Proof Terms for Term Rewriting

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Abstract

Proof terms are first-order terms that represent reductions in term rewriting. They were initially introduced in [6] and [5, Chapter 8] by van Oostrom and de Vrijer to study equivalences of reductions in left-linear rewrite systems. This entry formalizes proof terms for multisteps in first-order term rewrite systems. We define simple proof terms (i.e., without a composition operator) and establish the correspondence to multi-steps: each proof term represents a multi-step with the same source and target, and every multi-step can be expressed as a proof term. The formalization moreover includes operations on proof terms, such as residuals, join, and deletion and a method for labeling proof term sources to identify overlaps between two proof terms.

This formalization is part of the *Isabelle Formalization of Rewriting* IsaFoR and is an essential component of several formalized confluence and commutation results involving multi-steps [2, 3, 4, 1].

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1	\mathbf{P}	reliminaries			
theory Proof-Term-Utils imports First-Order-Terms.Matching First-Order-Terms.Term-Impl begin					
1.	1 U	Itilities for Lists			
s t	ssum hows using ase (hen s	obtain-list-with-property: $\mathbf{es} \ \forall \ x \in set \ xs. \ \exists \ a. \ P \ a \ x$ $\exists \ as. \ length \ as = \ length \ xs \ \land \ (\forall \ i < length \ xs. \ P \ (as!i) \ (xs!i))$ $assms \ \mathbf{proof}(induct \ xs)$ $Cons \ a \ xs)$ $\mathbf{how} \ ?case$ $metis \ length-map \ nth-map \ nth-mem)$			
8	ssum and	card-Union-Sum: es is-partition (map f [0 <length <math="">xs]) $\forall i < length xs. finite (f i)$</length>			
pr	oof-	$card \ (\bigcup i < length \ xs. \ f \ i) = (\sum i < length \ xs. \ card \ (f \ i))$			
from $assms(1)$ have $disi:nairwise$ ($\lambda s. t. disint(f.s)(f.t)$) {< $length.rs$ }					

```
unfolding pairwise-def is-partition-alt is-partition-alt-def disjnt-def by simp
  then have pairwise disjnt (f ` \{..< length xs\})
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) pairwiseD pairwise-imageI)
  then have card (\bigcup i < length \ xs. \ f \ i) = sum \ card \ (f ` \{.. < length \ xs\})
     using assms(2) card-Union-disjoint by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) imageE
less Than-iff)
  with disj show ?thesis
   using sum-card-image by (metis finite-lessThan)
qed
\textbf{lemma} \textit{ sum-sum-concat:} (\sum i < length \textit{ xs. } \sum x \leftarrow f \textit{ (xs!i). } \textit{ g x}) = (\sum x \leftarrow concat \textit{ (mapsileness)})
f(xs). g(x)
proof(induct xs)
 case (Cons a xs)
 then show ?case unfolding list.map concat.simps map-append sum-list-append
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) length-nth-simps(2) nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc
sum.conq sum.lessThan-Suc-shift)
qed simp
lemma concat-map2-zip:
 assumes length xs = length ys
   and \forall i < length \ xs. \ length \ (xs!i) = length \ (ys!i)
  shows concat (map2 \ zip \ xs \ ys) = zip \ (concat \ xs) \ (concat \ ys)
  using assms proof(induct xs arbitrary:ys rule:rev-induct)
  case (snoc \ x \ xs)
  from snoc(2) obtain y ys' where y:ys = ys'@[y]
   by (metis append-is-Nil-conv length-0-conv neq-Nil-conv rev-exhaust)
  moreover with snoc(2) have l:length xs = length ys' by simp
  moreover with snoc(3) have l': \forall i < length xs. length <math>(xs!i) = length (ys'!i)
  unfolding y by (metis (no-types, lifting) Ex-less-Suc add-Suc-right append.right-neutral
append-Cons-nth-left length-Cons length-append order-less-trans)
  ultimately have IH: concat (map2 \ zip \ xs \ ys') = zip \ (concat \ xs) \ (concat \ ys')
   using snoc(1) by presburger
 have *: concat (map 2 zip (xs @ [x]) ys) = concat (map 2 zip xs ys') @ (zip x y)
   unfolding y \ zip\text{-}append[OF \ l] by simp
 have length (concat \ xs) = length \ (concat \ ys')
   using l l' eq-length-concat-nth by blast
  then show ?case
   unfolding * IH unfolding y concat-append using zip-append by simp
qed simp
lemma sum-list-less:
 assumes less: i < j
   and i'j':i' < length xs j' < length xs
   and j'':j'' < length (xs!j')
   and sums: i = sum\text{-list} (map \ length \ (take \ i' \ xs)) + i'' \ j = sum\text{-list} (map \ length)
(take j' xs)) + j''
 shows i' \leq j'
proof(rule ccontr)
```

```
assume *:\neg i' \leq j'
  then have subsums:sum-list\ (map\ length\ (take\ i'\ xs)) = sum-list\ (map\ length
(take \ j' \ xs)) + sum\text{-}list \ (map \ length \ (take \ (i'-j') \ (drop \ j' \ xs)))
  by (metis le-add-diff-inverse map-append nat-le-linear sum-list-append take-add)
 from * have take (i' - j') (drop \ j' \ xs) = xs!j' \# (take \ (i' - (Suc \ j'))) (drop \ (Suc \ j'))
j') xs))
  using i'j' by (metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc Suc-diff-Suc linorder-le-less-linear take-Suc-Cons)
  with j'' have j'' < sum-list (map length (take (i'-j') (drop j' xs))) by simp
  then show False
   using sums subsums less by linarith
qed
lemma zip-symm: (x, y) \in set (zip \ xs \ ys) \Longrightarrow (y, x) \in set (zip \ ys \ xs)
 by (induct xs ys rule:list-induct2') auto
lemma sum-list-elem:
  (\sum x \leftarrow [y]. \ f \ x) = f \ y
 by simp
lemma sum-list-zero:
  assumes \forall i < length \ xs. \ f \ (xs!i) = 0
  shows (\sum x \leftarrow xs. \ f \ x) = 0
 by (metis assms map-eq-conv' monoid-add-class.sum-list-0)
lemma distinct-is-partition:
  assumes distinct (concat ts)
  shows is-partition (map set ts)
 using assms proof(induct ts)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
   using is-partition-Nil by auto
  case (Cons \ t \ ts)
  {fix i j assume j:j < length (t \# ts) and ij:i < j
   have (map\ set\ (t\#ts))!i\cap (map\ set\ (t\#ts))!j=\{\}\ \mathbf{proof}(cases\ i)
     show ?thesis using Cons(2) unfolding \theta
       using ij j by force
   next
     case (Suc \ n)
     from Cons have is-partition (map set ts) by simp
     then show ?thesis
     unfolding Suc is-partition-def using j ij using Suc Suc-less-eq2 by fastforce
   qed
  then show ?case unfolding is-partition-def by simp
qed
```

```
lemma filter-ex-index:
 assumes x = filter f xs ! i i < length (filter f xs)
 shows \exists j. j < length xs \land x = xs!j
 using assms proof(induct xs arbitrary:i)
 case (Cons \ y \ ys)
 show ?case proof(cases f y)
   case True
   then have filter: filter f(y\#ys) = y\#(filter\ f\ ys) by simp
   show ?thesis proof(cases i)
     case \theta
     from Cons(2) show ?thesis unfolding filter 0 by auto
   next
     case (Suc \ n)
     from Cons(2) have x = filter f ys! n
       unfolding Suc filter by simp
     moreover from Cons(3) have n < length (filter f ys)
      unfolding Suc filter by simp
     ultimately obtain j where j < length ys and x = ys ! j
       using Cons(1) by blast
     then show ?thesis by auto
   qed
 next
   case False
   then have filter: filter f(y \# ys) = filter f ys by simp
   from Cons obtain j where j < length ys and x = ys ! j
     unfolding filter by blast
   then show ?thesis by auto
 qed
qed simp
lemma filter-index-neq':
 assumes i < j j < length (filter f xs)
 shows \exists i'j'. i' < length xs \land j' < length xs \land i' < j' \land xs ! i' = (filter f xs) !
i \wedge xs ! j' = (filter f xs) ! j
 using assms proof(induct xs arbitrary: i j)
 case (Cons \ x \ xs)
 then show ?case proof(cases f x)
   case True
   show ?thesis proof(cases i)
     case \theta
     then have i\theta: filter f(x\#xs) ! i = (x\#xs) ! \theta
      using \langle f x \rangle by simp
     from Cons(2) obtain j' where j = Suc j'
      unfolding \theta using gr\theta-implies-Suc by blast
     with Cons(3) have j' < length (filter f xs)
      unfolding filter.simps using \langle f x \rangle by simp
     then obtain j'' where j'':j'' < length xs filter f xs ! j' = xs ! j''
      by (meson filter-ex-index)
```

```
then have filter f(x\#xs) ! j = (x\#xs) ! (Suc j'')
                       using \langle f x \rangle \langle j = Suc \ j' \rangle by simp
                 with i\theta j''(1) show ?thesis
                      by (metis length-nth-simps(2) not-less-eq zero-less-Suc)
           next
                 case (Suc i')
                 from Cons(2) obtain j' where j:j = Suc \ j'
                       unfolding Suc using Suc-lessE by auto
                   \mathbf{from}_{\cdot} \mathit{Cons}(1)[\mathit{of}\; i'\; j'] \; \; \mathbf{Cons}(2,3) \; \; \mathbf{obtain} \; \; i''\; j'' \; \mathbf{where} \; \; i'' < \mathit{length} \; \mathit{xs} \; j'' < \mathsf{length} \; \mathit{xs} \; j'' < \mathsf{length} \; \mathsf{y} \; \mathsf
length xs i'' < j'' xs ! i'' = filter f xs ! i' xs ! j'' = filter f xs ! j'
                       using Suc True j by auto
                 then show ?thesis
                         by (smt (verit) Suc Suc-less-eq True filter.simps(2) j length-nth-simps(2)
nth-Cons-Suc)
           qed
      next
           case False
           then have filter f(x\#xs) = filter f xs by simp
           with Cons show ?thesis
                 by (metis\ Suc\text{-}less\text{-}eq\ length\text{-}nth\text{-}simps(2)\ nth\text{-}Cons\text{-}Suc)
      ged
\mathbf{qed}\ simp
lemma filter-index-neg:
      assumes i \neq j i < length (filter f xs) j < length (filter f xs)
      shows \exists i'j'. i' < length xs \land j' < length xs \land i' \neq j' \land xs ! i' = (filter f xs) !
i \wedge xs ! j' = (filter f xs) ! j
using assms filter-index-neq' proof(cases \ i < j)
      case False
      then have *:j < i \text{ using } assms(1) \text{ by } simp
      then show ?thesis using filter-index-neq'[OF * assms(2)] by blast
qed blast
lemma nth-drop-equal:
     assumes length xs = length ys
           and \forall i < length \ xs. \ i > i \longrightarrow xs! j = ys! j
      shows drop \ i \ xs = drop \ i \ ys
using assms proof (induct i arbitrary: xs ys)
      case \theta
      then show ?case
           using nth-equalityI by blast
next
      case (Suc\ i)
      then show ?case proof(cases Suc i < length xs)
           {\bf case}\  \, True
           then obtain x xs' where x:xs = x \# xs'
                 by (metis Suc-length-conv Suc-lessE)
           with Suc(2) obtain y \ ys' where y:ys = y \# ys'
                 by (metis length-greater-0-conv nth-drop-0)
```

```
from Suc(1)[of xs' ys'] have drop i xs' = drop i ys'
     using Suc(2,3) unfolding x y
    by (metis Suc-le-mono length-nth-simps(2) linorder-not-le nat.inject nth-Cons-Suc)
   then show ?thesis unfolding x y by simp
 ged simp
\mathbf{qed}
lemma union-take-drop-list:
 assumes i < length xs
 shows (set\ (take\ i\ xs)) \cup (set\ (drop\ (Suc\ i)\ xs)) = \{xs!j\ |\ j.\ j < length\ xs \land j \neq j\}
i
proof-
 from assms have i:i \leq length \ xs \ by \ simp
 have set1:set\ (take\ i\ xs) = \{xs\ !\ j\ | j.\ j < i\}
   using nth-image[OF i] unfolding image-def by fastforce
 from assms have i:Suc i < length xs by simp
 have set2:set\ (drop\ (Suc\ i)\ xs) = \{xs\ !j\ | j.\ i < j \land j < length\ xs\} proof
   {fix x assume x \in set (drop (Suc i) xs)
     then have x \in \{xs \mid j \mid j. \ i < j \land j < length \ xs\}
       unfolding set-conv-nth nth-drop[OF i] length-drop by auto
   then show set (drop\ (Suc\ i)\ xs) \subseteq \{xs\ !\ j\ | j.\ i < j \land j < length\ xs\} by auto
    {fix x assume x \in \{xs \mid j \mid j. \ i < j \land j < length xs\}
     then have x \in set (drop (Suc i) xs)
       unfolding set-conv-nth nth-drop[OF i] length-drop
     by (smt (verit, best) Suc-leI add-diff-inverse-nat i mem-Collect-eq nat-add-left-cancel-less
not-less-eq-eq)
   }
   then show \{xs \mid j \mid j. \ i < j \land j < length \ xs\} \subseteq set \ (drop \ (Suc \ i) \ xs) by auto
  \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } x \in set \ (take \ i \ xs) \cup set \ (drop \ (Suc \ i) \ xs ) \} 
   then consider x \in set (take i xs) | x \in set (drop (Suc i) xs) by blast
   then have x \in \{xs \mid j \mid j. \ j < length \ xs \land j \neq i\} proof (cases)
     case 1
     with set1 show ?thesis using in-set-idx by fastforce
   next
     case 2
     with set2 show ?thesis using in-set-idx by fastforce
   qed
  }moreover
  {fix x assume x \in \{xs \mid j \mid j. \ j < length \ xs \land j \neq i\}
   then obtain j where x = xs!j and j:j < length xs j \neq i
   then have x \in set (take \ i \ xs) \cup set (drop (Suc \ i) \ xs)
     using set1 set2 using nat-neq-iff by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
```

```
lemma list-tl-eq:
 assumes length xs = length \ ys \ xs \neq []
   and \forall i < length \ xs. \ i > 0 \longrightarrow xs!i = ys!i
 shows tl xs = tl ys
 by (metis Suc-le-lessD assms(1) assms(3) length-greater-0-conv list.sel(3) nth-drop-0
nth-drop-equal)
1.1.1 Lists of option
lemma length-those:
 assumes those xs = Some \ ys
 shows length xs = length ys
 using assms proof(induction xs arbitrary:ys)
 case Nil
 then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons a xs)
  from Cons(2) obtain ys' where ys': those xs = Some ys'
   by (smt\ not\text{-}None\text{-}eq\ option.case\text{-}eq\text{-}if\ option.simps(8)\ those.simps(2))
 from Cons(2) obtain y where y:Some y = a
   by (metis\ option.case-eq-if\ option.exhaust-sel\ option.simps(3)\ those.simps(2))
  from y \ ys' have those (Cons a \ xs) = Some (Cons y \ ys')
   by auto
 then show ?case using Cons ys'
   by auto
qed
lemma those-not-none-x: those xs = Some \ ys \Longrightarrow x \in set \ xs \Longrightarrow x \neq None
proof (induction xs arbitrary: x ys)
 case (Cons a xs)
 from Cons(2) have a \neq None using option.simps(4) by fastforce
 from this Cons(2) have those xs \neq None by auto
 then show ?case using Cons(1,3) \langle a \neq None \rangle by auto
qed (simp)
lemma those-not-none-xs: list-all (\lambda x. \ x \neq None) xs \Longrightarrow those \ xs \neq None
 by (induction xs) auto
lemma those-some:
 assumes length xs = length \ ys \ \forall i < length \ xs. \ xs!i = Some \ (ys!i)
 shows those xs = Some \ ys
 using assms by (induct rule:list-induct2) (simp, force)
lemma those-some2:
 assumes those xs = Some \ ys
 shows \forall i < length \ xs. \ xs!i = Some \ (ys!i)
proof-
 from assms have length xs = length ys by (simp add: length-those)
```

then show ?thesis using assms proof(induction xs ys rule:list-induct2)

```
case (Cons \ x \ xs \ y \ ys)
   from Cons(3) have x \neq None by (metis\ list.set-intros(1)\ those-not-none-x)
   with Cons(3) have *:x = Some y by force
   with Cons(3) have those xs = Some \ ys \ by force
   with * Cons(2) show ?case by (simp add: nth-Cons')
 qed simp
qed
lemma exists-some-list:
 assumes \forall i < length \ xs. \ (\exists y. \ xs!i = Some \ y)
 shows \exists ys. (\forall i < length xs. xs!i = Some (ys!i)) \land length ys = length xs
 by (metis assms length-map nth-map option.sel)
       Results About Linear Terms
1.2
lemma linear-term-var-vars-term-list:
 assumes linear-term t
 shows vars-term-list t = vars-distinct t
 using assms linear-term-distinct-vars
 by (metis comp-apply distinct-rev remdups-id-iff-distinct rev-rev-ident)
lemma linear-term-unique-vars:
 assumes linear-term s
   and p \in poss \ s \ and \ s|-p = Var \ x
   and q \in poss \ s \ and \ s|-q = Var \ x
 shows p = q
proof(rule ccontr)
 assume p \neq q
  with assms(2-) obtain i j where ij:i < length (var-poss-list s) j < length
(var-poss-list\ s)\ i \neq j
   var-poss-list s ! i = p \ var-poss-list s ! j = q
   by (metis in-set-idx var-poss-iff var-poss-list-sound)
 with assms(3,5) have vars-term-list s ! i = vars-term-list s ! j
   by (metis length-var-poss-list term.inject(1) vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
 moreover from assms(1) have distinct (vars-term-list s)
   by (metis distinct-remdups distinct-rev linear-term-var-vars-term-list o-apply)
 ultimately show False using ij(1,2,3)
   by (metis distinct-Ex1 length-var-poss-list nth-mem)
qed
lemma linear-term-ctxt:
 assumes linear-term t
   and p \in poss t
 shows vars-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term p(t) \cap vars-term (t|-p) = \{\}
 using assms proof(induct p arbitrary:t)
 case (Cons \ i \ p)
 from Cons(3) obtain f ts where t:t = Fun f ts i < length ts p \in poss (ts!i)
   using args-poss by blast
```

with Cons(1,2) have $IH: vars-ctxt \ (ctxt-of-pos-term \ p \ (ts!i)) \cap vars-term \ ((ts!i))$

```
|-p| = \{\}
   by simp
  {fix j assume j:j < length ts <math>j \neq i
    with Cons(2) have vars\text{-}term\ (ts!j) \cap vars\text{-}term\ (ts!i\ | -p) = \{\}
    unfolding t using var-in-linear-args t(2,3) by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting)
Int-Un-distrib disjoint-iff sup-bot.neutr-eq-iff vars-ctxt-pos-term)
 then have [\ ] {vars-term (ts! j) | j, j < length ts \land j \neq i} \cap vars-term (ts! i |-p)
= \{\}
   by blast
 moreover have ([] (vars-term 'set (take i ts)) \cup [] (vars-term 'set (drop (Suc
(i) (ts))) =
               \bigcup \{vars\text{-}term \ (ts \ ! \ j) \ | j. \ j < length \ ts \land j \neq i \}
  unfolding set-map[symmetric] take-map[symmetric] drop-map[symmetric] Union-Un-distrib[symmetric]
  using union-take-drop-list[where xs=(map \ vars-term \ ts)] unfolding length-map
using t(2) by auto
 ultimately show ?case unfolding t ctxt-of-pos-term.simps subt-at.simps using
IH
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) bot-eq-sup-iff inf-sup-distrib2 vars-ctxt.simps(2))
qed simp
lemma linear-term-obtain-subst:
  assumes linear-term (Fun f ts) and l:length ts = length ss
   and substs: \forall i < length ts. (\exists \sigma. ts! i \cdot \sigma = ss! i)
 shows \exists \sigma. Fun f ts \cdot \sigma = Fun f ss
  using assms proof(induct ts arbitrary: ss)
  case (Cons \ t \ ts)
  from Cons(3) obtain s ss' where ss:ss = s\#ss'
   by (metis length-Suc-conv)
  from Cons(2) have lin: linear-term (Fun f ts)
   unfolding linear-term.simps by (simp add: is-partition-Cons)
  from Cons(4) have \forall i < length ts. <math>\exists \sigma. ts ! i \cdot \sigma = ss' ! i
   unfolding ss by (metis length-nth-simps(2) not-less-eq nth-Cons-Suc)
  then obtain \sigma where \sigma: Fun f ts \cdot \sigma = Fun f ss'
   using Cons(1)[OF\ lin,\ of\ ss'] using Cons.prems(2)\ ss\ by auto
 from Cons(4) obtain \sigma 1 where \sigma 1:t \cdot \sigma 1 = s
   using ss by auto
  let ?\sigma = \lambda x. if x \in vars\text{-}term\ t\ then\ \sigma 1\ x\ else\ \sigma\ x
  have t:t \cdot ?\sigma = s
   by (simp \ add: \sigma 1 \ term-subst-eq)
  {fix i assume i < length ts
   then have ts!i \cdot ?\sigma = ss'!i
     by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}SIG)\ Cons.prems(1)\ Cons.prems(2)\ Suc\text{-}inject\ Suc\text{-}leI\ \sigma
\sigma 1 eval-term.simps(2) le-imp-less-Suc length-nth-simps(2) map-nth-eq-conv nth-Cons-0
nth-Cons-Suc ss term.sel(4) term-subst-eq var-in-linear-args zero-less-Suc)
 with t have Fun f(t\#ts) \cdot ?\sigma = Fun f ss
   using Cons.prems(2) map-nth-eq-conv ss by auto
```

```
then show ?case by blast
qed simp
{f lemma}\ linear\text{-}ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term:
 assumes linear-term t and lin-s:linear-term s and p:p \in poss t
   and vars-term t \cap vars-term s = \{\}
 shows linear-term (replace-at t p s)
using assms proof(induct \ t \ arbitrary:p)
  case (Var x)
  with p have p = [] by simp
  with lin-s show ?case by simp
next
 case (Fun f ts)
 from lin-s show ?case proof(cases p)
   case (Cons i p')
   with Fun(4) have i:i < length ts by <math>simp
   with Fun(4) have p':p' \in poss (ts!i) unfolding Cons by simp
   {fix n assume n:n < length ts <math>n \neq i
     with Fun(2) have vars-term (ts!n) \cap vars-term (ts!i) = \{\}
       by (metis disjoint-iff i var-in-linear-args)
     then have vars-term (ts!n) \cap vars-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term p'(ts!i)) = \{\}
       using p' vars-ctxt-pos-term by fastforce
     moreover from n Fun(5) have vars-term (ts!n) \cap vars-term s = \{\}
       by (meson disjoint-iff nth-mem term.set-intros(4))
       ultimately have vars-term (ts!n) \cap vars-term ((ctxt-of-pos-term p')(ts!)
i))\langle s\rangle) = \{\}
       unfolding vars-term-ctxt-apply by blast
   }
   with Fun(2) have is-partition (map vars-term (take i ts @ (ctxt-of-pos-term p'
(ts ! i) \langle s \rangle \# drop (Suc i) ts)
      unfolding linear-term.simps is-partition-def by (smt (z3) Int-commute ap-
pend-Cons-nth-not-middle i id-take-nth-drop
      length-append\ length-map\ length-nth-simps(2)\ linorder-neq-iff\ nth-append-take
nth-map order.strict-implies-order order.strict-trans)
   moreover have linear-term ((ctxt-of-pos-term \ p'\ (ts\ !\ i))\langle s\rangle)
   using Fun p' by (meson disjoint-iff i linear-term.simps(2) nth-mem term.set-intros(4))
   ultimately show ?thesis
      using Fun(2) unfolding Cons\ ctxt-of-pos-term.simps intp-actxt.simps lin-
ear-term.simps
     by (metis Un-iff in-set-dropD in-set-takeD set-ConsD set-append)
 \mathbf{qed} \ simp
qed
\mathbf{lemma} distinct\text{-}vars:
 assumes \bigwedge p \ q \ x \ y. \ p \neq q \Longrightarrow p \in poss \ t \Longrightarrow q \in poss \ t \Longrightarrow t | -p = Var \ x \Longrightarrow
t|-q = Var y \Longrightarrow x \neq y
 shows distinct (vars-term-list t)
proof-
```

```
\{fix i j assume ij:i \neq j and i:i < length (vars-term-list t) and j:j < length
(vars-term-list\ t)
   let ?p=var-poss-list\ t\ !\ i and ?q=var-poss-list\ t\ !\ j
   let ?x=vars-term-list\ t\ !\ i and ?y=vars-term-list\ t\ !\ j
   from ij i j have pq:?p \neq ?q
     by (simp add: distinct-var-poss-list length-var-poss-list nth-eq-iff-index-eq)
   have p:?p \in poss t
    by (metis i length-var-poss-list nth-mem var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
   have q: ?q \in poss \ t
   by (metis j length-var-poss-list nth-mem var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
   have ?x \neq ?y
     using assms[OF pq p q] i j by (simp add: vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
 then show ?thesis by (meson distinct-conv-nth)
qed
lemma distinct-vars-linear-term:
 assumes distinct (vars-term-list t)
 shows linear-term t
 using assms proof(induct t)
 case (Fun f ts)
 \{ \text{fix } t \text{ assume } t: t \in set \ ts \}
   with Fun(2) have distinct (vars-term-list t)
     unfolding vars-term-list.simps by (simp add: distinct-concat-iff)
   with t Fun(1) have linear-term t
     by auto
 }
 moreover have is-partition (map vars-term ts)
  using Fun(2) unfolding vars-term-list.simps using distinct-is-partition set-vars-term-list
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) length-map map-nth-eq-conv)
 ultimately show ?case by simp
qed simp
lemma distinct-vars-eq-linear: linear-term t = distinct (vars-term-list t)
 using distinct-vars-linear-term linear-term-distinct-vars by blast
       Results About Substitutions and Contexts
```

1.3

```
lemma ctxt-apply-term-subst:
  assumes linear-term t and i < length (vars-term-list t)
   and p = (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ t)!i
  shows (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ (t\cdot\sigma))\langle s\rangle = t\cdot\sigma((vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ t)!i:=s)
proof-
  from assms(2,3) have t|-p = Var((vars-term-list\ t)!i)
   by (metis vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
  with assms show ?thesis
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) filter-cong fun-upd-other fun-upd-same length-var-poss-list
```

```
lemma ctxt-subst-apply:
  assumes p \in poss \ t and t|-p = Var \ x
   and linear-term t
  shows ((ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ t)\cdot_c\sigma)\langle s\rangle=t\cdot\sigma(x:=s)
  unfolding ctxt-of-pos-term-subst[symmetric, OF assms(1)]
  using assms
  by (smt (verit) fun-upd-apply linear-term-replace-in-subst)
lemma ctxt-of-pos-term-hole-subst:
  assumes linear-term t
   and i < length (var-poss-list t) and p = var-poss-list t ! i
   and \forall x \in vars\text{-}term\ t.\ x \neq vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ t\ !i \longrightarrow \sigma\ x = \tau\ x
  shows ctxt-of-pos-term p(t \cdot \sigma) = ctxt-of-pos-term p(t \cdot \tau)
  using assms proof(induct p arbitrary: t i)
  case (Cons \ j \ p)
  from Cons(3,4) have j \# p \in var\text{-}poss\ t
   using nth-mem by force
  then obtain f ts where ts:j < length ts t = Fun f ts p \in var-poss (ts!j)
   by (metis \ args-poss \ subt-at.simps(2) \ var-poss-iff)
 then obtain i' where i':i' < length (var-poss-list (ts!j)) p = var-poss-list (ts!j)!i'
    using var-poss-list-sound by (metis in-set-conv-nth)
  from Cons(3,4) have Var\ (vars-term-list\ t\ !\ i) = t|-(j\#p)
   by (metis length-var-poss-list vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
  also have \dots = (ts!j)|-p
   unfolding ts(2) by simp
  also have ... = Var (vars-term-list (ts!j) ! i')
   using i' by (simp\ add:\ length-var-poss-list\ vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
  finally have *: vars-term-list t ! i = vars-term-list (ts ! j) ! i' by simp
 with Cons(5) have \forall x \in vars\text{-}term\ (ts!j).\ x \neq vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ (ts!j)\ !\ i' \longrightarrow \sigma\ x =
   unfolding ts(2) using ts(1) by auto
  with Cons(2) i' to have IH:ctxt-of-pos-term p ((ts!j) \cdot \sigma) = ctxt-of-pos-term p
((ts!j) \cdot \tau)
   using Cons(1)[of \ ts!j \ i'] by (meson \ linear-term.simps(2) \ nth-mem)
  {fix j' assume j':j' < length ts <math>j' \neq j
    with Cons(2) have vars-term (ts \mid j') \cap vars-term (ts \mid j) = \{\}
     unfolding ts(2) by (metis disjoint-iff ts(1) var-in-linear-args)
   then have \forall x \in vars\text{-}term\ (ts!j').\ \sigma\ x = \tau\ x
      using Cons(5) j' * by (metis disjoint-iff i'(1) length-var-poss-list nth-mem
set-vars-term-list term.set-intros(4) ts(2))
   then have (ts!j') \cdot \sigma = (ts!j') \cdot \tau
      by (meson term-subst-eq)
   } note t'=this
  with ts(1) have take i (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \sigma) ts) = take i (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \tau) ts)
   using nth-take-lemma[of j (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \sigma) ts) (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \tau) ts)] by simp
  moreover from t' ts(1) have (drop\ (Suc\ j)\ (map\ (\lambda t.\ t\cdot\sigma)\ ts)) = (drop\ (Suc\ j)
```

linear-term-replace-in-subst nth-mem var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)

qed

```
j) (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \tau) ts)
    using nth-drop-equal[of (map (<math>\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma) ts) (map (<math>\lambda t. \ t \cdot \tau) ts) Suc j] by auto
  ultimately show ?case
     unfolding ts(2) eval-term.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps using IH by (simp)
add: ts(1)
qed simp
lemma ctxt-apply-ctxt-apply:
  assumes p \in poss t
 shows (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ (p@q)\ ((ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ t)\ \langle s\rangle))\ \langle u\rangle = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ t)\ \langle s\rangle)
p t \langle (ctxt-of-pos-term \ q \ s) \ \langle u \rangle \rangle
 by (metis assms ctxt-ctxt ctxt-of-pos-term-append hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term hole-pos-id-ctxt
hole-pos-poss replace-at-subt-at)
lemma replace-at-append-subst:
  assumes linear-term t
    and p \in poss \ t \ t| -p = Var \ x
  shows (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ (p@q)\ (t\cdot\sigma))\ \langle s\rangle = t\cdot\sigma(x:=(ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ q\ (\sigma))
  using assms proof(induct \ p \ arbitrary:t)
  case (Cons \ i \ p)
  then obtain f ts where t:t = Fun f ts and i:t < length ts and p:p \in poss (ts!i)
    by (meson args-poss)
  from Cons(4) have x:(ts!i)|-p = Var x
    unfolding t by simp
  from Cons(2) have lin:linear-term (ts!i)
    using i t by simp
 have IH:(ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ (p@q)\ ((ts!i)\cdot\sigma))\ \langle s\rangle = (ts!i)\cdot\sigma(x:=(ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term
q(\sigma(x))(\langle s \rangle)
    using Cons(1)[OF \ lin \ p \ x].
  let ?\sigma = \sigma(x := (ctxt - of - pos - term \ q \ (\sigma \ x)) \ \langle s \rangle)
  {fix j assume j:j < length \ ts \ j \neq i
    from x have x \in vars\text{-}term\ (ts!i)
      by (metis p subsetD term.set-intros(3) vars-term-subt-at)
    then have x \notin vars\text{-}term\ (ts!j)
      using i\ Cons(2) unfolding t by (meson\ i\ var-in-linear-args)
    then have (ts!j) \cdot \sigma = (ts!j) \cdot ?\sigma
      by (simp add: term-subst-eq-conv)
  } note sigma=this
  then have take i \pmod{(\lambda t. t \cdot \sigma)} ts = take i \pmod{(\lambda t. t \cdot ?\sigma)} ts
   using nth-take-lemma[of i (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \sigma) ts) (map (\lambda t. t \cdot ?\sigma) ts)] i by simp
  moreover from sigma have drop (Suc i) (map (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma) ts) = drop (Suc i)
(map (\lambda t. t \cdot ?\sigma) ts)
     using nth-drop-equal[of (map (\lambda t.\ t\cdot \sigma) ts) (map (\lambda t.\ t\cdot ?\sigma) ts)] i by simp
  ultimately show ?case
  {\bf unfolding} \ t \ append-Cons \ eval-term. simps \ ctxt-of-pos-term. simps \ intp-actxt. simps
nth-map[OF i] IH
    by (metis i id-take-nth-drop length-map nth-map)
qed simp
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{replace-at-fun-poss-not-below}:
   assumes \neg p \leq_p q
      and p \in poss \ t and q \in fun-poss \ (replace-at \ t \ p \ s)
   shows q \in fun\text{-}poss\ t
  using assms by (metis ctxt-supt-id fun-poss-ctxt-apply-term hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term
less-eq-pos-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ substitution\text{-}subterm\text{-}at:
  assumes \forall j < length (vars-term-list l). \sigma (vars-term-list l!j) = s | - (var-poss-list l) | - (var-poss-list
l!j
      and \exists \tau. \ l \cdot \tau = s
   shows l \cdot \sigma = s
   using assms proof(induct l arbitrary:s)
   case (Var x)
   then show ?case
        unfolding vars-term-list.simps poss-list.simps var-poss.simps eval-term.simps
by simp
next
    case (Fun f ts)
    from Fun(3) obtain ss where s:s = Fun f ss and l:length ts = length ss
      by fastforce
    {fix i assume i:i < length ts
       {fix j assume j:j < length (vars-term-list (ts!i))
          let ?p = var - poss - list (ts!i) ! j
          let ?x = vars - term - list (ts!i) ! j
          let ?k=sum-list (map (length \circ vars-term-list) (take i ts)) + j
          from i j have x: ?x = vars-term-list (Fun f ts) ! ?k
              unfolding vars-term-list.simps by (simp add: concat-nth take-map)
          have p:var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (Fun\ f\ ts)\ !\ ?k=i\ \#\ ?p\ \mathbf{proof}-
               from i have i': i < length (map2 (\lambda x. map ((\#) x)) [0... < length ts] (map
var-poss-list ts))
                 by simp
              from i j have j < length ((map var-poss-list ts) ! i)
                 using length-var-poss-list by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) nth-map)
               with i have j': j < length (map2 (\lambda x. map ((\#) x)) [0... < length ts] (map
var-poss-list ts) ! i)
                 by simp
              {fix l assume l < length ts
                    then have (map length (map2 (\lambda x. map ((\#) x)) [0..<length ts] (map
var-poss-list\ ts))! l=(map\ (length\ \circ\ vars-term-list)\ ts)! l
                     using length-var-poss-list by simp
              }
                  then have map length (map2 (\lambda x. map ((#) x)) [0..<length ts] (map
var-poss-list\ ts)) = map\ (length\ \circ\ vars-term-list)\ ts
                 using nth-equality I[ where ys = map (length \circ vars-term-list) ts] by simp
                  with i have k:sum-list (map length (take i (map2 (\lambda x. map ((\#) x))
[0..< length\ ts]\ (map\ var-poss-list\ ts)))) + j = ?k
                 by (metis take-map)
```

```
then have var-poss-list (Fun f ts)! ?k = (map2 \ (\lambda i. \ map \ ((\#) \ i))) \ [0... < length]
ts] (map var-poss-list ts))!i !j
         unfolding var-poss-list.simps using concat-nth[OF\ i'\ j'] by presburger
       also have ... = (map ((\#) i) (var-poss-list (ts!i)))!j using i by simp
       also have ... = i \# ?p using nth-map j length-var-poss-list by metis
       ultimately show ?thesis by simp
     qed
     from i j have k:?k < length (vars-term-list (Fun f ts))
          unfolding vars-term-list.simps by (metis concat-nth-length length-map
map-map nth-map take-map)
     from Fun(2) k have \sigma ?x = (ss!i) |- (var-poss-list (ts!i) ! j)
       unfolding x s using p by simp
   then have \forall j < length (vars-term-list (ts!i)).\sigma (vars-term-list (ts!i)!j) = (ss!i)
|-var-poss-list(ts!i)!j
     by simp
   moreover from Fun(3) have \exists \tau. (ts!i) \cdot \tau = ss!i
     unfolding eval-term.simps s using i l by (metis nth-map term.inject(2))
   ultimately have (ts!i) \cdot \sigma = ss!i
     using i Fun(1) nth-mem by blast
 then show ?case unfolding eval-term.simps s
   using l by (simp \ add: map-nth-eq-conv)
qed
lemma vars-map-vars-term:
  map \ f \ (vars-term-list \ t) = vars-term-list \ (map-vars-term \ f \ t)
unfolding map-vars-term-eq proof(induct t)
 case (Fun \ g \ ts)
 then have map (\lambda xs. map f xs)(map vars-term-list ts) = map vars-term-list (map
(\lambda t. \ t \cdot (Var \circ f)) \ ts)
   by fastforce
 then show ?case unfolding vars-term-list.simps eval-term.simps map-map map-concat
   by presburger
qed (simp add: vars-term-list.simps)
\mathbf{lemma}\ ctxt-apply-subt-at:
 assumes q \in poss s
  shows (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ (s|\text{-}q))\ \langle t \rangle = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ (q@p)\ s)\ \langle t \rangle\ |\text{-}\ q
using assms proof(induct q arbitrary: s)
 \mathbf{case}\ (\mathit{Cons}\ i\ q)
  from Cons(2) obtain f ss where i:i < length ss and s:s = Fun f ss
   by (meson args-poss)
  from i\ Cons\ show\ ?case\ unfolding\ s
   by (metis ctxt-apply-ctxt-apply ctxt-supt-id replace-at-subt-at)
qed simp
```

1.3.1 Utilities for mk-subst

We consider the special case of applying mk-subst when the variables involved form a partition.

```
lemma mk-subst-same:
 assumes length xs = length ts distinct xs
 shows map (mk\text{-}subst f (zip xs ts)) xs = ts
 using assms by (simp add: mk-subst-distinct map-nth-eq-conv)
lemma map2-zip: set (map \ fst \ (concat \ (map2 \ zip \ xs \ ys))) \subseteq set \ (concat \ xs)
proof
 fix x assume x:x \in set (map fst (concat (map 2 zip xs ys)))
 let ?l=min (length xs) (length ys)
 from x obtain i where i:i < ?l \ x \in set \ (map \ fst \ (zip \ (xs!i) \ (ys!i)))
  \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ (verit)\ case-prod-conv\ in-set-conv-nth\ length-map\ length-zip\ min.strict-bounded E
nth-concat-split nth-map nth-zip)
  then have x \in set(xs!i)
   by (metis in-set-takeD map-fst-zip-take)
 then show x \in set (concat xs)
  using i(1) by (metis concat-nth concat-nth-length in-set-conv-nth min.strict-boundedE)
qed
lemma mk-subst-partition:
 fixes xs :: 'a \ list \ list
 assumes l:length \ xs = length \ ss
   and part:is-partition (map set xs)
  shows \forall i < length xs. \ \forall x \in set (xs!i). (mk-subst f (zip (xs!i) (ss!i))) x =
(mk\text{-}subst\ f\ (concat\ (map2\ zip\ xs\ ss)))\ x
proof-
  {fix i assume i:i < length xs
    \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } x : x \in set (xs!i) \}
     have concat \ (map2 \ zip \ xs \ ss) = concat \ (map2 \ zip \ (take \ i \ xs) \ (take \ i \ ss)) @
concat \ (map2 \ zip \ (drop \ i \ xs) \ (drop \ i \ ss))
        by (metis append-take-drop-id concat-append drop-map drop-zip take-map
take-zip
    moreover have concat (map 2 zip (drop i xs) (drop i ss)) = concat (zip (xs!i))
(ss!i) \# (map2 zip (drop (Suc i) xs) (drop (Suc i) ss)))
     using i \ l \ by \ (smt \ (verit, \ del-insts) \ Cons-nth-drop-Suc \ list.map(2) \ prod.simps(2)
zip-Cons-Cons)
     ultimately have cc:concat\ (map2\ zip\ xs\ ss) = concat\ (map2\ zip\ (take\ i\ xs)
(take \ i \ ss)) @
               concat (zip (xs!i) (ss!i) \# (map2 zip (drop (Suc i) xs) (drop (Suc i)
ss))) by presburger
     {fix j assume j < length xs \text{ and } j \neq i
       with i \ x \ part have x \notin set \ (xs!j)
         unfolding is-partition-alt is-partition-alt-def by auto
     } note part=this
     then have x \notin set (concat (take i xs))
```

```
by (smt (verit) in-set-conv-nth length-take less-length-concat min.strict-boundedE
nth-take order-less-irrefl)
     then have x \notin set \ (map \ fst \ (concat \ (map \ 2 \ zip \ (take \ i \ xs) \ (take \ i \ ss))))
       using map2-zip in-mono by fastforce
       then have subst:(mk\text{-subst } f \ (concat \ (map2 \ zip \ xs \ ss))) \ x = (mk\text{-subst } f
(concat (zip (xs!i) (ss!i) #
                                                             (map2 \ zip \ (drop \ (Suc \ i) \ xs)
(drop\ (Suc\ i)\ ss))))\ x
       unfolding cc using mk-subst-concat by metis
      have mk-subst f (zip (xs ! i) (ss ! i)) x = (mk-subst f (concat (map2 zip xs
(ss))) x
     \mathbf{proof}(cases\ x \in set\ (map\ fst\ (zip\ (xs!i)\ (ss!i))))
       \mathbf{case} \ \mathit{True}
       then show ?thesis
         using mk-subst-concat-Cons subst by metis
     next
       case False
       {fix j assume j:j < length (drop (Suc i) xs)
         then have (drop (Suc i) xs)!j = xs!(Suc i + j)
             using Suc-leI i nth-drop by blast
           moreover from i j have Suc i + j < length xs
             by (metis add.commute length-drop less-diff-conv)
           ultimately have x \notin set ((drop (Suc i) xs)!j)
             using part by (metis Suc-n-not-le-n le-add1)
         then have x \notin set (concat (drop (Suc i) xs))
              by (smt (verit) in-set-conv-nth length-map length-take less-not-refl2
min.strict-boundedE nth-concat-split nth-map nth-take)
          then have x \notin set (map fst (concat (map2 zip (drop (Suc i) xs) (drop
(Suc\ i)\ ss))))
           using map2-zip in-mono by fastforce
         with False have x \notin set (map fst (concat (zip (xs!i) (ss!i) # (map2 zip
(drop\ (Suc\ i)\ xs)\ (drop\ (Suc\ i)\ ss))))
          unfolding concat.simps by (metis Un-iff map-append set-append)
         with False show ?thesis
           unfolding subst using mk-subst-not-mem' by metis
       qed
  then show ?thesis by simp
qed
The following lemma is used later to show that A = (to\text{-pterm } (lhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \sigma
implies A = (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \langle As \rangle_{\alpha} for some suitable As.
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{subst-imp-mk-subst}\colon
 assumes s = t \cdot \sigma
  shows \exists ss.\ t \cdot \sigma = t \cdot (mk\text{-subst } Var \ (zip \ (vars\text{-}distinct \ t) \ ss)) \land length \ ss =
length (vars-distinct t) \land (\forall i < length \ ss. \ \sigma \ (vars-distinct \ t!i) = ss!i)
proof-
```

```
let ?ss=map \sigma (vars-distinct t)
  let ?\tau = (mk\text{-subst } Var \ (zip \ (vars\text{-}distinct \ t) \ ?ss))
  \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } x \in vars\text{-}term \ t \}
   then have \sigma x = ?\tau x unfolding mk-subst-def
     by (simp add: map-of-zip-map)
  then have t \cdot \sigma = t \cdot ?\tau
   using term-subst-eq by blast
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma mk-subst-rename:
  assumes length (vars-distinct t) = length xs and inj f
  shows t \cdot (mk\text{-}subst\ Var\ (zip\ (vars\text{-}distinct\ t)\ xs)) = (map\text{-}vars\text{-}term\ f\ t)\ \cdot
(mk\text{-}subst\ Var\ (zip\ (vars\text{-}distinct\ (map\text{-}vars\text{-}term\ f\ t))\ xs))
proof-
  \{ \mathbf{fix} \ x \ \mathbf{assume} \ x \in \mathit{vars-term} \ t \}
   then obtain i where i:x = (vars\text{-}distinct\ t)!i\ i < length\ (vars\text{-}distinct\ t)
     by (metis in-set-conv-nth set-vars-term-list vars-term-list-vars-distinct)
   with assms have 1:(mk-subst Var\ (zip\ (vars-distinct t)\ xs))\ x=xs!i
     using mk-subst-distinct by (metis comp-apply distinct-remdups distinct-rev)
   have vars-distinct (map-vars-term f t) = map f (vars-distinct t)
     unfolding vars-map-vars-term[symmetric] comp-apply using assms(2)
      by (metis distinct-map distinct-remdups distinct-remdups-id inj-on-inverseI
remdups-map-remdups rev-map the-inv-f-f)
    with assms i have 2:(mk-subst Var (zip (vars-distinct (map-vars-term f t))
(xs)) (f x) = xs!i
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) comp-apply distinct-remdups distinct-rev length-map
mk-subst-same nth-map)
   from 1.2 have (mk\text{-subst } Var\ (zip\ (vars\text{-}distinct\ t)\ xs))\ x = (mk\text{-subst } Var\ (zip\ (vars\text{-}distinct\ t)\ xs))
(vars-distinct\ (map-vars-term\ f\ t))\ xs))\ (f\ x)
     by presburger
  then show ?thesis
   by (simp add: apply-subst-map-vars-term term-subst-eq-conv)
qed
```

1.4 Matching Terms

The goal is showing that $match\ (t \cdot \sigma)\ t = Some\ \sigma$ whenever the domain of σ is a subset of the variables in t. For that we need some helper lemmas.

```
lemma decompose-fst:
    assumes decompose (Fun f ss) t = Some \ us
    shows map fst us = ss

proof—
    from assms obtain ts where t:t = Fun \ f \ ts
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) decompose-def option.distinct(1) decompose-Some is-FunE old.prod.case term.case-eq-if)
    with assms have length ss = length \ ts
```

```
by blast
    with assms(1) t show ?thesis
       by auto
qed
lemma decompose-vars-term:
   assumes decompose (Fun f ss) t = Some us
   shows vars-term (Fun f ss) = (\bigcup (a, b) \in set us. vars-term a)
proof-
   have vars\text{-}term (Fun f ss) = (\bigcup s \in set ss. vars\text{-}term s)
       by (meson\ Term.term.simps(18))
   also have ... = (\bigcup s \in set \ (map \ fst \ us). vars-term s)
      using assms decompose-fst by metis
   finally show ?thesis
       using image-image by auto
qed
lemma match-term-list-domain:
   assumes match-term-list P \sigma = Some \tau
   shows \forall x. \ x \notin ([\ ] \ (a,\ b) \in set\ P.\ vars-term\ a) \land \sigma\ x = None \longrightarrow \tau\ x = None
   using assms proof(induct P \sigma rule:match-term-list.induct)
   case (2 x t P \sigma)
   then show ?case
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Sup-insert Un-iff case-prod-conv fun-upd-idem-iff
fun-upd-triv fun-upd-twist image-insert list.simps(15) match-term-list.simps(2) op-
tion.simps(3) term.set-intros(3)
next
   case (3 f ss g ts P \sigma)
   from 3(2) obtain us where us:decompose (Fun f ss) (Fun g ts) = Some us
     using match-term-list.simps(3) option.distinct(1) option.simps(4) by fastforce
    with 3(2) have *:match-term-list (us @ P) \sigma = Some \ \tau
   from us have (\bigcup (a, b) \in set ((Fun f ss, Fun g ts) \# P). vars-term a) = (\bigcup s f to f start 
\in set \ ss. \ vars-term \ s) \cup (\bigcup \ (a, \ b) \in set \ P. \ vars-term \ a)
       by simp
   also have ... = (\bigcup (a, b) \in set (us@P). vars-term a)
       using us by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Term.term.simps(18) UN-Un decom-
pose-vars-term set-append)
    finally show ?case
       using 3(1) us * by metis
qed simp-all
lemma match-subst-domain:
   assumes match a b = Some \ \sigma
   shows subst-domain \sigma \subseteq vars-term b
proof-
    from assms have \forall x. x \notin vars\text{-}term\ b \longrightarrow \sigma\ x = Var\ x
     unfolding match-def match-list-def subst-of-map-def using match-term-list-domain
by fastforce
```

```
then show ?thesis
   using subst-domain-def by fastforce
qed
lemma match-trivial:
 assumes subst-domain \sigma \subseteq vars-term t
 shows match (t \cdot \sigma) t = Some \sigma
  obtain \tau where tau:match (t \cdot \sigma) t = Some \tau and 1:(\forall x \in vars-term\ t.\ \sigma\ x =
\tau x
   by (meson match-complete')
 from assms have 2: \forall x. \ x \notin vars\text{-}term \ t \longrightarrow \sigma \ x = Var \ x
   by (meson notin-subst-domain-imp-Var subset-eq)
 from tau have 3: \forall x. \ x \notin vars\text{-}term \ t \longrightarrow \tau \ x = Var \ x
   using match-subst-domain notin-subst-domain-imp-Var by fastforce
 from 1 2 3 show ?thesis
   by (metis subst-term-eqI tau term-subst-eq)
qed
end
          Matching of Linear Terms
1.4.1
theory Linear-Matching
 imports Proof-Term-Utils
begin
For a linear term the matching substitution can simply be computed with
the following definition.
definition match-substs :: ('f, 'v) term \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) term \Rightarrow ('v \times ('f, 'v) \text{ term}) list
  where match-substs t s = (zip (vars-term-list t) (map (<math>\lambda p. s|-p) (var-poss-list))
t)))
lemma mk-subst-partition-special:
assumes length ss = length ts
 and is-partition (map vars-term ts)
shows \forall i < length ts. (ts!i) \cdot (mk\text{-subst } f (zip (vars\text{-}term\text{-}list (ts!i)) (ss!i))) =
(ts!i) \cdot (mk\text{-subst } f \ (concat \ (map2 \ zip \ (map \ vars\text{-}term\text{-}list \ ts) \ ss)))
proof-
 let ?xs=map vars-term-list ts
 have xs:map\ vars-term\ ts=map\ set\ (map\ vars-term-list\ ts) by simp
 from assms(1) have l:length ?xs = length ss by simp
  {fix i assume i:i < length ts
    \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } x \in vars\text{-}term \ (ts!i) \}
     then have mk-subst f (zip (map vars-term-list ts!i) (ss!i)) x = mk-subst f
(concat (map 2 zip (map vars-term-list ts) ss)) x
       using i \ mk-subst-partition[OF l \ assms(2)[unfolded \ xs]] by simp
   }
     then have ts!i \cdot (mk\text{-subst } f (zip (vars\text{-}term\text{-}list (ts!i)) (ss!i))) = (ts!i) \cdot
```

```
(mk\text{-}subst\ f\ (concat\ (map\ 2\ zip\ (map\ vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ ts)\ ss)))
     by (simp add: i term-subst-eq-conv)
 then show ?thesis by fastforce
ged
lemma match-substs-Fun:
 assumes l:length \ ts = length \ ss
 shows match-substs (Fun\ f\ ts)\ (Fun\ g\ ss) = concat\ (map2\ zip\ (map\ vars-term-list
ts) \ (map2 \ (\lambda t \ s. \ map \ ((|-) \ s) \ (var-poss-list \ t)) \ ts \ ss))
   (is match-substs (Fun f ts) (Fun g ss) = concat (map2 zip ?xs ?terms))
proof-
 have l':length ?xs = length ?terms using l by simp
  {fix i assume i < length ?xs
   then have i:i < length ts by simp
   with l have zip:(zip\ ts\ ss)!i=(ts!i,\ ss!i) by simp
   from i l have length (map vars-term-list ts!i) = length (map (\lambda p. (ss!i)|-p)
(var-poss-list\ (ts!i)))
     by (simp add: length-var-poss-list)
   with zip have length (?xs!i) = length (?terms!i)
     using i l' by auto
  note l-i=this
  have vars-term-list (Fun f ts) = concat ?xs
   unfolding vars-term-list.simps by simp
 moreover have map((|-| (Fun \ g \ ss)) (var-poss-list (Fun \ f \ ts)) = concat ?terms
proof-
   have l-map2:length (map2 \ (\lambda i. map \ ((\#) \ i)) \ [0..< length ts] \ (map \ var-poss-list
(ts)) = length (ts)
     unfolding length-map length-zip by simp
   {fix i assume i:i < length ts
    with l have length (map2\ (\lambda i.\ map\ ((\#)\ i))\ [0..< length\ ts]\ (map\ var-poss-list
(ts) !i) = length (map var-poss-list ts!i)
       unfolding nth-map[OF i] by simp
   with l-map2 have length (map ((|-) (Fun g ss)) (var-poss-list (Fun f ts))) =
length (concat (map var-poss-list ts))
   unfolding var-poss-list.simps length-map length-concat by (smt (verit, del-insts)
length-map map-nth-eq-conv)
   moreover have length (concat ?terms) = length (concat (map\ var-poss-list\ ts))
proof-
     {fix i assume i < length ts
       with l have length (map2 (\lambda t \ s. \ map((|-) \ s) \ (var-poss-list \ t)) \ ts \ ss \ ! \ i) =
length (map var-poss-list ts!i) by simp
     }
     moreover have length (map2 \ (\lambda t \ s. \ map \ ((|-) \ s) \ (var-poss-list \ t)) \ ts \ ss) =
length ts using l by simp
    ultimately show ?thesis unfolding length-concat by (smt (verit, del-insts)
length-map map-nth-eq-conv)
   qed
```

```
ultimately have l'':length (map ((|-) (Fun g ss)) (var-poss-list (Fun f ts))) =
length (concat ?terms) by presburger
   {fix i assume i:i < length (var-poss-list (Fun <math>f ts))
     let ?ps=map2 (\lambda i. map ((#) i)) [0..<length ts] (map var-poss-list ts)
     let ?p=var-poss-list (Fun f ts)! i
     from l have l-terms:length ?terms = length ts by auto
     from l have l-ps:length ?ps = length ts by auto
     obtain j k where j:j < length ts and k:k < length (var-poss-list (ts!j)) and
i-sum-list:i = sum-list (map \ length \ (take \ j \ ?ps)) + k
       and *: ?p = map2 \ (\lambda i. \ map \ ((\#) \ i)) \ [0.. < length \ ts] \ (map \ var-poss-list \ ts) \ !
j \mid k
       using less-length-concat[OF i[unfolded var-poss-list.simps]] by auto
     let ?p'=(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (ts!j)) ! k
     from * k j have p: ?p = j \# ?p' by simp
     from j \ l have 1:(Fun \ g \ ss) \mid -?p = (ss!j) \mid -?p' unfolding p by simp
     have i-sum-list2:i = sum-list (map length (take j?terms)) + k proof-
       {fix n assume n < length ts
        with l have length (?terms!n) = length (?ps!n) by auto
       then have map length ?terms = map length ?ps
        using l-terms l-ps by (simp add: map-eq-conv')
       then show ?thesis unfolding i-sum-list by (metis take-map)
     qed
       from j k have k < length (?terms ! j) by (smt (verit) l-i length-map
length-var-poss-list nth-map)
     with j i-sum-list2 have concat ?terms! i = ?terms! j! k
     using concat-nth[of j?terms k i] unfolding length-map length-zip l min.idem
by auto
     then have 2:concat ?terms ! i = (ss!j) | - ?p' using k j l by auto
     from 1.2 have map ((-) (Fun g ss)) (var-poss-list (Fun f ts))! i = concat
?terms!i
        unfolding var-poss-list.simps nth-map[OF i[unfolded var-poss-list.simps]]
\mathbf{by} \ simp
   with l'' show ?thesis by (metis length-map nth-equalityI)
 ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding match-substs-def using concat-map2-zip[OF\ l']\ l-i by presburger
If all function symbols in term t coincide with function symbols in term s,
then t matches s.
lemma fun-poss-eq-imp-matches:
 fixes s t :: ('f, 'v) term
 assumes linear-term t and \forall p \in poss \ t. \ \forall f \ ts. \ t|-p = Fun \ f \ ts \longrightarrow (\exists \ ss. \ length
ts = length \ ss \land s | -p = Fun \ f \ ss)
  shows t \cdot (mk\text{-}subst\ Var\ (match\text{-}substs\ t\ s)) = s
using assms proof(induct t arbitrary:s)
 case (Var x)
```

```
have match-substs (Var x) s = [(x, s)]
   unfolding match-substs-def var-poss-list.simps vars-term-list.simps by simp
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Fun \ f \ ts)
  from Fun(3) obtain ss where l:length ts = length ss and s:s = Fun f ss by
auto
  let ?\sigma = mk-subst Var (match-substs (Fun f ts) (Fun f ss))
 let ?xs=map vars-term-list ts
 let ?ss=map (\lambda(t, s). map (\lambda p. s|-p) (var-poss-list t)) (zip ts ss)
 have concat-zip:match-substs (Fun f ts) (Fun f ss) = concat (map2 zip ?xs ?ss)
   unfolding match-substs-Fun[OF l] by simp
 from Fun(2) have part:is-partition (map set ?xs)
     by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}SIG)\ length{-map}\ linear{-term.elims}(2)\ map{-nth-eq-conv}
set-vars-term-list term.distinct(1) term.sel(4))
 have l':length ?xs = length ?ss using l by simp
  {fix i assume i:i < length ts
   with Fun(2) have lin:linear-term (ts!i) by simp
   let ?\sigma i = mk - subst \ Var \ (match - substs \ (ts!i) \ (ss!i))
    \{\text{fix } p \ f' \ ts' \ \text{assume } p: p \in poss \ (ts!i) \ ts!i \mid p = Fun \ f' \ ts' \}
     from p(1) i have i \# p \in poss (Fun f ts) by simp
     moreover from p(2) i have (Fun f ts)|-(i\#p) = Fun f' ts' by simp
     ultimately obtain ss' where length ts' = length ss' and s|-(i\#p) = Fun f'
ss' using Fun(3) by blast
     then have \exists ss'. length ts' = length \ ss' \land (ss!i)| -p = Fun \ f' \ ss' unfolding s
by simp
   }
   then have \forall p \in poss\ (ts!i). \forall f'\ ts'.\ (ts!i)| -p = Fun\ f'\ ts' \longrightarrow (\exists\ ss'.\ length\ ts'
= length \ ss' \wedge (ss!i)|-p = Fun \ f' \ ss') by simp
   with Fun(1) lin i have IH:(ts!i) \cdot ?\sigma i = ss!i using nth-mem by blast
   have (ts!i) \cdot ?\sigma = (ts!i) \cdot ?\sigma i \text{ proof} -
     {fix x assume x:x \in vars\text{-}term\ (ts!i)
       from i \mid have *:map 2 \ (\lambda t \mid s. \mid map \ ((\mid -) \mid s) \ (var-poss-list \mid t)) \ ts \ ss \mid i = map
((|-| (ss!i)) (var-poss-list (ts!i)) by auto
       with i x have ?\sigma x = ?\sigma i x
          unfolding concat-zip using mk-subst-partition[OF l' part] unfolding s
match\text{-}substs\text{-}Fun[OF\ l]\ match\text{-}substs\text{-}def\ length\text{-}map
         by (smt (verit, best) nth-map set-vars-term-list)
     then show ?thesis by (simp add: term-subst-eq-conv)
   then have (ts!i) \cdot ?\sigma = ss!i using IH i by presburger
 then show ?case unfolding s by (simp \ add: \ l \ map-nth-eq-conv)
qed
end
```

2 Proof Terms

```
theory Proof-Terms
imports
First-Order-Terms.Matching
First-Order-Rewriting.Multistep
Proof-Term-Utils
begin
```

2.1 Definitions

A rewrite rule consists of a pair of terms representing its left-hand side and right-hand side. We associate a rule symbol with each rewrite rule.

```
datatype ('f, 'v) prule = Rule (lhs: ('f, 'v) term) (rhs: ('f, 'v) term) (\rightarrow - [51, 51] 52)
```

Translate between *prule* defined here and *rule* as defined in IsaFoR.

```
abbreviation to-rule :: ('f, 'v) prule \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) rule where to-rule r \equiv (lhs \ r, rhs \ r)
```

Proof terms are terms built from variables, function symbols, and rules.

```
type-synonym
```

```
('f, 'v) pterm = (('f, 'v) prule + 'f, 'v) term type-synonym ('f, 'v) pterm-ctxt = (('f, 'v) prule + 'f, 'v) ctxt
```

We provides an easier notation for proof terms (avoiding Inl and Inr).

```
abbreviation Prule :: ('f, 'v) \ prule \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ pterm \ list \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ pterm \ where <math>Prule \ \alpha \ As \equiv Fun \ (Inl \ \alpha) \ As abbreviation Pfun :: 'f \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ pterm \ list \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ pterm \ where <math>Pfun \ f \ As \equiv Fun \ (Inr \ f) \ As
```

Also for contexts.

```
abbreviation Crule :: ('f, 'v) prule \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm list \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm-ctxt \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm list \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm-ctxt where Crule \alpha As1 C As2 \equiv More (Inl \alpha) As1 C As2 abbreviation Cfun :: 'f \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm list \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm-ctxt \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm-ctxt where Cfun f As1 C As2 \equiv More (Inr f) As1 C As2
```

Case analysis on proof terms.

```
lemma pterm-cases [case-names Var Pfun Prule, cases type: pterm]:  (\bigwedge x. \ A = Var \ x \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge f \ As. \ A = Pfun \ f \ As \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge \alpha \ As. \ A = Prule \ \alpha \ As \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow P  proof (cases A) case (Fun x21 x22) show \bigwedge x21 \ x22. \ (\bigwedge x. \ A = Var \ x \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge f \ As. \ A = Pfun \ f \ As \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge \alpha \ As. \ A = Prule \ \alpha \ As \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow A = Fun \ x21 \ x22 \Longrightarrow P
```

```
using sum.exhaust by auto
qed
Induction scheme for proof terms.
lemma
  fixes P :: ('f, 'v) \ pterm \Rightarrow bool
  assumes \bigwedge x. P(Var x)
  and \bigwedge f As. (\bigwedge a.\ a \in set\ As \Longrightarrow P\ a) \Longrightarrow P\ (Pfun\ f\ As)
  and \bigwedge \alpha \ As. \ (\bigwedge a. \ a \in set \ As \Longrightarrow P \ a) \Longrightarrow P \ (Prule \ \alpha \ As)
  shows pterm-induct [case-names Var Pfun Prule, induct type: pterm]: P A
  using assms proof(induct A)
  case (Fun f ts)
  then show ?case by (cases f) auto
qed simp
Induction scheme for contexts of proof terms.
  fixes P :: ('f, 'v) \ pterm-ctxt \Rightarrow bool
  assumes P \square
 and \bigwedge f ss1 C ss2. P C \Longrightarrow P (Cfun f ss1 C ss2)
 and \bigwedge \alpha \ ss1 \ C \ ss2. P \ C \Longrightarrow P \ (Crule \ \alpha \ ss1 \ C \ ss2)
  shows pterm-ctxt-induct [case-names Hole Cfun Crule, induct type: pterm-ctxt]:
P C
  using assms proof(induct C)
 case (More f ss1 C ss2)
  then show ?case by (cases f) auto
qed
Obtain the distinct variables occurring on the left-hand side of a rule in the
order they appear.
abbreviation var-rule :: ('f, 'v) prule \Rightarrow 'v list where var-rule \alpha \equiv vars-distinct
abbreviation lhs-subst :: ('g, 'v) term list \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) prule \Rightarrow ('g, 'v) subst (\langle - \rangle_{-}
[0,99]
  where lhs-subst As \alpha \equiv mk-subst Var (zip (var-rule \alpha) As)
A proof term using only function symbols and variables is an empty step.
fun is-empty-step :: ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow bool where
  is-empty-step (Var x) = True
 is-empty-step (Pfun \ f \ As) = list-all is-empty-step As
| is-empty-step (Prule \alpha As) = False
fun is-Prule :: ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow bool where
  is-Prule (Prule - -) = True
| is-Prule - = False
```

Source and target

```
fun source :: ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) term where
  source (Var x) = Var x
| source (Pfun f As) = Fun f (map source As)
| source (Prule \alpha As) = lhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \text{ source } As \rangle_{\alpha}
fun target :: ('f, 'v) \ pterm \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ term \ \mathbf{where}
  target (Var x) = Var x
 target (Pfun f As) = Fun f (map target As)
| target (Prule \alpha As) = rhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \ target \ As \rangle_{\alpha}
Source also works for proof term contexts in left-linear TRSs.
fun source-ctxt :: ('f, 'v) pterm-ctxt \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) ctxt where
  source-ctxt \square = \square
| source-ctxt (Cfun f As1 C As2) = More f (map source As1) (source-ctxt C) (map
source As2)
| source\text{-}ctxt (Crule \alpha As1 C As2) =
  (let\ ctxt\text{-}pos = (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha))!(length\ As1);
       placeholder = Var ((vars-term-list (lhs \alpha))! (length As1)) in
  ctxt-of-pos-term (ctxt-pos) (lhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \ source \ (As1 @ ((placeholder \# As2)))\rangle_{\alpha}))
\circ_c (source\text{-}ctxt \ C)
abbreviation co-initial A B \equiv (source \ A = source \ B)
Transform simple terms to proof terms.
fun to-pterm :: ('f, 'v) term \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm where
  to-pterm (Var x) = Var x
| to\text{-}pterm (Fun f ts) = Pfun f (map to\text{-}pterm ts)
Also for contexts.
fun to-pterm-ctxt :: ('f, 'v) ctxt \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm-ctxt where
  to-pterm-ctxt \square = \square
| to\text{-pterm-ctxt} (More \ f \ ss1 \ C \ ss2) = C fun \ f \ (map \ to\text{-pterm} \ ss1) \ (to\text{-pterm-ctxt} \ C)
(map\ to\text{-}pterm\ ss2)
```

2.2 Frequently Used Locales/Contexts

Often certain properties about proof terms only hold when the underlying TRS does not contain variable left-hand sides and/or variables on the right are a subset of the variables on the left and/or the TRS is left-linear.

```
locale left-lin = fixes R :: ('f, 'v) trs assumes left-lin:left-linear-trs R

locale no-var-lhs = fixes R :: ('f, 'v) trs assumes no-var-lhs:Ball R (\lambda(l, r). is-Fun l)

locale var-rhs-subset-lhs =
```

```
fixes R :: ('f, 'v) trs
 assumes varcond:Ball R (\lambda(l, r). vars-term r \subseteq vars-term l)
locale \ wf-trs = no-var-lhs + var-rhs-subset-lhs
locale left-lin-no-var-lhs = left-lin + no-var-lhs
locale left-lin-wf-trs = left-lin + wf-trs
context wf-trs
begin
lemma wf-trs-alt:
 shows Trs.wf-trs R
 unfolding wf-trs-def' using no-var-lhs varcond by auto
end
context left-lin
begin
lemma length-var-rule:
 assumes to-rule \alpha \in R
 shows length (var-rule \alpha) = length (vars-term-list (lhs \alpha))
 using assms
 by (metis case-prodD left-lin left-linear-trs-def linear-term-var-vars-term-list)
end
```

2.3 Proof Term Predicates

The number of arguments of a well-defined proof term over a TRS R using a rule symbol α corresponds to the number of variables in lhs α . Also the rewrite rule for α must belong to the TRS R.

```
inductive-set wf-pterm :: ('f, 'v) trs \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm set
  for R where
 [simp]: Var x \in wf-pterm R
|[intro]: \forall t \in set \ ts. \ t \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \implies Pfun \ f \ ts \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
|[intro]: (lhs \ \alpha, rhs \ \alpha) \in R \Longrightarrow length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha) \Longrightarrow
                  \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \Longrightarrow Prule \ \alpha \ As \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
inductive-set wf-pterm-ctxt :: ('f, 'v) trs \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm-ctxt set
  for R where
 [simp]: \square \in wf\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt \ R
|[intro]: \forall s \in (set\ ss1) \cup (set\ ss2).\ s \in wf\text{-}pterm\ R \Longrightarrow C \in wf\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ R \Longrightarrow
             Cfun f ss1 C ss2 \in wf-pterm-ctxt R
|[intro]: (lhs \ \alpha, rhs \ \alpha) \in R \Longrightarrow (length \ ss1) + (length \ ss2) + 1 = length \ (var-rule
\alpha) \Longrightarrow
            \forall s \in (set \ ss1) \cup (set \ ss2). \ s \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \Longrightarrow C \in wf\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt \ R \Longrightarrow
             Crule \alpha ss1 C ss2 \in wf-pterm-ctxt R
lemma fun-well-arg[intro]:
  assumes Fun f As \in wf-pterm R a \in set As
  shows a \in wf-pterm R
  using assms wf-pterm.cases by auto
```

```
lemma trs-well-ctxt-arg[intro]:
 assumes More f ss1 C ss2 \in wf-pterm-ctxt R s \in (set ss1) \cup (set ss2)
 shows s \in wf-pterm R
 using assms wf-pterm-ctxt.cases by blast
lemma trs-well-ctxt-C[intro]:
 assumes More f ss1 C ss2 \in wf-pterm-ctxt R
 shows C \in wf-pterm-ctxt R
 using assms wf-pterm-ctxt.cases by auto
context no-var-lhs
begin
lemma lhs-is-Fun:
 assumes Prule \ \alpha \ Bs \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
 shows is-Fun (lhs \alpha)
 \textbf{by} \; (\textit{metis Inl-inject assms case-prodD is-FunI is-Prule.simps} (\textit{1}) \; \textit{is-Prule.simps} (\textit{3}) \\
is-VarI
     no-var-lhs.no-var-lhs no-var-lhs-axioms term.inject(2) wf-pterm.simps)
end
lemma lhs-subst-var-well-def:
 assumes \forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
 shows (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) x \in wf\text{-}pterm\ R
proof (cases map-of (zip (var-rule \alpha) As) x)
  case None
  then show ?thesis unfolding mk-subst-def by simp
next
 case (Some a)
 then have a \in set As
   by (meson\ in\text{-}set\text{-}zipE\ map\text{-}of\text{-}SomeD)
  with assms Some show ?thesis
   unfolding mk-subst-def using in-set-idx by force
qed
lemma lhs-subst-well-def:
 assumes \forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \in wf\text{-pterm} \ R \ B \in wf\text{-pterm} \ R
 shows B \cdot (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \in wf\text{-}pterm R
  using assms proof(induction B arbitrary: As)
 case (Var x)
  then show ?case using lhs-subst-var-well-def by simp
next
 case (Pfun f Bs)
 from Pfun(3) have \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf\text{-}pterm R
   \mathbf{by} blast
  with Pfun show ?case by fastforce
 case (Prule \beta Bs)
 from Prule(3) have \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf\text{-}pterm R
```

```
by blast
 moreover have length (map (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ Bs) = length (var-rule \beta)
   using Prule(3) wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
 moreover from Prule(3) have to-rule \beta \in R
   using Inl-inject sum.distinct(1) wf-pterm.cases by force
 ultimately show ?case unfolding eval-term.simps(2) using Prule
   by (simp\ add:\ wf\text{-}pterm.intros(3))
qed
lemma subt-at-is-wf-pterm:
 assumes p \in poss A and A \in wf-pterm R
 shows A|-p \in wf-pterm R
 using assms proof(induct p arbitrary:A)
 case (Cons \ i \ p)
 then obtain f As where a:A = Fun f As and i:i < length As and p:p \in poss
   using args-poss by blast
 with Cons(3) have As!i \in wf-pterm R
   using nth-mem by blast
 with Cons.hyps p a show ?case by simp
qed simp
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{ctxt}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}\mathit{pos}\text{-}\mathit{term}\text{-}\mathit{well}\text{:}
 assumes p \in poss A and A \in wf-pterm R
 shows ctxt-of-pos-term p A \in wf-pterm-ctxt R
 using assms proof(induct p arbitrary:A)
 case (Cons \ i \ p)
 then obtain fs As where a:A = Fun fs As and i:i < length As and p:p \in poss
(As!i)
   using args-poss by blast
 with Cons(3) have as: \forall j < length As. As! j \in wf-pterm R
   using nth-mem by blast
 with Cons.hyps p i have IH:ctxt-of-pos-term p (As!i) \in wf-pterm-ctxt R
   by blast
 then show ?case proof(cases fs)
   case (Inl \alpha)
   from Cons(3) have to-rule \alpha \in R unfolding a Inl
     using wf-pterm.cases by auto
   moreover from Cons(3) i have length (take\ i\ As) + length\ (drop\ (Suc\ i)\ As)
+ 1 = length (var-rule \alpha)
     unfolding a Inl using wf-pterm.cases by force
   ultimately show ?thesis
     unfolding a ctxt-of-pos-term.simps Inl using as IH wf-pterm-ctxt.intros(3)
   by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) UnE in-set-conv-nth in-set-dropD in-set-takeD)
 next
   case (Inr f)
   show ?thesis
     unfolding a ctxt-of-pos-term.simps Inr using as IH wf-pterm-ctxt.intros(2)
     by (metis Cons.prems(2) UnE a fun-well-arg in-set-dropD in-set-takeD)
```

```
qed
\mathbf{qed}\ simp
Every normal term is a well-defined proof term.
lemma to-pterm-wf-pterm[simp]: to-pterm t \in wf-pterm R
 by (induction t) (simp-all add: wf-pterm.intros(2,3))
lemma to-pterm-trs-ctxt:
 assumes p \in poss (to\text{-}pterm s)
 shows ctxt-of-pos-term p (to-pterm s) \in wf-pterm-ctxt R
 by (simp add: assms ctxt-of-pos-term-well)
lemma to-pterm-ctxt-wf-pterm-ctxt:
 shows to-pterm-ctxt C \in wf-pterm-ctxt R
proof(induct \ C)
 case (More f xs C ys)
 then show ?case unfolding to-pterm-ctxt.simps
  by (metis\ Un-iff\ fun-well-arg\ to-pterm.simps(2)\ to-pterm-wf-pterm\ wf-pterm-ctxt.intros(2))
qed simp
lemma ctxt-wf-pterm:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R and p \in poss A
   and B \in wf-pterm R
 shows (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ A)\langle B\rangle \in wf\text{-}pterm\ R
 using assms proof(induct p arbitrary:A)
 case (Cons\ i\ p)
 from Cons(3) obtain f As where A:A = Fun f As i < length As p \in poss (As!i)
   using args-poss by blast
 moreover with Cons(2) have As!i \in wf-pterm R
   using nth-mem by blast
 ultimately have IH:(ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ (As!i))\langle B\rangle\in wf\text{-}pterm\ R
   using Cons.hyps \ assms(3) by presburger
 from Cons(2) have as: \forall a \in set As. a \in wf-pterm R
   unfolding A by auto
 show ?case proof(cases f)
   case (Inl \alpha)
   from Cons(2) have alpha:to-rule \ \alpha \in R
     unfolding A Inl using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
   moreover from Cons(2) have length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
     unfolding A Inl using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
   ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding Inl A ctxt-of-pos-term.simps intp-actxt.simps using wf-pterm.intros(3)[OF]
alpha IH as A(2)
   by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) id-take-nth-drop in-set-conv-nth le-simps(1) length-append
list.size(4) nth-append-take nth-append-take-drop-is-nth-conv)
 next
 case (Inr \ b)
  show ?thesis unfolding Inr A ctxt-of-pos-term.simps intp-actxt.simps using
wf-pterm.intros(2) IH as A(2)
```

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{by} \ (smt \ (verit, \ ccfv\text{-}SIG) \ Cons\text{-}nth\text{-}drop\text{-}Suc \ append\text{-}take\text{-}drop\text{-}id \ in\text{-}set\text{-}conv\text{-}nth} \\ length\text{-}append \ length\text{-}nth\text{-}simps(2) \ less\text{-}imp\text{-}le\text{-}nat \ nth\text{-}append\text{-}take \ nth\text{-}append\text{-}take\text{-}drop\text{-}is\text{-}nth\text{-}conv}) \\ \textbf{qed} \\ \textbf{qed} \ simp \end{array}
```

2.4 'Normal' Terms vs. Proof Terms

```
lemma to-pterm-empty: is-empty-step (to-pterm t)
proof (induction \ t)
 case (Fun f ts)
 then have list-all is-empty-step (map to-pterm ts) using list-all-iff by force
 then show ?case by simp
qed simp
Variables remain unchanged.
lemma vars-to-pterm: vars-term-list (to-pterm t) = vars-term-list t
proof(induction \ t)
 case (Fun f ts)
 then have *:map vars-term-list ts = map (vars-term-list \circ to-pterm) ts by simp
 show ?case by (simp \ add: * vars-term-list.simps(2))
qed (simp add: vars-term-list.simps(1))
lemma poss-list-to-pterm: poss-list t = poss-list (to-pterm t)
proof(induction \ t)
 case (Fun f ts)
 then have *:map\ poss-list\ ts = map\ (poss-list\ \circ\ to\text{-}pterm)\ ts\ by\ simp
 show ?case by (simp \ add: * poss-list.simps(2))
qed (simp add: poss-list.simps(1))
lemma p-in-poss-to-pterm:
 assumes p \in poss t
 shows p \in poss (to\text{-}pterm \ t)
 using assms poss-list-to-pterm by (metis poss-list-sound)
lemma var-poss-to-pterm: var-poss t = var-poss (to-pterm t)
proof(induction \ t)
 case (Fun f ts)
 then have *:map\ var-poss\ ts = map\ (var-poss\ \circ\ to-pterm)\ ts\ by\ simp
 then show ?case unfolding var-poss.simps to-pterm.simps
   by auto
\mathbf{qed}\ simp
lemma var-poss-list-to-pterm: var-poss-list (to-pterm t) = var-poss-list t
\mathbf{proof}(induct\ t)
 case (Fun f ts)
 then show ?case unfolding var-poss-list.simps to-pterm.simps
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map map-nth-eq-conv nth-mem)
qed simp
```

to-pterm distributes over application of substitution.

