

Smooth Manifolds

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Abstract

We formalize the definition and basic properties of smooth manifolds [1] in Isabelle/HOL. Concepts covered include partition of unity, tangent and cotangent spaces, and the fundamental theorem of path integrals. We also examine some concrete manifolds such as spheres and projective spaces. The formalization makes extensive use of the analysis and linear algebra libraries in Isabelle/HOL, in particular its “types-to-sets” mechanism.

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1 Library Additions

```

theory Analysis-More
  imports HOL-Analysis.Analysis
           HOL-Library.Function-Algebras
           HOL-Types-To-Sets.Linear-Algebra-On
begin

```

```

lemma openin-open-Int'[intro]:
  open S ==> openin (top-of-set U) (S ∩ U)
  <proof>

```

1.1 Parametricity rules for topology

TODO: also check with theory *Transfer-Euclidean-Space-Vector* in AFP/ODE...

```

context includes lifting-syntax begin

```

```

lemma Sigma-transfer[transfer-rule]:
  (rel-set A ===> (A ===> rel-set B) ===> rel-set (rel-prod A B)) Sigma
  Sigma
  <proof>

```

lemma *filterlim-transfer*[*transfer-rule*]:
 (($A \implies B$) \implies *rel-filter* $B \implies$ *rel-filter* $A \implies$ (=)) *filterlim*
filterlim
if [*transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique* B
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *nhds-transfer*[*transfer-rule*]:
 ($A \implies$ *rel-filter* A) *nhds* *nhds*
if [*transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique* A *bi-total* A (*rel-set* $A \implies$ (=)) *open* *open*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *at-within-transfer*[*transfer-rule*]:
 ($A \implies$ *rel-set* $A \implies$ *rel-filter* A) *at-within* *at-within*
if [*transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique* A *bi-total* A (*rel-set* $A \implies$ (=)) *open* *open*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *continuous-on-transfer*[*transfer-rule*]:
 (*rel-set* $A \implies$ ($A \implies B$) \implies (=)) *continuous-on* *continuous-on*
if [*transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique* A *bi-total* A (*rel-set* $A \implies$ (=)) *open* *open*
bi-unique B *bi-total* B (*rel-set* $B \implies$ (=)) *open* *open*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *continuous-on-transfer-right-total*[*transfer-rule*]:
 (*rel-set* $A \implies$ ($A \implies B$) \implies (=)) ($\lambda X::'a::t2\text{-space set. continuous-on}$
 $(X \cap \text{Collect } AP)$) ($\lambda Y::'b::t2\text{-space set. continuous-on } Y$)
if *DomainA*: *Domainp* $A = AP$
and [*folded* *DomainA*, *transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique* A *right-total* A (*rel-set* $A \implies$
 (=)) (*openin* (*top-of-set* (*Collect* AP))) *open*
bi-unique B *bi-total* B (*rel-set* $B \implies$ (=)) *open* *open*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *continuous-on-transfer-right-total2*[*transfer-rule*]:
 (*rel-set* $A \implies$ ($A \implies B$) \implies (=)) ($\lambda X::'a::t2\text{-space set. continuous-on}$
 X) ($\lambda Y::'b::t2\text{-space set. continuous-on } Y$)
if *DomainB*: *Domainp* $B = BP$
and [*folded* *DomainB*, *transfer-rule*]: *bi-unique* A *bi-total* A (*rel-set* $A \implies$
 (=)) *open* *open*
bi-unique B *right-total* B (*rel-set* $B \implies$ (=)) ((*openin* (*top-of-set* (*Collect*
 BP)))) *open*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *generate-topology-transfer*[*transfer-rule*]:
includes *lifting-syntax*
assumes [*transfer-rule*]: *right-total* A *bi-unique* A
shows (*rel-set* (*rel-set* A) \implies *rel-set* $A \implies$ (=)) (*generate-topology* o
 (*insert* (*Collect* (*Domainp* A)))) *generate-topology*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

1.2 Miscellaneous

lemmas $[simp\ del] = mem-ball$

lemma $in-closureI[intro, simp]: x \in X \implies x \in closure\ X$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemmas $open-continuous-vimage = continuous-on-open-vimage[THEN\ iffD1, rule-format]$

lemma $open-continuous-vimage': open\ s \implies continuous-on\ s\ f \implies open\ B \implies$
 $open\ (s \cap f^{-1} B)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $support-on-mono: support-on\ carrier\ f \subseteq support-on\ carrier\ g$
if $\bigwedge x. x \in carrier \implies f\ x \neq 0 \implies g\ x \neq 0$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $image-prod: (\lambda(x, y). (f\ x, g\ y))^{-1} (A \times B) = f^{-1} A \times g^{-1} B \langle proof \rangle$

1.3 Closed support

definition $csupport-on\ X\ S = closure\ (support-on\ X\ S)$

lemma $closed-csupport-on[intro, simp]: closed\ (csupport-on\ carrier\ \varphi)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $not-in-csupportD: x \notin csupport-on\ carrier\ \varphi \implies x \in carrier \implies \varphi\ x = 0$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $csupport-on-mono: csupport-on\ carrier\ f \subseteq csupport-on\ carrier\ g$
if $\bigwedge x. x \in carrier \implies f\ x \neq 0 \implies g\ x \neq 0$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

1.4 Homeomorphism

lemma $homeomorphism-empty[simp]:$
 $homeomorphism\ \{\}\ t\ f\ f' \longleftrightarrow t = \{\}$
 $homeomorphism\ s\ \{\}\ f\ f' \longleftrightarrow s = \{\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $homeomorphism-add:$
 $homeomorphism\ UNIV\ UNIV\ (\lambda x. x + c)\ (\lambda x. x - c)$
for $c:::real-normed-vector$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $in-range-scaleR-iff: x \in range\ ((*_R)\ c) \longleftrightarrow c = 0 \longrightarrow x = 0$
for $x:::real-vector$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *homeomorphism-scaleR*:

homeomorphism UNIV UNIV $(\lambda x. c *_{\mathbb{R}} x :: \text{real-normed-vector}) (\lambda x. x /_{\mathbb{R}} c)$
if $c \neq 0$
<proof>

lemma *homeomorphism-prod*:

homeomorphism $(a \times b) (c \times d) (\lambda(x, y). (f x, g y)) (\lambda(x, y). (f' x, g' y))$
if *homeomorphism* $a c f f'$
homeomorphism $b d g g'$
<proof>

1.5 Generalizations

lemma *univ-second-countable*:

obtains $\mathcal{B} :: 'a :: \text{second-countable-topology set set}$
where *countable* $\mathcal{B} \wedge C. C \in \mathcal{B} \implies \text{open } C$
 $\wedge S. \text{open } S \implies \exists U. U \subseteq \mathcal{B} \wedge S = \bigcup U$
<proof>

proposition *Lindelof*:

fixes $\mathcal{F} :: 'a :: \text{second-countable-topology set set}$
assumes $\mathcal{F}: \wedge S. S \in \mathcal{F} \implies \text{open } S$
obtains \mathcal{F}' **where** $\mathcal{F}' \subseteq \mathcal{F}$ *countable* $\mathcal{F}' \cup \mathcal{F}' = \bigcup \mathcal{F}$
<proof>

lemma *openin-subtopology-eq-generate-topology*:

openin $(\text{top-of-set } S) x = \text{generate-topology } (\text{insert } S ((\lambda B. B \cap S) ' BB)) x$
if *open-gen*: *open* = *generate-topology* BB **and** *subset*: $x \subseteq S$
<proof>

1.6 Equal topologies

lemma *topology-eq-iff*: $t = s \iff (\text{topspace } t = \text{topspace } s \wedge$
 $(\forall x \subseteq \text{topspace } t. \text{openin } t x = \text{openin } s x))$
<proof>

1.7 Finer topologies

definition *finer-than* (**infix** *finer'-than*) 50)

where $T1$ *finer-than* $T2 \iff \text{continuous-map } T1 T2 (\lambda x. x)$

lemma *finer-than-iff-nhds*:

$T1$ *finer-than* $T2 \iff (\forall X. \text{openin } T2 X \longrightarrow \text{openin } T1 (X \cap \text{topspace } T1)) \wedge$
 $(\text{topspace } T1 \subseteq \text{topspace } T2)$
<proof>

lemma *continuous-on-finer-topo*:

continuous-map s t f
if *continuous-map s' t f s finer-than s'*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *continuous-on-finer-topo2*:
continuous-map s t f
if *continuous-map s t' f t' finer-than t*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *antisym-finer-than*: $S = T$ **if** S *finer-than* T T *finer-than* S
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *subtopology-finer-than[simp]*: *top-of-set X finer-than euclidean*
 ⟨proof⟩

1.8 Support

lemma *support-on-nonneg-sum*:
support-on X $(\lambda x. \sum_{i \in S} f i x) = (\bigcup_{i \in S} \text{support-on } X (f i))$
if *finite S* $\bigwedge x i . x \in X \implies i \in S \implies f i x \geq 0$
for $f :: \rightarrow \rightarrow :: \text{ordered-comm-monoid-add}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *support-on-nonneg-sum-subset*:
support-on X $(\lambda x. \sum_{i \in S} f i x) \subseteq (\bigcup_{i \in S} \text{support-on } X (f i))$
for $f :: \rightarrow \rightarrow :: \text{ordered-comm-monoid-add}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *support-on-nonneg-sum-subset'*:
support-on X $(\lambda x. \sum_{i \in S} x \cdot f i x) \subseteq (\bigcup_{x \in X} (\bigcup_{i \in S} x \cdot \text{support-on } X (f i)))$
for $f :: \rightarrow \rightarrow :: \text{ordered-comm-monoid-add}$
 ⟨proof⟩

1.9 Final topology (Bourbaki, General Topology I, 4.)

definition *final-topology X Y f* =
topology $(\lambda U. U \subseteq X \wedge (\forall i. \text{openin } (Y i) (f i - ' U \cap \text{topspace } (Y i))))$

lemma *openin-final-topology*:
openin (final-topology X Y f) =
 $(\lambda U. U \subseteq X \wedge (\forall i. \text{openin } (Y i) (f i - ' U \cap \text{topspace } (Y i))))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *topspace-final-topology*:
topspace (final-topology X Y f) = X
if $\bigwedge i. f i \in \text{topspace } (Y i) \rightarrow X$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *continuous-on-final-topologyI2*:

continuous-map (Y i) (final-topology X Y f) (f i)
if $\bigwedge i. f i \in \text{topspace } (Y i) \rightarrow X$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *continuous-on-final-topologyI1*:
continuous-map (final-topology X Y f) Z g
if hyp: $\bigwedge i. \text{continuous-map } (Y i) Z (g \circ f i)$
and that: $\bigwedge i. f i \in \text{topspace } (Y i) \rightarrow X \ g \in X \rightarrow \text{topspace } Z$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *continuous-on-final-topology-iff*:
continuous-map (final-topology X Y f) Z g $\longleftrightarrow (\forall i. \text{continuous-map } (Y i) Z (g \circ f i))$
if $\bigwedge i. f i \in \text{topspace } (Y i) \rightarrow X \ g \in X \rightarrow \text{topspace } Z$
 ⟨proof⟩

1.10 Quotient topology

definition *map-topology* :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a topology \Rightarrow 'b topology **where**
map-topology p X = final-topology (p ' topspace X) ($\lambda.$ X) ($\lambda(-::\text{unit}). p$)

lemma *openin-map-topology*:
openin (map-topology p X) = ($\lambda U. U \subseteq p \text{ ' topspace } X \wedge \text{openin } X (p \text{ - ' } U \cap \text{topspace } X)$)
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *topspace-map-topology[simp]*: *topspace* (map-topology f T) = f ' topspace T
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *continuous-on-map-topology*:
continuous-map T (map-topology f T) f
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *continuous-map-composeD*:
continuous-map T X (g \circ f) $\Longrightarrow g \in f \text{ ' topspace } T \rightarrow \text{topspace } X$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *continuous-on-map-topology2*:
continuous-map T X (g \circ f) $\longleftrightarrow \text{continuous-map } (\text{map-topology } f T) X g$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *map-sub-finer-than-commute*:
map-topology f (subtopology T (f - ' X)) finer-than subtopology (map-topology f T) X
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *sub-map-finer-than-commute*:

subtopology (map-topology f T) X finer-than map-topology f (subtopology T (f -' X))

if *openin T (f -' X)*— this is more or less the condition from <https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/705840/quotient-topology-vs-subspace-topology>
<proof>

lemma *subtopology-map-topology:*

subtopology (map-topology f T) X = map-topology f (subtopology T (f -' X))
if *openin T (f -' X)*
<proof>

lemma *quotient-map-map-topology:*

quotient-map X (map-topology f X) f
<proof>

lemma *topological-space-quotient: class.topological-space (openin (map-topology f euclidean))*

if *surj f*
<proof>

lemma *t2-space-quotient: class.t2-space (open::'b set => bool)*

if *open-def: open = (openin (map-topology (p::'a::t2-space=>'b::topological-space) euclidean))*

surj p and open-p: $\bigwedge X. \text{open } X \implies \text{open } (p \text{ -' } X)$ and closed $\{(x, y). p \ x = p \ y\}$ (is closed ?R)
<proof>

lemma *second-countable-topology-quotient: class.second-countable-topology (open::'b set => bool)*

if *open-def: open = (openin (map-topology (p::'a::second-countable-topology=>'b::topological-space) euclidean))*

surj p and open-p: $\bigwedge X. \text{open } X \implies \text{open } (p \text{ -' } X)$
<proof>

1.11 Closure

lemma *closure-Union: closure ($\bigcup X$) = ($\bigcup x \in X. \text{closure } x$) if finite X*
<proof>

1.12 Compactness

lemma *compact-if-closed-subset-of-compact:*

compact S if closed S compact T S \subseteq T
<proof>

1.13 Locally finite

definition *locally-finite-on X I U $\longleftrightarrow (\forall p \in X. \exists N. p \in N \wedge \text{open } N \wedge \text{finite } \{i \in I. U \ i \cap N \neq \{\}\})$*

lemmas *locally-finite-onI* = *locally-finite-on-def*[*THEN iffD2, rule-format*]

lemma *locally-finite-onE*:

assumes *locally-finite-on X I U*

assumes $p \in X$

obtains N **where** $p \in N$ *open N finite* $\{i \in I. U i \cap N \neq \{\}\}$

<proof>

lemma *locally-finite-onD*:

assumes *locally-finite-on X I U*

assumes $p \in X$

shows *finite* $\{i \in I. p \in U i\}$

<proof>

lemma *locally-finite-on-open-coverI*: *locally-finite-on X I U*

if *fin*: $\bigwedge j. j \in I \implies$ *finite* $\{i \in I. U i \cap U j \neq \{\}\}$

and *open-cover*: $X \subseteq (\bigcup i \in I. U i) \wedge i. i \in I \implies$ *open* $(U i)$

<proof>

lemma *locally-finite-compactD*:

finite $\{i \in I. U i \cap V \neq \{\}\}$

if *lf*: *locally-finite-on X I U*

and *compact*: *compact V*

and *subset*: $V \subseteq X$

<proof>

lemma *closure-Int-open-eq-empty*: $\text{open } S \implies (\text{closure } T \cap S) = \{\} \iff T \cap S = \{\}$

<proof>

lemma *locally-finite-on-subset*:

assumes *locally-finite-on X J U*

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies V i \subseteq U i \subseteq J$

shows *locally-finite-on X I V*

<proof>

lemma *locally-finite-on-closure*:

locally-finite-on X I $(\lambda x. \text{closure } (U x))$

if *locally-finite-on X I U*

<proof>

lemma *locally-finite-on-closedin-Union-closure*:

closedin (top-of-set X) $(\bigcup i \in I. \text{closure } (U i))$

if *locally-finite-on X I U* $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{closure } (U i) \subseteq X$

<proof>

lemma *closure-subtopology-minimal*:

$S \subseteq T \implies \text{closedin } (\text{top-of-set } X) T \implies \text{closure } S \cap X \subseteq T$

<proof>

lemma *locally-finite-on-closure-Union*:

$(\bigcup_{i \in I}. \text{closure } (U\ i)) = \text{closure } (\bigcup_{i \in I}. (U\ i)) \cap X$

if *locally-finite-on* $X\ I\ U \wedge i. i \in I \implies \text{closure } (U\ i) \subseteq X$

<proof>

1.14 Refinement of cover

definition *refines* :: 'a set set \Rightarrow 'a set set \Rightarrow bool (**infix** *refines* 50)

where $A\ \text{refines}\ B \iff (\forall s \in A. (\exists t. t \in B \wedge s \subseteq t))$

lemma *refines-subset*: $x\ \text{refines}\ y\ \text{if}\ z\ \text{refines}\ y\ x \subseteq z$

<proof>

1.15 Functions as vector space

instantiation *fun* :: (type, scaleR) scaleR **begin**

definition *scaleR-fun* :: real \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b **where**

scaleR-fun $r\ f = (\lambda x. r *_{\mathbb{R}} f\ x)$

lemma *scaleR-fun-beta[simp]*: $(r *_{\mathbb{R}} f)\ x = r *_{\mathbb{R}} f\ x$

<proof>

instance *<proof>*

end

instance *fun* :: (type, real-vector) real-vector

<proof>

1.16 Additional lemmas

lemmas [*simp del*] = *vimage-Un vimage-Int*

lemma *finite-Collect-imageI*: *finite* $\{U \in f\ 'X. P\ U\}$ **if** *finite* $\{x \in X. P\ (f\ x)\}$

<proof>

lemma *plus-compose*: $(x + y) \circ f = (x \circ f) + (y \circ f)$

<proof>

lemma *mult-compose*: $(x * y) \circ f = (x \circ f) * (y \circ f)$

<proof>

lemma *scaleR-compose*: $(c *_{\mathbb{R}} x) \circ f = c *_{\mathbb{R}} (x \circ f)$

<proof>

lemma *image-scaleR-ball*:

fixes $a :: 'a :: \text{real-normed-vector}$

shows $c \neq 0 \implies (*_R) c \text{ ' ball } a \ r = \text{ball } (c *_R a) \ (abs \ c \ *_R \ r)$
 ⟨proof⟩

1.17 Continuity

lemma *continuous-within-topologicalE*:
assumes *continuous (at x within s) f*
open B f x ∈ B
obtains *A where open A x ∈ A ∧ y. y ∈ s ⟹ y ∈ A ⟹ f y ∈ B*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *continuous-within-topologicalE'*:
assumes *continuous (at x) f*
open B f x ∈ B
obtains *A where open A x ∈ A f ' A ⊆ B*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *continuous-on-inverse: continuous-on S f ⟹ 0 ∉ f ' S ⟹ continuous-on S (λx. inverse (f x))*
for *f :: ->- :: real-normed-div-algebra*
 ⟨proof⟩

1.18 (has-derivative)

lemma *has-derivative-plus-fun[derivative-intros]*:
(x + y has-derivative x' + y') (at a within A)
if *[derivative-intros]*:
(x has-derivative x') (at a within A)
(y has-derivative y') (at a within A)
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *has-derivative-scaleR-fun[derivative-intros]*:
*(x *_R y has-derivative x *_R y') (at a within A)*
if *[derivative-intros]*:
(y has-derivative y') (at a within A)
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *has-derivative-times-fun[derivative-intros]*:
*(x * y has-derivative (λh. x a * y' h + x' h * y a)) (at a within A)*
if *[derivative-intros]*:
(x has-derivative x') (at a within A)
(y has-derivative y') (at a within A)
for *x y :: ->'a :: real-normed-algebra*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *real-sqrt-has-derivative-generic*:
 $x \neq 0 \implies (\text{sqrt has-derivative } (*)) \ ((\text{if } x > 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } -1) * \text{inverse } (\text{sqrt } x) / 2)$ (at x within S)
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *sqrt-has-derivative*:

