

# Formalizing MLTL in Isabelle/HOL

Zili Wang and Katherine Kosaian

October 13, 2025

## Abstract

Building on the formalization of Mission-time Linear Temporal Logic (MLTL) in Isabelle/HOL, we formalize the correctness of the algorithms for the WEST tool [1, 2], which converts MLTL formulas to regular expressions. We use Isabelle/HOL's code export to generate Haskell code to validate the existing (unverified) implementation of the WEST tool.

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Key algorithms for WEST</b>	<b>2</b>
1.1	Custom Types . . . . .	2
1.2	Trace Regular Expressions . . . . .	2
1.3	WEST Operations . . . . .	5
1.3.1	AND . . . . .	5
1.3.2	Simp . . . . .	6
1.3.3	AND and OR operations with WEST-simp . . . . .	11
1.3.4	Useful Helper Functions . . . . .	12
1.3.5	WEST Temporal Operations . . . . .	12
1.3.6	WEST recursive reg Function . . . . .	13
1.3.7	Adding padding . . . . .	18
<b>2</b>	<b>Some examples and Code Export</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>WEST Proofs</b>	<b>19</b>
3.1	Useful Definitions . . . . .	19
3.2	Proofs about Traces Matching Regular Expressions . . . . .	19
3.3	Facts about the WEST and operator . . . . .	21
3.3.1	Commutative . . . . .	21
3.3.2	Identity and Zero . . . . .	30
3.3.3	WEST-and-state . . . . .	30
3.3.4	WEST-and-trace . . . . .	42
3.3.5	WEST-and correct . . . . .	55

3.4	Facts about the WEST or operator . . . . .	59
3.5	Pad and Match Facts . . . . .	60
3.6	Facts about WEST num vars . . . . .	65
3.6.1	Facts about num vars for different WEST operators . . . . .	68
3.7	Correctness of WEST-simp . . . . .	88
3.7.1	WEST-count-diff facts . . . . .	88
3.7.2	Orsimp-trace Facts . . . . .	99
3.7.3	WEST-orsimp-trace-correct . . . . .	102
3.7.4	Simp-helper Correct . . . . .	108
3.7.5	WEST-simp Correct . . . . .	116
3.8	Correctness of WEST-and-simp/WEST-or-simp . . . . .	116
3.9	Facts about the WEST future operator . . . . .	117
3.10	Facts about the WEST global operator . . . . .	120
3.11	Facts about the WEST until operator . . . . .	123
3.12	Facts about the WEST release Operator . . . . .	127
3.13	Top level result: Shows that WEST reg is correct . . . . .	135
3.14	Top level result for padded version . . . . .	147
<b>4</b>	<b>Key algorithms for WEST</b>	<b>151</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Regex Equivalence Correctness</b>	<b>152</b>

# 1 Key algorithms for WEST

theory *WEST-Algorithms*

imports *Mission-Time-LTL.MLTL-Properties*

begin

## 1.1 Custom Types

**datatype** *WEST-bit* = *Zero* | *One* | *S*

**type-synonym** *state* = *nat set*

**type-synonym** *trace* = *nat set list*

**type-synonym** *state-regex* = *WEST-bit list*

**type-synonym** *trace-regex* = *WEST-bit list list*

**type-synonym** *WEST-regex* = *WEST-bit list list list*

## 1.2 Trace Regular Expressions

**fun** *WEST-get-bit:: trace-regex*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *WEST-bit*

**where** *WEST-get-bit regex timestep var* = (  
*if timestep*  $\geq$  *length regex* *then S*  
*else let regex-index* = *regex ! timestep in*  
*if var*  $\geq$  *length regex-index* *then S*  
*else regex-index ! var*

)

Returns the state at time i, list of variable states

```
fun WEST-get-state:: trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  state-regex
where WEST-get-state regex time num-vars = (
  if time  $\geq$  length regex then (map ( $\lambda$  k. S) [0 ..< num-vars])
  else regex ! time
)
```

Checks if one state of a trace matches one timeslice of a WEST regex

```
definition match-timestep:: nat set  $\Rightarrow$  state-regex  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where match-timestep state regex-state = ( $\forall$  x::nat. x < length regex-state  $\longrightarrow$ 
(
  ((regex-state ! x = One)  $\longrightarrow$  x  $\in$  state)  $\wedge$ 
  ((regex-state ! x = Zero)  $\longrightarrow$  x  $\notin$  state)))
```

```
fun trim-reversed-regex:: trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  trace-regex
where trim-reversed-regex [] = []
| trim-reversed-regex (h#t) = (if ( $\forall$  i<length h. (h!i) = S)
then (trim-reversed-regex t) else (h#t))
```

```
fun trim-regex:: trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  trace-regex
where trim-regex regex = rev (trim-reversed-regex (rev regex))
```

```
definition match-regex:: nat set list  $\Rightarrow$  trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where match-regex trace regex = (( $\forall$  time<length regex.
  (match-timestep (trace ! time) (regex ! time)))
 $\wedge$ (length trace  $\geq$  length regex))
```

```
definition match:: nat set list  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-regex  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where match trace regex-list = ( $\exists$  i. i < length regex-list  $\wedge$ 
  (match-regex trace (regex-list ! i)))
```

**lemma** match-example:

```
shows match [{0::nat,1}, {1}, {0}]
```

```
[
  [[Zero,Zero]],
  [[S,S], [S,One]]
] = True
```

**proof** –

```
let ?regexList = [[[Zero,Zero]],[[S,S], [S,One]]]
```

```
let ?trace = [{0::nat,1}, {1}, {0}]
```

```
have (match-regex ?trace (?regexList!1))
```

```
  unfolding match-regex-def
```

```
  by (simp add: match-timestep-def nth-Cons')
```

```
then show ?thesis
```

```
  by (metis One-nat-def add.commute le-imp-less-Suc le-numeral-extra(4) list.size(3)
```

```
list.size(4) match-def plus-1-eq-Suc)
```

**qed**

**definition** *regex-equiv*:  $WEST\text{-}regex \Rightarrow WEST\text{-}regex \Rightarrow bool$   
**where** *regex-equiv* *rl1* *rl2* = (  
 $\forall \pi::nat\ set\ list. (match\ \pi\ rl1) \longleftrightarrow (match\ \pi\ rl2)$ )

**lemma** (*regex-equiv* [[[*S*, *S*]]]  
[[[*S*, *One*]],  
[[*One*, *S*]],  
[[*Zero*, *Zero*]]) = *True*

**proof** –

**have** *d1*: *match*  $\pi$  [[[*S*, *One*]], [[*One*, *S*]], [[*Zero*, *Zero*]]] **if** *match*: *match*  $\pi$  [[[*S*, *S*]]] **for**  $\pi$

**proof** –

**have** *match-ss*: *match-regex*  $\pi$  [[*S*, *S*]]

**using** *match* **unfolding** *match-def*

**by** (*metis* *One-nat-def* *length-Cons* *less-one* *list.size(3)* *nth-Cons-0*)

{**assume** \*:  $\neg (match\text{-}regex\ \pi\ [[S,\ One]]) \wedge \neg (match\text{-}regex\ \pi\ [[One,\ S]])$ }

**have** *match-regex*  $\pi$  [[*Zero*, *Zero*]]

**using** *match-ss* **unfolding** *match-regex-def*

**by** (*smt* (*verit*) \* *One-nat-def* *WEST-bit.simps(2)* *length-Cons* *less-2-cases* *less-one* *list.size(3)* *match-regex-def* *match-timestep-def* *nth-Cons-0* *nth-Cons-Suc* *numeral-2-eq-2*)

}

**then show** *?thesis*

**unfolding** *match-def*

**by** (*metis* *length-Cons* *less-Suc-eq-0-disj* *nth-Cons-0* *nth-Cons-Suc*)

**qed**

**have** *d2*: *match*  $\pi$  [[[*S*, *S*]]] **if** *match*: *match*  $\pi$  [[[*S*, *One*]], [[*One*, *S*]], [[*Zero*, *Zero*]]] **for**  $\pi$

**proof** –

{**assume** \*: *match-regex*  $\pi$  [[*S*, *One*]]

**then have** *match-regex*  $\pi$  [[*S*, *S*]]

**unfolding** *match-regex-def*

**by** (*smt* (*verit*, *ccfv-SIG*) *One-nat-def* *WEST-bit.simps(4)* *length-Cons* *less-2-cases* *less-one* *list.size(3)* *match-timestep-def* *nth-Cons-0* *nth-Cons-Suc* *numeral-2-eq-2*)

**then have** *match*  $\pi$  [[[*S*, *S*]]]

**unfolding** *match-def* **by** *simp*

} **moreover** {**assume** \*: *match-regex*  $\pi$  [[*One*, *S*]]

**then have** *match-regex*  $\pi$  [[*S*, *S*]]

**unfolding** *match-regex-def*

**by** (*smt* (*verit*, *ccfv-SIG*) *One-nat-def* *WEST-bit.simps(4)* *length-Cons* *less-2-cases* *less-one* *list.size(3)* *match-timestep-def* *nth-Cons-0* *nth-Cons-Suc* *numeral-2-eq-2*)

**then have** *match*  $\pi$  [[[*S*, *S*]]]

**unfolding** *match-def* **by** *simp*

} **moreover** {**assume** \*: *match-regex*  $\pi$  [[*Zero*, *Zero*]]

```

then have match-regex  $\pi$   $[[S, S]]$ 
  unfolding match-regex-def
  by (smt (verit) One-nat-def WEST-bit.distinct(5) length-Cons less-2-cases-iff
less-one list.size(3) match-timestep-def nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc numeral-2-eq-2)
  then have match  $\pi$   $[[[S, S]]]$ 
    unfolding match-def by simp
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis using match unfolding regex-equiv-def
  by (smt (verit, del-insts) length-Cons less-Suc-eq-0-disj match-def nth-Cons-0
nth-Cons-Suc)
qed
show ?thesis using d1 d2
  unfolding regex-equiv-def by metis
qed

```

## 1.3 WEST Operations

### 1.3.1 AND

```

fun WEST-and-bitwise::WEST-bit  $\Rightarrow$ 
  WEST-bit  $\Rightarrow$ 
  WEST-bit option
where WEST-and-bitwise b One = (if b = Zero then None else Some One)
| WEST-and-bitwise b Zero = (if b = One then None else Some Zero)
| WEST-and-bitwise b S = Some b

```

```

fun WEST-and-state::state-regex  $\Rightarrow$  state-regex  $\Rightarrow$  state-regex option
where WEST-and-state [] [] = Some []
| WEST-and-state (h1#t1) (h2#t2) =
(case WEST-and-bitwise h1 h2 of
  None  $\Rightarrow$  None
| Some b  $\Rightarrow$  (case WEST-and-state t1 t2 of
  None  $\Rightarrow$  None
| Some L  $\Rightarrow$  Some (b#L)))
| WEST-and-state - - = None

```

```

fun WEST-and-trace::trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  trace-regex option
where WEST-and-trace trace [] = Some trace
| WEST-and-trace [] trace = Some trace
| WEST-and-trace (h1#t1) (h2#t2) =
(case WEST-and-state h1 h2 of
  None  $\Rightarrow$  None
| Some state  $\Rightarrow$  (case WEST-and-trace t1 t2 of
  None  $\Rightarrow$  None
| Some trace  $\Rightarrow$  Some (state#trace)))

```

```

fun WEST-and-helper:: trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-regex  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-regex
  where WEST-and-helper trace [] = []
  | WEST-and-helper trace (t#traces) =
    (case WEST-and-trace trace t of
      None  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-and-helper trace traces
      | Some res  $\Rightarrow$  res#(WEST-and-helper trace traces))

```

```

fun WEST-and:: WEST-regex  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-regex  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-regex
  where WEST-and traceList [] = []
  | WEST-and [] traceList = []
  | WEST-and (trace#traceList1) traceList2 =
    (case WEST-and-helper trace traceList2 of
      []  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-and traceList1 traceList2
      | traceList  $\Rightarrow$  traceList@(WEST-and traceList1 traceList2))

```

### 1.3.2 Simp

**Bitwise simplification operation** **fun** WEST-simp-bitwise:: WEST-bit  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-bit  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-bit

```

  where WEST-simp-bitwise b S = S
  | WEST-simp-bitwise b Zero = (if b = Zero then Zero else S)
  | WEST-simp-bitwise b One = (if b = One then One else S)

```

```

fun WEST-simp-state:: state-regex  $\Rightarrow$  state-regex  $\Rightarrow$  state-regex
  where WEST-simp-state s1 s2 = (
    map ( $\lambda$  k. WEST-simp-bitwise (s1 ! k) (s2 ! k)) [0 ..< (length s1)])

```

```

fun WEST-simp-trace:: trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  trace-regex
  where WEST-simp-trace trace1 trace2 num-vars = (
    map ( $\lambda$  k. (WEST-simp-state (WEST-get-state trace1 k num-vars) (WEST-get-state
    trace2 k num-vars)))
    [0 ..< (Max {(length trace1), (length trace2)})])

```

**Helper functions for defining WEST-simp** **fun** count-nonS-trace:: state-regex  $\Rightarrow$  nat

```

  where count-nonS-trace [] = 0
  | count-nonS-trace (h#t) = (if (h  $\neq$  S) then (1 + (count-nonS-trace t)) else
    (count-nonS-trace t))

```

```

fun count-diff-state:: state-regex  $\Rightarrow$  state-regex  $\Rightarrow$  nat
  where count-diff-state [] [] = 0
  | count-diff-state trace [] = count-nonS-trace trace
  | count-diff-state [] trace = count-nonS-trace trace
  | count-diff-state (h1#t1) (h2#t2) = (if (h1 = h2) then (count-diff-state t1 t2)
    else (1 + (count-diff-state t1 t2)))

```

```

fun count-diff:: trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  nat
  where count-diff [] [] = 0
  | count-diff [] (h#t) = (count-diff-state [] h) + (count-diff [] t)
  | count-diff (h#t) [] = (count-diff-state [] h) + (count-diff [] t)
  | count-diff (h1#t1) (h2#t2) = (count-diff-state h1 h2) + (count-diff t1 t2)

fun check-simp:: trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where check-simp trace1 trace2 = ((count-diff trace1 trace2)  $\leq$  1  $\wedge$  length trace1
= length trace2)

fun enumerate-pairs :: nat list  $\Rightarrow$  (nat * nat) list where
  enumerate-pairs [] = [] |
  enumerate-pairs (x#xs) = map ( $\lambda y.$  (x, y)) xs @ enumerate-pairs xs

fun enum-pairs:: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  (nat * nat) list
  where enum-pairs L = enumerate-pairs [0 ..< length L]

fun remove-element-at-index:: nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list
  where remove-element-at-index n L = (take n L)@(drop (n+1) L)

  This assumes (fst h) < (snd h)

fun update-L:: WEST-regex  $\Rightarrow$  (nat  $\times$  nat)  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-regex
  where update-L L h num-vars =
  (remove-element-at-index (fst h) (remove-element-at-index (snd h) L))@[WEST-simp-trace
  (L!(fst h)) (L!(snd h)) num-vars]

```

**Defining and Proving Termination of WEST-simp** lemma length-enumerate-pairs:

```

  shows length (enumerate-pairs L)  $\leq$  (length L)2
proof (induction L)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons a L)
  have length-L: (length (a # L))2 = (1 + (length L))2 by auto
  then have length-L: (length (a # L))2 = 1 + 2*(length L) + (length L)2 by
  algebra
  have length (map (Pair a) L)  $\leq$  length L
  by simp
  then show ?case
  unfolding enumerate-pairs.simps using Cons length-L by simp
qed

```

```

lemma length-enum-pairs:
  shows length (enum-pairs L)  $\leq$  (length L)2
proof –
  show ?thesis unfolding enum-pairs.simps using length-enumerate-pairs
  by (metis length-upt minus-nat.diff-0)
qed

```

```

lemma enumerate-pairs-fact:
  assumes  $\forall i j. (i < j \wedge i < \text{length } L \wedge j < \text{length } L) \longrightarrow (L!i) < (L!j)$ 
  shows  $\forall \text{pair} \in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-pairs } L). (\text{fst pair}) < (\text{snd pair})$ 
  using assms
proof(induct length L arbitrary:L)
  case 0
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc x)
  then obtain h T where obt-hT:  $L = h\#T$ 
    by (metis length-Suc-conv)
  then have enum-L:  $\text{enumerate-pairs } L = \text{map } (\text{Pair } h) T @ \text{enumerate-pairs } T$ 
    using enumerate-pairs.simps obt-hT by blast
  then have  $\bigwedge \text{pair}. \text{pair} \in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-pairs } L) \implies \text{fst pair} < \text{snd pair}$ 
  proof-
    fix pair
    assume  $\text{pair} \in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-pairs } L)$ 
    then have  $\text{pair} \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{Pair } h) T @ \text{enumerate-pairs } T)$  using enum-L
  by auto
  then have pair-or:  $\text{pair} \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{Pair } h) T) \vee \text{pair} \in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-pairs } T)$ 
    by auto
    {assume in-base:  $\text{pair} \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{Pair } h) T)$ 
      have  $\forall j. 0 < j \wedge j < \text{length } L \longrightarrow h < L!j$ 
        using Suc.prems obt-hT by force
      then have  $\forall j < \text{length } T. h < T!j$ 
        using obt-hT by force
      then have  $\forall t \in \text{set } T. h < t$ 
        using obt-hT by (metis in-set-conv-nth)
      then have  $\text{fst pair} < \text{snd pair}$ 
        using in-base by auto
    } moreover {
      assume in-rec:  $\text{pair} \in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-pairs } T)$ 
      have  $\text{fst pair} < \text{snd pair}$ 
        using Suc.hyps(1)[of T] Suc.prems obt-hT in-rec
        by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Ex-less-Suc Suc.hyps(1) Suc.hyps(2) length-Cons less-trans-Suc nat.inject nth-Cons-Suc)
    }
    ultimately show  $\text{fst pair} < \text{snd pair}$  using enum-L obt-hT pair-or by blast
  qed
  then show ?case by blast
qed

```

```

lemma enum-pairs-fact:
  shows  $\forall \text{pair} \in \text{set } (\text{enum-pairs } L). (\text{fst pair}) < (\text{snd pair})$ 
  unfolding enum-pairs.simps using enumerate-pairs-fact[of [0..<length L]]
  by simp

```

```

lemma enum-pairs-bound-snd:

```

```

assumes pair ∈ set (enumerate-pairs L)
shows (snd pair) ∈ set L
using assms
proof (induct length L arbitrary: L)
  case 0
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc x)
  then obtain h T where ht: L = h#T
    by (cases L) simp-all
  then have eo: pair ∈ set (map (Pair h) T) ∨ pair ∈ set (enumerate-pairs T)
    using Suc by simp
  {assume *: pair ∈ set (map (Pair h) T)
    then have ?case
      using ht
      using imageE by auto
  } moreover {assume *: pair ∈ set (enumerate-pairs T)
    then have snd pair ∈ set T
      using Suc(1)[of T] ht
      using Suc.hyps(2) by fastforce
    then have ?case using ht
      by simp
  }
  ultimately show ?case using eo by blast
qed

```

```

lemma enum-pairs-bound:
  shows ∀ pair ∈ set (enum-pairs L). (snd pair) < length L
  unfolding enum-pairs.simps enumerate-pairs.simps
proof (induct length L arbitrary: L)
  case 0
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Suc x)
  then have enum-L: enumerate-pairs ([0..using enumerate-pairs.simps(2)[of 0 [1 ..< length L]]
    by (metis One-nat-def upt-conv-Cons zero-less-Suc)
  then have pair∈set (enumerate-pairs [0..for pair
    using enum-pairs-bound-snd[of pair [0..by auto
  then show ?case unfolding enum-pairs.simps by blast
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-simp-termination1-bound:
  fixes a::nat
  shows a3+a2 < (a+1)3

```

```

proof–
  have cubed:  $(a+1)^3 = a^3 + 3*a^2 + 3*a + 1$ 
  proof–
    have  $(a+1)^3 = (a+1)*(a+1)*(a+1)$ 
      by algebra
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: add.commute add-mult-distrib2 mult.commute power2-eq-square
power3-eq-cube)
    qed
  have  $0 < 2*a^2 + 2*a + 1$  by simp
  then have  $a^3 + a^2 < a^3 + 3*a^2 + 3*a + 1$  by simp
  then show ?thesis using cubed
    by simp
qed

lemma WEST-simp-termination1:
  fixes L: WEST-regex
  assumes  $\neg (idx\text{-pairs} \neq enum\text{-pairs } L \vee length\ idx\text{-pairs} \leq i)$ 
  assumes check-simp (L ! fst (idx-pairs ! i)) (L ! snd (idx-pairs ! i))
  assumes  $x = update\text{-L } L (idx\text{-pairs } ! i) num\text{-vars}$ 
  shows  $((x, enum\text{-pairs } x, 0, num\text{-vars}), L, idx\text{-pairs}, i, num\text{-vars})$ 
     $\in measure (\lambda(L, idx\text{-list}, i, num\text{-vars}). length\ L^3 + length\ idx\text{-list} - i)$ 
proof–
  let ?i = fst (idx-pairs ! i)
  let ?j = snd (idx-pairs ! i)
  have i-le-j: ?i < ?j using enum-pairs-fact assms
    by (metis linorder-le-less-linear nth-mem)
  have j-bound: ?j < length L
    using assms(1) enum-pairs-bound[of L]
    by simp
  then have i-bound: ?i < (length L)–1
    using i-le-j by auto
  have len-orsimp: length [WEST-simp-trace (L ! ?i) (L ! ?j) num-vars] = 1
    by simp
  have length (remove-element-at-index ?j L) = length L – 1
    using assms(3) j-bound by auto
  then have length (remove-element-at-index ?i (remove-element-at-index ?j L))
= length L – 2
    using assms(3) i-bound j-bound by simp
  then have length-x: length x = (length L) – 1
    using assms(3) len-orsimp
    unfolding update-L.simps[of L idx-pairs ! i num-vars]
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) add.commute add-diff-inverse-nat diff-diff-left gr-implies-not0
i-bound length-append less-one nat-1-add-1)
  have i-bound: i < length idx-pairs using assms by force

  { assume short-L: length L = 0
    then have ?thesis using assms
      using j-bound by linarith
  }

```

```

} moreover {
  assume long-L: length L ≥ 1
  then have length L - 1 ≥ 0 by blast
  then have (length L - 1) ^ 3 + (length L - 1) ^ 2 < length L ^ 3
    using WEST-simp-termination1-bound[of length L-1]
    by (metis long-L ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.le-imp-diff-is-add)
  then have (length L - 1) ^ 3 + length (enumerate-pairs [0..<length x]) <
length L ^ 3
    using length-enumerate-pairs[of [0..<length x]] length-x by auto
  then have length x ^ 3 + length (enumerate-pairs [0..<length x])
    < length L ^ 3 + length idx-pairs - i
    using i-bound length-x by simp
  then have ?thesis by simp
}
ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed

```

```

function WEST-simp-helper:: WEST-regex ⇒ (nat × nat) list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒
WEST-regex
  where WEST-simp-helper L idx-pairs i num-vars =
    (if (idx-pairs ≠ enum-pairs L ∨ i ≥ length idx-pairs) then L else
      (if (check-simp (L!(fst (idx-pairs!i))) (L!(snd (idx-pairs!i)))) then
        (let newL = update-L L (idx-pairs!i) num-vars in
          WEST-simp-helper newL (enum-pairs newL) 0 num-vars)
        else WEST-simp-helper L idx-pairs (i+1) num-vars))
  apply fast by blast
termination
  apply (relation measure (λ(L , idx-list, i, num-vars). (length L ^ 3 + length idx-list
- i)))
  apply simp using WEST-simp-termination1 apply blast by auto

```

```

declare WEST-simp-helper.simps[simp del]

```

```

fun WEST-simp:: WEST-regex ⇒ nat ⇒ WEST-regex
  where WEST-simp L num-vars =
    WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) 0 num-vars

```

```

value WEST-simp [[[S, S, One],[[S, One, S]], [[S, S, Zero]]] 3
value WEST-simp [[[S, One],[[One, S]], [[Zero, Zero]]] 2
value WEST-simp [[[One, One],[[Zero, Zero]], [[One, Zero]], [[Zero, One]]] 2

```

### 1.3.3 AND and OR operations with WEST-simp

```

fun WEST-and-simp:: WEST-regex ⇒ WEST-regex ⇒ nat ⇒ WEST-regex
  where WEST-and-simp L1 L2 num-vars = WEST-simp (WEST-and L1 L2)
num-vars

```

```

fun WEST-or-simp:: WEST-regex ⇒ WEST-regex ⇒ nat ⇒ WEST-regex

```

where  $WEST\text{-or-simp } L1\ L2\ num\text{-vars} = WEST\text{-simp } (L1@L2)\ num\text{-vars}$

### 1.3.4 Useful Helper Functions

**fun**  $arbitrary\text{-state}::nat \Rightarrow state\text{-regex}$   
 where  $arbitrary\text{-state } num\text{-vars} = map (\lambda k. S) [0 ..< num\text{-vars}]$

**fun**  $arbitrary\text{-trace}::nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow trace\text{-regex}$   
 where  $arbitrary\text{-trace } num\text{-vars } num\text{-pad} = map (\lambda k. (arbitrary\text{-state } num\text{-vars})) [0 ..< num\text{-pad}]$

**fun**  $shift::WEST\text{-regex} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow WEST\text{-regex}$   
 where  $shift\ traceList\ num\text{-vars } num\text{-pad} = map (\lambda trace. (arbitrary\text{-trace } num\text{-vars } num\text{-pad})@trace)\ traceList$

**fun**  $pad::trace\text{-regex} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow trace\text{-regex}$   
 where  $pad\ trace\ num\text{-vars } num\text{-pad} = trace@(arbitrary\text{-trace } num\text{-vars } num\text{-pad})$

### 1.3.5 WEST Temporal Operations

**fun**  $WEST\text{-global}::WEST\text{-regex} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow WEST\text{-regex}$   
 where  $WEST\text{-global } L\ a\ b\ num\text{-vars} = ($   
 if  $(a = b)$  then  $(shift\ L\ num\text{-vars } a)$   
 else ( if  $(a < b)$  then  $(WEST\text{-and-simp } (shift\ L\ num\text{-vars } b)$   
            $(WEST\text{-global } L\ a\ (b-1)\ num\text{-vars})\ num\text{-vars})$   
 else  $[])$ )

**fun**  $WEST\text{-future}::WEST\text{-regex} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow WEST\text{-regex}$   
 where  $WEST\text{-future } L\ a\ b\ num\text{-vars} = ($   
 if  $(a = b)$   
 then  $(shift\ L\ num\text{-vars } a)$   
 else (  
   if  $(a < b)$   
   then  $WEST\text{-or-simp } (shift\ L\ num\text{-vars } b)\ (WEST\text{-future } L\ a\ (b-1)\ num\text{-vars})$   
 else  $[])$ )

**fun**  $WEST\text{-until}::WEST\text{-regex} \Rightarrow WEST\text{-regex} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow$   
            $nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow WEST\text{-regex}$   
 where  $WEST\text{-until } L\text{-}\varphi\ L\text{-}\psi\ a\ b\ num\text{-vars} = ($   
 if  $(a=b)$   
 then  $(WEST\text{-global } L\text{-}\psi\ a\ a\ num\text{-vars})$   
 else (  
   if  $(a < b)$   
   then  $WEST\text{-or-simp } (WEST\text{-until } L\text{-}\varphi\ L\text{-}\psi\ a\ (b-1)\ num\text{-vars})$   
        $(WEST\text{-and-simp } (WEST\text{-global } L\text{-}\varphi\ a\ (b-1)\ num\text{-vars})$   
            $(WEST\text{-global } L\text{-}\psi\ b\ b\ num\text{-vars})\ num\text{-vars})\ num\text{-vars}$   
 else  $[])$ )

**fun** *WEST-release-helper*:: *WEST-regex*  $\Rightarrow$  *WEST-regex*  $\Rightarrow$   
 $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{WEST-regex}$   
**where** *WEST-release-helper* *L-φ L-ψ a ub num-vars* = (  
*if* (*a=ub*)  
*then* (*WEST-and-simp* (*WEST-global L-φ a a num-vars*) (*WEST-global L-ψ a a num-vars*) *num-vars*)  
*else* (  
*if* (*a < ub*)  
*then* (*WEST-or-simp* (*WEST-release-helper L-φ L-ψ a (ub-1) num-vars*)  
(*WEST-and-simp* (*WEST-global L-ψ a ub num-vars*)  
(*WEST-global L-φ ub ub num-vars*) *num-vars*) *num-vars*)  
*else* [])])

**fun** *WEST-release*:: *WEST-regex*  $\Rightarrow$  *WEST-regex*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  
 $\Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{WEST-regex}$   
**where** *WEST-release* *L-φ L-ψ a b num-vars* = (  
*if* (*b > a*)  
*then* (*WEST-or-simp* (*WEST-global L-ψ a b num-vars*) (*WEST-release-helper L-φ L-ψ a (b-1) num-vars*) *num-vars*)  
*else* (*WEST-global L-ψ a b num-vars*)

### 1.3.6 WEST recursive reg Function

**lemma** *exhaustive*:

**shows**  $\bigwedge x:: \text{nat mtl} \times \text{nat}. \bigwedge P:: \text{bool}. (\bigwedge \text{num-vars}:: \text{nat}. x = (\text{True-mltl}, \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \text{num-vars}:: \text{nat}. x = (\text{False-mltl}, \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge p \text{ num-vars}:: \text{nat}. x = (\text{Prop-mltl } p, \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge p \text{ num-vars}:: \text{nat}. x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Prop-mltl } p), \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi \psi \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{Or-mltl } \varphi \psi, \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi \psi \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{And-mltl } \varphi \psi, \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi a b \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{Future-mltl } \varphi a b, \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi a b \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{Global-mltl } \varphi a b, \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi \psi a b \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{Until-mltl } \varphi \psi a b, \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi \psi a b \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{Release-mltl } \varphi \psi a b, \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \text{num-vars}. x = (\text{Not-mltl True-mltl}, \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \text{num-vars}. x = (\text{Not-mltl False-mltl}, \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi \psi \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{And-mltl } \varphi \psi), \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi \psi \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Or-mltl } \varphi \psi), \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi a b \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Future-mltl } \varphi a b), \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P)$   
 $\Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi a b \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Global-mltl } \varphi a b), \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow P)$   
 $\Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi \psi a b \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Until-mltl } \varphi \psi a b), \text{num-vars}) \Rightarrow$   
 $P) \Rightarrow$   
 $(\bigwedge \varphi \psi a b \text{ num-vars}. x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Release-mltl } \varphi \psi a b), \text{num-vars})$   
 $\Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow$

$(\bigwedge \varphi \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi), \text{ num-vars}) \implies P) \implies P$

**proof** –

**fix**  $x::\text{nat mltl} \times \text{nat}$   
**fix**  $P::\text{bool}$   
**assume**  $t: (\bigwedge \text{num-vars}::\text{nat. } x = (\text{True-mltl}, \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $fa: (\bigwedge \text{num-vars}::\text{nat. } x = (\text{False-mltl}, \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $p: (\bigwedge p \text{ num-vars}::\text{nat. } x = (\text{Prop-mltl } p, \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $n1: (\bigwedge p \text{ num-vars}::\text{nat. } x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Prop-mltl } p), \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$

**assume**  $o: (\bigwedge \varphi \psi \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Or-mltl } \varphi \psi, \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $a: (\bigwedge \varphi \psi \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{And-mltl } \varphi \psi, \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $f: (\bigwedge a b \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Future-mltl } \varphi a b, \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $g: (\bigwedge a b \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Global-mltl } \varphi a b, \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $u: (\bigwedge \varphi \psi a b \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Until-mltl } \varphi \psi a b, \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $r: (\bigwedge \varphi \psi a b \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Release-mltl } \varphi \psi a b, \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $n2: (\bigwedge \text{num-vars. } x = (\text{Not-mltl True-mltl}, \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $n3: (\bigwedge \text{num-vars. } x = (\text{Not-mltl False-mltl}, \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $n4: (\bigwedge \varphi \psi \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{And-mltl } \varphi \psi), \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$

**assume**  $n5: (\bigwedge \varphi \psi \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Or-mltl } \varphi \psi), \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $n6: (\bigwedge a b \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Future-mltl } \varphi a b), \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $n7: (\bigwedge a b \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Global-mltl } \varphi a b), \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $n8: (\bigwedge \varphi \psi a b \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Until-mltl } \varphi \psi a b), \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $n9: (\bigwedge \varphi \psi a b \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Release-mltl } \varphi \psi a b), \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**assume**  $n10: (\bigwedge \varphi \text{ num-vars. } x = (\text{Not-mltl } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi), \text{ num-vars}) \implies P)$   
**show**  $P$  **proof** (*cases fst x*)  
  **case** *True-mltl*  
    **then show** *?thesis using t*  
    **by** (*metis eq-fst-iff*)  
  **next**  
    **case** *False-mltl*  
    **then show** *?thesis using fa eq-fst-iff by metis*  
  **next**  
    **case** (*Prop-mltl p*)  
    **then show** *?thesis using p*  
    **by** (*metis prod.collapse*)  
  **next**  
    **case** (*Not-mltl φ*)  
    **then have** *fst-x: fst x = Not-mltl φ*  
    **by** *auto*  
    **then show** *?thesis proof (cases φ)*  
      **case** *True-mltl*  
      **then show** *?thesis using n2*  
      **by** (*metis Not-mltl split-pairs*)  
    **next**

```

    case False-mltl
    then show ?thesis using n3
      by (metis Not-mltl prod.collapse)
  next
    case (Prop-mltl p)
    then show ?thesis using n1
      by (metis Not-mltl split-pairs)
  next
    case (Not-mltl  $\varphi 1$ )
    then show ?thesis using n10 fst-x
      by (metis prod.collapse)
  next
    case (And-mltl  $\varphi 1 \varphi 2$ )
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis Not-mltl n4 prod.collapse)
  next
    case (Or-mltl  $\varphi 1 \varphi 2$ )
    then show ?thesis using n5 Not-mltl
      by (metis prod.collapse)
  next
    case (Future-mltl a b  $\varphi 1$ )
    then show ?thesis using n6 Not-mltl
      by (metis prod.collapse)
  next
    case (Global-mltl a b  $\varphi 1$ )
    then show ?thesis using n7 Not-mltl
      by (metis prod.collapse)
  next
    case (Until-mltl  $\varphi 1 a b \varphi 2$ )
    then show ?thesis using n8 Not-mltl
      by (metis prod.collapse)
  next
    case (Release-mltl  $\varphi 1 a b \varphi 2$ )
    then show ?thesis using n9 Not-mltl
      by (metis prod.collapse)
  qed
next
  case (And-mltl  $\varphi 1 \varphi 2$ )
  then show ?thesis using a
    by (metis prod.collapse)
next
  case (Or-mltl  $\varphi 1 \varphi 2$ )
  then show ?thesis using o
    by (metis prod.collapse)
next
  case (Future-mltl a b  $\varphi 1$ )
  then show ?thesis using f
    by (metis split-pairs)
next

```

```

    case (Global-mltl a b  $\varphi 1$ )
  then show ?thesis using g
    by (metis prod.collapse)
next
  case (Until-mltl  $\varphi 1$  a b  $\varphi 2$ )
  then show ?thesis using u
    by (metis split-pairs)
next
  case (Release-mltl  $\varphi 1$  a b  $\varphi 2$ )
  then show ?thesis using r
    by (metis split-pairs)
qed
qed

```

```

fun WEST-termination-measure:: (nat) mltl  $\Rightarrow$  nat
  where WEST-termination-measure Truem = 1
    | WEST-termination-measure (Notm Truem) = 4
    | WEST-termination-measure Falsem = 1
    | WEST-termination-measure (Notm Falsem) = 4
    | WEST-termination-measure (Propm (p)) = 1
    | WEST-termination-measure (Notm (Propm (p))) = 4
    | WEST-termination-measure ( $\varphi$  Orm  $\psi$ ) = 1 + (WEST-termination-measure
 $\varphi$ ) + (WEST-termination-measure  $\psi$ )
    | WEST-termination-measure ( $\varphi$  Andm  $\psi$ ) = 1 + (WEST-termination-measure
 $\varphi$ ) + (WEST-termination-measure  $\psi$ )
    | WEST-termination-measure (Fm [a,b]  $\varphi$ ) = 1 + (WEST-termination-measure
 $\varphi$ )
    | WEST-termination-measure (Gm [a,b]  $\varphi$ ) = 1 + (WEST-termination-measure
 $\varphi$ )
    | WEST-termination-measure ( $\varphi$  Um[a,b]  $\psi$ ) = 1 + (WEST-termination-measure
 $\varphi$ ) + (WEST-termination-measure  $\psi$ )
    | WEST-termination-measure ( $\varphi$  Rm[a,b]  $\psi$ ) = 1 + (WEST-termination-measure
 $\varphi$ ) + (WEST-termination-measure  $\psi$ )
    | WEST-termination-measure (Notm ( $\varphi$  Orm  $\psi$ )) = 1 + 3 * (WEST-termination-measure
( $\varphi$  Orm  $\psi$ ))
    | WEST-termination-measure (Notm ( $\varphi$  Andm  $\psi$ )) = 1 + 3 * (WEST-termination-measure
( $\varphi$  Andm  $\psi$ ))
    | WEST-termination-measure (Notm (Fm[a,b]  $\varphi$ )) = 1 + 3 * (WEST-termination-measure
(Fm[a,b]  $\varphi$ ))
    | WEST-termination-measure (Notm (Gm[a,b]  $\varphi$ )) = 1 + 3 * (WEST-termination-measure
(Gm[a,b]  $\varphi$ ))
    | WEST-termination-measure (Notm ( $\varphi$  Um[a,b]  $\psi$ )) = 1 + 3 * (WEST-termination-measure
( $\varphi$  Um[a,b]  $\psi$ ))
    | WEST-termination-measure (Notm ( $\varphi$  Rm[a,b]  $\psi$ )) = 1 + 3 * (WEST-termination-measure
( $\varphi$  Rm[a,b]  $\psi$ ))
    | WEST-termination-measure (Notm (Notm  $\varphi$ )) = 1 + 3 * (WEST-termination-measure
(Notm  $\varphi$ ))

```

**lemma** *WEST-termination-measure-not*:  
**fixes**  $\varphi::(\text{nat}) \text{ mtl}$   
**shows**  $\text{WEST-termination-measure} (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi) = 1 + 3 * (\text{WEST-termination-measure } \varphi)$   
**apply** (*induction*  $\varphi$ ) **by** *simp-all*

**function** *WEST-reg-aux*::  $(\text{nat}) \text{ mtl} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{WEST-regex}$   
**where** *WEST-reg-aux* *True<sub>m</sub>* *num-vars* =  $[[(\text{map } (\lambda j. S) [0 ..< \text{num-vars}]]]$   
| *WEST-reg-aux* *False<sub>m</sub>* *num-vars* =  $[]$   
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*Prop<sub>m</sub>* ( $p$ )) *num-vars* =  $[[(\text{map } (\lambda j. (\text{if } (p=j) \text{ then } \text{One} \text{ else } S)) [0 ..< \text{num-vars}]]]$   
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*Not<sub>m</sub>* (*Prop<sub>m</sub>* ( $p$ ))) *num-vars* =  $[[(\text{map } (\lambda j. (\text{if } (p=j) \text{ then } \text{Zero} \text{ else } S)) [0 ..< \text{num-vars}]]]$   
| *WEST-reg-aux* ( $\varphi$  *Or<sub>m</sub>*  $\psi$ ) *num-vars* = *WEST-or-simp* (*WEST-reg-aux*  $\varphi$  *num-vars*) (*WEST-reg-aux*  $\psi$  *num-vars*) *num-vars*  
| *WEST-reg-aux* ( $\varphi$  *And<sub>m</sub>*  $\psi$ ) *num-vars* = (*WEST-and-simp* (*WEST-reg-aux*  $\varphi$  *num-vars*) (*WEST-reg-aux*  $\psi$  *num-vars*) *num-vars*)  
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*F<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ]  $\varphi$ ) *num-vars* = (*WEST-future* (*WEST-reg-aux*  $\varphi$  *num-vars*)  $a$   $b$  *num-vars*)  
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*G<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ]  $\varphi$ ) *num-vars* = (*WEST-global* (*WEST-reg-aux*  $\varphi$  *num-vars*)  $a$   $b$  *num-vars*)  
| *WEST-reg-aux* ( $\varphi$  *U<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ]  $\psi$ ) *num-vars* = (*WEST-until* (*WEST-reg-aux*  $\varphi$  *num-vars*) (*WEST-reg-aux*  $\psi$  *num-vars*)  $a$   $b$  *num-vars*)  
| *WEST-reg-aux* ( $\varphi$  *R<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ]  $\psi$ ) *num-vars* = *WEST-release* (*WEST-reg-aux*  $\varphi$  *num-vars*) (*WEST-reg-aux*  $\psi$  *num-vars*)  $a$   $b$  *num-vars*  
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*Not<sub>m</sub>* *True<sub>m</sub>*) *num-vars* = *WEST-reg-aux* *False<sub>m</sub>* *num-vars*  
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*Not<sub>m</sub>* *False<sub>m</sub>*) *num-vars* = *WEST-reg-aux* *True<sub>m</sub>* *num-vars*  
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*Not<sub>m</sub>* ( $\varphi$  *And<sub>m</sub>*  $\psi$ )) *num-vars* = *WEST-reg-aux* ((*Not<sub>m</sub>*  $\varphi$ ) *Or<sub>m</sub>* (*Not<sub>m</sub>*  $\psi$ )) *num-vars*  
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*Not<sub>m</sub>* ( $\varphi$  *Or<sub>m</sub>*  $\psi$ )) *num-vars* = *WEST-reg-aux* ((*Not<sub>m</sub>*  $\varphi$ ) *And<sub>m</sub>* (*Not<sub>m</sub>*  $\psi$ )) *num-vars*  
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*Not<sub>m</sub>* (*F<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ]  $\varphi$ )) *num-vars* = *WEST-reg-aux* (*G<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ] (*Not<sub>m</sub>*  $\varphi$ )) *num-vars*  
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*Not<sub>m</sub>* (*G<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ]  $\varphi$ )) *num-vars* = *WEST-reg-aux* (*F<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ] (*Not<sub>m</sub>*  $\varphi$ )) *num-vars*  
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*Not<sub>m</sub>* ( $\varphi$  *U<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ]  $\psi$ )) *num-vars* = *WEST-reg-aux* ((*Not<sub>m</sub>*  $\varphi$ ) *R<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ] (*Not<sub>m</sub>*  $\psi$ )) *num-vars*  
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*Not<sub>m</sub>* ( $\varphi$  *R<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ]  $\psi$ )) *num-vars* = *WEST-reg-aux* ((*Not<sub>m</sub>*  $\varphi$ ) *U<sub>m</sub>*[ $a, b$ ] (*Not<sub>m</sub>*  $\psi$ )) *num-vars*  
| *WEST-reg-aux* (*Not<sub>m</sub>* (*Not<sub>m</sub>*  $\varphi$ )) *num-vars* = *WEST-reg-aux*  $\varphi$  *num-vars*  
**using** *exhaustive convert-nnf.cases* **using** *exhaustive* **apply** (*smt* ( $z3$ ))  
**defer apply** *blast* **apply** *simp-all* .

**termination**  
**apply** (*relation measure*  $(\lambda(F, \text{num-vars}). (\text{WEST-termination-measure } F))$ )  
**using** *WEST-termination-measure-not* **by** *simp-all*

**fun** *WEST-num-vars*::  $(\text{nat}) \text{ mtl} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$

```

where WEST-num-vars Truem = 1
| WEST-num-vars Falsem = 1
| WEST-num-vars (Propm (p)) = p+1
| WEST-num-vars (Notm  $\varphi$ ) = WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ 
| WEST-num-vars ( $\varphi$  Andm  $\psi$ ) = Max {(WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ ), (WEST-num-vars
 $\psi$ )}
| WEST-num-vars ( $\varphi$  Orm  $\psi$ ) = Max {(WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ ), (WEST-num-vars
 $\psi$ )}
| WEST-num-vars (Fm[a,b]  $\varphi$ ) = WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ 
| WEST-num-vars (Gm[a,b]  $\varphi$ ) = WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ 
| WEST-num-vars ( $\varphi$  Um[a,b]  $\psi$ ) = Max {(WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ ), (WEST-num-vars
 $\psi$ )}
| WEST-num-vars ( $\varphi$  Rm[a,b]  $\psi$ ) = Max {(WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ ), (WEST-num-vars
 $\psi$ )}

```

```

fun WEST-reg:: (nat) mltl  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-regex
where WEST-reg F = (let nnf-F = convert-nnf F in WEST-reg-aux nnf-F
(WEST-num-vars F))

```

### 1.3.7 Adding padding

```

fun pad-WEST-reg:: nat mltl  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-regex
where pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$  = (let unpadded = WEST-reg  $\varphi$  in
(let complen = complen-mltl  $\varphi$  in
(let num-vars = WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$  in
(map ( $\lambda$  L. (if (length L < complen) then (pad L num-vars
(complen-(length L))) else L))) unpadded)))

```

```

fun simp-pad-WEST-reg:: nat mltl  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-regex
where simp-pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$  = WEST-simp (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ ) (WEST-num-vars
 $\varphi$ )

```

## 2 Some examples and Code Export

Base cases

```

value WEST-reg Truem
value WEST-reg Falsem
value WEST-reg (Propm (1))
value WEST-reg (Notm (Propm (0)))

```

Test cases for recursion

```

value WEST-reg ((Notm (Propm (0))) Andm (Propm (1)))
value WEST-reg (Fm[0,2] (Propm (1)))
value WEST-reg ((Notm (Propm (0))) Orm (Propm (0)))

value pad-WEST-reg ((Propm (0)) Um[0,2] (Propm (0)))
value simp-pad-WEST-reg ((Prop-mltl 0) Um[0,2] (Prop-mltl 0))

```

```

export-code WEST-reg in Haskell module-name WEST
export-code simp-pad-WEST-reg in Haskell module-name WEST-simp-pad

end

```

### 3 WEST Proofs

```
theory WEST-Proofs
```

```
imports WEST-Algorithms
```

```
begin
```

#### 3.1 Useful Definitions

```

definition trace-of-vars::trace  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where trace-of-vars trace num-vars = (
     $\forall k. (k < (\text{length trace}) \longrightarrow (\forall p \in (\text{trace!}k). p < \text{num-vars}))$ )

```

```

definition state-regex-of-vars::state-regex  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where state-regex-of-vars state num-vars = ((length state) = num-vars)

```

```

definition trace-regex-of-vars::trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where trace-regex-of-vars trace num-vars =
    ( $\forall i < (\text{length trace}). \text{length } (\text{trace!}i) = \text{num-vars}$ )

```

```

definition WEST-regex-of-vars::WEST-regex  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where WEST-regex-of-vars traceList num-vars =
    ( $\forall k < \text{length traceList}. \text{trace-regex-of-vars } (\text{traceList!}k) \text{ num-vars}$ )

```

#### 3.2 Proofs about Traces Matching Regular Expressions

```
value match-regex [{0::nat}, {0,1}, {}] []
```

```
lemma arbitrary-regex-trace-matches-any-trace:
```

```
  fixes num-vars::nat
```

```
  fixes  $\pi$ ::trace
```

```
  assumes  $\pi$ -of-num-vars: trace-of-vars  $\pi$  num-vars
```

```
  shows match-regex  $\pi$  []
```

```
proof -
```

```
  have get-state-empty: (WEST-get-state [] time num-vars) = (map ( $\lambda k. S$ ) [0 ..< num-vars]) for time
```

```
    by auto
```

```
  have match-arbitrary-state: (match-timestep state (map ( $\lambda k. S$ ) [0 ..< num-vars])) = True if state-of-vars:( $\forall p \in \text{state}. p < \text{num-vars}$ ) for state
```

```
    using state-of-vars
```

```

    unfolding match-timestep-def
  by simp
  have eliminate-forall: match-timestep ( $\pi$  ! time) (WEST-get-state [] time num-vars)
if time-bounded:time < length  $\pi$  for time
  using time-bounded  $\pi$ -of-num-vars get-state-empty[of time] match-arbitrary-state[of
 $\pi$  ! time] unfolding match-regex-def trace-of-vars-def
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding match-regex-def trace-of-vars-def
  by auto
qed

lemma WEST-and-state-difflengths-is-none:
  assumes length s1  $\neq$  length s2
  shows WEST-and-state s1 s2 = None
  using assms
  proof (induction s1 arbitrary: s2)
    case Nil
    then show ?case
      apply (induction s2) by simp-all
  next
    case (Cons a s1)
    then show ?case
  proof (induction s2)
    case Nil
    then show ?case by auto
  next
    case (Cons b s2)
    have length s1  $\neq$  length s2 using Cons.prem1(2)
    by auto
    then have and-s1-s2-none: WEST-and-state s1 s2 = None using Cons.prem1(1)[of
s2]
    by simp
    {assume ab-none: WEST-and-bitwise a b = None
    then have ?case
      by simp
    }
    moreover {assume ab-not-none: WEST-and-bitwise a b  $\neq$  None
    then have ?case using and-s1-s2-none using WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of
a s1 b s2]
      by auto
    }
    ultimately show ?case
      by blast
  qed
qed

```

### 3.3 Facts about the WEST and operator

#### 3.3.1 Commutative

**lemma** *WEST-and-bitwise-commutative*:  
 **fixes**  $b1\ b2::WEST\text{-}bit$   
 **shows** *WEST-and-bitwise*  $b1\ b2 = WEST\text{-and-bitwise}\ b2\ b1$   
 **apply** (*cases*  $b2$ )  
 **apply** (*cases*  $b1$ ) **apply** *simp-all*  
 **apply**(*cases*  $b1$ ) **apply** *simp-all*  
 **apply** (*cases*  $b1$ ) **by** *simp-all*

**fun** *remove-option-type-bit*:: *WEST-bit option*  $\Rightarrow$  *WEST-bit*  
 **where** *remove-option-type-bit* (*Some*  $i$ ) =  $i$   
 | *remove-option-type-bit* - =  $S$

**lemma** *WEST-and-state-commutative*:  
 **fixes**  $s1\ s2::state\text{-}regex$   
 **assumes** *same-len*: *length*  $s1 = length\ s2$   
 **shows** *WEST-and-state*  $s1\ s2 = WEST\text{-and-state}\ s2\ s1$   
**proof** –  
 **show** *?thesis* **using** *same-len*  
 **proof** (*induct* *length*  $s1$  *arbitrary*:  $s1\ s2$ )  
 **case**  $0$   
 **then show** *?case* **using** *WEST-and-state.simps* **by** *simp*  
 **next**  
 **case** (*Suc*  $x$ )  
 **obtain**  $h1\ T1$  **where**  $s1 = h1\ \#\ T1$   
 **using** *Suc.hyps*( $2$ )  
 **by** (*metis* *length-Suc-conv*)  
 **obtain**  $h2\ T2$  **where**  $s2 = h2\ \#\ T2$   
 **using** *Suc.prems*( $1$ ) *Suc.hyps*( $2$ )  
 **by** (*metis* *length-Suc-conv*)  
 **then show** *?case* **using** *WEST-and-bitwise-commutative*[*of*  $h1\ h2$ ] *WEST-and-state.simps*( $2$ )[*of*  
 $h1\ T1\ h2\ T2$ ]  
 *WEST-and-state.simps*( $2$ )[*of*  $h2\ T2\ h1\ T1$ ]  
 **by** (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *Suc.hyps*( $1$ ) *Suc.hyps*( $2$ ) *Suc.prems*( $1$ ) *Suc-length-conv*  
*WEST-and-bitwise-commutative*  $\langle s1 = h1\ \#\ T1 \rangle$  *list.inject* *option.simps*( $4$ ) *option.simps*( $5$ ) *remove-option-type-bit.cases*)  
 **qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *WEST-and-trace-commutative*:  
 **fixes**  $num\text{-}vars::nat$   
 **fixes**  $regtrace1::trace\text{-}regex$   
 **fixes**  $regtrace2::trace\text{-}regex$   
 **assumes** *regtrace1-of-num-vars*: *trace-regex-of-vars*  $regtrace1\ num\text{-}vars$   
 **assumes** *regtrace2-of-num-vars*: *trace-regex-of-vars*  $regtrace2\ num\text{-}vars$   
 **shows** (*WEST-and-trace*  $regtrace1\ regtrace2$ ) = (*WEST-and-trace*  $regtrace2\ reg$

```

trace1)
proof –
  have WEST-and-bitwise-commutative: WEST-and-bitwise b1 b2 = WEST-and-bitwise
b2 b1 for b1 b2
    apply (cases b2)
    apply (cases b1) apply simp-all
    apply(cases b1) apply simp-all
    apply (cases b1) by simp-all
  then have WEST-and-state-commutative: WEST-and-state s1 s2 = WEST-and-state
s2 s1 if same-len: (length s1) = (length s2) for s1 s2
  using same-len
  proof (induct length s1 arbitrary: s1 s2)
    case 0
    then show ?case using WEST-and-state.simps by simp
  next
    case (Suc x)
    obtain h1 T1 where s1 = h1#T1
    using Suc.hyps(2)
    by (metis length-Suc-conv)
    obtain h2 T2 where s2 = h2#T2
    using Suc.prem(2) Suc.hyps(2)
    by (metis length-Suc-conv)
    then show ?case using WEST-and-bitwise-commutative[of h1 h2] WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of
h1 T1 h2 T2]
      WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of h2 T2 h1 T1]
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc.hyps(1) Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prem(2) Suc-length-conv
WEST-and-bitwise-commutative ⟨s1 = h1 # T1⟩ list.inject option.simps(4) option.simps(5) remove-option-type-bit.cases)
  qed
  show ?thesis using regtrace1-of-num-vars regtrace2-of-num-vars
  proof (induction regtrace1 arbitrary: regtrace2)
    case Nil
    then show ?case using WEST-and-trace.simps(1–2)
    by (metis neq-Nil-conv)
  next
    case (Cons h1 T1)
    {assume *: regtrace2 = []
    then have ?case using WEST-and-trace.simps
    by simp
    } moreover {assume *: regtrace2 ≠ []
    then obtain h2 T2 where h2T2: regtrace2 = h2#T2
    by (meson list.exhaust)
    have comm-1: WEST-and-trace T1 T2 = WEST-and-trace T2 T1
    using Cons h2T2
    unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
    by (metis Suc-less-eq length-Cons nth-Cons-Suc)
    have comm-2: WEST-and-state h1 h2 = WEST-and-state h2 h1
    using WEST-and-state-commutative[of h1 h2] h2T2
    Cons(2–3) unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def

