

Linear Inequalities*

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Abstract

We formalize results about linear inequalities, mainly from Schrijver's book [3]. The main results are the proof of the fundamental theorem on linear inequalities, Farkas' lemma, Carathéodory's theorem, the Farkas-Minkowsky-Weyl theorem, the decomposition theorem of polyhedra, and Meyer's result that the integer hull of a polyhedron is a polyhedron itself. Several theorems include bounds on the appearing numbers, and in particular we provide an a-priori bound on mixed-integer solutions of linear inequalities.

Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Missing Lemmas on Vectors and Matrices	3
3	Missing Lemmas on Vector Spaces	13
4	Basis Extension	17
5	Sum of Vector Sets	20
6	Integral and Bounded Matrices and Vectors	21
7	Cones	33
8	Convex Hulls	46
9	Normal Vectors	60

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10 Dimension of Spans	70
11 The Fundamental Theorem of Linear Inequalities	73
12 Farkas' Lemma	90
13 The Theorem of Farkas, Minkowsky and Weyl	94
14 The Decomposition Theorem	102
15 Mixed Integer Solutions	119
16 Integer Hull	129

1 Introduction

The motivation for this formalization is the aim of developing a verified theory solver for linear integer arithmetic. Such a solver can be a combination of a simplex-implementation within a branch-and-bound approach, that might also utilize Gomory cuts [1, Section 4 of the extended version]. However, the branch-and-bound algorithm does not terminate in general, since the search space is infinite. To solve this latter problem, one can use results of Papadimitriou: he showed that whenever a set of linear inequalities has an integer solution, then it also has a small solution, where the bound on such a solution can be computed easily from the input [2].

In this entry, we therefore formalize several results on linear inequalities which are required to obtain the desired bound, by following the proofs of Schrijver's textbook [3, Sections 7 and 16].

We start with basic definitions and results on cones, convex hulls, and polyhedra. Next, we verify the fundamental theorem of linear inequalities, which in our formalization shows the equivalence of four statements to describe a cone. From this theorem, one easily derives Farkas' Lemma and Carathéodory's theorem. Moreover we verify the Farkas-Minkowsky-Weyl theorem, that a convex cone is polyhedral if and only if it is finitely generated, and use this result to obtain the decomposition theorem for polyhedra, i.e., that a polyhedron can always be decomposed into a polytope and a finitely generated cone. For most of the previously mentioned results, we include bounds, so that in particular we have a quantitative version of the decomposition theorem, which provides bounds on the vectors that construct the polytope and the cone, and where these bounds are computed directly from the input polyhedron that should be decomposed.

We further prove the decomposition theorem also for the integer hull of a polyhedron, using the same bounds, which gives rise to small integer solutions for linear inequalities. We finally formalize a direct proof for the

more general case of mixed integer solutions, where we also permit both strict and non-strict linear inequalities.

Theorem 1. *Consider $A_1 \in \mathbb{Z}^{m_1 \times n}$, $b_1 \in \mathbb{Z}^{m_1}$, $A_2 \in \mathbb{Z}^{m_2 \times n}$, $b_2 \in \mathbb{Z}^{m_2}$. Let β be a bound on A_1, b_1, A_2, b_2 , i.e., $\beta \geq |z|$ for all numbers z that occur within A_1, b_1, A_2, b_2 . Let $n = n_1 + n_2$. Then if $x \in \mathbb{Z}^{n_1} \times \mathbb{R}^{n_2} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ is a mixed integer solution of the linear inequalities, i.e., $A_1 x \leq b_1$ and $A_2 x < b_2$, then there also exists a mixed integer solution $y \in \mathbb{Z}^{n_1} \times \mathbb{R}^{n_2}$ where $|y_i| \leq (n+1) \cdot \sqrt{n} \cdot \beta^n$ for each entry y_i of y .*

The verified bound in Theorem 1 in particular implies that integer-satisfiability of linear-inequalities with integer coefficients is in NP.

2 Missing Lemmas on Vectors and Matrices

We provide some results on vector spaces which should be merged into Jordan-Normal-Form/Matrix.

theory *Missing-Matrix*

imports *Jordan-Normal-Form.Matrix*

begin

lemma *orthogonalD'*: **assumes** *orthogonal vs*

and $v \in \text{set } vs$ **and** $w \in \text{set } vs$

shows $(v \cdot w = 0) = (v \neq w)$

proof –

from *assms(2)* **obtain** i **where** $v: v = vs ! i$ **and** $i: i < \text{length } vs$ **by** *(auto simp: set-conv-nth)*

from *assms(3)* **obtain** j **where** $w: w = vs ! j$ **and** $j: j < \text{length } vs$ **by** *(auto simp: set-conv-nth)*

from *orthogonalD[OF assms(1) i j, folded v w]* *orthogonalD[OF assms(1) i i, folded v v]*

show *?thesis* **using** $v w$ **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *zero-mat-mult-vector[simp]*: $x \in \text{carrier-vec } nc \implies 0_m \text{ nr } nc *_v x = 0_v \text{ nr}$

by *(intro eq-vecI, auto)*

lemma *add-diff-cancel-right-vec*:

$a \in \text{carrier-vec } n \implies (b :: 'a :: \text{cancel-ab-semigroup-add vec}) \in \text{carrier-vec } n \implies (a + b) - b = a$

by *(intro eq-vecI, auto)*

lemma *elements-four-block-mat-id*:

assumes $c: A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr1 \ nc1$ $B \in \text{carrier-mat } nr1 \ nc2$

$C \in \text{carrier-mat } nr2 \ nc1$ $D \in \text{carrier-mat } nr2 \ nc2$

shows

elements-mat (four-block-mat A B C D) =

```

elements-mat  $A \cup$  elements-mat  $B \cup$  elements-mat  $C \cup$  elements-mat  $D$ 
(is elements-mat  $?four = ?X$ )
proof
show elements-mat  $?four \subseteq ?X$ 
  by (rule elements-four-block-mat[OF c])
have  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $?four \in$  carrier-mat  $(nr1 + nr2) (nc1 + nc2)$  using c by auto
{
  fix x
  assume  $x \in ?X$ 
  then consider (A)  $x \in$  elements-mat  $A$ 
    | (B)  $x \in$  elements-mat  $B$ 
    | (C)  $x \in$  elements-mat  $C$ 
    | (D)  $x \in$  elements-mat  $D$  by auto
  hence  $x \in$  elements-mat  $?four$ 
  proof (cases)
    case A
    from elements-matD[OF this] obtain i j
      where *:  $i < nr1$   $j < nc1$  and  $x = A \ \$\$ (i,j)$ 
      using c by auto
    from elements-matI[OF  $\mathcal{A}$ , of i j x] * c
    show ?thesis unfolding x by auto
  next
    case B
    from elements-matD[OF this] obtain i j
      where *:  $i < nr1$   $j < nc2$  and  $x = B \ \$\$ (i,j)$ 
      using c by auto
    from elements-matI[OF  $\mathcal{A}$ , of i  $nc1 + j$  x] * c
    show ?thesis unfolding x by auto
  next
    case C
    from elements-matD[OF this] obtain i j
      where *:  $i < nr2$   $j < nc1$  and  $x = C \ \$\$ (i,j)$ 
      using c by auto
    from elements-matI[OF  $\mathcal{A}$ , of  $nr1 + i$  j x] * c
    show ?thesis unfolding x by auto
  next
    case D
    from elements-matD[OF this] obtain i j
      where *:  $i < nr2$   $j < nc2$  and  $x = D \ \$\$ (i,j)$ 
      using c by auto
    from elements-matI[OF  $\mathcal{A}$ , of  $nr1 + i$   $nc1 + j$  x] * c
    show ?thesis unfolding x by auto
  qed
}
thus elements-mat  $?four \supseteq ?X$  by blast
qed

```

lemma elements-mat-append-rows: $A \in$ carrier-mat $nr\ n \implies B \in$ carrier-mat $nr2$

$n \implies$
 $\text{elements-mat } (A @_r B) = \text{elements-mat } A \cup \text{elements-mat } B$
unfolding *append-rows-def*
by (*subst elements-four-block-mat-id, auto*)

lemma *elements-mat-uminus[simp]*: $\text{elements-mat } (-A) = \text{uminus } \text{'elements-mat } A$
unfolding *elements-mat-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *vec-set-uminus[simp]*: $\text{vec-set } (-A) = \text{uminus } \text{'vec-set } A$
unfolding *vec-set-def* **by** *auto*

definition *append-cols* :: $'a :: \text{zero mat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ mat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ mat}$ (**infixr** $\langle @_c \rangle$ 65)
where
 $A @_c B = (A^T @_r B^T)^T$

lemma *carrier-append-cols[simp, intro]*:
 $A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ nc1 \implies$
 $B \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ nc2 \implies (A @_c B) \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ (nc1 + nc2)$
unfolding *append-cols-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *elements-mat-transpose-mat[simp]*: $\text{elements-mat } (A^T) = \text{elements-mat } A$
unfolding *elements-mat-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *elements-mat-append-cols*: $A \in \text{carrier-mat } n \ nc \implies B \in \text{carrier-mat } n \ nc1$
 $\implies \text{elements-mat } (A @_c B) = \text{elements-mat } A \cup \text{elements-mat } B$
unfolding *append-cols-def elements-mat-transpose-mat*
by (*subst elements-mat-append-rows, auto*)

lemma *vec-first-index*:
assumes $v: \text{dim-vec } v \geq n$
and $i: i < n$
shows $(\text{vec-first } v \ n) \ \$ \ i = v \ \$ \ i$
unfolding *vec-first-def* **using** *assms* **by** *simp*