```
lemma to-pterm-subst:
to\text{-}pterm\ (t \cdot \sigma) = (to\text{-}pterm\ t) \cdot (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ \sigma)
 by (induct\ t,\ auto)
to-pterm distributes over context.
lemma to-pterm-ctxt-of-pos-apply-term:
  assumes p \in poss s
  shows to-pterm ((ctxt-of-pos-term \ p \ s) \ \langle t \rangle) = (ctxt-of-pos-term \ p \ (to-pterm
s))\langle to\text{-}pterm\ t\rangle
  using assms proof(induct p arbitrary:s)
  case (Cons\ i\ p)
 then obtain f ss where s:s = Fun f ss and i:i < length ss and p:p \in poss (ss!i)
    using args-poss by blast
 then show ?case unfolding s to-pterm.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps intp-actxt.simps
using Cons(1)
    by (simp add: drop-map take-map)
qed simp
Linear terms become linear proof terms.
lemma to-pterm-linear:
  assumes linear-term t
 shows linear-term (to-pterm t)
 using assms proof(induction t)
  case (Fun f ts)
 have *:map\ vars-term\ ts = map\ vars-term\ (map\ to-pterm\ ts)
     \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{mono-tags},\ \mathit{lifting})\ \mathit{length-map}\ \mathit{map-nth-eq-conv}\ \mathit{set-vars-term-list}
vars-to-pterm)
  with Fun show ?case by auto
qed simp
{f lemma}\ lhs	ext{-}subst	ext{-}trivial:
  shows match (to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \langle As \rangle_{\alpha}
 using match-trivial
 by (smt comp-def mem-Collect-eq mk-subst-not-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list
subsetI subst-domain-def vars-to-pterm)
\mathbf{lemma}\ to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\text{-}apply\text{-}term:
  to\text{-}pterm\ C\langle t\rangle = (to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ C)\ \langle to\text{-}pterm\ t\rangle
  \mathbf{by}(induct\ C)\ simp-all
2.5
        Substitutions
lemma fun-mk-subst[simp]:
 assumes \forall x. f (Var x) = Var x
  shows f \circ (mk\text{-subst } Var (zip \ vs \ ts)) = mk\text{-subst } Var (zip \ vs \ (map \ f \ ts))
proof-
  have \forall a. f (case map-of (zip vs ts) a of None <math>\Rightarrow Var a \mid Some t \Rightarrow t)
          = (case \ map-of \ (zip \ vs \ ts) \ a \ of \ None \Rightarrow Var \ a \mid Some \ t \Rightarrow f \ t)
    using assms by (simp add: option.case-eq-if)
```

```
moreover have \forall a. (case map-of (zip vs (map f ts)) a of None <math>\Rightarrow Var a \mid Some
x \Rightarrow x
                    = (case\ (map-of\ (zip\ vs\ ts))\ a\ of\ None \Rightarrow Var\ a\ |\ Some\ t \Rightarrow f\ t)
    by (simp add:zip-map2 map-of-map option.case-eq-if option.map-sel)
  ultimately show ?thesis unfolding mk-subst-def unfolding comp-def by auto
qed
lemma apply-lhs-subst-var-rule:
  assumes length ts = length (var-rule \alpha)
  shows map (\langle ts \rangle_{\alpha}) (var-rule \alpha) = ts
  using assms by (simp add: mk-subst-distinct map-nth-eq-conv)
\mathbf{lemma}\ match\text{-}lhs\text{-}subst:
  assumes match\ B\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = Some\ \sigma
  shows \exists Bs. length Bs = length (var-rule <math>\alpha) \land
         B = (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha} \wedge
        (\forall x \in set \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha). \ \sigma \ x = (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x)
proof-
  obtain Bs where Bs:length Bs = length (var-rule \alpha)
      \forall i < length (var-rule \alpha). Bs!i = \sigma ((var-rule \alpha)!i)
    using length-map nth-map by blast
  then have 2:(\forall x \in set \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha). \ \sigma \ x = (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x)
    by (smt apply-lhs-subst-var-rule in-set-idx nth-map)
  have v:vars\text{-}term\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = set\ (var\text{-}rule\ \alpha)
    by (metis comp-apply set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
  from assms have B = (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \sigma
    using match-matches by blast
  also have ... = (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}
    by (intro term-subst-eq, insert 2 v, auto)
  finally show ?thesis using Bs 2 by auto
qed
{\bf lemma}\ apply\hbox{-} \textit{subst-wf-pterm} :
  assumes A \in wf-pterm R
    and \forall x \in vars\text{-}term \ A. \ \sigma \ x \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
  shows A \cdot \sigma \in wf-pterm R
  using assms proof(induct A)
  case (2 ts f)
  \{ \text{fix } t \text{ assume } t: t \in set \ ts \} 
    with 2(2) have (\forall x \in vars\text{-}term\ t.\ \sigma\ x \in wf\text{-}pterm\ R)
      by (meson\ term.set-intros(4))
    with t \ 2(1) have t \cdot \sigma \in wf-pterm R
      by blast
  then show ?case unfolding eval-term.simps by (simp add: wf-pterm.intros(2))
\mathbf{next}
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
  \{ \text{fix } a \text{ assume } a : a \in set \ As \} 
    with \Im(4) have (\forall x \in vars\text{-}term \ a. \ \sigma \ x \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R)
```

```
by (meson\ term.set-intros(4))
   with a \ \Im(\Im) have a \cdot \sigma \in wf-pterm R
     \mathbf{by} blast
 with 3(1,2) show ?case unfolding eval-term.simps by (simp add: wf-pterm.intros(3))
qed simp
lemma subst-well-def:
 assumes B \in wf-pterm R A \cdot \sigma = B x \in vars-term A
 shows \sigma x \in wf-pterm R
 using assms by (metis (no-types, lifting) poss-imp-subst-poss eval-term.simps(1)
subt-at-is-wf-pterm subt-at-subst vars-term-poss-subt-at)
lemma lhs-subst-args-wf-pterm:
 assumes to-pterm (lhs \alpha) \cdot \langle As \rangle_{\alpha} \in wf-pterm R and length As = length (var-rule
 shows \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
proof-
from assms have map (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) (var-rule \alpha) = As
   using apply-lhs-subst-var-rule by blast
 with assms show ?thesis
    by (smt comp-apply in-set-idx map-nth-eq-conv nth-mem set-remdups set-rev
set-vars-term-list subst-well-def vars-to-pterm)
qed
lemma match-well-def:
 assumes B \in wf-pterm R match B A = Some \sigma
 shows \forall i < length (vars-distinct A). \sigma ((vars-distinct A) ! i) \in wf-pterm R
 \mathbf{using}\ assms\ subst-well-def\ match-matches
 by (smt comp-apply nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list)
lemma subst-imp-well-def:
 assumes A \cdot \sigma \in wf-pterm R
 shows A \in wf-pterm R
 using assms proof(induct A)
 case (Pfun \ f \ As)
  {fix i assume i:i < length As
   with Pfun(2) have (As!i) \cdot \sigma \in wf-pterm R
   with Pfun(1) i have As!i \in wf-pterm R
     by simp
  then show ?case using wf-pterm.intros(2)
   by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}idx)
\mathbf{next}
 case (Prule \alpha As)
  {fix i assume i:i < length As
   with Prule(2) have (As!i) \cdot \sigma \in wf-pterm R
     by auto
```

```
with Prule(1) i have As!i \in wf-pterm R
      by simp
  moreover from Prule(2) have to-rule \alpha \in R length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.cases by force+
  ultimately show ?case using wf-pterm.intros(3) Prule(2)
   by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}idx)
qed simp
lemma lhs-subst-var-i:
  assumes x = (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)!i and i < length \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha) and i < length \ As
 shows (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) x = As!i
 using assms mk-subst-distinct distinct-remdups by (metis comp-apply distinct-rev)
lemma lhs-subst-not-var-i:
  assumes \neg(\exists i < length \ As. \ i < length \ (var-rule \ \alpha) \land x = (var-rule \ \alpha)!i)
  shows (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = Var \ x
  using assms proof(rule contrapos-np)
  {assume (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x \neq Var \ x
   then obtain i where i < length (zip (var-rule \alpha) As) and (var-rule \alpha)! i = x
      unfolding mk-subst-def by (smt assms imageE in-set-zip map-of-eq-None-iff
option.case-eq-if)
   then show \exists i < length \ As. \ i < length \ (var-rule \ \alpha) \land x = var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i
      by auto
qed
lemma lhs-subst-upd:
 assumes length ss1 < length (var-rule \alpha)
 shows ((\langle ss1 @ t \# ss2 \rangle_{\alpha}) ((var\text{-rule } \alpha)!(length ss1) := s)) = \langle ss1 @ s \# ss2 \rangle_{\alpha}
proof
  \mathbf{fix} \ x
 show ((\langle ss1 @ t \# ss2 \rangle_{\alpha})(var\text{-rule } \alpha ! length ss1 := s)) x = (\langle ss1 @ s \# ss2 \rangle_{\alpha})
x \text{ proof}(cases \ x = (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)!(length \ ss1))
   \mathbf{case} \ \mathit{True}
   with assms have ((\langle ss1 @ t \# ss2 \rangle_{\alpha})(var\text{-rule } \alpha ! length ss1 := s)) x = s
      by simp
   moreover from assms have (\langle ss1 @ s \# ss2 \rangle_{\alpha}) x = s unfolding True
        by (smt (verit, del-insts) add.commute add-Suc-right le-add-same-cancel2
le-imp-less-Suc length-append length-nth-simps(2) lhs-subst-var-i nth-append-length
zero-order(1)
   ultimately show ?thesis by simp
  next
   case False
   then show ?thesis
    by (smt (verit, del-insts) append-Cons-nth-not-middle fun-upd-apply length-append
length-nth-simps(2) lhs-subst-not-var-i lhs-subst-var-i)
 \mathbf{qed}
qed
```

```
lemma eval-lhs-subst:
  assumes l:length (var-rule \alpha) = length As
  shows (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) \cdot \langle As \rangle_{\alpha} \cdot \sigma = (\text{to-pterm (lhs } \alpha)) \cdot \langle \text{map } (\lambda a. \ a \cdot \sigma) \rangle
As\rangle_{\alpha}
proof-
  {fix x assume x \in vars\text{-}term (to\text{-}pterm (lhs <math>\alpha))
    then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) (var-rule \alpha) !i = x
    using vars-to-pterm by (metis in-set-conv-nth set-vars-term-list vars-term-list-vars-distinct)
    with l have (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) x = As!i
      by (metis lhs-subst-var-i)
    then have 1:(\langle As \rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s \sigma) \ x = As!i \cdot \sigma
      unfolding subst-compose-def by simp
    from i l have (\langle map \ (\lambda a. \ a \cdot \sigma) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = map \ (\lambda a. \ a \cdot \sigma) \ As ! \ i
      using lhs-subst-var-i by (metis length-map)
    with 1 i l have (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s \sigma) x = (\langle map \ (\lambda a. \ a \cdot \sigma) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) x by simp
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) eval-same-vars-cong subst-subst-compose)
qed
lemma var-rule-pos-subst:
  assumes i < length (var-rule \alpha) length ss = length (var-rule \alpha)
    and p \in poss (lhs \alpha) \ Var ((var-rule \alpha)!i) = (lhs \alpha)|-p
  shows lhs \ \alpha \cdot \langle ss \rangle_{\alpha} \ | - (p@q) = (ss!i)| - q
proof-
  from assms(1,2) have (\langle ss \rangle_{\alpha}) ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) = ss!i
    using lhs-subst-var-i by force
  with assms(3,4) show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma lhs-subst-var-rule:
  assumes vars-term t \subseteq vars-term (lhs \alpha)
  shows t \cdot \langle map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha) \rangle_{\alpha} = t \cdot \sigma
 using assms by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule comp-apply length-map
map-eq-conv set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list subsetD term-subst-eq-conv)
2.6
         Contexts
lemma match-lhs-context:
  assumes i < length (vars-term-list t) \land p = (var-poss-list t)!i
    and linear-term t
    and match (((ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ (t\cdot\sigma)))\langle B\rangle)\ t=Some\ \tau
shows map \tau (vars-term-list t) = (map \sigma (vars-term-list t))[i := B]
proof-
  from assms have (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ (t\cdot\sigma))\langle B\rangle = t\cdot(\sigma(vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ t!i:=
    using ctxt-apply-term-subst by blast
```

```
with assms(3) have *:(\forall x \in vars\text{-}term\ t.\ (\sigma(vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ t!i:=B))\ x=\tau\ x)
    using match-complete' by (metis option.inject)
  from assms(2) have distinct (vars-term-list t)
    by (metis distinct-remdups distinct-rev linear-term-var-vars-term-list o-apply)
  with * assms(1) show ?thesis
     by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) fun-upd-other fun-upd-same length-list-update
length-map map-nth-eq-conv nth-eq-iff-index-eq nth-list-update nth-mem set-vars-term-list)
qed
lemma ctxt-lhs-subst:
  assumes i:i < length (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)) and l:length As = length (var-rule
    and p1:p1 = var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \alpha) ! i  and lin:linear\text{-}term (lhs \alpha)
    and p2 \in poss(As!i)
  shows (ctxt-of-pos-term (p1 @ p2) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle As \rangle_{\alpha}))\langle A \rangle =
          (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha))\cdot \langle take\ i\ As\ @\ (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p2\ (As!i))\langle A\rangle\ \#\ drop
(Suc\ i)\ As\rangle_{\alpha}
proof-
  have l2:length (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \alpha)) = length (var\text{-}rule \alpha)
    using lin by (metis length-var-poss-list linear-term-var-vars-term-list)
  from p1 i have p1-pos:p1 \in poss (to-pterm (lhs <math>\alpha))
    by (metis nth-mem var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound var-poss-to-pterm)
  have sub:(to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha))|\text{-}p1 = Var\ (vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha)!i)
  \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis i length-var-poss-list}\ p1\ \textit{var-poss-list-to-pterm}\ \textit{vars-term-list-var-poss-list}
vars-to-pterm)
  have **: (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)\cdot\langle As\rangle_{\alpha})|\text{-}p1=As!i
    unfolding subt-at-subst[OF p1-pos] sub eval-term.simps using i l l2 by (metis
lhs-subst-var-i lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list)
 then have *:(ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ (p1\ @\ p2)\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)\cdot\langle As\rangle_{\alpha})) = ((ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ (ps)))
p1 \ (to\text{-}pterm \ (lhs \ \alpha))) \cdot_c \langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \circ_c \ (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term \ p2 \ (As!i))
   using ctxt-of-pos-term-append ctxt-of-pos-term-subst by (metis p1-pos poss-imp-subst-poss)
  show ?thesis
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) * ** ctxt-ctxt-compose
        ctxt-subst-apply lhs-subst-upd append-Cons-nth-not-middle
        i id-take-nth-drop l l2 less-imp-le-nat lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list
        nth-append-take p1-pos sub to-pterm-linear
        ctxt-of-pos-term-append ctxt-supt-id eval-term.simps(1) poss-imp-subst-poss
        replace-at-append-subst subt-at-subst)
qed
lemma ctxt-rule-obtain-pos:
  assumes iq:i\#q \in poss (Prule \ \alpha \ As)
    and p-pos:p \in poss (source (Prule <math>\alpha As))
    and ctxt:source-ctxt\ (ctxt-of-pos-term\ (i\#q)\ (Prule\ \alpha\ As)) = ctxt-of-pos-term
p (source (Prule \alpha As))
    and lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
    and l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
  shows \exists p1 \ p2. \ p = p1@p2 \land p1 = var\text{-}poss\text{-}list \ (lhs \ \alpha)!i \land p2 \in poss \ (source
```

```
(As!i)
proof-
 from iq have i:i < length As
   by simp
 let ?p1=var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)!i
 have p1:(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha)\ !\ length\ (take\ i\ As)) = ?p1
   using i by fastforce
 have p1-pos: ?p1 \in poss (lhs \alpha)
    by (metis i l length-var-poss-list lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list nth-mem
var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
 then have *:source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term (i # q) (Prule \alpha As)) = ((ctxt-of-pos-term
?p1 (lhs \alpha)) \cdot_c \(\lambda map source \) (take i As \(\text{@ Var (vars-term-list (lhs \alpha) ! length (take
i As)) \# drop (Suc i) As)\rangle_{\alpha}) \circ_{c}
   source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term q (As ! i))
   unfolding ctxt-of-pos-term.simps source-ctxt.simps Let-def p1 by (simp add:
ctxt-of-pos-term-subst)
 from ctxt have ?p1 \leq_p p
  unfolding * using p1-pos p-pos unfolding source.simps using ctxt-subst-comp-pos
  then obtain p2 where p:p = ?p1@p2
   using less-eq-pos-def by force
 have (lhs \ \alpha)|-?p1 = Var (vars-term-list (lhs \ \alpha) \ !i)
   by (metis i l lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
  moreover have Var (vars-term-list (lhs \alpha) !i) \cdot (map source As)_{\alpha} = source
(As!i)
     unfolding eval-term.simps using lhs-subst-var-i i l by (smt (verit, best)
length-map lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list nth-map)
  ultimately have p2 \in poss (source (As!i))
   using p-pos unfolding p using p1-pos by auto
 with p show ?thesis by simp
qed
2.7
       Source and Target
lemma source-empty-step:
 assumes is-empty-step t
 shows to-pterm (source t) = t
using assms by (induction t) (simp-all add: list-all-length map-nth-eq-conv)
lemma empty-coinitial:
 shows co-initial A \ t \Longrightarrow is\text{-empty-step} \ t \Longrightarrow to\text{-pterm} \ (source \ A) = t
 by (simp add: source-empty-step)
lemma source-to-pterm[simp]: source (to-pterm t) = t
 by (induction t) (simp-all add: map-nth-eq-conv)
lemma target-to-pterm[simp]: target (to-pterm t) = t
 by (induction\ t)\ (simp-all\ add:\ map-nth-eq-conv)
```

```
lemma vars-term-source:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R
 shows vars-term\ A = vars-term\ (source\ A)
 using assms proof(induct A)
 case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
 show ?case proof
    {fix x assume x \in vars\text{-}term (Prule \alpha As)
     then obtain i where i:i < length \ As \ x \in vars-term \ (As!i)
       by (metis\ term.sel(4)\ var-imp-var-of-arg)
    from i(1) 3(2) obtain j where j:j < length (vars-term-list (lhs <math>\alpha)) vars-term-list
(lhs \ \alpha)!j = var\text{-}rule \ \alpha \ !i
       by (metis comp-apply in-set-idx nth-mem set-remdups set-rev)
     let ?p = (var - poss - list (lhs \alpha)!j)
     from j have p: ?p \in poss (lhs \alpha)
     by (metis in-set-conv-nth length-var-poss-list var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
     with \Im(2) i(1) j have source (Prule \alpha As) |- ?p = source (As!i)
       using mk-subst-distinct unfolding source.simps
         by (smt (verit, best) comp-apply distinct-remdups distinct-rev filter-cong
length-map\ map-nth-conv\ mk-subst-same eval-term.simps(1)\ subt-at-subst vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
     with \Im(\Im) have x \in vars\text{-}term (source (Prule <math>\alpha As))
       unfolding source.simps using vars-term-subt-at p
       by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) i nth-mem poss-imp-subst-poss subsetD)
   then show vars-term (Prule \alpha As) \subseteq vars-term (source (Prule \alpha As))
    {fix x assume x \in vars\text{-}term (source (Prule <math>\alpha As))
     then obtain y where y:y \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \ \alpha) \ x \in vars\text{-}term ((\langle map \ source
As\rangle_{\alpha}) y)
       using vars-term-subst by force
     then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) y = var-rule \alpha!i
       by (metis in-set-idx set-vars-term-list vars-term-list-vars-distinct)
     with y(2) 3(2) have x \in vars\text{-}term (source (As!i))
       by (simp add: mk-subst-distinct)
     with 3 i(1) have x \in vars\text{-}term (Prule \ \alpha \ As)
       by (metis nth-mem term.set-intros(\mathcal{L}))
   then show vars-term (source (Prule \alpha As)) \subseteq vars-term (Prule \alpha As)
     by blast
 \mathbf{qed}
qed auto
context var-rhs-subset-lhs
begin
lemma vars-term-target:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R
 shows vars-term (target A) \subseteq vars-term A
 using assms proof(induct A)
```

```
case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
 show ?case proof
  fix x assume x \in vars\text{-}term (target (Prule <math>\alpha As))
    then obtain y where y:y \in vars\text{-}term \ (rhs \ \alpha) x \in vars\text{-}term \ ((\langle map \ target
As\rangle_{\alpha}) y)
     using vars-term-subst by force
   then have y \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \ \alpha)
     using 3.hyps(1) varcond by auto
   then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) y = var-rule \alpha!i
     by (metis in-set-idx set-vars-term-list vars-term-list-vars-distinct)
   with y(2) \beta(2) have x \in vars\text{-}term\ (target\ (As!i))
     by (simp add: mk-subst-distinct)
   with 3 i(1) show x \in vars\text{-}term (Prule } \alpha As)
     by fastforce
 qed
ged auto
end
lemma linear-source-imp-linear-pterm:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R linear-term (source A)
 shows linear-term A
 using assms proof(induct A)
 case (2 As f)
 then show ?case unfolding source.simps linear-term.simps using vars-term-source
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) in-set-idx length-map map-equality-iff nth-map nth-mem)
next
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
  \{ \text{fix } a \text{ assume } a : a \in set \ As \} 
   with \Im(2) obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) As!i = a
     by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}idx)
   let ?x=var-rule \alpha ! i
   from i have ?x \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \ \alpha)
     by (metis comp-apply nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list)
   then obtain p where p \in poss (lhs \alpha) lhs \alpha |-p = Var ?x
     by (meson vars-term-poss-subt-at)
   then have source (Prule \alpha As) \triangleright source a
     unfolding source.simps using lhs-subst-var-i[of ?x \ \alpha \ i \ As] i 3(2)
    by (smt\ (verit,\ best)\ (var-rule\ \alpha\ !\ i\in vars-term\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \ apply-lhs-subst-var-rule
eval-term.simps(1) length-map map-nth-conv supteq-subst vars-term-supteq)
   then have linear-term (source a)
     using \Im(4) by (metis subt-at-linear supteq-imp-subt-at)
   with 3(3) a have linear-term a by simp
  }
 moreover have is-partition (map vars-term As) proof—
    {fix i j assume i:i < length \ As \ and \ j:j < length \ As \ and \ ij:i \neq j
     let ?x=var-rule \alpha ! i and ?y=var-rule \alpha ! j
     from i j ij 3(2) have xy:?x \neq ?y
       by (simp add: nth-eq-iff-index-eq)
     from i\ 3(2) have ?x \in vars\text{-}term\ (lhs\ \alpha)
```

```
by (metis comp-apply nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list)
             then obtain p where p:p \in poss (lhs \alpha) lhs \alpha |-p = Var ?x
                 by (meson vars-term-poss-subt-at)
             from j \, \beta(2) have ?y \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \, \alpha)
                 \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{comp-apply}\ \mathit{nth-mem}\ \mathit{set-remdups}\ \mathit{set-rev}\ \mathit{set-vars-term-list})
             then obtain q where q:q \in poss (lhs \alpha) lhs \alpha |-q = Var ?y
                 by (meson vars-term-poss-subt-at)
             from xy \ p \ q have p \perp q
                  using less-eq-pos-def parallel-pos by auto
             moreover have source (Prule \alpha As) |-p| = source (As!i)
             unfolding source.simps by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) 3.hyps(2) eval-term.simps(1)
i length-map lhs-subst-var-i nth-map p subt-at-subst)
             moreover have source (Prule \alpha As) |-q| = source (As!j)
             unfolding source.simps by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) 3.hyps(2) eval-term.simps(1)
j length-map lhs-subst-var-i nth-map q subt-at-subst)
            ultimately have vars-term (source (As!i)) \cap vars-term (source (As!i)) = {}
                using 3(4) by (metis linear-subterms-disjoint-vars p(1) poss-imp-subst-poss
q(1) source.simps(3))
             then have vars-term (As!i) \cap vars\text{-term } (As!j) = \{\}
                 using vars-term-source \Im(\Im) i j using nth-mem by blast
        then show ?thesis
             unfolding is-partition-alt is-partition-alt-def by simp
     ultimately show ?case unfolding source.simps linear-term.simps by simp
qed simp
context var-rhs-subset-lhs
begin
lemma target-apply-subst:
    assumes A \in wf-pterm R
    shows target(A \cdot \sigma) = (target A) \cdot (target \circ \sigma)
using assms(1) proof(induct A)
    case (2 ts f)
    then have (map\ target\ (map\ (\lambda t.\ t\cdot\sigma)\ ts))=(map\ (\lambda t.\ t\cdot(target\circ\sigma))\ (map
target ts))
        unfolding map-map o-def by auto
     then show ?case unfolding eval-term.simps target.simps by simp
next
     case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
     have id: \forall x \in vars\text{-}term \ (rhs \ \alpha). \ (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ x = (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ x = (\langle map \ (t
target \ As\rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (target \circ \sigma)) \ x
        proof-
             have vars:vars-term (rhs \ \alpha) \subseteq set (var-rule \ \alpha)
                 using 3(1) varcond by auto
         { fix i assume i:i < length (var-rule \alpha)
                 with 3 have (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var-rule \ \alpha)!i) = target
((As!i) \cdot \sigma)
                 by (simp add: mk-subst-distinct)
```

```
also have ... = target (As!i) \cdot (target \circ \sigma)
        using 3 i by (metis nth-mem)
      also have ... = (\langle map \ target \ As \rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (target \circ \sigma)) ((var-rule \ \alpha)!i)
        using 3 i unfolding subst-compose-def by (simp add: mk-subst-distinct)
     finally have (\langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var-rule \ \alpha)!i) = (\langle map \ target
As\rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (target \circ \sigma)) ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i).
    } with vars show ?thesis by (smt (z3) in-mono in-set-conv-nth)
  have target ((Prule \ \alpha \ As) \cdot \sigma) = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ (target \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}
    unfolding eval-term.simps(2) by simp
  also have ... = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot (\langle map \ target \ As \rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (target \circ \sigma))
    using id by (meson term-subst-eq)
 also have ... = (target \ (Prule \ \alpha \ As)) \cdot (target \circ \sigma) by simp
 finally show ?case.
qed simp
end
context var-rhs-subset-lhs
begin
lemma tgt-subst-simp:
assumes A \in wf-pterm R
  shows target (A \cdot \sigma) = target ((to\text{-}pterm (target } A)) \cdot \sigma)
 by (metis assms target-apply-subst target-to-pterm to-pterm-wf-pterm)
end
lemma target-empty-apply-subst:
  assumes is-empty-step t
 shows target (t \cdot \sigma) = (target \ t) \cdot (target \circ \sigma)
using assms proof(induction t)
  case (Var x)
  then show ?case by (metis comp-apply eval-term.simps(1) target.simps(1))
  case (Pfun \ f \ As)
  from Pfun(2) have \forall a \in set As. is-empty-step a
    by (simp add: Ball-set-list-all)
  with Pfun(1) show ?case by simp
next
  case (Prule \alpha As)
  then show ?case
    using is-empty-step.simps(3) by blast
qed
lemma source-ctxt-comp:source-ctxt (C1 \circ_c C2) = source-ctxt C1 \circ_c source-ctxt
 by(induct C1) (simp-all add:ctxt-monoid-mult.mult-assoc)
lemma context-source: source (A\langle B\rangle) = source (A\langle to\text{-}pterm (source B)\rangle)
proof(induct A rule:actxt.induct)
  case (More\ f\ ss1\ A\ ss2)
```

```
then show ?case by(cases f) simp-all
qed simp
lemma context-target: target (A\langle B\rangle) = target (A\langle to\text{-}pterm (target B)\rangle)
proof(induct A rule:actxt.induct)
 case (More f ss1 A ss2)
 then show ?case by(cases f) simp-all
qed simp
lemma source-to-pterm-ctxt:
  source ((to-pterm-ctxt \ C)\langle A\rangle) = C\langle source \ A\rangle
 by (metis context-source source-to-pterm to-pterm-ctxt-apply-term)
lemma target-to-pterm-ctxt:
  target\ ((to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ C)\langle A\rangle) = C\langle target\ A\rangle
 by (metis context-target target-to-pterm to-pterm-ctxt-apply-term)
lemma source-ctxt-to-pterm:
 assumes p \in poss s
 shows source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term p (to-pterm s)) = ctxt-of-pos-term p s
using assms proof(induct p arbitrary:s)
  case (Cons \ i \ p)
  then obtain f ss where s:s = Fun f ss and i < length ss and p \in poss (ss!i)
   using args-poss by blast
 then show ?case
     unfolding s to-pterm.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps source-ctxt.simps using
  by (smt (verit, best) drop-map nth-map source.simps(2) source-to-pterm take-map
term.inject(2) \ to-pterm.simps(2))
qed simp
lemma to-pterm-ctxt-at-pos:
 assumes p \in poss s
 shows ctxt-of-pos-term p (to-pterm s) = to-pterm-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term p s)
using assms proof(induct p arbitrary:s)
 case (Cons\ i\ p)
 then obtain f ss where s:s = Fun f ss
   using args-poss by blast
  with Cons show ?case
   using drop-map \ s \ take-map \ by force
qed simp
lemma to-pterm-ctxt-hole-pos: hole-pos C = hole-pos (to-pterm-ctxt C)
 \mathbf{by}(induct\ C)\ simp-all
lemma source-to-pterm-ctxt':
 assumes q \in poss s
 shows source\text{-}ctxt (to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term qs)) = ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term qs
using assms proof(induct q arbitrary: s)
```

```
case (Cons\ i\ q)
  then obtain f ss where s:s = Fun f ss and i:i < length ss
    by (meson args-poss)
   with Cons have IH:source-ctxt (to-pterm-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term q (ss!i))) =
ctxt-of-pos-term q (ss!i)
    by auto
 with i show ?case unfolding s ctxt-of-pos-term.simps to-pterm-ctxt.simps source-ctxt.simps
   using source-to-pterm by (metis source.simps(2) term.sel(4) to-pterm.simps(2))
qed simp
lemma to-pterm-ctxt-comp: to-pterm-ctxt (C \circ_c D) = to-pterm-ctxt C \circ_c to-pterm-ctxt
  \mathbf{by}(induct\ C)\ simp-all
lemma source-apply-subst:
  assumes A \in wf-pterm R
  shows source (A \cdot \sigma) = (source \ A) \cdot (source \circ \sigma)
using assms proof(induct A)
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
  source As\rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (source \circ \sigma)) x
    proof-
      have vars:vars-term (lhs \alpha) = set (var-rule \alpha) by simp
    { fix i assume i:i < length (var-rule \alpha)
       with 3 have (\langle map\ (source \circ (\lambda t.\ t \cdot \sigma))\ As \rangle_{\alpha})\ ((var-rule\ \alpha)!i) = source
((As!i) \cdot \sigma)
        by (simp add: mk-subst-distinct)
      also have ... = source (As!i) \cdot (source \circ \sigma)
        using 3 i by (metis nth-mem)
      also have ... = (\langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (source \circ \sigma)) ((var-rule \ \alpha)!i)
        using 3 i unfolding subst-compose-def by (simp add: mk-subst-distinct)
       finally have (\langle map \ (source \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var-rule \ \alpha)!i) = (\langle map \ (source \ o \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha})
source As\rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (source \circ \sigma)) ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i).
    } with vars show ?thesis by (metis in-set-idx)
  qed
 have source ((Prule \alpha As) \cdot \sigma) = (lhs \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ (source \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}
    unfolding eval-term.simps(2) by simp
  also have ... = (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot (\langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (source \circ \sigma))
    using id by (meson term-subst-eq)
  also have ... = (source (Prule \ \alpha \ As)) \cdot (source \circ \sigma) by simp
  finally show ?case.
qed simp-all
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{ctxt-of-pos-term-at-var-subst}\colon
  assumes linear-term t
    and p \in poss \ t and t|-p = Var \ x
    and \forall y \in vars\text{-}term \ t. \ y \neq x \longrightarrow \tau \ y = \sigma \ y
  shows ctxt-of-pos-term p (t \cdot \tau) = ctxt-of-pos-term p (t \cdot \sigma)
```

```
using assms proof(induct \ t \ arbitrary:p)
  case (Fun f ts)
  from Fun(3,4) obtain i p' where p:p = i \# p' and i:i < length ts and p':p' \in
poss(ts!i)
   by auto
  with Fun(4) have x:ts!i \mid -p' = Var x
   by simp
  {fix j assume j:j < length ts j \neq i
   from Fun(2) have x \notin vars\text{-}term\ (ts!j)
    by (metis\ i\ j\ p'\ subset-eq\ term.set-intros(3)\ var-in-linear-args\ vars-term-subt-at
x)
   with Fun(5) j have ts!j \cdot \tau = ts!j \cdot \sigma
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) nth-mem term.set-intros(4) term-subst-eq)
   then have (map (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \tau) \ ts)!j = (map (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma) \ ts)!j
     by (simp \ add: \ j)
  }note args=this
  from args have args1:take i (map (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \tau) \ ts) = take i (map (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma) \ ts)
    using nth-take-lemma[of i (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \tau) ts) (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \sigma) ts)] i by simp
 from args have args2:drop\ (Suc\ i)\ (map\ (\lambda t.\ t\cdot \tau)\ ts)=drop\ (Suc\ i)\ (map\ (\lambda t.
(t \cdot \sigma) (ts)
     using nth-drop-equal of (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \tau) ts) (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \sigma) ts) Suc i i by
simp
 from Fun(1,2,5) i have IH: ctxt-of-pos-term p'((ts!i) \cdot \tau) = ctxt-of-pos-term p'
((ts!i) \cdot \sigma)
   by (simp \ add: \ p' \ x)
  with args1 args2 show ?case
   unfolding p eval-term.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps by (simp add: i)
qed simp
context left-lin
begin
lemma source-ctxt-apply-subst:
 assumes C \in wf-pterm-ctxt R
 shows source-ctxt (C \cdot_c \sigma) = (source\text{-}ctxt \ C) \cdot_c (source \circ \sigma)
using assms proof(induct C)
 case (2 ss1 ss2 C f)
 then show ?case
   unfolding source-ctxt.simps actxt.simps 2 using source-apply-subst by auto
next
  case (3 \ \alpha \ ss1 \ ss2 \ C)
 let ?p = (var - poss - list (lhs \alpha) ! length ss1)
 let ?x=(vars-term-list (lhs \alpha) ! length ss1)
 have var-at-p:(lhs \ \alpha)|-?p = Var \ ?x
     by (metis 3.hyps(2) add-lessD1 length-remdups-leq length-rev less-add-one
o-apply order-less-le-trans vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
  from 3(2) have pos1:?p \in poss (lhs \alpha)
  by (metis add-lessD1 comp-apply length-remdups-leq length-rev length-var-poss-list
less-add-one nth-mem order-less-le-trans var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
```

```
then have pos: p \in poss (lhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \ source \ (ss1 @ Var \ (vars-term-list \ (lhs \ \alpha)) \rangle
! length ss1) # ss2)\rangle_{\alpha})
   using poss-imp-subst-poss by blast
  have lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
    using 3(1) left-lin using left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
  {fix y assume y \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \alpha) and x:y \neq ?x
   then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) var-rule \alpha! i = y
     by (metis in-set-idx lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list set-vars-term-list)
    with x consider i < length ss1 \mid i > length ss1 \wedge i < length (var-rule <math>\alpha)
     using lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list nat-neq-iff by fastforce
    then have (\langle map \ source \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma) \ ss1 \ @ \ Var \ ?x \ \# \ map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)
(ss2)_{\alpha} y = ((\langle map \ source \ (ss1 @ Var ?x \# ss2)_{\alpha}) \ y) \cdot (source \circ \sigma)
   proof(cases)
     case 1
      with i have (\langle map \ source \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma) \ ss1 \ @ \ Var \ ?x \ \# \ map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)
(ss2)_{\alpha} y = source ((ss1!i) \cdot \sigma)
          by (smt (z3) 3.hyps(2) One-nat-def add.right-neutral add-Suc-right ap-
pend-Cons-nth-left comp-apply distinct-remdups distinct-rev length-append length-map
length-nth-simps(2) map-nth-eq-conv mk-subst-same)
     moreover from i 1 have (\langle map \ source \ (ss1 @ Var ?x \# ss2) \rangle_{\alpha}) \ y = source
(ss1!i)
     by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}threshold)\ 3.hyps(2)\ One-nat\text{-}def\ ab\text{-}semigroup\text{-}add\text{-}class.add\text{-}ac(1)
append-Cons-nth-left comp-apply distinct-remdups distinct-rev length-append length-map
list.size(4) map-nth-eq-conv mk-subst-distinct)
     moreover have ss1!i \in wf-pterm R
       using 3(3) 1 by (meson UnCI nth-mem)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using source-apply-subst by auto
   next
     case 2
     let ?i=i - ((length ss1)+1)
     have i':?i < length ss2
       using 3(2) 2 by (simp add: less-diff-conv2)
     have i1:(map source (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \sigma) ss1 @ Var ?x # map (\lambda t. t \cdot \sigma) ss2))!i
= source ((ss2!?i) \cdot \sigma) proof-
       have i'':i = length \ (map \ source \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma) \ ss1 \ @ \ [Var \ ?x])) + ?i
         unfolding length-append length-map using 2 by force
       show ?thesis unfolding map-append list.map
         using i' i'' nth-append-length-plus[of (map source (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \sigma) ss1 @
[Var (vars-term-list (lhs \alpha) ! length ss1)])) map source (map (\lambda t. t \cdot \sigma) ss2)]
              by (smt (verit, del-insts) Cons-eq-appendI append-Nil append-assoc
length-map\ list.simps(9)\ map-append\ nth-map)
     have i2:map\ source\ (ss1\ @\ Var\ ?x\ \#\ ss2)\ !\ i=source\ (ss2!?i)\ \mathbf{proof}-
       have i'':i = length (map source (ss1 @ [Var ?x])) + ?i
         unfolding length-append length-map using 2 by force
       show ?thesis unfolding map-append list.map
      using i' i'' nth-append-length-plus[of (map source (ss1 @ [Var (vars-term-list
(lhs \ \alpha) \ ! \ length \ ss1)])) \ map \ source \ ss2]
```

```
by (smt (verit, del-insts) append.left-neutral append-Cons append-assoc
length-map\ list.simps(9)\ map-append\ nth-map)
     qed
     from i1 2 have (\langle map \ source \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma) \ ss1 \ @ \ Var \ ?x \# \ map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)
(\sigma) |ss2\rangle_{\alpha} = source ((ss2!?i) \cdot \sigma)
     by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv-threshold)\ 3.hyps(2)\ One-nat-def\ ab-semigroup-add-class.add-ac(1)
comp\text{-}def distinct-remdups distinct-rev i(2) length-append length-map list.size(4)
     moreover from i2 2 have (\langle map \ source \ (ss1 @ Var ?x \# ss2)\rangle_{\alpha}) \ y = source
(ss2!?i)
       by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) 3.hyps(2) One-nat-def add.right-neutral
add-Suc-right comp-apply distinct-remdups distinct-rev i(2) length-append length-map
length-nth-simps(2) mk-subst-distinct)
     moreover have ss2!?i \in wf-pterm R
       using \Im(\Im) 2 \langle ?i < length ss2 \rangle by (metis UnCI nth-mem)
     ultimately show ?thesis
       using source-apply-subst by auto
   qed
  then have ctxt-of-pos-term ?p (lhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \ source \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma) \ ss1 \ @ Var
?x \# map (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma) \ ss2)\rangle_{\alpha}) =
          ctxt-of-pos-term ?p (lhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \ source \ (ss1 @ Var ?x \# ss2) \rangle_{\alpha} \cdot (source
\circ \sigma))
   using ctxt-of-pos-term-at-var-subst[OF lin pos1 var-at-p] unfolding subst-subst
by (smt (verit) subst-compose)
 then show ?case unfolding source-ctxt.simps actxt.simps Let-def 3 subst-compose-ctxt-compose-distrib
length-map ctxt-of-pos-term-subst[OF pos, symmetric]
    by presburger
qed simp
Needs left-linearity to avoid multihole contexts.
lemma source-ctxt-apply-term:
  assumes C \in wf-pterm-ctxt R
  shows source (C\langle A\rangle) = (source\text{-}ctxt\ C)\langle source\ A\rangle
using assms proof(induct C)
  case (3 \alpha ss1 ss2 C)
  from \Im(1) left-lin have lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
   using left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
  from 3(2) have len:length ss1 < length (vars-term-list (lhs \alpha))
   by (metis add-lessD1 less-add-one lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list)
  have (source\text{-}ctxt\ (Crule\ \alpha\ ss1\ C\ ss2))\langle source\ A\rangle =
     lhs \alpha \cdot \langle (map \ source \ ss1) \ @ \ (source - ctxt \ C) \langle source \ A \rangle \ \# \ (map \ source \ ss2) \rangle_{\alpha}
  unfolding source-ctxt.simps Let-def intp-actxt.simps source.simps ctxt-ctxt-compose
   using ctxt-apply-term-subst[OF lin len] lhs-subst-upd
    by (smt (verit) len length-map lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list list.simps(9)
map-append)
  with 3(5) show ?case by simp
qed simp-all
end
```

```
lemma rewrite-tgt:
  assumes rstep:(t,v) \in (rstep \ R)^*
 shows (target (C \langle (to\text{-}pterm \ t) \cdot \sigma \rangle), target (C \langle (to\text{-}pterm \ v) \cdot \sigma \rangle)) \in (rstep \ R)^*
proof(induct C)
  case Hole
  then show ?case
  by (simp add: local.rstep rsteps-closed-subst target-empty-apply-subst to-pterm-empty)
\mathbf{next}
  case (Cfun\ f\ ss1\ C\ ss2)
  then show ?case by (simp add: ctxt-closed-one ctxt-closed-rsteps)
next
  case (Crule \alpha ss1 C ss2)
 let ?ts=map\ target\ (ss1\ @\ C\langle to\text{-}pterm\ t\cdot\sigma\rangle\ \#\ ss2)
 let ?vs=map target (ss1 @ C\langle to\text{-pterm } v \cdot \sigma \rangle \# ss2)
  {fix x assume x \in vars\text{-}term (rhs <math>\alpha)
   from Crule have ((\langle ?ts \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x, \ (\langle ?vs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x) \in (rstep \ R)^*
   proof (cases \exists i < length ?ts. i < length (var-rule <math>\alpha) \land x = var-rule \alpha ! i)
     then obtain i where i:i < length ?ts i < length ?vs i < length (var-rule \alpha)
x = var\text{-}rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i
       by auto
    show ?thesis using Crule unfolding lhs-subst-var-i[OF i(4,3,1)] lhs-subst-var-i[OF
i(4,3,2)
     nth\text{-}map[OF\ i(1)[unfolded\ length\text{-}map]]\ nth\text{-}map[OF\ i(2)[unfolded\ length\text{-}map]]
      by (metis append-Cons-nth-not-middle nth-append-length rtrancl.rtrancl-reft)
   next
     {f case} False
     then have *:\neg(\exists i < length ?vs. i < length (var-rule <math>\alpha) \land x = var-rule \alpha ! i)
       by simp
     show ?thesis
       unfolding lhs-subst-not-var-i[OF False] lhs-subst-not-var-i[OF *] by simp
   qed
 then show ?case by (simp add: subst-rsteps-imp-rsteps)
qed
2.8
        Additional Results
lemma length-args-well-Prule:
  assumes Prule \alpha As \in wf-pterm R Prule \alpha Bs \in wf-pterm S
  shows length As = length Bs
proof-
  from assms(1) have length As = length (var-rule \alpha) using wf-pterm.simps by
 moreover from assms(2) have length\ Bs = length\ (var-rule\ \alpha) using wf-pterm.simps
by fastforce
```

```
ultimately show ?thesis by simp
qed
lemma co-initial-Var:
 assumes co-initial (Var x) B
 shows B = Var \ x \lor (\exists \alpha \ b' \ y. \ B = Prule \ \alpha \ b' \land lhs \ \alpha = Var \ y)
proof-
  {assume B \neq Var x
   with assms obtain \alpha b' where B = Prule \alpha b'
    by (metis\ is-empty-step.elims(3)\ source.elims\ source-empty-step\ term.distinct(1))
   moreover with assms have \exists y. lhs \alpha = Var y
     by (metis\ source.simps(1)\ source.simps(3)\ subst-apply-eq-Var)
   ultimately have (\exists \alpha \ b' \ y. \ B = Prule \ \alpha \ b' \land lhs \ \alpha = Var \ y)
     \mathbf{by} blast
 then show ?thesis
   by blast
qed
lemma source-poss:
 assumes p:p \in poss \ (source \ (Pfun \ f \ As)) and iq:i\#q \in poss \ (Pfun \ f \ As)
   and ctxt:source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term (i\#q) (Pfun\ f\ As)) = ctxt-of-pos-term\ p
(source (Pfun f As))
 shows \exists p'. p = i \# p' \land p' \in poss (source (As!i))
proof-
  obtain p' where hole-pos (source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term (i \neq q) (Pfun f As))) =
i\#p'
                p' = hole\text{-pos} (source\text{-}ctxt (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term q (As! i)))
    unfolding ctxt-of-pos-term.simps source-ctxt.simps take-map drop-map using
iq by auto
 with ctxt have p = i \# p'
   by (metis\ hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term\ p)
 with p show ?thesis
   by auto
qed
lemma simple-pterm-match:
 assumes source A = t \cdot \sigma
   and linear-term t
   and A \cdot \tau 1 = to-pterm t \cdot \tau 2
 shows matches A (to-pterm t)
 using assms proof(induct t arbitrary: A)
 case (Var x)
 then show ?case
   using matches-iff by force
\mathbf{next}
 case (Fun f ts)
 from Fun(2,4) show ?case proof(cases A)
   case (Pfun \ g \ As)
```

```
with Fun(2) have f:f = g by simp
   from Fun(2) have l:length\ ts = length\ As
   unfolding Pfun source.simps f eval-term.simps by (simp add: map-equality-iff)
   {fix i assume i:i < length ts
     with Fun(2) have source (As ! i) = ts ! i \cdot \sigma
     unfolding Pfun source.simps f eval-term.simps by (simp add: map-equality-iff)
     moreover from i Fun(4) have As ! i \cdot \tau 1 = to\text{-}pterm (ts ! i) \cdot \tau 2
      unfolding Pfun f to-pterm.simps eval-term.simps using l map-nth-conv by
fastforce
     ultimately have matches (As!i) (to-pterm (ts!i))
      using Fun(1)[of ts!i As!i] l i Fun(3) by force
     then have \exists \sigma. As!i = (to\text{-}pterm\ (ts!i)) \cdot \sigma
      by (metis matches-iff)
   }note IH=this
   from Fun(3) have lin:linear-term (to-pterm (Fun f ts))
     using to-pterm-linear by blast
   from linear-term-obtain-subst[OF lin[unfolded to-pterm.simps]] show ?thesis
       unfolding Pfun f by (smt (verit, del-insts) IH l length-map matches-iff
nth-map to-pterm.simps(2))
 qed simp-all
qed
       Proof Terms Represent Multi-Steps
2.9
context var-rhs-subset-lhs
begin
\mathbf{lemma}\ mstep-to-pterm:
 assumes (s, t) \in mstep R
 shows \exists A. A \in wf-pterm R \land source A = s \land target A = t
 using assms(1) proof(induct)
 case (Var x)
 then show ?case
   by (meson\ source.simps(1)\ target.simps(1)\ wf-pterm.intros(1))
\mathbf{next}
  case (args f n ss ts)
  then have \forall i \in set [0... < n]. \exists a. a \in wf-pterm R \land source \ a = ss! \ i \land target \ a
   by simp
  then obtain As where as:length As = n \land (\forall i < n. (As!i) \in wf\text{-pterm } R \land
source (As!i) = ss! i \land target (As!i) = ts! i)
   using obtain-list-with-property [where P=\lambda a i. a \in wf-pterm R \wedge source a =
ss!i \wedge target \ a = ts!i \ \mathbf{and} \ xs = [\theta... < n]]
   by (metis add.left-neutral diff-zero length-upt nth-upt set-upt)
  with args(1) have source (Pfun f As) = Fun f ss
   unfolding source.simps by (simp add: map-nth-eq-conv)
  moreover from as args(2) have target (Pfun f As) = Fun f ts
   unfolding target.simps by (simp add: map-nth-eq-conv)
  ultimately show ?case
```

```
using as by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}idx\ wf\text{-}pterm.intros(2))
next
  case (rule l \ r \ \sigma \ \tau)
  let ?\alpha = (l \rightarrow r)
  have set (vars-distinct \ l) = vars-term \ l
   by simp
  with rule(2) obtain As where as:length As = length (vars-distinct l) \wedge
    (\forall i < length (vars-distinct l). (As!i) \in wf-pterm R \land
    source \ (As!i) = \sigma \ ((vars\text{-}distinct \ l) \ ! \ i) \ \land \ target \ (As!i) = \tau \ ((vars\text{-}distinct \ l) \ ! \ i)
i))
    using obtain-list-with-property[where P=\lambda a \ x. \ a \in wf-pterm R \land source \ a =
\sigma x \wedge target a = \tau x by blast
  with rule(1) have well:Prule ? \alpha As \in wf\text{-}pterm R
   by (metis in-set-idx prule.sel(1) prule.sel(2) wf-pterm.simps)
  from as have \forall x \in vars\text{-}term\ l.\ (\langle map\ source\ As \rangle; \alpha)\ x = \sigma\ x
  by (smt (z3) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule in-set-idx length-map map-nth-conv prule.sel(1)
set-vars-term-list vars-term-list-vars-distinct)
  then have s:source (Prule ?\alpha As) = l \cdot \sigma
   by (simp add: term-subst-eq-conv)
  from as varcond have \forall x \in vars\text{-}term\ r.\ (\langle map\ target\ As \rangle_? \alpha)\ x = \tau\ x
   by (smt (verit, best) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule fst-conv in-set-conv-nth length-map
nth-map prule.sel(1)
     rule.hyps(1) set-vars-term-list snd-conv split-beta subsetD vars-term-list-vars-distinct)
  then have target (Prule ?\alpha As) = r \cdot \tau
   by (simp add: term-subst-eq-conv)
  with well s show ?case
   by blast
qed
end
lemma pterm-to-mstep:
  assumes A \in wf-pterm R
 shows (source A, target A) \in mstep R
 using assms proof(induct)
  case (2 As f)
  then show ?case
   by (simp add: mstep.args)
next
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
  then have \forall x \in vars\text{-}term \ (lhs \ \alpha). \ ((\langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x, \ (\langle map \ target \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x)
\in mstep R
     by (smt (verit, best) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule comp-def in-set-idx length-map
map-nth-conv nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list)
  with 3(1) show ?case
   by (simp add: mstep.rule)
qed simp
```

lemma co-init-prule:

```
assumes co-initial (Prule \alpha As) (Prule \alpha Bs)
                 and Prule \ \alpha \ As \in wf-pterm R and Prule \ \alpha \ Bs \in wf-pterm R
         shows \forall i < length \ As. \ co-initial \ (As!i) \ (Bs!i)
proof-
          from assms have l1:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
                   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
          from assms have l2:length\ Bs = length\ (var-rule\ \alpha)
                   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
          {fix i assume i:i < length \ As \ and \ co: \neg \ (co-initial \ (As!i) \ (Bs!i))
               then have (\langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-rule }\alpha)!i) \neq (\langle map
\alpha)!i)
                          by (metis l1 l2 length-map lhs-subst-var-i nth-map)
                 with assms(1) have False unfolding source.simps
                           by (smt (z3) comp-apply i l1 nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list
term-subst-eq-rev)
          } then show ?thesis
                 by blast
qed
```

3 Operations on Proof Terms

The operations residual, deletion, and join on proof terms all fulfill $A \star (source \ A) = A$ which implies several useful results.

```
locale op-proof-term = left-lin-no-var-lhs +
 fixes f:(('a, 'b) \ prule + 'a, 'b) \ Term.term \Rightarrow (('a, 'b) \ prule + 'a, 'b) \ Term.term
\Rightarrow (('a, 'b) prule + 'a, 'b) Term.term option
  assumes f-src: A \in wf-pterm R \Longrightarrow f(A) (to-pterm (source A)) = Some A
  and f-pfun: f(Pfun \ g \ As)(Pfun \ g \ Bs) = (if \ length \ As = \ length \ Bs \ then
                                          (case those (map2 f As Bs) of
                                           Some \ xs \Rightarrow Some \ (Pfun \ q \ xs)
                                          | None \Rightarrow None | else None |
  and f-prule: f(Prule \ \alpha \ As) \ (Pfun \ g \ Bs) = (case \ match \ (Pfun \ g \ Bs) \ (to-pterm
(lhs \ \alpha)) \ of
                           None \Rightarrow None
                           | Some \sigma \Rightarrow
                             (case those (map2 f As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) of
                               Some \ xs \Rightarrow Some \ (Prule \ \alpha \ xs)
                           | None \Rightarrow None ))
begin
notation
 f('(\star')) and
 f((-\star -) [51, 51] 50)
lemma apply-f-ctxt:
  assumes C \in wf-pterm-ctxt R
    and A \star B = Some D
  shows C\langle A \rangle \star (to\text{-pterm-ctxt}\ (source\text{-ctxt}\ C))\langle B \rangle = Some\ (C\langle D \rangle)
```

```
using assms proof(induct C rule:pterm-ctxt-induct)
 case (Cfun\ f\ ss1\ C\ ss2)
    have l:length ((map (to-pterm \circ source) ss1) @ (to-pterm-ctxt (source-ctxt
(C)(A) \# (map (to-pterm \circ source) ss2)
         = length (ss1 @ C\langle B\rangle \# ss2) by auto
  from Cfun(2) have well1: \forall i < length ss1. (ss1!i) \in wf-pterm R by auto
  from Cfun(2) have well2: \forall i < length ss2. (ss2!i) \in wf-pterm R by auto
  from Cfun have fC: C\langle A \rangle \star (to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt (source\text{-}ctxt C))\langle B \rangle = Some (C\langle D \rangle)
    by auto
  from well1 have f1: \forall i < length ss1. ((map2 (*) ss1 (map (to-pterm \circ source)
(ss1)!i = Some(ss1!i)
    using f-src to-pterm-empty by fastforce
  from well2 have f2: \forall i < length ss2. ((map2 (*) ss2 (map (to-pterm \circ source)
(ss2)!i = Some (ss2!i)
    using f-src to-pterm-empty by fastforce
   \{fix i assume i:i < (length ss1) + (length ss2) +1
    have (map2 \ (\star) \ (ss1 \ @ \ (C\langle A\rangle \# ss2))
           (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ ss1\ @\ ((to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ (source\text{-}ctxt\ C))\langle B\rangle\ \#
map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ ss2)))!i
          = Some ((ss1 @ C\langle D\rangle \# ss2)!i)
    proof-
      consider i < length \ ss1 \mid i = length \ ss1 \mid i > length \ ss1
        using nat-neq-iff by blast
      then show ?thesis proof(cases)
        case 1
        then show ?thesis using f1
          by (simp add: append-Cons-nth-left)
      next
        case 2
        then show ?thesis using fC
          by (simp add: append-Cons-nth-middle)
      next
        case 3
        with i have l:(map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ ss1\ @\ (to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ (source\text{-}ctxt\ )
(C)(B) \# map (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) ss2)!i
                   = (map (to-pterm \circ source) ss2)!(i-(length ss1 + 1))
         by (metis add.commute length-map less-SucI not-less-eq nth-append-Cons
plus-1-eq-Suc)
      ss1 + 1)
       by (metis add.commute less-SucI not-less-eq nth-append-Cons plus-1-eq-Suc)
        from l r 3 show ?thesis using f2
       \mathbf{by} \; (smt \; One\text{-}nat\text{-}def \; add.right\text{-}neutral \; add\text{-}Suc \; add\text{-}Suc\text{-}right \; add\text{-}diff\text{-}inverse\text{-}nat
add-less-cancel-left append-Cons-nth-right i length-append length-map length-zip list.size(4)
min-less-iff-conj not-less-eq nth-map nth-zip)
      qed
    qed
```

```
with l have those ((map2 (\star) (ss1 @ (C\langle A \rangle \# ss2))
             (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ ss1\ @\ ((to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ (source\text{-}ctxt\ C))\langle B\rangle\ \#
map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ ss2))))
           = Some (ss1 @ C\langle D\rangle \# ss2) by (simp add: those-some)
   with l show ?case using f-pfun by simp
 next
   case (Crule \alpha ss1 C ss2)
   from Crule(2) have alpha:to-rule \ \alpha \in R
    using wf-pterm-ctxt.cases by auto
   then have linear:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
    using left-lin left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
   then have linear': linear-term \ (to-pterm \ (lhs \ \alpha))
    using to-pterm-linear by blast
   have l1:length ((map (to-pterm \circ source) ss1) @ (to-pterm-ctxt (source-ctxt
(C)(A) \# (map (to-pterm \circ source) ss2))
          = length (ss1 @ C\langle B\rangle \# ss2) by auto
   from Crule(2) have l2:length (ss1 @ C\langle B\rangle \# ss2) = length (var-rule \alpha)
    using wf-pterm-ctxt.simps by fastforce
   from Crule(2) have well1: \forall i < length ss1. (ss1!i) \in wf-pterm R by auto
   from Crule(2) have well2: \forall i < length ss2. (ss2!i) \in wf-pterm R by auto
  from Crule have fC: C\langle A \rangle \star (to\text{-pterm-ctxt}\ (source\text{-ctxt}\ C))\langle B \rangle = Some\ (C\langle D \rangle)
    by auto
  from well1 have f1: \forall i < length ss1. ((map2 (*) ss1 (map (to-pterm \circ source))))
(ss1)!i = Some(ss1!i)
    using f-src to-pterm-empty by fastforce
  from well2 have f2: \forall i < length ss2. ((map2 (*) ss2 (map (to-pterm \circ source)
(ss2)!i = Some (ss2!i)
    using f-src to-pterm-empty by fastforce
   {fix i assume i:i < (length ss1) + (length ss2) + 1
      have (map2 \ (\star) \ (ss1 \ @ \ (C\langle A\rangle \ \# \ ss2)) \ (map \ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) \ ss1 \ @
((to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ (source\text{-}ctxt\ C))\langle B\rangle\ \#
          (map\ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source)\ ss2)))\ )!i = Some\ ((ss1 @ C\langle D\rangle \# ss2)!i)
    proof-
      consider i < length \ ss1 \mid i = length \ ss1 \mid i > length \ ss1
        using nat-neg-iff by blast
      then show ?thesis proof(cases)
        case 1
        then show ?thesis using f1
          by (simp add: append-Cons-nth-left)
      next
        case 2
        then show ?thesis using fC
          by (simp add: append-Cons-nth-middle)
      next
        case 3
         with i have l:(map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ ss1\ @\ (to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ (source\text{-}ctxt\ )
(C)(B) \# map (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) ss2)!i
```

```
= (map (to-pterm \circ source) ss2)!(i-(length ss1 + 1))
          by (metis add.commute length-map less-SucI not-less-eq nth-append-Cons
plus-1-eq-Suc)
       ss1 + 1)
       by (metis add.commute less-SucI not-less-eq nth-append-Cons plus-1-eq-Suc)
        from l r 3 show ?thesis using f2
       by (smt One-nat-def add.right-neutral add-Suc add-Suc-right add-diff-inverse-nat
add-less-cancel-left append-Cons-nth-right i length-append length-map length-zip list. size(4)
min-less-iff-conj not-less-eq nth-map nth-zip)
      qed
    \mathbf{qed}
   }
   with l1 have IH:those (map2 (\star) (ss1 @ (C\langle A\rangle \# ss2)) (map (to-pterm \circ
source) ss1 @ ((to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ (source\text{-}ctxt\ C))\langle B\rangle \#
                          (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ ss2)))\ ) = Some\ (ss1\ @\ C\langle D\rangle\ \#
ss2) by (simp add: those-some)
  let ?p = (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \alpha) ! length ss1)
  let ?x = vars\text{-}term\text{-}list (lhs \alpha) ! length ss1
  let ?\sigma = \langle map \ source \ (ss1 @ Var \ (vars-term-list \ (lhs \ \alpha) \ ! \ length \ ss1) \ \# \ ss2) \rangle_{\alpha}
  from l2\ linear\ have\ l3:length\ ss1\ <\ length\ (var-poss-list\ (lhs\ \alpha))
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) add-Suc-right append-Cons-nth-left le-imp-less-Suc
length-append length-var-poss-list linear-term-var-vars-term-list linorder-negE-nat
list.size(3)\ list.size(4)\ not-add-less1\ nth-equalityI\ self-append-conv\ zero-order(1))
   then have ?p \in poss (lhs \alpha)
    using nth-mem var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound by blast
   then have ctxt:(to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ (source\text{-}ctxt\ (Crule\ \alpha\ ss1\ C\ ss2)))\langle B\rangle =
        (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term ?p (to\text{-}pterm (lhs \alpha) \cdot (to\text{-}pterm \circ ?\sigma))) \langle (to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt) \rangle
(source\text{-}ctxt\ C))\langle B\rangle\rangle
    {\bf unfolding} \ source-ctxt.simps \ intp-actxt.simps \ Let-def \ ctxt-ctxt-compose \ to-pterm-ctxt-comp
     using to-pterm-ctxt-at-pos[where ?p=?p and ?s=lhs \ \alpha \cdot ?\sigma] by (simp add:
to-pterm-subst)
   from l3 have l4:length ss1 < length (vars-term-list (to-pterm (lhs <math>\alpha)))
    by (metis length-var-poss-list vars-to-pterm)
  have (to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ (source\text{-}ctxt\ (Crule\ \alpha\ ss1\ C\ ss2)))\langle B\rangle =
               to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)\cdot ((to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ ?\sigma)(?x:=(to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ (source\text{-}ctxt
(C)(B)
     unfolding ctxt using ctxt-apply-term-subst[where ?p=?p and ?t=to-pterm
(lhs \alpha) and ?i=length ss1 and ?s=(to-pterm-ctxt (source-ctxt C))\langle B \rangle and ?\sigma=(to-pterm
\circ ?\sigma)
      linear' 14 var-poss-list-to-pterm vars-to-pterm by metis
    then obtain \tau where \tau:match (to-pterm-ctxt (source-ctxt (Crule \alpha ss1 C
(ss2))\langle B\rangle \ (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = Some\ \tau
   unfolding ctxt using ctxt-apply-term-subst linear' match-complete' option.distinct(1)
by force
   have varr:(var-rule \ \alpha) = vars-term-list \ (to-pterm \ (lhs \ \alpha))
    using linear linear-term-var-vars-term-list unfolding vars-to-pterm by force
```

```
have (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ ?\sigma)\ (vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)))) = map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ )
\circ source) (ss1 @ Var (vars-term-list (lhs \alpha)! length ss1) # ss2)
     using apply-lhs-subst-var-rule l2 unfolding varr[symmetric] by force
  then have (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ ?\sigma)\ (vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha))))[length\ ss1]
:= (to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt (source\text{-}ctxt C))\langle B \rangle] =
              (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ ss1\ @\ (to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ (source\text{-}ctxt\ C))\langle B\rangle\ \#
(map\ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source)\ ss2))
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map list.simps(9) list-update-length map-append)
   with \tau have map-tau:map \tau (var-rule \alpha) = (map (to-pterm \circ source) ss1 @
(to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt\ (source\text{-}ctxt\ C))\langle B\rangle\ \#
                                   (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ ss2))
   using match-lhs-context[where ?t=to-pterm (lhs \alpha) and ?\tau=\tau and ?\sigma=(to-pterm
\circ ?\sigma)
       14 var-poss-list-to-pterm linear' ctxt varr by metis
   from alpha no-var-lhs obtain f ts where f:lhs \alpha = Fun f ts
     bv blast
  have [] \notin var\text{-}poss (lhs \alpha)
     unfolding f var-poss.simps by force
   then obtain i \ q where iq: ?p = i \# q using l3
     by (metis in-set-conv-nth subt-at.elims var-poss-list-sound)
  then obtain ts' where root-not-rule:(to-pterm-ctxt (source-ctxt (Crule \ \alpha \ ss1 \ C
(ss2))\langle B\rangle = Pfun\ f\ ts'
     unfolding ctxt iq unfolding f by simp
   then show ?case
     using \tau f-prule map-tau IH by force
 qed simp
end
end
theory Residual-Join-Deletion
imports
  Proof-Terms
  Linear-Matching
begin
        Residuals
```

3.1

Auxiliary lemma in preparation of termination simp rule.

```
lemma match-vars-term-size:
 assumes match\ s\ t = Some\ \sigma
   and x \in vars\text{-}term\ t
 shows size (\sigma x) \leq size s
 using assms vars-term-size by (metis match-matches)
lemma [termination-simp]:
 assumes match (Fun f ss) (to-pterm l) = Some \sigma
```

```
and *: (s, t) \in set (zip (map \sigma (vars-distinct l)) ts) shows size s \leq Suc (size-list size ss)

proof —

from * have s \in set (map \sigma (vars-distinct l)) by (blast elim: in-set-zipE)

then obtain x where [simp]: s = \sigma x

and x: x \in vars-term (to-pterm l) by (induct l) auto

from match-vars-term-size [OF assms(1) x]

show ?thesis by simp

qed
```

Additional simp rule because we allow variable left-hand sides of rewrite rules at this point. Then $Var\ x\ /\ \alpha$ and $\alpha\ /\ Var\ x$ are also possible when evaluating residuals. This might become important when we want to introduce the error rule for residuals of composed proof terms.

```
lemma [termination-simp]:
 assumes match (Var x) (to-pterm l) = Some \sigma
   and (a, b) \in set (zip (map \sigma (vars-distinct l)) ts)
 shows size a = 1
proof-
 from assms(1) have *:(to-pterm l) · \sigma = Var x by (simp add: match-matches)
 then obtain y where y:l = Var y by (metis subst-apply-eq-Var term.distinct(1))
to-pterm.elims)
  with * have **:\sigma y = Var x by simp
 from y have vars-distinct l = [y] by (simp add: vars-term-list.simps(1))
 with assms(2) y have a = Var x by (simp \ add: ** in-set-zip)
 then show ?thesis by simp
qed
fun residual :: ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm option (infixr re
70)
 where
  Var \ x \ re \ Var \ y =
   (if x = y then Some (Var x) else None)
| Pfun f As re Pfun g Bs =
   (if (f = g \land length \ As = length \ Bs) then
     (case those (map2 residual As Bs) of
       Some \ xs \Rightarrow Some \ (Pfun \ f \ xs)
     | None \Rightarrow None |
    else None)
| Prule \alpha As re Prule \beta Bs =
   (if \alpha = \beta then
     (case those (map2 residual As Bs) of
       Some xs \Rightarrow Some ((to\text{-}pterm (rhs \alpha)) \cdot \langle xs \rangle_{\alpha})
     | None \Rightarrow None \rangle
    else None)
| Prule \alpha As re B =
   (case match B (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) of
     None \Rightarrow None
   | Some \sigma \Rightarrow
```

```
 \begin{array}{l} (case\ those\ (map2\ residual\ As\ (map\ \sigma\ (var\ rule\ \alpha)))\ of \\ Some\ xs\Rightarrow Some\ (Prule\ \alpha\ xs) \\ |\ None\Rightarrow None)) \\ |\ A\ re\ Prule\ \alpha\ Bs = \\ (case\ match\ A\ (to\ pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha))\ of \\ None\Rightarrow None \\ |\ Some\ \sigma\Rightarrow \\ (case\ those\ (map2\ residual\ (map\ \sigma\ (var\ rule\ \alpha))\ Bs)\ of \\ Some\ xs\Rightarrow Some\ ((to\ pterm\ (rhs\ \alpha))\cdot\langle xs\rangle_\alpha) \\ |\ None\Rightarrow None)) \\ |\ A\ re\ B=\ None \end{array}
```

Since the interesting proofs about residuals always follow the same pattern of induction on the definition, we introduce the following 6 lemmas corresponding to the step cases.

```
lemma residual-fun-fun:
  assumes (Pfun \ f \ As) \ re \ (Pfun \ g \ Bs) = Some \ C
  shows f = g \land length \ As = length \ Bs \land
       (\exists Cs. C = Pfun f Cs \land
       length Cs = length As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \ re \ Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i)))
proof-
  have *: f = g \land length \ As = length \ Bs
   using assms residual.simps(2) by (metis\ option.simps(3))
  then obtain Cs where Cs:those (map2 (re) As Bs) = Some Cs
   using assms residual.simps(2) option.simps(3) option.simps(4) by fastforce
  hence \forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \ re \ Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i)
    using * those-some2 by fastforce
  with * Cs assms(1) show ?thesis
    using length-those by fastforce
qed
lemma residual-rule-rule:
  assumes (Prule \alpha As) re (Prule \beta Bs) = Some C
         (Prule \ \alpha \ As) \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
         (Prule \ \beta \ Bs) \in wf\text{-}pterm \ S
  shows \alpha = \beta \wedge length \ As = length \ Bs \wedge
       (\exists Cs. C = to\text{-}pterm (rhs \alpha) \cdot \langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha} \land
       \mathit{length}\ \mathit{Cs} = \mathit{length}\ \mathit{As}\ \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \ re \ Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i)))
proof-
  have \alpha = \beta
   using assms(1) residual.simps(3) by (metis\ option.simps(3))
  with assms(2,3) have l: length As = length Bs
    using length-args-well-Prule by blast
  from \langle \alpha = \beta \rangle obtain Cs where Cs:those (map2 (re) As Bs) = Some Cs
    using assms by fastforce
  hence \forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \ re \ Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i)
   using l those-some 2 by fastforce
```

```
with \langle \alpha = \beta \rangle l Cs assms(1) show ?thesis
   using length-those by fastforce
qed
lemma residual-rule-var:
  assumes (Prule \alpha As) re (Var x) = Some C
         (Prule \ \alpha \ As) \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
  shows \exists \sigma. match (Var x) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \land
       (\exists Cs. C = Prule \alpha Cs \land
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \ re \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i)))
proof-
  from assms(2) have l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  obtain \sigma where \sigma:match (Var x) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
   using assms(1) by fastforce
  then obtain Cs where Cs:those (map2 residual As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) =
Some Cs
   using assms(1) by fastforce
  with l have l2:length\ Cs = length\ As
    using length-those by fastforce
  from Cs have \forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \ re \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i)
    using l those-some2 by fastforce
  with \sigma Cs assms(1) l2 show ?thesis by simp
\mathbf{qed}
lemma residual-rule-fun:
  assumes (Prule \alpha As) re (Pfun f Bs) = Some C
         (Prule \ \alpha \ As) \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
  shows \exists \sigma. match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \land
       (\exists Cs. C = Prule \alpha Cs \land
       length Cs = length As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \ re \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i)))
proof-
  from assms(2) have l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  obtain \sigma where \sigma:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
    using assms(1) by fastforce
  then obtain Cs where Cs:those (map2 residual As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) =
Some Cs
   using assms(1) by fastforce
  with l have l2:length \ Cs = length \ As
   using length-those by fastforce
  from Cs have \forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \ re \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i)
   using l those-some 2 by fastforce
  with \sigma Cs assms(1) l2 show ?thesis by auto
```

lemma residual-var-rule:

```
assumes (Var x) re (Prule \alpha As) = Some C
         (Prule \ \alpha \ As) \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
  shows \exists \sigma. match (Var x) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \land
       (\exists Cs. \ C = (to\text{-}pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha} \land
       length Cs = length As \land
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ (\sigma \ (var\text{-rule} \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \ re \ As!i) = Some \ (Cs!i)))
proof-
  from assms(2) have l:length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  obtain \sigma where \sigma:match (Var x) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
   using assms(1) by fastforce
  then obtain Cs where Cs:those (map2 residual (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) As) =
Some Cs
   using assms(1) by fastforce
  with l have l2:length\ Cs = length\ As
   using length-those by fastforce
  from Cs have \forall i < length \ As. \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) \ re \ As!i = Some \ (Cs!i)
   using l those-some2 by fastforce
  with \sigma Cs assms(1) 12 show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma residual-fun-rule:
  assumes (Pfun f Bs) re (Prule \alpha As) = Some C
          (Prule \ \alpha \ As) \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
  shows \exists \sigma. match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \land
       (\exists Cs. \ C = (to\text{-}pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha} \land
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) \ re \ As!i = Some \ (Cs!i)))
proof-
  from assms(2) have l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  obtain \sigma where \sigma:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
   using assms(1) by fastforce
  then obtain Cs where Cs:those (map2 residual (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) As) =
Some Cs
   using assms(1) by fastforce
  with l have l2:length \ Cs = length \ As
    using length-those by fastforce
  with Cs have \forall i < length \ As. \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) \ re \ As!i = Some \ (Cs!i)
    using l those-some2 by fastforce
  with \sigma Cs assms(1) l2 show ?thesis by auto
qed
t / A = tgt(A)
lemma res-empty1:
  assumes is-empty-step t co-initial A t A \in wf-pterm R
  shows t \ re \ A = Some \ (to\text{-}pterm \ (target \ A))
proof -
  from assms(1,2) have t = to-pterm (source A)
```

```
by (simp add: empty-coinitial)
  then show ?thesis using assms(3) proof (induction A arbitrary: t)
   case (Var x)
   then show ?case by simp
  next
   case (Pfun\ f\ As)
   let ?ts = (map (to-pterm \circ source) As)
   from Pfun(3) have \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \ by \ blast
    with Pfun(1) have those (map2 residual ?ts As) = Some (map (to-pterm \circ
target) As) by (simp add:those-some)
   then show ?case unfolding Pfun(2) by simp
 next
   case (Prule \alpha As)
   let ?ts = (map (to-pterm \circ source) As)
    from Prule(3) have l:length ?ts = length (var-rule <math>\alpha) using wf-pterm.simps
by fastforce
   moreover from Prule(3) have well: \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R by blast
   from Prule(1) have args:those\ (map2\ residual\ ?ts\ As) = Some\ (map\ (to-pterm
o target) As) using well by (simp add:those-some)
  from Prule(2) have t:t = (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \langle ?ts \rangle_{\alpha} by (simp\ add:\ to\text{-}pterm\text{-}subst)
   then obtain \sigma where \sigma:
     match\ t\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = Some\ \sigma
     (\forall x \in set \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha). \ (\langle ?ts \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = \sigma \ x)
     using lhs-subst-trivial by blast
   from \sigma(2) l have ts:map \sigma (var-rule \alpha) = ?ts by (smt apply-lhs-subst-var-rule
map-eq-conv)
    from Prule(1) have those (map\ 2\ residual\ ?ts\ As) = Some\ (map\ (to\ pterm\ \circ
target) As) using well by (simp add:those-some)
   with ts have args:those (map2 residual (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) As) = Some (map
(to\text{-}pterm \circ target) \ As) \ \mathbf{by} \ simp
   show ?case proof (cases t rule:source.cases)
     case (1 x)
     then show ?thesis using args \sigma(1) by (simp add: to-pterm-subst)
   next
     case (2 f As)
     then show ?thesis using args \sigma(1) by (simp add: to-pterm-subst)
     case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
    then show ?thesis using Prule(2) by (metis is-empty-step.simps(3) to-pterm-empty)
   qed
 qed
qed
A / t = A
lemma res-empty2:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R
 shows A re (to-pterm (source\ A)) = Some\ A
using assms proof (induction A)
```

```
case (2 As f)
  then have those (map \ 2 \ residual \ As \ (map \ (to-pterm \circ source) \ As)) = Some \ As
by (simp add:those-some)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
 then have \sigma: match (to-pterm (lhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha})) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) =
Some (\langle map \ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) \ As \rangle_{\alpha})
  \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis}\ (\textit{no-types},\ \textit{lifting})\ \textit{fun-mk-subst-lhs-subst-trivial}\ \textit{map-map}\ \textit{to-pterm.simps}(1)
to-pterm-subst)
  from 3 have those (map2 residual As (map (to-pterm \circ source) As)) = Some
As
   by (simp add:those-some)
 then have args:those (map2 residual As (map (\langle map (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) As \rangle_{\alpha})
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha))) = Some \ As
   by (metis 3.hyps(2) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule length-map)
 show ?case proof(cases source (Prule \alpha As))
   case (Var x)
   then show ?thesis
     using \sigma residual.simps(4)[of \alpha As x] args by auto
  next
   case (Fun f ts)
   then show ?thesis
     using \sigma residual.simps(5)[of \alpha As f] args by auto
 qed
qed simp
A / A = tqt(A)
lemma res-same: A re A = Some (to-pterm (target A))
proof(induction A)
case (Var x)
then show ?case by simp
next
 case (Pfun f As)
 then have list-all (\lambda x. \ x \neq None) \ (map2 \ residual \ As \ As) by (simp \ add: \ list-all-length)
 then obtain xs where xs:those (map2 residual As As) = Some xs using those-not-none-xs
by fastforce
 then have l:length \ As = length \ xs  using length-those by fastforce
 from xs have IH: i < length \ As \Longrightarrow xs! i = to\text{-}pterm \ (target \ (As!i)) for i using
Pfun those-some2 by force
 from IH l have map (to-ptermotarget) As = xs by (simp add: map-nth-eq-conv)
 then have to-pterm (target (Pfun f As)) = Pfun f xs by simp
 then show ?case using xs by simp
next
 case (Prule \alpha As)
 then have list-all (\lambda x. \ x \neq None) \ (map2 \ residual \ As \ As) by (simp \ add: \ list-all-length)
 then obtain xs where xs:those (map \ 2 \ residual \ As \ As) = Some \ xs \ using \ those-not-none-xs
by fastforce
  then have l:length \ As = length \ xs \ using \ length-those \ by \ fastforce
```

```
from xs have IH: i < length \ As \Longrightarrow xs! i = to\text{-pterm (target } (As!i)) for i using
Prule those-some2 by force
 from IH l have *:map (to-ptermotarget) As = xs by (simp add: map-nth-eq-conv)
 have to-pterm (target (Prule \alpha As)) = to-pterm (rhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \ target \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) by
 also have ... = (to\text{-}pterm\ (rhs\ \alpha)) \cdot (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ \langle map\ target\ As \rangle_{\alpha}) by (simp\ add:
to-pterm-subst)
  also have ... = (to\text{-}pterm\ (rhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \langle xs \rangle_{\alpha} using * by simp
  finally show ?case using xs by simp
qed
lemma residual-src-tgt:
  assumes A re B = Some \ C \ A \in wf-pterm R \ B \in wf-pterm S
  shows source C = target B
  using assms proof(induction A B arbitrary: C rule: residual.induct)
  case (1 \ x \ y)
  then show ?case
    by (metis\ option.distinct(1)\ option.sel\ residual.simps(1)\ source.simps(1)\ tar-
qet.simps(1)
\mathbf{next}
  case (2 f As g Bs)
  then obtain Cs where *:f = g \land length As = length Bs \land
      C = Pfun f Cs \wedge length Cs = length As \wedge
      (\forall i < length \ As. \ As ! \ i \ re \ Bs ! \ i = Some \ (Cs ! \ i))
   by (meson residual-fun-fun)
  then have length (zip As Bs) = length As by simp
  moreover from 2(3) have \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \ by \ blast
  moreover from 2(4) have \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf-pterm S by blast
  ultimately have \forall i < length \ As. \ source \ (Cs!i) = target \ (Bs!i)
   using * 2 by (metis nth-mem nth-zip)
  with * show ?case by (simp add: nth-map-conv)
next
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As \ \beta \ Bs)
  then obtain Cs where *:\alpha = \beta \land length As = length Bs \land
      C = to\text{-}pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha} \wedge length \ Cs = length \ As \wedge
      (\forall i < length \ As. \ As ! \ i \ re \ Bs ! \ i = Some \ (Cs ! \ i))
   by (meson residual-rule-rule)
  then have length (zip As Bs) = length As by simp
  moreover from 3(3) have \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \ by \ blast
  moreover from 3(4) have \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf\text{-}pterm S by blast
  ultimately have IH: \forall i < length \ As. \ source \ (Cs!i) = target \ (Bs!i)
   using * \beta by (metis nth-mem nth-zip)
  from * have source C = (rhs \ \beta) \cdot \langle map \ source \ Cs \rangle_{\beta}
    by (simp add: source-apply-subst)
  also have ... = (rhs \ \beta) \cdot \langle map \ target \ Bs \rangle_{\beta}
   using * IH by (metis nth-map-conv)
  finally show ?case by simp
next
  case (4-1 \ \alpha \ As \ v)
```

```
then obtain Cs \sigma where *:match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
         C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \land length \ Cs = length \ As \land
         (\forall i < length \ As. \ As ! \ i \ re \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) = Some \ (Cs \ ! \ i))
    by (meson residual-rule-var)
  then obtain Bs where Bs:length Bs = length (var-rule \alpha) \wedge
                            Var \ v = (to\text{-}pterm \ (lhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha} \ \land
                            (\forall x \in set \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha). \ \sigma \ x = (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x)
    using match-lhs-subst by blast
  from 4-1(3) have as: \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \ by \ blast
  from 4-1(3) have l:length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  with * have well: \forall i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha ! i) \in wf\text{-pterm } S
    using 4-1(4) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  from l have length (zip As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) = length As by simp
  with 4-1(1,3) well * l as have IH: \forall i < length As. source (Cs!i) = target (map
(\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) (var-rule \alpha) !i)
    using Bs by (smt length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  from * have source C = (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ source \ Cs \rangle_{\alpha}
     by (simp add: source-apply-subst)
  also have ... = (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ (target \circ (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha})) \ (var-rule \ \alpha) \rangle_{\alpha}
    using * l IH by (smt map-eq-conv' map-map)
  also have ... = (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot (target \circ (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}))
     using Bs by (metis (no-types, lifting) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule fun-mk-subst
map-map \ target.simps(1))
  also have ... = target (to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha})
    by (metis target-empty-apply-subst target-to-pterm to-pterm-empty)
  finally show ?case
    using Bs by fastforce
next
  case (4-2 \alpha As f Bs)
  then obtain Cs \sigma where *: match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
         C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \land length \ Cs = length \ As \land
         (\forall i < length \ As. \ As ! \ i \ re \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) = Some \ (Cs \ ! \ i))
    by (meson residual-rule-fun)
  then obtain Bs' where Bs':length Bs' = length (var-rule <math>\alpha) \land \alpha
                            Pfun f Bs = (to\text{-pterm }(lhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \langle Bs' \rangle_{\alpha} \land
                            (\forall x \in set \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha). \ \sigma \ x = (\langle Bs' \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x)
    using match-lhs-subst by blast
  from 4-2(3) have as: \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \ by \ blast
  from 4-2(3) have l:length As = length (var-rule <math>\alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  with * have well: \forall i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in wf-pterm \ S
    using 4-2(4) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  from l have length (zip As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) = length As by simp
  with 4-2(1,3) well * l as have IH: \forall i < length As. source <math>(Cs!i) = target \ (map)
(\langle Bs' \rangle_{\alpha}) \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha) \ !i)
    using Bs' by (smt length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  from * have source C = (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ source \ Cs \rangle_{\alpha}
     by (simp add: source-apply-subst)
```

```
also have ... = (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ (target \circ (\langle Bs' \rangle_{\alpha})) \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha) \rangle_{\alpha}
    using * l IH by (smt map-eq-conv' map-map)
  also have ... = (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot (target \circ (\langle Bs' \rangle_{\alpha}))
     using Bs' by (metis (no-types, lifting) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule fun-mk-subst
map-map \ target.simps(1))
  also have ... = target (to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle Bs' \rangle_{\alpha})
    by (metis target-empty-apply-subst target-to-pterm to-pterm-empty)
  finally show ?case
    using Bs' by fastforce
next
  case (5-1 v \alpha As)
  then obtain Cs \sigma where *:match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
        C = to\text{-}pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha} \wedge length \ Cs = length \ As \wedge
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha ! \ i) \ re \ As ! \ i = Some \ (Cs ! \ i))
    by (meson residual-var-rule)
  from 5-1(4) have as: \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf-pterm S by blast
  from 5-1(4) have l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  with * have well: \forall i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in wf-pterm \ R
    using 5-1(3) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  from l have length (zip (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) As) = length As by simp
 with 5-1(1,4) well * l as have IH: \forall i < length \ As. \ source \ (Cs!i) = target \ (As!i)
    by (smt length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  from * have source C = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ source \ Cs \rangle_{\alpha}
     by (simp add: source-apply-subst)
  also have ... = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ target \ As \rangle_{\alpha}
    using * IH by (metis (no-types, lifting) map-eq-conv')
  finally show ?case by simp
next
  case (5-2 f Bs \alpha As)
    then obtain Cs \sigma where *:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
        C = to\text{-}pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha} \wedge length \ Cs = length \ As \wedge
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \ re \ As \ ! \ i = Some \ (Cs \ ! \ i))
      by (meson residual-fun-rule)
  from 5-2(4) have as: \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf-pterm S by blast
  from 5-2(4) have l:length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  with * have well: \forall i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha ! i) \in wf\text{-pterm } R
    using 5-2(3) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  from l have length (zip (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) As) = length As by simp
 with 5-2(1,4) well * l as have IH: \forall i < length \ As. \ source \ (Cs!i) = target \ (As!i)
    by (smt length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  from * have source C = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ source \ Cs \rangle_{\alpha}
     by (simp add: source-apply-subst)
  also have ... = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ target \ As \rangle_{\alpha}
    using * IH by (metis (no-types, lifting) map-eq-conv')
  finally show ?case by simp
```

```
qed simp-all
```

The following two lemmas are used inside the induction proof for the result tgt(A / B) = tgt(B / A). Defining them here, outside the main proof makes them reusable for the symmetric cases of the proof.