```

```

    by (metis WEST-and-state-difflengths-is-none)
  have ?case using WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 T1 h2 T2]
    h2T2 WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h2 T2 h1 T1] comm-1 comm-2
    by presburger
  }
  ultimately show ?case by blast
qed
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-and-helper-subset:
  shows set (WEST-and-helper h L)  $\subseteq$  set (WEST-and-helper h (a # L))
proof -
  {assume *: WEST-and-trace h a = None
   then have WEST-and-helper h L = WEST-and-helper h (a # L)
     using WEST-and-helper.simps(2)[of h a L] by auto
   then have ?thesis by simp
  }
  moreover {assume *: WEST-and-trace h a  $\neq$  None
   then obtain res where WEST-and-trace h a = Some res
     by auto
   then have WEST-and-helper h (a#L) = res # WEST-and-helper h L
     using WEST-and-helper.simps(2)[of h a L] by auto
   then have ?thesis by auto
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-and-helper-set-member-converse:
  fixes retrace h::trace-regex
  fixes L::WEST-regex
  assumes assumption: ( $\exists$  loc. loc < length L  $\wedge$  ( $\exists$  sometrace. WEST-and-trace h
(L ! loc) = Some sometrace  $\wedge$  retrace = sometrace))
  shows retrace  $\in$  set (WEST-and-helper h L)
proof -
  show ?thesis using assumption
proof (induct L)
  case Nil
  then show ?case using WEST-and-helper.simps(1)
    by simp
next
  case (Cons a L)
  then obtain loc sometrace where obt: loc < length (a#L)  $\wedge$  WEST-and-trace
h ((a#L) ! loc) = Some sometrace  $\wedge$  retrace = sometrace
    by blast
  {assume *: loc = 0
   then have WEST-and-trace h a = Some sometrace  $\wedge$  retrace = sometrace
     using obt
     by simp
  }

```

```

    then have ?case using WEST-and-helper.simps(2)[of h a L]
      by auto
  } moreover {assume *: loc > 0
    then have loc: loc-1 < length L ∧
      WEST-and-trace h (L ! (loc-1)) = Some sometrace ∧ regtrace = sometrace
      using obt by auto
    have set (WEST-and-helper h L) ⊆ set (WEST-and-helper h (a # L))
      using WEST-and-helper-subset by blast
    then have ?case using Cons(1) loc by blast
  }
  ultimately show ?case by auto
qed
qed

```

lemma WEST-and-helper-set-member-forward:

```

  fixes regtrace h::trace-regex
  fixes L::WEST-regex
  assumes regtrace ∈ set (WEST-and-helper h L)
  shows (∃ loc. loc < length L ∧ (∃ sometrace. WEST-and-trace h (L ! loc) =
    Some sometrace ∧ regtrace = sometrace))
  using assms proof (induction L)
    case Nil
    then show ?case by simp
  next
    case (Cons a L)
    {assume *: WEST-and-trace h a = None
      then have ?case using WEST-and-helper.simps(2)[of h a L] Cons
        by force
    } moreover {assume *: WEST-and-trace h a ≠ None
      then obtain res where res: WEST-and-trace h a = Some res
        by auto
      then have WEST-and-helper h (a#L) = res # WEST-and-helper h L
        using WEST-and-helper.simps(2)[of h a L] by auto
      then have eo: regtrace = res ∨ regtrace ∈ set (WEST-and-helper h L)
        using Cons(2)
        by auto
      {assume *: regtrace = res
        then have ?case using res by auto
      } moreover {assume *: regtrace ∈ set (WEST-and-helper h L)
        then obtain loc where loc-prop: loc < length L ∧
          (∃ sometrace. WEST-and-trace h (L ! loc) = Some sometrace ∧ regtrace =
            sometrace)
          using Cons.IH by blast
        then have loc+1 < length (a#L) ∧
          (∃ sometrace. WEST-and-trace h ((a#L) ! (loc+1)) = Some sometrace ∧
            regtrace = sometrace)
          by auto
        then have ?case by blast
      }
    }
  }

```

```

    ultimately have ?case using eo
      by blast
  }
  ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-and-helper-set-member:
  fixes regtrace h::trace-regex
  fixes L::WEST-regex
  shows regtrace ∈ set (WEST-and-helper h L) ↔
    (∃ loc. loc < length L ∧ (∃ sometrace. WEST-and-trace h (L ! loc) = Some
    sometrace ∧ regtrace = sometrace))
  using WEST-and-helper-set-member-forward WEST-and-helper-set-member-converse
  by blast

```

```

lemma WEST-and-set-member-dir1:
  fixes num-vars::nat
  fixes L1::WEST-regex
  fixes L2::WEST-regex
  assumes L1-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L1 num-vars
  assumes L2-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L2 num-vars
  assumes regtrace ∈ set (WEST-and L1 L2)
  shows (∃ loc1 loc2. loc1 < length L1 ∧ loc2 < length L2 ∧
    (∃ sometrace. WEST-and-trace (L1 ! loc1) (L2 ! loc2) = Some sometrace ∧
    regtrace = sometrace))
  using assms proof (induct L1 arbitrary: L2)
  case Nil
  then show ?case using WEST-and.simps(2) WEST-and.simps(1)
    by (metis list.distinct(1) list.exhaust list.set-cases)
next
  case (Cons head tail)
  {assume L2-empty: L2 = []
  then have ?case
    using Cons.prems(3) by auto
  }
  moreover { assume L2-not-empty: L2 ≠ []
  {assume regtrace-in-head-L2: regtrace ∈ set (WEST-and-helper head L2)
  then obtain loc2 where (loc2 < length L2 ∧
    (∃ sometrace. WEST-and-trace head (L2 ! loc2) = Some sometrace ∧ regtrace
    = sometrace))
  using WEST-and-helper-set-member[of regtrace head L2]
  by blast
  then have 0 < length (head # tail) ∧
    loc2 < length L2 ∧
    (∃ sometrace.
      WEST-and-trace ((head # tail) ! 0) (L2 ! loc2) = Some sometrace ∧
      regtrace = sometrace)
  using regtrace-in-head-L2

```

```

    by simp
  then have ?case
    by blast
}
moreover {assume regtrace-notin-head-L2: regtrace ∉ set (WEST-and-helper
head L2)
  obtain h2 T2 where h2T2:L2 = h2#T2 using L2-not-empty
    by (meson list.exhaust)
  {assume *: WEST-and-helper head (h2 # T2) = []
    then have WEST-and (head # tail) L2 = WEST-and tail L2
      using WEST-and.simps(3)[of head tail h2 T2] h2T2 by simp
    }
  moreover {assume *: WEST-and-helper head (h2 # T2) ≠ []
    then have WEST-and (head # tail) L2 = (WEST-and-helper head L2) @
WEST-and tail L2
      using WEST-and.simps(3)[of head tail h2 T2] h2T2
      by (simp add: list.case-eq-if)
    }
  ultimately have e-o: WEST-and (head # tail) L2 = WEST-and tail L2 ∨
WEST-and (head # tail) L2 = (WEST-and-helper head L2) @ WEST-and tail L2
    by blast
  have regtrace-in: regtrace ∈ set (WEST-and tail L2) using L2-not-empty
regtrace-notin-head-L2 Cons.premis(3) h2T2 e-o
    by fastforce
  have ∀ k < length (head # tail). trace-regex-of-vars ((head # tail) ! k) num-vars
    using Cons.premis(1) unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by argo
  then have regtracelist-tail: WEST-regex-of-vars tail num-vars
    unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by auto
  obtain loc1 loc2 where loc1 < length tail ∧
    loc2 < length L2 ∧ (∃ sometrace. WEST-and-trace (tail ! loc1) (L2 ! loc2)
= Some sometrace ∧ regtrace = sometrace)
    using Cons.hyps[OF regtracelist-tail Cons.premis(2) regtrace-in] by blast
  then have loc1+1 < length (head # tail) ∧
    loc2 < length L2 ∧
    (∃ sometrace.
      WEST-and-trace ((head # tail) ! (loc1+1)) (L2 ! loc2) = Some sometrace
    )
  ∧
    regtrace = sometrace)
    by simp
  then have ?case
    by blast
}
ultimately have ?case
  by blast
}
ultimately show ?case
  by blast
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-and-subset:
  shows set (WEST-and T1 L2)  $\subseteq$  set (WEST-and (h1 # T1) L2)
proof -
  {assume *: L2 = []
   then have ?thesis by auto
  } moreover {assume *: L2  $\neq$  []
  then obtain h2 T2 where L2 = h2 # T2
    using list.exhaust-sel by blast
  then have ?thesis
    using WEST-and.simps(3)[of h1 T1 h2 T2]
    by (simp add: list.case-eq-if)
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed

lemma WEST-and-set-member-dir2:
  fixes num-vars::nat
  fixes L1::WEST-regex
  fixes L2::WEST-regex
  assumes L1-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L1 num-vars
  assumes L2-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L2 num-vars
  assumes exists-locs: ( $\exists$  loc1 loc2. loc1 < length L1  $\wedge$  loc2 < length L2  $\wedge$ 
    ( $\exists$  sometrace. WEST-and-trace (L1 ! loc1) (L2 ! loc2) = Some sometrace  $\wedge$ 
    regtrace = sometrace))
  shows regtrace  $\in$  set (WEST-and L1 L2) using assms
proof (induct L1 arbitrary: L2)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons h1 T1)
  then obtain loc1 loc2 where loc1loc2: loc1 < length (h1 # T1)  $\wedge$ 
    loc2 < length L2  $\wedge$ 
    ( $\exists$  sometrace.
      WEST-and-trace ((h1 # T1) ! loc1) (L2 ! loc2) = Some sometrace  $\wedge$ 
      regtrace = sometrace) by blast
  {assume *: L2 = []
   then have ?case using Cons by auto
  } moreover {assume *: L2  $\neq$  []
  then obtain h2 T2 where h2T2: L2 = h2 # T2
    using list.exhaust-sel by blast
  have  $\forall k < \text{length } (h1 \# T1). \text{trace-regex-of-vars } ((h1 \# T1) ! k) \text{ num-vars}$ 
    using Cons.prem(1) unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by argo
  then have regtraceList-T1: WEST-regex-of-vars T1 num-vars
    unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by auto
  {assume **: WEST-and-helper h1 L2 = []
   then have loc1 > 0
     using loc1loc2
     by (metis WEST-and-helper.simps(1) WEST-and-helper-set-member gr-implies-not-zero
      list.size(3) not-gr0 nth-Cons-0)
  }
  }
  then show ?case by auto
qed

```

```

then have exi:  $\exists loc1\ loc2.$ 
  loc1 < length T1  $\wedge$ 
  loc2 < length L2  $\wedge$ 
  ( $\exists$  sometrace.
    WEST-and-trace (T1 ! loc1) (L2 ! loc2) = Some sometrace  $\wedge$ 
    regtrace = sometrace)
  using loc1loc2
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-pred bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum length-Cons
nat-add-left-cancel-less nth-Cons' plus-1-eq-Suc)
  then have ?case
    using Cons.hyps[OF regtraceList-T1 Cons(3) exi] WEST-and-subset
    by auto
  } moreover {assume **: WEST-and-helper h1 L2  $\neq []$ 
  then have WEST-and (h1 # T1) (h2 # T2) = WEST-and-helper h1 (h2
# T2) @ WEST-and T1 (h2 # T2)
  by (simp add: list.case-eq-if)
  then have ?case
    using Cons.hyps[OF regtraceList-T1 Cons.prem(2)]
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-pred Un-iff WEST-and-helper-set-member-converse
gr-implies-not-zero h2T2 length-Cons linorder-neqE-nat loc1loc2 nat-add-left-cancel-less
nth-Cons' plus-1-eq-Suc set-append)
  }
  ultimately have ?case
    by auto
  }
  ultimately show ?case
    by auto
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-and-set-member*:

```

fixes num-vars::nat
fixes L1::WEST-regex
fixes L2::WEST-regex
assumes L1-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L1 num-vars
assumes L2-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L2 num-vars
shows regtrace  $\in$  set (WEST-and L1 L2)  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
  ( $\exists loc1\ loc2.$  loc1 < length L1  $\wedge$  loc2 < length L2  $\wedge$ 
  ( $\exists$  sometrace. WEST-and-trace (L1 ! loc1) (L2 ! loc2) = Some sometrace  $\wedge$ 
  regtrace = sometrace))
using WEST-and-set-member-dir1 WEST-and-set-member-dir2 assms by blast

```

**lemma** *WEST-and-commutative-sets-member*:

```

fixes num-vars::nat
fixes L1::WEST-regex
fixes L2::WEST-regex
assumes L1-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L1 num-vars
assumes L2-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L2 num-vars
assumes regtrace-in: regtrace  $\in$  set (WEST-and L1 L2)
shows regtrace  $\in$  set (WEST-and L2 L1)

```

**proof** –  
**obtain**  $loc1\ loc2$  **where**  $loc1loc2: loc1 < length\ L1 \wedge$   
 $loc2 < length\ L2 \wedge$   
 $(\exists\ sometrace.$   
 $WEST\text{-}and\text{-}trace\ (L1\ !\ loc1)\ (L2\ !\ loc2) = Some\ sometrace \wedge$   
 $regtrace = sometrace)$   
**using**  $WEST\text{-}and\text{-}set\text{-}member[OF\ L1\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars\ L2\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars]$   $regtrace\text{-}in$   
**by**  $auto$   
**have**  $loc1: trace\text{-}regex\text{-}of\text{-}vars\ (L1\ !\ loc1)\ num\text{-}vars$   
**using**  $L1\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars\ loc1loc2$  **unfolding**  $WEST\text{-}regex\text{-}of\text{-}vars\text{-}def$   
**by**  $(meson\ less\text{-}imp\text{-}le\text{-}nat)$   
**have**  $loc2: trace\text{-}regex\text{-}of\text{-}vars\ (L2\ !\ loc2)\ num\text{-}vars$   
**using**  $L2\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars\ loc1loc2$  **unfolding**  $WEST\text{-}regex\text{-}of\text{-}vars\text{-}def$   
**by**  $(meson\ less\text{-}imp\text{-}le\text{-}nat)$   
**have**  $loc1 < length\ L1 \wedge$   
 $loc2 < length\ L2 \wedge$   
 $(\exists\ sometrace.$   
 $WEST\text{-}and\text{-}trace\ (L2\ !\ loc2)\ (L1\ !\ loc1) = Some\ sometrace \wedge$   
 $regtrace = sometrace)$   
**using**  $loc1loc2\ WEST\text{-}and\text{-}trace\text{-}commutative[OF\ loc1\ loc2]$   
**by**  $simp$   
**then show**  $?thesis$  **using**  $loc1loc2$   
**using**  $WEST\text{-}and\text{-}set\text{-}member[OF\ L2\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars\ L1\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars]$   
**by**  $blast$   
**qed**

**lemma**  $WEST\text{-}and\text{-}commutative\text{-}sets:$   
**fixes**  $num\text{-}vars::nat$   
**fixes**  $L1::WEST\text{-}regex$   
**fixes**  $L2::WEST\text{-}regex$   
**assumes**  $L1\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars: WEST\text{-}regex\text{-}of\text{-}vars\ L1\ num\text{-}vars$   
**assumes**  $L2\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars: WEST\text{-}regex\text{-}of\text{-}vars\ L2\ num\text{-}vars$   
**shows**  $set\ (WEST\text{-}and\ L1\ L2) = set\ (WEST\text{-}and\ L2\ L1)$   
**using**  $WEST\text{-}and\text{-}commutative\text{-}sets\text{-}member[OF\ L1\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars\ L2\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars]$   
 $WEST\text{-}and\text{-}commutative\text{-}sets\text{-}member[OF\ L2\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars\ L1\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars]$   
**by**  $blast$

**lemma**  $WEST\text{-}and\text{-}commutative:$   
**fixes**  $num\text{-}vars::nat$   
**fixes**  $L1::WEST\text{-}regex$   
**fixes**  $L2::WEST\text{-}regex$   
**assumes**  $L1\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars: WEST\text{-}regex\text{-}of\text{-}vars\ L1\ num\text{-}vars$   
**assumes**  $L2\text{-}of\text{-}num\text{-}vars: WEST\text{-}regex\text{-}of\text{-}vars\ L2\ num\text{-}vars$   
**shows**  $regex\text{-}equiv\ (WEST\text{-}and\ L1\ L2)\ (WEST\text{-}and\ L2\ L1)$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $set\ (WEST\text{-}and\ L1\ L2) = set\ (WEST\text{-}and\ L2\ L1)$   
**using**  $WEST\text{-}and\text{-}commutative\text{-}sets\ assms$   
**by**  $blast$   
**then have**  $match\ \pi\ (WEST\text{-}and\ L1\ L2) = match\ \pi\ (WEST\text{-}and\ L2\ L1)$  **for**  $\pi$

```

    using match-def match-regex-def
    by (metis in-set-conv-nth)
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding regex-equiv-def by auto
qed

```

### 3.3.2 Identity and Zero

```

lemma WEST-and-helper-identity:
  shows WEST-and-helper [] trace = trace
proof (induct trace)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons h T)
  then show ?case
    using WEST-and-helper.simps(2)[of [] h T]
    by (smt (verit) WEST-and-trace.elims list.discI option.simps(5))
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-and-identity: WEST-and [[]] L = L
proof-
  {assume *: L = []
   then have ?thesis
     by auto
  } moreover {assume *: L ≠ []
  then obtain h T where hT: L = h#T
    using list.exhaust by auto
  then have ?thesis using WEST-and.simps(3)[of [] [] h T]
    using hT
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) WEST-and.simps(2) WEST-and-helper-identity
        append.right-neutral list.simps(5))
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-and-zero: WEST-and L [] = []
  by simp

```

### 3.3.3 WEST-and-state

```

Well Defined fun advance-state:: state ⇒ state
  where advance-state state = {x-1 | x. (x∈state ∧ x ≠ 0)}

```

```

lemma advance-state-elt-bound:
  fixes state::state
  fixes num-vars::nat
  assumes ∀ x∈state. x < num-vars
  shows ∀ x∈(advance-state state). x < (num-vars-1)

```

```

using assms advance-state.simps by auto

lemma advance-state-elt-member:
  fixes state::state
  fixes x::nat
  assumes  $x+1 \in \text{state}$ 
  shows  $x \in \text{advance-state state}$ 
  using assms advance-state.simps by force

lemma advance-state-match-timestep:
  fixes h::WEST-bit
  fixes t::state-regex
  fixes state::state
  assumes match-timestep state (h#t)
  shows match-timestep (advance-state state) t
proof –
  have  $(\forall x < \text{length } (h \# t).$ 
     $((h \# t) ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge ((h \# t) ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}))$ 
using assms unfolding match-timestep-def by argo
  then have  $\forall x < \text{length } t.$ 
     $((h \# t) ! (x+1) = \text{One} \longrightarrow (x+1) \in \text{state}) \wedge ((h \# t) ! (x+1) = \text{Zero}$ 
 $\longrightarrow (x+1) \notin \text{state})$  by auto
  then have  $\forall x < \text{length } t.$ 
     $(t ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in (\text{advance-state state})) \wedge (t ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin$ 
 $(\text{advance-state state}))$ 
  using advance-state.simps advance-state-elt-member by fastforce
  then show ?thesis using assms unfolding match-timestep-def by metis
qed

lemma WEST-and-state-well-defined:
  fixes num-vars::nat
  fixes state::state
  fixes s1 s2::state-regex
  assumes s1-of-num-vars: state-regex-of-vars s1 num-vars
  assumes s2-of-num-vars: state-regex-of-vars s2 num-vars
  assumes  $\pi$ -match-r1-r2: match-timestep state s1  $\wedge$  match-timestep state s2
  shows WEST-and-state s1 s2  $\neq$  None
proof –
  have same-length: length s1 = length s2
  using assms unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def by simp
  have  $(\forall x. x < \text{num-vars} \longrightarrow (((s1 ! x = \text{One}) \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge ((s1 ! x =$ 
 $\text{Zero}) \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})))$ 
  using assms unfolding match-timestep-def state-regex-of-vars-def by metis
  then have match-timestep-s1-unfold:  $\forall x \in \text{state}. x < \text{num-vars} \longrightarrow ((s1 ! x =$ 
 $\text{One}) \vee (s1 ! x = S))$ 
  using assms by (meson WEST-bit.exhaust)
  then have x-in-state-s1:  $\forall x. (x < \text{num-vars} \wedge x \in \text{state}) \longrightarrow ((s1 ! x = \text{One})$ 
 $\vee (s1 ! x = S))$  by blast

```

```

then have x-notin-state-s1:  $\forall x. (x < \text{num-vars} \wedge x \notin \text{state}) \longrightarrow ((s1 ! x = \text{Zero}) \vee (s1 ! x = S))$ 
using match-timestep-s1-unfold
by (meson WEST-bit.exhaust  $\langle \forall x < \text{num-vars}. (s1 ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge (s1 ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}) \rangle$ )
have match-timestep-s2-unfold:  $(\forall x. x < \text{num-vars} \longrightarrow (((s2 ! x = \text{One}) \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge ((s2 ! x = \text{Zero}) \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})))$ 
using assms unfolding match-timestep-def state-regex-of-vars-def by metis
then have  $\forall x \in \text{state}. x < \text{num-vars} \longrightarrow ((s2 ! x = \text{One}) \vee (s2 ! x = S))$ 
using assms by (meson WEST-bit.exhaust)
then have x-in-state-s2:  $\forall x. (x < \text{num-vars} \wedge x \in \text{state}) \longrightarrow ((s2 ! x = \text{One}) \vee (s2 ! x = S))$  by blast
then have x-notin-state-s2:  $\forall x. (x < \text{num-vars} \wedge x \notin \text{state}) \longrightarrow ((s2 ! x = \text{Zero}) \vee (s2 ! x = S))$ 
using match-timestep-s1-unfold
by (meson WEST-bit.exhaust  $\langle \forall x < \text{num-vars}. (s2 ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge (s2 ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}) \rangle$ )
have no-contradictory-bits1:  $\forall x \in \text{state}. x < \text{num-vars} \longrightarrow \text{WEST-and-bitwise } (s1 ! x) (s2 ! x) \neq \text{None}$ 
using x-in-state-s1 x-notin-state-s1 x-in-state-s2 x-notin-state-s2 WEST-and-bitwise.simps
by (metis match-timestep-s2-unfold not-Some-eq)
then have no-contradictory-bits2:  $\forall x. (x \notin \text{state} \wedge x < \text{num-vars}) \longrightarrow \text{WEST-and-bitwise } (s1 ! x) (s2 ! x) \neq \text{None}$ 
using x-in-state-s1 x-notin-state-s1 x-in-state-s2 x-notin-state-s2 WEST-and-bitwise.simps
by fastforce
have no-contradictory-bits:  $\forall x. x < \text{num-vars} \longrightarrow \text{WEST-and-bitwise } (s1 ! x) (s2 ! x) \neq \text{None}$ 
using no-contradictory-bits1 no-contradictory-bits2
by blast
show ?thesis using same-length no-contradictory-bits assms
proof (induct s1 arbitrary: s2 num-vars state)
  case Nil
    then show ?case by auto
  next
    case (Cons a s1)
      then have num-vars-bound:  $\text{num-vars} = (\text{length } s1) + 1$ 
        unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def by simp
      then have len-s2:  $\text{length } s2 = \text{num-vars}$  using Cons by simp
      then have  $\text{length } s2 \geq 1$  using num-vars-bound by simp
      then have s2-ht-exists:  $\exists h t. s2 = h \# t$ 
        by (metis Suc-eq-plus1 Suc-le-length-iff  $\langle \text{length } s2 = \text{num-vars} \rangle$  not-less-eq-eq num-vars-bound)
      obtain h t where s2-ht:  $s2 = h \# t$  using s2-ht-exists by blast
      {assume *: WEST-and-bitwise a h = None
        then have ?case using WEST-and-state.simps(2)
          using Cons.prem(2)  $\langle \text{length } s2 = \text{num-vars} \rangle$  s2-ht by force
        } moreover {assume **: WEST-and-bitwise a h  $\neq$  None
          have h1:  $\text{length } s1 = \text{length } t$ 
            using len-s2 num-vars-bound s2-ht by simp

```

```

    obtain num-var-minus1 where nvm1-def: num-var-minus1 = num-vars -
1 by simp
    then have  $\forall x < (\text{num-vars} - 1). \text{WEST-and-bitwise } ((a\#s1) ! (x+1)) ((h\#t)
! (x+1)) \neq \text{None}$ 
      using Cons.prem1(2)
      using num-vars-bound s2-ht by auto
    then have h2:  $\forall x < \text{num-var-minus1}. \text{WEST-and-bitwise } (s1 ! x) (t ! x) \neq
\text{None}$ 
      using nvm1-def by simp
    obtain adv-state where adv-state-def: adv-state = advance-state state by
simp
    have h4: state-regex-of-vars s1 num-var-minus1
      using Cons.prem1 unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def
      by (simp add: add-implies-diff num-vars-bound nvm1-def)
    have h5: state-regex-of-vars t num-var-minus1
      using h4 h1 unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def by simp
    have h6: match-timestep adv-state s1  $\wedge$  match-timestep adv-state t
      using Cons.prem1(5) s2-ht adv-state-def
      using advance-state-match-timestep by blast
    have ih: WEST-and-state s1 t  $\neq \text{None}$ 
      using Cons.hyps[of t num-var-minus1 adv-state] h1 h2 h4 h5 h6 by auto
    have ?case using WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of a s1 h t] ** ih s2-ht by auto
  }
  ultimately show ?case
    by blast
qed
qed

```

**Correct Forward lemma** WEST-and-state-length:

```

fixes s1 s2::state-regex
assumes samelen: length s1 = length s2
assumes r-exists: (WEST-and-state s1 s2)  $\neq \text{None}$ 
shows  $\exists r. \text{length } r = \text{length } s1 \wedge \text{WEST-and-state } s1 s2 = \text{Some } r$ 
proof -
  have s1s2-exists:  $\exists r. \text{WEST-and-state } s1 s2 = \text{Some } r$ 
    using assms by simp
  then obtain r where s1s2-obt: WEST-and-state s1 s2 = Some r by auto
  let ?n = length s1
  have s1s2-length-n: length r = ?n
    using assms s1s2-obt
  proof (induct ?n arbitrary: s1 s2 r)
    case 0
    then show ?case using WEST-and-state.simps(1) by simp
  next
    case (Suc x)
    have length s1  $\geq 1$  using Suc.hyps(2) by simp
    then have  $\exists h1 t1. s1 = h1 \# t1$  by (simp add: Suc-le-length-iff)
    then obtain h1 t1 where h1t1: s1 = h1 # t1 by blast
    have length s2  $\geq 1$  using Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prem1(1) by auto

```

```

then have  $\exists h2\ t2. s2 = h2 \# t2$  by (simp add: Suc-le-length-iff)
then obtain  $h2\ t2$  where  $h2t2: s2 = h2 \# t2$  by blast
have WEST-and-bitwise  $h1\ h2 \neq None$ 
  using Suc.prem1  $h1t1\ h2t2$  WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of  $h1\ t1\ h2\ t2$ ]
  by (metis option.simps(4))
then obtain  $h1h2$  where  $h1h2\text{-and}: Some\ h1h2 = WEST\text{-and}\text{-bitwise}\ h1\ h2$ 
by auto
have WEST-and-state  $t1\ t2 \neq None$ 
  using Suc.prem1  $h1t1\ h2t2$  WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of  $h1\ t1\ h2\ t2$ ]
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) not-None-eq option.simps(4) option.simps(5))
then obtain  $t1t2$  where  $t1t2\text{-and}: Some\ t1t2 = WEST\text{-and}\text{-state}\ t1\ t2$  by
auto
have cond1:  $x = length\ t1$  using  $h1t1$  Suc.hyps(2) by auto
have cond2:  $length\ t1 = length\ t2$  using  $h1t1\ h2t2$  Suc.prem1 by auto
have len-t1t2:  $length\ t1t2 = length\ t1$ 
  using Suc.hyps(1)[of  $t1\ t2\ t1t2$ ] using cond1 cond2 t1t2-and
  using <WEST-and-state  $t1\ t2 \neq None$ > by fastforce
have r-decomp:  $r = h1h2 \# t1t2$ 
  using Suc.prem3  $h1h2\text{-and}\ t1t2\text{-and}$  WEST-and-state.simps(2)
  by (metis  $h1t1\ h2t2$  option.inject option.simps(5))
show ?case using r-decomp len-t1t2  $h1t1\ h2t2$  by auto
qed
then show ?thesis using assms  $s1s2\text{-obt}\ s1s2\text{-exists}$  by simp
qed

```

lemma *index-shift*:

```

fixes  $a::WEST\text{-bit}$ 
fixes  $t::state\text{-regex}$ 
fixes  $state::state$ 
assumes  $(a = One \longrightarrow 0 \in state) \wedge (a = Zero \longrightarrow 0 \notin state)$ 
assumes  $\forall x < length\ t. ((t!x) = One \longrightarrow x + 1 \in state) \wedge ((t!x) = Zero \longrightarrow x$ 
+ 1  $\notin state)$ 
shows  $\forall x < length\ (a\#\ t). ((a\#\ t)!x = One \longrightarrow x \in state) \wedge ((a\#\ t)!x = Zero$ 
 $\longrightarrow x \notin state)$ 
proof -
have  $(a = One \longrightarrow 0 \in state)$  using assms by auto
then have  $a\text{-one}: (a\#\ t)!0 = One \longrightarrow 0 \in state$  by simp
have  $t\text{-one}: \forall x < length\ t. (t!x) = One \longrightarrow x + 1 \in state$  using assms by auto
have  $\forall x < (length\ t) + 1. (x \neq 0 \wedge (a\#\ t)!x = One) \longrightarrow x \in state$ 
  using  $t\text{-one}$  assms(2)
by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-diff-1 Suc-less-eq add-Suc-right cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel
gr-zeroI less-numeral-extra(1) linordered-semidom-class.add-diff-inverse nth-Cons'
verit-comp-simplify1(1))
then have  $at\text{-one}: \forall x < length\ (a\#\ t). ((a\#\ t)!x = One \longrightarrow x \in state)$ 
  using  $a\text{-one}\ t\text{-one}$  by (simp add: nth-Cons')
have  $(a = Zero \longrightarrow 0 \notin state)$  using assms by auto
then have  $a\text{-zero}: (a\#\ t)!0 = Zero \longrightarrow 0 \notin state$  by simp
have  $t\text{-zero}: \forall x < length\ t. (t!x) = Zero \longrightarrow x + 1 \notin state$  using assms by auto

```

**have**  $\forall x < (\text{length } t) + 1. (x \neq 0 \wedge (a\#t)!x = \text{Zero}) \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}$   
**using** *t-zero assms(2)*  
**by** (*metis Nat.add-0-right Suc-diff-1 Suc-less-eq add-Suc-right cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel less-one not-gr-zero nth-Cons'*)  
**then have** *at-zero*:  $\forall x < \text{length } (a\#t). ((a\#t)!x = \text{Zero}) \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}$   
**using** *a-zero t-zero by (simp add: nth-Cons')*  
**show** *?thesis* **using** *at-one at-zero by blast*  
**qed**

**lemma** *index-shift-reverse*:  
**fixes** *a*::*WEST-bit*  
**fixes** *t*::*state-regex*  
**fixes** *state*::*state*  
**assumes**  $\forall x < \text{length } (a\#t). ((a\#t)!x = \text{One}) \longrightarrow x \in \text{state} \wedge ((a\#t)!x = \text{Zero}) \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}$   
**shows**  $\forall x < \text{length } t. ((t!x) = \text{One}) \longrightarrow x + 1 \in \text{state} \wedge ((t!x) = \text{Zero}) \longrightarrow x + 1 \notin \text{state}$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $\text{length } (a\#t) = (\text{length } t) + 1$  **by** *simp*  
**then have**  $\forall x < (\text{length } t) + 1. ((a\#t)!x = \text{One}) \longrightarrow x \in \text{state} \wedge ((a\#t)!x = \text{Zero}) \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}$   
**using** *assms by metis*  
**then show** *?thesis* **by** *simp*  
**qed**

**lemma** *WEST-and-state-correct-forward*:  
**fixes** *num-vars*::*nat*  
**fixes** *state*::*state*  
**fixes** *s1 s2*::*state-regex*  
**assumes** *s1-of-num-vars*: *state-regex-of-vars s1 num-vars*  
**assumes** *s2-of-num-vars*: *state-regex-of-vars s2 num-vars*  
**assumes** *match-both*: *match-timestep state s1*  $\wedge$  *match-timestep state s2*  
**shows**  $\exists \text{somestate}. (\text{match-timestep state somestate}) \wedge (\text{WEST-and-state } s1 s2) = \text{Some somestate}$   
**proof** –  
**have** *WEST-and-state s1 s2*  $\neq$  *None*  
**using** *WEST-and-state-well-defined assms by simp*  
**then have**  $\exists \text{somestate}. \text{WEST-and-state } s1 s2 = \text{Some somestate}$  **by** *auto*  
**then obtain** *somestate* **where** *somestate-obt*: *WEST-and-state s1 s2 = Some somestate* **by** *auto*  
**have** *samelength*:  $\text{length } s1 = \text{length } s2$  **using** *assms(1, 2)* **unfolding** *state-regex-of-vars-def* **by** *auto*  
**have** *len-s1*:  $\text{length } s1 = \text{num-vars}$  **using** *assms* **unfolding** *state-regex-of-vars-def* **by** *auto*  
**have** *len-s2*:  $\text{length } s2 = \text{num-vars}$  **using** *samelength len-s1* **by** *auto*  
**have** *len-somestate*:  $\text{length } \text{somestate} = \text{num-vars}$   
**using** *samelength somestate-obt WEST-and-state.simps WEST-and-state-length*

```

    using len-s1 len-s2
    by fastforce
    have s1-bits:  $\forall x < \text{num-vars}. (s1 ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge (s1 ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
    using assms(3) len-s1 unfolding match-timestep-def by metis
    have s2-bits:  $\forall x < \text{num-vars}. (s2 ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge (s2 ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
    using assms(3) len-s2 unfolding match-timestep-def len-s2 by metis
    have somestate-bits:  $\forall x < \text{num-vars}. (\text{somestate} ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge (\text{somestate} ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
    using s1-bits s2-bits somestate-obt len-s1 len-s2 len-somestate assms(1)
    proof(induct somestate arbitrary: s1 s2 num-vars state)
      case Nil
      then show ?case
        by (metis less-nat-zero-code list.size(3))
    next
      case (Cons a t)
      have length s1  $\geq 1$  using Cons.prem(4, 5, 6) by auto
      then have  $\exists h1 t1. s1 = h1 \# t1$  by (simp add: Suc-le-length-iff)
      then obtain h1 t1 where h1t1:  $s1 = h1 \# t1$  by auto
      have length s2  $\geq 1$  using Cons.prem(4, 5, 6) by auto
      then have  $\exists h2 t2. s2 = h2 \# t2$  by (simp add: Suc-le-length-iff)
      then obtain h2 t2 where h2t2:  $s2 = h2 \# t2$  by auto
      have h1h2-not-none: WEST-and-bitwise h1 h2  $\neq \text{None}$ 
        using Cons.prem(3) h1t1 h2t2 WEST-and-state.simp(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
        by (metis option.discI option.simp(4))
      then have t1t2-not-none: WEST-and-state t1 t2  $\neq \text{None}$ 
        using Cons.prem(3) h1t1 h2t2 WEST-and-state.simp(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
        by (metis option.case-eq-if option.distinct(1))
      have h1h2-is-a: WEST-and-bitwise h1 h2 = Some a
        using Cons.prem(3) h1t1 h2t2 WEST-and-state.simp(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
        using t1t2-not-none h1h2-not-none by auto
      have t1t2-is-t: WEST-and-state t1 t2 = Some t
        using Cons.prem(3) h1t1 h2t2 WEST-and-state.simp(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
        using t1t2-not-none h1h2-not-none by auto
      let ?num-vars-m1 = num-vars - 1
      have len-t:  $\text{Suc}(\text{length } t) = \text{num-vars}$ 
        using Cons.prem(1-6) by simp
      then have length-t:  $\text{length } t = ?\text{num-vars-m1}$  by simp
      then have length-t1:  $\text{length } t1 = ?\text{num-vars-m1}$  using Cons.prem(1-6) h1t1
    by simp
      then have length-t2:  $\text{length } t2 = ?\text{num-vars-m1}$  using Cons.prem(1-6) h2t2
    by simp
      have (a = One  $\longrightarrow 0 \in \text{state}$ )  $\wedge$  (a = Zero  $\longrightarrow 0 \notin \text{state}$ )
        using h1h2-is-a Cons.prem(1, 2) h1t1 h2t2 WEST-and-bitwise.simp
        by (smt (verit) WEST-and-bitwise.elims len-t nth-Cons-0 option.inject zero-less-Suc)
      then have a-fact:  $((a \# t) ! 0 = \text{One} \longrightarrow 0 \in \text{state}) \wedge ((a \# t) ! 0 = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow 0 \notin \text{state})$  by auto
      let ?adv-state = advance-state state

```

```

have  $\forall x < \text{num-vars}. ((h1 \# t1) ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge ((h1 \# t1) ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
using Cons.prem1 h1t1 advance-state.simps[of state] by blast
then have cond1:  $\forall x < \text{num-vars}-1. (t1 ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow (x+1) \in \text{state}) \wedge (t1 ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow (x+1) \notin \text{state})$ 
using index-shift-reverse[of h1 t1] by simp
then have cond1:  $\forall x < \text{num-vars}-1. (t1 ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in ?\text{adv-state}) \wedge (t1 ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin ?\text{adv-state})$ 
using advance-state-elt-member by fastforce
have  $\forall x < \text{num-vars}. ((h2 \# t2) ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge ((h2 \# t2) ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
using Cons.prem2 h2t2 advance-state.simps[of state] by blast
then have  $\forall x < \text{num-vars}-1. (t2 ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow (x+1) \in \text{state}) \wedge (t2 ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow (x+1) \notin \text{state})$ 
using index-shift-reverse[of h2 t2] by simp
then have cond2:  $\forall x < \text{num-vars}-1. (t2 ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in ?\text{adv-state}) \wedge (t2 ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin ?\text{adv-state})$ 
using advance-state-elt-member by fastforce
have t-fact:  $\forall x < \text{length } t. (t ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in ?\text{adv-state}) \wedge (t ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin ?\text{adv-state})$ 
using Cons.hyps[of ?num-vars-m1 t1 ?adv-state t2]
using length-t length-t1 length-t2 t1t2-is-t cond1 cond2
by (metis (mono-tags, opaque-lifting) state-regex-of-vars-def)
then have t-fact:  $\forall x < \text{length } t. (t ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow (x+1) \in \text{state}) \wedge (t ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow (x+1) \notin \text{state})$ 
using advance-state-elt-member by auto
have cons-index:  $\forall x < \text{length } (a \# t). (t ! x) = (a \# t)!(x+1)$  by auto
have somestate-fact:  $\forall x < \text{length } (a \# t). ((a \# t) ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge ((a \# t) ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
using a-fact t-fact index-shift[of a state] Cons.prem5,6
using  $\langle (a = \text{One} \longrightarrow 0 \in \text{state}) \wedge (a = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow 0 \notin \text{state}) \rangle$  by blast
show ?case
using somestate-fact len-t by auto
qed
have match-somestate: match-timestep state somestate
using somestate-obt assms somestate-bits
using len-s2 len-somestate
unfolding match-timestep-def
by metis
then show ?thesis using somestate-obt by simp
qed

```

**Correct Converse lemma** *WEST-and-state-indices*:

```

fixes s s1 s2::state-regex
assumes WEST-and-state s1 s2 = Some s
assumes length s1 = length s2
assumes x < length s
shows Some (s!x) = WEST-and-bitwise (s1!x) (s2!x)
using assms

```

```

proof(induct s arbitrary: s1 s2 x)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons h t)
  then obtain h1 t1 where h1t1: s1 = h1 # t1
    by (metis WEST-and-state.simps(1) length-greater-0-conv neq-Nil-conv option.inject)
  obtain h2 t2 where h2t2: s2 = h2 # t2
    using Cons
    by (metis WEST-and-state.simps(1) length-greater-0-conv neq-Nil-conv option.inject)
  have notnone1: WEST-and-bitwise h1 h2 ≠ None using h1t1 h2t2 Cons(2) WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
    by (metis option.distinct(1) option.simps(4))
  have notnone2: WEST-and-state t1 t2 ≠ None using h1t1 h2t2 Cons(2) WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
    by (metis option.case-eq-if option.discI)
  have someh: WEST-and-bitwise h1 h2 = Some h using h1t1 h2t2 Cons(2) WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
    notnone1 notnone2 by auto
  have somet: WEST-and-state t1 t2 = Some t using h1t1 h2t2 Cons(2) WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
    notnone1 notnone2 by auto
  then have some-t: x < length t ⇒ Some (t ! x) = WEST-and-bitwise (t ! x) (t2 ! x) for x
    using h1t1 h2t2 Cons(1)[OF some-t] Cons(3)
    by simp
  have some-zero: Some ((h # t) ! 0) = WEST-and-bitwise (s1 ! 0) (s2 ! 0)
    using someh h1t1 h2t2 by simp
  {assume *: x = 0
    then have ?case
      using some-zero by auto
  } moreover {assume *: x > 0
    then have xminus-lt: x-1 < length t
      using Cons(4) by simp
    have Some ((h # t) ! x) = Some (t ! (x-1))
      using *
      by auto
    then have ?case
      using some-t[OF xminus-lt] h1t1 h2t2
      by (simp add: *)
  }
  ultimately show ?case
    by blast
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-and-state-correct-converse-s1:
  fixes num-vars::nat

```

```

fixes state::state
fixes s1 s2:: state-regex
assumes s1-of-num-vars: state-regex-of-vars s1 num-vars
assumes s2-of-num-vars: state-regex-of-vars s2 num-vars
assumes match-and:  $\exists$  somestate. (match-timestep state somestate)  $\wedge$  (WEST-and-state s1 s2) = Some somestate
shows match-timestep state s1
proof –
  have s1-bits:  $(\forall x < \text{length } s1. (s1 ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge (s1 ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}))$ 
    using assms
  proof(induct s1 arbitrary: s2 num-vars state)
    case Nil
    then show ?case by auto
  next
    case (Cons h1 t1)
    obtain somestate where
      somestate-obt: (match-timestep state somestate)  $\wedge$  (WEST-and-state (h1 # t1) s2) = Some somestate
    using Cons.prem3 by auto

    have len-s1: length (h1 # t1) = num-vars using Cons.prem3 unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def
  by simp
    have len-s2: length s2 = num-vars using Cons.prem3 unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def
  by simp
    then obtain h2 t2 where h2t2: s2=h2 # t2
    by (metis WEST-and-state.simps3 neq-Nil-conv not-Some-eq somestate-obt)
    have len-somestate: length somestate = num-vars
    using somestate-obt WEST-and-state-length[of - s2] unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def
  len-s2
    using len-s1 by fastforce
    then obtain h t where ht: somestate = h # t using len-s1
    by (metis Ex-list-of-length Zero-not-Suc length-Cons neq-Nil-conv)

    have somestate-bits:  $(\forall x < \text{length } \text{somestate}. (\text{somestate} ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge (\text{somestate} ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}))$ 
    using somestate-obt unfolding match-timestep-def by argo
    then have somestate-bits-conv:  $(\forall x < \text{length } \text{somestate}. (x \in \text{state} \longrightarrow (\text{somestate} ! x = \text{One} \vee \text{somestate} ! x = S)) \wedge (x \notin \text{state} \longrightarrow (\text{somestate} ! x = \text{Zero} \vee \text{somestate} ! x = S)))$ 
  = S)))
    by (meson WEST-bit.exhaust)
    have WEST-and-state (h1 # t1) s2 = Some somestate using somestate-obt by blast
    then have somestate-and: WEST-and-state (h1 # t1) (h2 # t2) = Some (h # t)
    using h2t2 ht by simp

    have (somestate ! 0 = One  $\longrightarrow$  0  $\in$  state)  $\wedge$  (somestate ! 0 = Zero  $\longrightarrow$  0  $\notin$  state)

```

```

    using somestate-bits len-somestate len-s1 by simp
    then have somestate-bit0: (h = One  $\longrightarrow$  0  $\in$  state)  $\wedge$  (h = Zero  $\longrightarrow$  0  $\notin$ 
state)
    using ht by simp
    have h1h2-not-none: WEST-and-bitwise h1 h2  $\neq$  None
    using somestate-and WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2] h2t2
    using option.simps(4) by fastforce
    have t1t2-not-none: WEST-and-state t1 t2  $\neq$  None
    using h1h2-not-none somestate-and WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
    using option.simps(4) by fastforce
    then have h1h2-is-h: WEST-and-bitwise h1 h2 = Some h
    using somestate-and WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2] h1h2-not-none
by auto
    have h-fact-converse: (0  $\in$  state  $\longrightarrow$  (h1 = One  $\vee$  h1 = S))  $\wedge$  (0  $\notin$  state  $\longrightarrow$ 
(h1 = Zero  $\vee$  h1 = S))
    using somestate-bit0 h1h2-is-h WEST-and-bitwise.simps[of h1] h1h2-not-none
    by (metis (full-types) WEST-and-bitwise.elims option.inject)
    then have h-fact: (h1 = One  $\longrightarrow$  0  $\in$  state)  $\wedge$  (h1 = Zero  $\longrightarrow$  0  $\notin$  state) by
auto

    have somestate-bits-t:  $\forall x < \text{length } t. (t!x = \text{One} \longrightarrow (x+1) \in \text{state}) \wedge (t!x =
\text{Zero} \longrightarrow (x+1) \notin \text{state})$ 
    using index-shift-reverse[of h t] Cons.prem(1) somestate-bits len-somestate
len-s1 ht by blast
    have t1t2-is-t: WEST-and-state t1 t2 = Some t
    using somestate-and WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2] t1t2-not-none
h1h2-not-none by auto
    then have t1t2-is-t-indices:  $\forall x < \text{length } t. \text{Some } (t!x) = \text{WEST-and-bitwise}
(t1!x) (t2!x)$ 
    using WEST-and-state-indices[of t1 t2 t] len-s1 len-s2 h2t2 by simp
    have t-fact-converse1:  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{length } t1 \implies ((x+1) \in \text{state} \longrightarrow (t1!x = \text{One}
\vee t1!x = S)) \wedge ((x+1) \notin \text{state} \longrightarrow (t1!x = \text{Zero} \vee t1!x = S))$ 
    proof -
    fix x
    assume x-lt:  $x < \text{length } t1$ 
    have *: (t!x = One  $\longrightarrow$  (x+1)  $\in$  state)  $\wedge$  (t!x = Zero  $\longrightarrow$  (x+1)  $\notin$  state)
    using x-lt somestate-bits-t len-s1 len-somestate ht by auto
    have **: Some (t ! x) = WEST-and-bitwise (t1 ! x) (t2 ! x)
    using x-lt somestate-bits-t len-s1 len-somestate ht t1t2-is-t-indices by auto

    {assume case1: (x+1)  $\in$  state
    then have t!x = One  $\vee$  t1!x = S
    using *
    by (smt (verit) ** WEST-and-bitwise.elims WEST-and-bitwise.simps(2)
option.distinct(1) option.inject)
    then have (t1!x = One  $\vee$  t1!x = S)
    using x-lt WEST-and-bitwise.simps[of t1!x] * **
    by (metis (full-types) WEST-bit.exhaust not-None-eq option.inject)
    } moreover {assume case2: (x+1)  $\notin$  state

```

```

    then have  $t!x = \text{Zero} \vee t!x = S$ 
      using *
      by (smt (verit) ** WEST-and-bitwise.elims WEST-and-bitwise.simps(2)
option.distinct(1) option.inject)
    then have  $(t!x = \text{Zero} \vee t!x = S)$ 
      using x-lt WEST-and-bitwise.simps[of t!x] * **
      by (metis (full-types) WEST-bit.exhaust not-None-eq option.inject)
  }
  ultimately show  $((x+1) \in \text{state} \longrightarrow (t!x = \text{One} \vee t!x = S)) \wedge ((x+1) \notin \text{state} \longrightarrow (t!x = \text{Zero} \vee t!x = S))$ 
    by blast
  qed
  then have t-fact:  $\forall x < \text{length } t1. (t!x = \text{One} \longrightarrow (x+1) \in \text{state}) \wedge (t!x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow (x+1) \notin \text{state})$ 
    by force

```

```

  show ?case
    using h-fact t-fact Cons.premis len-s2 len-somestate index-shift[of h1 state]
    unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def by blast
  qed

```

```

  show ?thesis
    using s1-bits assms(1) unfolding match-timestep-def
    using state-regex-of-vars-def s1-of-num-vars by presburger
  qed

```

lemma WEST-and-state-correct-converse:

```

  fixes num-vars::nat
  fixes state::state
  fixes s1 s2:: state-regex
  assumes s1-of-num-vars: state-regex-of-vars s1 num-vars
  assumes s2-of-num-vars: state-regex-of-vars s2 num-vars
  assumes match-and:  $\exists \text{somestate}. (\text{match-timestep state somestate}) \wedge (\text{WEST-and-state } s1 s2) = \text{Some somestate}$ 
  shows match-timestep state s1  $\wedge$  match-timestep state s2
  proof-
  have match-s1: match-timestep state s1 using assms WEST-and-state-correct-converse-s1
  by simp
  have match-s2: match-timestep state s2
  using assms WEST-and-state-correct-converse-s1 WEST-and-state-commutative
  by (simp add: state-regex-of-vars-def)
  show ?thesis using match-s1 match-s2 by simp
  qed

```

lemma WEST-and-state-correct:

```

  fixes num-vars::nat
  fixes state::state
  fixes s1 s2:: state-regex

```

```

assumes s1-of-num-vars: state-regex-of-vars s1 num-vars
assumes s2-of-num-vars: state-regex-of-vars s2 num-vars
shows (match-timestep state s1  $\wedge$  match-timestep state s2)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists$  somestate.
match-timestep state somestate  $\wedge$  (WEST-and-state s1 s2) = Some somestate)
using assms WEST-and-state-correct-converse
           WEST-and-state-correct-forward by metis

```

### 3.3.4 WEST-and-trace

**Well Defined lemma** *WEST-and-trace-well-defined:*