$((\lambda x. \text{sqrt } (f x)) \text{ has-derivative } (\lambda xa. (\text{if } 0 < f x \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } -1) / (2 * \text{sqrt } (f x))) * f' xa))$ (at x within S)
if $(f \text{ has-derivative } f')$ (at x within S) $f x \neq 0$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas *has-derivative-norm-compose*[*derivative-intros*] = *has-derivative-compose*[*OF* - *has-derivative-norm*]

1.19 Differentiable

lemmas *differentiable-on-empty*[*simp*]

lemma *differentiable-transform-eventually*: f differentiable (at x within X)

if g differentiable (at x within X)
 $f x = g x$
 $\forall_F x \text{ in } (at x \text{ within } X). f x = g x$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *differentiable-within-eqI*: f differentiable at x within X

if g differentiable at x within X $\wedge x. x \in X \implies f x = g x$
 $x \in X \text{ open } X$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *differentiable-eqI*: f differentiable at x

if g differentiable at x $\wedge x. x \in X \implies f x = g x$ $x \in X \text{ open } X$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *differentiable-on-eqI*:

f differentiable-on S
if g differentiable-on S $\wedge x. x \in S \implies f x = g x$ $\text{open } S$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *differentiable-on-comp*: $(f \circ g)$ differentiable-on S

if g differentiable-on S f differentiable-on $(g \text{ ' } S)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *differentiable-on-comp2*: $(f \circ g)$ differentiable-on S

if f differentiable-on T g differentiable-on S $g \text{ ' } S \subseteq T$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas *differentiable-on-compose2* = *differentiable-on-comp2*[*unfolded o-def*]

lemma *differentiable-on-openD*: f differentiable at x

if f differentiable-on X $\text{open } X$ $x \in X$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *differentiable-on-add-fun*[*intro*, *simp*]:

x differentiable-on $UNIV \implies y$ differentiable-on $UNIV \implies x + y$ differentiable-on

UNIV
⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-on-mult-fun*[intro, simp]:
 x differentiable-on *UNIV* $\implies y$ differentiable-on *UNIV* $\implies x * y$ differentiable-on
UNIV
for $x\ y :: \Rightarrow 'a :: \text{real-normed-algebra}$
⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-on-scaleR-fun*[intro, simp]:
 y differentiable-on *UNIV* $\implies x *_{\mathbb{R}} y$ differentiable-on *UNIV*
⟨proof⟩

lemma *sqrt-differentiable*:
 $(\lambda x. \text{sqrt } (f\ x))$ differentiable (at x within S)
if f differentiable (at x within S) $f\ x \neq 0$
⟨proof⟩

lemma *sqrt-differentiable-on*: $(\lambda x. \text{sqrt } (f\ x))$ differentiable-on S
if f differentiable-on S $0 \notin f\ 'S$
⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-on-inverse*: f differentiable-on $S \implies 0 \notin f\ 'S \implies (\lambda x. \text{inverse } (f\ x))$ differentiable-on S
for $f :: \Rightarrow - :: \text{real-normed-field}$
⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-on-openI*:
 f differentiable-on S
if $\text{open } S \wedge x. x \in S \implies \exists f'. (f \text{ has-derivative } f')$ (at x)
⟨proof⟩

lemmas *differentiable-norm-compose-at = differentiable-compose*[OF *differentiable-norm-at*]

lemma *differentiable-on-Pair*:
 f differentiable-on $S \implies g$ differentiable-on $S \implies (\lambda x. (f\ x, g\ x))$ differentiable-on
 S
⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-at-fst*:
 $(\lambda x. \text{fst } (f\ x))$ differentiable at x within X **if** f differentiable at x within X
⟨proof⟩

lemma *differentiable-at-snd*:
 $(\lambda x. \text{snd } (f\ x))$ differentiable at x within X **if** f differentiable at x within X
⟨proof⟩

1.20 Frechet derivative

lemma *frechet-derivative-transform-within-open*:

frechet-derivative f (at x) = *frechet-derivative* g (at x)

if *open* X $x \in X \wedge x. x \in X \implies f x = g x$

f differentiable at x

<proof>

lemmas *frechet-derivative-transform-within-open-ext* =

fun-cong[*OF frechet-derivative-transform-within-open*]

lemmas *frechet-derivative-at'* = *frechet-derivative-at*[*symmetric*]

lemmas *frechet-derivative-worksI* = *frechet-derivative-works*[*THEN iffD1*]

lemma *frechet-derivative-const*: *frechet-derivative* $(\lambda x. c)$ (at a) = $(\lambda x. 0)$

<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-id*: *frechet-derivative* $(\lambda x. x)$ (at a) = $(\lambda x. x)$

<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-plus-fun*:

x differentiable at $a \implies y$ differentiable at $a \implies$

frechet-derivative $(x + y)$ (at a) =

frechet-derivative x (at a) + *frechet-derivative* y (at a)

<proof>

lemmas *frechet-derivative-plus* = *frechet-derivative-plus-fun*[*unfolded plus-fun-def*]

lemma *frechet-derivative-zero-fun*: *frechet-derivative* 0 (at a) = 0

<proof>

lemma *differentiable-sum-fun*:

$(\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies (f\ i$ differentiable at $a)) \implies$ *sum* $f\ I$ differentiable at a

<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-sum-fun*:

$(\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies (f\ i$ differentiable at $a)) \implies$

frechet-derivative $(\sum i \in I. f\ i)$ (at a) = $(\sum i \in I. \textit{frechet-derivative}$ $(f\ i)$ (at a))

<proof>

lemma *sum-fun-def*: $(\sum i \in I. f\ i) = (\lambda x. \sum i \in I. f\ i\ x)$

<proof>

lemmas *frechet-derivative-sum* = *frechet-derivative-sum-fun*[*unfolded sum-fun-def*]

lemma *frechet-derivative-times-fun*:

f differentiable at $a \implies g$ differentiable at $a \implies$

frechet-derivative $(f * g)$ (at a) =

$(\lambda x. f a * \text{frechet-derivative } g \text{ (at } a) x + \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } a) x * g a)$
for $f g :: \Rightarrow 'a :: \text{real-normed-algebra}$
 <proof>

lemmas *frechet-derivative-times* = *frechet-derivative-times-fun*[*unfolded times-fun-def*]

lemma *frechet-derivative-scaleR-fun*:
 y differentiable at $a \implies$
 $\text{frechet-derivative } (x *_R y) \text{ (at } a) =$
 $x *_R \text{frechet-derivative } y \text{ (at } a)$
 <proof>

lemmas *frechet-derivative-scaleR* = *frechet-derivative-scaleR-fun*[*unfolded scaleR-fun-def*]

lemma *frechet-derivative-compose*:
 $\text{frechet-derivative } (f \circ g) \text{ (at } x) = \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } (g x)) \circ \text{frechet-derivative } g \text{ (at } x)$
if g differentiable at x f differentiable at $(g x)$
 <proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-compose-eucl*:
 $\text{frechet-derivative } (f \circ g) \text{ (at } x) =$
 $(\lambda v. \sum i \in \text{Basis}. ((\text{frechet-derivative } g \text{ (at } x) v) \cdot i) *_R \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } (g x)) i)$
(is ?l = ?r)
if g differentiable at x f differentiable at $(g x)$
 <proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-works-on-open*:
 f differentiable-on $X \implies \text{open } X \implies x \in X \implies$
 $(f \text{ has-derivative } \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x)) \text{ (at } x)$
and *frechet-derivative-works-on*:
 f differentiable-on $X \implies x \in X \implies$
 $(f \text{ has-derivative } \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x \text{ within } X)) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } X)$
 <proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-inverse*: $\text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda x. \text{inverse } (f x)) \text{ (at } x) =$
 $(\lambda h. - 1 / (f x)^2 * \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) h)$
if f differentiable at x $f x \neq 0$ **for** $f :: \Rightarrow :: \text{real-normed-field}$
 <proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-sqrt*: $\text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda x. \text{sqrt } (f x)) \text{ (at } x) =$
 $(\lambda v. (\text{if } f x > 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } -1) / (2 * \text{sqrt } (f x)) * \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) v)$
if f differentiable at x $f x \neq 0$
 <proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-norm*: $\text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda x. \text{norm } (f x)) \text{ (at } x) =$
 $(\lambda v. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) v \cdot \text{sgn } (f x))$


```

if f differentiable at x f x ≠ 0
for f::-=>-::real-inner
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in bounded-linear) frechet-derivative:
  frechet-derivative f (at x) = f
  ⟨proof⟩

bundle no-matrix-mult begin
no-notation matrix-matrix-mult (infixl ** 70)
end

lemma (in bounded-bilinear) frechet-derivative:
  includes no-matrix-mult
  shows
    x differentiable at a ⇒ y differentiable at a ⇒
      frechet-derivative (λa. x a ** y a) (at a) =
        (λh. x a ** frechet-derivative y (at a) h + frechet-derivative x (at a) h ** y
a)
    ⟨proof⟩

lemma frechet-derivative-divide: frechet-derivative (λx. f x / g x) (at x) =
  (λh. frechet-derivative f (at x) h / (g x) - frechet-derivative g (at x) h * f x /
(g x)2)
  if f differentiable at x g differentiable at x g x ≠ 0 for f::->-::real-normed-field
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma frechet-derivative-pair:
  frechet-derivative (λx. (f x, g x)) (at x) = (λv. (frechet-derivative f (at x) v,
frechet-derivative g (at x) v))
  if f differentiable (at x) g differentiable (at x)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma frechet-derivative-fst:
  frechet-derivative (λx. fst (f x)) (at x) = (λxa. fst (frechet-derivative f (at x)
xa))
  if (f differentiable at x)
  for f::->(-::real-normed-vector × -::real-normed-vector)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma frechet-derivative-snd:
  frechet-derivative (λx. snd (f x)) (at x) = (λxa. snd (frechet-derivative f (at x)
xa))
  if (f differentiable at x)
  for f::->(-::real-normed-vector × -::real-normed-vector)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma frechet-derivative-eq-vector-derivative-1:
  assumes f differentiable at t

```

shows *frechet-derivative* f (at t) 1 = *vector-derivative* f (at t)
<proof>

1.21 Linear algebra

lemma (in *vector-space*) *dim-pos-finite-dimensional-vector-spaceE*:
 assumes *dim* (*UNIV*::'b set) > 0
 obtains *basis* **where** *finite-dimensional-vector-space scale basis*
<proof>

context *vector-space-on* **begin**

context includes *lifting-syntax* **assumes** \exists (*Rep*::'s \Rightarrow 'b) (*Abs*::'b \Rightarrow 's). *type-definition*
Rep Abs S **begin**

interpretation *local-typedef-vector-space-on S scale TYPE('s)* <proof>

lemmas-with [*var-simplified explicit-ab-group-add*,
 unoverload-type 'd,
 OF type.ab-group-add-axioms type-vector-space-on-with,
 folded dim-S-def,
 untransferred,
 var-simplified implicit-ab-group-add]:
lt-dim-pos-finite-dimensional-vector-spaceE = *vector-space.dim-pos-finite-dimensional-vector-spaceE*

end

lemmas-with [*cancel-type-definition*,
 OF S-ne,
 folded subset-iff',
 simplified pred-fun-def, *folded finite-dimensional-vector-space-on-with*,
 simplified— too much?]:
dim-pos-finite-dimensional-vector-spaceE = *lt-dim-pos-finite-dimensional-vector-spaceE*

end

end

2 Smooth Functions between Normed Vector Spaces

theory *Smooth*
 imports
 Analysis-More
begin

2.1 From/To *Multivariate-Taylor.thy*

lemma *multivariate-Taylor-integral*:
 fixes f ::'a::real-normed-vector \Rightarrow 'b::banach

and $Df :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b$
assumes $n > 0$
assumes $Df\text{-Nil}: \bigwedge a x. Df\ a\ 0\ H = f\ a$
assumes $Df\text{-Cons}: \bigwedge a\ i\ d. a \in \text{closed-segment}\ X\ (X + H) \implies i < n \implies$
 $((\lambda a. Df\ a\ i\ H)\ \text{has-derivative}\ (Df\ a\ (\text{Suc}\ i)))\ (\text{at}\ a\ \text{within}\ G)$
assumes $cs: \text{closed-segment}\ X\ (X + H) \subseteq G$
defines $i \equiv \lambda x.$
 $((1 - x) \wedge (n - 1) / \text{fact}\ (n - 1)) *_{\mathbb{R}} Df\ (X + x *_{\mathbb{R}} H)\ n\ H$
shows *multivariate-Taylor-has-integral:*
 $(i\ \text{has-integral}\ f\ (X + H) - (\sum_{i < n}. (1 / \text{fact}\ i) *_{\mathbb{R}} Df\ X\ i\ H))\ \{0..1\}$
and *multivariate-Taylor:*
 $f\ (X + H) = (\sum_{i < n}. (1 / \text{fact}\ i) *_{\mathbb{R}} Df\ X\ i\ H) + \text{integral}\ \{0..1\}\ i$
and *multivariate-Taylor-integrable:*
 $i\ \text{integrable-on}\ \{0..1\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

2.2 Higher-order differentiable

fun *higher-differentiable-on* ::
 $'a::\text{real-normed-vector}\ \text{set} \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b::\text{real-normed-vector}) \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**
 $\text{higher-differentiable-on}\ S\ f\ 0 \iff \text{continuous-on}\ S\ f$
 $|\ \text{higher-differentiable-on}\ S\ f\ (\text{Suc}\ n) \iff$
 $(\forall x \in S. f\ \text{differentiable}\ (\text{at}\ x)) \wedge$
 $(\forall v. \text{higher-differentiable-on}\ S\ (\lambda x. \text{frechet-derivative}\ f\ (\text{at}\ x)\ v)\ n)$

lemma *ball-differentiable-atD:* $\forall x \in S. f\ \text{differentiable}\ \text{at}\ x \implies f\ \text{differentiable-on}\ S$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-imp-continuous-on:*
 $\text{continuous-on}\ S\ f\ \mathbf{if}\ \text{higher-differentiable-on}\ S\ f\ n$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-imp-differentiable-on:*
 $f\ \text{differentiable-on}\ S\ \mathbf{if}\ \text{higher-differentiable-on}\ S\ f\ k\ k > 0$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-cong:*
assumes $\text{open}\ S\ \text{higher-differentiable-on}\ S\ g\ n$
and $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies f\ x = g\ x$
shows $\text{higher-differentiable-on}\ S\ f\ n$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-SucD:*
 $\text{higher-differentiable-on}\ S\ f\ n\ \mathbf{if}\ \text{higher-differentiable-on}\ S\ f\ (\text{Suc}\ n)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-addD:*
 $\text{higher-differentiable-on}\ S\ f\ n\ \mathbf{if}\ \text{higher-differentiable-on}\ S\ f\ (n + m)$

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-le:*

higher-differentiable-on S f n **if** *higher-differentiable-on S f m n* $\leq m$

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-open-subsetsI:*

higher-differentiable-on S f n

if $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies \exists T. x \in T \wedge \text{open } T \wedge \text{higher-differentiable-on } T f n$

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-const:* *higher-differentiable-on S* $(\lambda x. c)$ *n*

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-id:* *higher-differentiable-on S* $(\lambda x. x)$ *n*

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-add:*

higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. f x + g x)$ *n*

if *higher-differentiable-on S f n*

higher-differentiable-on S g n

open S

<proof>

lemma (**in** *bounded-bilinear*) *differentiable:*

$(\lambda x. \text{prod } (f x) (g x))$ *differentiable at x within S*

if *f differentiable at x within S*

g differentiable at x within S

<proof>

context begin

private lemmas *d = bounded-bilinear.differentiable*

lemmas *differentiable-inner = bounded-bilinear-inner[THEN d]*

and *differentiable-scaleR = bounded-bilinear-scaleR[THEN d]*

and *differentiable-mult = bounded-bilinear-mult[THEN d]*

end

lemma (**in** *bounded-bilinear*) *differentiable-on:*

$(\lambda x. \text{prod } (f x) (g x))$ *differentiable-on S*

if *f differentiable-on S* *g differentiable-on S*

<proof>

context begin

private lemmas *do = bounded-bilinear.differentiable-on*

lemmas *differentiable-on-inner = bounded-bilinear-inner[THEN do]*

and *differentiable-on-scaleR = bounded-bilinear-scaleR[THEN do]*

and *differentiable-on-mult = bounded-bilinear-mult[THEN do]*

end

lemma (in bounded-bilinear) higher-differentiable-on:

higher-differentiable-on S ($\lambda x. \text{prod } (f x) (g x)$) n

if

higher-differentiable-on S f n

higher-differentiable-on S g n

open S

\langle proof \rangle

context begin

private lemmas hdo = bounded-bilinear.higher-differentiable-on

lemmas higher-differentiable-on-inner = bounded-bilinear-inner[THEN hdo]

and higher-differentiable-on-scaleR = bounded-bilinear-scaleR[THEN hdo]

and higher-differentiable-on-mult = bounded-bilinear-mult[THEN hdo]

end

lemma higher-differentiable-on-sum:

higher-differentiable-on S ($\lambda x. \sum_{i \in F}. f i x$) n

if $\bigwedge i. i \in F \implies \text{finite } F \implies \text{higher-differentiable-on } S (f i) n$ open S

\langle proof \rangle

lemma higher-differentiable-on-subset:

higher-differentiable-on S f n

if higher-differentiable-on T f n $S \subseteq T$

\langle proof \rangle

lemma higher-differentiable-on-compose:

higher-differentiable-on S ($f \circ g$) n

if higher-differentiable-on T f n higher-differentiable-on S g n $g ' S \subseteq T$ open S
open T

for $g :: \rightarrow :: \text{euclidean-space}$ — TODO: can we get around this restriction?