lemma *vec-last-index*:
assumes $v: v \in \text{carrier-vec } (n + m)$
and $i: i < m$
shows $(\text{vec-last } v \ m) \ \$ \ i = v \ \$ \ (n + i)$
unfolding *vec-last-def* **using** *assms* **by** *simp*

lemma *vec-first-add*:
assumes $\text{dim-vec } x \geq n$
and $\text{dim-vec } y \geq n$
shows $\text{vec-first } (x + y) \ n = \text{vec-first } x \ n + \text{vec-first } y \ n$
unfolding *vec-first-def* **using** *assms* **by** *auto*

lemma *vec-first-zero[simp]*: $m \leq n \implies \text{vec-first } (0_v \ n) \ m = 0_v \ m$

unfolding *vec-first-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *vec-first-smult*:
 $\llbracket m \leq n; x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \rrbracket \implies \text{vec-first } (c \cdot_v x) m = c \cdot_v \text{vec-first } x m$
unfolding *vec-first-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *elements-mat-mat-of-row[simp]*: $\text{elements-mat } (\text{mat-of-row } v) = \text{vec-set } v$
by (*auto simp: mat-of-row-def elements-mat-def vec-set-def*)

lemma *vec-set-append-vec[simp]*: $\text{vec-set } (v @_v w) = \text{vec-set } v \cup \text{vec-set } w$
by (*metis list-of-vec-append set-append set-list-of-vec*)

lemma *vec-set-vNil[simp]*: $\text{set}_v v\text{Nil} = \{\}$ **using** *set-list-of-vec* **by** *force*

lemma *diff-smult-distrib-vec*: $((x :: 'a::\text{ring}) - y) \cdot_v v = x \cdot_v v - y \cdot_v v$
unfolding *smult-vec-def minus-vec-def*
by (*rule eq-vecI, auto simp: left-diff-distrib*)

lemma *add-diff-eq-vec*: **fixes** $y :: 'a :: \text{group-add vec}$
shows $y \in \text{carrier-vec } n \implies x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \implies z \in \text{carrier-vec } n \implies y + (x - z) = y + x - z$
by (*intro eq-vecI, auto simp: add-diff-eq*)

definition *mat-of-col* $v = (\text{mat-of-row } v)^T$

lemma *elements-mat-mat-of-col[simp]*: $\text{elements-mat } (\text{mat-of-col } v) = \text{vec-set } v$
unfolding *mat-of-col-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *mat-of-col-dim[simp]*: $\text{dim-row } (\text{mat-of-col } v) = \text{dim-vec } v$
 $\text{dim-col } (\text{mat-of-col } v) = 1$
 $\text{mat-of-col } v \in \text{carrier-mat } (\text{dim-vec } v) 1$
unfolding *mat-of-col-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *col-mat-of-col[simp]*: $\text{col } (\text{mat-of-col } v) 0 = v$
unfolding *mat-of-col-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *mult-mat-of-col*: $A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ nc \implies v \in \text{carrier-vec } nc \implies$
 $A * \text{mat-of-col } v = \text{mat-of-col } (A *_v v)$
by (*intro mat-col-eqI, auto*)

lemma *mat-mult-append-cols*: **fixes** $A :: 'a :: \text{comm-semiring-0 mat}$
assumes $A: A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ nc1$
and $B: B \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ nc2$
and $v1: v1 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc1$
and $v2: v2 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc2$
shows $(A @_c B) *_v (v1 @_v v2) = A *_v v1 + B *_v v2$
proof –
have $(A @_c B) *_v (v1 @_v v2) = (A @_c B) *_v \text{col } (\text{mat-of-col } (v1 @_v v2)) 0$ **by**

auto
also have $\dots = \text{col } ((A @_c B) * \text{mat-of-col } (v1 @_v v2)) \text{ } 0$ **by** *auto*
also have $(A @_c B) * \text{mat-of-col } (v1 @_v v2) = ((A @_c B) * \text{mat-of-col } (v1 @_v v2))^{TT}$
by *auto*
also have $((A @_c B) * \text{mat-of-col } (v1 @_v v2))^T =$
 $(\text{mat-of-row } (v1 @_v v2))^{TT} * (A^T @_r B^T)^{TT}$
unfolding *append-cols-def mat-of-col-def*
proof (*rule transpose-mult, force, unfold transpose-carrier-mat, rule mat-of-row-carrier*)
have $A^T \in \text{carrier-mat } nc1 \text{ } nr$ **using** *A* **by** *auto*
moreover have $B^T \in \text{carrier-mat } nc2 \text{ } nr$ **using** *B* **by** *auto*
ultimately have $A^T @_r B^T \in \text{carrier-mat } (nc1 + nc2) \text{ } nr$ **by** *auto*
hence $\text{dim-row } (A^T @_r B^T) = nc1 + nc2$ **by** *auto*
thus $v1 @_v v2 \in \text{carrier-vec } (\text{dim-row } (A^T @_r B^T))$ **using** *v1 v2* **by** *auto*
qed
also have $\dots = (\text{mat-of-row } (v1 @_v v2)) * (A^T @_r B^T)$ **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{mat-of-row } v1 * A^T + \text{mat-of-row } v2 * B^T$
using *mat-of-row-mult-append-rows[OF v1 v2] A B* **by** *auto*
also have $\dots^T = (\text{mat-of-row } v1 * A^T)^T + (\text{mat-of-row } v2 * B^T)^T$
using *transpose-add A B* **by** *auto*
also have $(\text{mat-of-row } v1 * A^T)^T = A^{TT} * ((\text{mat-of-row } v1)^T)$
using *transpose-mult A v1 transpose-carrier-mat mat-of-row-carrier(1)*
by *metis*
also have $(\text{mat-of-row } v2 * B^T)^T = B^{TT} * ((\text{mat-of-row } v2)^T)$
using *transpose-mult B v2 transpose-carrier-mat mat-of-row-carrier(1)*
by *metis*
also have $A^{TT} * ((\text{mat-of-row } v1)^T) + B^{TT} * ((\text{mat-of-row } v2)^T) =$
 $A * \text{mat-of-col } v1 + B * \text{mat-of-col } v2$
unfolding *mat-of-col-def* **by** *auto*
also have $\text{col } \dots \text{ } 0 = \text{col } (A * \text{mat-of-col } v1) \text{ } 0 + \text{col } (B * \text{mat-of-col } v2) \text{ } 0$
using *assms* **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{col } (\text{mat-of-col } (A *_v v1)) \text{ } 0 + \text{col } (\text{mat-of-col } (B *_v v2)) \text{ } 0$
using *mult-mat-of-col assms* **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = A *_v v1 + B *_v v2$ **by** *auto*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *vec-first-append*:
assumes $v \in \text{carrier-vec } n$
shows $\text{vec-first } (v @_v w) \text{ } n = v$
proof –
have $v @_v w = \text{vec-first } (v @_v w) \text{ } n @_v \text{vec-last } (v @_v w) \text{ } (\text{dim-vec } w)$
using *vec-first-last-append assms* **by** *simp*
thus *?thesis* **using** *append-vec-eq[OF assms]* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *vec-le-iff-diff-le-0*: **fixes** $a :: 'a :: \text{ordered-ab-group-add vec}$
shows $(a \leq b) = (a - b \leq 0_v \text{ } (\text{dim-vec } a))$
unfolding *less-eq-vec-def* **by** *auto*

definition *mat-row-first* $A\ n \equiv \text{mat } n\ (\text{dim-col } A)\ (\lambda\ (i, j). A\ \$\$ (i, j))$

definition *mat-row-last* $A\ n \equiv \text{mat } n\ (\text{dim-col } A)\ (\lambda\ (i, j). A\ \$\$ (\text{dim-row } A - n + i, j))$

lemma *mat-row-first-carrier*[simp]: $\text{mat-row-first } A\ n \in \text{carrier-mat } n\ (\text{dim-col } A)$
unfolding *mat-row-first-def* **by** *simp*

lemma *mat-row-first-dim*[simp]:
 $\text{dim-row } (\text{mat-row-first } A\ n) = n$
 $\text{dim-col } (\text{mat-row-first } A\ n) = \text{dim-col } A$
unfolding *mat-row-first-def* **by** *simp-all*

lemma *mat-row-last-carrier*[simp]: $\text{mat-row-last } A\ n \in \text{carrier-mat } n\ (\text{dim-col } A)$
unfolding *mat-row-last-def* **by** *simp*

lemma *mat-row-last-dim*[simp]:
 $\text{dim-row } (\text{mat-row-last } A\ n) = n$
 $\text{dim-col } (\text{mat-row-last } A\ n) = \text{dim-col } A$
unfolding *mat-row-last-def* **by** *simp-all*

lemma *mat-row-first-nth*[simp]: $i < n \implies \text{row } (\text{mat-row-first } A\ n)\ i = \text{row } A\ i$
unfolding *mat-row-first-def* *row-def* **by** *fastforce*

lemma *append-rows-nth*:
assumes $A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr1\ nc$
and $B \in \text{carrier-mat } nr2\ nc$
shows $i < nr1 \implies \text{row } (A @_r B)\ i = \text{row } A\ i$
and $\llbracket i \geq nr1; i < nr1 + nr2 \rrbracket \implies \text{row } (A @_r B)\ i = \text{row } B\ (i - nr1)$
unfolding *append-rows-def* **using** *row-four-block-mat* *assms* **by** *auto*