```

fixes num-vars::nat
fixes π::trace
fixes r1 r2:: trace-regex
assumes r1-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
assumes r2-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
assumes π-match-r1-r2: match-regex π r1  $\wedge$  match-regex π r2
shows WEST-and-trace r1 r2  $\neq$  None
proof –
show ?thesis using assms
proof(induct r1 arbitrary: r2 π num-vars)
  case Nil
    {assume r2-empty:r2 = []
     then have ?case using WEST-and-trace.simps by blast
    } moreover {assume r2-nonempty: r2  $\neq$  []
     then obtain h2 t2 where r2 = h2#t2
     by (metis trim-reversed-regex.cases)
     then have ?case using WEST-and-trace.simps(2)[of h2 t2] by blast
    }
    ultimately show ?case by blast
  next
  case (Cons h1 t1)
    {assume r2-empty:r2 = []
     then have ?case using WEST-and-trace.simps by blast
    } moreover {assume r2-nonempty: r2  $\neq$  []
     then obtain h2 t2 where h2t2: r2 = h2#t2
     by (metis trim-reversed-regex.cases)

     have h1t1-nv:  $\forall i < \text{length } (h1 \# t1). \text{length } ((h1 \# t1) ! i) = \text{num-vars}$ 
     using Cons.prem1 unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by argo
     then have length ((h1 # t1) ! 0) = num-vars by blast
     then have h1-nv: state-regex-of-vars h1 num-vars
     unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def by simp
     have h2t2-nv:  $\forall i < \text{length } (h2 \# t2). \text{length } ((h2 \# t2) ! i) = \text{num-vars}$ 
     using Cons.prem2 h2t2 unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by metis
     then have length ((h2 # t2) ! 0) = num-vars by blast
     then have h2-nv: state-regex-of-vars h2 num-vars
     unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def by simp

     have match-timestep (π ! 0) h1  $\wedge$  match-timestep (π ! 0) h2

```

```

    using Cons(4) unfolding match-regex-def
    by (metis h2t2 length-greater-0-conv list.distinct(1) nth-Cons-0)
  then have h1h2-notnone: WEST-and-state h1 h2 ≠ None
    using WEST-and-state-well-defined[of h1 num-vars h2 π!0, OF h1-nv h2-nv]
  by blast

  have t1-nv: trace-regex-of-vars t1 num-vars
    using h1t1-nv unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
  have t2-nv: trace-regex-of-vars t2 num-vars
    using h2t2-nv unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto

  have unfold-prem3: (∀ time < length (h1 # t1). match-timestep (π ! time) ((h1
# t1) ! time)) ∧
    length (h1 # t1) ≤ length π ∧ (∀ time < length r2. match-timestep (π ! time)
(r2 ! time)) ∧ length r2 ≤ length π
    using Cons.prem3 unfolding match-regex-def by argo

  have unfold-prem3-bounds: length (h1 # t1) ≤ length π ∧ length r2 ≤ length
π
    using unfold-prem3 by blast
  have π-drop1-len: length (drop 1 π) = (length π) - 1 by simp
  have len-t1t2: length t1 = length (h1 # t1) - 1 ∧ length t2 = length (h2 # t2) - 1
  by simp
  have bounds: length t1 ≤ length (drop 1 π) ∧ length t2 ≤ length (drop 1 π)
    using unfold-prem3-bounds h2t2 π-drop1-len len-t1t2 h2t2
    by (metis diff-le-mono)

  have unfold-prem3-matches: (∀ time < length (h1 # t1). match-timestep (π !
time) ((h1 # t1) ! time)) ∧
    (∀ time < length (h2 # t2). match-timestep (π ! time)
((h2 # t2) ! time))
    using unfold-prem3 h2t2 by blast

  have h1t1-match: (∀ time < length (h1 # t1). match-timestep (π ! time) ((h1
# t1) ! time))
    using unfold-prem3-matches by blast
  then have (∧ time. time < length t1 ⇒ match-timestep (drop 1 π ! time) (t1
! time))
    proof -
      fix time
      assume time-bound: time < length t1
      have time+1 < length (h1 # t1) using time-bound by auto
      then have match-timestep (π ! (time+1)) ((h1 # t1) ! (time+1)) using
h1t1-match by auto
      then show match-timestep (drop 1 π ! time) (t1 ! time)
        using cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel unfold-prem3 by auto
    qed
  then have t1-match: (∀ time < length t1. match-timestep (drop 1 π ! time) (t1
! time))

```

```

    by blast

    have h2t2-match:  $\forall time < length (h2 \# t2). match-timestep (\pi ! time) ((h2 \# t2) ! time)$ 
      using unfold-prem3-matches by blast
    then have ( $\bigwedge time. time < length t2 \implies match-timestep (drop 1 \pi ! time) (t2 ! time)$ )
      proof-
      fix time
      assume time-bound:  $time < length t2$ 
      have  $time+1 < length (h2 \# t2)$  using time-bound by auto
      then have  $match-timestep (\pi ! (time+1)) ((h2 \# t2) ! (time+1))$  using h2t2-match by auto
      then show  $match-timestep (drop 1 \pi ! time) (t2 ! time)$ 
        using cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel unfold-prem3 by auto
      qed
    then have t2-match: ( $\forall time < length t2. match-timestep (drop 1 \pi ! time) (t2 ! time)$ )
      by blast

    then have matches: ( $\forall time < length t1. match-timestep (drop 1 \pi ! time) (t1 ! time)$ )  $\wedge$ 
      ( $\forall time < length t2. match-timestep (drop 1 \pi ! time) (t2 ! time)$ )
      using t1-match t2-match by blast
    have match-regex ( $drop 1 \pi$ ) t1  $\wedge$  match-regex ( $drop 1 \pi$ ) t2
      using bounds matches unfolding match-regex-def h2t2 by auto
    then have t1t2-notnone: WEST-and-trace t1 t2  $\neq None$ 
      using Cons.hyps[of num-vars t2 drop 1 \pi, OF t1-nv t2-nv] by simp

    have WEST-and-trace (h1  $\#$  t1) (h2  $\#$  t2)  $\neq None$ 
      using h1h2-notnone t1t2-notnone WEST-and-trace.simps(3) by auto
    then have ?case using h2t2 by auto
  }
  ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

**Correct Forward lemma** *WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-aux*:

```

  assumes match-regex  $\pi (h \# t)$ 
  shows match-timestep ( $\pi ! 0$ ) h  $\wedge$  match-regex ( $drop 1 \pi$ ) t
proof -
  have ind-h: ( $\forall time < length (h \# t). match-timestep (\pi ! time) ((h \# t) ! time)$ )  $\wedge$ 
 $length (h \# t) \leq length \pi$ 
    using assms unfolding match-regex-def by metis
  then have part1: match-timestep ( $\pi ! 0$ ) h
    by auto
  have part2: match-timestep ( $drop 1 \pi ! time$ ) (t ! time) if time-lt:  $time < length t$ 
  for time
  proof -

```

```

have match: match-timestep ( $\pi ! (time+1)$ ) ( $(h \# t) ! (time+1)$ )
  using ind-h time-lt by auto
have ( $\pi ! (time + 1)$ ) = (drop 1  $\pi ! time$ )
  using add.commute add-gr-0 impossible-Cons ind-h less-add-same-cancel2
less-eq-iff-succ-less by auto
  then show ?thesis using match by auto
qed
have part3: length t  $\leq$  length (drop 1  $\pi$ )
  using ind-h by auto
show ?thesis using part1 part2 part3 unfolding match-regex-def by simp
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-aux-converse*:

```

assumes  $\pi = hxi\#txi$ 
assumes match-timestep (hxi) h
assumes match-regex txi t
shows match-regex  $\pi$  (h\#t)
proof -
have all-time-t:  $\forall time < length\ t.$  match-timestep (txi ! time) (t ! time)
  using assms(3) unfolding match-regex-def by argo
have len-t-leq: length t  $\leq$  length txi
  using assms(3) unfolding match-regex-def by argo
have match-ht: match-timestep ( $\pi ! time$ ) ( $(h \# t) ! time$ ) if time-ht: time < length
(h \# t)
  for time
proof -
  {assume *: time = 0
  then have ?thesis
    using assms(2) assms(1)
    by auto
  } moreover {assume *: time > 0
  then have ?thesis
    using time-ht all-time-t assms(1)
    by auto
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
qed
have len-condition: length (h \# t)  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
  using assms(1) len-t-leq by auto
then show ?thesis
  using match-ht len-condition unfolding match-regex-def by simp
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-empty-trace*:

```

fixes num-vars::nat
fixes  $\pi$ ::trace
fixes r1 r2::trace-regex

```

```

assumes r1-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
assumes r2-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
assumes match1: match-regex [] r1
assumes match2: match-regex [] r2
shows  $\exists$  sometraces. match-regex [] sometraces  $\wedge$  (WEST-and-trace r1 r2) = Some
sometraces
proof –
  have r1-empty: length r1 ≤ length []
    using match1 unfolding match-regex-def
    by (metis list.size(3))
  have r2-empty: length r2 ≤ length []
    using match2 unfolding match-regex-def
    by (metis list.size(3))
  have r1r2: r1 = []  $\wedge$  r2 = []
    using r1-empty r2-empty by simp
  have match-regex [] []  $\wedge$  (WEST-and-trace [] []) = Some []
    unfolding WEST-and-trace.simps match-regex-def by simp
  then show ?thesis using r1r2
    by blast
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-nonempty-trace:*

```

fixes num-vars::nat
fixes π::trace
fixes r1 r2:: trace-regex
assumes r1-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
assumes r2-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
assumes match-regex π r1  $\wedge$  match-regex π r2
assumes length π > 0
shows  $\exists$  sometraces. match-regex π sometraces  $\wedge$  (WEST-and-trace r1 r2) = Some
sometraces
proof–
  have WEST-and-trace r1 r2 ≠ None
    using WEST-and-trace-well-defined[of r1 num-vars r2 π] assms by blast
  then obtain sometraces where sometraces-obt: WEST-and-trace r1 r2 = Some
sometraces by blast

```

```

  have match-regex π sometraces
    using assms sometraces-obt
  proof(induct sometraces arbitrary: r1 r2 π)
    case Nil
      then show ?case unfolding match-regex-def by auto
    next
      case (Cons h t)

```

```

  have match-r1: (∀ time < length r1. match-timestep (π ! time) (r1 ! time))
    using Cons.prems(3) unfolding match-regex-def by argo

```

```

  have match-r2: (∀ time < length r2. match-timestep (π ! time) (r2 ! time))

```

```

using Cons.premis(3) unfolding match-regex-def by argo

have match-h-match-t: match-timestep ( $\pi!0$ ) h  $\wedge$  match-regex (drop 1  $\pi$ ) t
proof-
  {assume r1r2-empty: r1 = []  $\wedge$  r2 = []
   have WEST-and-trace r1 r2 = Some []
   using WEST-and-trace.simps r1r2-empty by blast
   then have ht-empty: h = []  $\wedge$  t = []
   using Cons.premis by simp
   have match-timestep ( $\pi!0$ ) []  $\wedge$  match-regex (drop 1  $\pi$ ) []
   unfolding match-regex-def match-timestep-def by simp
   then have match-timestep ( $\pi!0$ ) h  $\wedge$  match-regex (drop 1  $\pi$ ) t
   using ht-empty by simp
  } moreover {
    assume r1-empty: r1 = []  $\wedge$  r2  $\neq$  []
    obtain h2 t2 where h2t2: r2 = h2#t2
    by (meson neq-Nil-conv r1-empty)
    have WEST-and-trace r1 r2 = Some (h2#t2)
    using r1-empty WEST-and-trace.simps(2)[of h2 t2] h2t2 by blast
    then have hh2-tt2: h=h2  $\wedge$  t=t2
    using Cons.premis by simp
    have match-timestep ( $\pi!0$ ) h2  $\wedge$  match-regex (drop 1  $\pi$ ) t2
    using WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-aux[of  $\pi$  h2 t2] Cons(4) h2t2 by
auto
    then have match-timestep ( $\pi!0$ ) h  $\wedge$  match-regex (drop 1  $\pi$ ) t
    using hh2-tt2 by simp
  } moreover {
    assume r2-empty: r2 = []  $\wedge$  r1  $\neq$  []
    obtain h1 t1 where h1t1: r1 = h1#t1
    by (meson neq-Nil-conv r2-empty)
    have WEST-and-trace r1 r2 = Some (h1#t1)
    using r2-empty WEST-and-trace.simps(1)[of r1] h1t1
    by blast
    then have hh1-tt1: h=h1  $\wedge$  t=t1
    using Cons.premis by simp
    have match-timestep ( $\pi!0$ ) h  $\wedge$  match-regex (drop 1  $\pi$ ) t
    using WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-aux[of  $\pi$  h1 t1] Cons(4) h1t1
hh1-tt1
    by blast
  } moreover {
    assume r1r2-nonempty: r1  $\neq$  []  $\wedge$  r2  $\neq$  []
    obtain h1 t1 where h1t1: r1 = h1#t1
    by (meson neq-Nil-conv r1r2-nonempty)
    obtain h2 t2 where h2t2: r2 = h2#t2
    by (meson neq-Nil-conv r1r2-nonempty)

    have ht: WEST-and-trace (h1#t1) (h2#t2) = Some (h # t)
    using Cons(6) h1t1 h2t2 by blast
    then have h1h2-notnone: WEST-and-state h1 h2  $\neq$  None
  }

```

```

    using WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
    using not-None-eq by fastforce
  then have t1t2-notnone: WEST-and-trace t1 t2 ≠ None
    using WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
    using not-None-eq
    using ⟨WEST-and-trace (h1 # t1) (h2 # t2) = Some (h # t)⟩ by fastforce
  have h-is: (WEST-and-state h1 h2) = Some h
    using WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2] h1h2-notnone t1t2-notnone
ht
    by auto
  have t-is: (WEST-and-trace t1 t2) = Some t
    using WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2] h1h2-notnone t1t2-notnone
ht
    by auto

  have h1t1-nv: ∀ i < length (h1 # t1). length ((h1 # t1) ! i) = num-vars
    using Cons.prem(1) h1t1 unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by meson
  then have hyp1: trace-regex-of-vars t1 num-vars
    unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
  have h2t2-nv: ∀ i < length (h2 # t2). length ((h2 # t2) ! i) = num-vars
    using Cons.prem(2) h2t2 unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by meson
  then have hyp2: trace-regex-of-vars t2 num-vars
    unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto

  have hyp3a: match-regex (drop 1 π) t1
    using WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-aux[of π h1 t1] h1t1 Cons.prem(3)
by blast
  have hyp3b: match-regex (drop 1 π) t2
    using WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-aux[of π h2 t2] h2t2 Cons.prem(3)
by blast
  have hyp3: match-regex (drop 1 π) t1 ∧ match-regex (drop 1 π) t2
    using hyp3a hyp3b by auto

  have match-regex (drop 1 π) t if [] = (drop 1 π)
    using WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-empty-trace[of t1 num-vars t2]
    using hyp3a hyp3b hyp1 hyp2
    using t-is that by auto

  then have match-t: match-regex (drop 1 π) t
    using Cons.hyps[of t1 t2 (drop 1 π), OF hyp1 hyp2 hyp3] t-is
    by fastforce

  have h1-nv: state-regex-of-vars h1 num-vars
    using h1t1-nv unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def by auto
  have h2-nv: state-regex-of-vars h2 num-vars
    using h2t2-nv unfolding state-regex-of-vars-def by auto
  have match-h1: match-timestep (π ! 0) h1
    using Cons.prem(3) h1t1 unfolding match-regex-def
    using Cons.prem(3) WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-aux by blast

```

```

have match-h2: match-timestep ( $\pi ! 0$ ) h2
  using Cons.prem3 h2t2 unfolding match-regex-def
  using Cons.prem3 WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-ax by blast
have match-h: match-timestep ( $\pi ! 0$ ) h
  using WEST-and-state-correct-forward[of h1 num-vars h2  $\pi ! 0$ , OF h1-nv
h2-nv] h-is
  using match-h1 match-h2 by simp

have match-timestep ( $\pi ! 0$ ) h  $\wedge$  match-regex (drop 1  $\pi$ ) t
  using match-h match-t by blast
}
ultimately show match-timestep ( $\pi ! 0$ ) h  $\wedge$  match-regex (drop 1  $\pi$ ) t
  by blast
qed

have match-h: match-timestep ( $\pi ! 0$ ) h
  using match-h-match-t by auto
have match-t: match-regex (drop 1  $\pi$ ) t
  using match-h-match-t by auto

have len- $\pi$ : length (drop 1  $\pi$ ) = (length  $\pi$ ) - 1 by auto
have len-ht: length t = length (h#t) - 1 by auto
have length t  $\leq$  length (drop 1  $\pi$ ) using match-t unfolding match-regex-def
by argo
then have (length (h#t)) - 1  $\leq$  (length  $\pi$ ) - 1 using len- $\pi$  len-ht by argo
then have ht-less- $\pi$ : length (h#t)  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
  using Cons.prem4
  by linarith

have ( $\wedge$ time. time < length (h # t)  $\implies$  (match-timestep ( $\pi !$  time) ((h # t) !
time))  $\wedge$ 
  length (h # t)  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ )
proof-
fix time
assume time-bound: time < length (h # t)
{assume *:time=0
  have (match-timestep ( $\pi ! 0$ ) h)  $\wedge$  length (h # t)  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
    using match-h ht-less- $\pi$  by simp
  then have (match-timestep ( $\pi !$  time) ((h # t) ! time))  $\wedge$  length (h # t)  $\leq$ 
length  $\pi$ 
    using * by simp
} moreover {
  assume **: time > 0
  have time-m1: time - 1 < length t
    using time-bound
    using ** len-ht by linarith
  have ( $\forall$  time < length t. match-timestep (drop 1  $\pi !$  time) (t ! time))
    using match-t unfolding match-regex-def by argo
  then have fact0: match-timestep (drop 1  $\pi !$  (time - 1)) (t ! (time - 1))

```

```

    using time-m1 by blast
  have fact1: (t ! (time-1)) = ((h # t) ! time)
    by (simp add: **)
  have fact2: (drop 1 π ! (time-1)) = (π ! time)
    using ** time-m1 ht-less-π by force

  then have (match-timestep (π ! time) ((h # t) ! time))
    using fact1 fact2 fact0 by simp
  then have (match-timestep (π ! time) ((h # t) ! time)) ∧ length (h #
length π
    using ht-less-π by simp
  }
  ultimately show (match-timestep (π ! time) ((h # t) ! time)) ∧ length (h #
t) ≤ length π
    by (metis bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum)
  qed
  then show ?case unfolding match-regex-def by auto
  qed
  then show ?thesis using sometrace-obt by blast
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-and-trace-correct-forward:*

```

  fixes num-vars::nat
  fixes π::trace
  fixes r1 r2:: trace-regex
  assumes r1-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
  assumes r2-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
  assumes match-regex π r1 ∧ match-regex π r2
  shows ∃ sometrace. match-regex π sometrace ∧ (WEST-and-trace r1 r2) = Some
sometrace
  using WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-empty-trace WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-nonempty-trace
  assms by fast

```

**Correct Converse lemma** *WEST-and-trace-nonempty-args:*

```

  fixes h1 h2::state-regex
  fixes t t1 t2::trace-regex
  assumes WEST-and-trace (h1 # t1) (h2 # t2) = Some (h # t)
  shows WEST-and-state h1 h2 = Some h ∧ WEST-and-trace t1 t2 = Some t
proof –
  have h1h2-nn: (WEST-and-state h1 h2) ≠ None
    using WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2] assms
    using option.simps(4) by fastforce
  then have t1t2-nn: WEST-and-trace t1 t2 ≠ None
    using assms WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) WEST-and-state-difflengths-is-none WEST-and-state-length
option.distinct(1) option.simps(4) option.simps(5))

```

```

  have nn: WEST-and-trace (h1 # t1) (h2 # t2) ≠ None using assms by blast
  then have h-fact: WEST-and-state h1 h2 = Some h

```

```

using h1h2-nn t1t2-nn assms WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2] by auto
then have t-fact: WEST-and-trace t1 t2 = Some t
using t1t2-nn h1h2-nn assms WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2] nn by
auto
show ?thesis using h-fact t-fact by blast
qed

lemma WEST-and-trace-lengths-r1:
assumes trace-regex-of-vars r1 n
assumes trace-regex-of-vars r2 n
assumes (WEST-and-trace r1 r2) = Some sometrace
shows length sometrace ≥ length r1
using assms
proof(induction r1 arbitrary:r2 sometrace)
case Nil
then show ?case by simp
next
case (Cons h1 t1)
{assume r2-empty: r2 = []
have WEST-and-trace (h1 # t1) r2 = Some (h1 # t1)
using Cons WEST-and-trace.simps(1) r2-empty by blast
then have ?case using Cons by simp
} moreover {
assume r2-nonempty: r2 ≠ []
obtain h2 t2 where h2t2: r2 = h2 # t2
by (meson neq-Nil-conv r2-nonempty)
have h1t1-and-h2t2: WEST-and-trace (h1 # t1) (h2 # t2) = Some sometrace
using Cons WEST-and-trace.simps(3) h2t2 by blast
then have h1h2-nn: (WEST-and-state h1 h2) ≠ None
using WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
using option.simps(4) by fastforce
then have t1t2-nn: WEST-and-trace t1 t2 ≠ None
using h1t1-and-h2t2 WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
by (metis (no-types, lifting) WEST-and-state-difflengths-is-none WEST-and-state-length
option.distinct(1) option.simps(4) option.simps(5))
obtain h where h-obt: WEST-and-state h1 h2 = Some h using h1h2-nn by
blast
obtain t where t-obt: WEST-and-trace t1 t2 = Some t using t1t2-nn by blast
then have *: sometrace = h # t
using h-obt t-obt h1t1-and-h2t2 by auto
then have sometrace-ht: WEST-and-trace (h1 # t1) (h2 # t2) = Some (h #
t)
using h2t2 h1t1-and-h2t2 by blast

have  $\forall i < \text{length } (h1 \# t1). \text{length } ((h1 \# t1) ! i) = n$ 
using Cons.prems unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by argo
then have hyp1: trace-regex-of-vars t1 n
unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
have  $\forall i < \text{length } (h2 \# t2). \text{length } ((h2 \# t2) ! i) = n$ 

```

```

    using Cons.premis h2t2 unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by meson
  then have hyp2: trace-regex-of-vars t2 n
    unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto

  have length t ≥ length t1
    using Cons(1)[of t2 t, OF hyp1 hyp2 t-obt] by simp
  then have ?case using * by simp
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

lemma WEST-and-trace-lengths:
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r1 n
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r2 n
  assumes (WEST-and-trace r1 r2) = Some sometrace
  shows length sometrace ≥ length r1 ∧ length sometrace ≥ length r2
  using assms WEST-and-trace-lengths-r1 WEST-and-trace-commutative
proof -
  have lenr1: length r1 ≤ length sometrace
    using assms WEST-and-trace-lengths-r1 [of r1 n r2 sometrace] by blast
  have WEST-and-trace r1 r2 = WEST-and-trace r2 r1
    using WEST-and-trace-commutative assms by blast
  then have lenr2: length r2 ≤ length sometrace
    using WEST-and-trace-lengths-r1 [of r2 n r1 sometrace] assms by auto
  show ?thesis using lenr1 lenr2 by auto
qed

lemma WEST-and-trace-correct-converse-r1:
  fixes num-vars::nat
  fixes π::trace
  fixes r1 r2:: trace-regex
  assumes r1-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
  assumes r2-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
  assumes (∃ sometrace. match-regex π sometrace ∧ (WEST-and-trace r1 r2) =
Some sometrace)
  shows match-regex π r1
  using assms
proof(induct r1 arbitrary: r2 π)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    unfolding match-regex-def by auto
  next
  case (Cons h1 t1)
  obtain sometrace where sometrace-obt: match-regex π sometrace ∧ (WEST-and-trace
(h1#t1) r2) = Some sometrace
    using Cons.premis by blast
  have match-sometrace-pre: match-regex π sometrace using sometrace-obt by
simp
  have r1r2-is-sometrace: (WEST-and-trace (h1#t1) r2) = Some sometrace

```

```

using sometr-obt by simp
  have match-sometr:  $\forall time < length\ sometr. match-timestep (\pi ! time)$ 
    (sometr ! time)
    using match-sometr-pre unfolding match-regex-def by argo
  have len-r1:  $length (h1 \# t1) \leq length \pi$ 
    using Cons.prems sometr-obt WEST-and-trace-lengths
    by (meson le-trans match-regex-def)

  {assume empty-trace:  $\pi = []$ 
  then have ?case using len-r1 by simp
  } moreover {
  assume nonempty-trace:  $\pi \neq []$ 
  {assume r2-empty:  $r2 = []$ 
  have WEST-and-trace (h1 # t1) r2 = Some (h1 # t1)
    using sometr-obt WEST-and-trace.simps r2-empty by simp
  then have ?case using sometr-obt
    unfolding match-regex-def by force
  } moreover {
  assume r2-nonempty:  $r2 \neq []$ 

  obtain hxi txi where hxitxi:  $\pi = hxi \# txi$  using nonempty-trace by (meson
list.exhaust)
    obtain h2 t2 where h2t2:  $r2 = h2 \# t2$  using r2-nonempty by (meson
list.exhaust)
    have not-none: WEST-and-trace (h1 # t1) (h2 # t2) = Some sometr
      using sometr-obt h2t2 by blast
    have h1h2-nn: WEST-and-state h1 h2  $\neq None$ 
      using not-none WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2] not-none
      using option.simps(4) by fastforce
    then have t1t2-nn: WEST-and-trace t1 t2  $\neq None$ 
      using not-none WEST-and-trace.simps(3)[of h1 t1 h2 t2] not-none
      using option.simps(4) by fastforce
    obtain h t where sometr-ht: sometr = h # t
      using not-none h1h2-nn t1t2-nn by auto

    have h1h2-h: WEST-and-state h1 h2 = Some h
      using WEST-and-trace-nonempty-args[of h1 t1 h2 t2 h t] not-none some-
trace-ht
      by blast
    have t1t2-t: WEST-and-trace t1 t2 = Some t
      using WEST-and-trace-nonempty-args[of h1 t1 h2 t2 h t] not-none some-
trace-ht
      by blast

    have match-ht:  $\forall time < length (h \# t). match-timestep ((hxi \# txi) ! time)$ 
      ( $((h \# t)) ! time$ )
      using sometr-ht sometr-obt hxitxi unfolding match-regex-def
      by meson
    have h1-nv: state-regex-of-vars h1 num-vars

```

```

using Cons.prems unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def state-regex-of-vars-def
by (metis Ex-list-of-length append-self-conv2 arbitrary-regtrace-matches-any-trace
bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum le-0-eq less-nat-zero-code list.pred-inject(2)
list-all-length list-ex-length list-ex-Cons-iff match-regex-def nth-append-length
trace-of-vars-def)
have h2-nv: state-regex-of-vars h2 num-vars
using Cons.prems unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def h2t2 state-regex-of-vars-def
by (metis Ex-list-of-length append-self-conv2 arbitrary-regtrace-matches-any-trace
bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum le-0-eq less-nat-zero-code list.pred-inject(2)
list-all-length list-ex-length list-ex-Cons-iff match-regex-def nth-append-length
trace-of-vars-def)
have match-h: match-timestep hxi h
using match-ht unfolding match-regex-def by auto
have match-h1: match-timestep hxi h1
using WEST-and-state-correct-converse-s1[of h1 num-vars h2 hxi, OF
h1-nv h2-nv]
using sometraces-ht h1h2-h match-h by blast

have  $\forall i < \text{length } (h1 \# t1). \text{length } ((h1 \# t1) ! i) = \text{num-vars}$ 
using Cons.prems unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by argo
then have t1-nv: trace-regex-of-vars t1 num-vars
unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
have  $\forall i < \text{length } (h2 \# t2). \text{length } ((h2 \# t2) ! i) = \text{num-vars}$ 
using Cons.prems h2t2 unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by metis
then have t2-nv: trace-regex-of-vars t2 num-vars
unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def h2t2 by auto
have match-regex  $\pi (h \# t)$ 
using sometraces-ht sometraces-obt hxitxi unfolding match-regex-def
by blast
then have match-regex txi t
using hxitxi WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-aux[of  $\pi h t$ ]
unfolding match-regex-def by fastforce
then have match-t1: match-regex txi t1
using Cons.hyps[of t2 txi, OF t1-nv t2-nv] t1t2-t by blast

have ?case
using match-h1 match-t1 len-r1
using WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-aux-converse[OF - match-h1
match-t1, of  $\pi$ ] hxitxi
by blast
}
ultimately have ?case by blast
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-and-trace-correct-converse:*  
**fixes** *num-vars::nat*

```

fixes  $\pi::\text{trace}$ 
fixes  $r1\ r2::\text{trace-regex}$ 
assumes  $r1\text{-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars } r1\ \text{num-vars}$ 
assumes  $r2\text{-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars } r2\ \text{num-vars}$ 
assumes  $(\exists \text{sometrace. match-regex } \pi\ \text{sometrace} \wedge (\text{WEST-and-trace } r1\ r2) =$ 
Some sometrace)
shows  $\text{match-regex } \pi\ r1 \wedge \text{match-regex } \pi\ r2$ 
proof –
show ?thesis using WEST-and-trace-correct-converse-r1 WEST-and-trace-commutative
using assms(3)  $r1\text{-of-num-vars } r2\text{-of-num-vars}$  by presburger
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-and-trace-correct:*

```

fixes  $\text{num-vars}::\text{nat}$ 
fixes  $\pi::\text{trace}$ 
fixes  $r1\ r2::\text{trace-regex}$ 
assumes  $r1\text{-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars } r1\ \text{num-vars}$ 
assumes  $r2\text{-of-num-vars: trace-regex-of-vars } r2\ \text{num-vars}$ 
shows  $\text{match-regex } \pi\ r1 \wedge \text{match-regex } \pi\ r2 \longleftrightarrow (\exists \text{sometrace. match-regex } \pi$ 
sometrace} \wedge (\text{WEST-and-trace } r1\ r2) = \text{Some sometrace})
using WEST-and-trace-correct-forward WEST-and-trace-correct-converse assms
by blast

```

### 3.3.5 WEST-and correct

**Correct Forward lemma** *WEST-and-helper-subset-of-WEST-and:*

```

assumes List.member L1 elem
shows  $\text{set } (\text{WEST-and-helper } \text{elem } (h2\#T2)) \subseteq \text{set } (\text{WEST-and } L1\ (h2\#T2))$ 
using assms
proof (induct L1)
case Nil
then show ?case
by simp
next
case (Cons h1 T1)
{assume  $*$ :  $h1 = \text{elem}$ 
then have ?case using WEST-and.simps(3)[of h1 T1 h2 T2]
by (simp add: list.case-eq-if)
} moreover {assume  $*$ :  $h1 \neq \text{elem}$ 
then have List.member T1 elem
using Cons
by simp
then have ?case using Cons WEST-and-subset by blast
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-and-trace-element-of-WEST-and-helper:*

```

assumes List.member L2 elem2

```

```

assumes (WEST-and-trace elem1 elem2) = Some sometrace
shows sometrace ∈ set (WEST-and-helper elem1 L2)
using assms
proof (induct L2)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Cons h2 T2)
  {assume *: elem2 = h2
  then have ?case
    using WEST-and-helper.simps(2)[of elem1 h2 t2]
    using assms(2) by fastforce
  } moreover {assume *: elem2 ≠ h2
  then have List.member T2 elem2 using Cons(2)
    by simp
  then have ?case using Cons(1, 3) WEST-and-helper-subset
    by blast
  }
  ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

```

lemma index-of-L-in-L:
assumes i < length L
shows List.member L (L ! i)
using assms by force

```

```

lemma WEST-and-indices:
fixes L1 L2::WEST-regex
fixes sometrace::trace-regex
assumes ∃ i1 i2. i1 < length L1 ∧ i2 < length L2 ∧ WEST-and-trace (L1 ! i1)
(L2 ! i2) = Some sometrace
shows ∃ i < length (WEST-and L1 L2). WEST-and L1 L2 ! i = sometrace
proof–
  obtain i1 i2 where i1-e2-prop: i1 < length L1 ∧ i2 < length L2 ∧ WEST-and-trace
(L1 ! i1) (L2 ! i2) = Some sometrace
    using assms by blast

```

```

then have elem: List.member L1 (L1 ! i1)
  using index-of-L-in-L i1-e2-prop by blast
have elem2: List.member L2 (L2 ! i2)
  using index-of-L-in-L i1-e2-prop by blast

```

```

let ?L = WEST-and L1 L2
have L1-nonempty: L1 ≠ []
  using i1-e2-prop by fastforce
have L2-nonempty: L2 ≠ []
  using i1-e2-prop by fastforce

```

**obtain**  $h1\ t1$  **where**  $h1t1: L1 = h1\#t1$  **using**  $L1\text{-nonempty}$  **using**  $list.exhaust$   
**by**  $blast$   
**obtain**  $h2\ t2$  **where**  $h2t2: L2 = h2\#t2$  **using**  $L2\text{-nonempty}$  **using**  $list.exhaust$   
**by**  $blast$

**then have**  $set\text{-subset}: set\ (WEST\text{-and}\text{-helper}\ (L1\ !\ i1)\ L2) \subseteq set\ (WEST\text{-and}\ L1\ L2)$   
**using**  $h2t2\ WEST\text{-and}\text{-helper}\text{-subset}\text{-of}\text{-}WEST\text{-and}[of\ L1\ (L1\ !\ i1)\ h2\ t2]$   $elem$   
**by**  $blast$

**have**  $sometraces\text{-in}: sometrace \in set\ (WEST\text{-and}\text{-helper}\ (L1\ !\ i1)\ L2)$   
**using**  $WEST\text{-and}\text{-trace}\text{-element}\text{-of}\text{-}WEST\text{-and}\text{-helper}[OF\ elem2,\ of\ (L1\ !\ i1)\ sometrace]$   
 $i1\text{-}e2\text{-prop}$  **by**  $blast$

**show**  $?thesis$  **using**  $set\text{-subset}\ sometraces\text{-in}$   
**by**  $(simp\ add: in\text{-set}\text{-conv}\text{-}nth\ subset\text{-code}(1))$   
**qed**

**lemma**  $WEST\text{-and}\text{-correct}\text{-forward}:$

**fixes**  $n::nat$   
**fixes**  $\pi::trace$   
**fixes**  $L1\ L2:: WEST\text{-regex}$   
**assumes**  $L1\text{-of}\text{-num}\text{-vars}: WEST\text{-regex}\text{-of}\text{-vars}\ L1\ n$   
**assumes**  $L2\text{-of}\text{-num}\text{-vars}: WEST\text{-regex}\text{-of}\text{-vars}\ L2\ n$   
**assumes**  $match\ \pi\ L1 \wedge match\ \pi\ L2$   
**shows**  $match\ \pi\ (WEST\text{-and}\ L1\ L2)$

**proof**–

**have**  $L1\text{-nonempty}: L1 \neq []$   
**using**  $assms(3)$  **unfolding**  $match\text{-def}$  **by**  $auto$   
**have**  $L2\text{-nonempty}: L2 \neq []$   
**using**  $assms(3)$  **unfolding**  $match\text{-def}$  **by**  $auto$

**obtain**  $i1\ i2$  **where**  $*:i1 < length\ L1 \wedge i2 < length\ L2 \wedge match\text{-regex}\ \pi\ (L1!i1) \wedge match\text{-regex}\ \pi\ (L2!i2)$   
**using**  $assms(3)$  **unfolding**  $match\text{-def}$  **by**  $metis$

**let**  $?r1 = L1!i1$   
**let**  $?r2 = L2!i2$   
**have**  $bounds: i1 < length\ L1 \wedge i2 < length\ L2$  **using**  $*$  **by**  $auto$   
**have**  $match\text{-}r1r2: match\text{-regex}\ \pi\ ?r1 \wedge match\text{-regex}\ \pi\ ?r2$  **using**  $*$  **by**  $simp$

**have**  $r1\text{-}nv: trace\text{-regex}\text{-of}\text{-vars}\ (L1\ !\ i1)\ n$   
**using**  $bounds\ assms(1)$  **unfolding**  $WEST\text{-regex}\text{-of}\text{-vars}\text{-def}$  **by**  $metis$   
**have**  $r2\text{-}nv: trace\text{-regex}\text{-of}\text{-vars}\ (L2\ !\ i2)\ n$   
**using**  $bounds\ assms(2)$  **unfolding**  $WEST\text{-regex}\text{-of}\text{-vars}\text{-def}$  **by**  $metis$

**have**  $\exists sometrace. match\text{-regex}\ \pi\ sometrace \wedge (WEST\text{-and}\text{-trace}\ ?r1\ ?r2) = Some\ sometrace$

**using** *WEST-and-trace-correct-forward*[of *?r1 n ?r2  $\pi$ , OF r1-nv r2-nv match-r1r2*]  
**by** *blast*  
**then obtain** *sometrace* **where** *sometrace-obt: match-regex  $\pi$  sometrace  $\wedge$  (WEST-and-trace ?r1 ?r2) = Some sometrace*  
**by** *auto*

**have**  $\exists i1\ i2.$   
 $i1 < \text{length } L1 \wedge$   
 $i2 < \text{length } L2 \wedge \text{WEST-and-trace } (L1\ !\ i1)\ (L2\ !\ i2) = \text{Some sometrace}$   
**using** *bounds sometrace-obt* **by** *blast*  
**then have**  $\exists i < \text{length } (\text{WEST-and } L1\ L2). (\text{WEST-and } L1\ L2)\ !\ i = \text{sometrace}$   
**using** *WEST-and-indices*[of *L1 L2 sometrace*]  
**using** *sometrace-obt* **by** *force*

**then obtain** *i* **where** *sometrace-index: i < length (WEST-and L1 L2)  $\wedge$  (WEST-and L1 L2)\ !\ i = sometrace*  
**by** *blast*  
**have** *sometrace-match: match-regex  $\pi$  sometrace* **using** *sometrace-obt* **by** *auto*  
**have**  $\exists i < \text{length } (\text{WEST-and } L1\ L2). \text{match-regex } \pi\ (\text{WEST-and } L1\ L2\ !\ i)$   
**using** *sometrace-index sometrace-match* **by** *blast*  
**then show** *?thesis*  
**unfolding** *match-def* **by** *simp*  
**qed**

**Correct Converse lemma** *WEST-and-correct-converse-L1:*

**fixes** *n::nat*  
**fixes**  *$\pi$ ::trace*  
**fixes** *L1 L2:: WEST-regex*  
**assumes** *L1-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L1 n*  
**assumes** *L2-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L2 n*  
**assumes** *match  $\pi$  (WEST-and L1 L2)*  
**shows** *match  $\pi$  L1*  
**proof** –  
**have**  $\exists i < \text{length } (\text{WEST-and } L1\ L2). \text{match-regex } \pi\ ((\text{WEST-and } L1\ L2)\ !\ i)$   
**using** *assms unfolding match-def* **by** *argo*  
**then obtain** *i* **where** *i-obt: i < length (WEST-and L1 L2)  $\wedge$  match-regex  $\pi$  ((WEST-and L1 L2) ! i)* **by** *auto*  
**then obtain** *i1 i2* **where** *i1i2: i1 < length L1  $\wedge$  i2 < length L2  $\wedge$  Some ((WEST-and L1 L2)\ !\ i) = WEST-and-trace (L1\ !\ i1) (L2\ !\ i2)*  
**using** *WEST-and.simps WEST-and-helper.simps*  
**by** (*metis L1-of-num-vars L2-of-num-vars WEST-and-set-member nth-mem*)

**have** *i1-L1: i1 < length L1* **using** *i1i2* **by** *auto*  
**have** *i2-L2: i2 < length L2* **using** *i1i2* **by** *auto*

**let** *?r1 = L1\ !\ i1*  
**let** *?r2 = L2\ !\ i2*  
**let** *?r = WEST-and L1 L2 ! i*

```

have r1-of-nv: trace-regex-of-vars (L1 ! i1) n using assms(1) i1-L1
  unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by metis
have r2-of-nv: trace-regex-of-vars (L2 ! i2) n using assms(2) i2-L2
  unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by metis

have match-regex  $\pi$  ?r
  using WEST-and-trace-correct-converse[of ?r1 n ?r2  $\pi$ , OF r1-of-nv r2-of-nv]
  using i-obt i1i2 by auto
then have match-regex  $\pi$  (WEST-and L1 L2 ! i) unfolding match-def by simp
then have match-r1r2: (match-regex  $\pi$  (L1 ! i1)  $\wedge$  match-regex  $\pi$  (L2 ! i2))
  using WEST-and-trace-correct-converse[of ?r1 n ?r2  $\pi$ , OF r1-of-nv r2-of-nv]
  using i1i2 i-obt by force
then have  $\exists i < \text{length } [L1 ! i1]. \text{match-regex } \pi ([L1 ! i1] ! i)$  unfolding match-def
by auto
then have  $\exists i < 1. \text{match-regex } \pi ([L1 ! i1] ! i)$  unfolding match-def by auto
then have match-regex  $\pi$  (L1 ! i1) by simp
then show ?thesis using i1-L1
  unfolding match-def by auto
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-and-correct-converse:
  fixes n::nat
  fixes  $\pi$ ::trace
  fixes L1 L2:: WEST-regex
  assumes L1-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L1 n
  assumes L2-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L2 n
  assumes match  $\pi$  (WEST-and L1 L2)
  shows match  $\pi$  L1  $\wedge$  match  $\pi$  L2
proof -
  show ?thesis using WEST-and-correct-converse-L1 WEST-and-commutative assms
  by (meson regex-equiv-def)
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-and-correct:
  fixes  $\pi$ ::trace
  fixes L1 L2:: WEST-regex
  assumes L1-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L1 n
  assumes L2-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L2 n
  shows match  $\pi$  L1  $\wedge$  match  $\pi$  L2  $\longleftrightarrow$  match  $\pi$  (WEST-and L1 L2)
proof -
  show ?thesis using WEST-and-correct-forward WEST-and-correct-converse assms
  by blast
qed

```

### 3.4 Facts about the WEST or operator

```

lemma WEST-or-correct:

```

```

fixes  $\pi::\text{trace}$ 
fixes  $L1\ L2::\text{WEST-regex}$ 
shows  $\text{match } \pi (L1 @ L2) \longleftrightarrow (\text{match } \pi L1) \vee (\text{match } \pi L2)$ 
proof –
  have forward:  $\text{match } \pi (L1 @ L2) \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi L1) \vee (\text{match } \pi L2)$ 
    unfolding match-def
    by (metis add-diff-inverse-nat length-append nat-add-left-cancel-less nth-append)

  have converse:  $(\text{match } \pi L1) \vee (\text{match } \pi L2) \longrightarrow \text{match } \pi (L1 @ L2)$ 
    unfolding match-def by (metis list-ex-append list-ex-length)
  show ?thesis
    using forward converse by blast
qed

```

### 3.5 Pad and Match Facts

```

lemma shift-match-regex:
  assumes  $\text{length } \pi \geq a$ 
  assumes  $\text{match-regex } \pi ((\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a) @ L)$ 
  shows  $\text{match-regex } (\text{drop } a \ \pi) (\text{drop } a ((\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a) @ L))$ 
proof –
  have drop-a:  $(\text{drop } a ((\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a) @ L)) = L$ 
    using arbitrary-trace.simps[of num-vars a] by simp
  let  $?padL = (\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a) @ L$ 
  have length  $(\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a @ L) = a + (\text{length } L)$ 
    by auto
  then have match-all:  $\forall \text{time} < a + (\text{length } L). \text{match-timestep } (\pi ! \text{time}) (?padL ! \text{time})$ 
    using assms(2) arbitrary-trace.simps[of num-vars a]
    unfolding match-regex-def by metis

  have len-xi:  $\text{length } \pi \geq a + (\text{length } L)$ 
    using assms(2) arbitrary-trace.simps[of num-vars a]
    unfolding match-regex-def
    using  $\langle \text{length } (\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a @ L) = a + \text{length } L \rangle$  by argo

  then have match-drop-a:  $\text{match-timestep } (\text{drop } a \ \pi ! \text{time}) (L ! \text{time})$ 
    if  $\text{time-le}$ :  $\text{time} < \text{length } L$  for  $\text{time}$ 
proof –
  have  $\text{time} + a < a + (\text{length } L)$  using time-le by simp
  then have fact1:  $\text{match-timestep } (\pi ! (\text{time} + a)) (?padL ! (\text{time} + a))$ 
    using match-all by blast
  have fact2:  $(\pi ! (\text{time} + a)) = (\text{drop } a \ \pi ! \text{time})$ 
    using time-le len-xi
    by (simp add: add commute)
  have fact3:  $(?padL ! (\text{time} + a)) = (L ! \text{time})$ 
    using time-le len-xi
    by (metis  $\langle \text{length } (\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a @ L) = a + \text{length } L \rangle$  add commute drop-a le-add1 nth-drop)

```

```

  show ?thesis
  using fact1 fact2 fact3 by argo
qed

have len-L-drop-a: length L ≤ length (drop a π)
  using assms(2) unfolding match-regex-def
  by (metis assms(1) diff-add drop-a drop-drop drop-eq-Nil length-drop)
then have match-regex (drop a π) L unfolding match-regex-def
  using match-drop-a by metis
then show ?thesis using drop-a assms by argo
qed

lemma match-regex:
  assumes length π ≥ a
  assumes length L1 = a
  assumes match-regex π (L1@L2)
  shows match-regex (drop a π) (drop a (L1@L2))
proof -
  have time-h: ∀ time < length (L1 @ L2). match-timestep (π ! time) ((L1 @ L2) !
time)
  using assms unfolding match-regex-def by argo
  then have time: match-timestep (drop a π ! time) ((drop a (L1 @ L2)) ! time)
if time-lt: time < length (drop a (L1 @ L2)) for time
  proof -
    have time + a < length (L1@L2)
      using time-lt assms(2) by auto
    then have h0: match-timestep (π ! (time + a)) ((L1 @ L2) ! (time + a))
      using time-h by blast
    have h1: π ! (time + a) = (drop a π) ! time
      using assms(1)
      by (simp add: add.commute)
    have h2: ((L1 @ L2) ! (time + a)) = (drop a (L1 @ L2)) ! time
      using assms(2)
      by (metis add.commute append-eq-conv-conj nth-append-length-plus)
    then show ?thesis using assms h0 h1 h2 by simp
  qed
  have len-h: length (L1 @ L2) ≤ length π
    using assms unfolding match-regex-def by argo
  then have len: length (drop a (L1 @ L2)) ≤ length (drop a π)
    using assms(1-2) by auto
  show ?thesis
    using len time unfolding match-regex-def
    by argo
qed

lemma match-regex-converse:
  assumes length π ≥ a
  assumes L1 = (arbitrary-trace num-vars a)

```

```

assumes match-regex (drop a  $\pi$ ) (drop a (L1@L2))
shows match-regex  $\pi$  (L1@L2)
proof –
  have length (drop a (L1 @ L2)) = length L2
    using arbitrary-trace.simps[of num-vars a] assms by simp
  then have match-L2:  $\bigwedge$  time. time < length L2  $\implies$  match-timestep ((drop a  $\pi$ ) !
time) (L2 ! time)
  proof –
    fix time
    assume time-lt: time < length L2
    then have time-lt-dropa-L1L2: time < length (drop a (L1 @ L2))
      using assms(2) arbitrary-trace.simps[of num-vars a] by auto
    have  $\forall$  time < length (drop a (L1 @ L2)). match-timestep (drop a  $\pi$  ! time) (drop
a (L1 @ L2) ! time)
      using assms unfolding match-regex-def by metis
    then have match-timestep (drop a  $\pi$  ! time) (drop a (L1 @ L2) ! time)
      using time-lt-dropa-L1L2 by blast
    then show match-timestep (drop a  $\pi$  ! time) (L2 ! time)
      using assms(2) arbitrary-trace.simps[of num-vars a] by simp
  qed
  have match-L1L2: match-timestep ( $\pi$  ! time) ((L1 @ L2) ! time) if time-le-L1L2:
time < length (L1 @ L2) for time
  proof –
    {assume time-le-L1: time < length L1
    {assume L1-empty: L1 = []
    have match-timestep ( $\pi$  ! time) (L2 ! time)
      using assms unfolding match-regex-def arbitrary-trace.simps
      using L1-empty time-le-L1 by auto
    then have ?thesis using L1-empty by simp
    } moreover {
    assume L1-nonempty: L1  $\neq$  []
    have L1-arb: (L1 ! time) = arbitrary-state num-vars
      using assms unfolding arbitrary-trace.simps time-le-L1
      using time-le-L1 by auto

    have match-timestep ( $\pi$  ! time) (arbitrary-state num-vars)
      unfolding arbitrary-state.simps match-timestep-def by auto
    then have match-L1: match-timestep ( $\pi$  ! time) (L1 ! time)
      using L1-arb by auto

    have (L1 @ L2) ! time = L1 ! time
      using time-le-L1L2 time-le-L1 L1-nonempty by (meson nth-append)
    then have ?thesis using match-L1 by auto
    }
  ultimately have ?thesis by blast
} moreover {
assume time-geq-L1: time  $\geq$  length L1
then have time-minus-a-le-L2: time – a < length L2
  using assms(2) time-le-L1L2 unfolding arbitrary-trace.simps by simp

```

```

    then have match-time-minus-a: match-timestep ((drop a  $\pi$ ) ! (time - a))
(L2 ! (time - a))
    using match-L2 by blast

have length (drop a (L1 @ L2))  $\leq$  length (drop a  $\pi$ )
    using assms unfolding match-regex-def by metis
then have L2-le-dropa-xi: length L2  $\leq$  length (drop a  $\pi$ )
    using assms unfolding arbitrary-trace.simps by simp
then have fact1-h1: length L2  $\leq$  length  $\pi - a$  by auto
have fact1-h2: length L1  $\leq$  time using time-geq-L1 by blast
have fact1-h3: time - a  $<$  length L2 using time-minus-a-le-L2 by auto
have fact1-h4: time  $<$  length L1 + length L2 using time-le-L1L2 by simp
have length L2  $\leq$  length  $\pi - a \implies$ 
    length L1  $\leq$  time  $\implies$ 
    time - a  $<$  length L2  $\implies$ 
    time  $<$  length L1 + length L2  $\implies \pi ! (a + (time - a)) = \pi ! time$ 
    using fact1-h1 fact1-h2 fact1-h3 fact1-h4 time-geq-L1 assms
    unfolding arbitrary-trace.simps by simp
then have fact1: drop a  $\pi ! (time - a) = \pi ! time$ 
    using time-geq-L1 time-minus-a-le-L2 time-le-L1L2 L2-le-dropa-xi by simp

have L1-a: length L1 = a using assms unfolding arbitrary-trace.simps by
auto
then have fact2: L2 ! (time - a) = (L1 @ L2) ! time
    using fact1-h2 fact1-h3 fact1-h4 time-geq-L1
    by (metis le-add-diff-inverse nth-append-length-plus)

have ?thesis using fact1 fact2 match-time-minus-a by auto
}
ultimately show ?thesis by force
qed
have length (drop a (L1 @ L2))  $\leq$  length (drop a  $\pi$ )
    using assms(2) arbitrary-trace.simps[of num-vars num-pad]
    by (metis assms(3) match-regex-def)
then have length (L1 @ L2)  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
    using assms unfolding match-regex-def by simp
then show ?thesis using match-L1L2 unfolding match-regex-def by simp
qed

lemma shift-match:
    assumes length  $\pi \geq a$ 
    assumes match  $\pi$  (shift L num-vars a)
    shows match (drop a  $\pi$ ) L
proof -
    obtain i where i-obt: i  $<$  length (shift L num-vars a)  $\wedge$  match-regex  $\pi$  (shift L
num-vars a ! i)
    using assms unfolding match-def by force
    have (shift L num-vars a ! i) = (arbitrary-trace num-vars a)@(L!i)

```

```

using shift.simps
using  $\langle i < \text{length} (\text{shift } L \text{ num-vars } a) \wedge \text{match-regex } \pi (\text{shift } L \text{ num-vars } a !$ 
i)\rangle by auto

then have match:  $\text{match-regex } \pi ((\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a)@(L!i))$ 
using i-obt by argo

have len-at:  $\text{length} (\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a) = a$ 
unfolding arbitrary-trace.simps by simp

have drop-a:  $(\text{drop } a (\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a)@(L!i)) = L!i$ 
using arbitrary-trace.simps[of num-vars a] by simp

then have match-regex  $(\text{drop } a \pi) (\text{drop } a (\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a)@(L!i))$ 
using match using match-regex[OF assms(1) len-at] by simp
then have match-regex  $(\text{drop } a \pi) (L ! i)$ 
using drop-a by argo
then show ?thesis using assms i-obt unfolding match-def by auto
qed

