = False |  
*naive-member* (Node -  $deg\ treeList\ s$ )  $x = (let\ pos = high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2)\ in$   
 $(if\ pos < length\ treeList\ then\ naive-member\ (treeList\ !\ pos)\ (low\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2))\ else\ False))$

Test for elements stored by using the provide min-max-fields

**fun** *membermima* ::  $VEBT \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool$  **where**  
*membermima* (Leaf - -) - = False |  
*membermima* (Node None 0 - -) - = False |  
*membermima* (Node (Some ( $mi, ma$ )) 0 - -)  $x = (x = mi \vee x = ma)$  |  
*membermima* (Node (Some ( $mi, ma$ ))  $deg\ treeList\ -$ )  $x = (x = mi \vee x = ma \vee$   
 $let\ pos = high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2)\ in\ (if\ pos < length\ treeList$   
 $then\ membermima\ (treeList\ !\ pos)\ (low\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2))\ else\ False)))$  |  
*membermima* (Node None ( $deg\ treeList\ -$ )  $x = (let\ pos = high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2)\ in$   
 $(if\ pos < length\ treeList\ then\ membermima\ (treeList\ !\ pos)\ (low\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2))\ else\ False))$

**lemma** *length-mul-elem*:  $(\forall\ x \in set\ xs.\ length\ x = n) \implies length\ (concat\ xs) = (length\ xs) * n$   
*<proof>*

We combine both auxiliary functions: The following test returns true if and only if an element occurs in the tree with respect to our interpretation no matter where it is stored.

**definition** *both-member-options* ::  $VEBT \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool$  **where**  
 $both-member-options\ t\ x = (naive-member\ t\ x \vee membermima\ t\ x)$

**end**  
**context** *begin*  
**interpretation** *VEBT-internal* *<proof>*

**definition** *set-vebt* ::  $VEBT \Rightarrow nat\ set$  **where**  
 $set-vebt\ t = \{x.\ both-member-options\ t\ x\}$   
**end**

## 1.5 Inductive Definition of semantically valid Van Emde Boas Trees

Invariant for verification proofs

**context** *begin*  
**interpretation** *VEBT-internal* *<proof>*

**inductive** *invar-vebt* ::  $VEBT \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool$  **where**

```

invar-vebt (Leaf a b) (Suc 0) |
(∀ t ∈ set treeList. invar-vebt t n) ⇒ invar-vebt summary m ⇒ length treeList = 2^m
⇒ m = n ⇒ deg = n + m ⇒ (∄ i. both-member-options summary i)
⇒ (∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∄ x. both-member-options t x)
⇒ invar-vebt (Node None deg treeList summary) deg |
(∀ t ∈ set treeList. invar-vebt t n) ⇒ invar-vebt summary m
⇒ length treeList = 2^m ⇒ m = Suc n ⇒ deg = n + m ⇒ (∄ i. both-member-options summary
i)
⇒ (∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∄ x. both-member-options t x)
⇒ invar-vebt (Node None deg treeList summary) deg |
(∀ t ∈ set treeList. invar-vebt t n) ⇒ invar-vebt summary m ⇒ length treeList = 2^m ⇒ m =
n
⇒ deg = n + m ⇒ (∀ i < 2^m. (∃ x. both-member-options (treeList ! i) x) ⇔ (both-member-options
summary i)) ⇒
    (mi = ma → (∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∄ x. both-member-options t x)) ⇒
        mi ≤ ma ⇒ ma < 2^deg ⇒
            (mi ≠ ma →
                (∀ i < 2^m.
                    (high ma n = i → both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low ma n)) ∧
                    (∀ x. (high x n = i ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low x n)
                        ) → mi < x ∧ x ≤ ma) ) )
            ⇒ invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg |
(∀ t ∈ set treeList. invar-vebt t n) ⇒ invar-vebt summary m ⇒ length treeList = 2^m
⇒ m = Suc n ⇒ deg = n + m ⇒ (∀ i < 2^m. (∃ x. both-member-options (treeList ! i) x) ⇔ (
both-member-options summary i)) ⇒
    (mi = ma → (∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∄ x. both-member-options t x)) ⇒
        mi ≤ ma ⇒ ma < 2^deg ⇒
            (mi ≠ ma →
                (∀ i < 2^m.
                    (high ma n = i → both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low ma n)) ∧
                    (∀ x. (high x n = i ∧ both-member-options (treeList ! i) (low x n)
                        ) → mi < x ∧ x ≤ ma)))
            ⇒ invar-vebt (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) deg

```

**end**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

**definition** *in-children*  $n$  *treeList*  $x \equiv$  both-member-options (*treeList* ! *high*  $x$   $n$ ) (*low*  $x$   $n$ )

functional validness definition

```

fun valid' :: VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ bool where
  valid' (Leaf - -) d ⇔ d=1
| valid' (Node mima deg treeList summary) deg' ⇔
  (
    deg=deg' ∧ (
      let n = deg div 2; m = deg - n in
      (∀ t ∈ set treeList. valid' t n)
      ∧ valid' summary m
    )
  )

```

```

    ∧ length treeList = 2^m
    ∧ (
      case mima of
      None ⇒ (∄ i. both-member-options summary i) ∧ (∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∄ x. both-member-options
t x)
      | Some (mi,ma) ⇒
        mi ≤ ma ∧ ma < 2^deg
        ∧ (∀ i < 2^m. (∃ x. both-member-options (treeList ! i) x) ↔ ( both-member-options summary
i))
        ∧ (if mi=ma then (∀ t ∈ set treeList. ∄ x. both-member-options t x)
          else
            in-children n treeList ma
            ∧ (∀ x < 2^deg. in-children n treeList x → mi < x ∧ x ≤ ma)
          )
        )
    )
  )
)
)
)

```

equivalence proofs

**lemma** *high-bound-aux*:  $ma < 2^{n+m} \implies \text{high } ma \ n < 2^m$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *valid-eq1*:  
**assumes** *invar-vebt* *t d*  
**shows** *valid'* *t d*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *even-odd-cases*:  
**fixes** *x* :: *nat*  
**obtains** *n* **where**  $x = n + n \mid n$  **where**  $x = n + \text{Suc } n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *valid-eq2*: *valid'* *t d*  $\implies$  *invar-vebt* *t d*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *valid-eq*: *valid'* *t d*  $\longleftrightarrow$  *invar-vebt* *t d*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** [*termination-simp*]: **assumes** *odd* (*v*::*nat*) **shows**  $v \text{ div } 2 < v$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** [*termination-simp*]: **assumes**  $n > 1$  **and** *odd* *n* **shows**  $\text{Suc } (n \text{ div } 2) < n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**end**

## 1.6 Function for generating an empty tree of arbitrary degree respectively order

**context begin**

**interpretation** *VEBT-internal*  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *vebt-buildup* :: *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *VEBT* **where**

*vebt-buildup* 0 = *Leaf* *False* *False* |

*vebt-buildup* (*Suc* 0) = *Leaf* *False* *False* |

*vebt-buildup* *n* = (if even *n* then (let half = *n* div 2 in

*Node* *None* *n* (replicate ( $2^{\text{half}}$ ) (*vebt-buildup* half)) (*vebt-buildup* half))

else (let half = *n* div 2 in

*Node* *None* *n* ( replicate ( $2^{\text{half}}$ ) (*vebt-buildup* half)) (*vebt-buildup* (*Suc* half))))

**end**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

**lemma** *buildup-nothing-in-leaf*:  $\neg \text{naive-member } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) \ x$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *buildup-nothing-in-min-max*:  $\neg \text{membermima } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) \ x$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

The empty tree generated by *vebt-buildup* is indeed a valid tree.

**lemma** *buildup-gives-valid*:  $n > 0 \implies \text{invar-vebt } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) \ n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *mi-ma-2-deg*: **assumes** *invar-vebt* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) *deg treeList summary*) *n* **shows**

$mi \leq ma \wedge ma < 2^{\text{deg}}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *deg-not-0*: *invar-vebt* *t n*  $\implies n > 0$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *set-n-deg-not-0*: **assumes**  $\forall t \in \text{set treeList}. \text{invar-vebt } t \text{ and } \text{length treeList} = 2^m$  **shows**  $n \geq 1$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *both-member-options-ding*: **assumes** *invar-vebt* (*Node info deg treeList summary*) *n* **and**  $x < 2^{\text{deg}}$  **and**

*both-member-options* (*treeList* ! (*high* *x* (*deg* div 2))) (*low* *x* (*deg* div 2)) **shows** *both-member-options*

(*Node info deg treeList summary*) *x*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *exp-split-high-low*: **assumes**  $x < 2^{(n+m)}$  **and**  $n > 0$  **and**  $m > 0$

**shows** *high* *x n*  $< 2^m$  **and** *low* *x n*  $< 2^n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *low-inv*: **assumes**  $x < 2^n$  **shows** *low* (*y* \*  $2^n + x$ ) *n* = *x*  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *high-inv*: **assumes**  $x < 2^n$  **shows** *high*  $(y * 2^n + x) \ n = y$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *both-member-options-from-child-to-complete-tree*:

**assumes** *high*  $x \ (deg \ div \ 2) < length \ treeList$  **and**  $deg \geq 1$  **and** *both-member-options*  $(treeList \ ! \ (high \ x \ (deg \ div \ 2))) \ (low \ x \ (deg \ div \ 2))$

**shows** *both-member-options*  $(Node \ (Some \ (mi, \ ma)) \ deg \ treeList \ summary) \ x$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *both-member-options-from-complete-tree-to-child*:

**assumes**  $deg \geq 1$  **and** *both-member-options*  $(Node \ (Some \ (mi, \ ma)) \ deg \ treeList \ summary) \ x$   
**shows** *both-member-options*  $(treeList \ ! \ (high \ x \ (deg \ div \ 2))) \ (low \ x \ (deg \ div \ 2)) \vee x = mi \vee x = ma$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *pow-sum*:  $(divide :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat) \ ((2 :: nat) \wedge ((a :: nat) + (b :: nat))) \ (2^a) = 2^b$   
*<proof>*

**fun** *elim-dead* ::  $VEBT \Rightarrow enat \Rightarrow VEBT$  **where**

*elim-dead*  $(Leaf \ a \ b) - = Leaf \ a \ b \mid$

*elim-dead*  $(Node \ info \ deg \ treeList \ summary) \infty =$   
 $(Node \ info \ deg \ (map \ (\lambda \ t. \ elim-dead \ t \ (enat \ (2^{deg \ div \ 2}))) \ treeList)$   
 $(elim-dead \ summary \infty)) \mid$

*elim-dead*  $(Node \ info \ deg \ treeList \ summary) \ (enat \ l) =$   
 $(Node \ info \ deg \ (take \ (l \ div \ (2^{deg \ div \ 2})) \ (map \ (\lambda \ t. \ elim-dead \ t \ (enat \ (2^{deg \ div \ 2}))) \ treeList))$   
 $(elim-dead \ summary \ ((enat \ (l \ div \ (2^{deg \ div \ 2}))))))$

**lemma** *elimnum*: *invar-vebt*  $(Node \ info \ deg \ treeList \ summary) \ n \Longrightarrow$

*elim-dead*  $(Node \ info \ deg \ treeList \ summary) \ (enat \ ((2 :: nat)^n)) = (Node \ info \ deg \ treeList \ summary)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *elimcomplete*: *invar-vebt*  $(Node \ info \ deg \ treeList \ summary) \ n \Longrightarrow$

*elim-dead*  $(Node \ info \ deg \ treeList \ summary) \infty = (Node \ info \ deg \ treeList \ summary)$   
*<proof>*

**end**

**end**

**theory** *VEBT-Member* **imports** *VEBT-Definitions*

**begin**

## 2 Member Function

**context** *begin*

**interpretation** *VEBT-internal* *<proof>*

**fun** *vebt-member* ::  $VEBT \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool$  **where**

*vebt-member*  $(Leaf \ a \ b) \ x = (if \ x = 0 \ then \ a \ else \ if \ x = 1 \ then \ b \ else \ False) \mid$

*vebt-member*  $(Node \ None \ - \ -) \ x = False \mid$

```

vebt-member (Node - 0 - -) x = False|
vebt-member (Node - (Suc 0) - -) x = False|
vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
  if x = mi then True else
  if x = ma then True else
  if x < mi then False else
  if x > ma then False else (
    let h = high x (deg div 2);
    l = low x (deg div 2) in(
      if h < length treeList
      then vebt-member (treeList ! h) l
      else False)))

```

**end**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

**lemma** *member-inv*:

**assumes** *vebt-member* (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x

**shows**  $\text{deg} \geq 2 \wedge$

$(x = \text{mi} \vee x = \text{ma} \vee (x < \text{ma} \wedge x > \text{mi} \wedge \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2) < \text{length treeList} \wedge$   
 $\text{vebt-member } (\text{treeList ! } (\text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2))) (\text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2))))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *bit-concat*:: $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  **where**

*bit-concat* h l d =  $h * 2^d + l$

**lemma** *bit-split-inv*: *bit-concat* (high x d) (low x d) d = x

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *set-vebt'*:: $\text{VEBT} \Rightarrow \text{nat set}$  **where**

*set-vebt'* t = {x. *vebt-member* t x}

**lemma** *Leaf-0-not*: **assumes** *invar-vebt* (Leaf a b) 0 **shows** False

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *valid-0-not*: *invar-vebt* t 0  $\implies$  False

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**theorem** *valid-tree-deg-neq-0*:  $(\neg \text{invar-vebt } t \ 0)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *deg-1-Leafy*: *invar-vebt* t n  $\implies$  n = 1  $\implies \exists$  a b. t = Leaf a b

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *deg-1-Leaf*: *invar-vebt* t 1  $\implies \exists$  a b. t = Leaf a b

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary** *deg1Leaf*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ 1 \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ a \ b. \ t = \text{Leaf } a \ b)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *deg-SUcn-Node*: **assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } \text{tree } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))$  **shows**  
 $\exists \ \text{info } \text{treeList } s. \ \text{tree} = \text{Node } \text{info } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)) \ \text{treeList } s$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *invar-vebt*  $(\text{Node } \text{info } \text{deg } \text{treeList } \text{summary}) \ \text{deg} \implies \text{deg} > 1$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *deg-deg-n*: **assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } (\text{Node } \text{info } \text{deg } \text{treeList } \text{summary}) \ n$  **shows**  $\text{deg} = n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *member-valid-both-member-options*:  
 $\text{invar-vebt } \text{tree } n \implies \text{vebt-member } \text{tree } x \implies (\text{naive-member } \text{tree } x \vee \text{membermima } \text{tree } x)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *member-bound*:  $\text{vebt-member } \text{tree } x \implies \text{invar-vebt } \text{tree } n \implies x < 2^n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *inrange*: **assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n$  **shows**  $\text{set-vebt}' \ t \subseteq \{0..2^n-1\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *buildup-gives-empty*:  $\text{set-vebt}' (\text{vebt-buildup } n) = \{\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**fun** *minNull*:: $\text{VEBT} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
 $\text{minNull } (\text{Leaf } \text{False } \text{False}) = \text{True}$   
 $\text{minNull } (\text{Leaf } - \ -) = \text{False}$   
 $\text{minNull } (\text{Node } \text{None } - \ -) = \text{True}$   
 $\text{minNull } (\text{Node } (\text{Some } -) \ - \ -) = \text{False}$

**lemma** *min-Null-member*:  $\text{minNull } t \implies \neg \text{vebt-member } t \ x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *not-min-Null-member*:  $\neg \text{minNull } t \implies \exists \ y. \ \text{both-member-options } t \ y$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *valid-member-both-member-options*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{both-member-options } t \ x \implies \text{vebt-member } t \ x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *both-member-options-equiv-member*: **assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n$   
**shows**  $\text{both-member-options } t \ x \longleftrightarrow \text{vebt-member } t \ x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *member-correct*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-member } t \ x \longleftrightarrow x \in \text{set-vebt } t$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *set-vebt-set-vebt'-valid*: **assumes** *invar-vebt* *t n* **shows** *set-vebt* *t = set-vebt'* *t*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *set-vebt-finite*: *invar-vebt* *t n*  $\implies$  *finite* (*set-vebt'* *t*)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *mi-eq-ma-no-ch*: **assumes** *invar-vebt* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) *deg treeList summary*) *deg* **and** *mi = ma*  
**shows** ( $\forall$  *t*  $\in$  *set treeList*.  $\nexists$  *x*. *both-member-options* *t x*)  $\wedge$  ( $\nexists$  *x*. *both-member-options* *summary* *x*)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-Insert* **imports** *VEBT-Member*  
**begin**

### 3 Insert Function

**context** *begin*  
**interpretation** *VEBT-internal* ⟨*proof*⟩

**fun** *vebt-insert* :: *VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *VEBT* **where**  
*vebt-insert* (*Leaf* *a b*) *x* = (*if* *x=0* *then Leaf True b* *else if* *x = 1* *then Leaf a True* *else Leaf a b*)|  
*vebt-insert* (*Node* *info 0 ts s*) *x* = (*Node* *info 0 ts s*)|  
*vebt-insert* (*Node* *info (Suc 0) ts s*) *x* = (*Node* *info (Suc 0) ts s*)|  
*vebt-insert* (*Node* *None (Suc deg) treeList summary*) *x* =  
 (*Node* (*Some* (*x,x*)) (*Suc deg*) *treeList summary*)|  
*vebt-insert* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi,ma*)) *deg treeList summary*) *x* = (  
*let* *xn* = (*if* *x < mi* *then mi* *else x*);  
*minn* = (*if* *x < mi* *then x* *else mi*);  
*l* = *low xn (deg div 2)*;  
*h* = *high xn (deg div 2)* *in* (  
*if* *h < length treeList*  $\wedge$   $\neg$  (*x = mi*  $\vee$  *x = ma*) *then*  
*Node* (*Some* (*minn, max xn ma*)) *deg (treeList[h:= vebt-insert (treeList ! h) l])*  
*(if minNull (treeList ! h) then vebt-insert summary h else summary)*  
*else (Node* (*Some* (*mi, ma*)) *deg treeList summary*)))

**end**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

**lemma** *insert-simp-norm*:  
**assumes** *high x (deg div 2) < length treeList* **and** (*mi::nat*)  $<$  *x* **and** *deg*  $\geq$  2 **and** *x*  $\neq$  *ma*  
**shows** *vebt-insert* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi,ma*)) *deg treeList summary*) *x* =  
*Node* (*Some* (*mi, max x ma*)) *deg (treeList [(high x (deg div 2)):= vebt-insert (treeList !*  
*(high x (deg div 2)) (low x (deg div 2))])*  
*(if minNull (treeList ! (high x (deg div 2))) then vebt-insert summary (high x (deg*

*div 2)) else summary)*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *insert-simp-excp:*

**assumes** *high mi (deg div 2) < length treeList and (x::nat) < mi and deg ≥ 2 and x ≠ ma*  
**shows** *vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x =*  
*Node (Some (x, max mi ma)) deg (treeList[(high mi (deg div 2)) := vebt-insert (treeList*  
*! (high mi (deg div 2))) (low mi (deg div 2))])*  
*(if minNull (treeList ! (high mi (deg div 2))) then vebt-insert summary (high mi (deg*  
*div 2)) else summary)*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *insert-simp-mima:* **assumes** *x = mi ∨ x = ma and deg ≥ 2*

**shows** *vebt-insert (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (Node (Some (mi,ma)) deg*  
*treeList summary)*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *valid-insert-both-member-options-add:* *invar-vebt t n ⇒ x < 2<sup>n</sup> ⇒ both-member-options*  
*(vebt-insert t x) x*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *valid-insert-both-member-options-pres:* *invar-vebt t n ⇒ x < 2<sup>n</sup> ⇒ y < 2<sup>n</sup> ⇒ both-member-options*  
*t x*  
*⇒ both-member-options (vebt-insert t y) x*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *post-member-pre-member:* *invar-vebt t n ⇒ x < 2<sup>n</sup> ⇒ y < 2<sup>n</sup> ⇒ vebt-member (vebt-insert*  
*t x) y ⇒ vebt-member t y ∨ x = y*  
*<proof>*

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-InsertCorrectness* **imports** *VEBT-Member VEBT-Insert*  
**begin**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

## 4 Correctness of the Insert Operation

### 4.1 Validness Preservation

**theorem** *valid-pres-insert:* *invar-vebt t n ⇒ x < 2<sup>n</sup> ⇒ invar-vebt (vebt-insert t x) n*  
*<proof>*

## 4.2 Correctness with Respect to Set Interpretation

**theorem** *insert-corr*:

**assumes** *invar-vebt* *t n* **and**  $x < 2^n$

**shows**  $\text{set-vebt}'\ t \cup \{x\} = \text{set-vebt}'\ (\text{vebt-insert}\ t\ x)$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *insert-correct*: **assumes** *invar-vebt* *t n* **and**  $x < 2^n$  **shows**

$\text{set-vebt}\ t \cup \{x\} = \text{set-vebt}\ (\text{vebt-insert}\ t\ x)$

*<proof>*

**fun** *insert'* :: *VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *VEBT* **where**

*insert'* (*Leaf* *a b*) *x* = *vebt-insert* (*Leaf* *a b*) *x* |

*insert'* (*Node* *info deg treeList summary*) *x* =

(if  $x \geq 2^{\text{deg}}$  then (*Node* *info deg treeList summary*)

else *vebt-insert* (*Node* *info deg treeList summary*) *x*)