lemma *mat-of-row-last-nth*[simp]:
 $i < n \implies \text{row } (\text{mat-row-last } A\ n)\ i = \text{row } A\ (\text{dim-row } A - n + i)$
unfolding *mat-row-last-def* *row-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *mat-row-first-last-append*:
assumes $\text{dim-row } A = m + n$
shows $(\text{mat-row-first } A\ m) @_r (\text{mat-row-last } A\ n) = A$
proof (*rule eq-rowI*)
show $\text{dim-row } (\text{mat-row-first } A\ m @_r \text{mat-row-last } A\ n) = \text{dim-row } A$
unfolding *append-rows-def* **using** *assms* **by** *fastforce*
show $\text{dim-col } (\text{mat-row-first } A\ m @_r \text{mat-row-last } A\ n) = \text{dim-col } A$
unfolding *append-rows-def* **by** *fastforce*
fix i
assume $i: i < \text{dim-row } A$
show $\text{row } (\text{mat-row-first } A\ m @_r \text{mat-row-last } A\ n)\ i = \text{row } A\ i$
proof *cases*
assume $i: i < m$

thus *?thesis using* *append-rows-nth(1)*[*OF mat-row-first-carrier*[*of A m*]
mat-row-last-carrier[*of A n*] *i*] **by** *simp*
next
assume *i'*: $\neg i < m$
thus *?thesis using* *append-rows-nth(2)*[*OF mat-row-first-carrier*[*of A m*]
mat-row-last-carrier[*of A n*]] *i* *assms* **by** *simp*
qed
qed

definition *mat-col-first* *A n* \equiv (*mat-row-first* A^T *n*)^{*T*}

definition *mat-col-last* *A n* \equiv (*mat-row-last* A^T *n*)^{*T*}

lemma *mat-col-first-carrier*[*simp*]: *mat-col-first* *A n* \in *carrier-mat* (*dim-row* *A*) *n*
unfolding *mat-col-first-def* **by** *fastforce*

lemma *mat-col-first-dim*[*simp*]:
dim-row (*mat-col-first* *A n*) = *dim-row* *A*
dim-col (*mat-col-first* *A n*) = *n*
unfolding *mat-col-first-def* **by** *simp-all*

lemma *mat-col-last-carrier*[*simp*]: *mat-col-last* *A n* \in *carrier-mat* (*dim-row* *A*) *n*
unfolding *mat-col-last-def* **by** *fastforce*

lemma *mat-col-last-dim*[*simp*]:
dim-row (*mat-col-last* *A n*) = *dim-row* *A*
dim-col (*mat-col-last* *A n*) = *n*
unfolding *mat-col-last-def* **by** *simp-all*

lemma *mat-col-first-nth*[*simp*]:
 $\llbracket i < n; i < \text{dim-col } A \rrbracket \implies \text{col } (\text{mat-col-first } A \ n) \ i = \text{col } A \ i$
unfolding *mat-col-first-def* **by** *force*

lemma *append-cols-nth*:
assumes *A* \in *carrier-mat* *nr nc1*
and *B* \in *carrier-mat* *nr nc2*
shows $i < nc1 \implies \text{col } (A @_c B) \ i = \text{col } A \ i$
and $\llbracket i \geq nc1; i < nc1 + nc2 \rrbracket \implies \text{col } (A @_c B) \ i = \text{col } B \ (i - nc1)$
unfolding *append-cols-def* *append-rows-def* **using** *row-four-block-mat* *assms*
by *auto*

lemma *mat-of-col-last-nth*[*simp*]:
 $\llbracket i < n; i < \text{dim-col } A \rrbracket \implies \text{col } (\text{mat-col-last } A \ n) \ i = \text{col } A \ (\text{dim-col } A - n + i)$
unfolding *mat-col-last-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *mat-col-first-last-append*:
assumes *dim-col* *A* = *m* + *n*
shows (*mat-col-first* *A m*) @_{*c*} (*mat-col-last* *A n*) = *A*

unfolding *append-cols-def mat-col-first-def mat-col-last-def*
using *mat-row-first-last-append[$of A^T$]* *assms* **by** *simp*

lemma *mat-of-row-dim-row-1*: $(dim\text{-}row\ A = 1) = (A = mat\text{-}of\text{-}row\ (row\ A\ 0))$
proof
show $dim\text{-}row\ A = 1 \implies A = mat\text{-}of\text{-}row\ (row\ A\ 0)$ **by** *force*
show $A = mat\text{-}of\text{-}row\ (row\ A\ 0) \implies dim\text{-}row\ A = 1$ **using** *mat-of-row-dim(1)*
by *metis*
qed

lemma *mat-of-col-dim-col-1*: $(dim\text{-}col\ A = 1) = (A = mat\text{-}of\text{-}col\ (col\ A\ 0))$
proof
show $dim\text{-}col\ A = 1 \implies A = mat\text{-}of\text{-}col\ (col\ A\ 0)$
unfolding *mat-of-col-def* **by** *auto*
show $A = mat\text{-}of\text{-}col\ (col\ A\ 0) \implies dim\text{-}col\ A = 1$ **by** (*metis mat-of-col-dim(2)*)
qed

definition *vec-of-scal* :: $'a \Rightarrow 'a\ vec$ **where** $vec\text{-}of\text{-}scal\ x \equiv vec\ 1\ (\lambda\ i.\ x)$

lemma *vec-of-scal-dim[simp]*:
 $dim\text{-}vec\ (vec\text{-}of\text{-}scal\ x) = 1$
 $vec\text{-}of\text{-}scal\ x \in carrier\text{-}vec\ 1$
unfolding *vec-of-scal-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *index-vec-of-scal[simp]*: $(vec\text{-}of\text{-}scal\ x)\ \$\ 0 = x$
unfolding *vec-of-scal-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *row-mat-of-col[simp]*: $i < dim\text{-}vec\ v \implies row\ (mat\text{-}of\text{-}col\ v)\ i = vec\text{-}of\text{-}scal\ (v\ \$\ i)$
unfolding *mat-of-col-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *vec-of-scal-dim-1*: $(v \in carrier\text{-}vec\ 1) = (v = vec\text{-}of\text{-}scal\ (v\ \$\ 0))$
by (*standard, auto simp del: One-nat-def, metis vec-of-scal-dim(2)*)

lemma *mult-mat-of-row-vec-of-scal*: **fixes** $x :: 'a :: comm\text{-}ring\text{-}1$
shows $mat\text{-}of\text{-}col\ v *_{\cdot_v} vec\text{-}of\text{-}scal\ x = x \cdot_v v$
by (*auto simp add: scalar-prod-def*)

lemma *smult-pos-vec[simp]*: **fixes** $l :: 'a :: linordered\text{-}ring\text{-}strict$
assumes $l: l > 0$
shows $(l \cdot_v v \leq 0_v\ n) = (v \leq 0_v\ n)$
proof (*cases dim-vec v = n*)
case *True*
have $i < n \implies ((l \cdot_v v)\ \$\ i \leq 0) \longleftrightarrow v\ \$\ i \leq 0$ **for** i **using** *True*
mult-le-cancel-left-pos[OF l, of - 0] **by** *simp*
thus *?thesis* **using** *True* **unfolding** *less-eq-vec-def* **by** *auto*
qed (*auto simp: less-eq-vec-def*)

lemma *finite-elements-mat[simp]*: $finite\ (elements\text{-}mat\ A)$

```

unfolding elements-mat-def by (rule finite-set)

lemma finite-vec-set[simp]: finite (vec-set A)
  unfolding vec-set-def by auto

lemma lesseq-vecI: assumes  $v \in \text{carrier-vec } n$   $w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
   $\bigwedge i. i < n \implies v \$ i \leq w \$ i$ 
shows  $v \leq w$ 
  using assms unfolding less-eq-vec-def by auto

lemma lesseq-vecD: assumes  $w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and  $v \leq w$ 
  and  $i < n$ 
shows  $v \$ i \leq w \$ i$ 
  using assms unfolding less-eq-vec-def by auto

lemma vec-add-mono: fixes  $a :: 'a :: \text{ordered-ab-semigroup-add vec}$ 
  assumes  $\text{dim: dim-vec } b = \text{dim-vec } d$ 
  and  $ab: a \leq b$ 
  and  $cd: c \leq d$ 
  shows  $a + c \leq b + d$ 
proof -
  have  $\bigwedge i. i < \text{dim-vec } d \implies (a + c) \$ i \leq (b + d) \$ i$ 
  proof -
    fix  $i$ 
    assume  $id: i < \text{dim-vec } d$ 
    have  $ic: i < \text{dim-vec } c$  using  $id$   $cd$  unfolding less-eq-vec-def by auto
    have  $ib: i < \text{dim-vec } b$  using  $id$   $dim$  by auto
    have  $ia: i < \text{dim-vec } a$  using  $ib$   $ab$  unfolding less-eq-vec-def by auto
    have  $a \$ i \leq b \$ i$  using  $ab$   $ia$   $ib$  unfolding less-eq-vec-def by auto
    moreover have  $c \$ i \leq d \$ i$  using  $cd$   $ic$   $id$  unfolding less-eq-vec-def by
auto
    ultimately have  $abcdi: a \$ i + c \$ i \leq b \$ i + d \$ i$  using add-mono by auto
    have  $(a + c) \$ i = a \$ i + c \$ i$  using index-add-vec(1)  $ic$  by auto
    also have  $\dots \leq b \$ i + d \$ i$  using  $abcdi$  by auto
    also have  $b \$ i + d \$ i = (b + d) \$ i$  using index-add-vec(1)  $id$  by auto
    finally show  $(a + c) \$ i \leq (b + d) \$ i$  by auto
  qed
  then show  $a + c \leq b + d$  unfolding less-eq-vec-def
  using  $dim$  index-add-vec(2)  $cd$  less-eq-vec-def by auto
qed

lemma smult-nneg-npos-vec: fixes  $l :: 'a :: \text{ordered-semiring-0}$ 
  assumes  $l: l \geq 0$ 
  and  $v: v \leq 0_v \ n$ 
  shows  $l \cdot_v v \leq 0_v \ n$ 
proof -
  {
    fix  $i$ 