```

```

lemma shift-match-converse:
assumes  $\text{length } \pi \geq a$ 
assumes match  $(\text{drop } a \pi) L$ 
shows match  $\pi (\text{shift } L \text{ num-vars } a)$ 
proof –
obtain i where i-obt:  $\text{match-regex} (\text{drop } a \pi) (L!i) \wedge i < \text{length } L$ 
using assms unfolding match-def by metis
then have match-padLi:  $\text{match-regex } \pi ((\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a)@(L!i))$ 
using match-regex-converse assms by auto
have i-bound:  $i < \text{length} (\text{shift } L \text{ num-vars } a)$ 
using shift.simps i-obt by auto
have  $(\text{shift } L \text{ num-vars } a ! i) = (\text{arbitrary-trace num-vars } a)@(L!i)$ 
unfolding shift.simps
by (simp add: i-obt)
then have  $\exists i < \text{length} (\text{shift } L \text{ num-vars } a). \text{match-regex } \pi (\text{shift } L \text{ num-vars } a !$ 
i)
using assms match-padLi i-bound by metis
then show ?thesis unfolding match-def by argo
qed

```

```

lemma pad-zero:
shows  $\text{shift } L2 \text{ num-vars } 0 = L2$ 
unfolding shift.simps arbitrary-trace.simps
proof –
have  $\exists wss. L2 = wss \wedge (@) ([::\text{trace-regex}] = (\lambda wss. wss) \wedge L2 = wss$ 
by blast
then show  $\text{map} ((@) (\text{map} (\lambda n. \text{arbitrary-state num-vars}) [0..<0])) L2 = L2$ 
by simp

```

qed

### 3.6 Facts about WEST num vars

**lemma** *regtrace-append*:  
 **assumes** *trace-regex-of-vars L1 k*  
 **assumes** *trace-regex-of-vars L2 k*  
 **shows** *trace-regex-of-vars (L1@L2) k*  
 **using** *assms* **unfolding** *trace-regex-of-vars-def*  
 **by** (*simp add: nth-append*)

**lemma** *WEST-num-vars-subformulas*:  
 **assumes**  $G \in \text{subformulas } F$   
 **shows**  $(\text{WEST-num-vars } F) \geq \text{WEST-num-vars } G$   
 **using** *assms*  
**proof** (*induct F*)  
 **case** *True-mltl*  
 **then show** *?case* **unfolding** *subformulas.simps* **by** *auto*  
 **next**  
 **case** *False-mltl*  
 **then show** *?case* **unfolding** *subformulas.simps* **by** *auto*  
 **next**  
 **case** (*Prop-mltl x*)  
 **then show** *?case* **unfolding** *subformulas.simps* **by** *auto*  
 **next**  
 **case** (*Not-mltl F*)  
 **then show** *?case* **unfolding** *subformulas.simps* **by** *auto*  
 **next**  
 **case** (*And-mltl F1 F2*)  
 **then show** *?case* **unfolding** *subformulas.simps* **by** *auto*  
 **next**  
 **case** (*Or-mltl F1 F2*)  
 **then show** *?case* **unfolding** *subformulas.simps* **by** *auto*  
 **next**  
 **case** (*Future-mltl F x2 x3a*)  
 **then show** *?case* **unfolding** *subformulas.simps* **by** *auto*  
 **next**  
 **case** (*Global-mltl F x2 x3a*)  
 **then show** *?case* **unfolding** *subformulas.simps* **by** *auto*  
 **next**  
 **case** (*Until-mltl F1 F2 x3a x4a*)  
 **then show** *?case* **unfolding** *subformulas.simps* **by** *auto*  
 **next**  
 **case** (*Release-mltl F1 F2 x3a x4a*)  
 **then show** *?case* **unfolding** *subformulas.simps* **by** *auto*  
 qed

**lemma** *WEST-num-vars-nnf*:  
 **shows**  $(\text{WEST-num-vars } \varphi) = \text{WEST-num-vars } (\text{convert-nnf } \varphi)$

```

proof (induction depth-mltl  $\varphi$  arbitrary:  $\varphi$  rule: less-induct)
  case less
  then show ?case proof (cases  $\varphi$ )
    case True-mltl
    then show ?thesis by auto
  next
  case False-mltl
  then show ?thesis by auto
  next
  case (Prop-mltl  $x^3$ )
  then show ?thesis by auto
  next
  case (Not-mltl  $p$ )
  then show ?thesis proof (induct  $p$ )
    case True-mltl
    then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
  next
  case False-mltl
  then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
  next
  case (Prop-mltl  $x$ )
  then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
  next
  case (Not-mltl  $p$ )
  then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
  next
  case (And-mltl  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
  then have phi-is:  $\varphi = \text{Not-mltl } (\text{And-mltl } \varphi_1 \varphi_2)$ 
    using Not-mltl by auto
  have ind1: WEST-num-vars  $\varphi_1 = \text{WEST-num-vars } (\text{convert-nnf } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi_1))$ 
    using less[of Not-mltl  $\varphi_1$ ] phi-is by auto
  have ind2: WEST-num-vars  $\varphi_2 = \text{WEST-num-vars } (\text{convert-nnf } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi_2))$ 
    using less[of Not-mltl  $\varphi_2$ ] phi-is by auto
  then show ?case using ind1 ind2 phi-is
    by auto
  next
  case (Or-mltl  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2$ )
  then have phi-is:  $\varphi = \text{Not-mltl } (\text{Or-mltl } \varphi_1 \varphi_2)$ 
    using Not-mltl by auto
  have ind1: WEST-num-vars  $\varphi_1 = \text{WEST-num-vars } (\text{convert-nnf } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi_1))$ 
    using less[of Not-mltl  $\varphi_1$ ] phi-is by auto
  have ind2: WEST-num-vars  $\varphi_2 = \text{WEST-num-vars } (\text{convert-nnf } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi_2))$ 
    using less[of Not-mltl  $\varphi_2$ ] phi-is by auto
  then show ?case using ind1 ind2 phi-is
    by auto

```

```

next
  case (Future-mltl a b  $\varphi_1$ )
  then have phi-is:  $\varphi = \text{Not-mltl } (\text{Future-mltl } a \ b \ \varphi_1)$ 
    using Not-mltl
    by auto
  have ind1: WEST-num-vars  $\varphi = \text{WEST-num-vars } (\text{convert-nnf } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi_1))$ 
    using less[of Not-mltl  $\varphi_1$ ] phi-is by auto
  then show ?case using ind1 phi-is
    by auto
next
  case (Global-mltl a b  $\varphi_1$ )
  then have phi-is:  $\varphi = \text{Not-mltl } (\text{Global-mltl } a \ b \ \varphi_1)$ 
    using Not-mltl
    by auto
  have ind1: WEST-num-vars  $\varphi = \text{WEST-num-vars } (\text{convert-nnf } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi_1))$ 
    using less[of Not-mltl  $\varphi_1$ ] phi-is by auto
  then show ?case using ind1 phi-is
    by auto
next
  case (Until-mltl  $\varphi_1$  a b  $\varphi_2$ )
  then have phi-is:  $\varphi = \text{Not-mltl } (\text{Until-mltl } \varphi_1 \ a \ b \ \varphi_2)$ 
    using Not-mltl by auto
  have ind1: WEST-num-vars  $\varphi_1 = \text{WEST-num-vars } (\text{convert-nnf } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi_1))$ 
    using less[of Not-mltl  $\varphi_1$ ] phi-is by auto
  have ind2: WEST-num-vars  $\varphi_2 = \text{WEST-num-vars } (\text{convert-nnf } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi_2))$ 
    using less[of Not-mltl  $\varphi_2$ ] phi-is by auto
  then show ?case using ind1 ind2 phi-is
    by auto
next
  case (Release-mltl  $\varphi_1$  a b  $\varphi_2$ )
  then have phi-is:  $\varphi = \text{Not-mltl } (\text{Release-mltl } \varphi_1 \ a \ b \ \varphi_2)$ 
    using Not-mltl by auto
  have ind1: WEST-num-vars  $\varphi_1 = \text{WEST-num-vars } (\text{convert-nnf } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi_1))$ 
    using less[of Not-mltl  $\varphi_1$ ] phi-is by auto
  have ind2: WEST-num-vars  $\varphi_2 = \text{WEST-num-vars } (\text{convert-nnf } (\text{Not-mltl } \varphi_2))$ 
    using less[of Not-mltl  $\varphi_2$ ] phi-is by auto
  then show ?case using ind1 ind2 phi-is
    by auto
qed
next
  case (And-mltl  $\varphi_1$   $\varphi_2$ )
  then show ?thesis using less by auto
next

```

```

    case (Or-mltl  $\varphi_1$   $\varphi_2$ )
    then show ?thesis using less by auto
next
    case (Future-mltl a b  $\varphi$ )
    then show ?thesis using less by auto
next
    case (Global-mltl a b  $\varphi$ )
    then show ?thesis using less by auto
next
    case (Until-mltl  $\varphi_1$  a b  $\varphi_2$ )
    then show ?thesis using less by auto
next
    case (Release-mltl  $\varphi_1$  a b  $\varphi_2$ )
    then show ?thesis using less by auto
qed
qed

```

### 3.6.1 Facts about num vars for different WEST operators

```

lemma length-WEST-and:
  assumes length state1 = k
  assumes length state2 = k
  assumes WEST-and-state state1 state2 = Some state
  shows length state = k
  using assms
proof (induct length state1 arbitrary: state1 state2 k state rule: less-induct)
  case less
  {assume *: k = 0
   then have ?case using less(2-3) less(4) WEST-and-state.simps(1)
    by auto
  } moreover {assume *: k > 0
  obtain h1 t1 where h1t1: state1 = h1#t1
    using * less(2)
    using list.exhaust by auto
  obtain h2 t2 where h2t2: state2 = h2#t2
    using * less(3)
    using list.exhaust by auto
  have WEST-and-bitwise h1 h2  $\neq$  None
    by (metis WEST-and-state.simps(2) h1t1 h2t2 less.prem(3) option.discI
option.simps(4))
  then obtain h where someh: WEST-and-bitwise h1 h2 = Some h
    by blast
  have WEST-and-state t1 t2  $\neq$  None
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) WEST-and-state.simps(2) h1t1 h2t2 less.prem(3)
option.case-eq-if option.discI)
  then obtain t where somet: WEST-and-state t1 t2 = Some t
    by blast
  then have length t = k-1
    using less(1)[of t1 k-1 t2] h1t1 h2t2

```

```

    by (metis WEST-and-state-difflengths-is-none diff-Suc-1 length-Cons less.prem(1)
lessI option.distinct(1))
    then have ?case using less WEST-and-state.simps(2)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
      using someh somet
      by (metis WEST-and-state-length option.discI option.inject)
  }
  ultimately show ?case
    by auto
qed

lemma WEST-and-trace-num-vars:
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r1 k
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r2 k
  assumes (WEST-and-trace r1 r2) = Some sometrace
  shows trace-regex-of-vars sometrace k
  using assms
proof(induct r1 arbitrary: r2 sometrace)
  case Nil
  then have sometrace = r2
    using WEST-and-trace.simps(2)
  by (metis WEST-and-trace.simps(1) WEST-and-trace-commutative option.inject)
  then show ?case using Nil unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by blast
next
  case (Cons h1 t1)
  {assume r2-empty: r2 = []
  then have sometrace = (h1#t1)
    using WEST-and-trace.simps WEST-and-trace-commutative(1) Cons.prem
  by auto
  then have ?case using Cons
    unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by blast
  } moreover {
  assume r2-nonempty: r2 ≠ []
  then obtain h2 t2 where h2t2: r2 = h2#t2
    by (meson trim-reversed-regex.cases)
  {assume sometrace-empty: sometrace = []
  then have ?case unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by simp
  } moreover {
  assume sometrace-nonempty: sometrace ≠ []
  then obtain h t where ht-obt: WEST-and-state h1 h2 = Some h ∧ WEST-and-trace
t1 t2 = Some t
    using WEST-and-trace-nonempty-args[of h1 t1 h2 t2] Cons.prem(3)
    by (metis ⟨r2 = h2 # t2⟩ trim-reversed-regex.cases)
  then have sometrace-ht: sometrace = h#t
    using Cons.prem(3) unfolding h2t2 by auto

  have h1t1-nv: ∀ i < length (h1 # t1). length ((h1 # t1) ! i) = k
    using Cons.prem unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by argo
  have h1-nv: length h1 = k
    using h1t1-nv by auto

```

```

have t1-nv: trace-regex-of-vars t1 k
  using h1t1-nv unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
have h2t2-nv:  $\forall i < \text{length } (h2 \# t2). \text{length } ((h2 \# t2) ! i) = k$ 
  using Cons.premis h2t2 unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by metis
have h2-nv: length h2 = k
  using h2t2-nv by auto
have t2-nv: trace-regex-of-vars t2 k
  using h2t2-nv unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto

have h1h2-h: WEST-and-state h1 h2 = Some h
  using ht-obt by simp
then have h-nv: length h = k using h1-nv h2-nv
  using length-WEST-and by blast

have t1t2-t: WEST-and-trace t1 t2 = Some t
  using ht-obt by simp
then have t-nv: trace-regex-of-vars t k
  using Cons.hyps[of t2 t, OF t1-nv t2-nv] by blast

have t-nv-unfold:  $\forall i < \text{length } t. \text{length } (t ! i) = k$ 
  using h-nv t-nv sometrace-ht unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by presburger

then have length (sometrace ! i) = k if i-lt:  $i < \text{length } \text{sometrace}$  for i
  using i-lt sometrace-ht h-nv
proof-
  {assume *:  $i = 0$ 
   then have ?thesis
     using sometrace-ht h-nv by auto
  } moreover {assume *:  $i > 0$ 
  then have sometrace ! i = t ! (i-1)
    using i-lt sometrace-ht by simp

  then have ?thesis
    using t-nv-unfold i-lt sometrace-ht
    by (metis * One-nat-def Suc-less-eq Suc-pred length-Cons)
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
then have ?case unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
}
ultimately have ?case by blast
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-and-num-vars:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L1 k
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L2 k

```

shows *WEST-regex-of-vars* (*WEST-and L1 L2*) *k*

**proof** –

{**assume** *L1L2-empty*: (*WEST-and L1 L2*) = []

**then have** *?thesis unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by simp*

} **moreover** {

**assume** *L1L2-nonempty*: *WEST-and L1 L2* ≠ []

**have** *trace-regex-of-vars* (*WEST-and L1 L2 ! i*) *k* **if** *i-index*: *i* < *length* (*WEST-and L1 L2*) **for** *i*

**proof** –

**obtain** *sometrace* **where** *sometrace-obt*: (*WEST-and L1 L2*)!*i* = *sometrace*

**using** *L1L2-nonempty by simp*

**then obtain** *i1 i2* **where** *i1i2-obt*: *i1* < *length L1* ∧ *i2* < *length L2* ∧ *Some sometrace* = *WEST-and-trace* (*L1!**i1*) (*L2!**i2*)

**using** *WEST-and.simps WEST-and-helper.simps*

**by** (*metis WEST-and-set-member-dir1 assms(1) assms(2) i-index nth-mem*)

**let** *?r1* = *L1!**i1*

**let** *?r2* = *L2!**i2*

**have** *r1r2-sometrace*: *Some sometrace* = *WEST-and-trace* (*L1!**i1*) (*L2!**i2*)

**using** *i1i2-obt by blast*

**have** *r1-nv*: *trace-regex-of-vars* *?r1 k*

**using** *assms i1i2-obt unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by metis*

**have** *r2-nv*: *trace-regex-of-vars* *?r2 k*

**using** *assms i1i2-obt unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by metis*

**have** *trace-regex-of-vars sometrace k*

**using** *r1-nv r2-nv r1r2-sometrace WEST-and-trace-num-vars[of ?r1 k ?r2]*

**by** *metis*

**then show** *?thesis*

**using** *sometrace-obt by blast*

**qed**

**then have** *?thesis unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by simp*

}  
**ultimately show** *?thesis by blast*

**qed**

**lemma** *WEST-or-num-vars*:

**assumes** *L1-nv*: *WEST-regex-of-vars L1 k*

**assumes** *L2-nv*: *WEST-regex-of-vars L2 k*

**shows** *WEST-regex-of-vars* (*L1@L2*) *k*

**proof** –

**let** *?L* = *L1@L2*

**have** *trace-regex-of-vars* (*?L!**i*) *k* **if** *i-lt*: *i* < *length ?L* **for** *i*

**proof** –

    {**assume** *in-L1*: *i* < *length L1*

**then have** *L1-i-nv*: *trace-regex-of-vars* (*L1!**i*) *k*

**using** *L1-nv unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by metis*

**have** *?L!**i* = *L1!**i*

    }

```

    using in-L1
    by (simp add: nth-append)
  then have ?thesis using L1-i-nv by simp
} moreover {
  assume in-L2: i ≥ length L1
  then have i - length L1 < length L2
    using i-lt by auto
  then have L2-i-nv: trace-regex-of-vars (L2!(i - length L1)) k
    using L2-nv unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by metis
  have (?L ! i) = L2!(i - length L1)
    using in-L2
    by (simp add: nth-append)
  then have ?thesis using L2-i-nv by simp
}
ultimately show ?thesis by fastforce
qed

then show ?thesis unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by simp
qed

```

**lemma** *regtraceList-cons-num-vars*:

```

  assumes trace-regex-of-vars h num-vars
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars T num-vars
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (h#T) num-vars
proof -
  let ?H = [h]
  have WEST-regex-of-vars ?H num-vars
    using assms unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by auto
  then have WEST-regex-of-vars (?H@T) num-vars
    using WEST-or-num-vars[of ?H num-vars T] assms by simp
  then show ?thesis by simp
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-simp-state-num-vars*:

```

  assumes length s1 = num-vars
  assumes length s2 = num-vars
  shows length (WEST-simp-state s1 s2) = num-vars
  using assms WEST-simp-state.simps by auto

```

**lemma** *WEST-get-state-length*:

```

  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r num-vars
  shows length (WEST-get-state r k num-vars) = num-vars
  using assms unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
  using WEST-get-state.simps[of r k num-vars]
  by (metis leI length-map length-upt minus-nat.diff-0)

```

**lemma** *WEST-simp-trace-num-vars*:  
**assumes** *trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars*  
**assumes** *trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars*  
**shows** *trace-regex-of-vars (WEST-simp-trace r1 r2 num-vars) num-vars*  
**using** *WEST-simp-state-num-vars assms*  
**unfolding** *WEST-simp-trace.simps trace-regex-of-vars-def*  
**using** *WEST-get-state-length assms(1)* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *remove-element-at-index-preserves-nv*:  
**assumes**  $i < \text{length } L$   
**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars L num-vars*  
**shows** *WEST-regex-of-vars (remove-element-at-index i L) num-vars*

**proof** –

**have**  $\text{length } (\text{take } i \ L \ @ \ \text{drop } (i + 1) \ L) = \text{length } L - 1$   
**using** *assms* **by** *simp*  
**have** *take-nv: WEST-regex-of-vars (take i L) num-vars*  
**using** *assms* **unfolding** *WEST-regex-of-vars-def*  
**by** (*metis in-set-conv-nth in-set-takeD*)  
**have** *drop-nv: WEST-regex-of-vars (drop (i + 1) L) num-vars*  
**using** *assms* **unfolding** *WEST-regex-of-vars-def*  
**by** (*metis add.commute length-drop less-diff-conv less-iff-succ-less-eq nth-drop*)  
**then show** *?thesis*  
**using** *take-nv drop-nv WEST-or-num-vars* **by** *simp*

**qed**

**lemma** *update-L-length*:

**assumes**  $h \in \text{set } (\text{enum-pairs } L)$   
**shows**  $\text{length } (\text{update-L } L \ h \ \text{num-var}) = \text{length } L - 1$

**proof** –

**have**  $\text{length } L \leq 1 \longrightarrow \text{enum-pairs } L = []$   
**unfolding** *enum-pairs.simps* **using** *enumerate-pairs.simps*  
**by** (*simp add: upt-rec*)

**then have** *len-L: length L  $\geq$  2*

**using** *assms* **by** *auto*

**let**  $?i = \text{fst } h$

**let**  $?j = \text{snd } h$

**have** *i-le-j: ?i < ?j* **using** *enum-pairs-fact assms(1)*

**by** *metis*

**have** *j-bound: ?j < length L*

**using** *assms(1) enum-pairs-bound[of L]*

**by** *metis*

**then have** *i-bound: ?i < (length L) - 1*

**using** *i-le-j* **by** *auto*

**have** *len-orsimp: length [WEST-simp-trace (L ! fst h) (L ! snd h) num-var] = 1*

**by** *simp*

**have**  $\text{length } (\text{remove-element-at-index } (\text{snd } h) \ L) = \text{length } L - 1$

**using** *assms j-bound* **by** *auto*

```

then have length (remove-element-at-index (fst h) (remove-element-at-index (snd
h) L)) = length L - 2
  using assms i-bound j-bound by simp
then show ?thesis
  using len-orsimp len-L
  using length-append[of (remove-element-at-index (fst h) (remove-element-at-index
(snd h) L)) [WEST-simp-trace (L ! fst h) (L ! snd h) num-var]]
  unfolding update-L.simps by linarith
qed

lemma update-L-preserves-num-vars:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L num-var
  assumes h ∈ set (enum-pairs L)
  assumes K = update-L L h num-var
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars K num-var
proof -
  have simp-nv: trace-regex-of-vars (WEST-simp-trace (L ! fst h) (L ! snd h)
num-var) num-var
    using WEST-simp-trace-num-vars assms unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def
    by (metis enum-pairs-bound enum-pairs-fact order.strict-trans)
  then have simp-nv: WEST-regex-of-vars [WEST-simp-trace (L ! fst h) (L ! snd
h) num-var] num-var
    unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by auto
  have *: WEST-regex-of-vars (remove-element-at-index (snd h) L) num-var
    using assms remove-element-at-index-preserves-nv
    using enum-pairs-fact[of L] enum-pairs-bound[of L]
    using remove-element-at-index-preserves-nv by blast
  let ?La = (remove-element-at-index (snd h) L)
  have fst h < length (remove-element-at-index (snd h) L)
    using enum-pairs-fact[of L] enum-pairs-bound[of L] assms(2)
    by auto
  then have WEST-regex-of-vars (remove-element-at-index (fst h) (remove-element-at-index
(snd h) L)) num-var
    using remove-element-at-index-preserves-nv[of fst h ?La num-var] *
    by blast
  then show ?thesis
    using simp-nv assms(3) unfolding update-L.simps using WEST-or-num-vars
    using WEST-regex-of-vars-def by blast
qed

lemma WEST-simp-helper-can-simp:
  assumes simp-L = WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars
  assumes ∃j. j < length (enum-pairs L) ∧ j ≥ i ∧
    check-simp (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! j))
    (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! j))
  assumes min-j = Min {j. j < length (enum-pairs L) ∧ j ≥ i ∧
    check-simp (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! j))
    (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! j))}
  assumes newL = update-L L (enum-pairs L ! min-j) num-vars

```

```

assumes  $i < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L)$ 
shows  $\text{simp-L} = \text{WEST-simp-helper newL } (\text{enum-pairs newL}) \ 0 \ \text{num-vars}$ 
proof –
  let  $?j\text{-set} = \{j. j < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge j \geq i \wedge$ 
     $\text{check-simp } (L ! \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! j))$ 
     $(L ! \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! j))\}$ 
  have  $\text{cond1}: \text{finite } ?j\text{-set}$ 
    by fast
  have  $\text{cond2}: ?j\text{-set} \neq \{\}$ 
    using  $\text{assms}(2)$  by blast
  have  $\text{min-j} \in ?j\text{-set}$ 
    using  $\text{Min-in}[OF \ \text{cond1} \ \text{cond2}] \ \text{assms}(3)$  by blast
  then have  $\text{min-j-props}: \text{min-j} < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge \text{min-j} \geq i$ 
     $\wedge \text{check-simp } (L ! \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! \text{min-j}))$ 
     $(L ! \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! \text{min-j}))$ 
    by blast
  have  $\text{minimality}: \neg (\text{check-simp } (L ! \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! k))$ 
     $(L ! \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! k)))$ 
    if  $k\text{-prop}: (k < \text{min-j} \wedge k < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge k \geq i)$ 
    for  $k$ 
  proof –
    have  $k \notin ?j\text{-set}$ 
      using  $\text{assms}(3) \ \text{Min-gr-iff}[of \ ?j\text{-set} \ k] \ k\text{-prop}$ 
      by  $(\text{metis } (\text{no-types}, \ \text{lifting}) \ \text{empty-iff finite-nat-set-iff-bounded mem-Collect-eq}$ 
         $\text{order-less-imp-not-eq2})$ 
      then show  $?thesis$  using  $k\text{-prop}$  by blast
    qed
  then have  $\text{minimality}: \forall k. (k < \text{min-j} \wedge k < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge k \geq i)$ 
     $\longrightarrow$ 
     $\neg (\text{check-simp } (L ! \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! k))$ 
       $(L ! \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! k)))$ 
    by blast
  show  $?thesis$ 
    using  $\text{assms}(1, 4, 5) \ \text{minimality} \ \text{min-j-props}$ 
  proof  $(\text{induction } \text{min-j} - i \ \text{arbitrary}: \text{min-j } i \ L \ \text{simp-L} \ \text{newL})$ 
    case  $0$ 
      then have  $\text{check-simp } (L ! \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! i))$ 
         $(L ! \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! i))$ 
        by force
      then show  $?case$ 
        using  $0 \ \text{WEST-simp-helper.simps}[of \ L \ (\text{enum-pairs } L) \ i \ \text{num-vars}]$ 
        by  $(\text{metis } \text{diff-diff-cancel} \ \text{diff-zero} \ \text{linorder-not-less})$ 
    next
      case  $(\text{Suc } x)$ 
      have  $\text{min-j-eq}: \text{min-j} - i = x + 1$ 
        using  $\text{Suc.hyps}(2)$  by auto
      then have  $\text{min-j} > i$ 
        by auto
      then have  $\text{cant-match-i}: \neg (\text{check-simp } (L ! \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! i))$ 

```

```

(L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! i)))
  using Suc by fast
let ?simp-L = WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars
let ?simp-Lnext = WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) (i+1) num-vars
let ?newL = update-L L (enum-pairs L ! min-j) num-vars
have simp-L-eq: ?simp-L = ?simp-Lnext
  using cant-match-i WEST-simp-helper.simps[of L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars]
Suc.prem3(3)
  by auto
have cond1: x = min-j - (i+1)
  using min-j-eq by auto
have cond2: ?simp-Lnext = WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) (i+1) num-vars
  by simp
have cond3: ?newL = update-L L (enum-pairs L ! min-j) num-vars
  by simp
have cond4: i + 1 < length (enum-pairs L)
  using Suc by linarith
have cond5:  $\forall k. k < \text{min-j} \wedge k < \text{length}(\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge i + 1 \leq k \longrightarrow$ 
   $\neg \text{check-simp}(L ! \text{fst}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! k))$ 
   $(L ! \text{snd}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! k))$ 
  using Suc
  using add-leD1 by blast
have cond6:  $\text{min-j} < \text{length}(\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge i + 1 \leq \text{min-j} \wedge$ 
   $\text{check-simp}(L ! \text{fst}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! \text{min-j}))$ 
   $(L ! \text{snd}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! \text{min-j}))$ 
  using Suc by linarith

have ?simp-Lnext = WEST-simp-helper newL (enum-pairs newL) 0 num-vars
  using Suc.hyps(1)[OF cond1 cond2 cond3 cond4 cond5 cond6]
  using Suc.prem3 by blast
then show ?case
  using simp-L-eq Suc.prem3(1) by argo
qed
qed

lemma WEST-simp-helper-cant-simp:
  assumes simp-L = WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars
  assumes  $\neg(\exists j. j < \text{length}(\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge j \geq i \wedge$ 
     $\text{check-simp}(L ! \text{fst}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! j))$ 
     $(L ! \text{snd}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! j)))$ 
  shows simp-L = L
  using assms
proof(induct length (enum-pairs L) - i arbitrary: simp-L L i)
  case 0
  then have i  $\geq \text{length}(\text{enum-pairs } L)$ 
    by simp
  then show ?case
    using 0(2) WEST-simp-helper.simps[of L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars]
    by auto

```

```

next
case (Suc x)
then have i-eq: i = length (enum-pairs L) - (x+1)
  by simp
let ?simp-L = WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars
let ?simp-nextL = WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) (i+1) num-vars
have simp-L-eq: ?simp-L = ?simp-nextL
  using WEST-simp-helper.simps[of L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars]
  using i-eq Suc
  by (metis diff-is-0-eq le-refl nat.distinct(1) zero-less-Suc zero-less-diff)
have cond1: x = length (enum-pairs L) - (i+1)
  using Suc.hyps(2) by auto
have cond2: ?simp-nextL = WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) (i + 1) num-vars
  by blast
have cond3: ¬ (∃ j < length (enum-pairs L).
  i + 1 ≤ j ∧
  check-simp (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! j))
  (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! j)))
  using Suc by auto
have ?simp-nextL = L
  using Suc.hyps(1)[OF cond1 cond2 cond3] by auto
then show ?case
  using Suc.premis(1) simp-L-eq by argo
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-simp-helper-length*:

**shows**  $\text{length } (\text{WEST-simp-helper } L \text{ (enum-pairs } L) \text{ } i \text{ num-vars}) \leq \text{length } L$

**proof**(*induct length L arbitrary: L i rule: less-induct*)

**case** *less*

```

{assume i-geq: length (enum-pairs L) ≤ i
  then have WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars = L
    using WEST-simp-helper.simps[of L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars]
    by simp
  then have ?case
    by auto
} moreover {
  assume i-le: length (enum-pairs L) > i
  then have WEST-simp-helper-eq: WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars

```

=

```

  (if check-simp (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! i))
    (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! i))
    then let newL = update-L L (enum-pairs L ! i) num-vars
      in WEST-simp-helper newL (enum-pairs newL) 0 num-vars
    else WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) (i + 1) num-vars)
  using WEST-simp-helper.simps[of L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars]
  by simp
let ?simp-L = WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars
{assume can-simp: ∃ j. j < length (enum-pairs L) ∧ j ≥ i ∧
  check-simp (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! j))

```

```

      (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! j))
    then obtain min-j where obt-min-j: min-j = Min {j. j < length (enum-pairs
L) ∧ j ≥ i ∧
      check-simp (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! j))
      (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! j))}
    by blast
    let ?newL = update-L L (enum-pairs L ! min-j) num-vars
    have ?simp-L = WEST-simp-helper ?newL (enum-pairs ?newL) 0 num-vars
      using WEST-simp-helper-can-simp[of ?simp-L L i num-vars min-j ?newL]
      using obt-min-j can-simp i-le by blast
    have min-j-bounds: min-j < length (enum-pairs L) ∧ min-j ≥ i
      using can-simp obt-min-j Min-in[of {j. j < length (enum-pairs L) ∧ j ≥ i
^
      check-simp (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! j))
      (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! j))}]
    by fastforce
    have length ?newL < length L
      using update-L-length[of enum-pairs L ! min-j L num-vars]
      using min-j-bounds
    by (metis diff-less enum-pairs-bound less-nat-zero-code not-gr-zero nth-mem
zero-less-one)
    then have ?case
      using less(1)[of ?newL] less.premis min-j-bounds update-L-preserves-num-vars
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) ‹WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars
= WEST-simp-helper (update-L L (enum-pairs L ! min-j) num-vars) (enum-pairs
(update-L L (enum-pairs L ! min-j) num-vars)) 0 num-vars› leD le-trans nat-le-linear)
    } moreover {
      assume cant-simp: ¬(∃j. j < length (enum-pairs L) ∧ j ≥ i ∧
      check-simp (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! j))
      (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! j)))
    then have ?simp-L = L
      using WEST-simp-helper-cant-simp i-le by blast
    then have ?case by simp
    }
  ultimately have ?case using WEST-simp-helper-eq by blast
}
ultimately show ?case
  using WEST-simp-helper.simps[of L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars]
  by fastforce
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-simp-helper-num-vars:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L num-vars
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars)
num-vars
  using assms
proof(induct length L arbitrary: L i rule: less-induct)
  case less
  {assume i-geq: length (enum-pairs L) ≤ i

```

```

then have WEST-simp-helper  $L$  (enum-pairs  $L$ )  $i$  num-vars =  $L$ 
  using WEST-simp-helper.simps[of  $L$  (enum-pairs  $L$ )  $i$  num-vars]
  by simp
then have ?case
  using less by argo
} moreover {
  assume i-le:  $\text{length}(\text{enum-pairs } L) > i$ 
then have WEST-simp-helper-eq: WEST-simp-helper  $L$  (enum-pairs  $L$ )  $i$  num-vars
=
  (if check-simp ( $L ! \text{fst}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! i)$ )
    ( $L ! \text{snd}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! i)$ )
    then let newL = update-L  $L$  (enum-pairs  $L ! i$ ) num-vars
      in WEST-simp-helper newL (enum-pairs newL)  $0$  num-vars
    else WEST-simp-helper  $L$  (enum-pairs  $L$ )  $(i + 1)$  num-vars)
  using WEST-simp-helper.simps[of  $L$  (enum-pairs  $L$ )  $i$  num-vars]
  by simp
let ?simp-L = WEST-simp-helper  $L$  (enum-pairs  $L$ )  $i$  num-vars
{assume can-simp:  $\exists j. j < \text{length}(\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge j \geq i \wedge$ 
  check-simp ( $L ! \text{fst}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! j)$ )
    ( $L ! \text{snd}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! j)$ )
  then obtain min-j where obt-min-j:  $\text{min-j} = \text{Min} \{j. j < \text{length}(\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge j \geq i \wedge$ 
    check-simp ( $L ! \text{fst}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! j)$ )
      ( $L ! \text{snd}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! j)$ )}
  by blast
let ?newL = update-L  $L$  (enum-pairs  $L ! \text{min-j}$ ) num-vars
have ?simp-L = WEST-simp-helper ?newL (enum-pairs ?newL)  $0$  num-vars
  using WEST-simp-helper-can-simp[of ?simp-L  $L$   $i$  num-vars min-j ?newL]
  using obt-min-j can-simp i-le by blast
have min-j-bounds:  $\text{min-j} < \text{length}(\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge \text{min-j} \geq i$ 
  using can-simp obt-min-j Min-in[of  $\{j. j < \text{length}(\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge j \geq i$ 
 $\wedge$ 
    check-simp ( $L ! \text{fst}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! j)$ )
      ( $L ! \text{snd}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! j)$ )}]
  by fastforce
have  $\text{length } ?newL < \text{length } L$ 
  using update-L-length[of enum-pairs  $L ! \text{min-j}$   $L$  num-vars]
  using min-j-bounds
  by (metis diff-less enum-pairs-bound less-nat-zero-code not-gr-zero nth-mem
zero-less-one)
then have ?case
  using less(1)[of ?newL] less.prems min-j-bounds update-L-preserves-num-vars
  by (metis  $\langle$  WEST-simp-helper  $L$  (enum-pairs  $L$ )  $i$  num-vars = WEST-simp-helper
    (update-L  $L$  (enum-pairs  $L ! \text{min-j}$ ) num-vars) (enum-pairs (update-L  $L$  (enum-pairs
     $L ! \text{min-j}$ ) num-vars))  $0$  num-vars)  $\rangle$  nth-mem)
} moreover {
  assume cant-simp:  $\neg(\exists j. j < \text{length}(\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge j \geq i \wedge$ 
    check-simp ( $L ! \text{fst}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! j)$ )
      ( $L ! \text{snd}(\text{enum-pairs } L ! j)$ ))

```

```

    then have ?simp-L = L
      using WEST-simp-helper-cant-simp i-le by blast
    then have ?case using less by simp
  }
  ultimately have ?case using WEST-simp-helper-eq by blast
}
ultimately show ?case
  using WEST-simp-helper.simps[of L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars]
  by fastforce
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-simp-num-vars:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L num-vars
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-simp L num-vars) num-vars
  unfolding WEST-simp.simps
  using WEST-simp-helper-num-vars assms by blast

```

```

lemma WEST-and-simp-num-vars:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L1 k
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L2 k
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-and-simp L1 L2 k) k
  unfolding WEST-and-simp.simps
  using WEST-simp-num-vars WEST-and-num-vars assms by blast

```

```

lemma WEST-or-simp-num-vars:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L1 k
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L2 k
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-or-simp L1 L2 k) k
  unfolding WEST-or-simp.simps
  using WEST-simp-num-vars WEST-or-num-vars assms by blast

```

```

lemma shift-num-vars:
  fixes L::WEST-regex
  fixes a k::nat
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L k
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (shift L k a) k
  using assms
proof(induct L)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by auto
next
  case (Cons h t)
  let ?padding = arbitrary-trace k a
  let ?padh = ?padding @ h
  let ?padt = shift t k a
  have padding-nv:  $\forall i < \text{length } (\text{arbitrary-trace } k \ a). \text{length } (\text{arbitrary-trace } k \ a \ ! \ i)$ 

```

```

= k
  unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
  have h-nv: trace-regex-of-vars h k
  using Cons.premis unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def
  by (metis length-greater-0-conv list.distinct(1) nth-Cons-0)
  then have h-nv:  $\forall i < \text{length } h. \text{length } (h ! i) = k$ 
  unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by metis
  have length ((?padding @ h) ! i) = k if i-lt:  $i < \text{length } (?padding @ h)$  for i
  proof -
    {assume in-padding:  $i < \text{length } ?padding$ 
     then have ?thesis
      using padding-nv
      by (metis nth-append)
    } moreover {
     assume in-h:  $i \geq \text{length } ?padding$ 
     let ?index =  $i - (\text{length } ?padding)$ 
     have  $i - (\text{length } ?padding) < \text{length } h$ 
     using i-lt in-h by auto
     then have  $h ! ?index = (?padding @ h) ! i$ 
     using i-lt in-h by (simp add: nth-append)
     then have ?thesis using h-nv
     by (metis  $\langle i - \text{length } (\text{arbitrary-trace } k \ a) < \text{length } h \rangle$ )
    }
  ultimately show ?thesis by fastforce
qed
then have padh-nv: trace-regex-of-vars ?padh k
  unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by simp
have  $\forall ka < \text{length } (h \# t). \text{trace-regex-of-vars } ((h \# t) ! ka) \ k$ 
  using Cons.premis unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by metis
then have WEST-regex-of-vars t k
  unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by auto
then have padt-nv: WEST-regex-of-vars ?padt k
  using Cons.hyps by simp
then show ?case using padh-nv padt-nv
  using regtraceList-cons-num-vars[of ?padh k ?padt] by simp
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-future-num-vars:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L k
  assumes  $a \leq b$ 
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-future L a b k) k
  using assms
proof (induct  $b - a$  arbitrary: L a b)
  case 0
  then have  $a = b$  by simp
  then have WEST-future-base:  $(\text{WEST-future } L \ a \ b \ k) = \text{shift } L \ k \ a$ 
  using WEST-future.simps[of L a b k] by auto
  have WEST-regex-of-vars (shift L k a) k

```

```

    using shift-num-vars 0 by blast
  then show ?case using WEST-future-base by simp
next
case (Suc x)
  then have b = a + (Suc x) by auto
  then have west-future: WEST-future L a b k = WEST-or-simp (shift L k b)
(WEST-future L a (b - 1) k) k
    using WEST-future.simps[of L a b k]
    by (metis Suc.hyps(2) Zero-not-Suc cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel
diff-is-0-eq' linorder-le-less-linear)
  have fact: WEST-regex-of-vars (shift L k b) k
    using shift-num-vars Suc by blast
  have indh: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-future L a (b - 1) k) k
    using Suc.hyps Suc.prem by simp
  show ?case
    using west-future WEST-or-simp-num-vars fact indh by metis
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-global-num-vars:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L k
  assumes a ≤ b
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-global L a b k) k
  using assms
proof(induct b-a arbitrary: L a b)
  case 0
  then have a = b by simp
  then have WEST-global-base: (WEST-global L a b k) = shift L k a
    using WEST-global.simps[of L a b k] by auto
  have WEST-regex-of-vars (shift L k a) k
    using shift-num-vars 0 by blast
  then show ?case using WEST-global-base by simp
next
case (Suc x)
  then have b = a + (Suc x) by auto
  then have west-global: WEST-global L a b k = WEST-and-simp (shift L k b)
(WEST-global L a (b - 1) k) k
    using WEST-global.simps[of L a b k]
    by (metis Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prem(2) add-leE cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel
le-numeral-extra(3) nat-less-le not-one-le-zero plus-1-eq-Suc)
  have fact: WEST-regex-of-vars (shift L k b) k
    using shift-num-vars Suc by blast
  have indh: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-global L a (b - 1) k) k
    using Suc.hyps Suc.prem by simp
  show ?case
    using west-global WEST-and-simp-num-vars fact indh
    by metis
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-until-num-vars:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L1 k
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L2 k
  assumes  $a \leq b$ 
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-until L1 L2 a b k) k
  using assms
proof(induct b-a arbitrary: L1 L2 a b)
  case 0
  then have  $a = b$  by auto
  have WEST-until L1 L2 a b k = WEST-global L2 a a k
    using WEST-until.simps[of L1 L2 a b k] 0 by auto
  then show ?case using 0 WEST-global-num-vars[of L2 k a b] by simp
next
  case (Suc x)
  then have  $b = a + (Suc\ x)$  by auto
  then have west-until: WEST-until L1 L2 a b k = WEST-or-simp (WEST-until
L1 L2 a (b - 1) k)
    (WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L1 a (b
- 1) k) (WEST-global L2 b b k) k) k
    using WEST-until.simps[of L1 L2 a b k]
    by (metis Suc.premis(3) Zero-neq-Suc add-eq-self-zero order-neq-le-trans)

  have fact1: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-global L1 a (b - 1) k) k
    using WEST-global-num-vars Suc by auto
  have fact2: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-global L2 b b k) k
    using WEST-global-num-vars Suc by blast
  have indh: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-until L1 L2 a (b - 1) k) k
    using Suc.hyps Suc.premis by simp
  show ?case
    using west-until WEST-and-num-vars fact1 fact2 indh
    using WEST-and-simp-num-vars WEST-or-simp-num-vars by metis
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-release-helper-num-vars:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L1 k
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L2 k
  assumes  $a \leq b$ 
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a b k) k
  using assms
proof(induct b-a arbitrary: L1 L2 a b)
  case 0
  then have  $a = b$  by auto
  then have WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a b k = WEST-and-simp (WEST-global
L1 a a k) (WEST-global L2 a a k) k
    using WEST-release-helper.simps[of L1 L2 a b k] by argo
  have fact1: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-global L1 a a k) k
    using WEST-global-num-vars[of L1 k a a] 0 by blast

```

```

have fact2: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-global L2 a a k) k
  using WEST-global-num-vars[of L2 k a a] 0 by blast
then show ?case using WEST-release-helper.simps[of L1 L2 a b k] 0
  using fact1 fact2 WEST-and-simp-num-vars by auto
next
case (Suc x)
then have b = a + (Suc x) by auto
then have west-release-helper: WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a b k = WEST-or-simp
(WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (b - 1) k)
  (WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L2 a b k) (WEST-global L1 b b k) k) k
  using WEST-release-helper.simps[of L1 L2 a b k]
  by (metis Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prem(3) add-eq-0-iff-both-eq-0 cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel
le-neq-implies-less plus-1-eq-Suc zero-neq-one)

have fact1: WEST-regex-of-vars ((WEST-global L2 a b k)) k
  using WEST-global-num-vars Suc by auto
have fact2: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-global L1 b b k) k
  using WEST-global-num-vars Suc by blast
have indh: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (b - 1) k) k
  using Suc.hyps Suc.prem by simp
show ?case using WEST-release-helper.simps[of L1 L2 a b k]
  using fact1 fact2 indh WEST-and-simp-num-vars WEST-or-simp-num-vars Suc
  by presburger
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-release-num-vars*:

```

assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L1 k
assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L2 k
assumes a ≤ b
shows WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-release L1 L2 a b k) k
using assms
proof -
  {assume a-eq-b: a = b
  then have WEST-release L1 L2 a b k = WEST-global L2 a b k
    using WEST-release.simps[of L1 L2 a b k] by auto
  then have ?thesis using WEST-global-num-vars assms by auto
  } moreover {
  assume a-neq-b: a ≠ b
  then have b-pos: b > 0 using assms by simp
  have a-leq-bm1: a ≤ b-1 using a-neq-b assms by auto
  then have a-le-b: a < b using b-pos by auto
  have WEST-release L1 L2 a b k = WEST-or-simp (WEST-global L2 a b k)
(WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (b - 1) k) k
    using WEST-release.simps[of L1 L2 a b k] a-le-b by argo
  then have ?thesis
    using WEST-global-num-vars[of L2 a b k]
    using WEST-release-helper-num-vars[of L1 k L2 a b]
    using WEST-or-simp-num-vars[of WEST-global L2 a b k k WEST-release-helper

```

```

L1 L2 a (b - 1) k]
  using WEST-global-num-vars WEST-release-helper-num-vars a-leq-bm1 assms(1)
  assms(2) assms(3) by presburger
}
ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-reg-aux-num-vars:
  assumes is-nnf:  $\exists \psi. F1 = (\text{convert-nnf } \psi)$ 
  assumes k  $\geq$  WEST-num-vars F1
  assumes intervals-welldef F1
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-reg-aux F1 k) k
  using assms
proof (induct F1 rule: nnf-induct)
  case nnf
  then show ?case using is-nnf by simp
next
  case True
  then show ?case using WEST-reg-aux.simps(1)[of k]
    unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
next
  case False
  show ?case using WEST-reg-aux.simps(2)
    unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
next
  case (Prop p)
  then show ?case using WEST-reg-aux.simps(3)[of p k]
    unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
next
  case (NotProp F p)
  then show ?case using WEST-reg-aux.simps(3)[of p k]
    unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
next
  case (And F F1 F2)
  have nnf-F1:  $\exists \psi. F1 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$  using And(1, 4)
    by (metis convert-nnf.simps(4) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mtl.inject(3))
  then have F1-k: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-reg-aux F1 k) k
    using And by auto
  have nnf-F2:  $\exists \psi. F2 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$ 
  by (metis And.hyps(1) And.prem(1) convert-nnf.simps(4) convert-nnf-convert-nnf
  mtl.inject(3))
  then have F2-k: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-reg-aux F2 k) k
    using And by auto
  have nv-F1: WEST-num-vars F1  $\leq$  k
  using WEST-num-vars-subformulas[of F1 And-mltl F1 F2] And(1,5) unfolding
  subformulas.simps
  by simp
  have nv-F2: WEST-num-vars F2  $\leq$  k

```

```

    using WEST-num-vars-subformulas[of F2 And-mltl F1 F2] And(1,5) unfold-
ing subformulas.simps
    by simp
    show ?case
    using WEST-reg-aux.simps(6)[of F1 F2 k] And And(2)[OF nnf-F1 nv-F1]
And(3)[OF nnf-F2 nv-F2]
    using WEST-and-simp-num-vars[of (WEST-reg-aux F1 k) k (WEST-reg-aux
F2 k)]
    by auto
next
case (Or F F1 F2)
have nnf-F1:  $\exists \psi. F1 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$  using Or
  by (metis convert-nnf.simps(5) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mltl.inject(4))
then have F1-k: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-reg-aux F1 k) k
  using Or by auto
have nnf-F2:  $\exists \psi. F2 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$ 
  by (metis Or.hyps(1) Or.premis(1) convert-nnf.simps(5) convert-nnf-convert-nnf
mltl.inject(4))
then have F2-k: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-reg-aux F2 k) k
  using Or by auto
let ?L1 = (WEST-reg-aux F1 k)
let ?L2 = (WEST-reg-aux F2 k)
have WEST-regex-of-vars ?L1 k
  using Or nnf-F1 by simp
then have L1-nv:  $\forall i < \text{length } (WEST-reg-aux F1 k). \text{trace-regex-of-vars } (WEST-reg-aux
F1 k ! i) k$ 
  unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by metis
have WEST-regex-of-vars ?L2 k
  using Or nnf-F2 by simp
then have L2-nv:  $\forall j < \text{length } (WEST-reg-aux F2 k). \text{trace-regex-of-vars } (WEST-reg-aux
F2 k ! j) k$ 
  unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by metis

have L1L2-L: WEST-reg-aux F k = WEST-or-simp ?L1 ?L2 k
  using WEST-reg-aux.simps(5)[of F1 F2 k] Or by blast
let ?L = ?L1@?L2
show ?case
  using WEST-or-simp-num-vars[of ?L1 k ?L2, OF] L1-nv L2-nv L1L2-L
  unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def by auto
next
case (Final F F1 a b)
let ?L1 = WEST-reg-aux F1 k
have F1-nnf:  $\exists \psi. F1 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$  using Final
  by (metis convert-nnf.simps(6) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mltl.inject(5))
then have L1-nv: WEST-regex-of-vars ?L1 k
  using Final by simp
have WEST-reg-future: WEST-reg-aux (Future-mltl a b F1) k = WEST-future
?L1 a b k
  using WEST-reg-aux.simps(7)[of a b F1 k] by blast

```

```

let ?L = WEST-future ?L1 a b k
have WEST-regex-of-vars ?L k
  using L1-nv WEST-future-num-vars[of ?L1 k a b] Final by auto
then show ?case using WEST-reg-future Final by simp
next
case (Global F F1 a b)
let ?L1 = WEST-reg-aux F1 k
have F1-nnf:  $\exists \psi. F1 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$  using Global
  by (metis convert-nnf.simps(7) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mtl.inject(6))
then have L1-nv: WEST-regex-of-vars ?L1 k
  using Global by simp
have WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-global ?L1 a b k) k
  using L1-nv WEST-global-num-vars[of ?L1 k a b] Global by simp
then show ?case using WEST-reg-aux.simps(8)[of a b F1 k] Global(1) by simp
next
case (Until F F1 F2 a b)
have nnf-F1:  $\exists \psi. F1 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$  using Until
  by (metis convert-nnf.simps(8) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mtl.inject(7))
then have F1-k: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-reg-aux F1 k) k
  using Until by auto
have nnf-F2:  $\exists \psi. F2 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$  using Until
  by (metis convert-nnf.simps(8) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mtl.inject(7))
then have F2-k: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-reg-aux F2 k) k
  using Until by auto
let ?L1 = (WEST-reg-aux F1 k)
let ?L2 = (WEST-reg-aux F2 k)
have L1-nv: WEST-regex-of-vars ?L1 k
  using Until nnf-F1 by simp
have L2-nv: WEST-regex-of-vars ?L2 k
  using Until nnf-F2 by simp

  have WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-until (WEST-reg-aux F1 k) (WEST-reg-aux
F2 k) a b k) k
  using WEST-until-num-vars[of ?L1 k ?L2 a b, OF L1-nv L2-nv] Until by auto
  then show ?case using Until(1) WEST-reg-aux.simps(9)[of F1 a b F2 k] by
auto
next
case (Release F F1 F2 a b)
have nnf-F1:  $\exists \psi. F1 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$  using Release
  by (metis convert-nnf.simps(9) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mtl.inject(8))

then have F1-k: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-reg-aux F1 k) k
  using Release by auto
have nnf-F2:  $\exists \psi. F2 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$  using Release
  by (metis convert-nnf.simps(9) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mtl.inject(8))
then have F2-k: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-reg-aux F2 k) k
  using Release by auto
let ?L1 = (WEST-reg-aux F1 k)
let ?L2 = (WEST-reg-aux F2 k)

```

```

have L1-nv: WEST-regex-of-vars ?L1 k
  using Release nnf-F1 by simp
have L2-nv: WEST-regex-of-vars ?L2 k
  using Release nnf-F2 by simp

have WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-release (WEST-reg-aux F1 k) (WEST-reg-aux
F2 k) a b k) k
  using WEST-release-num-vars[of ?L1 k ?L2 a b, OF L1-nv L2-nv] Release by
auto
  then show ?case using WEST-reg-aux.simps(10)[of F1 a b F2 k] Release by
argo
qed

```

```

lemma nnf-intervals-welldef:
  assumes intervals-welldef F1
  shows intervals-welldef (convert-nnf F1)
  using assms
proof (induct depth-mltl F1 arbitrary: F1 rule: less-induct)
  case less
  have iwd: intervals-welldef F2  $\implies$ 
    F1 = Not-mltl F2  $\implies$ 
    intervals-welldef (convert-nnf (Not-mltl F2))
  for F2 apply (cases F2) using less by simp-all
  then show ?case using less
  apply (cases F1) by simp-all
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-reg-num-vars:
  assumes intervals-welldef F1
  shows WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-reg F1) (WEST-num-vars F1)
proof –
  have WEST-num-vars (convert-nnf F1) = WEST-num-vars F1
  using WEST-num-vars-nnf by presburger
  then have wnv: WEST-num-vars (convert-nnf F1)  $\leq$  (WEST-num-vars F1)
  by simp
  have iwd: intervals-welldef (convert-nnf F1)
  using assms nnf-intervals-welldef
  by auto
  show ?thesis
  using assms WEST-reg-aux-num-vars[OF - wnv iwd]
  unfolding WEST-reg.simps
  by auto
qed

```

## 3.7 Correctness of WEST-simp

### 3.7.1 WEST-count-diff facts