**theorem** *insert'-pres-valid*: **assumes** *invar-vebt* *t n* **shows** *invar-vebt* (*insert'* *t x*) *n*

*<proof>*

**theorem** *insert'-correct*: **assumes** *invar-vebt* *t n*

**shows**  $\text{set-vebt}\ (\text{insert}'\ t\ x) = (\text{set-vebt}\ t \cup \{x\}) \cap \{0..2^n-1\}$

*<proof>*

**end**

**end**

**theory** *VEBT-MinMax* **imports** *VEBT-Member*

**begin**

## 5 The Minimum and Maximum Operation

**fun** *vebt-mint* :: *VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option* **where**

*vebt-mint* (*Leaf* *a b*) = (if *a* then *Some* 0 else if *b* then *Some* 1 else *None*) |

*vebt-mint* (*Node* *None* - - -) = *None* |

*vebt-mint* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) - - -) = *Some* *mi*

**fun** *vebt-maxt* :: *VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option* **where**

*vebt-maxt* (*Leaf* *a b*) = (if *b* then *Some* 1 else if *a* then *Some* 0 else *None*) |

*vebt-maxt* (*Node* *None* - - -) = *None* |

*vebt-maxt* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) - - -) = *Some* *ma*

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

**fun** *option-shift* :: (*'a*  $\Rightarrow$  *'a*  $\Rightarrow$  *'a*)  $\Rightarrow$  *'a option*  $\Rightarrow$  *'a option*  $\Rightarrow$  *'a option* **where**

*option-shift* - *None* - = *None* |

*option-shift* - - *None* = *None* |

*option-shift*  $f$  (*Some*  $a$ ) (*Some*  $b$ ) = *Some* ( $f$   $a$   $b$ )

**definition** *power*::*nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option* (**infixl** $\langle \widehat{\phantom{x}}_o \rangle$  81) **where**  
*power* = *option-shift* ( $\widehat{\phantom{x}}_o$ )

**definition** *add*::*nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option* (**infixl** $\langle +_o \rangle$  79) **where**  
*add* = *option-shift* ( $+$ )

**definition** *mul*::*nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option* (**infixl** $\langle *_o \rangle$  80) **where**  
*mul* = *option-shift* ( $*$ )

**fun** *option-comp-shift*::(*'a*  $\Rightarrow$  *'a*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool*)  $\Rightarrow$  *'a option*  $\Rightarrow$  *'a option*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* **where**  
*option-comp-shift* - *None* - = *False* |  
*option-comp-shift* - - *None* = *False* |  
*option-comp-shift*  $f$  (*Some*  $x$ ) (*Some*  $y$ ) =  $f$   $x$   $y$

**fun** *less*::*nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* (**infixl** $\langle <_o \rangle$  80) **where**  
*less*  $x$   $y$  = *option-comp-shift* ( $<$ )  $x$   $y$

**fun** *lesseq*::*nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* (**infixl** $\langle \leq_o \rangle$  80) **where**  
*lesseq*  $x$   $y$  = *option-comp-shift* ( $\leq$ )  $x$   $y$

**fun** *greater*::*nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* (**infixl** $\langle >_o \rangle$  80) **where**  
*greater*  $x$   $y$  = *option-comp-shift* ( $>$ )  $x$   $y$

**lemma** *add-shift*:  $x + y = z \longleftrightarrow \text{Some } x +_o \text{ Some } y = \text{Some } z$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *mul-shift*:  $x * y = z \longleftrightarrow \text{Some } x *_o \text{ Some } y = \text{Some } z$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *power-shift*:  $x \widehat{\phantom{x}}_o y = z \longleftrightarrow \text{Some } x \widehat{\phantom{x}}_o \text{ Some } y = \text{Some } z$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *less-shift*:  $x < y \longleftrightarrow \text{Some } x <_o \text{ Some } y$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *lesseq-shift*:  $x \leq y \longleftrightarrow \text{Some } x \leq_o \text{ Some } y$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *greater-shift*:  $x > y \longleftrightarrow \text{Some } x >_o \text{ Some } y$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *max-in-set* :: *nat set*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* **where**  
*max-in-set*  $xs$   $x \longleftrightarrow (x \in xs \wedge (\forall y \in xs. y \leq x))$

**lemma** *maxt-member*: *invar-vebt*  $t$   $n \Longrightarrow \text{vebt-maxt } t = \text{Some } maxi \Longrightarrow \text{vebt-member } t \text{ } maxi$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *maxt-corr-help*: *invar-vebt*  $t$   $n \Longrightarrow \text{vebt-maxt } t = \text{Some } maxi \Longrightarrow \text{vebt-member } t \text{ } x \Longrightarrow maxi \geq x$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *maxt-corr-help-empty*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-maxt } t = \text{None} \implies \text{set-vebt}' t = \{\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *maxt-corr:assumes*  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n$  **and**  $\text{vebt-maxt } t = \text{Some } x$  **shows**  $\text{max-in-set } (\text{set-vebt}' t) \ x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *maxt-sound:assumes*  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n$  **and**  $\text{max-in-set } (\text{set-vebt}' t) \ x$  **shows**  $\text{vebt-maxt } t = \text{Some } x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition** *min-in-set* ::  $\text{nat set} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
 $\text{min-in-set } xs \ x \longleftrightarrow (x \in xs \wedge (\forall y \in xs. y \geq x))$

**lemma** *mint-member*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-mint } t = \text{Some } maxi \implies \text{vebt-member } t \ maxi$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mint-corr-help*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-mint } t = \text{Some } mini \implies \text{vebt-member } t \ x \implies mini \leq x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mint-corr-help-empty*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-mint } t = \text{None} \implies \text{set-vebt}' t = \{\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *mint-corr:assumes*  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n$  **and**  $\text{vebt-mint } t = \text{Some } x$  **shows**  $\text{min-in-set } (\text{set-vebt}' t) \ x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *mint-sound:assumes*  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n$  **and**  $\text{min-in-set } (\text{set-vebt}' t) \ x$  **shows**  $\text{vebt-mint } t = \text{Some } x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *summaxma:assumes*  $\text{invar-vebt } (\text{Node } (\text{Some } (mi, ma)) \ \text{deg } \text{treeList } \text{summary}) \ \text{deg}$  **and**  $mi \neq ma$   
**shows**  $\text{the } (\text{vebt-maxt } \text{summary}) = \text{high } ma \ (\text{deg } \text{div } 2)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *maxbmo*:  $\text{vebt-maxt } t = \text{Some } x \implies \text{both-member-options } t \ x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *misiz*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{Some } m = \text{vebt-mint } t \implies m < 2^n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mintlistlength*: **assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } (\text{Node } (\text{Some } (mi, ma)) \ \text{deg } \text{treeList } \text{summary}) \ n$   
 $mi \neq ma$  **shows**  $ma > mi \wedge (\exists m. \text{Some } m = \text{vebt-mint } \text{summary} \wedge m < 2^{(n - n \text{ div } 2)})$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *power-minus-is-div*:

$b \leq a \implies (2 :: \text{nat}) \wedge (a - b) = 2 \wedge a \text{ div } 2 \wedge b$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *nested-mint:assumes* *invar-vebt* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) *deg treeList summary*) *n* *n* = *Suc* (*Suc va*)

$\neg \text{ma} < \text{mi} \text{ ma} \neq \text{mi}$  **shows**  
 $\text{high} (\text{the} (\text{vebt-mint summary}) * (2 * 2 \wedge (\text{va div } 2)) + \text{the} (\text{vebt-mint} (\text{treeList ! the} (\text{vebt-mint summary})))) (\text{Suc} (\text{va div } 2))$   
 $< \text{length treeList}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *minminNull*: *vebt-mint t* = *None*  $\implies$  *minNull t*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *minNullmin*: *minNull t*  $\implies$  *vebt-mint t* = *None*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-Succ* **imports** *VEBT-Insert* *VEBT-MinMax*  
**begin**

## 6 The Successor Operation

**definition** *is-succ-in-set* :: *nat set*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* **where**  
 $\text{is-succ-in-set } xs \ x \ y = (y \in xs \wedge y > x \wedge (\forall z \in xs. (z > x \longrightarrow z \geq y)))$

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

**corollary** *succ-member*: *is-succ-in-set* (*set-vebt' t*) *x y* = (*vebt-member t y*  $\wedge$  *y* > *x*  $\wedge$  ( $\forall z. \text{vebt-member } t \ z \wedge z > x \longrightarrow z \geq y$ ))  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 6.1 Auxiliary Lemmas on Sets and Successorship

**lemma** *finite* (*A*:: *nat set*)  $\implies A \neq \{\} \implies \text{Min } A \in A$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *obtain-set-succ*: **assumes** (*x*::*nat*) < *z* **and** *max-in-set A z* **and** *finite B* **and** *A=B* **shows**  
 $\exists y. \text{is-succ-in-set } A \ x \ y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *succ-none-empty*: **assumes** ( $\nexists x. \text{is-succ-in-set } (xs) \ a \ x$ ) **and** *finite xs* **shows**  $\neg (\exists x \in xs. \text{ord-class.greater } x \ a)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

## 6.2 The actual Function

context begin

interpretation *VEBT-internal*  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *vebt-succ* :: *VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat option* **where**

```

vebt-succ (Leaf - b) 0 = (if b then Some 1 else None)|
vebt-succ (Leaf - -) (Suc n) = None|
vebt-succ (Node None - - -) - = None|
vebt-succ (Node - 0 - -) - = None|
vebt-succ (Node - (Suc 0) - -) - = None|
vebt-succ (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
  if x < mi then (Some mi)
  else (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) in
    if h < length treeList then
      let maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! h) in (
        if maxlow  $\neq$  None  $\wedge$  (Some l <o maxlow) then
          Some ( $2^{(\text{deg div } 2)}$ ) *o Some h +o vebt-succ (treeList ! h) l
        else let sc = vebt-succ summary h in
          if sc = None then None
          else Some ( $2^{(\text{deg div } 2)}$ ) *o sc +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the sc) )
      else None))

```

end

## 6.3 Lemmas for Term Decomposition

context *VEBT-internal* begin

**lemma** *succ-min*: **assumes**  $\text{deg} \geq 2$  **and**  $(x::\text{nat}) < \text{mi}$  **shows**

*vebt-succ* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) *deg treeList summary*) *x* = *Some* *mi*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *succ-greatereq-min*: **assumes**  $\text{deg} \geq 2$  **and**  $(x::\text{nat}) \geq \text{mi}$  **shows**

*vebt-succ* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) *deg treeList summary*) *x* = (let *l* = *low* *x* (*deg div* 2); *h* = *high* *x* (*deg div* 2) in

if *h* < *length treeList* then

```

  let maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! h) in
  (if maxlow  $\neq$  None  $\wedge$  (Some l <o maxlow) then
    Some ( $2^{(\text{deg div } 2)}$ ) *o Some h +o vebt-succ (treeList ! h) l
  else let sc = vebt-succ summary h in
    if sc = None then None
    else Some ( $2^{(\text{deg div } 2)}$ ) *o sc +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the sc) )

```

else *None*)

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *succ-list-to-short*: **assumes**  $\text{deg} \geq 2$  **and**  $x \geq \text{mi}$  **and**  $\text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2) \geq \text{length treeList}$   
**shows**

$\text{vebt-succ } (\text{Node } (\text{Some } (\text{mi}, \text{ma})) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = \text{None}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *succ-less-length-list*: **assumes**  $\text{deg} \geq 2$  **and**  $x \geq \text{mi}$  **and**  $\text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2) < \text{length treeList}$   
**shows**

$\text{vebt-succ } (\text{Node } (\text{Some } (\text{mi}, \text{ma})) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x =$   
 $(\text{let } l = \text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2); h = \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2) ; \text{maxlow} = \text{vebt-maxt } (\text{treeList ! } h) \text{ in}$   
 $(\text{if } \text{maxlow} \neq \text{None} \wedge (\text{Some } l <_o \text{maxlow}) \text{ then}$   
 $\quad \text{Some } (2^{\wedge}(\text{deg div } 2)) *_o \text{Some } h +_o \text{vebt-succ } (\text{treeList ! } h) l$   
 $\text{else let } sc = \text{vebt-succ summary } h \text{ in}$   
 $\text{if } sc = \text{None} \text{ then None}$   
 $\text{else Some } (2^{\wedge}(\text{deg div } 2)) *_o sc +_o \text{vebt-mint } (\text{treeList ! the } sc)))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 6.4 Correctness Proof

**theorem** *succ-corr*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t n \implies \text{vebt-succ } t x = \text{Some } sx == \text{is-succ-in-set } (\text{set-vebt}' t) x sx$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary** *succ-empty*: **assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } t n$

**shows**  $(\text{vebt-succ } t x = \text{None}) = (\{y. \text{vebt-member } t y \wedge y > x\} = \{\})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**theorem** *succ-correct*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t n \implies \text{vebt-succ } t x = \text{Some } sx \longleftrightarrow \text{is-succ-in-set } (\text{set-vebt } t) x sx$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *is-succ-in-set*  $S x y \longleftrightarrow \text{min-in-set } \{s . s \in S \wedge s > x\} y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *helpyd:invar-vebt*  $t n \implies \text{vebt-succ } t x = \text{Some } y \implies y < 2^{\wedge}n$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *geqmaxNone*:

**assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } (\text{Node } (\text{Some } (\text{mi}, \text{ma})) \text{ deg treeList summary}) n x \geq \text{ma}$   
**shows**  $\text{vebt-succ } (\text{Node } (\text{Some } (\text{mi}, \text{ma})) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x = \text{None}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-Pred* **imports** *VEBT-MinMax* *VEBT-Insert*  
**begin**

## 7 The Predecessor Operation

**definition** *is-pred-in-set* ::  $\text{nat set} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**

*is-pred-in-set*  $xs\ x\ y = (y \in xs \wedge y < x \wedge (\forall z \in xs. (z < x \longrightarrow z \leq y)))$

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

## 7.1 Lemmas on Sets and Predecessorship

**corollary** *pred-member*: *is-pred-in-set* (*set-vebt'*  $t$ )  $x\ y = (vebt-member\ t\ y \wedge y < x \wedge (\forall z. vebt-member\ t\ z \wedge z < x \longrightarrow z \leq y))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *finite* ( $A :: nat\ set$ )  $\implies A \neq \{\} \implies Max\ A \in A$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *obtain-set-pred*: **assumes** ( $x :: nat$ )  $> z$  **and** *min-in-set*  $A\ z$  **and** *finite*  $A$  **shows**  $\exists y. is-pred-in-set\ A\ x\ y$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *pred-none-empty*: **assumes** ( $\nexists x. is-pred-in-set\ (xs)\ a\ x$ ) **and** *finite*  $xs$  **shows**  $\neg (\exists x \in xs. ord-class.less\ x\ a)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

## 7.2 The actual Function for Predecessor Search

**context** **begin**

**interpretation** *VEBT-internal*  $\langle proof \rangle$

**fun** *vebt-pred* :: *VEBT*  $\Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat\ option$  **where**

*vebt-pred* (*Leaf* - -)  $0 = None$   
*vebt-pred* (*Leaf*  $a$  -) (*Suc*  $0$ ) = (*if*  $a$  *then* *Some*  $0$  *else* *None*)  
*vebt-pred* (*Leaf*  $a\ b$ ) - = (*if*  $b$  *then* *Some*  $1$  *else if*  $a$  *then* *Some*  $0$  *else* *None*)  
*vebt-pred* (*Node* *None* - - -) - = *None*  
*vebt-pred* (*Node* -  $0$  - -) - = *None*  
*vebt-pred* (*Node* - (*Suc*  $0$ ) - -) - = *None*  
*vebt-pred* (*Node* (*Some* ( $mi, ma$ )) *deg treeList summary*)  $x =$  (  
  *if*  $x > ma$  *then* *Some*  $ma$   
  *else* (*let*  $l = low\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2); h = high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2)$  *in*  
    *if*  $h < length\ treeList$  *then*  
      *let*  $minlow = vebt-mint\ (treeList\ !\ h)$  *in* (  
        *if*  $minlow \neq None \wedge (Some\ l >_o\ minlow)$  *then*  
          *Some* ( $2^{(deg\ div\ 2)} *_{\circ} Some\ h +_{\circ} vebt-pred\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ l$ )  
        *else let*  $pr = vebt-pred\ summary\ h$  *in*  
          *if*  $pr = None$  *then* (  
            *if*  $x > mi$  *then* *Some*  $mi$   
            *else* *None*)  
          *else* *Some* ( $2^{(deg\ div\ 2)} *_{\circ} pr +_{\circ} vebt-maxt\ (treeList\ !\ the\ pr)\ )$ )  
      *else* *None*)  
  *else* *None*)

**end**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

### 7.3 Auxiliary Lemmas

**lemma** *pred-max*:

**assumes**  $\text{deg} \geq 2$  **and**  $(x::\text{nat}) > \text{ma}$

**shows**  $\text{vebt-pred} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (\text{mi}, \text{ma})) \text{deg treeList summary}) x = \text{Some ma}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *pred-lesseq-max*:

**assumes**  $\text{deg} \geq 2$  **and**  $(x::\text{nat}) \leq \text{ma}$

**shows**  $\text{vebt-pred} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (\text{mi}, \text{ma})) \text{deg treeList summary}) x = (\text{let } l = \text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2); h = \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2) \text{ in}$   
 $\text{if } h < \text{length treeList} \text{ then}$

$\text{let minlow} = \text{vebt-mint} (\text{treeList ! } h) \text{ in}$   
 $(\text{if minlow} \neq \text{None} \wedge (\text{Some } l >_o \text{minlow}) \text{ then}$   
 $\quad \text{Some } (2^{\wedge}(\text{deg div } 2)) *_o \text{Some } h +_o \text{vebt-pred} (\text{treeList ! } h) l$   
 $\text{else let } pr = \text{vebt-pred summary } h \text{ in}$   
 $\text{if } pr = \text{None} \text{ then } (\text{if } x > \text{mi} \text{ then } \text{Some } \text{mi} \text{ else } \text{None})$   
 $\text{else } \text{Some } (2^{\wedge}(\text{deg div } 2)) *_o pr +_o \text{vebt-maxt} (\text{treeList ! the } pr) )$

$\text{else None})$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *pred-list-to-short*:

**assumes**  $\text{deg} \geq 2$  **and**  $\text{ord-class.less-eq } x \text{ ma}$  **and**  $\text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2) \geq \text{length treeList}$

**shows**  $\text{vebt-pred} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (\text{mi}, \text{ma})) \text{deg treeList summary}) x = \text{None}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *pred-less-length-list*:

**assumes**  $\text{deg} \geq 2$  **and**  $\text{ord-class.less-eq } x \text{ ma}$  **and**  $\text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2) < \text{length treeList}$

**shows**

$\text{vebt-pred} (\text{Node} (\text{Some} (\text{mi}, \text{ma})) \text{deg treeList summary}) x = (\text{let } l = \text{low } x (\text{deg div } 2); h = \text{high } x (\text{deg div } 2); \text{minlow} = \text{vebt-mint} (\text{treeList ! } h) \text{ in}$

$(\text{if minlow} \neq \text{None} \wedge (\text{Some } l >_o \text{minlow}) \text{ then}$   
 $\quad \text{Some } (2^{\wedge}(\text{deg div } 2)) *_o \text{Some } h +_o \text{vebt-pred} (\text{treeList ! } h) l$   
 $\text{else let } pr = \text{vebt-pred summary } h \text{ in}$   
 $\text{if } pr = \text{None} \text{ then } (\text{if } x > \text{mi} \text{ then } \text{Some } \text{mi} \text{ else } \text{None})$   
 $\text{else } \text{Some } (2^{\wedge}(\text{deg div } 2)) *_o pr +_o \text{vebt-maxt} (\text{treeList ! the } pr) ))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 7.4 Correctness Proof

**theorem** *pred-corr*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \text{ } n \implies \text{vebt-pred } t \text{ } x = \text{Some } px == \text{is-pred-in-set } (\text{set-vebt}' t) \text{ } x \text{ } px$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary** *pred-empty*: **assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \text{ } n$

**shows**  $(\text{vebt-pred } t \ x = \text{None}) = (\{y. \text{vebt-member } t \ y \wedge y < x\} = \{\})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**theorem** *pred-correct*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-pred } t \ x = \text{Some } sx \longleftrightarrow \text{is-pred-in-set } (\text{set-vebt } t) \ x \ sx$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *helpypredd*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-pred } t \ x = \text{Some } y \implies y < 2^n$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *invar-vebt*  $t \ n \implies \text{vebt-pred } t \ x = \text{Some } y \implies y < x$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-Delete* **imports** *VEBT-Pred VEBT-Succ*  
**begin**

## 8 Deletion

### 8.1 Function Definition

**context** **begin**

**interpretation** *VEBT-internal*  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *vebt-delete* :: *VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *VEBT* **where**  
*vebt-delete* (*Leaf* *a* *b*) 0 = *Leaf* *False* *b* |  
*vebt-delete* (*Leaf* *a* *b*) (*Suc* 0) = *Leaf* *a* *False* |  
*vebt-delete* (*Leaf* *a* *b*) (*Suc* (*Suc* *n*)) = *Leaf* *a* *b* |  
*vebt-delete* (*Node* *None* *deg* *treeList* *summary*) - = (*Node* *None* *deg* *treeList* *summary*) |  
*vebt-delete* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) 0 *trLst* *smry*) *x* = (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) 0 *trLst* *smry*) |  
*vebt-delete* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) (*Suc* 0) *tr* *sm*) *x* = (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) (*Suc* 0) *tr* *sm*) |  
*vebt-delete* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) *deg* *treeList* *summary*) *x* =  
  if (*x* < *mi*  $\vee$  *x* > *ma*) then (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) *deg* *treeList* *summary*)  
  else if (*x* = *mi*  $\wedge$  *x* = *ma*) then (*Node* *None* *deg* *treeList* *summary*)  
  else let *xn* = (if *x* = *mi*  
    then the (*vebt-mint* *summary*) \*  $2^{(\text{deg div } 2)}$   
    + the (*vebt-mint* (*treeList* ! the (*vebt-mint* *summary*)))  
    else *x*);  
  *minn* = (if *x* = *mi* then *xn* else *mi*);  
  *l* = low *xn* (*deg* div 2);  
  *h* = high *xn* (*deg* div 2) in  
  if *h* < length *treeList*  
  then(  
    let *newnode* = *vebt-delete* (*treeList* ! *h*) *l*;  
    *newlist* = *treeList*[*h*:= *newnode*] in  
    if minNull *newnode*  
    then( let *sn* = *vebt-delete* *summary* *h* in(  
      *Node* (*Some* (*minn*, if *xn* = *ma* then

```

      (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in (
        if maxs = None
        then minn
        else 2deg div 2 * the maxs
          + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))))
    else ma)) deg newList sn))
  else (Node (Some (minn, (if xn = ma
    then h * 2deg div 2 + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
    else ma))) deg newList summary ))
  else (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))