```

```

    assume  $i: i < n$ 
    then have  $vi: v \$ i \leq 0$  using  $v$  unfolding less-eq-vec-def by simp
    then have  $(l \cdot_v v) \$ i = l * v \$ i$  using  $v$  unfolding less-eq-vec-def by auto
    also have  $l * v \$ i \leq 0$  by (rule mult-nonneg-nonpos[OF l vi])
    finally have  $(l \cdot_v v) \$ i \leq 0$  by auto
  }
  then show ?thesis using  $v$  unfolding less-eq-vec-def by auto
qed

```

```

lemma smult-vec-nonneg-eq: fixes  $c :: 'a :: field$ 
  shows  $c \neq 0 \implies (c \cdot_v x = c \cdot_v y) = (x = y)$ 
proof -
  have  $c \neq 0 \implies c \cdot_v x = c \cdot_v y \implies x = y$ 
    by (metis smult-smult-assoc[of 1 / c] nonzero-divide-eq-eq one-smult-vec)
  thus  $c \neq 0 \implies ?thesis$  by auto
qed

```

```

lemma distinct-smult-nonneg: fixes  $c :: 'a :: field$ 
  assumes  $c: c \neq 0$ 
  shows distinct lC  $\implies$  distinct (map (( $\cdot_v$ ) c) lC)
proof (induction lC)
  case (Cons v lC)
  from Cons.prems have  $v \notin \text{set } lC$  by fastforce
  hence  $c \cdot_v v \notin \text{set (map (( $\cdot_v$ ) c) lC)}$  using smult-vec-nonneg-eq[OF c] by fastforce
  moreover have  $\text{map (( $\cdot_v$ ) c) (v \# lC) = c \cdot_v v \# \text{map (( $\cdot_v$ ) c) lC}$  by simp
  ultimately show ?case using Cons.IH Cons.prems by simp
qed auto

```

```

lemma exists-vec-append:  $(\exists x \in \text{carrier-vec } (n + m). P x) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x1 \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \exists x2 \in \text{carrier-vec } m. P (x1 @_v x2))$ 
proof
  assume  $\exists x \in \text{carrier-vec } (n + m). P x$ 
  from this obtain  $x$  where  $xcarr: x \in \text{carrier-vec } (n+m)$  and  $Px: P x$  by auto
  have  $x = \text{vec } n (\lambda i. x \$ i) @_v \text{vec } m (\lambda i. x \$ (n + i))$ 
    by (rule eq-vecI, insert xcarr, auto)
  hence  $P x = P (\text{vec } n (\lambda i. x \$ i) @_v \text{vec } m (\lambda i. x \$ (n + i)))$  by simp
  also have  $1: \dots$  using xcarr Px calculation by blast
  finally show  $\exists x1 \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \exists x2 \in \text{carrier-vec } m. P (x1 @_v x2)$  using  $1$  vec-carrier by blast
next
  assume  $(\exists x1 \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \exists x2 \in \text{carrier-vec } m. P (x1 @_v x2))$ 
  from this obtain  $x1 x2$  where  $x1: x1 \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
    and  $x2: x2 \in \text{carrier-vec } m$  and  $P12: P (x1 @_v x2)$  by auto
  define  $x$  where  $x = x1 @_v x2$ 
  have  $xcarr: x \in \text{carrier-vec } (n+m)$  using  $x1 x2$  by (simp add: x-def)
  have  $P x$  using  $P12 xcarr$  using x-def by blast
  then show  $(\exists x \in \text{carrier-vec } (n + m). P x)$  using xcarr by auto
qed

```

end

3 Missing Lemmas on Vector Spaces

We provide some results on vector spaces which should be merged into other AFP entries.

theory *Missing-VS-Connect*

imports

Jordan-Normal-Form.VS-Connect

Missing-Matrix

Polynomial-Factorization.Missing-List

begin

context *vec-space*

begin

lemma *span-diff*: **assumes** $A: A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$

and $a: a \in \text{span } A$ **and** $b: b \in \text{span } A$

shows $a - b \in \text{span } A$

proof –

from A **a have** $an: a \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **by** *auto*

from A **b have** $bn: b \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **by** *auto*

have $a + (-1 \cdot_v b) \in \text{span } A$

by (*rule span-add1*[*OF* A a], *insert* b A , *auto*)

also have $a + (-1 \cdot_v b) = a - b$ **using** an bn **by** *auto*

finally show *?thesis* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *finsum-scalar-prod-sum'*:

assumes $f: f \in U \rightarrow \text{carrier-vec } n$

and $w: w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$

shows $w \cdot \text{finsum } V f U = \text{sum } (\lambda u. w \cdot f u) U$

by (*subst comm-scalar-prod*[*OF* w], (*insert* f , *auto*)[1],

subst finsum-scalar-prod-sum[*OF* f w],

insert f , *intro sum.cong*[*OF refl*] *comm-scalar-prod*[*OF* $-$ w], *auto*)

lemma *lincomb-scalar-prod-left*: **assumes** $W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ $v \in \text{carrier-vec } n$

shows $\text{lincomb } a W \cdot v = (\sum_{w \in W}. a w * (w \cdot v))$

unfolding *lincomb-def*

by (*subst finsum-scalar-prod-sum*, *insert assms*, *auto intro!*: *sum.cong*)

lemma *lincomb-scalar-prod-right*: **assumes** $W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ $v \in \text{carrier-vec } n$

shows $v \cdot \text{lincomb } a W = (\sum_{w \in W}. a w * (v \cdot w))$

unfolding *lincomb-def*

by (*subst finsum-scalar-prod-sum'*, *insert assms*, *auto intro!*: *sum.cong*)

lemma *lin-indpt-empty[simp]*: *lin-indpt* $\{\}$

using *lin-dep-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *span-carrier-lin-indpt-card-n*:
 assumes $W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ and $\text{card } W = n$ and $\text{lin-indpt } W$
 shows $\text{span } W = \text{carrier-vec } n$
 using *assms basis-def dim-is-n dim-li-is-basis fin-dim-li-fin* by *simp*

lemma *ortho-span*: assumes $W: W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
 and $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
 and *ortho*: $\bigwedge w x. w \in W \implies x \in X \implies w \cdot x = 0$
 and $w: w \in \text{span } W$ and $x: x \in X$
 shows $w \cdot x = 0$
proof –
 from $w \in W$ obtain $c \ V$ where *finite* V and $VW: V \subseteq W$ and $w: w = \text{lincomb } c \ V$
 by (*meson in-spanE*)
 show ?thesis unfolding *w*
 by (*subst lincomb-scalar-prod-left, insert W VW X x ortho, auto intro!: sum.neutral*)
qed

lemma *ortho-span'*: assumes $W: W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
 and $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
 and *ortho*: $\bigwedge w x. w \in W \implies x \in X \implies x \cdot w = 0$
 and $w: w \in \text{span } W$ and $x: x \in X$
 shows $x \cdot w = 0$
proof –
 from $w \in W$ obtain $c \ V$ where *finite* V and $VW: V \subseteq W$ and $w: w = \text{lincomb } c \ V$
 by (*meson in-spanE*)
 show ?thesis unfolding *w*
 by (*subst lincomb-scalar-prod-right, insert W VW X x ortho, auto intro!: sum.neutral*)
qed

lemma *ortho-span-span*: assumes $W: W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
 and $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
 and *ortho*: $\bigwedge w x. w \in W \implies x \in X \implies w \cdot x = 0$
 and $w: w \in \text{span } W$ and $x: x \in \text{span } X$
 shows $w \cdot x = 0$
 by (*rule ortho-span[OF W - ortho-span'[OF X W -] w x], insert W X ortho, auto*)

lemma *lincomb-in-span[intro]*:
 assumes $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
 shows $\text{lincomb } a \ X \in \text{span } X$
proof (*cases finite X*)
 case *False* hence $\text{lincomb } a \ X = 0_v \ n$ using X
 by (*simp add: lincomb-def*)
 thus ?thesis using X by *force*
qed (*insert X, auto*)

lemma *generating-card-n-basis*: **assumes** $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
and $\text{span}: \text{carrier-vec } n \subseteq \text{span } X$
and $\text{card}: \text{card } X = n$
shows *basis* X
proof –
have $\text{fin}: \text{finite } X$
proof (*cases* $n = 0$)
case *False*
with card **show** *finite* X **by** (*meson* card.infinite)
next
case *True*
with X **have** $X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } 0$ **by** *auto*
also **have** $\dots = \{0_v\}$ **by** *auto*
finally **have** $X \subseteq \{0_v\}$.
from *finite-subset*[*OF this*] **show** *finite* X **by** *auto*
qed
from X **have** $\text{span } X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **by** *auto*
with span **have** $\text{span}: \text{span } X = \text{carrier-vec } n$ **by** *auto*
from *dim-is-n* card **have** $\text{card}: \text{card } X \leq \text{dim}$ **by** *auto*
from *dim-gen-is-basis*[*OF fin X span card*] **show** *basis* X .
qed

