## A Verified Reduction Algorithm from MLSSmf to MLSS

Yiran Duan, Lukas Stevens September 1, 2025

## Abstract

Multi-level syllogistic with monotone functions (MLSSmf) is a sublanguage of set theory introduced by Cantone et al. [1], involving setto-set functions and their monotonicity, additivity, and multiplicativity. It is an extension of multi-level syllogistic with singleton (MLSS), which involves the predicates membership, set equality, set inclusion, and the operators union, intersection, set difference, and singleton.

In this work we formalize the reduction algorithm from **MLSSmf** to **MLSS**, and verify the correctness proof originally presented by Cantone et al. [1]. Combined with the verified decision procedure for **MLSS** formalized by Stevens [2], this yields an executable and verified decision procedure for **MLSSmf**.

```
theory MLSSmf-to-MLSS-Complexity
 imports MLSSmf-to-MLSS
begin
definition size_m :: ('v, 'f) MLSSmf-clause \Rightarrow nat where
  size_m C \equiv card (set C)
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) card-V-upper-bound:
  card\ V \leq 3 * size_m\ \mathcal{C}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) card-F-upper-bound:
  card F \leq 2 * size_m C
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) size-restriction-on-InterOfVars:
  card\ (restriction\text{-}on\text{-}InterOfVars\ vs) \le 2 * length\ vs
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) size-restriction-on-UnionOfVars:
  card\ (restriction-on-UnionOfVars\ vs) \leq Suc\ (length\ vs)
  \langle proof \rangle
theorem (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) size-introduce-v:
  card\ introduce - v \le (3 * card\ V + 2) * (2 ^ card\ V)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) size-restriction-on-UnionOfVennRegions:
  card\ (restriction-on-UnionOfVennRegions\ \alpha s) \leq Suc\ (length\ \alpha s)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) length-all-V-set-lists:
  length \ all - V - set - lists = 2 \ \ card \ (P^+ \ V)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) length-F-list:
  length F-list = card F
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) size-introduce-UnionOfVennRegions:
  card\ introduce\text{-}UnionOfVennRegions \leq Suc\ (2\ ^card\ V)*2\ ^2\ ^card\ V
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ (\mathbf{in} \ normalized\text{-}MLSSmf\text{-}clause) \ length\text{-}choices\text{-}from\text{-}lists\text{:}
 \forall choice \in set (choices-from-lists xss). length choice = length xss
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) size-introduce-w:
  \forall clause \in introduce\text{-}w. \ card \ clause \leq 2 \ \widehat{} (2 * 2 \ \widehat{} \ card \ V) * card \ F
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) card-P-P-V-ge-1:
  card\ (Pow\ (P^+\ V)\times Pow\ (P^+\ V))\geq 1
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) size-reduce-norm-literal:
  assumes norm-literal lt
    shows card (reduce-literal lt) \leq 2 * card (Pow (P^+ V) \times Pow (P^+ V))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) size-reduce-clause:
  card\ reduce\text{-}clause \leq 2 \ \widehat{}\ (Suc\ (2*2\ \widehat{}\ card\ V))*size_m\ \mathcal{C}
\langle proof \rangle
theorem (in normalized-MLSSmf-clause) size-reduced-dnf:
 \forall clause \in reduced-dnf. card clause \leq
    2 (2 * 2 (3 * size_m C)) * (2 * size_m C) +
    (3 * (3 * size_m C) + 2) * (2 ^ (3 * size_m C)) +
    Suc \left(2 \cap (3 * size_m C)\right) * 2 \cap 2 \cap (3 * size_m C) +
    2 \cap (Suc (2 * 2 \cap (3 * size_m C))) * size_m C)
\langle proof \rangle
end
theory MLSSmf-to-MLSS-Soundness
 imports MLSSmf-to-MLSS MLSSmf-Semantics Proper-Venn-Regions MLSSmf-HF-Extras
begin
{\bf locale}\ satisfiable\text{-}normalized\text{-}MLSSmf\text{-}clause =
  normalized-MLSSmf-clause C for C :: ('v, 'f) MLSSmf-clause +