```
lemma tgt-tgt-rule-var:
  assumes \land \sigma a b c d. match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \Longrightarrow
           (a,b) \in set (zip \ As \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha))) \Longrightarrow
              a \ re \ b = Some \ c \Longrightarrow b \ re \ a = Some \ d \Longrightarrow a \in wf\text{-pterm} \ R \Longrightarrow b \in
wf-pterm S \Longrightarrow
            target c = target d
          Prule \alpha As re Var v = Some C
          Var\ v\ re\ Prule\ \alpha\ As = Some\ D
          Prule \alpha As \in wf-pterm R
  shows target C = target D
proof-
  from assms(4) have l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  from assms(4) have as: \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \ by \ blast
  from assms(2,4) obtain \sigma where \sigma:match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some
    by (meson residual-rule-var)
  with l have well-def: \forall i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in wf-pterm \ S
    using match-well-def by (metis vars-to-pterm wf-pterm.intros(1))
  from assms(2,4) \sigma obtain Cs where Cs:
      C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \land length \ Cs = length \ As
      (\forall i < length \ As. \ As ! \ i \ re \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) = Some \ (Cs \ ! \ i))
    by (metis option.inject residual-rule-var)
  from assms(3,4) \sigma obtain Ds where Ds:
      D = to\text{-}pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle Ds \rangle_{\alpha} \wedge length \ Ds = length \ As
      (\forall i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha ! \ i) \ re \ As \ ! \ i = Some \ (Ds \ ! \ i))
    by (metis option.inject residual-var-rule)
  from l have length As = length (zip As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)))
    by simp
 with assms(1,4) \sigma l Cs(2) Ds(2) well-def have IH: \forall i < length As. target (Cs!i)
= target (Ds!i)
    using as by (smt length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  from Cs have target C = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ target \ Cs \rangle_{\alpha} by simp
  moreover from Ds(1) have target D = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ target \ Ds \rangle_{\alpha}
     using target-empty-apply-subst to-pterm-empty by (metis fun-mk-subst tar-
qet.simps(1) target-to-pterm)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using IH Cs(1) Ds(1) by (metis nth-map-conv)
qed
lemma tgt-tgt-rule-fun:
  assumes \land \sigma a b c d. match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \Longrightarrow
           (a,b) \in set (zip \ As (map \ \sigma (var-rule \ \alpha))) \Longrightarrow
              a \ re \ b = Some \ c \Longrightarrow b \ re \ a = Some \ d \Longrightarrow a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \Longrightarrow b \in
```

```
wf-pterm S \Longrightarrow
           target c = target d
         Prule \alpha As re Pfun f Bs = Some C
         Pfun f Bs re Prule \alpha As = Some D
         Prule \alpha As \in wf-pterm R
         Pfun \ f \ Bs \in wf\text{-}pterm \ S
  shows target C = target D
proof-
  from assms(4) have l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  from assms(4) have as: \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \ by \ blast
  from assms(2,4) obtain \sigma where \sigma:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) =
Some \sigma
   by (meson residual-rule-fun)
  with assms(2,5) l have well-def: \forall i < length As. \sigma (var-rule \alpha ! i) \in wf-pterm
    using match-well-def by (metis vars-to-pterm)
  from assms(2,4) \sigma obtain Cs where Cs:
      C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \land length \ Cs = length \ As
      (\forall i < length \ As. \ As ! \ i \ re \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha ! \ i) = Some \ (Cs ! \ i))
   by (metis option.inject residual-rule-fun)
  from assms(3,4) \sigma obtain Ds where Ds:
      D = to\text{-}pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle Ds \rangle_{\alpha} \wedge length \ Ds = length \ As
     (\forall i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha ! \ i) \ re \ As ! \ i = Some \ (Ds ! \ i))
   by (metis option.inject residual-fun-rule)
  from l have length As = length (zip As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)))
   by simp
  with assms(1,4,5) \sigma l Cs(2) Ds(2) well-def have IH: \forall i < length As. target
(Cs!i) = target (Ds!i)
   using as by (smt length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  from Cs have target C = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ target \ Cs \rangle_{\alpha} by simp
  moreover from Ds(1) have target D = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ target \ Ds \rangle_{\alpha}
     using target-empty-apply-subst to-pterm-empty by (metis fun-mk-subst tar-
get.simps(1) target-to-pterm)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using IH Cs(1) Ds(1) by (metis nth-map-conv)
qed
lemma residual-tgt-tgt:
  assumes A \ re \ B = Some \ C \ B \ re \ A = Some \ D \ A \in wf-pterm R \ B \in wf-pterm S
  shows target C = target D
  using assms proof(induction A B arbitrary: C D rule:residual.induct)
  case (1 \ x \ y)
  then show ?case by (metis\ option.sel\ residual.simps(1))
\mathbf{next}
  case (2 f As g Bs)
  from 2(4) have as: \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \ by \ blast
  from 2(5) have bs: \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf-pterm S by blast
  let ?l = length As
```

```
from 2(2) have *: f = g \land ?l = length Bs
   by (meson residual-fun-fun)
  from 2(2) obtain Cs where Cs:
   C = Pfun \ f \ Cs \land length \ Cs = ?l \land (\forall i < ?l. \ As ! \ i \ re \ Bs ! \ i = Some \ (Cs ! \ i))
   by (meson residual-fun-fun)
  from 2(3) obtain Ds where Ds:
   D = Pfun \ g \ Ds \land length \ Ds = ?l \land (\forall i < ?l. \ Bs ! \ i \ re \ As ! \ i = Some \ (Ds ! \ i))
   using * by (metis residual-fun-fun)
  from * have length (zip \ As \ Bs) = ?l \ by \ simp
  with 2(1,4,5) * Cs Ds have \forall i < ?l. target (Cs!i) = target (Ds!i)
   using as bs by (metis nth-mem nth-zip)
  with * Cs Ds  show ?case
   by (simp add: map-nth-eq-conv)
next
  case (3 \alpha As \beta Bs)
 from 3(4) have as: \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R by blast
 from 3(5) have bs: \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf\text{-}pterm S by blast
 let ?l = length As
 from 3(2,4,5) have *: \alpha = \beta \land ?l = length Bs
   by (meson residual-rule-rule)
  from 3(2,4,5) obtain Cs where Cs:
   C = to\text{-}pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha} \wedge length \ Cs = ?l \wedge (\forall i < ?l. \ As ! \ i \ re \ Bs ! \ i = ?l.
Some (Cs ! i)
   by (meson residual-rule-rule)
  from 3(3,4,5) obtain Ds where Ds:
   Some (Ds ! i)
   using * by (metis residual-rule-rule)
  from * have length (zip \ As \ Bs) = ?l \ by \ simp
 with 3(1,4,5) * Cs Ds have IH: \forall i < ?l. target (Cs!i) = target (Ds!i)
   using as bs by (metis nth-mem nth-zip)
 from Cs have target C = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ target \ Cs \rangle_{\alpha}
    using target-empty-apply-subst to-pterm-empty by (metis fun-mk-subst tar-
get.simps(1) target-to-pterm)
 moreover from Ds have target D = (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ target \ Ds \rangle_{\alpha}
    using target-empty-apply-subst to-pterm-empty by (metis fun-mk-subst tar-
get.simps(1) target-to-pterm)
  ultimately show ?case
   using IH Cs Ds by (metis\ nth-map-conv)
next
  case (4-1 \alpha As v)
  then show ?case using tgt-tgt-rule-var by fastforce
  case (4-2 \alpha As f Bs)
 then show ?case using tgt-tgt-rule-fun by fastforce
next
 case (5-1 \ v \ \alpha \ As)
 from 5-1(1) have match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \Longrightarrow
   (a,b) \in set (zip \ As (map \ \sigma (var-rule \ \alpha))) \Longrightarrow
```

```
a \ re \ b = Some \ c \Longrightarrow b \ re \ a = Some \ d \Longrightarrow a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ S \Longrightarrow b \in wf\text{-}pterm
R \Longrightarrow
    target \ c = target \ d \ \mathbf{for} \ \sigma \ a \ b \ c \ d
    using zip-symm by fastforce
  with 5-1(2,3,5) have target D = target C using tgt-tgt-rule-var by fastforce
  then show ?case by simp
\mathbf{next}
  case (5-2 f Bs \alpha As)
  from 5-2(1) have match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \Longrightarrow
    (a,b) \in set (zip \ As \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha))) \Longrightarrow
    a \ re \ b = Some \ c \Longrightarrow b \ re \ a = Some \ d \Longrightarrow a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ S \Longrightarrow b \in wf\text{-}pterm
R \Longrightarrow
    target \ c = target \ d \ \mathbf{for} \ \sigma \ a \ b \ c \ d
    using zip-symm by fastforce
 with 5-2(2,3,4,5) have target D = target C using tgt-tgt-rule-fun by fastforce
  then show ?case by simp
qed simp-all
lemma rule-residual-lhs:
 assumes args:those\ (map2\ (re)\ As\ Bs)=Some\ Cs
    and is-Fun:is-Fun (lhs \alpha) and l:length Bs = length (var-rule \alpha)
  shows Prule \alpha As re (to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) = Some (Prule \alpha Cs)
proof-
  from is-Fun obtain f ts where lhs \alpha = Fun f ts
    by auto
  then have f:to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)\ \cdot\ \langle Bs\rangle_{\alpha}\ =\ Pfun\ f\ (map\ (\lambda t.\ t\ \cdot\ \langle Bs\rangle_{\alpha})\ (map\ shows)
to-pterm ts))
    by simp
 then have match:match ((to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) \cdot \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some
(\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha})
    using lhs-subst-trivial by blast
  from l have map (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) (var-rule \alpha) = Bs
    using apply-lhs-subst-var-rule by blast
  with args have those (map\ 2\ (re)\ As\ (map\ (\langle Bs\rangle_{\alpha})\ (var-rule\ \alpha))) = Some\ Cs
    by presburger
  then show ?thesis
    using residual.simps(5) match unfolding f by auto
qed
lemma residual-well-defined:
  assumes A \in wf-pterm R B \in wf-pterm S A re B = Some C
  shows C \in wf-pterm R
  using assms proof(induction A B arbitrary: C rule:residual.induct)
  case (1 \ x \ y)
  then show ?case
    by (metis option.distinct(1) option.sel residual.simps(1))
  case (2 f As q Bs)
  then obtain Cs where f = g \land length As = length Bs \land
```

```
C = Pfun \ f \ Cs \ \land
        length \ Cs = length \ As \land
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \ re \ Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i))
    by (meson residual-fun-fun)
  moreover with 2 have i < length As \Longrightarrow Cs! i \in wf\text{-pterm } R for i
  using fun-well-arg by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) fst-conv in-set-zip nth-mem
snd-conv)
  ultimately show ?case
    by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}conv\text{-}nth\ wf\text{-}pterm.intros(2))
next
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As \ \beta \ Bs)
  then obtain Cs where \alpha = \beta \wedge length As = length Bs \wedge
        (C = to\text{-}pterm (rhs \alpha) \cdot \langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha} \wedge
        \mathit{length}\ \mathit{Cs} = \mathit{length}\ \mathit{As}\ \land
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \ re \ Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i)))
    by (meson residual-rule-rule)
  moreover with 3 have i < length As \Longrightarrow Cs! i \in wf\text{-pterm } R \text{ for } i
  using fun-well-arg by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) fst-conv in-set-zip nth-mem
snd-conv)
  ultimately show ?case
    by (metis to-pterm-wf-pterm lhs-subst-well-def)
next
  case (4-1 \alpha As v)
  then obtain Cs \sigma where *:match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
        C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \ \land
        length \ Cs = length \ As \land
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \ re \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i))
    by (meson residual-rule-var)
  from 4-1(2) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm R
    by auto
  from 4-1(2) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  then have l2:length \ As = length \ (zip \ As \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha)))
    by simp
  from l * \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in wf-pterm \ S
    using 4-1(3) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 4-1(1) * wellA l2 have \forall i < length As. Cs! i \in wf\text{-pterm } R
    by (smt (z3) l length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  with 4-1(2) * show ?case
      by (smt\ (verit)\ Inr-not-Inl\ in-set-conv-nth\ term.distinct(1)\ term.inject(2)
wf-pterm.cases wf-pterm.intros(3))
next
  case (4-2 \alpha As f Bs)
  then obtain \sigma Cs where *:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
        (C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \ \land)
        length \ Cs = length \ As \land
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \ re \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i)))
    by (meson residual-rule-fun)
  from 4-2(2) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm R
```

```
by auto
  from 4-2(2) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  then have l2:length \ As = length \ (zip \ As \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha)))
   by simp
  from l * have \forall i < length As. \sigma (var-rule <math>\alpha ! i) \in wf-pterm S
    using 4-2(3) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 4-2(1) * wellA l2 have \forall i < length As. Cs!i \in wf-pterm R
   by (smt l length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  with 4-2(2) * show ?case
      by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}threshold)\ Inr\text{-}not\text{-}Inl\ in\text{-}set\text{-}conv\text{-}nth\ term.distinct}(1)
term.inject(2) wf-pterm.cases wf-pterm.intros(3))
next
  case (5-1 v \alpha As)
  then obtain Cs \sigma where *: match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
        C = to\text{-}pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha} \ \land
       length Cs = length As \land
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) \ re \ As!i = Some \ (Cs!i))
   by (meson residual-var-rule)
  from 5-1(3) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm S
   by auto
  from 5-1(3) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  then have l2:length \ As = length \ (zip \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha)) \ As)
   by simp
  from l * \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in \textit{wf-pterm} \ R
   using 5-1(2) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 5-1(1) * wellA l2 have \forall i < length As. Cs!i \in wf-pterm R
   by (smt l length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  with * show ?case
   by (metis lhs-subst-well-def to-pterm-wf-pterm)
  case (5-2 f Bs \alpha As)
  then obtain Cs \sigma where *:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
        C = to\text{-}pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha} \ \land
       length Cs = length As \land
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) \ re \ As!i = Some \ (Cs!i))
   by (meson residual-fun-rule)
  from 5-2(3) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm S
   by auto
  from 5-2(3) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  then have l2:length \ As = length \ (zip \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha)) \ As)
   by simp
  from l * \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in \textit{wf-pterm} \ R
   using 5-2(2) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 5-2(1) * wellA l2 have \forall i < length As. Cs!i \in wf-pterm R
   by (smt l length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  with * show ?case
```

```
by (metis lhs-subst-well-def to-pterm-wf-pterm)
\mathbf{qed}\ simp\mbox{-}all
no-notation sup (infixl \sqcup 65)
        Join
3.2
fun join :: ('f, 'v) \ pterm \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ pterm \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ pterm \ option \ (infixr <math> \sqcup \ 70) 
  where
  Var \ x \sqcup Var \ y =
    (if \ x = y \ then \ Some \ (Var \ x) \ else \ None)
\mid Pfun \ f \ As \sqcup Pfun \ g \ Bs =
    (if (f = g \land length \ As = length \ Bs) then
      (case those (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs) of
        Some xs \Rightarrow Some (Pfun f xs)
      | None \Rightarrow None \rangle
    else None)
| Prule \alpha As \sqcup Prule \beta Bs =
    (if \alpha = \beta then
      (case those (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs) of
        Some \ xs \Rightarrow Some \ (Prule \ \alpha \ xs)
      | None \Rightarrow None \rangle
    else None)
| Prule \alpha As \sqcup B =
    (case match B (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) of
      None \Rightarrow None
    \mid Some \ \sigma \Rightarrow
      (case those (map2 (\sqcup) As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) of
        Some \ xs \Rightarrow Some \ (Prule \ \alpha \ xs)
      | None \Rightarrow None ) \rangle
\mid A \sqcup Prule \ \alpha \ Bs =
    (case match A (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) of
      None \Rightarrow None
    \mid Some \ \sigma \Rightarrow
      (case those (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) Bs) of
        Some \ xs \Rightarrow Some \ (Prule \ \alpha \ xs)
      | None \Rightarrow None ))
\mid A \sqcup B = None
lemma join-sym: A \sqcup B = B \sqcup A
proof(induct rule:join.induct)
  case (2 f As g Bs)
  then show ?case proof(cases f = g \land length As = length Bs)
    case True
    with 2 have \forall (a,b) \in set (zip \ As \ Bs). \ a \sqcup b = b \sqcup a
      by auto
    with True have (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs) = (map2 (\sqcup) Bs As)
      by (smt case-prod-unfold map-eq-conv' map-fst-zip map-snd-zip nth-mem)
    then show ?thesis using 2 unfolding join.simps
```

```
by auto
  qed auto
\mathbf{next}
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As \ \beta \ Bs)
  then show ?case proof(cases \alpha = \beta)
   \mathbf{case} \ \mathit{True}
   with 3 have *: \forall (a,b) \in set (zip \ As \ Bs). \ a \sqcup b = b \sqcup a
     by auto
   have length (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs) = length (map2 (\sqcup) Bs As)
     by auto
   with * have (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs) = (map2 (\sqcup) Bs As)
    by (smt fst-conv length-map length-zip map-eq-conv' min-less-iff-conj nth-mem
nth-zip prod.case-eq-if snd-conv)
   then show ?thesis using 3 unfolding join.simps
     by auto
  ged auto
next
  case (4-1 \alpha As v)
  then show ?case proof (cases match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None)
   then obtain \sigma where sigma:match\ (Var\ v)\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = Some\ \sigma
     by blast
    with 4-1 have *: \forall (a,b) \in set (zip \ As (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha))). \ a \sqcup b = b \sqcup a
   have length (map2 (\sqcup) As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) = length (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma))
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ As)
     by auto
   with * have (map2 (\sqcup) As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) = (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)))
\alpha)) As)
     by (smt fst-conv length-map length-zip map-eq-conv' min-less-iff-conj nth-mem
nth-zip prod.case-eq-if snd-conv)
   then show ?thesis unfolding join.simps sigma
     by simp
  qed simp
next
  case (4-2 \alpha As f Bs)
  then show ?case proof (cases match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None)
   case False
   then obtain \sigma where sigma:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
     by blast
   with 4-2 have *:\forall (a,b) \in set (sip \ As (map \ \sigma (var-rule \ \alpha))). \ a \sqcup b = b \sqcup a
     by auto
   have length (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ As \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha))) = length \ (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ (map \ \sigma \ ))
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ As)
     by auto
   with * have (map2 (\sqcup) As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) = (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)))
\alpha)) As)
    by (smt fst-conv length-map length-zip map-eq-conv' min-less-iff-conj nth-mem
nth-zip prod.case-eq-if snd-conv)
```

```
then show ?thesis unfolding join.simps sigma
     by simp
  qed simp
\mathbf{next}
  case (5-1 v \alpha Bs)
  then show ?case proof(cases match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None)
   case False
   then obtain \sigma where sigma:match\ (Var\ v)\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = Some\ \sigma
     by blast
   with 5-1 have *:\forall (a,b) \in set (sip (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) Bs). a \sqcup b = b \sqcup a
     by auto
   have length (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) Bs) = length (map2 (\sqcup) Bs (map
\sigma (var-rule \alpha)))
     by auto
    with * have (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) Bs) = (map2 (\sqcup) Bs (map \sigma)
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)))
    by (smt fst-conv length-map length-zip map-eq-conv' min-less-iff-conj nth-mem
nth-zip prod.case-eq-if snd-conv)
   then show ?thesis unfolding join.simps sigma
     by simp
 qed simp
\mathbf{next}
  case (5-2 f As \alpha Bs)
  then show ?case proof (cases match (Pfun f As) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None)
   case False
   then obtain \sigma where sigma:match (Pfun f As) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
     by blast
   with 5-2 have *:\forall (a,b) \in set (zip (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) Bs). a \sqcup b = b \sqcup a
     by auto
   have length (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) Bs) = length (map2 (\sqcup) Bs (map
\sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)))
     by auto
    with * have (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) Bs) = (map2 (\sqcup) Bs (map \sigma)
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)))
    by (smt fst-conv length-map length-zip map-eq-conv' min-less-iff-conj nth-mem
nth-zip prod.case-eq-if snd-conv)
   then show ?thesis unfolding join.simps sigma
     by simp
 qed simp
qed simp-all
lemma join-with-source:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R
 shows A \sqcup to-pterm (source A) = Some A
using assms proof(induct A)
 case (2 As f)
 then have \forall i < length \ As. \ (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ As \ (map \ to\text{-}pterm \ (map \ source \ As)))!i =
Some (As!i)
   by simp
```

```
then have those (map\ 2\ (\sqcup)\ As\ (map\ to\text{-}pterm\ (map\ source\ As))) = Some\ As
    by (simp add: those-some)
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
  then have \forall i < length \ As. \ (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ As \ (map \ to\text{-}pterm \ (map \ source \ As)))!i =
Some (As!i)
    by simp
 then have IH:those\ (map\ 2\ (\sqcup)\ As\ (map\ to\ pterm\ (map\ source\ As))) = Some\ As
    by (simp add: those-some)
  from 3(1) have match:match (to-pterm (source (Prule \alpha As))) (to-pterm (lhs
\alpha)) = Some (\langle map \ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) \ As \rangle_{\alpha})
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) fun-mk-subst lhs-subst-trivial map-map source.simps(3)
to\text{-}pterm.simps(1) \ to\text{-}pterm\text{-}subst)
  from 3(2) have (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ As\rangle_{\alpha})\ (var\text{-}rule\ \alpha)) = map
(to\text{-}pterm \circ source) As
    by (metis apply-lhs-subst-var-rule length-map)
   with IH match join.simps(4,5) show ?case by(cases source (Prule \alpha As))
simp-all
qed simp
context no-var-lhs
begin
lemma join-subst:
assumes B \in wf-pterm R and \forall x \in vars-term B. \rho x \in wf-pterm R
    and \forall x \in vars\text{-}term \ B. \ source \ (\rho \ x) = \sigma \ x
  shows (B \cdot (to\text{-}pterm \circ \sigma)) \sqcup ((to\text{-}pterm (source } B)) \cdot \varrho) = Some (B \cdot \varrho)
 using assms proof(induct B)
  case (1 x)
 then show ?case unfolding eval-term.simps source.simps to-pterm.simps o-apply
    using join-with-source by (metis term.set-intros(3) join-sym)
next
  case (2 ts f)
  {fix i assume i:i < length ts
   with 2 have ((ts!i) \cdot (to\text{-}pterm \circ \sigma)) \sqcup ((to\text{-}pterm (source (ts!i))) \cdot \varrho) = Some
(ts!i \cdot \rho)
      by (meson\ nth\text{-}mem\ term.set\text{-}intros(4))
    then have map2 (\sqcup) (map (\lambda t. \ t \cdot (to\text{-}pterm \circ \sigma)) ts) (map (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \rho) (map
to-pterm (map source ts))!i = Some ((map (\lambda t. t \cdot \varrho) ts)!i)
      using i by fastforce
  then have those (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot (to\text{-}pterm \circ \sigma)) \ ts) \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \varrho)
(map\ to\text{-}pterm\ (map\ source\ ts)))) = Some\ (map\ (\lambda t.\ t\cdot\varrho)\ ts)
    using those-some by (smt (verit) length-map length-zip min.idem)
  then show ?case
     unfolding source.simps to-pterm.simps eval-term.simps using join.simps(2)
by auto
```

```
next
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
  from 3(1) no-var-lhs obtain f ts where f:lhs \alpha = Fun f ts
     by fastforce
 obtain \tau where match:match (to-pterm (lhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \cdot \rho) (to-pterm
(lhs \ \alpha)) = Some \ \tau
    and \tau:(\forall x \in vars\text{-}term \ (lhs \ \alpha). \ \tau \ x = ((to\text{-}pterm \circ \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \circ_s \rho) \ x)
   using match-complete' unfolding to-pterm-subst by (smt (verit, best) set-vars-term-list
subst-subst vars-to-pterm)
  {fix i assume i:i < length (var-rule \alpha)
    let ?x = var\text{-}rule \ \alpha ! \ i
    have ((to\text{-}pterm \circ \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \circ_s \varrho) ?x = to\text{-}pterm \ (source \ (As!i)) \cdot \varrho
      using i\ 3(2) by (simp\ add:\ mk\text{-subst-distinct}\ subst-compose\text{-}def)
    moreover from 3 have ((As!i) \cdot (to\text{-}pterm \circ \sigma)) \sqcup (to\text{-}pterm (source } (As!i))
\cdot \rho) = Some ((As!i) \cdot \rho)
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) in th-mem term. set-intros(4))
    ultimately have ((As!i) \cdot (to\text{-}pterm \circ \sigma)) \sqcup (\tau ?x) = Some ((As!i) \cdot \varrho)
    using \tau by (metis comp-apply inth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list)
   then have (map\ 2\ (\sqcup)\ (map\ (\lambda t.\ t\cdot (to\text{-}pterm\circ\sigma))\ As)\ (map\ \tau\ (var\text{-}rule\ \alpha)))!i
= Some ((map (\lambda t. t \cdot \rho) As)!i)
      using \beta(2) i by auto
  then have those (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot (to\text{-}pterm \circ \sigma)) \ As) \ (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule
(\alpha)) = Some (map (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \varrho) \ As)
    by (simp\ add:\ 3(2)\ those\-some)
  then show ?case
    using match unfolding source.simps to-pterm.simps eval-term.simps f using
join.simps(5) f by auto
qed
end
lemma join-same:
 shows A \sqcup A = Some A
proof(induct A)
  case (Pfun\ f\ As)
  {fix i assume i:i < length As
    with Pfun have As!i \sqcup As!i = Some (As!i) by simp
    with i have (map2 (\sqcup) As As)!i = Some (As!i) by simp
  then have those (map2 (\sqcup) As As) = Some As
    by (simp add: those-some)
  then show ?case unfolding join.simps by simp
next
  case (Prule \alpha As)
  {fix i assume i:i < length As
    with Prule have As!i \sqcup As!i = Some (As!i) by simp
    with i have (map2 (\sqcup) As As)!i = Some (As!i) by simp
  }
```

```
by (simp add: those-some)
  then show ?case unfolding join.simps by simp
qed simp
Analogous to residuals there are 6 lemmas corresponding to the step cases
in induction proofs for joins.
lemma join-fun-fun:
 assumes (Pfun \ f \ As) \sqcup (Pfun \ g \ Bs) = Some \ C
 shows f = g \land length \ As = length \ Bs \land
       (\exists Cs. C = Pfun f Cs \land
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i)))
proof-
 have *:f = g \land length As = length Bs
   using assms join.simps(2) by (metis option.simps(3))
  then obtain Cs where Cs:those (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs) = Some Cs
   using assms\ option.simps(3)\ option.simps(4) by fastforce
 hence \forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i)
   using * those-some2 by fastforce
  with * Cs assms(1) show ?thesis
   using length-those by fastforce
qed
lemma join-rule-rule:
 assumes (Prule \alpha As) \sqcup (Prule \beta Bs) = Some C
         (Prule \ \alpha \ As) \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
         (Prule \ \beta \ Bs) \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
 shows \alpha = \beta \wedge length \ As = length \ Bs \wedge
       (\exists Cs. C = Prule \alpha Cs \land
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i)))
proof-
 have \alpha = \beta
   using assms(1) join.simps(3) by (metis\ option.simps(3))
  with assms(2,3) have l: length As = length Bs
   using length-args-well-Prule by blast
 from \langle \alpha = \beta \rangle obtain Cs where Cs:those (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs) = Some Cs
   using assms by fastforce
 hence \forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i)
   using l those-some 2 by fastforce
  with \langle \alpha = \beta \rangle l Cs assms(1) show ?thesis
   using length-those by fastforce
qed
lemma join-rule-var:
 assumes (Prule \alpha As) \sqcup (Var x) = Some C
         (Prule \ \alpha \ As) \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
```

then have those $(map2 (\sqcup) As As) = Some As$

shows $\exists \sigma$. match (Var x) (to-pterm (lhs α)) = Some $\sigma \land$

```
(\exists Cs. C = Prule \alpha Cs \land
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \sqcup (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i)))
proof-
  from assms(2) have l:length As = length (var-rule <math>\alpha)
    using wf-pterm.cases by auto
  obtain \sigma where \sigma:match (Var x) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
    using assms(1) by fastforce
  then obtain Cs where Cs:those (map2 (\sqcup) As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) = Some
Cs
   using assms(1) by fastforce
 with l have l2:length\ Cs = length\ As
   using length-those by fastforce
 from Cs have \forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i)
   using l those-some2 by fastforce
  with \sigma Cs assms(1) 12 show ?thesis by simp
qed
lemma join-rule-fun:
 assumes (Prule \alpha As) \sqcup (Pfun f Bs) = Some C
         (Prule \ \alpha \ As) \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
 shows \exists \sigma. match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \land
       (\exists Cs. C = Prule \alpha Cs \land
       length Cs = length As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i)))
proof-
 from assms(2) have l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
 obtain \sigma where \sigma:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
   using assms(1) by fastforce
 then obtain Cs where Cs:those (map2 (\sqcup) As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) = Some
   using assms(1) by fastforce
  with l have l2:length \ Cs = length \ As
   using length-those by fastforce
 from Cs have \forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i)
   using l those-some 2 by fastforce
  with \sigma Cs assms(1) l2 show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma join-wf-pterm:
 assumes A \sqcup B = Some \ C
   and A \in wf-pterm R and B \in wf-pterm R
 shows C \in wf-pterm R
 using assms proof(induct A B arbitrary: C rule:join.induct)
 case (1 \ x \ y)
  then show ?case
   by (metis\ join.simps(1)\ option.distinct(1)\ option.sel)
next
```

```
case (2 f As q Bs)
  then obtain Cs where f = g \land length As = length Bs \land
       C = Pfun f Cs \wedge
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i))
   by (meson join-fun-fun)
  moreover with 2 have i < length As \Longrightarrow Cs! i \in wf\text{-pterm } R for i
  using fun-well-arg by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) fst-conv in-set-zip nth-mem
snd-conv)
  ultimately show ?case
   by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}conv\text{-}nth\ wf\text{-}pterm.intros(2))
 case (3 \ \alpha \ As \ \beta \ Bs)
 then obtain Cs where \alpha = \beta \wedge length \ As = length \ Bs \wedge
       (C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \ \land)
       length Cs = length As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i)))
   by (meson join-rule-rule)
  moreover with 3 have i < length As \Longrightarrow Cs! i \in wf\text{-pterm } R for i
  using fun-well-arg by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) fst-conv in-set-zip nth-mem
snd-conv)
  moreover from 3(3) have to-rule \alpha \in R
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  ultimately show ?case
   by (smt (verit, best) 3.prems(2) in-set-idx old.sum.distinct(2) term.distinct(1)
term.inject(2) wf-pterm.cases wf-pterm.intros(3))
next
  case (4-1 \alpha As v)
  then obtain Cs \sigma where *:match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
       C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \ \wedge
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i))
   by (meson join-rule-var)
  from 4-1(3) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm R
   by auto
 from 4-1(3) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  then have l2:length \ As = length \ (zip \ As \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha)))
   by simp
  from l * have \forall i < length As. \sigma (var-rule <math>\alpha ! i) \in wf-pterm R
   using 4-1(4) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 4-1(1) * wellA l2 have \forall i < length As. Cs! i \in wf-pterm R
   by (smt (z3) l length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  with 4-1(3) * show ?case
     by (smt\ (verit)\ Inr-not-Inl\ in-set-conv-nth\ term.distinct(1)\ term.inject(2)
wf-pterm.cases wf-pterm.intros(3))
 case (4-2 \alpha As f Bs)
 then obtain \sigma Cs where *:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
```

```
(C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \ \land)
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i)))
   by (meson join-rule-fun)
  from 4-2(3) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm R
   by auto
  from 4-2(3) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  then have l2:length \ As = length \ (zip \ As \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha)))
   by simp
  from l * \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in \textit{wf-pterm} \ R
   using 4-2(4) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 4-2(1) * wellA l2 have \forall i < length As. Cs! i \in wf\text{-pterm } R
   by (smt l length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  with 4-2(3) * show ?case
     by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) Inr-not-Inl in-set-conv-nth term.distinct(1)
term.inject(2) wf-pterm.cases wf-pterm.intros(3))
next
  case (5-1 \ v \ \alpha \ As)
  then obtain Cs \sigma where *:match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
        C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \ \wedge
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) \sqcup As!i = Some \ (Cs!i))
   using join-rule-var by (metis join-sym)
  from 5-1(4) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm R
   by auto
  from 5-1(4) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  then have l2:length \ As = length \ (zip \ As \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha)))
   by simp
  from l * have \forall i < length As. \sigma (var-rule <math>\alpha ! i) \in wf-pterm R
   using 5-1(3) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 5-1(1) * wellA l2 l have \forall i < length As. Cs!i \in wf-pterm R
   by (smt (verit, del-insts) length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip zip-symm)
  with 5-1(4) * show ?case
     by (smt (verit) Inr-not-Inl in-set-conv-nth term.distinct(1) term.inject(2)
wf-pterm.cases wf-pterm.intros(3))
next
  case (5-2 f Bs \alpha As)
  then obtain Cs \sigma where *:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
       C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \ \wedge
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) \sqcup As!i = Some \ (Cs!i))
   using join-sym join-rule-fun by metis
  from 5-2(4) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm R
   by auto
  from 5-2(4) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  then have l2:length \ As = length \ (zip \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha)) \ As)
```

```
by simp
  from l * \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in \textit{wf-pterm} \ R
   using 5-2(3) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 5-2(1) * wellA l2 have \forall i < length As. Cs!i \in wf-pterm R
   by (smt l length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  with * show ?case
  by (metis 5-2.prems(3) Inl-inject Inr-not-Inl in-set-idx l term.distinct(1) term.sel(2)
wf-pterm.cases wf-pterm.intros(3))
qed auto
lemma source-join:
 assumes A \sqcup B = Some \ C
   and A \in wf-pterm R and B \in wf-pterm R
 shows co-initial A C
 using assms proof(induct A B arbitrary: C rule:join.induct)
 case (1 \ x \ y)
  then show ?case
   by (metis join.simps(1) option.discI option.sel)
  case (2 f As g Bs)
  then obtain Cs where f = g \land length As = length Bs <math>\land
       C = Pfun f Cs \wedge
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i))
   by (meson join-fun-fun)
 moreover with 2 have i < length \ As \implies co\text{-}initial \ (As!i) \ (Cs!i) for i
  using fun-well-arg by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) fst-conv in-set-zip nth-mem
snd-conv)
  ultimately show ?case
   by (simp add: nth-map-conv)
next
 case (3 \ \alpha \ As \ \beta \ Bs)
 then obtain Cs where \alpha = \beta \wedge length \ As = length \ Bs \wedge
       (C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \ \land)
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i)))
   by (meson join-rule-rule)
 moreover with 3 have i < length \ As \implies co\text{-}initial \ (As!i) \ (Cs!i) for i
  using fun-well-arg by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) fst-conv in-set-zip nth-mem
snd-conv)
  ultimately show ?case
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) map-eq-conv' source.simps(3))
  case (4-1 \alpha As v)
 then obtain Cs \sigma where *:match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
       C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \ \wedge
       length Cs = length As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i))
   \mathbf{by}\ (meson\ join\text{-}rule\text{-}var)
```

```
from 4-1(3) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm R
   by auto
  from 4-1(3) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  then have l2:length\ As = length\ (zip\ As\ (map\ \sigma\ (var-rule\ \alpha)))
   by simp
  from l * \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in \textit{wf-pterm} \ R
    using 4-1(4) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 4-1(1) * wellA l2 have \forall i < length As. co-initial (As!i) (Cs!i)
   by (smt (z3) l length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  with 4-1(3) * show ?case
   by (metis\ nth\text{-}map\text{-}conv\ source.simps(3))
next
  case (4-2 \alpha As f Bs)
  then obtain \sigma Cs where *:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma \wedge
        (C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs \ \land)
       length Cs = length As \land
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \sqcup (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) = Some \ (Cs!i)))
   by (meson join-rule-fun)
  from 4-2(3) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm R
   by auto
  from 4-2(3) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
    using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  then have l2:length \ As = length \ (zip \ As \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha)))
   by simp
  from l * \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in \textit{wf-pterm} \ R
   using 4-2(4) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 4-2(1) * wellA l2 have \forall i < length As. co-initial (As!i) (Cs!i)
   by (smt l length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip)
  with 4-2(3) * show ?case
   by (metis\ nth\text{-}map\text{-}conv\ source.simps(3))
  case (5-1 \ v \ \alpha \ As)
  then obtain Cs \sigma where *: match (Var v) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
       C = Prule \alpha Cs
       length Cs = length As \land
        (\forall i < length \ As. \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) \sqcup As!i = Some \ (Cs!i))
   using join-rule-var by (metis join-sym)
  from 5-1(4) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm R
   by auto
  from 5-1(4) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
   \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{wf-pterm.simps}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{fastforce}
  then have l2:length \ As = length \ (zip \ As \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha)))
   by simp
  from l * \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in \textit{wf-pterm} \ R
   using 5-1(3) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 5-1(1) * wellA l2 l have IH: \forall i < length As. co-initial ((map \sigma (var-rule
\alpha)!i) (Cs!i)
   by (smt (verit, del-insts) length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip zip-symm)
```

```
moreover have v: Var \ v = (to\text{-}pterm \ (lhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \langle (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \rangle_{\alpha}
     using * by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule map-eq-conv
match-lhs-subst)
  show ?case using IH l unfolding v *(2) source.simps
    by (metis *(1,3) fun-mk-subst length-map lhs-subst-trivial nth-map-conv op-
tion.inject\ source.simps(1)\ source-apply-subst\ source-to-pterm\ to-pterm-wf-pterm
v)
next
  case (5-2 f Bs \alpha As)
  then obtain Cs \sigma where *:match (Pfun f Bs) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
       C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs
       length \ Cs = length \ As \land
       (\forall i < length \ As. \ (\sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)) \sqcup As!i = Some \ (Cs!i))
   using join-rule-fun by (metis join-sym)
  from 5-2(4) have wellA: \forall i < length As. As! i \in wf-pterm R
   by auto
  from 5-2(4) have l: length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  then have l2:length \ As = length \ (zip \ As \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha)))
   by simp
  from l * \mathbf{have} \ \forall \ i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \in \textit{wf-pterm} \ R
   using 5-2(3) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
  with 5-2(1) * wellA l2 l have IH: \forall i < length \ As. \ co-initial \ ((map \ \sigma \ (var-rule
\alpha))!i) (Cs!i)
   by (smt (verit, del-insts) length-map nth-map nth-mem nth-zip zip-symm)
  moreover have f:Pfun\ f\ Bs = (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \langle (map\ \sigma\ (var\text{-}rule\ \alpha)) \rangle_{\alpha}
     using * by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule map-eq-conv
match-lhs-subst)
  show ?case using IH l unfolding f *(2) source.simps
  by (metis*(3) fun-mk-subst length-map nth-map-conv source.simps(1) source-apply-subst
source-to-pterm to-pterm-wf-pterm)
qed auto
lemma join-pterm-subst-Some:
 fixes A B::('f, 'v) pterm
  assumes (A \cdot \sigma) \sqcup (A \cdot \tau) = Some B
  shows \exists \varrho. (\forall x \in vars\text{-}term \ A. \ \sigma \ x \sqcup \tau \ x = Some \ (\varrho \ x)) \land B = A \cdot \varrho \land match
B A = Some \rho
proof-
  let ?join-var=\lambda x. the (\sigma x \sqcup \tau x)
  let ?e=mk-subst Var (zip (vars-distinct A) (map ?join-var (vars-distinct A)))
  from assms have B = A \cdot ?\varrho \wedge (\forall x \in vars\text{-}term A. \sigma x \sqcup \tau x = Some (?\varrho x))
\land match B A = Some ? \varrho \mathbf{proof}(induct A arbitrary: B)
   case (Var x)
   then show ?case
    by (smt\ (verit)\ comp\text{-}apply\ eval\text{-}term.simps(1)\ in\text{-}set\text{-}conv\text{-}nth\ in\text{-}set\text{-}simps(2)
length-map map-nth-conv match-trivial mem-Collect-eg mk-subst-not-mem
        mk-subst-same option.sel remdups-id-iff-distinct set-vars-term-list single-var
singleton-rev-conv\ subset I\ subst-domain-def\ vars-term-list.simps(1))
```

```
next
   case (Pfun \ f \ As)
  let ?\varrho = mk-subst Var\left(zip\left(vars-distinct\left(Pfun f As)\right)\left(map\ ?join-var (vars-distinct)
(Pfun f As)))
   have rho-domain:subst-domain ? \varrho \subseteq vars-term (Pfun f As)
        \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ (verit,\ del\text{-}insts)\ comp\text{-}apply\ mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq\ mk\text{-}subst\text{-}not\text{-}mem
set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list subsetI subst-domain-def)
    from Pfun(2) have those (map2 (\sqcup) (map (\lambda a. a \cdot \sigma) As) (map (\lambda a. a \cdot \tau)
As)) \neq None
     unfolding eval-term.simps join.simps using option.simps(4) by fastforce
   then obtain Bs where Bs:those (map2 (\sqcup) (map (\lambda a. a \cdot \sigma) As) (map (\lambda a. a))
(\cdot, \tau) As) = Some Bs length As = length Bs
     using length-those by fastforce
    \{fix i assume i < length As
     with Bs have Bs-i:((As!i) \cdot \sigma) \sqcup ((As!i) \cdot \tau) = Some \ (Bs!i)
        using those-some2 by fastforce
    }note Bs-i=this
    \{ \text{fix } i \text{ assume } i:i < length As \} 
     let ?pi=mk-subst Var (zip (vars-distinct (As!i)) (map ?join-var (vars-distinct
(As!i))))
     have (As!i) \cdot ?\varrho = (As!i) \cdot ?\varrho i
      by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) comp-apply i map-of-zip-map mk-subst-def nth-mem
set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list term.set-intros(4) term-subst-eq-conv)
     with Pfun(1)[of As!i] i Bs-i have (As!i) \cdot ?\varrho = Bs!i
        by fastforce
    note As-Bs=this
    with Bs(2) have map-\rho:map\ (\lambda a.\ a\cdot ?\rho)\ As=Bs
     by (simp add: map-nth-eq-conv)
    \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } x : x \in vars\text{-}term \ (Pfun \ f \ As) \} 
     then obtain i where i < length \ As \ x \in vars-term \ (As!i)
       by (metis\ term.sel(4)\ var-imp-var-of-arg)
     with Pfun(1)[of As!i] Bs-i As-Bs have \sigma x \sqcup \tau x = Some \ (?\rho x)
       using term-subst-eq-rev by fastforce
   moreover then have B = Pfun f As \cdot ?\varrho
       using Pfun(2) unfolding eval-term.simps join.simps Bs using map-\rho by
auto
   moreover then have match B (Pfun f As) = Some ?\rho
     using match-trivial rho-domain by blast
   ultimately show ?case by simp
  next
   case (Prule \alpha As)
  let ?\rho = mk-subst Var\left(zip\left(vars\text{-}distinct\left(Prule\ \alpha\ As\right)\right)\left(map\ ?join\text{-}var\left(vars\text{-}distinct\right)\right)\right)
(Prule \ \alpha \ As))))
   have rho-domain:subst-domain ?\varrho \subseteq vars-term (Prule \alpha As)
        by (smt (verit, del-insts) comp-apply mem-Collect-eq mk-subst-not-mem
set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list subsetI subst-domain-def)
    from Prule(2) have those (map2 (\sqcup) (map (\lambda a. a \cdot \sigma) As) (map (\lambda a. a \cdot \tau)
As)) \neq None
```

```
unfolding eval-term.simps join.simps using option.simps(4) by fastforce
   then obtain Bs where Bs:those (map2 (\sqcup) (map (\lambda a. \ a \cdot \sigma) As) (map (\lambda a. \ a
\cdot \tau) As)) = Some Bs length As = length Bs
     using length-those by fastforce
    {fix i assume i < length As
     with Bs have Bs-i:((As!i) \cdot \sigma) \sqcup ((As!i) \cdot \tau) = Some (Bs!i)
       using those-some2 by fastforce
    note Bs-i=this
    \{ \text{fix } i \text{ assume } i:i < length \ As \} 
     let ?oi=mk-subst Var (zip (vars-distinct (As!i)) (map ?join-var (vars-distinct
(As!i))))
     have (As!i) \cdot ?\varrho = (As!i) \cdot ?\varrho i
      \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}SIG)\ comp\text{-}apply\ i\ map\text{-}of\text{-}zip\text{-}map\ mk\text{-}subst\text{-}def\ nth\text{-}mem
set\text{-}remdups\ set\text{-}rev\ set\text{-}vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ term.set\text{-}intros(4)\ term\text{-}subst\text{-}eq\text{-}conv)
     with Prule(1)[of As!i] i Bs-i have (As!i) \cdot ?\varrho = Bs!i
       by fastforce
    note As-Bs=this
    with Bs(2) have map-\varrho:map\ (\lambda a.\ a\cdot ?\varrho)\ As=Bs
     by (simp add: map-nth-eq-conv)
    {fix x assume x:x \in vars\text{-}term (Prule <math>\alpha As)
     then obtain i where i < length As x \in vars\text{-}term (As!i)
       by (metis\ term.sel(4)\ var-imp-var-of-arg)
     with Prule(1)[of As!i] Bs-i As-Bs have \sigma x \sqcup \tau x = Some (? \varrho x)
        using term-subst-eq-rev by fastforce
   moreover then have B = Prule \ \alpha \ As \cdot ?\rho
      using Prule(2) unfolding eval-term.simps join.simps Bs using map-\rho by
auto
   moreover then have match B (Prule \alpha As) = Some ?\varrho
     using match-trivial rho-domain by blast
   ultimately show ?case by simp
  qed
  then show ?thesis by blast
qed
lemma join-pterm-subst-None:
  fixes A::('f, 'v) pterm
  assumes (A \cdot \sigma) \sqcup (A \cdot \tau) = None
  shows \exists x \in vars\text{-}term A. \sigma x \sqcup \tau x = None
using assms proof(induct A rule:pterm-induct)
  case (Pfun\ f\ As)
  from Pfun(2) obtain i where i:i < length As (map2 (\sqcup) (map (\lambda s. s \cdot \sigma) As)
(map (\lambda s. s \cdot \tau) As))!i = None
   unfolding eval-term.simps join.simps length-map using those-not-none-xs
    by (smt (verit) length-map list-all-length map2-map-map option.case-eq-if op-
tion.distinct(1)
  then have (As!i \cdot \sigma) \sqcup (As!i \cdot \tau) = None by simp
 with Pfun(1) i(1) obtain x where x \in vars\text{-}term (As!i) and \sigma x \sqcup \tau x = None
   using nth-mem by blast
```

```
then show ?case using i(1) by auto
next
  case (Prule \alpha As)
 from Prule(2) obtain i where i:i < length As (map2 (\sqcup) (map (\lambda s. s \cdot \sigma) As)
(map (\lambda s. s \cdot \tau) As))!i = None
   unfolding eval-term.simps join.simps length-map using those-not-none-xs
   by (smt (verit) length-map list-all-length map2-map-map option.case-eq-if op-
tion.distinct(1)
  then have (As!i \cdot \sigma) \sqcup (As!i \cdot \tau) = None by simp
  with Prule(1) i(1) obtain x where x \in vars\text{-}term (As!i) and \sigma x \sqcup \tau x =
None
   using nth-mem by blast
 then show ?case using i(1) by auto
qed simp
fun mk-subst-from-list :: ('v \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ term) \ list \Rightarrow ('v \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ term) \ where
  mk-subst-from-list [] = Var
| mk-subst-from-list (\sigma \# \sigma s) = (\lambda x. \ case \ \sigma \ x \ of \ s)
     Var x \Rightarrow mk-subst-from-list \sigma s x
   \mid t \Rightarrow t
lemma join-is-Fun:
  assumes join:A \sqcup B = Some (Pfun f Cs)
  shows \exists As. A = Pfun \ f \ As \land length \ As = length \ Cs
proof-
  {assume \exists x. A = Var x
   then obtain x where x:A = Var x by blast
   from join consider B = Var x \mid \exists \alpha \ Bs. \ B = Prule \alpha \ Bs
       unfolding x by (metis\ is-Prule.elims(1)\ join.simps(1)\ join.simps(9)\ op-
tion.distinct(1)
   then have False
   using join unfolding x by (cases) (simp, metis (mono-tags, lifting) Inl-Inr-False
join.simps(6) option.case-eq-if option.distinct(1) option.sel term.inject(2))
  } moreover {assume \exists \alpha \ As. \ A = Prule \ \alpha \ As
   then obtain \alpha As where A:A = Prule \alpha As by blast
   from join consider \exists x. B = Var x \mid \exists q Bs. B = Pfun q Bs
      unfolding A by (smt (verit, del-insts) is-Prule.elims(1) join.simps(3) op-
tion.case-eq-if\ option.distinct(1)\ option.sel\ term.inject(2))
   then have False
      using join unfolding A by(cases) (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Inl-Inr-False
join.simps(4,5) option.case-eq-if option.distinct(1) option.sel term.inject(2))+
 ultimately obtain g As where A:A = Pfun \ g As
   by (meson is-Prule.cases)
 from join have f = g and length As = length Cs unfolding A
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) Inl-Inr-False Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym
join.simps(5) join.simps(8) join-fun-fun not-arg-cong-Inr option.case-eq-if option.inject
option.simps(3) pterm-cases term.inject(2))+
  with A show ?thesis by force
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma join-obtain-subst:
    assumes join:A \sqcup B = Some \ (to\text{-}pterm \ t \cdot \sigma) and linear\text{-}term \ t
     shows (to-pterm t) · mk-subst Var (match-substs (to-pterm t) A) = A
proof-
      from assms(2) have lin:linear-term (to-pterm t)
           using to-pterm-linear by blast
      have \forall p \in poss \ (to\text{-}pterm \ t). \ \forall f \ ts. \ (to\text{-}pterm \ t) \mid -p = Fun \ f \ ts \longrightarrow (\exists \ As. \ length
ts = length \ As \land A \mid -p = Fun \ f \ As)
      using assms proof(induct\ t\ arbitrary:\ A\ B)
          case (Fun f ts)
          from Fun(2) obtain As where A:A = Pfun \ f \ As \ and \ l-As:length \ ts = length
As
                using join-is-Fun by force
          from Fun(2) obtain Bs where B:B = Pfun \ f \ Bs and l\text{-}Bs:length \ ts = length
Bs
                  using join-is-Fun join-sym by (smt (verit) eval-term.simps(2) length-map
to-pterm.simps(2))
           \{fix p \ q \ ts' \ assume <math>p:p \in poss \ (to\text{-}pterm \ (Fun \ f \ ts)) \ (to\text{-}pterm \ (Fun \ f \ ts)) \ | -p
= Fun \ q \ ts'
                have \exists As'. length ts' = length As' \wedge A|-p = Fun \ g \ As' \ \mathbf{proof}(cases \ p)
                     from p(2) show ?thesis unfolding A Nil using l-As by force
                next
                     case (Cons \ i \ p')
                     from p(1) have i:i < length ts unfolding Cons by simp
                     with p(1) have p':p' \in poss(ts!i) unfolding Cons
                          by (metis poss-Cons-poss poss-list-sound poss-list-to-pterm term.sel(4))
                     from Fun(2) have As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (ts!i) \cdot \sigma)
                          unfolding A B to-pterm.simps eval-term.simps using i l-As l-Bs
                            by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) args-poss join-fun-fun local.Cons nth-map
p(1) term.sel(4) to-pterm.simps(2))
                    moreover from Fun(3) i have linear-term (ts!i) by simp
                   ultimately obtain As' where length ts' = length As' and (As!i)|-p' = Fun
g As'
                                 using Fun(1) i p' by (smt\ (verit)\ local.Cons\ nth-map\ nth-mem\ p(2)
p-in-poss-to-pterm subt-at.simps(2) to-pterm.simps(2))
                     with i l-As show ?thesis unfolding A Cons by simp
                qed
           }
          then show ?case by simp
     qed simp
     then show ?thesis using fun-poss-eq-imp-matches[OF\ lin] by presburger
lemma join-pterm-linear-subst:
     assumes join: A \sqcup B = Some \ (to\text{-pterm } t \cdot \sigma) and lin: linear\text{-term } t
      shows \exists \sigma_A \sigma_B. A = (to\text{-pterm } t \cdot \sigma_A) \land B = (to\text{-pterm } t \cdot \sigma_B) \land (\forall x \in \sigma_A) \land B = (to\text{-pterm } t \cdot \sigma_B) \land (\forall x \in \sigma_A) \land B = (to\text{-pterm } t \cdot \sigma_B) \land (\forall x \in \sigma_A) \land B = (to\text{-pterm } t \cdot \sigma_B) \land (\forall x \in \sigma_A) \land B = (to\text{-pterm } t \cdot \sigma_B) \land (\forall x \in \sigma_A) \land B = (to\text{-pterm } t \cdot \sigma_B) \land (\forall x \in \sigma_A) \land B = (to\text{-pterm } t \cdot \sigma_B) \land (\forall x \in \sigma_A) \land (
```

```
vars-term t. \sigma_A x \sqcup \sigma_B x = Some (\sigma x)
proof-
 let ?\sigma_A = mk-subst Var (match-substs (to-pterm t) A)
 let ?\sigma_B = mk-subst Var (match-substs (to-pterm t) B)
 from join-obtain-subst[OF\ join\ lin] have A:A=(to\text{-}pterm\ t)\cdot ?\sigma_A by simp
  from join lin have B:B = (to\text{-pterm } t) \cdot ?\sigma_B using join-sym join-obtain-subst
by metis
  from join-pterm-subst-Some join A B obtain \rho
   where (\forall x \in vars\text{-}term\ t.\ ?\sigma_A\ x \sqcup ?\sigma_B\ x = Some\ (\varrho\ x)) and to-pterm t\cdot \sigma =
to-pterm t \cdot \varrho
   by (metis set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
  then show ?thesis
   by (smt (verit, best) A B set-vars-term-list term-subst-eq-rev vars-to-pterm)
qed
context no-var-lhs
begin
lemma join-rule-lhs:
 assumes wf:Prule \alpha As \in wf-pterm R and args:\forall i < length As. As!i \sqcup Bs!i \neq
None and l:length\ Bs = length\ As
  shows Prule \alpha As \sqcup (to-pterm (lhs \alpha) \cdot \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \neq None
proof-
  from wf no-var-lhs obtain f ts where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun f ts
  by (metis\ Inl-inject\ Term.term.simps(2)\ Term.term.simps(4)\ case-prodD\ is-Prule.simps(1)
is-Prule.simps(3) term.collapse(2) wf-pterm.simps)
  from args l have those (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs) \neq None
   by (simp add: list-all-length those-not-none-xs)
 with wf l have those (map2 (\sqcup) As (map (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) (vars\text{-}distinct (Fun f ts)))) \neq
None
  using apply-lhs-subst-var-rule by (metis Inl-inject is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3)
lhs \ term.distinct(1) \ term.inject(2) \ wf-pterm.simps)
 with lhs-subst-trivial [of \alpha Bs] show ?thesis
   unfolding lhs to-pterm.simps eval-term.simps join.simps by force
qed
end
```

3.2.1 N-Fold Join

We define a function to recursively join a list of n proof terms. Since each individual join produces a $(('f, 'v) \ prule + 'f, 'v) \ Term.term \ option$ we first introduce the following helper function.

```
fun join-opt :: ('f, 'v) \ pterm \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ pterm \ option \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ pterm \ option
where
join-opt \ A \ (Some \ B) = A \sqcup B
| \ join-opt \ - - = None

fun join-list :: ('f, 'v) \ pterm \ list \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) \ pterm \ option \ (\bigsqcup)
where
join-list \ || = None
```

```
| join-list (A \# []) = Some A
  | join-list (A \# As) = join-opt A (join-list As)
context left-lin-no-var-lhs
begin
lemma join-var-rule:
 assumes to-rule \alpha \in R
 shows Var x \sqcup Prule \alpha As = None
proof-
  from assms obtain f ts where lhs \alpha = Fun f ts
   using no-var-lhs by fastforce
 then show ?thesis
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym eval-term.simps(2)
join.simps(4)\ match-lhs-subst\ option.case-eq-if\ option.exhaust\ term.distinct(1)\ to-pterm.simps(2))
qed
lemma var-join:
 assumes Var \ x \sqcup B = Some \ C \ and \ B \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
 shows B = Var x \wedge C = Var x
 using assms proof(cases B)
 case (Var\ y)
 with assms(1) show ?thesis
   by (metis\ join.simps(1)\ option.sel\ option.simps(3))
\mathbf{next}
 case (Prule \alpha As)
 with assms show ?thesis
     by (metis Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym Term.term.simps(4) case-prodD
co-initial-Var is-VarI join.simps(9)
     no-var-lhs.no-var-lhs.no-var-lhs-axioms\ option.distinct(1)\ source-join\ sum.inject(1)
term.inject(2) wf-pterm.simps)
qed simp
lemma fun-join:
 assumes Pfun \ f \ As \sqcup B = Some \ C
 shows (\exists q \ Bs. \ B = Pfun \ q \ Bs) \lor (\exists \alpha \ Bs. \ B = Prule \ \alpha \ Bs)
 using assms by (cases B) (simp-all)
lemma rule-join:
 assumes Prule \ \alpha \ As \sqcup B = Some \ C \ and \ Prule \ \alpha \ As \in wf\text{-pterm} \ R
 shows (\exists g \ Bs. \ B = Pfun \ g \ Bs) \lor (\exists \beta \ Bs. \ B = Prule \ \beta \ Bs)
 using assms proof(cases B)
 case (Var x)
 from assms have False unfolding Var
   by (metis Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym term.distinct(1) var-join)
  then show ?thesis by simp
qed simp-all
```

Associativity of join is currently not used in any proofs. But it is still a

```
valuable result, hence included here.
lemma join-opt-assoc:
  assumes A \in wf-pterm R B \in wf-pterm R C \in wf-pterm R
 shows join-opt A(B \sqcup C) = join-opt C(A \sqcup B)
 using assms proof(induct A arbitrary:B C rule:subterm-induct)
 case (subterm A)
  from subterm(2) show ?case proof(cases A rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names]
VarA FunA RuleA])
   case (VarA x)
   with subterm(3) show ?thesis proof(cases B rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarB FunB RuleB])
     case (VarB y)
     show ?thesis proof(cases x = y)
      case True
      then have AB:A \sqcup B = Some (Var y) unfolding VarA \ VarB by simp
    with subterm(4) VarA VarB show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
        case (VarC z)
        with AB VarA VarB \langle x = y \rangle show ?thesis by(cases y = z) simp-all
        case (RuleC \ \alpha \ As)
        then have (Var\ y) \sqcup C = None
          using join-var-rule by presburger
           then show ?thesis unfolding AB unfolding VarA VarB by (simp
add:join-sym)
      qed simp
     next
      case False
      then have AB:A \sqcup B = None unfolding VarA \ VarB by simp
    \textbf{with} \ \textit{subterm}(\textit{4}) \ \textit{VarA} \ \textit{VarB} \ \textbf{show} \ \textit{?thesis} \ \textbf{proof}(\textit{cases} \ \textit{C} \ \textit{rule} : \textit{wf-pterm}. \textit{cases}[\textit{case-names}]
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
        case (VarC z)
        with AB VarA VarB \langle x \neq y \rangle show ?thesis by(cases y = z) simp-all
      next
        case (RuleC \ \alpha \ As)
        then have (Var\ y) \sqcup C = None
          using join-var-rule by presburger
           then show ?thesis unfolding AB unfolding VarA VarB by (simp
add:join-sym)
      \mathbf{qed}\ simp
     qed
   next
     case (FunB Bs f)
     then have AB:A \sqcup B = None
       unfolding VarA by simp
    with subterm(4) VarA show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
      case (VarC z)
      with AB VarA FunB show ?thesis by (cases x = z) simp-all
```

```
\mathbf{next}
      case (FunC\ Cs\ g)
      from AB VarA show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
        case (Some BC)
        then obtain BCs where BC = Pfun \ f \ BCs
         by (metis\ FunB(1)\ FunC(1)\ join-fun-fun)
        then show ?thesis unfolding AB unfolding VarA Some by simp
      qed simp
    next
      case (RuleC \ \alpha \ Cs)
      from AB VarA show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
        case (Some BC)
        then obtain BCs where BC = Prule \alpha BCs
       by (metis\ FunB(1)\ Residual\text{-}Join\text{-}Deletion.join\text{-}sym\ Rule\ }C(1)\ join\text{-}rule\text{-}fun
subterm.prems(3)
        then have Var \ x \sqcup BC = None
         using RuleC(2) join-var-rule by presburger
        then show ?thesis unfolding AB unfolding VarA Some by simp
      qed simp
    qed
   next
    case (RuleB \alpha Bs)
    then have AB:A \sqcup B = None
      using VarA join-var-rule by presburger
   with subterm(4) VarA show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
      case (VarC z)
      with RuleB have B \sqcup C = None
        using join-var-rule join-sym by metis
      with AB show ?thesis by simp
    next
      case (FunC \ Cs \ f)
      from AB VarA show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
        case (Some BC)
        then obtain BCs where BC = Prule \ \alpha \ BCs
         by (metis\ FunC(1)\ RuleB(1)\ join-rule-fun\ subterm.prems(2))
        then have Var \ x \sqcup BC = None
         using RuleB(2) join-var-rule by presburger
        then show ?thesis unfolding AB unfolding VarA Some by simp
      \mathbf{qed} \ simp
    next
      case (RuleC \beta Cs)
      from AB VarA show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
        case (Some BC)
        then obtain BCs where BC = Prule \alpha BCs
       using RuleB(1) RuleC(1) join-rule-rule subterm.prems(2) subterm.prems(3)
by blast
        then have Var \ x \sqcup BC = None
         using RuleB(2) join-var-rule by presburger
```

```
then show ?thesis unfolding AB unfolding VarA Some by simp
      \mathbf{qed} \ simp
    qed
   qed
 next
   case (FunA \ As \ f)
   from subterm(3) show ?thesis proof(cases B rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarB \ FunB \ RuleB])
    case (VarB x)
    then show ?thesis
     by (metis\ FunA(1)\ join.simps(1)\ join.simps(8)\ join.simps(9)\ join-opt.elims
join-opt.simps(2) join-var-rule option.sel subterm.prems(3) wf-pterm.simps)
   next
    case (FunB \ Bs \ g)
    then show ?thesis proof(cases A \sqcup B)
      case None
    with subterm(4) FunB show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
        case (FunC \ Cs \ h)
        from None show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
         case (Some \ BC)
         then have gh:g = h and l-B-C:length Bs = length Cs
           unfolding FunB FunC by (meson join-fun-fun)+
        from Some obtain BCs where BC:BC = Pfun \ g \ BCs and l-BC-B:length
BCs = length Bs
           and args-BC: (\forall i < length Bs. Bs! i \sqcup Cs! i = Some (BCs! i))
           unfolding FunC FunB using join-fun-fun by force
         {assume fg: f = g and l-A-B: length As = length Bs
           \{ \text{fix } i \text{ assume } i:i < length \ As \} 
             with subterm(1) FunA FunB(2) FunC(2) args-BC l-A-B l-B-C
              have join-opt (As!i) ((Bs!i) \sqcup (Cs!i)) = join-opt (Cs!i) ((As!i) \sqcup
(Bs!i)
              by (metis nth-mem supt.arg)
           } note IH=this
           from fg\ l-A-B\ None have those (map2\ (\sqcup)\ As\ Bs)=None
           unfolding FunB FunA by (smt (verit) join.simps(2) option.case-eq-if
option.distinct(1))
            then obtain i where i:i < length (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs) (map2 (\sqcup) As
Bs)!i = None
             using those-not-none-xs list-all-length by blast
           with l-A-B have A-B-i:(As!i) <math>\sqcup (Bs!i) = None by simp
            with IH i(1) l-B-C have As!i \sqcup BCs!i = None using args-BC by
fastforce
          with i(1) l-BC-B l-B-C l-A-B have those (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs) = None
             using list-all-length those-some2 by fastforce
         then show ?thesis
           using l-B-C l-BC-B FunA FunB FunC BC gh None Some by auto
        qed simp
```

```
next
        case (RuleC \ \alpha \ Cs)
        from None show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
          case (Some\ BC)
         then obtain BCs \tau where \tau:match B (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \tau and
BC:BC = Prule \ \alpha \ BCs
            and l-BCs:length BCs = length Cs and args-BC:\forall i < length Cs. Cs!i
\sqcup \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) = Some \ (BCs \ ! \ i)
           by (metis\ FunB(1)\ join-sym\ RuleC(1)\ join-rule-fun\ subterm.prems(3))
           with None Some FunA show ?thesis proof(cases match A (to-pterm
(lhs \ \alpha)))
            case (Some \sigma)
             with \tau None obtain x where x:x \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \alpha) \sigma x \sqcup \tau x =
None
            using join-pterm-subst-None by (metis lhs-subst-trivial match-lhs-subst
option.sel set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
            then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) var-rule \alpha! i = x
               by (metis\ Rule\ C(2)\ case-prod\ D\ in-set-idx\ left-lin\ left-linear-trs-def
linear-term-var-vars-term-list set-vars-term-list)
            have subt: A > \sigma x \text{ proof} -
              obtain g ts where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun \ g \ ts
                using RuleC(2) no-var-lhs by fastforce
              from Some i show ?thesis
                    unfolding lhs by (metis (no-types, lifting) lhs match-matches
set-vars-term-list subst-image-subterm to-pterm.simps(2) vars-to-pterm x(1))
            ged
            have wf-\tau-x:\tau x \in wf-pterm R
                    using FunB \tau i by (metis match-well-def subterm.prems(2)
vars-to-pterm)
            have IH: join-opt (\sigma x) (\tau x \sqcup (Cs!i)) = join-opt (Cs!i) (\sigma x \sqcup \tau x)
            using subterm(1) RuleC(3,4) i wf-\tau-x by (metis\ Some\ match-well-def
nth-mem subt subterm.prems(1) vars-to-pterm)
            have \tau x \sqcup (Cs ! i) = Some (BCs ! i)
            using args-BC i by (metis Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym Rule C(3))
            with IH x(2) have (\sigma x) \sqcup (BCs ! i) = None by simp
            then have (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-rule} \ \alpha)) \ BCs) \ ! \ i = None
              using l-BCs i by (simp \ add: RuleC(3))
            then have those (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) BCs) = None
           using l-BCs i by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) RuleC(3) length-map
length-zip min.idem not-Some-eq nth-mem those-not-none-x)
            then have A \sqcup BC = None
              using Some i unfolding BC FunA join.simps by simp
            then show ?thesis
              unfolding None \langle B \sqcup C = Some \ BC \rangle by auto
          ged simp
        qed simp
       qed simp
```

```
\mathbf{next}
      case (Some\ AB)
      then have fg:f = g and l-A-B:length As = length Bs
        unfolding FunA FunB by (meson join-fun-fun)+
      from Some obtain ABs where AB:AB = Pfun \ f \ ABs \ and \ l-AB-A:length
ABs = length As
        and args-AB:(\forall i < length Bs. As! i \sqcup Bs! i = Some (ABs! i))
        unfolding FunA FunB using join-fun-fun by force
    from subterm(4) show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
        case (VarC x)
       show ?thesis unfolding Some AB unfolding FunA FunB VarC by simp
        case (FunC \ Cs \ h)
        show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
         case None
         {assume gh:g = h and l-B-C:length <math>Bs = length \ Cs
           {fix i assume i:i < length As
             with subterm(1) FunA FunB(2) FunC(2) args-AB l-A-B l-B-C
              have join-opt (As!i) ((Bs!i) \sqcup (Cs!i)) = join-opt (Cs!i) ((As!i) \sqcup
(Bs!i)
              by (metis nth-mem supt.arg)
           \} note IH=this
           from gh l-B-C None have those (map2 (\sqcup) Bs Cs) = None
           unfolding FunB FunC by (smt (verit) join.simps(2) option.case-eq-if
option.distinct(1))
            then obtain i where i:i < length (map2 (\sqcup) Bs Cs) (map2 (\sqcup) Bs
Cs)!i = None
             using those-not-none-xs list-all-length by blast
           with l-B-C have B-C-i:(Bs!i) <math>\sqcup (Cs!i) = None by simp
            with IH i(1) l-A-B have Cs!i \sqcup ABs!i = None using args-AB by
fast force
          with i(1) l-AB-A l-B-C l-A-B have those (map2 (\sqcup) Cs ABs) = None
             using list-all-length those-some2 by fastforce
         then show ?thesis
           using l-A-B l-AB-A FunA FunB FunC AB fg None Some by auto
         case (Some\ BC)
         then have gh:g = h and l-B-C:length Bs = length Cs
           unfolding FunB FunC by(meson join-fun-fun)+
        from Some obtain BCs where BC:BC = Pfun \ g \ BCs and l-BC-B:length
BCs = length Bs
           and args-BC:(\forall i < length Cs. Bs!i <math>\sqcup Cs!i = Some (BCs!i))
           unfolding FunB FunC using join-fun-fun by force
         {fix i assume i:i < length As
           with subterm(1) FunA FunB(2) FunC(2) args-AB l-A-B l-B-C
           have join-opt (As!i) ((Bs!i) \sqcup (Cs!i)) = (Cs!i) \sqcup (ABs!i)
             by (metis\ join-opt.simps(1)\ nth-mem\ supt.arg)
```

```
with args-BC i l-A-B l-B-C have (As!i) \sqcup (BCs!i) = (Cs!i) \sqcup (ABs!i)
by simp
          } note IH=this
          then have those (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs) = those (map2 (\sqcup) Cs ABs)
                by (smt (verit, del-insts) l-AB-A l-A-B l-BC-B l-B-C length-zip
map-equality-iff min-less-iff-conj nth-zip old.prod.case)
            then show ?thesis unfolding Some BC \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ AB
unfolding gh FunA FunC fq join-opt.simps using l-BC-B l-AB-A l-A-B l-B-C by
simp
        qed
      next
        case (RuleC \ \alpha \ Cs)
        from RuleC(2) have lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
          using left-lin left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
        from RuleC(2) obtain f' ts where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun f' ts
          using no-var-lhs by fastforce
         consider match A (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None | match B (to-pterm (lhs
\alpha)) = None
           | (matches) \ match \ A \ (to\text{-}pterm \ (lhs \ \alpha)) \neq None \ \land \ match \ B \ (to\text{-}pterm \ )
(lhs \ \alpha)) \neq None \ \mathbf{by} \ linarith
        then show ?thesis proof(cases)
          case 1
          then have match:match AB (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None
            using lin by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) Some join-pterm-linear-subst
match-complete' match-matches not-Some-eq)
          then have C \sqcup AB = None
           unfolding RuleC AB join.simps by simp
          moreover have join-opt A(B \sqcup C) = None \text{ proof} -
           consider (\exists BCs. B \sqcup C = Some (Prule \alpha BCs)) \mid B \sqcup C = None
                 unfolding FunB RuleC join.simps by (metis (no-types, lifting)
option.case-eq-if)
           then show ?thesis using 1 FunA(1) by(cases) (force, simp)
          ultimately show ?thesis using Some by simp
        next
          case 2
          then have match:match\ AB\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = None
            using lin by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) Some join-pterm-linear-subst
match-complete' match-matches not-Some-eq)
          then have C \sqcup AB = None
           unfolding RuleC AB join.simps by simp
          moreover from 2 have B \sqcup C = None
           unfolding FunB RuleC join.simps by simp
          ultimately show ?thesis using Some by simp
        next
          case matches
           from matches obtain \sigma where sigma:match A (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) =
Some \sigma by force
         from matches obtain \tau where tau:match B (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some
```

```
\tau by force
           from sigma tau obtain \rho where rho:(\forall x \in vars\text{-}term (to\text{-}pterm (lhs }\alpha)).
\sigma \ x \sqcup \tau \ x = Some \ (\varrho \ x))
               and AB-rho:AB = (to-pterm (lhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \rho and match-rho:match \ AB
(to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = Some\ \rho
             using join-pterm-subst-Some match-matches Some by blast
           {fix i assume i:i < length Cs
             with sigma Rule C(3) have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha))!i \ \triangleleft \ A
           using lhs by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list
match-matches nth-map nth-mem set-vars-term-list subst-image-subterm to-pterm.simps(2)
vars-to-pterm)
              moreover have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha))!i \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
                 using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(2) \ sigma] \ RuleC(3) by (simp)
add: vars-to-pterm)
              moreover have (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha))!i \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
               using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(3) \ tau] \ RuleC(3) by (simp \ add:
vars-to-pterm)
              ultimately have join-opt (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)! i) (map \tau (var-rule
\alpha)! i \sqcup Cs!i) = Cs!i \sqcup map \varrho (var-rule \alpha)!i
             using subterm(1) RuleC(3,4) i by (smt\ (verit,\ best)\ join-opt.simps(1)
lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list nth-map nth-mem rho set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
           \mathbf{P}
           show ?thesis proof(cases those (map2 (\sqcup) (map \tau (var-rule \alpha)) Cs))
             case None
            then obtain i where i:i < length Cs (map \tau (var-rule \alpha))!i \sqcup Cs!i =
None
                    using those-not-none-xs by (smt (verit) length-map length-zip
list-all-length map-nth-eq-conv min-less-iff-conj nth-zip old.prod.case)
             with IH have Cs!i \sqcup map \ \varrho \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha) \ ! \ i = None \ \text{by force}
            with i \ Rule C(3) have i < length \ (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ Cs \ (map \ \varrho \ (var-rule \ \alpha)))
(map2 (\sqcup) Cs (map \varrho (var-rule \alpha))) ! i = None by simp-all
             then have those (map2 (\sqcup) Cs (map \varrho (var-rule \alpha))) = None
               by (metis nth-mem option.exhaust those-not-none-x)
               with None show ?thesis unfolding Some unfolding FunA FunB
RuleC join.simps tau[unfolded FunB] using AB match-rho by auto
           next
             case (Some BCs)
             then have BC:B \sqcup C = Some \ (Prule \ \alpha \ BCs)
               unfolding FunB RuleC join.simps tau[unfolded FunB] by simp
             from Some have l-BCs:length BCs = length Cs
               using RuleC(3) length-those by fastforce
             {fix i assume i < length Cs
               with Some IH have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i \sqcup BCs \ ! \ i = Cs \ ! \ i \sqcup
(map \ \varrho \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i
                 using RuleC(3) those-some2 by fastforce
            then have map2 (\sqcup) (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) BCs = map2 (\sqcup) Cs \ (map \ \sigma)
\rho (var-rule \alpha))
```

```
using l-BCs by (simp add: RuleC(3) map-eq-conv')
                  then show ?thesis unfolding BC \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle unfolding FunA
FunB RuleC join-opt.simps join.simps sigma[unfolded FunA] using AB match-rho
by auto
                    ged
                qed
             \mathbf{qed}
          qed
      next
          case (RuleB \ \alpha \ Bs)
          from RuleB(2) have lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
             using left-lin left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
          from RuleB(2) obtain f' ts where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun f' ts
             using no-var-lhs by fastforce
          show ?thesis proof(cases A \sqcup B)
             case None
         with subterm(4) RuleB show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
 VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
                case (VarC x)
                with subterm(4) RuleB FunA show ?thesis
                    by (metis None join-sym join-opt.simps(2) join-var-rule)
             next
                case (FunC \ Cs \ h)
                from None show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
                    case (Some\ BC)
                        obtain BCs \tau where \tau:match C (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \tau and
BC:BC = Prule \ \alpha \ BCs
                       and l-BCs:length BCs = length Bs and args-BC:\forall i < length Bs. Bs!i
\sqcup \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) = Some \ (BCs \ ! \ i)
                   using join-rule-fun[OF\ Some[unfolded\ RuleB\ FunC]\ subterm(3)[unfolded\ Some[unfolded\ Some[unfolded\ RuleB\ FunC]\ subterm(3)[unfolded\ Some[unfolded\ RuleB\ FunC]\ subterm(3)[unfolded\ Some[unfolded\ RuleB\ FunC]\ subterm(3)[unfolded\ Some[unfolded\ RuleB\ FunC]\ subterm(3)[unfolded\ Some[unfolded\ Some[unfolded\ RuleB\ FunC]\ subterm(3)[unfolded\ Some[unfolded\ Some[unfolde\ Some[unfolde\ Some[unfolde\ Some[unfolde\ Some[unfolde\ Some[unfolde\ Some[unfolde\ Some[unfolde\ Some[u
RuleB] FunC(1) by blast
                      with None Some FunA show ?thesis proof(cases match A (to-pterm
(lhs \ \alpha)))
                       case (Some \sigma)
                       from None obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \ \alpha) \ map2 \ (\Box) \ (map
\sigma (var-rule \alpha)) Bs! i = None
                           unfolding FunA RuleB join.simps Some[unfolded FunA] option.case
                               by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) length-map length-zip list-all-length
min-less-iff-conj option.case-eq-if option.distinct(1) those-not-none-xs)
                       let ?x=var-rule \alpha ! i
                       have subt: A \rhd \sigma ?x using lhs i Some
                   by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list match-matches
nth-mem set-vars-term-list subst-image-subterm to-pterm.simps(2) vars-to-pterm)
                       have wf-\tau-x:\tau ?x \in wf-pterm R
                           using subterm(4) \tau i(1) by (metis\ match-well-def\ vars-to-pterm)
                       have IH: join-opt (\sigma ?x) (Bs! i \sqcup \tau ?x) = join-opt (\tau ?x) (\sigma ?x \sqcup Bs)
! i)
                                 using subterm(1) i wf-\tau-x by (metis\ RuleB(3)\ RuleB(4)\ Some
```

```
match-well-def nth-mem subt subterm.prems(1) vars-to-pterm)
                      have (Bs ! i \sqcup \tau ?x) = Some (BCs ! i)
                         using args-BC i RuleB(3) by auto
                      with IH i have (\sigma ?x) \sqcup (BCs ! i) = None
                         by (simp\ add:\ RuleB(3))
                      then have (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) BCs) ! i = None
                         using l-BCs i by (simp \ add: RuleB(3))
                      then have those (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) BCs) = None
                     using l-BCs i by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) RuleB(3) length-map
length-zip min.idem nth-mem option.exhaust those-not-none-x)
                      then have A \sqcup BC = None
                         using Some i unfolding BC FunA join.simps by simp
                      then show ?thesis
                         unfolding None \langle B \sqcup C = Some \ BC \rangle by auto
                   qed simp
                qed simp
             next
                case (RuleC \beta Cs)
                from None show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
                   case (Some \ BC)
                   then have \alpha\beta:\alpha=\beta and l-B-C:length Bs=length Cs
                using join-rule-rule[OF Some[unfolded RuleB RuleC] subterm(3,4)[unfolded
RuleB \ RuleC] by simp+
              from Some obtain BCs where BC:BC = Prule \ \alpha \ BCs and l-BC-B:length
BCs = length Bs
                      and args-BC: (\forall i < length Cs. Bs!i \sqcup Cs!i = Some (BCs!i))
                using join-rule-rule [OF Some [unfolded RuleB RuleC] subterm(3,4) [unfolded
RuleB \ RuleC]] by force
               from Some FunA RuleB BC show ?thesis proof (cases match A (to-pterm
(lhs \ \alpha)))
                      case (Some \sigma)
                      from None obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) map2 (\sqcup) (map
\sigma (var-rule \alpha)) Bs! i = None
                         unfolding FunA RuleB join.simps Some[unfolded FunA] option.case
                             by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) length-map length-zip list-all-length
min-less-iff-conj\ option.\ case-eq-if\ option.\ distinct(1)\ those-not-none-xs)
                      let ?x=var-rule \alpha ! i
                      have subt: A > \sigma ?x using lhs i Some
                  by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list match-matches
nth-mem set-vars-term-list subst-image-subterm to-pterm.simps(2) vars-to-pterm)
                      have IH: join-opt \ (\sigma ?x) \ (Bs! \ i \sqcup Cs! \ i) = join-opt \ (Cs! \ i) \ (\sigma ?x \sqcup i) = join-opt \ (Cs! \ i) \ (\sigma ?x \sqcup i) = join-opt \ (Cs! \ i) \ (\sigma ?x \sqcup i) = join-opt \ (Cs! \ i) \ (Gs! \ i) = join-opt \ (Cs! \ i) \ (Gs! \ i) = join-opt \ (Cs! \ i) \ (Gs! \ i) = join-opt \ (Cs! \ i) = join-opt \ (Cs! \ i) \ (Gs! \ i) = join-opt \ (Cs! \ i)
Bs \mid i
                           using subterm(1) i RuleC by (metis\ RuleB(3)\ RuleB(4)\ Some\ \alpha\beta)
match-well-def nth-mem subt subterm.prems(1) vars-to-pterm)
                      from IH i have (\sigma ?x) \sqcup (BCs ! i) = None
                         using RuleB(3) args-BC l-B-C by auto
                      then have (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) BCs) ! i = None
                         using RuleB(3) i(1) l-BC-B by force
```

```
then have those (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) BCs) = None
            by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) RuleB(3) i(1) l-BC-B length-map
length-zip min.idem not-Some-eq nth-mem those-not-none-x)
            then have A \sqcup BC = None
              using Some i unfolding BC FunA join.simps by simp
            then show ?thesis
              unfolding None \langle B \sqcup C = Some \ BC \rangle by auto
          qed simp
        \mathbf{qed} simp
       qed
     next
       case (Some AB)
      then obtain \sigma ABs where sigma:match A (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
        and AB:AB = Prule \ \alpha \ ABs and l-ABs:length \ ABs = length \ Bs
       and args-AB: (\forall i < length\ Bs.\ \sigma\ (var-rule\ \alpha\ !\ i) \sqcup Bs\ !\ i = Some\ (ABs\ !\ i))
       unfolding FunA RuleB using join-sym join-rule-fun subterm(2,3)[unfolded
FunA RuleB] RuleB(3) by (smt (verit, del-insts))
       \{ \text{fix } i \text{ assume } i:i < length Bs \}
        with sigma RuleB(3) have (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))!i \triangleleft A
         using lhs by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list
match-matches nth-map nth-mem set-vars-term-list subst-image-subterm to-pterm.simps(2)
vars-to-pterm)
       note A-sub=this
     from subterm(4) show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
        case (VarC x)
        have match (Var x) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None
            unfolding lhs to-pterm.simps using match-matches not-None-eq by
fast force
        then show ?thesis
          unfolding Some unfolding RuleB VarC AB by simp
        case (FunC \ Cs \ g)
        show ?thesis proof(cases match C (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)))
          case None
          then have B \sqcup C = None
            unfolding RuleB FunC by simp
          moreover from None have AB \sqcup C = None
            unfolding AB FunC by simp
          ultimately show ?thesis
            unfolding Some by (simp add: join-sym)
        next
          case (Some \tau)
          {fix i assume i:i < length Bs
            have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha))!i \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
                using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(2) \ sigma] \ RuleB(3) by (simp)
add: vars-to-pterm)
            moreover have (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha))!i \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
                using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(4) \ Some] \ RuleB(3) by (simp)
```