lemma *lincomb-list-append*:
assumes $Ws: \text{set } Ws \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
shows $\text{set } Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies \text{lincomb-list } f (Vs @ Ws) =$
 $\text{lincomb-list } f Vs + \text{lincomb-list } (\lambda i. f (i + \text{length } Vs)) Ws$
proof (*induction* Vs *arbitrary*: f)
case *Nil* **show** ?*case* **by**(*simp* *add: lincomb-list-carrier*[*OF Ws*])
next
case (*Cons* $x Vs$)
have $\text{lincomb-list } f (x \# (Vs @ Ws)) = f\ 0 \cdot_v x + \text{lincomb-list } (f \circ \text{Suc}) (Vs @$
 $Ws)$
by (*rule lincomb-list-Cons*)
also **have** $\text{lincomb-list } (f \circ \text{Suc}) (Vs @ Ws) =$
 $\text{lincomb-list } (f \circ \text{Suc}) Vs + \text{lincomb-list } (\lambda i. (f \circ \text{Suc}) (i + \text{length } Vs))$
 Ws
using *Cons* **by** *auto*
also **have** $(\lambda i. (f \circ \text{Suc}) (i + \text{length } Vs)) = (\lambda i. f (i + \text{length } (x \# Vs)))$ **by**
simp
also **have** $f\ 0 \cdot_v x + ((\text{lincomb-list } (f \circ \text{Suc}) Vs) + \text{lincomb-list } \dots Ws) =$
 $(f\ 0 \cdot_v x + (\text{lincomb-list } (f \circ \text{Suc}) Vs)) + \text{lincomb-list } \dots Ws$
using *assoc-add-vec Cons.prem*s Ws *lincomb-list-carrier* **by** *auto*
finally **show** ?*case* **using** *lincomb-list-Cons* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *lincomb-list-snoc*[*simp*]:
shows $\text{set } Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \implies$
 $\text{lincomb-list } f (Vs @ [x]) = \text{lincomb-list } f Vs + f (\text{length } Vs) \cdot_v x$
using *lincomb-list-append* **by** *auto*

lemma *lincomb-list-smult*:
 set $Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies \text{lincomb-list } (\lambda i. a * c i) \text{ } Vs = a \cdot_v \text{lincomb-list } c \text{ } Vs$
proof (*induction* Vs *rule*: *rev-induct*)
 case (*snoc* $x \text{ } Vs$)
 have $x: x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **and** $Vs: \text{set } Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **using** *snoc.prem*s **by** *auto*
 have $\text{lincomb-list } (\lambda i. a * c i) (Vs @ [x]) =$
 $\text{lincomb-list } (\lambda i. a * c i) Vs + (a * c (\text{length } Vs)) \cdot_v x$
using $x \text{ } Vs$ **by** *auto*
 also have $\text{lincomb-list } (\lambda i. a * c i) Vs = a \cdot_v \text{lincomb-list } c \text{ } Vs$
by (*rule* *snoc.IH*[*OF* Vs])
 also have $(a * c (\text{length } Vs)) \cdot_v x = a \cdot_v (c (\text{length } Vs) \cdot_v x)$
using *smult-smult-assoc* x **by** *auto*
 also have $a \cdot_v \text{lincomb-list } c \text{ } Vs + \dots = a \cdot_v (\text{lincomb-list } c \text{ } Vs + c (\text{length } Vs) \cdot_v x)$
using *smult-add-distrib-vec*[*of* - n - a] *lincomb-list-carrier*[*OF* Vs] x **by** *simp*
 also have $\text{lincomb-list } c \text{ } Vs + c (\text{length } Vs) \cdot_v x = \text{lincomb-list } c (Vs @ [x])$
using $Vs \text{ } x$ **by** *auto*
finally show ?*case* **by** *auto*
qed *simp*

lemma *lincomb-list-index*:
 assumes $i: i < n$
 shows $\text{set } Xs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies$
 $\text{lincomb-list } c \text{ } Xs \$ i = \text{sum } (\lambda j. c j * (Xs ! j) \$ i) \{0..<\text{length } Xs\}$
proof (*induction* Xs *rule*: *rev-induct*)
 case (*snoc* $x \text{ } Xs$)
 hence $x: x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **and** $Xs: \text{set } Xs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **by** *auto*
 hence $\text{lincomb-list } c (Xs @ [x]) = \text{lincomb-list } c Xs + c (\text{length } Xs) \cdot_v x$ **by** *auto*
 also have $\dots \$ i = \text{lincomb-list } c Xs \$ i + (c (\text{length } Xs) \cdot_v x) \$ i$
using *i index-add-vec*(1) x **by** *simp*
 also have $(c (\text{length } Xs) \cdot_v x) \$ i = c (\text{length } Xs) * x \$ i$ **using** $i \text{ } x$ **by** *simp*
 also have $x \$ i = (Xs @ [x]) ! (\text{length } Xs) \$ i$ **by** *simp*
 also have $\text{lincomb-list } c Xs \$ i = (\sum j = 0..<\text{length } Xs. c j * Xs ! j \$ i)$
by (*rule* *snoc.IH*[*OF* Xs])
 also have $\dots = (\sum j = 0..<\text{length } Xs. c j * (Xs @ [x]) ! j \$ i)$
by (*rule* *R.finsum-restrict*, *force*, *rule restrict-ext*, *auto simp*: *append-Cons-nth-left*)
finally show ?*case*
using *sum.atLeast0-lessThan-Suc*[*of* $\lambda j. c j * (Xs @ [x]) ! j \$ i \text{ length } Xs$]
by *fastforce*
qed (*simp add*: i)

end
end

4 Basis Extension

We prove that every linear indepent set/list of vectors can be extended into a basis. Similarly, from every set of vectors one can extract a linear independent set of vectors that spans the same space.

theory *Basis-Extension*

imports

LLL-Basis-Reduction.Gram-Schmidt-2

begin

context *cof-vec-space*

begin

lemma *lin-indpt-list-length-le-n*: **assumes** *lin-indpt-list xs*

shows $\text{length } xs \leq n$

proof –

from *assms[unfolded lin-indpt-list-def]*

have *xs: set xs \subseteq carrier-vec n and dist: distinct xs and lin: lin-indpt (set xs)*

by *auto*

from *dist have card (set xs) = length xs by (rule distinct-card)*

moreover have $\text{card } (\text{set } xs) \leq n$

using *lin xs dim-is-n li-le-dim(2) by auto*

ultimately show *?thesis by auto*

qed

lemma *lin-indpt-list-length-eq-n*: **assumes** *lin-indpt-list xs*

and $\text{length } xs = n$

shows $\text{span } (\text{set } xs) = \text{carrier-vec } n \text{ basis } (\text{set } xs)$

proof –

from *assms[unfolded lin-indpt-list-def]*

have *xs: set xs \subseteq carrier-vec n and dist: distinct xs and lin: lin-indpt (set xs)*

by *auto*

from *dist have card (set xs) = length xs by (rule distinct-card)*

with *assms have card (set xs) = n by auto*

with *lin xs show span (set xs) = carrier-vec n basis (set xs) using dim-is-n*

by *(metis basis-def dim-basis dim-li-is-basis fin-dim finite-basis-exists gen-ge-dim li-le-dim(1))+*

qed

lemma *expand-to-basis*: **assumes** *lin: lin-indpt-list xs*

shows $\exists \text{ ys. set ys } \subseteq \text{set } (\text{unit-vecs } n) \wedge \text{lin-indpt-list } (xs @ \text{ys}) \wedge \text{length } (xs @ \text{ys}) = n$

proof –

define *y where y = n - length xs*

from *lin have length xs \leq n by (rule lin-indpt-list-length-le-n)*

hence $\text{length } xs + y = n$ **unfolding** *y-def by auto*

thus $\exists \text{ ys. set ys } \subseteq \text{set } (\text{unit-vecs } n) \wedge \text{lin-indpt-list } (xs @ \text{ys}) \wedge \text{length } (xs @ \text{ys}) = n$

```

    using lin
  proof (induct y arbitrary: xs)
    case (0 xs)
    thus ?case by (intro exI[of - Nil], auto)
  next
    case (Suc y xs)
    hence length xs < n by auto
    from Suc(3)[unfolded lin-indpt-list-def]
    have xs: set xs  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n and dist: distinct xs and lin: lin-indpt (set xs)
  by auto
    from distinct-card[OF dist] Suc(2) have card: card (set xs) < n by auto
    have span (set xs)  $\neq$  carrier-vec n using card dim-is-n xs basis-def dim-basis
  lin by auto
    with span-closed[OF xs] have span (set xs)  $\subset$  carrier-vec n by auto
    also have carrier-vec n = span (set (unit-vecs n))
      unfolding span-unit-vecs-is-carrier ..
    finally have sub: span (set xs)  $\subset$  span (set (unit-vecs n)) .
    have  $\exists$  u. u  $\in$  set (unit-vecs n)  $\wedge$  u  $\notin$  span (set xs)
      using span-subsetI[OF xs, of set (unit-vecs n)] sub by force
    then obtain u where uu: u  $\in$  set (unit-vecs n) and usxs: u  $\notin$  span (set xs)
  by auto
    then have u: u  $\in$  carrier-vec n unfolding unit-vecs-def by auto
    let ?xs = xs @ [u]
    from span-mem[OF xs, of u] usxs have usxs: u  $\notin$  set xs by auto
    with dist have dist: distinct ?xs by auto
    have lin: lin-indpt (set ?xs) using lin-dep-iff-in-span[OF xs lin u usxs] usxs by
  auto
    from lin dist u xs have lin: lin-indpt-list ?xs unfolding lin-indpt-list-def by
  auto
    from Suc(2) have length ?xs + y = n by auto
    from Suc(1)[OF this lin] obtain ys where
      set ys  $\subseteq$  set (unit-vecs n) lin-indpt-list (?xs @ ys) length (?xs @ ys) = n by
  auto
    thus ?case using uu
      by (intro exI[of - u # ys], auto)
  qed
qed