    fixes M_v :: 'v \Rightarrow hf
     and M_f :: 'f \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf
  assumes model-for-C: I_{cl} M_v M_f C
begin
interpretation proper-Venn-regions V M<sub>v</sub>
  \langle proof \rangle
function \mathcal{M} :: ('v, 'f) \ Composite \Rightarrow hf \ \text{where}
  \mathcal{M}(Solo x) = M_v x
               = proper-Venn-region \alpha
 \mathcal{M}(v_{\alpha})
 \mathcal{M}(UnionOfVennRegions\ xss) = \bigsqcup HF((\mathcal{M} \circ VennRegion)\ `set\ xss)
 \mathcal{M}(w_{fl}) = (M_f f) (\mathcal{M}(UnionOfVennRegions(var-set-to-var-set-list l)))
 \mathcal{M} (UnionOfVars\ xs) = \coprod HF\ (M_v\ `set\ xs)
 \mathcal{M} (InterOfVars xs) = \prod HF (M_v 'set xs)
 \mathcal{M}(MemAux \ x) = HF(M_v \ x)
 \mathcal{M} (InterOfWAux f l m) = \mathcal{M} w_{fl} - \mathcal{M} w_{fm}
|\mathcal{M}(InterOfVarsAux\ xs)| = M_v\ (hd\ xs) - \mathcal{M}(InterOfVars\ (tl\ xs))
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
termination
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ soundness\text{-}restriction\text{-}on\text{-}InterOfVars:
  assumes set xs \in P^+ V
    shows \forall a \in restriction-on-InterOfVars xs. I_{sa} \mathcal{M} a
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ soundness\text{-}restriction\text{-}on\text{-}UnionOfVars:}
  assumes set xs \in Pow V
    shows \forall a \in restriction\text{-}on\text{-}UnionOfVars xs. } I_{sa} \mathcal{M} a
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ soundness\text{-}introduce\text{-}v\text{:}
  \forall fml \in introduce-v. interp\ I_{sa}\ \mathcal{M}\ fml
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ soundness-restriction-on-Union Of Venn Regions:
  assumes set \ \alpha s \in Pow \ (Pow \ V)
    shows \forall a \in restriction-on-Union Of VennRegions <math>\alpha s. \ I_{sa} \ \mathcal{M} \ a
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ soundness-introduce-Union Of Venn Regions:
  \forall lt \in introduce\text{-}UnionOfVennRegions. interp\ I_{sa}\ \mathcal{M}\ lt
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ soundness\text{-}restriction\text{-}on\text{-}FunOfUnionOfVennRegions}:
  assumes l'-l: l' = var-set-set-to-var-set-list l
      and m'-m: m' = var-set-set-to-var-set-list m
    shows \exists lt \in set \ (restriction-on-FunOfUnionOfVennRegions \ l' \ m' \ f). \ interp \ I_{sa}
M lt
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ soundness\text{-}introduce\text{-}w\text{:}
  \exists \ clause \in introduce-w. \ \forall \ lt \in clause. \ interp \ I_{sa} \ \mathcal{M} \ lt
\langle proof \rangle
lemma soundness-reduce-literal:
  assumes lt \in set C
    shows \forall fml \in reduce\text{-}literal\ lt.\ interp\ I_{sa}\ \mathcal{M}\ fml
\langle proof \rangle
lemma soundness-reduce-cl:
  \forall fml \in reduce\text{-}clause. interp I_{sa} \mathcal{M} fml
lemma M-is-model-for-reduced-dnf: is-model-for-reduced-dnf M
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
end
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{MLSSmf-to-MLSS-soundness}:
  assumes C-norm: norm-clause C
       and C-has-model: \exists M_v \ M_f. I_{cl} \ M_v \ M_f \ C
    shows \exists M. normalized-MLSSmf-clause.is-model-for-reduced-dnf \mathcal{C} M
\langle proof \rangle
end
{\bf theory}\ Reduced\text{-}MLSS\text{-}Formula\text{-}Singleton\text{-}Model\text{-}Property
  imports Syntactic-Description Place-Realisation MLSSmf-to-MLSS
begin
{\bf locale}\ satisfiable\text{-}normalized\text{-}MLSS\text{-}clause\text{-}with\text{-}vars\text{-}for\text{-}proper\text{-}Venn\text{-}regions=
  satisfiable-normalized-MLSS-clause \mathcal{C} \mathcal{A} for \mathcal{C} \mathcal{A} +
    fixes U :: 'a \ set
         - The collection of variables representing the proper Venn regions of the
"original" variable set of the MLSSmf clause
  assumes U-subset-V: U \subseteq V