```
add: vars-to-pterm)
                ultimately have join-opt (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)! i) (Bs!i \sqcup map \tau
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha) \ ! \ i) = ABs \ ! \ i \sqcup map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha) \ ! \ i
               using subterm(1) RuleB(3,4) i args-AB A-sub join-sym by fastforce
           }note IH=this
           show ?thesis proof(cases those (map2 (\sqcup) Bs (map \tau (var-rule \alpha))))
             case None
             then obtain i where i:i < length Bs Bs!i \sqcup (map \tau (var-rule \alpha))!i =
None
                     using those-not-none-xs by (smt (verit) length-map length-zip
list-all-length map-nth-eq-conv min-less-iff-conj nth-zip old.prod.case)
             with IH have map \tau (var-rule \alpha)! i \sqcup ABs! i = None
               using join-sym by (metis join-opt.simps(2))
              with i \ Rule B(3) l-ABs have i < length \ (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ (map \ \tau \ (var-rule
\alpha)) \ \mathit{ABs}) \ (\mathit{map2} \ (\sqcup) \ (\mathit{map} \ \tau \ (\mathit{var-rule} \ \alpha)) \ \mathit{ABs}) \ ! \ i = \mathit{None} \ \mathbf{by} \ \mathit{simp-all}
             then have those (map2 (\sqcup) (map \tau (var-rule \alpha)) ABs) = None
               by (metis nth-mem option.exhaust those-not-none-x)
             with None show ?thesis
                    unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ AB \ unfolding \ RuleB \ FunC
join-opt.simps join.simps Some[unfolded FunC] option.case None by simp
             case (Some \ BCs)
             then have BC:B \sqcup C = Some (Prule \ \alpha \ BCs)
                 unfolding RuleB FunC join.simps \langle match \ C \ (to\text{-pterm} \ (lhs \ \alpha)) =
Some \tau \[ [unfolded FunC] by simp
             from Some have l-BCs:length BCs = length Bs
               using RuleB(3) length-those by fastforce
             {fix i assume i < length Bs
                 with Some IH have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha)) \ ! \ i \sqcup BCs!i = (map \ \tau)
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i \ \sqcup \ ABs \ ! \ i
                 using RuleB(3) those-some2 join-sym by fastforce
              then have map2 (\sqcup) (map \ \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) BCs = map2 (\sqcup) (map \ \tau
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ABs
               using l-BCs l-ABs by (simp\ add:\ RuleB(3)\ map-eq-conv')
            then show ?thesis unfolding BC \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ AB unfolding
FunA RuleB FunC AB join-opt.simps join.simps sigma[unfolded FunA]
                 \langle match \ C \ (to\text{-}pterm \ (lhs \ \alpha)) = Some \ \tau \rangle [unfolded \ FunC] \ option.case
by simp
           qed
         qed
       \mathbf{next}
         case (RuleC \beta Cs)
         show ?thesis proof(cases \alpha = \beta)
           case True
           with RuleB(3) RuleC(3) have l-Bs-Cs:length Bs = length Cs by simp
           {fix i assume i:i < length Bs
             have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha))!i \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
                 using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(2) \ sigma] \ RuleB(3) by (simp)
```

```
add: vars-to-pterm)
            then have join-opt (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)! i) (Bs!i \sqcup Cs! i) = Cs! i
\sqcup ABs ! i
              using subterm(1) RuleB(3,4) RuleC(3,4) i args-AB A-sub True by
simp
          }note IH=this
          show ?thesis proof(cases\ those\ (map2\ (\sqcup)\ Bs\ Cs))
            case None
            then obtain i where i:i < length Bs Bs!i \sqcup Cs!i = None
                   using those-not-none-xs by (smt (verit) length-map length-zip
list-all-length\ map-nth-eq-conv\ min-less-iff-conj\ nth-zip\ old.prod.case)
            with IH have Cs ! i \sqcup ABs ! i = None by force
             with i \ RuleB(3) \ l-ABs l-Bs-Cs have i < length \ (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ Cs \ ABs)
(map2 (\sqcup) Cs ABs) ! i = None by simp-all
            then have those (map2 (\sqcup) Cs ABs) = None
              by (metis nth-mem option.exhaust those-not-none-x)
          with None show ?thesis unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ AB unfolding
RuleB\ RuleC\ \mathbf{by}\ simp
          next
            case (Some BCs)
            then have BC:B \sqcup C = Some \ (Prule \ \alpha \ BCs)
              unfolding RuleB RuleC True by simp
            from Some have l-BCs:length BCs = length Bs
              using l-Bs-Cs length-those by fastforce
            {fix i assume i < length Bs
               with Some IH have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i \sqcup BCs!i = Cs \ ! \ i \sqcup
ABs ! i
               using those-some2 l-Bs-Cs by fastforce
           then have map2 (\sqcup) (map\ \sigma\ (var\text{-}rule\ \alpha)) BCs\ =\ map2\ (\sqcup)\ Cs\ ABs
                  using l-Bs-Cs RuleB(3) l-ABs l-BCs by (simp\ add:\ RuleC(3)
map-eq-conv'
            then show ?thesis
               unfolding BC \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ AB unfolding FunA \ RuleB
RuleC join-opt.simps join.simps sigma[unfolded FunA] unfolding True by simp
          qed
        next
          case False
          then show ?thesis
          unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle unfolding RuleB \ RuleC \ AB \ join.simps
\mathbf{by} \ simp
        qed
       qed
     qed
   qed
  next
   case (RuleA \alpha As)
   from RuleA(2) have lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
     using left-lin left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
```

```
from RuleA(2) obtain f' ts where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun f' ts
     using no-var-lhs by fastforce
  \mathbf{from} \ subterm(3,2) \ \mathbf{show} \ ?thesis \ \mathbf{proof}(cases \ B \ rule:wf\text{-}pterm.cases[case-names]) 
VarB FunB RuleB])
     case (VarB x)
     have match (Var x) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None
       unfolding lhs using match-matches not-Some-eq by fastforce
     then show ?thesis unfolding RuleA VarB
      by (metis\ join-sym\ RuleA(2)\ join.simps(1)\ join.simps(9)\ join-opt.simps(1)
join-opt.simps(2)
        left-lin-no-var-lhs.join-var-rule left-lin-no-var-lhs-axioms subterm.prems(3)
wf-pterm.simps)
   next
     case (FunB Bs f)
     show ?thesis proof(cases A \sqcup B)
       case None
     with subterm(4) FunB show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
        case (VarC x)
        with subterm(4) FunB RuleA None show ?thesis
          by auto
      \mathbf{next}
        case (FunC \ Cs \ h)
        from None show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
          case (Some\ BC)
          have fh: f = h and l-B-C: length Bs = length Cs
            using join-fun-fun[OF Some[unfolded FunB FunC]] by simp+
           obtain BCs where BC:BC = Pfun \ f \ BCs and l-BC-B:length \ BCs =
length Bs
           and args-BC: (\forall i < length Bs. Bs! i \sqcup Cs! i = Some (BCs! i))
            using join-fun-fun[OF Some[unfolded FunB FunC]] by blast
          show ?thesis proof(cases match B (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)))
           case None
           then have \neg matches BC (to-pterm (lhs \alpha))
               using join-pterm-linear-subst \langle B \sqcup C = Some \ BC \rangle \ lin \ by \ (metis
match-complete' matches-iff option.simps(3))
           then have A \sqcup BC = None unfolding RuleA BC
            by (smt (verit) join.simps(5) match-matches matches-iff not-Some-eq
option.simps(4))
            then show ?thesis
             unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = None \rangle \langle B \sqcup C = Some BC \rangle by simp
          next
            case (Some \sigma)
            with None have those (map2 (\sqcup) As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) = None
             unfolding RuleA FunB using not-None-eq by fastforce
            then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) map2 (\sqcup) As (map \sigma
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i = None
               by (smt (verit, best) RuleA(3) length-map length-zip list-all-length
min.idem those-not-none-xs)
```

```
let ?x=var-rule \alpha ! i
             from i have none-at-i:As! i \sqcup \sigma ?x = None
               using RuleA(3) by simp
             show ?thesis proof(cases match C (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)))
               case None
               then have \neg matches BC (to-pterm (lhs \alpha))
                 using join-pterm-linear-subst \langle B \sqcup C = Some \ BC \rangle \ lin by (metis
match-complete' matches-iff option.simps(3))
               then have A \sqcup BC = None unfolding RuleA BC
              by (smt (verit) join.simps(5) match-matches matches-iff not-Some-eq
option.simps(4))
              then show ?thesis
                unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = None \rangle \langle B \sqcup C = Some BC \rangle by simp
            next
               case (Some \tau)
               then obtain \rho where rho: (\forall x \in vars\text{-}term (to\text{-}pterm (lhs }\alpha)). \sigma x \sqcup
\tau x = Some (\rho x)
                and BC-rho:BC = (to-pterm (lhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \varrho and match-rho:match \ BC
(to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = Some\ \varrho
                  using join-pterm-subst-Some match-matches (match B (to-pterm
(lhs \ \alpha)) = Some \ \sigma \land \langle B \sqcup C = Some \ BC \rangle \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
              have \sigma ?x \in wf-pterm R
                using i(1) \land match \ B \ (to\text{-}pterm \ (lhs \ \alpha)) = Some \ \sigma \land \ subterm(3) \ by
(metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
              moreover have \tau ?x \in wf-pterm R
              using i(1) Some subterm(4) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
                ultimately have IH:join-opt (As! i) (\sigma ?x \sqcup \tau ?x) = join-opt (\tau ?x) = join-opt
?x) (As ! i \sqcup \sigma ?x)
                   using subterm(1) i(1) RuleA(3) by (metis\ RuleA(1)\ RuleA(4)
nth-mem\ supt.arg)
              then have (As ! i) \sqcup (\varrho ?x) = None
            using none-at-i rho by (metis i(1) join-opt.simps(1) join-opt.simps(2)
lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list nth-mem set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
              then have (map2 (\sqcup) As (map \varrho (var-rule \alpha))) ! i = None
                 using RuleA(3) i(1) by auto
               then have those (map2 (\sqcup) As (map \varrho (var-rule \alpha))) = None
                     by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) RuleA(3) i(1) length-map
length-zip min.idem not-Some-eq nth-mem those-not-none-x)
               then have A \sqcup BC = None
                 using BC RuleA(1) match-rho by force
               then show ?thesis
                 unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = None \rangle \langle B \sqcup C = Some BC \rangle by simp
            qed
           qed
         qed simp
         case (RuleC \ \beta \ Cs)
         from None show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
```

```
case (Some\ BC)
             obtain BCs \tau where \tau:match B (to-pterm (lhs \beta)) = Some \tau and
BC:BC = Prule \ \beta \ BCs
              and l-BCs:length BCs = length Cs and args-BC:\forall i < length Cs. \tau
(var\text{-}rule \ \beta \ ! \ i) \sqcup Cs!i = Some \ (BCs \ ! \ i)
             using join-rule-fun Some[unfolded RuleC FunB] subterm(4)[unfolded
RuleC | FunB(1) | by (metis Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym)
           show ?thesis proof(cases match B (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)))
            case None
           with \langle A \sqcup B = None \rangle Some BC RuleA(1) \tau show ?thesis by fastforce
           next
            case (Some \sigma)
              from None obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) map2 (\sqcup) As
(map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i = None
              unfolding FunB RuleA join.simps Some[unfolded FunB] option.case
                by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) length-map length-zip list-all-length
min-less-iff-conj\ option. case-eq-if\ option. distinct(1)\ those-not-none-xs)
            let ?x=var\text{-}rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i
            have wf-\sigma-x:\sigma ?x \in wf-pterm R
             using subterm(3) Some i(1) by (metis match-well-def vars-to-pterm)
           from BC None \langle B \sqcup C = Some \ BC \rangle RuleA show ?thesis proof(cases
\alpha = \beta
              case True
              then have \sigma = \tau
                using Some \ \tau \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
              have IH: join-opt (As! i) (\tau ?x \sqcup Cs! i) = join-opt (Cs! i) (As! i)
\sqcup \tau ?x
                using subterm(1) i wf-\sigma-x args-BC by (metis\ RuleA(1)\ RuleA(3)
RuleA(4) RuleC(3) RuleC(4) True \langle \sigma = \tau \rangle nth-mem supt.arg)
              have \tau ?x \sqcup Cs ! i = Some (BCs ! i)
                using args-BC i Rule C(3) True by force
              with IH i have (As ! i) \sqcup (BCs ! i) = None
                by (simp add: RuleA(3) \langle \sigma = \tau \rangle)
              then have (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs) ! i = None
                using l-BCs i by (simp\ add:\ RuleA(3)\ RuleC(3)\ True)
              then have those (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs) = None
               using l-BCs i those-not-none-x by (metis RuleA(3) RuleC(3) True
length-map length-zip min.idem nth-mem option.exhaust)
              then have A \sqcup BC = None
                by (simp \ add: BC \ RuleA(1))
              then show ?thesis
                unfolding None \langle B \sqcup C = Some \ BC \rangle by auto
            qed simp
           qed
         qed simp
       ged
     next
       case (Some \ AB)
```

```
obtain \sigma ABs where sigma:match B (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
        and AB:AB = Prule \ \alpha \ ABs and l-ABs:length \ ABs = length \ As
        and args-AB:(\forall i < length As. As!i <math>\sqcup \sigma \ (var-rule \alpha ! i) = Some \ (ABs ! i))
            using join-sym join-rule-fun[OF Some[unfolded FunB RuleA]] using
FunB(1) RuleA(1) subterm.prems(1) by blast
     from subterm(4) FunB(1) show ?thesis proof(cases\ C\ rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names]
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
        case (VarC x)
        have match (Var x) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None
          unfolding lhs using match-matches not-Some-eq by fastforce
         then show ?thesis unfolding Some unfolding RuleA FunB AB VarC
by simp
       next
        case (FunC \ Cs \ g)
        show ?thesis proof(cases f = g \land length Bs = length Cs)
          case True
          show ?thesis proof(cases match C (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)))
            case None
            then have *:C \sqcup AB = None
              unfolding AB FunC by simp
            with Some show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
              case (Some \ BC)
              with None have match BC (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None
                 by (metis (no-types, lifting) domD domIff join-pterm-linear-subst
lin match-complete' match-lhs-subst option.simps(3))
              moreover obtain BCs where BC = Pfun f BCs
               by (metis\ FunB(1)\ FunC(1)\ Some\ join-fun-fun)
              ultimately show ?thesis
                 using * unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ AB \ unfolding \ RuleA
Some unfolding FunC by (simp add: join-sym)
            qed simp
          next
            case (Some \tau)
            {fix i assume i:i < length As
              have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
                using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(3) \ sigma] \ RuleA(3) by (simp)
add: vars-to-pterm)
              moreover have (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
                using i match-well-def[OF subterm(4) Some] RuleA(3) by (simp
add: vars-to-pterm)
              ultimately have join-opt (As! i) ((map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)! i) \sqcup (map
\tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha) \ ! \ i)) = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha) \ ! \ i) \sqcup ABs \ ! \ i
              using subterm(1) RuleA(1,3,4) i args-AB True by (metis\ (no-types,
lifting) join-opt.simps(1) nth-map nth-mem supt.arg)
            }note IH=this
            show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
              case None
             with sigma Some obtain x where x \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \alpha) and \sigma x \sqcup
\tau x = None
```

```
using join-pterm-subst-None by (metis lhs-subst-trivial match-lhs-subst
option.sel set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
                                then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)
! i) \sqcup (map \tau (var\text{-}rule \alpha) ! i) = None
                         by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) in-set-idx lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list
nth-map set-vars-term-list)
                                with IH have map2 (\sqcup) (map \tau (var-rule \alpha)) ABs! i = None
                                    using RuleA(3) l-ABs by fastforce
                             with i(1) have those (map2 (\sqcup) (map \tau (var-rule \alpha)) ABs) = None
                               using those-not-none-x by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) RuleA(3)
l-ABs length-map length-zip min.idem nth-mem option.exhaust)
                               with Some show ?thesis unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ AB \ None
unfolding FunC by simp
                           next
                                case (Some\ BC)
                             from sigma Some obtain \rho where rho: (\forall x \in vars\text{-}term \ (to\text{-}pterm \ (lhs
\alpha)). \sigma x \sqcup \tau x = Some(\rho x))
                                  and BC-rho:BC = (to-pterm (lhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \varrho and match-rho:match \ BC
(to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = Some\ \varrho
                                        using join-pterm-subst-Some match-matches \langle match \ C \ (to\text{-pterm}) \rangle
(lhs \ \alpha)) = Some \ \tau \mapsto \mathbf{by} \ blast
                                {fix i assume i:i < length As
                                    with rho have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i \ \sqcup \ (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i
= Some ((map \ \rho \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha)) \ ! \ i)
                             by (metis (no-types, lifting) RuleA(3) lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list
nth-map nth-mem set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
                                with i IH have As! i \sqcup (map \ \rho \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) ! i = (map 
\alpha)) ! i \sqcup ABs ! i
                                        \mathbf{by}\ force
                                 then have map2 (\sqcup) As (map \ \varrho \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha)) = map2 \ (<math>\sqcup) (map \ \tau)
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ABs
                                   by (simp add: RuleA(3) l-ABs map-equality-iff)
                                with match-rho \langle match \ C \ (to\text{-pterm} \ (lhs \ \alpha)) = Some \ \tau \rangle
                                show ?thesis unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ AB \ Some
                                    unfolding RuleA BC-rho join-opt.simps to-pterm.simps FunC by
(simp add: lhs)
                            qed
                        qed
                    next
                        {f case} False
                       then consider (fg) f \neq g \mid (length) \ length \ Bs \neq length \ Cs by fastforce
                        then show ?thesis proof(cases)
                           case fg
                           from sigma have f' = f
                            unfolding FunB lhs to-pterm.simps using match-matches by fastforce
                            with fg have match C (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None
                                unfolding lhs FunC using domIff match-matches by fastforce
```

```
with fg show ?thesis unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle unfolding
RuleA FunB FunC AB by simp
          next
            case length
            from sigma have length ts = length Bs
              using FunB(1) lhs match-matches by fastforce
            then have match C (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None
              unfolding FunC lhs using length
           by (smt (verit, del-insts) eval-term.simps(2) length-map match-matches
option.exhaust\ term.inject(2)\ to-pterm.simps(2))
           with length show ?thesis unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle unfolding
RuleA FunB FunC AB by simp
          qed
        qed
       next
        case (RuleC \beta Cs)
        show ?thesis proof(cases \alpha = \beta)
          case True
          {fix i assume i:i < length As
            have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha))!i \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
                using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(3) \ sigma] \ RuleA(3) by (simp)
add: vars-to-pterm)
           then have join-opt (As!i) ((map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)! i) \sqcup Cs! i) = Cs! i
\sqcup ABs ! i
                using subterm(1) RuleA(1,3,4) RuleC i args-AB True by (metis
(no-types, lifting) join-opt.simps(1) nth-map nth-mem supt.arg)
          \mathbf{Pote}\ \mathit{IH} = this
          show ?thesis proof(cases those (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) Cs))
            case None
            with sigma have BC:B \sqcup C = None
              unfolding FunB RuleC True by simp
            from None obtain i where i:i < length (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule
\alpha)) Cs) and (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) Cs) ! i = None
              using list-all-length those-not-none-xs by blast
            with IH have (map2 (\sqcup) Cs ABs)!i = None
              using RuleA(3) l-ABs RuleC(3) by fastforce
            with i(1) have those (map2 (\sqcup) Cs ABs) = None
              using l-ABs RuleA(3) RuleC(3) those-not-none-x unfolding True
              by (metis length-map length-zip not-Some-eq nth-mem)
             then show ?thesis unfolding BC \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle unfolding
AB RuleC True by simp
          next
            case (Some BCs)
            with sigma have BC:B \sqcup C = Some (Prule \ \alpha \ BCs)
              unfolding FunB RuleC True by simp
            \{ \text{fix } i \text{ assume } i:i < length \ As \} 
             with Some have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i \sqcup Cs \ ! \ i = Some \ (BCs \ ! \ i)
                using RuleA(3) RuleC(3) True those-some2 by fastforce
              with i IH have As ! i \sqcup BCs ! i = Cs ! i \sqcup ABs ! i
```

```
by force
           }
           moreover have length Cs = length BCs
             using Rule C(3) Some True length-those by fastforce
           ultimately have map2 (\sqcup) As\ BCs = map2 (\sqcup) Cs\ ABs
             using RuleA(3) l-ABs map-equality-iff
                by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}threshold)\ RuleC(3)\ Some\ True\ length{-map}
length-those length-zip nth-zip old.prod.case)
          then show ?thesis unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ BC \ AB \ unfolding
RuleA RuleC True by simp
         qed
        \mathbf{next}
          case False
         show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
           case None
            show ?thesis unfolding None \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle unfolding AB
RuleC using False by simp
         next
           case (Some\ BC)
           then obtain BCs where BC = Prule \beta BCs
              unfolding RuleC FunB by (metis Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym
RuleC(1) join-rule-fun subterm.prems(3))
            with False show ?thesis unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ Some \ AB
unfolding RuleC RuleA by simp
          qed
        qed
      qed
    ged
   next
     case (RuleB \beta Bs)
     show ?thesis proof(cases A \sqcup B)
      {f case}\ None
      then show ?thesis proof(cases \alpha = \beta)
        case True
        then have l-As-Bs:length\ As = length\ Bs
         by (simp\ add:\ RuleA(3)\ RuleB(3))
        with None obtain i where i:i < length As As ! i \sqcup Bs ! i = None
            unfolding True RuleA RuleB unfolding join.simps by (smt (verit)
RuleB(3) length-map length-zip list-all-length
           map-nth-eq-conv min-less-iff-conj nth-zip old.prod.case option.case-eq-if
option.distinct(1) those-not-none-xs)
     from subterm(4) show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names]
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
          case (VarC x)
         show ?thesis unfolding RuleA RuleB VarC
            by (metis None Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym RuleA(1) RuleB(1)
RuleB(2) join-opt.simps(2) left-lin-no-var-lhs.join-var-rule left-lin-no-var-lhs-axioms)
        next
          case (FunC \ Cs \ f)
```

```
from None show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
           case (Some\ BC)
             obtain BCs \tau where \tau:match C (to-pterm (lhs \beta)) = Some \tau and
BC:BC = Prule \ \beta \ BCs
            and l-BCs:length BCs = length Bs and args-BC:\forall i < length Bs. Bs!
i \sqcup \tau \ (var\text{-rule } \beta ! i) = Some \ (BCs ! i)
             using join-rule-fun Some[unfolded RuleB FunC] subterm(3)[unfolded
RuleB \mid FunC(1) \mid by \mid metis
           let ?x=var-rule \beta ! i
            have IH: join-opt (As! i) (Bs! i \sqcup \tau ?x) = join-opt (\tau ?x) (As! i \sqcup \tau ?x)
Bs ! i)
          by (metis\ RuleA(1)\ RuleA(3)\ RuleA(4)\ RuleB(3)\ RuleB(4)\ True\ \tau\ i(1)
match-well-def nth-mem subterm.hyps subterm.prems(3) supt.arg vars-to-pterm)
            with i have join-opt (As!i) (Bs!i \sqcup \tau?x) = None
             \mathbf{by} \ simp
            then have As ! i \sqcup BCs ! i = None
             using args-BC i(1) l-As-Bs by auto
            then have (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs) ! i = None
             using i(1) l-As-Bs l-BCs by force
            then have those (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs) = None
          by (metis i(1) l-As-Bs l-BCs length-map length-zip min.idem not-None-eq
nth-mem those-not-none-x)
           then show ?thesis
             using None RuleA(1) True BC Some by auto
          \mathbf{qed} simp
        next
          case (RuleC \ \gamma \ Cs)
          from None show ?thesis proof(cases B \sqcup C)
            case (Some\ BC)
           then have \beta = \gamma
             unfolding RuleB RuleC by (metis\ join.simps(3)\ option.distinct(1))
         from Some obtain BCs where BC:BC = Prule \ \beta \ BCs and l\text{-}BCs:length
BCs = length Bs  and
             args-BC:\forall i < length Bs. Bs! i <math>\sqcup Cs! i = Some (BCs! i)
                 using RuleB(1) RuleC(1) join-rule-rule subterm.prems(2) sub-
term.prems(3) by blast
            have IH: join-opt (As ! i) (Bs ! i \sqcup Cs ! i) = join-opt (Cs ! i) (As ! i)
\sqcup Bs ! i
             using subterm(1) by (metis RuleA(1) RuleA(3) RuleA(4) RuleB(4)
RuleC(3) \ RuleC(4) \ True \ \langle \beta = \gamma \rangle \ i(1) \ l-As-Bs \ nth-mem \ supt.arg)
           then have As ! i \sqcup BCs ! i = None
             using args-BC i(1) l-As-Bs i(2) by fastforce
            then have (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs) ! i = None
             using i(1) l-As-Bs l-BCs by force
            then have those (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs) = None
          by (metis\ i(1)\ l-As-Bs l-BCs l-ngth-map l-ngth-zip min.idem\ not-None-eq
nth-mem those-not-none-x)
            then show ?thesis
             using None RuleA(1) True BC Some by auto
```

```
qed simp
        qed
      next
        {f case}\ {\it False}
        then show ?thesis proof(cases C)
          case (Var x)
         show ?thesis unfolding RuleA RuleB Var
            by (metis None Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym RuleA(1) RuleB(1)
RuleB(2) join-opt.simps(2) join-var-rule)
        next
          case (Pfun \ f \ Cs)
         show ?thesis unfolding RuleA RuleB Pfun
          by (metis (no-types, lifting) False RuleB(1) join.simps(3) join-opt.elims
join-opt.simps(2) join-rule-fun subterm.prems(2))
        next
          case (Prule \gamma Cs)
         show ?thesis unfolding RuleA RuleB Prule
                by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) False Prule RuleA(1) RuleB(1)
join-opt.elims join-rule-rule join-wf-pterm subterm.prems(1) subterm.prems(2) sub-
term.prems(3)
        qed
      qed
     next
      case (Some\ AB)
      then have alpha-beta:\beta = \alpha
        unfolding RuleA RuleB by (metis join.simps(3) option.distinct(1))
      with Some obtain ABs where AB:AB = Prule \ \alpha \ ABs \ and \ l-AB-A:length
ABs = length As
        and args-AB: (\forall i < length Bs. As! i \sqcup Bs! i = Some (ABs! i))
     by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) RuleA(1) RuleB(1) join-rule-rule subterm.prems(1)
subterm.prems(2))
    from subterm(4) show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
        case (VarC x)
        have match (Var x) (to-pterm (Fun f' ts)) = None
       by (metis case-optionE match-matches option.disc-eq-case(2) subst-apply-eq-Var
term.distinct(1) \ to-pterm.simps(2))
      then show ?thesis unfolding Some AB unfolding RuleB VarC join.simps
alpha-beta by (simp add: lhs)
      next
        case (FunC \ Cs \ f)
        show ?thesis proof(cases match C (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)))
           then show ?thesis unfolding Some AB unfolding RuleB alpha-beta
FunC by simp
        next
          case (Some \sigma)
          {fix i assume i:i < length As
           have (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha))!i \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
```

```
using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(4) \ Some] \ RuleA(3) by (simp)
add: vars-to-pterm)
              with i have join-opt (As! i) (Bs! i \sqcup (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha) \ ! \ i)) =
map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha) \ ! \ i \sqcup ABs \ ! \ i
                    using subterm(1) RuleA RuleB by (metis alpha-beta args-AB
join-opt.simps(1) nth-mem supt.arg)
           }note IH=this
           show ?thesis proof(cases those (map2 (\sqcup) Bs (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))))
            case None
           from None obtain i where i:i < length \ (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ Bs \ (map \ \sigma \ (var-rule
\alpha))) and (map2 (\sqcup) Bs (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)))! i = None
              using list-all-length those-not-none-xs by blast
            with IH have (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) ABs)!i = None
              using RuleA(3) l-AB-A by fastforce
            with i(1) have those (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) ABs) = None
           using l-AB-A RuleA(3) those-not-none-x by (metis RuleB(3) alpha-beta
length-map length-zip nth-mem option.exhaust)
             with \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle Some None show ?thesis unfolding AB
RuleB FunC alpha-beta by fastforce
           next
            case (Some BCs)
            then have BC:B \sqcup C = Some \ (Prule \ \alpha \ BCs)
                unfolding RuleB FunC alpha-beta using \forall match \ C \ (to\text{-}pterm \ (lhs
(\alpha)) = Some \sigma by (simp add: FunC(1))
            then have l-BCs:length BCs = length As
              using RuleA(3) RuleB(3) Some alpha-beta length-those by force
             {fix i assume i < length As
              then have As!i \sqcup BCs!i = (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ ! \ i \sqcup ABs \ ! \ i
                using IH Some l-BCs length-those those-some2 by fastforce
            then have map2 (\sqcup) As\ BCs = map2 (\sqcup) (map\ \sigma\ (var-rule\ \alpha))\ ABs
              by (simp add: RuleA(3) l-AB-A l-BCs map-equality-iff)
            then show ?thesis using \langle match \ C \ (to\text{-}pterm \ (lhs \ \alpha)) = Some \ \sigma \rangle
                unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ AB \ BC \ unfolding \ RuleA \ FunC
join-opt.simps join.simps by simp
           qed
         qed
       next
         case (RuleC \ \gamma \ Cs)
         show ?thesis proof(cases \alpha = \gamma)
           case True
           \{ \text{fix } i \text{ assume } i:i < length As \} 
            then have join-opt (As ! i) (Bs ! i \sqcup Cs ! i) = Cs ! i \sqcup ABs ! i
               using subterm(1) RuleA RuleB RuleC True alpha-beta args-AB by
(metis\ join-opt.simps(1)\ nth-mem\ supt.arg)
           }note IH=this
           show ?thesis proof(cases\ those\ (map2\ (\sqcup)\ Bs\ Cs))
            case None
             then obtain i where i:i < length (map2 (\sqcup) Bs Cs) (map2 (\sqcup) Bs
```

```
Cs)!i = None
             using list-all-length those-not-none-xs by blast
           with IH have map2 (\sqcup) Cs ABs! i = None
             using RuleA(3) RuleC(3) True l-AB-A by fastforce
           with i(1) have those (map2 (\sqcup) Cs ABs) = None
                by (metis\ RuleA(3)\ RuleB(3)\ RuleC(3)\ True\ alpha-beta\ l-AB-A
length-map length-zip not-Some-eq nth-mem those-not-none-x)
          with None show ?thesis unfolding Some AB unfolding RuleC RuleB
True alpha-beta by simp
         next
           case (Some BCs)
           then have BC:B \sqcup C = Some \ (Prule \ \alpha \ BCs)
             by (simp\ add:\ RuleB(1)\ RuleC(1)\ True\ alpha-beta)
           {fix i assume i < length As
             with IH have As!i \sqcup BCs!i = Cs!i \sqcup ABs!i
           using RuleA(3) RuleB(3) RuleC(3) Some True alpha-beta those-some2
by fastforce
           moreover have length BCs = length As
           using RuleA(3) RuleB(3) RuleC(3) Some True alpha-beta length-those
by force
             ultimately have those (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ As \ BCs) = those \ (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ Cs
ABs)
                 by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}SIG)\ RuleA(3)\ RuleB(3)\ RuleC(3)\ Some
True alpha-beta l-AB-A length-map length-those length-zip map-equality-iff nth-zip
old.prod.case)
          then show ?thesis unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ AB \ BC unfolding
RuleA RuleC True alpha-beta by simp
          qed
        next
          case False
           then show ?thesis unfolding \langle A \sqcup B = Some \ AB \rangle \ AB unfolding
RuleA RuleB RuleC
           by (simp add: alpha-beta)
        qed
      qed
    qed
   qed
 qed
qed
Preparation for well-definedness result for \square.
lemma join-triple-defined:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R B \in wf-pterm R C \in wf-pterm R
   and A \sqcup B \neq None \ B \sqcup C \neq None \ A \sqcup C \neq None
 shows join-opt A (B \sqcup C) \neq None
 using assms proof(induct A arbitrary:B C rule:subterm-induct)
 case (subterm\ A)
 from subterm(5) obtain AB where joinAB:A \sqcup B = Some\ AB by blast
```

```
from subterm(6) obtain BC where joinBC:B \sqcup C = Some\ BC by blast
 from subterm(7) obtain AC where joinAC:A \sqcup C = Some AC by blast
  from subterm(2) show ?case proof(cases A rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names]
VarA FunA RuleA])
   case (VarA x)
  from subterm(3,5) show ?thesis proof(cases B rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names])
VarB FunB RuleB])
    case (VarB\ y)
   from subterm(5) have x:x = y unfolding VarA\ VarB by (meson\ join.simps(1))
   from subterm(4,6) show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names])
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
      case (VarC z)
      from subterm(6) show ?thesis unfolding VarA VarB x VarC
        by (metis\ join.simps(1)\ join-opt.simps(1))
      case (RuleC \alpha Cs)
      from subterm(5-) show ?thesis unfolding VarA VarB RuleC x
        by (metis Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym RuleC(1) VarA join-opt.elims
join-with-source option.sel source.simps(1) source-join subterm.prems(1) subterm.prems(3)
to\text{-}pterm.simps(1) \ x)
    qed (simp add: VarB)
   next
    case (RuleB \alpha Bs)
    from subterm(2-) VarA no-var-lhs RuleB show ?thesis
    by (metis join-sym join-opt.elims join-wf-pterm join-with-source source.simps(1)
source-join to-pterm.simps(1))
   qed (simp add: VarA)
 next
   case (FunA \ As \ f)
  from subterm(3,5) show ?thesis proof(cases B rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names])
VarB FunB RuleB])
    case (FunB \ Bs \ g)
    from subterm(5) have fg:f = g and l-A-B:length As = length Bs
      unfolding FunA FunB by (meson\ join.simps(2))+
    obtain ABs where AB:AB = Pfun \ f \ ABs and l-AB-A:length \ ABs = length
As
      and args-AB: (\forall i < length Bs. As! i \sqcup Bs! i = Some (ABs! i))
      using join-fun-fun[OF joinAB[unfolded FunA FunB]] by fastforce
   from subterm(4,6) show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
      case (FunC \ Cs \ h)
      from subterm(6) have gh: g = h and l-B-C:length Bs = length Cs
        unfolding FunB \ FunC \ by \ (meson \ join.simps(2))+
      from subterm(7) have fh: f = h and l-A-C: length As = length Cs
        unfolding FunA FunC by (meson join.simps(2))+
     obtain BCs where BC:BC = Pfun \ g \ BCs and l-BC-B:length \ BCs = length
Bs
        and args-BC: (\forall i < length BCs. Bs! i \sqcup Cs! i = Some (BCs! i))
```

```
using join-fun-fun[OF joinBC[unfolded FunB FunC]] by fastforce
      obtain ACs where AC:AC = Pfun \ h \ ACs and l-AC-C:length \ ACs = length
Cs
        and args-AC: (\forall i < length ACs. As! i \sqcup Cs! i = Some (ACs! i))
        using join-fun-fun[OF joinAC[unfolded FunA FunC]] by fastforce
       have those (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs) \neq None proof-
         {fix i assume i:i < length (zip As BCs)
         from FunA FunB FunC i have join-opt (As!i) ((Bs!i) \sqcup (Cs!i)) \neq None
            using subterm(1) l-A-B l-B-C l-AC-C by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold)
args-AB args-AC args-BC length-zip min-less-iff-conj nth-mem option.distinct(1)
supt.arg)
          then have (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs)!i \neq None
            using i args-BC by simp
        then show ?thesis
          by (simp add: list-all-length those-not-none-xs)
       qed
       then show ?thesis
        unfolding joinBC BC unfolding FunA fg gh join-opt.simps
        by (simp add: l-A-B l-BC-B option.case-eq-if)
       case (RuleC \ \alpha \ Cs)
         from joinBC subterm(4) obtain \sigma BCs where match-lhs-B:match B
(to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = Some\ \sigma
        and BC:BC = Prule \ \alpha \ BCs and l-BC-C:length \ BCs = length \ Cs
       and args-BC: (\forall i < length \ Cs. \ Cs \ ! \ i \sqcup \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) = Some \ (BCs \ ! \ i))
          unfolding FunB RuleC using join-rule-fun RuleC(1,2,3) join-sym by
metis
         from joinAC subterm(4) obtain \tau ACs where match-lhs-A:match A
(to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) = Some\ \tau
        and AC:AC = Prule \ \alpha \ ACs and l-AC-C:length \ ACs = length \ Cs
        and args-AC: (\forall i < length \ Cs. \ Cs \ ! \ i \sqcup \tau \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) = Some \ (ACs \ ! \ i))
        unfolding FunA RuleC using join-rule-fun RuleC(3) join-sym by metis
       have those (map2 (\sqcup) (map \ \tau \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha)) \ BCs) \neq None \ \mathbf{proof} -
         {fix i assume i:i < length (zip (map \tau (var-rule \alpha)) BCs)
           from i obtain x where x:var-rule \alpha! i = x x \in vars-term (to-pterm
(lhs \ \alpha))
                   by (metis (no-types, lifting) comp-apply length-map length-zip
min-less-iff-conj nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
          have \tau (var-rule \alpha! i) \triangleleft A proof—
             from RuleC(2) no-var-lhs obtain f' ts where lhs \alpha = Fun f' ts by
fastforce
            with x show ?thesis
              using subst-image-subterm[of x] match-lhs-A unfolding FunA
              by (smt\ (verit)\ match-matches\ to-pterm.simps(2))
          moreover have \tau (var-rule \alpha! i) \in wf-pterm R
              using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(2) \ match-lhs-A] by (simp \ add:
vars-to-pterm)
```

```
moreover have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \in wf-pterm R
              using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(3) \ match-lhs-B] by (simp \ add:
vars-to-pterm)
          moreover have \tau (var-rule \alpha! i) \sqcup \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \neq None
           using join-pterm-subst-Some x match-lhs-B match-lhs-A match-matches
subterm.prems(4) \ x \ by \ blast
          moreover have \tau (var-rule \alpha! i) \sqcup (Cs!i) \neq None
             using args-AC by (metis join-sym Rule C(3) i length-map length-zip
min-less-iff-conj\ option.distinct(1))
          moreover have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \sqcup (Cs!i) \neq None
             using args-BC by (metis join-sym Rule C(3) i length-map length-zip
min-less-iff-conj\ option.distinct(1))
           ultimately have IH:join-opt (\tau \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha ! i)) \ (\sigma \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha ! i) \sqcup
(Cs!i) \neq None
            using RuleC(3,4) subterm(1) i by simp
          from IH have (\tau \ (var\text{-rule } \alpha \ ! \ i)) \sqcup (BCs!i) \neq None
             using i args-BC l-BC-C join-sym by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting)
join-opt.simps(1) length-zip min-less-iff-conj)
          then have (map2 (\sqcup) (map \tau (var-rule \alpha)) BCs)!i \neq None
            unfolding nth-map[OF\ i] using i by auto
         then show ?thesis by (simp add: list-all-length those-not-none-xs)
       qed
       with match-lhs-A show ?thesis
          unfolding joinBC BC FunA unfolding fq join-opt.simps join.simps(7)
by force
     qed (simp add:FunB)
   next
     case (RuleB \ \alpha \ Bs)
     from joinAB have *: Prule \alpha Bs \sqcup Pfun f As = Some AB unfolding FunA
RuleB using join-sym by metis
     obtain \sigma ABs where match-lhs-A:match A (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
       and AB:AB = Prule \ \alpha \ ABs and l-A-AB:length \ ABs = length \ Bs
      and args-AB: (\forall i < length\ Bs.\ Bs ! i \sqcup \sigma\ (var-rule\ \alpha ! i) = Some\ (ABs ! i))
      unfolding FunA RuleB using join-rule-fun[OF*subterm(3)]unfolded FunA
RuleB[] RuleB(3) by fastforce
   from subterm(4,7) show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
       case (FunC \ Cs \ g)
      from joinBC have *:Prule \alpha Bs \sqcup Pfun g Cs = Some BC unfolding FunC
RuleB by metis
      from subterm(3) obtain \tau BCs where match-lhs-C:match C (to-pterm (lhs
\alpha)) = Some \ \tau
         and BC:BC = Prule \ \alpha \ BCs and l-BC-B:length \ BCs = length \ Bs
        and args-BC: (\forall i < length\ Bs.\ Bs \mid i \sqcup \tau\ (var\text{-rule}\ \alpha \mid i) = Some\ (BCs \mid i))
          unfolding FunC RuleB using join-rule-fun[OF joinBC[unfolded FunC
RuleB[] RuleB(3) by fastforce
       have those (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ (map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)) \ BCs) \neq None \ \mathbf{proof} -
         {fix i assume i:i < length (zip (map \tau (var-rule \alpha)) BCs)
```

```
from i obtain x where x:var-rule \alpha! i = x \ x \in vars-term (to-pterm
(lhs \ \alpha))
                   by (metis (no-types, lifting) comp-apply length-map length-zip
min-less-iff-conj nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
          have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \triangleleft A proof—
             from RuleB(2) no-var-lhs obtain f' ts where lhs \alpha = Fun f' ts by
fast force
            with x show ?thesis
              using subst-image-subterm[of x] match-lhs-A unfolding FunA
              by (smt\ (verit)\ match-matches\ to-pterm.simps(2))
          qed
          moreover have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \in wf-pterm R
              using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(2) \ match-lhs-A] by (simp \ add:
vars-to-pterm)
          moreover have \tau (var-rule \alpha! i) \in wf-pterm R
              using i match-well-def[OF subterm(4) match-lhs-C] by (simp add:
vars-to-pterm)
          moreover have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \sqcup \tau (var-rule \alpha! i) \neq None
           using join-pterm-subst-Some x match-lhs-C match-lhs-A match-matches
subterm.prems(6) \ x \ by \ blast
          moreover have (Bs!i) \sqcup \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \neq None
        using args-BC i by (metis RuleB(3) i length-map length-zip min-less-iff-conj
option.distinct(1)
          moreover have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \sqcup (Bs!i) \neq None
             using args-AB by (metis join-sym RuleB(3) i length-map length-zip
min-less-iff-conj\ option.distinct(1))
          moreover have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \sqcup \tau (var-rule \alpha! i) \neq None
           using join-pterm-subst-Some x match-lhs-C match-lhs-A match-matches
subterm.prems(6) \ x \ by \ blast
           ultimately have IH: join-opt (\sigma (var-rule \alpha! i)) ((Bs!i) \sqcup \tau (var-rule
\alpha ! i)) \neq None
            using RuleB(3,4) subterm(1) i by simp
          then have (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) BCs)!i \neq None
            using i args-BC l-BC-B unfolding nth-map[OF\ i] using i by auto
        then show ?thesis by (simp add: list-all-length those-not-none-xs)
       qed
       with match-lhs-A show ?thesis
         unfolding joinBC BC FunA unfolding join-opt.simps join.simps(7) by
force
     next
       case (RuleC \ \beta \ Cs)
       obtain BCs where \alpha:\alpha=\beta and l-B-C:length Bs = length Cs
          and BC:BC = Prule \ \alpha \ BCs and l-BC-B:length \ BCs = length \ Bs and
args-BC:(\forall i < length Bs. Bs! i <math>\sqcup Cs! i = Some (BCs! i))
        using join-rule-rule joinBC subterm(3,4) unfolding RuleB(1) RuleC(1)
      from joinAC match-lhs-A have args-AC:\forall i < length Cs. Cs ! i \sqcup \sigma (var-rule
\alpha ! i) \neq None
```

```
using join-rule-fun by (metis (no-types, lifting) FunA(1) Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym
RuleC(1) \ \alpha \ option.distinct(1) \ option.inject \ subterm.prems(3))
      have those (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) BCs) \neq None proof-
        {fix i assume i:i < length (zip (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) BCs)
           from i obtain x where x:var-rule \alpha! i = x x \in vars\text{-}term (to-pterm
(lhs \ \alpha))
                   by (metis (no-types, lifting) comp-apply length-map length-zip
min-less-iff-conj nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
          have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \triangleleft A proof—
            from RuleB(2) no-var-lhs obtain f' ts where lhs \alpha = Fun f' ts by
fast force
            with x show ?thesis
             using subst-image-subterm[of x] match-lhs-A unfolding FunA
             by (smt\ (verit)\ match-matches\ to-pterm.simps(2))
          qed
          moreover have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \in wf-pterm R
              using i match-well-def[OF subterm(2) match-lhs-A] by (simp add:
vars-to-pterm)
          moreover have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \sqcup (Bs!i) \neq None
             using args-AB by (metis\ join-sym\ RuleB(3)\ i\ length-map\ length-zip
min-less-iff-conj\ option.distinct(1))
          moreover have (Bs!i) \sqcup (Cs!i) \neq None
            using args-BC i by (simp \ add: l-BC-B)
           moreover have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \sqcup (Cs!i) \neq None
           using args-AC by (metis join-sym RuleC(3) \alpha i length-map length-zip
min-less-iff-conj)
           ultimately have IH:join-opt\ (\sigma\ (var-rule\ \alpha\ !\ i))\ ((Bs!i)\ \sqcup\ (Cs!i))\ \neq
None
            using RuleB(3,4) RuleC(3,4) subterm(1) i l-B-C by auto
          then have (map2 (\sqcup) (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)) BCs)!i \neq None
            using i args-BC l-BC-B unfolding nth-map[OF\ i] using i by auto
        then show ?thesis by (simp add: list-all-length those-not-none-xs)
       qed
       with match-lhs-A show ?thesis
        unfolding joinBC BC FunA unfolding join-opt.simps join.simps(7) by
force
     qed (simp add: FunA)
   qed (simp add: FunA)
 next
   case (RuleA \alpha As)
  from subterm(3,5) show ?thesis proof(cases B rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names]
VarB FunB RuleB])
     case (VarB x)
     from subterm(2-) show ?thesis
    by (metis join-sym VarB joinBC join-opt.simps(1) join-with-source source.simps(1)
source-join to-pterm.simps(1))
   next
     case (FunB Bs f)
```

```
and AB:AB = Prule \ \alpha \ ABs and l-A-AB:length \ ABs = length \ As
       and args-AB: (\forall i < length \ As. \ As ! \ i \sqcup \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha ! \ i) = Some \ (ABs ! \ i))
          unfolding RuleA FunB using join-rule-fun[OF joinAB[unfolded RuleA
FunB]] RuleA(1,3) by fastforce
    from subterm(4,6) show ?thesis proof(cases C rule:wf-pterm.cases[case-names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
       case (FunC \ Cs \ g)
      from subterm(2) obtain \tau ACs where match-lhs-C:match C (to-pterm (lhs
\alpha)) = Some \ \tau
         and AC:AC = Prule \ \alpha \ ACs and l-A-AC:length \ ACs = length \ As
        and args-AC: (\forall i < length \ As. \ As! \ i \sqcup \tau \ (var-rule \ \alpha! \ i) = Some \ (ACs! \ i))
          unfolding RuleA FunC using join-rule-fun[OF joinAC[unfolded RuleA
FunC [] RuleA(1,3) by fastforce
       from joinBC obtain \rho where \forall x \in vars\text{-}term (to\text{-}pterm (lhs <math>\alpha)). \sigma x \sqcup \tau x
= Some (\varrho x) and BC = to-pterm (lhs \alpha) \cdot \varrho
        using join-pterm-subst-Some[of to-pterm (lhs \alpha)] match-lhs-C match-lhs-B
by (smt (verit) match-matches)
        then obtain BCs where args-BC: (\forall i < length \ As. \ \sigma \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \ \sqcup \ \tau
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) = Some \ (BCs \ ! \ i))
        and BC:BC = (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \langle BCs \rangle_{\alpha} and l\text{-}A\text{-}BC:length\ As} = length
BCs
         using subst-imp-mk-subst[of\ BC\ to-pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)]\ RuleA(3)
              by (smt (verit, del-insts) comp-apply nth-mem set-remdups set-rev
set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
         from RuleA(2) no-var-lhs obtain f' ts where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun f' ts by
fastforce
        {fix i assume i:i < length As
         from i obtain x where x:var-rule \alpha ! i = x x \in vars\text{-}term (to\text{-}pterm (lhs
\alpha))
        by (metis\ RuleA(3)\ comp-apply nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list
vars-to-pterm)
         have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \in wf-pterm R
           using RuleA(3) i match-well-def[OF\ subterm(3)\ match-lhs-B] by (simp\ subterm(3)\ match-lhs-B)
add: vars-to-pterm)
         moreover have \tau (var-rule \alpha! i) \in wf-pterm R
           using RuleA(3) i match-well-def[OF\ subterm(4)\ match-lhs-C] by (simp\ subterm(4)\ match-lhs-C]
add: vars-to-pterm)
         moreover have As!i \sqcup \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \neq None
           using args-AB i by auto
         moreover have As!i \sqcup \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) \neq None
           using args-AC i by auto
         moreover have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \sqcup \tau (var-rule \alpha! i) \neq None
           using args-BC i by auto
          ultimately have IH: join-opt (As!i) (\sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \sqcup \tau (var-rule \alpha!
i)) \neq None
           using RuleA(3,4) subterm(1) i by (metis RuleA(1) nth-mem supt.arg)
         then have As!i \sqcup BCs!i \neq None
```

from subterm(2) obtain σ ABs where match-lhs-B:match B (to-pterm (lhs

 $\alpha)) = Some \ \sigma$

```
using i args-BC by auto
       }
      with subterm(2) show ?thesis
      unfolding joinBC BC RuleA(1) unfolding join-opt.simps using join-rule-lhs
l-A-BC bv auto
     next
       case (RuleC \ \beta \ Cs)
         from joinBC subterm(4) obtain \tau BCs where match-lhs-B2:match B
(to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \beta)) = Some\ \tau
         and BC:BC = Prule \ \beta \ BCs and l-BC-C:length \ BCs = length \ Cs
        and args-BC: (\forall i < length \ Cs. \ Cs! \ i \sqcup \tau \ (var-rule \ \beta! \ i) = Some \ (BCs! \ i))
          unfolding FunB RuleC using join-rule-fun RuleC(1,2,3) join-sym by
metis
       from joinAC have \alpha:\alpha=\beta and l-A-C:length As=length Cs
         \mathbf{unfolding} \ \mathit{RuleA} \ \mathit{RuleC} \ \mathbf{by}(\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{join.simps}(3)\ \mathit{option.distinct}(1)) +
       have those (map2 \ (\sqcup) \ As \ BCs) \neq None \ proof-
         {fix i assume i:i < length (zip As BCs)
          moreover have \tau (var-rule \beta! i) \in wf-pterm R
             using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(3) \ match-lhs-B2] by (simp \ add:
RuleA(3) \alpha vars-to-pterm
          moreover have As!i \sqcup \tau \ (var\text{-}rule \ \beta \ ! \ i) \neq None
               using join-pterm-subst-Some match-lhs-B subterm(5) \alpha args-AB i
match-lhs-B2 by auto
          moreover have (As!i) \sqcup (Cs!i) \neq None
              using joinAC RuleA(1) RuleC(1) i join-rule-rule subterm.prems(1)
subterm.prems(3) by fastforce
          moreover have \tau (var-rule \beta! i) \sqcup (Cs!i) \neq None
            using args-BC i by (simp add: join-sym l-A-C)
         ultimately have IH:join-opt\ (As!i)\ (\tau\ (var-rule\ \beta\ !\ i)\ \sqcup\ (Cs!i)) \neq None
            using RuleA(1,3,4) RuleC(3,4) subterm(1) i \alpha by simp
          from IH have (As!i) \sqcup (BCs!i) \neq None
            using i args-BC by (simp add: join-sym l-BC-C)
          then have (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs)!i \neq None
            unfolding nth-map[OF\ i] using i by auto
         then show ?thesis by (simp add: list-all-length those-not-none-xs)
       qed
       then show ?thesis
         unfolding join-BC BC RuleA \alpha unfolding join-opt.simps join.simps (7)
by force
     qed (simp add:FunB)
   \mathbf{next}
     case (RuleB \beta Bs)
     from joinAB have \alpha\beta:\alpha=\beta and l-A-B:length As=length Bs
       unfolding RuleA RuleB by(metis\ join.simps(3)\ option.distinct(1))+
    obtain ABs where AB:AB = Prule \ \alpha \ ABs \ and \ l-AB-B:length \ ABs = length
Bs
       and args-AB:(\forall i < length \ ABs. \ As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some \ (ABs ! i))
```

```
using join-rule-rule[OF\ joinAB[unfolded\ RuleA\ RuleB]]\ subterm(2,3)
RuleA(1) RuleB(1) by metis
   \mathbf{from}\ subterm(4,6)\ \mathbf{show}\ ?thesis\ \mathbf{proof}(cases\ C\ rule:wf\text{-}pterm.cases[case\text{-}names
VarC \ FunC \ RuleC])
      case (VarC x)
      from joinBC RuleB(2) no-var-lhs show ?thesis unfolding VarC RuleB
      by (metis Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym RuleB(1) VarC join-opt.simps(1)
join-with-source source.simps(1) source-join subterm.prems(2) subterm.prems(3)
subterm.prems(4) \ to-pterm.simps(1))
     next
       case (FunC \ Cs \ f)
        from subterm(3) obtain \sigma BCs where match-lhs-C:match C (to-pterm
(lhs \ \beta)) = Some \ \sigma
        and BC:BC = Prule \ \beta \ BCs and l-BC-C:length \ BCs = length \ Bs
        and args-BC:(\forall i < length Bs. Bs ! i <math>\sqcup \sigma (var-rule \beta ! i) = Some (BCs ! i))
        unfolding RuleB using join-rule-fun[OF joinBC[unfolded RuleB FunC]]
RuleB(1,2,3) by (metis\ FunC(1))
      have those (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs) \neq None proof-
        {fix i assume i:i < length (zip As BCs)
          have \sigma (var-rule \beta! i) \in wf-pterm R
              using i \ match-well-def[OF \ subterm(4) \ match-lhs-C] by (simp \ add:
RuleA(3) \alpha \beta \ vars-to-pterm)
          moreover have As!i \sqcup \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \beta \ ! \ i) \neq None
            using match-lhs-C joinAC \alpha\beta args-AB i unfolding RuleA(1) FunC
                  by (metis (no-types, lifting) RuleA(1) join-rule-fun length-zip
min-less-iff-conj option.distinct(1) option.sel subterm.prems(1))
           ultimately have IH:join-opt\ (As!i)\ ((Bs!i) \sqcup (\sigma\ (var-rule\ \beta\ !\ i))) \neq
None
            using RuleA(1,3,4) subterm(1) i args-AB args-BC
                 by (metis (no-types, lifting) RuleB(4) l-AB-B l-A-B length-zip
min-less-iff-conj \ nth-mem \ option.distinct(1) \ supt.arg)
          from IH have (As!i) \sqcup (BCs!i) \neq None
            using i args-BC by (simp add: join-sym l-BC-C)
          then have (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs)!i \neq None
            unfolding nth-map[OF\ i] using i by auto
        then show ?thesis by (simp add: list-all-length those-not-none-xs)
       qed
       then show ?thesis
        unfolding joinBC\ BC\ RuleA\ \alpha\beta unfolding join-opt.simps\ join.simps\ (7)
by force
     next
      case (RuleC \gamma Cs)
       from joinBC have \beta\gamma:\beta=\gamma and l\text{-}B\text{-}C:length\ Bs=length\ Cs
        using RuleB RuleC join-rule-rule by blast+
        obtain BCs where BC:BC = Prule \beta BCs and l-BC-B:length BCs =
length Bs
        and args-BC: (\forall i < length BCs. Bs!i \sqcup Cs!i = Some (BCs!i))
           using join-rule-rule[OF\ joinBC[unfolded\ RuleB\ RuleC]]\ subterm(3,4)
```

```
RuleB(1) RuleC(1) by metis
        obtain ACs where AC:AC = Prule \ \alpha \ ACs and l-AC-C:length \ ACs =
length Cs
        and args-AC: (\forall i < length ACs. As! i \sqcup Cs! i = Some (ACs! i))
           using join-rule-rule[OF joinAC[unfolded RuleA RuleC]] subterm(2,4)
RuleA(1) RuleC(1) by metis
      have those (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs) \neq None proof-
         {fix i assume i:i < length (zip As BCs)
         from RuleA(1,4) RuleB(1,4) RuleC(1,4) i have join-opt (As!i) ((Bs!i)
\sqcup (Cs!i) \neq None
          using subterm(1) l-A-B l-B-C l-AC-C l-AB-B args-AB args-AC args-BC
           by (smt (verit) length-zip min-less-iff-conj nth-mem option.distinct(1)
supt.arg)
          then have (map2 (\sqcup) As BCs)!i \neq None
            using i args-BC by simp
        then show ?thesis
          by (simp add: list-all-length those-not-none-xs)
       then show ?thesis
       unfolding joinBC\ BC unfolding RuleA\ \alpha\beta\ join-opt.simps by (simp\ add:
option.case-eq-if)
     qed
   qed
 qed
qed
lemma join-list-defined:
 assumes \forall a1 \ a2. \ a1 \in set \ As \land a2 \in set \ As \longrightarrow a1 \ \sqcup \ a2 \neq None
   and \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R \ and \ As \neq []
 shows \exists D. join-list As = Some D \land D \in wf\text{-pterm } R
using assms proof(induct length As arbitrary: As rule:full-nat-induct)
 case 1
 then show ?case proof(cases As rule:list.exhaust[case-names empty As])
   case (As \ A1 \ As')
   with 1 show ?thesis proof(cases As' rule:list.exhaust[case-names empty As'])
     case (As' A2 As'')
     have A1\text{-}wf:A1 \in wf\text{-}pterm\ R and A2\text{-}wf:A2 \in wf\text{-}pterm\ R
       using I(3) unfolding As As' by auto
     from As' 1(2) obtain A12 where A12:A1 \sqcup A2 = Some A12
       unfolding As by fastforce
     with A1-wf A2-wf have A12-wf:A12 \in wf-pterm R
      by (simp add: join-wf-pterm)
     show ?thesis proof(cases As'' = [])
      {\bf case}\  \, True
      show ?thesis
        unfolding As As' True join-list.simps using A12 A12-wf by simp
     next
      case False
```

```
from 1 obtain D' where D': join-list As'' = Some D' D' \in wf-pterm R
            unfolding As As' by (metis False Suc-le-length-iff impossible-Cons
list.set-intros(2) nat-le-linear)
       from 1(2) have \forall a1 \ a2. \ a1 \in set \ (A2 \# As'') \land a2 \in set \ (A2 \# As'')
\longrightarrow a1 \sqcup a2 \neq None
        unfolding As As' by force
      moreover have Suc\ (length\ (A2\ \#\ As'')) \le length\ As
        unfolding As As' by simp
      moreover have (\forall a \in set (A2 \# As''). a \in wf\text{-}pterm R)
        using 1(3) unfolding As As' by simp
      moreover have A2 \# As'' \neq [] by simp
      ultimately obtain D where join-list (A2 \# As'') = Some D and D-wf:D
\in \mathit{wf}\text{-}\mathit{pterm}\ R
        using 1(1) by blast
      then have D:A2 \sqcup D' = Some D
        using D' False using join-list elims by force
      moreover have A1 \sqcup D' \neq None \text{ proof}-
        from 1(2) have \forall a1 \ a2. a1 \in set (A1 \# As'') \land a2 \in set (A1 \# As'')
\longrightarrow a1 \sqcup a2 \neq None
          unfolding As As' by force
        moreover have Suc\ (length\ (A1\ \#\ As'')) \le length\ As
          unfolding As As' by simp
        moreover have (\forall a \in set (A1 \# As''). a \in wf\text{-}pterm R)
          using 1(3) unfolding As As' by simp
        moreover have A1 \# As'' \neq [] by simp
        ultimately have join-list (A1 \# As'') \neq None
          using 1(1) by (metis\ option.simps(3))
        with D' show ?thesis
          by (metis False join-list.simps(3) join-opt.simps(1) list.exhaust)
       qed
       moreover have A1 \sqcup A2 \neq None
        using 1(2) unfolding As As' by simp
      ultimately have join-opt A1 (A2 \sqcup D') \neq None
          using join-triple-defined D' A1-wf A2-wf unfolding join-list.simps by
blast
      moreover have join-list As = join-opt A1 (A2 \sqcup D')
             unfolding As As' using False by (metis D'(1) join-list.simps(3)
join-opt.simps(1) neq-Nil-conv)
      ultimately show ?thesis
        unfolding D join-opt.simps using D-wf A1-wf join-wf-pterm by fastforce
     qed
   qed simp
 qed simp
qed
lemma join-list-wf-pterm:
 assumes \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
   and join-list As = Some B
 shows B \in wf-pterm R
```

```
using assms proof(induct As arbitrary:B)
 case (Cons\ A\ As)
 then show ?case proof(cases As = [])
   case True
   from Cons(2,3) show ?thesis unfolding join-list.simps True by simp
 next
   {f case} False
   with Cons(3) obtain B' where B':join-list As = Some B'
     by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) join-list.elims join-opt.elims list.inject)
   with Cons have B' \in wf-pterm R
    by simp
   then show ?thesis using B' Cons
   by (metis False join-list.simps(3) join-opt.simps(1) join-wf-pterm list.set-intros(1)
neq-Nil-conv)
 qed
qed simp
lemma source-join-list:
 assumes join-list As = Some \ B and \forall \ a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf-pterm R
 shows \bigwedge A. A \in set \ As \Longrightarrow source \ A = source \ B
proof-
 fix Ai assume Ai \in set As
 then show co-initial Ai B using assms proof(induct As arbitrary: B)
   then show ?case by (simp add: source-join)
 next
   case (Cons\ A\ As)
   show ?case proof(cases As = [])
     case True
     from Cons show ?thesis unfolding True
      by (simp add: source-join)
   next
     {f case}\ {\it False}
     have wf:A \in wf-pterm R \ \forall \ a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf-pterm R
      using Cons(4) by simp-all
    from Cons(2,3) obtain B' where B': join-list As = Some B' join-list (A \# As)
= join\text{-}opt \ A \ (Some \ B')
    by (metis\ False\ join-list.simps(3)\ join-opt.simps(2)\ list.exhaust\ option.exhaust)
     show ?thesis proof(cases Ai = A)
      case True
      show ?thesis unfolding True
           using B' Cons(3) False source-join wf by (metis join-list-wf-pterm
join-opt.simps(1)
    next
      case False
      then have Ai \in set As
        using Cons(2) by simp
      with Cons(1) B'(1) wf(2) have co-initial Ai B'
        by simp
```

```
moreover from B'(1) wf have B' \in wf-pterm R
         using join-list-wf-pterm by blast
       ultimately show ?thesis
      by (metis\ B'(2)\ Cons.prems(2)\ Residual-Join-Deletion.join-sym\ join-opt.simps(1)
local.wf(1) source-join)
     qed
   qed
  qed
qed
end
3.3
        Deletion
fun deletion :: ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow ('f,'v) pterm \Rightarrow ('f,'v) pterm option (infixr -p
70)
  where
  Var \ x \ -_p \ Var \ y =
   (if x = y then Some (Var x) else None)
| Pfun f As -_p Pfun g Bs =
   (if (f = g \land length \ As = length \ Bs) then
     (case those (map2 (-p) As Bs) of
       Some \ xs \Rightarrow Some \ (Pfun \ f \ xs)
     | None \Rightarrow None |
    else None)
| Prule \alpha As -_p Prule \beta Bs =
   (if \alpha = \beta then
     (case those (map2 (-p) As Bs) of
       Some xs \Rightarrow Some ((to\text{-}pterm (lhs }\alpha)) \cdot \langle xs \rangle_{\alpha})
      | None \Rightarrow None \rangle
    else None)
| Prule \alpha As -p B =
   (case match B (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) of
     None \Rightarrow None
   \mid Some \ \sigma \Rightarrow
     (case those (map2 (-p) As (map \sigma (var-rule \alpha))) of
       Some \ xs \Rightarrow Some \ (Prule \ \alpha \ xs)
     | None \Rightarrow None ))
|A -_p B| = None
lemma del-empty:
  \mathbf{assumes}\ A \in \mathit{wf-pterm}\ R
  shows A -_p (to\text{-}pterm (source A)) = Some A
using assms proof (induction A)
  case (2 As f)
  then have those (map\ 2\ deletion\ As\ (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ As)) = Some\ As
by (simp add:those-some)
 then show ?case by simp
next
```

```
case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
 then have \sigma: match (to-pterm (lhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha})) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) =
Some (\langle map \ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) \ As \rangle_{\alpha})
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) fun-mk-subst lhs-subst-trivial map-map to-pterm.simps(1)
to-pterm-subst)
  from 3 have those (map2 deletion As (map (to-pterm \circ source) As)) = Some
As
   by (simp add:those-some)
  then have args:those (map2 deletion As (map (\langle map (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) As \rangle_{\alpha}))
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha))) = Some \ As
   by (metis \ 3.hyps(2) \ apply-lhs-subst-var-rule \ length-map)
 show ?case proof (cases source (Prule \alpha As))
   case (Var x)
   then show ?thesis
     using \sigma residual.simps(4)[of \alpha As x] args by auto
 next
   case (Fun f ts)
   then show ?thesis
     using \sigma residual.simps(5)[of \alpha As f] args by auto
 qed
qed simp
context no-var-lhs
begin
lemma deletion-source:
assumes A \in wf-pterm R B \in wf-pterm R
   and A -_p B = Some C
 shows source C = source A
 using assms proof(induct A arbitrary:B C)
 case (1 x)
 then show ?case proof (cases B)
   case (1 y)
   then show ?thesis
     by (metis\ 1.prems(2)\ deletion.simps(1)\ option.distinct(1)\ option.inject)
 next
   case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
   with 1 no-var-lhs show ?thesis
     by simp
 qed simp
next
  case (2 As f)
  then show ?case proof(cases B)
   case (Pfun \ g \ Bs)
   from 2(3) have f:f=g
     unfolding Pfun by (metis deletion.simps(2) not-None-eq)
   from 2(3) have l:length As = length Bs
     unfolding Pfun by (metis deletion.simps(2) not-None-eq)
   from 2(3) obtain Cs where cs:those (map2 (-p) As Bs) = Some Cs
     unfolding Pfun f using l by fastforce
```

```
with 2(3) have c:C = Pfun \ g \ Cs
     unfolding Pfun by (simp add: f l)
   from cs\ l have l-cs:length\ Cs = length\ As
     using length-those by force
   {fix i assume i:i < length As
     with 2(2) have Bs!i \in wf-pterm R
      by (metis Pfun fun-well-arg l nth-mem)
     moreover from 2(3) i cs have As!i -_p Bs!i = Some (Cs!i)
       using l those-some2 by fastforce
     ultimately have source (Cs!i) = source (As!i)
       using 2(1) using i nth-mem by blast
   then show ?thesis unfolding c f
     using l-cs by (simp add: map-nth-eq-conv)
 qed simp-all
next
 case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
 from 3(1) no-var-lhs obtain f ts where f:lhs \alpha = Fun f ts
 then show ?case proof(cases B)
   case (Var x)
   have match (Var x) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = None
      unfolding f by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Term.term.simps(4) match-matches
not-Some-eq source.simps(1) source-to-pterm subst-apply-eq-Var)
   with 3(5) show ?thesis
     unfolding Var using f deletion.simps(4) by simp
 next
   case (Pfun \ g \ Bs)
   from \Im(5) obtain \sigma where sigma:match B (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some \sigma
     unfolding Pfun using deletion.simps(5) by fastforce
   with \Im(5) obtain Cs where cs:those (map2\ (-p)\ As\ (map\ \sigma\ (var-rule\ \alpha))) =
Some Cs
     unfolding Pfun by fastforce
   with 3(5) have c:C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs
     using sigma unfolding Pfun by simp
   from cs \ 3(2) have l-cs:length \ Cs = length \ As
     using length-those by force
   \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } x \in vars\text{-}term \ (lhs \ \alpha) \}
     then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) var-rule \alpha! i = x
       by (metis in-set-conv-nth set-vars-term-list vars-term-list-vars-distinct)
     then have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \in wf-pterm R
       using match-well-def[OF\ 3(4)\ sigma] by (metis\ vars-to-pterm)
     moreover from i cs have As!i -_p \sigma (var-rule \alpha ! i) = Some (Cs!i)
       using those-some 2 3.hyps(2) by fastforce
     ultimately have source (Cs!i) = source (As!i)
      using 3(3) using i nth-mem 3.hyps(2) by force
     then have source ((\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x) = source \ ((\langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x) using i
      by (metis \ 3.hyps(2) \ l-cs \ lhs-subst-var-i)
   }
```

```
then show ?thesis unfolding c using l-cs \Im(2) unfolding source.simps
   by (smt (verit, best) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule comp-def in-set-conv-nth length-map
nth-map set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list term-subst-eq-conv)
 next
   case (Prule \beta Bs)
   from 3(5) have alpha:\alpha = \beta
     unfolding Prule by (metis\ deletion.simps(3)\ option.distinct(1))
   with 3 have l:length As = length Bs
     unfolding Prule using wf-pterm.cases by force
   from \Im(5) obtain Cs where cs:those (map2\ (-p)\ As\ Bs) = Some\ Cs
     unfolding Prule alpha by fastforce
   with \Im(5) have c:C = to\text{-}pterm (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle Cs \rangle_{\alpha}
     unfolding Prule alpha by simp
   from cs\ l have l-cs:length\ Cs = length\ As
     using length-those by force
   {fix i assume i:i < length As
     with 3(4) have Bs!i \in wf-pterm R
      unfolding Prule by (metis fun-well-arg l nth-mem)
     moreover from i cs have As!i -_{p} Bs!i = Some (Cs!i)
      using l those-some2 by fastforce
     ultimately have source (Cs!i) = source (As!i)
      using \Im(\Im) using inth-mem by blast
   then show ?thesis
     unfolding c using l-cs unfolding source.simps using source-apply-subst
   by (metis fun-mk-subst nth-map-conv source.simps(1) source-to-pterm to-pterm-wf-pterm)
 qed
qed
end
```

3.4 Computations With Single Redexes

When a proof term contains only a single rule symbol, we say it is a *single redex.

```
definition ll-single-redex :: ('f, 'v) term \Rightarrow pos \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) prule \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm where ll-single-redex s p \alpha = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term \ p \ (to\text{-}pterm \ s))\langle Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (to\text{-}pterm \ \circ \ (\lambda pi. \ s|\text{-}(p@pi))) \ (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list \ (lhs \ \alpha)))\rangle
```

The ll in ll-single-redex stands for *left-linear, since this definition only makes sense for left-linear rules.