```

definition *basis-extension* xs = (SOME ys.
 set ys \subseteq set (unit-vecs n) \wedge lin-indpt-list (xs @ ys) \wedge length (xs @ ys) = n)

lemma *basis-extension*: **assumes** lin-indpt-list xs
shows set (basis-extension xs) \subseteq set (unit-vecs n)
 lin-indpt-list (xs @ basis-extension xs)
 length (xs @ basis-extension xs) = n
using someI-ex[OF expand-to-basis[OF assms], folded basis-extension-def] **by**
 auto

lemma *exists-lin-indpt-sublist*: **assumes** X: X \subseteq carrier-vec n

```

  shows  $\exists Ls. \text{lin-indpt-list } Ls \wedge \text{span } (\text{set } Ls) = \text{span } X \wedge \text{set } Ls \subseteq X$ 
proof -
  let  $?T = ?thesis$ 
  have  $(\exists Ls. \text{lin-indpt-list } Ls \wedge \text{span } (\text{set } Ls) \subseteq \text{span } X \wedge \text{set } Ls \subseteq X \wedge \text{length } Ls = k) \vee ?T$  for  $k$ 
  proof (induct  $k$ )
    case 0
    have  $\text{lin-indpt } \{\}$  by (simp add: lindep-span)
    thus  $?case$  using span-is-monotone by (auto simp: lin-indpt-list-def)
  next
    case (Suc  $k$ )
    show  $?case$ 
    proof (cases  $?T$ )
      case False
      with Suc obtain  $Ls$  where  $\text{lin}: \text{lin-indpt-list } Ls$ 
        and  $\text{span}: \text{span } (\text{set } Ls) \subseteq \text{span } X$  and  $Ls: \text{set } Ls \subseteq X$  and  $\text{len}: \text{length } Ls = k$  by auto
      from  $Ls$   $X$  have  $LsC: \text{set } Ls \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
      show  $?thesis$ 
      proof (cases  $X \subseteq \text{span } (\text{set } Ls)$ )
        case True
        hence  $\text{span } X \subseteq \text{span } (\text{set } Ls)$  using  $LsC$   $X$  by (metis span-subsetI)
        with  $\text{span}$  have  $\text{span } (\text{set } Ls) = \text{span } X$  by auto
        hence  $?T$  by (intro exI[of -  $Ls$ ] conjI True lin  $Ls$ )
        thus  $?thesis$  by auto
      next
        case False
        with  $\text{span}$  obtain  $x$  where  $xX: x \in X$  and  $xSLs: x \notin \text{span } (\text{set } Ls)$  by
      auto
      from  $Ls$   $X$  have  $LsC: \text{set } Ls \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
      from  $\text{span-mem}[OF \text{ this, of } x]$   $xSLs$  have  $xLs: x \notin \text{set } Ls$  by auto
      let  $?Ls = x \# Ls$ 
      show  $?thesis$ 
      proof (intro disjI1 exI[of -  $?Ls$ ] conjI)
        show  $\text{length } ?Ls = \text{Suc } k$  using  $\text{len}$  by auto
        show  $\text{lin-indpt-list } ?Ls$  using  $\text{lin } xSLs \ xLs$  unfolding lin-indpt-list-def
          using lin-dep-iff-in-span[OF  $LsC$  -  $xLs$ ]  $xX$   $X$  by auto
        show  $\text{set } ?Ls \subseteq X$  using  $xX$   $Ls$  by auto
        from  $\text{span-is-monotone}[OF \text{ this}]$ 
        show  $\text{span } (\text{set } ?Ls) \subseteq \text{span } X$  .
      qed
    qed
  qed auto
qed
from  $\text{this}[of \ n + 1]$  lin-indpt-list-length-le-n show  $?thesis$  by fastforce
qed

lemma exists-lin-indpt-subset: assumes  $X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  shows  $\exists Ls. \text{lin-indpt } Ls \wedge \text{span } (Ls) = \text{span } X \wedge Ls \subseteq X$ 

```

```

proof –
  from exists-lin-indpt-sublist[OF assms]
  obtain Ls where lin-indpt-list Ls  $\wedge$  span (set Ls) = span X  $\wedge$  set Ls  $\subseteq$  X by
auto
  thus ?thesis by (intro exI[of - set Ls], auto simp: lin-indpt-list-def)
qed
end

end

```

5 Sum of Vector Sets

We use Isabelle's Set-Algebra theory to be able to write $V + W$ for sets of vectors V and W , and prove some obvious properties about them.

```

theory Sum-Vec-Set
imports
  Missing-Matrix
  HOL-Library.Set-Algebras
begin

```

```

lemma add-0-right-vecset:
  assumes (A :: 'a :: monoid-add vec set')  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  shows A + {0v n} = A
  unfolding set-plus-def using assms by force

```

```

lemma add-0-left-vecset:
  assumes (A :: 'a :: monoid-add vec set')  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  shows {0v n} + A = A
  unfolding set-plus-def using assms by force

```

```

lemma assoc-add-vecset:
  assumes (A :: 'a :: semigroup-add vec set')  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  and B  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  and C  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  shows A + (B + C) = (A + B) + C

```

```

proof –
  {
    fix x
    assume x  $\in$  A + (B + C)
    then obtain a b c where x = a + (b + c) and *: a  $\in$  A b  $\in$  B c  $\in$  C
    unfolding set-plus-def by auto
    with assms have x = (a + b) + c using assoc-add-vec[of a n b c] by force
    with * have x  $\in$  (A + B) + C by auto
  }
moreover
  {
    fix x

```

```

assume  $x \in (A + B) + C$ 
then obtain  $a\ b\ c$  where  $x = (a + b) + c$  and  $*$ :  $a \in A\ b \in B\ c \in C$ 
  unfolding set-plus-def by auto
  with assms have  $x = a + (b + c)$  using assoc-add-vec[of a n b c] by force
  with  $*$  have  $x \in A + (B + C)$  by auto
}
ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed

```

```

lemma sum-carrier-vec[intro]:  $A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies B \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies A + B \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  unfolding set-plus-def by force

```

```

lemma comm-add-vecset:
  assumes  $(A :: 'a :: \text{ab-semigroup-add vec set}) \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and  $B \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  shows  $A + B = B + A$ 
  unfolding set-plus-def using comm-add-vec assms by blast

```

end

6 Integral and Bounded Matrices and Vectors

We define notions of integral vectors and matrices and bounded vectors and matrices and prove some preservation lemmas. Moreover, we prove two bounds on determinants.

```

theory Integral-Bounded-Vectors
imports
  Missing-VS-Connect
  Sum-Vec-Set
  LLL-Basis-Reduction.Gram-Schmidt-2
begin

```

```

lemma sq-norm-unit-vec[simp]: assumes  $i: i < n$ 
  shows  $\|\text{unit-vec } n\ i\|^2 = (1 :: 'a :: \{\text{comm-ring-1}, \text{conjugatable-ring}\})$ 
proof –
  from  $i$  have  $\text{id}: [0..<n] = [0..<i] @ [i] @ [\text{Suc } i ..<n]$ 
  by (metis append-Cons append-Nil diff-zero length-upt list-trisect)
  show ?thesis unfolding sq-norm-vec-def unit-vec-def
  by (auto simp: o-def id, subst (1 2) sum-list-0, auto)
qed

```

```

definition Ints-vec ( $\langle \mathbb{Z}_v \rangle$ ) where
   $\mathbb{Z}_v = \{x. \forall\ i < \text{dim-vec } x. x\ \$\ i \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ 

```

```

definition indexed-Ints-vec where

```

$indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ I = \{x. \forall\ i < dim\text{-}vec\ x. i \in I \longrightarrow x\ \$\ i \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

lemma $indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}UNIV$: $\mathbb{Z}_v = indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ UNIV$
unfolding $Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}def\ indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}def$ **by** $auto$

lemma $indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}subset$: $\mathbb{Z}_v \subseteq indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ I$
unfolding $Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}def\ indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}def$ **by** $auto$

lemma $Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}vec\text{-}set$: $v \in \mathbb{Z}_v = (vec\text{-}set\ v \subseteq \mathbb{Z})$
unfolding $Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}def\ vec\text{-}set\text{-}def$ **by** $auto$

definition $Ints\text{-}mat\ (\langle \mathbb{Z}_m \rangle)$ **where**
 $\mathbb{Z}_m = \{A. \forall\ i < dim\text{-}row\ A. \forall\ j < dim\text{-}col\ A. A\ \$\$ (i,j) \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

lemma $Ints\text{-}mat\text{-}elements\text{-}mat$: $A \in \mathbb{Z}_m = (elements\text{-}mat\ A \subseteq \mathbb{Z})$
unfolding $Ints\text{-}mat\text{-}def\ elements\text{-}mat\text{-}def$ **by** $force$

lemma $minus\text{-}in\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}iff[simp]$: $(-x) \in \mathbb{Z}_v \longleftrightarrow (x :: 'a :: ring\text{-}1\ vec) \in \mathbb{Z}_v$
unfolding $Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}vec\text{-}set$ **by** $(auto\ simp: minus\text{-}in\text{-}Ints\text{-}iff)$

lemma $minus\text{-}in\text{-}Ints\text{-}mat\text{-}iff[simp]$: $(-A) \in \mathbb{Z}_m \longleftrightarrow (A :: 'a :: ring\text{-}1\ mat) \in \mathbb{Z}_m$
unfolding $Ints\text{-}mat\text{-}elements\text{-}mat$ **by** $(auto\ simp: minus\text{-}in\text{-}Ints\text{-}iff)$

lemma $Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}rows\text{-}Ints\text{-}mat[simp]$: $set\ (rows\ A) \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \longleftrightarrow A \in \mathbb{Z}_m$
unfolding $rows\text{-}def\ Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}def\ Ints\text{-}mat\text{-}def$ **by** $force$

lemma $unit\text{-}vec\text{-}integral[simp,intro]$: $unit\text{-}vec\ n\ i \in \mathbb{Z}_v$
unfolding $Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}def$ **by** $(auto\ simp: unit\text{-}vec\text{-}def)$