       and no-overlap-within-U: \llbracket u_1 \in U; u_2 \in U; u_1 \neq u_2 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \mathcal{A} u_1 \sqcap \mathcal{A} u_2 = 0
       and U-collect-places-neq: AF (Var \ x =_s \ Var \ y) \in \mathcal{C} \Longrightarrow
            \exists L \ M. \ L \subseteq U \land M \subseteq U \land \mathcal{A} \ x = \bigsqcup HF \ (\mathcal{A} \ `L) \land \mathcal{A} \ y = \bigsqcup HF \ (\mathcal{A} \ `M)
       and U-collect-places-single: AT (Var x =_s Single (Var y)) \in \mathcal{C} \Longrightarrow
           \exists L \ M. \ L \subseteq U \land M \subseteq U \land \mathcal{A} \ x = \bigsqcup HF \ (\mathcal{A} \ `L) \land \mathcal{A} \ y = \bigsqcup HF \ (\mathcal{A} \ `M)
begin
interpretation \mathfrak{B}: adequate-place-framework \mathcal{C} PI at_p
lemma fact-1:
  assumes u_1 \in U
       and u_2 \in U
       and u_1 \neq u_2
       and \pi \in PI
    shows \neg (\pi u_1 \wedge \pi u_2)
\langle proof \rangle
fun place-eq :: ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow bool where
  place-eq \pi_1 \ \pi_2 \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in V. \ \pi_1 \ x = \pi_2 \ x)
fun place-sim :: ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow bool (infixl \sim 50) where
  place-sim \pi_1 \; \pi_2 \longleftrightarrow place-eq \pi_1 \; \pi_2 \lor (\exists u \in U. \; \pi_1 \; u \land \pi_2 \; u)
abbreviation rel-place-sim \equiv \{(\pi_1, \pi_2) \in PI \times PI. \pi_1 \sim \pi_2\}
lemma place-sim-rel-equiv-on-PI: equiv PI rel-place-sim
\langle proof \rangle
lemma refl-sim:
```

```
assumes a \in PI
      and b \in PI
      and a \sim b
    shows b \sim a
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma trans-sim:
  assumes a \in PI
      and b \in PI
      and c \in PI
      and a \sim b
      and b \sim c
    shows a \sim c
\langle proof \rangle
lemma fact-2:
  assumes x \in V
      and exL: \exists L \subseteq U. \ A \ x = \coprod HF \ (A \ `L)
      and \pi_1 \in PI
      and \pi_2 \in PI
      and \pi_1 \sim \pi_2
    shows \pi_1 \ x \longleftrightarrow \pi_2 \ x
\langle proof \rangle
lemma U-collect-places-single': y \in W \Longrightarrow \exists L. L \subseteq U \land A \ y = \bigsqcup HF \ (A \ `L)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition PI' :: ('a \Rightarrow bool) set where
  PI' \equiv (\lambda \pi s. \ SOME \ \pi. \ \pi \in \pi s) \ \ (PI \ // \ rel-place-sim)
definition rep :: ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow bool) where
  rep \ \pi = (SOME \ \pi'. \ \pi' \in rel-place-sim \ `` \{\pi\})
lemma range-rep:
  assumes \pi \in PI
    shows rep \ \pi \in PI'
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma PI'-eq-image-of-rep-on-PI: PI' = rep ' PI
\langle proof \rangle
lemma rep-sim:
  assumes \pi \in PI
    shows \pi \sim rep \ \pi
      and rep \pi \sim \pi
\langle proof \rangle
lemma PI'-subset-PI: PI' \subseteq PI
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma sim-self:
  assumes \pi \in PI'
       and \pi' \in PI'
       and \pi \sim \pi'
    shows \pi' = \pi
\langle proof \rangle
\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{fun} \ at_p\text{-}f':: \ 'a \Rightarrow (\ 'a \Rightarrow bool) \ \mathbf{where} \\ at_p\text{-}f' \ w = \ rep \ (at_p\text{-}f \ w) \end{array}
definition at_p' = \{(y, at_p - f'y) | y. y \in W\}
declare at_p'-def [simp]
lemma range-at_p-f':
  assumes w \in W
  shows at_p-f'w \in PI'
\langle proof \rangle
lemma rep-at:
  assumes \pi \in PI
       and (y, \pi) \in at_p
    shows (y, rep \pi) \in at_p'
\langle proof \rangle
interpretation \mathfrak{B}': adequate-place-framework \mathcal{C} PI' at<sub>p</sub>'
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ singleton-model-for-normalized-reduced-literals:
  \exists \mathcal{M}. \ \forall lt \in \mathcal{C}. \ interp \ I_{sa} \ \mathcal{M} \ lt \land (\forall u \in U. \ hcard \ (\mathcal{M} \ u) \leq 1)