\langle proof \rangle

lemma higher-differentiable-on-inverse:

higher-differentiable-on S ($\lambda x. \text{inverse } (f x)$) n

if higher-differentiable-on S f n $0 \notin f ' S$ open S

for $f :: \rightarrow :: \text{real-normed-field}$

\langle proof \rangle

lemma differentiable-on-open-Union:

f differentiable-on $\bigcup S$

if $\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies f$ differentiable-on s

$\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies \text{open } s$

\langle proof \rangle

lemma higher-differentiable-on-open-Union: higher-differentiable-on $(\bigcup S)$ f n

if $\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies \text{higher-differentiable-on } s$ f n

$\bigwedge s. s \in S \implies \text{open } s$

\langle proof \rangle

lemma *differentiable-on-open-Un:*

f differentiable-on $S \cup T$

if *f differentiable-on S*

f differentiable-on T

open S open T

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-open-Un: higher-differentiable-on $(S \cup T)$ f n*

if *higher-differentiable-on S f n*

higher-differentiable-on T f n

open S open T

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-sqrt: higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. \text{sqrt } (f x))$ n*

if *higher-differentiable-on S f n $0 \notin f' S$ open S*

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-frechet-derivativeI:*

higher-differentiable-on X $(\lambda x. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) h)$ i

if *higher-differentiable-on X f $(\text{Suc } i)$ open X $x \in X$*

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-uminus:*

higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. - f x)$ n

if *higher-differentiable-on S f n open S*

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-norm:*

higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. \text{norm } (f x))$ n

if *higher-differentiable-on S f n $0 \notin f' S$ open S*

for *f :: \Rightarrow :: real-inner*

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-minus:*

higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. f x - g x)$ n

if *higher-differentiable-on S f n*

higher-differentiable-on S g n

open S

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-divide:*

higher-differentiable-on S $(\lambda x. f x / g x)$ n

if

higher-differentiable-on S f n

higher-differentiable-on S g n

$\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies g x \neq 0$

open S

```

for f:: $\Rightarrow$ ::real-normed-field
  ⟨proof⟩

declare higher-differentiable-on.simps [simp del]

lemma higher-differentiable-on-Pair:
  higher-differentiable-on S f k  $\implies$  higher-differentiable-on S g k  $\implies$ 
  higher-differentiable-on S ( $\lambda x. (f x, g x)$ ) k
  if open S
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma higher-differentiable-on-compose':
  higher-differentiable-on S ( $\lambda x. f (g x)$ ) n
  if higher-differentiable-on T f n higher-differentiable-on S g n g ' S  $\subseteq$  T open S
  open T
  for g:: $\Rightarrow$ ::euclidean-space
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma higher-differentiable-on-fst:
  higher-differentiable-on (S  $\times$  T) fst k
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma higher-differentiable-on-snd:
  higher-differentiable-on (S  $\times$  T) snd k
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma higher-differentiable-on-snd-comp:
  higher-differentiable-on S ( $\lambda x. snd (f x)$ ) k
  if higher-differentiable-on S f k open S
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma higher-differentiable-on-fst-comp:
  higher-differentiable-on S ( $\lambda x. fst (f x)$ ) k
  if higher-differentiable-on S f k open S
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma higher-differentiable-on-Pair':
  higher-differentiable-on S f k  $\implies$  higher-differentiable-on T g k  $\implies$ 
  higher-differentiable-on (S  $\times$  T) ( $\lambda x. (f (fst x), g (snd x))$ ) k
  if S: open S and T: open T
  for f::euclidean-space $\Rightarrow$ - and g::euclidean-space $\Rightarrow$ -
  ⟨proof⟩

```

2.3 Higher directional derivatives

```

primrec nth-derivative :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  ('a::real-normed-vector  $\Rightarrow$  'b::real-normed-vector)
 $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'b where
  nth-derivative 0 f x h = f x
| nth-derivative (Suc i) f x h = nth-derivative i ( $\lambda x. frechet-derivative f (at x) h$ )

```

$x h$

lemma *frechet-derivative-nth-derivative-commute:*

frechet-derivative $(\lambda x. \text{nth-derivative } i \text{ } f \text{ } x \text{ } h) \text{ (at } x) \text{ } h =$
nth-derivative $i \text{ } (\lambda x. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) \text{ } h) \text{ } x \text{ } h$
{proof}

lemma *nth-derivative-funpow:*

nth-derivative $i \text{ } f \text{ } x \text{ } h = ((\lambda f \text{ } x. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) \text{ } h) \text{ } ^{\wedge} i) \text{ } f \text{ } x$
{proof}

lemma *nth-derivative-exists:*

$\exists f'. ((\lambda x. \text{nth-derivative } i \text{ } f \text{ } x \text{ } h) \text{ has-derivative } f') \text{ (at } x) \wedge$
 $f' \text{ } h = \text{nth-derivative } (\text{Suc } i) \text{ } f \text{ } x \text{ } h$
if *higher-differentiable-on* $X \text{ } f \text{ } (\text{Suc } i) \text{ open } X \text{ } x \in X$
{proof}

lemma *higher-derivatives-exists:*

assumes *higher-differentiable-on* $X \text{ } f \text{ } n \text{ open } X$

obtains *Df* **where**

$\bigwedge a \text{ } h. \text{Df } a \text{ } 0 \text{ } h = f \text{ } a$

$\bigwedge a \text{ } h \text{ } i. i < n \implies a \in X \implies ((\lambda a. \text{Df } a \text{ } i \text{ } H) \text{ has-derivative } \text{Df } a \text{ } (\text{Suc } i)) \text{ (at$

$a)$

$\bigwedge a \text{ } i. i \leq n \implies a \in X \implies \text{Df } a \text{ } i \text{ } H = \text{nth-derivative } i \text{ } f \text{ } a \text{ } H$

{proof}

lemma *nth-derivative-differentiable:*

assumes *higher-differentiable-on* $S \text{ } f \text{ } (\text{Suc } n) \text{ } x \in S$

shows $(\lambda x. \text{nth-derivative } n \text{ } f \text{ } x \text{ } v) \text{ differentiable at } x$

{proof}

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-imp-continuous-nth-derivative:*

assumes *higher-differentiable-on* $S \text{ } f \text{ } n$

shows *continuous-on* $S \text{ } (\lambda x. \text{nth-derivative } n \text{ } f \text{ } x \text{ } v)$

{proof}

lemma *frechet-derivative-at-real-eq-scaleR:*

frechet-derivative $f \text{ (at } x) \text{ } v = v *_{\mathbb{R}} \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) \text{ } 1$

if $f \text{ differentiable (at } x)$

{proof}

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-real-Suc:*

higher-differentiable-on $S \text{ } f \text{ } (\text{Suc } n) \iff$

$(\forall x \in S. f \text{ differentiable (at } x)) \wedge$

$(\text{higher-differentiable-on } S \text{ } (\lambda x. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } x) \text{ } 1) \text{ } n)$

if *open* S

for $S::\text{real set}$

{proof}

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-real-SucI*:

fixes $S::\text{real set}$

assumes

$\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies (\lambda x. \text{nth-derivative } n \ f \ x \ 1) \text{ differentiable at } x$
 $\text{continuous-on } S \ (\lambda x. \text{nth-derivative } (\text{Suc } n) \ f \ x \ 1)$
 $\text{higher-differentiable-on } S \ f \ n$

and $o: \text{open } S$

shows $\text{higher-differentiable-on } S \ f \ (\text{Suc } n)$

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-on-real-Suc'*:

$\text{open } S \implies \text{higher-differentiable-on } S \ f \ (\text{Suc } n) \longleftrightarrow$

$(\forall v. \text{continuous-on } S \ (\lambda x. \text{nth-derivative } (\text{Suc } n) \ f \ x \ 1)) \wedge$

$(\forall x \in S. \forall v. (\lambda x. \text{nth-derivative } n \ f \ x \ 1) \text{ differentiable (at } x)) \wedge \text{higher-differentiable-on } S \ f \ n$

for $S::\text{real set}$

<proof>

lemma *closed-segment-subsetD*:

$0 \leq x \implies x \leq 1 \implies (X + x *_R H) \in S$

if $\text{closed-segment } X \ (X + H) \subseteq S$

<proof>

lemma *higher-differentiable-Taylor*:

fixes $f::'a::\text{real-normed-vector} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{banach}$

and $H::'a$

and $Df::'a \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b$

assumes $n > 0$

assumes $hd: \text{higher-differentiable-on } S \ f \ n \ \text{open } S$

assumes $cs: \text{closed-segment } X \ (X + H) \subseteq S$

defines $i \equiv \lambda x. ((1 - x) ^ (n - 1) / \text{fact } (n - 1)) *_R \text{nth-derivative } n \ f \ (X + x *_R H) \ H$

shows $(i \text{ has-integral } f \ (X + H) - (\sum i < n. (1 / \text{fact } i) *_R \text{nth-derivative } i \ f \ X \ H)) \{0..1\} \text{ (is ?th1)}$

and $f \ (X + H) = (\sum i < n. (1 / \text{fact } i) *_R \text{nth-derivative } i \ f \ X \ H) + \text{integral } \{0..1\} \ i \text{ (is ?th2)}$

and $i \text{ integrable-on } \{0..1\} \text{ (is ?th3)}$

<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-componentwise*:

$\text{frechet-derivative } f \ (\text{at } a) \ v = (\sum i \in \text{Basis}. (v \cdot i) * (\text{frechet-derivative } f \ (\text{at } a) \ i))$

if $f \text{ differentiable at } a$

for $f::'a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow \text{real}$

<proof>

lemma *second-derivative-componentwise*:

$\text{nth-derivative } 2 \ f \ a \ v =$

$(\sum i \in \text{Basis}. (\sum j \in \text{Basis}. \text{frechet-derivative } (\lambda a. \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } a) j))$
 $(\text{at } a) i * (v \cdot j)) * (v \cdot i))$
if *higher-differentiable-on* $S f 2$ **and** S : *open* $S a \in S$
for $f :: 'a :: \text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *higher-differentiable-Taylor1*:
fixes $f :: 'a :: \text{real-normed-vector} \Rightarrow 'b :: \text{banach}$
assumes hd : *higher-differentiable-on* $S f 2$ *open* S
assumes cs : *closed-segment* $X (X + H) \subseteq S$
defines $i \equiv \lambda x. ((1 - x)) *_R \text{nth-derivative } 2 f (X + x *_R H) H$
shows $(i \text{ has-integral } f (X + H) - (f X + \text{nth-derivative } 1 f X H)) \{0..1\}$
and $f (X + H) = f X + \text{nth-derivative } 1 f X H + \text{integral } \{0..1\} i$
and i *integrable-on* $\{0..1\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *differentiable-on-open-blinfunE*:
assumes f *differentiable-on* S *open* S
obtains f' **where** $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies (f \text{ has-derivative } \text{blinfun-apply } (f' x)) \text{ (at } x)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *continuous-on-blinfunI1*:
continuous-on $X f$
if $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies \text{continuous-on } X (\lambda x. \text{blinfun-apply } (f x) i)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *c1-euclidean-blinfunE*:
fixes $f :: 'a :: \text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'b :: \text{real-normed-vector}$
assumes $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies (f \text{ has-derivative } f' x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } S)$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies \text{continuous-on } S (\lambda x. f' x i)$
obtains bf' **where**
 $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies (f \text{ has-derivative } \text{blinfun-apply } (bf' x)) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } S)$
continuous-on $S bf'$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies \text{blinfun-apply } (bf' x) = f' x$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *continuous-Sigma*:
assumes $\text{defined}: y \in \text{Pi } T X$
assumes $f\text{-cont}$: *continuous-on* $(\text{Sigma } T X) (\lambda(t, x). f t x)$
assumes $y\text{-cont}$: *continuous-on* $T y$
shows *continuous-on* $T (\lambda x. f x (y x))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *continuous-on-Times-swap*:
continuous-on $(X \times Y) (\lambda(x, y). f x y)$
if *continuous-on* $(Y \times X) (\lambda(y, x). f x y)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *leibniz-rule'*:

$\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies$
 $((\lambda x. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a \ b) \ (f \ x)) \text{ has-derivative } (\lambda v. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a \ b) \ (\lambda t. f \ x \ t \ v)))$
 $(\text{at } x \ \text{within } S)$
 $(\lambda x. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a \ b) \ (f \ x)) \text{ differentiable-on } S$
if $\text{convex } S$
and $c1: \bigwedge t \ x. t \in \text{cbox } a \ b \implies x \in S \implies ((\lambda x. f \ x \ t) \text{ has-derivative } f \ x \ t)$
 $(\text{at } x \ \text{within } S)$
 $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies \text{continuous-on } (S \times \text{cbox } a \ b) \ (\lambda(x, t). f \ x \ t \ i)$
and $i: \bigwedge x. x \in S \implies f \ x \ \text{integrable-on } \text{cbox } a \ b$
for $S::'a::\text{euclidean-space set}$
and $f::'a \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas $\text{leibniz-rule}'\text{-interval} = \text{leibniz-rule}'[\text{where } 'b = ::\text{ordered-euclidean-space}, \text{unfolded cbox-interval}]$

lemma $\text{leibniz-rule}'\text{-higher}$:
 $\text{higher-differentiable-on } S \ (\lambda x. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a \ b) \ (f \ x)) \ k$
if $\text{convex } S \ \text{open } S$
and $c1: \text{higher-differentiable-on } (S \times \text{cbox } a \ b) \ (\lambda(x, t). f \ x \ t) \ k$
— this condition is actually too strong: it would suffice if higher partial derivatives (w.r.t. x) are continuous w.r.t. t . but it makes the statement short and no need to introduce new constants
for $S::'a::\text{euclidean-space set}$
and $f::'a \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas $\text{leibniz-rule}'\text{-higher-interval} = \text{leibniz-rule}'\text{-higher}[\text{where } 'b = ::\text{ordered-euclidean-space}, \text{unfolded cbox-interval}]$

2.4 Smoothness

definition $k\text{-smooth-on} :: \text{enat} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{real-normed-vector set} \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b::\text{real-normed-vector}) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

$(\text{--smooth}'\text{-on } [1000]) \ \text{where}$
 $\text{smooth-on-def}: k\text{-smooth-on } S \ f = (\forall n \leq k. \text{higher-differentiable-on } S \ f \ n)$

abbreviation $\text{smooth-on } S \ f \equiv \infty\text{-smooth-on } S \ f$

lemma $\text{derivative-is-smooth}'$:
assumes $(k+1)\text{-smooth-on } S \ f$
shows $k\text{-smooth-on } S \ (\lambda x. \text{frechet-derivative } f \ (\text{at } x) \ v)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{derivative-is-smooth}$: $\text{smooth-on } S \ f \implies \text{smooth-on } S \ (\lambda x. \text{frechet-derivative } f \ (\text{at } x) \ v)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-imp-continuous-on*: *continuous-on S f* **if** *k-smooth-on S f*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-imp-differentiable-on[simp]*: *f differentiable-on S* **if** *k-smooth-on S f* $k \neq 0$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-cong*:
assumes *k-smooth-on S g* *open S*
and $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies f x = g x$
shows *k-smooth-on S f*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-open-Un*:
k-smooth-on S f \implies *k-smooth-on T f* \implies *open S* \implies *open T* \implies *k-smooth-on (S \cup T) f*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-open-subsetsI*:
k-smooth-on S f
if $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies \exists T. x \in T \wedge \text{open } T \wedge \textit{k-smooth-on } T f$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-const[intro]*: *k-smooth-on S* $(\lambda x. c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-id[intro]*: *k-smooth-on S* $(\lambda x. x)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-add-fun*: *k-smooth-on S f* \implies *k-smooth-on S g* \implies *open S*
 \implies *k-smooth-on S (f + g)*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemmas *smooth-on-add* = *smooth-on-add-fun*[*unfolded plus-fun-def*]

lemma *smooth-on-sum*:
n-smooth-on S $(\lambda x. \sum_{i \in F} f i x)$
if $\bigwedge i. i \in F \implies \textit{finite } F \implies \textit{n-smooth-on } S (f i)$ *open S*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma (**in** *bounded-bilinear*) *smooth-on*:
includes *no-matrix-mult*
assumes *k-smooth-on S f* *k-smooth-on S g* *open S*
shows *k-smooth-on S* $(\lambda x. (f x) ** (g x))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *smooth-on-compose2*:
fixes *g*: $\text{--} \implies \text{--}$: *euclidean-space*
assumes *k-smooth-on T f* *k-smooth-on S g* *open U* *open T* $g ' U \subseteq T$ $U \subseteq S$

shows $k\text{-smooth-on } U (f \circ g)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-compose*:
fixes $g::\Rightarrow::\text{euclidean-space}$
assumes $k\text{-smooth-on } T f$ $k\text{-smooth-on } S g$ $\text{open } S$ $\text{open } T$ $g \text{ ' } S \subseteq T$
shows $k\text{-smooth-on } S (f \circ g)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-subset*:
 $k\text{-smooth-on } S f$
if $k\text{-smooth-on } T f$ $S \subseteq T$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

context begin
private lemmas $s = \text{bounded-bilinear.smooth-on}$
lemmas $\text{smooth-on-inner} = \text{bounded-bilinear-inner}[THEN s]$
and $\text{smooth-on-scaleR} = \text{bounded-bilinear-scaleR}[THEN s]$
and $\text{smooth-on-mult} = \text{bounded-bilinear-mult}[THEN s]$
end

lemma *smooth-on-divide*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S f \implies k\text{-smooth-on } S g \implies \text{open } S$
 $\implies (\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies g x \neq 0) \implies$
 $k\text{-smooth-on } S (\lambda x. f x / g x)$
for $f::\Rightarrow::\text{real-normed-field}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-scaleR-fun*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S g \implies \text{open } S \implies k\text{-smooth-on } S$
 $(c *_{\mathbb{R}} g)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-uminus-fun*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S g \implies \text{open } S \implies k\text{-smooth-on } S$
 $(- g)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas $\text{smooth-on-uminus} = \text{smooth-on-uminus-fun}[\text{unfolded fun-Compl-def}]$

lemma *smooth-on-minus-fun*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S f \implies k\text{-smooth-on } S g \implies \text{open } S$
 $\implies k\text{-smooth-on } S (f - g)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas $\text{smooth-on-minus} = \text{smooth-on-minus-fun}[\text{unfolded fun-diff-def}]$

lemma *smooth-on-times-fun*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S f \implies k\text{-smooth-on } S g \implies \text{open } S$
 $\implies k\text{-smooth-on } S (f * g)$
for $f g::\Rightarrow::\text{real-normed-algebra}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-le*:

l-smooth-on S f
if *k-smooth-on S f l ≤ k*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *smooth-on-inverse*: *k-smooth-on S (λx. inverse (f x))*
if *k-smooth-on S f 0 ∉ f ' S open S*
for *f :: ⇒ :: real-normed-field*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *smooth-on-norm*: *k-smooth-on S (λx. norm (f x))*
if *k-smooth-on S f 0 ∉ f ' S open S*
for *f :: ⇒ :: real-inner*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *smooth-on-sqrt*: *k-smooth-on S (λx. sqrt (f x))*
if *k-smooth-on S f 0 ∉ f ' S open S*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *smooth-on-frechet-derivative*:
∞-smooth-on UNIV (λx. frechet-derivative f (at x) v)
if *∞-smooth-on UNIV f*
 — TODO: generalize
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemmas *smooth-on-frechet-derivivative-comp = smooth-on-compose2*[*OF smooth-on-frechet-derivative, unfolded o-def*]

lemma *smooth-onD*: *higher-differentiable-on S f n* **if** *m-smooth-on S f enat n ≤ m*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (**in** *bounded-linear*) *higher-differentiable-on*: *higher-differentiable-on S f n*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (**in** *bounded-linear*) *smooth-on*: *k-smooth-on S f*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *smooth-on-snd*:
k-smooth-on S (λx. snd (f x))
if *k-smooth-on S f open S*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *smooth-on-fst*:
k-smooth-on S (λx. fst (f x))
if *k-smooth-on S f open S*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *smooth-on-Taylor2E*:

fixes $f::'a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes $hd: \infty\text{-smooth-on UNIV } f$
obtains g where $\bigwedge Y$.
 $f Y = f X + \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } X) (Y - X) + (\sum i \in \text{Basis}. (\sum j \in \text{Basis}.$
 $((Y - X) \cdot j) * ((Y - X) \cdot i) * g i j Y))$
 $\bigwedge i j. i \in \text{Basis} \Longrightarrow j \in \text{Basis} \Longrightarrow \infty\text{-smooth-on UNIV } (g i j)$
 — TODO: generalize
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-Pair*:
 $k\text{-smooth-on } S (\lambda x. (f x, g x))$
if $\text{open } S$ $k\text{-smooth-on } S$ f $k\text{-smooth-on } S$ g
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *smooth-on-Pair'*:
 $k\text{-smooth-on } (S \times T) (\lambda x. (f (\text{fst } x), g (\text{snd } x)))$
if $\text{open } S$ $\text{open } T$ $k\text{-smooth-on } S$ f $k\text{-smooth-on } T$ g
for $f:::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow -$ **and** $g:::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow -$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