```

end

## 8.2 Auxiliary Lemmas

context *VEBT-internal* begin

context begin

lemma *delt-out-of-range*:

**assumes**  $x < mi \vee x > ma$  **and**  $deg \geq 2$

**shows**

$vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)$

*<proof>*

lemma *del-single-cont*:

**assumes**  $x = mi \wedge x = ma$  **and**  $deg \geq 2$

**shows**  $vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (Node None deg treeList summary)$

*<proof>*

lemma *del-in-range*:

**assumes**  $x \geq mi \wedge x \leq ma$  **and**  $mi \neq ma$  **and**  $deg \geq 2$

**shows**

$vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = ($  let  $xn = ($  if  $x = mi$   
     then the  $(vebt-mint summary) * 2^{deg div 2}$   
     + the  $(vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)))$

    else  $x$ );

minn = (if  $x = mi$  then  $xn$  else  $mi$ );

$l = low xn (deg div 2)$ ;

$h = high xn (deg div 2)$  in

if  $h < length treeList$

then(

  let newnode = vebt-delete  $(treeList ! h)$   $l$ ;

  newlist =  $treeList[h := newnode]$  in

  if minNull newnode

  then(

    let sn = vebt-delete summary  $h$  in

```

(Node (Some (minn, if xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
                                   (if maxs = None
                                    then minn
                                    else 2deg div 2 * the maxs
                                       + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
                                   )
                                   )
      else ma))
  deg newlist sn)
)else
(Node (Some (minn, (if xn = ma then
                  h * 2deg div 2 + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
                  else ma)))
  deg newlist summary )
)else
(Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary))
⟨proof⟩

```

**lemma** *del-x-not-mia*:

**assumes**  $x > mi \wedge x \leq ma$  **and**  $mi \neq ma$  **and**  $deg \geq 2$  **and**  $high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) = h$  **and**  
 $low\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) =$  **land**  $high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) < length\ treeList$

**shows**

```

vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
  let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
  newlist = treeList[h:= newnode] in
  if minNull newnode
  then(
    let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
    (Node (Some (mi, if x = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
                                    (if maxs = None
                                     then mi
                                     else 2deg div 2 * the maxs
                                        + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
                                    )
                                    )
          else ma))
    deg newlist sn)
  )else
  (Node (Some (mi, (if x = ma then
                    h * 2deg div 2 + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
                    else ma)))
    deg newlist summary )
)
⟨proof⟩

```

**lemma** *del-x-not-mi*:

**assumes**  $x > mi \wedge x \leq ma$  **and**  $mi \neq ma$  **and**  $deg \geq 2$  **and**  $high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) = h$  **and**  
 $low\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) =$  **land**  $newnode = vebt-delete\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ l$   
**and**  $newlist = treeList[h:= newnode]$  **and**  $high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) < length\ treeList$

**shows**

```

vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
  if minNull newnode
  then(
    let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
    (Node (Some (mi, if x = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
      (if maxs = None
        then mi
        else 2deg div 2 * the maxs
        + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
      )
    )
    else ma))
    deg newlist sn)
  )else
  (Node (Some (mi, (if x = ma then
    h * 2deg div 2 + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
    else ma))))
    deg newlist summary )
) <proof>

```

**lemma** *del-x-not-mi-new-node-nil*:

**assumes**  $x > mi \wedge x \leq ma$  **and**  $mi \neq ma$  **and**  $deg \geq 2$  **and**  $high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) = h$  **and**  
 $low\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) = l$  **and**  $newnode = vebt-delete\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ l$  **and**  $minNull\ newnode$  **and**  
 $sn = vebt-delete\ summary\ h$  **and**  $newlist = treeList[h := newnode]$  **and**  $high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) < length\ treeList$

**shows**

```

vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (Node (Some (mi, if x = ma then
  (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
    (if maxs = None
      then mi
      else 2deg div 2 * the maxs
      + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
    )
  )
  else ma)) deg newlist sn)
) <proof>

```

**lemma** *del-x-not-mi-newnode-not-nil*:

**assumes**  $x > mi \wedge x \leq ma$  **and**  $mi \neq ma$  **and**  $deg \geq 2$  **and**  $high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) = h$  **and**  
 $low\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) = l$  **and**  $newnode = vebt-delete\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ l$  **and**  $\neg\ minNull\ newnode$  **and**  
 $newlist = treeList[h := newnode]$  **and**  $high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2) < length\ treeList$

**shows**

```

vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
  (Node (Some (mi, (if x = ma then
    h * 2deg div 2 + the( vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))
    else ma))))
    deg newlist summary )
) <proof>

```

**lemma** *del-x-mia*: **assumes**  $x = mi \wedge x < ma$  **and**  $mi \neq ma$  **and**  $deg \geq 2$   
**shows**  $vebt\text{-}delete\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ x =$   
 $\quad let\ xn = the\ (vebt\text{-}mint\ summary) * 2^{(deg\ div\ 2)}$   
 $\quad \quad +\ the\ (vebt\text{-}mint\ (treeList\ !\ the\ (vebt\text{-}mint\ summary)))$ ;  
 $\quad \quad \quad minn = xn$ ;  
 $\quad l = low\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2)$ ;  
 $\quad h = high\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2)$  **in**  
 $\quad if\ h < length\ treeList$   
 $\quad then$   
 $\quad \quad let\ newnode = vebt\text{-}delete\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ l$ ;  
 $\quad \quad newlist = treeList[h := newnode]$ **in**  
 $\quad \quad if\ minNull\ newnode$   
 $\quad \quad then$   
 $\quad \quad \quad let\ sn = vebt\text{-}delete\ summary\ h\ in$   
 $\quad \quad \quad (Node\ (Some\ (minn,\ if\ xn = ma\ then\ (let\ maxs = vebt\text{-}maxt\ sn\ in$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \quad (if\ maxs = None$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \quad \quad then\ minn$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \quad \quad else\ 2^{(deg\ div\ 2)} * the\ maxs$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \quad \quad +\ the\ (vebt\text{-}maxt\ (newlist\ !\ the\ maxs)))$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \quad )$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \quad )$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \quad else\ ma))$   
 $\quad \quad \quad deg\ newlist\ sn)$   
 $\quad \quad else$   
 $\quad \quad \quad (Node\ (Some\ (minn,\ (if\ xn = ma\ then$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \quad h * 2^{(deg\ div\ 2)} + the\ (vebt\text{-}maxt\ (newlist\ !\ h))$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \quad else\ ma)))$   
 $\quad \quad \quad deg\ newlist\ summary\ )$   
 $\quad \quad else$   
 $\quad \quad \quad (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)$   
 $\quad )$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *del-x-mi*:  
**assumes**  $x = mi \wedge x < ma$  **and**  $mi \neq ma$  **and**  $deg \geq 2$  **and**  $high\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2) = h$  **and**  
 $\quad xn = the\ (vebt\text{-}mint\ summary) * 2^{(deg\ div\ 2)} + the\ (vebt\text{-}mint\ (treeList\ !\ the\ (vebt\text{-}mint\ sum-$   
 $\quad mary)))$   
 $\quad low\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2) = l$  **and**  $high\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2) < length\ treeList$   
**shows**  
 $vebt\text{-}delete\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ x =$   
 $\quad let\ newnode = vebt\text{-}delete\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ l$ ;  
 $\quad newlist = treeList[h := newnode]$ **in**  
 $\quad if\ minNull\ newnode$   
 $\quad then$   
 $\quad \quad let\ sn = vebt\text{-}delete\ summary\ h\ in$   
 $\quad \quad (Node\ (Some\ (xn,\ if\ xn = ma\ then\ (let\ maxs = vebt\text{-}maxt\ sn\ in$   
 $\quad \quad \quad (if\ maxs = None$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \quad then\ xn$

else  $2^{\neg(deg \text{ div } 2)} * \text{the maxs}$   
 + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))  
 )  
 )  
 else ma))  
 deg newlist sn)  
 )else  
 (Node (Some (xn, (if xn = ma then  
 h \*  $2^{\neg(deg \text{ div } 2)} + \text{the(vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))}$   
 else ma)))  
 deg newlist summary ))

*<proof>*

**lemma** *del-x-mi-lets-in:*

**assumes**  $x = mi \wedge x < ma$  **and**  $mi \neq ma$  **and**  $deg \geq 2$  **and**  $high\ xn\ (deg \text{ div } 2) = h$  **and**  
 $xn = \text{the (vebt-mint summary)} * 2^{\neg(deg \text{ div } 2)} + \text{the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint sum-}$   
 $\text{mary}))}$   
 $low\ xn\ (deg \text{ div } 2) =$  **and**  $high\ xn\ (deg \text{ div } 2) < \text{length treeList}$  **and**  
 $newnode = \text{vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l}$  **and**  $newlist = \text{treeList}[h := newnode]$   
**shows**  $\text{vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) } x =$  (if minNull newnode  
 then(  
 let sn = vebt-delete summary h in  
 (Node (Some (xn, if xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in  
 (if maxs = None  
 then xn  
 else  $2^{\neg(deg \text{ div } 2)} * \text{the maxs}$   
 + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))  
 )  
 )  
 else ma))  
 deg newlist sn)  
 )else  
 (Node (Some (xn, (if xn = ma then  
 h \*  $2^{\neg(deg \text{ div } 2)} + \text{the(vebt-maxt (newlist ! h))}$   
 else ma)))  
 deg newlist summary ))

*<proof>*

**lemma** *del-x-mi-lets-in-minNull:*

**assumes**  $x = mi \wedge x < ma$  **and**  $mi \neq ma$  **and**  $deg \geq 2$  **and**  $high\ xn\ (deg \text{ div } 2) = h$  **and**  
 $xn = \text{the (vebt-mint summary)} * 2^{\neg(deg \text{ div } 2)} + \text{the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint sum-}$   
 $\text{mary}))}$   
 $low\ xn\ (deg \text{ div } 2) =$  **and**  $high\ xn\ (deg \text{ div } 2) < \text{length treeList}$  **and**  
 $newnode = \text{vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l}$  **and**  $newlist = \text{treeList}[h := newnode]$  **and**  
 $minNull\ newnode$  **and**  $sn = \text{vebt-delete summary h}$   
**shows**  
 $\text{vebt-delete (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) } x =$   
 (Node (Some (xn, if xn = ma then (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in

```

    (if maxs = None
      then xn
      else 2deg div 2 * the maxs
          + the (vebt-maxt (newlist ! the maxs))
    )
  )
else ma)) deg newlist sn)
⟨proof⟩

```

**lemma** *del-x-mi-lets-in-not-minNull*:

```

assumes  $x = mi \wedge x < ma$  and  $mi \neq ma$  and  $deg \geq 2$  and  $high\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2) = h$  and
 $xn = the\ (vebt-mint\ summary) * 2^{deg\ div\ 2} + the\ (vebt-mint\ (treeList\ !\ the\ (vebt-mint\ sum-$ 
 $mary)))$ 
 $low\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2) =$  land  $high\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2) < length\ treeList$  and
 $newnode = vebt-delete\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ l$  and  $newlist = treeList[h := newnode]$  and
 $\neg minNull\ newnode$ 
shows
 $vebt-delete\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ x =$ 
 $(Node\ (Some\ (xn,\ (if\ xn = ma\ then$ 
 $h * 2^{deg\ div\ 2} + the\ (vebt-maxt\ (newlist\ !\ h))$ 
 $else\ ma)))$ 
 $deg\ newlist\ summary\ )$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

**theorem** *dele-bmo-cont-corr:invar-vebt*  $t\ n \implies (both-member-options\ (vebt-delete\ t\ x)\ y \longleftrightarrow x \neq y$   
 $\wedge\ both-member-options\ t\ y)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**end**

**corollary** *invar-vebt*  $t\ n \implies both-member-options\ t\ x \implies x \neq y \implies both-member-options\ (vebt-delete\ t\ y)\ x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *invar-vebt*  $t\ n \implies both-member-options\ t\ x \implies \neg both-member-options\ (vebt-delete\ t\ x)\ x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *invar-vebt*  $t\ n \implies both-member-options\ (vebt-delete\ t\ y)\ x \implies both-member-options\ t\ x \wedge$   
 $x \neq y$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-DeleteCorrectness* **imports** *VEBT-Delete*  
**begin**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

### 8.3 Validness Preservation

**theorem** *delete-pres-valid*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{invar-vebt } (\text{vebt-delete } t \ x) \ n$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary** *dele-member-cont-corr*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies (\text{vebt-member } (\text{vebt-delete } t \ x) \ y \longleftrightarrow x \neq y \wedge \text{vebt-member } t \ y)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 8.4 Correctness with Respect to Set Interpretation

**theorem** *delete-correct'*: **assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n$   
**shows**  $\text{set-vebt}' (\text{vebt-delete } t \ x) = \text{set-vebt}' t - \{x\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary** *delete-correct*: **assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n$   
**shows**  $\text{set-vebt}' (\text{vebt-delete } t \ x) = \text{set-vebt } t - \{x\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-Uniqueness* **imports** *VEBT-InsertCorrectness VEBT-Succ VEBT-Pred VEBT-DeleteCorrectness*  
**begin**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

## 9 Uniqueness Property of valid Trees

Two valid van Emde Boas trees having equal degree number and representing the same integer set are equal.

**theorem** *uniquetree*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{invar-vebt } s \ n \implies \text{set-vebt}' t = \text{set-vebt}' s \implies s = t$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{set-vebt}' t = \{\} \implies t = \text{vebt-buildup } n$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary** *unique-tree*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{invar-vebt } s \ n \implies \text{set-vebt } t = \text{set-vebt } s \implies s = t$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{set-vebt } t = \{\} \implies t = \text{vebt-buildup } n$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

All valid trees can be generated by *vebt – insertion* chains on an empty tree with same degree parameter:

**inductive** *perInsTrans*:: $\text{VEBT} \Rightarrow \text{VEBT} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
 $\text{perInsTrans } t \ t|$   
 $(t = \text{vebt-insert } s \ x) \implies \text{perInsTrans } t \ u \implies \text{perInsTrans } s \ u$

**lemma** *perIT-concat*:  $\text{perInsTrans } s \ t \implies \text{perInsTrans } t \ u \implies \text{perInsTrans } s \ u$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *assumes invar-vebt t n shows*  
 $\text{perInsTrans } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) \ t$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-Height* **imports** *VEBT-Definitions Complex-Main*  
**begin**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

## 10 Heights of van Emde Boas Trees

**fun** *height*::*VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat* **where**  
 $\text{height } (\text{Leaf } a \ b) = 0$   
 $\text{height } (\text{Node } - \text{deg } \text{treeList } \text{summary}) = (1 + \text{Max } (\text{height } ' (\text{insert } \text{summary } (\text{set } \text{treeList}))))$

**abbreviation**  $\text{lb } x \equiv \log 2 \ x$

**lemma** *setceilmax*:  $\text{invar-vebt } s \ m \implies \forall t \in \text{set } \text{listy}. \text{invar-vebt } t \ n$   
 $\implies m = \text{Suc } n \implies (\forall t \in \text{set } \text{listy}. \text{height } t = \lceil \text{lb } n \rceil) \implies \text{height } s = \lceil \text{lb } m \rceil$   
 $\implies \text{Max } (\text{height } ' (\text{insert } s (\text{set } \text{listy}))) = \lceil \text{lb } m \rceil$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *log-ceil-idem*:  
**assumes**  $(x::\text{real}) \geq 1$   
**shows**  $\lceil \text{lb } x \rceil = \lceil \text{lb } \lceil x \rceil \rceil$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *height-uplog-rel*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies (\text{height } t) = \lceil \text{lb } n \rceil$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *two-powr-height-bound-deg*:  
**assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n$   
**shows**  $2^{\lceil \text{height } t \rceil} \leq 2 * (n::\text{nat})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

Main Theorem

**theorem** *height-double-log-univ-size*:  
**assumes**  $u = 2^{\text{deg}}$  **and**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ \text{deg}$   
**shows**  $\text{height } t \leq 1 + \text{lb } (\text{lb } u)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *height-compose-list*:  $t \in \text{set } \text{treeList} \implies$

*Max (height ‘ (insert summary (set treeList))) ≥ height t*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *height-compose-child*:  $t \in \text{set treeList} \implies$   
 $\text{height (Node info deg treeList summary)} \geq 1 + \text{height } t$  ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *height-compose-summary*:  $\text{height (Node info deg treeList summary)} \geq 1 + \text{height summary}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *height-i-max*:  $i < \text{length } x13 \implies$   
 $\text{height (} x13 ! i) \leq \text{max foo (Max (height ‘ set } x13))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *max-ins-scaled*:  $n * \text{height } x14 \leq m + n * \text{Max (insert (height } x14) (\text{height ‘ set } x13))}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *max-idx-list*:  
**assumes**  $i < \text{length } x13$   
**shows**  $n * \text{height (} x13 ! i) \leq \text{Suc (Suc (n * max (height } x14) (\text{Max (height ‘ set } x13))))}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-Bounds* **imports** *VEBT-Height VEBT-Member VEBT-Insert VEBT-Succ VEBT-Pred*  
**begin**

## 11 Upper Bounds for canonical Functions: Relationships between Run Time and Tree Heights

### 11.1 Membership test

**context** **begin**

**interpretation** *VEBT-internal* ⟨proof⟩

**fun**  $T_{\text{member}} :: \text{VEBT} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  **where**  
 $T_{\text{member}} (\text{Leaf } a \ b) \ x = 2 + (\text{if } x = 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + (\text{if } x=1 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1))|$   
 $T_{\text{member}} (\text{Node None } - \ -) \ x = 2|$   
 $T_{\text{member}} (\text{Node } - \ 0 \ -) \ x = 2|$   
 $T_{\text{member}} (\text{Node } - \ (\text{Suc } 0) \ -) \ x = 2|$   
 $T_{\text{member}} (\text{Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary}) \ x = 2 + ($   
 $\text{if } x = \text{mi} \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + ($   
 $\text{if } x = \text{ma} \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + ($   
 $\text{if } x < \text{mi} \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 + ($   
 $\text{if } x > \text{ma} \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 9 +$   
 (let  
 $h = \text{high } x \ (\text{deg div } 2);$   
 $l = \text{low } x \ (\text{deg div } 2) \text{ in}$

```

    (if h < length treeList
      then 1 + T_member (treeList ! h) l
      else 1))))))

```

```

fun T_member'::VEBT ⇒ nat ⇒ nat where
  T_member' (Leaf a b) x = 1 |
  T_member' (Node None - -) x = 1 |
  T_member' (Node 0 - -) x = 1 |
  T_member' (Node - (Suc 0) - -) x = 1 |
  T_member' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 + (
    if x = mi then 0 else (
      if x = ma then 0 else (
        if x < mi then 0 else (
          if x > ma then 0 else if (x > mi ∧ x < ma) then
            (let
              h = high x (deg div 2);
              l = low x (deg div 2) in
              (if h < length treeList
                then T_member' (treeList ! h) l
                else 0))
          else 0)))
    else 0))))

```

**lemma** height-node: *invar-vebt* (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) n  
 $\implies$  height (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) ≥ 1  
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** member-bound-height: *invar-vebt* t n  $\implies$  T\_member t x ≤ (1+height t)\*15  
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** member-bound-height': *invar-vebt* t n  $\implies$  T\_member' t x ≤ (1+height t)  
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** member-bound-size-univ: *invar-vebt* t n  $\implies$  u = 2<sup>n</sup>  $\implies$  T\_member t x ≤ 30 + 15 \* lb (lb u)  
 ⟨proof⟩

## 11.2 Minimum, Maximum, Emptiness Test

```

fun T_mint::VEBT ⇒ nat where
  T_mint (Leaf a b) = (1 + (if a then 0 else 1 + (if b then 1 else 1))) |
  T_mint (Node None - -) = 1 |
  T_mint (Node (Some (mi,ma)) - -) = 1

```

**lemma** mint-bound: T\_mint t ≤ 3 ⟨proof⟩