\langle proof \rangle
end
{\bf theorem}\ singleton-model-for-reduced-MLSS-clause:
  assumes norm-C: normalized-MLSSmf-clause C
       and V: V = vars_m C
       and A-model: normalized-MLSSmf-clause.is-model-for-reduced-dnf \mathcal C \mathcal A
    shows \exists \mathcal{M}. normalized-MLSSmf-clause.is-model-for-reduced-dnf \mathcal{C} \mathcal{M} \wedge
                   (\forall \alpha \in P^+ \ V. \ hcard \ (\mathcal{M} \ v_{\alpha}) \leq 1)
\langle proof \rangle
end
{\bf theory}\ {\it MLSSmf-to-MLSS-Completeness}
  \mathbf{imports}\ \mathit{MLSSmf-Semantics}\ \mathit{MLSSmf-to-MLSS}\ \mathit{MLSSmf-HF-Extras}
            Proper-Venn-Regions\ Reduced-MLSS-Formula-Singleton-Model-Property
begin
{\bf locale}\ \mathit{MLSSmf-to-MLSS-complete} =
```

```
normalized-MLSSmf-clause C for C :: ('v, 'f) MLSSmf-clause +
     fixes \mathcal{B} :: ('v, 'f) Composite \Rightarrow hf
   assumes \mathcal{B}: is-model-for-reduced-dnf \mathcal{B}
     fixes \Lambda :: hf \Rightarrow 'v \ set \ set
  assumes \Lambda-subset-V: \Lambda x \subseteq P^+ V
        and \Lambda-preserves-zero: \Lambda \theta = \{\}
       and \Lambda-inc: a \leq b \Longrightarrow \Lambda a \subseteq \Lambda b
       and \Lambda-add: \Lambda (a \sqcup b) = \Lambda a \cup \Lambda b
       and \Lambda-mul: \Lambda (a \sqcap b) = \Lambda a \cap \Lambda b
       and \Lambda-discr: l \subseteq P^+ \ V \Longrightarrow
                      a = |HF((\mathcal{B} \circ VennRegion) \cdot l) \Longrightarrow a = |HF((\mathcal{B} \circ VennRegion))|
(\Lambda a)
begin
fun discretize_v :: (('v, 'f) \ Composite \Rightarrow hf) \Rightarrow ('v \Rightarrow hf) where
   discretize_v \mathcal{M} = \mathcal{M} \circ Solo
fun discretize_f :: (('v, 'f) \ Composite \Rightarrow hf) \Rightarrow ('f \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf) where discretize_f \ \mathcal{M} = (\lambda f \ a. \ \mathcal{M} \ w_{f\Lambda} \ _a)
interpretation proper-Venn-regions V discretize<sub>v</sub> \mathcal{B}
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-literal-sat: \forall lt \in set \ C. \ I_l \ (discretize_r \ \mathcal{B}) \ (discretize_f \ \mathcal{B}) \ lt
\langle proof \rangle
lemma C-sat: I_{cl} (discretize<sub>v</sub> \mathcal{B}) (discretize<sub>f</sub> \mathcal{B}) \mathcal{C}
   \langle proof \rangle
end
\mathbf{lemma} \ (\mathbf{in} \ normalized\text{-}MLSSmf\text{-}clause) \ MLSSmf\text{-}to\text{-}MLSS\text{-}completeness:}
  assumes is-model-for-reduced-dnf M
     shows \exists M_v \ M_f. I_{cl} \ M_v \ M_f \ C
\langle proof \rangle
end
theory MLSSmf-to-MLSS-Correctness
  {\bf imports}\ MLSSmf\text{-}to\text{-}MLSS\text{-}Soundness\ MLSSmf\text{-}to\text{-}MLSS\text{-}Completeness
begin
fun reduce :: ('v, 'f) MLSSmf-clause \Rightarrow ('v, 'f) Composite pset-fm set set where
   reduce C = normalized-MLSSmf-clause.reduced-dnf C
fun interp-DNF :: (('v, 'f) \ Composite \Rightarrow hf) \Rightarrow ('v, 'f) \ Composite \ pset-fm \ set \ set
\Rightarrow bool \text{ where}
  interp-DNF \mathcal{M} clauses \longleftrightarrow (\exists clause \in clauses. \forall lt \in clause. interp <math>I_{sa} \mathcal{M} lt)
```

```
corollary MLSSmf-to-MLSS-correct:

assumes norm-clause \mathcal{C}

shows (\exists M_v \ M_f. \ I_{cl} \ M_v \ M_f \ \mathcal{C}) \longleftrightarrow (\exists \mathcal{M}. \ interp-DNF \ \mathcal{M} \ (reduce \ \mathcal{C}))

\langle proof \rangle
```

 $\quad \text{end} \quad$ 

## References

- [1] Domenico Cantone, Jacob T. Schwartz, and Calogero G. Zarba. A decision procedure for a sublanguage of set theory involving monotone additive and multiplicative functions, ii. the multi-level case. *Le Matematiche; Vol 60, No 1 (2005); 133-162*, 60, 01 2006.
- [2] Lukas Stevens. Mlss decision procedure. Archive of Formal Proofs, May 2023. ISSN 2150-914x. https://isa-afp.org/entries/MLSS\_Decision\_Proc.html, Formal proof development.