```
lemma source-single-redex: assumes p \in poss\ s shows source (ll-single-redex s\ p\ \alpha) = (ctxt-of-pos-term p\ s)\langle(lhs \alpha) \cdot \langle map (\lambda pi.\ s|-(p@pi)) (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha))\rangle_{\alpha}\rangle proof — have source (Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi.\ s|-(p@pi))) (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)))) = (lhs \alpha) \cdot \langle map (\lambda pi.\ s|-(p@pi)) (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)))_{\alpha} unfolding source.simps using map-nth-eq-conv by fastforce
```

```
with assms show ?thesis
  unfolding ll-single-redex-def by (metis context-source source-to-pterm to-pterm-ctxt-of-pos-apply-term)
qed
lemma target-single-redex:
 assumes p \in poss s
 shows target (ll-single-redex s p \alpha) = (ctxt-of-pos-term p s)\langle(rhs \alpha) \cdot \langlemap (\lambda pi.
s|-(p@pi) (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha))\rangle_{\alpha}
proof-
 \mathbf{have} \ \mathit{target} \ (\mathit{Prule} \ \alpha \ (\mathit{map} \ (\mathit{to-pterm} \ \circ \ (\lambda \mathit{pi}. \ \mathit{s}| \text{-}(p@\mathit{pi}))) \ (\mathit{var-poss-list} \ (\mathit{lhs} \ \alpha))))
= (rhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ (\lambda pi. \ s| - (p@pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \alpha)) \rangle_{\alpha}
   unfolding target.simps by (metis (no-types, lifting) fun-mk-subst map-map tar-
get-empty-apply-subst\ target-to-pterm\ to-pterm.simps(1)\ to-pterm-empty\ to-pterm-subst)
  with assms show ?thesis
     unfolding ll-single-redex-def using target-to-pterm-ctxt to-pterm-ctxt-at-pos
by metis
qed
lemma single-redex-rstep:
  assumes to-rule \alpha \in R p \in poss s
 shows (source (ll-single-redex s p \alpha), target (ll-single-redex s p \alpha)) \in rstep R
  using source-single-redex target-single-redex assms by blast
lemma single-redex-neq:
  assumes (\alpha, p) \neq (\beta, q) p \in poss s q \in poss s
  shows ll-single-redex s p \alpha \neq ll-single-redex s q \beta
proof-
  from assms(1) consider \alpha \neq \beta \land p = q \mid p \neq q
    by fastforce
  then show ?thesis proof(cases)
    case 1
    then have Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s \mid - (p @ pi))) (var-poss-list (lhs
(\alpha)) \neq Prule \beta (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s \mid -(p @ pi))) (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)))
      by simp
    with 1 show ?thesis
      using assms(2,3) unfolding ll-single-redex-def by simp
  next
    case 2
    show ?thesis proof(cases p \in poss (ll-single-redex s \neq \beta))
      case True
      from 2 consider (qp) q <_p p \mid (par) q \perp p \mid (pq) p <_p q
        using pos-cases by force
      then show ?thesis proof(cases)
        case qp
        then obtain i r where r:q@(i\#r) = p
          using less-pos-def' by (metis neq-Nil-conv)
          with \langle p \in poss \ (ll\text{-}single\text{-}redex \ s \ q \ \beta) \rangle have i\#r \in poss \ (Prule \ \beta \ (map
(to\text{-}pterm \circ (\lambda pi. \ s \mid - (q @ pi))) \ (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list \ (lhs \ \beta))))
```

```
unfolding ll-single-redex-def using assms(3) by (metis hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term
hole-pos-poss-conv poss-list-sound poss-list-to-pterm)
       then have i:i < length (var-poss-list (lhs <math>\beta)) and r \in poss (map (to-pterm
\circ (\lambda pi. \ s \mid - (q \otimes pi))) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \beta))!i)
         by auto
       then have r \in poss (to\text{-}pterm (s \mid - (q @ (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs <math>\beta)!i))))
         by simp
         then obtain s' where (Prule \beta (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s \mid - (q @ pi)))
(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \beta)))|-(i\#r) = to\text{-}pterm\ s'
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) comp-apply ctxt-supt-id i nth-map poss-list-sound
poss-list-to-pterm\ subt-at.simps(2)\ subt-at-hole-pos\ to-pterm-ctxt-of-pos-apply-term)
        then have (Prule \beta (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s \mid - (q @ pi))) (var-poss-list
(lhs \ \beta))))|-(i\#r) \neq Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. \ s \mid - (p @ pi))) \ (var-poss-list
(lhs \ \alpha)))
         using to-pterm.elims by auto
       then show ?thesis using r assms(2,3) unfolding ll-single-redex-def
      by (smt (verit, del-insts) hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term hole-pos-poss p-in-poss-to-pterm
replace-at-subt-at subt-at-append)
     next
       case par
       then have ll-single-redex s \neq \beta \mid -p = to\text{-}pterm \mid -p \mid
         using True unfolding ll-single-redex-def
         by (simp\ add:\ assms(2,3)\ p-in-poss-to-pterm\ parallel-replace-at-subt-at)
       then show ?thesis
         using assms(2,3) unfolding ll-single-redex-def
           by (metis ctxt-supt-id hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term is-empty-step.simps(3)
p-in-poss-to-pterm subt-at-hole-pos to-pterm-ctxt-of-pos-apply-term to-pterm-empty)
     next
       case pq
       then obtain r where r:q = p@r r \neq []
         using less-pos-def' by blast
          then have *:ll-single-redex s q \beta |- p = (ctxt-of-pos-term r (to-pterm
(s|-p))\langle Prule \ \beta \ (map \ (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. \ s \mid - (q @ pi))) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \beta))) \rangle
            using True unfolding ll-single-redex-def r by (metis (no-types, lift-
ing) assms(2) ctxt-apply-subt-at ctxt-supt-id p-in-poss-to-pterm replace-at-subt-at
to-pterm-ctxt-of-pos-apply-term)
        from r(2) assms(3) obtain f ts i r' where f:s|-p = Fun f ts and r':r =
i\#r'
         unfolding r by (metis args-poss neq-Nil-conv poss-append-poss)
       have ll-single-redex s q \beta |- p \neq Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s |- (p \otimes
(pi) (var-poss-list (lhs <math>\alpha))
      unfolding * unfolding ll-single-redex-def f to-pterm.simps r' ctxt-of-pos-term.simps
intp-actxt.simps by simp
       then show ?thesis
         using assms(2) unfolding ll-single-redex-def
         by (metis p-in-poss-to-pterm replace-at-subt-at)
     qed
   next
```

```
case False
      then show ?thesis unfolding ll-single-redex-def using assms(2)
        by (metis hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term hole-pos-poss p-in-poss-to-pterm)
 qed
\mathbf{qed}
context left-lin-wf-trs
begin
lemma rstep-exists-single-redex:
  assumes (s, t) \in rstep R
  shows \exists A \ p \ \alpha. A = (ll\text{-single-redex } s \ p \ \alpha) \land source \ A = s \land target \ A = t \ \land
to-rule \alpha \in R \land p \in poss s
proof-
  from assms obtain C \sigma l r where lr:(l, r) \in R and s:s = C\langle l \cdot \sigma \rangle and t:t = C\langle l \cdot \sigma \rangle
C\langle r\cdot\sigma\rangle
    by blast
  from s obtain p where p:p \in poss \ s and C:C = ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term \ p \ s
    using hole-pos-poss by fastforce
  let ?subst = \langle map \ (\lambda pi. \ s \mid - (p @ pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ l) \rangle_{\ell} l \rightarrow r)
  \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } x \in vars\text{-}term \ l \} 
    then obtain i where i:i < length (vars-term-list l) vars-term-list l! i = x
      by (metis in-set-idx set-vars-term-list)
    with left-lin lr have var-l:vars-distinct l ! i = x
      using linear-term-var-vars-term-list left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
    let ?p = var - poss - list l!i
    from i have l \mid -?p = Var \ x  using vars-term-list-var-poss-list by auto
    moreover have l \cdot \sigma = s-p using s C p replace-at-subt-at by fastforce
    ultimately have left:\sigma x = (s \mid -p) \mid -?p
      by (metis\ eval\text{-}term.simps(1)\ i(1)\ length\text{-}var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ nth\text{-}mem\ subt\text{-}at\text{-}subst
var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
    from i have map (\lambda pi.\ s \mid -(p \otimes pi)) (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ l) ! i = (s \mid -p) \mid -?p
      by (simp \ add: length-var-poss-list \ p)
    with left var-l have \sigma x = ?subst x unfolding mk-subst-def prule.sel
    by (smt (verit, best) case-prodE comp-apply distinct-rev i(1) left-lin left-linear-trs-def
length-map\ length-var-poss-list\ linear-term-var-vars-term-list\ lr\ mk-subst-def\ mk-subst-distinct
prod.sel(1) remdups-id-iff-distinct rev-rev-ident)
  note subst=this
  then have (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ s)\langle l\cdot\langle map\ (\lambda pi.\ s\ |\text{-}\ (p\ @\ pi))\ (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list
|l\rangle(l\rightarrow r)\rangle = C\langle l\cdot\sigma\rangle
    using C by (simp \ add: eval-same-vars)
  then have source (ll-single-redex s p (Rule l r)) = s
    using source-single-redex[OF p] s by auto
  moreover have target (ll-single-redex s p(l \rightarrow r) = t
   using subst varcond lr target-single-redex[OF p] eval-same-vars-cong unfolding
t C
    by (smt (verit) case-prodD prule.sel(1) prule.sel(2) vars-term-subset-subst-eq)
  ultimately show ?thesis using lr p by fastforce
qed
```

end

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{single-redex-wf-pterm} \colon
 assumes to-rule \alpha \in R and lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
   and p:p \in poss s
  shows ll-single-redex s p \alpha \in wf-pterm R
proof-
  from lin have l:length (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s \mid -(p @ pi))) (var-poss-list (lhs
(\alpha)) = length (var-rule \alpha)
    using length-var-poss-list linear-term-var-vars-term-list by fastforce
  have Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s \mid - (p @ pi))) (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha))) \in
   using wf-pterm.intros(3)[OF assms(1) l] to-pterm-wf-pterm by force
  then show ?thesis unfolding ll-single-redex-def
   using ctxt-wf-pterm p to-pterm-wf-pterm by (metis p-in-poss-to-pterm)
qed
Interaction of a single redex \Delta, contained in A with the proof term A.
locale single-redex = left-lin-no-var-lhs +
  fixes A \Delta p q \alpha
  assumes a-well:A \in wf-pterm R
   and p:p \in poss (source A) and q:q \in poss A
   and pq:ctxt-of-pos-term\ p\ (source\ A) = source-ctxt\ (ctxt-of-pos-term\ q\ A)
   and delta:\Delta = ll\text{-}single\text{-}redex (source A) p \alpha
   and aq:A|-q = Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (\lambda i. \ A|-(q@[i])) \ [0... < length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)])
begin
interpretation residual-op:op-proof-term R residual
 \textbf{using} \ op\text{-}proof\text{-}term.intro[OF\ left\text{-}lin\text{-}no\text{-}var\text{-}lhs\text{-}axioms]} \ op\text{-}proof\text{-}term\text{-}axioms.intro[of\ left\text{-}lin\text{-}no\text{-}var\text{-}lhs\text{-}axioms]}
R residual res-empty2 by force
interpretation deletion-op:op-proof-term R deletion
 using op-proof-term.intro[OF left-lin-no-var-lhs-axioms] op-proof-term-axioms.intro[of
R deletion del-empty by force
abbreviation As \equiv (map \ (\lambda i. \ A|-(q@[i])) \ [\theta... < length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)])
lemma length-as:length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
 by simp
lemma as-well:\forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \in wf-pterm R
  using subt-at-is-wf-pterm a-well aq q
  by (metis fun-well-arg nth-mem)
lemma a:A = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ q\ A)\langle Prule\ \alpha\ As\rangle
  using aq by (simp add: q replace-at-ident)
lemma rule-in-TRS: to-rule \alpha \in R
proof-
```

```
from a-well a q have Prule \alpha As \in wf-pterm R
   by (metis subt-at-ctxt-of-pos-term subt-at-is-wf-pterm)
  then show ?thesis
   using wf-pterm.cases by force
qed
lemma lin-lhs:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
  using rule-in-TRS left-lin left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
lemma source-at-pq:source (A|-q) = (source A)|-p
proof-
  from a-well q have (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term \ q \ A) \in wf\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt \ R
   by (simp add: ctxt-of-pos-term-well)
  then have source A = (source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term q A)) (source (A|-q))
   using source-ctxt-apply-term q by (metis ctxt-supt-id)
  moreover from p have source A = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term p (source A)) \langle (source A) \rangle
   by (simp add: replace-at-ident)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using pq p q by simp
\mathbf{qed}
lemma single-redex-pterm:
  shows \Delta = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (source\ A)))\langle Prule\ \alpha\ (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ p))\rangle
\circ source) As)\rangle
proof-
  from lin-lhs have l2:length (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)) = length (var-rule \alpha)
     by (metis length-var-poss-list linear-term-var-vars-term-list)
  {fix i assume i:i < length (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha))
   let ?pi=var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)!i
   from i have *:(lhs \alpha)|-?pi = Var ((var-rule \alpha)!i)
        using lin-lhs by (metis linear-term-var-vars-term-list length-var-poss-list
vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
   \textbf{from } \textit{source-at-pq } \textbf{have } \textit{source } \textit{A} \mid \text{-} (\textit{p} \ @ \ ?\textit{pi}) = \textit{source } (\textit{Prule } \alpha \ \textit{As}) \mid \text{-} ?\textit{pi}
     by (metis a p q subt-at-append subt-at-ctxt-of-pos-term)
   also have ... = Var ((var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)!i) \cdot \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}
      unfolding source.simps using subt-at-subst * i nth-mem var-poss-imp-poss
by fastforce
   also have ... = source (As!i)
        unfolding eval-term.simps using i lhs-subst-var-i length-as l2 by (metis
(no-types, lifting) length-map nth-map)
   finally have source A \mid -(p @ ?pi) = source (As!i).
  }
  with l2 show ?thesis
   unfolding delta ll-single-redex-def by (simp add: nth-map-conv)
qed
lemma delta-trs-wf-pterm:
shows \Delta \in wf-pterm R
```

```
proof-
 have well2:Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ source) As) \in wf-pterm R proof-
   from a-well a q have Prule \alpha As \in wf-pterm R
     by (metis subt-at-ctxt-of-pos-term subt-at-is-wf-pterm)
   then have to-rule \alpha \in R
     using wf-pterm.cases by auto
   then show ?thesis
     by (simp\ add:\ wf\text{-}pterm.intros(3))
 qed
 show ?thesis unfolding single-redex-pterm
   using p well2 by (simp add: p-in-poss-to-pterm ctxt-wf-pterm)
lemma source-delta: source \Delta = source A
proof-
  have src:source\ (Prule\ \alpha\ (map\ (to-pterm\ \circ\ source\ )\ As)) = source\ (Prule\ \alpha\ As)
  unfolding source.simps by (metis (no-types, lifting) comp-eq-dest-lhs list.map-comp
list.map-cong0 source-to-pterm)
 moreover have source-ctxt (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (source\ A))) = source\text{-}ctxt
(ctxt-of-pos-term\ q\ A)
   using pq by (metis p source-to-pterm-ctxt' to-pterm-ctxt-at-pos)
 ultimately show ?thesis unfolding single-redex-pterm
    using p p q by (metis aq p-in-poss-to-pterm pq replace-at-ident source-at-pq
source-ctxt-apply-term to-pterm-trs-ctxt)
qed
lemma residual:
 shows A \ re \ \Delta = Some \ ((ctxt-of-pos-term \ q \ A) \langle (to-pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \langle As \rangle_{\alpha} \rangle)
proof-
 have l:length (map2 (re) As (map (to-pterm \circ source) As)) = length As
   by simp
  {fix i assume i:i < length As
   with as-well have As!i re (to-pterm \circ source) (As!i) = Some (As!i)
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) o-apply res-empty2)
   then have map2 (re) As (map (to-pterm \circ source) As)! i = Some (As! i)
     using i by force
 then have *:those (map2 (re) As (map (to-pterm \circ source) As)) = Some As
   using those-some[OF\ l] using l by presburger
  then have (Prule \alpha As) re (Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ source) As)) = Some
((to\text{-}pterm\ (rhs\ \alpha))\cdot \langle As\rangle_{\alpha})
    using residual.simps(3)[of \ \alpha \ As \ \alpha \ (map \ (to-pterm \circ source) \ As)] by simp
 moreover from single-redex-pterm have \Delta = (to\text{-pterm-ctxt}\ (source\text{-ctxt}\ (ctxt\text{-of-pos-term}\ ))
(q A)) \langle (Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) \ As)) \rangle
  unfolding delta ll-single-redex-def pq[symmetric] by (simp add: p to-pterm-ctxt-at-pos)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using a residual-op.apply-f-ctxt by (metis a-well ctxt-of-pos-term-well q)
qed
```

```
lemma residual-well:
 the (A re \Delta) \in wf-pterm R
 using a-well by (metis delta-trs-wf-pterm option.sel residual residual-well-defined)
lemma target-residual:target (the (A re \Delta)) = target A
  apply(subst(2) a)
  unfolding residual option.sel
  apply(subst (1 2) context-target)
  by (metis\ fun-mk-subst\ target.simps(1)\ target.simps(3)\ target-empty-apply-subst
target-to-pterm to-pterm-empty)
lemma deletion:
  shows A -_p \Delta = Some ((ctxt-of-pos-term \ q \ A) \langle (to-pterm \ (lhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \langle As \rangle_{\alpha} \rangle)
   have l:length (map2 (-p) As (map (to-pterm \circ source) As)) = length As
    by simp
  {fix i assume i:i < length As
    with as-well have As!i -_p (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) (As!i) = Some (As!i)
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) o-apply del-empty)
    then have map2 \ (-p) As (map \ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) \ As) \ ! \ i = Some \ (As \ ! \ i)
      using i by force
  then have *:those (map \ 2 \ (-p) \ As \ (map \ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) \ As)) = Some \ As
    using those\text{-}some[OF\ l] using l by presburger
  then have (Prule \ \alpha \ As) -_{p} (Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) \ As)) = Some
((to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha))\cdot\langle As\rangle_{\alpha})
     using deletion.simps(3)[of \ \alpha \ As \ \alpha \ (map \ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) \ As)] by simp
 moreover from single-redex-pterm have \Delta = (to\text{-pterm-ctxt}\ (source\text{-ctxt}\ (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term
(q A)) \langle (Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (to-pterm \circ source) \ As)) \rangle
  unfolding delta ll-single-redex-def pq[symmetric] by (simp add: p to-pterm-ctxt-at-pos)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using a deletion-op.apply-f-ctxt by (metis a-well ctxt-of-pos-term-well q)
qed
lemma deletion-well:
  shows the (A -_p \Delta) \in wf-pterm R
proof-
  have \forall a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
    by (metis a a-well fun-well-arg q subt-at-ctxt-of-pos-term subt-at-is-wf-pterm)
  then have to-pterm (lhs \alpha) \cdot \langle As \rangle_{\alpha} \in wf-pterm R
   \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{meson}\ \mathit{lhs\text{-}subst\text{-}well\text{-}def}\ \mathit{nth\text{-}mem}\ \mathit{to\text{-}pterm\text{-}wf\text{-}pterm})
  then show ?thesis unfolding deletion option.sel
    by (simp add: a-well ctxt-wf-pterm q)
qed
end
locale single-redex' = left-lin-wf-trs +
```

```
fixes A \Delta p q \alpha \sigma
  assumes a-well: A \in wf-pterm R and rule-in-TRS: to-rule \alpha \in R
    and p:p \in poss (source A) and q:q \in poss A
    and pq:ctxt-of-pos-term p (source A) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term q A)
    and delta:\Delta = ll\text{-}single\text{-}redex (source A) p \alpha
    and aq:A|-q = (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \sigma
begin
interpretation residual-op:op-proof-term R residual proof-
  have *:left-lin-no-var-lhs R
    by (simp add: left-lin-axioms left-lin-no-var-lhs.intro no-var-lhs-axioms)
  then show op-proof-term R (re)
  using op-proof-term.intro[OF *] op-proof-term-axioms.intro[of R residual] res-empty2
by force
\mathbf{qed}
lemma a:A = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ q\ A)\langle(to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha))\cdot\sigma\rangle
 using aq by (simp add: q replace-at-ident)
lemma lin-lhs:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
  using rule-in-TRS left-lin left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
lemma is-fun-lhs:is-Fun (lhs \alpha)
  using rule-in-TRS using no-var-lhs by blast
abbreviation As \equiv map \ \sigma \ (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)
lemma lhs-subst: (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \sigma = (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \langle As \rangle_{\alpha}
proof-
  {fix x assume x \in vars\text{-}term (to\text{-}pterm (lhs <math>\alpha))
    then obtain i where x = var\text{-rule } \alpha!i and i < length (var\text{-rule } \alpha)
    by (metis in-set-idx set-vars-term-list vars-term-list-vars-distinct vars-to-pterm)
    then have \sigma x = (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) x
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule length-map nth-map)
  then show ?thesis
    using term-subst-eq-conv by blast
qed
lemma rhs-subst: (to\text{-}pterm\ (rhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \sigma = (to\text{-}pterm\ (rhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \langle As \rangle_{\alpha}
proof-
  {fix x assume x \in vars\text{-}term (to\text{-}pterm (rhs <math>\alpha))
    then have x \in vars\text{-}term (to\text{-}pterm (lhs \alpha))
     using no-var-lhs varcond rule-in-TRS set-vars-term-list subsetD vars-to-pterm
by (metis\ case-prodD)
    then obtain i where x = var\text{-rule } \alpha!i and i < length (var\text{-rule } \alpha)
    by (metis in-set-idx set-vars-term-list vars-term-list-vars-distinct vars-to-pterm)
    then have \sigma x = (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) x
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule length-map nth-map)
```

```
then show ?thesis
   using term-subst-eq-conv by blast
lemma as-well: \forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \in wf-pterm R
  using a-well aq by (metis length-map lhs-subst lhs-subst-args-wf-pterm nth-mem
q \ subt-at-is-wf-pterm)
lemma source-at-pq:source (A|-q) = (source A)|-p
proof-
  from a-well q have (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term \ q \ A) \in wf\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt \ R
   by (simp add: ctxt-of-pos-term-well)
  then have source A = (source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term q A)) (source (A|-q))
   using source-ctxt-apply-term q by (metis ctxt-supt-id)
  moreover from p have source A = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term p (source A)) \langle (source A) \rangle
A)|-p\rangle
   by (simp add: replace-at-ident)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using pq p q by simp
\mathbf{qed}
\mathbf{lemma}\ single\text{-}redex\text{-}pterm:
  shows \Delta = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (source\ A)))\langle Prule\ \alpha\ (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ p))\rangle
\circ source) As)\rangle
proof-
  from lin-lhs have l2:length (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)) = length (var-rule \alpha)
     by (metis length-var-poss-list linear-term-var-vars-term-list)
  {fix i assume i:i < length (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha))
   let ?pi=var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)!i
   from i have *:(lhs \alpha)|-?pi = Var ((var-rule \alpha)!i)
        using lin-lhs by (metis linear-term-var-vars-term-list length-var-poss-list
vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
    from source-at-pq have source A \mid -(p \otimes ?pi) = source ((to-pterm (lhs <math>\alpha)) \cdot
\langle As \rangle_{\alpha})|-?pi
     using lhs-subst by (metis a p q subt-at-append subt-at-ctxt-of-pos-term)
   also have ... = Var ((var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)!i) \cdot \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}
     using subt-at-subst *
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) fun-mk-subst in th-mem source.simps(1) source-apply-subst
source-to-pterm to-pterm-wf-pterm var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
   also have ... = source (As!i)
       unfolding eval-term.simps using i lhs-subst-var-i l2 by (metis (no-types,
lifting) length-map nth-map)
   finally have source A \mid -(p @ ?pi) = source (As!i).
  with l2 show ?thesis
   unfolding delta ll-single-redex-def by (simp add: map-eq-conv')
qed
```

```
lemma residual:
  shows A re \Delta = Some ((ctxt-of-pos-term \ q \ A)((to-pterm \ (rhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \sigma))
proof-
  have l:length (map2 (re) As (map (to-pterm \circ source) As)) = length As
   by simp
  {fix i assume i:i < length As
    with as-well have As!i re (to-pterm \circ source) (As!i) = Some (As!i)
     by (metis comp-apply res-empty2)
   then have map2 (re) As (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ As)\ !\ i = Some\ (As\ !\ i)
     using i by force
  then have *:those (map\ 2\ (re)\ As\ (map\ (to-pterm\ \circ\ source)\ As)) = Some\ As
   using those-some[OF\ l] using l by presburger
  from is-fun-lhs obtain f As' where f:(to\text{-pterm }(lhs\ \alpha)\cdot\langle As\rangle_{\alpha})=Pfun\ f\ As'
   by fastforce
  then have match:match (Pfun f As') (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha})
   by (metis lhs-subst-trivial)
  have map:map (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) (var-rule \alpha) = As
   using apply-lhs-subst-var-rule length-map by blast
 have ((to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha))\cdot\sigma) re (Prule\ \alpha\ (map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ source)\ As))=Some
((to\text{-}pterm\ (rhs\ \alpha))\cdot\sigma)
   unfolding rhs-subst lhs-subst using residual.simps(\gamma)[off As' \alpha (map (to-pterm
\circ source) As)]
    unfolding match f using * map by (metis\ option.simps(5))
 moreover from single-redex-pterm have \Delta = (to\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt \ (source\text{-}ctxt \ (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term
(q A)) \langle (Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (to\text{-}pterm \circ source) \ As)) \rangle
  unfolding delta ll-single-redex-def pg[symmetric] by (simp add: p to-pterm-ctxt-at-pos)
  ultimately show ?thesis
   using a residual-op.apply-f-ctxt by (metis a-well ctxt-of-pos-term-well q)
qed
end
end
```

Orthogonal Proof Terms 4

```
theory Orthogonal-PT
imports
  Residual-Join-Deletion
begin
inductive orthogonal::('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow bool (infixl \perp_p 50)
  where
   Var \ x \perp_p Var \ x
| length \ As = length \ Bs \Longrightarrow \forall \ i < length \ As. \ As! i \perp_p Bs! i \Longrightarrow Fun \ f \ As \perp_p Fun \ f
| \ length \ As = length \ Bs \Longrightarrow \forall \ (a,b) \in set(zip \ As \ Bs). \ a \perp_p b \Longrightarrow (Prule \ \alpha \ As) \perp_p
(to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha))\cdot \langle Bs\rangle_{\alpha}
```

```
| length As = length Bs \Longrightarrow \forall (a,b) \in set(zip As Bs). \ a \perp_p b \Longrightarrow (to-pterm (lhs
\alpha)) · \langle As \rangle_{\alpha} \perp_{p} (Prule \ \alpha \ Bs)
lemmas orthogonal.intros[intro]
lemma orth-symp: symp (\perp_p)
proof
  {fix A B::('f, 'v) pterm assume } A \perp_p B
   then show B \perp_p A \operatorname{proof}(induct)
     case (3 As Bs \alpha)
     then show ?case using orthogonal.intros(4)[where \alpha=\alpha and Bs=As and
As=Bs
       using zip-symm by fastforce
   next
     case (4 As Bs \alpha)
     then show ?case using orthogonal.intros(3)[where \alpha=\alpha and As=Bs and
Bs=As
       using zip-symm by fastforce
   qed (simp-all add:orthogonal.intros)
qed
lemma equal-imp-orthogonal:
 shows A \perp_p A
 \mathbf{by}(induct\ A)\ (simp-all\ add:\ orthogonal.intros)
lemma source-orthogonal:
 assumes source A = t
 shows A \perp_p to\text{-}pterm\ t
 using assms proof(induct A arbitrary:t)
 case (Prule \alpha As)
 then have t:to-pterm t = (to\text{-pterm } (lhs \ \alpha)) \cdot \langle map \ (to\text{-pterm} \circ source) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}
  by (metis fun-mk-subst list.map-comp source.simps(3) to-pterm.simps(1) to-pterm-subst)
 from Prule(1) have \forall (a,b) \in set (zip \ As (map \ (to-pterm \circ source) \ As)). a \perp_p b
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) case-prod-beta' comp-def in-set-zip nth-map
zip-fst)
  with t show ?case
   using orthogonal.intros(3) by (metis length-map)
qed (simp-all add:orthogonal.intros)
lemma orth-imp-co-initial:
 assumes A \perp_p B
 shows co-initial A B
 using assms proof(induct rule: orthogonal.induct)
 case (2 As Bs f)
 show ?case proof(cases f)
   case (Inr g)
   with 2 show ?thesis unfolding Inr
     by (simp add: nth-map-conv)
 next
```

```
case (Inl \alpha)
   with 2 show ?thesis unfolding Inl
     by (metis\ nth-map-conv\ source.simps(3))
 qed
next
  case (3 As Bs \alpha)
  then have l:length (zip \ As \ Bs) = length \ As
  with 3 have IH: \forall i < length \ As. \ source \ (As!i) = source \ (Bs!i)
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) case-prod-conv nth-mem nth-zip)
 have src:source ((to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) \cdot \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) = (lhs \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}
   by (simp add: source-apply-subst)
 from 3(1) l IH show ?case unfolding src source.simps
   by (metis nth-map-conv)
next
  case (4 As Bs \alpha)
 then have l:length (zip \ As \ Bs) = length \ As
   by simp
  with 4 have IH: \forall i < length \ As. \ source \ (As!i) = source \ (Bs!i)
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) case-prod-conv nth-mem nth-zip)
  have src:source\ ((to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha))\cdot \langle As\rangle_{\alpha}) = (lhs\ \alpha)\cdot \langle map\ source\ As\rangle_{\alpha}
   by (simp add: source-apply-subst)
  from 4(1) l IH show ?case unfolding src source.simps
   by (metis nth-map-conv)
\mathbf{qed}\ simp
If two proof terms are orthogonal then residual and join are well-defined.
lemma orth-imp-residual-defined:
 assumes varcond: \bigwedge l \ r. \ (l, \ r) \in R \Longrightarrow is\text{-}Fun \ l \ \bigwedge l \ r. \ (l, \ r) \in S \Longrightarrow is\text{-}Fun \ l
   and A \perp_p B
   and A \in wf-pterm R and B \in wf-pterm S
 shows A re B \neq None
  using assms(3-) proof(induct)
  case (2 As Bs f)
  from 2(3) have wellAs: \forall a \in set As. a \in wf\text{-}pterm R
   by blast
  from 2(4) have wellBs: \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf-pterm S
   by blast
 from 2(1,2) wellAs wellBs have c: \forall i < length As. (\exists C. As!i re Bs!i = Some
C
   by auto
 from 2(1) have l:length As = length (map2 (re) As Bs)
   by simp
  from 2(1) have \forall i < length As. As! i re Bs! i = (map2 (re) As Bs)! i
   by simp
 with c obtain Cs where \forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \ re \ Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i) and length
Cs = length As
   using exists-some-list l by (metis (no-types, lifting))
  with 2 have *:those (map2 (re) As Bs) = Some Cs
```

```
by (simp add: those-some)
  show ?case proof(cases f)
   case (Inr g)
   show ?thesis unfolding Inr residual.simps 2(1) * by simp
  next
   case (Inl \alpha)
   show ?thesis unfolding Inl residual.simps 2(1) * by simp
  qed
\mathbf{next}
  case (3 As Bs \alpha)
  from 3(3) varcond obtain g ts where g:lhs \alpha = Fun g ts
   by (metis Inl-inject is-Fun-Fun-conv sum.simps(4) term.distinct(1) term.sel(2)
wf-pterm.cases)
  then have *:to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha} = Pfun \ g \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ (map
to-pterm ts))
   by simp
  from 3(3) have l1:length As = length (var-rule <math>\alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  from \mathcal{J}(\mathcal{J}) have wellAs: \forall a \in set As. \ a \in wf\text{-}pterm R
   by blast
  from 3(1,4) l1 have wellBs: \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf-pterm S
   by (simp add: lhs-subst-args-wf-pterm)
  from 3(1) have l2:length (zip As Bs) = length As
   by simp
  with 3(1,2) wellAs wellBs have \forall i < length As. As ! i re Bs ! <math>i \neq None
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) case-prod-conv nth-mem nth-zip)
  then have c: \forall i < length \ As. \ (\exists \ C. \ As!i \ re \ Bs!i = Some \ C)
   by blast
  from \Im(1) have \forall i < length As. As!i re Bs!i = (map2 (re) As Bs)!i
   by simp
 with c obtain Cs where \forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \ re \ Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i) \ and \ length
Cs = length As
   using exists-some-list l2 by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map)
  with 3 have cs:those\ (map2\ (re)\ As\ Bs)=Some\ Cs
   by (simp add: those-some)
  have bs:match (to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha})
   using lhs-subst-trivial by blast
  then have (map\ (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha})\ (var\text{-rule}\ \alpha)) = Bs
    using 3(1) l1 apply-lhs-subst-var-rule by force
  then show ?case using residual.simps(5) using bs cs g unfolding *
   by simp
next
  case (4 As Bs \alpha)
  from 4(4) varcond obtain g ts where g:lhs \alpha = Fun g ts
   by (metis\ Inl-inject\ is-Fun-Fun-conv\ sum.simps(4)\ term.distinct(1)\ term.sel(2)
wf-pterm.cases)
  then have *:to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle As \rangle_{\alpha} = Pfun \ g \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ (map
to-pterm ts))
   by simp
```

```
from 4(4) have l1:length\ Bs = length\ (var-rule\ \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  from 4(1,3) l1 have wellAs: \forall a \in set As. a \in wf\text{-}pterm R
   by (simp add: lhs-subst-args-wf-pterm)
  from 4(4) have wellBs: \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf\text{-}pterm S
   by blast
  from 4(1) have l2:length (zip As Bs) = length As
   by simp
  with 4(1,2) wellAs wellBs have \forall i < length As. As ! i re Bs ! <math>i \neq None
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) case-prod-conv nth-mem nth-zip)
  then have c: \forall i < length \ As. \ (\exists \ C. \ As! \ i \ re \ Bs! \ i = Some \ C)
 from 4(1) have \forall i < length As. As!i re Bs!i = (map2 (re) As Bs)!i
   by simp
 with c obtain Cs where \forall i < length \ As. \ As!i \ re \ Bs!i = Some \ (Cs!i) and length
Cs = length As
   using exists-some-list l2 by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map)
  with 4 have cs:those\ (map2\ (re)\ As\ Bs)=Some\ Cs
   by (simp add: those-some)
 have bs:match (to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha})
   using lhs-subst-trivial by blast
 have (map\ (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha})\ (var\text{-rule}\ \alpha)) = As
   using 4(1) l1 apply-lhs-subst-var-rule by force
  then show ?case using residual.simps(7) using bs \ cs \ g unfolding *
   by simp
qed simp
lemma orth-imp-join-defined:
 assumes varcond: \Lambda l \ r. \ (l, r) \in R \Longrightarrow is\text{-}Fun \ l
   and A \perp_{p} B
   and A \in wf-pterm R and B \in wf-pterm R
 shows A \sqcup B \neq None
 using assms(2-) proof(induct)
  case (2 As Bs f)
 from 2(3) have wellAs: \forall a \in set As. \ a \in wf\text{-pterm } R
   by blast
 from 2(4) have wellBs: \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf-pterm R
  from 2(1,2) wellAs wellBs have c: \forall i < length As. (\exists C. As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some
C
   by auto
 from 2(1) have l:length As = length (map2 (<math>\sqcup) As Bs)
   by simp
 from 2(1) have \forall i < length As. As!i \sqcup Bs!i = (map2 (<math>\sqcup) As Bs)!i
   by simp
 with c obtain Cs where \forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \sqcup Bs! i = Some \ (Cs!i) and length
Cs = length As
   using exists-some-list l by (metis (no-types, lifting))
```

```
with 2 have *: those (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs) = Some Cs
   by (simp add: those-some)
  show ?case proof(cases f)
   case (Inr \ q)
   show ?thesis unfolding Inr join.simps 2(1) * by simp
  next
   case (Inl \alpha)
   show ?thesis unfolding Inl join.simps 2(1) * by simp
  qed
next
  case (3 As Bs \alpha)
  from 3(3) varcond obtain g ts where g:lhs \alpha = Fun g ts
   by (metis\ Inl-inject\ is\ Fun\ Fun\ conv\ sum.simps(4)\ term.distinct(1)\ term.sel(2)
wf-pterm.cases)
  then have *:to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha} = Pfun \ g \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ (map
to-pterm ts))
   by simp
  from 3(3) have l1:length As = length (var-rule <math>\alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  from 3(3) have wellAs: \forall a \in set As. a \in wf\text{-}pterm R
   by blast
  from 3(1,4) l1 have wellBs: \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf\text{-}pterm R
   by (simp add: lhs-subst-args-wf-pterm)
  from 3(1) have l2:length (zip As Bs) = length As
   by simp
  with 3(1,2) wellAs wellBs have \forall i < length As. As ! i \sqcup Bs ! i \neq None
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) case-prod-conv nth-mem nth-zip)
  then have c: \forall i < length As. (\exists C. As! i \sqcup Bs! i = Some C)
   by blast
  from 3(1) have \forall i < length As. As! i \sqcup Bs! i = (map2 (<math>\sqcup) As Bs)! i
   by simp
 with c obtain Cs where \forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \sqcup Bs! i = Some \ (Cs!i) and length
Cs = length As
   using exists-some-list l2 by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map)
  with 3 have cs:those\ (map2\ (\sqcup)\ As\ Bs)=Some\ Cs
   by (simp add: those-some)
  have bs:match (to-pterm (lhs \alpha) \cdot \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha})
   using lhs-subst-trivial by blast
  then have (map\ (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha})\ (var\text{-rule}\ \alpha)) = Bs
    using 3(1) l1 apply-lhs-subst-var-rule by force
  then show ?case using residual.simps(5) using bs cs g unfolding *
   by simp
next
  case (4 As Bs \alpha)
  from 4(4) varcond obtain g ts where g:lhs \alpha = Fun g ts
   by (metis\ Inl-inject\ is\ Fun\ Fun\ conv\ sum.simps(4)\ term.distinct(1)\ term.sel(2)
wf-pterm.cases)
  then have *:to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle As \rangle_{\alpha} = Pfun \ g \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ (map
to-pterm ts))
```

```
by simp
  from 4(4) have l1:length\ Bs = length\ (var-rule\ \alpha)
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  from 4(1,3) l1 have wellAs: \forall a \in set As. \ a \in wf\text{-pterm } R
   by (simp add: lhs-subst-args-wf-pterm)
  from 4(4) have wellBs: \forall b \in set Bs. b \in wf\text{-}pterm R
   by blast
  from 4(1) have l2:length (zip As Bs) = length As
   by simp
  with 4(1,2) wellAs wellBs have \forall i < length As. As ! i \sqcup Bs ! i \neq None
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) case-prod-conv nth-mem nth-zip)
  then have c: \forall i < length \ As. \ (\exists \ C. \ As!i \sqcup Bs!i = Some \ C)
   by blast
 from 4(1) have \forall i < length As. As!i <math>\sqcup Bs!i = (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs)!i
   by simp
 with c obtain Cs where \forall i < length \ As. \ As! i \sqcup Bs! i = Some \ (Cs!i) and length
Cs = length As
   using exists-some-list l2 by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map)
  with 4 have cs:those (map2 (\sqcup) As Bs) = Some Cs
   by (simp add: those-some)
 have bs:match (to-pterm (lhs \alpha) · \langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) = Some (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha})
   using lhs-subst-trivial by blast
  have (map\ (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha})\ (var\text{-rule}\ \alpha)) = As
    using 4(1) l1 apply-lhs-subst-var-rule by force
  then show ?case using residual.simps(7) using bs cs g unfolding *
   by simp
qed simp
context no-var-lhs
begin
lemma orth-imp-residual-defined:
 assumes A \perp_p B and A \in wf-pterm R and B \in wf-pterm R
 shows A re B \neq None
 using orth-imp-residual-defined assms no-var-lhs by fastforce
lemma orth-imp-join-defined:
 assumes A \perp_p B and A \in wf-pterm R and B \in wf-pterm R
 shows A \sqcup B \neq None
 using orth-imp-join-defined assms no-var-lhs by fastforce
\mathbf{lemma}\ orthogonal\text{-}ctxt:
  assumes C\langle A \rangle \perp_p C\langle B \rangle C \in wf\text{-}pterm\text{-}ctxt R
 shows A \perp_p B
 using assms proof(induct C)
 case (Cfun\ f\ ss1\ C\ ss2)
  from Cfun(2) have \forall i < length (ss1 @ C\langle A \rangle \# ss2). (ss1 @ C\langle A \rangle \# ss2) ! i
\perp_p (ss1 @ C\langle B \rangle \# ss2) ! i
  unfolding intp-actxt.simps using orthogonal.simps by (smt (verit) is-Prule.simps(1)
is-Prule.simps(3) term.distinct(1) term.sel(4))
```

```
then have C\langle A\rangle \perp_p C\langle B\rangle
  \textbf{by } (\textit{metis append.right-neutral length-append length-greater-0-conv length-nth-simps} (1)
list.discI nat-add-left-cancel-less nth-append-length)
  with Cfun(1,3) show ?case by auto
next
  case (Crule \alpha ss1 C ss2)
 from Crule(3) obtain f to where lhs \alpha = Fun f to
     using no-var-lhs by (smt (verit, del-insts) Inl-inject Inr-not-Inl case-prodD
actxt.distinct(1) actxt.inject term.collapse(2) wf-pterm-ctxt.simps)
  with Crule(2) have \forall i < length (ss1 @ C\langle A \rangle \# ss2). (ss1 @ C\langle A \rangle \# ss2) ! i
\perp_p (ss1 @ C\langle B\rangle \# ss2) ! i
   unfolding intp-actxt.simps using orthogonal.simps
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) Inl-inject Inr-not-Inl eval-term.simps(2) term.distinct(1)
term.inject(2) \ to-pterm.simps(2))
 then have C\langle A\rangle \perp_n C\langle B\rangle
   by (metis\ intp-actxt.simps(2)\ hole-pos.simps(2)\ hole-pos-poss\ nth-append-length
poss-Cons-poss \ term.sel(4))
  with Crule(1,3) show ?case by auto
qed simp
end
context left-lin-no-var-lhs
begin
lemma orthogonal-subst:
 assumes A \cdot \sigma \perp_p B \cdot \sigma source A = source B
   and A \in wf-pterm R B \in wf-pterm R
 shows A \perp_p B
 using assms(3,4,1,2) proof(induct A arbitrary:B rule:subterm-induct)
 case (subterm A)
 show ?case proof(cases A)
   case (Var x)
   with subterm no-var-lhs have B = Var x
    by (metis Inl-inject Inr-not-Inl case-prodD co-initial-Var is-VarI term.distinct(1)
term.inject(2) wf-pterm.simps)
   then show ?thesis
     unfolding Var by (simp add: orthogonal.intros(1))
  next
   case (Pfun f As)
   with subterm(5) show ?thesis proof(cases B)
     case (Pfun \ g \ Bs)
     from subterm(5) have f:f=g
       unfolding \langle A = Pfun \ f \ As \rangle \ Pfun \ \mathbf{by} \ simp
     from subterm(5) have l:length \ As = length \ Bs
       unfolding \langle A = Pfun \ f \ As \rangle \ Pfun \ using \ map-eq-imp-length-eq \ by \ auto
     {fix i assume i:i < length As
       with subterm(4) have As!i \cdot \sigma \perp_p Bs!i \cdot \sigma
         unfolding \langle A = Pfun \ f \ As \rangle \ Pfun \ eval-term.simps \ f
```

```
by (smt (verit) is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3) length-map nth-map
orthogonal.simps\ term.distinct(1)\ term.sel(4))
       moreover from i \ subterm(5) have source \ (As!i) = source \ (Bs!i)
             unfolding \langle A = Pfun \ f \ As \rangle \ Pfun \ eval-term.simps \ f \ by \ (simp \ add:
map-equality-iff)
       moreover from i \ l \ subterm(2,3) have As!i \in wf-pterm \ R \ Bs!i \in wf-pterm
R
         unfolding \langle A = Pfun \ f \ As \rangle \ Pfun \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
       moreover from i have As!i \triangleleft A
         unfolding \langle A = Pfun \ f \ As \rangle by simp
       ultimately have As!i \perp_p Bs!i
         using subterm(1) by simp
     }
     with l show ?thesis
       unfolding f \langle A = Pfun \ f \ As \rangle \ Pfun \ \mathbf{by} \ (simp \ add: \ orthogonal.intros(2))
   next
     case (Prule \beta Bs)
     with subterm(3) have lin:linear-term (lhs \beta)
       using left-lin left-linear-trs-def wf-pterm.cases by fastforce
     from subterm(3) obtain g ts where lhs:lhs \beta = Fun g ts
       unfolding Prule using no-var-lhs by (metis Inl-inject case-prodD is-FunE
is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3) term.distinct(1) term.inject(2) wf-pterm.simps(3)
     with subterm(4) obtain \tau 1 where A \cdot \sigma = to-pterm (lhs \beta) \cdot \tau 1
         unfolding Prule Pfun eval-term.simps using orthogonal.simps by (smt
(verit, ccfv-SIG) Inl-inject Inr-not-Inl term.inject(2))
     with subterm(4.5) obtain \tau where \tau 2:A = to\text{-}pterm (lhs <math>\beta) \cdot \tau
      unfolding Prule Pfun source.simps using simple-pterm-match lin by (metis
matches-iff\ source.simps(2))
     let ?As = map \ \tau \ (var - rule \ \beta)
     have l:length\ Bs = length\ (var-rule\ \beta)
       using Prule subterm.prems(2) wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
     from \tau 2 have A:A = to\text{-}pterm (lhs <math>\beta) \cdot \langle ?As \rangle_{\beta}
       by (metis lhs-subst-var-rule set-vars-term-list subsetI vars-to-pterm)
     {fix i assume i:i < length Bs
       have subt: ?As!i \triangleleft A
        using i l by (metis (no-types, lifting) \tau 2 comp-apply lhs nth-map nth-mem
set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list subst-image-subterm to-pterm.simps(2) vars-to-pterm)
       have wf:?As!i \in wf-pterm R
          using i l by (metis A length-map lhs-subst-args-wf-pterm nth-mem sub-
term.prems(1))
       have l':length (var-rule \beta) = length ?As
         by simp
       from subterm(4) A Prule lhs have orth: ?As!i \cdot \sigma \perp_p Bs!i \cdot \sigma proof(cases)
         case (4 As' Bs' \beta')
         then have Bs':Bs' = map (\lambda s. \ s \cdot \sigma) \ Bs and \beta':\beta' = \beta
           unfolding Prule by simp-all
         have As':As' = map (\lambda s. \ s \cdot \sigma) ?As \text{ proof} -
          have l'':length As' = length ? As using 4(3) l unfolding Bs' length-map
```

```
by simp
           {fix j assume j:j < length \ As' \ and \ neq: As'! j \neq map \ (\lambda s. \ s \cdot \sigma) \ ?As! j
             let ?x=var-rule \beta!j
             from j have x:?x \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \beta)
           by (metis comp-apply l' l'' nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list)
             then obtain p where p:p \in poss (lhs \beta) lhs \beta |-p = Var ?x
               by (meson vars-term-poss-subt-at)
             from j have 1:(\langle As' \rangle_{\beta}') ?x = As'!j
               using \beta' l'' lhs-subst-var-i by force
             from j have 2:(\langle map\ (\lambda s.\ s\cdot\sigma)\ ?As\rangle_{\beta})\ ?x=map\ (\lambda s.\ s\cdot\sigma)\ ?As!\ j
               using lhs-subst-var-i by (metis l'' length-map)
              then have False using 4(1) 1 2 p unfolding A eval-lhs-subst[OF l']
\beta'
                 by (smt (verit, del-insts) x neg set-vars-term-list term-subst-eq-rev
vars-to-pterm)
           then show ?thesis
             using l'' by (metis\ (mono-tags,\ lifting)\ map-nth-eq-conv\ nth-map)
         have i': i < length (zip (map (\lambda a. a \cdot \sigma) (map \tau (var-rule \beta))) (map (\lambda b. a. a. \sigma))
b \cdot \sigma(Bs)
           using i l by simp
         from 4(4) have map (\lambda a. \ a \cdot \sigma) \ (map \ \tau \ (var-rule \ \beta)) \ ! \ i \perp_p map \ (\lambda b. \ b
\cdot \sigma) Bs !i
          unfolding As' Bs' using i' by (metis case-prodD i l length-map nth-mem
nth-zip)
         then show ?thesis
           using i l by auto
       qed simp-all
       have co-init:source (?As!i) = source (Bs!i) \operatorname{proof}(rule \ ccontr)
         assume neq:source (?As!i) \neq source (Bs!i)
         let ?x=var\text{-}rule \ \beta!i
         from i l have x: ?x \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \beta)
           by (metis comp-apply nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list)
         then obtain p where p:p \in poss (lhs \beta) lhs \beta |-p = Var ?x
           by (meson vars-term-poss-subt-at)
         from i have 1:(\langle map \ source \ ?As \rangle_{\beta}) \ ?x = source \ (?As!i)
           using l lhs-subst-var-i by (metis length-map nth-map)
         from i have 2:(\langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\beta}) \ ?x = source \ (Bs!i)
           using l lhs-subst-var-i by (metis length-map nth-map)
         from subterm(5) show False using neq 1 2 p
        unfolding Prule\ A\ source.simps\ source-apply-subst[OF\ to-pterm-wf-pterm[of\ to-pterm]]
lhs \beta]] source-to-pterm
           using term-subst-eq-rev x by fastforce
       from subterm(1) subt wf orth co-init have ?As!i \perp_n Bs!i
         using i \ subterm(3) unfolding Prule \ by \ (meson \ fun-well-arg \ nth-mem)
     }
```

```
then show ?thesis unfolding A Prule
     by (smt (verit, best) case-prodI2 in-set-idx l length-map length-zip min-less-iff-conj
nth-zip orthogonal.intros(4) prod.sel(1) snd-conv)
   qed simp
  next
    case (Prule \alpha As)
   with subterm(2) have lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
      using left-lin left-linear-trs-def wf-pterm.cases by fastforce
   from subterm(2) obtain f ts where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun f ts
        \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{Inr-not-Inl}\ \mathit{Prule}\ \mathit{case-prodD}\ \mathit{is-FunE}\ \mathit{no-var-lhs}\ \mathit{sum.inject}(1)
term.distinct(1) \ term.inject(2) \ wf-pterm.simps)
   with subterm(5) show ?thesis proof(cases B)
     case (Var x)
     then show ?thesis
       using source-orthogonal subterm.prems(4) by fastforce
   next
     case (Pfun \ q \ Bs)
     with subterm(4) obtain \tau 1 where B \cdot \sigma = to-pterm (lhs \alpha) \cdot \tau 1
          unfolding Prule Pfun eval-term.simps using orthogonal.simps by (smt
(verit, ccfv-SIG) Inl-inject\ Inr-not-Inl\ term.inject(2))
     with subterm(4.5) obtain \tau where \tau 2:B = to-pterm (lhs \alpha) \cdot \tau
      unfolding Prule Pfun source.simps using simple-pterm-match lin by (metis
matches-iff\ source.simps(2))
     let ?Bs=map \tau (var-rule \alpha)
     have l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
        using Prule subterm.prems(1) wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
     from \tau 2 have B:B = to\text{-pterm } (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot \langle ?Bs \rangle_{\alpha}
       by (metis lhs-subst-var-rule set-vars-term-list subset vars-to-pterm)
     have l':length (var-rule \alpha) = length ?Bs
       by simp
      \{ \text{fix } i \text{ assume } i:i < length As \} 
       from subterm(4) B Prule lhs have orth:As!i \cdot \sigma \perp_p ?Bs!i \cdot \sigma proof(cases)
         case (3 As' Bs' \alpha')
         then have As':As' = map (\lambda s. \ s \cdot \sigma) \ As \text{ and } \alpha':\alpha' = \alpha
           unfolding Prule by simp-all
         have Bs':Bs' = map (\lambda s. \ s \cdot \sigma) ?Bs \text{ proof} -
          have l'':length Bs' = length ?Bs using 3(3) l unfolding As' length-map
by simp
           {fix j assume j:j < length Bs' and neq:Bs'! j \neq map (\lambda s. s \cdot \sigma) ?Bs! j
             let ?x=var\text{-}rule \alpha!i
             from j have x:?x \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \ \alpha)
                  by (metis comp-apply l'' length-map nth-mem set-remdups set-rev
set-vars-term-list)
             then obtain p where p:p \in poss (lhs \alpha) lhs \alpha |-p = Var ?x
               by (meson\ vars-term-poss-subt-at)
             from j have 1:(\langle Bs'\rangle_{\alpha}') ?x = Bs'!j
               using \alpha' l'' lhs-subst-var-i by force
             from j have 2:(\langle map\ (\lambda s.\ s\cdot\sigma)\ ?Bs\rangle_{\alpha})\ ?x=map\ (\lambda s.\ s\cdot\sigma)\ ?Bs!j
               using lhs-subst-var-i by (metis l'' length-map)
```

```
then have False using 3(1) 1 2 p unfolding B eval-lhs-subst[OF l']
\alpha'
              by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}SIG)\ 3(2)\ B\ \alpha'\ eval\text{-}lhs\text{-}subst\ l'\ map\text{-}eq\text{-}conv\ neq}
set-vars-term-list term-subst-eq-rev vars-to-pterm x)
           then show ?thesis
            using l'' by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) map-nth-eq-conv nth-map)
          have i':i < length (zip (map (\lambda b. b \cdot \sigma) As) (map (\lambda a. a \cdot \sigma) (map \tau))
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha))))
           using i \ l \ by \ simp
       from \Im(4) have map (\lambda b.\ b\cdot\sigma) As! i\perp_p map\ (\lambda a.\ a\cdot\sigma)\ (map\ \tau\ (var-rule
         unfolding As' Bs' using i' by (metis case-prodD i l length-map nth-mem
nth-zip)
         then show ?thesis
           using i l by auto
       qed simp-all
       have co-init:source (As!i) = source (?Bs!i) \operatorname{proof}(rule \ ccontr)
         assume neg:source (As!i) \neq source (?Bs!i)
         let ?x=var-rule \alpha!i
         from i l have x: ?x \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \alpha)
           by (metis comp-apply nth-mem set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list)
         then obtain p where p:p \in poss (lhs \alpha) lhs \alpha |-p = Var ?x
           by (meson vars-term-poss-subt-at)
         from i have 1:(\langle map \ source \ ?Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ?x = source \ (?Bs!i)
           using l lhs-subst-var-i by (metis length-map nth-map)
         from i have 2:(\langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ?x = source \ (As!i)
           using l lhs-subst-var-i by (metis length-map nth-map)
         from subterm(5) show False using neq 1 2 p
        unfolding Prule B source.simps source-apply-subst[OF to-pterm-wf-pterm[of
lhs \alpha]] source-to-pterm
           using term-subst-eq-rev x by fastforce
       from subterm(1,2,3) co-init have As!i \perp_p ?Bs!i
      using i l' orth unfolding Prule by (metis B fun-well-arq l lhs-subst-arqs-wf-pterm
nth-mem orth supt.arg)
     then show ?thesis unfolding B Prule
       by (smt (verit, best) case-prodI2 fst-conv in-set-zip l l' orthogonal.intros(3)
snd-conv)
   next
     case (Prule \beta Bs)
     from subterm(4) have \alpha:\alpha=\beta
      unfolding Prule \langle A = Prule \ \alpha \ As \rangle \ eval-term.simps \ using \ orthogonal.simps
           by (smt\ (verit)\ Inl-inject\ Prule\ eval-term.simps(2)\ is-Prule.simps(1)
is-Prule.simps(3) lhs no-var-lhs.lhs-is-Fun
                 no-var-lhs-axioms subterm.prems(2) term.collapse(2) term.sel(2)
to\text{-}pterm.simps(2))
```

```
from subterm(2,3) have l:length\ As = length\ Bs
       unfolding \langle A = Prule \ \alpha \ As \rangle \ Prule \ using \ \alpha \ length-args-well-Prule \ by \ blast
      {fix i assume i:i < length As
        with subterm(4) have As!i \cdot \sigma \perp_n Bs!i \cdot \sigma
            unfolding \langle A = Prule \ \alpha \ As \rangle \ Prule \ eval-term.simps \ \alpha \ by \ (smt \ (verit,
ccfv-threshold) Inl-inject
         \textit{Inr-not-Inl} \ \alpha \ \textit{eval-term.simps}(\textit{2}) \ \textit{length-map lhs nth-map orthogonal.simps}
term.distinct(1) \ term.inject(2) \ to-pterm.simps(2))
        moreover from i subterm(5) have source (As!i) = source (Bs!i)
            using Prule \alpha \land A = Prule \ \alpha \ As \land \ co\text{-}init\text{-}prule \ subterm.prems(1) \ sub-
term.prems(2) by blast
       moreover from i \ l \ subterm(2,3) have As!i \in wf-pterm \ R \ Bs!i \in wf-pterm
R
          unfolding Prule \langle A = Prule \ \alpha \ As \rangle by auto
        moreover from i have As!i \triangleleft A
          unfolding \langle A = Prule \ \alpha \ As \rangle by simp
        ultimately have As!i \perp_p Bs!i
          using subterm(1) by simp
      with l show ?thesis
        unfolding \alpha \land A = Prule \ \alpha \ As \land Prule \ by (simp add: orthogonal.intros(2))
    qed
  qed
qed
end
end
```

5 Labels and Overlaps

```
\begin{tabular}{l} \textbf{theory} \ Labels-and-Overlaps\\ \textbf{imports}\\ Orthogonal-PT\\ Well-Quasi-Orders.Almost-Full-Relations\\ \textbf{begin}\\ \end{tabular}
```

5.1 Labeled Proof Terms

The idea is to label function symbols in the source of a proof term that are affected by a rule symbol α with α and the distance from the root to α . Therefore, a label is a pair consisting of a rule symbol and a natural number, or it can be *None*. A labeled term is a term, where each function symbol additionally has a label associated with it.

```
type-synonym ('f, 'v) \ label = (('f, 'v) \ prule \times nat) \ option type-synonym ('f, 'v) \ term-lab = ('f \times ('f, 'v) \ label, 'v) \ term
```

```
label-term \alpha i (Var x) = Var x
| label-term \alpha i (Fun f ts) = Fun (f, Some (\alpha, i)) (map (label-term \alpha (i+1)) ts)
abbreviation labeled-lhs :: ('f, 'v) prule \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) term-lab
  where labeled-lhs \alpha \equiv label-term \alpha \ \theta (lhs \alpha)
fun labeled-source :: ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) term-lab
  where
  labeled-source (Var x) = Var x
 labeled-source (Pfun f As) = Fun (f, None) (map labeled-source As)
 labeled-source (Prule \alpha As) = (labeled-lhs \alpha) · \langle map \ labeled-source As\rangle_{\alpha}
fun term-lab-to-term :: ('f, 'v) term-lab \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) term
  where
  term-lab-to-term (Var x) = Var x
| term-lab-to-term (Fun f ts) = Fun (fst f) (map term-lab-to-term ts)
fun term-to-term-lab :: ('f, 'v) term \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) term-lab
  where
  term-to-term-lab (Var x) = Var x
| term-to-term-lab (Fun f ts) = Fun (f, None) (map term-to-term-lab ts)
fun get-label :: ('f, 'v) term-lab \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) label
  where
  qet-label (Var x) = None
| get-label (Fun f ts) = snd f
fun labelposs :: ('f, 'v) term-lab \Rightarrow pos set
  labelposs (Var x) = \{\}
 labelposs\ (Fun\ (f,\ None)\ ts) = (\bigcup i < length\ ts.\ \{i\ \#\ p\mid p.\ p\in labelposs\ (ts\ !\ i)\})
| labelposs (Fun (f, Some l) ts) = \{[]\} \cup (\bigcup i < length ts. \{i \# p \mid p. p \in labelposs \}) \}
(ts \mid i)
abbreviation possL :: ('f, 'v) \ pterm \Rightarrow pos \ set
  where possL A \equiv labelposs (labeled-source A)
lemma\ labelposs-term-to-term-lab:\ labelposs\ (term-to-term-lab\ t)=\{\}
 \mathbf{by}(induct\ t)\ simp-all
lemma term-lab-to-term-lab[simp]: term-lab-to-term (term-to-term-lab t) = t
\mathbf{proof}(induct\ t)
 case (Fun f ts)
 then show ?case
     unfolding term-lab-to-term.simps term-to-term-lab.simps fst-conv by (simp
add: map-nth-eq-conv)
```

fun label-term :: ('f, 'v) prule \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) term \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) term-lab

where

```
qed simp
\mathbf{lemma}\ term\text{-}lab\text{-}to\text{-}term\text{-}subt\text{-}at:
 assumes p \in poss t
 shows term-lab-to-term t \mid -p = term-lab-to-term (t \mid -p)
 using assms proof(induct p arbitrary:t)
 case (Cons\ i\ p)
  from args-poss[OF\ Cons(2)] obtain f ts where f:t = Fun\ f ts and
   p:p \in poss \ (ts \ ! \ i) \ \mathbf{and} \ i:i < length \ ts \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
 from Cons(1)[OF p] i show ?case
   unfolding f term-lab-to-term.simps by simp
qed simp
lemma vars-term-labeled-lhs: vars-term (label-term \alpha i t) = vars-term t
 \mathbf{by}\ (induct\ t\ arbitrary{:}i)\ simp-all
lemma vars-term-list-labeled-lhs: vars-term-list (label-term \alpha i t) = vars-term-list
proof (induct t arbitrary:i)
 case (Fun f ts)
 show ?case unfolding label-term.simps vars-term-list.simps using Fun
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) length-map map-nth-eq-conv nth-mem)
qed (simp \ add: vars-term-list.simps(1))
lemma var-poss-list-labeled-lhs: var-poss-list (label-term \alpha i t) = var-poss-list t
proof (induct t arbitrary:i)
 case (Fun f ts)
  then have ts:map\ (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list \circ label\text{-}term\ \alpha\ (i+1))\ ts = map\ var\text{-}poss\text{-}list
ts
   by auto
 then show ?case
   unfolding label-term.simps var-poss-list.simps map-map ts by simp
qed (simp add: poss-list.simps(1))
lemma var-labeled-lhs[simp]: vars-distinct (label-term \alpha i t) = vars-distinct t
 by (simp add: vars-term-list-labeled-lhs)
\mathbf{lemma}\ labelposs\text{-}subt\text{-}at:
  assumes q \in poss \ t \ p \in labelposs \ (t | -q)
 \mathbf{shows}\ q@p \in \mathit{labelposs}\ t
 using assms proof(induct \ t \ arbitrary:q)
  case (Fun f ts)
  then show ?case proof(cases q)
   case (Cons i q')
   with Fun(2) have i:i < length ts and q':q' \in poss (ts!i)
     by simp+
   with Fun(3) have p \in labelposs((ts!i)|-q')
     unfolding Cons by simp
   with Fun(1) i q' have IH:q'@p \in labelposs (ts!i)
```

```
using nth-mem by blast
   obtain f' lab where f:f = (f', lab)
     by fastforce
   then show ?thesis proof(cases lab)
    case None
    show ?thesis
      unfolding f Cons None labelposs.simps using i IH by simp
     case (Some \ a)
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding f Cons Some labelposs.simps using i IH by simp
 qed simp
qed simp
lemma var-label-term:
 assumes p \in poss \ t \ \mathbf{and} \ t|-p = Var \ x
 shows label-term \alpha n t \mid-p = Var x
 using assms proof(induct \ t \ arbitrary:p \ n)
 case (Fun f ts)
 then obtain i p' where p':i < length ts <math>p = i \# p' p' \in poss (ts!i)
   by auto
 then show ?case
   unfolding label-term.simps p'(2) subt-at.simps using Fun(1,3) p'(2) by force
qed simp
lemma get-label-label-term:
 assumes p \in fun\text{-}poss\ t
 shows get-label (label-term \alpha n t|-p) = Some (\alpha, n + size p)
 using assms proof(induct\ t\ arbitrary:\ n\ p)
 case (Fun f ts)
 show ?case proof(cases p)
   case (Cons \ i \ p')
   with Fun(2) have i:i < length ts and p':p' \in fun-poss (ts!i) by simp+
   with Fun(1) have get-label (label-term \alpha (n+1) (ts!i) |- p') = Some (\alpha, n + 1)
1 + size p' by simp
   then show ?thesis unfolding Cons label-term.simps subt-at.simps using i by
auto
 qed simp
qed simp
lemma linear-label-term:
 assumes linear-term t
 shows linear-term (label-term \alpha n t)
 using assms proof(induct t arbitrary:n)
 case (Fun f ts)
 from Fun(2) have (is-partition (map vars-term ts))
   by simp
 then have is-partition (map vars-term (map (label-term \alpha (Suc n)) ts))
```

```
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) length-map map-nth-eq-conv vars-term-labeled-lhs)
  moreover {fix t assume t:t \in set ts
   with Fun(2) have linear-term t
     by simp
   with Fun(1) have linear-term (label-term \alpha (Suc n) t)
     using t by blast
  ultimately show ?case unfolding label-term.simps by simp
qed simp
\mathbf{lemma}\ var\text{-}term\text{-}lab\text{-}to\text{-}term:
  assumes p \in poss \ t \ and \ t|-p = Var \ x
 shows term-lab-to-term t \mid -p = Var x
 using assms proof(induct t arbitrary:p)
  case (Fun f ts)
  then obtain i p' where p':i < length ts <math>p = i \# p' p' \in poss (ts!i)
   by auto
  then show ?case
    unfolding term-lab-to-term.simps p'(2) subt-at.simps using Fun(1,3) p'(2)
by force
qed simp
lemma poss-term-lab-to-term[simp]: poss <math>t = poss (term-lab-to-term t)
 \mathbf{by}(induct\ t)\ auto
lemma fun-poss-term-lab-to-term[simp]: fun-poss t = fun-poss (term-lab-to-term
 \mathbf{by}(induct\ t)\ auto
\mathbf{lemma}\ vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\text{-}term\text{-}lab\text{-}to\text{-}term:\ vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ t=\ vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ (term\text{-}lab\text{-}to\text{-}term)
proof(induct \ t)
 case (Var x)
  then show ?case
   by (simp\ add:\ vars-term-list.simps(1))
  case (Fun f ts)
  then show ?case unfolding vars-term-list.simps term-lab-to-term.simps
   by (smt (verit, best) length-map map-eq-conv' nth-map nth-mem)
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\text{-}term\text{-}to\text{-}term\text{-}lab\text{:}\ vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ (term\text{-}to\text{-}term\text{-}lab\ t) = vars\text{-}term\text{-}list
proof(induct \ t)
  case (Var x)
  then show ?case
   by (simp\ add:\ vars-term-list.simps(1))
next
  case (Fun f ts)
```

```
then show ?case unfolding vars-term-list.simps term-to-term-lab.simps
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) length-map map-nth-eq-conv nth-mem)
qed
lemma linear-term-to-term-lab:
  assumes linear-term t
  \mathbf{shows}\ linear\text{-}term\ (term\text{-}to\text{-}term\text{-}lab\ t)
  using assms proof(induct t)
  case (Fun f ts)
  then show ?case unfolding term-to-term-lab.simps linear-term.simps
  \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ (verit,\ best)\ image E\ length-map\ list.set-map\ map-nth-eq-conv\ set-vars-term-list
vars-term-list-term-to-term-lab)
qed simp
{\bf lemma}\ var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\text{-}term\text{-}lab\text{-}to\text{-}term: var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ t=var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (term\text{-}lab\text{-}to\text{-}term)
proof(induct t)
  case (Var x)
  then show ?case
   by (simp\ add:\ poss-list.simps(1))
  case (Fun f ts)
  then have *:(map\ var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ ts) = (map\ var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (map\ term\text{-}lab\text{-}to\text{-}term
ts))
 then show ?case unfolding term-lab-to-term.simps var-poss-list.simps length-map
   by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma label-poss-labeled-lhs:
  assumes p \in fun\text{-}poss (label\text{-}term \alpha \ n \ t)
  shows p \in labelposs (label-term \alpha n t)
  using assms proof(induct \ t \ arbitrary:p \ n)
  case (Fun f ts)
  then show ?case proof(cases p)
   case (Cons i p')
   from Fun(2) have i:i < length ts
     unfolding Cons by simp
   with Fun(2) have p' \in fun\text{-}poss\ (label\text{-}term\ \alpha\ (n+1)\ (ts!i))
     unfolding Cons by auto
   with i have p' \in labelposs (label-term \alpha (n+1) (ts!i))
     using Fun(1) by simp
   with i show ?thesis
     unfolding Cons label-term.simps labelposs.simps by simp
  qed simp
qed simp
```

lemma labeled-var:

```
assumes source A = Var x
 shows labeled-source A = Var x
 using assms proof(induct A)
 case (Prule \alpha As)
 then show ?case proof(cases As = [])
   {\bf case}\ {\it True}
   from Prule(2) have lhs \alpha = Var x
     unfolding source.simps True list.map by simp
   with True show ?thesis
     by simp
 next
   case False
   then obtain a as where as:As = a \# as
     using list.exhaust by blast
   from Prule(2) obtain y where y:lhs \alpha = Var y
     using is-Var-def by fastforce
   from Prule(2) have source a = Var x
     unfolding source.simps y as single-var by simp
   with Prule(1) as have labeled-source a = Var x
    by simp
   then show ?thesis
     unfolding labeled-source.simps as y single-var by simp
 qed
\mathbf{qed}\ simp\mbox{-}all
lemma labelposs-subs-fun-poss: labelposs t \subseteq fun-poss t
\mathbf{proof}(induct\ t)
 case (Fun fl ts)
 then show ?case proof(cases snd fl)
   case None
   then obtain f where f:fl = (f, None)
    by (metis prod.collapse)
   i)\})
    by simp
   also have ... \subseteq (\bigcup i < length \ ts. \{i \# p \mid p. \ p \in fun-poss \ (ts ! \ i)\}) using Fun
   by (smt SUP-mono basic-trans-rules(31) lessThan-iff mem-Collect-eq nth-mem
subsetI)
   finally show ?thesis
     by auto
 next
   case (Some \ l)
   then obtain f where f:fl = (f, Some \ l)
     by (metis prod.collapse)
  then have labelposs (Fun fl ts) = \{[]\} \cup (\bigcup i < length ts. \{i \# p \mid p. p \in labelposs \})
(ts ! i)
    by simp
   also have ... \subseteq \{[]\} \cup (\bigcup i < length \ ts. \ \{i \ \# \ p \ | p. \ p \in fun-poss \ (ts \ ! \ i)\}) using
Fun
```

```
by (smt SUP-mono basic-trans-rules(31) less Than-iff mem-Collect-eq nth-mem
subsetI sup-mono)
   finally show ?thesis
     by auto
 ged
qed simp
lemma labelposs-subs-poss[simp]: labelposs\ t \subseteq poss\ t
  using labelposs-subs-fun-poss fun-poss-imp-poss by blast
lemma get-label-imp-labelposs:
 assumes p \in poss\ t and get-label (t|-p) \neq None
 shows p \in labelposs t
 using assms proof(induct p arbitrary:t)
 case Nil
 then show ?case unfolding subt-at.simps
  by (smt UnCl get-label.elims insert-iff labelposs.elims prod.sel(2) term.distinct(1)
term.inject(2)
next
 case (Cons\ i\ p)
 then obtain f ts where t:t = Fun f ts and p \in poss (ts! i) and i:i < length ts
   using args-poss by blast
  with Cons(1,3) have p \in labelposs(ts!i)
   by simp
  with i have p:i \# p \in (\bigcup i < length \ ts. \{i \# p \mid p. \ p \in labelposs \ (ts ! i)\})
   by blast
  then show ?case proof(cases snd f)
   case None
   with p show ?thesis unfolding t using labelposs.simps(2)
     by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) prod.collapse)
 next
   case (Some \ a)
   with p show ?thesis unfolding t using labelposs.simps(3)
     \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ \mathit{UN-iff}\ \mathit{Un-iff}\ \mathit{mem-Collect-eq}\ \mathit{prod.collapse})
 qed
qed
lemma labelposs-obtain-label:
 assumes p \in labelposs t
 shows \exists \alpha \ m. \ get\text{-}label \ (t|-p) = Some(\alpha, \ m)
 using assms proof(induct t arbitrary: p)
  case (Fun \ fl \ ts)
  then show ?case proof(cases p)
   case Nil
   \{ \text{fix } f \text{ assume } f: fl = (f, None) \}
     from Fun(2) have False unfolding Nil f labelposs.simps(2)
   with Nil show ?thesis
```

```
by (metis\ eq\text{-}snd\text{-}iff\ get\text{-}label.simps(2)\ option.exhaust\ subt\text{-}at.simps(1))
  next
    case (Cons\ i\ q)
    with Fun(2) have iq:i \# q \in labelposs (Fun fl ts)
      by simp
    then have i:i < length ts
      using labelposs-subs-poss by fastforce
    with iq have i \# q \in \{i \# p \mid p. p \in labelposs (ts ! i)\} proof(cases snd fl)
      case (Some \ a)
      then obtain f \alpha n where f:f=(f, Some(\alpha, n))
        by (metis\ eq\text{-}snd\text{-}iff)
      from iq show ?thesis unfolding f labelposs.simps
        by blast
    qed (smt UN-iff labelposs.simps(2) list.inject mem-Collect-eq prod.collapse)
    with i Fun(1) Cons show ?thesis
      by simp
  qed
qed simp
lemma possL-obtain-label:
  assumes p \in possL A
  shows \exists \alpha \ m. \ get\text{-label} \ ((labeled\text{-}source \ A)|-p) = Some(\alpha, m)
  using assms labelposs-obtain-label by blast
lemma labeled-source-apply-subst:
  assumes A \in wf-pterm R
  shows labeled-source (A \cdot \sigma) = (labeled\text{-}source \ A) \cdot (labeled\text{-}source \circ \sigma)
using assms proof(induct A)
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
 have id: \forall x \in vars\text{-}term \ (labeled\text{-}lhs \ \alpha). \ (\langle map \ (labeled\text{-}source \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha})
x = (\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (labeled\text{-}source \circ \sigma)) \ x
  proof-
   have vars:vars-term (labeled-lhs \alpha) = set (var-rule \alpha) using vars-term-labeled-lhs
by simp
    { fix i assume i:i < length (var-rule \alpha)
       with 3 have (\langle map \ (labeled\text{-}source \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)!i) =
labeled-source ((As!i) \cdot \sigma)
        by (simp add: mk-subst-distinct)
      also have ... = labeled-source (As!i) \cdot (labeled-source \circ \sigma)
         using 3 i by (metis nth-mem)
      also have ... = (\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (labeled\text{-}source \circ \sigma)) ((var-rule
\alpha)!i)
        using 3 i unfolding subst-compose-def by (simp add: mk-subst-distinct)
        finally have (\langle map \ (labeled\text{-}source \circ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ ((var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)!i) =
(\langle map\ labeled\text{-}source\ As \rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (labeled\text{-}source \circ \sigma)) ((var\text{-}rule\ \alpha)!i).
    } with vars show ?thesis by (metis in-set-idx)
  ged
  have labeled-source ((Prule \alpha As) \cdot \sigma) = (labeled-lhs \alpha) \cdot \langle map \ (labeled-source \circ
(\lambda t. \ t \cdot \sigma)) \ As\rangle_{\alpha}
```

```
unfolding eval-term.simps(2) by simp
  also have ... = (labeled-lhs \alpha) · (\langle map labeled-source As \rangle_{\alpha} \circ_s (labeled-source \circ
\sigma))
    using id by (meson term-subst-eq)
  also have ... = (labeled\text{-}source\ (Prule\ \alpha\ As)) \cdot (labeled\text{-}source\ \circ\ \sigma) by simp
  finally show ?case.
qed simp-all
lemma labelposs-apply-subst:
  labelposs\ (s \cdot \sigma) = labelposs\ s \cup \{p@q|\ p\ q\ x.\ p \in var\text{-}poss\ s \wedge s| \text{-}p = Var\ x \wedge q
\in labelposs (\sigma x)
\mathbf{proof}(induct\ s)
  case (Fun f ts)
  obtain f' l where f:f = (f', l) by fastforce
  let ?lp1 = \{ j \in length \ ts. \{ i \# p \mid p. p \in labelposs \ (ts!i) \} \}
  let 2lp2= \int i < length ts. {i#(p@q)| p q x. p \in var-poss (ts!i) \land (ts!i)|-p = Var x}
\land q \in labelposs (\sigma x)
  {fix i assume i:i < length ts
    with Fun have \{i \# p \mid p. p \in labelposs (ts ! i \cdot \sigma)\} = \{i \# p \mid p. p \in labelposs \}
(ts!i) \cup \{p@q \mid p \mid q \mid x. \mid p \in var\text{-}poss \mid (ts!i) \mid \land (ts!i) \mid \neg p = Var \mid x \land q \in labelposs \mid (\sigma \mid x)\}\}
     then have \{i \# p \mid p. p \in labelposs (map (\lambda s. s \cdot \sigma) ts! i)\} = \{i \# p \mid p. p \in labelposs (map (\lambda s. s \cdot \sigma) ts! i)\}
labelposs\ (ts!i)\} \cup \{i\#(p@q)|\ p\ q\ x.\ p\in var\ poss\ (ts!i)\land (ts!i)|\ -p=\ Var\ x\land q\in var\ poss\ (ts!i)\}
labelposs (\sigma x)
       unfolding Un-iff using i by auto
  \mathbf{Pote}\ IH=this
  {fix i assume i:i < length ts
    \mathbf{let} \ ?l = \{i \# (p@q) | \ p \ q \ x. \ p \in \mathit{var-poss} \ (\mathit{ts}!i) \land (\mathit{ts}!i) | -p = \mathit{Var} \ x \land q \in \mathit{labelposs} \}
(\sigma x)
    let ?r = \{p@q \mid p \mid q \mid x. \mid p \in \{i \not \# p \mid p. \mid p \in var\text{-}poss \mid (ts!i)\} \land (Fun \mid fts) \mid p = Var \mid fts \mid p \mid p \in var\text{-}poss \mid (ts!i)\}
x \land q \in labelposs (\sigma x)
    have ?l = ?r proof
       show ?l \subseteq ?r
        by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Collect-mono-iff Cons-eq-appendI mem-Collect-eq
subt-at.simps(2))
       show ?r \subseteq ?l
             \mathbf{by} \ (\mathit{smt} \ (\mathit{verit}, \ \mathit{best}) \ \mathit{Collect-mono-iff} \ \mathit{Cons-eq-appendI} \ \mathit{mem-Collect-eq}
subt-at.simps(2))
    qed
  then have lp2:\{p@q|\ p\ q\ x.\ p\in var\text{-}poss\ (Fun\ f\ ts)\land (Fun\ f\ ts)|\ p=Var\ x\land q
\in labelposs (\sigma x) \} = ?lp2
    unfolding var-poss.simps by auto
  show ?case proof(cases l)
    case None
    have labelposs\ (Fun\ f\ ts\cdot\sigma)=?lp1\cup?lp2
       unfolding eval-term.simps f None labelposs.simps length-map using IH by
auto
    moreover have labelposs (Fun f ts) = ?lp1
```

```
unfolding f None by simp
   ultimately show ?thesis using lp2 by simp
 next
   case (Some \ a)
   have labelposs (Fun f ts \cdot \sigma) = \{[]\} \cup ?lp1 \cup ?lp2
      unfolding eval-term.simps f Some labelposs.simps length-map using IH by
auto
   moreover have labelposs (Fun f ts) = \{[]\} \cup ?lp1
     unfolding f Some by simp
   ultimately show ?thesis using lp2 by simp
 qed
qed simp
lemma possL-apply-subst:
 assumes A \cdot \sigma \in wf-pterm R
 shows possL(A \cdot \sigma) = possL(A \cup \{p@q \mid p \mid q \mid x. \mid p \in var\text{-}poss(labeled\text{-}source} \mid A)
\land (labeled\text{-}source\ A)| -p = Var\ x \land q \in possL\ (\sigma\ x) \}
proof-
 from assms have *:labeled-source (A \cdot \sigma) = labeled-source A \cdot (labeled-source \circ
   using labeled-source-apply-subst subst-imp-well-def by blast
  then show ?thesis unfolding * labelposs-apply-subst
   by auto
qed
lemma label-term-to-term[simp]: term-lab-to-term (label-term \alpha n t) = t
 by(induct\ t\ arbitrary: \alpha\ n)(simp-all\ add:\ map-nth-eq-conv)
lemma fun-poss-label-term: p \in fun-poss (label-term \beta n t) \longleftrightarrow p \in fun-poss t
proof
  {assume p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (label\text{-}term\ \beta\ n\ t)}
   then show p \in fun\text{-}poss\ t\ \mathbf{proof}(induct\ t\ arbitrary:n\ p)
     case (Fun f ts)
     then show ?case by (cases p) auto
   qed simp
  {assume p \in fun\text{-}poss\ t
   then show p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (label\text{-}term\ \beta\ n\ t)\ \mathbf{proof}(induct\ t\ arbitrary:n\ p)
     case (Fun f ts)
     then show ?case by(cases p) auto
   \mathbf{qed} simp
 }
qed
lemma term-lab-to-term-subst: term-lab-to-term (t \cdot \sigma) = term-lab-to-term t \cdot \sigma
(term-lab-to-term \circ \sigma)
proof(induct t)
 case (Fun f As)
 then show ?case unfolding eval-term.simps(2) term-lab-to-term.simps
```

```
by fastforce
\mathbf{qed}\ simp
lemma labeled-source-to-term[simp]: term-lab-to-term (labeled-source A) = source
proof(induct A)
 case (Prule \alpha As)
  have term-lab-to-term \circ (map labeled-source As)_{\alpha} = \langle map \ (term-lab-to-term \circ
labeled-source) As\rangle_{\alpha}
   by simp
 also have ... = \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha} using Prule
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) comp-apply map-eq-conv)
 finally show ?case unfolding labeled-source.simps source.simps
   by (simp add: term-lab-to-term-subst)
qed simp-all
lemma possL-subset-poss-source: possL A \subseteq poss (source A)
 using poss-term-lab-to-term labeled-source-to-term labelposs-subs-poss
 by metis
lemma labeled-source-pos:
 assumes p \in poss \ s and term-lab-to-term \ t = s
 shows term-lab-to-term (t|-p) = s|-p
using assms proof(induct p arbitrary:s t)
  case (Cons \ i \ p)
 from Cons(2) obtain f ss where s:s = Fun f ss
   using args-poss by blast
  with Cons(2) have p:p \in poss (ss!i)
   by force
 from Cons(3) s obtain label ts where t:t = Fun (f, label) ts
  by (metis\ args-poss\ local.\ Cons(2)\ poss-term-lab-to-term\ prod.\ collapse\ term.\ inject(2)
term-lab-to-term.simps(2))
  with Cons(2,3) s have term-lab-to-term (ts!i) = ss!i
   by auto
  with Cons(1) p show ?case unfolding s t
   by simp
qed simp
lemma get-label-at-fun-poss-subst:
 assumes p \in fun\text{-}poss\ t
 shows get-label ((t \cdot \sigma)|-p) = get-label (t|-p)
 using assms fun-poss-fun-conv fun-poss-imp-poss by fastforce
lemma\ labeled-source-simple-pterm:possL (to-pterm t) = {}
 \mathbf{by}(induct\ t) simp-all
lemma label-term-increase:
 assumes s = (label-term \ \alpha \ n \ t) \cdot \sigma  and p \in fun-poss \ t
 shows get-label (s|-p) = Some (\alpha, n + length p)
```

```
using assms proof(induct \ p \ arbitrary: s \ t \ n)
 case Nil
 then obtain f ts where t = Fun f ts
  by (metis fun-poss-list.simps(1) in-set-simps(3) is-FunE is-Var-def set-fun-poss-list)
 with Nil(1) show ?case
   by simp
\mathbf{next}
 case (Cons \ i \ p)
 then obtain f ts where f:t = Fun f ts and i:i < length ts
   by (meson args-poss fun-poss-imp-poss)
 with Cons(3) have p:p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (ts!i)
   by auto
 let ?s' = (label-term \ \alpha \ (n+1) \ (ts!i)) \cdot \sigma
 from Cons(1) p have get-label (?s'|-p) = Some (\alpha, n + 1 + length p)
 with i show ?case unfolding Cons(2) f
   by simp
qed
The number attached to a labeled function symbol cannot exceed the depth
of that function symbol.
lemma label-term-max-value:
 assumes p \in poss (labeled-source A) and get-label ((labeled-source A)|-p) = Some
(\alpha, n)
   and A \in wf-pterm R
 shows n \leq length p
 using assms proof(induct \ A \ arbitrary: \ p)
 case (Pfun \ f \ As)
 then show ?case proof(cases p)
   case (Cons\ i\ q)
   with Pfun(2) have i:i < length As by <math>simp
   with Pfun(3) have lab: qet-label (labeled-source (As!i) |-q) = Some (\alpha, n)
     unfolding Cons by simp
   with Pfun(2) i have q \in poss (labeled-source (As!i))
     unfolding Cons by auto
   with Pfun(1,4) Cons i lab show ?thesis
     using nth-mem fun-well-arg by fastforce
 qed simp
next
 case (Prule \beta As)
 from Prule(2) consider p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (labeled\text{-}lhs\ \beta) \mid (\exists\ p1\ p2\ x.\ p=p1@p2
                                 \land p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs \beta) \land (labeled-lhs \beta)|-p1 =
Var x
                                  \land p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x)
                                       labeled-source As\rangle_{\beta}) x)|-p2)
  unfolding labeled-source.simps by (meson poss-is-Fun-fun-poss poss-subst-choice)
 then show ?case proof(cases)
   case 1
```

```
then have p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (lhs\ \beta)
     by (simp add: fun-poss-label-term)
   then have get-label ((labeled-source (Prule \beta As))|-p) = Some (\beta, length p)
     unfolding labeled-source.simps by (simp add: label-term-increase)
   with Prule(3) show ?thesis by auto
  next
   case 2
   then obtain p1 p2 x where p1p2:p = p1 @ p2 and x:p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs
\beta) \wedge labeled-lhs \beta |- p1 = Var x
      and p2:p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x)
     and lab:labeled-source (Prule \beta As) |- p = (\langle map \ labeled\text{-source } As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x \mid - p2
   from Prule(4) have l:length As = length (var-rule <math>\beta)
     using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
   from x have x \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \beta)
   by (metis subt-at-imp-supteq subteq-Var-imp-in-vars-term vars-term-labeled-lhs)
   with x obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \beta) \land (var-rule \beta)!i = x
     by (metis in-set-conv-nth set-vars-term-list vars-term-list-vars-distinct)
   with l have *:(\langle map \ labeled-source As \rangle_{\beta}) x = labeled-source (As!i)
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map lhs-subst-var-i nth-map)
   with Prule(3) lab have qet-label ((labeled-source (As!i))|-p2) = Some(\alpha, n)
     by simp
   with Prule(1,4) p2 * i l have n \leq length p2
     by (metis fun-well-arg nth-mem)
   with * p1p2 lab i l show ?thesis by force
  qed
qed simp
The labels decrease when moving up towards the root from a labeled function
symbol.
lemma label-decrease:
  assumes p@q \in poss \ (labeled\text{-}source \ A)
   and get-label ((labeled-source A)|-(p@q)) = Some (\alpha, length q + n)
   and A \in wf-pterm R
  shows get-label ((labeled-source A)|-p) = Some (\alpha, n)
  using assms proof (induct \ A \ arbitrary: \ p \ q)
 case (Pfun f As)
  then show ?case proof(cases p)
   case Nil
   from Pfun(2,3) obtain i \ q' where iq':q=i\#q' and i:i < length \ As and q':q'
\in poss (labeled\text{-}source (As!i))
     unfolding Nil by auto
   with Pfun(2,3) have qet-label (labeled-source (As!i) |- (q')) = Some(\alpha, length)
q + n
     unfolding Nil by auto
   with iq' q' have False
     using label-term-max-value Pfun(4) i fun-well-arg by (metis le-imp-less-Suc
length-nth-simps(2) not-add-less1 nth-mem)
   then show ?thesis by simp
```

```
next
       case (Cons\ i\ p')
       with Pfun(2) have ip':p = i \# p' and i:i < length As
       with Pfun(2) have p':p'@q \in poss (labeled-source (As!i))
           by simp
       from Pfun(3) i ip' have get-label (labeled-source (As!i) |- (p'@q)) = Some (\alpha,
length \ q + n)
          by simp
       with Pfun(1,4) p' i have get-label ((labeled-source (As!i))|-p') = Some(\alpha, n)
           by (metis fun-well-arg nth-mem)
       then show ?thesis
           using i ip' by fastforce
   qed
next
   case (Prule \beta As)
    from Prule(2) consider p@q \in fun\text{-}poss (labeled\text{-}lhs \beta) \mid (\exists p1 \ p2 \ x. \ p@q =
p1@p2
                                                                       \land p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs \beta) \land (labeled-lhs \beta)|-p1 =
 Var x
                                                                          \land p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x)
                                                                           \land (labeled\text{-}source (Prule \ \beta \ As))| - (p@q) = ((\langle map \ alpha \ baseline \ baselin
labeled-source As\rangle_{\beta}) x)|-p2)
     unfolding labeled-source.simps by (meson poss-is-Fun-fun-poss poss-subst-choice)
    then show ?case proof(cases)
       case 1
          then have lab: get-label ((labeled-source (Prule \beta As))|-(p@q)) = Some (\beta,
length p + length q)
           by (simp add: fun-poss-label-term label-term-increase)
       from 1 have p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (labeled\text{-}lhs\ \beta)\ \mathbf{proof}(cases\ q)
           case (Cons a list)
           then show ?thesis
              using 1 fun-poss-append-poss fun-poss-imp-poss by blast
       qed simp
       with Prule(3) lab show ?thesis
           by (simp add: fun-poss-label-term label-term-increase)
   next
       case 2
      then obtain p1 p2 x where p1p2:p@q = p1 @ p2 and x:p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs
\beta) \wedge labeled-lhs \beta |- p1 = Var x
             and p2:p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x)
             and lab:labeled-source (Prule \beta As) |-(p@q) = (\langle map \ labeled-source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x
|-p2|
           by blast
       from Prule(4) have l:length As = length (var-rule <math>\beta)
           using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
       from x have x \in vars\text{-}term (lhs <math>\beta)
        by (metis subt-at-imp-supteq subteq-Var-imp-in-vars-term vars-term-labeled-lhs)
       then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \beta) \land (var-rule \beta)!i = x
```

```
by (metis in-set-idx set-vars-term-list vars-term-list-vars-distinct)
   with l have *:(\langle map \ labeled-source As \rangle_{\beta}) x = labeled-source (As!i)
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map lhs-subst-var-i nth-map)
   with Prule(3) lab have as-i:get-label ((labeled-source (As!i))|-p2) = Some (\alpha,
length q + n)
     by simp
   have p1-above-p:p1 \le_p p proof(rule\ ccontr)
     assume \neg p1 \leq_p p
     with p1p2 have length p < length p1
      by (metis less-eq-pos-simps(1) pos-cases pos-less-eq-append-not-parallel pre-
fix-smaller)
     with p1p2 have le:length p2 < length q
      using length-append by (metis add.commute less-add-eq-less)
     with as-i Prule(4) * i l p2 have length q + n \leq length p2
      by (metis fun-well-arg label-term-max-value nth-mem)
     with le show False by linarith
   qed
   let ?p'=the\ (remove-prefix\ p1\ p)
   from p1-above-p p1p2 have p2':p2 = ?p' @ q
     by (metis append-assoc pos-diff-def prefix-pos-diff same-append-eq)
   then have lab': labeled-source (Prule \beta As) |-(p1@?p') = (\langle map \ labeled-source
As\rangle_{\beta}) x \mid -?p'
     using x p1p2 Prule(2) unfolding labeled-source.simps
   by (metis\ (mono\text{-}tags,\ lifting)\ labeled\text{-}source.simps(3)\ poss-append\text{-}poss\ eval\text{-}term.simps(1)
subt-at-subst subterm-poss-conv)
   from p2' Prule(1,4) p2 * i l as-i have get-label ((labeled-source (As!i))|-?p')
= Some (\alpha, n)
     by (metis fun-well-arg nth-mem)
   with lab' * show ?thesis
     by (metis p1-above-p pos-diff-def prefix-pos-diff)
 qed
qed simp
If a function symbol is labeled with (\alpha, n), then the function symbol n
positions above it is labeled with (\alpha, \theta).
lemma obtain-label-root:
 assumes p \in poss (labeled\text{-}source A)
   and get-label ((labeled-source A)|-p) = Some (\alpha, n)
   and A \in wf-pterm R
  shows get-label ((labeled-source A)|-(take (length p-n) p)) = Some (\alpha, \theta) \land \beta
take\ (length\ p\ -\ n)\ p\in poss\ (labeled\mbox{-}source\ A)
proof-
 from assms have n:n \le length p
   using label-term-max-value by blast
 with assms show ?thesis
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) add.right-neutral append-take-drop-id diff-diff-cancel
label-decrease length-drop poss-append-poss)
qed
```

```
lemma label-ctxt-apply-term:
 assumes get-label (labeled-source A \mid -p ) = l \neq poss s
 shows get-label (labeled-source ((ctxt-of-pos-term q (to-pterm s)) \langle A \rangle) |- (q@p))
using assms(2) proof(induct \ s \ arbitrary:q)
 case (Var x)
 then have q:q=[] by simp
 from assms(1) show ?case unfolding q by simp
next
 case (Fun f ts)
 then show ?case proof(cases q)
   case Nil
   from assms(1) show ?thesis unfolding Nil by simp
 next
   case (Cons i q')
   with Fun(2) have i:i < length ts and g':g' \in poss(ts!i) by auto
  with Fun(1) have get-label (labeled-source (ctxt-of-pos-term q' (to-pterm (ts!i)))\langle A \rangle
|-(q' @ p)) = l  by simp
   then show ?thesis
      unfolding to-pterm.simps Cons ctxt-of-pos-term.simps labeled-source.simps
append-Cons intp-actxt.simps subt-at.simps
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) Cons-nth-drop-Suc append-take-drop-id i length-append
length-map less-imp-le-nat list.size(4) nth-append-take nth-map)
 qed
qed
lemma single-redex-at-p-label:
 assumes p \in poss \ s and is-Fun (lhs \alpha)
 shows get-label (labeled-source (ll-single-redex s p \alpha) |-p\rangle = Some(\alpha, \theta)
proof-
 from assms(2) obtain f ts where f:lhs \alpha = Fun f ts
   by blast
  have get-label (labeled-source (Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s \mid - (p @ pi)))
(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha))))) = Some\ (\alpha,\ \theta)
  {\bf unfolding}\ flabeled\text{-}source.simps\ label-term.simps\ eval-term.simps\ get\text{-}label.simps
by simp
 then show ?thesis
  unfolding ll-single-redex-def using label-ctxt-apply-term[where p=[]] assms(1)
   by (smt\ (verit)\ self-append-conv\ subt-at.simps(1))
qed
Whenever a function symbol at position p has label (\alpha, \theta) or no label in
labeled-source A, then we know that there exists a position q in A such that
A | q = \alpha As for appropriate As. Moreover, taking the source of the context
at position q must be the same as first computing the source of A and then
taking the context at p.
context left-lin
begin
lemma poss-labeled-source:
```

```
assumes p \in poss (labeled-source A)
   and get-label ((labeled-source A)|-p) = Some (\alpha, \theta)
   and A \in wf-pterm R
 shows \exists q \in poss \ A. \ ctxt-of-pos-term \ p \ (source \ A) = source-ctxt \ (ctxt-of-pos-term
q(A) \wedge
        A|-q = Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (\lambda i. \ A|-(q@[i])) \ [0..< length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)])
using assms proof(induct A arbitrary:p)
 case (Var x)
  then have p = [] by simp
 with Var(2) have False unfolding labeled-source.simps by simp
  then show ?case by blast
next
 case (Pfun f As)
 then show ?case proof(cases p)
   case (Cons i p')
   with Pfun(2) have ip': p = i \# p' and i: i < length As
     by auto
   with Pfun(2) have p':p' \in poss (labeled-source (As!i))
     by simp
   from Pfun(3) i ip' have get-label (labeled-source (As!i) |- p') = Some(\alpha, \theta)
     by simp
    with Pfun(1,4) p' i obtain q where q:q \in poss (As!i) and ctxt-of-pos-term
p'(source(As!i)) = source-ctxt(ctxt-of-pos-term q(As!i))
    and prule:(As!i)|-q = Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (\lambda j. \ (As!i)|-(q@[j])) \ [0..< length \ (var-rule
\alpha)])
     using nth-mem by blast
  then have ctxt-of-pos-term p (source (Pfun f As)) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term
(i\#q) (Pfun f As))
     unfolding ip' using i by(simp \ add: \ take-map \ drop-map)
   then show ?thesis
     using q(1) i prule by fastforce
 qed simp
next
  case (Prule \beta As)
 have l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \beta)
   using Prule(4) using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
 from Prule(2) consider p \in fun\text{-}poss (labeled-lhs \beta) | (\exists p1 \ p2 \ x. \ p = p1@p2
                                  \land p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs \beta) \land (labeled-lhs \beta)|-p1 =
Var x
                                   \land p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x)
                                        labeled-source As\rangle_{\beta}) x)|-p2)
  unfolding labeled-source.simps by (meson poss-is-Fun-fun-poss poss-subst-choice)
  then show ?case proof(cases)
   case 1
   then have p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (lhs\ \beta)
     by (simp add: fun-poss-label-term)
   then have get-label ((labeled-source (Prule \beta As))|-p) = Some (\beta, length p)
     unfolding labeled-source.simps by (simp add: label-term-increase)
```

```
with Prule(3) have p:p = [] and \alpha:\alpha = \beta by simp+
   have As = (map \ (\lambda i. \ Prule \ \beta \ As \ | - ([i])) \ [0... < length \ As])
      by (simp add: map-nth)
   then have As = (map \ (\lambda i. \ Prule \ \beta \ As \ | - ([] \ @ \ [i])) \ [0... < length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)])
      unfolding \alpha using l by force
   then show ?thesis unfolding p \alpha by auto
  next
    case 2
    then obtain p1 p2 x where p1p2:p = p1 @ p2 and x:p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs
\beta) \wedge labeled-lhs \beta |- p1 = Var x
       and p2:p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x)
      and lab:labeled-source (Prule \beta As) |- p = (\langle map \ labeled\text{-source } As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x \mid - p2
      by blast
   from Prule(4) have l:length As = length (var-rule <math>\beta)
      using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
   from Prule(4) have to-rule \beta \in R
      using wf-pterm.cases by force
   with left-lin have lin:linear-term (lhs \beta)
      using left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
   from x have p1:p1 \in poss (lhs \beta) by simp
   then have p1':p1 \in poss ((lhs \beta) \cdot \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) by simp
   from p1 x have x':lhs \beta |- p1 = Var x
      by (metis\ label-term-to-term\ labeled-source-pos\ term-lab-to-term.simps(1))
    from p1 x' obtain i where i:i < length (vars-term-list (lhs \beta)) var-poss-list
(lhs \beta) ! i = p1 \ vars-term-list \ (lhs \beta) ! i = x
    by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}idx\ length-var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ term.inject(1)\ var\text{-}poss\text{-}iff\ var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\text{-}sound
vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
   with lin have i':i < length (var-rule \beta) \wedge (var-rule \beta)!i = x
      by (metis linear-term-var-vars-term-list)
   with l have *:(\langle map \ labeled-source As \rangle_{\beta}) x = labeled-source (As!i)
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map lhs-subst-var-i nth-map)
    with Prule(3) lab have get-label ((labeled-source (As!i))|-p2) = Some (\alpha, \theta)
      by simp
   with Prule(1,4) p2 * i' l obtain q where q:q \in poss (As!i) ctxt-of-pos-term p2
(source\ (As!i)) = source\text{-}ctxt\ (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ q\ (As!i))
      (As!i) \mid -q = Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (\lambda j. \ (As!i) \mid -(q @ [j])) \ [0... < length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)])
      by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) fun-well-arg map-eq-conv nth-mem)
   have p1'':(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \beta)\ !\ length\ (take\ i\ As)) = p1
       using i l by (metis id-take-nth-drop length-take length-var-poss-list lin lin-
ear-term-var-vars-term-list nth-append-length)
   have x-sub: Var x \cdot \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\beta} = source \ (As!i)
    by (metis\ (no-types,\ lifting)\ i'\ length-map\ lhs-subst-var-i\ nth-map\ eval-term.simps(1))
    have ctxt-of-pos-term p (source (Prule \beta As)) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term
(i\#q) (Prule \beta As)) proof-
      {fix y assume y \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \beta) y \neq vars\text{-}term\text{-}list (lhs \beta) ! i
       then obtain j where j:j < length (var-rule \beta) y = (var-rule \beta) ! j j \neq i
       by (metis in-set-conv-nth lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list set-vars-term-list)
       have x:(vars-term-list\ (lhs\ \beta)\ !\ length\ (take\ i\ As))=x
        by (metis i' id-take-nth-drop l length-take lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list
```

```
nth-append-length)
       from j have (\langle map \ source \ (take \ i \ As @ \ Var \ x \ \# \ drop \ (Suc \ i) \ As)\rangle_{\beta}) \ y =
source (As!j)
        using apply-lhs-subst-var-rule l
         by (smt (verit, best) Cons-nth-drop-Suc append-Cons-nth-not-middle ap-
pend-take-drop-id i' length-append length-map length-nth-simps(2) lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list
nth-map(x)
       then have (\langle map \ source \ (take \ i \ As @ \ Var \ (vars-term-list \ (lhs \ \beta) \ ! \ length
(take\ i\ As))\ \#\ drop\ (Suc\ i)\ As)\rangle_{\beta})\ y=(\langle map\ source\ As\rangle_{\beta})\ y
       unfolding x by (metis (no-types, lifting) j(1,2) l length-map lhs-subst-var-i
nth-map)
     ctxt-of-pos-term p1 (lhs \beta \cdot \langle map \ source \ (take \ i \ As @ \ Var \ (vars-term-list
(lhs \beta)! length (take i As)) # drop (Suc i) As)_{\beta})
       using i
       unfolding ctxt-of-pos-term-subst[OF p1, symmetric]
       apply (intro ctxt-of-pos-term-hole-subst[OF lin, of i])
       subgoal by (metis length-var-poss-list)
       by auto
     then show ?thesis
     unfolding source.simps p1p2 ctxt-of-pos-term-append[OF p1] ctxt-of-pos-term-subst[OF
p1 | subt-at-subst[OF p1] | x' | ctxt-of-pos-term.simps | source-ctxt.simps | Let-def | x-sub|
q(2) * p1''
       by simp
   qed
   moreover from q(3) have Prule \beta As |-(i\#q)| = Prule \alpha (map (\lambda j. Prule \beta)
As \mid -((i\#q) \otimes [j])) \mid 0... < length (var-rule \alpha) \mid)
     \mathbf{by} \ simp
   ultimately show ?thesis
     using i' q(1) l by (metis poss-Cons-poss term.sel(4))
 qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma poss-labeled-source-None:
assumes p \in poss (labeled-source A)
   and get-label ((labeled-source A)|-p) = None
   and A \in wf-pterm R
 shows \exists q \in poss \ A. \ ctxt-of-pos-term \ p \ (source \ A) = source-ctxt \ (ctxt-of-pos-term
q(A)
using assms proof(induct A arbitrary:p)
  case (Pfun\ f\ As)
  then show ?case proof(cases p)
   case (Cons i p')
   with Pfun(2) have ip':p = i \# p' and i:i < length As
     by auto
   with Pfun(2) have p':p' \in poss (labeled-source (As!i))
     bv simp
   from Pfun(3) have get-label (labeled-source (As! i) |- p') = None
```

```
unfolding ip' labeled-source.simps using i by simp
    with Pfun(1,4) p' i obtain q where q:q \in poss (As!i) and ctxt-of-pos-term
p'(source(As!i)) = source-ctxt(ctxt-of-pos-term q(As!i))
     using nth-mem by blast
  then have ctxt-of-pos-term p (source (Pfun f As)) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term
(i\#q) (Pfun f As))
     unfolding ip' using i by (simp \ add: \ take-map \ drop-map)
   then show ?thesis
     using q(1) i by fastforce
 \mathbf{qed} \ simp
next
 case (Prule \beta As)
 have l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \beta)
   using Prule(4) using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
 from Prule(2) consider p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (labeled\text{-}lhs\ \beta) \mid (\exists\ p1\ p2\ x.\ p=p1@p2
                                   \land p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs \beta) \land (labeled-lhs \beta)|-p1 =
Var x
                                    \land p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x)
                                         labeled-source As\rangle_{\beta}(x)|-p2\rangle
  unfolding labeled-source.simps by (meson poss-is-Fun-fun-poss poss-subst-choice)
  then show ?case proof(cases)
   case 1
   then have p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (lhs\ \beta)
     by (simp add: fun-poss-label-term)
   then have get-label ((labeled-source (Prule \beta As))|-p) = Some (\beta, length p)
     unfolding labeled-source.simps by (simp add: label-term-increase)
   then show ?thesis
     using Prule(3) by simp
 next
   case 2
    then obtain p1 p2 x where p1p2:p = p1 @ p2 and x:p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs
\beta) \wedge labeled-lhs \beta |- p1 = Var x
      and p2:p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x)
      and lab:labeled-source (Prule \beta As) |- p = (\langle map \ labeled\text{-source } As \rangle_{\beta}) x |- p2
   from Prule(4) have l:length As = length (var-rule <math>\beta)
     using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
   from Prule(4) have to-rule \beta \in R
     using wf-pterm.cases by force
   with left-lin have lin:linear-term (lhs \beta)
     using left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
   from x have p1:p1 \in poss (lhs \beta) by simp
   then have p1':p1 \in poss ((lhs \beta) \cdot \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) by simp
   from p1 x have x':lhs \beta \mid -p1 = Var x
     by (metis\ label-term-to-term\ labeled-source-pos\ term-lab-to-term.simps(1))
    from p1 x' obtain i where i:i < length (vars-term-list (lhs \beta)) var-poss-list
(lhs \beta) ! i = p1 \ vars-term-list \ (lhs \beta) ! i = x
    by (metis in-set-idx length-var-poss-list term.inject(1) var-poss-iff var-poss-list-sound
```

```
vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
   with lin have i':i < length (var-rule \beta) \land (var-rule \beta)!i = x
     by (metis linear-term-var-vars-term-list)
   with l have *:(\langle map \ labeled-source As \rangle_{\beta}) x = labeled-source (As!i)
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map lhs-subst-var-i nth-map)
   with Prule(3) lab have get-label ((labeled-source (As!i))|-p2) = None
     by simp
   with Prule(1,4) p2 * i'l obtain q where q:q \in poss (As!i) ctxt-of-pos-term p2
(source\ (As!i)) = source\text{-}ctxt\ (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ q\ (As!i))
     by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) fun-well-arg map-eq-conv nth-mem)
   have p1'':(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \beta)\ !\ length\ (take\ i\ As)) = p1
      using i l by (metis id-take-nth-drop length-take length-var-poss-list lin lin-
ear-term-var-vars-term-list nth-append-length)
   have x-sub: Var x \cdot \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\beta} = source \ (As!i)
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) i'l length-map lhs-subst-var-i nth-map eval-term.simps(1))
    have ctxt-of-pos-term p (source (Prule \beta As)) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term
(i\#q) (Prule \beta As)) proof-
     {fix y assume y \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \beta) y \neq vars\text{-}term\text{-}list (lhs \beta) ! i
       then obtain j where j:j < length (var-rule \beta) y = (var-rule \beta) ! j j \neq i
      by (metis in-set-conv-nth lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list set-vars-term-list)
       have x:(vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \beta)\ !\ length\ (take\ i\ As)) = x
        by (metis i' id-take-nth-drop l length-take lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list
nth-append-length)
       from j have (\langle map \ source \ (take \ i \ As @ \ Var \ x \ \# \ drop \ (Suc \ i) \ As)\rangle_{\beta}) \ y =
source (As!j)
         using apply-lhs-subst-var-rule l
         by (smt (verit, best) Cons-nth-drop-Suc append-Cons-nth-not-middle ap-
pend-take-drop-id i' length-append length-map length-nth-simps(2) lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list
nth-map(x)
        then have (\langle map \ source \ (take \ i \ As @ \ Var \ (vars-term-list \ (lhs \ \beta) \ ! \ length
(take\ i\ As))\ \#\ drop\ (Suc\ i)\ As)\rangle_{\beta})\ y = (\langle map\ source\ As\rangle_{\beta})\ y
       unfolding x by (metis (no-types, lifting) j(1,2) l length-map lhs-subst-var-i
nth-map)
     then have *: ctxt-of-pos-term p1 (lhs \beta) \cdot_c \langle map source As \rangle_{\beta} =
         ctxt-of-pos-term p1 (lhs \beta \cdot \langle map \ source \ (take \ i \ As @ Var \ (vars-term-list
(lhs \beta)! length (take i As)) # drop (Suc i) As)_{\beta})
       using i
       unfolding ctxt-of-pos-term-subst[OF p1, symmetric]
       apply (intro ctxt-of-pos-term-hole-subst[OF lin, of i])
       subgoal by (metis length-var-poss-list)
       by auto
     then show ?thesis
     unfolding source.simps p1p2 ctxt-of-pos-term-append[OF p1'] ctxt-of-pos-term-subst[OF
p1] subt-at-subst[OF p1] x' ctxt-of-pos-term.simps source-ctxt.simps Let-def x-sub
q(2) * p1''
       by simp
   qed
   then show ?thesis
```

```
qed
qed simp
end
If we know that some part of a term does not contain labels (i.e., is coming
from a simple proof term t) then we know that the label originates below
some variable position of t.
lemma labeled-source-to-pterm-subst:
  assumes p\text{-}pos:p \in possL \ (to\text{-}pterm \ t \cdot \sigma) and well: \forall x \in vars\text{-}term \ t. \ \sigma \ x \in \sigma
 shows \exists p1 \ p2 \ x \ \gamma. \ p1 \in poss \ t \land t | -p1 = Var \ x \land p1@p2 \leq_p p
     \land p2 \in possL \ (\sigma \ x) \land get\text{-label} \ ((labeled\text{-}source} \ (\sigma \ x))|\text{-}p2) = Some \ (\gamma, \ \theta)
proof-
  {assume p:p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (labeled\text{-}source\ (to\text{-}pterm\ t))}
   then have get-label ((labeled-source (to-pterm t))|-p) = None
        using labeled-source-simple-pterm by (metis empty-iff fun-poss-imp-poss
get-label-imp-labelposs)
    moreover have get-label ((labeled-source ((to-pterm t) \cdot \sigma))|-p) = get-label
((labeled\text{-}source\ (to\text{-}pterm\ t))|\text{-}p)
   by (metis qet-label-at-fun-poss-subst labeled-source-apply-subst p to-pterm-wf-pterm)
   ultimately have False using p-pos possL-obtain-label by fastforce
 with p-pos obtain p1 rx where p:p = p1@r and p1:p1 \in poss t and t:(labeled\text{-}source
(to\text{-}pterm\ t))|-p1 = Var\ x
  by (smt (23) labeled-source-apply-subst labeled-source-to-term possL-subset-poss-source
poss-subst-apply-term poss-term-lab-to-term source-to-pterm subset-eq to-pterm-wf-pterm)
  then have x:t|-p1 = Var x
  by (metis labeled-source-pos labeled-source-to-term source-to-pterm term-lab-to-term.simps(1))
  from p-pos have r-pos:r \in poss \ (labeled\text{-}source \ (\sigma \ x))
   unfolding p using p1 t labeled-source-apply-subst
  by (smt (z3) comp-apply labeled-source-to-term labelposs-subs-poss less-eq-pos-def
less-eq-pos-simps(1) p poss-append-poss poss-term-lab-to-term source-to-pterm sub-
set-eq eval-term.simps(1) subt-at-subst to-pterm-wf-pterm)
  from p-pos obtain \gamma n where lab:get-label ((labeled-source (\sigma x))|-r) = Some
(\gamma, n)
   unfolding p labeled-source-apply-subst[OF\ to-pterm-wf-pterm] using t p1 p
   by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) comp-apply fun-poss-imp-poss labeled-source-to-term
label poss-obtain-label\ label poss-subs-fun-poss\ poss-term-lab-to-term\ source-to-pterm
subset-eq eval-term.simps(1) subt-at-subst subterm-poss-conv)
 let ?p2=take (length r-n) r
 have ?p2 \le_p r by (metis\ append-take-drop-id\ less-eq-pos-simps(1))
 then have p1@?p2 \leq_p p unfolding p by simp
  moreover have get-label ((labeled-source (\sigma x))|-?p2) = Some (\gamma, \theta) \land ?p2 \in
poss (labeled\text{-}source (\sigma x))
  using obtain-label-root [OF r-pos lab] well p1 x by (metis in-mono term.set-intros(3))
vars-term-subt-at)
  moreover then have p2 \in possL(\sigma x) using get-label-imp-labelposs by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis using p1 x by blast
```