```

fun T_maxt::VEBT ⇒ nat where

```

$T_{maxt} (Leaf\ a\ b) = (1 + (if\ b\ then\ 1\ else\ 1 + (if\ a\ then\ 1\ else\ 1)))|$   
 $T_{maxt} (Node\ None\ -\ -) = 1|$   
 $T_{maxt} (Node\ (Some\ (mi,ma))\ -\ -) = 1$

**lemma** *maxt-bound*:  $T_{maxt}\ t \leq 3$  *<proof>*

**fun**  $T_{minNull}::VEBT \Rightarrow nat$  **where**  
 $T_{minNull} (Leaf\ False\ False) = 1|$   
 $T_{minNull} (Leaf\ -\ -) = 1|$   
 $T_{minNull} (Node\ None\ -\ -) = 1|$   
 $T_{minNull} (Node\ (Some\ -)\ -\ -) = 1$

**lemma** *minNull-bound*:  $T_{minNull}\ t \leq 1$   
*<proof>*

### 11.3 Insertion

**fun**  $T_{insert}::VEBT \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat$  **where**  
 $T_{insert} (Leaf\ a\ b)\ x = 1 + (if\ x=0\ then\ 1\ else\ 1 + (if\ x=1\ then\ 1\ else\ 1))|$   
 $T_{insert} (Node\ info\ 0\ ts\ s)\ x = 1|$   
 $T_{insert} (Node\ info\ (Suc\ 0)\ ts\ s)\ x = 1|$   
 $T_{insert} (Node\ None\ (Suc\ deg)\ treeList\ summary)\ x = 2|$   
 $T_{insert} (Node\ (Some\ (mi,ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ x = 19 +$   
 $(\ let\ xn = (if\ x < mi\ then\ mi\ else\ x);\ minn = (if\ x < mi\ then\ x\ else\ mi);$   
 $\ \ \ l = low\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2);\ h = high\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2)$   
 $\ \ \ in$   
 $\ \ \ (\ if\ h < length\ treeList \wedge \neg (x = mi \vee x = ma) then$   
 $\ \ \ \ \ T_{insert}\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ l + T_{minNull}\ (treeList\ !\ h) +$   
 $\ \ \ \ \ (if\ minNull\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ then\ T_{insert}\ summary\ h\ else\ 1)$   
 $\ \ \ else\ 1))$

**fun**  $T_{insert}'::VEBT \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat$  **where**  
 $T_{insert}' (Leaf\ a\ b)\ x = 1|$   
 $T_{insert}' (Node\ info\ 0\ ts\ s)\ x = 1|$   
 $T_{insert}' (Node\ info\ (Suc\ 0)\ ts\ s)\ x = 1|$   
 $T_{insert}' (Node\ None\ (Suc\ deg)\ treeList\ summary)\ x = 1|$   
 $T_{insert}' (Node\ (Some\ (mi,ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ x =$   
 $(let\ xn = (if\ x < mi\ then\ mi\ else\ x);\ minn = (if\ x < mi\ then\ x\ else\ mi);$   
 $\ \ \ l = low\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2);\ h = high\ xn\ (deg\ div\ 2)$   
 $\ \ \ in\ (\ if\ h < length\ treeList \wedge \neg (x = mi \vee x = ma) then$   
 $\ \ \ \ \ T_{insert}'\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ l +$   
 $\ \ \ \ \ (if\ minNull\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ then\ T_{insert}'\ summary\ h\ else\ 1)\ else\ 1))$

**lemma** *insertsimp:assumes invar-vebt t n and  $\nexists x.$  both-member-options t x shows  $T_{insert}\ t\ y \leq 3$*   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *insertsimp*: *invar-vebt* *t n*  $\implies$  *minNull* *t*  $\implies$  *T<sub>insert</sub>* *t l*  $\leq 3$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *insertsimp'*: *assumes invar-vebt t n and*  $\nexists x.$  *both-member-options t x* **shows** *T<sub>insert'</sub>* *t y*  $\leq 1$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *insertsimp'*: *invar-vebt* *t n*  $\implies$  *minNull* *t*  $\implies$  *T<sub>insert'</sub>* *t l*  $\leq 1$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *insert-bound-height*: *invar-vebt* *t n*  $\implies$  *T<sub>insert</sub>* *t x*  $\leq (1 + \text{height } t) * 23$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *insert-bound-size-univ*: *invar-vebt* *t n*  $\implies u = 2^{\wedge}n \implies$  *T<sub>insert</sub>* *t x*  $\leq 46 + 23 * \text{lb } (\text{lb } u)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *insert'-bound-height*: *invar-vebt* *t n*  $\implies$  *T<sub>insert'</sub>* *t x*  $\leq (1 + \text{height } t)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

## 11.4 Successor Function

**fun** *T<sub>succ</sub>*::*VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat* **where**  
   *T<sub>succ</sub>* (*Leaf* - *b*) 0 = 1 + (if *b* then 1 else 1)|  
   *T<sub>succ</sub>* (*Leaf* - -) (*Suc* *n*) = 1|  
   *T<sub>succ</sub>* (*Node* *None* - - -) - = 1|  
   *T<sub>succ</sub>* (*Node* - 0 - -) - = 1|  
   *T<sub>succ</sub>* (*Node* - (*Suc* 0) - -) - = 1|  
   *T<sub>succ</sub>* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) *deg treeList summary*) *x* = 1 + (  
     if *x* < *mi* then 1  
     else (let *l* = *low x* (*deg div 2*); *h* = *high x* (*deg div 2*) in 10 +  
       (if *h* < *length treeList* then 1 + *T<sub>maxt</sub>* (*treeList ! h*) + (  
         let *maxlow* = *vebt-maxt* (*treeList ! h*) in 3 +  
         (if *maxlow*  $\neq$  *None*  $\wedge$  (*Some l* <<sub>o</sub> *maxlow*) then  
           4 + *T<sub>succ</sub>* (*treeList ! h*) *l*  
         else let *sc* = *vebt-succ summary h* in 1 + *T<sub>succ</sub>* *summary h* + 1 + (  
           if *sc* = *None* then 1  
           else (4 + *T<sub>mint</sub>* (*treeList ! the sc*))))))  
     else 1)))

**fun** *T<sub>succ'</sub>*::*VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat* **where**  
   *T<sub>succ'</sub>* (*Leaf* - *b*) 0 = 1|  
   *T<sub>succ'</sub>* (*Leaf* - -) (*Suc* *n*) = 1|  
   *T<sub>succ'</sub>* (*Node* *None* - - -) - = 1|  
   *T<sub>succ'</sub>* (*Node* - 0 - -) - = 1|  
   *T<sub>succ'</sub>* (*Node* - (*Suc* 0) - -) - = 1|  
   *T<sub>succ'</sub>* (*Node* (*Some* (*mi*, *ma*)) *deg treeList summary*) *x* = (  
     if *x* < *mi* then 1

```

else (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) in
  (if h < length treeList then (
    let maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! h) in
    (if maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l <_o maxlow) then
      1 + Tsucc' (treeList ! h) l
    else let sc = vebt-succ summary h in Tsucc' summary h + (
      if sc = None then 1
      else 1 )))
  else 1)))

```

**theorem succ-bound-height:**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies T_{\text{succ}} \ t \ x \leq (1 + \text{height } t) * 27$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem succ-bound-size-univ:**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies u = 2^{\wedge} n \implies T_{\text{succ}} \ t \ x \leq 54 + 27 * \text{lb } (\text{lb } u)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem succ'-bound-height:**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies T_{\text{succ}}' \ t \ x \leq (1 + \text{height } t)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem succ-bound-size-univ':**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies u = 2^{\wedge} n \implies T_{\text{succ}}' \ t \ x \leq 2 + \text{lb } (\text{lb } u)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

## 11.5 Predecessor Function

**fun**  $T_{\text{pred}} :: \text{VEBT} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  **where**

```

  Tpred (Leaf - -) 0 = 1 |
  Tpred (Leaf a -) (Suc 0) = 1 + (if a then 1 else 1) |
  Tpred (Leaf a b) - = 1 + (if b then 1 else 1 + (if a then 1 else 1)) |

  Tpred (Node None - -) - = 1 |
  Tpred (Node - 0 -) - = 1 |
  Tpred (Node - (Suc 0) -) - = 1 |
  Tpred (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = 1 + (
    if x > ma then 1
    else (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) in 10 + 1 +
      (if h < length treeList then

        let minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! h) in 2 + Tmint(treeList ! h) + 3 +
        (if minlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l >_o minlow) then
          4 + Tpred (treeList ! h) l
        else let pr = vebt-pred summary h in 1 + Tpred summary h + 1 + (
          if pr = None then 1 + (if x > mi then 1 else 1)
          else 4 + Tmaxt (treeList ! the pr) ))
        else 1)))

```

**theorem pred-bound-height:**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies T_{\text{pred}} \ t \ x \leq (1 + \text{height } t) * 29$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *pred-bound-size-univ*: *invar-vebt*  $t\ n \implies u = 2^{\wedge}n \implies T_{pred}\ t\ x \leq 58 + 29 * lb\ (lb\ u)$   
 <proof>

**fun**  $T_{pred}'::VEBT \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat$  **where**

$T_{pred}'\ (Leaf\ -\ -)\ 0 = 1\ |$   
 $T_{pred}'\ (Leaf\ a\ -)\ (Suc\ 0) = 1\ |$   
 $T_{pred}'\ (Leaf\ a\ b)\ - = 1\ |$

$T_{pred}'\ (Node\ None\ -\ -)\ - = 1\ |$   
 $T_{pred}'\ (Node\ -\ 0\ -)\ - = 1\ |$   
 $T_{pred}'\ (Node\ -\ (Suc\ 0)\ -)\ - = 1\ |$   
 $T_{pred}'\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ x =$   
     *if*  $x > ma$  *then* 1  
     *else* (*let*  $l = low\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2)$ ;  $h = high\ x\ (deg\ div\ 2)$  *in*  
     (*if*  $h < length\ treeList$  *then*  
         *let*  $minlow = vebt-mint\ (treeList\ !\ h)$  *in*  
         (*if*  $minlow \neq None \wedge (Some\ l >_o\ minlow)$  *then*  
              $1 + T_{pred}'\ (treeList\ !\ h)\ l$   
         *else let*  $pr = vebt-pred\ summary\ h$  *in*  $T_{pred}'\ summary\ h +$  (  
         *if*  $pr = None$  *then* 1  
         *else* 1 *))*  
     *else* 1 *)))*

**theorem** *pred-bound-height'*: *invar-vebt*  $t\ n \implies T_{pred}'\ t\ x \leq (1 + height\ t)$   
 <proof>

**theorem** *pred-bound-size-univ'*: *invar-vebt*  $t\ n \implies u = 2^{\wedge}n \implies T_{pred}'\ t\ x \leq 2 + lb\ (lb\ u)$   
 <proof>

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-DeleteBounds* **imports** *VEBT-Bounds* *VEBT-Delete* *VEBT-DeleteCorrectness*  
**begin**

## 11.6 Running Time Bounds for Deletion

**context** **begin**

**interpretation** *VEBT-internal* <proof>

**fun**  $T_{delete}::VEBT \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat$  **where**

$T_{delete}\ (Leaf\ a\ b)\ 0 = 1\ |$   
 $T_{delete}\ (Leaf\ a\ b)\ (Suc\ 0) = 1\ |$   
 $T_{delete}\ (Leaf\ a\ b)\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n)) = 1\ |$   
 $T_{delete}\ (Node\ None\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ - = 1\ |$   
 $T_{delete}\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ 0\ treeList\ summary)\ x = 1\ |$   
 $T_{delete}\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ (Suc\ 0)\ treeList\ summary)\ x = 1\ |$   
 $T_{delete}\ (Node\ (Some\ (mi,\ ma))\ deg\ treeList\ summary)\ x = 3 +$

```

    if (x < mi ∨ x > ma) then 1
    else 3 + (if (x = mi ∧ x = ma) then 3
    else 13 + (if x = mi then Tmint summary + Tmint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary)) +
    7 else 1 ) +
    (if x = mi then 1 else 1) +
    ( let xn = (if x = mi
    then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2⌊deg div 2 + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the
    (vebt-mint summary)))
    else x);
    minn = (if x = mi then xn else mi);
    l = low xn (deg div 2);
    h = high xn (deg div 2) in
    if h < length treeList
    then( 4 + Tdelete (treeList ! h) l +
    let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
    newlist = treeList[h := newnode] in 1 + TminNull newnode + (
    if minNull newnode
    then( 1 + Tdelete summary h + (
    let sn = vebt-delete summary h in
    2 + (if xn = ma then 1 + Tmaxt sn + (let maxs = vebt-maxt sn in
    1 + (if maxs = None
    then 1
    else 8 + Tmaxt (newlist ! the maxs)
    ) )
    else 1)
    ))else
    2 + (if xn = ma then 6 + Tmaxt (newlist ! h) else 1)
    )))else 1 )))

```

**end**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

**lemma** *tdeletemimi*:  $\deg \geq 2 \implies T_{\text{delete}} (\text{Node } (\text{Some } (mi, mi)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 9$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *minNull-delete-time-bound*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{minNull } (\text{vebt-delete } t \ x) \implies T_{\text{delete}} \ t \ x \leq 9$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *delete-bound-height*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies T_{\text{delete}} \ t \ x \leq (1 + \text{height } t) * 70$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *delete-bound-size-univ*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies u = 2^{\wedge n} \implies T_{\text{delete}} \ t \ x \leq 140 + 70 * \text{lb } (\text{lb } u)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**fun**  $T_{\text{delete}}' :: \text{VEBT} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  **where**  
 $T_{\text{delete}}' (\text{Leaf } a \ b) \ 0 = 1 |$   
 $T_{\text{delete}}' (\text{Leaf } a \ b) \ (\text{Suc } 0) = 1 |$

```

Tdelete' (Leaf a b) (Suc (Suc n)) = 1 |
Tdelete' (Node None deg treeList summary) - = 1 |
Tdelete' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) 0 treeList summary) x = 1 |
Tdelete' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) (Suc 0) treeList summary) x = 1 |
Tdelete' (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x = (
  if (x < mi ∨ x > ma) then 1
  else if (x = mi ∧ x = ma) then 1
  else ( let xn = (if x = mi
    then the (vebt-mint summary) * 2~(deg div 2) + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the
(vebt-mint summary)))
    else x);
    minn = (if x = mi then xn else mi);
    l = low xn (deg div 2);
    h = high xn (deg div 2) in
    if h < length treeList
    then( Tdelete' (treeList ! h) l +(
      let newnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
      newlist = treeList[h:= newnode]in
      if minNull newnode
      then Tdelete' summary h
      else 1
    ))else 1 ))

```

**lemma** *tdeletemimi'*:  $\text{deg} \geq 2 \implies T_{\text{delete}}' (\text{Node } (\text{Some } (mi, mi)) \text{ deg treeList summary}) x \leq 1$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *minNull-delete-time-bound'*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{minNull } (\text{vebt-delete } t \ x) \implies T_{\text{delete}}' t \ x \leq 1$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *delete-bound-height'*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies T_{\text{delete}}' t \ x \leq 1 + \text{height } t$   
 <proof>

**theorem** *delete-bound-size-univ'*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies u = 2^{\sim}n \implies T_{\text{delete}}' t \ x \leq 2 + \text{lb } (\text{lb } u)$   
 <proof>

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-Space* **imports** *VEBT-Definitions Complex-Main*  
**begin**

## 12 Space Complexity and *buildup* Time Consumption

### 12.1 Space Complexity of valid van Emde Boas Trees

Space Complexity is linear in relation to universe sizes

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

**fun** *space*:: *VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat* **where**

*space* (*Leaf* *a b*) = 3|

*space* (*Node* *info deg treeList summary*) = 5 + *space* *summary* + *length* *treeList* + *foldr* ( $\lambda$  *a b. a+b*) (*map* *space* *treeList*) 0

**fun** *space'*:: *VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat* **where**

*space'* (*Leaf* *a b*) = 4|

*space'* (*Node* *info deg treeList summary*) = 6 + *space'* *summary* + *foldr* ( $\lambda$  *a b. a+b*) (*map* *space'* *treeList*) 0

Count in reals

**fun** *cnt*:: *VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *real* **where**

*cnt* (*Leaf* *a b*) = 1|

*cnt* (*Node* *info deg treeList summary*) = 1 + *cnt* *summary* + *foldr* ( $\lambda$  *a b. a+b*) (*map* *cnt* *treeList*) 0

## 12.2 Auxiliary Lemmas for List Summation

**lemma** *list-every-elemnt-bound-sum-bound*:  $\forall x \in \text{set } xs. f x \leq \text{bound} \implies \text{foldr } (\lambda a b. a+b) (\text{map } f xs) i \leq \text{length } xs * \text{bound} + i$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *list-every-elemnt-bound-sum-bound-real*:  $\forall x \in \text{set } (xs::'a \text{ list}). (f::'a \Rightarrow \text{real}) x \leq (\text{bound}::\text{real}) \implies \text{foldr } (\lambda a b. a+b) (\text{map } f xs) i \leq \text{real}(\text{length } xs) * \text{bound} + i$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *foldr-one*:  $d \leq \text{foldr } (+) ys (d::\text{nat})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *foldr-zero*:  $\forall i < \text{length } xs. xs ! i > 0 \implies \text{foldr } (\lambda a b. a+b) xs (d::\text{nat}) - d \geq \text{length } xs$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *foldr-mono*:  $\text{length } xs = \text{length } ys \implies \forall i < \text{length } xs. xs ! i < ys ! i \implies c \leq d \implies \text{foldr } (\lambda a b. a+b) xs c + \text{length } ys \leq \text{foldr } (\lambda a b. a+b) ys (d::\text{nat})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *two-realpow-ge-two*:  $(n::\text{real}) \geq 1 \implies (2::\text{real})^n \geq 2$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *foldr0*:  $\text{foldr } (+) xs (c+d) = \text{foldr } (+) xs (d::\text{real}) + c$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *f-g-map-foldr-bound*:  $(\forall x \in \text{set } xs. f x \leq c * g x) \implies \text{foldr } (\lambda a b. a+b) (\text{map } f xs) d \leq c * \text{foldr } (\lambda a b. a+b) (\text{map } g xs) (0::\text{real}) + d$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *real-nat-list*:  $\text{real } (\text{foldr } (+) (\text{map } f xs) (c::\text{nat})) = \text{foldr } (+) (\text{map } (\lambda x. \text{real}(f x)) xs) c$

$\langle proof \rangle$

### 12.3 Actual Space Reasoning

**lemma** *space-space'*:  $space' \ t > \ space \ t$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *cnt-bound*:

**defines**  $c \equiv 1.5$

**shows**  $invar-vebt \ t \ n \implies cnt \ t \leq 2 * ((2^n - c)::real)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**theorem** *cnt-bound'*:  $invar-vebt \ t \ n \implies cnt \ t \leq 2 * (2^n - 1)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *space-cnt*:  $space' \ t \leq 6 * cnt \ t$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *space-2-pow-bound*: **assumes**  $invar-vebt \ t \ n$  **shows**  $real \ (space' \ t) \leq 12 * (2^n - 1)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *space'-bound*:

**assumes**  $invar-vebt \ t \ n \ u = 2^n$

**shows**  $space' \ t \leq 12 * u$

$\langle proof \rangle$

Main Theorem

**theorem** *space-bound*:

**assumes**  $invar-vebt \ t \ n \ u = 2^n$

**shows**  $space \ t \leq 12 * u$

$\langle proof \rangle$

### 12.4 Complexity of Generation Time

Space complexity is closely related to tree generation time complexity

Time approximation for replicate function.  $T_{replicate} \ n \ t \ x$  denotes running time of the  $n$ -times replication of  $x$  into a list.  $t$  models runtime for generation of a single  $x$ .

**fun**  $T_{buildup}::nat \Rightarrow nat$  **where**

$T_{buildup} \ 0 = 3|$

$T_{buildup} \ (Suc \ 0) = 3|$

$T_{buildup} \ n = (if \ even \ n \ then \ 1 + (let \ half = n \ div \ 2 \ in$   
 $\quad 9 + T_{buildup} \ half + (2^{half}) * (T_{buildup} \ half + 1))$   
 $\quad else \ (let \ half = n \ div \ 2 \ in$   
 $\quad 11 + T_{buildup} \ (Suc \ half) + (2^{(Suc \ half)}) * (T_{buildup} \ half + 1)))$

**fun**  $T_{build}::nat \Rightarrow nat$  **where**

$T_{build} \ 0 = 4|$

$T_{build} \ (Suc \ 0) = 4|$

$T_{build} \ n = (\text{if even } n \text{ then } 1 + (\text{let half} = n \text{ div } 2 \text{ in}$   
 $10 + T_{build} \ half + (2^{\wedge}half) * (T_{build} \ half))$   
 $\text{else } (\text{let half} = n \text{ div } 2 \text{ in}$   
 $12 + T_{build} \ (Suc \ half) + (2^{\wedge}(Suc \ half)) * (T_{build} \ half)))$

**lemma** *buildup-build-time*:  $T_{buildup} \ n < T_{build} \ n$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *listsum-bound*:  $(\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } xs \implies f \ x \geq (0::\text{real})) \implies$   
 $\text{foldr } (+) \ (\text{map } f \ xs) \ y \geq y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *cnt-non-neg*:  $\text{cnt } t \geq 0$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *foldr-same*:  $(\bigwedge x \ y. x \in \text{set } (xs::\text{real list}) \implies y \in \text{set } xs \implies x = y) \implies$   
 $(\bigwedge x. (x::\text{real}) \in \text{set } xs \implies x = (y::\text{real})) \implies$   
 $\text{foldr } (\lambda (a::\text{real}) (b::\text{real}). a+b) \ xs \ 0 = \text{real } (\text{length } xs) * y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *foldr-same-int*:  $(\bigwedge x \ y. x \in \text{set } xs \implies y \in \text{set } xs \implies x = y) \implies$   
 $(\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } xs \implies x = y) \implies$   
 $\text{foldr } (+) \ xs \ 0 = (\text{length } xs) * y$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *t-build-cnt*:  $T_{build} \ n \leq \text{cnt } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) * 13$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *t-buildup-cnt*:  $T_{buildup} \ n \leq \text{cnt } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) * 13$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *count-buildup*:  $\text{cnt } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) \leq 2 * 2^{\wedge}n$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *count-buildup'*:  $\text{cnt } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) \leq 2 * (2::\text{nat})^{\wedge}n$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**theorem** *vebt-buildup-bound*:  $u = 2^{\wedge}n \implies T_{buildup} \ n \leq 26 * u$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

Count in natural numbers

**fun** *cnt'*:: *VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat* **where**  
 $\text{cnt}' \ (\text{Leaf } a \ b) = 1 |$   
 $\text{cnt}' \ (\text{Node } \text{info } \text{deg } \text{treeList } \text{summary}) = 1 + \text{cnt}' \ \text{summary} + \text{foldr } (\lambda a \ b. a+b) \ (\text{map } \text{cnt}' \ \text{treeList})$   
 $0$

**lemma** *cnt-cnt-eq*:  $\text{cnt } t = \text{cnt}' \ t$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