2.5 Diffeomorphism

definition *diffeomorphism* $k S T p p' \longleftrightarrow$
 $k\text{-smooth-on } S p \wedge k\text{-smooth-on } T p' \wedge \text{homeomorphism } S T p p'$

lemma *diffeomorphism-imp-homeomorphism*:
assumes *diffeomorphism* $k s t p p'$
shows *homeomorphism* $s t p p'$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *diffeomorphismD*:
assumes *diffeomorphism* $k S T f g$
shows *diffeomorphism-smoothD*: $k\text{-smooth-on } S$ f $k\text{-smooth-on } T$ g
and *diffeomorphism-inverseD*: $\bigwedge x. x \in S \Longrightarrow g (f x) = x \wedge y. y \in T \Longrightarrow f (g y) = y$
and *diffeomorphism-image-eq*: $(f ' S = T) (g ' T = S)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *diffeomorphism-compose*:
 $\text{diffeomorphism } n S T f g \Longrightarrow \text{diffeomorphism } n T U h k \Longrightarrow \text{open } S \Longrightarrow \text{open } T$
 $\Longrightarrow \text{open } U \Longrightarrow$
 $\text{diffeomorphism } n S U (h \circ f) (g \circ k)$
for $f::\Rightarrow::\text{euclidean-space}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *diffeomorphism-add*: *diffeomorphism* $k \text{ UNIV UNIV } (\lambda x. x + c) (\lambda x. x - c)$

<proof>

lemma *diffeomorphism-scaleR*: *diffeomorphism k UNIV UNIV* $(\lambda x. c *_{\mathbb{R}} x)$ $(\lambda x. x /_{\mathbb{R}} c)$
if $c \neq 0$
<proof>

end

3 Bump Functions

theory *Bump-Function*
imports *Smooth*
begin

3.1 Construction

context begin

qualified definition $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$ **where**
 $f t = (\text{if } t > 0 \text{ then } \exp(-\text{inverse } t) \text{ else } 0)$

lemma *f-nonpos[simp]*: $x \leq 0 \implies f x = 0$
<proof>

lemma *exp-inv-limit-0-right*:
 $((\lambda(t::\text{real}). \exp(-\text{inverse } t)) \longrightarrow 0) \text{ (at-right } 0)$
<proof>

lemma $\forall_F t \text{ in at-right } 0. ((\lambda x. \text{inverse } (x \wedge \text{Suc } k)) \text{ has-real-derivative } - (\text{inverse } (t \wedge \text{Suc } k) * ((1 + \text{real } k) * t \wedge k) * \text{inverse } (t \wedge \text{Suc } k))) \text{ (at } t)$
<proof>

lemma *exp-inv-limit-0-right-gen'*:
 $((\lambda(t::\text{real}). \text{inverse } (t \wedge k) / \exp(\text{inverse } t)) \longrightarrow 0) \text{ (at-right } 0)$
<proof>

lemma *exp-inv-limit-0-right-gen*:
 $((\lambda(t::\text{real}). \exp(-\text{inverse } t) / t \wedge k) \longrightarrow 0) \text{ (at-right } 0)$
<proof>

lemma *f-limit-0-right*: $(f \longrightarrow 0) \text{ (at-right } 0)$
<proof>

lemma *f-limit-0*: $(f \longrightarrow 0) \text{ (at } 0)$
<proof>

lemma *f-tendsto*: $(f \longrightarrow f x) \text{ (at } x)$
<proof>

lemma *f-continuous: continuous-on S f*

<proof>

lemma *continuous-on-real-polynomial-function:*

continuous-on S p if real-polynomial-function p

<proof>

lemma *f-nth-derivative-is-poly:*

higher-differentiable-on {0<..} f k \wedge

*($\exists p$. real-polynomial-function p \wedge ($\forall t>0$. nth-derivative k f t 1 = p t / (t ^ (2 * k)) * exp(-inverse t)))*

<proof>

lemma *f-has-derivative-at-neg:*

x < 0 \implies (f has-derivative (λx . 0)) (at x)

<proof>

lemma *f-differentiable-at-neg:*

x < 0 \implies f differentiable at x

<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-f-at-neg:*

x < 0 \implies frechet-derivative f (at x) = (λx . 0)

<proof>

lemma *f-nth-derivative-lt-0:*

higher-differentiable-on {..<0} f k \wedge ($\forall t<0$. nth-derivative k f t 1 = 0)

<proof>

lemma *netlimit-at-left: netlimit (at-left x) = x for x::real*

<proof>

lemma *netlimit-at-right: netlimit (at-right x) = x for x::real*

<proof>

lemma *has-derivative-split-at:*

(g has-derivative g') (at x)

if

(g has-derivative g') (at-left x)

(g has-derivative g') (at-right x)

for *x::real*

<proof>

lemma *has-derivative-at-left-at-right':*

(g has-derivative g') (at x)

if

(g has-derivative g') (at x within {..x})

(*g has-derivative g'*) (*at x within {x..}*)
for *x::real*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *real-polynomial-function-tendsto*:
 (*p* \longrightarrow *p x*) (*at x within X*) **if** *real-polynomial-function p*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *f-nth-derivative-cases*:
higher-differentiable-on UNIV f k \wedge
 ($\forall t \leq 0. \text{nth-derivative } k \text{ f } t \text{ 1} = 0$) \wedge
 ($\exists p. \text{real-polynomial-function } p \wedge$
 ($\forall t > 0. \text{nth-derivative } k \text{ f } t \text{ 1} = p \text{ t} / (t \wedge (2 * k)) * \text{exp}(-\text{inverse } t)$))
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *f-smooth-on: k-smooth-on S f*
and *f-higher-differentiable-on: higher-differentiable-on S f n*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *f-compose-smooth-on: k-smooth-on S ($\lambda x. f (g x)$)*
if *k-smooth-on S g open S*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *f-nonneg: f x \geq 0*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *f-pos-iff: f x > 0 \longleftrightarrow x > 0*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *f-eq-zero-iff: f x = 0 \longleftrightarrow x \leq 0*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

3.2 Cutoff function

definition *h t = f (2 - t) / (f (2 - t) + f (t - 1))*

lemma *denominator-pos: f (2 - t) + f (t - 1) > 0*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *denominator-nonzero: f (2 - t) + f (t - 1) = 0 \longleftrightarrow False*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *h-range: 0 \leq h t h t \leq 1*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *h-pos: t < 2 \implies 0 < h t*
and *h-less-one: 1 < t \implies h t < 1*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *h-eq-0*: $h\ t = 0$ **if** $t \geq 2$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *h-eq-1*: $h\ t = 1$ **if** $t \leq 1$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *h-compose-smooth-on*: k -smooth-on S $(\lambda x. h\ (g\ x))$
 if k -smooth-on $S\ g$ open S
 ⟨*proof*⟩

3.3 Bump function

definition $H :: \text{real-}inner \Rightarrow \text{real}$ **where** $H\ x = h\ (\text{norm}\ x)$

lemma *H-range*: $0 \leq H\ x\ H\ x \leq 1$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *H-eq-one*: $H\ x = 1$ **if** $x \in \text{cball}\ 0\ 1$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *H-pos*: $H\ x > 0$ **if** $x \in \text{ball}\ 0\ 2$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *H-eq-zero*: $H\ x = 0$ **if** $x \notin \text{ball}\ 0\ 2$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *H-neq-zeroD*: $H\ x \neq 0 \implies x \in \text{ball}\ 0\ 2$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *H-smooth-on*: k -smooth-on $UNIV\ H$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *H-compose-smooth-on*: k -smooth-on S $(\lambda x. H\ (g\ x))$ **if** k -smooth-on $S\ g$
 open S
 for $g :: - \Rightarrow \text{-} :: \text{euclidean-space}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

end

4 Charts

theory *Chart*
 imports *Analysis-More*
begin

4.1 Definition

A chart on M is a homeomorphism from an open subset of M to an open subset of some Euclidean space E . Here d and d' are open subsets of M and E , respectively, $f: d \rightarrow d'$ is the mapping, and $f': d' \rightarrow d$ is the inverse mapping.

```
typedef (overloaded) ('a::topological-space, 'e::euclidean-space) chart =
  {(d::'a set, d'::'e set, f, f')}
  open d  $\wedge$  open d'  $\wedge$  homeomorphism d d' f f'}
  <proof>
```

```
setup-lifting type-definition-chart
```

```
lift-definition apply-chart::('a::topological-space, 'e::euclidean-space) chart  $\Rightarrow$  'a
 $\Rightarrow$  'e
  is  $\lambda(d, d', f, f'). f$  <proof>
```

```
declare [[coercion apply-chart]]
```

```
lift-definition inv-chart::('a::topological-space, 'e::euclidean-space) chart  $\Rightarrow$  'e  $\Rightarrow$ 
'a
  is  $\lambda(d, d', f, f'). f'$  <proof>
```

```
lift-definition domain::('a::topological-space, 'e::euclidean-space) chart  $\Rightarrow$  'a set
  is  $\lambda(d, d', f, f'). d$  <proof>
```

```
lift-definition codomain::('a::topological-space, 'e::euclidean-space) chart  $\Rightarrow$  'e set
  is  $\lambda(d, d', f, f'). d'$  <proof>
```

4.2 Properties

```
lemma open-domain[intro, simp]: open (domain c)
  and open-codomain[intro, simp]: open (codomain c)
  and chart-homeomorphism: homeomorphism (domain c) (codomain c) c (inv-chart
c)
  <proof>
```

```
lemma at-within-domain: at x within domain c = at x if x  $\in$  domain c
  <proof>
```

```
lemma at-within-codomain: at x within codomain c = at x if x  $\in$  codomain c
  <proof>
```

```
lemma
  chart-in-codomain[intro, simp]: x  $\in$  domain c  $\implies$  c x  $\in$  codomain c
  and inv-chart-inverse[simp]: x  $\in$  domain c  $\implies$  inv-chart c (c x) = x
  and inv-chart-in-domain[intro, simp]: y  $\in$  codomain c  $\implies$  inv-chart c y  $\in$  domain
c
  and chart-inverse-inv-chart[simp]: y  $\in$  codomain c  $\implies$  c (inv-chart c y) = y
```

and *image-domain-eq*: $c \text{ ' } (\text{domain } c) = \text{codomain } c$
and *inv-image-codomain-eq*[*simp*]: $\text{inv-chart } c \text{ ' } (\text{codomain } c) = \text{domain } c$
and *continuous-on-domain*: $\text{continuous-on } (\text{domain } c) \ c$
and *continuous-on-codomain*: $\text{continuous-on } (\text{codomain } c) \ (\text{inv-chart } c)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *chart-eqI*: $c = d$
if $\text{domain } c = \text{domain } d$
 $\text{codomain } c = \text{codomain } d$
 $\bigwedge x. c \ x = d \ x$
 $\bigwedge x. \text{inv-chart } c \ x = \text{inv-chart } d \ x$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemmas *continuous-on-chart*[*continuous-intros*] =
 $\text{continuous-on-compose2}[OF \ \text{continuous-on-domain}]$
 $\text{continuous-on-compose2}[OF \ \text{continuous-on-codomain}]$

lemma *continuous-apply-chart*: $\text{continuous } (\text{at } x \ \text{within } X) \ c$ **if** $x \in \text{domain } c$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *continuous-inv-chart*: $\text{continuous } (\text{at } x \ \text{within } X) \ (\text{inv-chart } c)$ **if** $x \in \text{codomain } c$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemmas *apply-chart-tendsto*[*tendsto-intros*] = $\text{isCont-tendsto-compose}[OF \ \text{continuous-apply-chart}, \text{rotated}]$

lemmas *inv-chart-tendsto*[*tendsto-intros*] = $\text{isCont-tendsto-compose}[OF \ \text{continuous-inv-chart}, \text{rotated}]$

lemma *continuous-within-compose2'*:
 $\text{continuous } (\text{at } (f \ x) \ \text{within } t) \ g \implies f \text{ ' } s \subseteq t \implies$
 $\text{continuous } (\text{at } x \ \text{within } s) \ f \implies$
 $\text{continuous } (\text{at } x \ \text{within } s) \ (\lambda x. g \ (f \ x))$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemmas *continuous-chart*[*continuous-intros*] =
 $\text{continuous-within-compose2}'[OF \ \text{continuous-apply-chart}]$
 $\text{continuous-within-compose2}'[OF \ \text{continuous-inv-chart}]$

lemma *continuous-on-chart-inv*:
assumes $\text{continuous-on } s \ (\text{apply-chart } c \ o \ f)$
 $f \text{ ' } s \subseteq \text{domain } c$
shows $\text{continuous-on } s \ f$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *continuous-on-chart-inv'*:
assumes $\text{continuous-on } (\text{apply-chart } c \ \text{' } s) \ (f \ o \ \text{inv-chart } c)$
 $s \subseteq \text{domain } c$
shows $\text{continuous-on } s \ f$

<proof>

lemma *inj-on-apply-chart*: *inj-on (apply-chart f) (domain f)*
<proof>

lemma *apply-chart-Int*: $f^{-1}(X \cap Y) = f^{-1}X \cap f^{-1}Y$ **if** $X \subseteq \text{domain } f$ $Y \subseteq \text{domain } f$
<proof>

lemma *chart-image-eq-vimage*: $c^{-1}X = \text{inv-chart } c^{-1}X \cap \text{codomain } c$
if $X \subseteq \text{domain } c$
<proof>

lemma *open-chart-image*[*simp, intro*]: *open (c^{-1}X)*
if *open X* $X \subseteq \text{domain } c$
<proof>

lemma *open-inv-chart-image*[*simp, intro*]: *open (inv-chart c^{-1}X)*
if *open X* $X \subseteq \text{codomain } c$
<proof>

lemma *homeomorphism-UNIV-imp-open-map*:
homeomorphism UNIV UNIV p p' \implies open f' \implies open (p^{-1}f')
<proof>

4.3 Restriction

lemma *homeomorphism-restrict*:
*homeomorphism (a \cap s) (b \cap f'^{-1}s) f f' **if** homeomorphism a b f f'*
<proof>

lift-definition *restrict-chart*::*'a set \implies ('a::t2-space, 'e::euclidean-space) chart \implies ('a, 'e) chart*
is $\lambda S. \lambda(d, d', f, f').$ *if open S then (d \cap S, d' \cap f'^{-1}S, f, f') else ({}, {}, f, f')*
<proof>

lemma *restrict-chart-restrict-chart*:
restrict-chart X (restrict-chart Y c) = restrict-chart (X \cap Y) c
if *open X* *open Y*
<proof>

lemma *domain-restrict-chart*[*simp*]: *open S \implies domain (restrict-chart S c) = domain c \cap S*
and *domain-restrict-chart-if*: *domain (restrict-chart S c) = (if open S then domain c \cap S else {})*
and *codomain-restrict-chart*[*simp*]: *open S \implies codomain (restrict-chart S c) = codomain c \cap \text{inv-chart } c^{-1}S*
and *codomain-restrict-chart-if*: *codomain (restrict-chart S c) = (if open S then*

```

codomain c  $\cap$  inv-chart c - ' S else {}
and apply-chart-restrict-chart[simp]: apply-chart (restrict-chart S c) = apply-chart
c
and inv-chart-restrict-chart[simp]: inv-chart (restrict-chart S c) = inv-chart c
⟨proof⟩

```

4.4 Composition

```

lift-definition compose-chart::('e $\Rightarrow$ 'e)  $\Rightarrow$  ('e $\Rightarrow$ 'e)  $\Rightarrow$ 
('a::topological-space, 'e::euclidean-space) chart  $\Rightarrow$  ('a, 'e) chart
is  $\lambda p p'$ .  $\lambda(d, d', f, f')$ . if homeomorphism UNIV UNIV p p' then (d, p ' d', p o
f, f' o p')
else ({} , {} , f, f')
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma compose-chart-apply-chart[simp]: apply-chart (compose-chart p p' c) = p
o apply-chart c
and compose-chart-inv-chart[simp]: inv-chart (compose-chart p p' c) = inv-chart
c o p'
and domain-compose-chart[simp]: domain (compose-chart p p' c) = domain c
and codomain-compose-chart[simp]: codomain (compose-chart p p' c) = p '
codomain c
if homeomorphism UNIV UNIV p p'
⟨proof⟩

```

end

5 Topological Manifolds

```

theory Topological-Manifold
imports Chart
begin

```

Definition of topological manifolds. Existence of locally finite cover.

5.1 Defintition

We define topological manifolds as a second-countable Hausdorff space, where every point in the carrier set has a neighborhood that is homeomorphic to an open subset of the Euclidean space. Here topological manifolds are specified by a set of charts, and the carrier set is simply defined to be the union of the domain of the charts.

```

locale manifold =
fixes charts::('a::{second-countable-topology, t2-space}, 'e::euclidean-space) chart
set
begin

```

```

definition carrier = ( $\bigcup$ (domain ' charts))

```

lemma *open-carrier*[*intro, simp*]: *open carrier*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *carrierE*:
assumes $x \in \text{carrier}$
obtains c **where** $c \in \text{charts}$ $x \in \text{domain } c$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *domain-subset-carrier*[*simp*]: *domain $c \subseteq \text{carrier}$ if $c \in \text{charts}$*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *in-domain-in-carrier*[*intro, simp*]: *$c \in \text{charts} \implies x \in \text{domain } c \implies x \in \text{carrier}$*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

5.2 Existence of locally finite cover

Every point has a precompact neighborhood.

lemma *precompact-neighborhoodE*:
assumes $x \in \text{carrier}$
obtains C **where** $x \in C$ *open C compact (closure C) closure $C \subseteq \text{carrier}$*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

There exists a covering of the carrier by precompact sets.

lemma *precompact-open-coverE*:
obtains $U::\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set}$
where $(\bigcup i. U i) = \text{carrier}$ $\bigwedge i. \text{open } (U i)$ $\bigwedge i. \text{compact } (\text{closure } (U i))$
 $\bigwedge i. \text{closure } (U i) \subseteq \text{carrier}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

There exists a locally finite covering of the carrier by precompact sets.

lemma *precompact-locally-finite-open-coverE*:
obtains $W::\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set}$
where $\text{carrier} = (\bigcup i. W i)$ $\bigwedge i. \text{open } (W i)$ $\bigwedge i. \text{compact } (\text{closure } (W i))$
 $\bigwedge i. \text{closure } (W i) \subseteq \text{carrier}$
locally-finite-on carrier UNIV W
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

end

6 Differentiable/Smooth Manifolds

theory *Differentiable-Manifold*
imports
Smooth

Topological-Manifold
begin

6.1 Smooth compatibility

definition *smooth-compat::enat* \Rightarrow ('a::topological-space, 'e::euclidean-space)chart \Rightarrow ('a, 'e)chart \Rightarrow bool

(--smooth'-compat [1000])

where

smooth-compat k c1 c2 \longleftrightarrow

(k-smooth-on (c1 ' (domain c1 \cap domain c2)) (c2 \circ inv-chart c1) \wedge
k-smooth-on (c2 ' (domain c1 \cap domain c2)) (c1 \circ inv-chart c2))

lemma *smooth-compat-D1*:

k-smooth-on (c1 ' (domain c1 \cap domain c2)) (c2 \circ inv-chart c1)

if k-smooth-compat c1 c2

<proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-D2*:

k-smooth-on (c2 ' (domain c1 \cap domain c2)) (c1 \circ inv-chart c2)

if k-smooth-compat c1 c2

<proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-refl*: k-smooth-compat x x

<proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-commute*: k-smooth-compat x y \longleftrightarrow k-smooth-compat y x

<proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-restrict-chartI*:

k-smooth-compat (restrict-chart S c) c'

if k-smooth-compat c c'

<proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-restrict-chartI2*:

k-smooth-compat c' (restrict-chart S c)

if k-smooth-compat c' c

<proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-restrict-chartD*:

domain c1 \subseteq U \Longrightarrow open U \Longrightarrow k-smooth-compat c1 (restrict-chart U c2) \Longrightarrow
k-smooth-compat c1 c2

<proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-restrict-chartD2*:

domain c1 \subseteq U \Longrightarrow open U \Longrightarrow k-smooth-compat (restrict-chart U c2) c1 \Longrightarrow
k-smooth-compat c2 c1

<proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-le*:
 $l\text{-smooth-compat } c1\ c2$ **if** $k\text{-smooth-compat } c1\ c2$ $l \leq k$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