using i' q(1) l by (metis poss-Cons-poss term.sel(4))

```
qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ label poss-subst:
 assumes p \in labelposs (t \cdot \sigma)
  shows p \in labelposs\ t \lor (\exists p1\ p2\ x.\ p = p1@p2 \land p1 \in poss\ t \land t|-p1 = Var\ x
\land p2 \in labelposs (\sigma x)
  using assms proof(induct \ t \ arbitrary:p)
  case (Fun fl ts)
  then show ?case proof(cases p)
   {\bf case}\ Nil
   from Fun(2) obtain f l where fl = (f, Some l)
    unfolding eval-term. simps Nil by (metis get-label. simps(2) labelposs-obtain-label
subt-at.simps(1) surjective-pairing)
   then show ?thesis
      unfolding Nil by simp
 next
   case (Cons i p')
   from Fun(2) have i:i < length ts
      unfolding Cons eval-term.simps using labelposs-subs-poss by fastforce
   with Fun(2) have p' \in labelposs (ts!i \cdot \sigma)
    unfolding Cons eval-term.simps by (metis (no-types, lifting) get-label-imp-labelposs
label poss-obtain-label\ label poss-subs-poss\ nth-map\ option.simps(3)\ poss-Cons-poss
subset-eq subt-at.simps(2) term.sel(4))
    with Fun(1) i consider p' \in labelposs (ts!i) \mid (\exists p1 \ p2 \ x. \ p' = p1 @ p2 \land p1
\in poss \ (ts!i) \land (ts!i) \mid -p1 = Var \ x \land p2 \in labelposs \ (\sigma \ x))
      by (meson nth-mem)
   then show ?thesis proof(cases)
     case 1
      with i show ?thesis unfolding Cons
      \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ (\mathit{no-types},\ \mathit{lifting})\ \mathit{get-label-imp-labelposs}\ \mathit{labelposs-obtain-label}\ \mathit{label-imp-labelposs}\ \mathit{labelposs-obtain-label}\ \mathit{label-imp-labelposs}
poss-subs-poss\ option.simps(3)\ poss-Cons-poss\ subsetD\ subt-at.simps(2)\ term.sel(4))
   next
      case 2
      then obtain p1 p2 x where p':p'=p1 @ p2 and p1:p1 \in poss (ts ! i) ts !
i \mid -p1 = Var x \text{ and } p2 \in labelposs (\sigma x)
      with i show ?thesis unfolding Cons
       by (metis\ append-Cons\ poss-Cons-poss\ subt-at.simps(2)\ term.sel(4))
    qed
  qed
\mathbf{qed}\ simp
lemma set-labelposs-subst:
  labelposs\ (t\cdot\sigma)=labelposs\ t\cup(\bigcup i< length\ (vars-term-list\ t).\ \{(var-poss-list
t!i)@q \mid q. \ q \in labelposs (\sigma (vars-term-list \ t \ ! \ i))\}) (is ?ps = ?qs)
proof
  \{ \text{fix } p \text{ assume } p \in ?ps \} 
   then consider p \in labelposs \ t \mid (\exists \ p1 \ p2 \ x. \ p = p1@p2 \land p1 \in poss \ t \land t | -p1
= Var x \wedge p2 \in labelposs (\sigma x)
```

```
using labelposs-subst by blast
   then have p \in ?qs \text{ proof}(cases)
     then obtain p1 p2 x where p = p1@p2 \land p1 \in poss t \land t | -p1 = Var x \land p1
p2 \in labelposs (\sigma x)
       by blast
    moreover then obtain i where i:i < length (vars-term-list t) vars-term-list
t ! i = x \ var-poss-list \ t ! i = p1
    by (metis in-set-idx length-var-poss-list term.inject(1) var-poss-iff var-poss-list-sound
vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
    ultimately have p \in \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ t \ ! \ i \ @ \ q \ | q.\ q \in labelposs\ (\sigma\ (vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ )\}
t ! i))
       by blast
     with i(1) show ?thesis
       by blast
   qed simp
 then show ?ps \subseteq ?qs
   by blast
  \{ \text{fix } q \text{ assume } q \in ?qs \}
  then consider q \in labelposs\ t \mid q \in (\bigcup i < length\ (vars-term-list\ t).\ \{(var-poss-list
t!i)@q \mid q. \ q \in labelposs (\sigma (vars-term-list \ t \ ! \ i))\})
     by blast
   then have q \in ?ps \text{ proof}(cases)
     case 1
     then show ?thesis proof(induct t arbitrary:q)
       case (Fun f ts)
       then show ?case proof(cases q)
         case Nil
         with Fun(2) obtain f' lab where f':f = (f', Some \ lab)
                by (metis get-label.simps(2) labelposs-obtain-label prod.exhaust-sel
subt-at.simps(1))
         show ?thesis unfolding Nil f' by simp
         case (Cons \ i \ q')
         obtain f' lab where f':f = (f', lab)
           by fastforce
         show ?thesis proof(cases lab)
           case None
           from Fun(2) have i:i < length ts
            unfolding f' Cons None labelposs.simps by simp
           from Fun(2) have q' \in labelposs (ts!i)
            unfolding f' Cons None by simp
           with Fun(1) i have q' \in labelposs (ts!i \cdot \sigma)
            by simp
           with i show ?thesis
            unfolding f' Cons None eval-term.simps labelposs.simps by simp
         next
          case (Some \ a)
```

```
unfolding f' Cons Some labelposs.simps by simp
          from Fun(2) have q' \in labelposs (ts!i)
            unfolding f' Cons Some by simp
          with Fun(1) i have q' \in labelposs (ts!i \cdot \sigma)
           by simp
          with i show ?thesis
            unfolding f' Cons Some eval-term.simps labelposs.simps by simp
        qed
      qed
     qed simp
   next
     case 2
     then show ?thesis proof(induct t arbitrary:q)
       case (Var x)
      have var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (Var\ x) = [[]]
        unfolding poss-list.simps var-poss.simps by simp
      with Var show ?case unfolding vars-term-list.simps
         by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) One-nat-def UN-iff bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum
length-0-conv\ length-nth-simps(2)\ less Than-iff\ mem-Collect-eq\ not-less-eq\ nth-Cons-0
self-append-conv2 eval-term.simps(1))
     next
       case (Fun fl ts)
      from Fun(2) obtain i \ q' where q:q = var\text{-}poss\text{-}list \ (Fun \ fl \ ts) \ ! \ i \ @ \ q' \ q' \in
labelposs (\sigma (vars-term-list (Fun fl ts) ! i)) and i:i < length (vars-term-list (Fun
f(ts)
      then have i':i < length (var-poss-list (Fun fl ts))
        by (metis length-var-poss-list)
      then obtain j r where j:j < length ts var-poss-list (Fun fl ts) ! <math>i = j\#r
            unfolding var-poss-list.simps by (smt (z3) add.left-neutral diff-zero
length-map length-upt length-zip map-nth-eq-conv min.idem nth-concat-split nth-upt
nth-zip prod.simps(2))
      with i obtain x where x: Fun fl ts |-(j\#r)| = Var x
        by (metis vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
      from j i' have j\#r \in var\text{-}poss (Fun fl ts)
        by (metis nth-mem var-poss-list-sound)
      then have r \in var\text{-}poss\ (ts!j)
        by simp
        then obtain i' where r:i' < length (var-poss-list (ts!j)) r = var-poss-list
(ts!j)! i'
        by (metis in-set-conv-nth var-poss-list-sound)
      moreover then have (vars-term-list (Fun fl ts) ! i) = (vars-term-list (ts!j)
!i'
       using x by (metis ij(2) length-var-poss-list subt-at.simps(2) term.inject(1)
vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
       ultimately have r@q' \in (\bigcup i < length (vars-term-list (ts!j)). \{var-poss-list
(ts!j) ! i @ q | q. q \in labelposs (\sigma (vars-term-list (ts!j) ! i)) \})
        using q(2) unfolding length-var-poss-list by auto
```

from Fun(2) have i:i < length ts

```
with Fun(1) j(1) have r-pos:r@q' \in labelposs ((ts!j) \cdot \sigma)
         using nth-mem by blast
       obtain f \ lab where f:fl = (f, \ lab)
         using surjective-pairing by blast
       then show ?case proof(cases lab)
         case None
         from r-pos have j\#r@q' \in labelposs (Fun fl ts \cdot \sigma)
         unfolding eval-term.simps f None labelposs.simps length-map using j(1)
by simp
         then show ?thesis unfolding q j(2) by simp
       next
        case (Some \ a)
        from r-pos have j\#r@q' \in labelposs (Fun fl ts \cdot \sigma)
         unfolding eval-term.simps f Some labelposs.simps length-map using j(1)
by simp
         then show ?thesis unfolding q i(2) by simp
       qed
     qed
   qed
  then show ?qs \subseteq ?ps
   by blast
qed
The labeled positions in a proof term Prule \ \alpha \ As are the function positions
of lhs \alpha together with all labeled positions in the arguments As.
lemma possl-rule:
 assumes length As = length (var-rule \alpha) linear-term (lhs \alpha)
 shows possL (Prule \alpha As) = fun-poss (lhs \alpha) \cup (\bigcup i < (length As). {(var-poss-list
(lhs \ \alpha)!i)@q \mid q. \ q \in possL(As!i)\})
proof-
  from assms(1,2) have l:length (vars-term-list (labeled-lhs \alpha)) = length As
   by (metis linear-term-var-vars-term-list vars-term-list-labeled-lhs)
 have labelposs (labeled-lhs \alpha) = fun-poss (lhs \alpha)
   by (metis fun-poss-term-lab-to-term label-poss-labeled-lhs label-term-to-term la-
belposs-subs-fun-poss subsetI subset-antisym)
 moreover from assms(1,2) have i < length As \Longrightarrow (\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\alpha})
(vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ (labeled\text{-}lhs\ \alpha)\ !\ i) = labeled\text{-}source\ (As!i)\ \mathbf{for}\ i
  using lhs-subst-var-i linear-term-var-vars-term-list by (smt (verit, best) length-map
nth-map vars-term-list-labeled-lhs)
 ultimately show ?thesis using set-labelposs-subst[of labeled-lhs \alpha] unfolding l
var-poss-list-labeled-lhs by force
qed
lemma labelposs-subs-fun-poss-source:
 assumes p \in possL A
 shows p \in fun\text{-}poss (source A)
proof-
 have p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (labeled\text{-}source\ A)
```

```
using assms labelposs-subs-fun-poss by blast
then show ?thesis using fun-poss-term-lab-to-term
by auto
qed
```

The labeled source of a context (obtained from some proof term A) applied to some proof term B is the labeled source of the context applied to the labeled source of the proof term B.

```
context left-lin
begin
lemma label-source-ctxt:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R
 and ctxt-of-pos-term p (source A) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term p' A)
 and p \in poss (source A) and p' \in poss A
 shows labeled-source (ctxt-of-pos-term p'A)\langle B \rangle = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term p (labeled\text{-}source))
A) \langle labeled\text{-}source \ B \rangle
  using assms proof(induct p' arbitrary:p A)
 case Nil
  then have p:p=[]
   using hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term by force
 then show ?case by simp
 case (Cons i p')
 then obtain fl As where a:A = Fun \text{ fl As and } i:i < length As \text{ and } p':p' \in poss
   by (meson args-poss)
  then show ?case proof(cases fl)
   case (Inl \alpha)
   from Cons(2) have l:length As = length (var-rule <math>\alpha)
     unfolding a Inl using wf-pterm.cases by auto
   have to-rule \alpha \in R
     using Cons(2) unfolding a Inl using wf-pterm.cases by force
   with left-lin have lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
     using left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
   let ?p1 = var-poss-list (lhs \alpha) ! i
   from i l lin have p1:(lhs \ \alpha)|-?p1 = Var \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)
     by (metis linear-term-var-vars-term-list vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
   from i \ l \ have \ p1-pos: ?p1 \in poss \ (lhs \ \alpha)
   \mathbf{by}\ (met is\ comp-apply\ length-remdups-leq\ length-rev\ length-var-poss-list\ nth-mem
order-less-le-trans var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
   let ?p2=hole-pos (source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term p' (As! i)))
   have hole-pos (source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term (i \# p') A)) = ?p1@?p2
    unfolding a Inl source.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps source-ctxt.simps Let-def
hole\text{-}pos\text{-}ctxt\text{-}compose using p1\text{-}pos Cons(5) a by force
   with Cons(3) have p:p = ?p1@?p2
     by (metis Cons.prems(3) hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term)
   have at-p1:(source\ A)|-?p1 = source\ (As!i)
     unfolding a Inl source.simps using p1
   by (smt (verit, best) Inlil length-map lhs-subst-var-inth-map p1-pos eval-term.simps(1)
```

```
subt-at-subst)
    with Cons(4) have p2\text{-}pos:?p2 \in poss (source (As!i))
      unfolding p by simp
   from at-p1 have *:ctxt-of-pos-term p (source A) = (ctxt-of-pos-term p) (source
A) \circ_{c} (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term ?p2 (source (As ! i))))
      unfolding p using ctxt-of-pos-term-append using Cons.prems(3) p by fast-
force
   from Cons(3) have ctxt-of-pos-term ?p2 (source (As!i)) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term
p'(As!i)
    {\bf unfolding}*{\bf unfolding}\;a\;Inl\;source.simps\;ctxt-of\text{-}pos\text{-}term.simps\;source\text{-}ctxt.simps
Let-def using ctxt-comp-equals Cons(5) p1-pos
         by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}SIG)\ a\ ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term.simps(2)\ hole\text{-}pos.simps(2)
hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term list.inject poss-imp-subst-poss)
    with Cons(1,2) i p2-pos p' a Inl have IH:labeled-source (ctxt-of-pos-term p'
(As!i)\rangle\langle B\rangle = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term ?p2 (labeled\text{-}source (As!i))}\rangle\langle labeled\text{-}source B\rangle
      by (meson fun-well-arg nth-mem)
    then have list-IH:map labeled-source (take i As @ (ctxt-of-pos-term p' (As!
(i)(B) \# drop (Suc i) As) =
       map labeled-source (take i As) @ (ctxt-of-pos-term ?p2 (labeled-source (As!
(i)) \langle labeled\text{-}source \ B \rangle \# map \ labeled\text{-}source \ (drop \ (Suc \ i) \ As)
      using i by fastforce
    from lin have lin':linear-term (labeled-lhs \alpha)
      using linear-label-term by blast
    from p1-pos have p1-pos:p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs \alpha)
      by simp
    from p1 have x:labeled-lhs \alpha \mid - var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)! i = Var (var-rule \alpha! i)
      by (metis label-term-to-term p1-pos poss-term-lab-to-term var-label-term)
   have (\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\alpha})((var\text{-}rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i) := (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term \ ?p2 \ ((\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\alpha})))))
labeled-source As\rangle_{\alpha}) (var-rule \alpha! i)))\langle labeled-source B\rangle)
       = \langle (take\ i\ (map\ labeled\mbox{-}source\ As))\ @\ (ctxt\mbox{-}of\mbox{-}pos\mbox{-}term\ ?p2\ (labeled\mbox{-}source\ )
(As!i))\langle labeled\text{-}source \ B\rangle \ \# \ (drop \ (Suc \ i) \ (map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As))\rangle_{\alpha}
        using i by (smt (verit, best) Cons.prems(4) a <math>ctxt-of-pos-term.simps(2)
hole\text{-}pos.simps(2)\ hole\text{-}pos\text{-}ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ id\text{-}take\text{-}nth\text{-}drop\ l\ length\text{-}map\ lhs\text{-}subst\text{-}upd}
lhs-subst-var-i list.inject nth-map take-map)
   then show ?thesis unfolding a Inl ctxt-of-pos-term.simps labeled-source.simps
intp-actxt.simps p list-IH
       using replace-at-append-subst[OF lin' p1-pos x] by (smt (verit) drop-map
take-map
  next
    case (Inr f)
    from Cons(3,4,5) obtain p2 where p:p = i \# p2 and p2:p2 \in poss (source
(As!i) and ctxt:ctxt-of-pos-term p2 (source (As!i)) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term
p'(As!i)
     unfolding a Inr source.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps source-ctxt.simps by (smt
(verit, best) Cons.prems(2) Cons.prems(3) Inr a actxt.inject ctxt-of-pos-term.simps(2)
i nth-map source-poss)
   from Cons(1,2) ctxt p2 p' have IH:labeled-source (ctxt-of-pos-term p' (As!i))\langle B \rangle
= (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p2\ (labeled\text{-}source\ (As!i)))\langle labeled\text{-}source\ B\rangle
      using a i nth-mem by blast
```

```
then have list-IH:map labeled-source (take i As @ (ctxt-of-pos-term p' (As!
i))\langle B \rangle \# drop (Suc \ i) \ As) =
      map labeled-source (take i As) @ (ctxt-of-pos-term p2 (labeled-source (As!
(i)) (labeled\text{-}source \ B) \# map \ labeled\text{-}source \ (drop \ (Suc \ i) \ As)
     using i by fastforce
    show ?thesis unfolding a Inr ctxt-of-pos-term.simps p labeled-source.simps
intp-actxt.simps list-IH
     by (simp add: drop-map i take-map)
\mathbf{qed}
end
lemma labeled-ctxt-above:
 assumes p \in poss \ A and r \in poss \ A and \neg \ p \leq_p r
 shows get-label ((ctxt-of-pos-term p A)\(\lambda\) labeled-source B\\\ |-r\) = get-label (A |-r\)
using assms proof(induct A arbitrary:r p)
 case (Fun f As)
 then have p \neq [
   by blast
 with Fun(2) obtain i p' where i:i < length As and p':p' \in poss(As!i) and p:p
= i \# p'
   by auto
 from Fun(4) consider r <_p p \mid r \perp p
   using parallel-pos by fastforce
 then show ?case proof(cases)
   case 1
   then show ?thesis proof(cases r)
     case Nil
     show ?thesis unfolding p Nil by simp
   next
     case (Cons j r')
     from 1 have j:j=i
      unfolding p Cons by simp
     with Fun(1) have get-label ((ctxt-of-pos-term p'(As!i))\langle labeled-source B\rangle |-
r') = get-label ((As!i) |- r')
      using i p' Fun(3,4) unfolding Cons j p by simp
     then show ?thesis
      unfolding Cons p subt-at.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps intp-actxt.simps by
(metis i j nat-less-le nth-append-take)
   qed
 next
   case 2
   then obtain j r' where r:r = j \# r'
     unfolding p by (metis\ parallel-pos.elims(2))
   then show ?thesis proof(cases i = j)
     case True
    from Fun(1) 2 i have get-label ((ctxt-of-pos-term p' (As!i))\(labeled-source B\)
|-r'\rangle = get-label((As!i) |-r'\rangle
      using Fun.prems(2) Fun.prems(3) True p p' r by force
```

```
then show ?thesis using p r True
    by (metis 2 Fun.prems(1) Fun.prems(2) parallel-pos parallel-replace-at-subt-at)
   \mathbf{next}
     case False
     then show ?thesis
         unfolding p r subt-at.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps intp-actxt.simps by
(metis\ i\ nth-list-update\ upd-conv-take-nth-drop)
   qed
 qed
\mathbf{qed}\ simp
The labeled positions of a context (obtained from some proof term A) ap-
plied to some proof term B are the labeled positions of the context together
with the labeled positions of the proof term B.
context left-lin
begin
lemma label-ctxt:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R
 and ctxt-of-pos-term p (source A) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term p' A)
 and p \in poss (source A) and p' \in poss A
 shows possL (ctxt-of-pos-term p'A)\langle B \rangle = \{q, q \in possL \ A \land \neg p \leq_p q\} \cup \{p@q \mid p \in possL \ A \land \neg p \leq_p q\} \cup \{p \in p \mid p \in p \mid q \in p \in p \}
q. \ q \in possL \ B
  using assms proof(induct p' arbitrary:p A)
  case Nil
 then have p:p=[]
   using hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term by force
  then have \{q \in possL \ A. \neg p \leq_p q\} = \{\}
   by simp
  then show ?case
   unfolding Nil ctxt-of-pos-term.simps p by simp
next
  case (Cons i p')
 then obtain fl As where a:A = Fun fl As and i:i < length As and p':p' \in poss
(As!i)
   by (meson args-poss)
  then show ?case proof(cases fl)
   case (Inl \alpha)
   from Cons(2) have l:length As = length (var-rule <math>\alpha)
     unfolding a Inl using wf-pterm.cases by auto
   have to-rule \alpha \in R
     using Cons(2) unfolding a Inl using wf-pterm.cases by force
   with left-lin have lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
     using left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
   let ?p1 = var - poss - list (lhs \alpha) ! i
   from i \ l \ lin \ \mathbf{have} \ p1:(lhs \ \alpha)|-?p1 = Var \ (var-rule \ \alpha \ ! \ i)
     by (metis linear-term-var-vars-term-list vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
   from i l have p1-pos:?p1 \in poss (lhs \alpha)
```

by (metis comp-apply length-remdups-leq length-rev length-var-poss-list nth-mem

```
order-less-le-trans var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
   let ?p2 = hole - pos (source - ctxt (ctxt - of - pos - term p' (As! i)))
   have hole-pos (source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term (i \# p') A)) = ?p1@?p2
     unfolding a Inl source.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps source-ctxt.simps Let-def
hole-pos-ctxt-compose using p1-pos Cons(5) a by force
   with Cons(3) have p:p = ?p1@?p2
     by (metis Cons.prems(3) hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term)
   have at-p1:(source\ A)|-?p1 = source\ (As!i)
     unfolding a Inl source.simps using p1
    by (smt\ (verit,\ best)\ Inl\ i\ l\ length-map\ lhs-subst-var-i\ nth-map\ p1-pos\ eval-term.simps(1)
subt-at-subst)
   with Cons(4) have p2-pos: ?p2 \in poss (source (As!i))
     unfolding p by simp
  from at-p1 have *:ctxt-of-pos-term p (source A) = (ctxt-of-pos-term ?p1 (source
A) \circ_{c} (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term ?p2 (source (As!i))))
     unfolding p using ctxt-of-pos-term-append using Cons.prems(3) p by fast-
force
  from Cons(3) have ctxt-of-pos-term ?p2 (source (As!i)) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term
p'(As!i)
    {f unfolding}*{f unfolding} a Inl source.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps source-ctxt.simps
Let-def using ctxt-comp-equals Cons(5) p1-pos
        by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}SIG)\ a\ ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term.simps(2)\ hole\text{-}pos.simps(2)
hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term list.inject poss-imp-subst-poss)
   with Cons(1,2) i p2-pos p' a Inl have IH:possL (ctxt-of-pos-term p' (As!i))\langle B \rangle
= \{q \in possL \ (As!i). \ \neg \ ?p2 \le_p q\} \cup \{?p2 @ q \ | q. \ q \in possL \ B\}
     by (meson fun-well-arg nth-mem)
   let ?a1 = fun - poss (lhs \alpha)
   let 22=(\lfloor j \rfloor) \in \{k, k < length \ As \land k \neq i\}. \{(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list \ (lhs \ \alpha)!j)@q \mid q, q\}
\in possL(As!j)\}
   let ?a3 = \{?p1@q \mid q. q \in possL(As!i) \land \neg ?p2 \leq_p q\}
   let ?a4 = \{?p1 @ ?p2 @ q | q. q \in possL B\}
   let ?b1 = \{q \in possL A. \neg p \leq_p q\}
   have ?a1 \cup ?a2 \cup ?a3 = ?b1 proof
     \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } x : x \in ?a1 \}
       then have \neg ?p1 \leq_p x
            by (metis append.right-neutral fun-poss-append-poss fun-poss-fun-conv
fun-poss-imp-poss \ p1 \ prefix-pos-diff \ term.distinct(1))
       then have \neg p \leq_p x
         unfolding p using less-eq-pos-simps(1) order-pos.order.trans by blast
       with x have x \in ?b1
         unfolding a Inl using possl-rule l lin by auto
     } moreover {fix x assume x \in ?a2
      then obtain j \neq i where j:j < length \ As \ j \neq i \ and \ q:q \in possL \ (As \mid j) and
x:x = var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \ \alpha) \ ! \ j \ @ \ q
         by blast
       from j have j':j < length (var-poss-list (lhs <math>\alpha))
         using l lin by (metis length-var-poss-list linear-term-var-vars-term-list)
       with j(2) have ?p1 \neq (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs <math>\alpha)) !j
        by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) distinct-remdups distinct-rev i j(1) l lin lin-
```

```
ear-term-var-vars-term-list nth-eq-iff-index-eq o-apply term.inject(1) vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
                 with j' have ?p1 \perp var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \alpha) ! j
               using var-poss-parallel by (metis nth-mem p1 p1-pos var-poss-iff var-poss-list-sound)
                 then have \neg p \leq_p x
               unfolding p \times using \ less-eq\text{-}pos\text{-}simps(1) \ order\text{-}pos\text{-}order\text{-}trans \ pos\text{-}less\text{-}eq\text{-}append\text{-}not\text{-}parallel}
by blast
                 then have x \in ?b1
                     unfolding a Inl possl-rule [OF \ l \ lin] \ x \ using \ j(1) \ q \ by \ blast
             } moreover {fix x assume x \in ?a3
                 then obtain q where x:x = ?p1@q \ q \in possL \ (As!i) \neg ?p2 \leq_p q
                     by blast
                 from x(3) have \neg p \leq_p x
                     unfolding p \ x(1) using less-eq\text{-}pos\text{-}simps(2) by blast
                 with x(2) have x \in ?b1
                     unfolding a Inl\ possl-rule[OF\ l\ lin]\ x(1) using i\ {\bf by}\ auto
             ultimately show ?a1 \cup ?a2 \cup ?a3 \subseteq ?b1 by blast
             \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } b1 : x \in ?b1 \}
               then consider x \in fun\text{-}poss\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup i < length\ As.\ \{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha) \mid x \in (\bigcup 
\alpha)! i @ q | q. q \in possL(As!i)})
                     unfolding a Inl possl-rule[OF l lin] by blast
                 then have x \in ?a1 \cup ?a2 \cup ?a3 \text{ proof}(cases)
                     then obtain j \neq 0 where j:j < length As and x:x = var-poss-list (lhs <math>\alpha)!
j @ q  and q:q \in possL (As!j)
                         by blast
                     then show ?thesis proof(cases j = i)
                          case True
                          from b1 have \neg ?p2 \leq_p q
                              unfolding p \ x \ True \ using \ less-eq-pos-simps(2) by blast
                          then show ?thesis using j x q by auto
                     qed auto
                 qed simp
            then show ?b1 \subseteq ?a1 \cup ?a2 \cup ?a3 by blast
        qed
        moreover have possL (ctxt-of-pos-term (i # p') A)\langle B \rangle = ?a1 \cup ?a2 \cup ?a3 \cup
 ?a4 proof—
             from l i have l':length (take i As @ (ctxt-of-pos-term p' (As ! i))\langle B \rangle # drop
(Suc\ i)\ As) = length\ (var-rule\ \alpha)
                by simp
             have set:\{j. \ j < length \ As\} = \{j. \ j < length \ As \land j \neq i\} \cup \{i\}
                 using i Collect-disj-eq by auto
             let ?args = (take \ i \ As \ @ \ (ctxt-of-pos-term \ p' \ (As \ ! \ i))\langle B\rangle \ \# \ drop \ (Suc \ i) \ As)
             {fix j assume j < length \ As \land j \neq i
                  with i have ?args ! j = As!j
                     by (meson nat-less-le nth-append-take-drop-is-nth-conv)
             } moreover have ?args!i = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p'\ (As\ !\ i))\langle B\rangle\ using\ i
                 by (simp add: nth-append-take)
```

```
moreover from set have (\bigcup j < length \ As. \{ var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \alpha) \ ! \ j @ \ q \ | q. \ q \}
\in possL (?args!j)\}) =
                (\bigcup j \in \{j. \ j < length \ As \land j \neq i\}. \{var\text{-poss-list (lhs } \alpha) \mid j @ q \mid q. \ q
\in possL \ (?args \mid j)\}) \cup \{?p1 @ q \mid q. q \in possL \ (?args!i)\}
     ultimately have (\bigcup j < length \ As. \{ var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \alpha) \ ! \ j @ \ q \ | q. \ q \in possL \}
(?args ! j)) =
                (\bigcup j \in \{j. \ j < length \ As \land j \neq i\}. \{var\text{-poss-list (lhs } \alpha) \mid j @ q \mid q. \ q \}
\in possL(As!j)\}) \cup \{?p1 @ q | q. q \in possL(ctxt-of-pos-term p'(As!i))\langle B \rangle\}
     moreover have possL (ctxt-of-pos-term (i # p') A)\langle B \rangle = fun-poss (lhs \alpha) \cup
                 ([] j < length \ As. \{ var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \alpha) \ ! \ j @ \ q \ | q. \ q \in possL \ (?args \ ! \ q) \}
j)\})
       unfolding a Inl ctxt-of-pos-term.simps intp-actxt.simps using possl-rule[OF
l' lin i by force
      ultimately show ?thesis unfolding IH by auto
   qed
    ultimately show ?thesis using p by force
  next
    case (Inr f)
     from Cons(3,4,5) obtain p2 where p:p = i \# p2 and p2 \in poss (source
(As!i) and ctxt:ctxt-of-pos-term p2 (source (As!i)) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term
     unfolding a Inr source.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps source-ctxt.simps by (smt
(verit, best) Cons.prems(2) Cons.prems(3) Inr a actxt.inject ctxt-of-pos-term.simps(2)
i nth-map source-poss)
     with Cons(1,2) i p' have IH:possL (ctxt-of-pos-term p' (As!i))\langle B \rangle = \{q \in
possL(As!i). \neg p2 \leq_p q \} \cup \{p2 @ q \mid q. q \in possL B\}
      unfolding a Inr by (meson fun-well-arg nth-mem)
    let ?a2 = (\bigcup j \in \{k. \ k < length \ As \land k \neq i\}. \{j \# q \mid q. \ q \in possL(As!j)\})
    let ?a3 = \{i \# q \mid q. \ q \in possL \ (As!i) \land \neg \ p2 \leq_p q\}
    let ?a4 = \{i \# p2 @ q \mid q. q \in possL B\}
   let ?b1 = \{q \in possL \ A. \ \neg \ p \leq_p q\}
    have ?a2 \cup ?a3 = ?b1 proof
      \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } x \in ?a2 \}
       then obtain j \neq i where j:j < length \ As \ j \neq i \ and \ q:q \in possL \ (As \mid j) and
x:x = j \# q
          by blast
        from j \ q have j \# q \in possL \ A
          unfolding a Inr by simp
       then have x \in ?b1
          unfolding x p using j(2) by simp
      } moreover {fix x assume x \in ?a3
        then obtain q where x:x = i \# q \ q \in possL \ (As ! i) \neg p2 \leq_p q
          by blast
        from x(3) have \neg p \leq_p x
          unfolding p(x(1)) using less-eq-pos-simps(2) by simp
        with x(2) have x \in ?b1
          unfolding a Inr \ x(1) using i by auto
```

```
ultimately show ?a2 \cup ?a3 \subseteq ?b1 by blast
      \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } b1 : x \in ?b1 \}
       then have x \in possL A
          by simp
       then obtain j q where j:j < length As and x:x = j \# q and q:q \in possL
(As!j)
          unfolding a Inr labeled-source.simps labelposs.simps length-map by force
        then have x \in ?a2 \cup ?a3 \text{ proof}(cases j = i)
          {f case}\ True
          with b1 have \neg p2 \leq_p q
            unfolding p x using less-eq-pos-simps(2) by simp
          then show ?thesis using j \times q \ b1 by auto
       \mathbf{qed}\ simp
      then show ?b1 \subseteq ?a2 \cup ?a3 by blast
    moreover have possL (ctxt-of-pos-term (i # p') A)\langle B \rangle = ?a2 \cup ?a3 \cup ?a4
proof-
      have l:length (take i As @ (ctxt-of-pos-term p'(As!i))\langle B \rangle \# drop(Suci)
As) = length As
       using i by simp
      {fix j assume j < length As
       then have (map labeled-source (take i As @ (ctxt-of-pos-term p'(As!i))\langle B \rangle
\# drop (Suc \ i) \ As) \ ! \ j) = labeled-source ((take \ i \ As \ @ (ctxt-of-pos-term \ p' \ (As \ !) \ ))
(i)(B) \# drop (Suc i) As) ! j)
          using nth-map l by metis
      note map-lab=this
      have set:\{j. \ j < length \ As\} = \{j. \ j < length \ As \land j \neq i\} \cup \{i\}
       using i Collect-disj-eq by auto
      let ?args = (take \ i \ As \ @ \ (ctxt-of-pos-term \ p'\ (As \ ! \ i)) \langle B \rangle \ \# \ drop \ (Suc \ i) \ As)
      {fix j assume j < length \ As \land j \neq i
       with i have ?args! j = As!j
          by (meson nat-less-le nth-append-take-drop-is-nth-conv)
      } moreover have ?args!i = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p'\ (As\ !\ i))\langle B\rangle \text{ using } i
        by (simp add: nth-append-take)
     moreover from set have (\bigcup j < length \ As. \{j \# q \mid q. \ q \in possL \ (?args ! j)\})
                    (\bigcup j \in \{j. \ j < length \ As \land j \neq i\}. \{j \# q \mid q. \ q \in possL \ (?args ! 
j)\}) \cup \{i \# q | q. q \in possL (?args!i)\}
       by force
      ultimately have (\bigcup j < length \ As. \{j \# q \mid q. \ q \in possL \ (?args ! j)\}) =
                (\bigcup j \in \{j. \ j < length \ As \land j \neq i\}. \ \{j \# q \mid q. \ q \in possL \ (As ! j)\}) \cup
\{i \ \# \ q \ | q. \ q \in possL \ (ctxt\text{-of-pos-term} \ p' \ (As \ ! \ i)) \langle B \rangle \}
       by simp
     moreover have possL (ctxt-of-pos-term (i # p') A)\langle B \rangle = (\bigcup j < length \ As. \{j \}
\# q \mid q. \ q \in possL \ (?args \mid j)\})
       unfolding a Inr ctxt-of-pos-term.simps intp-actxt.simps labeled-source.simps
labelposs.simps length-map l using map-lab by force
```

```
ultimately show ?thesis unfolding IH by auto
   qed
   ultimately show ?thesis using p by force
  qed
qed
lemma single-redex-possL:
  assumes to-rule \alpha \in R p \in poss s
  shows possL (ll-single-redex s p \alpha) = {p @ q | q. q \in fun-poss (lhs \alpha)}
proof-
  let ?\Delta = ll-single-redex s p \alpha
 have *: possL (Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s|-(p@pi))) (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha))))
= labelposs (labeled-lhs \alpha)
 proof-
    \{ \mathbf{fix} \ x \}
      have labelposs ((\langle map \ labeled-source (map \ (to-pterm \circ \ (\lambda pi. \ s \mid - \ (p @ pi)))
(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha)))\rangle_{\alpha})\ x) = \{\}
        by (smt (verit) comp-apply labeled-source-simple-pterm labelposs.simps(1)
length-map lhs-subst-not-var-i lhs-subst-var-i map-nth-eq-conv)
     then show ?thesis unfolding labeled-source.simps labelposs-apply-subst by
blast
  qed
  have possL ?\Delta = \{q \in possL \ (to\text{-}pterm \ s). \ \neg \ p \leq_p q\} \cup \{p @ q \ | q. \ q \in possL \}
(Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s|-(p@pi))) (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha))))}
     using label-ctxt assms by (simp add: ll-single-redex-def p-in-poss-to-pterm
source-ctxt-to-pterm)
 also have ...= \{p @ q | q. q \in possL (Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s|-(p@pi))))\}
(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha))))
   using labeled-source-simple-pterm by auto
  also have ...= \{p @ q | q. q \in labelposs (labeled-lhs \alpha)\}
   unfolding * by simp
  finally show ?thesis
   using label-poss-labeled-lhs labelposs-subs-fun-poss by fastforce
qed
end
lemma labeled-poss-in-lhs:
 assumes p-pos:p \in poss (source (Prule \alpha As)) and well:Prule \alpha As \in wf-pterm
R
    and get-label ((labeled-source (Prule \alpha As))|-p) = Some (\alpha, length p) is-Fun
(lhs \ \alpha)
 shows p \in fun\text{-}poss (lhs \alpha)
proof-
 from p-pos consider p \in fun-poss (lhs \alpha) | \exists p1 \ p2 \ x. \ p = p1 @ p2 \land p1 \in poss
(lhs \ \alpha) \land (lhs \ \alpha)|-p1 = Var \ x \land p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x)
   unfolding source.simps using poss-subst-apply-term by metis
```

```
then show ?thesis proof(cases)
   case 2
    then obtain p1 p2 x where p:p=p1 @ p2 and p1:p1 \in poss (lhs \alpha) (lhs
|\alpha|-p1 = Var \ x \ and \ p2:p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x)
   then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) var-rule \alpha!i = x
   by (metis in-set-conv-nth set-vars-term-list subt-at-imp-supteq subteq-Var-imp-in-vars-term
vars-term-list-vars-distinct)
   from p1 have p1-pos':p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs \alpha)
     by simp
   from p1 have p1-pos:p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \ labeled-source As \rangle_{\alpha})
   by (metis\ labeled-source.simps(3)\ labeled-source-to-term p\ p-pos poss-append-poss
poss-term-lab-to-term)
   from p1 have x:labeled-lhs \alpha |-p1 = Var x
        by (metis fun-poss-term-lab-to-term label-term-to-term labeled-source-pos
poss-simps(4) poss-term-lab-to-term term.sel(1) term-lab-to-term.simps(1) var-poss-iff)
   from well have l:length As = length (var-rule \alpha)
     using wf-pterm.cases by auto
   with well i have asi:As!i \in wf-pterm R
     by (metis fun-well-arg nth-mem)
   from l have lab:labeled-source (Prule \alpha As) |-p| = labeled-source (As!i) |-p|2
     unfolding p labeled-source.simps subt-at-append[OF p1-pos] subt-at-subst[OF
p1-pos'| x using i
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map lhs-subst-var-i nth-map eval-term.simps(1))
   moreover from assms(4) p1 have length p2 < length p
     unfolding p by auto
   moreover from p2 have p2 \in poss (labeled-source (As!i))
       using l i by (metis (no-types, lifting) labeled-source-to-term length-map
lhs-subst-var-i nth-map poss-term-lab-to-term)
   ultimately have False using assms(3) asi by (simp add: label-term-max-value
   then show ?thesis by simp
 qed simp
qed
context left-lin-no-var-lhs
begin
lemma qet-label-Prule:
  assumes Prule \ \alpha \ As \in wf-pterm R and p \in poss \ (source \ (Prule \ \alpha \ As)) and
get-label (labeled-source (Prule \alpha As) |-p| = Some(\beta, \theta)
 shows (p = [] \land \alpha = \beta) \lor
 (\exists p1 \ p2 \ i. \ p = p1@p2 \land i < length \ As \land var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \alpha)!i = p1 \ \land
           p2 \in poss \ (source \ (As!i)) \land get\text{-}label \ (labeled\text{-}source \ (As!i)|\text{-}p2) = Some
(\beta, \theta)
proof-
  from assms(1) have \alpha:to-rule \alpha \in R
   using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
  with no-var-lhs obtain f ts where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun f ts by fastforce
 from assms(1) have l1:length (var-rule \alpha) = length As
```

```
using wf-pterm.cases by force
  then have l2:length (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)) = length As
  using left-lin.length-var-rule [OF left-lin-axioms \alpha] by (simp add: length-var-poss-list)
  from left-lin have var-rule: var-rule \alpha = vars-term-list (lhs \alpha)
   using \alpha left-linear-trs-def linear-term-var-vars-term-list by fastforce
  then show ?thesis proof(cases p=[])
   case True
     from assms(3) have \beta = \alpha unfolding True labeled-source.simps lhs la-
bel-term.simps eval-term.simps subt-at.simps by simp
   then show ?thesis unfolding True by simp
 next
   case False
   from assms(3) have possL: p \in possL (Prule \alpha As)
    by (metis\ assms(2)\ qet\mbox{-}label\mbox{-}imp\mbox{-}label\mbox{-}goss\ labeled\mbox{-}source\mbox{-}to\mbox{-}term\ option\mbox{.} distinct(1)
poss-term-lab-to-term)
   {assume p \in fun\text{-}poss (lhs \alpha)}
     then have get-label (labeled-source (Prule \alpha As) |- p) = Some (\alpha, length p)
          unfolding labeled-source.simps lhs using label-term-increase by (metis
add-0
     with assms(3) False have False by simp
   with assms(2) obtain p1 p2 x where p:p = p1@p2 and p1:p1 \in poss (lhs \alpha)
lhs \alpha \mid -p1 = Var \ x \ and \ p2:p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x)
     unfolding source.simps using poss-subst-apply-term[of p lhs \alpha] by metis
   then have p1 \in var\text{-}poss \ (lhs \ \alpha) using var\text{-}poss\text{-}iff by blast
  with p1 obtain i where i:i < length As vars-term-list (lhs \alpha) !i = x var-poss-list
(lhs \ \alpha) \ ! \ i = p1
    \textbf{using } \textit{l2} \textbf{ by } (\textit{metis in-set-conv-nth } \textit{length-var-poss-list } \textit{term.inject(1) } \textit{var-poss-list-sound}
vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
   with p2\ l1 have p2-poss:p2 \in poss\ (source\ (As!i))
      by (smt (verit, del-insts) \alpha case-prodD left-lin left-linear-trs-def length-map
lhs-subst-var-i linear-term-var-vars-term-list nth-map)
    from p1 have labeled-source (Prule \alpha As) |- p = ((\langle map \ labeled-source As\rangle_{\alpha})
x)|-p2
    unfolding labeled-source.simps p by (smt\ (verit)\ assms(2)\ eval-term.simps(1)
label-term-to-term\ labeled-source.simps(3)\ labeled-source-to-term\ p\ poss-term-lab-to-term
subt-at-subst subterm-poss-conv var-label-term)
   moreover from var-rule have map (\langle map \ labeled-source As \rangle_{\alpha}) (vars-term-list
(lhs \ \alpha)) = map \ labeled-source As
     by (metis apply-lhs-subst-var-rule l1 length-map)
   ultimately have labeled-source (Prule \alpha As) |- p = (labeled\text{-source } (As!i))|-p2
     using i by (metis map-nth-conv)
   with assms(3) have get-label (labeled-source (As! i) |- p2) = Some(\beta, \theta) by
force
   with p2-poss i p show ?thesis by blast
 ged
qed
end
```