```
end
end
```

## 13 Functional Interface

```
theory VEBT-Intf-Functional
imports Main
  VEBT-Definitions VEBT-Space
  VEBT-Uniqueness
  VEBT-Member
  VEBT-Insert VEBT-InsertCorrectness
  VEBT-MinMax
  VEBT-Pred VEBT-Succ
  VEBT-Bounds
  VEBT-Delete VEBT-DeleteCorrectness VEBT-DeleteBounds
```

```
begin
```

### 13.1 Code Generation Setup

#### 13.1.1 Code Equations

Code generator seems to not support patterns and nat code target

```
context begin
  interpretation VEBT-internal ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma vebt-member-code [code]:
  vebt-member (Leaf a b) x = (if x = 0 then a else if x=1 then b else False)
  vebt-member (Node None t r e) x = False
  vebt-member (Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary) x =
    (if deg = 0 ∨ deg = Suc 0 then False else (
      if x = mi then True else
      if x = ma then True else
      if x < mi then False else
      if x > ma then False else
      (let
        h = high x (deg div 2);
        l = low x (deg div 2) in
        (if h < length treeList
          then vebt-member (treeList ! h) l
          else False))))
    ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma vebt-insert-code [code]:
  vebt-insert (Leaf a b) x = (if x=0 then Leaf True b else if x=1 then Leaf a True else Leaf a b)
  vebt-insert (Node info deg treeList summary) x = (
    if deg ≤ 1 then
      (Node info deg treeList summary)
```

```

else ( case info of
  None  $\Rightarrow$  (Node (Some (x,x)) deg treeList summary)
| Some mima  $\Rightarrow$  ( case mima of (mi, ma)  $\Rightarrow$  (
  let
    xn = (if x < mi then mi else x);
    minn = (if x < mi then x else mi);
    l = low xn (deg div 2); h = high xn (deg div 2)
  in (
    if h < length treeList  $\wedge$   $\neg$  (x = mi  $\vee$  x = ma) then
      Node (Some (minn, max xn ma))
      deg
      (treeList[h:= vebt-insert (treeList ! h) l])
      (if minNull (treeList ! h) then vebt-insert summary h else summary)
    else Node (Some (mi, ma)) deg treeList summary)
  ))))
<proof>

```

**lemma** *vebt-succ-code* [code]:

```

vebt-succ (Leaf a b) x = (if b  $\wedge$  x = 0 then Some 1 else None)
vebt-succ (Node info deg treeList summary) x = (if deg  $\leq$  1 then None else
(case info of None  $\Rightarrow$  None |
(Some mima)  $\Rightarrow$  (case mima of (mi, ma)  $\Rightarrow$  (
  if x < mi then (Some mi)
  else (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) in(
    if h < length treeList then
      let maxlow = vebt-maxt (treeList ! h) in
      (if maxlow  $\neq$  None  $\wedge$  (Some l <o maxlow) then
        Some (2deg div 2) *o Some h +o vebt-succ (treeList ! h) l
      else let sc = vebt-succ summary h in
        if sc = None then None
        else Some (2deg div 2) *o sc +o vebt-mint (treeList ! the sc) )
    else None))))))
<proof>

```

**lemma** *vebt-pred-code*[code]:

```

vebt-pred (Leaf a b) x = (if x = 0 then None else if x = 1 then
  (if a then Some 0 else None) else
  (if b then Some 1 else if a then Some 0 else None)) and
vebt-pred (Node info deg treeList summary) x =(if deg  $\leq$  1 then None else (
case info of None  $\Rightarrow$  None |
(Some mima)  $\Rightarrow$  (case mima of (mi, ma)  $\Rightarrow$  (
  if x > ma then Some ma
  else (let l = low x (deg div 2); h = high x (deg div 2) in
    if h < length treeList then
      let minlow = vebt-mint (treeList ! h) in
      (if minlow  $\neq$  None  $\wedge$  (Some l >o minlow) then
        Some (2deg div 2) *o Some h +o vebt-pred (treeList ! h) l
      else let pr = vebt-pred summary h in

```

if  $pr = \text{None}$  then (if  $x > mi$  then  $\text{Some } mi$  else  $\text{None}$ )  
 else  $\text{Some } (2^{\neg(deg \div 2)}) *_o pr +_o \text{vebt-maxt } (treeList ! the pr) )$   
 else  $\text{None}))))))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *vebt-delete-code* [code]:

*vebt-delete* (Leaf  $a$   $b$ )  $x =$  (if  $x = 0$  then Leaf  $\text{False } b$  else if  $x = 1$  then Leaf  $a$   $\text{False}$  else Leaf  $a$   $b$ )  
*vebt-delete* (Node  $info$   $deg$   $treeList$   $summary$ )  $x =$  (

case  $info$  of

None  $\Rightarrow$  (Node  $info$   $deg$   $treeList$   $summary$ )

| Some  $mima \Rightarrow$  (

if  $deg \leq 1$  then (Node  $info$   $deg$   $treeList$   $summary$ )

else (case  $mima$  of ( $mi$ ,  $ma$ )  $\Rightarrow$  (

if  $(x < mi \vee x > ma)$  then (Node (Some ( $mi$ ,  $ma$ ))  $deg$   $treeList$   $summary$ )

else if  $(x = mi \wedge x = ma)$  then (Node  $\text{None } deg$   $treeList$   $summary$ )

else let

$xn =$  (if  $x = mi$  then the ( $vebt\text{-mint } summary$ )  $* 2^{\neg(deg \div 2)}$

+ the ( $vebt\text{-mint } (treeList ! the (vebt\text{-mint } summary)))$ )

else  $x$ );

$minn =$  (if  $x = mi$  then  $xn$  else  $mi$ );

$l = \text{low } xn$  ( $deg \div 2$ );

$h = \text{high } xn$  ( $deg \div 2$ )

in

if  $h < \text{length } treeList$  then let

$newnode = \text{vebt-delete } (treeList ! h) l$ ;

$newlist = treeList[h := newnode]$

in

if  $\text{minNull } newnode$  then let

$sn = \text{vebt-delete } summary h$ ;

$maxn =$

if  $xn = ma$  then let

$maxs = \text{vebt-maxt } sn$

in

if  $maxs = \text{None}$  then  $minn$

else  $2^{\neg(deg \div 2)} * the maxs + the (vebt\text{-maxt } (newlist ! the maxs))$

else  $ma$

in (Node (Some ( $minn$ ,  $maxn$ ))  $deg$   $newlist$   $sn$ )

else let

$maxn =$  (if  $xn = ma$  then  $h * 2^{\neg(deg \div 2)} + the (vebt\text{-maxt } (newlist ! h))$

else  $ma$ )

in (Node (Some ( $minn$ ,  $maxn$ ))  $deg$   $newlist$   $summary$ )

else (Node (Some ( $mi$ ,  $ma$ ))  $deg$   $treeList$   $summary$ )

))))

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**

**lemmas** [code] =

*VEBT-internal.high-def VEBT-internal.low-def VEBT-internal.minNull.simps*

*VEBT-internal.less.simps VEBT-internal.mul-def VEBT-internal.add-def  
 VEBT-internal.option-comp-shift.simps VEBT-internal.option-shift.simps*

**export-code**  
*vebt-buildup*  
*vebt-insert*  
*vebt-member*  
*vebt-maxt*  
*vebt-mint*  
*vebt-pred*  
*vebt-succ*  
*vebt-delete*  
**checking** *SML*

## 13.2 Correctness Lemmas

**named-theorems** *vebt-simps*  $\langle$ *Simplifier rules for VEBT functional interface* $\rangle$

**locale** *vebt-inst* =  
**fixes** *n* :: *nat*  
**begin**

**interpretation** *VEBT-internal*  $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

### 13.2.1 Space Bound

**theorem** *vebt-space-linear-bound*:  
**fixes** *t*  
**defines**  $u \equiv 2^{\hat{n}}$   
**shows**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{space } t \leq 12 * u$   
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

### 13.2.2 Buildup

**lemma** *invar-vebt-buildup*[*vebt-simps*]:  $\text{invar-vebt } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) \ n \longleftrightarrow n > 0$   
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *set-vebt-buildup*[*vebt-simps*]:  $\text{set-vebt } (\text{vebt-buildup } i) = \{\}$   
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *time-vebt-buildup*:  $u = 2^{\hat{n}} \implies T_{\text{buildup}} \ n \leq 26 * u$   
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

### 13.2.3 Equality

**lemma** *set-vebt-equal*[*vebt-simps*]:  $\text{invar-vebt } t_1 \ n \implies \text{invar-vebt } t_2 \ n \implies t_1 = t_2 \longleftrightarrow \text{set-vebt } t_1 = \text{set-vebt } t_2$   
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

### 13.2.4 Member

**lemma** *set-vebt-member*[vebt-simps]:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-member } t \ x \longleftrightarrow x \in \text{set-vebt } t$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *time-vebt-member*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies u = 2^n \implies T_{\text{member}} \ t \ x \leq 30 + 15 * \text{lb } (\text{lb } u)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

### 13.2.5 Insert

**theorem** *invar-vebt-insert*[vebt-simps]:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies x < 2^n \implies \text{invar-vebt } (\text{vebt-insert } t \ x) \ n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *set-vebt-insert*[vebt-simps]:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies x < 2^n \implies \text{set-vebt } (\text{vebt-insert } t \ x) = \text{set-vebt } t \cup \{x\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *time-vebt-insert*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies u = 2^n \implies T_{\text{insert}} \ t \ x \leq 46 + 23 * \text{lb } (\text{lb } u)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

### 13.2.6 Maximum

**theorem** *set-vebt-maxt*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-maxt } t = \text{Some } x \longleftrightarrow \text{max-in-set } (\text{set-vebt } t) \ x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *set-vebt-maxt'*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-maxt } t = \text{Some } x \longleftrightarrow (x \in \text{set-vebt } t \wedge (\forall y \in \text{set-vebt } t. x \geq y))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *set-vebt-maxt''*[vebt-simps]:  
 $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-maxt } t = (\text{if } \text{set-vebt } t = \{\} \text{ then None else Some } (\text{Max } (\text{set-vebt } t)))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *time-vebt-maxt*:  $T_{\text{maxt}} \ t \leq 3$   
 ⟨proof⟩

### 13.2.7 Minimum

**theorem** *set-vebt-mint*[vebt-simps]:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-mint } t = \text{Some } x \longleftrightarrow \text{min-in-set } (\text{set-vebt } t) \ x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *set-vebt-mint'*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-mint } t = \text{Some } x \longleftrightarrow (x \in \text{set-vebt } t \wedge (\forall y \in \text{set-vebt } t. x \leq y))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *set-vebt-mint''*[vebt-simps]:  
 $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{vebt-mint } t = (\text{if } \text{set-vebt } t = \{\} \text{ then None else Some } (\text{Min } (\text{set-vebt } t)))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *time-vebt-mint*:  $T_{mint} t \leq 3$   
 ⟨proof⟩

### 13.3 Emptiness determination

A tree is empty if and only if its minimum is None

**lemma** *vebt-minNull-mint*:  $minNull t \longleftrightarrow vebt-mint t = None$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *set-vebt-minNull*:  $invar-vebt t n \implies minNull t \longleftrightarrow set-vebt t = \{\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *time-vebt-minNull*:  $T_{minNull} t \leq 1$   
 ⟨proof⟩

#### 13.3.1 Successor

**theorem** *set-vebt-succ*:  $invar-vebt t n \implies vebt-succ t x = Some\ sx \longleftrightarrow is-succ-in-set (set-vebt t) x$   
 $sx$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *set-vebt-succ'[vebt-simps]*:  $invar-vebt t n \implies vebt-succ t x = (if\ \exists\ y \in set-vebt\ t.\ y > x\ then\ Some\ (LEAST\ y \in set-vebt\ t.\ y > x)\ else\ None)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *time-vebt-succ*:  
**fixes**  $t$  **defines**  $u \equiv 2^{\wedge n}$   
**shows**  $invar-vebt t n \implies T_{succ} t x \leq 54 + 27 * lb (lb u)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

#### 13.3.2 Predecessor

**theorem** *set-vebt-pred*:  $invar-vebt t n \implies vebt-pred t x = Some\ px \longleftrightarrow is-pred-in-set (set-vebt t) x$   
 $px$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *set-vebt-pred'[vebt-simps]*:  $invar-vebt t n \implies$   
 $vebt-pred t x = (if\ \exists\ y \in set-vebt\ t.\ y < x\ then\ Some\ (GREATEST\ y.\ y \in set-vebt\ t \wedge y < x)\ else\ None)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *time-vebt-pred*: **fixes**  $t$  **defines**  $u \equiv 2^{\wedge n}$   
**shows**  $invar-vebt t n \implies T_{pred} t x \leq 58 + 29 * lb (lb u)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

#### 13.3.3 Delete

**theorem** *invar-vebt-delete[vebt-simps]*:  $invar-vebt t n \implies invar-vebt (vebt-delete t x) n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *set-vebt-delete*[*vebt-simps*]:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \text{set-vebt } (\text{vebt-delete } t \ x) = \text{set-vebt } t - \{x\}$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**theorem** *time-vebt-delete*: **fixes**  $t$  **defines**  $u \equiv 2^{\wedge n}$   
**shows**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies T_{\text{delete}} \ t \ x \leq 140 + 70 * \text{lb } (\text{lb } u)$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**end**

### 13.4 Interface Usage Example

**experiment**  
**begin**

**definition** *test*  $n \ xs \ ys \equiv \text{let}$   
 $t = \text{vebt-buildup } n;$   
 $t = \text{foldl } \text{vebt-insert } t \ (0 \# xs);$

$f = (\lambda x. \text{if } \text{vebt-member } t \ x \text{ then } x \text{ else the } (\text{vebt-pred } t \ x))$   
*in*  
 $\text{map } f \ ys$

**context** **fixes**  $n :: \text{nat}$  **begin**  
**interpretation** *vebt-inst*  $n$  ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemmas** [*simp*] = *vebt-simps*

**lemma** [*simp*]:  
**assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \ \forall x \in \text{set } xs. x < 2^{\wedge n}$   
**shows**  $\text{invar-vebt } (\text{foldl } \text{vebt-insert } t \ xs) \ n$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** [*simp*]:  
**assumes**  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \ \forall x \in \text{set } xs. x < 2^{\wedge n}$   
**shows**  $\text{set-vebt } (\text{foldl } \text{vebt-insert } t \ xs) = \text{set-vebt } t \cup \text{set } xs$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma**  $\llbracket \forall x \in \text{set } xs. x < 2^{\wedge n}; n > 0 \rrbracket \implies \text{test } n \ xs \ ys = \text{map } (\lambda y. (\text{GREATEST } y'. y' \in \text{insert } 0 \ (\text{set } xs) \wedge y' \leq y)) \ ys$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**end**

**end**

**end**

**theory** *VEBT-List-Assn*

**imports**

*Separation-Logic-Imperative-HOL/Sep-Main*  
*HOL-Library.Rewrite*

**begin**

### 13.5 Lists

**fun** *list-assn* :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'c  $\Rightarrow$  *assn*)  $\Rightarrow$  'a *list*  $\Rightarrow$  'c *list*  $\Rightarrow$  *assn* **where**  
   *list-assn* *P* [] [] = *emp*  
   | *list-assn* *P* (a#as) (c#cs) = *P* a c \* *list-assn* *P* as cs  
   | *list-assn* - - - = *false*

**lemma** *list-assn-aux-simps*[*simp*]:  
   *list-assn* *P* [] *l'* = ( $\uparrow$ (*l'*=[]))  
   *list-assn* *P* *l* [] = ( $\uparrow$ (*l*=[]))  
    $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *list-assn-aux-append*[*simp*]:  
   *length* *l1*=*length* *l1'*  $\Longrightarrow$   
     *list-assn* *P* (*l1*@*l2*) (*l1'*@*l2'*)  
     = *list-assn* *P* *l1* *l1'* \* *list-assn* *P* *l2* *l2'*  
    $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *list-assn-aux-ineq-len*: *length* *l*  $\neq$  *length* *li*  $\Longrightarrow$  *list-assn* *A* *l* *li* = *false*  
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *list-assn-aux-append2*[*simp*]:  
   **assumes** *length* *l2*=*length* *l2'*  
   **shows** *list-assn* *P* (*l1*@*l2*) (*l1'*@*l2'*)  
     = *list-assn* *P* *l1* *l1'* \* *list-assn* *P* *l2* *l2'*  
    $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *list-assn-simps*[*simp*]:  
   (*list-assn* *P*) [] [] = *emp*  
   (*list-assn* *P*) (a#as) (c#cs) = *P* a c \* (*list-assn* *P*) as cs  
   (*list-assn* *P*) (a#as) [] = *false*  
   (*list-assn* *P*) [] (c#cs) = *false*  
    $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *list-assn-mono*:  
 $\llbracket \bigwedge x x'. P x x' \Longrightarrow_A P' x x' \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{list-assn } P \text{ } l \text{ } l' \Longrightarrow_A \text{list-assn } P' \text{ } l \text{ } l'$   
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

**lemma** *list-assn-cong*[*fundef-cong*]:

**assumes**  $xs = xs' \quad xsi = xsi'$

**assumes**  $\bigwedge x \ xi. x \in \text{set } xs' \implies x \in \text{set } xsi' \implies A \ x \ xi = A' \ x \ xi$

**shows**  $\text{list-assn } A \ xs \ xsi = \text{list-assn } A' \ xs' \ xsi'$

*<proof>*

**term** *prod-list*

**definition** *listI-assn*  $I \ A \ xs \ xsi \equiv$

$\uparrow(\text{length } xsi = \text{length } xs \wedge I \subseteq \{0..<\text{length } xs\})$

$* \text{Finite-Set.fold } (\lambda i \ a. \ a * A \ (xs!i) \ (xsi!i)) \ 1 \ I$

**lemmas** *comp-fun-commute-fold-insert* =

*comp-fun-commute-on.fold-insert*[**where**  $S = \text{UNIV}$ , *folded comp-fun-commute-def', simplified*]

**lemma** *aux*:  $\text{Finite-Set.fold } (\lambda i \ aa. \ aa * P \ ((a \# as) ! i) \ ((c \# cs) ! i)) \ \text{emp } \{0..<\text{Suc } (\text{length } as)\}$

$= P \ a \ c * \text{Finite-Set.fold } (\lambda i \ aa. \ aa * P \ (as ! i) \ (cs ! i)) \ \text{emp } \{0..<\text{length } as\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *list-assn-conv-idr*:  $\text{list-assn } A \ xs \ xsi = \text{listI-assn } \{0..<\text{length } xs\} \ A \ xs \ xsi$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *listI-assn-conv*:  $n = \text{length } xs \implies \text{listI-assn } \{0..<n\} \ A \ xs \ xsi = \text{list-assn } A \ xs \ xsi$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *listI-assn-conv'*:  $n = \text{length } xs \implies \text{listI-assn } \{0..<n\} \ A \ xs \ xsi * F = \text{list-assn } A \ xs \ xsi * F$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *listI-assn-finite*[*simp*]:  $\neg \text{finite } I \implies \text{listI-assn } I \ A \ xs \ xsi = \text{false}$

*<proof>*

**find-theorems** *Finite-Set.fold* name: *cong*

**lemma** *mult-fun-commute*:  $\text{comp-fun-commute } (\lambda i \ (a::\text{assn}). \ a * f \ i)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *listI-assn-weak-cong*:

**assumes**  $I: I = I' \ A = A' \ \text{length } xs = \text{length } xs' \ \text{length } xsi = \text{length } xsi'$

**assumes**  $A: \bigwedge i. \llbracket i \in I; \ i < \text{length } xs; \ \text{length } xs = \text{length } xsi \rrbracket$

$\implies xs!i = xs'!i \wedge xsi!i = xsi'!i$

**shows**  $\text{listI-assn } I \ A \ xs \ xsi = \text{listI-assn } I' \ A' \ xs' \ xsi'$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *listI-assn-cong*:

**assumes**  $I: I=I' \text{ length } xs=\text{length } xs' \text{ length } xsi=\text{length } xsi'$   
**assumes**  $A: \bigwedge i. \llbracket i \in I; i < \text{length } xs; \text{length } xs=\text{length } xsi \rrbracket$   
 $\implies xs!i = xs'!i \wedge xsi!i = xsi'!i$   
 $\wedge A (xs!i) (xsi!i) = A' (xs'!i) (xsi'!i)$   
**shows**  $\text{listI-assn } I \ A \ xs \ xsi = \text{listI-assn } I' \ A' \ xs' \ xsi'$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{listI-assn-insert}: i \notin I \implies i < \text{length } xs \implies$   
 $\text{listI-assn } (\text{insert } i \ I) \ A \ xs \ xsi = A (xs!i) (xsi!i) * \text{listI-assn } I \ A \ xs \ xsi$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{listI-assn-extract}$ :  
**assumes**  $i \in I \ i < \text{length } xs$   
**shows**  $\text{listI-assn } I \ A \ xs \ xsi = A (xs!i) (xsi!i) * \text{listI-assn } (I - \{i\}) \ A \ xs \ xsi$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{listI-assn-reinsert}$ :  
**assumes**  $P \implies_A A (xs!i) (xsi!i) * \text{listI-assn } (I - \{i\}) \ A \ xs \ xsi * F$   
**assumes**  $i < \text{length } xs \ i \in I$   
**assumes**  $\text{listI-assn } I \ A \ xs \ xsi * F \implies_A Q$   
**shows**  $P \implies_A Q$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{listI-assn-reinsert-upd}$ :  
**fixes**  $xs \ xsi :: \text{list}$   
**assumes**  $P \implies_A A \ x \ xi * \text{listI-assn } (I - \{i\}) \ A \ xs \ xsi * F$   
**assumes**  $i < \text{length } xs \ i \in I$   
**assumes**  $\text{listI-assn } I \ A \ (xs[i:=x]) (xsi[i:=xi]) * F \implies_A Q$   
**shows**  $P \implies_A Q$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{listI-assn-reinsert}'$ :  
**assumes**  $P \implies_A A (xs!i) (xsi!i) * \text{listI-assn } (I - \{i\}) \ A \ xs \ xsi * F$   
**assumes**  $i < \text{length } xs \ i \in I$   
**assumes**  $\langle \text{listI-assn } I \ A \ xs \ xsi * F \rangle c \langle Q \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle P \rangle c \langle Q \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{listI-assn-reinsert-upd}'$ :  
**fixes**  $xs \ xsi :: \text{list}$   
**assumes**  $P \implies_A A \ x \ xi * \text{listI-assn } (I - \{i\}) \ A \ xs \ xsi * F$   
**assumes**  $i < \text{length } xs \ i \in I$   
**assumes**  $\langle \text{listI-assn } I \ A \ (xs[i:=x]) (xsi[i:=xi]) * F \rangle c \langle Q \rangle$   
**shows**  $\langle P \rangle c \langle Q \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *subst-not-in*:

**assumes**  $i \notin I \quad i < \text{length } xs$

**shows**  $\text{listI-assn } I \ A \ (xs[i:=x1]) \ (xsi[i := x2]) = \text{listI-assn } I \ A \ xs \ xsi$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *listI-assn-subst*:

**assumes**  $i \notin I \quad i < \text{length } xs$

**shows**  $\text{listI-assn } (\text{insert } i \ I) \ A \ (xs[i:=x1]) \ (xsi[i := x2]) = A \ x1 \ x2 * \text{listI-assn } I \ A \ xs \ xsi$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *extract-pre-list-assn-lengthD*:  $h \models \text{list-assn } A \ xs \ xsi \implies \text{length } xsi = \text{length } xs$

*<proof>*

**method** *unwrap-idx* **for**  $i :: \text{nat} =$

(*rewrite in*  $\langle \sqsupset \rangle \text{-} \langle \text{-} \rangle$  *list-assn-conv-idx*),

(*rewrite in*  $\langle \sqsupset \rangle \text{-} \langle \text{-} \rangle$  *listI-assn-extract* [**where**  $i=i$ ]),

(*simp split*: *if-splits*; *fail*),

(*simp split*: *if-splits*; *fail*)

**method** *wrap-idx* **uses**  $R =$

(*rule*  $R$ ),

*frame-inference*,

(*simp split*: *if-splits*; *fail*),

(*simp split*: *if-splits*; *fail*),

(*subst listI-assn-conv*, (*simp*; *fail*))

**method** *extract-pre-pure* **uses**  $\text{dest} =$

(*rule hoare-triple-preI* | *drule asm-rl* [*of*  $\text{-}\models\text{-}$ ]),

(*determ*  $\langle \text{elim mod-starE dest} [\text{elim-format}] \rangle$ ),

((*determ*  $\langle \text{thin-tac } \text{-} \models \text{-} \rangle$ ) $+$ ) $?$ ,

(*simp* (*no-asm*) *only*: *triv-forall-equality*) $?$

**lemma** *rule-at-index*:

**assumes**

1:  $P \implies_A \text{list-assn } A \ xs \ xsi * F$  **and**

2 [*simp*]:  $i < \text{length } xs$  **and**

3:  $\langle A \ (xs ! i) \ (xsi ! i) * \text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length } xs\} - \{i\}) \ A \ xs \ xsi * F \rangle \ c \ \langle Q' \rangle$  **and**

4:  $\bigwedge r. Q' \ r \implies_A A \ (xs ! i) \ (xsi ! i) *$

$\text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length } xs\} - \{i\}) \ A \ xs \ xsi * F' \ r$

**shows**

$\langle P \rangle c \ \langle \lambda r. \text{list-assn } A \ xs \ xsi * F' \ r \rangle$

*<proof>*

**end**

**theory** *VEBT-BuildupMemImp*