6.2 C^k -Manifold

locale *c-manifold* = *manifold* +
fixes $k::\text{enat}$
assumes *pairwise-compat*: $c1 \in \text{charts} \implies c2 \in \text{charts} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c1\ c2$
begin

6.2.1 Atlas

definition *atlas* :: ('a, 'b) *chart set* **where**
 $\text{atlas} = \{c. \text{domain } c \subseteq \text{carrier} \wedge (\forall c' \in \text{charts}. k\text{-smooth-compat } c\ c')\}$

lemma *charts-subset-atlas*: $\text{charts} \subseteq \text{atlas}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *in-charts-in-atlas*[*intro*]: $x \in \text{charts} \implies x \in \text{atlas}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *maximal-atlas*:
 $c \in \text{atlas}$
if $\bigwedge c'. c' \in \text{atlas} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c\ c'$
 $\text{domain } c \subseteq \text{carrier}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *chart-compose-lemma*:
fixes $c1\ c2$
defines [*simp*]: $U \equiv \text{domain } c1$
defines [*simp*]: $V \equiv \text{domain } c2$
assumes *subsets*: $U \cap V \subseteq \text{carrier}$
assumes $\bigwedge c. c \in \text{charts} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c1\ c$
 $\bigwedge c. c \in \text{charts} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c2\ c$
shows $k\text{-smooth-on } (c1 \text{ ' } (U \cap V))\ (c2 \circ \text{inv-chart } c1)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *smooth-compat-trans*: $k\text{-smooth-compat } c1\ c2$
if $\bigwedge c. c \in \text{charts} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c1\ c$
 $\bigwedge c. c \in \text{charts} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c2\ c$
 $\text{domain } c1 \cap \text{domain } c2 \subseteq \text{carrier}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *maximal-atlas'*:
 $c \in \text{atlas}$
if $\bigwedge c'. c' \in \text{charts} \implies k\text{-smooth-compat } c\ c'$
 $\text{domain } c \subseteq \text{carrier}$

<proof>

lemma *atlas-is-atlas: k-smooth-compat a1 a2*
if $a1 \in \text{atlas}$ $a2 \in \text{atlas}$
<proof>

lemma *domain-atlas-subset-carrier: $c \in \text{atlas} \implies \text{domain } c \subseteq \text{carrier}$*
and *in-carrier-atlasI[intro, simp]: $c \in \text{atlas} \implies x \in \text{domain } c \implies x \in \text{carrier}$*
<proof>

lemma *atlasE:*
assumes $x \in \text{carrier}$
obtains c **where** $c \in \text{atlas}$ $x \in \text{domain } c$
<proof>

lemma *restrict-chart-in-atlas: restrict-chart S $c \in \text{atlas}$ if $c \in \text{atlas}$*
<proof>

lemma *atlas-restrictE:*
assumes $x \in \text{carrier}$ $x \in X$ *open* X
obtains c **where** $c \in \text{atlas}$ $x \in \text{domain } c$ $\text{domain } c \subseteq X$
<proof>

lemma *open-ball-chartE:*
assumes $x \in U$ *open* U $U \subseteq \text{carrier}$
obtains c r **where**
 $c \in \text{atlas}$
 $x \in \text{domain } c$ $\text{domain } c \subseteq U$ $\text{codomain } c = \text{ball } (c \ x) \ r \ r > 0$
<proof>

lemma *smooth-compat-compose-chart:*
fixes c'
assumes *k-smooth-compat* c c'
assumes *diffeo: diffeomorphism* k $UNIV$ $UNIV$ p p'
shows *k-smooth-compat* (*compose-chart* p p' c) c'
<proof>

lemma *compose-chart-in-atlas:*
assumes $c \in \text{atlas}$
assumes *diffeo: diffeomorphism* k $UNIV$ $UNIV$ p p'
shows *compose-chart* p p' $c \in \text{atlas}$
<proof>

lemma *open-centered-ball-chartE:*
assumes $x \in U$ *open* U $U \subseteq \text{carrier}$ $e > 0$
obtains c **where**
 $c \in \text{atlas}$ $x \in \text{domain } c$ $c \ x = x0$ $\text{domain } c \subseteq U$ $\text{codomain } c = \text{ball } x0 \ e$
<proof>

end

6.2.2 Submanifold

definition (in *manifold*) *charts-submanifold* $S = (\text{restrict-chart } S \text{ ' } \text{charts})$

locale *c-manifold'* = *c-manifold*

locale *submanifold* = *c-manifold'* *charts* k — breaks infinite loop for sublocale sub
 for *charts*::('a::{\i{t2-space,second-countable-topology}}, 'b::\i{euclidean-space}) *chart*
 set **and** $k +$
 fixes $S::'a \text{ set}$
 assumes *open-submanifold*: *open* S
begin

lemma *charts-submanifold*: *c-manifold* (*charts-submanifold* S) k
 ⟨*proof*⟩

sublocale *sub*: *c-manifold* (*charts-submanifold* S) k
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *carrier-submanifold*[*simp*]: *sub*.*carrier* = $S \cap \text{carrier}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *restrict-chart-carrier*[*simp*]:
 restrict-chart *carrier* $x = x$
 if $x \in \text{charts}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *charts-submanifold-carrier*[*simp*]: *charts-submanifold* *carrier* = *charts*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *charts-submanifold-Int-carrier*:
 charts-submanifold ($S \cap \text{carrier}$) = *charts-submanifold* S
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *submanifold-atlasE*:
 assumes $c \in \text{sub.atlas}$
 shows $c \in \text{atlas}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *submanifold-atlasI*:
 restrict-chart S $c \in \text{sub.atlas}$
 if $c \in \text{atlas}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

lemma (in *c-manifold*) *restrict-chart-carrier*[simp]:
restrict-chart carrier x = x
if $x \in \text{charts}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma (in *c-manifold*) *charts-submanifold-carrier*[simp]: *charts-submanifold carrier = charts*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

6.3 Differentiable maps

locale *c-manifolds* =
src: c-manifold charts1 k +
dest: c-manifold charts2 k **for** k *charts1 charts2*

locale *diff* = *c-manifolds k charts1 charts2*
for k
and *charts1* :: ($'a::\{t2\text{-space}, \text{second-countable-topology}\}, 'e::\text{euclidean-space}$)
chart set
and *charts2* :: ($'b::\{t2\text{-space}, \text{second-countable-topology}\}, 'f::\text{euclidean-space}$)
chart set
 +
fixes $f :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b)$
assumes *exists-smooth-on*: $x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies$
 $\exists c1 \in \text{src.atlas}. \exists c2 \in \text{dest.atlas}.$
 $x \in \text{domain } c1 \wedge$
 $f \text{ ` domain } c1 \subseteq \text{domain } c2 \wedge$
 $k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c1) (c2 \circ f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1)$

begin

lemma *defined*: $f \text{ ` src.carrier} \subseteq \text{dest.carrier}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

context *c-manifolds* **begin**

lemma *diff-iff*: $\text{diff } k \text{ charts1 charts2 } f \iff$
 $(\forall x \in \text{src.carrier}. \exists c1 \in \text{src.atlas}. \exists c2 \in \text{dest.atlas}.$
 $x \in \text{domain } c1 \wedge$
 $f \text{ ` domain } c1 \subseteq \text{domain } c2 \wedge$
 $k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c1) (\text{apply-chart } c2 \circ f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1))$
(is ?l $\iff (\forall x \in -. ?r x)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

context *diff* **begin**

lemma *diffE*:

assumes $x \in \text{src.carrier}$

obtains $c1::('a, 'e)$ chart

and $c2::('b, 'f)$ chart

where

$c1 \in \text{src.atlas}$ $c2 \in \text{dest.atlas}$ $x \in \text{domain } c1$ $f \text{ - ' domain } c1 \subseteq \text{domain } c2$

$k\text{-smooth-on (codomain } c1)$ $(\text{apply-chart } c2 \circ f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *continuous-at*: *continuous (at x within T) f* **if** $x \in \text{src.carrier}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *continuous-on*: *continuous-on src.carrier f*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas *continuous-on-intro*[*continuous-intros*] = *continuous-on-compose2*[*OF continuous-on* -]

lemmas *continuous-within*[*continuous-intros*] = *continuous-within-compose3*[*OF continuous-at*]

lemmas *tendsto*[*tendsto-intros*] = *isCont-tendsto-compose*[*OF continuous-at*]

lemma *diff-chartsD*:

assumes $d1 \in \text{src.atlas}$ $d2 \in \text{dest.atlas}$

shows $k\text{-smooth-on (codomain } d1 \cap \text{inv-chart } d1 \text{ - ' (src.carrier } \cap f \text{ - ' domain } d2))$

$(\text{apply-chart } d2 \circ f \circ \text{inv-chart } d1)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *diff-between-chartsE*:

assumes $d1 \in \text{src.atlas}$ $d2 \in \text{dest.atlas}$

assumes $y \in \text{domain } d1$ $y \in \text{src.carrier}$ $f y \in \text{domain } d2$

obtains X **where**

$k\text{-smooth-on } X$ $(\text{apply-chart } d2 \circ f \circ \text{inv-chart } d1)$

$d1 y \in X$

open X

$X = \text{codomain } d1 \cap \text{inv-chart } d1 \text{ - ' (src.carrier } \cap f \text{ - ' domain } d2)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

lemma *diff-compose*:

$\text{diff } k$ $M1$ $M3$ $(g \circ f)$

if $\text{diff } k$ $M1$ $M2$ f $\text{diff } k$ $M2$ $M3$ g

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

context *diff* **begin**

lemma *diff-submanifold*: *diff* *k* (*src.charts-submanifold* *S*) *charts2* *f*
 if *open* *S*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-submanifold2*: *diff* *k* *charts1* (*dest.charts-submanifold* *S*) *f*
 if *open* *S* *f* ‘ *src.carrier* \subseteq *S*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

context *c-manifolds* **begin**

lemma *diff-localI*: *diff* *k* *charts1* *charts2* *f*
 if $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies \text{diff } k \text{ (src.charts-submanifold (U x)) charts2 } f$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies \text{open (U x)}$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies x \in (U x)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-open-coverI*: *diff* *k* *charts1* *charts2* *f*
 if *diff*: $\bigwedge u. u \in U \implies \text{diff } k \text{ (src.charts-submanifold } u) \text{ charts2 } f$
 and *op*: $\bigwedge u. u \in U \implies \text{open } u$
 and *cover*: *src.carrier* $\subseteq \bigcup U$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-open-Un*: *diff* *k* *charts1* *charts2* *f*
 if *diff* *k* (*src.charts-submanifold* *U*) *charts2* *f*
 diff *k* (*src.charts-submanifold* *V*) *charts2* *f*
 and *open* *U* *open* *V* *src.carrier* $\subseteq U \cup V$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

context *c-manifold* **begin**

sublocale *self*: *c-manifolds* *k* *charts* *charts*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-id*: *diff* *k* *charts* *charts* ($\lambda x. x$)
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *c-manifold-order-le*: *c-manifold* *charts* *l* **if** $l \leq k$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *in-atlas-order-le*: $c \in \text{c-manifold.atlas charts } l$ **if** $l \leq k$ $c \in \text{atlas}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

context *c-manifolds* **begin**

lemma *c-manifolds-order-le*: *c-manifolds* *l* *charts1* *charts2* **if** $l \leq k$
⟨*proof*⟩

end

context *diff* **begin**

lemma *diff-order-le*: *diff* *l* *charts1* *charts2* **if** $l \leq k$
⟨*proof*⟩

end

6.4 Differentiable functions

lift-definition *chart-eucl*::('a::euclidean-space, 'a) **chart** **is**
(*UNIV*, *UNIV*, $\lambda x. x$, $\lambda x. x$)
⟨*proof*⟩

abbreviation *charts-eucl* \equiv {*chart-eucl*}

lemma *chart-eucl-simps*[*simp*]:
domain *chart-eucl* = *UNIV*
codomain *chart-eucl* = *UNIV*
apply-chart *chart-eucl* = ($\lambda x. x$)
inv-chart *chart-eucl* = ($\lambda x. x$)
⟨*proof*⟩

locale *diff-fun* = *diff* *k* *charts* *charts-eucl* *f*
for *k* *charts* **and** *f*::'a::{*t2-space*,*second-countable-topology*} \Rightarrow 'b::euclidean-space

lemma *diff-fun-compose*:
diff-fun *k* *M1* (*g* \circ *f*)
if *diff* *k* *M1* *M2* *f* *diff-fun* *k* *M2* *g*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *c1-manifold-atlas-eucl*: *c-manifold* *charts-eucl* *k*
⟨*proof*⟩

interpretation *manifold-eucl*: *c-manifold* *charts-eucl* *k*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *chart-eucl-in-atlas*[*intro*,*simp*]: *chart-eucl* \in *manifold-eucl.atlas* *k*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *apply-chart-smooth-on*:
k-smooth-on (*domain* *c*) *c* **if** *c* \in *manifold-eucl.atlas* *k*

<proof>

lemma *inv-chart-smooth-on*: k -smooth-on (codomain c) (inv-chart c) **if** $c \in \text{manifold-eucl.atlas}$
 k
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-chart-inv*:
fixes $c::('a::\text{euclidean-space}, 'a)$ chart
assumes k -smooth-on X (apply-chart $c \circ f$)
assumes continuous-on X f
assumes $c \in \text{manifold-eucl.atlas}$ k open X $f^{-1} X \subseteq \text{domain } c$
shows k -smooth-on X f
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-chart-inv2*:
fixes $c::('a::\text{euclidean-space}, 'a)$ chart
assumes k -smooth-on $(c^{-1} X)$ ($f \circ \text{inv-chart } c$)
assumes $c \in \text{manifold-eucl.atlas}$ k open X $X \subseteq \text{domain } c$
shows k -smooth-on X f
<proof>

context *diff-fun* **begin**

lemma *diff-fun-order-le*: *diff-fun* l charts f **if** $l \leq k$
<proof>

end

6.5 Diffeomorphism

locale *diffeomorphism* = *diff* k charts1 charts2 f + *inv*: *diff* k charts2 charts1 f'
for k charts1 charts2 f f' +
assumes *f-inv[simp]*: $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies f'(f x) = x$
and *f'-inv[simp]*: $\bigwedge y. y \in \text{dest.carrier} \implies f(f' y) = y$

context *c-manifold* **begin**

sublocale *manifold-eucl*: *c-manifolds* k charts {chart-eucl}
rewrites *diff* k charts {chart-eucl} = *diff-fun* k charts
<proof>

lemma *diff-funI*:
diff-fun k charts f
if ($\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \implies \exists c1 \in \text{atlas}. x \in \text{domain } c1 \wedge (k\text{-smooth-on (codomain } c1) (f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1))$)
<proof>

end

lemma (in *diff*) *diff-cong*: *diff* *k* *charts1* *charts2* *g* **if** $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies f x = g x$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

context *diff-fun* **begin**

lemma *diff-fun-cong*: *diff-fun* *k* *charts* *g* **if** $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{src.carrier} \implies f x = g x$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-funD*:
 $\exists c1 \in \text{src.atlas}. x \in \text{domain } c1 \wedge (k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c1) (f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1))$
if $x: x \in \text{src.carrier}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-funE*:
assumes $x \in \text{src.carrier}$
obtains *c1* **where**
 $c1 \in \text{src.atlas } x \in \text{domain } c1 \text{ } k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c1) (f \circ \text{inv-chart } c1)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-fun-between-chartsD*:
assumes $c \in \text{src.atlas } x \in \text{domain } c$
shows $k\text{-smooth-on } (\text{codomain } c) (f \circ \text{inv-chart } c)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-fun-submanifold*: *diff-fun* *k* (*src.charts-submanifold* *S*) *f*
if [*simp*]: *open* *S*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

context *c-manifold* **begin**

lemma *diff-fun-zero*: *diff-fun* *k* *charts* 0
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-fun-const*: *diff-fun* *k* *charts* ($\lambda x. c$)
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-fun-add*: *diff-fun* *k* *charts* (*a* + *b*) **if** *diff-fun* *k* *charts* *a* *diff-fun* *k* *charts* *b*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-fun-sum*: *diff-fun* *k* *charts* ($\lambda x. \sum_{i \in S}. f i x$) **if** $\bigwedge i. i \in S \implies \text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } (f i)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-fun-scaleR*: *diff-fun k charts* ($\lambda x. a x *_R b x$)
if *diff-fun k charts a diff-fun k charts b*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *diff-fun-scaleR-left*: *diff-fun k charts* ($c *_R b$)
if *diff-fun k charts b*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *diff-fun-times*: *diff-fun k charts* ($a * b$) **if** *diff-fun k charts a diff-fun k charts b*
for $a b :: - \Rightarrow - :: \text{real-normed-algebra}$
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *diff-fun-divide*: *diff-fun k charts* ($\lambda x. a x / b x$)
if *diff-fun k charts a diff-fun k charts b*
and $nz: \bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \implies b x \neq 0$
for $a b :: - \Rightarrow - :: \text{real-normed-field}$
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *subspace-Collect-diff-fun*:
subspace (*Collect* (*diff-fun k charts*))
 \langle *proof* \rangle

end

lemma *manifold-eucl-carrier[simp]*: *manifold-eucl.carrier* = *UNIV*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *diff-fun-charts-euclD*: *k-smooth-on UNIV g* **if** *diff-fun k charts-eucl g*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *diff-fun-charts-euclI*: *diff-fun k charts-eucl g* **if** *k-smooth-on UNIV g*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

end

7 Partitions Of Unity

theory *Partition-Of-Unity*
imports *Bump-Function Differentiable-Manifold*
begin

7.1 Regular cover

context *c-manifold* **begin**

A cover is regular if, in addition to being countable and locally finite, the codomain of every chart is the open ball of radius 3, such that the inverse image of open balls of radius 1 also cover the manifold.

definition *regular-cover* I ($\psi :: 'i \Rightarrow ('a, 'b)$ chart) \longleftrightarrow
countable I \wedge
carrier = $(\bigcup i \in I. \text{domain } (\psi \ i)) \wedge$
locally-finite-on carrier I (*domain* \circ ψ) \wedge
 $(\forall i \in I. \text{codomain } (\psi \ i) = \text{ball } 0 \ 3) \wedge$
carrier = $(\bigcup i \in I. \text{inv-chart } (\psi \ i) \text{ ' ball } 0 \ 1)$

Every covering has a refinement that is a regular cover.

lemma *regular-refinementE*:

fixes $\mathcal{X} :: 'i \Rightarrow 'a$ set
assumes *cover*: *carrier* $\subseteq (\bigcup i \in I. \mathcal{X} \ i)$ **and** *open-cover*: $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{open } (\mathcal{X} \ i)$
obtains $N :: \text{nat set}$ **and** $\psi :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow ('a, 'b)$ chart
where $\bigwedge i. i \in N \implies \psi \ i \in \text{atlas } (\text{domain } \circ \psi) \text{ ' } N$ *refines* \mathcal{X} ' I *regular-cover*
 $N \ \psi$
<proof>

lemma *diff-apply-chart*:

diff k (*charts-submanifold* (*domain* ψ)) *charts-eucl* ψ **if** $\psi \in \text{atlas}$
<proof>

lemma *diff-inv-chart*:

diff k (*manifold-eucl.charts-submanifold* (*codomain* c)) *charts* (*inv-chart* c) **if** $c \in \text{atlas}$
<proof>

lemma *chart-inj-on* [*simp*]:

fixes $c :: ('a, 'b)$ chart
assumes $x \in \text{domain } c \ y \in \text{domain } c$
shows $c \ x = c \ y \longleftrightarrow x = y$
<proof>

7.2 Partition of unity by smooth functions

Given any open cover X indexed by a set A , there exists a family of smooth functions φ indexed by A , such that $0 \leq \varphi \leq 1$, the (closed) support of each $\varphi \ i$ is contained in $X \ i$, the supports are locally finite, and the sum of $\varphi \ i$ is the constant function 1 .