```

lemma count-diff-property-aux:
  assumes k < length r1  $\wedge$  k < length r2

```

```

shows count-diff r1 r2 ≥ count-diff-state (r1 ! k) (r2 ! k)
using assms
proof (induct length r1 arbitrary: r1 r2 k)
  case 0
  then show ?case by simp
next
case (Suc x)
obtain h1 t1 h2 t2 where r1r2: r1 = h1#t1 r2 = h2#t2
  using Suc
  by (metis length-0-conv not-less-zero trim-reversed-regex.cases)
have cd: count-diff r1 r2 = count-diff-state h1 h2 + count-diff t1 t2
  using r1r2 count-diff.simps(4)[of h1 t1 h2 t2] by simp
{assume *: k = 0
  have count-diff r1 r2 ≥ count-diff-state h1 h2
    using cd
    by auto
  then have ?case using * r1r2
    by auto
} moreover {assume *: k > 0
  have t1t2: t1 ! (k-1) = r1 ! k ∧ t2 ! (k-1) = r2 ! k
    using Suc(3) * r1r2
    by simp
  have count-diff-state (t1 ! (k - 1)) (t2 ! (k - 1))
    ≤ count-diff t1 t2
    using * Suc(1)[of t1 k-1 t2]
    Suc(2-3) r1r2
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-less-eq Suc-pred diff-Suc-1' length-Cons)
  then have ?case using cd t1t2
    by auto
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

```

lemma count-diff-state-property:
  assumes count-diff-state t1 t2 = 0
  assumes ka < length t1 ∧ ka < length t2
  shows t1 ! ka = t2 ! ka
  using assms
  proof (induct length t1 arbitrary: t1 t2 ka)
    case 0
    then show ?case by simp
  next
  case (Suc x)
  obtain h1 T1 h2 T2 where t1t2: t1 = h1#T1 t2 = h2#T2
    using Suc
    by (metis count-nonS-trace.cases length-0-conv less-nat-zero-code)
  have cd: h1 = h2 ∧ count-diff-state t1 t2 = count-diff-state T1 T2
    using t1t2 count-diff-state.simps(4)[of h1 T1 h2 T2]
    Suc(3) by presburger

```

```

then have ind0: count-diff-state T1 T2 = 0
  using Suc(3) by auto
{assume *: ka = 0
  then have ?case using cd t1t2
    by auto
} moreover {assume *: ka > 0
  have T1T2: T1 ! (ka-1) = t1 ! ka ∧ T2 ! (ka-1) = t2 ! ka
    using Suc(3) * t1t2
    by simp
  have T1 ! (ka-1) = T2 ! (ka-1)
    using * Suc(1)[OF - ind0, of ka]
    Suc(2-3) t1t2
    by (metis Suc.hyps(1) Suc.prem(2) Suc-less-eq Suc-pred diff-Suc-1 ind0
length-Cons)
  then have ?case using T1T2
    by auto
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

```

lemma count-diff-property:
  assumes count-diff r1 r2 = 0
  assumes k < length r1 ∧ k < length r2
  assumes ka < length (r1 ! k) ∧ ka < length (r2 ! k)
  shows r2 ! k ! ka = r1 ! k ! ka
proof -
  have count-diff r1 r2 ≥ count-diff-state (r1 ! k) (r2 ! k)
    using count-diff-property-aux[OF assms(2)]
    by auto
  then have cdt: count-diff-state (r1 ! k) (r2 ! k) = 0
    using assms by auto
  show ?thesis
    using count-diff-state-property[OF cdt assms(3)]
    by auto
qed

```

```

lemma count-nonS-trace-0-allS:
  assumes length h = num-vars
  assumes count-nonS-trace h = 0
  shows h = map (λt. S) [0..num-vars]
  using assms
proof(induct num-vars arbitrary: h)
  case 0
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Suc num-vars)
  then obtain head tail where head#tail: h = head#tail
    by (meson length-Suc-conv)
    have tail = map (λt. S) [0..num-vars]

```

```

    using Suc(1)[of tail] head-tail Suc.premS
    by (metis Zero-not-Suc count-nonS-trace.simps(2) length-Cons nat.inject
plus-1-eq-Suc)
  then have count-nonS-trace tail = 0
    using count-nonS-trace.simps Suc.premS(2)
    by (metis Suc.premS(2) add-is-0 head-tail)
  then show ?case
    using count-nonS-trace.simps(2)[of head tail] head-tail
  proof -
    have f1: 0 = Suc 0 + 0  $\vee$  head = S
      using One-nat-def Suc.premS(2)  $\langle$ count-nonS-trace (head # tail) = (if head
 $\neq$  S then 1 + count-nonS-trace tail else count-nonS-trace tail) $\rangle$   $\langle$ count-nonS-trace
tail = 0 $\rangle$  head-tail by argo
    have map ( $\lambda n. S$ ) [0.. $\text{Suc num-vars}$ ] = S # map ( $\lambda n. S$ ) [0.. $\text{num-vars}$ ]
      using map-upt-Suc by blast
    then show ?thesis
      using f1  $\langle$ tail = map ( $\lambda t. S$ ) [0.. $\text{num-vars}$ ] $\rangle$  head-tail by presburger
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma trace-tail-num-vars:
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars (h # trace) num-vars
  shows trace-regex-of-vars trace num-vars
proof -
  have  $\bigwedge i. i < \text{length trace} \implies \text{length (trace ! } i) = \text{num-vars}$ 
  proof -
    fix i
    assume i-le:  $i < \text{length trace}$ 
    have  $i+1 < \text{length (h \# trace)}$ 
      using Cons
      by (meson i-le impossible-Cons leI le-trans less-iff-succ-less-eq)
    then have  $\text{length ((h \# trace) ! (i+1)) = num-vars$ 
      using assms unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by meson
    then show  $\text{length (trace ! } i) = \text{num-vars}$ 
      by auto
  qed
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by auto
qed

```

```

lemma count-diff-property-S-aux:
  assumes count-diff trace [] = 0
  assumes  $k < \text{length trace}$ 
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars trace num-vars
  assumes  $1 \leq \text{num-vars}$ 
  shows  $\text{trace ! } k = \text{map } (\lambda t. S) [0 .. < \text{num-vars}]$ 
  using assms
proof (induct trace arbitrary: k num-vars)
  case Nil

```

```

then show ?case by simp
next
case (Cons h trace)
{assume k-zero: k = 0
  have cond1: length h = num-vars
    using Cons.prem1 unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
    by (metis Cons.prem2 k-zero nth-Cons-0)
  have cond2: count-nonS-trace h = 0
    using Cons.prem1 count-diff.simps
    by (metis add-is-0 count-diff-state.simps(3) count-nonS-trace.elims)
  have h = map (λt. S) [0..

```

```

lemma count-diff-property-S:
  assumes count-diff r1 r2 = 0
  assumes k < length r1 ∧ length r2 ≤ k
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
  assumes num-vars ≥ 1
  assumes ka < num-vars
  shows r1 ! k = map (λt. S) [0..

```

```

next
  case (Cons a r2)
  then obtain h T where obt-hT: r1 = h#T
    by (metis length-0-conv less-nat-zero-code trim-reversed-regex.cases)
  have count-diff-state h a = 0
    using count-diff.simps(4)[of h T a r2] Cons.prem1 obt-hT by simp
  then have cond1: count-diff T r2 = 0
    using count-diff.simps(4)[of h T a r2] Cons.prem1 obt-hT by simp
  have count-diff (drop (length r2) T) [] = 0
    using Cons.hyps[OF cond1] Cons.prem1 obt-hT
    by (metis count-diff.simps(1) drop-all linorder-le-less-linear order-refl)
  then show ?case
    using obt-hT by simp
qed
have cond2: (k - length r2) < length (drop (length r2) r1)
  using assms by auto
have cond3: trace-regex-of-vars (drop (length r2) r1) num-vars
  using assms(3, 2) unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
  by (metis <length r2 < length r1> add.commute leI length-drop less-diff-conv
nth-drop order.asym)
have ?tail ! (k - length r2) = map (λt. S) [0 ..< num-vars]
  using count-diff-property-S-aux[OF cond1 cond2 cond3] assms by blast
then show ?thesis
  using assms by auto
qed

```

```

lemma count-diff-state-commutative:
  shows count-diff-state e1 e2 = count-diff-state e2 e1
  proof (induct e1 arbitrary: e2)
    case Nil
    then show ?case using count-diff-state.simps
      by (metis count-nonS-trace.cases)
  next
    case (Cons h1 t1)
    then show ?case
      by (cases e2) simp-all
  qed

```

```

lemma count-diff-commutative:
  shows count-diff r1 r2 = count-diff r2 r1
  proof (induct r1 arbitrary: r2)
    case Nil
    then show ?case using count-diff.simps
      by (metis trim-reversed-regex.cases)
  next
    case (Cons h1 t1)
    {assume *: r2 = []
    then have ?case

```

```

    using count-diff.simps by auto
  } moreover {
    assume *: r2 ≠ []
    then obtain h2 t2 where r2 = h2#t2
      by (meson neq-Nil-conv)
    then have ?case using count-diff.simps(4)[of h1 t1 h2 t2]
      Cons[of t2] * count-diff-state-commutative
      by auto
  }
  ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

```

lemma count-diff-same-trace:
  shows count-diff trace trace = 0
proof(induct trace)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons a trace)
  have count-diff-state a a = 0
  proof(induct a)
    case Nil
    then show ?case by simp
  next
    case (Cons a1 a2)
    then show ?case by simp
  qed
  then show ?case
  using Cons count-diff.simps(4)[of a trace a trace] by auto
qed

```

```

lemma count-diff-state-0:
  assumes count-diff-state h1 h2 = 0
  assumes length h1 = length h2
  shows h1 = h2
  using assms
proof(induct h1 arbitrary: h2)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons a h1)
  then show ?case
  by (metis count-diff-state-property nth-equalityI)
qed

```

```

lemma count-diff-state-1:
  assumes length h1 = length h2

```

```

assumes count-diff-state  $h1\ h2 = 1$ 
shows  $\exists ka < \text{length } h1. h1!ka \neq h2!ka$ 
using assms
proof(induct  $h1$  arbitrary:  $h2$ )
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons  $a\ h1$ )
  then obtain head tail where obt-headtail:  $h2 = \text{head}\#\text{tail}$ 
    by (metis length-0-conv neg-Nil-conv)
  {assume head-equal:  $a = \text{head}$ 
    then have count-diff-state  $h1\ \text{tail} = 1$ 
      using count-diff-state.simps(4)[of a h1 head tail]
      using Cons.prems(2) obt-headtail by auto
    then have  $\exists ka < \text{length } h1. h1 ! ka \neq \text{tail} ! ka$ 
      using Cons.hyps[of tail] Cons.prems
      by (simp add: obt-headtail)
    then have ?case using obt-headtail by auto
  } moreover {
    assume head-notequal:  $a \neq \text{head}$ 
    then have ?case using obt-headtail by auto
  }
  ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

**lemma** *count-diff-state-other-states*:

```

assumes count-diff-state  $h1\ h2 = 1$ 
assumes  $\text{length } h1 = \text{length } h2$ 
assumes  $h1!k \neq h2!k$ 
assumes  $k < \text{length } h1$ 
shows  $\forall i < \text{length } h1. k \neq i \longrightarrow h1!i = h2!i$ 
using assms
proof(induct  $h1$  arbitrary:  $h2\ k$ )
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons  $a\ h1$ )
  then obtain head tail where headtail:  $h2 = \text{head}\#\text{tail}$ 
    by (metis Suc-length-conv)
  {assume k0:  $k = 0$ 
    then have count-diff-state  $h1\ \text{tail} = 0$ 
      using Cons.prems headtail count-diff-state.simps(4)[of a h1 head tail] by auto
    then have  $h1 = \text{tail}$ 
      using count-diff-state-0 Cons.prems headtail by simp
    then have ?case using k0 headtail by simp
  } moreover {
    assume k-not0:  $k \neq 0$ 
    then have head-eq:  $a = \text{head}$ 
      using Cons headtail count-diff-state.simps(4)[of a h1 head tail]
  }

```

```

    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-inject count-diff-state-0 length-Cons nth-Cons'
plus-1-eq-Suc)
  then have count-diff-state h1 tail = 1
    using Cons.headtail count-diff-state.simps(4)[of a h1 head tail] by argo
  then have induction:  $\forall i < \text{length } h1. k-1 \neq i \longrightarrow h1 ! i = \text{tail} ! i$ 
    using Cons.hyps[of h2 k-1] Cons.prem headtail
  by (smt (verit) Cons.hyps Suc-less-eq add-diff-inverse-nat k-not0 length-Cons
less-one nth-Cons' old.nat.inject plus-1-eq-Suc)
  have  $\bigwedge i. (i < \text{length } (a \# h1) \wedge k \neq i) \implies (a \# h1) ! i = h2 ! i$ 
  proof-
    fix i
    assume i-facts:  $(i < \text{length } (a \# h1) \wedge k \neq i)$ 
    {assume i0:  $i = 0$ 
      then have  $(a \# h1) ! i = h2 ! i$ 
        using headtail head-eq by simp
      } moreover {
        assume i-not0:  $i \neq 0$ 
        then have  $(a \# h1) ! i = h2 ! i$ 
          using induction k-not0 i-facts
          using headtail length-Cons nth-Cons' zero-less-diff by auto
        }
    ultimately show  $(a \# h1) ! i = h2 ! i$  by blast
  qed
  then have ?case by blast
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

```

lemma count-diff-same-len:
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
  assumes count-diff r1 r2 = 0
  assumes length r1 = length r2
  shows  $r1 = r2$ 
  using assms
proof(induct r1 arbitrary: r2)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons h1 r1)
  then obtain h T where obt-hT:  $r2 = h \# T$ 
    by (metis length-0-conv list.exhaust)
  have cond1: trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
    using trace-tail-num-vars Cons.prem by blast
  have cond2: trace-regex-of-vars T num-vars
    using trace-tail-num-vars Cons.prem obt-hT by blast
  have h1-h-samelen:  $\text{length } h1 = \text{length } h$ 
    using Cons.prem obt-hT unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
    by (metis length-greater-0-conv nth-Cons-0)

```

```

have r1-eq-T: r1 = T
  using Cons.hyps[OF cond1 cond2] Cons.premis
  by (simp add: obt-hT)
then have count-diff r1 T = 0
  using count-diff-same-trace by auto
then have count-diff-state h1 h = 0
  using Cons.premis(3) obt-hT count-diff.simps(4)[of h1 r1 h T] by simp
then have h = h1 using h1-h-samelen
proof(induct h arbitrary: h1)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons a h)
  then show ?case using count-diff-state.simps
    Suc-inject count-diff-state.elims length-Cons less-iff-Suc-add not-less-eq
    by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) count-diff-state-0)
  qed
then show ?case
  using r1-eq-T obt-hT by blast
qed

```

```

lemma count-diff-1:
  assumes count-diff r1 r2 = 1
  assumes length r1 = length r2
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
  shows  $\exists k < \text{length } r1. \text{count-diff-state } (r1!k) (r2!k) = 1$ 
  using assms
proof(induct length r1 arbitrary: r1 r2)
  case 0
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc x)
  obtain h1 T1 where obt-h1T1: r1 = h1#T1 using Suc
    by (metis length-Suc-conv)
  obtain h2 T2 where obt-h2T2: r2 = h2#T2 using Suc
    by (metis length-Suc-conv)
  {assume h1h2-same: h1 = h2
   have count-diff-state h1 h2 = 0
     using h1h2-same count-diff-state-0
     by (metis Nat.add-0-right count-diff.simps(4) count-diff-same-trace)
   then have cond2: count-diff T1 T2 = 1
     using h1h2-same Suc.premis(1) obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2
     using count-diff.simps(4)[of h1 T1 h2 T2] by simp
   have  $\exists k < \text{length } T1. \text{count-diff-state } (T1!k) (T2!k) = 1$ 
     using Suc obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2 h1h2-same
     by (metis cond2 length-Cons nat.inject trace-tail-num-vars)
   then have ?case using obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2
     by fastforce
  }

```

```

} moreover {
  assume h1h2-notsame: h1 ≠ h2
  have h1h2-nv: length h1 = length h2
    using Suc.premis(3, 4) unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
  by (metis Suc.hyps(2) Suc.premis(2) nth-Cons-0 obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2 zero-less-Suc)
  then have count-diff-state h1 h2 > 0
    using count-diff-state-0 h1h2-notsame by auto
  then have count-diff-state h1 h2 = 1
    using count-diff.simps(4)[of h1 T1 h2 T2] Suc obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2 by auto
  then have ?case using obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2 by auto
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

```

lemma count-diff-1-other-states:
  assumes count-diff r1 r2 = 1
  assumes length r1 = length r2
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
  assumes count-diff-state (r1!k) (r2!k) = 1
  shows ∀ i < length r1. k ≠ i → r1!i = r2!i
  using assms
proof(induct length r1 arbitrary: r1 r2 k)
  case 0
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc x)
  obtain h1 T1 where obt-h1T1: r1 = h1#T1 using Suc
    by (metis length-Suc-conv)
  obtain h2 T2 where obt-h2T2: r2 = h2#T2 using Suc
    by (metis length-Suc-conv)
  {assume k0: k = 0
  have count-diff T1 T2 = 0
    using Suc count-diff.simps(4)[of h1 T1 h2 T2] obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2 k0
    by auto
  then have ∀ i < length T1. T1 ! i = T2 ! i
    using Suc.premis count-diff-same-len trace-tail-num-vars
    by (metis Suc-inject length-Cons obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2)
  then have ?case using obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2 k0
    using length-Cons by auto
  } moreover {
  assume k-not0: k ≠ 0
  then have T1T2-diffby1: count-diff T1 T2 = 1
    using Suc.premis obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2 count-diff.simps(4)[of h1 T1 h2 T2]
    by (metis One-nat-def add-right-imp-eq count-diff-same-len count-diff-state-1
list.size(4) not-gr-zero nth-Cons-pos one-is-add trace-tail-num-vars)
  then have h1h2-same: h1 = h2
    using k-not0 count-diff.simps(4)[of h1 T1 h2 T2] Suc.premis obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2

```

```

unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
  by (metis Suc.hyps(2) add-cancel-right-left count-diff-state-0 nth-Cons-0
zero-less-Suc)
  have induction:  $\forall i < \text{length } T1. (k-1) \neq i \longrightarrow T1 ! i = T2 ! i$ 
  using Suc.hyps(1)[of T1 T2 k-1] Suc.hyps(2) Suc.premis T1T2-diffby1
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) k-not0 length-Cons nth-Cons' obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2
old.nat.inject trace-tail-num-vars)
  then have ?case using obt-h1T1 obt-h2T2 k-not0 h1h2-same
  by (simp add: nth-Cons')
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

### 3.7.2 Orsimp-trace Facts

**lemma** *WEST-simp-bitwise-identity*:  
**assumes**  $b1 = b2$   
**shows** *WEST-simp-bitwise*  $b1\ b2 = b1$   
**using** *assms WEST-simp-bitwise.simps*  
**by** (metis *WEST-bit.exhaust*)

**lemma** *WEST-simp-bitwise-commutative*:  
**shows** *WEST-simp-bitwise*  $b1\ b2 = \text{WEST-simp-bitwise } b2\ b1$   
**using** *WEST-simp-bitwise.simps*  
**by** (metis (full-types) *WEST-simp-bitwise.elims*)

**lemma** *WEST-simp-state-commutative*:  
**assumes**  $\text{length } s1 = \text{num-vars}$   
**assumes**  $\text{length } s2 = \text{num-vars}$   
**shows** *WEST-simp-state*  $s1\ s2 = \text{WEST-simp-state } s2\ s1$   
**using** *WEST-simp-state.simps*[of  $s1\ s2$ ]  
**using** *WEST-simp-bitwise-commutative assms* **by** *simp*

**lemma** *WEST-simp-trace-commutative*:  
**assumes** *trace-regex-of-vars*  $r1\ \text{num-vars}$   
**assumes** *trace-regex-of-vars*  $r2\ \text{num-vars}$   
**shows** *WEST-simp-trace*  $r1\ r2\ \text{num-vars} = \text{WEST-simp-trace } r2\ r1\ \text{num-vars}$

**proof** –

```

have  $r1\text{-vars}$ :  $\forall k. \text{length } (\text{WEST-get-state } r1\ k\ \text{num-vars}) = \text{num-vars}$ 
  using assms WEST-get-state-length by blast
have  $r2\text{-vars}$ :  $\forall k. \text{length } (\text{WEST-get-state } r2\ k\ \text{num-vars}) = \text{num-vars}$ 
  using assms WEST-get-state-length by blast
have  $(\lambda k. \text{WEST-simp-state } (\text{WEST-get-state } r1\ k\ \text{num-vars})$ 
   $(\text{WEST-get-state } r2\ k\ \text{num-vars})) = (\lambda k. \text{WEST-simp-state } (\text{WEST-get-state}$ 
 $r2\ k\ \text{num-vars})$ 
   $(\text{WEST-get-state } r1\ k\ \text{num-vars}))$ 
  using WEST-simp-state-commutative r1-vars r2-vars by fast
then show ?thesis

```

**unfolding** *WEST-simp-trace.simps*[of *r1 r2 num-vars*]  
**unfolding** *WEST-simp-trace.simps*[of *r2 r1 num-vars*]  
**by** (*simp add: insert-commute*)  
**qed**

**lemma** *WEST-simp-trace-identity*:

**assumes** *trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars*  
**assumes** *trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars*  
**assumes** *count-diff r1 r2 = 0*  
**assumes** *length r1 ≥ length r2*  
**shows** *WEST-simp-trace r1 r2 num-vars = r1*

**proof** –

**have** *of-vars: ∀ i < length r1. length (r1 ! i) = num-vars*  
**using** *assms unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def by argo*  
**have** *mapmap: map (λ k. map (λ ka. (r1 ! k) ! ka)*  
*[0 .. < num-vars]) [0 .. < length r1] = r1*  
**using** *assms(1) unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def [of r1 num-vars]*  
**by** (*smt (verit) length-map list-eq-iff-nth-eq map-nth nth-map*)

**have** *r1-k-ka: ∧ ka. ka < num-vars ⇒*  
*WEST-simp-bitwise (WEST-get-state r1 k num-vars ! ka)*  
*(WEST-get-state r2 k num-vars ! ka) = r1 ! k ! ka*  
**if** *k-lt: k < length r1 for k*

**proof** –

**fix** *ka*  
**assume** *ka-lt: ka < num-vars*  
**{assume** *\**: *k < length r2*  
**have** *length (r1 ! k) = num-vars ∧ length (r2 ! k) = num-vars*  
**using** *assms unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def \* ka-lt*  
**using** *\* that by presburger*  
**then have** *(r2 ! k) ! ka = (r1 ! k) ! ka*  
**using** *\* ka-lt using assms(3)*  
**using** *count-diff-property-aux*  
**using** *count-diff-property that by presburger*  
**then have** *WEST-get-state r2 k num-vars ! ka = WEST-get-state r1 k*  
*num-vars ! ka*  
**unfolding** *WEST-get-state.simps using \* ka-lt*  
**using** *leD that by auto*  
**then have** *WEST-simp-bitwise (WEST-get-state r1 k num-vars ! ka)*  
*(WEST-get-state r2 k num-vars ! ka) = r1 ! k ! ka*  
**using** *WEST-simp-bitwise-identity that by force*  
**} moreover {assume** *\**: *k ≥ length r2*  
**then have** *WEST-get-state r2 k num-vars = (map (λ k. S) [0 .. < num-vars])*  
**by** *simp*  
**then have** *r2-k-ka-S: (WEST-get-state r2 k num-vars ! ka) = S*  
**using** *ka-lt by simp*

**have** *r1-k-ka: (WEST-get-state r1 k num-vars ! ka) = r1 ! k ! ka*

```

    using k-lt by simp
  have (r1!k!ka) = S
    using count-diff-property-S
    using * ka-lt assms(1, 3, 4)
    using that
    by simp
  then have WEST-simp-bitwise (WEST-get-state r1 k num-vars ! ka)
    S = r1!k!ka
    using r1-k-ka by simp
  then have WEST-simp-bitwise (WEST-get-state r1 k num-vars ! ka)
    (WEST-get-state r2 k num-vars ! ka) = r1!k!ka
    using r2-k-ka-S by simp
}
ultimately show WEST-simp-bitwise (WEST-get-state r1 k num-vars ! ka)
  (WEST-get-state r2 k num-vars ! ka) = r1!k!ka by auto

qed
have len-lhs: length (map (λk. (f k)
  [0..< num-vars])
  [0..<length r1]) = length r1 for f :: nat ⇒ nat list ⇒ WEST-bit list
  by auto
have aux-helper: ∧i. i < length r1 ⇒ (map (λk. (f k)
  [0..< num-vars])
  [0..<length r1])! i = r1 ! i if f-prop: ∀ k < length r1. (f k)
  [0..< num-vars] = r1!k for f
proof -
  fix i
  assume i < length r1
  show map (λk. f k [0..<num-vars]) [0..<length r1] ! i = r1 ! i
    using f-prop
    by (simp add: ⟨i < length r1⟩)
qed
have map-prop: map (λk. (f k)
  [0..< num-vars])
  [0..<length r1] = r1 if f-prop: ∀ k < length r1. (f k)
  [0..< num-vars] = r1!k for f
  using len-lhs[of f] aux-helper[of f] f-prop
  by (metis nth-equalityI)

let ?f = λi. map (λka. WEST-simp-bitwise (WEST-get-state r1 i num-vars ! ka)
  (WEST-get-state r2 i num-vars ! ka))

have ∀ k < length r1. map (λka. WEST-simp-bitwise (WEST-get-state r1 k num-vars
! ka)
  (WEST-get-state r2 k num-vars ! ka))
  [0..< num-vars] = r1!k
  using r1-k-ka
  by (smt (z3) length-map length-upt minus-nat.diff-0 nth-equalityI nth-map-upt
of-vars plus-nat.add-0)

```

```

then have  $\forall k < \text{length } r1. (?f k)$ 
            $[0..< \text{num-vars}] = r1!k$ 
  by blast
then have  $\text{map } (\lambda k. (?f k))$ 
            $[0..< \text{num-vars}]$ 
            $[0..< \text{length } r1] = r1$ 
  using map-prop[of ?f]
  by blast
then have  $\text{map } (\lambda k. \text{map } (\lambda ka. \text{WEST-simp-bitwise } (\text{WEST-get-state } r1 k \text{ num-vars}$ 
! ka))
            $(\text{WEST-get-state } r2 k \text{ num-vars } ! ka))$ 
            $[0..< \text{num-vars}]$ 
            $[0..< \text{length } r1] = r1$ 
  using of-vars
  by blast
then show ?thesis
  unfolding WEST-simp-trace.simps WEST-simp-state.simps
  using WEST-simp-bitwise-identity assms WEST-get-state-length
  by simp
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-simp-trace-length:
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
  assumes  $\text{length } r1 = \text{length } r2$ 
  shows  $\text{length } (\text{WEST-simp-trace } r1 r2 \text{ num-vars}) = \text{length } r1$ 
  using assms by simp

```

### 3.7.3 WEST-orsimp-trace-correct

```

lemma WEST-simp-trace-correct-forward:
  assumes check-simp r1 r2
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
  assumes  $\text{match-regex } \pi (\text{WEST-simp-trace } r1 r2 \text{ num-vars})$ 
  shows  $\text{match-regex } \pi r1 \vee \text{match-regex } \pi r2$ 

```

**proof** –

```

{ assume diff0:  $\text{count-diff } r1 r2 = 0$ 
  then have  $*$ :  $(\text{WEST-simp-trace } r1 r2 \text{ num-vars}) = r1$ 
    using WEST-simp-trace-identity assms diff0 by fastforce
  have  $r1 = r2$ 
    using count-diff-same-len assms diff0 by force
  then have ?thesis using assms * by simp
} moreover {
  assume diff1:  $\text{count-diff } r1 r2 = 1$ 
  then obtain k where obt-k:  $k < \text{length } r1 \wedge \text{count-diff-state } (r1!k) (r2!k) =$ 
1
    using count-diff-1[of r1 r2 num-vars] assms by fastforce
  then have  $\text{length } (r1 ! k) = \text{length } (r2 ! k)$ 

```

```

using assms unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
by (metis check-simp.simps)
then obtain ka where obt-ka: ka < length (r1!k) ∧ (r1!k!ka) ≠ (r2!k!ka)
using count-diff-state-1[of r1!k r2!k] obt-k assms by blast

let ?r1r2 = (WEST-simp-trace r1 r2 num-vars)
have rest-of-states: ∀ i < length r1. i ≠ k → r1!i = r2!i
using count-diff-1-other-states assms obt-k
by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) check-simp.elims(2) diff1)
have fact1: ∧ i. (i < length r1 ∧ i ≠ k) ⇒
      ((match-timestep (π!i) (r1!i)) ∨ (match-timestep (π!i) (r2!i)))
proof–
  fix i
  assume i-assms: i < length r1 ∧ i ≠ k
  then have states-eq: r1!i = r2!i using rest-of-states by blast
  have ?r1r2 = map (λ k. WEST-simp-state (WEST-get-state r1 k num-vars)
      (WEST-get-state r2 k num-vars)) [0..<length r1]
  using assms(1) unfolding check-simp.simps WEST-simp-trace.simps
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-singleton insert-absorb2)
  then have ?r1r2!i = WEST-simp-state (WEST-get-state r1 i num-vars)
      (WEST-get-state r2 i num-vars)
  using i-assms by simp
  then have ?r1r2!i = WEST-simp-state (r1!i) (r2!i)
  using WEST-get-state.simps i-assms
  by (metis assms(1) check-simp.elims(2) leD)
  then have ?r1r2!i = r1!i
  using WEST-simp-state.simps states-eq
  using WEST-simp-bitwise.simps
  using WEST-simp-bitwise-identity map-nth by fastforce
  then show ((match-timestep (π!i) (r1!i)) ∨ (match-timestep (π!i) (r2!i)))
  using assms states-eq unfolding match-regex-def
  by (metis WEST-simp-trace-length check-simp.elims(2) i-assms)
qed
have ?r1r2!k = WEST-simp-state (WEST-get-state r1 k num-vars)
      (WEST-get-state r2 k num-vars)
  using WEST-simp-trace.simps[of r1 r2 num-vars] obt-k by force
then have r1r2-k: ?r1r2!k = WEST-simp-state (r1!k) (r2!k)
  using obt-k assms by auto
then have other-states: ∀ i < length (r1!k). i ≠ ka → (r1!k!i) = (r2!k!i)
  using count-diff-state-other-states[of r1!k r2!k ka]
  using obt-ka obt-k assms fact1
  using ⟨length (r1 ! k) = length (r2 ! k)⟩ by blast
have ?r1r2!k = WEST-simp-state (WEST-get-state r1 k num-vars)
      (WEST-get-state r2 k num-vars)
  using WEST-simp-trace.simps[of r1 r2 num-vars] obt-k by force
then have r1r2-k: ?r1r2!k = WEST-simp-state (r1!k) (r2!k)
  using obt-k assms by auto
then have other-states: ∀ i < length (r1!k). i ≠ ka → (r1!k!i) = (r2!k!i)
  using count-diff-state-other-states[of r1!k r2!k ka]

```

```

    using obt-ka obt-k assms fact1
    using ⟨length (r1 ! k) = length (r2 ! k)⟩ by blast
    have state-fact1:  $\bigwedge i. (i < \text{length } (r1 ! k) \wedge i \neq ka) \implies (?r1r2 ! k ! i) = (r1 ! k ! i)$ 
  proof-
    fix i
    assume i-fact:  $i < \text{length } (r1 ! k) \wedge i \neq ka$ 
    have length (r1 ! k) = length (r2 ! k)
      using assms obt-k unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
      by (simp add: ⟨length (r1 ! k) = length (r2 ! k)⟩)
    then show (?r1r2 ! k ! i) = (r1 ! k ! i)
      using WEST-simp-state.simps[of r1 ! k r2 ! k] i-fact r1r2-k
      by (simp add: WEST-simp-bitwise-identity ⟨length (r1 ! k) = length (r2 ! k)⟩
map-nth other-states)
  qed
  have r1r2-k-ka:  $?r1r2 ! k ! ka = \text{WEST-simp-bitwise } (r1 ! k ! ka) (r2 ! k ! ka)$ 
    using WEST-simp-state.simps[of r1 ! k r2 ! k] r1r2-k obt-ka by simp
  then have state-fact2:  $?r1r2 ! k ! ka = S$ 
    using obt-ka WEST-simp-bitwise.elims
    by (metis (full-types))
  then have cases:  $(r1 ! k ! ka = S) \vee (r2 ! k ! ka = S)$ 
     $\vee (r1 ! k ! ka = \text{One} \wedge r2 ! k ! ka = \text{Zero})$ 
     $\vee (r1 ! k ! ka = \text{Zero} \wedge r2 ! k ! ka = \text{One})$ 
    using r1r2-k-ka
    by (metis (full-types) WEST-bit.exhaust obt-ka)
  have  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{length } (?r1r2 ! k) \implies$ 
     $((r1 ! k ! x = \text{One} \implies x \in \pi ! k) \wedge (r1 ! k ! x = \text{Zero} \implies x \notin \pi ! k))$ 
     $\vee ((r2 ! k ! x = \text{One} \implies x \in \pi ! k) \wedge (r2 ! k ! x = \text{Zero} \implies x \notin \pi ! k))$ 
    using state-fact1 state-fact2
  proof-
    fix x
    assume x-fact:  $x < \text{length } (?r1r2 ! k)$ 
    {assume x-is-ka:  $x = ka$ 
      then have  $((?r1r2 ! k ! x = \text{One} \implies x \in \pi ! k) \wedge (?r1r2 ! k ! x = \text{Zero} \implies x \notin \pi ! k))$ 
        using state-fact2 by simp
    } moreover {
      assume x-not-ka:  $x \neq ka$ 
      then have  $?r1r2 ! k ! x = r1 ! k ! x$ 
        using state-fact1 [of x] x-fact x-not-ka
      using assms (3) check-simp.simps obt-k trace-regex-of-vars-def by fastforce
      then have  $((r1 ! k ! x = \text{One} \implies x \in \pi ! k) \wedge (r1 ! k ! x = \text{Zero} \implies x \notin \pi ! k))$ 
         $\vee ((r2 ! k ! x = \text{One} \implies x \in \pi ! k) \wedge (r2 ! k ! x = \text{Zero} \implies x \notin \pi ! k))$ 
        using cases assms WEST-simp-trace-length check-simp.elims obt-k x-fact
        unfolding match-timestep-def
        by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) match-regex-def match-timestep-def)
    }
    ultimately show  $((r1 ! k ! x = \text{One} \implies x \in \pi ! k) \wedge (r1 ! k ! x = \text{Zero} \implies x \notin \pi ! k))$ 

```

```

       $\forall ((r2 ! k ! x = One \longrightarrow x \in \pi ! k) \wedge (r2 ! k ! x = Zero \longrightarrow x \notin \pi ! k))$ 
    by (metis obt-ka)
  qed
  then have fact2: ((match-timestep ( $\pi ! k$ ) (r1!k))  $\vee$  (match-timestep ( $\pi ! k$ )
(r2!k)))
    unfolding match-timestep-def
    by (metis WEST-simp-state-num-vars  $\langle$ length (r1 ! k) = length (r2 ! k) $\rangle$ 
other-states r1r2-k)

  have  $\forall time < length ?r1r2. ((match-timestep (\pi ! time) (r1 ! time)) \vee (match-timestep
(\pi ! time) (r2 ! time)))$ 
    using fact1 fact2 assms
    by (metis WEST-simp-trace-length check-simp.elims(2))
  then have ?thesis
    using assms WEST-simp-trace-length unfolding match-regex-def
    by (smt (verit) check-simp.elims(2) rest-of-states)
}
ultimately show ?thesis
  using check-simp.simps[of r1 r2] assms(1) by force
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-simp-trace-correct-converse:*

```

  assumes check-simp r1 r2
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
  assumes trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
  assumes match-regex  $\pi$  r1  $\vee$  match-regex  $\pi$  r2
  shows match-regex  $\pi$  (WEST-simp-trace r1 r2 num-vars)
proof -
  {assume diff0: count-diff r1 r2 = 0
    then have *: (WEST-simp-trace r1 r2 num-vars) = r1
      using WEST-simp-trace-identity assms diff0 by fastforce
    have r1 = r2
      using count-diff-same-len assms diff0 by force
    then have ?thesis using assms * by simp
  } moreover {
    assume diff1: count-diff r1 r2 = 1
    then obtain k where obt-k:  $k < length r1 \wedge count-diff-state (r1 ! k) (r2 ! k) =$ 
1
      using count-diff-1[of r1 r2 num-vars] assms by fastforce
    then have length (r1 ! k) = length (r2 ! k)
      using assms unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
      by (metis check-simp.simps)
    then obtain ka where obt-ka:  $ka < length (r1 ! k) \wedge (r1 ! k ! ka) \neq (r2 ! k ! ka)$ 
      using count-diff-state-1[of r1 ! k r2 ! k] obt-k assms by blast
    let ?r1r2 = (WEST-simp-trace r1 r2 num-vars)
    have rest-of-states:  $\forall i < length r1. i \neq k \longrightarrow r1 ! i = r2 ! i$ 
      using count-diff-1-other-states assms obt-k
      by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) check-simp.elims(2) diff1)
  }

```

```

have fact1:  $\bigwedge i. (i < \text{length } r1 \wedge i \neq k) \implies \text{match-timestep } (\pi!i) (?r1r2!i)$ 
proof-
  fix i
  assume i-assms:  $i < \text{length } r1 \wedge i \neq k$ 
  then have states-eq:  $r1!i = r2!i$  using rest-of-states by blast
  have ?r1r2 = map ( $\lambda k. \text{WEST-simp-state } (\text{WEST-get-state } r1 \ k \ \text{num-vars})$ 
    ( $\text{WEST-get-state } r2 \ k \ \text{num-vars}$ ))  $[0..<\text{length } r1]$ 
    using assms(1) unfolding check-simp.simps WEST-simp-trace.simps
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-singleton insert-absorb2)
  then have ?r1r2!i =  $\text{WEST-simp-state } (\text{WEST-get-state } r1 \ i \ \text{num-vars})$ 
    ( $\text{WEST-get-state } r2 \ i \ \text{num-vars}$ )
    using i-assms by simp
  then have ?r1r2!i =  $\text{WEST-simp-state } (r1!i) (r2!i)$ 
    using WEST-get-state.simps i-assms
    by (metis assms(1) check-simp.elims(2) leD)
  then have ?r1r2!i =  $r1!i$ 
    using WEST-simp-state.simps states-eq
    using WEST-simp-bitwise.simps
    using WEST-simp-bitwise-identity map-nth by fastforce
  then show match-timestep ( $\pi!i$ ) (?r1r2!i)
    using assms(4) states-eq unfolding match-regex-def
    by (metis assms(1) check-simp.elims(2) i-assms)
qed
have ?r1r2!k =  $\text{WEST-simp-state } (\text{WEST-get-state } r1 \ k \ \text{num-vars})$ 
  ( $\text{WEST-get-state } r2 \ k \ \text{num-vars}$ )
  using WEST-simp-trace.simps[of r1 r2 num-vars] obt-k by force
then have r1r2-k:  $?r1r2!k = \text{WEST-simp-state } (r1!k) (r2!k)$ 
  using obt-k assms by auto
then have other-states:  $\forall i < \text{length } (r1!k). i \neq ka \implies (r1!k!i) = (r2!k!i)$ 
  using count-diff-state-other-states[of r1!k r2!k ka]
  using obt-ka obt-k assms fact1
  using  $\langle \text{length } (r1 ! k) = \text{length } (r2 ! k) \rangle$  by blast
have state-fact1:  $\bigwedge i. (i < \text{length } (r1!k) \wedge i \neq ka) \implies (?r1r2!k!i) = (r1!k!i)$ 
proof-
  fix i
  assume i-fact:  $i < \text{length } (r1!k) \wedge i \neq ka$ 
  have length (r1 ! k) = length (r2 ! k)
    using assms obt-k unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
    by (simp add:  $\langle \text{length } (r1 ! k) = \text{length } (r2 ! k) \rangle$ )
  then show (?r1r2!k!i) = (r1!k!i)
    using WEST-simp-state.simps[of r1!k r2!k] i-fact r1r2-k
    by (simp add: WEST-simp-bitwise-identity  $\langle \text{length } (r1 ! k) = \text{length } (r2 !$ 
k)  $\rangle$  map-nth other-states)
qed
have ?r1r2!k!ka =  $\text{WEST-simp-bitwise } (r1 ! k ! ka) (r2 ! k ! ka)$ 
  using WEST-simp-state.simps[of r1!k r2!k] r1r2-k obt-ka by simp
then have state-fact2:  $?r1r2!k!ka = S$ 
  using obt-ka WEST-simp-bitwise.elims
  by (metis (full-types))

```

```

have match-state: match-timestep ( $\pi!k$ ) ( $r1!k$ )  $\vee$  match-timestep ( $\pi!k$ ) ( $r2!k$ )
  using assms(4) obt-k unfolding match-regex-def
  by (metis assms(1) check-simp.elims(2))
have  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{length } (?r1r2!k) \implies$ 
  (( $?r1r2!k!x = \text{One} \implies x \in \pi!k$ )  $\wedge$  ( $?r1r2!k!x = \text{Zero} \implies x \notin \pi!$ 
 $k$ ))
  using state-fact1 state-fact2 match-state
proof -
  fix x
  assume x-fact:  $x < \text{length } (?r1r2!k)$ 
  {assume x-is-ka:  $x = ka$ 
    then have (( $?r1r2!k!x = \text{One} \implies x \in \pi!k$ )  $\wedge$  ( $?r1r2!k!x = \text{Zero}$ 
 $\implies x \notin \pi!k$ ))
      using state-fact2 by simp
    } moreover {
    assume x-not-ka:  $x \neq ka$ 
    then have  $?r1r2!k!x = r1!k!x$ 
      using state-fact1 [of x] x-fact x-not-ka
    using assms(3) check-simp.simps obt-k trace-regex-of-vars-def by fastforce
    then have (( $?r1r2!k!x = \text{One} \implies x \in \pi!k$ )  $\wedge$  ( $?r1r2!k!x = \text{Zero}$ 
 $\implies x \notin \pi!k$ ))
      using match-state unfolding match-timestep-def
    by (smt (verit, best) WEST-simp-trace-length WEST-simp-trace-num-vars
 $\langle \forall i < \text{length } (r1!k). i \neq ka \implies r1!k!i = r2!k!i \rangle$  assms(1) assms(2) assms(3)
check-simp.simps obt-k trace-regex-of-vars-def x-fact x-not-ka)
  }
  ultimately show (( $?r1r2!k!x = \text{One} \implies x \in \pi!k$ )  $\wedge$  ( $?r1r2!k!x =$ 
 $\text{Zero} \implies x \notin \pi!k$ ))
    by blast
qed
then have fact2: match-timestep ( $\pi!k$ ) ( $?r1r2!k$ )
  unfolding match-timestep-def by argo
have  $\forall \text{time} < \text{length } ?r1r2. \text{match-timestep } (\pi! \text{time}) (?r1r2! \text{time})$ 
  using fact1 fact2 assms
  by (metis WEST-simp-trace-length check-simp.elims(2))
then have ?thesis
  using assms WEST-simp-trace-length unfolding match-regex-def
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) check-simp.simps)
}
ultimately show ?thesis using check-simp.simps [of r1 r2] assms(1) by force
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-simp-trace-correct:*

```

assumes check-simp r1 r2
assumes trace-regex-of-vars r1 num-vars
assumes trace-regex-of-vars r2 num-vars
shows match-regex  $\pi$  (WEST-simp-trace r1 r2 num-vars)  $\longleftrightarrow$  match-regex  $\pi$  r1
 $\vee$  match-regex  $\pi$  r2

```

**using** *assms* *WEST-simp-trace-correct-forward* *WEST-simp-trace-correct-converse*  
**by** *metis*

### 3.7.4 Simp-helper Correct

**lemma** *WEST-simp-helper-can-simp-bound*:

**assumes** *simp-L = WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars*

**assumes**  $\exists j. j < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge j \geq i \wedge$   
 $\text{check-simp } (L ! \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! j))$   
 $(L ! \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! j))$

**assumes**  $i < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L)$

**shows**  $\text{length } \text{simp-L} < \text{length } L$

**proof** –

**obtain** *min-j* **where** *obt-min-j*:  $\text{min-j} = \text{Min } \{j. j < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge j$   
 $\geq i \wedge$

$\text{check-simp } (L ! \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! j))$   
 $(L ! \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! j))\}$

**by** *blast*

**then have** *min-j-props*:  $\text{min-j} < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge \text{min-j} \geq i \wedge$

$\text{check-simp } (L ! \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! \text{min-j}))$   
 $(L ! \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! \text{min-j}))$

**using** *Min-in*[of  $\{j. j < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge$   
 $i \leq j \wedge$

$\text{check-simp } (L ! \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! j))$   
 $(L ! \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L ! j))\}$

**by** (*smt* (*verit*, *ccfv-threshold*) *assms*(2) *empty-Collect-eq* *finite-nat-set-iff-bounded*  
*mem-Collect-eq*)

**let** *?newL* = *update-L* *L* (*enum-pairs* *L* ! *min-j*) *num-vars*

**have** *length-newL*:  $\text{length } ?\text{newL} = \text{length } L - 1$

**using** *update-L-length* *assms* *min-j-props* **by** *auto*

**have** *simp-L = WEST-simp-helper* *?newL* (*enum-pairs* *?newL*) *0* *num-vars*

**using** *WEST-simp-helper-can-simp*[*OF* *assms*(1) *assms*(2) *obt-min-j*, of *?newL*]

*assms*

**by** *blast*

**then show** *?thesis*

**using** *assms* *WEST-simp-helper-length* *length-newL*

**by** (*metis* (*no-types*, *opaque-lifting*) *diff-diff-cancel* *enum-pairs-bound* *gr0I* *linorder-not-le*  
*nth-mem*

*order-less-imp-le* *zero-less-diff* *zero-neq-one*)

**qed**

**lemma** *WEST-simp-helper-same-length*:

**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars* *L* *num-vars*

**assumes**  $K = \text{WEST-simp-helper } L (\text{enum-pairs } L) 0 \text{ num-vars}$

**assumes**  $\text{length } K = \text{length } L$

**shows**  $L = K$

**using** *WEST-simp-helper-can-simp*[of *K* *L* *0* *num-vars*] *assms* *WEST-simp-helper-cant-simp*

**by** (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *WEST-simp-helper-can-simp-bound* *gr-zeroI* *less-irrefl-nat*  
*less-nat-zero-code*)

**lemma** *WEST-simp-helper-less-length*:

**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars*  $L$  *num-vars*

**assumes**  $\text{length } K < \text{length } L$

**assumes**  $K = \text{WEST-simp-helper } L \text{ (enum-pairs } L) \ 0 \ \text{num-vars}$

**shows**  $\exists \text{ min-j.}$

$(\text{min-j} < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge$

$K =$

$\text{WEST-simp-helper } (\text{update-L } L \text{ (enum-pairs } L \ ! \ \text{min-j)}) \ \text{num-vars}$

$(\text{enum-pairs}$

$\text{ (update-L } L \text{ (enum-pairs } L \ ! \ \text{min-j)}) \ \text{num-vars}))$

$0 \ \text{num-vars}$

$\wedge \text{check-simp } (L \ ! \ \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ \text{min-j})) \ (L \ ! \ \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ \text{min-j})))$

**using** *assms*

**proof** –

**have**  $\exists j < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L).$

$0 \leq j \wedge$

$\text{check-simp } (L \ ! \ \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ j))$

$(L \ ! \ \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ j))$

**using** *assms* *WEST-simp-helper-can-simp*[of  $K$   $L$   $0$  *num-vars*]

**by** (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *WEST-simp-helper-cant-simp less-irrefl-nat*)

**then obtain** *min-j* **where** *obt-min-j*:  $\text{min-j} = \text{Min}\{j. j < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L)$

$\wedge$

$0 \leq j \wedge \text{check-simp } (L \ ! \ \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ j))$

$(L \ ! \ \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ j))\}$

**by** *blast*

**then have** *min-j-props*:  $\text{min-j} < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L) \wedge$

$0 \leq \text{min-j} \wedge \text{check-simp } (L \ ! \ \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ \text{min-j}))$

$(L \ ! \ \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ \text{min-j}))$

**using** *Min-in*

**by** (*smt* (*verit*)  $\langle \exists j < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L). 0 \leq j \wedge \text{check-simp } (L \ ! \ \text{fst}$

$(\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ j)) \ (L \ ! \ \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ j)) \rangle$  *empty-def finite-nat-set-iff-bounded*

*mem-Collect-eq*)

**let** *?newL* =  $\text{update-L } L \text{ (enum-pairs } L \ ! \ \text{min-j}) \ \text{num-vars}$

**have**  $K = \text{WEST-simp-helper } \text{?newL} \text{ (enum-pairs } \text{?newL}) \ 0 \ \text{num-vars}$

**using** *obt-min-j* *assms*

**using** *WEST-simp-helper-can-simp*  $\langle \exists j < \text{length } (\text{enum-pairs } L). 0 \leq j \wedge \text{check-simp}$

$(L \ ! \ \text{fst } (\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ j)) \ (L \ ! \ \text{snd } (\text{enum-pairs } L \ ! \ j)) \rangle$  *dual-order.strict-trans2*

**by** *blast*

**then show** *?thesis*

**using** *assms* *min-j-props* **by** *blast*

**qed**

**lemma** *remove-element-at-index-subset*:

**fixes**  $i :: \text{nat}$

**assumes**  $i < \text{length } L$

**shows**  $\text{set } (\text{remove-element-at-index } i \ L) \subseteq \text{set } L$

```

proof –
  have fact1:  $\text{set } (\text{take } i \text{ } L) \subseteq \text{set } L$ 
    using assms unfolding remove-element-at-index.simps
    by (meson set-take-subset)
  have fact2:  $\text{set } (\text{drop } (i + 1) \text{ } L) \subseteq \text{set } L$ 
    using assms unfolding remove-element-at-index.simps
    by (simp add: set-drop-subset)
  have  $\text{set } (\text{take } i \text{ } L @ \text{drop } (i + 1) \text{ } L) = \text{set } (\text{take } i \text{ } L) \cup \text{set } (\text{drop } (i + 1) \text{ } L)$ 
    by simp
  then show ?thesis
    using fact1 fact2 unfolding remove-element-at-index.simps
    by blast
qed

lemma WEST-simp-helper-correct-forward:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L num-vars
  assumes match  $\pi$  K
  assumes  $K = \text{WEST-simp-helper } L \text{ (enum-pairs } L) \text{ } 0 \text{ num-vars}$ 
  shows match  $\pi$  L
  using assms
proof (induct length L – length K arbitrary: K L num-vars rule: less-induct)
  case less
  {assume same-len: length K = length L
    then have  $K = L$ 
      using WEST-simp-helper-same-length[OF less.prem1 less.prem3] by
blast
    then have ?case using less by blast
  } moreover {
    assume diff-len: length K  $\neq$  length L
    then have K-le-L: length L > length K
      using less(4) WEST-simp-helper-length[of L 0 num-vars] by simp

    then obtain min-j where obt-min-j: min-j < length (enum-pairs L)  $\wedge$ 
       $K = \text{WEST-simp-helper}$ 
      (update-L L ((enum-pairs L)!min-j) num-vars)
      (enum-pairs (update-L L ((enum-pairs L)!min-j) num-vars))
      0 num-vars
       $\wedge$  check-simp (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! min-j)) (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! min-j))
      using WEST-simp-helper-less-length less.prem1 by blast
    let ?nextL = (update-L L ((enum-pairs L)!min-j) num-vars)
    let ?simp-nextL = WEST-simp-helper ?nextL (enum-pairs ?nextL) 0 num-vars
    have  $\text{length } ?nextL = \text{length } L - 1$ 
      using update-L-length obt-min-j by force
    then have cond1: length ?nextL – length K < length L – length K
      using obt-min-j
      by (metis K-le-L Suc-diff-Suc diff-Suc-eq-diff-pred less1)
    have cond2: WEST-regex-of-vars (update-L L (enum-pairs L ! min-j) num-vars)
num-vars
      using update-L-preserves-num-vars[of L num-vars (enum-pairs L)!min-j