```

imports
  VEBT-List-Assn
  VEBT-Space
  Deriving.Derive
  VEBT-Member VEBT-Insert
  HOL-Library.Countable
  Time-Reasoning/Time-Reasoning VEBT-DeleteBounds
begin

```

## 14 Imperative van Emde Boas Trees

```

datatype VEBTi = Nodei (nat*nat) option nat VEBTi array VEBTi | Leafi bool bool

```

```

derive countable VEBTi
instance VEBTi :: heap ⟨proof⟩

```

### 14.1 Assertions on van Emde Boas Trees

```

fun vebt-assn-raw :: VEBT ⇒ VEBTi ⇒ assn where
  vebt-assn-raw (Leaf a b) (Leafi ai bi) = ↑(ai=a ∧ bi=b)
| vebt-assn-raw (Node mmo deg tree-list summary) (Nodei mmoi degi tree-array summaryi) = (
  ↑(mmoi=mmo ∧ degi=deg)
  * vebt-assn-raw summary summaryi
  * (∃A tree-is. tree-array ↦a tree-is * list-assn vebt-assn-raw tree-list tree-is)
)
| vebt-assn-raw - - = false

```

```

lemmas [simp del] = vebt-assn-raw.simps

```

```

context VEBT-internal begin

```

```

lemmas [simp] = vebt-assn-raw.simps

```

```

lemma TBOUND-VEBT-case[TBOUND]: assumes  $\bigwedge a b. ti = \text{Leafi } a \ b \implies \text{TBOUND } (f \ a \ b) \ (bnd \ a \ b)$ 

```

```

 $\bigwedge \text{info deg treeArray summary} . ti = \text{Nodei info deg treeArray summary} \implies$ 
 $\text{TBOUND } (f' \ \text{info deg treeArray summary}) \ (bnd' \ \text{info deg treeArray summary})$ 

```

```

shows TBOUND (case ti of Leafi a b ⇒ f a b |
  Nodei info deg treeArray summary ⇒ f' info deg treeArray summary)
  (case ti of Leafi a b ⇒ bnd a b |
  Nodei info deg treeArray summary ⇒ bnd' info deg treeArray summary)

```

```

⟨proof⟩

```

Some Lemmas

```

lemma length-corresp:(∃A tree-is. tree-array ↦a tree-is) = true ⇒ return (length tree-is) = Array-Time.len tree-array

```

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *heaphelp:assumes*  $h \models$

$xa \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{list-assn } \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{treeList } \text{tree-is} *$   
 $\text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } xb * \uparrow(\text{None} = \text{None} \wedge n = n) *$   
 $\uparrow(xc = \text{Nodei } \text{None } n \text{ } xa \text{ } xb)$

**shows**  $h \models \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{Node } \text{None } n \text{ } \text{treeList } \text{summary}) \text{ } xc$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *assnle*:  $\text{list-assn } \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{treeList } \text{tree-is} * (x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } x14) \implies_A$

$\text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } x14 * x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{list-assn } \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{treeList } \text{tree-is}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *ext*:  $y < \text{length } \text{treeList} \implies x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * (\text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } x14 *$

$(\text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList } ! y) (\text{tree-is } ! y) * \text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length } \text{treeList}\} - \{y\}) \text{ } \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{treeList } \text{tree-is}))$

$\implies_A (x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } x14 *$

$(\text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length } \text{treeList}\} - \{y\}) \text{ } \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{treeList } \text{tree-is}) * \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList } ! y) (\text{tree-is } ! y)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *tre:y*:  $y < \text{length } \text{treeList} \implies \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList } ! y) (\text{tree-is } ! y) * x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } x14 *$

$\text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length } \text{treeList}\} - \{y\}) \text{ } \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{treeList } \text{tree-is} \implies_A$

$\text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } x14 * x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{list-assn } \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{treeList } \text{tree-is}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *recomp*:  $i < \text{length } \text{treeList} \implies \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList } ! i) (\text{tree-is } ! i) *$

$\text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length } \text{treeList}\} - \{i\}) \text{ } \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{treeList } \text{tree-is} *$

$x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} *$

$\text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } x14 \implies_A$

$\text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } x14 * x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{list-assn } \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{treeList } \text{tree-is}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *repack*:  $i < \text{length } \text{treeList} \implies$

$\text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList } ! i) (\text{tree-is } ! i) *$

$\text{Rest} *$

$(x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } x14 *$

$\text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length } \text{treeList}\} - \{i\}) \text{ } \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{treeList } \text{tree-is})$

$\implies_A \text{Rest} * \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } x14 * x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is} * \text{list-assn } \text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{treeList } \text{tree-is}$

$\text{tree-is}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *big-assn-simp*:  $h < \text{length } \text{treeList} \implies$

$\text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList } ! h) \text{ } l) \text{ } x *$

$\uparrow(xaa = \text{vebt-mint } (\text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList } ! h) \text{ } l)) *$

$(x13 \mapsto_a (\text{tree-is } [h := x]) *$

$\text{vebt-assn-raw } \text{summary } x14 *$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length treeList}\} - \{h\}) \text{ vebt-assn-raw treeList tree-is} \implies_A \\ & x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is}[h:=x] * \text{vebt-assn-raw summary } x14 * \uparrow(xaa = \text{vebt-mint } (\text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList} ! h) \\ & l)) * \\ & \text{list-assn vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList}[h:= (\text{vebt-delete}(\text{treeList} ! h) l)]) (\text{tree-is}[h:= x]) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

**lemma** *tcd*:  $i < \text{length treeList} \implies \text{length treeList} = \text{length treeList}' \implies$   

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{vebt-assn-raw } y \ x * x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is}[i:= x] * \text{vebt-assn-raw summary } x14 * \text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length} \\ & \text{treeList}\} - \{i\}) \text{ vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList}[i:=y]) (\text{tree-is}[i:= x]) \\ & \implies_A x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is}[i:= x] * \text{vebt-assn-raw summary } x14 * \text{list-assn vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList}[i:=y]) \\ & (\text{tree-is}[i:= x]) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

**lemma** *big-assn-simp'*:  $h < \text{length treeList} \implies xaa = \text{vebt-delete } (\text{treeList} ! h)l \implies$   

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{vebt-assn-raw } xaa \ x * \uparrow(xb = \text{vebt-mint } xaa) * \\ & (x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is}[h:= x] * \text{vebt-assn-raw summary } x14 * \\ & \text{listI-assn } (\{0..<\text{length treeList}\} - \{h\}) \text{ vebt-assn-raw treeList tree-is} \implies_A \\ & (x13 \mapsto_a \text{tree-is}[h:= x] * \text{vebt-assn-raw summary } x14 * \uparrow(xb = \text{vebt-mint } xaa) * \\ & \text{list-assn vebt-assn-raw } (\text{treeList}[h:= xaa]) (\text{tree-is}[h:= x])) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

**lemma** *refines-case-VEBTi[refines-rule]*: **assumes**  $ti = ti' \wedge a \ b$ . *refines*  $(f1 \ a \ b) (f1' \ a \ b)$   
 $\wedge$  *info deg treeArray summary . refines*  $(f2 \ \text{info deg treeArray summary}) (f2' \ \text{info deg treeArray sum-}$   
*mary)*  
**shows** *refines*  $(\text{case } ti \text{ of Leaf } a \ b \Rightarrow f1 \ a \ b \mid$   
 $\text{Node } i \ \text{info deg treeArray summary} \Rightarrow f2 \ \text{info deg treeArray summary})$   
 $(\text{case } ti' \text{ of Leaf } a \ b \Rightarrow f1' \ a \ b \mid$   
 $\text{Node } i \ \text{info deg treeArray summary} \Rightarrow f2' \ \text{info deg treeArray summary})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 14.2 High and low Bitsequences Definition

**definition** *highi*:: $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat Heap}$  **where**  
 $\text{highi } x \ n == \text{return } (x \text{ div } (2^n))$

**definition** *lowi*:: $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat Heap}$  **where**  
 $\text{lowi } x \ n == \text{return } (x \text{ mod } (2^n))$

**lemma** *highi-h*:  $\langle \text{emp} \rangle \text{highi } x \ n < \lambda \ r. \uparrow(r = \text{high } x \ n) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *highi-hT*:  $\langle \text{emp} \rangle \text{highi } x \ n < \lambda \ r. \uparrow(r = \text{high } x \ n) \rangle T[1]$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *lowi-h*:  $\langle \text{emp} \rangle \text{lowi } x \ n < \lambda \ r. \uparrow(r = \text{low } x \ n) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *lowi-hT*:  $\langle \text{emp} \rangle \text{lowi } x \ n < \lambda \ r. \uparrow(r = \text{low } x \ n) \rangle T[1]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 15 Imperative Implementation of *vebt* – *buildup*

**fun** *replicatei*::*nat*  $\Rightarrow$  'a *Heap*  $\Rightarrow$  ('a *list*) *Heap* **where**

```

replicatei 0 x = return []
replicatei (Suc n) x = do{ y <- x;
                             ys <- replicatei n x;
                             return (y#ys) }

```

**lemma** *time-replicate*:  $\llbracket \bigwedge h. \text{time } x \ h \leq c \rrbracket \implies \text{time } (\text{replicatei } n \ x) \ h \leq (1+(1+c)*n)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *TBOUND-replicate*:  $\llbracket TBOUND \ x \ c \rrbracket \implies TBOUND \ (\text{replicatei } n \ x) \ (1+(1+c)*n)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *refines-replicate*[*refines-rule*]:

*refines* *f* *f'*  $\implies \text{refines } (\text{replicatei } n \ f) \ (\text{replicatei } n \ f')$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *vebt-buildupi'*::*nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *VEBTi* *Heap* **where**

```

vebt-buildupi' 0 = return (Leafi False False)|
vebt-buildupi' (Suc 0) = return (Leafi False False)|
vebt-buildupi' n = (if even n then (let half = n div 2 in do{
    treeList <- replicatei (2half) (vebt-buildupi' half);
    assert' (length treeList = 2half);
    trees <- Array-Time.of-list treeList;
    summary <- (vebt-buildupi' half);
    return (Nodei None n trees summary)})
  else (let half = n div 2 in do{
    treeList <- replicatei (2(Suc half)) (vebt-buildupi' half);
    assert' (length treeList = 2Suc half);
    trees <- Array-Time.of-list treeList;
    summary <- (vebt-buildupi' (Suc half));
    return (Nodei None n trees summary)}) )

```

**end**

**context begin**

**interpretation** *VEBT-internal*  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *vebt-buildupi*::*nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *VEBTi* *Heap* **where**

```

vebt-buildupi 0 = return (Leafi False False)|
vebt-buildupi (Suc 0) = return (Leafi False False)|
vebt-buildupi n = (if even n then (let half = n div 2 in do{
    treeList <- replicatei (2half) (vebt-buildupi half);
    trees <- Array-Time.of-list treeList;
    summary <- (vebt-buildupi half);
    return (Nodei None n trees summary)})

```

```

else (let half = n div 2 in do{
  treeList <- replicatei (2half) (vebt-buildupi half);
  trees <- Array-Time.of-list treeList;
  summary <- (vebt-buildupi (Suc half));
  return (Nodei None n trees summary)}))

```

**end**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

**lemma** *vebt-buildupi-refines*: *refines (vebt-buildupi n) (vebt-buildupi' n)*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**fun** *T-vebt-buildupi* **where**

```

  T-vebt-buildupi 0 = Suc 0
| T-vebt-buildupi (Suc 0) = Suc 0
| T-vebt-buildupi (Suc (Suc n)) = (
  if even n then
    Suc (Suc (Suc (T-vebt-buildupi (Suc (n div 2)) +
      (4 * 2(n div 2) + 2 * (T-vebt-buildupi (Suc (n div 2)) * 2(n div 2)))))))
  else
    Suc (Suc (Suc (T-vebt-buildupi (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) +
      (8 * 2(n div 2) + 4 * (T-vebt-buildupi (Suc (n div 2)) * 2(n div 2)))))))

```

**lemma** *TBOUND-vebt-buildupi*:

**defines** *foo*  $\equiv$  *T-vebt-buildupi*

**shows** *TBOUND (vebt-buildupi' n) (foo n)*

⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *T-vebt-buildupi*: *time (vebt-buildupi' n) h*  $\leq$  *T-vebt-buildupi n*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *repli-cons-repl*:  $\langle Q \rangle x \prec \lambda r. Q * A y r \implies \langle Q \rangle \text{replicatei } n x \prec \lambda r. Q * \text{list-assn } A (\text{replicate } n y) r$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**corollary** *repli-emp*:  $\langle \text{emp} \rangle x \prec \lambda r. A y r \implies \langle \text{emp} \rangle \text{replicatei } n x \prec \lambda r. \text{list-assn } A (\text{replicate } n y) r$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *builupi'corr*:  $\langle \text{emp} \rangle \text{vebt-buildupi' } n \prec \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) r$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *htt-vebt-buildupi'*:  $\langle \text{emp} \rangle (\text{vebt-buildupi' } n) \prec \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) r \implies T [\text{T-vebt-buildupi } n]$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *builupicorr*:  $\langle \text{emp} \rangle \text{vebt-buildupi } n \prec \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) r$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *htt-vebt-buildupi*:  $\langle \text{emp} \rangle (\text{vebt-buildupi } n) \langle \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{vebt-buildup } n) r \rangle T [T\text{-vebt-buildupi } n]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

Closed bound for  $T - \text{vebt} - \text{buildupi}$

Amortization

**lemma** *T-vebt-buildupi-gg-0*:  $T\text{-vebt-buildupi } n > 0$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *T-vebt-buildupi'*:  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{int}$  **where**

*T-vebt-buildupi'* 0 = 1

| *T-vebt-buildupi'* (Suc 0) = 1

| *T-vebt-buildupi'* (Suc (Suc n)) = (

if even n then

3 + (*T-vebt-buildupi'* (Suc (n div 2)) +  
(4 \* 2<sup>(n div 2)</sup> + 2 \* (*T-vebt-buildupi'* (Suc (n div 2)) \* 2<sup>(n div 2)</sup>)))

else

3 + (*T-vebt-buildupi'* (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) +  
(8 \* 2<sup>(n div 2)</sup> + 4 \* (*T-vebt-buildupi'* (Suc (n div 2)) \* 2<sup>(n div 2)</sup>)))

**lemma** *Tbuildupi-buildupi'*:  $T\text{-vebt-buildupi } n = T\text{-vebt-buildupi}' n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *Tb*:  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{int}$  **where**

*Tb* 0 = 3

| *Tb* (Suc 0) = 3

| *Tb* (Suc (Suc n)) = (

if even n then

5 + *Tb* (Suc (n div 2)) + (*Tb* (Suc (n div 2))) \* 2<sup>(Suc (n div 2))</sup>

else

5 + *Tb* (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) + (*Tb* (Suc (n div 2))) \* 2<sup>(Suc (Suc (n div 2)))</sup>

**lemma** *Tb-T-vebt-buildupi'*:  $T\text{-vebt-buildupi}' n \leq Tb\ n - 2$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**fun** *Tb'*:  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  **where**

*Tb'* 0 = 3

| *Tb'* (Suc 0) = 3

| *Tb'* (Suc (Suc n)) = (

if even n then

5 + *Tb'* (Suc (n div 2)) + (*Tb'* (Suc (n div 2))) \* 2<sup>(Suc (n div 2))</sup>

else

5 + *Tb'* (Suc (Suc (n div 2))) + (*Tb'* (Suc (n div 2))) \* 2<sup>(Suc (Suc (n div 2)))</sup>

**lemma** *Tb-Tb'*:  $Tb\ t = Tb'\ t$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *Tb-T-vebt-buildupi*:  $T\text{-vebt-buildupi } n \leq Tb \ n - 2$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Tb-T-vebt-buildupi''*:  $T\text{-vebt-buildupi } n \leq Tb' \ n - 2$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Tb'-cnt*:  $Tb' \ n \leq 5 * cnt' (vebt\text{-buildup } n)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *T-vebt-buildupi-cnt'*:  $T\text{-vebt-buildupi } n \leq 5 * cnt (vebt\text{-buildup } n)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *T-vebt-buildupi-univ*:  
**assumes**  $u = 2^{\wedge n}$   
**shows**  $T\text{-vebt-buildupi } n \leq 10 * u$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *htt-vebt-buildupi'-univ*:  
**assumes**  $u = 2^{\wedge n}$   
**shows**  
 $\langle emp \rangle (vebt\text{-buildupi}' \ n) \langle \lambda r. vebt\text{-assn-raw } (vebt\text{-buildup } n) \ r \rangle T \ [10 * u]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

We obtain the main theorem for *buildupi*

**lemma** *htt-vebt-buildupi-univ*:  
**assumes**  $u = 2^{\wedge n}$   
**shows**  
 $\langle emp \rangle (vebt\text{-buildupi } n) \langle \lambda r. vebt\text{-assn-raw } (vebt\text{-buildup } n) \ r \rangle T \ [10 * u]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *vebt-buildupi-rule*:  $\langle \uparrow (n > 0) \rangle vebt\text{-buildupi } n \langle \lambda r. vebt\text{-assn-raw } (vebt\text{-buildup } n) \ r \rangle T[10 * 2^{\wedge n}]$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *TBOUND-buildupi*: **assumes**  $n > 0$  **shows**  $TBOUND (vebt\text{-buildupi } n) (10 * 2^{\wedge n})$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

## 16 Minimum and Maximum Determination

**end**

**context begin**

**interpretation** *VEBT-internal*  $\langle proof \rangle$

**fun** *vebt-minti*::  $VEBTi \Rightarrow nat \ option \ Heap$  **where**

$vebt\text{-minti } (Leafi \ a \ b) = (if \ a \ then \ return \ (Some \ 0) \ else \ if \ b \ then \ return \ (Some \ 1) \ else \ return \ None)$

$vebt\text{-minti } (Nodei \ None \ - \ -) = return \ None$

*vebt-minti* (Nodei (Some (mi,ma)) - - -) = return (Some mi)

**fun** *vebt-maxti*::VEBTi  $\Rightarrow$  nat option Heap **where**

*vebt-maxti* (Leafi a b) = (if b then return (Some 1) else if a then return (Some 0) else return None)|

*vebt-maxti* (Nodei None - - -) = return None|

*vebt-maxti* (Nodei (Some (mi,ma)) - - -) = return (Some ma)

**end**

**context** VEBT-internal **begin**

**lemma** *vebt-minti-h*:<vebt-assn-raw t ti> *vebt-minti ti* < $\lambda r$ . *vebt-assn-raw t ti* \*  $\uparrow(r = \text{vebt-mint } t)$ >

*<proof>*

**lemma** *vebt-maxti-h*:<vebt-assn-raw t ti> *vebt-maxti ti* < $\lambda r$ . *vebt-assn-raw t ti* \*  $\uparrow(r = \text{vebt-maxt } t)$ >

*<proof>*

**lemma** TBOUND-*vebt-maxti*[TBOUND]: TBOUND (*vebt-maxti t*) 1

*<proof>*

**lemma** TBOUND-*vebt-minti*[TBOUND]: TBOUND (*vebt-minti t*) 1

*<proof>*

**lemma** *vebt-minti-hT*:<vebt-assn-raw t ti> *vebt-minti ti* < $\lambda r$ . *vebt-assn-raw t ti* \*  $\uparrow(r = \text{vebt-mint } t)$ > T[1]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *vebt-maxti-hT*:<vebt-assn-raw t ti> *vebt-maxti ti* < $\lambda r$ . *vebt-assn-raw t ti* \*  $\uparrow(r = \text{vebt-maxt } t)$ > T[1]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *vebt-maxtilist*:*i* < length ts  $\Rightarrow$

<list-assn *vebt-assn-raw ts tsi*> *vebt-maxti (tsi ! i)*

<  $\lambda r$ .  $\uparrow(r = \text{vebt-maxt } (ts ! i))$  \* list-assn *vebt-assn-raw ts tsi*>

*<proof>*

**lemma** *vebt-mintilist*:*i* < length ts  $\Rightarrow$

<list-assn *vebt-assn-raw ts tsi*> *vebt-minti (tsi ! i)*

<  $\lambda r$ .  $\uparrow(r = \text{vebt-mint } (ts ! i))$  \* list-assn *vebt-assn-raw ts tsi*>

*<proof>*

## 17 Membership Test on imperative van Emde Boas Trees

**end**

**context** begin

**interpretation** VEBT-internal *<proof>*