theorem *partitions-of-unityE*:

fixes $A :: 'i$ set **and** $X :: 'i \Rightarrow 'a$ set
assumes *carrier* $\subseteq (\bigcup i \in A. X \ i)$
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in A \implies \text{open } (X \ i)$
obtains $\varphi :: 'i \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$
where $\bigwedge i. i \in A \implies \text{diff-fun } k$ *charts* ($\varphi \ i$)
and $\bigwedge i \ x. i \in A \implies x \in \text{carrier} \implies 0 \leq \varphi \ i \ x$
and $\bigwedge i \ x. i \in A \implies x \in \text{carrier} \implies \varphi \ i \ x \leq 1$
and $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \implies (\sum i \in \{i \in A. \varphi \ i \ x \neq 0\}. \varphi \ i \ x) = 1$
and $\bigwedge i. i \in A \implies \text{csupport-on carrier } (\varphi \ i) \cap \text{carrier} \subseteq X \ i$

and *locally-finite-on carrier* A ($\lambda i. \text{csupport-on carrier } (\varphi i)$)
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Given $A \subseteq U \subseteq \text{carrier}$, where A is closed and U is open, there exists a differentiable function ψ such that $0 \leq \psi \leq 1$, $\psi = 1$ on A , and the support of ψ is contained in U .

lemma *smooth-bump-functionE*:
assumes *closedin (top-of-set carrier)* A
and $A \subseteq U \ U \subseteq \text{carrier}$ *open* U
obtains $\psi::'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$ **where**
diff-fun k *charts* ψ
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \implies 0 \leq \psi x$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \implies \psi x \leq 1$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \psi x = 1$
csupport-on carrier $\psi \cap \text{carrier} \subseteq U$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

definition *diff-fun-on* $A f \longleftrightarrow$
 ($\exists W. A \subseteq W \wedge W \subseteq \text{carrier} \wedge \text{open } W \wedge$
 $(\exists f'. \text{diff-fun } k (\text{charts-submanifold } W) f' \wedge (\forall x \in A. f x = f' x))$)

lemma *diff-fun-onE*:
assumes *diff-fun-on* $A f$
obtains $W f'$ **where**
 $A \subseteq W \ W \subseteq \text{carrier}$ *open* W *diff-fun* k (*charts-submanifold* W) f'
 $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies f x = f' x$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-fun-onI*:
assumes $A \subseteq W \ W \subseteq \text{carrier}$ *open* W *diff-fun* k (*charts-submanifold* W) f'
 $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies f x = f' x$
shows *diff-fun-on* $A f$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Extension lemma:

Given $A \subseteq U \subseteq \text{carrier}$, where A is closed and U is open, and a differentiable function f on A , there exists a differentiable function f' agreeing with f on A , and where the support of f' is contained in U .

lemma *extension-lemmaE*:
fixes $f::'a \Rightarrow 'e::\text{euclidean-space}$
assumes *closedin (top-of-set carrier)* A
assumes *diff-fun-on* $A f$ $A \subseteq U \ U \subseteq \text{carrier}$ *open* U
obtains f' **where**
diff-fun k *charts* f'
 $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies f' x = f x$
csupport-on carrier $f' \cap \text{carrier} \subseteq U$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

end

8 Tangent Space

theory *Tangent-Space*
imports *Partition-Of-Unity*
begin

lemma *linear-imp-linear-on*: *linear-on A B scaleR scaleR f* **if** *linear f*
subspace A subspace B
<proof>

lemma (**in** *vector-space-pair-on*)
linear-sum':
 $\forall x. x \in S1 \longrightarrow f x \in S2 \implies$
 $\forall x. x \in S \longrightarrow g x \in S1 \implies$
linear-on S1 S2 scale1 scale2 f \implies
 $f (\text{sum } g S) = (\sum a \in S. f (g a))$
<proof>

8.1 Extensional function space

f is zero outside *A*. We use such functions to canonically represent functions whose domain is *A*

definition *extensional0* :: *'a set* \Rightarrow (*'a* \Rightarrow *'b::zero*) \Rightarrow *bool*
where *extensional0 A f* = ($\forall x. x \notin A \longrightarrow f x = 0$)

lemma *extensional0-0*[*intro, simp*]: *extensional0 X 0*
<proof>

lemma *extensional0-UNIV*[*intro, simp*]: *extensional0 UNIV f*
<proof>

lemma *ext-extensional0*:
f = g **if** *extensional0 S f extensional0 S g* $\wedge x. x \in S \implies f x = g x$
<proof>

lemma *extensional0-add*[*intro, simp*]:
extensional0 S f \implies *extensional0 S g* \implies *extensional0 S (f + g)* \implies *'a::comm-monoid-add*
<proof>

lemma *extensional0-mult*[*intro, simp*]:
extensional0 S x \implies *extensional0 S y* \implies *extensional0 S (x * y)*
for *x y::'a::mult-zero*
<proof>

lemma *extensional0-scaleR*[*intro, simp*]: *extensional0 S f* \implies *extensional0 S* (*c* *_R *f* \implies '*a*::*real-vector*)
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *extensional0-outside*: $x \notin S \implies \text{extensional0 } S f \implies f x = 0$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *subspace-extensional0*: *subspace* (*Collect* (*extensional0 X*))
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Send the function *f* to its canonical representative as a function with domain *A*

definition *restrict0* :: '*a set* \Rightarrow ('*a* \Rightarrow '*b*::*zero*) \Rightarrow '*a* \Rightarrow '*b*
where *restrict0 A f x* = (*if* $x \in A$ *then* *f x* *else* 0)

lemma *restrict0-UNIV*[*simp*]: *restrict0 UNIV* = ($\lambda x. x$)
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *extensional0-restrict0*[*intro, simp*]: *extensional0 A* (*restrict0 A f*)
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *restrict0-times*: *restrict0 A* ($x * y$) = *restrict0 A x* * *restrict0 A y*
for $x :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \text{mult-zero}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *restrict0-apply-in*[*simp*]: $x \in A \implies \text{restrict0 } A f x = f x$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *restrict0-apply-out*[*simp*]: $x \notin A \implies \text{restrict0 } A f x = 0$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *restrict0-scaleR*: *restrict0 A* ($c *_{\mathbb{R}} f \implies 'a :: \text{real-vector}$) = $c *_{\mathbb{R}}$ *restrict0 A f*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *restrict0-add*: *restrict0 A* ($f + g \implies 'a :: \text{real-vector}$) = *restrict0 A f* + *restrict0 A g*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *restrict0-restrict0*: *restrict0 X* (*restrict0 Y f*) = *restrict0* ($X \cap Y$) *f*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

8.2 Real vector (sub)spaces

locale *real-vector-space-on* = **fixes** *S* **assumes** *subspace*: *subspace S*
begin

sublocale *vector-space-on S scaleR*
rewrites *span-eq-real*: *local.span* = *real-vector.span*

```

    and dependent-eq-real: local.dependent = real-vector.dependent
    and subspace-eq-real: local.subspace = real-vector.subspace
  <proof>

lemma dim-eq: local.dim X = real-vector.dim X if X ⊆ S
<proof>

end

locale real-vector-space-pair-on = vs1: real-vector-space-on S + vs2: real-vector-space-on
T for S T
begin

sublocale vector-space-pair-on S T scaleR scaleR
rewrites span-eq-real1: module-on.span scaleR = vs1.span
  and dependent-eq-real1: module-on.dependent scaleR = vs1.dependent
  and subspace-eq-real1: module-on.subspace scaleR = vs1.subspace
  and span-eq-real2: module-on.span scaleR = vs2.span
  and dependent-eq-real2: module-on.dependent scaleR = vs2.dependent
  and subspace-eq-real2: module-on.subspace scaleR = vs2.subspace
  <proof>

end

locale finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-on = real-vector-space-on S for S +
  fixes basis :: 'a set
  assumes finite-dimensional-basis: finite basis ¬ dependent basis span basis = S
  basis ⊆ S
begin

sublocale finite-dimensional-vector-space-on S scaleR basis
rewrites span-eq-real: local.span = real-vector.span
  and dependent-eq-real: local.dependent = real-vector.dependent
  and subspace-eq-real: local.subspace = real-vector.subspace
  <proof>

end

locale finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-pair-1-on =
  vs1: finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-on S1 basis +
  vs2: real-vector-space-on S2
  for S1 S2 basis
begin

sublocale finite-dimensional-vector-space-pair-1-on S1 S2 scaleR scaleR basis
rewrites span-eq-real1: module-on.span scaleR = vs1.span
  and dependent-eq-real1: module-on.dependent scaleR = vs1.dependent
  and subspace-eq-real1: module-on.subspace scaleR = vs1.subspace
  and span-eq-real2: module-on.span scaleR = vs2.span