If the labeled source of a proof term A has the shape $t \cdot \sigma$ where all function symbols in t are unlabeled, then A matches t with some substitution τ .

```
context no-var-lhs
begin
{\bf lemma}\ pterm\text{-}source\text{-}substitution\text{:}
assumes A \in wf-pterm R
 and source A = t \cdot \sigma and linear-term t
 and \forall p \in fun\text{-}poss\ t.\ p \notin possL\ A
shows A = (to\text{-}pterm\ t) \cdot (mk\text{-}subst\ Var\ (match\text{-}substs\ (to\text{-}pterm\ t)\ A))
  using assms proof(induct A arbitrary: t \sigma)
  case (1 x)
  from I(1) obtain y where y:t = Var y
   using subst-apply-eq-Var by (metis\ source.simps(1))
  have match:match-substs (Var\ y) (Var\ x) = [(y,\ Var\ x)]
   unfolding match-substs-def vars-term-list.simps poss-list.simps by simp
 show ?case unfolding y to-pterm.simps match
   by simp
\mathbf{next}
  case (2 As f)
 show ?case proof(cases t)
   case (Var x)
   have match:match-substs (Var\ x) (Pfun\ f\ As) = [(x,\ Pfun\ f\ As)]
     unfolding match-substs-def vars-term-list.simps poss-list.simps by simp
   then show ?thesis unfolding Var to-pterm.simps match by simp
  next
   case (Fun \ g \ ts)
   from 2(2) have f:f=g
     unfolding Fun by simp
   from 2(2) have l:length\ ts = length\ As
     unfolding Fun eval-term.simps using map-eq-imp-length-eq by fastforce
   \{fix i assume i:i < length As
     from 2(2) i have source (As!i) = (ts!i) \cdot \sigma
          unfolding Fun f by (smt (verit, best) eval-term.simps(2) l nth-map
source.simps(2) term.sel(4))
     moreover from 2(3) i l have lin-tsi:linear-term (ts!i)
       unfolding Fun by simp
     moreover have (\forall p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (ts!i).\ p \notin possL\ (As!i)) proof
       fix p assume p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (ts!i)
       then have i\#p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (Fun\ f\ ts)
         using i l by simp
       with 2(4) have i \# p \notin possL (Pfun f As)
         unfolding Fun f by fastforce
       then show p \notin possL(As!i)
         using i unfolding labeled-source.simps labelposs.simps by simp
     qed
      ultimately have IH:As!i = to\text{-}pterm\ (ts!i) \cdot mk\text{-}subst\ Var\ (match\text{-}substs
(to\text{-}pterm\ (ts!i))\ (As!i))
       using 2(1) in th-mem by blast
     have As!i = to\text{-}pterm\ (ts!i) \cdot mk\text{-}subst\ Var\ (match\text{-}substs\ (to\text{-}pterm\ t)\ (Pfun
```

```
g(As)) proof-
       {fix x assume x \in vars\text{-}term (to\text{-}pterm (ts!i))
       then obtain j where j:vars-term-list (ts!i) !j = x j < length (vars-term-list
(ts!i)
          by (metis in-set-conv-nth set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
        then have j': j < length (map ((|-) (As! i)) (var-poss-list (to-pterm (ts!)))
i))))
          by (metis length-map length-var-poss-list var-poss-list-to-pterm)
        let ?qj=var-poss-list\ (to-pterm\ (ts!i))\ !j
          have map-j:(map\ ((|-)\ (As\ !\ i))\ (var-poss-list\ (to-pterm\ (ts\ !\ i))))!j=
(As!i)|-?qj
          using j' by simp
        have distinct (vars-term-list (ts!i))
       using lin-tsi by (metis distinct-remdups distinct-rev linear-term-var-vars-term-list
o-apply)
        then have dist1:distinct\ (map\ fst\ (match-substs\ (to-pterm\ (ts!i))\ (As!i)))
           unfolding match-substs-def by (metis length-map length-var-poss-list
map-fst-zip vars-to-pterm)
        have distinct (vars-term-list t)
       by (metis 2.prems(2) distinct-remdups distinct-rev linear-term-var-vars-term-list
o-apply)
       then have dist2:distinct (map fst (match-substs (to-pterm t) (Pfun g As)))
            unfolding match-substs-def by (metis length-map length-var-poss-list
map-fst-zip vars-to-pterm)
        have (x, (As!i)| - ?qj) \in set (match-substs (to-pterm (ts!i)) (As!i))
        unfolding match-substs-def using map-j j j' by (metis (no-types, lifting)
in-set-conv-nth length-zip min-less-iff-conj nth-zip vars-to-pterm)
        then have sub1:mk-subst\ Var\ (match-substs\ (to-pterm\ (ts!i))\ (As!i))\ x=
As!i \mid -?qj
          using dist1 map-of-eq-Some-iff unfolding mk-subst-def by simp
        let ?j' = (sum\text{-}list\ (map\ (length\ \circ\ vars\text{-}term\text{-}list)\ (take\ i\ ts))\ +\ j)
        have x2:vars-term-list\ t\ !\ ?j'=x
            unfolding Fun vars-term-list.simps using j(1) by (smt (verit, best)
concat-nth i j(2) l length-map map-map <math>nth-map take-map)
       have lj':?j' < length (vars-term-list (to-pterm t)) unfolding vars-to-pterm
unfolding Fun to-pterm.simps vars-term-list.simps
            using i \ j(2) \ l \ concat-nth-length by (metis List.map.compositionality
length-map nth-map take-map)
        then have j'-var-poss: ?j' < length (var-poss-list (to-pterm t))
          by (metis length-var-poss-list)
       then have lj'':?j' < length (map ((|-) (Pfun g As)) (var-poss-list (to-pterm
t)))
          by (metis length-map length-var-poss-list)
        have var-poss-list (to-pterm t)! ?j' = i\#?qj
        proof-
        have l-zip:i < length (zip [0..< length (map to-pterm ts)] (map var-poss-list)
(map to-pterm ts)))
           by (simp \ add: i \ l)
            have zip:zip [0..<length (map to-pterm ts)] (map var-poss-list (map
```

```
to-pterm ts) ! i = (i, var-poss-list (to-pterm (ts ! i))
            using nth-zip by (simp add: i l)
         have map2:map2 (\lambda i. map ((#) i)) [0..<length (map to-pterm ts)] (map
var-poss-list (map\ to-pterm ts)) ! i ! j = i\#?qj
            unfolding nth-map[OF \ l-zip] zip using j' by auto
         from l-zip have i'':i < length (map2 (\lambda x. map ((#) x)) [0..< length (map x)]
to-pterm ts)] (map var-poss-list (map to-pterm ts)))
            by simp
          have j'':j < length (map 2 (\lambda x. map ((\#) x)) [0..< length (map to-pterm
ts)] (map var-poss-list (map to-pterm ts))! i)
            unfolding nth-map[OF l-zip] zip using j(2) by (metis\ case-prod-conv
length-map length-var-poss-list vars-to-pterm)
          {fix k assume k:k < length ts
              then have zip:zip [0..<length (map to-pterm ts)] (map var-poss-list
(map\ to\text{-}pterm\ ts)) \mid k = (k,\ var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (to\text{-}pterm\ (ts\mid k)))
              using nth-zip by simp
              then have map2 (\lambda x. map((\#) x)) [0..< length(map to-pterm ts)]
(map\ var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (map\ to\text{-}pterm\ ts))\ !\ k =
              map((\#) k) (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list(to\text{-}pterm(ts!k)))
              using k by simp
           then have length ((map2 (\lambda x. map ((\#) x)) [0... < length (map to-pterm
[ts) (map var-poss-list (map to-pterm ts)))!k) =
                  length (vars-term-list (ts!k))
              using length-var-poss-list vars-to-pterm by (metis length-map)
            with k have (map length (map2 (\lambda x. map ((\#) x)) [0..<length (map
to-pterm ts)] (map \ var-poss-list (map \ to-pterm ts))))!k =
              (map (length \circ vars-term-list) ts) ! k by simp
          }
         moreover have length (map length (map2 (\lambda x. map ((\#) x)) [0..<length
(map\ to\text{-}pterm\ ts)]\ (map\ var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (map\ to\text{-}pterm\ ts)))) = length\ ts
            by simp
            ultimately have (map length (map2 (\lambda x. map ((#) x)) [0..<length
(map\ to\text{-}pterm\ ts)]\ (map\ var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (map\ to\text{-}pterm\ ts)))) =
            (map (length \circ vars-term-list) ts) by (simp add: map-nth-eq-conv)
          then show ?thesis
           unfolding Fun to-pterm.simps var-poss-list.simps using concat-nth[OF
i" j" unfolding map2 take-map[symmetric] by simp
         with lj'' have (map ((|-) (Pfun \ g \ As)) (var-poss-list (to-pterm \ t)))!?j' =
Pfun \ g \ As \mid - (i\#?qj)
          by force
         with x2 have (x, Pfun \ g \ As \ | -(i\#?qj)) \in set \ (match-substs \ (to-pterm \ t)
           unfolding match-substs-def using lj' lj'' by (metis (no-types, lifting)
in-set-conv-nth length-zip min-less-iff-conj nth-zip vars-to-pterm)
         then have sub2:mk-subst Var\ (match-substs (to-pterm t)\ (Pfun\ g\ As))\ x
= Pfun \ q \ As \mid -(i\#?qi)
          using dist2 map-of-eq-Some-iff unfolding mk-subst-def by simp
        from sub1 sub2 have mk-subst Var (match-substs (to-pterm (ts!i)) (As!i))
```

```
x = mk-subst Var (match-substs (to-pterm t) (Pfun g As)) x
          by simp
      then show ?thesis using IH
        using term-subst-eq by force
    \mathbf{qed}
   then show ?thesis
   unfolding Fun f eval-term.simps to-pterm.simps using l by (metis (mono-tags,
lifting) length-map map-nth-eq-conv)
 qed
next
 case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
 show ?case proof(cases t)
   case (Var x)
   have match:match-substs (Var x) (Prule \alpha As) = [(x, Prule \alpha As)]
     unfolding match-substs-def vars-term-list.simps poss-list.simps by simp
   then show ?thesis unfolding Var to-pterm.simps match by simp
   case (Fun \ q \ ts)
   from 3(1) no-var-lhs obtain f ss where lhsa:lhs \alpha = Fun f ss
     by blast
   have [] \in possL (Prule \ \alpha \ As)
   {\bf unfolding}\ labeled\text{-}source.simps\ label-term.simps\ labelposs.simps\ eval\text{-}term.simps
by simp
   with 3(6) have False unfolding Fun by simp
   then show ?thesis by simp
 ged
qed
lemma unlabeled-source-to-pterm:
assumes labeled-source A = s \cdot \tau
   and linear-term s and A \in wf-pterm R
   and labelposs\ s = \{\}
 shows \exists As. A = to\text{-}pterm (term-lab-to-term s) \cdot (mk\text{-}subst Var (zip (vars-term-list)))
(s) As) \land length (vars-term-list s) = length As
 using assms proof(induct s arbitrary:A)
 case (Var x)
 let ?As = [A]
 have A = to-pterm (term-lab-to-term (Var x)) \cdot mk-subst Var (zip (vars-term-list
(Var x) ?As)
  unfolding term-lab-to-term.simps to-pterm.simps vars-term-list.simps zip-Cons-Cons
zip-Nil mk-subst-def by simp
 then show ?case
   by (smt\ (verit)\ length-nth-simps(1)\ list.size(4)\ vars-term-list.simps(1))
next
 case (Fun fl ts)
 from Fun(5) obtain f where f:fl = (f, None)
   by (metis empty-iff empty-pos-in-poss get-label.simps(2) get-label-imp-labelposs
```

```
prod.exhaust-sel\ subt-at.simps(1))
 with Fun(2) have \exists As. A = Pfun \ f \ As \land length \ As = length \ ts \ \mathbf{proof}(cases \ A)
   case (Pfun \ g \ As)
   from Fun(2) show ?thesis
     unfolding Pfun f labeled-source.simps using map-eq-imp-length-eq by auto
  next
   case (Prule \alpha As)
   from Fun(4) no-var-lhs obtain g ss where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun g ss
   by (metis Inl-inject Prule case-prodD is-FunE is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3)
term.distinct(1) \ term.sel(2) \ wf-pterm.simps)
   from Fun(2) show ?thesis
     unfolding Prule f lhs labeled-source.simps by force
  qed simp
  then obtain As where as:A = Pfun \ f \ As and l:length \ As = length \ ts
   by blast
  {fix i assume i:i < length ts
   with Fun(2) have labeled-source (As!i) = (ts!i) \cdot \tau
   unfolding as by (smt (verit, best) eval-term.simps(2) l labeled-source.simps(2)
nth-map term.inject(2)
   moreover from i Fun(3) have linear-term (ts!i)
     \mathbf{by} \ simp
   moreover from i Fun(4) have As!i \in wf-pterm R
     unfolding as by (metis l fun-well-arg nth-mem)
   moreover from i Fun(5) have labelposs (ts!i) = \{\}
     unfolding f labelposs.simps by blast
   ultimately have \exists As'. (As!i) = to\text{-}pterm (term\text{-}lab\text{-}to\text{-}term (ts!i)) \cdot mk\text{-}subst
Var\ (zip\ (vars-term-list\ (ts!i))\ As') \land length\ (vars-term-list\ (ts!i)) = length\ As'
     using Fun(1) i by force
 then obtain As' where l'':length As' = length ts
   and IH: (\forall i < length \ ts. \ (As!i) = to\text{-}pterm \ (term\text{-}lab\text{-}to\text{-}term \ (ts!i)) \cdot mk\text{-}subst
Var\ (zip\ (vars-term-list\ (ts!i))\ (As'!i))\ \land\ length\ (vars-term-list\ (ts!i))\ =\ length
(As'!i)
  using Ex-list-of-length-P[where P=\lambda As' i. As! i=to-pterm (term-lab-to-term
(ts \mid i)) \cdot mk-subst Var(zip(vars-term-list(ts \mid i)) As') \wedge length(vars-term-list
(ts!i) = length As' | l by blast
 then have l':length \ As' = length \ (map \ to-pterm \ (map \ term-lab-to-term \ ts))
   by simp
  have vars-list:map \ vars-term-list (map \ to-pterm (map \ term-lab-to-term ts)) =
map vars-term-list ts
  by (smt (verit, best) length-map map-nth-eq-conv vars-term-list-term-lab-to-term
vars-to-pterm)
 have map vars-term (map to-pterm (map term-lab-to-term ts)) = map vars-term
ts
  using vars-term-list-term-lab-to-term by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) length-map
map-nth-eq-conv set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
 then have part: is-partition (map vars-term (map to-pterm (map term-lab-to-term
ts)))
   using Fun(3) by (metis\ linear-term.simps(2))
```

```
have *: \forall i < length \ ts. \ to-pterm \ (term-lab-to-term \ (ts!i)) \cdot mk-subst Var \ (concat
(map\ 2\ zip\ (map\ vars-term-list\ (map\ to-pterm\ (map\ term-lab-to-term\ ts)))\ As'))=
  using mk-subst-partition-special [OF l' part] unfolding length-map using nth-map
IH
   by (smt (verit, best) length-map vars-term-list-term-lab-to-term vars-to-pterm)
 from IH have \forall i < length \ ts. \ length \ (vars-term-list \ (to-pterm \ (term-lab-to-term
(ts!\ i))) = length\ (As'!\ i)
   by (metis vars-term-list-term-lab-to-term vars-to-pterm)
  then have ls: \forall i < length \ ts. \ length \ (map \ vars-term-list \ (map \ to-pterm \ (map
term-lab-to-term\ ts))\ !\ i) = length\ (As'\ !\ i)
   using nth-map by simp
 then have cc:concat (map2 zip (map vars-term-list (map to-pterm (map term-lab-to-term
(ts)) (ts) (ts)
   unfolding vars-list using concat-map2-zip by (metis l' length-map)
 have A = to-pterm (term-lab-to-term (Fun fl ts)) · mk-subst Var (zip (vars-term-list
(Fun \ fl \ ts)) \ (concat \ As'))
   unfolding f term-lab-to-term.simps to-pterm.simps fst-conv eval-term.simps as
vars-term-list.simps cc[symmetric] using * by (simp add: l list-eq-iff-nth-eq)
 moreover have length (vars-term-list (Fun fl ts)) = length (concat As')
   unfolding vars-term-list.simps
   using l'' ls by (metis eq-length-concat-nth length-map vars-list)
 ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
end
lemma labels-intersect-label-term:
 assumes term-lab-to-term A = t \cdot (term-lab-to-term \circ \sigma)
   and linear-term t
 and labelposs A \cap labelposs ((label-term \alpha \ n \ t) \cdot \sigma) = \{\}
shows \exists As. \ A = term-to-term-lab \ t \cdot (mk-subst \ Var \ (zip \ (vars-term-list \ t) \ As)) \land
length As = length (vars-term-list t)
 using assms proof(induct\ t\ arbitrary: A\ n)
 case (Var x)
 have A = mk-subst Var (zip [x] [A]) x
   unfolding mk-subst-def by simp
 then show ?case unfolding term-to-term-lab.simps eval-term.simps vars-term-list.simps
by fastforce
\mathbf{next}
 case (Fun f ts)
 from Fun(2) obtain lab ss where a:A = Fun(f, lab) ss
  using term-lab-to-term.simps by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) eroot.cases fst-conv
old.prod.exhaust\ eval-term.simps(2)\ term.distinct(1)\ term.sel(2))
 from Fun(4) have lab:lab = None
   unfolding a using insertCI by auto
 from Fun(2) have l:length\ ts = length\ ss
  unfolding a by (metis length-map eval-term.simps(2) term.sel(4) term-lab-to-term.simps(2))
 {fix i assume i:i < length ts
   with Fun(2) have term-lab-to-term (ss!i) = ts!i \cdot (term-lab-to-term \circ \sigma)
```

```
unfolding a term-lab-to-term.simps eval-term.simps fst-conv by (metis l
nth-map term.inject(2))
      moreover from i Fun(3) have linear-term (ts!i)
       moreover have labelposs (ss!i) \cap labelposs (label-term \alpha (n+1) (ts!i) \cdot \sigma) =
{}
      proof-
            {fix q assume q1:q ∈ labelposs (ss!i) and q2:q ∈ labelposs (label-term \alpha
(n+1) (ts!i) \cdot \sigma
            from q1 \ i \ l \ have \ i \# q \in labelposs \ A
                unfolding a lab label-term.simps labelposs.simps by simp
            moreover from q2 i have i\#q \in labelposs ((label-term <math>\alpha \ n \ (Fun \ f \ ts)) \cdot \sigma)
              unfolding label-term.simps eval-term.simps labelposs.simps length-map by
simp
            ultimately have False
                using Fun(4) by blast
         then show ?thesis
            by blast
      qed
         ultimately have \exists As. ss!i = term-to-term-lab \ (ts!i) \cdot (mk-subst \ Var \ (zip
(vars-term-list\ (ts!i))\ As)) \land length\ As = length\ (vars-term-list\ (ts!i))
         using Fun(1) in themem by blast
   then obtain Ass where l':length Ass = length ts
      and IH:(\forall i < length \ ts. \ (ss!i) = (term-to-term-lab \ (ts!i)) \cdot mk-subst Var \ (zip)
(vars-term-list\ (ts!i))\ (Ass!i) \land length\ (Ass!i) = length\ (vars-term-list\ (ts!i))
     using Ex-list-of-length-P[where P=\lambda Ass\ i.\ ss\ !\ i=(term-to-term-lab\ (ts\ !\ i))
mk-subst Var (zip (vars-term-list (ts! i)) Ass) \land length Ass = length (vars-term-list
(ts!i)] l by blast
   let ?As = concat Ass
   from l' have l'':length Ass = length (map term-to-term-lab ts)
      by simp
  have vars-list:map \ vars-term-list \ (map \ term-to-term-lab \ ts) = map \ vars-term-list
      using vars-term-list-term-to-term-lab by auto
   have map vars-term (map term-to-term-lab ts) = map vars-term ts
     using vars-term-list-term-to-term-lab by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) length-map
map-nth-eq-conv set-vars-term-list vars-to-pterm)
   then have part:is-partition (map vars-term (map term-to-term-lab ts))
      using Fun(3) by (metis\ linear-term.simps(2))
   have *: \forall i < length \ ts. \ (term-to-term-lab \ (ts!i)) \cdot mk-subst Var \ (concat \ (map2) + (map2
zip \ (map \ vars-term-list \ (map \ term-to-term-lab \ ts)) \ Ass)) = ss!i
         using mk-subst-partition-special[OF l" part] unfolding length-map using
nth-map IH
      by (smt (verit, best) length-map vars-term-list-term-to-term-lab vars-to-pterm)
   from IH have \forall i < length \ ts. \ length \ (vars-term-list \ (term-to-term-lab \ (ts! \ i)))
= length (Ass! i)
      by (metis vars-term-list-term-to-term-lab)
```

```
then have ls: \forall i < length \ ts. \ length \ (map \ vars-term-list \ (map \ term-to-term-lab)
ts) ! i) = length (Ass ! i)
   using nth-map by simp
  then have cc:concat (map2 zip (map vars-term-list (map term-to-term-lab ts))
Ass) = zip (concat (map vars-term-list ts)) (concat Ass)
   unfolding vars-list using concat-map2-zip by (metis l' length-map)
  have A = term\text{-}to\text{-}term\text{-}lab (Fun f ts) \cdot mk\text{-}subst Var (zip (vars\text{-}term\text{-}list (Fun f ts))))
ts)) ?As)
    unfolding term-to-term-lab.simps eval-term.simps vars-term-list.simps a lab
cc[symmetric] using * by (simp add: l list-eq-iff-nth-eq)
 moreover from IH l' have l'':length ?As = length (vars-term-list (Fun <math>f ts))
   unfolding vars-term-list.simps by (simp add: eq-length-concat-nth)
 ultimately show ?case
   by blast
qed
lemma labeled-wf-pterm-rule-in-TRS:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R and p \in poss (labeled-source A)
   and get-label (labeled-source A | - p) = Some (\alpha, n)
 shows to-rule \alpha \in R
 using assms proof(induct A arbitrary: p n)
 case (2 ts f)
 from 2(2,3) obtain i p' where p:p=i\#p' i < length ts p' \in poss (labeled-source
(ts!i) get-label (labeled-source (ts!i) |- p') = Some (\alpha, n)
   unfolding labeled-source.simps get-label.simps by auto
  with 2(1) show ?case
   using nth-mem by blast
next
  case (3 \beta As)
 from 3(4) consider p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (labeled\text{-}lhs\ \beta) \mid (\exists\ p1\ p2\ x.\ p = p1@p2
                                  \land p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs \beta) \land (labeled-lhs \beta)|-p1 =
Var x
                                    \land p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x)
                                         labeled-source As\rangle_{\beta}) x)|-p2)
  unfolding labeled-source.simps by (meson poss-is-Fun-fun-poss poss-subst-choice)
  then show ?case proof(cases)
   case 1
   then have p \in fun\text{-}poss\ (lhs\ \beta)
     by (simp add: fun-poss-label-term)
   then have get-label ((labeled-source (Prule \beta As))|-p) = Some (\beta, length p)
     unfolding labeled-source.simps by (simp add: label-term-increase)
   with 3(1,5) show ?thesis by auto
 next
   case 2
   then obtain p1 p2 x where p1p2:p = p1 @ p2 and x:p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs
\beta) \wedge labeled-lhs \beta |- p1 = Var x
      and p2:p2 \in poss ((\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x)
      and lab:labeled-source (Prule \beta As) |- p = (\langle map \ labeled\text{-source } As \rangle_{\beta}) \ x \mid - p2
```

```
by blast
   from x have x \in vars\text{-}term (lhs \beta)
   \mathbf{by} \; (\textit{metis subt-at-imp-supteq subteq-Var-imp-in-vars-term \; vars-term-labeled-lhs})
   with x obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \beta) \land (var-rule \beta)!i = x
     by (metis in-set-conv-nth set-vars-term-list vars-term-list-vars-distinct)
   with \Im(2) have *:(\langle map \ labeled-source As \rangle_{\beta}) x = labeled-source (As!i)
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map lhs-subst-var-i nth-map)
   with 3(5) lab have get-label ((labeled-source (As!i))|-p2) = Some (\alpha, n)
     by simp
   with \Im(\Im) p2 i \Im(2) * show ?thesis by force
  qed
qed simp
\mathbf{context}\ \mathit{no-var-lhs}
begin
lemma unlabeled-above-p:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R
   and p \in poss (source A)
   and \forall r. r <_p p \longrightarrow r \notin possL A
  shows p \in poss A \land labeled\text{-}source A|-p = labeled\text{-}source (A|-p)
  using assms proof(induct p arbitrary: A)
 case (Cons \ i \ p)
 from Cons(3) obtain f ts where f:source A = Fun f ts and i:i < length ts and
p:p \in poss (ts!i)
   using args-poss by blast
  from Cons(4) have [] \notin possL A
   by (simp add: order-pos.less-le)
  then have no-lab: get-label (labeled-source A) = None
   by (metis empty-pos-in-poss get-label-imp-labelposs subt-at.simps(1))
 from Cons(3) obtain f' As where a:A = Fun f' As
   by (metis\ Cons\text{-}poss\text{-}Var\ eroot.cases\ source.simps(1))
  then have f':f' = Inr f \operatorname{proof}(cases A)
   case (Pfun \ g \ Bs)
   then show ?thesis using f Pfun a by simp
 next
   case (Prule \alpha Bs)
   with Cons(2) obtain g ss where g:lhs \alpha = Fun g ss
   using no-var-lhs by (metis Inl-inject case-prodD is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3)
term.collapse(2) term.distinct(1) term.sel(2) wf-pterm.simps)
   then show ?thesis using no-lab unfolding Prule by simp
  qed simp
  from i a have i':i < length As
   using f f' by force
  from Cons(3) have p \in poss (source (As!i))
   unfolding a f' by auto
  moreover
  {fix r assume r \in poss (source (As!i)) and le:r <_p p
   then have i\#r \in poss (labeled\text{-}source A)
     unfolding a f' using i' by simp
```

```
moreover from le have i\#r <_p i\#p
     by simp
   ultimately have i\#r \notin possL A
     using Cons(4) by blast
   then have r \notin possL (As!i)
     unfolding a f' labeled-source.simps using i' by force
  ultimately have p \in poss(As!i) \land labeled\text{-}source(As!i) \mid p = labeled\text{-}source
((As!i) \mid -p)
  using Cons(1,2) i' unfolding a f' by (meson fun-well-arg nth-mem possL-subset-poss-source
subsetD)
  with i' a f' show ?case
   by simp
\mathbf{qed}\ simp
end
lemma (in single-redex) labeled-source-at-pg:labeled-source (A|-q) = (labeled-source
A)|-p
 using a pq q p a-well proof(induct q arbitrary:p A)
 case Nil
  then have p = []
   by (simp add: subt-at-ctxt-of-pos-term subt-at-id-imp-eps)
  then show ?case
   by simp
next
  case (Cons\ i\ q)
  from Cons(4) obtain fs Bs where a:A = Fun fs Bs and i:i < length Bs and
q:q \in poss(Bs!i)
   using args-poss by blast
 \textbf{let ?} As = map \; (\lambda j. \; (Bs!i) \; | \text{-} \; (q \; @ \; [j])) \; [\theta... < length \; (var\text{-}rule \; \alpha)]
 have (map \ (\lambda ia. \ A \mid -((i \# q) @ [ia])) \ [0..< length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)]) = ?As
   unfolding a by simp
  with a i q Cons(2,4) have bsi:Bs!i = (ctxt-of-pos-term\ q\ (Bs!i))\langle Prule\ \alpha\ ?As\rangle
   by (metis ctxt-supt-id subt-at.simps(2) subt-at-ctxt-of-pos-term)
 from Cons(6) have bi-well:Bs ! i \in wf-pterm R
   unfolding a by (meson fun-well-arg i nth-mem)
 show ?case proof(cases fs)
   case (Inl \beta)
   from Cons(6) have lin:linear-term (lhs \beta)
    unfolding a Inl using left-lin left-linear-trs-def term.inject(2) wf-pterm.cases
by fastforce
   from Cons(6) have is-Fun:is-Fun (lhs \beta)
     unfolding a Inl using no-var-lhs using wf-pterm.cases by auto
   from Cons(6) have l-bs:length Bs = length (var-rule <math>\beta)
     unfolding a Inl using wf-pterm.cases by auto
   obtain p1 p2 where p:p = p1@p2 and p1:p1 = var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs <math>\beta)! i and
p2:p2 \in poss (source (Bs!i))
     using ctxt-rule-obtain-pos Cons(4,5,3) lin l-bs unfolding a Inl by metis
   have ctxt:ctxt-of\text{-}pos\text{-}term p2 (source (Bs!i)) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of\text{-}pos\text{-}term
```

```
q (Bs ! i)
   proof-
     from p1 have p1-pos:p1 \in poss (lhs \beta)
       using i l-bs lin by (metis length-var-poss-list linear-term-var-vars-term-list
nth-mem var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
     from p1-pos have p1':p1 \in poss (lhs \beta \cdot \langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\beta})
      by simp
     from p1 have p1":var-poss-list (lhs \beta)! length (take i Bs) = p1
       using i by force
     have *: lhs \beta \cdot \langle map \ source \ Bs \rangle_{\beta} \mid -p1 = source \ (Bs!i)
      unfolding p1 using l-bs i
       by (smt (verit) length-map lhs-subst-var-i lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list
nth-map p1 p1-pos eval-term.simps(1) subt-at-subst vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
     from Cons(3) show ?thesis
         unfolding a Inl p source.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps source-ctxt.simps
Let-def ctxt-of-pos-term-append[OF p1'] * p1''
       using ctxt-comp-equals[OF p1'] p1-pos using poss-imp-subst-poss by blast
   aed
   from Cons(1)[OF\ bsi\ ctxt\ q\ p2\ bi-well] have IH: labeled-source (Bs\ !\ i\ |-\ q)=
labeled-source (Bs ! i) |-p2|
     by presburger
   from p1 have p1 = var-poss-list (labeled-lhs \beta)! i
     by (simp add: var-poss-list-labeled-lhs)
   moreover then have (labeled-lhs \beta)|-p1 = Var (vars-term-list (lhs \beta)!i)
       by (metis i l-bs lin linear-term-var-vars-term-list vars-term-list-labeled-lhs
vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
   ultimately show ?thesis
     unfolding a Inl using i IH unfolding subt-at.simps p labeled-source.simps
   by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule filter-cong l-bs length-map
length-var-poss-list\ lin\ linear-term-var-vars-term-list\ map-nth-conv\ nth-mem\ poss-imp-subst-poss
eval-term.simps(1) subt-at-append subt-at-subst var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound
vars-term-list-labeled-lhs)
 next
   case (Inr f)
   from Cons(3,5) obtain p' where p:p = i \# p' and p':p' \in poss (source (Bs!i))
     by (metis Cons.prems(3) Inr a source-poss)
    from Cons(3) have ctxt:ctxt-of-pos-term p' (source (Bs ! i)) = source-ctxt
(ctxt-of-pos-term\ q\ (Bs\ !\ i))
     unfolding a Inr p by (simp \ add: i)
   from Cons(1)[OF\ bsi\ ctxt\ q\ p'\ bi-well] have IH:labeled-source\ (Bs\ !\ i\ |-\ q)=
labeled-source (Bs!i) |- p'
     by presburger
   then show ?thesis
     unfolding a Inr p using i by simp
 qed
qed
context left-lin
begin
```

```
lemma single-redex-label:
 assumes \Delta = ll-single-redex s p \alpha p \in poss s q \in poss (source <math>\Delta) to-rule \alpha \in R
   and get-label (labeled-source \Delta \mid -q \rangle = Some (\beta, n)
  shows \alpha = \beta \wedge (\exists q'. \ q = p@q' \wedge length \ q' = n \wedge q' \in fun-poss \ (lhs \ \alpha))
proof-
  from assms have wf:\Delta \in wf-pterm R
    using single-redex-wf-pterm left-lin left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
  from assms have q \in possL \Delta
    using get-label-imp-labelposs by force
  then obtain q' where q:q=p@q' and q':q' \in fun\text{-}poss\ (lhs\ \alpha)
   unfolding assms(1) using single-redex-possL[OF assms(4,2)] by auto
 from assms have labeled-source \Delta = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term \ p \ (labeled\text{-}source \ (to\text{-}pterm
s)))\langle labeled-source (Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi. s| -(p@pi))) (var-poss-list (lhs
\alpha)))))
     using label-source-ctxt by (simp add: ll-single-redex-def p-in-poss-to-pterm
source-ctxt-to-pterm)
 then have labeled-source \Delta \mid -q = labeled-source (Prule \alpha (map (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi.
s|-(p@pi)) (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)))) |-q'
   unfolding q using assms(2) by (metis hole-pos-ctxt-of-pos-term hole-pos-poss
labeled-source-to-term poss-term-lab-to-term replace-at-subt-at source-to-pterm subt-at-append)
  then have get-label (labeled-source \Delta \mid -q \rangle = get-label (labeled-lhs \alpha \mid -q' \rangle
    using get-label-at-fun-poss-subst q' by force
  also have ... = Some (\alpha, size q')
    using get-label-label-term q' by fastforce
  finally show ?thesis using assms q q' by force
qed
end
5.2
        Measuring Overlap
abbreviation measure-ov :: ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow nat
  where measure-ov A B \equiv card ((possL A) \cap (possL B))
lemma finite-labelposs: finite (labelposs A)
  by (meson finite-fun-poss labelposs-subs-fun-poss rev-finite-subset)
lemma finite-possL: finite (possL A)
 by (simp add: finite-labelposs)
lemma measure-ov-symm: measure-ov A B = measure-ov B A
  by (simp add: Int-commute)
lemma measure-lhs-subst:
  assumes l:length \ As = length \ Bs
  shows card ((labelposs\ ((label-term\ \alpha\ j\ t)\ \cdot\ \langle map\ labeled\text{-}source\ As\rangle_{\alpha}))\cap
        (labelposs\ (labeled\text{-}source\ (to\text{-}pterm\ t)\cdot \langle map\ labeled\text{-}source\ Bs\rangle_{\alpha})))
        = (\sum x \leftarrow vars\text{-}term\text{-}list \ t. \ measure\text{-}ov \ ((\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x) \ ((\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x))
  using assms proof(induct t arbitrary:j)
```

```
case (Var x)
  show ?case proof(cases \exists i < length \ As. \ i < length \ (var-rule \ \alpha) \land x = (var-rule \ \alpha)
\alpha)!i)
       case True
       then obtain i where i:x = (var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)!i and il:i < length \ As and il2:i < length \ As
length (var-rule \alpha) by auto
       then have a:(\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = labeled\text{-}source \ (As!i)
           using lhs-subst-var-i by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map nth-map)
       from i il il2 l have b:(\langle map\ labeled\text{-}source\ Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) x = labeled\text{-}source\ (Bs!i)
          using lhs-subst-var-i by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map nth-map)
       from i show ?thesis unfolding vars-term-list.simps sum-list-elem
       unfolding to-pterm.simps label-term.simps labeled-source.simps eval-term.simps
          unfolding a b using lhs-subst-var-i l il il2 by metis
   next
       case False
       then have a:(\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x = Var \ x
          using lhs-subst-not-var-i by (metis length-map)
       from False l have b:(\langle map\ labeled\text{-}source\ Bs \rangle_{\alpha})\ x = Var\ x
          using lhs-subst-not-var-i by (metis length-map)
       from False l have possL ((\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x) \cap possL ((\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x) = \{\}
          unfolding term.set(3) using lhs-subst-not-var-i
          by (metis\ inf.idem\ labeled-source.simps(1)\ labelposs.simps(1))
     then show ?thesis unfolding label-term.simps to-pterm.simps labeled-source.simps
eval-term.simps a b
            by auto
    qed
next
   case (Fun f ts)
  let ?as=(map\ (\lambda t.\ t\cdot \langle map\ labeled\text{-}source\ As\rangle_{\alpha})\ (map\ (label-term\ \alpha\ (j+1))\ ts))
  let ?bs=(map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \langle map \ labeled-source Bs\rangle_{\alpha}) \ (map \ labeled-source (map \ to-pterm
ts)))
   let ?f = (\lambda i. (\{i \# p \mid p. p \in labelposs (?as!i)\} \cap \{i \# p \mid p. p \in labelposs (?bs!)\})
    have \{[]\} \cap (\bigcup i < length \ ts. \ \{i \ \# \ p \ | p. \ p \in labelposs \ (map \ (\lambda t. \ t \cdot \langle map \ la-length \ ts. \ (map \ la-length \ ts. \ la-length \ ts. \ (map \ la-length \ ts. \ (map \ la-length \ ts. \ (map \ la-l
beled-source Bs\rangle_{\alpha} (map labeled-source (map to-pterm ts) ! i)}) = {}
    then have *: labelposs (label-term \alpha j (Fun f ts) \cdot \( \text{map labeled-source } As\)\( \alpha \)\( \text{\text{}}\)
labelposs \ (labeled\text{-}source \ (to\text{-}pterm \ (Fun \ f \ ts)) \cdot \langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ Bs \rangle_{\alpha})
           = (\bigcup i < length \ ts. \ (?f \ i))
     unfolding label-term.simps to-pterm.simps labeled-source.simps eval-term.simps
labelposs.simps by auto
    have is-partition (map ?f [0..< length ts]) proof—
       {fix i j assume j:j < length ts and i:i < j
          have ?f i \cap ?f j = \{\} unfolding Int-def using i
              by fastforce
       then show ?thesis unfolding is-partition-def by auto
   moreover have \forall i < length \ ts. \ finite \ (?f \ i) by (simp \ add: \ finite-labelposs)
```

```
ultimately have **: card (\bigcup i < length \ ts. \ (?f \ i)) = (\sum i < length \ ts. \ card \ (?f \ i))
         unfolding * using card-Union-Sum by blast
     {fix i assume i:i < length ts
         have ?f i = \{i \# p \mid p. p \in labelposs (?as!i) \cap labelposs (?bs!i)\}
              unfolding Int-def by blast
         then have card (?f i) = card (labelposs (?as! i) \cap labelposs (?bs! i))
              unfolding Setcompr-eq-image using card-image by (metis (no-types, lifting)
inj-on-Cons1)
        with Fun i have card (?fi) = (\sum x \leftarrow vars\text{-}term\text{-}list\ (ts!i).\ measure\text{-}ov\ ((\langle As \rangle_{\alpha})
x) ((\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) x))
              by simp
    then show ?case unfolding vars-term-list.simps * **
         by (simp add: sum-sum-concat)
qed
lemma measure-lhs-args-zero:
    assumes l:length \ As = length \ Bs
              and empty: \forall i < length \ As. \ measure-ov \ (As!i) \ (Bs!i) = 0
         shows measure-ov (Prule \alpha As) ((to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) \cdot \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) = 0
proof-
    let ?xs = vars - term - list (lhs \alpha)
    have sum:measure-ov (Prule \alpha As) ((to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) \cdot \langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha})
                            = (\sum x \leftarrow vars\text{-}term\text{-}list (lhs \ \alpha). \ measure\text{-}ov ((\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x) ((\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ x))
         using labeled-source-apply-subst measure-lhs-subst[OF l]
      \textbf{by} \; (\textit{metis} \; (\textit{mono-tags}, \, \textit{lifting}) \; \textit{fun-mk-subst} \; \textit{labeled-source}. \\ \textit{simps}(\textit{1}) \; \textit{labeled-source}. \\ \textit{simps}(\textit{3}) \;
to-pterm-wf-pterm)
     {fix i assume i:i < length ?xs
         have measure-ov ((\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) \ (?xs ! i)) \ ((\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) \ (?xs ! i)) = 0
        \mathbf{proof}(cases\ (\exists j < length\ As.\ j < length\ (var-rule\ \alpha) \land (?xs!i) = var-rule\ \alpha\ !\ j))
              case True
             then obtain j where j:j < length \ As \ j < length \ (var-rule \ \alpha) and ij:?xs!i =
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)!j
                  by blast
              then show ?thesis
                   unfolding ij using empty by (metis j l lhs-subst-var-i)
         next
              case False
              then have (\langle As \rangle_{\alpha}) (?xs!i) = Var (?xs!i)
                   using lhs-subst-not-var-i by metis
              moreover have (\langle Bs \rangle_{\alpha}) (?xs!i) = Var (?xs!i)
                   using l False lhs-subst-not-var-i by metis
              ultimately show ?thesis by simp
         qed}
     then show ?thesis
         using sum by (simp add: sum-list-zero)
lemma measure-zero-subt-at:
```

```
assumes term-lab-to-term A = term-lab-to-term B
   and labelposs\ A \cap labelposs\ B = \{\}
   and p \in poss A
 shows labelposs (A|-p) \cap labelposs (B|-p) = \{\}
 using assms proof(induct p arbitrary: A B)
 case (Cons\ i\ p)
 from Cons(4) obtain f a ts where a:A = Fun (f, a) ts and i:i < length ts and
p:p \in poss (ts!i)
   using args-poss by (metis old.prod.exhaust)
 with Cons(2) obtain b ss where b:B = Fun(f, b) ss
  by (metis\ (no\text{-}types,\ opaque\text{-}lifting)\ Cons.prems(3)\ Term.term.simps(2)\ args-poss
old.prod.exhaust\ poss-term-lab-to-term\ prod.sel(1)\ term-lab-to-term.simps(2))
 have ts:(\bigcup i < length \ ts. \ \{i \# p \mid p. \ p \in labelposs \ (ts!i)\}) \subseteq labelposs \ A \ unfolding
a by (cases a) auto
 have ss:(\bigcup i < length \ ss. \ \{i \ \# \ p \mid p. \ p \in labelposs \ (ss ! i)\}) \subseteq labelposs \ B un-
folding b by (cases b) auto
 from ss ts b i Cons(2,3,4) have labelposs (ts!i) \cap labelposs (ss!i) = \{\} by auto
 with Cons(1,2) p i show ?case
   unfolding a b by (simp add: map-eq-conv')
qed simp
{\bf lemma}\ empty-step-imp-measure-zero:
 assumes is-empty-step A
 shows measure-ov A B = \theta
 by (metis assms card-eq-0-iff inf-bot-left labeled-source-simple-pterm source-empty-step)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{measure-ov-to-pterm}:
 shows measure-ov A (to-pterm t) = \theta
 by (simp add: labeled-source-simple-pterm)
lemma measure-zero-imp-orthogonal:
 assumes R:left-lin-no-var-lhs R and S:left-lin-no-var-lhs S
 and co-initial A B A \in wf-pterm R B \in wf-pterm S
 and measure-ov A B = 0
shows A \perp_n B
 using assms(3-) proof(induct A arbitrary:B rule:subterm-induct)
 case (subterm A)
 then show ?case proof(cases A)
   case (Var x)
   with subterm show ?thesis proof(cases B)
     case (Prule \alpha Bs)
     from subterm(2) Var obtain y where y:lhs \alpha = Var y
     unfolding Prule by (metis\ source.simps(1)\ source.simps(3)\ subst-apply-eq-Var)
     from subterm(4) Prule S have is-Fun (lhs \alpha)
       unfolding left-lin-no-var-lhs-def no-var-lhs-def
      by (metis Inl-inject case-prodD is-FunI is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3)
is-VarI term.inject(2) wf-pterm.simps)
     with y show ?thesis by simp
```

```
qed (simp-all \ add: \ orthogonal.intros(1))
  \mathbf{next}
   case (Pfun \ f \ As)
   note A = this
   with subterm show ?thesis proof(cases B)
     case (Pfun \ g \ Bs)
     from subterm(2) have f:f=g
       unfolding Pfun A by simp
     from subterm(2) have l:length \ As = length \ Bs
       unfolding A Pfun using map-eq-imp-length-eq by auto
     {fix i assume i:i < length As
       then have As!i \triangleleft A
        unfolding A by simp
       moreover from i \ subterm(2) \ l have co\text{-}initial \ (As!i) \ (Bs!i)
      by (metis\ (mono-tags,\ lifting)\ A\ Pfun\ nth-map\ source.simps(2)\ term.inject(2))
       moreover from i \ subterm(3) have As!i \in wf-pterm R
        using A by auto
       moreover from i \ subterm(4) \ l \ have \ Bs!i \in wf\text{-}pterm \ S
        using Pfun by auto
       moreover have measure-ov (As!i) (Bs!i) = 0 proof-
         {fix p assume a:p \in possL (As!i) and b:p \in possL (Bs!i)
          with i have i \# p \in possL A
            unfolding A labeled-source.simps labelposs.simps by simp
          moreover from b i l have i\#p \in possL B
            unfolding Pfun labeled-source.simps labelposs.simps by simp
          ultimately have False using subterm(4)
        by (metis card-qt-0-iff disjoint-iff finite-Int finite-possL less-numeral-extra(3)
subterm.prems(4))
        then show ?thesis
          by (metis card.empty disjoint-iff)
       ultimately have As!i \perp_p Bs!i
        using subterm(1) by blast
     then show ?thesis
       unfolding A Pfun f using l by auto
     case (Prule \beta Bs)
     from subterm(4) S have lin:linear-term (lhs \beta)
       unfolding Prule left-lin-no-var-lhs-def left-lin-def left-linear-trs-def using
wf-pterm.cases by fastforce
     have isfun: is-Fun (lhs \beta)
     using subterm(4) S no-var-lhs.lhs-is-Fun unfolding Prule left-lin-no-var-lhs-def
by blast
    have (lhs \ \beta) \cdot (term-lab-to-term \circ (\langle map \ labeled-source \ Bs \rangle_{\beta})) = lhs \ \beta \cdot \langle map \ labeled-source \ Bs \rangle_{\beta})
source Bs\rangle_{\beta}
       by (metis label-term-to-term labeled-source.simps(3) labeled-source-to-term
source.simps(3) term-lab-to-term-subst)
```

```
with subterm(2) have co-init:term-lab-to-term (labeled-source A) = lhs \beta.
(term-lab-to-term \circ \langle map\ labeled-source\ Bs \rangle_{\beta})
       unfolding Prule by simp
     from subterm(5) have possL\ A \cap possL\ B = \{\}
       by (simp add: finite-possL)
     then obtain \tau where labeled-source A = term-to-term-lab (lhs \beta) \cdot \tau
      unfolding labeled-source.simps(3) Prule using labels-intersect-label-term[OF]
co-init lin] by blast
     moreover have labelposs (term-to-term-lab\ (lhs\ \beta)) = \{\}
       using labelposs-term-to-term-lab by blast
     moreover from lin have linear-term (term-to-term-lab (lhs \beta))
       using linear-term-to-term-lab by blast
     moreover have term-lab-to-term (term-to-term-lab (lhs \beta)) = lhs \beta
       by simp
     ultimately obtain \sigma where sigma:A = to-pterm (lhs \beta) \cdot \sigma
     using no-var-lhs.unlabeled-source-to-pterm subterm(3) R unfolding left-lin-no-var-lhs-def
by metis
     let ?As=map \sigma (var-rule \beta)
     from sigma have a:A = (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \beta)) \cdot \langle ?As \rangle_{\beta}
     by (smt (verit, best) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule comp-apply length-map map-eq-conv
set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list term-subst-eq vars-to-pterm)
     {fix i assume i:i < length (var-rule \beta)
       let ?xi=var-rule \beta!i
          from i obtain i' where i':i' < length (vars-term-list (lhs <math>\beta)) ?xi =
vars-term-list (lhs \beta)!i'
         \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{comp-apply}\ \mathit{in-set-conv-nth}\ \mathit{set-remdups}\ \mathit{set-rev})
       have l:length\ Bs = length\ (var-rule\ \beta)
         using subterm(4) unfolding Prule using wf-pterm.cases by force
       from i have asi:?As!i = \sigma ?xi
         by simp
       then have ?As!i \triangleleft A
          using a sigma subst-image-subterm i' by (metis is-FunE isfun nth-mem
set-vars-term-list to-pterm.simps(2) vars-to-pterm)
       moreover from i \ subterm(2) have co\text{-}initial \ (?As!i) \ (Bs!i)
       unfolding a Prule source.simps source-apply-subst[OF to-pterm-wf-pterm[of
[lhs \ \beta]] source-to-pterm using l
       by (smt\ (verit,\ best)\ apply-lhs-subst-var-rule\ comp-def\ i'(1)\ i'(2)\ length-map
nth-map nth-mem set-vars-term-list term-subst-eq-conv)
       moreover have measure-ov (?As!i) (Bs!i) = 0 proof-
         \{ \text{fix } p \text{ assume } p: p \in possL \ (?As!i) \}
           let ?pi=var-poss-list (labeled-source (to-pterm (lhs \beta)))!i'
           have pi:?pi=var-poss-list (labeled-lhs \beta) !i'
            by (simp add: var-poss-list-term-lab-to-term)
          have xi:?xi=vars-term-list (labeled-lhs \beta)!i'
            by (metis\ i'(2)\ vars-term-list-labeled-lhs)
           have xi':?xi=vars-term-list (labeled-source (to-pterm (lhs \beta)))! i'
         using vars-term-list-term-lab-to-term i'(2) by (metis labeled-source-to-term
source-to-pterm)
          have i'l:i' < length (vars-term-list (labeled-lhs <math>\beta))
```

```
by (simp\ add:\ i'(1)\ vars-term-list-labeled-lhs)
          have i'l':i' < length (vars-term-list (labeled-source (to-pterm (lhs <math>\beta))))
           by (simp add: i'(1) vars-term-list-term-lab-to-term)
          have (labeled-source (to-pterm (lhs \beta))) |-?pi = Var ?xi
            using i' using i'l' vars-term-list-var-poss-list xi' by auto
         moreover have possL A = labelposs ((labeled-source (to-pterm (lhs \beta)))
\cdot (labeled\text{-}source \circ \sigma))
             using labeled-source-apply-subst to-pterm-wf-pterm unfolding sigma
by metis
          with p have ?pi@p \in possL A
           unfolding set-labelposs-subst asi xi' using i'l' by fastforce
          with subterm(5) have ?pi@p \notin possL B
           by (meson card-eq-0-iff disjoint-iff finite-Int finite-labelposs)
          moreover {assume p \in possL (Bs!i)
            then have ?pi@p \in \{?pi @ q | q. q \in labelposs ((\langle map \ labeled-source))\}
Bs\rangle_{\beta}) ?xi)
            by (smt (verit) Inl-inject Inr-Inl-False Prule apply-lhs-subst-var-rule i
length-map\ map-nth-conv\ mem-Collect-eq\ subterm.prems(3)\ term.distinct(1)\ term.inject(2)
wf-pterm.cases)
            then have ?pi@p \in possL B
              unfolding Prule labeled-source.simps set-labelposs-subst xi pi using
i'l by blast
          ultimately have p \notin possL (Bs!i)
           by blast
        then have possL (?As!i) \cap possL (Bs!i) = {}
        then show ?thesis by simp
       qed
       ultimately have ?As!i \perp_p Bs!i
        using subterm(1,3,4) i unfolding a Prule
             by (smt (verit, best) Inr-Inl-False Term.term.simps(4) length-map
lhs-subst-args-wf-pterm nth-mem sum.inject(1) term.inject(2) wf-pterm.simps)
    then show ?thesis unfolding a Prule using orthogonal.intros(4)[of ?As Bs]
          by (smt (verit, best) Prule Term.term.simps(4) in-set-zip length-map
old.sum.inject(1) \ prod.case-eq-if \ subterm.prems(3) \ sum.distinct(1) \ term.inject(2)
wf-pterm.cases)
   qed simp
 next
   case (Prule \alpha As)
   then have A:A = Prule \ \alpha \ As
     by simp
   from Prule\ subterm(3)\ R have lin:linear-term\ (lhs\ \alpha)
     unfolding left-lin-no-var-lhs-def left-lin-def left-linear-trs-def
     using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
   obtain f ts where f:lhs \alpha = Fun f ts
      using subterm(3) R no-var-lhs.lhs-is-Fun unfolding left-lin-no-var-lhs-def
```

```
Prule by blast
   show ?thesis proof(cases B)
     case (Var x)
     then show ?thesis
     by (metis\ source.simps(1)\ source-orthogonal\ subterm.prems(1)\ to-pterm.simps(1))
     case (Pfun \ g \ Bs)
     have (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot (term-lab-to-term \circ (\langle map \ labeled-source \ As \rangle_{\alpha})) = lhs \ \alpha \cdot \langle map \ labeled-source \ As \rangle_{\alpha})
source As\rangle_{\alpha}
        by (metis label-term-to-term labeled-source.simps(3) labeled-source-to-term
source.simps(3) term-lab-to-term-subst)
      with subterm(2) have co-init:term-lab-to-term (labeled-source B) = lhs \alpha \cdot lhs
(term-lab-to-term \circ \langle map\ labeled-source\ As \rangle_{\alpha})
       unfolding Prule by simp
     from subterm(5) have possL\ A \cap possL\ B = \{\}
       by (simp add: finite-possL)
     then obtain \tau where labeled-source B = term-to-term-lab (lhs \alpha) \cdot \tau
      \mathbf{unfolding}\ labeled\text{-}source.simps(3)\ Prule\ \mathbf{using}\ labels\text{-}intersect\text{-}label\text{-}term[OF]
co-init lin by blast
     moreover have labelposs (term-to-term-lab (lhs \alpha)) = {}
       using labelposs-term-to-term-lab by blast
     moreover from lin have linear-term (term-to-term-lab (lhs \alpha))
       using linear-term-to-term-lab by auto
     moreover have term-lab-to-term (term-to-term-lab (lhs \alpha)) = lhs \alpha
       by simp
     ultimately obtain \sigma where sigma:B = to\text{-}pterm (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot \sigma
     using no-var-lhs.unlabeled-source-to-pterm S subterm (4) unfolding left-lin-no-var-lhs-def
by metis
     let ?Bs=map \sigma (var-rule \alpha)
     from sigma have b:B = (to\text{-}pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \cdot \langle ?Bs \rangle_{\alpha}
     by (smt (verit, best) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule comp-apply length-map map-eq-conv
set-remdups set-rev set-vars-term-list term-subst-eq vars-to-pterm)
     {fix i assume i:i < length (var-rule \alpha)
       let ?xi=var-rule \alpha!i
          from i obtain i' where i':i' < length (vars-term-list (lhs <math>\alpha)) ?xi =
vars-term-list (lhs \alpha)!i'
         by (metis comp-apply in-set-conv-nth set-remdups set-rev)
       from i have asi:?Bs!i = \sigma ?xi
         by simp
       moreover have l:length \ As = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
         using subterm(3) unfolding A using wf-pterm.cases by force
       then have As!i \triangleleft A
         using i unfolding A by simp
       moreover from i \ subterm(2) have co\text{-}initial \ (As!i) \ (?Bs!i)
       unfolding b Prule source.simps source-apply-subst[OF to-pterm-wf-pterm[of
lhs \ \alpha]] \ source-to-pterm \ using \ l
       by (smt\ (verit,\ best)\ apply-lhs-subst-var-rule\ comp-def\ i'(1)\ i'(2)\ length-map
nth-map nth-mem set-vars-term-list term-subst-eq-conv)
       moreover have measure-ov (As!i) (?Bs!i) = 0 proof-
```

```
\{ \text{fix } p \text{ assume } p: p \in possL \ (?Bs!i) \}
          let ?pi=var-poss-list (labeled-source (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)))!i'
          have pi:?pi=var-poss-list (labeled-lhs \alpha)!i'
            by (simp add: var-poss-list-term-lab-to-term)
          have xi:?xi=vars-term-list (labeled-lhs \alpha) !i'
            by (metis i'(2) vars-term-list-labeled-lhs)
          have xi':?xi=vars-term-list\ (labeled-source\ (to-pterm\ (lhs\ \alpha)))! i'
        using vars-term-list-term-lab-to-term i'(2) by (metis labeled-source-to-term
source-to-pterm)
          have i'l:i' < length (vars-term-list (labeled-lhs <math>\alpha))
            by (simp add: i'(1) vars-term-list-labeled-lhs)
          have i'l':i' < length (vars-term-list (labeled-source (to-pterm (lhs <math>\alpha))))
            by (simp\ add:\ i'(1)\ vars-term-list-term-lab-to-term)
          have (labeled-source (to-pterm (lhs \alpha))) |-?pi = Var ?xi
            using i' using i'l' vars-term-list-var-poss-list xi' by auto
          moreover have possL B = labelposs ((labeled-source (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)))
\cdot (labeled\text{-}source \circ \sigma))
             using labeled-source-apply-subst to-pterm-wf-pterm unfolding sigma
by metis
          with p have ?pi@p \in possL B
            unfolding set-labelposs-subst asi xi' using i'l' by fastforce
          with subterm(5) have ?pi@p \notin possL A
            by (meson card-eq-0-iff disjoint-iff finite-Int finite-labelposs)
          moreover {assume p \in possL (As!i)
             then have ?pi@p \in \{?pi @ q | q. q \in labelposs ((\langle map \ labeled - source))\}
As\rangle_{\alpha}) ?xi)
             by (smt (verit) Inl-inject Inr-Inl-False Prule apply-lhs-subst-var-rule i
length-map\ map-nth-conv\ mem-Collect-eq\ subterm.prems(2)\ term.distinct(1)\ term.inject(2)
wf-pterm.cases)
            then have ?pi@p \in possL A
              unfolding Prule labeled-source.simps set-labelposs-subst xi pi using
i'l by blast
          ultimately have p \notin possL (As!i)
            by blast
        then have possL(As!i) \cap possL(?Bs!i) = \{\}
          bv blast
        then show ?thesis by simp
       ultimately have As!i \perp_p ?Bs!i
        using subterm(1,3,4) i unfolding b Prule
             by (smt (verit, best) Inr-Inl-False Term.term.simps(4) length-map
lhs-subst-args-wf-pterm nth-mem sum.inject(1) term.inject(2) wf-pterm.simps)
     then show ?thesis unfolding b Prule using orthogonal.intros(3)[of As ?Bs]
          by (smt (verit, best) Prule Term.term.simps(4) in-set-zip length-map
old.sum.inject(1) \ prod.case-eq-if \ subterm.prems(2) \ sum.distinct(1) \ term.inject(2)
wf-pterm.cases)
```

```
next
             case (Prule \beta Bs)
             from subterm(4) S obtain g ss where g:lhs \beta = Fun g ss
                unfolding Prule left-lin-no-var-lhs-def using no-var-lhs-lhs-is-Fun by blast
             have [] \in possL A
                   unfolding A f labeled-source.simps label-term.simps eval-term.simps label-
poss.simps by blast
             moreover have [] \in possL B
                      unfolding Prule g labeled-source.simps label-term.simps eval-term.simps
labelposs.simps by blast
            ultimately show ?thesis
                 using subterm(5) by (simp\ add:\ disjoint-iff\ finite-labelposs)
    qed
qed
5.3
                   Collecting Overlapping Positions
abbreviation overlaps-pos :: ('f, 'v) term-lab \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) term-lab \Rightarrow (pos \times pos)
    where overlaps-pos A B \equiv Set.filter (\lambda(p,q). get-label (A|-p) \neq None \land get-label
(B|-q) \neq None \wedge
                                    snd\ (the\ (get\text{-}label\ (A|-p))) = 0 \land snd\ (the\ (get\text{-}label\ (B|-q))) = 0 \land
                                    (p <_p q \land get\text{-label } (A|-q) \neq None \land fst \ (the \ (get\text{-label } (A|-q))) = fst
(the\ (get\text{-}label\ (A|-p))) \land snd\ (the\ (get\text{-}label\ (A|-q))) = length\ (the\ (remove\text{-}prefix))
p q)) \vee
                                    (q \leq_p p \land get\text{-label } (B|-p) \neq None \land fst \ (the \ (get\text{-label } (B|-q))) = fst
(\textit{the } (\textit{get-label } (B|-p))) \, \wedge \, \textit{snd } (\textit{the } (\textit{get-label } (B|-p))) = \textit{length } (\textit{the } (\textit{remove-prefix})) + \textit{length } (\textit{the } (\textit{get-label } (B|-p))) + \textit{length } (\textit{get-label } (B|-p))) + \textit{length } (\textit{get-label } (B|-p)) + \textit{length } (\textit{get-label } (B|-p))) + \textit{length } (\textit{get-label } (B|-p)) + \textit{length } (\textit{get-label } (B|-p)) + \textit{length } (\textit{get-label } (B|-p)) + \textit{length } (\textit{get-label } (B|-p))) + \textit{length } (\textit{get-label } (B|-p)) + \textit{length } (B|-p) + \textit{length } (B|-p)) + \textit{length } (B|-p) + \textit{length } (B|-p) + \textit{length } (B|-p) + \textit{length } (B|-p) + \textit{length } (B|
(q(p)))))
                                       (fun-poss\ A\times fun-poss\ B)
lemma overlaps-pos-symmetric:
    assumes (p,q) \in overlaps-pos \ A \ B
    shows (q,p) \in overlaps\text{-}pos\ B\ A
    using SigmaI assms less-pos-def by auto
lemma overlaps-pos-intro:
     assumes q@q' \in fun\text{-}poss\ A and q \in fun\text{-}poss\ B
        and get-label (A|-(q@q')) = Some (\gamma, \theta)
        and get-label (B|-q) = Some (\beta, \theta)
        and get-label (B|-(q@q')) = Some (\beta, length q')
    shows (q@q', q) \in overlaps-pos A B
    using assms by force
Define the partial order on overlaps
definition less-eq-overlap :: pos \times pos \Rightarrow pos \times pos \Rightarrow bool (infix \leq_o 50)
     where p \leq_o q \longleftrightarrow (fst \ p \leq_p fst \ q) \land (snd \ p \leq_p snd \ q)
definition less-overlap :: pos \times pos \Rightarrow pos \times pos \Rightarrow bool (infix <_o 50)
```

```
where p <_o q \longleftrightarrow p \leq_o q \land p \neq q
interpretation order-overlaps: order less-eq-overlap less-overlap
proof
    show \bigwedge x. x \leq_o x
        by (simp add: less-eq-overlap-def)
    show \bigwedge x \ y \ z. x \le_o y \Longrightarrow y \le_o z \Longrightarrow x \le_o z
     by (smt (z3) less-eq-overlap-def less-overlap-def less-pos-def less-pos-def 'less-pos-simps(5)
order-pos.dual-order.trans)
    show \bigwedge x \ y. \ (x <_o \ y) = strict \ (\leq_o) \ x \ y
        \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{less-eq-overlap-def}\ \mathit{by}\ \mathit{fastforce}
    thus \bigwedge x \ y. x \leq_o y \Longrightarrow y \leq_o x \Longrightarrow x = y
        by (meson less-overlap-def)
qed
lemma overlaps-pos-finite: finite (overlaps-pos A B)
   by (meson finite-SigmaI finite-filter finite-fun-poss)
lemma labeled-sources-imp-measure-not-zero:
   assumes p \in poss (labeled-source A) p \in poss (labeled-source B)
    and get-label ((labeled-source A)|-p) \neq None \wedge get-label ((labeled-source B)|-p)
\neq None
    shows measure-ov A B > 0
    using assms
   by (metis card-gt-0-iff disjoint-iff finite-Int finite-possL get-label-imp-labelposs)
lemma measure-zero-imp-empty-overlaps:
    assumes measure-ov A B = 0 and co-init:co-initial A B
   shows overlaps-pos (labeled-source A) (labeled-source B) = \{\}
using assms(1) proof(rule contrapos-pp)
    {assume overlaps-pos (labeled-source A) (labeled-source B) \neq {}
     then obtain p q where pq:(p, q) \in overlaps-pos (labeled-source A) (labeled-source
B
            by (meson equals0D pred-equals-eq2)
        then have get-label ((labeled-source A)|-p) \neq None \wedge get-label ((labeled-source
B)|-q) \neq None
                            \land (get\text{-}label ((labeled\text{-}source A)|-q) \neq None \lor get\text{-}label ((labeled\text{-}source
B)|-p) \neq None
            by auto
      moreover from pq have p \in poss (labeled-source A) and q \in poss (labeled-source
B)
            by (auto intro: fun-poss-imp-poss)
        ultimately show measure-ov A B \neq 0
            using labeled-sources-imp-measure-not-zero co-init
            by (metis\ labeled\text{-}source\text{-}to\text{-}term\ less\text{-}numeral\text{-}extra(3)\ poss\text{-}term\text{-}lab\text{-}to\text{-}term)
    }
qed
lemma empty-overlaps-imp-measure-zero:
```

```
assumes A \in wf-pterm R and B \in wf-pterm S
 and overlaps-pos (labeled-source A) (labeled-source B) = \{\}
 shows measure-ov A B = 0
 using assms(3) proof(rule contrapos-pp)
 {assume measure-ov A B \neq 0
   then obtain p where p:p \in possL \ A \land p \in possL \ B
     using Int-emptyI by force
   then obtain \alpha n where a:get-label ((labeled-source A)|-p) = Some(\alpha, n)
     using possL-obtain-label by blast
   let ?p1 = take (length p - n) p
   obtain q1 where q1:p = ?p1@q1
     by (metis append-take-drop-id)
   from a p assms(1) have alpha: get-label (labeled-source A |-?p1) = Some (\alpha,
\theta) and p1 \in poss (labeled-source A)
     using labelposs-subs-poss obtain-label-root by blast+
   then have p1-pos: ?p1 \in fun-poss (labeled-source A)
     using qet-label-imp-labelposs labelposs-subs-fun-poss by blast
   from p obtain \beta m where b:get-label ((labeled-source B)|-p) = Some(\beta, m)
     using possL-obtain-label by blast
   let ?p2=take (length p - m) p
   obtain q2 where q2:p = ?p2@q2
     by (metis append-take-drop-id)
   from b p assms(2) have beta: get-label (labeled-source B | -?p2) = Some (\beta, \theta)
and ?p2 \in poss (labeled\text{-}source B)
     using labelposs-subs-poss obtain-label-root by blast+
   then have p2\text{-}pos: ?p2 \in fun\text{-}poss (labeled\text{-}source B)
     using get-label-imp-labelposs labelposs-subs-fun-poss by blast
  then show overlaps-pos (labeled-source A) (labeled-source B) \neq {} proof(cases
?p1 \leq_p ?p2
     case True
     then obtain p3 where p2:?p2 = ?p1@p3
      by (metis less-eq-pos-def)
     with q2 have p = ?p1 @ p3 @ q2
      by simp
     with q1 have p3:q1 = p3@q2
      by (metis same-append-eq)
     from a alpha q1 have n = length q1
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) add-diff-cancel-left' append-take-drop-id assms(1)
label-term-max-value\ labelposs-subs-poss\ length-drop\ ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.\ diff-add
p \ same-append-eq \ subset D)
     with p3 have n = length p3 + length q2
      by auto
     then have get-label ((labeled-source A)|-(?p1@p3)) = Some (\alpha, length p3)
      using label-decrease of ?p1@p3 q2 A p1-pos a assms(1)
         by (metis add.commute fun-poss-imp-poss fun-poss-term-lab-to-term la-
beled-source-to-term labelposs-subs-fun-poss-source p p2 q2)
     then have (?p2, ?p1) \in overlaps\text{-}pos (labeled\text{-}source B) (labeled\text{-}source A)
      using overlaps-pos-intro p1-pos p2-pos p2 alpha beta by simp
```

```
then show ?thesis using overlaps-pos-symmetric by blast
   next
     {f case} False
     with q1 q2 have p2 < p?
      by (metis less-eq-pos-simps(1) pos-cases pos-less-eq-append-not-parallel)
     then obtain p3 where p2:?p1 = ?p2@p3
       using less-pos-def' by blast
     with q1 have p = ?p2 @ p3 @ q1
      by simp
     with q2 have p3:q2 = p3@q1
      by (metis same-append-eq)
     from b beta q2 have m = length q2
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) add-diff-cancel-left' append-take-drop-id assms(2)
label-term-max-value\ labelposs-subs-poss\ length-drop\ ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.\ diff-add
p same-append-eq subsetD)
     with p3 have m = length p3 + length q1
      bv auto
     then have get-label ((labeled-source B)|-(?p2@p3)) = Some (\beta, length p3)
       using label-decrease of ?p2@p3 q1 B p2-pos b assms(2)
         by (metis add.commute fun-poss-imp-poss fun-poss-term-lab-to-term la-
beled-source-to-term labelposs-subs-fun-poss-source p p2 q1)
     then have (?p1, ?p2) \in overlaps\text{-}pos (labeled\text{-}source } A) (labeled\text{-}source } B)
       using overlaps-pos-intro p1-pos p2-pos p2 alpha beta by simp
     then show ?thesis by blast
   qed
 }
qed
lemma obtain-overlap:
 assumes p \in possL \ A \ p \in possL \ B
   and get-label (labeled-source A|-p) = Some (\gamma, n)
   and get-label (labeled-source B|-p) = Some (\delta, m)
   and n \leq length \ p \ m \leq length \ p
   and r\gamma = take (length p - n) p
   and r\delta = take (length \ p - m) \ p
   and r\delta \leq_p r\gamma
   and a-well:A \in wf-pterm R and b-well:B \in wf-pterm S
 shows (r\gamma, r\delta) \in overlaps\text{-}pos (labeled\text{-}source A) (labeled\text{-}source B)
proof-
  from assms(9) obtain r' where r':r\gamma = r\delta @ r'
   using prefix-pos-diff by metis
 have r\delta @ r' \in fun\text{-}poss (labeled\text{-}source A)
  using assms(1,7) unfolding r' by (metis append-take-drop-id fun-poss-append-poss'
labelposs-subs-fun-poss\ subset D)
  moreover have r\delta \in fun\text{-}poss (labeled\text{-}source B)
   using assms(2,4,8) by (metis append-take-drop-id fun-poss-append-poss' label-
poss-subs-fun-poss subsetD)
  moreover have get-label ((labeled-source A) |- (r\delta @ r')) = Some (\gamma, \theta)
   using assms(1,3,5,7) a-well unfolding r' using label-decrease of take (length
```

```
(p-n) p drop (length p-n) p
    by (smt (verit, best) add.right-neutral add-diff-cancel-left' append-assoc ap-
pend-take-drop-id\ labelposs-subs-poss\ le-add-diff-inverse2\ length-drop\ subset D)
 moreover have get-label ((labeled-source B) |-(r\delta)| = Some(\delta, \theta)
   using assms(2,4,6,8) b-well using label-decrease of take (length p-m) p drop
(length \ p-m) \ p
    by (smt (verit, best) add.right-neutral add-diff-cancel-left' append-assoc ap-
pend-take-drop-id labelposs-subs-poss le-add-diff-inverse2 length-drop subsetD)
 moreover have get-label ((labeled-source B) |- (r\delta@r')) = Some (\delta, length \ r')
   using assms(2,4,6,8) b-well unfolding r' using label-decrease [of take (length
p - length r' p drop (length p - length r') p
  by (smt (verit, del-insts) Nat.add-diff-assoc add-diff-cancel-left' append.assoc ap-
pend-take-drop-id\ assms(7)\ diff-diff-cancel\ diff-le-self\ fun-poss-imp-poss\ fun-poss-term-lab-to-term
label-decrease\ labeled-source-to-term\ labelposs-subs-fun-poss-source\ le-add1\ le-add-diff-inverse
length-append length-take min.absorb2 r'
 ultimately show ?thesis using overlaps-pos-intro unfolding r'
   by auto
qed
end
```

6 Redex Patterns

```
theory Redex-Patterns
imports
Labels-and-Overlaps
begin
```

Collect all rule symbols of a proof term together with the position in its source where they appear. This is used to split a proof term into a set of single steps, whose union (| |) is the whole proof term again.

The redex patterns are collected in leftmost outermost order.

```
fun redex-patterns :: ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow (('f, 'v) prule \times pos) list where redex-patterns (Var x) = [] | redex-patterns (Pfun f ss) = concat (map (\lambda (i, rps). map (\lambda (\alpha, p). (\alpha, i \# p)) rps) (zip [0 ..< length ss] (map redex-patterns ss))) | redex-patterns (Prule \alpha ss) = (\alpha, []) # concat (map (\lambda (p1, rps). map (\lambda (\alpha, p2). (\alpha, p1@p2)) rps) (zip (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)) (map redex-patterns ss))) | interpretation lexord-linorder: linorder ord.lexordp-eq ((<) :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool) ord.lexordp ((<) :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool) using linorder.lexordp-linorder[OF linorder-class.linorder-axioms] by simp
```

lemma lexord-prefix-diff:

```
assumes (ord.lexordp ((<) :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool)) xs ys and \neg prefix xs ys
 shows (ord.lexordp\ (<))\ (xs@us)\ (ys@vs)
using assms proof(induct xs arbitrary:ys)
  case (Cons \ x \ xs')
  from Cons(2) obtain y ys' where ys:ys = y \# ys'
   by (metis\ list.exhaust-sel\ ord.lexordp-simps(2))
  consider x < y \mid x = y \land ord.lexordp (<) xs' ys'
    using Cons(2) ord.lexordp-eq.simps unfolding Cons ys by force
  then show ?case proof(cases)
   case 1
   then show ?thesis unfolding ys by simp
 next
   case 2
   with Cons(3) have \neg prefix xs' ys'
     unfolding ys by simp
   with Cons(1) 2 have (ord.lexordp\ (<))\ (xs'@us)\ (ys'@vs)
   then show ?thesis unfolding ys using 2 by simp
 qed
qed simp
lemma var-poss-list-sorted: sorted-wrt (ord.lexordp ((<) :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool))
(var-poss-list\ t)
proof(induct \ t)
 case (Fun f ts)
 let ?poss = (map2 \ (\lambda i. \ map \ ((\#) \ i)) \ [0... < length \ ts] \ (map \ var-poss-list \ ts))
  {fix i j assume i:i < length (var-poss-list (Fun f ts)) and <math>j:j < i
   let ?p = concat ?poss! i
   let ?q = concat ?poss! j
   from i obtain i' i'' where p:?p = ?poss!i'!i'' and i':i' < length ts and i'':i''
< length (?poss!i')
       and i-sum:i = sum-list (map length (take i' ?poss)) + i''
    \mathbf{using}\ less-length-concat[OF\ i[unfolded\ var-poss-list.simps]]\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ length-map
   from p have p2:?p = i'\# (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (ts!i') ! i'')
     using i' i'' by simp
   from j obtain j'j'' where q:?q = ?poss!j'!j'' and j':j' < length ts and j'':j''
< length (?poss!j')
       and j-sum:j = sum-list (map length (take j'?poss)) + j''
     using less-length-concat i j length-map unfolding var-poss-list.simps
       \mathbf{by}\ (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}threshold)\ diff\text{-}le\text{-}self\ length\text{-}take\ length\text{-}upt\ length\text{-}zip
map-upt-len-conv order.strict-trans take-all)
   from q have q2:?q = j'\# (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (ts!j') ! j'')
     using j' j'' by simp
   have (ord.lexordp\ (<))\ (var-poss-list\ (Fun\ f\ ts)\ !\ j)\ (var-poss-list\ (Fun\ f\ ts)\ !\ i)
\mathbf{proof}(cases\ i'=j')
     case True
     have l:length (map2 (\lambda x. map ((\#) x)) [0..<length ts] (map var-poss-list ts)
! j' = length (var-poss-list (ts!j'))
```

```
using j' by auto
     from True j j-sum i-sum have j'' < i''
      using nat-add-left-cancel-less by blast
      with Fun(1)[of\ ts!j']\ i'\ i''\ j'' have (ord.lexordp\ (<))\ (var-poss-list\ (ts!j')\ !
i'') (var-poss-list (ts!i')! i'')
      unfolding True l by (simp add: sorted-wrt-iff-nth-less)
     then have (ord.lexordp\ (<)) ?q ?p
       unfolding p2 q2 True by simp
     then show ?thesis unfolding var-poss-list.simps by fastforce
   next
     {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
     then have j' < i'
      using i'' i' j' i-sum j-sum sum-list-less[OF j]
     by (smt (verit, best) i j le-neq-implies-less length-concat linorder-le-less-linear
not-add-less1 order.strict-trans take-all var-poss-list.simps(2))
     then have (ord.lexordp\ (<)) ?q ?p
      unfolding p2 q2 by simp
     then show ?thesis unfolding var-poss-list.simps by fastforce
   qed
 then show ?case
   using sorted-wrt-iff-nth-less by blast
qed simp
context left-lin-no-var-lhs
begin
lemma redex-patterns-sorted:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R
 shows sorted-wrt (ord.lexordp (<)) (map\ snd\ (redex-patterns\ A))
proof-
 {fix i j assume i < j j < length (redex-patterns A)
  with assms have (ord.lexordp\ (<))\ (snd\ (redex-patterns\ A\ !\ i))\ (snd\ (redex-patterns\ A\ !\ i))
   proof(induct \ A \ arbitrary: \ i \ j)
     case (2 As f)
      let ?poss=map2 (\lambda i. map (\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, i \# p))) [0..<length As] (map re-
dex-patterns As)
    from 2(2,3) obtain \alpha p1 where ap:redex-patterns (Pfun f As)! i = (\alpha, p1)
      by (metis surj-pair)
     from 2(3) obtain \beta p2 where bp:redex-patterns (Pfun f As) ! j = (\beta, p2)
      by (metis surj-pair)
     have l:length (zip [0..<length As] (map redex-patterns As)) = length As by
simp
     from 2(2,3) have *:i < length (concat ?poss) by simp
    from ap obtain i'i'' where ap1:(\alpha, p1) = ?poss!i'!i'' and i':i' < length As
and i'':i'' < length (?poss!i')
      and i:i = sum\text{-}list \ (map \ length \ (take \ i' \ ?poss)) + i''
       unfolding redex-patterns.simps using less-length-concat [OF *] by (metis l
```

```
length-map)
     have poss-i': ?poss!i' = map(\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, i' \# p)) (redex-patterns(As!i'))
       using i' nth-zip[of i'] by fastforce
      from ap1 i'' obtain p1' where p1':p1 = i'#p1' (\alpha, p1') = redex-patterns
(As!i') ! i''
     unfolding poss-i' by (smt (z3) case-prod-conv length-map nth-map old.prod.inject
surj-pair)
     from bp obtain j'j'' where ap2:(\beta, p2) = ?poss!j'!j'' and j':j' < length As
and j'':j'' < length (?poss!j')
       and j:j = sum\text{-}list \ (map \ length \ (take \ j' \ ?poss)) + j''
       \mathbf{unfolding}\ \mathit{redex-patterns.simps}\ \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{less-length-concat}[\mathit{OF}\ 2(3)[\mathit{unfolded}\ 
redex-patterns.simps]] by (metis l length-map)
     have poss-j': ?poss!j' = map(\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, j' \# p)) (redex-patterns(As!j'))
       using j' nth-zip[of j'] by fastforce
      from ap2 j'' obtain p2' where p2':p2 = j' \# p2' (\beta, p2') = redex-patterns
(As!j') ! j''
     unfolding poss-j' by (smt (z3) case-prod-conv length-map nth-map old.prod.inject
surj-pair)
     show ?case proof(cases i' = j')
       case True
       from i j 2 have i'' < j'' unfolding True by linarith
       moreover from j'' have j'' < length (redex-patterns (As!<math>j')) unfolding
poss-j' by auto
      ultimately have ord.lexordp (<) p1'p2' using 2(1) j' True p1'(2) p2'(2)
by (metis nth-mem snd-eqD)
       then show ?thesis unfolding ap bp p1' p2' True by auto
     next
       case False
       with 2(2) i j have i' < j' using sum-list-less[OF 2(2)] i' i' i''
             by (smt (verit, best) * 2.prems(2) le-neq-implies-less length-concat
linorder-le-less-linear not-add-less1 redex-patterns.simps(2) take-all)
       then show ?thesis unfolding ap bp p1' p2' by fastforce
     qed
   \mathbf{next}
     case (3 \gamma As)
      from 3(2,3) obtain \alpha p1 where ap:redex-patterns (Prule \gamma As)! i = (\alpha, \beta)
p1)
       by (metis surj-pair)
     from 3(3) obtain \beta p2 where bp:redex-patterns (Prule \gamma As) ! j = (\beta, p2)
       by (metis surj-pair)
     show ?case proof(cases i)
       case \theta
       from 3(1) no-var-lhs obtain f ts where lhs:lhs \gamma = Fun f ts
         by fastforce
       from bp \ 3(4) \ 0 obtain j' where concat \ (map2 \ (\lambda p1. \ map \ (\lambda(\alpha, \ p2). \ (\alpha, \ p3)))
p1 @ p2))) (var-poss-list (lhs \gamma)) (map redex-patterns As)) ! j' = (\beta, p2)
      j' < length (concat (map2 (\lambda p1. map (\lambda(\alpha, p2). (\alpha, p1 @ p2)))) (var-poss-list
(lhs \ \gamma)) \ (map \ redex-patterns \ As)))
         unfolding redex-patterns.simps using 3.prems(2) by force
```

```
then obtain j1 j2 where j1:j1 < length (map2 (\lambda p1. map (\lambda(\alpha, p2)). (\alpha,
p1 @ p2))) (var-poss-list (lhs <math>\gamma)) (map \ redex-patterns \ As))
               and j2:j2 < length (map2 (\lambda p1. map (\lambda(\alpha, p2). (\alpha, p1 @ p2)))
(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \gamma))\ (map\ redex\text{-}patterns\ As)\ !\ j1)
          and j1j2:(map2\ (\lambda p1.\ map\ (\lambda(\alpha,\ p2).\ (\alpha,\ p1\ @\ p2)))\ (var-poss-list\ (lhs
\gamma)) (map redex-patterns As) ! j1) ! j2 = (\beta, p2)
         using nth-concat-split by metis
       let ?p'=var-poss-list (lhs \gamma)!j1
       let ?rdp=(map redex-patterns As! j1)
       from j1 have zip:zip (var-poss-list (lhs \gamma)) (map redex-patterns As) ! j1 =
(?p', ?rdp)
         unfolding length-map length-zip using nth-zip by force
       with j1j2 have (\beta, p2) = map (\lambda(\alpha, p2), (\alpha, ?p' @ p2)) ?rdp !j2
         using nth-map j1 unfolding length-map by force
      moreover from j2 have j2 < length (map (\lambda(\alpha, p2), (\alpha, ?p' @ p2)) ?rdp)
         unfolding nth-map[OF j1[unfolded length-map]] zip by force
       ultimately have (\beta, p2) \in set (map (\lambda(\alpha, p2), (\alpha, ?p' @ p2)) ?rdp)
         by simp
       moreover have ?p' \neq [] proof-
         from j1 have ?p' \in var\text{-}poss (lhs \gamma)
           unfolding length-map length-zip using nth-mem by fastforce
         then show ?thesis unfolding lhs var-poss.simps by force
       qed
       ultimately have p2 \neq []
         by auto
       moreover from \theta ap have p1 = [] by simp
       ultimately show ?thesis unfolding ap bp by simp
     next
       case (Suc \ n)
       let ?poss=(map2 (\lambda p1. map (\lambda(\alpha, p2). (\alpha, p1 @ p2))) (var-poss-list (lhs
\gamma)) (map redex-patterns As))
       from 3(1,2) have l:length (var-poss-list (lhs \gamma)) = length As
          using linear-term-var-vars-term-list left-lin unfolding left-linear-trs-def
using length-var-poss-list length-var-rule by auto
       from 3(4.5) have *:n < length (concat ?poss) unfolding Suc by simp
           from ap have concat (map2 (\lambda p1. map (\lambda(\alpha, p2). (\alpha, p1 @ p2)))
(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \gamma))\ (map\ redex\text{-}patterns\ As))\ !\ n=(\alpha,\ p1)
         unfolding Suc by simp
      then obtain i'i'' where ap1:(\alpha, p1) = ?poss!i'!i'' and i':i' < length ?poss
and i'':i'' < length (?poss!i')
         and n:n = sum\text{-}list (map \ length \ (take \ i' \ ?poss)) + i''
         using less-length-concat[OF *] by metis
       from i' have i'2:i' < length (var-poss-list (lhs \gamma)) by simp
     obtain p11 where p11:?poss!i' = map(\lambda(\alpha, p).(\alpha, p11 @ p)) (redex-patterns
(As!i') var-poss-list (lhs \gamma) !i' = p11
         using i' nth-zip[of i'] by fastforce
     from ap1 i'' obtain p12 where p12:p1 = p11@p12 (\alpha, p12) = redex-patterns
(As!i') ! i''
```

```
surj-pair)
      from 3(4,5) Suc obtain n' where j:j = Suc \ n' by (meson \ Suc-less E)
      from 3(5) have *:n' < length (concat ?poss) unfolding j by simp
          from bp have concat (map2 \ (\lambda p1. \ map \ (\lambda(\alpha, p2). \ (\alpha, p1 \ @ \ p2)))
(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \gamma))\ (map\ redex\text{-}patterns\ As))\ !\ n'=(\beta,\ p2)
        unfolding j by simp
      then obtain j'j'' where ap2:(\beta, p2) = ?poss!j'!j'' and j':j' < length ?poss
and j'':j'' < length (?poss!j')
        and n':n' = sum\text{-list }(map\ length\ (take\ j'\ ?poss)) + j''
        \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{less-length-concat}[\mathit{OF}\ *]\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{metis}
       from j' have j'2:j' < length (var-poss-list (lhs \gamma)) by simp
     obtain p21 where p21:?poss!j' = map(\lambda(\alpha, p).(\alpha, p21 @ p)) (redex-patterns
(As!j') var-poss-list (lhs \gamma) !j' = p21
        using j' nth-zip[of j'] by fastforce
    from ap2j'' obtain p22 where p22:p2 = p21@p22(\beta, p22) = redex-patterns
(As!j') ! j''
     unfolding p21 by (smt (z3) case-prod-conv length-map nth-map old.prod.inject
surj-pair)
      show ?thesis proof(cases i' = j')
        case True
        from n \ n' \ 3(4) have ij:i'' < j'' unfolding True Suc j by linarith
        moreover from j'' have j'' < length (redex-patterns (As!<math>j') unfolding
p21 by auto
        moreover from j' l have j' < length As unfolding length-map by simp
      ultimately have ord.lexordp (<) p12 p22 using 3(3) p22 p12 j' unfolding
True by (metis\ nth-mem\ snd-conv)
          with p21(2) p11(2) show ?thesis unfolding ap bp p22 p12 True by
(simp add: ord.lexordp-append-leftI)
      next
        {f case} False
        then have i' < j'
          using sum-list-less [OF 3(4), where i'=i' and j'=j']
         by (smt (verit) 3.prems(1) Suc Suc-less-SucD i' j j' j'' le-neq-implies-less
n n' sum-list-less)
        then have ord.lexordp (<) p11 p21
               using p11(2) p21(2) var-poss-list-sorted of lhs \gamma i'2 j'2 using
sorted-wrt-nth-less by blast
        moreover have ¬ prefix p11 p21 proof -
          from False j' i' have parallel-pos (var-poss-list (lhs \gamma)!i') (var-poss-list
(lhs \ \gamma) \ !j')
        unfolding length-map length-zip using var-poss-parallel var-poss-list-sound
distinct-var-poss-list
            by (metis l min.idem nth-eq-iff-index-eq nth-mem)
          then show ?thesis using p11(2) p21(2)
            by (metis less-eq-pos-simps(1) parallel-pos prefix-def)
       ultimately show ?thesis unfolding ap bp p12 p22 using lexord-prefix-diff
by simp
```

unfolding p11 by (smt (z3) case-prod-conv length-map nth-map old.prod.inject

```
qed
     qed
   \mathbf{qed} \ simp
 then show ?thesis
   by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) sorted-wrt-iff-nth-less sorted-wrt-map)
qed
corollary distinct-snd-rdp:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R
 shows distinct (map snd (redex-patterns A))
 using redex-patterns-sorted[OF assms] lexord-linorder.strict-sorted-iff by simp
lemma redex-patterns-equal:
  assumes wf:A \in wf-pterm R
    and sorted:sorted:wrt\ (ord.lexordp\ (<))\ (map\ snd\ xs) and eq:set\ xs=set
(redex-patterns A)
 shows xs = redex-patterns A
proof-
 have linord: class. linorder (ord. lexordp-eq ((<) :: nat <math>\Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool)) (ord. lexordp
   using linorder.lexordp-linorder[OF linorder-class.linorder-axioms] by simp
  then have map \ snd \ xs = map \ snd \ (redex-patterns \ A)
  using linorder.strict-sorted-equal [OF linord redex-patterns-sorted [OF wf] sorted]
eq by simp
  with eq distinct-snd-rdp[OF wf] show ?thesis
  using distinct-map by (metis (mono-tags, opaque-lifting) inj-onD list.inj-map-strong)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma redex-patterns-order:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R and i < j and j < length (redex-patterns A)
   and redex-patterns A ! i = (\alpha, p1) and redex-patterns A ! j = (\beta, p2)
 shows \neg p2 \leq_p p1
proof-
 have (ord.lexordp\ (<))\ p1\ p2
  using redex-patterns-sorted [OF assms(1)] assms sorted-wrt-nth-less by fastforce
 then show ?thesis
   by (metis less-eq-pos-def lexord-linorder.less-le-not-le ord.lexordp-eq-pref)
qed
end
{\bf context}\ \textit{left-lin-no-var-lhs}
begin
lemma redex-patterns-label:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R
  shows (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns A) \longleftrightarrow p \in poss (source A) \land get-label
```

```
(labeled\text{-}source\ A\mid -p)=Some\ (\alpha,\ \theta)
proof
     {assume (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns A)
           with assms show p \in poss (source A) \land get-label (labeled-source A |- p) =
Some (\alpha, \theta) proof (induct arbitrary:p)
             case (2 ts f)
                have l:length (map2 (\lambda i. map (\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, i \# p))) [0..<length ts] (map
redex-patterns ts)) = length ts
                  unfolding length-map length-zip by simp
              with 2(2) obtain i where i:i < length ts and ap:(\alpha, p) \in set ((map2 (\lambda i.
map \ (\lambda(\alpha, p). \ (\alpha, i \# p))) \ [0... < length \ ts] \ (map \ redex-patterns \ ts))!i)
                   unfolding redex-patterns.simps using in-set-idx by (metis nth-concat-split
nth-mem)
          have (map2\ (\lambda i.\ map\ (\lambda(\alpha,\ p).\ (\alpha,\ i\ \#\ p)))\ [0..< length\ ts]\ (map\ redex-patterns)
(ts)!i = map(\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, i \# p)) (redex-patterns(ts!i))
                  using nth-zip i by fastforce
              with ap obtain p' where p':p = i \# p' and (\alpha, p') \in set (redex-patterns (ts
(!i)) by auto
                  with 2(1) i have p' \in poss (source (ts!i)) and get-label (labeled-source
(ts!i)|-p'\rangle = Some(\alpha, \theta)
                  using nth-mem by blast+
             with i show ?case unfolding p' by simp
         \mathbf{next}
             case (3 \beta As)
             from no-var-lhs 3(1) obtain f ts where lhs:lhs \beta = Fun f ts by fastforce
             from 3(2) have l:length (var-poss-list (lhs \beta)) = length As
            using left-lin.length-var-rule OF left-lin-axioms 3(1) by (simp add: length-var-poss-list)
            from \mathcal{J}(4) consider (root) (\alpha, p) = (\beta, []) \mid (arg) \ (\alpha, p) \in set \ (concat \ (map2) \mid (\alpha, p) \mid (\alpha
(\lambda p1. \ map \ (\lambda(\alpha, p2). \ (\alpha, p1 \ @ \ p2))) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \beta)) \ (map \ redex-patterns
As)))
                  unfolding redex-patterns.simps by (meson set-ConsD)
             then show ?case proof(cases)
                  case root
                  then have \alpha = \beta and p = [] by simp+
                  then show ?thesis by (simp add: lhs)
             next
                  case arq
                   then obtain i where i:i < length As and ap:(\alpha, p) \in set ((map2 (\lambda p1.
map \ (\lambda(\alpha, p2), (\alpha, p1 @ p2))) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs \beta)) \ (map \ redex-patterns \ As))!i)
                           using in-set-idx l by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-map map-snd-zip
nth-concat-split nth-mem)
                  let ?p1 = (var - poss - list (lhs \beta))!i
                   have (map2\ (\lambda p1.\ map\ (\lambda(\alpha,\ p2).\ (\alpha,\ p1\ @\ p2)))\ (var-poss-list\ (lhs\ \beta))
(map\ redex-patterns\ As))!i = map\ (\lambda(\alpha,\ p).\ (\alpha,\ ?p1\ @\ p))\ (redex-patterns\ (As!i))
                      using nth-zip i l by fastforce
                          with ap obtain p2 where p2:p = ?p1@p2 and ap2:(\alpha, p2) \in set
(redex-patterns (As !i)) by auto
                           with 3(3) i have poss:p2 \in poss (source (As!i)) and label:get-label
```

```
(labeled\text{-}source\ (As!i)|\text{-}p2) = Some\ (\alpha,\ \theta)
         using nth-mem by blast+
       have p1-poss: ?p1 \in poss (lhs \beta) using i \ l
         by (metis nth-mem var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
       then have 1:p \in poss (source (Prule <math>\beta As))
         using poss 3(2) i l unfolding source.simps p2
        by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) append-eq-append-conv2 comp-apply length-map
length-remdups-eq length-rev length-var-poss-list nth-map poss-append-poss poss-imp-subst-poss
rev-swap var-rule-pos-subst vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
       have labeled-source (Prule \beta As) |-p| = labeled-source (As!i) |-p|2 proof—
         have (\langle map \ labeled\text{-}source \ As \rangle_{\beta}) (var\text{-}rule \ \beta \ ! \ i) = labeled\text{-}source \ (As!i)
           using i \ 3(2) by (metis length-map lhs-subst-var-i nth-map)
         moreover have labeled-lhs \beta \mid - ?p1 = Var (var-rule \beta \mid i)
       using 3(1) i l by (metis case-prodD left-lin left-linear-trs-def length-var-poss-list
linear-term-var-vars-term-list p1-poss var-label-term vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
         ultimately show ?thesis unfolding p2 labeled-source.simps
              by (smt (verit, best) eval-term.simps(1) label-term-to-term p1-poss
poss-imp-subst-poss poss-term-lab-to-term subt-at-append subt-at-subst)
       with label have 2:get-label (labeled-source (Prule \beta As)|-p) = Some (\alpha, \theta)
         by presburger
       from 1 2 show ?thesis by simp
     qed
   \mathbf{qed} \ simp
  {assume p \in poss (source A) \land get-label (labeled-source A | - p) = Some (\alpha, \theta)
   with assms show (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns A) \operatorname{proof}(induct arbitrary:p)
     case (2 ts f)
     from 2(2) have p \neq [] unfolding labeled-source.simps by auto
     with 2(2) obtain i p' where p':p = i \# p' p' \in poss (source (ts!i)) and i:i
< length ts
       unfolding source.simps by fastforce
     with 2(2) have get-label (labeled-source (ts!i) |- p'| = Some (\alpha, \theta)
       unfolding p' labeled-source.simps by auto
     with 2(1) i p' have IH:(\alpha, p') \in set (redex-patterns (ts!i))
       using nth-mem by blast
     from i have i-zip:i < length (zip [0..< length ts] (map redex-patterns ts)) by
simp
    from i have zip [0... < length ts] (map redex-patterns ts) ! i = (i, redex-patterns)
(ts!i)
       using nth-zip by simp
       then have (map2\ (\lambda x.\ map\ (\lambda(\alpha,\ p).\ (\alpha,\ x\ \#\ p)))\ [0..< length\ ts]\ (map
redex-patterns (ts!i) ! i = map(\lambda(\alpha, p), (\alpha, i \neq p)) (redex-patterns (ts!i))
       unfolding nth-map[OF i-zip] by simp
      with p'(2) IH have (\alpha, p) \in set ((map2 (\lambda i. map (\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, i \# p)))
[0..< length\ ts]\ (map\ redex-patterns\ ts))!i)
       unfolding p' by auto
     with i-zip show ?case using i unfolding redex-patterns.simps set-concat by
```