```

      th ← Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
      vebt-memberi' (treeList ! h) th l }
    else return False
  }))))))

```

**lemma** *highsimp*: return (high x n) = highi x n  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *lowsimp*: return (low x n) = lowi x n  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *TBOUND-highi*[TBOUND]: TBOUND (highi x n) 1  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *TBOUND-lowi*[TBOUND]: TBOUND (lowi x n) 1  
 ⟨proof⟩

Correctness of *vebt* – *memberi*

**lemma** *vebt-memberi'-rf-abstr*: <vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-memberi' t ti x <λr. vebt-assn-raw t ti \*  
 ↑(r = vebt-member t x)>  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *TBOUND-vebt-memberi*:  
**defines** *foo-def*:  $\bigwedge t x. \text{foo } t x \equiv 4 * (1 + \text{height } t)$   
**shows** TBOUND (vebt-memberi' t ti x) (foo t x)  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *vebt-memberi-refines*: refines (vebt-memberi ti x) (vebt-memberi' t ti x)  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *htt-vebt-memberi*:  
 <vebt-assn-raw t ti>vebt-memberi ti x <λ r. vebt-assn-raw t ti \* ↑(r = vebt-member t x)>T[ 5 +  
 5 \* height t]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *htt-vebt-memberi-invar-vebt*: **assumes** *invar-vebt* t n **shows**  
 <vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-memberi ti x <λ r. vebt-assn-raw t ti \* ↑(r = vebt-member t x)>T[5 +  
 5 \* (nat ⌈lb n ⌉)]  
 ⟨proof⟩

## 17.1 minNulli: empty tree?

**fun** *minNulli*::VEBTi ⇒ bool **Heap where**  
 minNulli (Leafi False False) = return True|  
 minNulli (Leafi - -) = return False|  
 minNulli (Nodei None - -) = return True|  
 minNulli (Nodei (Some -) - -) = return False

**lemma** *minNulli-rule*[sep-heap-rules]: <vebt-assn-raw t ti> minNulli ti <λr. vebt-assn-raw t ti \* ↑(r  
 = minNull t)>

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *TBOUND-minNulli*[*TBOUND*]: *TBOUND* (*minNulli* *t*) 1  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *minNulli-ruleT*:  
 $\langle \text{vebt-assn-raw } t \text{ ti} \rangle \text{ minNulli } ti \langle \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } t \text{ ti} * \uparrow(r = \text{minNull } t) \rangle T[1]$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 18 Imperative *vebt* – *insert* to van Emde Boas Tree

**end**

**context begin**

**interpretation** *VEBT-internal*  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**partial-function** (*heap-time*) *vebt-inserti*::*VEBTi*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *VEBTi* *Heap* **where**  
 $\text{vebt-inserti } t \ x = (\text{case } t \text{ of}$   
 $\quad (\text{Leafi } a \ b) \Rightarrow (\text{if } x=0 \text{ then return } (\text{Leafi } \text{True } b) \text{ else if } x=1$   
 $\quad \quad \text{then return } (\text{Leafi } a \ \text{True}) \text{ else return } (\text{Leafi } a \ b)) \mid$   
 $\quad (\text{Nodei } \text{info } \text{deg } \text{treeArray } \text{summary}) \Rightarrow (\text{case info of None} \Rightarrow$   
 $\quad \quad \text{if deg} \leq 1 \text{ then}$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{return } (\text{Nodei } \text{info } \text{deg } \text{treeArray } \text{summary})$   
 $\quad \quad \text{else}$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{return } (\text{Nodei } (\text{Some } (x,x)) \text{ deg } \text{treeArray}$   
 $\text{summary}) \mid$   
 $\quad (\text{Some } \text{minma}) \Rightarrow$   
 $\quad \quad (\text{if deg} \leq 1$   
 $\text{then return } (\text{Nodei } \text{info } \text{deg } \text{treeArray } \text{summary})$   
 $\text{else } (\text{do}\{$   
 $\quad \text{mi} \leftarrow \text{return } (\text{fst } \text{minma});$   
 $\quad \text{ma} \leftarrow \text{return } (\text{snd } \text{minma});$   
 $\quad \text{xn} \leftarrow (\text{if } x < \text{mi} \text{ then return } \text{mi} \text{ else return } x);$   
 $\quad \text{minn} \leftarrow (\text{if } x < \text{mi} \text{ then return } x \text{ else return } \text{mi});$   
 $\quad \text{l} \leftarrow \text{lowi } \text{xn } (\text{deg div } 2);$   
 $\quad \text{h} \leftarrow \text{highi } \text{xn } (\text{deg div } 2);$   
 $\quad \text{len} \leftarrow \text{Array-Time.len } \text{treeArray};$   
 $\quad \text{if } h < \text{len} \wedge \neg (x = \text{mi} \vee x = \text{ma}) \text{ then do } \{$   
 $\quad \quad \text{node} \leftarrow \text{Array-Time.nth } \text{treeArray } h;$   
 $\quad \quad \text{empt} \leftarrow \text{minNulli } \text{node};$   
 $\quad \quad \text{newnode} \leftarrow \text{vebt-inserti } \text{node } \text{l};$   
 $\quad \quad \text{newarray} \leftarrow \text{Array-Time.upd } h \ \text{newnode } \text{treeArray};$   
 $\quad \quad \text{newsummary} \leftarrow (\text{if empt then}$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{vebt-inserti } \text{summary } h$   
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{else return summary});$   
 $\quad \text{man} \leftarrow (\text{if } \text{xn} > \text{ma} \text{ then return } \text{xn} \text{ else return } \text{ma});$   
 $\quad \text{return } (\text{Nodei } (\text{Some } (\text{minn}, \text{man})) \text{ deg } \text{newarray}$   
 $\text{newsummary})\}$

```

else return (Nodei (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeArray
summary)
))))))

end

context VEBT-internal begin

partial-function (heap-time) vebt-inserti'::VEBT ⇒ VEBTi ⇒ nat ⇒ VEBTi Heap where
  vebt-inserti' t ti x = (case ti of
    (Leafi a b) ⇒ (if x=0 then return (Leafi True b) else if x=1
      then return (Leafi a True) else return (Leafi a b)) |
    (Nodei info deg treeArray summary) ⇒ ( case info of None ⇒
      if deg ≤ 1 then
        return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)
      else
        return (Nodei (Some (x,x)) deg treeArray
summary)|
    (Some minma) ⇒
      ( if deg ≤ 1
        then return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)
        else (
do{
  assert' (is-Node t);
  let (info',deg',treeList,summary') =
    (case t of (Node info' deg' treeList summary') ⇒
      (info', deg', treeList, summary'));
  assert'(info= info' ∧ deg = deg');
  let (mi', ma') = (the info');
  mi <- return (fst minma);
  ma <- return (snd minma);
  xn <- (if x < mi then return mi else return x);
  let xn' = (if x < mi' then mi' else x);
  minn <- (if x < mi then return x else return mi);
  let minn' = (if x < mi' then x else mi');
  l <- lowi xn (deg div 2);
  assert' (l = low xn' (deg' div 2));
  h <- highi xn (deg div 2);
  len ← Array-Time.len treeArray;
  if h < len ∧ ¬ (x = mi ∨ x = ma) then do {
    assert' (h = high xn' (deg' div 2));
    assert' (h < length treeList);
    node <- Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
    empt <- minNulli node;
    assert' (empt = minNull (treeList ! h));
    newnode <- vebt-inserti' (treeList ! h) node l;
    newarray <- Array-Time.upd h newnode treeArray;
    newsummary <- (if empt then
      vebt-inserti' summary' summary h

```

```

else return summary);
man <- (if xn > ma then return xn else return ma);
return (Nodei (Some (minn, man)) deg newarray
newsummary)}
else return (Nodei (Some (mi,ma)) deg treeArray
summary)
))))

```

**lemmas** *listI-assn-wrap-insert* = *listI-assn-reinsert-upd'*[  
**where** *x*=*VEBT-Insert.vebt-insert* - - **and** *A*=*vebt-assn-raw* ]

**lemma** *vebt-inserti'-rf-abstr*:  $\langle \text{vebt-assn-raw } t \text{ ti} \rangle \text{ vebt-inserti}' t \text{ ti } x < \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{vebt-insert } t \text{ } x) \text{ } r >$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *TBOUND-minNull*:  $\text{minNull } t \implies \text{TBOUND } (\text{vebt-inserti}' t \text{ ti } x) \text{ } 1$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *TBOUND-vebt-inserti*:  
**defines** *foo-def*:  $\bigwedge t \text{ } x. \text{foo } t \text{ } x \equiv \text{if minNull } t \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 13 * (1 + \text{height } t)$   
**shows**  $\text{TBOUND } (\text{vebt-inserti}' t \text{ ti } x) (\text{foo } t \text{ } x)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *vebt-inserti-refines*:  $\text{refines } (\text{vebt-inserti } ti \text{ } x) (\text{vebt-inserti}' t \text{ ti } x)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *htt-vebt-inserti*:  
 $\langle \text{vebt-assn-raw } t \text{ ti} \rangle \text{ vebt-inserti } ti \text{ } x < \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{vebt-insert } t \text{ } x) \text{ } r > T[13 + 13 * \text{height } t]$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *htt-vebt-inserti-invar-vebt*: **assumes** *invar-vebt* *t n* **shows**  
 $\langle \text{vebt-assn-raw } t \text{ ti} \rangle \text{ vebt-inserti } ti \text{ } x < \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{vebt-insert } t \text{ } x) \text{ } r > T[13 + 13 * (\text{nat } \lceil lb \text{ } n \rceil)]$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**  
**end**

**theory** *VEBT-SuccPredImperative*  
**imports** *VEBT-BuildupMemImp* *VEBT-Succ* *VEBT-Pred*  
**begin**

**context** **begin**  
**interpretation** *VEBT-internal*  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 19 Imperative Successor

**partial-function** (*heap-time*) *vebt-succi*::*VEBTi*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  (*nat option*) *Heap* **where**

```

vebt-succi t x = (case t of (Leaf a b) => (if x = 0 then (if b then return (Some 1) else return None)
                             else return None)|
(Node i info deg treeArray summary) => (
  case info of None => return None |
  (Some mima) => ( if deg ≤ 1 then return None else
    (if x < fst mima then return (Some (fst mima)) else
     if x ≥ snd mima then return None else
     do {
       l <- low i x (deg div 2);
       h <- high i x (deg div 2);
       aktnode <- Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
       maxlow <- vebt-max i aktnode;
       if (maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l <_o maxlow))
       then do {
         succy <- vebt-succi aktnode l;
         return ( Some (2deg div 2) *_o Some h +_o succy)
       }
     else do {
       succsum <- vebt-succi summary h;
       if succsum = None then
         return None
       else
         do {
           nextnode <- Array-Time.nth treeArray (the succsum);
           minnext <- vebt-min i nextnode;
           return (Some (2deg div 2) *_o succsum +_o minnext)
         }
     }
  )
))
end

```

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

**partial-function** (*heap-time*) *vebt-succi'* :: *VEBT* ⇒ *VEBT* ⇒ *nat* ⇒ (*nat option*) *Heap* **where**  
*vebt-succi' t ti x* = (case *ti* of (Leaf *a b*) => (if *x* = 0 then (if *b* then return (Some 1) else return None)
None)
else return None)|
(Node *i info deg treeList summary'*) => do { assert' ( is-Node *t* );
let ( *info', deg', treeList, summary'* ) =
(case *t* of Node *info' deg' treeList summary'* => ( *info', deg', treeList, summary'* ));
assert' ( *info'* = *info* ∧ *deg'* = *deg* ∧ is-Node *t* );
case *info* of None => return None |
(Some *mima*) => (if *deg* ≤ 1 then return None else
(if *x* < fst *mima* then return (Some (fst *mima*)) else
if *x* ≥ snd *mima* then return None else
do {

```

    l <- lowi x (deg div 2);
    h <- highi x (deg div 2);

    assert'(l = low x (deg div 2));
    assert'(h = high x (deg div 2));
    assert'(h < length treeList);

    aktnode <- Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
    let aktnode' = treeList!h;

    maxlow <- vebt-maxti aktnode;
    assert'(maxlow = vebt-maxt aktnode');
    if (maxlow ≠ None ∧ (Some l <_o maxlow))
    then do {
        succy <- vebt-succi' aktnode' aktnode l;
        return (Some (2^(deg div 2)) *_o Some h +_o succy)
    }
    else do {
        succsum <- vebt-succi' summary' summary h;
        assert'(succsum = None ⟷ vebt-succ summary' h = None);
        if succsum = None then do{
            return None}
        else
            do{
                nextnode <- Array-Time.nth treeArray (the succsum);
                minnext <- vebt-minti nextnode;
                return (Some (2^(deg div 2)) *_o succsum +_o minnext)
            }
    }
}

}))

```

**theorem** *vebt-succi'-rf-abstr:invar-vebt*  $t\ n \implies \langle \text{vebt-assn-raw } t\ ti \rangle \text{vebt-succi}'\ t\ ti\ x < \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } t\ ti\ * \uparrow(r = \text{vebt-succ } t\ x) \rangle$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *TBOUND-vebt-succi*:  
**defines** *foo-def*:  $\bigwedge t\ x. \text{foo } t\ x \equiv 7 * (1 + \text{height } t)$   
**shows** *TBOUND* (*vebt-succi'*  $t\ ti\ x$ ) (*foo*  $t\ x$ )  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *vebt-succi-refines*: *refines* (*vebt-succi*  $ti\ x$ ) (*vebt-succi'*  $t\ ti\ x$ )  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *htt-vebt-succi*: **assumes** *invar-vebt*  $t\ n$   
**shows**  $\langle \text{vebt-assn-raw } t\ ti \rangle \text{vebt-succi } ti\ x < \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } t\ ti\ * \uparrow(r = \text{vebt-succ } t\ x) > T[7 + 7 * (\text{nat } \lceil lb\ n \rceil)]$   
*<proof>*



```

return (Some 0) else return None)
      else if x = 1 then (if a then return (Some 0) else return None) else
return None)|
  (Node i info deg treeArray summary)  $\Rightarrow$  ( do { assert'( is-Node t);
    let (info',deg',treeList,summary') =
    (case t of Node info' deg' treeList summary'  $\Rightarrow$  (info',deg',treeList,summary'));
    assert'(info'=info  $\wedge$  deg'=deg  $\wedge$  is-Node t);
  case info of None  $\Rightarrow$  return None |
    (Some mima)  $\Rightarrow$  ( if deg  $\leq$  1 then return None else
      (if x > snd mima then return (Some (snd mima)) else
        do {
          l  $\leftarrow$  lowi x (deg div 2);
          h  $\leftarrow$  highi x (deg div 2);

          assert'(l = low x (deg div 2));
          assert'(h = high x (deg div 2));
          assert'(h < length treeList);

          aktnode  $\leftarrow$  Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
          let aktnode' = treeList!h;
          minlow  $\leftarrow$  vebt-minti aktnode;
          assert' (minlow = vebt-mint aktnode');

          if (minlow  $\neq$  None  $\wedge$  (Some l >o minlow))
          then do {
            predy  $\leftarrow$  vebt-predi' aktnode' aktnode l;
            return ( Some (2deg div 2) *o Some h +o predy)
          }
          else do {
            predsum  $\leftarrow$  vebt-predi' summary' summary h;
            assert'(predsum = None  $\longleftrightarrow$  vebt-pred summary' h = None);
            if predsum = None then
              if x > fst mima then
                return (Some (fst mima))
              else
                return None
            else
              do{
                nextnode  $\leftarrow$  Array-Time.nth treeArray (the predsum);
                maxnext  $\leftarrow$  vebt-maxti nextnode;
                return (Some (2deg div 2) *o predsum +o maxnext)
              }
            }
          }
        }
      )
    )
  )
}
))))

```

**theorem** *vebt-pred'-rf-abstr:invar-vebt*  $t\ n \implies \langle \text{vebt-assn-raw } t\ ti \rangle \text{vebt-predi}'\ t\ ti\ x \langle \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } t\ ti * \uparrow(r = \text{vebt-pred } t\ x) \rangle$   
*<proof>*

```

lemma TBOUND-vebt-predi:
  defines foo-def:  $\bigwedge t x. \text{foo } t x \equiv 7 * (1 + \text{height } t)$ 
  shows TBOUND (vebt-predi' t ti x) (foo t x)
  <proof>

lemma vebt-predi-refines: refines (vebt-predi ti x) (vebt-predi' t ti x)
  <proof>

lemma htt-vebt-predi: assumes invar-vebt t n
  shows <vebt-assn-raw t ti> vebt-predi ti x < $\lambda r. \text{vebt-assn-raw } t ti * \uparrow(r = \text{vebt-pred } t x) > T[7$ 
+ 7*(nat [lb n])]
  <proof>

end
end

theory VEBT-DelImperative imports VEBT-DeleteCorrectness VEBT-SuccPredImperative
begin

context begin
interpretation VEBT-internal <proof>

```

## 21 Imperative Delete

```

partial-function (heap-time) vebt-deletei::VEBTi  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  VEBTi Heap where
  vebt-deletei t x = (case t of (Leafi a b)  $\Rightarrow$  (if x = 0 then return (Leafi False b) else
    if x = 1 then return (Leafi a False) else
    return (Leafi a b)) |
    (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)  $\Rightarrow$  (
      if deg  $\leq 1$  then return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary) else
      case info of None  $\Rightarrow$  return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary) |
      (Some mima)  $\Rightarrow$  (if x < fst mima  $\vee$  x > snd mima then return
        (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)
        else if fst mima = x  $\wedge$  snd mima = x then return (Nodei
          None deg treeArray summary)
        else do{ xminew  $\leftarrow$  (if x = fst mima then do {
          firstcluster  $\leftarrow$  vebt-minti summary;
          firsttree  $\leftarrow$  Array-Time.nth treeArray (the
            firstcluster);

          mintft  $\leftarrow$  vebt-minti firsttree;
          let xn = ( $2^{(\text{deg div } 2)} * (\text{the firstcluster}) +$ 
            (the mintft) );
          return (xn, xn)
          }
          else return (x, fst mima));
        let xnew = fst xminew;
        let minew = snd xminew;
        h  $\leftarrow$  highi xnew (deg div 2);
        l  $\leftarrow$  lowi xnew (deg div 2);

```