```



```

    and dependent-eq-real2: module-on.dependent scaleR = vs2.dependent
    and subspace-eq-real2: module-on.subspace scaleR = vs2.subspace
  ⟨proof⟩

end

locale finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-pair-on =
  vs1: finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-on S1 Basis1 +
  vs2: finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-on S2 Basis2
  for S1 S2 Basis1 Basis2
begin

sublocale finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-pair-1-on S1 S2 Basis1
  ⟨proof⟩

sublocale finite-dimensional-vector-space-pair-on S1 S2 scaleR scaleR Basis1 Basis2
  rewrites module-on.span scaleR = vs1.span
  and module-on.dependent scaleR = vs1.dependent
  and module-on.subspace scaleR = vs1.subspace
  and module-on.span scaleR = vs2.span
  and module-on.dependent scaleR = vs2.dependent
  and module-on.subspace scaleR = vs2.subspace
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

8.3 Derivations

context *c-manifold* **begin**

Set of C^k differentiable functions on carrier, where the smooth structure is given by charts. We assume f is zero outside carrier

definition *diff-fun-space* :: ($'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$) set **where**
diff-fun-space = { f . *diff-fun* k *charts* $f \wedge \text{extensional0}$ *carrier* f }

lemma *diff-fun-spaceD*: *diff-fun* k *charts* f **if** $f \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-space-order-le*: *diff-fun-space* \subseteq *c-manifold.diff-fun-space* *charts* l
if $l \leq k$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-space-extensionalD*:
 $g \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies \text{extensional0}$ *carrier* g
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *diff-fun-space-eq*: *diff-fun-space* = { f . *diff-fun* k *charts* f } \cap { f . *extensional0* *carrier* f }
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *subspace-diff-fun-space*[*intro, simp*]:
subspace diff-fun-space
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-fun-space-times*: $f * g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
if $f \in \text{diff-fun-space}$ $g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *diff-fun-space-add*: $f + g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
if $f \in \text{diff-fun-space}$ $g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Set of differentiable functions is a vector space

sublocale *diff-fun-space*: *vector-space-pair-on diff-fun-space UNIV::real set scaleR*
scaleR
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Linear functional from differentiable functions to real numbers

abbreviation *linear-diff-fun* \equiv *linear-on diff-fun-space (UNIV::real set) scaleR*
scaleR

Definition of a derivation.

A linear functional X is a derivation if it additionally satisfies the property $X (f * g) = f p * X g + g p * X f$. This is suppose to represent the product rule.

definition *is-derivation* :: $(('a \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**
is-derivation $X p \longleftrightarrow (\text{linear-diff-fun } X \wedge$
 $(\forall f g. f \in \text{diff-fun-space} \longrightarrow g \in \text{diff-fun-space} \longrightarrow X (f * g) = f p * X g +$
 $g p * X f))$

lemma *is-derivationI*:
is-derivation $X p$
if *linear-diff-fun* X
 $\bigwedge f g. f \in \text{diff-fun-space} \Longrightarrow g \in \text{diff-fun-space} \Longrightarrow X (f * g) = f p * X g + g$
 $p * X f$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *is-derivationD*:
assumes *is-derivation* $X p$
shows *is-derivation-linear-on*: *linear-diff-fun* X
and *is-derivation-derivation*: $\bigwedge f g. f \in \text{diff-fun-space} \Longrightarrow g \in \text{diff-fun-space}$
 $\Longrightarrow X (f * g) = f p * X g + g p * X f$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Differentiable functions on the Euclidean space

lemma *manifold-eucl-diff-fun-space-iff*[*simp*]:
 $g \in \text{manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space } k \longleftrightarrow k\text{-smooth-on } UNIV \ g$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

8.4 Tangent space

Definition of the tangent space.

The tangent space at a point p is defined to be the set of derivations. Note we need to restrict the domain of the functional to differentiable functions.

definition *tangent-space* :: 'a \Rightarrow (('a \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) set **where**
tangent-space $p = \{X. \text{is-derivation } X \ p \wedge \text{extensional0 } \text{diff-fun-space } X\}$

lemma *tangent-space-eq*: *tangent-space* $p = \{X. \text{is-derivation } X \ p\} \cap \{X. \text{extensional0 } \text{diff-fun-space } X\}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *mem-tangent-space*: $X \in \text{tangent-space } p \iff \text{is-derivation } X \ p \wedge \text{extensional0 } \text{diff-fun-space } X$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *tangent-spaceI*:

$X \in \text{tangent-space } p$
if
 extensional0 *diff-fun-space* X
 linear-diff-fun X
 $\bigwedge f \ g. f \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies g \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies X (f * g) = f \ p * X \ g + g \ p * X \ f$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *tangent-spaceD*:

assumes $X \in \text{tangent-space } p$
shows *tangent-space-linear-on*: *linear-diff-fun* X
and *tangent-space-restrict*: *extensional0* *diff-fun-space* X
and *tangent-space-derivation*: $\bigwedge f \ g. f \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies g \in \text{diff-fun-space} \implies X (f * g) = f \ p * X \ g + g \ p * X \ f$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *is-derivation-0*: *is-derivation* $0 \ p$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *is-derivation-add*: *is-derivation* $(x + y) \ p$
if x : *is-derivation* $x \ p$ **and** y : *is-derivation* $y \ p$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *is-derivation-scaleR*: *is-derivation* $(c *_{\mathbb{R}} x) \ p$
if x : *is-derivation* $x \ p$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *subspace-is-derivation*: *subspace* $\{X. \text{is-derivation } X \ p\}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *subspace-tangent-space*: *subspace* $(\text{tangent-space } p)$
 ⟨proof⟩

sublocale *tangent-space*: *real-vector-space-on tangent-space p*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *tangent-space-dim-eq*: *tangent-space.dim p X = dim X*
if $X \subseteq \textit{tangent-space } p$
⟨*proof*⟩

properties of derivations

lemma *restrict0-in-fun-space*: *restrict0 carrier f ∈ diff-fun-space*
if *diff-fun k charts f*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *restrict0-const-diff-fun-space*: *restrict0 carrier (λx. c) ∈ diff-fun-space*
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *derivation-one-eq-zero*: $X (\textit{restrict0 carrier } (\lambda x. 1)) = 0$ (**is** $X \textit{ ?f1} = -$)
if $X \in \textit{tangent-space } p \ p \in \textit{carrier}$
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *derivation-const-eq-zero*: $X (\textit{restrict0 carrier } (\lambda x. c)) = 0$
if $X \in \textit{tangent-space } p \ p \in \textit{carrier}$
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *derivation-times-eq-zeroI*: $X (f * g) = 0$ **if** $X : X \in \textit{tangent-space } p$
and $d : f \in \textit{diff-fun-space } g \in \textit{diff-fun-space}$
and $z : f \ p = 0 \ g \ p = 0$
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *derivation-zero-localI*: $X f = 0$
if *open W p ∈ W W ⊆ carrier*
 $X \in \textit{tangent-space } p$
 $f \in \textit{diff-fun-space}$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in W \implies f \ x = 0$
⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *derivation-eq-localI*: $X f = X g$
if *open U p ∈ U U ⊆ carrier*
 $X \in \textit{tangent-space } p$
 $f \in \textit{diff-fun-space}$
 $g \in \textit{diff-fun-space}$
 $\bigwedge x. x \in U \implies f \ x = g \ x$
⟨*proof*⟩

end

8.5 Push-forward on the tangent space

context *diff* **begin**

Push-forward on tangent spaces.

Given an element of the tangent space at src , considered as a functional X , the push-forward of X is a functional at dest , mapping g to $X (g \circ f)$.

definition *push-forward* :: $((\text{'a} \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow (\text{'b} \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real}$ **where**
push-forward $X = \text{restrict0 dest.diff-fun-space } (\lambda g. X (\text{restrict0 src.carrier } (g \circ f)))$

lemma *extensional-push-forward*: *extensional0 dest.diff-fun-space (push-forward X)*
<proof>

lemma *linear-push-forward*: *linear push-forward*
<proof>

Properties of push-forwards

lemma *restrict-compose-in-diff-fun-space*:
 $x \in \text{dest.diff-fun-space} \implies \text{restrict0 src.carrier } (x \circ f) \in \text{src.diff-fun-space}$
<proof>

Push-forward of a linear functional is a linear

lemma *linear-on-diff-fun-push-forward*:
 $\text{dest.linear-diff-fun } (\text{push-forward } X)$
if $\text{src.linear-diff-fun } X$
<proof>

Push-forward preserves the product rule

lemma *push-forward-is-derivation*:
 $\text{push-forward } X (x * y) = x (f p) * \text{push-forward } X y + y (f p) * \text{push-forward } X x$
(is ?l = ?r)
if *deriv*: $\bigwedge x y. x \in \text{src.diff-fun-space} \implies y \in \text{src.diff-fun-space} \implies X (x * y) = x p * X y + y p * X x$
and *dx*: $x \in \text{dest.diff-fun-space}$
and *dy*: $y \in \text{dest.diff-fun-space}$
and *p*: $p \in \text{src.carrier}$
<proof>

Combining, we show that the push-forward of a derivation is a derivation

lemma *push-forward-in-tangent-space*:
 $\text{push-forward } \text{' } (\text{src.tangent-space } p) \subseteq \text{dest.tangent-space } (f p)$
if $p \in \text{src.carrier}$
<proof>

end

Functoriality of push-forward: identity

context *c-manifold* **begin**

lemma *push-forward-id*:
 $\text{diff.push-forward } k \text{ charts charts } f X = X$
if $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{carrier} \implies f x = x$
 $X \in \text{tangent-space } p \ p \in \text{carrier}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

Functoriality of push-forward: composition

lemma *push-forward-compose*:
 $\text{diff.push-forward } k \ M2 \ M3 \ g \ (\text{diff.push-forward } k \ M1 \ M2 \ f \ X) = \text{diff.push-forward}$
 $k \ M1 \ M3 \ (g \ o \ f) \ X$
if $X \in \text{c-manifold.tangent-space } M1 \ k \ p \ p \in \text{manifold.carrier } M1$
and $df: \text{diff } k \ M1 \ M2 \ f$ **and** $dg: \text{diff } k \ M2 \ M3 \ g$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

context *diffeomorphism* **begin**

If f is a diffeomorphism, then the push-forward f^* is a bijection

lemma *inv-push-forward-inverse*: $\text{push-forward } (\text{inv.push-forward } X) = X$
if $X \in \text{dest.tangent-space } p \ p \in \text{dest.carrier}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *push-forward-inverse*: $\text{inv.push-forward } (\text{push-forward } X) = X$
if $X \in \text{src.tangent-space } p \ p \in \text{src.carrier}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *bij-betw-push-forward*:
 $\text{bij-betw push-forward } (\text{src.tangent-space } p) \ (\text{dest.tangent-space } (f \ p))$
if $p: p \in \text{src.carrier}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *dim-tangent-space-src-dest-eq*: $\text{dim } (\text{src.tangent-space } p) = \text{dim } (\text{dest.tangent-space}$
 $(f \ p))$
if $p: p \in \text{src.carrier}$ **and** $\text{dim } (\text{dest.tangent-space } (f \ p)) > 0$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *dim-tangent-space-src-dest-eq2*: $\text{dim } (\text{src.tangent-space } p) = \text{dim } (\text{dest.tangent-space}$
 $(f \ p))$
if $p: p \in \text{src.carrier}$ **and** $\text{dim } (\text{src.tangent-space } p) > 0$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

8.6 Smooth inclusion map

context *submanifold* **begin**

lemma *diff-inclusion*: $\text{diff } k \text{ (charts-submanifold } S \text{) charts } (\lambda x. x)$
 ⟨proof⟩

sublocale *inclusion*: $\text{diff } k \text{ charts-submanifold } S \text{ charts } \lambda x. x$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *linear-on-push-forward-inclusion*:
 $\text{linear-on (sub.tangent-space } p \text{) (tangent-space } p \text{) scaleR scaleR inclusion.push-forward}$
 ⟨proof⟩

Extension lemma: given a differentiable function on S , and a closed set $B \subseteq S$, there exists a function f' agreeing with f on B , such that the support of f' is contained in S .

lemma *extension-lemma-submanifoldE*:
fixes $f::'a \Rightarrow 'e::\text{euclidean-space}$
assumes $f: \text{diff-fun } k \text{ (charts-submanifold } S \text{) } f$
and $B: \text{closed } B \ B \subseteq \text{sub.carrier}$
obtains f' **where**
 $\text{diff-fun } k \text{ charts } f'$
 $(\bigwedge x. x \in B \implies f' x = f x)$
 $\text{csupport-on carrier } f' \cap \text{carrier} \subseteq \text{sub.carrier}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *inj-on-push-forward-inclusion*: $\text{inj-on inclusion.push-forward (sub.tangent-space } p \text{)}$
if $p: p \in \text{sub.carrier}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *surj-on-push-forward-inclusion*:
 $\text{inclusion.push-forward ' sub.tangent-space } p \supseteq \text{tangent-space } p$
if $p: p \in \text{sub.carrier}$
 ⟨proof⟩

end

8.7 Tangent space of submanifold

lemma *span-idem*: $\text{span } X = X$ **if** *subspace* X
 ⟨proof⟩

context *submanifold* **begin**

lemma *dim-tangent-space*: $\text{dim (tangent-space } p \text{) = dim (sub.tangent-space } p \text{)}$
if $p \in \text{sub.carrier dim (sub.tangent-space } p \text{) > 0}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *dim-tangent-space2*: $\text{dim (tangent-space } p \text{) = dim (sub.tangent-space } p \text{)}$
if $p \in \text{sub.carrier dim (tangent-space } p \text{) > 0}$
 ⟨proof⟩

end

8.8 Directional derivatives

When the manifold is the Euclidean space, The Frechet derivative at a in the direction of v is an element of the tangent space at a .

definition *directional-derivative::enat* $\Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a::euclidean-space \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real$ **where**
directional-derivative $k a v = restrict0 (manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space k) (\lambda f. frechet-derivative f (at a) v)$

lemma *extensional0-directional-derivative*:
extensional0 (manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space k) (directional-derivative k a v)
<proof>

lemma *extensional0-directional-derivative-le*:
extensional0 (manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space k) (directional-derivative k' a v)
if $k \leq k'$
<proof>

lemma *directional-derivative-add[simp]*: *directional-derivative k a (x + y) = directional-derivative k a x + directional-derivative k a y*
and *directional-derivative-scaleR[simp]*: *directional-derivative k a (c *_R x) = c *_R directional-derivative k a x*
if $k \neq 0$
<proof>

lemma *linear-directional-derivative: k ≠ 0 ⇒ linear (directional-derivative k a)*
<proof>

lemma *frechet-derivative-inner[simp]*:
frechet-derivative (λx. x · j) (at a) = (λx. x · j)
<proof>

lemma *smooth-on-inner-const[simp]*: *k-smooth-on UNIV (λx. x · j)*
<proof>

lemma *directional-derivative-inner[simp]*: *directional-derivative k a x (λx. x · j) = x · j*
<proof>

lemma *sum-apply*: *sum f X i = sum (λx. f x i) X*
<proof>

lemma *inj-on-directional-derivative*: *inj-on (directional-derivative k a) S* **if** $k \neq 0$
<proof>

lemma *directional-derivative-eq-frechet-derivative*:

directional-derivative k a v $f = \text{frechet-derivative } f \text{ (at } a) v$
if k -smooth-on UNIV f
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *directional-derivative-linear-on-diff-fun-space*:
 $k \neq 0 \implies \text{manifold-eucl.linear-diff-fun } k \text{ (directional-derivative } k \text{ } a \text{ } x)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *directional-derivative-is-derivation*:
 $\text{directional-derivative } k \text{ } a \text{ } x (f * g) = f a * \text{directional-derivative } k \text{ } a \text{ } x g + g a * \text{directional-derivative } k \text{ } a \text{ } x f$
if $f \in \text{manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space } k$ $g \in \text{manifold-eucl.diff-fun-space } k$ $k \neq 0$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *directional-derivative-in-tangent-space*[intro, simp]:
 $k \neq 0 \implies \text{directional-derivative } k \text{ } a \text{ } x \in \text{manifold-eucl.tangent-space } k \text{ } a \text{ for } x$
 ⟨proof⟩

context c -manifold **begin**

lemma *is-derivation-order-le*:
 $\text{is-derivation } X \text{ } p$
if $l \leq k$ c -manifold.is-derivation charts l $X \text{ } p$
 ⟨proof⟩

end

lemma *smooth-on-imp-differentiable-on*: f differentiable-on S
if k -smooth-on S f $k > 0$
 ⟨proof⟩

Key result: for the Euclidean space, the Frechet derivatives are the only elements of the tangent space.

This result only holds for smooth manifolds, not for C^k differentiable manifolds. Smoothness is used at a key point in the proof.

lemma *surj-directional-derivative*:
 $\text{range (directional-derivative } k \text{ } a) = \text{manifold-eucl.tangent-space } k \text{ } a$
if $k = \infty$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *span-directional-derivative*:
 $\text{span (directional-derivative } \infty \text{ } a \text{ 'Basis)} = \text{manifold-eucl.tangent-space } \infty \text{ } a$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *directional-derivative-in-span*:
 $\text{directional-derivative } \infty \text{ } a \text{ } x \in \text{span (directional-derivative } \infty \text{ } a \text{ 'Basis)}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *linear-on-directional-derivative:*

$k \neq 0 \implies \text{linear-on UNIV (manifold-eucl.tangent-space } k \ a) \ (*_R) \ (*_R) \ (\text{directional-derivative } k \ a)$
(proof)

The directional derivatives at Basis forms a basis of the tangent space at a

interpretation *manifold-eucl: finite-dimensional-real-vector-space-on manifold-eucl.tangent-space ∞ a directional-derivative ∞ a 'Basis*
(proof)

lemma *independent-directional-derivative:*

$k \neq 0 \implies \text{independent (directional-derivative } k \ a \ \text{'Basis)}$
(proof)

8.9 Dimension

For the Euclidean space, the dimension of the tangent space equals the dimension of the original space.

lemma *dim-eucl-tangent-space:*

$\text{dim (manifold-eucl.tangent-space } \infty \ a) = \text{DIM('a) for } a::\text{'a::euclidean-space}$
(proof)

context *c-manifold begin*

For a general manifold, the dimension of the tangent space at point p equals the dimension of the manifold.

lemma *dim-tangent-space: dim (tangent-space p) = DIM('b) if p: p \in carrier and smooth: k = ∞*
(proof)

end

end

9 Cotangent Space

theory *Cotangent-Space*

imports *Tangent-Space*

begin

9.1 Dual of a vector space

abbreviation *linear-fun-on S \equiv linear-on S (UNIV::real set) scaleR scaleR*

definition *dual-space :: 'a::real-vector set \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow real) set where*
 $\text{dual-space } S = \{E. \text{linear-fun-on } S \ E \wedge \text{extensional0 } S \ E\}$

lemma *dual-space-eq*:

dual-space $S = \{E. \text{linear-fun-on } S E\} \cap \{E. \text{extensional0 } S E\}$
<proof>

lemma *mem-dual-space*:

$E \in \text{dual-space } S \iff \text{linear-fun-on } S E \wedge \text{extensional0 } S E$
<proof>

lemma *dual-spaceI*:

$E \in \text{dual-space } S$
if *extensional0* $S E$ *linear-fun-on* $S E$
<proof>

lemma *dual-spaceD*:

assumes $E \in \text{dual-space } S$
shows *dual-space-linear-on*: *linear-fun-on* $S E$
and *dual-space-restrict[simp]*: *extensional0* $S E$
<proof>

lemma *linear-fun-on-zero*:

linear-fun-on $S 0$
if *subspace* S
<proof>

lemma *linear-fun-on* $S x \implies a \in S \implies b \in S \implies x (a + b) = x a + x b$

<proof>

lemma *linear-fun-on-add*:

linear-fun-on $S (x + y)$
if x : *linear-fun-on* $S x$ **and** y : *linear-fun-on* $S y$ **and** S : *subspace* S
<proof>

lemma *linear-fun-on-scaleR*:

linear-fun-on $S (c *_{\mathbb{R}} x)$
if x : *linear-fun-on* $S x$ **and** S : *subspace* S
<proof>

lemma *subspace-linear-fun-on*:

subspace $\{E. \text{linear-fun-on } S E\}$
if *subspace* S
<proof>

lemma *subspace-dual-space*:

subspace (*dual-space* S)
if *subspace* S
<proof>

9.2 Dimension of dual space

Mapping from S to the dual of S

context fixes B S **assumes** B : independent B span $B = S$
begin

definition *inner-Basis* a $b = (\sum_{i \in B}. \text{representation } B \ a \ i * \text{representation } B \ b \ i)$

— TODO: move to library

definition *std-dual* :: ' a ::real-vector \Rightarrow ($'a \Rightarrow$ real) **where**
std-dual $a = \text{restrict0 } S \ (\text{restrict0 } S \ (\lambda b. \text{inner-Basis } a \ b))$

lemma *inner-Basis-add*:

$b1 \in S \Longrightarrow b2 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } (b1 + b2) \ v = \text{inner-Basis } b1 \ v + \text{inner-Basis } b2 \ v$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *inner-Basis-add2*:

$b1 \in S \Longrightarrow b2 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } v \ (b1 + b2) = \text{inner-Basis } v \ b1 + \text{inner-Basis } v \ b2$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *inner-Basis-scale*:

$b1 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } (c *_{\mathbb{R}} b1) \ v = c * \text{inner-Basis } b1 \ v$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *inner-Basis-scale2*:

$b1 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } v \ (c *_{\mathbb{R}} b1) = c * \text{inner-Basis } v \ b1$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *inner-Basis-minus*:

$b1 \in S \Longrightarrow b2 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } (b1 - b2) \ v = \text{inner-Basis } b1 \ v - \text{inner-Basis } b2 \ v$

and *inner-Basis-minus2*:

$b1 \in S \Longrightarrow b2 \in S \Longrightarrow \text{inner-Basis } v \ (b1 - b2) = \text{inner-Basis } v \ b1 - \text{inner-Basis } v \ b2$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *sum-zero-representation*:

$v = 0$

if $\bigwedge b. b \in B \Longrightarrow \text{representation } B \ v \ b = 0$ **and** $v: v \in S$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *inner-Basis-0[simp]*: $\text{inner-Basis } 0 \ a = 0$ $\text{inner-Basis } a \ 0 = 0$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *inner-Basis-eq-zeroI*: $a = 0$ **if** $\text{inner-Basis } a \ a = 0$

and *finite* $B \ a \in S$

<proof>

lemma *inner-Basis-zero: inner-Basis* $a = 0 \iff a = 0$
if *finite* B $a \in S$
<proof>

lemma *subspace-S: subspace* S
<proof>

interpretation *S: real-vector-space-on* S
<proof>

interpretation *dual: real-vector-space-on dual-space* S
<proof>

lemma *std-dual-linear:*
linear-on S (*dual-space* S) *scaleR scaleR std-dual*
<proof>

lemma *image-std-dual:*
std-dual $' S \subseteq$ *dual-space* S
if *subspace* S
<proof>

lemma *inj-std-dual:*
inj-on std-dual S
if *subspace* S *finite* B
<proof>

lemma *inner-Basis-sum:*
 $(\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies x i \in S) \implies$ *inner-Basis* $(\sum i \in I. x i) v = (\sum i \in I. \text{inner-Basis}$
 $(x i) v)$
<proof>

lemma *inner-Basis-sum2:*
 $(\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies x i \in S) \implies$ *inner-Basis* $v (\sum i \in I. x i) = (\sum i \in I. \text{inner-Basis}$
 $v (x i))$
<proof>

lemma *B-sub-S: B* $\subseteq S$
<proof>

lemma *inner-Basis-eq-representation:*
inner-Basis $i x =$ *representation* $B x i$
if $i \in B$ *finite* B
<proof>

lemma *surj-std-dual:*
std-dual $' S \supseteq$ *dual-space* S **if** *subspace* S *finite* B

<proof>

lemma *std-dual-bij-betw*:

bij-betw (std-dual) S (dual-space S)

if *finite B*

<proof>

lemma *std-dual-eq-dual-space*: *finite B* \implies *std-dual ' S = dual-space S*

<proof>

lemma *dim-dual-space*:

assumes *finite B*

shows *dim (dual-space S) = dim S*

<proof>

end

9.3 Dual map

context *real-vector-space-pair-on* **begin**

definition *dual-map* :: (*'a* \Rightarrow *'b*) \Rightarrow (*'b* \Rightarrow *real*) \Rightarrow (*'a* \Rightarrow *real*) **where**

dual-map f y = restrict0 S ($\lambda x. y (f x)$)

lemma *subspace-dual-S*: *subspace (dual-space S)*

<proof>

lemma *subspace-dual-T*: *subspace (dual-space T)*

<proof>

lemma *dual-map-linear*:

linear-on (dual-space T) (dual-space S) scaleR scaleR (dual-map f)

<proof>

lemma *image-dual-map*:

dual-map f ' (dual-space T) \subseteq dual-space S

if *f*: *linear-on S T scaleR scaleR f* **and**

defined: f ' S \subseteq T

<proof>

end

Functoriality of dual map: identity

context *real-vector-space-on* **begin**

lemma *dual-map-id*:

real-vector-space-pair-on.dual-map S f y = y

if *f*: $\bigwedge x. x \in S \implies f x = x$ **and** *y*: *y* \in *dual-space S*

<proof>

end

abbreviation $dual\text{-}map \equiv real\text{-}vector\text{-}space\text{-}pair\text{-}on.dual\text{-}map$

lemmas $dual\text{-}map\text{-}def = real\text{-}vector\text{-}space\text{-}pair\text{-}on.dual\text{-}map\text{-}def$

Functoriality of dual map: composition

lemma $dual\text{-}map\text{-}compose$:

$dual\text{-}map\ S\ f\ (dual\text{-}map\ T\ g\ x) = dual\text{-}map\ S\ (g\ \circ\ f)\ x$

if $x \in dual\text{-}space\ U$ **and** $linear\text{-}on\ T\ U\ scaleR\ scaleR\ g$

and $f: linear\text{-}on\ S\ T\ scaleR\ scaleR\ f$

and $defined: f\ 'S \subseteq T$

and $ST: real\text{-}vector\text{-}space\text{-}pair\text{-}on\ S\ T$

and $TU: real\text{-}vector\text{-}space\text{-}pair\text{-}on\ T\ U$

$\langle proof \rangle$

9.4 Definition of cotangent space

context $c\text{-}manifold$ **begin**

definition $cotangent\text{-}space :: 'a \Rightarrow (((('a \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real)$ **set where**

$cotangent\text{-}space\ p = dual\text{-}space\ (tangent\text{-}space\ p)$

lemma $subspace\text{-}cotangent\text{-}space$:

$subspace\ (cotangent\text{-}space\ p)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

sublocale $cotangent\text{-}space: real\text{-}vector\text{-}space\text{-}on\ cotangent\text{-}space\ p$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $cotangent\text{-}space\text{-}dim\text{-}eq: cotangent\text{-}space.dim\ p\ X = dim\ X$

if $X \subseteq cotangent\text{-}space\ p$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $dim\text{-}cotangent\text{-}space$:

$dim\ (cotangent\text{-}space\ p) = DIM('b)$ **if** $p \in carrier$ **and** $k = \infty$

$\langle proof \rangle$

end

9.5 Pullback of cotangent space

context $diff$ **begin**

definition $pull\text{-}back :: 'a \Rightarrow (((('b \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow real$ **where**

$\Rightarrow real$ **where**

$pull\text{-}back\ p = dual\text{-}map\ (src.tangent\text{-}space\ p)\ push\text{-}forward$

lemma

linear-pullback: linear-on (dest.cotangent-space (f p)) (src.cotangent-space p)
scaleR scaleR (pull-back p) and
image-pullback: pull-back p ' (dest.cotangent-space (f p)) \subseteq src.cotangent-space p
if $p \in \text{src.carrier}$
{proof}

end

9.6 Cotangent field of a function

context *c-manifold* **begin**

Given a function f , the cotangent vector of f at a point p is defined as follows:
given a tangent vector X at p , considered as a functional, evaluate X on f .

definition *cotangent-field* :: $('a \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ((('a \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real})$
where

cotangent-field f p = restrict0 (tangent-space p) ($\lambda X. X f$)

lemma *cotangent-field-is-cotangent:*

cotangent-field f p \in cotangent-space p
{proof}

9.7 Tangent field of a path

Given a path c , the tangent vector of c at real number x (or at point $c(x)$)
is defined as follows: given a function f , take the derivative of the real-valued
function $f \circ c$.

definition *tangent-field* :: $(\text{real} \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow \text{real} \Rightarrow ((('a \Rightarrow \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real})$ **where**

tangent-field c x = restrict0 diff-fun-space ($\lambda f. \text{frechet-derivative } (f \circ c) \text{ (at } x)$
1)

lemma *tangent-field-is-tangent:*

tangent-field c x \in tangent-space (c x)
if *c-smooth: diff k charts-eucl charts c* **and** *smooth: k > 0*
{proof}

9.8 Integral along a path

lemma *fundamental-theorem-of-path-integral:*

(($\lambda x. (\text{cotangent-field } f \text{ (c x)) (tangent-field } c \text{ x)}) \text{ has-integral } f \text{ (c b) - } f \text{ (c a)})$
{a..b}

if *ab: a \leq b* **and** *f: f \in diff-fun-space* **and** *c: diff k charts-eucl charts c* **and** *k:*
k \neq 0

{proof}

end

end

10 Product Manifold