lemma $diff\text{-}indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec$:
 $x \in carrier\text{-}vec\ n \implies y \in carrier\text{-}vec\ n \implies x \in indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ I \implies y \in indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ I$
 $\implies x - y \in indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ I$
unfolding $indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}def$ **by** $auto$

lemma $smult\text{-}indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec$: $x \in \mathbb{Z} \implies v \in indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ I \implies x \cdot_v v \in indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ I$
unfolding $indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}def\ smult\text{-}vec\text{-}def$ **by** $simp$

lemma $add\text{-}indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec$:
 $x \in carrier\text{-}vec\ n \implies y \in carrier\text{-}vec\ n \implies x \in indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ I \implies y \in indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ I$
 $\implies x + y \in indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ I$
unfolding $indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}def$ **by** $auto$

lemma $(in\ vec\text{-}space)\ lincomb\text{-}indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec$: **assumes** cI : $\bigwedge x. x \in C \implies c\ x \in \mathbb{Z}$
and C : $C \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec\ n$
and CI : $C \subseteq indexed\text{-}Ints\text{-}vec\ I$

shows $\text{lincomb } c \ C \in \text{indexed-Ints-vec } I$
proof –
from C **have** $\text{id}: \text{dim-vec } (\text{lincomb } c \ C) = n$ **by** *auto*
show *?thesis* **unfolding** $\text{indexed-Ints-vec-def mem-Collect-eq id}$
proof (*intro allI impI*)
fix i
assume $i: i < n$ **and** $iI: i \in I$
have $\text{lincomb } c \ C \ \$ \ i = (\sum_{x \in C}. c \ x * x \ \$ \ i)$
by (*rule lincomb-index[OF i C]*)
also have $\dots \in \mathbb{Z}$
by (*intro Ints-sum Ints-mult cI, insert i iI CI[unfolded indexed-Ints-vec-def]*
 $C, \text{force+}$)
finally show $\text{lincomb } c \ C \ \$ \ i \in \mathbb{Z}$.
qed
qed

definition $\text{Bounded-vec } (b :: 'a :: \text{linordered-idom}) = \{x . \forall i < \text{dim-vec } x . \text{abs } (x \ \$ \ i) \leq b\}$

lemma $\text{Bounded-vec-vec-set}: v \in \text{Bounded-vec } b \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in \text{vec-set } v. \text{abs } x \leq b)$
unfolding $\text{Bounded-vec-def vec-set-def}$ **by** *auto*

definition $\text{Bounded-mat } (b :: 'a :: \text{linordered-idom}) = \{A . (\forall i < \text{dim-row } A . \forall j < \text{dim-col } A. \text{abs } (A \ \$ \$ \ (i,j)) \leq b)\}$

lemma $\text{Bounded-mat-elements-mat}: A \in \text{Bounded-mat } b \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in \text{elements-mat } A. \text{abs } x \leq b)$
unfolding $\text{Bounded-mat-def elements-mat-def}$ **by** *auto*

lemma $\text{Bounded-vec-rows-Bounded-mat[simp]}: \text{set } (\text{rows } A) \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } B \longleftrightarrow A \in \text{Bounded-mat } B$
unfolding $\text{rows-def Bounded-vec-def Bounded-mat-def}$ **by** *force*

lemma $\text{unit-vec-Bounded-vec[simp,intro]}: \text{unit-vec } n \ i \in \text{Bounded-vec } (\max 1 \ Bnd)$
unfolding $\text{Bounded-vec-def unit-vec-def}$ **by** *auto*

lemma $\text{unit-vec-int-bounds}: \text{set } (\text{unit-vecs } n) \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } (\max 1 \ Bnd))$
unfolding unit-vecs-def **by** (*auto simp: Bounded-vec-def*)

lemma $\text{Bounded-matD}: \text{assumes } A \in \text{Bounded-mat } b$
 $A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ nc$
shows $i < nr \implies j < nc \implies \text{abs } (A \ \$ \$ \ (i,j)) \leq b$
using *assms* **unfolding** Bounded-mat-def **by** *auto*

lemma $\text{Bounded-vec-mono}: b \leq B \implies \text{Bounded-vec } b \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } B$
unfolding Bounded-vec-def **by** *auto*

lemma $\text{Bounded-mat-mono}: b \leq B \implies \text{Bounded-mat } b \subseteq \text{Bounded-mat } B$

unfolding *Bounded-mat-def* **by** *force*

lemma *finite-Bounded-vec-Max*:

assumes $A: A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$

and $\text{fin}: \text{finite } A$

shows $A \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{Max } \{ \text{abs } (a \ \$ \ i) \mid a \ i. a \in A \wedge i < n \})$

proof

let $?B = \{ \text{abs } (a \ \$ \ i) \mid a \ i. a \in A \wedge i < n \}$

have $\text{fin}: \text{finite } ?B$

by (*rule finite-subset*[*of* - ($\lambda (a, i). \text{abs } (a \ \$ \ i)$) ' ($A \times \{0 \dots n\}$)], *insert fin*, *auto*)

fix a

assume $a: a \in A$

show $a \in \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{Max } ?B)$

unfolding *Bounded-vec-def*

by (*standard*, *intro allI impI Max-ge*[*OF fin*], *insert a A*, *force*)

qed

definition *is-det-bound* :: $(\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a :: \text{linordered-idom} \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**

$\text{is-det-bound } f = (\forall A \ n \ x. A \in \text{carrier-mat } n \ n \longrightarrow A \in \text{Bounded-mat } x \longrightarrow \text{abs } (\text{det } A) \leq f \ n \ x)$

lemma *is-det-bound-ge-zero*: **assumes** *is-det-bound* f

and $x \geq 0$

shows $f \ n \ x \geq 0$

using *assms*(1)[*unfolded is-det-bound-def*, *rule-format*, *of* $0_m \ n \ n \ n \ x$]

using *assms*(2) **unfolding** *Bounded-mat-def* **by** *auto*

definition *det-bound-fact* :: $\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a :: \text{linordered-idom} \Rightarrow 'a$ **where**

$\text{det-bound-fact } n \ x = \text{fact } n * (x^n)$

lemma *det-bound-fact*: *is-det-bound* *det-bound-fact*

unfolding *is-det-bound-def*

proof (*intro allI impI*)

fix $A :: 'a :: \text{linordered-idom mat}$ **and** $n \ x$

assume $A: A \in \text{carrier-mat } n \ n$

and $x: A \in \text{Bounded-mat } x$

show $\text{abs } (\text{det } A) \leq \text{det-bound-fact } n \ x$

proof -

have $\text{abs } (\text{det } A) = \text{abs } (\sum p \mid p \text{ permutes } \{0 \dots n\}. \text{signof } p * (\prod i = 0 \dots n. A \ \$\$ (i, p \ i)))$

unfolding *det-def*'[*OF A*] ..

also have $\dots \leq (\sum p \mid p \text{ permutes } \{0 \dots n\}. \text{abs } (\text{signof } p * (\prod i = 0 \dots n. A \ \$\$ (i, p \ i))))$

by (*rule sum-abs*)

also have $\dots = (\sum p \mid p \text{ permutes } \{0 \dots n\}. (\prod i = 0 \dots n. \text{abs } (A \ \$\$ (i, p \ i))))$

by (*rule sum.cong*[*OF refl*], *auto simp: abs-mult abs-prod sign-def simp flip: of-int-abs*)

also have $\dots \leq (\sum p \mid p \text{ permutes } \{0..<n\}. (\prod i = 0..<n. x))$
 by (intro sum-mono prod-mono conjI Bounded-matD[OF x A], auto)
 also have $\dots = \text{fact } n * x^n$ by (auto simp add: card-permutations)
 finally show $\text{abs } (\det A) \leq \text{det-bound-fact } n x$ unfolding det-bound-fact-def
 by auto
 qed
 qed

lemma (in gram-schmidt-fs) Gramian-determinant-det: **assumes** A: $A \in \text{carrier-mat } n \ n$
shows Gramian-determinant (rows A) $n = \det A * \det A$
proof –
 have [simp]: $\text{mat-of-rows } n \ (\text{rows } A) = A$ using A
 by (intro eq-matI, auto)
 show ?thesis using A
 unfolding Gramian-determinant-def
 by (subst Gramian-matrix-alt-def, force, simp add: Let-def, subst det-mult[of - n],
 auto simp: det-transpose)
 qed