```

```

?nextL]
  using less
  using nth-mem obt-min-j by blast
let ?h = (enum-pairs L ! min-j)
let ?updateL = (update-L L ?h num-vars)
have match  $\pi$  ?updateL
  using less.hyps[OF cond1 cond2 less.prem2] obt-min-j by blast
have updateL-eq: ?updateL = remove-element-at-index (fst ?h)
  (remove-element-at-index (snd ?h) L) @
  [WEST-simp-trace (L ! fst ?h) (L ! snd ?h) num-vars]
  using update-L.simps[of L ?h num-vars] by blast
have fst-le-snd: fst ?h < snd ?h
  using enum-pairs-fact nth-mem obt-min-j by blast
have h-bound: snd ?h < length L
  using enum-pairs-bound[of L] obt-min-j
  using nth-mem by blast
{assume match-simped-part: match  $\pi$  [WEST-simp-trace (L ! fst ?h) (L ! snd
?h) num-vars]
  have cond1: check-simp (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! min-j))
(L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! min-j))
  using obt-min-j by blast
  have cond2: trace-regex-of-vars (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! min-j)) num-vars
  using less.prem1 fst-le-snd h-bound unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def
  by (meson order-less-trans)
  have cond3: trace-regex-of-vars (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! min-j)) num-vars
  using less.prem1 fst-le-snd h-bound unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def
  by (meson order-less-trans)
  have match-either: match-regex  $\pi$  (L ! fst ?h)  $\vee$  match-regex  $\pi$  (L ! snd ?h)
  using WEST-simp-trace-correct-forward[OF cond1 cond2 cond3]
  using match-simped-part unfolding match-def by force
  then have ?case unfolding match-def
  using fst-le-snd h-bound
  by (meson Suc-lessD less-trans-Suc)
} moreover {
let ?other-part = (remove-element-at-index (fst ?h)
(remove-element-at-index (snd ?h) L))
assume match-other-part: match  $\pi$  ?other-part
have set (remove-element-at-index (fst (enum-pairs L ! min-j))
(remove-element-at-index (snd (enum-pairs L ! min-j)) L))
 $\subseteq$  set (remove-element-at-index (snd (enum-pairs L ! min-j)) L)
  using fst-le-snd h-bound remove-element-at-index-subset
  [of fst (enum-pairs L ! min-j) (remove-element-at-index (snd (enum-pairs
L ! min-j)) L)]
  by simp
then have other-part-subset: set ?other-part  $\subseteq$  set L
  using fst-le-snd h-bound remove-element-at-index-subset
  [of snd (enum-pairs L ! min-j) L] by blast
then obtain idx where obt-idx: match-regex  $\pi$  (?other-part!idx)  $\wedge$  idx <
length ?other-part

```

```

    using match-other-part unfolding match-def by metis
  then have (?other-part!idx) ∈ set L
    using updateL-eq fst-le-snd h-bound other-part-subset
    by (meson in-mono nth-mem)
  then have ?case
    using obt-idx unfolding match-def
    by (metis in-set-conv-nth)
}
ultimately have ?case using updateL-eq WEST-or-correct
  by (metis ‹match π (update-L L (enum-pairs L ! min-j) num-vars)›)
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

lemma *remove-element-at-index-fact*:

```

  assumes j1 < j2
  assumes j2 < length L
  assumes i < length L
  assumes i ≠ j1
  assumes i ≠ j2
  shows L ! i
    ∈ set (remove-element-at-index j1 (remove-element-at-index j2 L))
proof-
  {assume L-small: length L ≤ 2
   then have (remove-element-at-index j1 (remove-element-at-index j2 L)) = []
     unfolding remove-element-at-index.simps using assms by simp
   then have ?thesis using assms by auto
  } moreover {
   assume L-big: length L ≥ 3
   then have length (remove-element-at-index j1 (remove-element-at-index j2 L))
     ≥ 1
     unfolding remove-element-at-index.simps using assms by auto
   {assume in-front: i < j1
    then have i-bound: i < length (take j2 L)
      using assms by simp
    have L!i = (take j1 L)!i
      using in-front assms by auto
    then have L!i ∈ set (take j1 L)
      using in-front assms
      by (metis length-take min-less-iff-conj nth-mem)
    then have Li-in: L!i ∈ set (take j1 (take j2 L))
      using assms by auto
    have set (take j1 (take j2 L @ drop (j2 + 1) L)) = set (take j1 (take j2 L))
      using assms(1) assms(2) by simp
    then have L!i ∈ set (take j1 (take j2 L @ drop (j2 + 1) L))
      using Li-in by blast
    then have ?thesis unfolding remove-element-at-index.simps
      by auto
   }
  }

```

```

} moreover {
  assume in-middle:  $j1 < i \wedge i < j2$ 
  then have i-len:  $i < \text{length } (\text{take } j2 \ L)$ 
    using assms by auto
  then have Li-eq:  $L!i = (\text{take } j2 \ L)!i$ 
    by simp
  then have  $L!i \in \text{set } (\text{take } j2 \ L)$ 
    using  $\langle i < \text{length } (\text{take } j2 \ L) \rangle$  in-set-conv-nth by fastforce
  have  $i-(j1+1) < \text{length } (\text{drop } (j1 + 1) (\text{take } j2 \ L @ \text{drop } (j2 + 1) \ L))$ 
    using assms i-len in-middle by auto
  then have  $L!i = (\text{drop } (j1 + 1) (\text{take } j2 \ L))! (i-(j1+1))$ 
    using assms i-len in-middle Li-eq by auto
  then have  $L!i \in \text{set } (\text{drop } (j1 + 1) (\text{take } j2 \ L))$ 
    by (metis diff-less-mono i-len in-middle length-drop less-iff-succ-less-eq
nth-mem)
  then have ?thesis
    unfolding remove-element-at-index.simps by auto
} moreover {
  assume in-back:  $j2 < i$ 
  then have  $i-(j2+1) < \text{length } (\text{drop } (j2 + 1) \ L)$ 
    using assms by auto
  then have Li-eq:  $L!i = (\text{drop } (j2 + 1) \ L)!(i-(j2+1))$ 
    using assms in-back by auto
  then have  $L!i \in \text{set } (\text{drop } (j2 + 1) \ L)$ 
    by (metis  $\langle i - (j2 + 1) < \text{length } (\text{drop } (j2 + 1) \ L) \rangle$  nth-mem)
  then have  $L!i \in \text{set } (\text{drop } (j1 + 1) (\text{take } j2 \ L @ \text{drop } (j2 + 1) \ L))$ 
    using assms by auto
  then have ?thesis unfolding remove-element-at-index.simps
    by auto
}
}
ultimately have ?thesis unfolding remove-element-at-index.simps
  using assms L-big by linarith
}
ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed

```

**lemma** *update-L-match*:

```

assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L num-var
assumes match  $\pi \ L$ 
assumes  $h \in \text{set } (\text{enum-pairs } L)$ 
assumes check-simp  $(L!(fst \ h)) \ (L!(snd \ h))$ 
shows match  $\pi \ (\text{update-L } L \ h \ \text{num-var})$ 

```

**proof** –

```

obtain i where i-obt:  $i < \text{length } L \wedge \text{match-regex } \pi \ (L!i)$ 
  using assms(2) unfolding match-def by metis
have fst-le-snd:  $\text{fst } h < \text{snd } h$ 
  using assms enum-pairs-fact by auto
have h-bound:  $\text{snd } h < \text{length } L$ 
  using assms enum-pairs-bound

```

```

by blast
{assume in-simped: i = fst h ∨ i = snd h
let ?r1 = (L!(fst h))
let ?r2 = (L!(snd h))
have match-regex π (WEST-simp-trace (L ! fst h) (L ! snd h) num-var)
  using WEST-simp-trace-correct-converse[of ?r1 ?r2 num-var]
  using assms unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) WEST-simp-trace-correct-converse i-obt enum-pairs-bound
enum-pairs-fact in-simped order.strict-trans)
then have ?thesis
  unfolding update-L.simps match-regex-def
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) WEST-or-correct ‹match-regex π (WEST-simp-trace
(L ! fst h) (L ! snd h) num-var)› append.right-neutral append-eq-append-conv2 im-
possible-Cons le-eq-less-or-eq match-def nat-le-linear nth-append-length same-append-eq)
} moreover {
  assume in-rest: i ≠ fst h ∧ i ≠ snd h
  have L!i ∈ set L
  using i-obt by simp
  have L!i ∈ set (remove-element-at-index (fst h) (remove-element-at-index (snd
h) L))
  using fst-le-snd h-bound i-obt in-rest
  using remove-element-at-index-fact by blast
then have match π
  (remove-element-at-index (fst h) (remove-element-at-index (snd h) L))
  unfolding match-def using i-obt
  by (metis in-set-conv-nth)
then have ?thesis unfolding update-L.simps match-def
  using WEST-or-correct match-def by blast
}
ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-simp-helper-correct-converse:
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L num-vars
  assumes match π L
  assumes K = WEST-simp-helper L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars
  shows match π K
  using assms
  proof (induct length L arbitrary: K L i num-vars rule: less-induct)
  case less
  {assume *: length (enum-pairs L) ≤ i
  then have K = L
  using less(4)
  using WEST-simp-helper.simps[of L (enum-pairs L) i num-vars]
  by argo
  then have ?case
  using less(3)
  by blast
}

```

```

} moreover {assume *: length (enum-pairs L) > i
  {assume **: ∃j. j < length (enum-pairs L) ∧ j ≥ i ∧ check-simp (L ! fst
(enum-pairs L ! j))
    (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! j))
  then obtain j-min where j-min-obt: j-min = Min {j. j < length (enum-pairs
L) ∧ j ≥ i ∧ check-simp (L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! j))
    (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! j))}
  by blast
  have j-min-props: j-min < length (enum-pairs L) ∧ j-min ≥ i ∧ check-simp
(L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! j-min))
    (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! j-min))
  using j-min-obt Min-in
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) ** Collect-empty-eq finite-nat-set-iff-bounded
mem-Collect-eq)
  have K-eq: K = (let newL =
    update-L L (enum-pairs L ! j-min)
    num-vars
  in WEST-simp-helper newL
    (enum-pairs newL) 0 num-vars)
  using less(4) * ** WEST-simp-helper.simps[of L (enum-pairs L) j-min
num-vars]
  using WEST-simp-helper-can-simp
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) j-min-obt)
  let ?h = (enum-pairs L ! j-min)
  have cond1: length (update-L L (enum-pairs L ! j-min) num-vars) < length
L
  using update-L-length[of ?h L num-vars] j-min-props
  by (metis diff-less enum-pairs-bound less-nat-zero-code less-one not-gr-zero
nth-mem)
  have cond2: WEST-regex-of-vars (update-L L (enum-pairs L ! j-min)
num-vars) num-vars
  using update-L-preserves-num-vars[of L num-vars ?h K] less
  using j-min-props nth-mem update-L-preserves-num-vars by blast
  have cond3: match π (update-L L (enum-pairs L ! j-min) num-vars)
  using update-L-match[OF less(2) less(3), of ?h] j-min-props
  by fastforce
  have ?case
  using less(1)[OF cond1 cond2, of K]
  using K-eq
  by (metis cond3)
}
moreover {assume **: ¬(∃j. j < length (enum-pairs L) ∧ j ≥ i ∧ check-simp
(L ! fst (enum-pairs L ! j))
  (L ! snd (enum-pairs L ! j)))
  then have K-eq: K = L
  using WEST-simp-helper-cant-simp less.prem(3)
  by presburger
  then have ?case
  using less(3)

```

```

    by blast
  }
  ultimately have ?case
    by blast
}
ultimately show ?case
  by linarith
qed

```

### 3.7.5 WEST-simp Correct

**lemma** *simp-correct-forward*:  
**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars L num-vars*  
**assumes** *match  $\pi$  (WEST-simp L num-vars)*  
**shows** *match  $\pi$  L*  
**unfolding** *WEST-simp.simps* **using** *WEST-simp-helper-correct-forward assms*  
**by** (*metis WEST-simp.elims*)

**lemma** *simp-correct-converse*:  
**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars L num-vars*  
**assumes** *match  $\pi$  L*  
**shows** *match  $\pi$  (WEST-simp L num-vars)*  
**unfolding** *WEST-simp.simps* **using** *WEST-simp-helper-correct-converse assms*  
**by** *blast*

**lemma** *simp-correct*:  
**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars L num-vars*  
**shows** *match  $\pi$  (WEST-simp L num-vars)  $\longleftrightarrow$  match  $\pi$  L*  
**using** *simp-correct-forward simp-correct-converse assms*  
**by** *blast*

## 3.8 Correctness of WEST-and-simp/WEST-or-simp

**lemma** *WEST-and-simp-correct*:  
**fixes**  *$\pi::trace$*   
**fixes** *L1 L2:: WEST-regex*  
**assumes** *L1-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L1 n*  
**assumes** *L2-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars L2 n*  
**shows** *match  $\pi$  L1  $\wedge$  match  $\pi$  L2  $\longleftrightarrow$  match  $\pi$  (WEST-and-simp L1 L2 n)*  
**proof** –  
**show** *?thesis*  
**using** *simp-correct[of WEST-and L1 L2 n  $\pi$ ] assms WEST-and-correct[of L1 n L2  $\pi$ ]*  
**unfolding** *WEST-and-simp.simps*  
**using** *WEST-and-num-vars* **by** *blast*  
**qed**

**lemma** *WEST-or-simp-correct*:  
**fixes**  $\pi::\text{trace}$   
**fixes**  $L1\ L2::\text{WEST-regex}$   
**assumes**  $L1\text{-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars } L1\ n$   
**assumes**  $L2\text{-of-num-vars: WEST-regex-of-vars } L2\ n$   
**shows**  $\text{match } \pi\ L1 \vee \text{match } \pi\ L2 \longleftrightarrow \text{match } \pi\ (\text{WEST-or-simp } L1\ L2\ n)$   
**proof** –  
**show** *?thesis*  
**using** *simp-correct*[of  $L1@L2\ n\ \pi$ ]  
**using** *assms WEST-or-correct*[of  $\pi\ L1\ L2$ ]  
**unfolding** *WEST-or-simp.simps*  
**using** *WEST-or-num-vars* **by** *blast*  
**qed**

### 3.9 Facts about the WEST future operator

**lemma** *WEST-future-correct-forward*:  
**assumes**  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi\ L \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi\ F))$   
**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars*  $L\ \text{num-vars}$   
**assumes** *WEST-num-vars*  $F \leq \text{num-vars}$   
**assumes**  $a \leq b$   
**assumes**  $\text{length } \pi \geq (\text{complen-mltl } F) + b$   
**assumes**  $\text{match } \pi\ (\text{WEST-future } L\ a\ b\ \text{num-vars})$   
**shows**  $\pi \models_m (F_m [a,b] F)$   
**using** *assms*  
**proof**(*induct*  $b-a$  *arbitrary:*  $\pi\ L\ F\ a\ b$ )  
**case**  $0$   
**then have**  $a\text{-eq-}b: a = b$  **by** *simp*  
**then have** *WEST-future*  $L\ a\ b\ \text{num-vars} = \text{shift } L\ \text{num-vars } a$   
**using** *WEST-future.simps*[of  $L\ a\ b\ \text{num-vars}$ ] **by** *simp*  
**then have**  $\text{match } \pi\ (\text{shift } L\ \text{num-vars } a)$   
**using**  $0$  **by** *simp*  
**then have** *match-dropa-L: match*  $(\text{drop } a\ \pi)\ L$   
**using** *shift-match*[of  $a\ \pi\ L\ \text{num-vars}$ ]  $0\ a\text{-eq-}b$  **by** *auto*  
  
**have**  $\text{complen-mltl } F \leq \text{length } (\text{drop } a\ \pi)$   
**using**  $0(2)$ [of  $(\text{drop } a\ \pi)$ ]  $0(6)\ a\text{-eq-}b\ \text{complen-geq-one}$ [of  $F$ ] **by** *simp*  
**then have** *semantics-mltl*  $(\text{drop } a\ \pi)\ F$   
**using**  $0(2)$ [of  $(\text{drop } a\ \pi)$ ] *match-dropa-L* **by** *blast*  
**then have**  $\exists i. (a \leq i \wedge i \leq b) \wedge \text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } i\ \pi)\ F$   
**using**  $a\text{-eq-}b$  **by** *blast*  
**then show** *?case unfolding semantics-mltl.simps*  
**using**  $0(1, 6)\ a\text{-eq-}b\ \text{complen-geq-one}$ [of  $F$ ] **by** *simp*  
**next**  
**case**  $(\text{Suc } x)$   
**then have**  $b\text{-asucx: } b = a + (\text{Suc } x)$  **by** *simp*  
**then have**  $(\text{WEST-future } L\ a\ b\ \text{num-vars}) = \text{WEST-or-simp } (\text{shift } L\ \text{num-vars } b)\ (\text{WEST-future } L\ a\ (b - 1)\ \text{num-vars})\ \text{num-vars}$

```

    using WEST-future.simps[of L a b num-vars]
  by (metis Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prem(4) add-eq-0-iff-both-eq-0 cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel
nat-less-le plus-1-eq-Suc zero-neq-one)
  then have (WEST-future L a b num-vars) = WEST-or-simp (shift L num-vars
b) (WEST-future L a (a + x) num-vars) num-vars
    using b-asucx
  by (metis add-diff-cancel-left' le-add1 ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.diff-add-assoc
plus-1-eq-Suc)
  {assume match-head: match  $\pi$  (shift L num-vars b)
    then obtain i where match-regex  $\pi$  (shift L num-vars b ! i)
      unfolding match-def by metis
    have match (drop b  $\pi$ ) L
      using shift-match[of b  $\pi$  L num-vars] Suc(7) match-head by auto
    then have semantics-mltl (drop b  $\pi$ ) F
      using Suc by simp
    then have  $\exists i. (a \leq i \wedge i \leq b) \wedge$  semantics-mltl (drop i  $\pi$ ) F
      using Suc.prem(4) by auto
  } moreover {
    assume match-tail: match  $\pi$  (WEST-future L a (a + x) num-vars)
    have hyp1:  $x = b - 1 - a$  using Suc by simp
    have hyp2: ( $\bigwedge \pi. \text{complen-mltl } F \leq \text{length } \pi \longrightarrow \text{match } \pi L = \text{semantics-mltl}$ 
 $\pi F$ )
      using Suc.prem(4) by blast
    have hyp3: WEST-regex-of-vars L num-vars using Suc.prem(4) by simp
    have hyp4: WEST-num-vars F  $\leq$  num-vars using Suc.prem(4) by blast
    have hyp5:  $a \leq b - 1$  using Suc.prem(4) Suc.hyps by auto
    have hyp6: complen-mltl F + (b - 1)  $\leq$  length  $\pi$  using Suc.prem(4) by simp
    have hyp7: match  $\pi$  (WEST-future L a (b - 1) num-vars)
      using match-tail Suc.hyps(2)
      using b-asucx by fastforce
    have semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Future-mltl a (a+x) F)
      using Suc.hyps(1)[of b-1 a F L  $\pi$ , OF hyp1 hyp2 hyp3 hyp4 hyp5 hyp6 hyp7]
      using b-asucx by simp
    then have  $\exists i. (a \leq i \wedge i \leq b) \wedge$  semantics-mltl (drop i  $\pi$ ) F
      unfolding semantics-mltl.simps b-asucx by auto
  }
  ultimately have  $\exists i. (a \leq i \wedge i \leq b) \wedge$  semantics-mltl (drop i  $\pi$ ) F
    unfolding match-def
  by (metis Nat.add-diff-assoc Suc.prem(2) Suc.prem(6) WEST-future-num-vars
WEST-or-simp-correct shift-num-vars  $\langle$ WEST-future L a b num-vars = WEST-or-simp
(shift L num-vars b) (WEST-future L a (b - 1) num-vars) num-vars $\rangle$   $\langle$ match  $\pi$ 
(WEST-future L a (a + x) num-vars)  $\implies \exists i. (a \leq i \wedge i \leq b) \wedge$  semantics-mltl
(drop i  $\pi$ ) F $\rangle$   $\langle$ match  $\pi$  (shift L num-vars b)  $\implies \exists i. (a \leq i \wedge i \leq b) \wedge$  seman-
tics-mltl (drop i  $\pi$ ) F $\rangle$  b-asucx diff-add-inverse le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc)
  then show ?case
    using Suc unfolding semantics-mltl.simps by auto
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-future-correct-converse*:

**assumes**  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \ L \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ F))$

**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars*  $L \ \text{num-vars}$

**assumes** *WEST-num-vars*  $F \leq \text{num-vars}$

**assumes**  $a \leq b$

**assumes**  $\text{length } \pi \geq (\text{complen-mltl } F) + b$

**assumes**  $\pi \models_m (\text{Future-mltl } a \ b \ F)$

**shows**  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{WEST-future } L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars})$

**using** *assms*

**proof**(*induct*  $b - a$  *arbitrary*:  $\pi \ L \ F \ a \ b$ )

**case**  $0$

**then have** *a-eq-b*:  $a = b$  **by** *simp*

**then have** *west-future-aa*:  $\text{WEST-future } L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars} = \text{shift } L \ \text{num-vars } a$

**using** *WEST-future.simps*[*of*  $L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars}$ ] **by** *simp*

**have**  $\text{match } (\text{drop } a \ \pi) \ L$

**using** *assms*(1)[*of*  $\text{drop } a \ \pi$ ] *assms* *complen-geq-one*

**using** *0.prem*s(1) *0.prem*s(5) *0.prem*s(6) *a-eq-b* *le-antisym* *length-drop semantics-mltl.simps*(7) **by** *auto*

**then have**  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{shift } L \ \text{num-vars } a)$

**using** *shift-match-converse*  $0$  **by** *auto*

**then show** *?case* **using** *west-future-aa* **by** *simp*

**next**

**case** (*Suc*  $x$ )

**then have** *b-asucx*:  $b = a + (\text{Suc } x)$  **by** *simp*

**then have**  $(\text{WEST-future } L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars}) = \text{WEST-or-simp } (\text{shift } L \ \text{num-vars } b) \ (\text{WEST-future } L \ a \ (b - 1) \ \text{num-vars}) \ \text{num-vars}$

**using** *WEST-future.simps*[*of*  $L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars}$ ]

**by** (*metis* *Suc.hyps*(2) *Zero-not-Suc* *cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel* *diff-is-0-eq'* *linorder-le-less-linear*)

**then have**  $(\text{WEST-future } L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars}) = \text{WEST-or-simp } (\text{shift } L \ \text{num-vars } b) \ (\text{WEST-future } L \ a \ (a + x) \ \text{num-vars}) \ \text{num-vars}$

**using** *b-asucx*

**by** (*metis* *add-Suc-right* *diff-Suc-1*)

**{assume** *sat-b*:  $\text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } b \ \pi) \ F$

**then have**  $\text{match } (\text{drop } b \ \pi) \ L$  **using** *Suc* **by** *simp*

**then have**  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{shift } L \ \text{num-vars } b)$

**using** *shift-match* *Suc*

**by** (*metis* *add commute* *add-leD1* *shift-match-converse*)

**then have** *?case* **using** *WEST-future.simps*[*of*  $L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars}$ ] *Suc*

**by** (*metis* *Nat.add-diff-assoc* *WEST-future-num-vars* *WEST-or-simp-correct* *shift-num-vars*  $\langle \text{WEST-future } L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars} = \text{WEST-or-simp } (\text{shift } L \ \text{num-vars } b) \ (\text{WEST-future } L \ a \ (b - 1) \ \text{num-vars}) \ \text{num-vars} \rangle$  *b-asucx* *le-add1* *plus-1-eq-Suc*)

**} moreover** {

**assume** *sat-before-b*:  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ (\text{Future-mltl } a \ (a+x) \ F)$

**have**  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{WEST-future } L \ a \ (a + x) \ \text{num-vars})$

**using** *Suc.hyps*(1)[*of*  $a+x \ a \ F \ L \ \pi$ ] *Suc* *sat-before-b* **by** *simp*

**have** *?case*

```

    using WEST-future.simps[of L a b num-vars] Suc
    by (metis Nat.add-diff-assoc WEST-future-num-vars WEST-or-simp-correct
    shift-num-vars ⟨WEST-future L a b num-vars = WEST-or-simp (shift L num-vars
    b) (WEST-future L a (b - 1) num-vars) num-vars⟩ ⟨match π (WEST-future L a
    (a + x) num-vars)⟩ diff-add-inverse le-add1 plus-1-eq-Suc)
  }
  ultimately show ?case using b-asucx
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc.premis(6) add-Suc-right le-SucE le-antisym
  semantics-mltl.simps(7))
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-future-correct*:

```

  assumes  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi L \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi F))$ 
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L num-vars
  assumes WEST-num-vars  $F \leq \text{num-vars}$ 
  assumes  $a \leq b$ 
  assumes  $\text{length } \pi \geq (\text{complen-mltl } F) + b$ 
  shows  $\text{match } \pi (\text{WEST-future } L a b \text{ num-vars}) \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi (\text{Future-mltl } a b F)$ 
  using assms WEST-future-correct-forward WEST-future-correct-converse by blast

```

### 3.10 Facts about the WEST global operator

**lemma** *WEST-global-correct-forward*:

```

  assumes  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi L \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi F))$ 
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L num-vars
  assumes WEST-num-vars  $F \leq \text{num-vars}$ 
  assumes  $a \leq b$ 
  assumes  $\text{length } \pi \geq (\text{complen-mltl } F) + b$ 
  assumes  $\text{match } \pi (\text{WEST-global } L a b \text{ num-vars})$ 
  shows  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi (\text{Global-mltl } a b F)$ 
  using assms

```

**proof**(*induct*  $b - a$  arbitrary:  $\pi L F a b$ )

case 0

then have  $a = b$  by simp

then have  $\text{WEST-global } L a b \text{ num-vars} = \text{shift } L \text{ num-vars } a$

using assms WEST-global.simps[of L a b num-vars] by auto

then have  $\text{match } \pi (\text{shift } L \text{ num-vars } a)$  using 0 by simp

then have  $\text{match } (\text{drop } a \pi) L$

using shift-match[of a π L num-vars] 0 by auto

then have  $\text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } a \pi) F$

using 0(2)[of (drop a π)] complen-geq-one[of F] 0 a-eq-b by auto

then show ?case using 0

unfolding semantics-mltl.simps by auto

next

case (Suc x)

**then have**  $b\text{-asucx}$ :  $b = a + (\text{Suc } x)$  **by** *simp*  
**then have**  $(\text{WEST-global } L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars}) = \text{WEST-and-simp } (\text{shift } L \ \text{num-vars}$   
 $b) (\text{WEST-global } L \ a \ (a + x) \ \text{num-vars}) \ \text{num-vars}$   
**using**  $\text{WEST-global.simps}$ [of  $L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars}$ ]  
**by**  $(\text{metis add-diff-cancel-left' cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel diff-is-0-eq}$   
 $\text{less-eq-Suc-le not-less-eq-eq ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.diff-add-assoc plus-1-eq-Suc}$   
 $\text{zero-eq-add-iff-both-eq-0})$

**have**  $nv1$ :  $\text{WEST-regex-of-vars } (\text{shift } L \ \text{num-vars } b) \ \text{num-vars}$   
**using**  $\text{shift-num-vars Suc}$  **by** *blast*  
**have**  $nv2$ :  $\text{WEST-regex-of-vars } (\text{WEST-global } L \ a \ (a + x) \ \text{num-vars}) \ \text{num-vars}$   
**using**  $\text{WEST-global-num-vars Suc } b\text{-asucx}$   
**by**  $(\text{metis le-iff-add})$   
**have**  $\text{match-h}$ :  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{shift } L \ \text{num-vars } b)$   
**using**  $\text{WEST-and-correct-converse } nv1 \ nv2 \ \text{Suc}$   
**by**  $(\text{metis WEST-and-simp-correct } \langle \text{WEST-global } L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars} = \text{WEST-and-simp}$   
 $(\text{shift } L \ \text{num-vars } b) (\text{WEST-global } L \ a \ (a + x) \ \text{num-vars}) \ \text{num-vars} \rangle)$   
**then have**  $\text{match } (\text{drop } b \ \pi) \ L$   
**using**  $\text{shift-match Suc}$   
**using**  $\text{add-leD2}$  **by** *blast*  
**then have**  $\text{sat-b}$ :  $\text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } b \ \pi) \ F$  **using**  $\text{Suc}$  **by** *auto*

**have**  $\text{match-t}$ :  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{WEST-global } L \ a \ (a + x) \ \text{num-vars})$   
**using**  $\text{Suc.hyps}(1)$ [of  $a+x \ a \ F \ L \ \pi$ ]  $\text{Suc } b\text{-asucx}$   
**by**  $(\text{metis WEST-and-simp-correct } \langle \text{WEST-global } L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars} = \text{WEST-and-simp}$   
 $(\text{shift } L \ \text{num-vars } b) (\text{WEST-global } L \ a \ (a + x) \ \text{num-vars}) \ \text{num-vars} \rangle \ nv1 \ nv2)$   
**then have**  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ (\text{Global-mltl } a \ (a+x) \ F)$   
**using**  $\text{Suc}$  **by** *fastforce*  
**then have**  $\text{sat-before-b}$ :  $\forall i. a \leq i \wedge i \leq a + x \longrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } i \ \pi) \ F$   
**using**  $\text{Suc unfolding semantics-mltl.simps}$  **by** *auto*  
**have**  $\forall i. a \leq i \wedge i \leq b \longrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } i \ \pi) \ F$   
**using**  $\text{sat-b sat-before-b unfolding semantics-mltl.simps}$   
**by**  $(\text{metis add-Suc-right } b\text{-asucx } \text{le-antisym not-less-eq-eq})$   
**then show**  $?case$  **using**  $\text{Suc}$   
**unfolding**  $\text{semantics-mltl.simps}$  **by** *blast*  
**qed**

**lemma**  $\text{WEST-global-correct-converse}$ :

**assumes**  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \ L \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl}$   
 $\pi \ F))$   
**assumes**  $\text{WEST-regex-of-vars } L \ \text{num-vars}$   
**assumes**  $\text{WEST-num-vars } F \leq \text{num-vars}$   
**assumes**  $a \leq b$   
**assumes**  $\text{length } \pi \geq (\text{complen-mltl } F) + b$   
**assumes**  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ (\text{Global-mltl } a \ b \ F)$   
**shows**  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{WEST-global } L \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars})$   
**using**  $\text{assms}$   
**using**  $\text{assms}$

```

proof(induct b-a arbitrary:  $\pi L F a b$ )
  case 0
  then have a-eq-b:  $a = b$  by simp
  then have west-global-aa:  $WEST\text{-}global\ L\ a\ b\ num\text{-}vars = shift\ L\ num\text{-}vars\ a$ 
    using WEST-global.simps[of L a b num-vars] by simp
  have match (drop a  $\pi$ ) L
    using assms(1)[of drop a  $\pi$ ] assms complen-geq-one
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) 0.prem(1) 0.prem(5) 0.prem(6) a-eq-b add-le-imp-le-diff
drop-all le-trans length-0-conv length-drop not-one-le-zero semantics-mltl.simps(8))
  then have match  $\pi$  (shift L num-vars a)
    using shift-match-converse 0 by auto
  then show ?case using west-global-aa by simp
next
  case (Suc x)
  then have b-asucx:  $b = a + (Suc\ x)$  by simp
  then have west-global: ( $WEST\text{-}global\ L\ a\ b\ num\text{-}vars = WEST\text{-}and\text{-}simp\ (shift$ 
L\ num\text{-}vars\ b)\ ( $WEST\text{-}global\ L\ a\ (a + x)\ num\text{-}vars)\ num\text{-}vars$ 
    using WEST-global.simps[of L a b num-vars]
    by (metis add-diff-cancel-left' add-eq-0-iff-both-eq-0 cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel
diff-is-0-eq less-eq-Suc-le not-less-eq-eq ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.diff-add-assoc
plus-1-eq-Suc)

  have sat-b: semantics-mltl (drop b  $\pi$ ) F
    using Suc unfolding semantics-mltl.simps by auto
  then have match (drop b  $\pi$ ) L using Suc by simp
  then have match-head: match  $\pi$  (shift L num-vars b)
    using shift-match Suc
    by (metis add.commute add-leD1 shift-match-converse)

  have sat-before-b: semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Future-mltl a (a+x) F)
    using Suc unfolding semantics-mltl.simps by auto
  have match-tail: match  $\pi$  ( $WEST\text{-}global\ L\ a\ (a + x)\ num\text{-}vars$ )
    using Suc.hyps(1)[of a+x a F L  $\pi$ ] Suc sat-before-b
    by (simp add: b-asucx nle-le not-less-eq-eq)

  have nv1: WEST-regex-of-vars (shift L num-vars b) num-vars
    using shift-num-vars Suc by blast
  have nv2: WEST-regex-of-vars ( $WEST\text{-}global\ L\ a\ (a + x)\ num\text{-}vars$ ) num-vars
    using WEST-global-num-vars Suc b-asucx
    by (metis le-iff-add)
  show ?case using b-asucx match-head match-tail
    using west-global WEST-and-simp-correct nv1 nv2 by metis
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-global-correct:*

**assumes**  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi\ L \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi\ F))$

**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars*  $L$  *num-vars*  
**assumes** *WEST-num-vars*  $F \leq \text{num-vars}$   
**assumes**  $a \leq b$   
**assumes**  $\text{length } \pi \geq (\text{complen-mltl } F) + b$   
**shows**  $\text{match } \pi$  (*WEST-global*  $L$   $a$   $b$  *num-vars*)  $\longleftrightarrow$   
 $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi$  (*Global-mltl*  $a$   $b$   $F$ )  
**using** *assms WEST-global-correct-forward WEST-global-correct-converse* **by** *blast*

### 3.11 Facts about the WEST until operator

**lemma** *WEST-until-correct-forward*:

**assumes**  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F1 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi$   $L1 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl}$   
 $\pi$   $F1))$

**assumes**  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F2 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi$   $L2 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl}$   
 $\pi$   $F2))$

**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars*  $L1$  *num-vars*

**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars*  $L2$  *num-vars*

**assumes** *WEST-num-vars*  $F1 \leq \text{num-vars}$

**assumes** *WEST-num-vars*  $F2 \leq \text{num-vars}$

**assumes**  $a \leq b$

**assumes**  $\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } (\text{Until-mltl } F1$   $a$   $b$   $F2)$

**assumes**  $\text{match } \pi$  (*WEST-until*  $L1$   $L2$   $a$   $b$  *num-vars*)

**shows**  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi$  (*Until-mltl*  $F1$   $a$   $b$   $F2)$

**using** *assms*

**proof**(*induct*  $b - a$  *arbitrary*:  $\pi$   $L1$   $L2$   $F1$   $F2$   $a$   $b$ )

**case**  $0$

**then have**  $a = b$ :  $b = a$  **by** *simp*

**have**  $\text{len-}xi$ :  $\text{complen-mltl } F2 + a \leq \text{length } \pi$

**using**  $0$  *complen-geq-one* **by** *auto*

**have** *until-aa*: *WEST-global*  $L2$   $a$   $a$  *num-vars* = *WEST-global*  $L2$   $a$   $a$  *num-vars*

**using** *WEST-until.simps*[of  $L1$   $L2$   $a$   $b$  *num-vars*]  $a = b$  **by** *auto*

**then have** *WEST-global*  $L2$   $a$   $a$  *num-vars* = *shift*  $L2$  *num-vars*  $a$  **by** *auto*

**then have**  $\text{match } \pi$  (*shift*  $L2$  *num-vars*  $a$ )

**using** *until-aa*  $0$  **by** *argo*

**then have**  $\text{match } (\text{drop } a$   $\pi)$   $L2$

**using** *shift-match*[of  $a$   $\pi$   $L2$  *num-vars*]  $0$  **by** *simp*

**then have**  $\text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } a$   $\pi)$   $F2$  **using**  $0$  **by** *auto*

**then have** *sem-until*:  $(\exists i. (a \leq i \wedge i \leq a) \wedge$

$\text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } i$   $\pi)$   $F2 \wedge$

$(\forall j. a \leq j \wedge j < i \longrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } j$   $\pi)$   $F1))$

**by** *auto*

**have**  $\text{max } (\text{complen-mltl } F1 - 1) (\text{complen-mltl } F2) \geq 1$

**using** *complen-geq-one*[of  $F2$ ] **by** *auto*

**then have**  $a < \text{length } \pi$

**using**  $0(9)$  **using**  $a = b$

**unfolding** *complen-mltl.simps*

**by** *linarith*

**then show** *?case* **using** *sem-until*

**unfolding**  $a = b$  *semantics-mltl.simps*

```

    by blast
next
case (Suc x)
then have b-asucx: b = a + (Suc x) by simp
have WEST-until L1 L2 a b num-vars = WEST-or-simp (WEST-until L1 L2 a
(a + x) num-vars)
(WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L1 a (a + x) num-vars) (WEST-global
L2 b b num-vars) num-vars) num-vars
using WEST-until.simps[of L1 L2 a b num-vars] Suc b-asucx
by (metis add-Suc-right cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel diff-Suc-1
less-add-Suc1 n-not-Suc-n zero-diff)

let ?rec = WEST-until L1 L2 a (a + x) num-vars
let ?base = WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L1 a (a + x) num-vars) (WEST-global
L2 b b num-vars) num-vars
have sem-until: ( $\exists i. (a \leq i \wedge i \leq b) \wedge$ 
semantics-mltl (drop i  $\pi$ ) F2  $\wedge$ 
( $\forall j. a \leq j \wedge j < i \longrightarrow$  semantics-mltl (drop j  $\pi$ ) F1))
proof-
{assume match-base: match  $\pi$  ?base
have nv1: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-global L2 b b num-vars) num-vars
using WEST-global-num-vars[of L2 num-vars b b] Suc by simp
have nv2: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-global L1 a (a + x) num-vars)
num-vars
using WEST-global-num-vars[of L1 num-vars a a+x] Suc by auto
have match  $\pi$  (WEST-global L2 b b num-vars)
using match-base WEST-and-simp-correct Suc nv1 nv2 by blast
then have match  $\pi$  (shift L2 num-vars b)
using WEST-global.simps[of L2 b b num-vars] by simp
then have cond1: semantics-mltl (drop b  $\pi$ ) F2
using shift-match[of b  $\pi$  L2 num-vars] Suc by simp

have match  $\pi$  (WEST-global L1 a (a + x) num-vars)
using match-base WEST-and-simp-correct Suc nv1 nv2 by blast
then have semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Global-mltl a (a+x) F1)
using WEST-global-correct[of F1 L1 num-vars a a+x  $\pi$ ] Suc by auto
then have  $\forall i. a \leq i \wedge i \leq a + x \longrightarrow$  semantics-mltl (drop i  $\pi$ ) F1
using Suc by auto
then have cond2:  $\forall j. a \leq j \wedge j < b \longrightarrow$  semantics-mltl (drop j  $\pi$ ) F1
using b-asucx by auto

have semantics-mltl (drop b  $\pi$ ) F2  $\wedge$ 
( $\forall j. a \leq j \wedge j < b \longrightarrow$  semantics-mltl (drop j  $\pi$ ) F1)
using cond1 cond2 by auto
then have ?thesis using Suc by blast
} moreover {
assume match-rec: match  $\pi$  ?rec
then have semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Until-mltl F1 a (a+x) F2)
using Suc.hyps(1)[of a+x a F1 L1 F2 L2  $\pi$ ] Suc by auto

```

**then obtain  $i$  where  $i\text{-obt}$ :**  $(a \leq i \wedge i \leq (a+x)) \wedge$   
 $\text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } i \ \pi) \ F2 \wedge (\forall j. a \leq j \wedge j < i \longrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop}$   
 $j \ \pi) \ F1)$   
**by  $\text{auto}$**   
**have  $?thesis$  using  $i\text{-obt}$   $b\text{-asucx}$  by  $\text{auto}$**   
**}**  
**ultimately show  $?thesis$  using  $\text{WEST-until.simps}$ [of  $L1 \ L2 \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars}$ ]  $\text{Suc}$**   
**using  $\text{WEST-or-simp-correct}$**   
**using  $\langle \text{WEST-until } L1 \ L2 \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars} = \text{WEST-or-simp } (\text{WEST-until } L1$**   
 $L2 \ a \ (a + x) \ \text{num-vars}) \ (\text{WEST-and-simp } (\text{WEST-global } L1 \ a \ (a + x) \ \text{num-vars})$   
 $(\text{WEST-global } L2 \ b \ b \ \text{num-vars}) \ \text{num-vars}) \ \text{num-vars} \rangle$   
**by  $(\text{metis } (\text{no-types}, \text{lifting}) \ \text{WEST-and-simp-num-vars} \ \text{WEST-global-num-vars}$**   
 $\text{WEST-until-num-vars} \ \text{le-add1} \ \text{order-refl})$   
**qed**  
**have  $a < \text{length } \pi$**   
**using  $\text{Suc}(10)$  using  $b\text{-asucx}$   $\text{complen-geq-one}$  by  $\text{auto}$**   
**then show  $?case$  using  $\text{sem-until}$**   
**unfolding  $\text{semantics-mltl.simps}$  by  $\text{auto}$**   
**qed**

**lemma  $\text{WEST-until-correct-converse}$ :**

**assumes  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F1 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \ L1 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl}$**   
 $\pi \ F1))$   
**assumes  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F2 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \ L2 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl}$**   
 $\pi \ F2))$   
**assumes  $\text{WEST-regex-of-vars } L1 \ \text{num-vars}$**   
**assumes  $\text{WEST-regex-of-vars } L2 \ \text{num-vars}$**   
**assumes  $\text{WEST-num-vars } F1 \leq \text{num-vars}$**   
**assumes  $\text{WEST-num-vars } F2 \leq \text{num-vars}$**   
**assumes  $a \leq b$**   
**assumes  $\text{length } \pi \geq (\text{complen-mltl } (\text{Until-mltl } F1 \ a \ b \ F2))$**   
**assumes  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ (\text{Until-mltl } F1 \ a \ b \ F2)$**   
**shows  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{WEST-until } L1 \ L2 \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars})$**   
**using  $\text{assms}$**   
**proof**  $(\text{induct } b\text{-}a \ \text{arbitrary: } \pi \ L1 \ L2 \ F1 \ F2 \ a \ b)$   
**case 0**  
**then have  $a\text{-eq-}b$ :  $b = a$  using 0 by  $\text{simp}$**   
**then have  $\text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } a \ \pi) \ F2$**   
**using  $\text{assms}$  unfolding  $\text{semantics-mltl.simps}$**   
**by  $(\text{metis } 0.\text{prems}(9) \ \text{le-antisym} \ \text{semantics-mltl.simps}(9))$**   
**then have  $\text{match } (\text{drop } a \ \pi) \ L2$**   
**using 0 by  $\text{simp}$**   
**then have  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{WEST-global } L2 \ a \ a \ \text{num-vars})$**   
**using  $\text{shift-match-converse}$ [of  $a \ \pi \ L2 \ \text{num-vars}$ ] 0 by  $\text{auto}$**   
**then show  $?case$  using  $\text{WEST-until.simps}$ [of  $L1 \ L2 \ a \ a \ \text{num-vars}$ ]  $a\text{-eq-}b$  by**  
 $\text{simp}$   
**next**  
**case  $(\text{Suc } x)$**

```

have max (complen-mltl F1 - 1) (complen-mltl F2) ≥ 1
  using complen-geq-one[of F2] by auto
then have b-lt:  $b \leq \text{length } \pi$  using Suc.prems(8) unfolding complen-mltl.simps
  by linarith
have b-asucx:  $b = a + (\text{Suc } x)$  using Suc by simp
{assume sat-b: semantics-mltl (drop b  $\pi$ ) F2 ∧
  ( $\forall j. a \leq j \wedge j < b \longrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } j \pi) F1$ )

  have match (drop b  $\pi$ ) L2
    using sat-b Suc by auto
  then have match  $\pi$  (shift L2 num-vars b)
    using shift-match[of b  $\pi$  L2] shift-match-converse[OF b-lt] by auto
  then have match-L2: match  $\pi$  (WEST-global L2 b b num-vars)
    using WEST-global.simps[of L2 b b num-vars] by simp

  have semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Global-mltl a (b-1) F1)
    using sat-b Suc unfolding semantics-mltl.simps by auto
  then have match-L1: match  $\pi$  (WEST-global L1 a (b-1) num-vars)
    using WEST-global-correct[of F1 L1 num-vars a b-1  $\pi$ ] Suc by auto

  have nv1: WEST-regex-of-vars (WEST-global L1 a (b - 1) num-vars) num-vars
    using WEST-global-num-vars[of L1 num-vars a b-1] Suc by auto
  have nv2: WEST-regex-of-vars ((WEST-global L2 b b num-vars)) num-vars
    using WEST-global-num-vars[of L2 num-vars b b] Suc by auto
  have match  $\pi$  (WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L1 a (b - 1) num-vars) (WEST-global
L2 b b num-vars) num-vars)
    using match-L2 match-L1 nv1 nv2 WEST-and-simp-correct by blast
  then have ?case
    using WEST-until.simps[of L1 L2 a b num-vars]
    by (metis Suc.prems(3) Suc.prems(4) Suc.prems(7) WEST-and-simp-num-vars
WEST-or-simp-correct WEST-until-num-vars  $\langle \text{semantics-mltl } \pi (\text{Global-mltl } a (b - 1) F1) \rangle$ 
le-antisym linorder-not-less match-L2 nv1 nv2 semantics-mltl.simps(8))
  } moreover {
  assume  $\neg(\text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } b \pi) F2 \wedge$ 
    ( $\forall j. a \leq j \wedge j < b \longrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } j \pi) F1$ ))
  then have sab-before-b: ( $\exists i. (a \leq i \wedge i \leq (a+x)) \wedge$ 
    semantics-mltl (drop i  $\pi$ ) F2 ∧
    ( $\forall j. a \leq j \wedge j < i \longrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } j \pi) F1$ ))
    using Suc(11) b-asucx unfolding semantics-mltl.simps
    by (metis add-Suc-right le-antisym not-less-eq-eq)
  then have semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Until-mltl F1 a (b - 1) F2)
    using Suc b-asucx
    unfolding semantics-mltl.simps by auto
  then have match-rec: match  $\pi$  (WEST-until L1 L2 a (b - 1) num-vars)
    using Suc.hyps(1)[of b-1 a F1 L1 F2 L2  $\pi$ ] Suc by auto
  have WEST-until L1 L2 a b num-vars = WEST-or-simp (WEST-until L1 L2
a (b - 1) num-vars)
    (WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L1 a (b - 1) num-vars)
    (WEST-global L2 b b num-vars) num-vars)

```

```

      num-vars
    using WEST-until.simps[of L1 L2 a b num-vars] Suc
    by (metis add-eq-self-zero b-asucx nat.discI nless-le)
  then have ?case
    using match-rec Suc WEST-or-simp-correct
    by (metis WEST-and-simp-num-vars WEST-global-num-vars WEST-until-num-vars
    ‹semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Until-mltl F1 a (b - 1) F2)› eq-imp-le semantics-mltl.simps(9))
  }
  ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-until-correct*:

```

  assumes  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F1 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \ L1 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ F1))$ 
  assumes  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F2 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \ L2 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ F2))$ 
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L1 num-vars
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L2 num-vars
  assumes WEST-num-vars F1  $\leq$  num-vars
  assumes WEST-num-vars F2  $\leq$  num-vars
  assumes  $a \leq b$ 
  assumes  $\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } (\text{Until-mltl } F1 \ a \ b \ F2)$ 
  shows  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{WEST-until } L1 \ L2 \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars}) \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ (\text{Until-mltl } F1 \ a \ b \ F2)$ 
  using WEST-until-correct-forward[OF assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4)
  assms(5) assms(6) assms(7) assms(8)]
  WEST-until-correct-converse[OF assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5)
  assms(6) assms(7) assms(8)]
  by blast

```

### 3.12 Facts about the WEST release Operator

**lemma** *WEST-release-correct-forward*:

```

  assumes  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F1 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \ L1 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ F1))$ 
  assumes  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F2 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \ L2 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ F2))$ 
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L1 num-vars
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L2 num-vars
  assumes WEST-num-vars F1  $\leq$  num-vars
  assumes WEST-num-vars F2  $\leq$  num-vars
  assumes  $a \text{-leq-} b: a \leq b$ 
  assumes  $\text{len: length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } (\text{Release-mltl } F1 \ a \ b \ F2)$ 
  assumes  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{WEST-release } L1 \ L2 \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars})$ 
  shows  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ (\text{Release-mltl } F1 \ a \ b \ F2)$ 

```

**proof** –

```

  {assume match-base:  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{WEST-global } L2 \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars})$ 
  {assume *:  $a = 0 \wedge b = 0$ 

```

```

then have WEST-global L2 a b num-vars = L2
  using WEST-global.simps pad-zero by simp
then have matchL2: match  $\pi$  L2
  using match-base by auto
have complen-mltl F2  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
  using assms(8) by auto
then have (semantics-mltl  $\pi$  F2)
  using matchL2 assms(2)[of  $\pi$ ] *
  by blast
then have ?thesis using * by simp
} moreover { assume * : b > 0
then have semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Global-mltl a b F2)
  using match-base WEST-global-correct[of F2 L2 num-vars a b  $\pi$ ] assms by
auto
  then have  $\forall i. a \leq i \wedge i \leq b \longrightarrow$  semantics-mltl (drop i  $\pi$ ) F2
    unfolding semantics-mltl.simps using assms * add-cancel-right-left complen-geq-one le-add2 le-trans max-nat.neutr-eq-iff nle-le not-one-le-zero
    by (smt (verit, best) add-diff-cancel-left' complen-mltl.simps(9) diff-is-0-eq')
  then have ?thesis unfolding semantics-mltl.simps using assms by blast
} ultimately have ?thesis using a-leq-b by blast
} moreover {
  assume no-match-base: match  $\pi$  (WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (b-1) num-vars)
 $\wedge$  a < b
  have a-le-b: a < b using no-match-base by simp
  have no-match: match  $\pi$  (WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (b-1) num-vars) using
no-match-base by blast
  have ( $\exists j \geq a. j \leq b - 1 \wedge$ 
    semantics-mltl (drop j  $\pi$ ) F1  $\wedge$ 
    ( $\forall k. a \leq k \wedge k \leq j \longrightarrow$  semantics-mltl (drop k  $\pi$ ) F2))
  using assms a-le-b no-match
proof (induct b-a-1 arbitrary:  $\pi$  L1 L2 F1 F2 a b)
case 0
  have max (complen-mltl F1 - 1) (complen-mltl F2)  $\geq$  0
  by force
  then have a-leq: a  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
  using 0(8-9) unfolding complen-mltl.simps
  by auto
  have b-aplus1: b = a+1 using 0 by presburger
  then have match-rec: match  $\pi$  (WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a a num-vars)
using 0(10) using WEST-release.simps[of L1 L2 a b num-vars] WEST-or-correct
0
  by (metis diff-add-inverse2)
  then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L1 a a num-vars)
(WEST-global L2 a a num-vars) num-vars)
  using 0 WEST-release-helper.simps by metis
  then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-global L1 a a num-vars)  $\wedge$  match  $\pi$  (WEST-global
L2 a a num-vars)
  using WEST-and-simp-correct 0
  using WEST-global-num-vars[of L1 num-vars a] WEST-global-num-vars[of

```