(metis (no-types, lifting) UN-I length-map nth-mem)

```
next
     case (3 \beta As)
     with get-label-Prule consider (1)p = [] \land \alpha = \beta \mid (\exists p1 \ p2 \ i. \ p = p1 @ p2
\land i < length \ As \land var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \beta) \ ! \ i = p1
         \land p2 \in poss \ (source \ (As!i)) \land get\text{-label} \ (labeled\text{-}source \ (As!i) \mid -p2) =
Some (\alpha, \theta)
       by (metis \ wf\text{-}pterm.intros(3))
     then show ?case proof(cases)
       case 1
       then show ?thesis unfolding redex-patterns.simps by simp
     next
       case 2
       from 3(1,2) left-lin have l:length (var-poss-list (lhs \beta)) = length As
         using length-var-poss-list length-var-rule by auto
        from 2 obtain p1 p2 i where p:p = p1 @ p2 and i:i < length As and
p1:var-poss-list (lhs \beta) ! i = p1
         and p2:p2 \in poss (source (As! i)) and lab:get-label (labeled-source (As! i))
i) \mid - p2) = Some (\alpha, \theta)
         by blast
       from i l have i': i < length (zip (var-poss-list (lhs \beta)) (map redex-patterns)
As)) by simp
      from i p2 lab 3(3) have (\alpha, p2) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i)) using nth-mem
by blast
         then have (\alpha, p) \in set \ (map \ (\lambda(\alpha, p2), (\alpha, p1 @ p2)) \ (redex-patterns)
(As!i)) using p by force
         then have (\alpha, p) \in set ((map2 (\lambda p1. map (\lambda(\alpha, p2). (\alpha, p1 @ p2))))
(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \beta))\ (map\ redex\text{-}patterns\ As))!i)
         unfolding nth-map[OF i'] p using p1 by (simp add: i l)
      then have (\alpha, p) \in set (concat (map2 (\lambda p1. map (\lambda(\alpha, p2). (\alpha, p1 @ p2))))
(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \beta))\ (map\ redex\text{-}patterns\ As)))
           unfolding set-concat by (metis (no-types, lifting) UN-I i' length-map
nth-mem)
     then show ?thesis unfolding redex-patterns.simps by (meson\ list.set-intros(2))
     qed
   qed simp
  }
qed
lemma redex-pattern-rule-symbol:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R(\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns A)
 shows to-rule \alpha \in R
proof-
  from redex-patterns-label [OF assms(1)] have p \in poss (source A) and qet-label
(labeled\text{-}source\ A\ |\ -\ p) = Some\ (\alpha,\ \theta)
   using assms(2) by simp+
  then show ?thesis
   using assms(1) labeled-wf-pterm-rule-in-TRS by fastforce
qed
```

```
lemma redex-patterns-subset-possL:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R
 shows set (map \ snd \ (redex-patterns \ A)) \subseteq possL \ A
 using redex-patterns-label[OF assms]
 by (smt (verit) get-label-imp-labelposs imageE labeled-source-to-term list.set-map
option.simps(3) poss-term-lab-to-term prod.collapse subsetI)
end
lemma redex-poss-empty-imp-empty-step:
 assumes redex-patterns A = []
 shows is-empty-step A
 using assms proof(induct A)
 case (Pfun\ f\ As)
 {fix i assume i:i < length As
   then have i-zip:i < length (zip [0..< length As] (map redex-patterns As)) by
   {fix x \ xs \ assume \ redex-patterns \ (As!i) = x \# xs}
     with i have zip [0..< length\ As] (map redex-patterns As)! i = (i, x \# xs) by
simp
      then have (map2\ (\lambda i.\ map\ (\lambda(\alpha,\ p).\ (\alpha,\ i\ \#\ p)))\ [0..< length\ As]\ (map
redex-patterns As)!i \neq []
      using nth-map i-zip by simp
     with Pfun(2) have False unfolding redex-patterns.simps using i-zip con-
cat\text{-}nth\text{-}length
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) length-0-conv length-greater-0-conv length-map
less-nat-zero-code)
   then have redex-patterns (As!i) = []
    by (meson list.exhaust)
   with Pfun(1) i have is-empty-step (As!i)
     by simp
 then show ?case
   by (simp add: list-all-length)
qed simp-all
lemma overlap-imp-redex-poss:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R \ B \in wf-pterm R
   and measure-ov A B \neq 0
 shows redex-patterns A \neq []
proof
 assume redex-patterns A = []
 then have is-empty-step A
   by (simp add: redex-poss-empty-imp-empty-step)
 with assms(3) show False
   by (simp add: empty-step-imp-measure-zero)
qed
```

lemma redex-patterns-to-pterm:

```
shows redex-patterns (to-pterm s) = []
proof(induct s)
  case (Fun f ts)
  have l:length \ (map \ 2 \ (\lambda i. \ map \ (\lambda(\alpha, p). \ (\alpha, i \# p))) \ [\theta... < length \ (map \ to-pterm
ts) (map redex-patterns (map to-pterm ts))) = length ts
   bv simp
  \{ \text{fix } i \text{ assume } i < length \ ts \} 
  with Fun have (map2\ (\lambda i.\ map\ (\lambda(\alpha, p).\ (\alpha, i \# p)))\ [0..< length\ (map\ to-pterm
[ts] (map\ redex-patterns\ (map\ to-pterm\ ts)))!i = []
     by simp
  }
 with l show ?case unfolding to-pterm.simps redex-patterns.simps
  by (metis length-greater-0-conv length-nth-simps(1) less-nat-zero-code nth-concat-split)
qed simp
lemma redex-patterns-elem-fun:
 assumes (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns (Pfun f As))
 shows \exists i \ p'. \ i < length \ As \land p = i \# p' \land (\alpha, p') \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As!i))
 let ?xs=map2 (\lambda i. map (\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, i \# p))) [0..< length As] (map redex-patterns)
As
  from assms obtain k where k:k < length (redex-patterns (Pfun f As)) re-
dex-patterns (Pfun f As) ! k = (\alpha, p)
   by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}idx)
 then obtain i j where i < length ?xs and j:j < length (?xs!i) ?xs!i!j = (<math>\alpha,
p)
   using nth-concat-split[OF k(1)[unfolded redex-patterns.simps]] by force
  then have i:i < length As by auto
  then have zip [0..< length As] (map redex-patterns As) !i = (i, redex-patterns
(As!i)
   using nth-zip by auto
 then have ?xs!i = map(\lambda(\alpha, p), (\alpha, i\#p)) (redex-patterns (As!i)) using nth-map
i by auto
 with j obtain p' where p = i \# p' and (\alpha, p') \in set (redex-patterns (As!i))
     by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) case-prod-beta fst-conv imageE list.set-map
nth-mem prod.collapse snd-conv)
  with i show ?thesis by simp
qed
lemma redex-patterns-elem-rule:
 assumes (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns (Prule <math>\beta As))
 shows p = [] \lor (\exists i \ p'. \ i < length \ As \land i < length \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \beta))]
      \land p = (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \beta)!i)@p' \land (\alpha,\ p') \in set\ (redex\text{-}patterns\ (As!i)))
proof-
 let ?xs=map2 (\lambda p1. map (\lambda(\alpha, p2). (\alpha, p1 @ p2))) (var-poss-list (lhs \beta)) (map
redex-patterns As)
  from assms obtain k where k:k < length (redex-patterns (Prule \beta As)) re-
dex-patterns (Prule \beta As) ! k = (\alpha, p)
```

```
by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}idx)
 show ?thesis proof(cases p = [])
   {f case} False
   with k have k \neq 0
     unfolding redex-patterns.simps by (metis nth-Cons-0 prod.inject)
   with k obtain i j where i < length ?xs and j:j < length (?xs!i) ?xs ! i ! j =
(\alpha, p)
      using nth-concat-split less-Suc-eq-0-disj unfolding redex-patterns.simps by
force
   then have i:i < length As i < length (var-poss-list (lhs \beta)) by auto
   let ?p = (var - poss - list (lhs \beta))!i
    from i have zip (var-poss-list (lhs \beta)) (map redex-patterns As) !i = (?p,
redex-patterns (As!i))
     using nth-zip by auto
    then have ?xs!i = map(\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, ?p@p)) (redex-patterns (As!i)) using
nth-map i by auto
   with j obtain p' where p = ?p@p' and (\alpha, p') \in set (redex-patterns (As!i))
       by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) case-prod-beta fst-conv imageE list.set-map
nth-mem prod.collapse snd-conv)
   with i show ?thesis by blast
 qed simp
qed
lemma redex-patterns-elem-fun':
 assumes (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i)) and i:i < length As
 shows (\alpha, i \# p) \in set (redex-patterns (Pfun f As))
 let ?xs=map2 (\lambda i. map (\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, i \# p))) [0..< length As] (map redex-patterns)
 from i have zip [0... < length As] (map redex-patterns As) !i = (i, redex-patterns)
(As!i)
   using nth-zip by auto
 then have ?xs!i = map(\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, i\#p)) (redex-patterns(As!i)) using nth-map
i by auto
 with assms have (\alpha, i \# p) \in set (?xs!i) by fastforce
 moreover from i have i < length ?xs by simp
 ultimately have *:(\alpha, i \# p) \in set (concat ?xs)
   unfolding set-concat by (meson UN-iff nth-mem)
  then show ?thesis by simp
qed
lemma redex-patterns-elem-rule':
  assumes (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i)) and i:i < length As i < length
(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha))
 shows (\beta, (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \alpha) ! i)@p) \in set (redex\text{-}patterns (Prule \alpha As))
proof-
 let ?xs=map2 \ (\lambda p1. \ map \ (\lambda(\alpha, p2). \ (\alpha, p1 \ @ \ p2))) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \alpha)) \ (map
redex-patterns As)
 let ?p=var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)! i
```

```
from i have zip (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)) (map redex-patterns As) !i = (?p, re-
dex-patterns (As!i)
       using nth-zip by auto
     then have ?xs!i = map(\lambda(\alpha, p), (\alpha, ?p@p)) (redex-patterns (As!i)) using
nth-map i by auto
    with assms have (\beta, ?p@p) \in set (?xs!i) by fastforce
    moreover from i have i < length ?xs by simp
    ultimately have *:(\beta, ?p@p) \in set (concat ?xs)
        unfolding set-concat by (meson UN-iff nth-mem)
    then show ?thesis by simp
qed
{f lemma}\ redex	ext{-}patterns	ext{-}elem	ext{-}subst:
    assumes (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns ((to-pterm t) \cdot \sigma))
    shows \exists p1 \ p2 \ x. \ p = p1@p2 \land (\alpha, p2) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (\sigma \ x)) \land p1 \in
var-poss t \wedge t|-p1 = Var x
    using assms proof(induct t arbitrary: p)
    case (Var x)
    then show ?case unfolding to-pterm.simps eval-term.simps by force
next
    case (Fun f ts)
    from Fun(2) obtain j where j:j < length (redex-patterns (to-pterm (Fun f ts)
(\sigma)) (redex-patterns (to-pterm (Fun f ts) (\sigma))!j = (\alpha, p)
       by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}idx)
    from j obtain i k where i:i < length ts
       and k:k < length (map (\lambda(\alpha, p), (\alpha, i \# p)) (redex-patterns (to-pterm (ts!i) \cdot
\sigma)))
       and rdp:(map\ (\lambda(\alpha,\ p).\ (\alpha,\ i\ \#\ p))\ (redex-patterns\ (to-pterm\ (ts!i)\ \cdot\ \sigma)))!k =
(\alpha, p)
        using nth-concat-split unfolding length-map to-pterm.simps eval-term.simps
redex-patterns.simps by force
    from rdp \ k obtain p' where p:p = i \# p'
     by (smt (verit, del-insts) case-prod-conv list.sel(3) map-eq-imp-length-eq map-ident
nth-map prod.inject surj-pair)
    from k rdp have (\alpha, p') \in set (redex-patterns\ (to-pterm\ (ts!i) \cdot \sigma))
     unfolding p by (smt (verit, del-insts) case-prod-conv list.sel(3) map-eq-imp-length-eq
map-ident nth-map nth-mem prod.inject surj-pair)
    with Fun(1) i obtain p1 p2 x where p':p'=p1@p2 and rdp2:(\alpha, p2) \in set
(redex-patterns (\sigma x)) and p1 \in var-poss (ts!i) and (ts!i)|-p1 = Var x
       by (meson nth-mem)
    with i have i\#p1 \in var\text{-}poss (Fun f ts) Fun f ts \mid -(i\#p1) = Var x
       by auto
    with p' rdp2 show ?case
       unfolding p by (meson\ Cons-eq-appendI)
qed
context left-lin-no-var-lhs
begin
```

```
lemma redex-patterns-rule":
 assumes rdp:(\beta, p @ q) \in set (redex-patterns (Prule \alpha As))
   and wf:Prule \alpha As \in wf-pterm R
   and p:p = var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \alpha)!i
   and i:i < length As
 shows (\beta, q) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i))
proof-
  from wf obtain f ts where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun f ts
    by (metis Inl-inject case-prodD is-FunE is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3)
no-var-lhs term.distinct(1) term.inject(2) wf-pterm.simps)
 from wf i have l:length As = length (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha))
     by (metis\ Inl-inject\ is-Prule.simps(1)\ is-Prule.simps(3)\ length-var-poss-list
length-var-rule\ term.distinct(1)\ term.inject(2)\ wf-pterm.simps)
  with i p have p \in var\text{-}poss (Fun f ts)
   by (metis lhs nth-mem var-poss-list-sound)
  then have p \neq [] by force
  then obtain j p' where j:j < length As and p':p@q = var-poss-list (lhs <math>\alpha)! j
@ p'(\beta, p') \in set (redex-patterns (As!j))
   using redex-patterns-elem-rule [OF rdp] by blast
  {assume j \neq i
   then have p \perp var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \alpha) \mid j
      unfolding p using i j by (metis distinct-var-poss-list l nth-eq-iff-index-eq
nth-mem var-poss-list-sound var-poss-parallel)
   with p'(1) have False
     by (metis less-eq-pos-simps(1) pos-less-eq-append-not-parallel)
 with p'(1) p have j = i and p' = q by fastforce+
 with p'(2) show ?thesis by simp
qed
lemma redex-patterns-elem-subst':
 assumes (\alpha, p2) \in set (redex-patterns (\sigma x)) and p1:p1 \in poss \ t \ t|-p1 = Var \ x
 shows (\alpha, p1@p2) \in set (redex-patterns ((to-pterm t) \cdot \sigma))
using assms proof(induct t arbitrary: p1)
  case (Var x)
 then show ?case unfolding to-pterm.simps eval-term.simps by force
next
  case (Fun \ f \ ts)
  from Fun(3,4) obtain i p1' where i:i < length ts and p1:p1 = i#p1' and
p1':p1' \in poss(ts!i)(ts!i)|-p1' = Var x
   by auto
  with Fun(1,2) have (\alpha, p1' \otimes p2) \in set (redex-patterns (to-pterm <math>(ts!i) \cdot \sigma))
   using nth-mem by blast
  then obtain j where j:j < length (redex-patterns (to-pterm (ts!i) \cdot \sigma)) re-
dex-patterns (to-pterm (ts!i) \cdot \sigma)!j = (\alpha, p1' @ p2)
   by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}idx)
 let ?xs=map2 (\lambda i. map (\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, i \# p))) [0..<length (map (\lambda s. s \cdot \sigma) (map
to-pterm ts))] (map redex-patterns (map (\lambda s. \ s \cdot \sigma) \ (map \ to-pterm \ ts)))
 from i j have rdp: ?xs!i!j = (\alpha, p1@p2)
```

```
unfolding p1 by auto
 let ?i=sum-list (map length (take i ?xs)) + j
  from rdp i j(1) have (redex-patterns\ ((to-pterm\ (Fun\ f\ ts))\ \cdot\ \sigma))! ?i=(\alpha,
   using concat-nth[of i ?xs j] unfolding length-map by force
 moreover from i j(1) have ?i < length (redex-patterns (to-pterm (Fun f ts) ·
\sigma))
   using concat-nth-length[of i ?xs j] unfolding length-map by force
 ultimately show ?case
   using nth-mem by fastforce
qed
lemma redex-patterns-join:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R \ B \in wf-pterm R \ A \sqcup B = Some \ C
 shows set (redex-patterns\ C) = set\ (redex-patterns\ A) \cup set\ (redex-patterns\ B)
 using assms proof(induct A arbitrary: B C rule:subterm-induct)
 case (subterm A)
 from subterm(2) show ?case proof(cases A)
   case (1 x)
   from subterm(2,3,4) var-join show ?thesis
     unfolding 1 by auto
 next
   case (2 As f)
   with subterm(4) consider (Pfun) \exists g \ Bs. \ B = Pfun \ g \ Bs \mid (Prule) \exists \alpha \ Bs. \ B
= Prule \ \alpha \ Bs \ by \ (meson \ fun-join)
   then show ?thesis proof(cases)
     case Pfun
     then obtain g Bs where B:B = Pfun g Bs by blast
    from subterm(4) join-fun-fun obtain Cs where fg:f = g and l-As-Bs:length
As = length Bs  and
       C:C = Pfun \ f \ Cs \ and \ l-Cs-As:length \ Cs = length \ As \ and \ Cs:(\forall i < length)
As. As ! i \sqcup Bs ! i = Some (Cs ! i)
      unfolding 2 B by force
     {fix i assume i:i < length As
      with subterm(3) have Bs!i \in wf-pterm R
        using B l-As-Bs by auto
     with subterm(1) i 2 Cs have set (redex-patterns\ (Cs!i)) = set\ (redex-patterns
(As!i)) \cup set (redex-patterns (Bs!i))
        by (meson nth-mem supt.arg)
     }note IH=this
     {fix \alpha p assume (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns C)
      then obtain i p' where i:i < length Cs and p:p = i \# p' and (\alpha, p') \in set
(redex-patterns (Cs!i))
        unfolding C by (meson redex-patterns-elem-fun)
        with IH consider (\alpha, p') \in set (redex-patterns (As!i)) \mid (\alpha, p') \in set
(redex-patterns (Bs!i))
        using l-Cs-As by fastforce
          then have (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns A) \cup set (redex-patterns B)
proof(cases)
```

```
case 1
                    with i have (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns A)
                       unfolding 2 p l-Cs-As by (meson redex-patterns-elem-fun')
                    then show ?thesis by simp
                next
                   case 2
                    with i have (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns B)
                        unfolding B l-Cs-As l-As-Bs p by (meson redex-patterns-elem-fun')
                    then show ?thesis by simp
               \mathbf{qed}
           }
            moreover
            {fix \alpha p assume (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns\ A) \cup set (redex-patterns\ B)
              then consider (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns A) \mid (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patt
B) by force
               then have (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns C) proof(cases)
                    case 1
                    then obtain i p' where i:i < length As and p:p = i \# p' and (\alpha, p') \in
set\ (redex-patterns\ (As!i))
                       unfolding 2 by (meson redex-patterns-elem-fun)
                    with IH have (\alpha, p') \in set (redex-patterns (Cs!i)) by blast
                    with i l-Cs-As show ?thesis unfolding C p
                        by (metis redex-patterns-elem-fun')
               next
                    case 2
                    then obtain i p' where i:i < length Bs and p:p = i \# p' and (\alpha, p') \in
set (redex-patterns (Bs!i))
                       unfolding B by (meson redex-patterns-elem-fun)
                    with IH l-As-Bs have (\alpha, p') \in set (redex-patterns (Cs!i)) by simp
                    with i l-Cs-As l-As-Bs show ?thesis unfolding C p
                        by (metis redex-patterns-elem-fun')
               qed
            ultimately show ?thesis by auto
       next
            case Prule
            then obtain \alpha Bs where B:B = Prule \alpha Bs by blast
            from B \ subterm(3) have alpha:to-rule \ \alpha \in R
                using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
            then obtain f' ts where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun f' ts
                using no-var-lhs by fastforce
            from alpha have lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
                using left-lin left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
           from B subterm(3,4) obtain \sigma Cs where sigma:match A (to-pterm (lhs \alpha))
= Some \ \sigma
           and C: C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs and l-Cs-Bs:length \ Cs = length \ Bs and Cs:(\forall i < length)
Bs. \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \sqcup (Bs! i) = Some (Cs! i))
                unfolding 2 using join-rule-fun join-sym by (smt (verit, best))
            from B \ subterm(3) have l-Bs:length \ Bs = length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)
```

```
using wf-pterm.simps by fastforce
     from sigma have A:A = (to\text{-pterm } (lhs \ \alpha) \cdot \sigma)
       by (simp add: match-matches)
     \{fix i assume i:i < length Bs
       with sigma lhs l-Bs have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \triangleleft A
       by (smt (verit, best) comp-def match-lhs-subst nth-mem set-remdups set-rev
set-vars-term-list subst-image-subterm to-pterm.simps(2) vars-to-pterm)
       moreover have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \in wf-pterm R
         using subterm(2) by (metis i l-Bs match-well-def sigma vars-to-pterm)
       moreover from i \ subterm(3) have Bs!i \in wf-pterm R
         using B nth-mem by blast
     ultimately have set (redex-patterns (Cs!i)) = set (redex-patterns (\sigma (var-rule
(\alpha ! i)) \cup set (redex-patterns (Bs!i))
         using subterm(1) Cs l-Cs-Bs i by presburger
     note IH = this
     {fix \beta p assume rdp:(\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns C)
           then have (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns A) \cup set (redex-patterns B)
\mathbf{proof}(cases\ p=[])
         case True
         with rdp have \alpha = \beta
             unfolding C using lhs by (metis (no-types, lifting) C join-wf-pterm
list.set-intros(1) option.sel
          prod.inject\ redex-patterns.simps(3)\ redex-patterns-label\ subterm.prems(1)
subterm.prems(2) \ subterm.prems(3))
         then show ?thesis unfolding B redex-patterns.simps True by simp
       next
         with rdp obtain i p' where i:i < length Cs i < length (var-poss-list (lhs
\alpha))
         and p:p = (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \alpha) ! i)@p' and *:(\beta, p') \in set (redex\text{-}patterns)
(Cs!i)
           unfolding C by (meson redex-patterns-elem-rule)
         let ?p=var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)! i
         from * i IH consider (\beta, p') \in set (redex-patterns (\sigma (var-rule <math>\alpha ! i))) |
(\beta, p') \in set (redex-patterns (Bs!i))
           using l-Cs-Bs by fastforce
         then show ?thesis proof(cases)
           case 1
           let ?x=var-rule \alpha ! i
           from i(2) have p-pos: ?p \in poss (lhs \alpha)
            \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{metis}\ \mathit{nth\text{-}mem}\ \mathit{var\text{-}poss\text{-}iff}\ \mathit{var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\text{-}sound})
           from i(2) have p-x:(lhs <math>\alpha)|-?p = Var ?x
                  by (metis \langle to\text{-rule } \alpha \in R \rangle case-prodD left-lin left-linear-trs-def
length-var-poss-list linear-term-var-vars-term-list vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
           from i(2) have (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns A)
              unfolding p A using redex-patterns-elem-subst' of \beta p' \sigma ?x, of 1
p-pos p-x] by simp
           then show ?thesis by simp
         next
```

```
case 2
                       from i have (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns B)
                                   unfolding B p l-Cs-Bs using redex-patterns-elem-rule'[OF 2] by
presburger
                       then show ?thesis by simp
               \mathbf{qed}
               qed
           }
           moreover
            {fix \beta p assume (\beta, p) ∈ set (redex-patterns A) \cup set (redex-patterns B)
              then consider (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns A) \mid (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patt
B) by force
               then have (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns C) proof(cases)
                   case 1
                         then obtain p1 p2 x where p:p=p1@p2 and rdp2:(\beta, p2) \in set
(redex-patterns (\sigma x))
                       and p1:p1 \in var\text{-}poss (lhs \ \alpha) \ lhs \ \alpha|\text{-}p1 = Var \ x
                       unfolding A using redex-patterns-elem-subst by metis
                   then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) (var-rule \alpha)!i = x
                 using lin by (metis in-set-conv-nth length-var-poss-list linear-term-var-vars-term-list
term.inject(1) var-poss-list-sound vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
                   with p1 lin have p1:p1 = var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)! i
                 \mathbf{by}\ (metis\ length-var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ linear\text{-}term\text{-}unique\text{-}vars\ linear\text{-}term\text{-}var\text{-}vars\text{-}term\text{-}list}
nth-mem var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
                   from i IH rdp2 have (\beta, p2) \in set (redex-patterns (Cs!i))
                       by (simp \ add: \ l-Bs)
                   with i(1) show ?thesis unfolding C p
                                   using redex-patterns-elem-rule' p1 by (metis alpha l-Bs l-Cs-Bs
length-var-poss-list length-var-rule)
               \mathbf{next}
                   case 2
                   show ?thesis proof(cases p=[])
                       case True
                       from 2 have \alpha = \beta
                unfolding B True using lhs by (metis (no-types, lifting) B list.set-intros(1)
option.sel
                      prod.inject\ redex-patterns.simps(3)\ redex-patterns-label\ subterm.prems(2))
                       then show ?thesis unfolding C redex-patterns.simps True by simp
                   next
                       case False
                       with 2 obtain i p' where i:i < length Bs i < length (var-poss-list (lhs))
\alpha))
                     and p:p = (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \alpha) ! i)@p' and *:(\beta, p') \in set (redex\text{-}patterns)
(Bs!i)
                           unfolding B by (meson redex-patterns-elem-rule)
                       with IH l-Cs-Bs have (\beta, p') \in set (redex-patterns (Cs!i)) by simp
                       with i l-Cs-Bs show ?thesis unfolding C p
                           by (metis redex-patterns-elem-rule')
```

```
qed
       qed
     ultimately show ?thesis by auto
   ged
  next
   case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
   from 3(2) obtain f' ts where lhs:lhs \alpha = Fun f' ts
     using no-var-lhs by fastforce
   from 3(2) have lin:linear-term (lhs \alpha)
     using left-lin left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
   from 3 \ subterm(2,4) consider (Pfun) \exists g \ Bs. \ B = Pfun \ g \ Bs \mid (Prule) \exists \beta \ Bs.
B = Prule \beta Bs  by (meson rule-join)
   then show ?thesis proof(cases)
     case Pfun
     then obtain f Bs where B:B = Pfun f Bs by blast
    from subterm(2,4) obtain \sigma Cs where sigma:match\ B (to-pterm (lhs \alpha)) =
Some \sigma
     and C:C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs and l-Cs-As:length \ Cs = length \ As and As:(\forall i < length)
As. (As ! i) \sqcup \sigma (var\text{-rule } \alpha ! i) = Some (Cs ! i)
       unfolding 3 B using 3(3) join-rule-fun by metis
     {fix i assume i:i < length As
       have \sigma (var-rule \alpha! i) \in wf-pterm R
         using subterm(3) by (metis 3(3) i match-well-def sigma vars-to-pterm)
        then have set (redex-patterns (Cs!i)) = set (redex-patterns (As!i)) \cup set
(redex-patterns\ (\sigma\ (var-rule\ \alpha\ !\ i)))
         using subterm(1) 3 by (meson\ As\ i\ nth\text{-}mem\ supt.arg)
     }note IH=this
     {fix \beta p assume rdp:(\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns C)
          then have (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns A) \cup set (redex-patterns B)
\mathbf{proof}(cases\ p=[])
         case True
         with rdp have \alpha = \beta
            unfolding C using lhs by (metis (no-types, lifting) C join-wf-pterm
list.set-intros(1) option.sel
          prod.inject redex-patterns.simps(3) redex-patterns-label subterm.prems(1)
subterm.prems(2) \ subterm.prems(3))
         then show ?thesis unfolding 3 redex-patterns.simps True by simp
       next
         with rdp obtain i p' where i:i < length Cs i < length (var-poss-list (lhs
\alpha))
         and p:p = (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \ \alpha) ! i)@p' and *:(\beta, p') \in set (redex\text{-}patterns)
(Cs!i)
          unfolding C by (meson redex-patterns-elem-rule)
         let ?p = var - poss - list (lhs \alpha) ! i
         from * i IH consider (\beta, p') \in set (redex-patterns (\sigma (var-rule <math>\alpha ! i))) |
(\beta, p') \in set (redex-patterns (As!i))
           using l-Cs-As by auto
```

```
then show ?thesis proof(cases)
          case 1
          let ?x=var-rule \alpha ! i
          from i(2) have p-pos: ?p \in poss (lhs \alpha)
            by (metis nth-mem var-poss-iff var-poss-list-sound)
          from i(2) have p-x:(lhs <math>\alpha)|-?p = Var ?x
           by (metis 3(2) case-prodD left-lin left-linear-trs-def length-var-poss-list
linear-term-var-vars-term-list vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
          from sigma have (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns B)
           unfolding p using redex-patterns-elem-subst'[of \beta p' \sigma ?x, OF 1 p-pos
p-x] by (simp add: match-matches)
          then show ?thesis by simp
        next
          case 2
          from i have (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns A)
             unfolding 3(1) p l-Cs-As using redex-patterns-elem-rule [OF 2] by
presburger
          then show ?thesis by simp
        qed
       qed
     }
     moreover
     \{\text{fix } \beta \text{ } p \text{ assume } (\beta, p) \in set \text{ } (redex\text{-}patterns A) \cup set \text{ } (redex\text{-}patterns B) \}
      then consider (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns B) \mid (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns B)
A) by force
       then have (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns C) proof(cases)
        case 1
           then obtain p1 p2 x where p:p=p1@p2 and rdp2:(\beta, p2) \in set
(redex-patterns (\sigma x))
          and p1:p1 \in var\text{-}poss (lhs \ \alpha) \ lhs \ \alpha|\text{-}p1 = Var \ x
          using sigma redex-patterns-elem-subst using match-matches by blast
        then obtain i where i:i < length (var-rule \alpha) (var-rule \alpha)!i = x
       using lin by (metis in-set-conv-nth length-var-poss-list linear-term-var-vars-term-list
term.inject(1) \ var-poss-list-sound \ vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
        with p1 lin have p1:p1 = var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)! i
       by (metis length-var-poss-list linear-term-unique-vars linear-term-var-vars-term-list
nth-mem var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
        from i IH rdp2 have (\beta, p2) \in set (redex-patterns (Cs!i))
          by (simp\ add:\ 3(3))
        with i(1) show ?thesis unfolding C p
                using redex-patterns-elem-rule' p1 by (metis 3(2) 3(3) l-Cs-As
length-var-poss-list length-var-rule)
       next
        case 2
        show ?thesis proof(cases p=[])
          case True
          from 2 have \alpha = \beta
            unfolding True using lhs by (metis 3(1) list.set-intros(1) option.sel
prod.sel(1) \ redex-patterns.simps(3) \ redex-patterns-label \ subterm.prems(1))
```

```
then show ?thesis unfolding C redex-patterns.simps True by simp
        next
          case False
          with 2 obtain i p' where i:i < length As i < length (var-poss-list (lhs))
\alpha))
         and p:p = (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \alpha) ! i)@p' and *:(\beta, p') \in set (redex\text{-}patterns)
(As!i)
            using 3(1) redex-patterns-elem-rule by blast
          with IH l-Cs-As have (\beta, p') \in set (redex-patterns (Cs!i)) by simp
          with i l-Cs-As show ?thesis unfolding C p
            by (metis redex-patterns-elem-rule')
        qed
       qed
     }
     ultimately show ?thesis by auto
     case Prule
     then obtain \beta Bs where B:B = Prule \beta Bs by blast
     obtain Cs where alpha-beta:\alpha=\beta and l-As-Bs:length\ As=length\ Bs
       and C:C = Prule \ \alpha \ Cs and l-Cs-As:length Cs = length \ As and args: \forall i < length
length As. As ! i \sqcup Bs ! i = Some (Cs ! i)
         using join-rule-rule[OF subterm(4,2,3)[unfolded B 3]] using 3(3) by
fastforce
     {fix i assume i < length As
        from subterm(1) have set (redex-patterns (Cs!i)) = set (redex-patterns
(As!i)) \cup set (redex-patterns (Bs!i))
          by (metis 3(1) 3(4) B < i < length As > fun-well-arg l-As-Bs local.args
nth-mem subterm.prems(2) supt.arg)
     \mathbf{Pote}\ IH=this
     {fix \gamma p assume rdp:(\gamma, p) \in set (redex-patterns C)
       have (\gamma, p) \in set (redex-patterns A) \cup set (redex-patterns B) proof (cases
p = []
        case True
        from rdp have \alpha = \gamma unfolding C True using lhs
          by (metis (no-types, lifting) C join-wf-pterm list.set-intros(1) option.sel
prod.inject\ redex-patterns.simps(3)\ redex-patterns-label\ subterm(2,3,4))
        then show ?thesis unfolding 3 True by simp
       \mathbf{next}
        case False
        then obtain p2 i where i:i < length Cs i < length (var-poss-list (lhs <math>\alpha))
         and p:p = var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \ \alpha) ! i @p2 \text{ and } (\gamma, p2) \in set (redex\text{-}patterns)
(Cs!i)
          using C rdp redex-patterns-elem-rule by blast
          with IH consider (\gamma, p2) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i)) \mid (\gamma, p2) \in set
(redex-patterns (Bs!i))
          using l-Cs-As by fastforce
        then show ?thesis proof(cases)
          case 1
          with i have (\gamma, p) \in set (redex-patterns A)
```

```
unfolding 3 p l-Cs-As by (metis 3(3) redex-patterns-elem-rule')
           then show ?thesis by simp
         next
           case 2
           with i have (\gamma, p) \in set (redex-patterns B)
          unfolding B l-Cs-As l-As-Bs p alpha-beta using redex-patterns-elem-rule'
by blast
           then show ?thesis by simp
         qed
       \mathbf{qed}
     }
     moreover
     \{ \text{fix } \gamma \text{ } p \text{ assume } rdp: (\gamma, p) \in set \text{ } (redex-patterns A) \cup set \text{ } (redex-patterns B) \}
       have (\gamma, p) \in set (redex-patterns C) proof(cases p = [])
         case True
         from rdp lhs have \gamma = \alpha
           unfolding 3 B alpha-beta True
       by (metis 3(1) B Un-iff alpha-beta list.set-intros(1) option.inject prod.inject
redex-patterns.simps(3) redex-patterns-label subterm.prems(1) subterm.prems(2)
         then show ?thesis unfolding C True by simp
       next
         case False
             from rdp consider (\gamma, p) \in set (redex-patterns A) \mid (\gamma, p) \in set
(redex-patterns B) by force
         then show ?thesis proof(cases)
           case 1
           then obtain p2 i where i:i < length As i < length (var-poss-list (lhs))
\alpha))
          and p:p = var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \ \alpha) ! i @p2 \text{ and } (\gamma, p2) \in set (redex\text{-}patterns)
(As!i)
            using 3 redex-patterns-elem-rule False by blast
           with IH have (\gamma, p2) \in set (redex-patterns (Cs!i)) by blast
           with i l-Cs-As show ?thesis unfolding C p
            by (metis redex-patterns-elem-rule')
         next
           then obtain p2 i where i:i < length Bs i < length (var-poss-list (lhs
\alpha))
          and p:p = var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs \ \alpha) ! i @p2 \text{ and } (\gamma, p2) \in set (redex\text{-}patterns)
(Bs!i)
            using B alpha-beta redex-patterns-elem-rule False by blast
           with IH have (\gamma, p2) \in set (redex-patterns (Cs!i)) using l-As-Bs by
simp
           with i l-Cs-As l-As-Bs show ?thesis unfolding C p
            by (metis redex-patterns-elem-rule')
         qed
       qed
     ultimately show ?thesis by auto
```

```
qed
 qed
qed
lemma redex-patterns-join-list:
 assumes join-list As = Some \ A and \forall \ a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf-pterm R
 shows set (redex-patterns A) = \bigcup (set (map (set \circ redex-patterns) As))
  using assms proof(induct As arbitrary:A)
  case (Cons\ a\ As)
 show ?case proof(cases As = [])
   case True
   from Cons(2,3) have a = A
     unfolding True join-list.simps by (simp add: join-with-source)
   then show ?thesis unfolding True by simp
 next
   case False
   then have *:join-list (a\#As) = join-opt a (join-list As)
     using join-list.elims by blast
   with Cons(2) obtain A' where A': join-list As = Some A' by fastforce
     with Cons(1,3) have set (redex-patterns A') = \bigcup (set (map (set \circ re-
dex-patterns) As))
     by simp
  then show ?thesis using redex-patterns-join * Cons(2,3) unfolding A' join-opt.simps
     by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) A' Sup-insert insert-iff join-list-wf-pterm
list.set(2) \ list.simps(9) \ o-apply)
 qed
qed simp
lemma redex-patterns-context:
 assumes p \in poss s
  shows redex-patterns ((ctxt-of-pos-term p (to-pterm s)) \langle A \rangle) = map (\lambda(\alpha, q).
(\alpha, p@q) (redex-patterns A)
 using assms proof(induct p arbitrary:s)
 case (Cons \ i \ p')
 from Cons(2) obtain f ss where s:s = Fun f ss
   by (meson args-poss)
 from Cons(2) have i:i < length ss and <math>p':p' \in poss (ss!i)
   unfolding s by auto
  with Cons(1) have IH: redex-patterns (ctxt-of-pos-term p' (to-pterm (ss!i)))\langle A \rangle
   map (\lambda(\alpha, q). (\alpha, p'@q)) (redex-patterns A) by simp
  from i have l:length (take i (map to-pterm ss) @ (ctxt-of-pos-term p' (map
to-pterm ss ! i) \langle A \rangle \# drop (Suc i) (map to-pterm ss)) = length ss
   by simp
 let ?take-i=take i (map to-pterm ss)
 let ?ith=(ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p'\ (map\ to\text{-}pterm\ ss\ !\ i))\langle A\rangle
 let ?drop-i=drop (Suc i) (map to-pterm ss)
 let ?xs=take\ i\ (map\ to\ pterm\ ss)\ @\ (ctxt\ of\ pos\ term\ p'\ (map\ to\ pterm\ ss\ !\ i))\langle A\rangle
\# drop (Suc i) (map to-pterm ss)
```

```
let ?zip=zip [0..<length ss] (map redex-patterns ?xs)
  from i have l-zip:length ?zip = length ss by auto
  let ?zip1=zip [0..<i] (map redex-patterns ?take-i)
  let ?zip2=zip [Suc i..<length ss] (map redex-patterns ?drop-i)
  have zip: ?zip = ?zip1 @ ((i, redex-patterns ?ith) # ?<math>zip2)
   unfolding map-append zip-append 2 using i by (simp add: upt-conv-Cons)
  {fix j assume j:j < length (map (\lambda(x, y). map (\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, x \# p)) y) ?zip1)
    with i have (map\ redex-patterns\ ?take-i)!j = []
     by (simp add: redex-patterns-to-pterm)
   with j have ?zip1 ! j = (j, [])
     by simp
   with j have map (\lambda(x, y), map(\lambda(\alpha, p), (\alpha, x \# p)) y) ?zip1 ! j = []
  then have 1:concat (map (\lambda(x, y), map (\lambda(\alpha, p), (\alpha, x \# p)) y) ?zip1) = []
  by (metis length-0-conv length-greater-0-conv less-nat-zero-code nth-concat-split)
  {fix j assume j:j < length (map (\lambda(x, y), map (\lambda(\alpha, p), (\alpha, x \# p)) y) ?zip2)
   with i have (map\ redex-patterns\ ?drop-i)!j = []
     by (simp add: redex-patterns-to-pterm)
   with j have ?zip2 ! j = (j+Suc i, [])
     by simp
   with j have map (\lambda(x, y), map (\lambda(\alpha, p), (\alpha, x \# p)) y) ?zip2! j = []
 then have 2:concat (map (\lambda(x, y). map (\lambda(\alpha, p). (\alpha, x \# p)) y) ?zip2) = []
  by (metis length-0-conv length-greater-0-conv less-nat-zero-code nth-concat-split)
 show ?case unfolding s to-pterm.simps ctxt-of-pos-term.simps intp-actxt.simps
redex-patterns.simps l zip
    unfolding map-append concat-append 1 list.map(2) concat.simps 2 using IH
i by simp
qed simp
lemma redex-patterns-prule:
 assumes l:length ts = length (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha))
 shows redex-patterns (Prule \alpha (map to-pterm ts)) = [(\alpha, [])]
proof-
  \{ \text{fix } x \text{ assume } x : x \in set \ (map2 \ (\lambda x. \ map \ (\lambda(\alpha, p2). \ (\alpha, x @ p2))) \ (var-poss-list) \} \}
(lhs \ \alpha)) \ (map \ redex-patterns \ (map \ to-pterm \ ts)))
    from l have length (map2 (\lambda x. map (\lambda(\alpha, p2). (\alpha, x @ p2))) (var-poss-list
(lhs \ \alpha)) \ (map \ redex-patterns \ (map \ to-pterm \ ts))) = length \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs \ \alpha))
     by simp
   with x obtain i where i:i < length (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)) x = (map2 (\lambda x. map))
(\lambda(\alpha, p2), (\alpha, x @ p2))) (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)) (map redex-patterns (map to-pterm
ts)))!i
     by (metis\ in\text{-}set\text{-}idx)
   from i l have x = []
     using redex-patterns-to-pterm by simp
```

```
then show ?thesis
   unfolding redex-patterns.simps using concat-eq-Nil-conv by blast
qed
lemma redex-patterns-single:
 assumes p \in poss \ s and to-rule \alpha \in R
 shows redex-patterns (ll-single-redex s p(\alpha) = [(\alpha, p)]
proof-
 let ?As=map\ (to\text{-}pterm\ \circ\ (\lambda pi.\ s\ |\ -\ (p\ @\ pi)))\ (var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha))
 let ?A=Prule \ \alpha \ ?As
 have redex-patterns ?A = [(\alpha, [])]
   using redex-patterns-prule using length-map by fastforce
 moreover have set (redex-patterns (ll-single-redex s p(\alpha)) = set (map (\lambda(\alpha, q)).
(\alpha, p@q) (redex-patterns ?A))
     using redex-patterns-context assms redex-patterns-to-pterm[of s] unfolding
ll-single-redex-def using p-in-poss-to-pterm by fastforce
 ultimately have set:set (redex-patterns (ll-single-redex s p(\alpha)) = \{(\alpha, p)\}
   by simp
 have wf: ll\text{-}single\text{-}redex \ s \ p \ \alpha \in wf\text{-}pterm \ R
   using assms left-lin left-linear-trs-def single-redex-wf-pterm by fastforce
 have sorted:sorted-wrt (ord.lexordp (<)) (map snd [(\alpha, p)]) by simp
 show ?thesis using redex-patterns-equal[OF wf sorted] set by simp
qed
lemma get-label-imp-rdp:
 assumes get-label (labeled-source A \mid -p) = Some (\alpha, \theta)
   and A \in wf-pterm R
   and p \in poss (labeled\text{-}source A)
 shows (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns A)
 using assms proof(induct A arbitrary:p)
 case (Pfun\ f\ As)
  then show ?case proof(cases p)
   case (Cons \ i \ p')
   from Pfun(4) have i:i < length As
     unfolding Cons by simp
   moreover from Pfun(2,4) have get-label (labeled-source (As!i) |- p') = Some
(\alpha, \theta)
     unfolding Cons by simp
   moreover from Pfun(4) have p' \in poss (labeled-source (As!i))
     unfolding Cons using i by simp
   ultimately have (\alpha, p') \in set (redex-patterns (As!i))
     using Pfun(1,3) using nth-mem by blast
   then show ?thesis
   unfolding Cons\ redex-patterns.simps\ using\ i\ by\ (metis\ redex-patterns.simps(2)
redex-patterns-elem-fun')
 ged simp
next
 case (Prule \beta As)
```

```
from Prule(3) obtain f ts where lhs:lhs \beta = Fun f ts
  by (metis Inl-inject Term.term.simps(4) case-prodD is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3)
no-var-lhs term.collapse(2) term.sel(2) wf-pterm.simps)
 then show ?case proof(cases p)
   case Nil
   from Prule(2,3,4) show ?thesis
   unfolding Nil labeled-source.simps lhs label-term.simps eval-term.simps subt-at.simps
get-label.simps by simp
 next
   case (Cons i' p')
   from Prule(3) have l:length As = length (var-poss-list (lhs <math>\beta))
      by (metis Inl-inject is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3) length-var-poss-list
length-var-rule\ term.distinct(1)\ term.inject(2)\ wf-pterm.simps)
   from Prule obtain i p2 where p:p = var\text{-}poss\text{-}list (lhs <math>\beta)!i @ p2 and i:i < p
length As and p2:p2 \in poss (labeled-source (As!i))
   by (smt (verit) labeled-source-to-term left-lin-no-var-lhs.qet-label-Prule left-lin-no-var-lhs-axioms
list.distinct(1) local.Cons poss-term-lab-to-term)
   let ?x=vars-term-list (lhs \beta) ! i
   let ?p1 = var-poss-list (lhs \beta) ! i
   have p1:?p1 \in poss (labeled-lhs \beta)
   by (metis i l label-term-to-term nth-mem poss-term-lab-to-term var-poss-imp-poss
var-poss-list-sound)
   have labeled-lhs \beta \mid -?p1 = Var ?x
   using i l by (metis length-var-poss-list var-poss-list-labeled-lhs vars-term-list-labeled-lhs
vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
   then have labeled-source (Prule \beta As) |- ?p1 = labeled-source (As!i)
     unfolding labeled-source.simps subt-at-subst[OF p1]
   by (smt (verit) Inl-inject Prule.prems(2) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule comp-eq-dest-lhs
eval-term.simps(1) i is-Prule.<math>simps(3) is-Prule.<math>simps(3)
       l\ length-map\ length-remdups-eq\ length-rev\ length-var-poss-list\ map-nth-conv
rev-rev-ident\ term.distinct(1)\ term.inject(2)\ wf-pterm.simps)
   with Prule(2,4) have get-label (labeled-source (As!i)|-p2) = Some (\alpha, \theta)
     unfolding p labeled-source.simps by auto
   then have (\alpha, p2) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i))
    using Prule(1)[of As!i p2] p2 Prule(3) i by (meson fun-well-arg nth-mem)
   then show ?thesis unfolding p redex-patterns.simps using i
     by (metis l redex-patterns.simps(3) redex-patterns-elem-rule')
 qed
qed simp
lemma redex-pattern-proof-term-equality:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R B \in wf-pterm R
   and set (redex\text{-patterns } A) = set (redex\text{-patterns } B)
   and source A = source B
 shows A = B
 using assms proof(induct \ A \ arbitrary:B)
 case (1 x)
 then show ?case
   using redex-poss-empty-imp-empty-step source-empty-step by force
```

```
next
  case (2 As f)
  then show ?case proof(cases B)
   case (Pfun \ g \ Bs)
   from 2(4) have f:f=g
     unfolding Pfun by fastforce
   from 2(4) have len:length As = length Bs
     unfolding Pfun f by (metis length-map source.simps(2) term.inject(2))
   \{fix i assume i:i < length As
       have set (redex-patterns (As!i)) = set (redex-patterns (Bs!i)) proof(rule
ccontr)
       assume set (redex\text{-patterns }(As!i)) \neq set (redex\text{-patterns }(Bs!i))
      then consider \exists r. \ r \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As!i)) \land r \notin set \ (redex-patterns
(Bs!i)) \mid
                      \exists r. \ r \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (Bs!i)) \land r \notin set \ (redex-patterns
(As!i)
        by blast
       then show False proof(cases)
        case 1
        then obtain p \alpha where (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i)) and B:(\alpha, p)
\notin set (redex-patterns (Bs!i))
          by force
        then have (\alpha, i \# p) \in set (redex-patterns (Pfun f As))
          by (meson i redex-patterns-elem-fun')
        moreover from B have (\alpha, i \# p) \notin set (redex-patterns (Pfun f Bs))
          by (metis list.inject redex-patterns-elem-fun)
        ultimately show ?thesis
          using 2.prems(2) Pfun f by blast
       next
        case 2
          then obtain p \ \alpha where (\alpha, p) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (Bs!i)) and A:(\alpha, p) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (Bs!i))
p) \notin set (redex-patterns (As!i))
          by force
        then have (\alpha, i \# p) \in set (redex-patterns (Pfun f Bs))
          by (metis i len redex-patterns-elem-fun')
        moreover from A have (\alpha, i \# p) \notin set (redex-patterns (Pfun f As))
          by (metis list.inject redex-patterns-elem-fun)
        ultimately show ?thesis
          using 2.prems(2) Pfun f by blast
       qed
     qed
     moreover have (Bs!i) \in wf-pterm R
       using 2(2) Pfun i len by auto
     ultimately have As!i = Bs!i
         using 2(1,4) by (metis Pfun i len nth-map nth-mem source.simps(2)
term.inject(2)
   then show ?thesis
     unfolding Pfun f using len using nth-equality I by blast
```

```
next
   case (Prule \alpha Bs)
   with 2(3) show ?thesis
    by (metis\ list.distinct(1)\ list.set-intros(1)\ redex-patterns.simps(3)\ redex-patterns-elem-fun)
  qed simp
\mathbf{next}
  case (3 \ \alpha \ As)
  then show ?case proof(cases B)
   case (Pfun \ g \ Bs)
   with 3(5) show ?thesis
    by (metis\ list.\ distinct(1)\ list.\ set-intros(1)\ redex-patterns.simps(3)\ redex-patterns-elem-fun)
 next
   case (Prule \beta Bs)
   from 3(5) have \alpha:\alpha=\beta
     unfolding Prule using distinct-snd-rdp
     by (metis 3.prems(1) Pair-inject Prule left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-label
      left-lin-no-var-lhs-axioms list.set-intros(1) option.inject redex-patterns.simps(3))
   from 3 have len:length As = length Bs
     using Prule \alpha by (metis length-args-well-Prule wf-pterm.intros(3))
   have len2:length\ (var-poss-list\ (lhs\ \beta)) = length\ Bs
     by (metis\ 3.hyps(1)\ 3.hyps(2)\ \alpha\ len\ length-var-poss-list\ length-var-rule)
    \{ \text{fix } i \text{ assume } i:i < length As \} 
     obtain pi where pi:var-poss-list (lhs \beta)! i = pi
       by auto
       have set (redex-patterns (As!i)) = set (redex-patterns (Bs!i)) proof(rule
       assume set (redex\text{-patterns } (As!i)) \neq set (redex\text{-patterns } (Bs!i))
      then consider \exists r. \ r \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As!i)) \land r \notin set \ (redex-patterns
(Bs!i)) \mid
                       \exists r. \ r \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (Bs!i)) \land r \notin set \ (redex-patterns
(As!i)
         by blast
       then show False proof(cases)
        then obtain p \beta where (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i)) and B:(\beta, p)
\notin set (redex-patterns (Bs!i))
           by force
         then show False
             using 3(4,5) by (metis Prule \alpha i len len2 redex-patterns-elem-rule'
redex-patterns-rule'')
       next
         case 2
          then obtain p \beta where (\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns (Bs!i)) and A:(\beta, p) \in set (redex-patterns (Bs!i))
p) \notin set (redex-patterns (As!i))
           by force
         then show False
              using 3 by (metis Prule \alpha i len len2 redex-patterns-elem-rule' re-
dex-patterns-rule" wf-pterm.intros(3))
```

```
qed
     qed
     moreover have (Bs!i) \in wf-pterm R
       using 3.prems(1) Prule i len by auto
     moreover have co-initial (As!i) (Bs!i)
       using 3 by (metis Prule \alpha co-init-prule i wf-pterm.intros(3))
     ultimately have As!i = Bs!i
       using 3(3) by (simp \ add: i)
   then show ?thesis
     unfolding Prule \alpha using len using nth-equality I by blast
 qed simp
qed
end
abbreviation single-steps :: ('f, 'v) pterm \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) pterm list
 where single-steps A \equiv map(\lambda(\alpha, p), ll\text{-single-redex (source } A) p \alpha) (redex-patterns
A)
context left-lin-wf-trs
begin
lemma ll-no-var-lhs: left-lin-no-var-lhs R
 by (simp add: left-lin-axioms left-lin-no-var-lhs-def no-var-lhs-axioms)
\mathbf{lemma}\ single\text{-}step\text{-}redex\text{-}patterns:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R \Delta \in set (single-steps A)
 shows \exists p \ \alpha. \ \Delta = \text{ll-single-redex (source A)} \ p \ \alpha \land (\alpha, p) \in \text{set (redex-patterns)}
A) \wedge redex\text{-patterns } \Delta = [(\alpha, p)]
proof-
 from assms obtain p \alpha where \Delta:\Delta = ll-single-redex (source A) p \alpha and rdp:(\alpha, \beta)
p) \in set (redex-patterns A)
   by auto
 moreover have to-rule \alpha \in R
  using rdp assms(1) labeled-wf-pterm-rule-in-TRS left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-label
ll-no-var-lhs by fastforce
  moreover have p \in poss (source A)
   using assms rdp left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-label ll-no-var-lhs by blast
 ultimately show ?thesis
   using \Delta left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-single[OF ll-no-var-lhs] by blast
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ single\text{-}step\text{-}wf:
 assumes A \in wf-pterm R and \Delta \in set (single-steps A)
 shows \Delta \in wf-pterm R
proof-
 from assms obtain p \alpha where p:p \in poss (source A) \Delta = ll-single-redex (source
```

```
A) p \alpha and qet-label ((labeled-source A)|-p) = Some (\alpha, \theta)
   \textbf{using} \ left-lin-no-var-lhs. redex-patterns-label \ left-lin-no-var-lhs. redex-patterns-subset-possL
possL-subset-poss-source ll-no-var-lhs by fastforce
  then have to-rule \alpha \in R
    using assms(1) labeled-wf-pterm-rule-in-TRS by fastforce
  with p show ?thesis using single-redex-wf-pterm
    using left-lin left-linear-trs-def by fastforce
qed
\mathbf{lemma}\ source\text{-}single\text{-}step\text{:}
  assumes \Delta:\Delta\in set\ (single-steps\ A) and wf:A\in wf-pterm R
  shows source \Delta = source A
proof-
  let ?s = source A
 from \Delta obtain p \alpha where pa:\Delta = ll-single-redex ?s p \alpha (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns
A)
    by auto
  from pa have lab-p:get-label (labeled-source A \mid -p \rangle = Some (\alpha, \theta) and p:p \in
    using left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-label ll-no-var-lhs wf by blast+
  from lab-p p obtain p' where p':p'\inposs A and ctxt:ctxt-of-pos-term p (source
A) = source\text{-}ctxt (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term p' A)
    and Ap':A \mid -p' = Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (\lambda i. \ A \mid -(p' @ [i])) \ [0..< length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)])
    using poss-labeled-source wf by force
  have l:length (var-rule \alpha) = length (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha))
   using wf by (metis Ap' Inl-inject Term.term.simps(4) is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3)
length-var-poss-list\ length-var-rule\ p'\ subt-at-is-wf-pterm\ term.inject(2)\ wf-pterm.simps)
  {fix i assume i:i < length (var-rule \alpha)
    let ?pi=var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)!i
    obtain x where x:lhs \alpha |- ?pi = Var x var-rule \alpha!i = x
         by (metis comp-apply i l length-remdups-eq length-rev length-var-poss-list
rev-rev-ident vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
   have |s|-p = lhs \ \alpha \cdot \langle map \ source \ (map \ (\lambda i. \ A \mid - (p'@ [i])) \ [0... < length \ (var-rule)]
       using Ap' ctxt by (metis ctxt-of-pos-term-well ctxt-supt-id local.wf p p' re-
place-at-subt-at source.simps(3) source-ctxt-apply-term)
     moreover have lhs \alpha \cdot \langle map \ source \ (map \ (\lambda i. \ A \mid - (p' @ [i])) \ [\theta... < length
(var\text{-}rule \ \alpha)]\rangle_{\alpha} \mid -?pi = map \ source \ (map \ (\lambda i.\ A \mid -(p' @ [i])) \ [0... < length \ (var\text{-}rule \ a))]\rangle_{\alpha} \mid -?pi = map \ source \ (map \ (\lambda i.\ A \mid -(p' @ [i])) \ [0... < length \ (var\text{-}rule \ a))]\rangle_{\alpha} \mid -?pi = map \ source \ (map \ (\lambda i.\ A \mid -(p' @ [i])) \ [0... < length \ (var\text{-}rule \ a)]
\alpha)])!i
       using x by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}SIG)\ diff\text{-}zero\ eval-term.simps}(1)\ i\ l\ length\text{-}upt
lhs\text{-}subst\text{-}var\text{-}i\ map\text{-}eq\text{-}imp\text{-}length\text{-}eq\ map\text{-}nth\ nth\text{-}mem\ subt\text{-}at\text{-}subst\ var\text{-}poss\text{-}imp\text{-}poss\ nth
var-poss-list-sound)
    ultimately have |s| - (p@?pi) = source (A | - (p'@[i])) using i p by auto
    then have map source (map (\lambda i.\ A \vdash (p' @ [i])) [0..<length (var-rule \alpha)]) !i
= map\ (\lambda pi.\ source\ A \mid - (p\ @\ pi))\ (var-poss-list\ (lhs\ \alpha)) \ !\ i
      using l i by auto
  with l have map source (map (\lambda i. A |- (p' \otimes [i])) [0..<length (var-rule \alpha)]) =
map\ (\lambda pi.\ source\ A \mid - (p @ pi))\ (var-poss-list\ (lhs\ \alpha))
```

```
by (simp add: map-equality-iff)
     then have source (A|-p') = lhs \ \alpha \cdot \langle map \ (\lambda pi. \ ?s \mid - (p @ pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \mid - (p pi)) \ (var-poss-list \ (lhs pi) \ 
(\alpha))\rangle_{\alpha}
          unfolding Ap' source.simps by simp
     with ctxt show ?thesis unfolding pa(1) source-single-redex[OF p] using p'
          by (metis ctxt-of-pos-term-well ctxt-supt-id wf source-ctxt-apply-term)
qed
lemma single-redex-single-step:
     assumes \Delta:\Delta = ll-single-redex s p \alpha
          and p:p \in poss \ s \ and \ \alpha:to\text{-rule} \ \alpha \in R
          and src:source \Delta = s
     shows single-steps \Delta = [\Delta]
     using src unfolding \Delta left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-single[OF\ ll-no-var-lhs
p \alpha by sim p
lemma single-step-label-imp-label:
   assumes \Delta:\Delta\in set\ (single-steps\ A) and q:q\in poss\ (labeled-source\ \Delta) and wf:A
\in wf-pterm R
          and lab: get-label (labeled-source \Delta|-q) = Some l
     shows get-label (labeled-source A \mid -q) = Some l
proof-
     let ?s = source A
   from \Delta obtain p \alpha where pa:\Delta = ll-single-redex ?s p \alpha (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns
A)
          by auto
     from pa have lab-p:get-label (labeled-source A \mid -p) = Some (\alpha, \theta) and p:p \in
poss (source A)
          using left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-label ll-no-var-lhs wf by blast+
     from pa lab obtain q' where l:l=(\alpha, size q') and q':q=p@q' q' \in fun-poss
(lhs \ \alpha)
          using single-redex-label[OF pa(1) p] q pa(2) wf
       \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis labeled-source-to-term labeled-wf-pterm-rule-in-TRS} \ \textit{left-lin-no-var-lhs.} \ \textit{redex-patterns-label} \ \textit{expression} \ \textit{left-lin-no-var-lhs.} \ \textit{redex-patterns-label} \ \textit{left-lin-no-var-lhs.} \ \textit{redex-patterns-label} \ \textit{left-lin-no-var-lhs.} \ \textit{redex-patterns-label} \ \textit{left-lin-no-var-lhs.} \ \textit{redex-patterns-label} \ \textit{left-lin-no-var-lhs.} \ \textit{left
ll-no-var-lhs poss-term-lab-to-term prod.collapse)
     from lab-p p obtain p' where p' \in poss A and ctxt-of-pos-term p (source A) =
source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term p'A) and A \mid p' = Prule \alpha \pmod{\lambda i}. A \mid p' \otimes [i])
[0..< length (var-rule \alpha)])
           using poss-labeled-source wf by force
    then have labeled-source A = (ctxt\text{-}of\text{-}pos\text{-}term\ p\ (labeled\text{-}source\ A)) \langle labeled\text{-}source\ A)
(Prule \alpha (map (\lambda i. A \mid - (p' @ [i])) [0..<length (var-rule \alpha)])))
          using label-source-ctxt p wf by (metis ctxt-supt-id)
     then have labeled-source A|-q = labeled-lhs \ \alpha \cdot \langle map \ labeled-source \ (map \ (\lambda i. \ A
|-(p' \otimes [i])\rangle [0..< length (var-rule \alpha)]\rangle_{\alpha} |-q'
       unfolding q' labeled-source-simps by (metis labeled-source-simps(3) labeled-source-to-term
p poss-term-lab-to-term subt-at-append subt-at-ctxt-of-pos-term)
     then have get-label (labeled-source A|-q) = Some (\alpha, size q')
          using q'(2) by (simp add: label-term-increase)
     with l show ?thesis by simp
qed
```

```
lemma single-steps-measure:
 assumes \Delta 1 : \Delta 1 \in set \ (single-steps \ A) and \Delta 2 : \Delta 2 \in set \ (single-steps \ A)
   and wf:A \in wf-pterm R and neq:\Delta 1 \neq \Delta 2
 shows measure-ov \Delta 1 \ \Delta 2 = 0
proof-
 let ?s=source A
  from \Delta 1 obtain p \alpha where pa:\Delta 1 = ll-single-redex ?s p \alpha (\alpha, p) \in set
(redex-patterns A)
   by auto
  from \Delta 2 obtain q \beta where qb:\Delta 2 = ll-single-redex ?s q \beta (\beta, q) \in set
(redex-patterns A)
   by auto
 from neq have pq:p \neq q \lor \alpha \neq \beta
   using pa(1) qb(1) by force
  {assume measure-ov \Delta 1 \ \Delta 2 \neq 0
   then obtain r where r1:r \in possL \Delta 1 and r2:r \in possL \Delta 2
     by (metis card.empty disjoint-iff)
   from r1 obtain p' where p':r = p@p' and l1:get-label (labeled-source \Delta 1 |-r)
= Some (\alpha, size p')
     using single-redex-label[OF pa(1)] wf
     by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) labeled-source-to-term labeled-wf-pterm-rule-in-TRS
left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-label\ ll-no-var-lhs\ pa(2)\ possL-obtain-label\ possL-subset-poss-source
poss-term-lab-to-term\ subset D)
   from r2 obtain q' where q':r = q@q' and l2:get-label (labeled-source \Delta 2 \mid -r)
= Some (\beta, size q')
     using single-redex-label[OF qb(1)] wf
     by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) labeled-source-to-term labeled-wf-pterm-rule-in-TRS
left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-label\ ll-no-var-lhs\ qb(2)\ possL-obtain-label\ possL-subset-poss-source
poss-term-lab-to-term\ subset D)
   from 11 have get-label (labeled-source A \mid -r) = Some (\alpha, size p')
     using \Delta 1 labelposs-subs-poss wf r1 single-step-label-imp-label by blast
   moreover from l2 have get-label (labeled-source A \mid -r) = Some (\beta, size \ q')
     using \Delta 2 labelposs-subs-poss wf r2 single-step-label-imp-label by blast
   moreover from pq have p' \neq q' \lor \alpha \neq \beta
     using p' q' by blast
   ultimately have False using p' q' by auto
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma single-steps-orth:
 assumes \Delta 1:\Delta 1 \in set \ (single-steps \ A) and \Delta 2:\Delta 2 \in set \ (single-steps \ A) and
wf:A \in wf-pterm R
 shows \Delta 1 \perp_p \Delta 2
 using single-steps-measure [OF \Delta 1 \Delta 2 wf] equal-imp-orthogonal
 by (metis \Delta 1 \Delta 2 ll-no-var-lhs local.wf measure-zero-imp-orthogonal single-step-wf
source-single-step)
```

```
lemma redex-patterns-below:
  assumes wf:A \in wf-pterm R
  and (\alpha, p) \in set (redex-patterns A)
  and (\beta, p@q) \in set (redex-patterns A) and q \neq []
shows q \notin fun\text{-}poss (lhs \alpha)
proof-
  let ?\Delta 1 = ll-single-redex (source A) p \alpha
  let ?\Delta 2 = ll - single - redex (source A) (p@q) \beta
  from assms have \Delta 1: ?\Delta 1 \in set (single-steps A)
   by force
  from assms have \Delta 2: ?\Delta 2 \in set (single-steps A)
  from assms(1,2) have possL1:possL ?\Delta 1 = \{p@p' \mid p'. p' \in fun\text{-}poss (lhs \alpha)\}
  \textbf{by} \ (metis \ (no-types, \ lifting) \ left-lin-no-var-lhs. redex-pattern-rule-symbol \ left-lin-no-var-lhs. redex-patterns-label{eq:lin-no-var-lhs}.
ll-no-var-lhs single-redex-possL)
 from assms(1,3) have possL2:possL ?\Delta 2 = \{(p@q)@p' \mid p'. p' \in fun-poss (lhs
  \textbf{using } \textit{left-lin.single-redex-possL } \textit{left-lin-axioms } \textit{left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-pattern-rule-symbol}
left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-label ll-no-var-lhs by blast
 from assms have neq: ?\Delta 1 \neq ?\Delta 2
  by (metis Pair-inject left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-label ll-no-var-lhs self-append-conv
single-redex-neq)
  from single-steps-measure[OF \Delta 1 \Delta 2 wf neq] have possL ?\Delta 1 \cap possL ?\Delta 2 =
{}
   by (simp add: finite-possL)
  moreover have [] \in fun\text{-}poss\ (lhs\ \beta) proof—
   have to-rule \beta \in R
    using assms(1) assms(3) left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-pattern-rule-symbol ll-no-var-lhs
\mathbf{by} blast
   then show ?thesis
      using wf-trs-alt wf-trs-imp-lhs-Fun by fastforce
  ultimately show ?thesis
   unfolding possL1 possL2 by auto
qed
lemma single-steps-singleton:
  assumes A-wf: A \in wf-pterm\ R and \Delta: single-steps\ A = [\Delta]
  shows A = \Delta
proof-
   obtain p \ \alpha where rdp-\Delta:\Delta = ll-single-redex (source A) p \ \alpha \ (\alpha, \ p) \in set
(redex-patterns\ A)\ redex-patterns\ \Delta = [(\alpha,\ p)]
   using single-step-redex-patterns [OF A-wf] \Delta by auto
  then have rdp-A:redex-patterns <math>A = [(\alpha, p)]
   by (smt\ (verit)\ \Delta\ in\text{-}set\text{-}simps(2)\ list.map\text{-}disc\text{-}iff\ map\text{-}eq\text{-}Cons\text{-}D)
  then show ?thesis
  using left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-pattern-proof-term-equality[OF ll-no-var-lhs A-wf]
   by (metis\ A-wf\ \Delta\ list.set-intros(1)\ rdp-\Delta(3)\ single-step-wf\ source-single-step)
qed
```

```
end
```

qed

```
context left-lin-no-var-lhs
begin
lemma measure-ov-imp-single-step-ov:
 assumes measure-ov A B \neq 0 and wf:A \in wf-pterm R
  shows \exists \Delta \in set \ (single-steps \ A). \ measure-ov \ \Delta \ B \neq 0
proof-
  from assms obtain r where r1:r \in possL \ A and r2:r \in possL \ B
   by (metis card.empty disjoint-iff)
  then obtain \alpha n where lab:get-label (labeled-source A |- r) = Some (\alpha, n)
   using possL-obtain-label by blast
 with wf r1 obtain r1 r2 where r:r = r1@r2 and lab-r1:get-label (labeled-source
A \mid -r1 = Some (\alpha, \theta) \text{ and } n:length \ r2 = n
  \mathbf{by}\ (\textit{metis}\ (\textit{no-types},\ \textit{lifting})\ \textit{append-take-drop-id}\ \textit{diff-diff-cancel}\ label-term-max-value
labelposs-subs-poss length-drop obtain-label-root subsetD)
  from r r1 have r1-pos:r1 \in poss (labeled-source A)
   using labelposs-subs-poss poss-append-poss by blast
  then obtain q where q:q \in poss \ A and ctxt:ctxt-of-pos-term \ r1 (source A) =
source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term q A)
   and Aq:A \mid -q = Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (\lambda i. \ A \mid -(q @ [i])) \ [0... < length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)])
   using poss-labeled-source wf lab-r1 by blast
  with r r1 have r2-pos:r2 \in poss (source (Prule \alpha (map (\lambda i. A |- (q \otimes [i]))
[0..< length (var-rule \alpha)]))
     by (metis (no-types, lifting) ctxt-supt-id fun-poss-imp-poss label-source-ctxt
labeled-source-to-term labelposs-subs-fun-poss-source local.wf poss-term-lab-to-term
r1-pos replace-at-subt-at subterm-poss-conv)
 from Aq \ q \ wf have Prule \ \alpha \ (map \ (\lambda i. \ A \mid - (q \ @ \ [i])) \ [0... < length \ (var-rule \ \alpha)])
\in wf-pterm R
   using subt-at-is-wf-pterm by auto
  moreover then have is-Fun (lhs \alpha) using no-var-lhs
   using wf-pterm.cases by fastforce
  moreover from lab ctxt have get-label (labeled-source (Prule \alpha (map (\lambda i. A |-
(q @ [i]) [0..< length (var-rule \alpha)]) |-r2) = Some (\alpha, n)
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Aq ctxt-supt-id label-source-ctxt labeled-source-to-term
local.wf poss-term-lab-to-term q r r1-pos replace-at-subt-at subt-at-append)
  ultimately have r2-funposs:r2 \in fun-poss (lhs \alpha)
   using labeled-poss-in-lhs[OF r2-pos] n by blast
  let ?\Delta = ll-single-redex (source A) r1 \alpha
  from lab-r1 r1-pos have rdp:(\alpha, r1) \in set (redex-patterns A)
   using redex-patterns-label wf by auto
  then have \Delta: ?\Delta \in set (single-steps A) by force
  from r2 have measure-ov ?\Delta B \neq 0
     by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) rdp labeled-sources-imp-measure-not-zero la-
beled-wf-pterm-rule-in-TRS labelposs-subs-poss wf mem-Collect-eq option.simps(3)
possL-obtain-label\ r\ r1-pos\ r2-funposs\ redex-patterns-label\ rel-simps (70)\ single-redex-possL-obtain-label\ r
subsetD)
  with \Delta show ?thesis by blast
```

end

```
context left-lin-no-var-lhs
begin
lemma label-single-step:
 assumes p \in poss (labeled-source A) A \in wf-pterm R
   and get-label (labeled-source A \mid -p ) = Some (\alpha, n)
 shows \exists Ai. Ai \in set (single-steps A) \land qet-label (labeled-source Ai | - p) = Some
(\alpha, n)
proof-
 let ?p1 = take (length p - n) p
 let ?p2 = drop (length p - n) p
 let ?xs=map\ (to-pterm \circ (\lambda pi.\ (source\ A)|-(p@pi)))\ (var-poss-list\ (lhs\ \alpha))
 from assms(1) have p1-pos: ?p1 \in poss (labeled-source A)
   by (metis append-take-drop-id poss-append-poss)
  have lab:qet-label (labeled-source A \mid -?p1) = Some (\alpha, \theta)
   using obtain-label-root [OF\ assms(1)\ assms(3)\ assms(2)] by simp
  with assms have rdp:(\alpha, ?p1) \in set (redex-patterns A)
    using redex-patterns-label [OF\ assms(2)] by (metis labeled-source-to-term ob-
tain-label-root poss-term-lab-to-term)
  then have ll-single-redex (source A) ?p1 \alpha \in set (single-steps A) by force
 then obtain Ai where Ai:Ai \in set (single-steps A) Ai = ll-single-redex (source
A) ?p1 \alpha
   by presburger
 from rdp obtain p' As where p':A|-p' = Prule \alpha As p' \in poss\ A\ ctxt-of-pos-term
?p1 (source A) = source-ctxt (ctxt-of-pos-term p' A)
   using poss-labeled-source[OF p1-pos] lab assms(2) by blast
  from p' assms(2) have A|-p' \in wf-pterm R
   using subt-at-is-wf-pterm by blast
 moreover from p' assms have get-label (labeled-source (A|-p') |- ?p2) = Some
(\alpha, n)
     by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) append-take-drop-id ctxt-supt-id label-source-ctxt
p1-pos rdp redex-patterns-label replace-at-subt-at subterm-poss-conv)
  ultimately have p2\text{-pos}: ?p2 \in fun\text{-poss} (lhs \alpha)
   using labeled-poss-in-lhs no-var-lhs assms p'
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) append-take-drop-id case-prod-conv ctxt-of-pos-term-well
ctxt-supt-id diff-diff-cancel label-term-max-value
     labeled-source-to-term labeled-wf-pterm-rule-in-TRS length-drop poss-append-poss
poss-term-lab-to-term replace-at-subt-at source-ctxt-apply-term)
  then have l:get-label (labeled-source (Prule \alpha ?xs) |- ?p2) = Some (\alpha, n)
  using label-term-increase assms by (metis (no-types, lifting) add-0 diff-diff-cancel
label-term-max-value\ labeled-source.simps(3)\ length-drop)
  from p1-pos have ?p1 \in poss (source A) by simp
  then have get-label (labeled-source Ai \mid -p ) = Some (\alpha, n)
    unfolding Ai(2) by (metis p2-pos append-take-drop-id l label-ctxt-apply-term
label-term-increase labeled-source.simps(3) ll-single-redex-def)
  with Ai show ?thesis
   by blast
\mathbf{qed}
```

```
lemma proof-term-matches:
  assumes A \in wf-pterm R B \in wf-pterm R linear-term A
   and \bigwedge \alpha r. (\alpha, r) \in set (redex-patterns A) = ((\alpha, r) \in set (redex-patterns B)
\land r \in fun\text{-}poss\ (source\ A)
   and source A \cdot \sigma = source B
  shows A \cdot (mk\text{-}subst\ Var\ (match\text{-}substs\ A\ B)) = B
  {fix p \ g \ ts \ assume \ p \in poss \ A \ A|-p = Fun \ g \ ts
   with assms have \exists Bs. length ts = length Bs \land B|-p = Fun g Bs
     using assms proof(induct A arbitrary: B p rule:pterm-induct)
     case (Pfun \ f \ As)
     then have \bigwedge \alpha. (\alpha, []) \notin set (redex-patterns (Pfun f As))
       by (meson list.distinct(1) redex-patterns-elem-fun)
     with Pfun(5) have \neg (is-Prule B)
          by (metis empty-pos-in-poss is-FunI is-Prule.elims(2) list.set-intros(1)
poss-is-Fun-fun-poss redex-patterns.simps(3) source.simps(2) subt-at.simps(1)
     with Pfun(6) obtain Bs where B:B = Pfun f Bs and l:length Bs = length
As
       by (smt (verit, del-insts) eval-term.simps(2) is-Prule.elims(3) length-map
source.simps(1) \ source.simps(2) \ term.distinct(1) \ term.inject(2))
     then show ?case proof(cases p)
       case Nil
       from Pfun(8) show ?thesis unfolding Nil B using l by simp
     next
       case (Cons \ i \ p')
       from Pfun(7) have i:i < length As and p':p' \in poss (As!i) and a:As!i \in
set As
        unfolding Cons by simp-all
       from Pfun(8) have at-p':(As!i)|-p' = Fun\ g\ ts
        unfolding Cons by simp
       from Pfun(2) have a\text{-}wf: As!i \in wf\text{-}pterm\ R
        using i nth-mem by blast
       from Pfun(3) have b\text{-}wf:Bs!i \in wf\text{-}pterm\ R
        unfolding B using i l by auto
       from Pfun(4) have a-lin:linear-term (As!i)
        using i by simp
       {fix \alpha r assume (\alpha, r) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i))
        then have (\alpha, i\#r) \in set (redex-patterns (Pfun f As))
          by (meson i redex-patterns-elem-fun')
        with Pfun(5) have (\alpha, r) \in set (redex-patterns (Bs!i)) \land i \# r \in fun-poss
(source (Pfun f As))
          unfolding B by (metis list.inject redex-patterns-elem-fun)
          then have (\alpha, r) \in set (redex-patterns (Bs!i)) \land r \in fun-poss (source
(As!i)
          using i by simp
       } moreover {fix \alpha r assume (\alpha, r) \in set (redex-patterns (Bs!i)) and r:r
\in fun\text{-}poss\ (source\ (As!i))
        then have (\alpha, i \# r) \in set (redex-patterns B)
```

```
unfolding B using i l by (metis redex-patterns-elem-fun')
                  moreover from r have i\#r \in fun\text{-}poss\ (source\ (Pfun\ f\ As))
                      using i unfolding source.simps fun-poss.simps length-map by simp
                  ultimately have (\alpha, r) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i))
                      using Pfun(5) i by (metis list.inject redex-patterns-elem-fun)
              }
               ultimately have rdp: \Lambda \alpha \ r. \ ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i)) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i)) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) = ((\alpha, r) \in set \ (As! \ i))) 
r) \in set (redex-patterns (Bs!i)) \land r \in fun-poss (source (As!i)))
                  \mathbf{bv} blast
              from Pfun(6) have sigma:source (As!i) \cdot \sigma = source (Bs!i)
                  unfolding B source.simps eval-term.simps using i l using map-nth-conv
                from Pfun(1)[OF a a-wf b-wf a-lin rdp sigma p' at-p' a-wf b-wf a-lin rdp
sigma
                 obtain ss where length ts = length ss and Bs!i |- p' = Fun q ss by blast
              then show ?thesis unfolding B Cons using i l by simp
           qed
       next
           case (Prule \alpha As)
           from Prule(5) have (\alpha, []) \in set (redex-patterns B)
           then obtain Bs where B:B = Prule \ \alpha \ Bs
                  by (smt\ (verit,\ ccfv\text{-}threshold)\ Prule.prems(2)\ in\text{-}set\text{-}idx\ in\text{-}set\text{-}simps(3)
redex-patterns-elem-fun less-nat-zero-code list.distinct(1)
                nat-neq-iff nth-Cons-0 order-pos.dual-order.refl prod.inject redex-patterns.simps(1)
redex-patterns.simps(3) redex-patterns-order wf-pterm.simps)
           with Prule(2,3) have l:length As = length Bs
              using length-args-well-Prule by blast
           show ?case proof(cases p)
              case Nil
              from Prule(8) show ?thesis unfolding Nil B using l by simp
              case (Cons i p')
               from Prule(7) have i:i < length As and p':p' \in poss (As!i) and a:As!i \in
set As
                  unfolding Cons by simp-all
              from Prule(8) have at-p':(As!i)|-p' = Fun \ g \ ts
                  unfolding Cons by simp
              from Prule(2) have a\text{-}wf:As!i \in wf-pterm\ R
                  using i nth-mem by blast
              \mathbf{from}\ \mathit{Prule}(3)\ \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{b\text{-}wf\text{:}}\mathit{Bs!}i \in \mathit{wf\text{-}pterm}\ \mathit{R}
                  unfolding B using i l by auto
              from Prule(4) have a-lin:linear-term (As!i)
                  using i by simp
              let ?pi=var-poss-list (lhs \alpha) ! i
              let ?xi = vars - term - list (lhs \alpha) ! i
              have i':i < length (var-poss-list (lhs <math>\alpha))
                  using i Prule(2) by (metis Inl-inject is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3)
length-var-poss-list\ length-var-rule\ term.distinct(1)\ term.inject(2)\ wf-pterm.simps)
```

```
by (metis\ eval\text{-}term.simps(1)\ i'\ length\text{-}var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ nth\text{-}mem\ subt\text{-}at\text{-}subst
var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound vars-term-list-var-poss-list)
       then have eval-lhs: \bigwedge \sigma q. lhs \alpha \cdot \sigma \mid - (?pi@q) = \sigma ?xi \mid - q
      by (smt (verit) i' nth-mem poss-imp-subst-poss subt-at-append var-poss-imp-poss
var-poss-list-sound)
       have i < length (map2 (\lambda p1. map (\lambda(\alpha, p2). (\alpha, p1 @ p2))) (var-poss-list
(lhs \ \alpha)) \ (map \ redex-patterns \ Bs))
         unfolding length-map length-zip using i l i' by simp
         moreover have zip (var-poss-list (lhs \alpha)) (map redex-patterns Bs) ! i =
(?pi, redex-patterns (Bs!i))
         using i i' l by force
         ultimately have map-rdp:(map2 \ (\lambda p1. \ map \ (\lambda(\alpha, p2). \ (\alpha, p1 @ p2)))
(var\text{-}poss\text{-}list\ (lhs\ \alpha))\ (map\ redex\text{-}patterns\ Bs))!i = map\ (\lambda(\alpha,\ p2).\ (\alpha,\ ?pi\ @
(p2) (redex-patterns (Bs!i))
         bv simp
       have l':length (var-rule \alpha) = length (vars-term-list (lhs \alpha))
      using B Prule.prems(2) left-lin.length-var-rule left-lin-axioms wf-pterm.simps
by fastforce
        {fix \beta r assume \beta r:(\beta, r) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i))
         from i' have (\beta, ?pi@r) \in set (redex-patterns (Prule <math>\alpha As))
           using redex-patterns-elem-rule'[OF \beta r i] by simp
          with Prule(5) have 1:(\beta, ?pi@r) \in set (redex-patterns B) and 2:?pi@r
\in fun-poss (source (Prule \alpha As))
           by presburger+
         from 1 have (\beta, r) \in set (redex-patterns (Bs!i))
           using redex-patterns-rule" by (metis B Prule.prems(2) i l)
         moreover have r \in fun\text{-}poss\ (source\ (As!i))
              by (metis \beta r a-wf get-label-imp-labelposs labeled-source-to-term label-
poss-subs-fun-poss-source\ left-lin-no-var-lhs. redex-patterns-label\ left-lin-no-var-lhs-axioms
option.distinct(1) poss-term-lab-to-term)
        ultimately have (\beta, r) \in set (redex-patterns (Bs!i)) \land r \in fun-poss (source)
(As!i)
           by simp
        } moreover {fix \beta r assume \beta r:(\beta, r) \in set (redex-patterns (Bs!i)) and
r:r \in fun\text{-}poss\ (source\ (As!i))
         let ?x=var-rule \alpha ! i
         from l' have x:lhs \alpha \mid -?pi = Var ?x
              using i by (metis comp-apply eval-lhs' length-remdups-eq length-rev
rev-rev-ident subst-apply-term-empty)
         with r have r:r \in fun\text{-}poss (lhs \ \alpha \mid -?pi \cdot \langle map \ source \ As \rangle_{\alpha})
        using lhs-subst-var-i l' i i' by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) eval-term.simps(1)
length-map length-var-poss-list nth-map)
         from \beta r have (\beta, ?pi@r) \in set (redex-patterns B)
          unfolding B using i l using redex-patterns-elem-rule' OF \beta r i [unfolded
l|i'| by simp
         moreover from r x have ?pi@r \in fun\text{-}poss (source (Prule <math>\alpha As))
           using i unfolding source.simps fun-poss.simps
```

have eval-lhs': $\land \sigma$. lhs $\alpha \cdot \sigma \mid -?pi = \sigma ?xi$

```
by (metis (no-types, lifting) eval-lhs eval-lhs' fun-poss-fun-conv fun-poss-imp-poss
i' is-FunI nth-mem
                         pos-append-poss\ poss-imp-subst-poss\ poss-is-Fun-fun-poss\ subt-at-subst
var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound)
                 ultimately have (\beta, ?pi @ r) \in set (redex-patterns (Prule \alpha As))
                    using Prule(5) by presburger
                 then have (\beta, r) \in set (redex-patterns (As!i))
                    using i redex-patterns-rule" Prule.prems(1) by blast
             }
              ultimately have rdp: \land \alpha \ r. \ ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (Redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (Redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (Redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (Redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (Redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (Redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (Redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (Redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (Redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (Redex-patterns \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (As \ ! \ i))) = ((\alpha, \ r) \in set \ (A
r) \in set (redex-patterns (Bs!i)) \land r \in fun-poss (source (As!i)))
                 by blast
             from Prule(6) have sigma:source\ (As!i) \cdot \sigma = source\ (Bs!i)
                 unfolding B source.simps eval-term.simps using i l map-nth-conv
                 by (smt (verit, best) B Inl-inject Prule.prems(2) apply-lhs-subst-var-rule
comp-apply eval-lhs' i' is-Prule.simps(1) is-Prule.simps(3) length-map length-remdups-eq
length-rev length-var-rule nth-mem poss-imp-subst-poss rev-swap subt-at-subst term.distinct(1)
term.inject(2) var-poss-imp-poss var-poss-list-sound wf-pterm.simps)
               from Prule(1)[OF a a-wf b-wf a-lin rdp sigma p' at-p' a-wf b-wf a-lin rdp
sigma
                obtain ss where length ts = length ss and Bs!i |- p' = Fun g ss by blast
             then show ?thesis unfolding B Cons using i l by simp
          qed
      \mathbf{qed} \ simp
   then show ?thesis using fun-poss-eq-imp-matches[OF assms(3)] by simp
qed
end
context left-lin-wf-trs
begin
lemma join-single-steps-wf:
   assumes A \in wf-pterm R
   and As = filter f (single-steps A) and As \neq []
   shows \exists D. join-list As = Some D \land D \in wf-pterm R
proof-
   {fix a1 a2 assume a1:a1 \in set (single-steps A) and a2:a2 \in set (single-steps
A)
      with assms(1,2) have a1 \perp_p a2 \vee a1 = a2
          using single-steps-orth by presburger
      moreover from a1 have a1 \in wf-pterm R
          using single-step-wf[\mathit{OF}\ assms(1)]\ assms(2) by presburger
      moreover from a2 have a2 \in wf-pterm R
          using single-step-wf[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2) by presburger
      ultimately have a1 \sqcup a2 \neq None
          using join-same orth-imp-join-defined no-var-lhs by fastforce
     then show ?thesis using left-lin-no-var-lhs.join-list-defined[OF ll-no-var-lhs]
assms(2,3) single-step-wf[OF\ assms(1)] by simp
```

```
lemma single-steps-join-list:
 assumes join-list As = Some \ A and \forall \ a \in set \ As. \ a \in wf-pterm R
 shows set (single\text{-}steps\ A) = \bigcup (set\ (map\ (set\ \circ\ single\text{-}steps)\ As))
proof-
  have rdp:set (redex-patterns\ A) = \bigcup (set\ (map\ (set\ \circ\ redex-patterns)\ As))
    using left-lin-no-var-lhs.redex-patterns-join-list assms ll-no-var-lhs by blast
  {fix a assume a \in set (single-steps A)
   then obtain \alpha p where a:a = ll-single-redex (source A) p \alpha and (\alpha, p) \in set
(redex-patterns A) by auto
    with rdp obtain Ai where Ai:Ai \in set \ As \ and \ (\alpha, \ p) \in set \ (redex-patterns
Ai) by auto
   then have a \in set (single-steps Ai)
     unfolding a using left-lin-no-var-lhs.source-join-list[OF ll-no-var-lhs assms]
by force
   with Ai have a \in \bigcup (set (map (set \circ single-steps) As)) by auto
  } moreover
  {fix a assume a \in \bigcup (set (map (set \circ single-steps) As))
   then obtain Ai where Ai:Ai \in set \ As \ a \in set \ (single-steps \ Ai)
     by (smt (verit, best) UnionE comp-def in-set-idx length-map map-nth-eq-conv
nth-mem)
   then obtain \alpha p where a:a = ll-single-redex (source Ai) p \alpha and (\alpha, p) \in set
(redex-patterns Ai) by auto
   with rdp \ Ai \ \mathbf{have} \ (\alpha, \ p) \in set \ (redex-patterns \ A) \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
   then have a \in set (single-steps A)
     unfolding a using left-lin-no-var-lhs.source-join-list[OF ll-no-var-lhs assms]
Ai by force
 ultimately show ?thesis by fastforce
qed
end
end
```

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