```

aktnode <- Array-Time.nth treeArray h;
aktnode' <- vebt-deletei aktnode l;
treeArray' <- Array-Time.upd h aktnode' treeArray;
miny <- vebt-minti aktnode';
(if (miny = None) then
do{
  summary' <- vebt-deletei summary h;
  ma <- (if xnew = snd mima then
do{
  summax <- vebt-maxti summary';
  if summax = None then
    return minew
  else do{
    maxtree <- Array-Time.nth treeArray' (the
summary);
    mofmtree <- vebt-maxti maxtree;
    return (the summax * 2^(deg div 2) +
the mofmtree )
  }
  } else return (snd mima));
  return (Nodei (Some (minew, ma)) deg treeArray'
summary')
} else if xnew = snd mima then
do{
  nexttree <- Array-Time.nth treeArray' h;
  maxnext <- vebt-maxti nexttree;
  let ma = h * 2^(deg div 2) +
(the maxnext);
  return (Nodei (Some ( minew, ma)) deg treeArray'
summary)
}
else return (Nodei (Some (minew, snd mima)) deg
treeArray' summary) )
))))

```

**end**

**context** *VEBT-internal* **begin**

Some general lemmas

**lemma** *midextr*:  $(P * Q * Q' * R \Rightarrow_A X) \Rightarrow (P * R * Q * Q' \Rightarrow_A X)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *groupy*:  $A * B * (C * D) \Rightarrow_A X \Rightarrow A * B * C * D \Rightarrow_A X$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *swappa*:  $B * A * C \Rightarrow_A X \Rightarrow A * B * C \Rightarrow_A X$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *mulcomm*:  $(i::nat) * (2 * 2^{\wedge}(va \text{ div } 2)) = (2 * 2^{\wedge}(va \text{ div } 2)) * i$   
 <proof>

Modified function with ghost variable

**partial-function** (*heap-time*) *vebt-deletei*::*VEBT*  $\Rightarrow$  *VEBTi*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *VEBTi Heap* **where**  
*vebt-deletei* 't ti x = (case ti of (Leafi a b)  $\Rightarrow$  (if x = 0 then return (Leafi False b) else  
 if x = 1 then return (Leafi a False) else  
 return (Leafi a b)) |  
 (Nodei info deg treeArray summary)  $\Rightarrow$  (  
 do { assert' (is-Node t);  
 let (info', deg', treeList, summary') =  
 (case t of Node info' deg' treeList summary'  
 $\Rightarrow$  (info', deg', treeList, summary'));  
 assert' (info' = info  $\wedge$  deg' = deg  $\wedge$  is-Node t);  
 if deg  $\leq$  1 then return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary) else  
 case info of None  $\Rightarrow$  return (Nodei info deg treeArray summary) |  
 (Some mima)  $\Rightarrow$  (  
 if x < fst mima  $\vee$  x > snd mima then return (Nodei info deg  
 treeArray summary)  
 else if fst mima = x  $\wedge$  snd mima = x then return (Nodei  
 None deg treeArray summary)  
 else do { xminew  $\leftarrow$  (if x = fst mima then do {  
 firstcluster  $\leftarrow$  vebt-minti summary;  
 firsttree  $\leftarrow$  Array-Time.nth treeArray (the  
 firstcluster);  
 mintft  $\leftarrow$  vebt-minti firsttree;  
 let xn = (2 $^{\wedge}$ (deg div 2) \* (the firstcluster) +  
 (the mintft) );  
 return (xn, xn)  
 }  
 else return (x, fst mima));  
 let xnew = fst xminew;  
 let xn' =  
 (if x = fst (the info')  
 then the (vebt-mint summary') \* 2 $^{\wedge}$ (deg div 2)  
 + the (vebt-mint (treeList ! the (vebt-mint summary')))  
 else x);  
 assert' (xnew = xn');  
 let minew = snd xminew;  
 assert' (minew = (if x = fst (the info') then xn' else fst  
 (the info')));  
 h  $\leftarrow$  highi xnew (deg div 2);  
 assert' (h = high xnew (deg div 2));  
 assert' (h < length treeList);  
 l  $\leftarrow$  lowi xnew (deg div 2);  
 assert' (l = low xnew (deg div 2));  
 aktnode  $\leftarrow$  Array-Time.nth treeArray h;  
 aktnode'  $\leftarrow$  vebt-deletei' (treeList ! h) aktnode l;

```

treeArray' <- Array-Time.upd h aktnode' treeArray;
let funnnode = vebt-delete (treeList ! h) l;
let treeList' = treeList[h:= funnnode];
miny <- vebt-minti aktnode';
assert' (miny = vebt-mint funnnode);
(if (miny = None) then
do{
summaryi' <- vebt-deletei' summary' summary h;
ma <- (if xnew = snd mima then
do{
summary <- vebt-maxi summaryi';
assert' (summary = vebt-maxt (vebt-delete
summary' h));

if summary = None then
return minew
else do{
maxtree <- Array-Time.nth treeArray' (the
summary);

mofmtree <- vebt-maxi maxtree;
return (the summary * 2^(deg div 2) +
the mofmtree )

}
else return (snd mima));
return (Nodei (Some (minew, ma)) deg treeArray'
summaryi')
} else if xnew = snd mima then
do{
nexttree <- Array-Time.nth treeArray' h;
maxnext <- vebt-maxi nexttree;
assert' (maxnext = vebt-maxt (treeList' ! h));
let ma = h * 2^(deg div 2) +
(the maxnext);
return (Nodei (Some (minew, ma)) deg treeArray'
summary)
}
else return (Nodei (Some (minew, snd mima)) deg
treeArray' summary) )
}}))

```

**theorem** *deleti'-rf-abstr*:  $\text{invar-vebt } t \ n \implies \langle \text{vebt-assn-raw } t \ ti \rangle \text{ vebt-deletei' } t \ ti \ x \langle \text{vebt-assn-raw } (\text{vebt-delete } t \ x) \rangle$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *TBOUND-vebt-deletei*:

**defines** *foo-def*:  $\bigwedge t \ x. \text{foo } t \ x \equiv \text{if minNull } (\text{vebt-delete } t \ x) \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 20 * (1 + \text{height } t)$   
**shows** *TBOUND* (*vebt-deletei' t ti x*) (*foo t x*)  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *vebt-deletei-refines*: *refines* (*vebt-deletei* *ti* *x*) (*vebt-deletei'* *t* *ti* *x*)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *htt-vebt-deletei*: **assumes** *invar-vebt* *t* *n*  
**shows** <*vebt-assn-raw* *t* *ti*> *vebt-deletei* *ti* *x* < $\lambda$  *r*. *vebt-assn-raw* (*vebt-delete* *t* *x*) *r* >  $T[20 + 20 * (\text{nat } \lceil \text{lb } n \rceil)]$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**end**  
**end**

## 22 Imperative Interface

**theory** *VEBT-Intf-Imperative*  
**imports**  
*VEBT-Definitions*  
*VEBT-Uniqueness*  
*VEBT-Member*  
*VEBT-Insert* *VEBT-InsertCorrectness*  
*VEBT-MinMax*  
*VEBT-Pred* *VEBT-Succ*  
*VEBT-Delete* *VEBT-DeleteCorrectness*  
*VEBT-Bounds*  
*VEBT-DeleteBounds*  
*VEBT-Space*  
*VEBT-Intf-Functional*  
*VEBT-List-Assn*  
*VEBT-BuildupMemImp*  
*VEBT-SuccPredImperative*  
*VEBT-DelImperative*  
**begin**

### 22.1 Code Export

**context** **begin**  
**interpretation** *VEBT-internal* ⟨*proof*⟩  
  
**lemmas** [*code*] = *replicatei.simps* *vebt-memberi.simps* *highi-def lowi-def* *vebt-inserti.simps*  
*minNulli.simps* *vebt-succi.simps* *vebt-predi.simps* *vebt-deletei.simps* *greater.simps*  
**end**

**export-code**  
*vebt-buildupi*  
*vebt-memberi*  
*vebt-inserti*  
*vebt-maxti* *vebt-minti*

*vebt-predi vebt-succi*  
*vebt-deletei*

**checking** *SML-imp*

## 22.2 Interface

**definition** *vebt-assn::nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat set  $\Rightarrow$  VEBTi  $\Rightarrow$  assn* **where**  
*vebt-assn n s ti  $\equiv \exists_A t. \text{vebt-assn-raw } t \text{ ti} * \uparrow(s = \text{set-vebt } t \wedge \text{invar-vebt } t \text{ n})$*

### 22.2.1 Buildup

**context begin**

**interpretation** *VEBT-internal*  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**interpretation** *vebt-inst* **for** *n*  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *vebt-buildupi-rule-basic[sep-heap-rules]:  $n > 0 \implies \langle \text{emp} \rangle \text{vebt-buildupi } n < \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn } n \{ \} r >$*   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *vebt-buildupi-rule:  $\langle \uparrow (n > 0) \rangle \text{vebt-buildupi } n < \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn } n \{ \} r > T[10 * 2^n]$*   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 22.2.2 Member

**lemma** *vebt-memberi-rule:  $\langle \text{vebt-assn } n \text{ s ti} \rangle \text{vebt-memberi } ti \text{ x} < \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn } n \text{ s ti} * \uparrow(r = (x \in s)) > T[5 + 5 * (\text{nat } \lceil \text{lb } n \rceil)]$*   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 22.2.3 Insert

**lemma** *vebt-inserti-rule:  $x < 2^n \implies \langle \text{vebt-assn } n \text{ s ti} \rangle \text{vebt-inserti } ti \text{ x} < \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn } n (s \cup \{x\}) r > T[13 + 13 * (\text{nat } \lceil \text{lb } n \rceil)]$*   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 22.2.4 Maximum

**lemma** *vebt-maxti-rule:  $\langle \text{vebt-assn } n \text{ s ti} \rangle \text{vebt-maxti } ti < \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn } n \text{ s ti} * \uparrow(r = \text{Some } y \longleftrightarrow \text{max-in-set } s \text{ y}) > T[1]$*   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 22.2.5 Minimum

**lemma** *vebt-minti-rule:  $\langle \text{vebt-assn } n \text{ s ti} \rangle \text{vebt-minti } ti < \lambda r. \text{vebt-assn } n \text{ s ti} * \uparrow(r = \text{Some } y \longleftrightarrow \text{min-in-set } s \text{ y}) > T[1]$*   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 22.2.6 Successor

**lemma** *vebt-succi-rule*:  $\langle \text{vebt-assn } n \ s \ ti \rangle \text{ vebt-succi } ti \ x \ \langle \lambda \ r. \text{ vebt-assn } n \ s \ ti \ * \ \uparrow (r = \text{Some } y) \longleftrightarrow \text{is-succ-in-set } s \ x \ y \rangle T[7 + 7 * (\text{nat } \lceil lb \ n \ \rceil)]$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 22.2.7 Predecessor

**lemma** *vebt-predi-rule*:  $\langle \text{vebt-assn } n \ s \ ti \rangle \text{ vebt-predi } ti \ x \ \langle \lambda \ r. \text{ vebt-assn } n \ s \ ti \ * \ \uparrow (r = \text{Some } y) \longleftrightarrow \text{is-pred-in-set } s \ x \ y \rangle T[7 + 7 * (\text{nat } \lceil lb \ n \ \rceil)]$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 22.2.8 Delete

**lemma** *vebt-deletei-rule*:  $\langle \text{vebt-assn } n \ s \ ti \rangle \text{ vebt-deletei } ti \ x \ \langle \lambda \ r. \text{ vebt-assn } n \ (s - \{x\}) \ r \rangle T[20 + 20 * (\text{nat } \lceil lb \ n \ \rceil)]$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 22.3 Setup of VCG

**lemmas** *vebt-heap-rules*[*THEN* *htt-htD*, *sep-heap-rules*] =  
*vebt-buildupi-rule*  
*vebt-memberi-rule*  
*vebt-inserti-rule*  
*vebt-maxti-rule*  
*vebt-minti-rule*  
*vebt-succi-rule*  
*vebt-predi-rule*  
*vebt-deletei-rule*

**end**  
**end**

## 23 Interface Usage Example

**theory** *VEBT-Example*  
**imports** *VEBT-Intf-Imperative* *VEBT-Example-Setup*  
**begin**

### 23.1 Test Program

**definition** *test*  $n \ xs \ ys \equiv \text{do } \{$   
 $t \leftarrow \text{vebt-buildupi } n;$   
 $t \leftarrow \text{mfold } (\lambda x \ s. \text{ vebt-inserti } s \ x) \ (0 \# xs) \ t;$   
 $\text{let } f = (\lambda x. \text{if}_m \text{ vebt-memberi } t \ x \text{ then return } x \text{ else the } \$_m (\text{vebt-predi } t \ x));$   
 $\text{mmap } f \ ys$   
 $\}$

## 23.2 Correctness without Time

The non-time part of our datastructure is fully integrated into sep-auto

**lemma** *fold-list-rl[sep-heap-rules]*:  $\forall x \in \text{set } xs. x < 2^{\wedge} n \implies \text{hoare-triple}$   
 $(\text{vebt-assn } n \ s \ t)$   
 $(\text{mfold } (\lambda x \ s. \text{vebt-inserti } s \ x) \ xs \ t)$   
 $(\lambda t'. \text{vebt-assn } n \ (s \cup \text{set } xs) \ t')$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *test-hoare*:  $\llbracket \forall x \in \text{set } xs. x < 2^{\wedge} n; n > 0 \rrbracket \implies$   
 $< \text{emp} > (\text{test } n \ xs \ ys) < \lambda r. \uparrow(r = \text{map } (\lambda y. (\text{GREATEST } y'. y' \in \text{insert } 0 \ (\text{set } xs) \wedge y' \leq y)) \ ys)$   
 $>_t$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

## 23.3 Time Bound Reasoning

We use some ad-hoc reasoning to also show the time-bound of our test program. A generalization of such methods, or the integration of this entry into existing reasoning frameworks with time is left to future work.

**lemma** *insert-time-pure[cond-TBOUND]*:  $a < 2^{\wedge} n \implies$   
 $\S \text{vebt-assn } n \ S \ ti \S \text{ TBOUND } (\text{vebt-inserti } ti \ a) \ (13 + 13 * \text{nat } \lceil \log 2 \ (\text{real } n) \rceil)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *member-time-pure[cond-TBOUND]*:  $\S \text{vebt-assn } n \ S \ ti \S \text{ TBOUND } (\text{vebt-memberi } ti \ a) \ (5 + 5 * \text{nat } \lceil \log 2 \ (\text{real } n) \rceil)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *pred-time-pure[cond-TBOUND]*:  $\S \text{vebt-assn } n \ S \ ti \S \text{ TBOUND } (\text{vebt-predi } ti \ a) \ (7 + 7 * \text{nat } \lceil \log 2 \ (\text{real } n) \rceil)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *TBOUND-mfold[cond-TBOUND]*:  
 $(\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } xs \implies x < 2^{\wedge} n) \implies$   
 $\S \text{vebt-assn } n \ S \ ti \S \text{ TBOUND } (\text{mfold } (\lambda x \ s. \text{vebt-inserti } s \ x) \ xs \ ti) \ (\text{length } xs * (13 + 13 * \text{nat } \lceil \log 2 \ n \rceil) + 1)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *TBOUND-mmap[cond-TBOUND]*:  
**defines** *b-def*:  $b \ ys \ n \equiv 1 + \text{length } ys * (5 + 5 * \text{nat } \lceil \log 2 \ (\text{real } n) \rceil) + 9 + 7 * \text{nat } \lceil \log 2 \ (\text{real } n) \rceil)$   
**shows**  $\S \text{vebt-assn } n \ S \ ti \S \text{ TBOUND}$   
 $(\text{mmap } (\lambda x. \text{if}_m \text{vebt-memberi } ti \ x \text{ then return } x$   
 $\text{else } \text{vebt-predi } ti \ x \gg (\lambda x. \text{return } (\text{the } x))) \ ys) \ (b \ ys \ n)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *TBOUND-test[cond-TBOUND]*:  $\llbracket \forall x \in \text{set } xs. x < 2^{\wedge} n; n > 0 \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\S \uparrow (n > 0) \S \text{ TBOUND } (\text{test } n \ xs \ ys) \ (10 * 2^{\wedge} n + (\text{length } (0 \# xs) * (13 + 13 * \text{nat } \lceil \log 2 \ n \rceil) + 1) +$

(1 + length ys \* (5 + 5 \* nat ⌈log 2 (real n)⌉) + 9 + 7 \* nat ⌈log 2 (real n)⌉))))  
 <proof>

**lemma** *test-hoare-with-time*:  $\llbracket \forall x \in \text{set } xs. x < 2^n; n > 0 \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\langle \text{emp} \rangle (\text{test } n \text{ } xs \text{ } ys) \langle \lambda r. \uparrow(r = \text{map } (\lambda y. (\text{GREATEST } y'. y' \in \text{insert } 0 (\text{set } xs) \wedge y' \leq y)) \text{ } ys) * \text{true} \rangle$   
 $T[10 * 2^n +$   
 $(\text{length } (0 \# xs) * (13 + 13 * \text{nat } \lceil \log 2 (\text{real } n) \rceil) + 1 +$   
 $(1 + \text{length } ys * (5 + 5 * \text{nat } \lceil \log 2 (\text{real } n) \rceil) + 9 + 7 * \text{nat } \lceil \log 2 (\text{real } n) \rceil))]$   
 <proof>

end

## 24 Conclusion

We have formalized van Emde Boas trees in Isabelle, proving correct a functional and an imperative version, together with space and run-time bounds. This work amends a list [4] of formally verified CLRS algorithms [3].

Closing we sketch some enhancements of van Emde Boas trees in Isabelle. An examination of the data structure points out that there is probably a *join* operation with the semantics  $\text{set-vebt } (\text{vebt-join } s \ t) = \text{set-vebt } s \cup \text{set-vebt } t$ . We make the restriction of joining only valid trees with equal degree numbers. Obviously, the join of two leaves is trivial. If one tree is empty or singleton, a join is implemented by immediately returning the other tree or performing an insertion before. Otherwise, summary and subtrees are to be joined recursively and afterwards we have to determine minimum and maximum. Certainly, this last step can be complicated, because argument trees may also coincide on minima or maxima.

One may also consider the treatment of associated satellite data. Those are to be stored in ordinary subtrees, whereas the definition of summary trees does not have to be changed. We can transfer this to Isabelle by introducing another data type representing van Emde Boas trees. The adapted *naive-member* and *membermima* still refer to integer keys, but we add an auxiliary function *assoc* such that  $\text{assoc } t \ x \ y$  holds iff the key  $x$  is associated with the value  $y$ . A *both-member-options* is also defined and can be used for specifying a suitable validness invariant. We may show a conjecture like  $\text{both-member-options } t \ x \longleftrightarrow \exists y. \text{assoc } t \ x \ y$ . Besides, valid trees enforce keys to be associated with at most one value. All canonical functions  $f$  are shifted to the new type and return a key-value pair  $(x, y)$  or the modified tree. Proofs for being  $x$  the desired successor etc. are obtained by reuse and adaptation of prior proofs. In addition, modified canonical functions  $f'$  may only return the associated values  $y$ . We show the proposition  $\exists x. f \ t \ i = (x, y) \longleftrightarrow f' \ t \ i = y$ . All writing operations require a reasoning regarding the proper (non-)modification of associations. The modified functions  $f'$  are to be exposed to a user later on.

Moreover, we did not consider lazy implementation. Currently, *vebt-buildup*  $n$  generates a full van Emde Boas tree of degree  $n$ . A *lazy implementation* would construct a subtree only if needed. From this just a constant amount of additional effort per recursive step will arise. Thereby, proven running time bounds of  $\mathcal{O}(\log \log u)$  will be preserved. Beside this, a

lazy implementation can also be obtained by exporting verified Isabelle code to Haskell, which heavily applies the lazy evaluation technique.

Obviously, a lazy implementation would drastically reduce memory usage. Each insertion allocates  $\mathcal{O}(\log \log u)$  space and hence an implementation that does not store empty subtrees gives us memory consumption in  $\mathcal{O}(n \cdot \log \log u)$  where  $n$  is the number of elements currently stored. Furthermore, one may replace ordinary arrays by *dynamic perfect hashing* [9] allowing treatment of elements in (amortized) constant time and linear space. Unfortunately, a linear memory consumption in  $\mathcal{O}(n)$  is achieved at cost of some worst case runtime bounds [10]. By this,  $\mathcal{O}(\log \log u)$  is turned to an amortized bound for *vebt-insert* and *vebt-delete*, since the complexity of those functions is indeed affected by the amortization. An implementation of this van Emde Boas tree variant requires verified dynamic perfect hashing and amortization in Isabelle to build on.

We used Imperative HOL due to its support of arrays and type reflexive references that are necessary for setting up a recursive tree data structure. For generating verified code, however, there also exist other frameworks, e.g. Isabelle LLVM [11] [12]. It supports refinement-based verification of correctness and worst-case time complexities. Additionally, verified programs can be exported to LLVM code, which itself is compiled to executable machine code. Strikingly, code of the introsort algorithm generated by this formalization stayed competitive with the GNU C++ library [12].

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