```

L2 num-vars a a]
  by blast
  then have match  $\pi$  (shift L1 num-vars a)  $\wedge$  match  $\pi$  (shift L1 num-vars a)
  by auto
  then have match-L1L2: match (drop a  $\pi$ ) L1  $\wedge$  match (drop a  $\pi$ ) L2
  using shift-match 0 a-leq
  by (metis WEST-global.simps  $\langle$ match  $\pi$  (WEST-global L1 a a num-vars)  $\wedge$ 
match  $\pi$  (WEST-global L2 a a num-vars) $\rangle$ )
  have  $b - a + \max(\text{complen-mltl } F1 - 1) (\text{complen-mltl } F2) \leq \text{length}(\text{drop } a \pi)$ 
  using 0(9) unfolding complen-mltl.simps using 0(1, 8) by auto
  then have  $b - a + \text{complen-mltl } F1 - 1 \leq \text{length}(\text{drop } a \pi)$ 
  unfolding complen-mltl.simps using 0(1) by auto
  then have complen-mltl  $F1 \leq \text{length}(\text{drop } a \pi)$ 
  using 0(1) complen-geq-one[of F1]
  by (simp add: b-aplus1)
  then have F1-equiv: semantics-mltl (drop a  $\pi$ )  $F1 = \text{match } \pi$  (shift L1
num-vars a)
  using 0
  using  $\langle$ match  $\pi$  (shift L1 num-vars a)  $\wedge$  match  $\pi$  (shift L1 num-vars a) $\rangle$ 
match-L1L2 by blast
  have  $b - a + \max(\text{complen-mltl } F2 - 1) (\text{complen-mltl } F2) \leq \text{length}(\text{drop } a \pi)$ 
  using 0(9) unfolding complen-mltl.simps using 0(1, 8) by auto
  then have  $b - a + \text{complen-mltl } F2 \leq \text{length}(\text{drop } a \pi)$ 
  unfolding complen-mltl.simps using 0(1) by auto
  then have complen-mltl  $F2 \leq \text{length}(\text{drop } a \pi)$ 
  using 0(1) complen-geq-one[of F1]
  by (simp add: b-aplus1)
  then have F2-equiv: semantics-mltl (drop a  $\pi$ )  $F2 = \text{match } \pi$  (shift L2
num-vars a)
  using 0 a-leq match-L1L2 shift-match-converse by blast
  have semantics-mltl (drop a  $\pi$ )  $F1 \wedge$  semantics-mltl (drop a  $\pi$ )  $F2$ 
  using F1-equiv F2-equiv match-L1L2
  using a-leq shift-match-converse by blast
  then show ?case using b-aplus1 by auto
next
case (Suc x)
  then have b-aplus2:  $b = a + x + 2$  by linarith
  then have match-rec: match  $\pi$  (WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (a+x+1)
num-vars)
  using WEST-release.simps[of L1 L2 a a+x+2 num-vars] WEST-or-correct
Suc
  by (metis Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add-Suc-shift add-diff-cancel-right')
  have west-release-helper: WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (a+x+1) num-vars
= WEST-or-simp (WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (a+x) num-vars)
(WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L2 a (a+x+1) num-vars)
(WEST-global L1 (a+x+1) (a+x+1) num-vars) num-vars) num-vars
  using WEST-release-helper.simps[of L1 L2 a a+x+1 num-vars]

```

```

    by (metis add.commute add-diff-cancel-right' less-add-Suc1 less-add-one
not-add-less1 plus-1-eq-Suc)
    let ?rec = WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (a + x) num-vars
    let ?base = WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L2 a (a + x + 1) num-vars)
(WEST-global L1 (a + x + 1) (a + x + 1) num-vars) num-vars
    have match-rec-or-base: match  $\pi$  ?rec  $\vee$  match  $\pi$  ?base
    using WEST-or-simp-correct WEST-release-helper-num-vars WEST-and-simp-num-vars
WEST-global-num-vars
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Suc.premis(3) Suc.premis(4) ab-semigroup-add-class.add-ac(1)
eq-imp-le le-add1 match-rec west-release-helper)
    have  $\exists j \geq a. j \leq a+x+1 \wedge$ 
semantics-mltl (drop j  $\pi$ ) F1  $\wedge (\forall k. a \leq k \wedge k \leq j \longrightarrow$  semantics-mltl
(drop k  $\pi$ ) F2)
    proof-
    {assume match-rec: match  $\pi$  (WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (a + x)
num-vars)
    have x-is:  $x = a + x + 1 - a - 1$ 
    by auto
    have a-leq:  $a \leq a + x + 1$ 
    by simp
    have a-lt:  $a < a + x + 1$ 
    by auto
    have complen: complen-mltl (Release-mltl F1 a (a + x + 1) F2)  $\leq$  length
 $\pi$ 
    using Suc(10) Suc(2) by simp
    have sum:  $a + x + 1 = b - 1$ 
    using Suc(2) by auto
    have important-match: match  $\pi$  (WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (b-2)
num-vars)
    using match-rec sum b-aplus2 by simp
    have match  $\pi$  (WEST-or-simp (WEST-global L2 a (b - 1) num-vars)
(WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (b - 2) num-vars) num-vars)
    using important-match b-aplus2
    using WEST-or-simp-correct[of WEST-global L2 a (b - 1) num-vars
num-vars WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (b - 2) num-vars  $\pi$ ]
    by (metis Suc.premis(3) Suc.premis(4) WEST-global-num-vars WEST-release-helper-num-vars
a-leq diff-add-inverse2 le-add1 sum)
    then have match1: match  $\pi$  (WEST-release L1 L2 a (a + x + 1) num-vars)
    unfolding WEST-release.simps
    using b-aplus2 sum
    by (metis (full-types) Suc-1 a-lt diff-diff-left plus-1-eq-Suc)
    have match2: match  $\pi$  (WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (a + x + 1 - 1)
num-vars)
    using important-match b-aplus2 by auto
    have  $\exists j \geq a. j \leq a + x \wedge$ 
semantics-mltl (drop j  $\pi$ ) F1  $\wedge (\forall k. a \leq k \wedge k \leq j \longrightarrow$  semantics-mltl
(drop k  $\pi$ ) F2)
    using Suc.hyps(1)[OF x-is Suc(3) Suc(4) Suc(5) Suc(6) Suc(7) Suc(8)
a-leq complen - a-lt ]

```

```

    match1 match2
    by (metis add-diff-cancel-right')
    then have ?case using b-aplus2 by auto
  } moreover {
    assume match-base: match  $\pi$  (WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L2 a (a +
x + 1) num-vars)
                                (WEST-global L1 (a + x + 1) (a + x + 1) num-vars)
num-vars)
    have match  $\pi$  (WEST-global L2 a (a + x + 1) num-vars)
    using match-base WEST-and-simp-correct WEST-global-num-vars
    by (metis Suc.premis(3) Suc.premis(4) add commute eq-imp-le less-add-Suc1
order-less-le plus-1-eq-Suc)
    then have semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Global-mltl a (a + x + 1) F2)
    using WEST-global-correct[of F2 L2 num-vars a a + x + 1  $\pi$ ]
    using Suc.premis(2, 4, 6, 8) Suc.hyps(2) by simp
    then have fact2: ( $\forall k. a \leq k \wedge k \leq (a + x + 1) \longrightarrow$  semantics-mltl (drop
k  $\pi$ ) F2)
    unfolding semantics-mltl.simps using Suc.premis(8, 10)
    unfolding complen-mltl.simps by simp
    have match  $\pi$  (WEST-global L1 (a + x + 1) (a + x + 1) num-vars)
    using match-base WEST-and-simp-correct WEST-global-num-vars
    by (metis Suc.premis(3) Suc.premis(4) add commute eq-imp-le less-add-Suc1
order-less-le plus-1-eq-Suc)
    then have match  $\pi$  (shift L1 num-vars (a + x + 1))
    using WEST-global.simps[of L1 a + x + 1 a + x + 1 num-vars] by
metis
    then have match (drop (a + x + 1)  $\pi$ ) L1
    using shift-match[of a + x + 1  $\pi$  L1 num-vars]
    using Suc.premis(8) unfolding complen-mltl.simps using b-aplus2 by
simp
    then have fact1: semantics-mltl (drop (a + x + 1)  $\pi$ ) F1
    using Suc.premis(1)[of drop (a + x + 1)  $\pi$ ]
    using Suc.premis(8) unfolding complen-mltl.simps using b-aplus2 by
auto
    have ?case using b-aplus2 fact1 fact2
    by (smt (verit) Suc.hyps(2) Suc.premis(10) Suc-diff-Suc ab-semigroup-add-class.add-ac(1)
add commute add-diff-cancel-left' antisym-conv1 le-iff-add order-less-imp-le plus-1-eq-Suc)
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis using match-rec-or-base
  by (smt (verit, best) Suc.hyps(2) Suc-eq-plus1 add.assoc diff-right-commute
le-trans ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.add-diff-inverse)
  qed
  then show ?case using b-aplus2 by simp
  qed

  then have ?thesis unfolding semantics-mltl.simps by auto
}
ultimately show ?thesis using WEST-release.simps assms(9)
by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) WEST-global-num-vars WEST-or-simp-correct WEST-release-helper-num-vars

```

*a-leq-b add-leD2 add-le-cancel-right assms(3) assms(4) diff-add less-iff-succ-less-eq*  
**qed**

**lemma** *WEST-release-correct-converse:*

**assumes**  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F1 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \ L1 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ F1))$

**assumes**  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F2 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \ L2 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ F2))$

**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars L1 num-vars*

**assumes** *WEST-regex-of-vars L2 num-vars*

**assumes** *WEST-num-vars F1  $\leq$  num-vars*

**assumes** *WEST-num-vars F2  $\leq$  num-vars*

**assumes**  $a < b$

**assumes**  $\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } (\text{Release-mltl } F1 \ a \ b \ F2)$

**assumes**  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ (\text{Release-mltl } F1 \ a \ b \ F2)$

**shows**  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{WEST-release } L1 \ L2 \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars})$

**proof** –

**have** *len-xi:  $a < \text{length } \pi$*

**using** *assms(7, 8) unfolding complen-mltl.simps*

**by** (*metis (no-types, lifting) add-leD1 complen-geq-one diff-add-inverse diff-is-0-eq' le-add-diff-inverse le-neq-implies-less le-zero-eq less-numeral-extra(4) less-one max-nat.eq-neutr-iff*)

**{assume** *case1:  $\forall i. a \leq i \wedge i \leq b \longrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } i \ \pi) \ F2$*

**then have**  $\text{match } \pi \ (\text{WEST-global } L2 \ a \ b \ \text{num-vars})$

**using** *WEST-global-correct-converse assms by fastforce*

**then have** *?thesis unfolding WEST-release.simps*

**using** *WEST-or-simp-correct*

**by** (*smt (verit) WEST-global-num-vars WEST-release-helper-num-vars add-leE add-le-cancel-right assms(3) assms(4) diff-add less-iff-succ-less-eq*)

**} moreover {**

**assume** *case2:  $\exists j \geq a. j \leq b - 1 \wedge$*

*semantics-mltl (drop j  $\pi$ ) F1  $\wedge$*

*( $\forall k. a \leq k \wedge k \leq j \longrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } k \ \pi) \ F2)$*

**then obtain** *j where obtain-j:  $a \leq j \wedge j \leq b - 1 \wedge$*

*semantics-mltl (drop j  $\pi$ ) F1  $\wedge$*

*( $\forall k. a \leq k \wedge k \leq j \longrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } (\text{drop } k \ \pi) \ F2)$*

**by** *blast*

**{**

**assume** *a-eq-b:  $a = b$*

**then have** *?thesis using case2*

**using** *calculation le-antisym by blast*

**} moreover {**

**assume** *a-le-b:  $a < b$*

**have**  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi \ (\text{Global-mltl } j \ j \ F1)$  **using** *obtain-j*

**by** *auto*

**have**  $(\text{complen-mltl } F1 - 1) + b \leq \text{length } \pi$

**using** *assms(8) obtain-j unfolding complen-mltl.simps by auto*

```

then have complen-mltl  $F1 + j \leq \text{length } \pi$ 
  using obtain-j a-le-b by auto
then have match-global1: match  $\pi$  (WEST-global L1 j j num-vars)
  using WEST-global-correct-converse[of F1 L1 num-vars j j] assms
  using  $\langle \text{semantics-mltl } \pi \text{ (Global-mltl } j j F1) \rangle$  by blast

have len-xi-f2j: complen-mltl  $F2 + j \leq \text{length } \pi$ 
  using assms(8) obtain-j by auto
have  $a \leq j$ 
  using a-le-b obtain-j by blast
then have semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Global-mltl a j F2)
  using obtain-j a-le-b
  unfolding semantics-mltl.simps by blast
then have match-global2: match  $\pi$  (WEST-global L2 a j num-vars)
  using WEST-global-correct-converse[of F2 L2 num-vars a j]  $\pi$ ] len-xi-f2j
assms
  by simp
have j-bounds:  $a \leq j \wedge j \leq b - 1$  using obtain-j by blast
have match  $\pi$  (WEST-release-helper L1 L2 a (b - 1) num-vars)
  using match-global1 match-global2 a-le-b j-bounds assms(1-6)
proof(induct b-1-a arbitrary: a b L1 L2 F1 F2)
  case 0
    then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L1 a a num-vars)
(WEST-global L2 a a num-vars) num-vars)
    using WEST-and-simp-correct
    by (metis WEST-global-num-vars diff-is-0-eq' diffs0-imp-equal le-trans)
    then show ?case
      using WEST-release-helper.simps[of L1 L2 a b-1 num-vars] 0
      by (metis diff-diff-cancel diff-zero le-trans)
  next
    case (Suc x)
      have match-helper: match  $\pi$  (WEST-or-simp (WEST-release-helper L1 L2
a (b - 1 - 1) num-vars)
        (WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L2 a (b - 1) num-vars)
        (WEST-global L1 (b - 1) (b - 1) num-vars) num-vars) num-vars)
      using Suc
      proof-
        {assume j-eq-bm1:  $j = b - 1$ 
          then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-and-simp (WEST-global L2 a (b - 1)
num-vars)
            (WEST-global L1 (b - 1) (b - 1) num-vars) num-vars)
          using Suc WEST-and-simp-correct
          by (meson WEST-global-num-vars)
          then have ?thesis using WEST-or-simp-correct
            by (metis Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prem(4) Suc.prem(7) Suc.prem(8)
WEST-and-simp-num-vars WEST-global-num-vars WEST-release-helper-num-vars
cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel diff-less-Suc j-eq-bm1 le-SucE le-add1 not-add-less1
ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.add-diff-inverse plus-1-eq-Suc)
          } moreover {

```

```

    assume j-le-bm1:  $j < b-1$ 
    have match  $\pi$  (WEST-release-helper L1 L2  $a$  ( $b - 1 - 1$ ) num-vars)
      using Suc.hyps(1)[of  $b-1$   $a$  L1 L2 F1 F2] Suc
      by (smt (verit) Suc-leI diff-Suc-1 diff-le-mono diff-right-commute
j-le-bm1 le-eq-less-or-eq not-less-eq-eq)
    then have ?thesis using WEST-or-simp-correct
      using Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prems(4) Suc.prems(7) Suc.prems(8) WEST-and-simp-num-vars
WEST-global-num-vars WEST-release-helper-num-vars
      by (smt (verit, del-insts) Nat.lessE Suc-leI diff-Suc-1 j-le-bm1 le-Suc-eq
le-trans)
    }
    ultimately show ?thesis using Suc(6)
      by (meson le-neq-implies-less)
  qed

  have  $a < b-1$  using Suc(2) by simp
  then show ?case
    using WEST-release-helper.simps[of L1 L2  $a$   $b-1$  num-vars] match-helper
    by presburger
  qed

  then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-or-simp (WEST-global L2  $a$   $b$  num-vars) (WEST-release-helper
L1 L2  $a$  ( $b - 1$ ) num-vars) num-vars)
    using WEST-or-simp-correct assms
    by (meson WEST-global-num-vars WEST-release-helper-num-vars j-bounds
le-trans)
  then have ?thesis using a-le-b unfolding WEST-release.simps
    by presburger
  }
  ultimately have ?thesis using assms(7) by fastforce
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis unfolding semantics-mltl.simps using len-xi assms(9)
    by fastforce
  qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-release-correct*:

```

  assumes  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F1 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \text{ } L1 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi \text{ } F1))$ 
  assumes  $\bigwedge \pi. (\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F2 \longrightarrow (\text{match } \pi \text{ } L2 \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi \text{ } F2))$ 
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L1 num-vars
  assumes WEST-regex-of-vars L2 num-vars
  assumes WEST-num-vars  $F1 \leq \text{num-vars}$ 
  assumes WEST-num-vars  $F2 \leq \text{num-vars}$ 
  assumes  $a \leq b$ 
  assumes  $\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } (\text{Release-mltl } F1 \text{ } a \text{ } b \text{ } F2)$ 
  shows semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Release-mltl  $F1$   $a$   $b$   $F2$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$  match  $\pi$  (WEST-release
L1 L2  $a$   $b$  num-vars)

```

```

using WEST-release-correct-converse[OF assms(1-8)] WEST-release-correct-forward[OF
assms(1-8)]
by blast

```

### 3.13 Top level result: Shows that WEST reg is correct

**lemma** *WEST-reg-aux-correct*:

```

assumes  $\pi$ -long-enough:  $\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } F$ 
assumes is-nnf:  $\exists \psi. F = (\text{convert-nnf } \psi)$ 
assumes  $\varphi$ -nv:  $\text{WEST-num-vars } F \leq \text{num-vars}$ 
assumes intervals-welldef  $F$ 
shows  $\text{match } \pi (\text{WEST-reg-aux } F \text{ num-vars}) \longleftrightarrow \text{semantics-mltl } \pi F$ 
using assms
proof (induction  $F$  arbitrary:  $\pi$  rule: nnf-induct)
case nnf
then show ?case using is-nnf by auto
next
case True
have semantics-true:  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi \text{ True-mltl} = \text{True}$  by simp
have WEST-reg-aux True-mltl num-vars =  $[[\text{map } (\lambda j. S) [0..<\text{num-vars}]]]$ 
using WEST-reg-aux.simps(1) by blast
have match-state:  $\text{match-timestep } (\pi ! 0) (\text{map } (\lambda j. S) [0..<\text{num-vars}])$ 
unfolding match-timestep-def by auto
have  $\text{length } \pi \geq 1$  using True by auto
then have match-regex  $\pi [[\text{map } (\lambda j. S) [0..<\text{num-vars}]]] = \text{True}$ 
using True match-state unfolding match-regex-def by simp
then have  $\text{match } \pi (\text{WEST-reg-aux True-mltl num-vars}) = \text{True}$ 
using WEST-reg-aux.simps(1)[of num-vars] unfolding match-def by simp
then show ?case
using semantics-true by auto
next
case False
have semantics-false:  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi \text{ False-mltl} = \text{False}$  by simp
have  $\text{match } \pi [] = \text{False}$ 
unfolding match-def by simp
then show ?case
using semantics-false by simp
next
case (Prop  $p$ )
have trace-nonempty:  $\text{length } \pi \geq 1$  using Prop by simp
let ?state =  $\pi ! 0$ 
{assume p-in:  $p \in ?\text{state}$ 
then have semantics-prop-true:  $\text{semantics-mltl } \pi (\text{Prop-mltl } p) = \text{True}$ 
using semantics-mltl.simps(3)[of  $\pi$ ] trace-nonempty by auto
have WEST-prop:  $(\text{WEST-reg-aux } (\text{Prop-mltl } p) \text{ num-vars}) = [[\text{map } (\lambda j. \text{if } p$ 
=  $j \text{ then One else } S) [0..<\text{num-vars}]]]$ 
using WEST-reg-aux.simps(3) by blast
have  $p < \text{num-vars} \implies p \in \pi ! 0$ 
using p-in Prop by blast

```

```

then have match-timestep ?state (map ( $\lambda j$ . if  $p = j$  then One else S) [0.. $num$ -vars])
= True
  unfolding match-timestep-def p-in by auto
then have match-regex  $\pi$  (WEST-reg-aux (Prop-mltl p)  $num$ -vars ! 0) = True
  using trace-nonempty WEST-prop unfolding match-regex-def by auto
then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-reg-aux (Prop-mltl p)  $num$ -vars) = True
  unfolding match-def by auto
then have ?case using semantics-prop-true by blast
} moreover {
  assume p-notin:  $p \notin ?state$ 
then have semantics-prop-false: semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Prop-mltl p) = False
  using semantics-mltl.simps(3)[of  $\pi$ ] trace-nonempty by auto
  have WEST-prop: (WEST-reg-aux (Prop-mltl p)  $num$ -vars) = [[map ( $\lambda j$ . if p
= j then One else S) [0.. $num$ -vars]]]
  using WEST-reg-aux.simps(3) by blast
  have  $p < num$ -vars  $\wedge p \notin \pi ! 0$ 
  using p-notin Prop by auto
then have match-timestep ?state (map ( $\lambda j$ . if  $p = j$  then One else S) [0.. $num$ -vars])
= False
  unfolding match-timestep-def p-notin by auto
then have match-regex  $\pi$  (WEST-reg-aux (Prop-mltl p)  $num$ -vars ! 0) = False
  using trace-nonempty WEST-prop unfolding match-regex-def by auto
then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-reg-aux (Prop-mltl p)  $num$ -vars) = False
  unfolding match-def by auto
then have ?case using semantics-prop-false by blast
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
next
case (NotProp F p)
have trace-nonempty: length  $\pi \geq 1$  using NotProp by simp
let ?state =  $\pi ! 0$ 
{assume p-in:  $p \in ?state$ 
  then have semantics-prop-true: semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Not-mltl (Prop-mltl p)) =
False
  using semantics-mltl.simps trace-nonempty by auto
  have WEST-prop: (WEST-reg-aux (Not-mltl (Prop-mltl p))  $num$ -vars) = [[map
( $\lambda j$ . if  $p = j$  then Zero else S) [0.. $num$ -vars]]]
  using WEST-reg-aux.simps by blast
  have  $p < num$ -vars  $\wedge p \in \pi ! 0$ 
  using p-in NotProp by simp
then have match-timestep ?state (map ( $\lambda j$ . if  $p = j$  then Zero else S) [0.. $num$ -vars])
= False
  unfolding match-timestep-def p-in by auto
then have match-regex  $\pi$  (WEST-reg-aux (Not-mltl (Prop-mltl p))  $num$ -vars !
0) = False
  using trace-nonempty WEST-prop unfolding match-regex-def by auto
then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-reg-aux (Not-mltl (Prop-mltl p))  $num$ -vars) = False
  unfolding match-def by auto
then have ?case using semantics-prop-true NotProp by blast
}

```

```

} moreover {
  assume p-notin: p ∉ ?state
  then have semantics-prop-false: semantics-mltl π (Not-mltl (Prop-mltl p)) =
True
  using semantics-mltl.simps(3)[of π] trace-nonempty by auto
  have WEST-prop: (WEST-reg-aux (Not-mltl (Prop-mltl p)) num-vars) = [[map
(λj. if p = j then Zero else S) [0..

```

**have**  $F2\text{-nv}$ :  $WEST\text{-regex-of-vars}$  ( $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F2$   $num\text{-vars}$ )  $num\text{-vars}$   
**using**  $WEST\text{-reg-aux-num-vars}$ [of  $F2$   $num\text{-vars}$ ]  $subformula1$   $And(1)$   $And.prem(2)$   
**using**  $WEST\text{-num-vars-subformulas}$   
**by** ( $metis$   $And.prem(4)$   $convert\text{-nnf.simps}(4)$   $convert\text{-nnf-convert-nnf intervals-welldef.simps}(5)$   $mltl.inject(3)$   $subformula2$ )  
**have**  $match$ :  $match$   $\pi$  ( $WEST\text{-and}$  ( $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F1$   $?n$ ) ( $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F2$   $?n$ )) = ( $match$   $\pi$  ( $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F1$   $?n$ )  $\wedge$   $match$   $\pi$  ( $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F2$   $?n$ ))  
**using**  $WEST\text{-and-correct}$ [of  $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F1$   $?n$   $?n$   $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F2$   $?n$   $\pi$ ,  $OF$   $F1\text{-nv}$   $F2\text{-nv}$ ]  
**by**  $blast$   
**have**  $WEST\text{-reg-F}$ :  $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F$   $num\text{-vars}$  =  $WEST\text{-and-simp}$  ( $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F1$   $num\text{-vars}$ ) ( $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F2$   $num\text{-vars}$ )  $num\text{-vars}$   
**using**  $And(1)$   $WEST\text{-reg-aux.simps}(6)$ [of  $F1$   $F2$   $num\text{-vars}$ ] **by**  $argo$   
**have**  $semantics\text{-F}$ :  $semantics\text{-mltl}$   $\pi$  ( $And\text{-mltl}$   $F1$   $F2$ ) = ( $semantics\text{-mltl}$   $\pi$   $F1$   $\wedge$   $semantics\text{-mltl}$   $\pi$   $F2$ )  
**using**  $semantics\text{-mltl.simps}(5)$ [of  $\pi$   $F1$   $F2$ ] **by**  $blast$   
**have**  $F1\text{-nnf}$ :  $\exists \psi. F1 = convert\text{-nnf}$   $\psi$   
**using**  $And(1)$   $And(5)$   $nnf\text{-subformulas}$ [of  $F - F1$ ]  
**by** ( $metis$   $convert\text{-nnf.simps}(4)$   $convert\text{-nnf-convert-nnf mltl.inject}(3)$ )  
**have**  $F1\text{-correct}$ :  $match$   $\pi$  ( $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F1$   $num\text{-vars}$ ) =  $semantics\text{-mltl}$   $\pi$   $F1$   
**using**  $And(2)$ [ $OF$   $cp\text{-F1}$   $F1\text{-nnf}$ ]  $WEST\text{-num-vars-subformulas}$   $And$  **by**  $auto$   
**have**  $F2\text{-nnf}$ :  $\exists \psi. F2 = convert\text{-nnf}$   $\psi$   
**using**  $And(1)$   $And(5)$   $nnf\text{-subformulas}$ [of  $F - F2$ ]  
**by** ( $metis$   $convert\text{-nnf.simps}(4)$   $convert\text{-nnf-convert-nnf mltl.inject}(3)$ )  
**have**  $F2\text{-correct}$ :  $match$   $\pi$  ( $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F2$   $num\text{-vars}$ ) =  $semantics\text{-mltl}$   $\pi$   $F2$   
**using**  $And(3)$ [ $OF$   $cp\text{-F2}$   $F2\text{-nnf}$ ]  $WEST\text{-num-vars-subformulas}$   $And$  **by**  $auto$   
**show**  $?case$   
**using**  $WEST\text{-reg-F}$   $F1\text{-correct}$   $F2\text{-correct}$   
**using**  $semantics\text{-mltl.simps}(5)$ [of  $\pi$   $F1$   $F2$ ]  $And(1)$   $match$   
**by** ( $metis$   $F1\text{-nv}$   $F2\text{-nv}$   $WEST\text{-and-simp-correct}$ )

**next**  
**case** ( $Or$   $F$   $F1$   $F2$ )  
**have**  $cp\text{-F1}$ :  $complen\text{-mltl}$   $F1 \leq length$   $\pi$   
**using**  $Or$   $complen\text{-mltl.simps}(6)$ [of  $F1$   $F2$ ] **by**  $simp$   
**have**  $cp\text{-F2}$ :  $complen\text{-mltl}$   $F2 \leq length$   $\pi$   
**using**  $Or$   $complen\text{-mltl.simps}(6)$ [of  $F1$   $F2$ ] **by**  $simp$   
**have**  $F1\text{-nnf}$ :  $\exists \psi. F1 = convert\text{-nnf}$   $\psi$   
**using**  $Or(1)$   $nnf\text{-subformulas}$ [of  $F - F1$ ]  
**by** ( $metis$   $Or.prem(2)$   $convert\text{-nnf.simps}(5)$   $convert\text{-nnf-convert-nnf mltl.inject}(4)$ )  
**have**  $F1\text{-correct}$ :  $match$   $\pi$  ( $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F1$   $num\text{-vars}$ ) =  $semantics\text{-mltl}$   $\pi$   $F1$   
**using**  $Or(2)$ [ $OF$   $cp\text{-F1}$   $F1\text{-nnf}$ ]  $WEST\text{-num-vars-subformulas}$   $Or$  **by**  $simp$   
**have**  $F2\text{-nnf}$ :  $\exists \psi. F2 = convert\text{-nnf}$   $\psi$   
**using**  $Or$   $nnf\text{-subformulas}$ [of  $F - F2$ ]  
**by** ( $metis$   $convert\text{-nnf.simps}(5)$   $convert\text{-nnf-convert-nnf mltl.inject}(4)$ )  
**have**  $F2\text{-correct}$ :  $match$   $\pi$  ( $WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F2$   $num\text{-vars}$ ) =  $semantics\text{-mltl}$   $\pi$   $F2$   
**using**  $Or(3)$ [ $OF$   $cp\text{-F2}$   $F2\text{-nnf}$ ]  $WEST\text{-num-vars-subformulas}$   $Or$  **by**  $simp$   
**let**  $?L1 = (WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F1$   $num\text{-vars})$   
**let**  $?L2 = (WEST\text{-reg-aux}$   $F2$   $num\text{-vars})$   
**have**  $L1\text{-nv}$ :  $WEST\text{-regex-of-vars}$   $?L1$   $num\text{-vars}$

```

    using WEST-reg-aux-num-vars[of F1 num-vars, OF F1-nnf]
    using Or(1, 6, 7) by auto
  have L2-nv: WEST-regex-of-vars ?L2 num-vars
    using WEST-reg-aux-num-vars[of F2 num-vars, OF F2-nnf]
    using Or(1, 6, 7) by auto
  have (match  $\pi$  ?L1  $\vee$  match  $\pi$  ?L2) = match  $\pi$  (WEST-or-simp ?L1 ?L2
num-vars)
    using WEST-or-simp-correct[of ?L1 num-vars ?L2  $\pi$ , OF L1-nv L2-nv] by
blast
  then show ?case
    using F1-correct F2-correct
    using semantics-mltl.simps(6)[of  $\pi$  F1 F2]
    unfolding Or(1) unfolding WEST-reg-aux.simps by blast
next
case (Final F F1 a b)
  have F1-nv: WEST-num-vars F1  $\leq$  num-vars
    using Final by auto
  have cp-F1: complen-mltl F1  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
    using Final by simp
  then have len-xi: length  $\pi$   $\geq$  (complen-mltl F1) + b using Final by auto
  have F1-nnf:  $\exists \psi. F1 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$ 
    using Final
    by (metis convert-nnf.simps(6) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mtl.inject(5))
  let ?L1 = (WEST-reg-aux F1 num-vars)
  have match-F1: match  $\pi$  ?L1 = semantics-mltl  $\pi$  F1
    using Final(2)[OF cp-F1 F1-nnf F1-nv] Final by auto
  have intervals-welldef-F1: intervals-welldef F1
    using Final by auto
  have a-le-b: a  $\leq$  b
    using Final by simp
  show ?case using WEST-reg-aux.simps(7)[of a b F1 num-vars] Final
    using match-F1 WEST-future-correct F1-nv len-xi
    using a-le-b intervals-welldef-F1
    by (metis F1-nnf WEST-reg-aux-num-vars)
next
case (Global F F1 a b)
  have F1-nv: WEST-num-vars F1  $\leq$  num-vars
    using Global by auto
  have cp-F1: complen-mltl F1  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
    using Global by simp
  then have len-xi: length  $\pi$   $\geq$  (complen-mltl F1) + b using Global by auto
  have F1-nnf:  $\exists \psi. F1 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$ 
    using Global
    by (metis convert-nnf.simps(7) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mtl.inject(6))
  let ?L1 = (WEST-reg-aux F1 num-vars)
  have match-F1: match  $\pi$  ?L1 = semantics-mltl  $\pi$  F1
    using Global(2)[OF cp-F1 F1-nnf F1-nv] Global by auto
  then show ?case using WEST-reg-aux.simps(8)[of a b F1 num-vars] Global
    using match-F1 WEST-global-correct F1-nv

```

```

    by (metis F1-nnf WEST-reg-aux-num-vars intervals-welldef.simps(8) len-xi)
next
case (Until F F1 F2 a b)
have F1-nv: WEST-num-vars F1 ≤ num-vars
  using Until by auto
{assume *: a = 0 ∧ b = 0
  have complen-leq: complen-mltl F2 ≤ length π
    using Until(1) Until.premis(1) by simp
  have some-nnf: ∃ψ. F2 = convert-nnf ψ
    using Until(1) Until.premis(2)
    by (metis convert-nnf.simps(8) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mltl.inject(7))
  have F2 ∈ subformulas (Until-mltl F1 a b F2)
    unfolding subformulas.simps by blast
  then have num-vars: WEST-num-vars F2 ≤ num-vars
    using Until(1) Until.premis(3) WEST-num-vars-subformulas[of F2 F]
    by auto
  have match-F2: match π (WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars) = semantics-mltl π F2
    using Until(1) Until(3)[OF complen-leq some-nnf num-vars] Until.premis
    by simp
  have max (complen-mltl F1 - 1) (complen-mltl F2) ≥ 1
    using complen-geq-one[of F2] by auto
  then have len-gt: length π > 0
    using Until.premis(1) Until(1) by auto
  have global: WEST-global (WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars) 0 0 num-vars = shift
(WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars) num-vars 0
    using WEST-global.simps[of - 0 0 ] by auto
  have map (λk. arbitrary-state num-vars) [0..<0] = []
    by simp
  then have padis: shift (WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars) num-vars 0 = WEST-reg-aux
F2 num-vars
    unfolding shift.simps arbitrary-trace.simps using append.left-neutral list.simps(8)
map-ident upt-0
  proof -
    have (@) (map (λn. arbitrary-state num-vars) ([::nat list])) = (λwss. wss)
      by blast
    then show map ((@) (map (λn. arbitrary-state num-vars) [0..<0])) (WEST-reg-aux
F2 num-vars) = WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars
      by simp
    qed
  then have match π (WEST-global (WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars) 0 0 num-vars)
=
  (semantics-mltl π F2)
    using match-F2 global padis by simp
  then have match π (WEST-until (WEST-reg-aux F1 num-vars) (WEST-reg-aux
F2 num-vars) 0 0 num-vars) =
  (semantics-mltl π F2)
    using WEST-until.simps[of - - 0 0 num-vars] by auto
  then have match π (WEST-until (WEST-reg-aux F1 num-vars) (WEST-reg-aux
F2 num-vars) 0 0 num-vars) =

```

```

    (semantics-mltl (drop 0  $\pi$ ) F2  $\wedge$  ( $\forall j. 0 \leq j \wedge j < 0 \longrightarrow$  semantics-mltl (drop
j  $\pi$ ) F1))
    by auto
    then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-reg-aux (Until-mltl F1 0 0 F2) num-vars) =
semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Until-mltl F1 0 0 F2)
    using len-gt *
    unfolding semantics-mltl.simps WEST-reg-aux.simps by auto
    then have ?case using Until(1) * by auto
  } moreover {assume *: b > 0
then have cp-F1: complen-mltl F1  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
    using complen-mltl.simps(10)[of F1 a b F2] Until by simp
have F1-nnf:  $\exists \psi. F1 =$  convert-nnf  $\psi$ 
    using Until
    by (metis convert-nnf.simps(8) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mltl.inject(7))
let ?L1 = (WEST-reg-aux F1 num-vars)
have match-F1: match  $\pi$  ?L1 = semantics-mltl  $\pi$  F1
    using Until(2)[OF cp-F1 F1-nnf F1-nv] Until by auto
have F2-nv: WEST-num-vars F2  $\leq$  num-vars
    using Until by auto
have cp-F2: complen-mltl F2  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
    using complen-mltl.simps(10)[of F1 a b F2] Until by simp
have F2-nnf:  $\exists \psi. F2 =$  convert-nnf  $\psi$ 
    using Until
    by (metis convert-nnf.simps(8) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mltl.inject(7))
let ?L2 = (WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars)
have match-F2: match  $\pi$  ?L2 = semantics-mltl  $\pi$  F2
    using Until(3)[OF cp-F2 F2-nnf F2-nv] Until by simp
have len-xi: length  $\pi$   $\geq$  complen-mltl (Until-mltl F1 a b F2) using Until by auto
then have ?case using WEST-until-correct[of F1 ?L1 F2 ?L2 num-vars a b  $\pi$ ]
    using Until F1-nv F2-nv cp-F1 cp-F2 F1-nnf F2-nnf match-F1 match-F2
    using WEST-reg-aux.simps(9)[of F1 a b F2 num-vars] WEST-reg-aux-num-vars
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) intervals-welldef.simps(9))
  }
ultimately show ?case using Until.prem(4) Until(1)
    by fastforce
next
case (Release F F1 F2 a b)
have F1-nv: WEST-num-vars F1  $\leq$  num-vars
    using Release by auto
{assume *: a = 0  $\wedge$  b = 0
    have complen-leq: complen-mltl F2  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
        using Release(1) Release.prem(1) by simp
    have some-nnf:  $\exists \psi. F2 =$  convert-nnf  $\psi$ 
        using Release(1) Release.prem(2)
        by (metis convert-nnf.simps(9) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mltl.inject(8))
    have F2  $\in$  subformulas (Until-mltl F1 a b F2)
        using subformulas.simps by blast
    then have num-vars: WEST-num-vars F2  $\leq$  num-vars
        using Release(1) Release.prem(3) WEST-num-vars-subformulas[of F2 F]

```

```

    by auto
  have match-F2: match  $\pi$  (WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars) = semantics-mltl  $\pi$  F2
  using Release(1) Release(3)[OF complen-leq some-nnf num-vars] Release.premis
  by simp
  have max (complen-mltl F1 - 1) (complen-mltl F2) >= 1
  using complen-geq-one[of F2] by auto
  then have len-gt: length  $\pi$  > 0
  using Release.premis(1) Release(1) by auto
  have global: WEST-global (WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars) 0 0 num-vars = shift
(WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars) num-vars 0
  using WEST-global.simps[of - 0 0 ] by auto
  have map ( $\lambda k$ . arbitrary-state num-vars) [0.. $l$ ] = []
  by simp
  then have padis: shift (WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars) num-vars 0 = WEST-reg-aux
F2 num-vars
  unfolding shift.simps arbitrary-trace.simps using append.left-neutral list.simps(8)
map-ident upt-0
  proof -
    have (@) (map ( $\lambda n$ . arbitrary-state num-vars) ([]::nat list)) = ( $\lambda wss$ . wss)
    by blast
    then show map ((@) (map ( $\lambda n$ . arbitrary-state num-vars) [0.. $l$ ])) (WEST-reg-aux
F2 num-vars) = WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars
    by simp
  qed
  then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-global (WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars) 0 0 num-vars)
=
  (semantics-mltl  $\pi$  F2)
  using match-F2 global padis by simp
  then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-until (WEST-reg-aux F1 num-vars) (WEST-reg-aux
F2 num-vars) 0 0 num-vars) =
  (semantics-mltl  $\pi$  F2)
  using WEST-until.simps[of - - 0 0 num-vars] by auto
  then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-until (WEST-reg-aux F1 num-vars) (WEST-reg-aux
F2 num-vars) 0 0 num-vars) =
  (semantics-mltl (drop 0  $\pi$ ) F2  $\wedge$  ( $\forall j$ .  $0 \leq j \wedge j < l \longrightarrow$  semantics-mltl (drop
j  $\pi$ ) F1))
  by auto
  then have match  $\pi$  (WEST-reg-aux (Release-mltl F1 0 0 F2) num-vars) =
semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (Release-mltl F1 0 0 F2)
  using len-gt *
  unfolding semantics-mltl.simps WEST-reg-aux.simps by auto
  then have ?case using Release(1) *
  by auto
} moreover {assume *:  $b > 0$ 
then have cp-F1: complen-mltl F1  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
  using complen-mltl.simps(10)[of F1 a b F2] Release by simp
have F1-nnf:  $\exists \psi$ . F1 = convert-nnf  $\psi$ 
  using Release
  by (metis convert-nnf.simps(9) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mltl.inject(8))

```

```

let ?L1 = (WEST-reg-aux F1 num-vars)
have match-F1: match  $\pi$  ?L1 = semantics-mltl  $\pi$  F1
  using Release(2)[OF cp-F1 F1-nnf F1-nv] Release by auto
have F2-nv: WEST-num-vars F2  $\leq$  num-vars
  using Release by auto
have cp-F2: complen-mltl F2  $\leq$  length  $\pi$ 
  using complen-mltl.simps(10)[of F1 a b F2] Release by simp
have F2-nnf:  $\exists \psi. F2 = \text{convert-nnf } \psi$ 
  using Release
  by (metis convert-nnf.simps(9) convert-nnf-convert-nnf mtl.inject(8))
let ?L2 = (WEST-reg-aux F2 num-vars)
have match-F2: match  $\pi$  ?L2 = semantics-mltl  $\pi$  F2
  using Release(3)[OF cp-F2 F2-nnf F2-nv] Release by simp
have len-xi: length  $\pi \geq (\max ((\text{complen-mltl } F1) - 1) (\text{complen-mltl } F2)) + b$ 
using * Release
  by auto
have ?case using WEST-release-correct[of F1 ?L1 F2 ?L2 num-vars a b  $\pi$ ]
  using Release F1-nv F2-nv cp-F1 cp-F2 F1-nnf F2-nnf match-F1 match-F2
  using WEST-reg-aux.simps(10)[of F1 a b F2 num-vars] WEST-reg-aux-num-vars
  by (metis (full-types) intervals-welldef.simps(10))
}
ultimately show ?case using Release(7) Release(1) by fastforce
qed

```

```

lemma complen-convert-nnf:
  shows complen-mltl (convert-nnf  $\varphi$ ) = complen-mltl  $\varphi$ 
proof(induction depth-mltl  $\varphi$  arbitrary:  $\varphi$  rule: less-induct)
  case less
  then show ?case proof (cases  $\varphi$ )
    case True-mltl
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False-mltl
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case (Prop-mltl p)
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case (Not-mltl p)
    then show ?thesis proof (induct p)
      case True-mltl
      then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
    next
      case False-mltl
      then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
    next
      case (Prop-mltl x)
      then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
    next

```

```

    case (Not-mltl p)
    then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
next
    case (And-mltl p1 p2)
    then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
next
    case (Or-mltl p1 p2)
    then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
next
    case (Future-mltl a b x)
    then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
next
    case (Global-mltl a b x)
    then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
next
    case (Until-mltl x a b y)
    then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
next
    case (Release-mltl x a b y)
    then show ?case using Not-mltl less by auto
qed
next
    case (And-mltl x y)
    then show ?thesis using less by auto
next
    case (Or-mltl x y)
    then show ?thesis using less by auto
next
    case (Future-mltl a b x)
    then show ?thesis using less by auto
next
    case (Global-mltl a b x)
    then show ?thesis using less by auto
next
    case (Until-mltl x a b y)
    then show ?thesis using less by auto
next
    case (Release-mltl x a b y)
    then show ?thesis using less by auto
qed
qed

```

```

lemma nnf-int-welldef:
  assumes intervals-welldef  $\varphi$ 
  shows intervals-welldef (convert- $\text{nnf}$   $\varphi$ )
  using assms
proof (induct depth-mltl  $\varphi$  arbitrary:  $\varphi$  rule: less-induct)
  case less

```

```

then show ?case proof (cases  $\varphi$ )
  case True-mltl
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case False-mltl
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case (Prop-mltl  $p$ )
  then show ?thesis by simp
next
  case (Not-mltl  $\psi$ )
  then have phi-is:  $\varphi = \text{Not-mltl } \psi$ 
    by auto
  show ?thesis proof (cases  $\psi$ )
    case True-mltl
    then show ?thesis using Not-mltl by simp
  next
    case False-mltl
    then show ?thesis using Not-mltl by simp
  next
    case (Prop-mltl  $p$ )
    then show ?thesis using Not-mltl by simp
  next
    case (Not-mltl  $F$ )
    then have iwd: intervals-welldef (convert-nnf  $F$ )
      using phi-is less by simp
    have  $\varphi = \text{Not-mltl } (\text{Not-mltl } F)$ 
      using phi-is Not-mltl by auto
    then show ?thesis using iwd
      convert-nnf.simps(13)[of  $F$ ] by simp
  next
    case (And-mltl  $x y$ )
    then show ?thesis using Not-mltl less by simp
  next
    case (Or-mltl  $x y$ )
    then show ?thesis using Not-mltl less by simp
  next
    case (Future-mltl  $a b x$ )
    then show ?thesis using Not-mltl less by simp
  next
    case (Global-mltl  $a b x$ )
    then show ?thesis using Not-mltl less by simp
  next
    case (Until-mltl  $x a b y$ )
    then show ?thesis using Not-mltl less by simp
  next
    case (Release-mltl  $x a b y$ )
    then show ?thesis using Not-mltl less by simp
qed

```

```

next
  case (And-mltl x y)
  then show ?thesis using less by simp
next
  case (Or-mltl x y)
  then show ?thesis using less by simp
next
  case (Future-mltl a b x)
  then show ?thesis using less by simp
next
  case (Global-mltl a b x)
  then show ?thesis using less by simp
next
  case (Until-mltl x a b y)
  then show ?thesis using less by simp
next
  case (Release-mltl x a b y)
  then show ?thesis using less by simp
qed
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-correct*:

```

fixes  $\varphi::(\text{nat})$  mltl
fixes  $\pi::\text{trace}$ 
assumes int-welldef: intervals-welldef  $\varphi$ 
assumes  $\pi$ -long-enough: length  $\pi \geq \text{complen-mltl}(\text{convert-nnf } \varphi)$ 
shows match  $\pi$  (WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$  semantics-mltl  $\pi$   $\varphi$ 
proof -
let ?n = WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ 
have match  $\pi$  (WEST-reg-aux (convert-nnf  $\varphi$ ) (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )) = semantics-mltl  $\pi$  (convert-nnf  $\varphi$ )
using WEST-reg-aux-correct[OF assms(2) - - nnf-int-welldef, of WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ ] WEST-num-vars-nnf[of  $\varphi$ ]
using int-welldef by auto
then show ?thesis
unfolding WEST-reg.simps
using WEST-num-vars-nnf[of  $\varphi$ ] convert-nnf-preserves-semantics[OF assms(1)]
by simp
qed

```

**lemma** *WEST-correct-v2*:

```

fixes  $\varphi::(\text{nat})$  mltl
fixes  $\pi::\text{trace}$ 
assumes intervals-welldef  $\varphi$ 
assumes  $\pi$ -long-enough: length  $\pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } \varphi$ 
shows match  $\pi$  (WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$  semantics-mltl  $\pi$   $\varphi$ 

```

```

proof –
  show ?thesis
    using WEST-correct complen-convert-nnf
    by (metis  $\pi$ -long-enough assms(1))
qed

```

### 3.14 Top level result for padded version

```

lemma WEST-correct-pad-aux:
  fixes  $\varphi::(\text{nat})$  mltl
  fixes  $\pi::\text{trace}$ 
  assumes intervals-welldef  $\varphi$ 
  assumes  $\pi$ -long-enough:  $\text{length } \pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } \varphi$ 
  shows match  $\pi$  (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$  semantics-mltl  $\pi$   $\varphi$ 
proof –
  let ?unpadded = WEST-reg  $\varphi$ 
  let ?complen = complen-mltl  $\varphi$ 
  let ?num-vars = WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ 
  let ?len = length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )
  have pwr-is: pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$  = (map ( $\lambda L$ . if  $\text{length } L < ?\text{complen}$ 
    then  $L @ \text{arbitrary-trace } ?\text{num-vars } (?complen - \text{length } L)$ 
    else  $L$ ) ?unpadded)
    unfolding pad-WEST-reg.simps
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) map-equality-iff pad.elims)
  then have length ?unpadded = length (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )
    by auto
  then have pwr-k-is: (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi ! k$ ) = (if  $\text{length } (?unpadded!k) < ?complen$ 
    then  $(?unpadded!k) @ \text{arbitrary-trace } ?\text{num-vars } (?complen -$ 
    length  $(?unpadded!k))$ 
    else  $(?unpadded!k)$ ) if k-lt:  $k < \text{length } (\text{pad-WEST-reg } \varphi)$  for  $k$ 
    using k-lt pwr-is
    by fastforce
  have same-len: length (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ ) = length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )
    unfolding pad-WEST-reg.simps
    by (meson length-map)
  have match-regex  $\pi$  (if  $\text{length } (\text{WEST-reg } \varphi ! k) < \text{complen-mltl } \varphi$ 
    then  $\text{WEST-reg } \varphi ! k @$ 
    arbitrary-trace  $(\text{WEST-num-vars } \varphi)$ 
     $(\text{complen-mltl } \varphi - \text{length } (\text{WEST-reg } \varphi ! k))$ 
    else  $\text{WEST-reg } \varphi ! k$ ) =
    match-regex  $\pi$  (WEST-reg  $\varphi ! k$ ) if k-lt:  $k < ?len$  for  $k$ 
proof –
  {assume  $*$ :  $\text{length } (\text{WEST-reg } \varphi ! k) < \text{complen-mltl } \varphi$ 
    then have len-is:  $\text{length } (\text{WEST-reg } \varphi ! k @$ 
    arbitrary-trace  $(\text{WEST-num-vars } \varphi)$ 
     $(\text{complen-mltl } \varphi - \text{length } (\text{WEST-reg } \varphi ! k))) =$ 
    complen-mltl  $\varphi$ 
    by auto
    have univ-prop:  $\bigwedge A B::\text{'a list. } (\forall \text{time} < \text{length}$ 

```

```

      (A @ B). (time ≥ length A →
P time)) ⇒ ((∀ time < length
      (A @ B). P time) = (∀ time < length
      A . P time)) for P::nat ⇒ bool
  by auto
  have match-timestep (π ! time)
    ((WEST-reg φ ! k @
      arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars φ)
      (complen-mltl φ -
      length (WEST-reg φ ! k))) ! time)
  if time-prop: time < length (WEST-reg φ ! k @
      arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars φ)
      (complen-mltl φ - length (WEST-reg φ ! k))) ∧ time ≥ length
(WEST-reg φ ! k)
  for time
  proof -
  have access: ((WEST-reg φ ! k @
      arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars φ)
      (complen-mltl φ -
      length (WEST-reg φ ! k))) ! time)
= (arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars φ)
      (complen-mltl φ -
      length (WEST-reg φ ! k))) ! (time - (length (WEST-reg φ ! k)))
  using time-prop
  by (meson leD nth-append)
  have (arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars φ)
      (complen-mltl φ -
      length (WEST-reg φ ! k))) ! (time - (length (WEST-reg φ ! k)))
= arbitrary-state (WEST-num-vars φ)
  unfolding arbitrary-trace.simps using * time-prop
  by (metis diff-less-mono diff-zero len-is nth-map-upt)
  then have access2: ((WEST-reg φ ! k @
      arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars φ)
      (complen-mltl φ -
      length (WEST-reg φ ! k))) ! time)
= arbitrary-state (WEST-num-vars φ)
  using access
  by auto
  have match-timestep (π ! time) (arbitrary-state (WEST-num-vars φ))
  unfolding arbitrary-state.simps
  match-timestep-def by simp
  then show ?thesis using access2 by auto
qed
  then have (∀ time < length
      (WEST-reg φ ! k @
      arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars φ)
      (complen-mltl φ -
      length (WEST-reg φ ! k))).
      match-timestep (π ! time)

```

```

      ((WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$  @
        arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )
        (complen-mltl  $\varphi$  -
          length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ))) !
        time)) =
    (∀ time < length
      (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ).
      match-timestep ( $\pi$  ! time)
      ((WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$  @
        arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )
        (complen-mltl  $\varphi$  -
          length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ))) !
        time))
  using univ-prop[of WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$  arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )
    (complen-mltl  $\varphi$  -
      length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ))]
  by auto
  then have (∀ time < length
    (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$  @
      arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )
      (complen-mltl  $\varphi$  -
        length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ))).
    match-timestep ( $\pi$  ! time)
    ((WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$  @
      arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )
      (complen-mltl  $\varphi$  -
        length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ))) !
      time)) =
    (∀ time < length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ).
      match-timestep ( $\pi$  ! time)
      (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$  ! time))
    by (simp add: nth-append)
  then have match-regex  $\pi$  (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$  @
    arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )
    (complen-mltl  $\varphi$  - length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ))) =
    match-regex  $\pi$  (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ )
    using len-is  $\pi$ -long-enough *
    unfolding match-regex-def
    by auto
  then have ?thesis
    using * by auto
}
moreover {assume *: length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ) ≥ complen-mltl  $\varphi$ 
  then have ?thesis by simp
}
ultimately show ?thesis
  by argo
qed
then have match-regex  $\pi$  (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ) =

```

```

    match-regex  $\pi$  (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ) if k-lt:  $k < ?len$  for  $k$ 
    using pwr-k-is k-lt same-len by presburger
  then have match  $\pi$  (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$  match  $\pi$  (WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )
    using  $\pi$ -long-enough same-len
    unfolding match-def
    by auto
  then show ?thesis
    using assms WEST-correct-v2
    by blast
qed

```