```

theory Product-Manifold
  imports Differentiable-Manifold
begin

locale c-manifold-prod =
  m1: c-manifold charts1 k +
  m2: c-manifold charts2 k for k charts1 charts2

begin

lift-definition prod-chart :: ('a, 'b) chart  $\Rightarrow$  ('c, 'd) chart  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\times$  'c, 'b  $\times$  'd)
chart
  is  $\lambda$ (d::'a set, d'::'b set, f::'a $\Rightarrow$ 'b, f'::'b $\Rightarrow$ 'a).
     $\lambda$ (e::'c set, e'::'d set, g::'c $\Rightarrow$ 'd, g'::'d $\Rightarrow$ 'c).
      (d  $\times$  e, d'  $\times$  e',  $\lambda$ (x,y). (f x, g y),  $\lambda$ (x,y). (f' x, g' y))
     $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

lemma domain-prod-chart[simp]: domain (prod-chart c1 c2) = domain c1  $\times$  do-
main c2
  and codomain-prod-chart[simp]: codomain (prod-chart c1 c2) = codomain c1  $\times$ 
codomain c2
  and apply-prod-chart[simp]: apply-chart (prod-chart c1 c2) = ( $\lambda$ (x,y). (c1 x, c2
y))
  and inv-chart-prod-chart[simp]: inv-chart (prod-chart c1 c2) = ( $\lambda$ (x,y). (inv-chart
c1 x, inv-chart c2 y))
     $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

lemma prod-chart-compat:
  k-smooth-compat (prod-chart c1 c2) (prod-chart d1 d2)
  if compat1: k-smooth-compat c1 d1 and compat2: k-smooth-compat c2 d2
     $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

definition prod-charts :: ('a  $\times$  'c, 'b  $\times$  'd) chart set where
  prod-charts = {prod-chart c1 c2 | c1 c2. c1  $\in$  charts1  $\wedge$  c2  $\in$  charts2}

lemma c-manifold-atlas-product: c-manifold prod-charts k
   $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

end

end

```

11 Sphere

```

theory Sphere
  imports Differentiable-Manifold
begin

```

```

typedef (overloaded) ('a::real-normed-vector) sphere =
  {a::'a×real. norm a = 1}
  ⟨proof⟩

setup-lifting type-definition-sphere

lift-definition top-sphere :: ('a::real-normed-vector) sphere is (0, 1) ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition st-proj1 :: ('a::real-normed-vector) sphere ⇒ 'a is
  λ(x,z). x /R (1 - z) ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition st-proj1-inv :: ('a::real-normed-vector) ⇒ 'a sphere is
  λx. ((2 / ((norm x) ^ 2 + 1)) *R x, ((norm x) ^ 2 - 1) / ((norm x) ^ 2 + 1))
  ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition bot-sphere :: ('a::real-normed-vector) sphere is (0, -1) ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition st-proj2 :: ('a::real-normed-vector) sphere ⇒ 'a is
  λ(x,z). x /R (1 + z) ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition st-proj2-inv :: ('a::real-normed-vector) ⇒ 'a sphere is
  λx. ((2 / ((norm x) ^ 2 + 1)) *R x, (1 - (norm x) ^ 2) / ((norm x) ^ 2 + 1))
  ⟨proof⟩

instantiation sphere :: (real-normed-vector) topological-space
begin

lift-definition open-sphere :: 'a sphere set ⇒ bool is
  openin (subtopology (euclidean::('a×real) topology) {a. norm a = 1}) ⟨proof⟩

instance
  ⟨proof⟩

end

instance sphere :: (real-normed-vector) t2-space
  ⟨proof⟩

instance sphere :: (euclidean-space) second-countable-topology
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma transfer-continuous-on1 [transfer-rule]:
  includes lifting-syntax
  shows (rel-set (=) ==> ((=) ==> pcr-sphere (=)) ==> (=)) (λX::'a::t2-space
  set. continuous-on X) continuous-on
  ⟨proof⟩

```

lemma *transfer-continuous-on2*[*transfer-rule*]:
includes *lifting-syntax*
shows (*rel-set* (*pcr-sphere* (=)) \implies (*pcr-sphere* (=) \implies (=)) \implies (=))
($\lambda X.$ *continuous-on* ($X \cap \{x. \text{norm } x = 1\}$)) ($\lambda X.$ *continuous-on* X)
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *st-proj1-inv-continuous*:
continuous-on UNIV st-proj1-inv
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *st-proj1-continuous*:
continuous-on (UNIV - {top-sphere}) st-proj1
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *st-proj1-inv*: *st-proj1-inv* (*st-proj1* x) = x
if $x \neq \text{top-sphere}$
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *st-proj1-inv-inv*: *st-proj1* (*st-proj1-inv* x) = x
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *st-proj1-inv-ne-top*: *st-proj1-inv* $xa \neq \text{top-sphere}$
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *homeomorphism-st-proj1*: *homeomorphism (UNIV - {top-sphere}) UNIV*
st-proj1 st-proj1-inv
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *st-proj2-inv-continuous*:
continuous-on UNIV st-proj2-inv
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *st-proj2-continuous*:
continuous-on (UNIV - {bot-sphere}) st-proj2
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *st-proj2-inv*: *st-proj2-inv* (*st-proj2* x) = x
if $x \neq \text{bot-sphere}$
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *st-proj2-inv-inv*: *st-proj2* (*st-proj2-inv* x) = x
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *st-proj2-inv-ne-top*: *st-proj2-inv* $xa \neq \text{bot-sphere}$
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *homeomorphism-st-proj2*: *homeomorphism (UNIV - {bot-sphere}) UNIV*
st-proj2 st-proj2-inv

<proof>

lift-definition *st-proj1-chart* :: ('a sphere, 'a::euclidean-space) chart
is (UNIV - {top-sphere::'a sphere}, UNIV::'a set, st-proj1, st-proj1-inv)
<proof>

lift-definition *st-proj2-chart* :: ('a sphere, 'a::euclidean-space) chart
is (UNIV - {bot-sphere::'a sphere}, UNIV::'a set, st-proj2, st-proj2-inv)
<proof>

lemma *st-projs-compat*:
includes *lifting-syntax*
shows ∞ -smooth-compat *st-proj1-chart st-proj2-chart*
<proof>

definition *charts-sphere* :: ('a::euclidean-space sphere, 'a) chart set **where**
charts-sphere \equiv {*st-proj1-chart, st-proj2-chart*}

lemma *c-manifold-atlas-sphere*: *c-manifold charts-sphere* ∞
<proof>

end

12 Projective Space

theory *Projective-Space*
imports *Differentiable-Manifold HOL-Library.Quotient-Set*
begin

Some of the main things to note here: double transfer ($-_i$ nonzero $-_i$ quotient)

12.1 Subtype of nonzero elements

lemma *open-ne-zero*: *open* {*x*::'a::t1-space. *x* \neq *c*}

<proof>

typedef (**overloaded**) 'a::euclidean-space *nonzero* = UNIV - {0::'a::euclidean-space}
<proof>

setup-lifting *type-definition-nonzero*

instantiation *nonzero* :: (euclidean-space) topological-space
begin

lift-definition *open-nonzero*::'a nonzero set \Rightarrow bool **is** *open*::'a set \Rightarrow bool *<proof>*

instance
<proof>

end

lemma *open-nonzero-openin-transfer*:

$(rel\text{-}set\ (pcr\text{-}nonzero\ A)\ ==> (=))\ (openin\ (top\text{-}of\text{-}set\ (Collect\ (Domainp\ (pcr\text{-}nonzero\ A))))\ open\ if\ is\text{-}equality\ A\ \langle proof \rangle$

instantiation *nonzero* :: (*euclidean-space*) *scaleR*

begin

lift-definition *scaleR-nonzero*::*real* \Rightarrow '*a nonzero* \Rightarrow '*a nonzero* **is** $\lambda c\ x.$ *if* $c = 0$ *then One* *else* $c *_{\mathbb{R}} x$ $\langle proof \rangle$

instance $\langle proof \rangle$

end

instantiation *nonzero* :: (*euclidean-space*) *plus*

begin

lift-definition *plus-nonzero*::'*a nonzero* \Rightarrow '*a nonzero* \Rightarrow '*a nonzero* **is** $\lambda x\ y.$ *if* $x + y = 0$ *then One* *else* $x + y$ $\langle proof \rangle$

instance $\langle proof \rangle$

end

instantiation *nonzero* :: (*euclidean-space*) *minus*

begin

lift-definition *minus-nonzero*::'*a nonzero* \Rightarrow '*a nonzero* \Rightarrow '*a nonzero* **is** $\lambda x\ y.$ *if* $x = y$ *then One* *else* $x - y$ $\langle proof \rangle$

instance $\langle proof \rangle$

end

instantiation *nonzero* :: (*euclidean-space*) *dist*

begin

lift-definition *dist-nonzero*::'*a nonzero* \Rightarrow '*a nonzero* \Rightarrow *real* **is** *dist* $\langle proof \rangle$

instance $\langle proof \rangle$

end

instantiation *nonzero* :: (*euclidean-space*) *norm*

begin

lift-definition *norm-nonzero*::'*a nonzero* \Rightarrow *real* **is** *norm* $\langle proof \rangle$

instance $\langle proof \rangle$

end

instance *nonzero* :: (*euclidean-space*) *t2-space*

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *scaleR-one-nonzero[simp]*: $1 *_{\mathbb{R}} x = (x::\text{nonzero})$

<proof>

lemma *scaleR-scaleR-nonzero[simp]*: $b \neq 0 \implies \text{scaleR } a (\text{scaleR } b x) = \text{scaleR } (a * b) (x::\text{nonzero})$
<proof>

instance *nonzero* :: (*euclidean-space*) *second-countable-topology*
<proof>

12.2 Quotient

inductive *proj-rel* :: '*a*::*euclidean-space nonzero* \Rightarrow '*a nonzero* \Rightarrow **bool** **for** *x* **where**
 $c \neq 0 \implies \text{proj-rel } x (c *_R x)$

lemma *proj-rel-parametric*: (*pcr-nonzero* *A* \implies *pcr-nonzero* *A* \implies (=))
proj-rel *proj-rel*
if [*transfer-rule*]: ((=) \implies *pcr-nonzero* *A* \implies *pcr-nonzero* *A*) ($*_R$) ($*_R$)
bi-unique *A*
<proof>

quotient-type (overloaded) '*a* *proj-space* = ('*a*::*euclidean-space* \times *real*) *nonzero*
/ *proj-rel*
morphisms *rep-proj* *Proj*
parametric *proj-rel-parametric*
<proof>

lemma *surj-Proj*: *surj* *Proj*
<proof>

definition *proj-topology* :: '*a*::*euclidean-space* *proj-space* *topology* **where**
proj-topology = *map-topology* *Proj* *euclidean*

instantiation *proj-space* :: (*euclidean-space*) *topological-space*
begin

definition *open-proj-space* :: '*a* *proj-space* *set* \Rightarrow **bool** **where**
open-proj-space = *openin* (*map-topology* *Proj* *euclidean*)

lemma *topspace-map-Proj*: *topspace* (*map-topology* *Proj* *euclidean*) = *UNIV*
<proof>

instance
<proof>

end

lemma *open-vimage-ProjI*: *open* *T* \implies *open* (*Proj* -' *T*)
<proof>

lemma *open-vimage-ProjD*: *open* (*Proj* -' *T*) \implies *open* *T*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$
lemma *open-vimage-Proj-iff[simp]*: $\text{open } (\text{Proj } - ' T) = \text{open } T$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *euclidean-proj-space-def*: $\text{euclidean} = \text{map-topology } \text{Proj } \text{euclidean}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *continuous-on-proj-spaceI*: $\text{continuous-on } (S) f$ **if** $\text{continuous-on } (\text{Proj } - ' S)$
 $(f \circ \text{Proj}) \text{ open } (S)$
for $f :: \text{proj-space} \Rightarrow -$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *saturate-eq*: $\text{Proj } - ' \text{Proj } ' X = (\bigcup_{c \in \text{UNIV} - \{0\}} (*_R) c ' X)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *open-scaling-nonzero*: $c \neq 0 \implies \text{open } s \implies \text{open } ((*_R) c ' s :: 'a :: \text{euclidean-space nonzero set})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

12.3 Proof of Hausdorff property

lemma *Proj-open-map*: $\text{open } (\text{Proj } ' X)$ **if** $\text{open } X$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *proj-rel-transfer[transfer-rule]*:
 $(\text{pcr-nonzero } A \implies \text{pcr-nonzero } A \implies (=)) (\lambda x a. \exists c. a = \text{sr } c x \wedge c \neq 0)$ *proj-rel*
if $[\text{transfer-rule}]$: $((=) \implies \text{pcr-nonzero } A \implies \text{pcr-nonzero } A)$ *sr* $(*_R)$
bi-unique A
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *bool-aux*: $a \wedge (a \longrightarrow b) \longleftrightarrow a \wedge b$ $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *closed-proj-rel*: $\text{closed } \{(x :: 'a :: \text{euclidean-space nonzero}, y :: 'a \text{ nonzero}). \text{proj-rel } x y\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *closed-Proj-rel*: $\text{closed } \{(x, y). \text{Proj } x = \text{Proj } y\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

instance *proj-space* :: (euclidean-space) *t2-space*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

instance *proj-space* :: (euclidean-space) *second-countable-topology*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

12.4 Charts

12.4.1 Chart for last coordinate

lift-definition *chart-last-nonzero* :: ('a::euclidean-space × real) nonzero ⇒ 'a is
 $\lambda(x,c). x /_R c$ *<proof>*

lemma *chart-last-nonzero-scaleR[simp]*: $c \neq 0 \implies \text{chart-last-nonzero } (c *_R n) =$
chart-last-nonzero n
<proof>

lift-definition *chart-last* :: 'a::euclidean-space proj-space ⇒ 'a is *chart-last-nonzero*
<proof>

lift-definition *chart-last-inv-nonzero* :: 'a ⇒ ('a::euclidean-space × real) nonzero
is
 $\lambda x. (x, 1)$
<proof>

lift-definition *chart-last-inv* :: 'a ⇒ 'a::euclidean-space proj-space is *chart-last-inv-nonzero*
<proof>

lift-definition *chart-last-domain-nonzeroP* :: ('a::euclidean-space × real) nonzero
⇒ bool is
 $\lambda x. \text{snd } x \neq 0$ *<proof>*

lift-definition *chart-last-domainP* :: 'a::euclidean-space proj-space ⇒ bool is *chart-last-domain-nonzeroP*
<proof>

lemma *open-chart-last-domain*: open (Collect *chart-last-domainP*)
<proof>

lemma *Proj-vimage-chart-last-domainP*: Proj -' Collect *chart-last-domainP* =
Collect (*chart-last-domain-nonzeroP*)
<proof>

lemma *chart-last-continuous*:
notes [*transfer-rule*] = *open-nonzero-openin-transfer*
shows *continuous-on* (Collect *chart-last-domainP*) *chart-last*
<proof>

lemma *chart-last-inv-continuous*:
notes [*transfer-rule*] = *open-nonzero-openin-transfer*
shows *continuous-on UNIV chart-last-inv*
<proof>

lemma *proj-rel-iff*: *proj-rel* $a\ b \longleftrightarrow (\exists c \neq 0. b = c *_R a)$
<proof>

lemma *chart-last-inverse*: *chart-last-inv* (*chart-last* x) = x if *chart-last-domainP*

x
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *chart-last-inv-inverse*: $chart\text{-}last (chart\text{-}last\text{-}inv\ x) = x$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *chart-last-domainP-chart-last-inv*: $chart\text{-}last\text{-}domainP (chart\text{-}last\text{-}inv\ x)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *homeomorphism-chart-last*:
homeomorphism (Collect *chart-last-domainP*) UNIV *chart-last chart-last-inv*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lift-definition *last-chart*::('a::euclidean-space proj-space, 'a) **chart is**
(Collect *chart-last-domainP*, UNIV, *chart-last*, *chart-last-inv*)
 $\langle proof \rangle$

12.4.2 Charts for first $DIM('a)$ coordinates

lift-definition *chart-basis-nonzero* :: 'a \Rightarrow ('a::euclidean-space \times real) nonzero \Rightarrow 'a
is
 $\lambda b. \lambda(x,c). (x + (c - x \cdot b) *_R b) /_R (x \cdot b)$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lift-definition *chart-basis* :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a::euclidean-space proj-space \Rightarrow 'a **is**
chart-basis-nonzero
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lift-definition *chart-basis-domain-nonzeroP* :: 'a \Rightarrow ('a::euclidean-space \times real) nonzero
 \Rightarrow bool **is**
 $\lambda b (x, -). (x \cdot b) \neq 0$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lift-definition *chart-basis-domainP* :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a::euclidean-space proj-space \Rightarrow bool
is *chart-basis-domain-nonzeroP*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Proj-vimage-chart-basis-domainP*:
Proj - 'Collect (*chart-basis-domainP* b) = Collect (*chart-basis-domain-nonzeroP*
b)
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *open-chart-basis-domain*: *open* (Collect (*chart-basis-domainP* b))
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *chart-basis-continuous*:
notes [*transfer-rule*] = *open-nonzero-openin-transfer*
shows *continuous-on* (Collect (*chart-basis-domainP* b)) (*chart-basis* b)
 $\langle proof \rangle$

context
fixes $b::'a::\text{euclidean-space}$
assumes $b: b \in \text{Basis}$
begin

lemma $b\text{-neg0}: b \neq 0 \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lift-definition $\text{chart-basis-inv-nonzero} :: 'a \Rightarrow ('a::\text{euclidean-space} \times \text{real}) \text{ nonzero}$
is
 $\lambda x. (x + (1 - x \cdot b) *_R b, x \cdot b)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lift-definition $\text{chart-basis-inv} :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space} \text{ proj-space}$ **is**
 $\text{chart-basis-inv-nonzero} \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{chart-basis-inv-continuous}$:
notes $[\text{transfer-rule}] = \text{open-nonzero-openin-transfer}$
shows $\text{continuous-on UNIV chart-basis-inv}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{chart-basis-inv-inverse}$: $\text{chart-basis } b \ (\text{chart-basis-inv } x) = x$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{chart-basis-inverse}$: $\text{chart-basis-inv} \ (\text{chart-basis } b \ x) = x$ **if** $\text{chart-basis-domainP } b \ x$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{chart-basis-domainP-chart-basis-inv}$: $\text{chart-basis-domainP } b \ (\text{chart-basis-inv } x)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{homeomorphism-chart-basis}$:
 $\text{homeomorphism} \ (\text{Collect} \ (\text{chart-basis-domainP } b)) \ \text{UNIV} \ (\text{chart-basis } b) \ \text{chart-basis-inv}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lift-definition $\text{basis-chart}::('a \ \text{proj-space}, 'a) \ \text{chart}$
is $(\text{Collect} \ (\text{chart-basis-domainP } b), \ \text{UNIV}, \ \text{chart-basis } b, \ \text{chart-basis-inv})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

12.4.3 Atlas

definition $\text{charts-proj-space} = \text{insert last-chart} \ (\text{basis-chart } ' \ \text{Basis})$

lemma $\text{chart-last-basis-defined}$:
 $\text{chart-last-domainP } xa \implies \text{chart-basis-domainP } b \ xa \implies \text{chart-last } xa \cdot b \neq 0$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *chart-basis-last-defined*:

$b \in \text{Basis} \implies \text{chart-last-domain} P \ x a \implies \text{chart-basis-domain} P \ b \ x a \implies \text{chart-basis}$
 $b \ x a \cdot b \neq 0$
(*proof*)

lemma *compat-last-chart*: ∞ -smooth-*compat last-chart* (*basis-chart* b)

if [*transfer-rule*]: $b \in \text{Basis}$
(*proof*)

lemma *smooth-on-basis-comp-inv*: *smooth-on* $\{x. (x + (1 - x \cdot a) *_{\mathbb{R}} a) \cdot b \neq 0\}$ (*chart-basis* $b \circ \text{chart-basis-inv}$ a)

if [*transfer-rule*]: $a \in \text{Basis}$ $b \in \text{Basis}$
(*proof*)

lemma *chart-basis-basis-defined*:

$a \neq b \implies \text{chart-basis-domain} P \ a \ x a \implies \text{chart-basis-domain} P \ b \ x a \implies \text{chart-basis}$
 $a \ x a \cdot b \neq 0$
if $a \in \text{Basis}$ $b \in \text{Basis}$
(*proof*)

lemma *compat-basis-chart*: ∞ -smooth-*compat* (*basis-chart* a) (*basis-chart* b)

if [*transfer-rule*]: $a \in \text{Basis}$ $b \in \text{Basis}$
(*proof*)

lemma *c-manifold-proj-space*: *c-manifold charts-proj-space* ∞

(*proof*)

end

References

- [1] J. M. Lee. *Introduction to Smooth Manifolds*. Springer-Verlag, New York, 2012.