```

lemma WEST-correct-pad:
  fixes  $\varphi::(\text{nat})$  mltl
  fixes  $\pi::\text{trace}$ 
  assumes intervals-welldef  $\varphi$ 
  assumes  $\pi$ -long-enough: length  $\pi \geq \text{complen-mltl } \varphi$ 
  shows match  $\pi$  (simp-pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$  semantics-mltl  $\pi$   $\varphi$ 
proof -
  let ?unpadded = WEST-reg  $\varphi$ 
  let ?complen = complen-mltl  $\varphi$ 
  let ?num-vars = WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ 
  have pwr-is: pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$  = (map ( $\lambda L$ . if length  $L < ?complen$ 
    then  $L @ \text{arbitrary-trace } ?num\text{-vars } (?complen - \text{length } L)$ 
    else  $L$ ) ?unpadded)
    unfolding pad-WEST-reg.simps
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) map-equality-iff pad.elims)
  then have length ?unpadded = length (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )
    by auto
  then have pwr-k-is: (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ) = (if length (?unpadded! $k$ ) < ?complen
    then (?unpadded! $k$ ) @ arbitrary-trace ?num-vars (?complen -
length (?unpadded! $k$ ))
    else (?unpadded! $k$ )) if k-lt:  $k < \text{length } (\text{pad-WEST-reg } \varphi)$  for  $k$ 
    using k-lt pwr-is
    by fastforce
  have length (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$  !  $i$ ) =
    WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$  if i-is:  $i < \text{length } (\text{pad-WEST-reg } \varphi ! k) \wedge k < \text{length } (\text{pad-WEST-reg } \varphi)$ 
    for  $i$   $k$ 
  proof -
    {assume *: length (?unpadded! $k$ ) < ?complen
      then have pad-is: (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ) = (?unpadded! $k$ ) @ arbitrary-trace
?num-vars (?complen - length (?unpadded! $k$ ))
      using pwr-k-is that by presburger
      have regtrace1: trace-regex-of-vars (arbitrary-trace (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )
(complen-mltl  $\varphi$  - length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  !  $k$ ))) (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )
      unfolding arbitrary-trace.simps
      trace-regex-of-vars-def
      by auto
    }

```

```

    have regtrace2: trace-regex-of-vars (WEST-reg  $\varphi$  ! k) (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )
      using WEST-reg-num-vars[OF assms(1)]
    by (metis <length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$ ) = length (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )> WEST-regex-of-vars-def
that)
  have ?thesis
    using pad-is
    using regtrace-append[OF regtrace1 regtrace2]
    by (metis regtrace1 regtrace2 regtrace-append trace-regex-of-vars-def that)
} moreover {assume *: length (?unpadded!k)  $\geq$  ?complen
then have (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$  ! k) = (?unpadded!k)
  using pwr-k-is that by presburger
then have ?thesis
  using WEST-reg-num-vars[OF assms(1)]
  by (metis <length (WEST-reg  $\varphi$ ) = length (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )> WEST-regex-of-vars-def
trace-regex-of-vars-def that)
}
ultimately show ?thesis by linarith
qed
then have trace-regex-of-vars (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$  ! k)
  (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ ) if k-lt: k < length (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ ) for k
  unfolding trace-regex-of-vars-def
  using k-lt by auto
then have WEST-regex-of-vars (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ )
  (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )
  unfolding WEST-regex-of-vars-def
  by blast
then show ?thesis
  using WEST-correct-pad-aux[OF assms]
  unfolding simp-pad-WEST-reg.simps
  using simp-correct[of (pad-WEST-reg  $\varphi$ ) (WEST-num-vars  $\varphi$ )  $\pi$ ]
  by blast
qed

```

end

## 4 Key algorithms for WEST

theory *Regex-Equivalence*

imports *WEST-Algorithms WEST-Proofs*

begin

```

fun depth-dataype-list:: state-regex  $\Rightarrow$  nat
  where depth-dataype-list [] = 0
  | depth-dataype-list (One#T) = 1 + depth-dataype-list T
  | depth-dataype-list (Zero#T) = 1 + depth-dataype-list T
  | depth-dataype-list (S#T) = 2 + 2*(depth-dataype-list T)

```

```

function enumerate-list:: state-regex  $\Rightarrow$  trace-regex
  where enumerate-list [] = [[]]
  | enumerate-list (One#T) = (map ( $\lambda x$ . One#x) (enumerate-list T))
  | enumerate-list (Zero#T) = (map ( $\lambda x$ . Zero#x) (enumerate-list T))
  | enumerate-list (S#T) = (enumerate-list (Zero#T))@(enumerae-list (One#T))
  apply (metis WEST-and-bitwise.elims list.exhaust)
  by simp-all
termination apply (relation measure ( $\lambda L$ . depth-datatype-list L))
  by simp-all

```

```

fun flatten-list:: 'a list list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list
  where flatten-list L = foldr (@) L []

```

```

value flatten-list [[12, 13::nat], [15]]

```

```

value flatten-list (let enumerate-H = enumerate-list [S, One] in
let enumerate-T = [[]] in
map ( $\lambda t$ . (map ( $\lambda h$ . h#t) enumerate-H)) enumerate-T)

```

```

fun enumerate-trace:: trace-regex  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-regex
  where enumerate-trace [] = [[]]
  | enumerate-trace (H#T) = flatten-list
    (let enumerate-H = enumerate-list H in
     let enumerate-T = enumerate-trace T in
     map ( $\lambda t$ . (map ( $\lambda h$ . h#t) enumerate-H)) enumerate-T)

```

```

value enumerate-trace [[S, One], [S], [One]]
value enumerate-trace [[]]

```

```

fun enumerate-sets:: WEST-regex  $\Rightarrow$  trace-regex set
  where enumerate-sets [] = {}
  | enumerate-sets (h#T) = (set (enumerate-trace h))  $\cup$  (enumerate-sets T)

```

```

fun naive-equivalence:: WEST-regex  $\Rightarrow$  WEST-regex  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where naive-equivalence A B = (A = B  $\vee$  (enumerate-sets A) = (enumerate-sets
B))

```

## 5 Regex Equivalence Correctness

```

lemma enumerate-list-len-alt:
  shows  $\forall$  state  $\in$  set (enumerate-list state-regex).
    length state = length state-regex
proof(induct state-regex)
  case Nil

```

```

then show ?case by simp
next
case (Cons a state-regex)
{assume zero: a = Zero
  then have  $\forall$  state  $\in$  set (enumerate-list state-regex).
    length state = length state-regex
  using Cons by blast
  then have ?case unfolding zero
    by simp
} moreover {
  assume one: a = One
  then have  $\forall$  state  $\in$  set (enumerate-list state-regex).
    length state = length state-regex
  using Cons by blast
  then have ?case unfolding one
    by simp
} moreover {
  assume s: a = S
  then have  $\forall$  state  $\in$  set (enumerate-list state-regex).
    length state = length state-regex
  using Cons by blast
  then have ?case unfolding s by auto
}
ultimately show ?case
using WEST-bit.exhaust by blast
qed

```

```

lemma enumerate-list-len:
  assumes state  $\in$  set (enumerate-list state-regex)
  shows length state = length state-regex
  using assms enumerate-list-len-alt by blast

```

```

lemma enumerate-list-prop:
  assumes ( $\bigwedge$ k. List.member j k  $\implies$  k  $\neq$  S)
  shows enumerate-list j = [j]
  using assms
proof (induct j)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons h t)
  then have elt: enumerate-list t = [t]
    by simp
  then have h = One  $\vee$  h = Zero
    using Cons by (cases h) auto
  then show ?case using enumerate-list.simps(2-3) elt
    by fastforce

```

qed

**lemma** *enumerate-fixed-trace*:

**fixes**  $h1:: \text{trace-regex}$

**assumes**  $\bigwedge j. \text{List.member } h1 \ j \implies (\bigwedge k. \text{List.member } j \ k \implies k \neq S)$

**shows**  $(\text{enumerate-trace } h1) = [h1]$

**using** *assms*

**proof** (*induct h1*)

**case** *Nil*

**then show** *?case by auto*

**next**

**case** (*Cons h t*)

**then have** *ind: enumerate-trace t = [t]*

**by** *auto*

**have** *enumerate-list h = [h]*

**using** *enumerate-list-prop Cons*

**by** *auto*

**then show** *?case*

**using** *Cons ind unfolding enumerate-trace.simps*

**by** *auto*

qed

If we have two state regexs that don't contain S's, then enumerate trace on each is different.

**lemma** *enum-trace-prop*:

**fixes**  $h1 \ h2:: \text{trace-regex}$

**assumes**  $\bigwedge j. \text{List.member } h1 \ j \implies (\bigwedge k. \text{List.member } j \ k \implies k \neq S)$

**assumes**  $\bigwedge j. \text{List.member } h2 \ j \implies (\bigwedge k. \text{List.member } j \ k \implies k \neq S)$

**assumes**  $(\text{set } h1) \neq (\text{set } h2)$

**shows**  $\text{set } (\text{enumerate-trace } h1) \neq \text{set } (\text{enumerate-trace } h2)$

**using** *enumerate-fixed-trace[of h1] enumerate-fixed-trace[of h2] assms*

**by** *auto*

**lemma** *enumerate-list-tail-in*:

**assumes**  $\text{head-}t\#\text{tail-}t \in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-list } (h\#\text{trace}))$

**shows**  $\text{tail-}t \in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-list } \text{trace})$

**proof** –

{**assume** *one: h = One*

**have** *?thesis*

**using** *assms unfolding one enumerate-list.simps by auto*

} **moreover** {

**assume** *zero: h = Zero*

**have** *?thesis*

**using** *assms unfolding zero enumerate-list.simps by auto*

} **moreover** {

**assume** *s: h = S*

**have** *?thesis*

**using** *assms unfolding s enumerate-list.simps by auto*

```

}
ultimately show ?thesis using WEST-bit.exhaust by blast
qed

lemma enumerate-list-fixed:
  assumes  $t \in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-list trace})$ 
  shows  $(\forall k. \text{List.member } t k \longrightarrow k \neq S)$ 
  using assms
proof (induct trace arbitrary: t)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons h trace)
  obtain head-t tail-t where obt:  $t = \text{head-t}\#\text{tail-t}$ 
  using Cons.prems enumerate-list-len
  by (metis length-0-conv neq-Nil-conv)
  have tail-t  $\in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-list trace})$ 
  using enumerate-list.simps obt Cons.prems enumerate-list-tail-in by blast
  then have hyp:  $\forall k. \text{List.member } \text{tail-t } k \longrightarrow k \neq S$ 
  using Cons.hyps(1)[of tail-t] by auto
  {assume one:  $h = \text{One}$ 
  then have head-t = One
  using obt Cons.prems unfolding enumerate-list.simps by auto
  then have ?case
  using hyp obt
  by simp
} moreover {
  assume zero:  $h = \text{Zero}$ 
  then have head-t = Zero
  using obt Cons.prems unfolding enumerate-list.simps by auto
  then have ?case
  using hyp obt
  by simp
} moreover {
  assume s:  $h = S$ 
  then have head-t = Zero  $\vee$  head-t = One
  using obt Cons.prems unfolding enumerate-list.simps by auto
  then have ?case
  using hyp obt s by auto
}
}
ultimately show ?case using WEST-bit.exhaust by blast
qed

```

```

lemma map-enum-list-nonempty:
  fixes  $t::\text{WEST-bit list list}$ 
  fixes  $\text{head}::\text{WEST-bit list}$ 
  shows  $\text{map } (\lambda h. h \# t) (\text{enumerate-list head}) \neq []$ 
proof (induct head arbitrary: t)

```

```

case Nil
then show ?case by simp
next
case (Cons a head)
{assume a: a = One
  then have ?case unfolding a enumerate-list.simps
    using Cons by auto
} moreover {
  assume a: a = Zero
  then have ?case unfolding a enumerate-list.simps
    using Cons by auto
} moreover {
  assume a: a = S
  then have ?case unfolding a enumerate-list.simps
    using Cons by auto
}
ultimately show ?case using WEST-bit.exhaust by blast
qed

```

```

lemma length-of-flatten-list:
assumes flat =
  foldr (@)
    (map (λt. map (λh. h # t) H) T) []
shows length flat = length T * length H
  using assms
proof (induct T arbitrary: flat)
case Nil
then show ?case by auto
next
case (Cons t1 T2)
then have flat = foldr (@)
  (map (λt. map (λh. h # t) H) (t1 # T2)) []
  by auto
then have flat = foldr (@)
  (map (λh. h # t1) H # (map (λt. map (λh. h # t) H) T2)) []
  by auto
then have flat = map (λh. h # t1) H @ (foldr (@) (map (λt. map (λh. h # t)
H) T2)) []
  by simp
then have length flat = length H + length (T2) * length H
  using Cons by auto
then show ?case by simp
qed

```

```

lemma flatten-list-idx:
assumes flat = flatten-list (map (λt. map (λh. h # t) head) tail)

```

```

assumes  $i < \text{length tail}$ 
assumes  $j < \text{length head}$ 
shows  $(\text{head}!j)\#(\text{tail}!i) = \text{flat}!(i*(\text{length head}) + j) \wedge i*(\text{length head}) + j <$ 
 $\text{length flat}$ 
using assms
proof(induct tail arbitrary: head i j flat)
  case Nil
    then show ?case
      by auto
  next
    case (Cons a tail)
    let ?flat = flatten-list (map ( $\lambda t. \text{map } (\lambda h. h \# t)$  head) tail)
    have cond1: ?flat = ?flat by auto
    have equiv: (map ( $\lambda t. \text{map } (\lambda h. h \# t)$  head) (a # tail)) =
       $(\text{map } (\lambda h. h \# a) \text{ head}) \# (\text{map } (\lambda t. \text{map } (\lambda h. h \# t)$  head) tail)
      by auto
    then have flat-is: flat = (map ( $\lambda h. h \# a$ ) head) @ flatten-list (map ( $\lambda t. \text{map } (\lambda h. h \# t)$  head) tail)
      using Cons(2) unfolding flatten-list.simps by simp

    {assume i0: i = 0
      then have bound: i * length head + j < length flat
        using Cons by simp
        have  $\text{length } (\text{map } (\lambda h. h \# a) \text{ head}) > j$ 
          using Cons(4) by auto
        then have  $(\text{map } (\lambda h. h \# a) \text{ head}) ! j = \text{flat} ! j$ 
          using flat-is
          by (simp add: nth-append)
        then have  $(\text{head} ! j)\#a = \text{flat} ! j$ 
          using Cons(4) by simp
        then have  $\text{head} ! j \# (a \# \text{tail}) ! i = \text{flat} ! (i * \text{length head} + j)$ 
          unfolding i0 by simp
        then have ?case using bound by auto
      } moreover {
        assume i-ge-0: i > 0
        have len-flat: length flat = length head * length (a # tail)
          using Cons(3-4) length-of-flatten-list[of flat head a#tail]
          Cons(2) unfolding flatten-list.simps
          by simp
        have  $i * \text{length head} \leq (\text{length } (a \# \text{tail}) - 1) * \text{length head}$ 
          using Cons(3) by auto
        then have  $i * \text{length head} \leq (\text{length } (a \# \text{tail})) * \text{length head} - \text{length head}$ 
          by auto
        then have  $i * \text{length head} + j < (\text{length } (a \# \text{tail})) * \text{length head} - \text{length head}$ 
          using Cons(4) by linarith
        then have  $i * \text{length head} + j < (\text{length } (a \# \text{tail})) * \text{length head}$ 
          by auto
        then have bound: i * length head + j < length flat
      }
    }

```

```

    using len-flat
    by (simp add: mult.commute)
  have i-minus:  $i - 1 < \text{length tail}$ 
    using i-ge-0 Cons(3)
    by auto
  have flat !  $(i * \text{length head} + j) = \text{flat} ! ((i-1) * \text{length head} + j + \text{length head})$ 
    using i-ge-0
    by (smt (z3) add.commute bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum group-cancel.add1 mult-eq-if)
  then have flat !  $(i * \text{length head} + j) = \text{flatten-list}$ 
     $(\text{map } (\lambda t. \text{map } (\lambda h. h \# t) \text{head}) \text{tail}) !$ 
     $((i - 1) * \text{length head} + j)$ 
    using flat-is
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) add.commute length-map nth-append-length-plus)
  then have flat !  $(i * \text{length head} + j) = \text{head} ! j \# \text{tail} ! (i - 1)$ 
    using Cons.hyps[OF cond1 i-minus Cons(4)]
    by argo
  then have access:  $\text{head} ! j \# (a \# \text{tail}) ! i =$ 
     $\text{flat} ! (i * \text{length head} + j)$ 
    using i-ge-0
    by simp
  have ?case
    using bound access
    by auto
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

**lemma** *flatten-list-shape*:

```

  assumes List.member flat x1
  assumes flat = flatten-list (map ( $\lambda t. \text{map } (\lambda h. h \# t) H$ ) T)
  shows  $\exists x1\text{-head } x1\text{-tail. } x1 = x1\text{-head} \# x1\text{-tail} \wedge \text{List.member } H \ x1\text{-head} \wedge$ 
    List.member T x1-tail
  using assms
proof(induction T arbitrary: flat H)
  case Nil
  have flat = (flatten-list (map ( $\lambda t. \text{map } (\lambda h. h \# t) H$ ) []))
    using Nil(1) unfolding Nil by blast
  then have flat = []
    by simp
  then show ?case
    using Nil
    by simp
next
  case (Cons a T)
  have  $\exists k. x1 = \text{flat} ! k \wedge k < \text{length flat}$ 
    using Cons(2)

```

```

    by (auto simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
  then obtain k where k-is:  $x1 = flat ! k \wedge k < length\ flat$ 
    by auto
  have len-flat:  $length\ flat = (length\ (a\#\ T)) * length\ H$ 
    using Cons(3) length-of-flatten-list
    by auto
  let ?j =  $k\ mod\ (length\ H)$ 
  have  $\exists i . k = (i * (length\ H) + ?j)$ 
    by (meson mod-div-decomp)
  then obtain i where i-is:  $k = (i * (length\ H) + ?j)$ 
    by auto
  then have i-lt:  $i < length\ (a\#\ T)$ 
    using len-flat k-is
    by (metis add-lessD1 mult-less-cancel2)
  have j-lt:  $?j < length\ H$ 
    by (metis k-is len-flat length-0-conv length-greater-0-conv mod-by-0 mod-less-divisor
mult-0-right)
  have  $\exists i < length\ (a\ \#\ T). k = (i * (length\ H) + ?j)$ 
    using i-is i-lt by blast
  then have  $\exists i < length\ (a\ \#\ T). \exists j < length\ H. k = (i * (length\ H) + j)$ 
    using j-lt by blast
  then obtain i j where ij-props:  $i < length\ (a\#\ T) \ j < length\ H \ k = (i * (length\ H) + j)$ 
    by blast
  then have  $flat ! k = H ! j \ \#\ (a\ \#\ T) ! i$ 
    using flatten-list-idx[OF Cons(3) ij-props(1) ij-props(2) ]
    Cons(2) k-is ij-props(3)
    by argo
  then obtain x1-head x1-tail where  $x1 = x1\text{-head}\#\ x1\text{-tail}$ 
    and  $List.member\ H\ x1\text{-head}$  and  $List.member\ (a\#\ T)\ x1\text{-tail}$ 
    using ij-props
    by (simp add: index-of-L-in-L k-is) (metis length-Cons nth-mem set-ConsD)
  then show ?case
    using Cons(3) by simp
qed

```

**lemma** *flatten-list-len*:

```

  assumes  $\bigwedge t. List.member\ T\ t \implies length\ t = n$ 
  assumes  $flat = flatten\text{-list}\ (map\ (\lambda t. map\ (\lambda h. h\ \#\ t)\ H)\ T)$ 
  shows  $\bigwedge x1. List.member\ flat\ x1 \implies length\ x1 = n + 1$ 
  using assms
  proof (induction T arbitrary: flat n H)
  case Nil
  have  $flat = (flatten\text{-list}\ (map\ (\lambda t. map\ (\lambda h. h\ \#\ t)\ H)\ []))$ 
    using Nil(1) unfolding Nil(3) by blast
  then have  $flat = []$ 
    by simp
  then show ?case

```

```

    using Nil by simp
next
case (Cons a T)
have  $\exists k. x1 = flat ! k \wedge k < length\ flat$ 
  using Cons(2)
  by (auto simp add: in-set-conv-nth)
then obtain k where k-is:  $x1 = flat ! k \wedge k < length\ flat$ 
  by auto
have len-flat:  $length\ flat = (length\ (a\#\ T)) * length\ H$ 
  using Cons(4) length-of-flatten-list
  by auto
let ?j = k mod (length H)
have  $\exists i. k = (i * (length\ H) + ?j)$ 
  by (meson mod-div-decomp)
then obtain i where i-is:  $k = (i * (length\ H) + ?j)$ 
  by auto
then have i-lt:  $i < length\ (a\#\ T)$ 
  using len-flat k-is
  by (metis add-lessD1 mult-less-cancel2)
have j-lt:  $?j < length\ H$ 
  by (metis k-is len-flat length-0-conv length-greater-0-conv mod-by-0 mod-less-divisor
mult-0-right)
have  $\exists i < length\ (a\#\ T). k = (i * (length\ H) + ?j)$ 
  using i-is i-lt by blast
then have  $\exists i < length\ (a\#\ T). \exists j < length\ H. k = (i * (length\ H) + j)$ 
  using j-lt by blast
then obtain i j where ij-props:  $i < length\ (a\#\ T) \ j < length\ H \ k = (i * (length\ H) + j)$ 
  by blast
then have flat ! k = H ! j # (a # T) ! i
  using flatten-list-idx[OF Cons(4) ij-props(1) ij-props(2)]
  Cons(2) k-is ij-props(3)
  by argo
then obtain x1-head x1-tail where  $x1 = x1\text{-head}\#\ x1\text{-tail}$ 
and List.member H x1-head and List.member (a # T) x1-tail
  using ij-props
  by (simp add: index-of-L-in-L k-is) (metis length-Cons nth-mem set-ConsD)
then show ?case
  using Cons(3) by simp
qed

```

**lemma** *flatten-list-lemma*:

```

  assumes  $\bigwedge x1. List.member\ to\ flatten\ x1 \implies (\bigwedge x2. List.member\ x1\ x2 \implies length\ x2 = length\ trace)$ 
  assumes  $a \in set\ (flatten\ list\ to\ flatten)$ 
  shows  $length\ a = length\ trace$ 
  using assms proof (induct to-flatten)
  case Nil

```

```

then show ?case by auto
next
case (Cons h t)
  have a-in: a ∈ set h ∨ a ∈ set (flatten-list t)
    using Cons(3) unfolding flatten-list.simps foldr-def by simp
  {assume *: a ∈ set h
   then have ?case
     using Cons(2)[of h]
     by simp
  } moreover {assume *: a ∈ set (flatten-list t)
  have ind-h-setup: (∧x1 x2. List.member t x1 ⇒ List.member x1 x2 ⇒
    length x2 = length trace)
    using Cons(2) by auto
  have a ∈ set (flatten-list t) ⇒ length a = length trace
    using Cons(1) ind-h-setup
    by auto
  then have ?case
    using * by auto
  }
ultimately show ?case
  using a-in by blast
qed

```

```

lemma enumerate-trace-len:
  assumes a ∈ set (enumerate-trace trace)
  shows length a = length trace
  using assms
proof(induct length trace arbitrary: trace a)
  case 0
  then show ?case by auto
next
case (Suc x)
  then obtain h t where trace-is: trace = h#t
    by (meson Suc-length-conv)
  obtain i where (enumerate-trace trace)!i = a
    using Suc.premis
    by (meson in-set-conv-nth)
  let ?enumerate-H = enumerate-list h
  let ?enumerate-t = enumerate-trace t
  have enum-tr-is: enumerate-trace trace =
    flatten-list (map (λt. map (λh. h # t) ?enumerate-H) ?enumerate-t)
    using trace-is by auto
  let ?to-flatten = map (λt. map (λh. h # t) ?enumerate-H) ?enumerate-t

  have all-w: (∧w. List.member (enumerate-trace t) w ⇒ length w = length t)
    using Suc(1)[of t] Suc(2) trace-is
    by simp
  have a-mem: List.member (enumerate-trace trace) a

```

```

    using Suc(β) by simp
  show ?case
    using flatten-list-len[OF - enum-tr-is a-mem, of length t] all-w
    trace-is by simp
qed

```

```

definition regex-zeros-and-ones:: trace-regex ⇒ bool
  where regex-zeros-and-ones tr =
    (∀j. List.member tr j → (∀k. List.member j k → k ≠ S))

```

```

lemma match-enumerate-state-aux-first-bit:
  assumes a-head = Zero ∨ a-head = One
  assumes a-head # a-tail ∈ set (enumerate-list (h-head # h))
  shows h-head = a-head ∨ h-head = S
proof -
  {assume h-head: h-head = One
   then have ?thesis
     using assms unfolding h-head enumerate-list.simps by auto
  } moreover {
   assume h-head: h-head = Zero
   then have ?thesis
     using assms unfolding h-head enumerate-list.simps by auto
  } moreover {
   assume h-head = S
   then have ?thesis by auto
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis using WEST-bit.exhaust by blast
qed

```

```

lemma advance-state-iff:
  assumes x > 0
  shows x ∈ state ↔ (x-1) ∈ advance-state state
proof -
  have forward: x ∈ state → (x-1) ∈ advance-state state
    using assms by auto
  have converse: (x-1) ∈ advance-state state → x ∈ state
    unfolding advance-state.simps using assms
    by (smt (verit, best) Suc-diff-1 diff-0-eq-0 diff-Suc-1' diff-self-eq-0 less-one
    mem-Collect-eq nat.distinct(1) not0-implies-Suc not-gr-zero old.nat.exhaust)
  show ?thesis using forward converse by blast
qed

```

```

lemma match-enumerate-state-aux:
  assumes a ∈ set (enumerate-list h)
  assumes match-timestep state a
  shows match-timestep state h
  using assms
proof(induct h arbitrary: state a)

```

```

case Nil
have a = []
  using Nil by auto
then show ?case using Nil by blast
next
case (Cons h-head h)
then obtain a-head a-tail where obt: a = a-head#a-tail
  using enumerate-list-len Cons
  by (metis length-0-conv list.exhaust)
let ?adv-state = advance-state state
{assume in-state: 0 ∈ state
  then have a-head = One
    using Cons(2) Cons.prem(2) obt
  by (cases ⟨a-head⟩) (auto simp add: match-timestep-def dest: enumerate-list-fixed)
  then have h-head: h-head = One ∨ h-head = S
    using Cons.prem(1) unfolding obt
    using match-enumerate-state-aux-first-bit by blast
  have match-adv: match-timestep (advance-state state) h
    using Cons.hyps[of a-tail ?adv-state]
    using Cons.prem(1) Cons.prem(2) advance-state-match-timestep enumer-
ate-list-tail-in obt by blast
  have ∧x. x < length (h-head # h) ⇒
    ((h-head # h) ! x = One → x ∈ state) ∧
    ((h-head # h) ! x = Zero → x ∉ state)
  proof-
  fix x
  assume x: x < length (h-head # h)
  let ?thesis = ((h-head # h) ! x = One → x ∈ state) ∧
    ((h-head # h) ! x = Zero → x ∉ state)
  {assume x0: x = 0
    then have ?thesis unfolding x0 using h-head in-state by auto
  } moreover {
    assume x-ge-0: x > 0
    then have x-1 < length h
      using x by simp
    then have *: (h ! (x-1) = One → (x-1) ∈ advance-state state) ∧
      (h ! (x-1) = Zero → (x-1) ∉ advance-state state)
      using match-adv unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
    have h ! (x-1) = (h-head # h) ! x using x-ge-0 by auto
    then have *: ((h-head # h) ! x = One → (x-1) ∈ advance-state state) ∧
      ((h-head # h) ! x = Zero → (x-1) ∉ advance-state state)
      using * by argo
    then have ?thesis using advance-state-iff x-ge-0 by blast
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
then have ?case
  using h-head unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
} moreover {

```

```

assume not-in:  $0 \notin \text{state}$ 
then have a-head = Zero
  using Cons.prems obt
by (cases a-head) (auto simp add: match-timestep-def dest: enumerate-list-fixed)
then have h-head:  $h\text{-head} = \text{Zero} \vee h\text{-head} = S$ 
  using Cons.prems(1) unfolding obt
  using match-enumerate-state-aux-first-bit by blast
have match-adv: match-timestep (advance-state state) h
  using Cons.hyps[of a-tail ?adv-state]
  using Cons.prems(1) Cons.prems(2) advance-state-match-timestep enumerate-
ate-list-tail-in obt by blast
have  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{length } (h\text{-head} \# h) \implies$ 
   $((h\text{-head} \# h) ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge$ 
   $((h\text{-head} \# h) ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
proof -
  fix x
  assume x:  $x < \text{length } (h\text{-head} \# h)$ 
  let ?thesis =  $((h\text{-head} \# h) ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge$ 
   $((h\text{-head} \# h) ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
  {assume x0:  $x = 0$ 
  then have ?thesis unfolding x0 using h-head not-in by auto
} moreover {
  assume x-ge-0:  $x > 0$ 
  then have  $x-1 < \text{length } h$ 
  using x by simp
  then have *:  $(h ! (x-1) = \text{One} \longrightarrow (x-1) \in \text{advance-state state}) \wedge$ 
   $(h ! (x-1) = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow (x-1) \notin \text{advance-state state})$ 
  using match-adv unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
  have  $h ! (x-1) = (h\text{-head} \# h) ! x$  using x-ge-0 by auto
  then have *:  $((h\text{-head} \# h) ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow (x-1) \in \text{advance-state state}) \wedge$ 
   $((h\text{-head} \# h) ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow (x-1) \notin \text{advance-state state})$ 
  using * by argo
  then have ?thesis using advance-state-iff x-ge-0 by blast
}
ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
then have ?case
  using h-head unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
}
ultimately show ?case using WEST-bit.exhaust by blast
qed

```

**lemma** *enumerate-list-index-one*:

```

assumes  $j < \text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } a)$ 
shows  $\text{One} \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j = \text{enumerate-list } (S \# a) ! (\text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } a) + j) \wedge$ 
   $(\text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } a) + j < \text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } (S \# a)))$ 
using assms

```

```

proof(induct a arbitrary: j)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Cons a1 a2)
  then show ?case unfolding enumerate-list.simps
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) length-append length-map nat-add-left-cancel-less
nth-append-length-plus nth-map)
qed

```

```

lemma list-concat-index:
  assumes  $j < \text{length } L1$ 
  shows  $(L1 @ L2)!j = L1!j$ 
  using assms
  by (simp add: nth-append)

```

```

lemma enumerate-list-index-zero:
  assumes  $j < \text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } a)$ 
  shows  $\text{Zero} \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j = \text{enumerate-list } (S \# a) ! j \wedge$ 
 $j < \text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } (S \# a))$ 
  using assms unfolding enumerate-list.simps
proof(induct a arbitrary: j)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons a1 a2)
  then have j-bound: j < length (enumerate-list (S # a1 # a2))
    by simp
  let ?subgoal = Zero # enumerate-list (a1 # a2) ! j = enumerate-list (S # a1
# a2) ! j
  have  $j < \text{length } (\text{map } ((\#) \text{Zero}) (\text{enumerate-list } (a1 \# a2)))$ 
    using j-bound Cons by simp
  then have  $((\text{map } ((\#) \text{Zero}) (\text{enumerate-list } (a1 \# a2))) @$ 
 $\text{map } ((\#) \text{One}) (\text{enumerate-list } (a1 \# a2)))) !$ 
 $j = (\text{map } ((\#) \text{Zero}) (\text{enumerate-list } (a1 \# a2)))!j$ 
    using Cons.prem1 j-bound list-concat-index by blast
  then have ?subgoal using Cons unfolding enumerate-list.simps
    by simp
  then show ?case using j-bound by auto
qed

```

```

lemma match-enumerate-list:
  assumes match-timestep state a
  shows  $\exists j < \text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } a).$ 
 $\text{match-timestep state } (\text{enumerate-list } a ! j)$ 
  using assms
proof(induct a arbitrary: state)
  case Nil

```

```

then show ?case by simp
next
case (Cons head a)
let ?adv-state = advance-state state
{assume in-state: 0 ∈ state
  then have (head # a) ! 0 ≠ Zero
    using Cons.premis unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
  then have head: head = One ∨ head = S
    using WEST-bit.exhaust by auto
  have match-timestep ?adv-state a
    using Cons.premis
    using advance-state-match-timestep by auto
  then obtain j where obt: match-timestep ?adv-state (enumerate-list a ! j)
    ∧ j < length (enumerate-list a)
    using Cons.hyps[of ?adv-state] by blast
  let ?state = (enumerate-list a ! j)
  {assume headcase: head = One
    let ?s = One # ?state
    have ∧x. x < length ?s ⇒
      ((?s ! x = One → x ∈ state) ∧ (?s ! x = Zero → x ∉ state))
    proof-
      fix x
      assume x: x < length ?s
      let ?thesis = ((?s ! x = One → x ∈ state) ∧ (?s ! x = Zero → x ∉ state))
      {assume x0: x = 0
        then have ?thesis using in-state by simp
      } moreover {
        assume x-ge-0: x > 0
        have cond1: (One = One → 0 ∈ state) ∧ (One = Zero → 0 ∉ state)
          using in-state by blast
        have cond2: ∀ x < length (enumerate-list a ! j).
          (enumerate-list a ! j ! x = One → x + 1 ∈ state) ∧
          (enumerate-list a ! j ! x = Zero → x + 1 ∉ state)
          using obt unfolding match-timestep-def advance-state-iff by fastforce
        have x < length (One # enumerate-list a ! j)
          using x by blast
        then have ?thesis
          using index-shift[of One state ?state, OF cond1 cond2] by blast
      }
    ultimately show ?thesis by blast
  }
qed
then have match: match-timestep state ?s
  using obt headcase in-state unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
have (map ((#) One) (enumerate-list a ! j) = One # (enumerate-list a ! j))
  using obt by simp
then have ?case unfolding headcase enumerate-list.simps
  using match obt by auto
} moreover {
  assume headcase: head = S

```

```

let ?s = One # ?state
have  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{length } ?s \implies$ 
   $((?s ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge (?s ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}))$ 
proof-
  fix x
  assume x:  $x < \text{length } ?s$ 
  let ?thesis =  $((?s ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge (?s ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}))$ 
  {assume x0:  $x = 0$ 
    then have ?thesis using in-state by simp
  } moreover {
    assume x-ge-0:  $x > 0$ 
    have cond1:  $(\text{One} = \text{One} \longrightarrow 0 \in \text{state}) \wedge (\text{One} = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow 0 \notin \text{state})$ 
    using in-state by blast
    have cond2:  $\forall x < \text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } a ! j).$ 
 $(\text{enumerate-list } a ! j ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x + 1 \in \text{state}) \wedge$ 
 $(\text{enumerate-list } a ! j ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x + 1 \notin \text{state})$ 
    using obt unfolding match-timestep-def advance-state-iff by fastforce
    have  $x < \text{length } (\text{One} \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j)$ 
    using x by blast
    then have ?thesis
    using index-shift[of One state ?state, OF cond1 cond2] by blast
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
then have match: match-timestep state ?s
  using obt headcase in-state unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
have  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{length } (S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j) \implies$ 
 $((S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j) ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge$ 
 $((S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j) ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
proof-
  fix x
  assume x:  $x < \text{length } (S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j)$ 
  let ?thesis =  $((S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j) ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge$ 
 $((S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j) ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
  {assume x0:  $x = 0$ 
    then have ?thesis by auto
  } moreover {
    assume x-ge-0:  $x > 0$ 
    then have ?thesis using x match unfolding match-timestep-def by simp
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
then have match-S: match-timestep state  $(S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j)$ 
  using match unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
have j-bound:  $j < \text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } a)$ 
  using obt by blast
have ?s =  $\text{enumerate-list } (S \# a) ! ((\text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } a)) + j)$ 
 $\wedge (\text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } a)) + j < \text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } (S \# a))$ 
  using j-bound enumerate-list-index-one by blast

```

```

    then have ?case unfolding headcase
      using match obt match-S by metis
  }
  ultimately have ?case using head by blast
} moreover {
  assume not-in: 0  $\notin$  state
  then have (head # a) ! 0  $\neq$  One
    using Cons.premis unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
  then have head: head = Zero  $\vee$  head = S
    using WEST-bit.exhaust by auto
  have match-timestep ?adv-state a
    using Cons.premis
    using advance-state-match-timestep by auto
  then obtain j where obt: match-timestep ?adv-state (enumerate-list a ! j)
     $\wedge$  j < length (enumerate-list a)
    using Cons.hyps[of ?adv-state] by blast
  let ?state = (enumerate-list a ! j)
  {assume headcase: head = Zero
    let ?s = Zero # ?state
    have  $\wedge$ x. x < length ?s  $\implies$ 
      ((?s ! x = One  $\longrightarrow$  x  $\in$  state)  $\wedge$  (?s ! x = Zero  $\longrightarrow$  x  $\notin$  state))
    proof-
      fix x
      assume x: x < length ?s
      let ?thesis = ((?s ! x = One  $\longrightarrow$  x  $\in$  state)  $\wedge$  (?s ! x = Zero  $\longrightarrow$  x  $\notin$  state))
      {assume x0: x = 0
        then have ?thesis using not-in headcase by simp
      } moreover {
        assume x-ge-0: x > 0
        have cond1: (Zero = One  $\longrightarrow$  0  $\in$  state)  $\wedge$  (Zero = Zero  $\longrightarrow$  0  $\notin$  state)
          using not-in by blast
        have cond2:  $\forall$  x < length (enumerate-list a ! j).
          (enumerate-list a ! j ! x = One  $\longrightarrow$  x + 1  $\in$  state)  $\wedge$ 
          (enumerate-list a ! j ! x = Zero  $\longrightarrow$  x + 1  $\notin$  state)
          using obt unfolding match-timestep-def advance-state-iff by fastforce
        have x < length (Zero # enumerate-list a ! j)
          using x by blast
        then have ?thesis
          using index-shift[of Zero state ?state, OF cond1 cond2] by blast
      }
    }
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
then have match: match-timestep state ?s
  using obt headcase not-in unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
have ?case unfolding headcase enumerate-list.simps
  using match obt by auto
} moreover {
  assume headcase: head = S
  let ?s = Zero # ?state

```

```

have  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{length } ?s \implies$ 
   $((?s ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge (?s ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}))$ 
proof–
  fix  $x$ 
  assume  $x: x < \text{length } ?s$ 
  let  $?thesis = ((?s ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge (?s ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state}))$ 
  {assume  $x0: x = 0$ 
    then have  $?thesis$  using not-in by simp
  } moreover {
    assume  $x\text{-ge-0}: x > 0$ 
    have  $\text{cond1}: (\text{Zero} = \text{One} \longrightarrow 0 \in \text{state}) \wedge (\text{Zero} = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow 0 \notin \text{state})$ 
      using not-in by blast
    have  $\text{cond2}: \forall x < \text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } a ! j).$ 
       $(\text{enumerate-list } a ! j ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x + 1 \in \text{state}) \wedge$ 
       $(\text{enumerate-list } a ! j ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x + 1 \notin \text{state})$ 
      using obt unfolding match-timestep-def advance-state-iff by fastforce
    have  $x < \text{length } (\text{Zero} \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j)$ 
      using  $x$  by blast
    then have  $?thesis$ 
      using index-shift[of Zero state ?state, OF cond1 cond2] by blast
  }
  }
  ultimately show  $?thesis$  by blast
qed
then have  $\text{match}: \text{match-timestep state } ?s$ 
  using obt headcase not-in unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
have  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{length } (S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j) \implies$ 
   $((S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j) ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge$ 
   $((S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j) ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
proof–
  fix  $x$ 
  assume  $x: x < \text{length } (S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j)$ 
  let  $?thesis = ((S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j) ! x = \text{One} \longrightarrow x \in \text{state}) \wedge$ 
   $((S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j) ! x = \text{Zero} \longrightarrow x \notin \text{state})$ 
  {assume  $x0: x = 0$ 
    then have  $?thesis$  by auto
  } moreover {
    assume  $x\text{-ge-0}: x > 0$ 
    then have  $?thesis$  using  $x$  match unfolding match-timestep-def by simp
  }
  }
  ultimately show  $?thesis$  by blast
qed
then have  $\text{match-S}: \text{match-timestep state } (S \# \text{enumerate-list } a ! j)$ 
  using match unfolding match-timestep-def by blast
have  $j\text{-bound}: j < \text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } a)$ 
  using obt by blast
have  $?s = \text{enumerate-list } (S \# a)!(j)$ 
   $\wedge j < \text{length } (\text{enumerate-list } (S \# a))$ 
  using  $j\text{-bound}$  enumerate-list-index-zero by blast
then have  $?case$  unfolding headcase

```

```

    using match obt match-S by metis
  }
  ultimately have ?case using head by blast
}
ultimately show ?case by blast
qed

```

```

lemma enumerate-trace-head-in:
  assumes a-head # a-tail ∈ set (enumerate-trace (h # trace))
  shows a-head ∈ set (enumerate-list h)
proof -
  let ?flat = flatten-list
    (map (λt. map (λh. h # t)
      (enumerate-list h))
      (enumerate-trace trace))
  have flat-is: ?flat = ?flat
    by auto
  have mem: List.member
    ?flat
    (a-head # a-tail)
    using assms by simp
  then obtain x1-head x1-tail where
    x1-props: a-head # a-tail = x1-head # x1-tail ∧
    List.member (enumerate-list h) x1-head ∧
    List.member (enumerate-trace trace) x1-tail
  using flatten-list-shape[OF mem flat-is] by auto
  then have a-head = x1-head
    by auto
  then have List.member (enumerate-list h) a-head
    using x1-props
    by auto
  then show ?thesis
    by simp
qed

```

```

lemma enumerate-trace-tail-in:
  assumes a-head # a-tail ∈ set (enumerate-trace (h # trace))
  shows a-tail ∈ set (enumerate-trace trace)
proof -
  let ?flat = flatten-list
    (map (λt. map (λh. h # t)
      (enumerate-list h))
      (enumerate-trace trace))
  have flat-is: ?flat = ?flat
    by auto
  have mem: List.member
    ?flat

```

```

    (a-head # a-tail)
    using assms by simp
  then obtain x1-head x1-tail where
    x1-props: a-head # a-tail = x1-head # x1-tail ∧
    List.member (enumerate-list h) x1-head ∧
    List.member (enumerate-trace trace) x1-tail
    using flatten-list-shape[OF mem flat-is] by auto
  then have a-tail = x1-tail
    by auto
  then have List.member (enumerate-trace trace) a-tail
    using x1-props
    by auto
  then show ?thesis
    by simp
qed

```

Intuitively, this says that the traces in `enumerate trace h` are “more specific” than `h`, which is “more generic”—i.e., `h` matches everything that each element of `enumerate trace h` matches.

```

lemma match-enumerate-trace-aux:
  assumes a ∈ set (enumerate-trace trace)
  assumes match-regex π a
  shows match-regex π trace
proof –
  show ?thesis using assms proof (induct trace arbitrary: a π)
    case Nil
    then show ?case by auto
  next
    case (Cons h trace)
    then obtain a-head a-tail where obt-a: a = a-head#a-tail
      using enumerate-trace-len
      by (metis length-0-conv neq-Nil-conv)
    have length π > 0
      using Cons unfolding match-regex-def obt-a by auto
    then obtain π-head π-tail where obt-π: π = π-head#π-tail
      using min-list.cases by auto
    have cond1: a-tail ∈ set (enumerate-trace trace)
      using Cons.prems(1) unfolding obt-a
      using enumerate-trace-tail-in by blast
    have cond2: match-regex π-tail a-tail
      using Cons.prems(2) unfolding obt-a obt-π match-regex-def by auto
    have match-tail: match-regex π-tail trace
      using Cons.hyps[OF cond1 cond2] by blast
    have a-head: a-head ∈ set (enumerate-list h)
      using Cons.prems(1) unfolding obt-a
      using enumerate-trace-head-in by blast
    have match-timestep π-head a-head
      using Cons.prems(2) unfolding obt-π match-regex-def
      using obt-a by auto

```

```

then have match-head: match-timestep  $\pi$ -head h
  using match-enumerate-state-aux[of a-head h  $\pi$ -head] a-head by blast
have  $\bigwedge$ time. time<length (h # trace)  $\implies$ 
  match-timestep (( $\pi$ -head #  $\pi$ -tail) ! time) ((h # trace) ! time)
proof–
  fix time
  assume time: time<length (h # trace)
  let ?thesis = match-timestep (( $\pi$ -head #  $\pi$ -tail) ! time) ((h # trace) ! time)
  {assume time0: time = 0
  then have ?thesis using match-head by simp
  } moreover {
  assume time-ge-0: time > 0
  then have ?thesis
    using match-tail time-ge-0 time unfolding match-regex-def by simp
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
then show ?case using match-tail unfolding match-regex-def obt-a obt- $\pi$ 
  by simp
qed
qed

```

```

lemma match-enumerate-trace:
  assumes  $a \in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-trace } h) \wedge \text{match-regex } \pi a$ 
  shows match  $\pi$  (h # T)
proof–
  show ?thesis
    unfolding match-def
    using match-enumerate-trace-aux assms
    by auto
qed

```

```

lemma match-enumerate-sets1:
  assumes  $(\exists r \in (\text{enumerate-sets } R). \text{match-regex } \pi r)$ 
  shows (match  $\pi$  R)
  using assms
proof (induct R)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons h T)
  then obtain a where a-prop:  $a \in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-trace } h) \cup \text{enumerate-sets } T \wedge$ 
  match-regex  $\pi a$ 
  by auto
  { assume *:  $a \in \text{set } (\text{enumerate-trace } h)$ 
  then have ?case
    using match-enumerate-trace a-prop
  }

```

```

    by blast
  } moreover { assume *: a ∈ enumerate-sets T
    then have match π T
      using Cons a-prop by blast
    then have ?case
      by (metis Suc-leI le-imp-less-Suc length-Cons match-def nth-Cons-Suc)
  }
  ultimately show ?case
    using a-prop by auto
qed

```

```

lemma match-cases:
  assumes match π (a # R)
  shows match π [a] ∨ match π R
proof -
  obtain i where obt: match-regex π ((a # R)!i) ∧ i < length (a # R)
    using assms unfolding match-def by blast
  { assume i0: i = 0
    then have ?thesis
      using assms unfolding match-def using obt by simp
  } moreover {
    assume i-ge-0: i > 0
    then have match-regex π (R ! (i-1))
      using assms obt unfolding match-def by simp
    then have match π R
      unfolding match-def using obt i-ge-0
      by (metis Suc-diff-1 Suc-less-eq length-Cons)
    then have ?thesis by blast
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis using assms unfolding match-def by blast
qed

```

```

lemma enumerate-trace-decompose:
  assumes state ∈ set (enumerate-list h)
  assumes trace ∈ set (enumerate-trace T)
  shows state#trace ∈ set (enumerate-trace (h#T))
proof -
  let ?enumh = enumerate-list h
  let ?enumT = enumerate-trace T
  let ?flat = flatten-list (map (λt. map (λh. h # t) ?enumh) ?enumT)
  have enum: enumerate-trace (h#T) = ?flat
    unfolding enumerate-trace.simps by simp
  obtain i where i: ?enumT!i = trace ∧ i < length ?enumT
    using assms(2) by (meson in-set-conv-nth)
  obtain j where j: ?enumh!j = state ∧ j < length ?enumh
    using assms(1) by (meson in-set-conv-nth)
  have enumerate-list h ! j # enumerate-trace T ! i =
    flatten-list (map (λt. map (λh. h # t) (enumerate-list h)) (enumerate-trace T))

```

```

!
  (i * length (enumerate-list h) + j) ∧
  i * length (enumerate-list h) + j
  < length
  (flatten-list
   (map (λt. map (λh. h # t) (enumerate-list h)) (enumerate-trace T)))
  using flatten-list-idx[of ?flat ?enumh ?enumT i j] enum i j by blast
  then show ?thesis
  using i j enum by simp
qed

```

**lemma** *match-enumerate-trace-aux-converse*:

```

  assumes match-regex π trace
  shows match π (enumerate-trace trace)
  using assms
proof(induct trace arbitrary: π)
  case Nil
  have enum: enumerate-trace [] = [[]]
  by simp
  show ?case unfolding enum match-def match-regex-def by auto
next
  case (Cons a trace)
  have length π > 0
  using Cons.premis unfolding match-regex-def by auto
  then obtain pi-head pi-tail where pi-obt: π = pi-head#pi-tail
  using list.exhaust by auto
  have cond: match-regex pi-tail trace
  using Cons.premis pi-obt unfolding match-regex-def by auto
  then have match-tail: match pi-tail (enumerate-trace trace)
  using Cons.hyps by blast
  then obtain i where obt-i: match-regex pi-tail (enumerate-trace trace ! i) ∧
  i < length (enumerate-trace trace)
  unfolding match-def by blast
  let ?enum-tail = (enumerate-trace trace ! i)

  have match-head: match-timestep pi-head a
  using Cons.premis unfolding match-regex-def
  by (metis Cons.premis WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-aux nth-Cons' pi-obt)
  then have ∃j < length (enumerate-list a).
  match-timestep pi-head ((enumerate-list a)!j)
  using match-enumerate-list by blast
  then obtain j where obt-j: match-timestep pi-head ((enumerate-list a)!j) ∧
  j < length (enumerate-list a)
  by blast
  let ?enum-head = (enumerate-list a)!j

  have (?enum-head#?enum-tail) ∈ set(enumerate-trace (a # trace))
  using enumerate-trace-decompose

```

```

    by (meson in-set-conv-nth obt-i obt-j)
  have match-tail: match-regex pi-tail ?enum-tail
    using obt-i by blast
  have match-head: match-timestep pi-head ((enumerate-list a)!j)
    using obt-j by blast
  have match: match-regex  $\pi$  (?enum-head#?enum-tail)
    using match-head match-tail
  using WEST-and-trace-correct-forward-aux-converse[OF pi-obt match-head match-tail]
by auto
let ?flat = flatten-list
  (map ( $\lambda t$ . map ( $\lambda h$ . h # t) (enumerate-list a))
    (enumerate-trace trace))
have enumerate-list a ! j # enumerate-trace trace ! i =
  flatten-list
  (map ( $\lambda t$ . map ( $\lambda h$ . h # t) (enumerate-list a)) (enumerate-trace trace)) !
  (i * length (enumerate-list a) + j)  $\wedge$ 
  i * length (enumerate-list a) + j
  < length
  (flatten-list
    (map ( $\lambda t$ . map ( $\lambda h$ . h # t) (enumerate-list a)) (enumerate-trace trace)))
  using flatten-list-idx[of ?flat enumerate-list a enumerate-trace trace i j]
  using obt-i obt-j by blast
then show ?case
  unfolding match-def using match
  by auto
qed

```

```

lemma match-enumerate-sets2:
  assumes (match  $\pi$  R)
  shows ( $\exists r \in$  enumerate-sets R. match-regex  $\pi$  r)
  using assms
proof(induct R arbitrary:  $\pi$ )
  case Nil
  then show ?case unfolding match-def by auto
next
  case (Cons a R)
  have enumerate-sets (a # R) = set (enumerate-trace a)  $\cup$  enumerate-sets R
  unfolding enumerate-sets.simps by blast
  {assume match-a: match  $\pi$  [a]
   then have match-regex  $\pi$  a
     unfolding match-def by simp
   then have match  $\pi$  (enumerate-trace a)
     using match-enumerate-trace-aux
     using match-enumerate-trace-aux-converse by blast
   then have  $\exists b \in$  set (enumerate-trace a). match-regex  $\pi$  b
     unfolding match-def by auto
   then have ?case by auto
  } moreover {

```

```

    assume match-R: match  $\pi$  R
    then have ?case
      using Cons by auto
    }
    ultimately show ?case
      using Cons.prems match-cases by blast
qed

```

```

lemma match-enumerate-sets:
  shows  $(\exists r \in \text{enumerate-sets } R. \text{match-regex } \pi r) \longleftrightarrow (\text{match } \pi R)$ 
  using match-enumerate-sets1 match-enumerate-sets2
  by blast

```

```

lemma regex-equivalence-correct1:
  assumes (naive-equivalence A B)
  shows match  $\pi$  A = match  $\pi$  B
  unfolding regex-equiv-def
  using match-enumerate-sets[of A  $\pi$ ] match-enumerate-sets[of B  $\pi$ ]
  using assms
  unfolding naive-equivalence.simps
  by blast

```

```

lemma regex-equivalence-correct:
  shows (naive-equivalence A B)  $\longrightarrow$  (regex-equiv A B)
  using regex-equivalence-correct1
  unfolding regex-equiv-def
  by metis

```

```

export-code naive-equivalence in Haskell module-name regex-equiv

```

```

end

```

## References

- [1] J. Elwing, L. Gamboa-Guzman, J. Sorkin, C. Travasset, Z. Wang, and K. Y. Rozier. Mission-time LTL (MLTL) formula validation via regular expressions. In P. Herber and A. Wijs, editors, *iFM*, volume 14300 of *LNCS*, pages 279–301. Springer, 2023.
- [2] Z. Wang, L. P. Gamboa-Guzman, and K. Y. Rozier. WEST: Interactive Validation of Mission-time Linear Temporal Logic (MLTL). 2024.