lemma (in gram-schmidt-fs-lin-indpt) det-bound-main: **assumes** rows: $\text{rows } A = \text{fs}$
 and A: $A \in \text{carrier-mat } n \ n$
 and n0: $n > 0$
 and Bnd: $A \in \text{Bounded-mat } c$
shows
 $(\text{abs } (\det A))^2 \leq \text{of-nat } n \wedge n * c^{(2 * n)}$
proof –
 from n0 A Bnd have $\text{abs } (A \$\$ (0,0)) \leq c$ by (auto simp: Bounded-mat-def)
 hence c0: $c \geq 0$ by auto
 from n0 A rows have fs: $\text{set fs} \neq \{\}$ by (auto simp: rows-def)
 from rows A have len: $\text{length fs} = n$ by auto
 have $(\text{abs } (\det A))^2 = \det A * \det A$ unfolding power2-eq-square by simp
 also have $\dots = d \ n$ using Gramian-determinant-det[OF A] unfolding rows by
 simp
 also have $\dots = (\prod j < n. \|gso \ j\|^2)$
 by (rule Gramian-determinant(1), auto simp: len)
 also have $\dots \leq (\prod j < n. N)$
 by (rule prod-mono, insert N-gso, auto simp: len)
 also have $\dots = N^n$ by simp
 also have $\dots \leq (\text{of-nat } n * c^2)^n$
proof (rule power-mono)
 show $0 \leq N$ using N-ge-0 len n0 by auto
 show $N \leq \text{of-nat } n * c^2$ unfolding N-def
proof (intro Max.boundedI, force, use fs in force, clarify)
 fix f
 assume $f \in \text{set fs}$

```

from this[folded rows] obtain i where i: i < n and f: f = row A i
  using A unfolding rows-def by auto
have ||f||2 = (∑ x ← list-of-vec (row A i). x2)
  unfolding f sq-norm-vec-def power2-eq-square by simp
also have list-of-vec (row A i) = map (λ j. A $$ (i,j)) [0.. $n$ ]
  using i A by (intro nth-equalityI, auto)
also have sum-list (map power2 (map (λ j. A $$ (i, j)) [0.. $n$ ])) ≤
  sum-list (map (λ j. c2) [0.. $n$ ]) unfolding map-map o-def
proof (intro sum-list-mono)
  fix j
  assume j ∈ set [0.. $n$ ]
  hence j: j < n by auto
  from Bnd i j A have |A $$ (i, j)| ≤ c by (auto simp: Bounded-mat-def)
  thus (A $$ (i, j))2 ≤ c2
    by (meson abs-ge-zero order-trans power2-le-iff-abs-le)
qed
also have ... = (∑ j < n. c2)
  unfolding interv-sum-list-conv-sum-set-nat by auto
also have ... = of-nat n * c2 by auto
finally show ||f||2 ≤ of-nat n * c2 .
qed
qed
also have ... = (of-nat n)n * (c2 ^ n) by (auto simp: algebra-simps)
also have ... = of-nat n ^ n * c2 (2 * n) unfolding power-mult[symmetric]
  by (simp add: ac-simps)
finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

lemma *det-bound-hadamard-squared*: fixes $A :: 'a :: \text{trivial-conjugatable-linordered-field}$
 mat

```

assumes A: A ∈ carrier-mat n n
  and Bnd: A ∈ Bounded-mat c
shows (abs (det A))2 ≤ of-nat n ^ n * c ^ (2 * n)
proof (cases n > 0)
  case n: True
  from n A Bnd have abs (A $$ (0,0)) ≤ c by (auto simp: Bounded-mat-def)
  hence c0: c ≥ 0 by auto
  let ?us = map (row A) [0.. $n$ ]
  interpret gso: gram-schmidt-fs n ?us .
  have len: length ?us = n by simp
  have us: set ?us ⊆ carrier-vec n using A by auto
  let ?vs = map gso.gso [0.. $n$ ]
  show ?thesis
  proof (cases carrier-vec n ⊆ gso.span (set ?us))
    case False
    from mat-of-rows-rows[unfolded rows-def, of A] A gram-schmidt.non-span-det-zero[OF
len False us]
    have zero: det A = 0 by auto

```

```

  show ?thesis unfolding zero using c0 by simp
next
  case True
  with us len have basis: gso.basis-list ?us unfolding gso.basis-list-def by auto
  note in-dep = gso.basis-list-imp-lin-indpt-list[OF basis]
  interpret gso: gram-schmidt-fs-lin-indpt n ?us
    by (standard) (use in-dep gso.lin-indpt-list-def in auto)
  from gso.det-bound-main[OF - A n Bnd]
  show ?thesis using A by (auto simp: rows-def)
qed
next
  case False
  with A show ?thesis by auto
qed

definition det-bound-hadamard :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  int  $\Rightarrow$  int where
  det-bound-hadamard n c = (sqrt-int-floor ((int n * c2)n))

lemma det-bound-hadamard-altdef[code]:
  det-bound-hadamard n c = (if n = 1  $\vee$  even n then int n (n div 2) * (abs c)n
  else sqrt-int-floor ((int n * c2)n))
proof (cases n = 1  $\vee$  even n)
  case False
  thus ?thesis unfolding det-bound-hadamard-def by auto
next
  case True
  define thesis where thesis = ?thesis
  have thesis  $\longleftrightarrow$  sqrt-int-floor ((int n * c2)n) = int n (n div 2) * abs cn
    using True unfolding thesis-def det-bound-hadamard-def by auto
  also have (int n * c2)n = int nn * c(2 * n)
    unfolding power-mult[symmetric] power-mult-distrib by (simp add: ac-simps)
  also have int nn = int n (2 * (n div 2)) using True by auto
  also have ... * c(2 * n) = (int n (n div 2) * cn)2
    unfolding power-mult-distrib power-mult[symmetric] by (simp add: ac-simps)
  also have sqrt-int-floor ... = int n (n div 2) * |c|n
    unfolding sqrt-int-floor of-int-power real-sqrt-abs of-int-abs[symmetric] floor-of-int
    abs-mult power-abs by simp
  finally have thesis by auto
  thus ?thesis unfolding thesis-def by auto
qed

lemma det-bound-hadamard: is-det-bound det-bound-hadamard
  unfolding is-det-bound-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  fix A :: int mat and n c
  assume A: A  $\in$  carrier-mat n n and BndA: A  $\in$  Bounded-mat c
  let ?h = rat-of-int
  let ?hA = map-mat ?h A
  let ?hc = ?h c

```

```

from A have hA: ?hA ∈ carrier-mat n n by auto
from BndA have Bnd: ?hA ∈ Bounded-mat ?hc
  unfolding Bounded-mat-def
  by (auto, unfold of-int-abs[symmetric] of-int-le-iff, auto)
have sqrt: sqrt ((real n * (real-of-int c)2) ^ n) ≥ 0
  by simp
from det-bound-hadamard-squared[OF hA Bnd, unfolded of-int-hom.hom-det of-int-abs[symmetric]]
have ?h (|det A|2) ≤ ?h (int n ^ n * c ^ (2 * n)) by simp
from this[unfolded of-int-le-iff]
have |det A|2 ≤ int n ^ n * c ^ (2 * n) .
also have ... = (int n * c2)n unfolding power-mult power-mult-distrib by
simp
  finally have |det A|2 ≤ (int n * c2) ^ n by simp
  hence sqrt-int-floor (|det A|2) ≤ sqrt-int-floor ((int n * c2) ^ n)
    unfolding sqrt-int-floor by (intro floor-mono real-sqrt-le-mono, linarith)
also have sqrt-int-floor (|det A|2) = |det A| by (simp del: of-int-abs add: of-int-abs[symmetric])
finally show |det A| ≤ det-bound-hadamard n c unfolding det-bound-hadamard-def
by simp
qed

lemma n-pow-n-le-fact-square: n ^ n ≤ (fact n)2
proof -
  define ii where ii (i :: nat) = (n + 1 - i) for i
  have id: ii ' {1..n} = {1..n} unfolding ii-def
  proof (auto, goal-cases)
    case (1 i)
    hence i: i = (-) (Suc n) (ii i) unfolding ii-def by auto
    show ?case by (subst i, rule imageI, insert 1, auto simp: ii-def)
  qed
  have (fact n) = (∏ {1..n})
    by (simp add: fact-prod)
  hence (fact n)2 = ((∏ {1..n}) * (∏ {1..n})) by (auto simp: power2-eq-square)
  also have ... = ((∏ {1..n}) * prod (λ i. i) (ii ' {1..n}))
    by (rule arg-cong[of - λ x. (- * x)], rule prod.cong[OF id[symmetric]], auto)
  also have ... = ((∏ {1..n}) * prod ii {1..n})
    by (subst prod.reindex, auto simp: ii-def inj-on-def)
  also have ... = (prod (λ i. i * ii i) {1..n})
    by (subst prod.distrib, auto)
  also have ... ≥ (prod (λ i. n) {1..n})
  proof (intro prod-mono conjI, simp)
    fix i
    assume i: i ∈ {1 .. n}
    let ?j = ii i
    show n ≤ i * ?j
  proof (cases i = 1 ∨ i = n)
    case True
    thus ?thesis unfolding ii-def by auto
  next
    case False

```

```

    hence min:  $\min i \ ?j \geq 2$  using  $i$  by (auto simp: ii-def)
    have max:  $n \leq 2 * \max i \ ?j$  using  $i$  by (auto simp: ii-def)
    also have  $\dots \leq \min i \ ?j * \max i \ ?j$  using min
      by (intro mult-mono, auto)
    also have  $\dots = i * ?j$  by (cases  $i < ?j$ , auto simp: ac-simps)
    finally show ?thesis .
  qed
qed
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed

lemma sqrt-int-floor-bound:  $0 \leq x \implies (\text{sqrt-int-floor } x)^2 \leq x$ 
  unfolding sqrt-int-floor-def
  using root-int-floor-def root-int-floor-pos-lower by auto

lemma det-bound-hadamard-improves-det-bound-fact: assumes  $c: c \geq 0$ 
  shows  $\text{det-bound-hadamard } n \ c \leq \text{det-bound-fact } n \ c$ 
proof -
  have  $(\text{det-bound-hadamard } n \ c)^2 \leq (\text{int } n * c^2)^n$  unfolding det-bound-hadamard-def
    by (rule sqrt-int-floor-bound, auto)
  also have  $\dots = \text{int } (n^n * c^{2 * n})$  by (simp add: power-mult power-mult-distrib)
  also have  $\dots \leq \text{int } ((\text{fact } n)^2 * c^{2 * n})$ 
    by (intro mult-right-mono, unfold of-nat-le-iff, rule n-pow-n-le-fact-square, auto)
  also have  $\dots = (\text{det-bound-fact } n \ c)^2$  unfolding det-bound-fact-def
    by (simp add: power-mult-distrib power-mult[symmetric] ac-simps)
  finally have  $\text{abs } (\text{det-bound-hadamard } n \ c) \leq \text{abs } (\text{det-bound-fact } n \ c)$ 
    unfolding abs-le-square-iff .
  hence  $\text{det-bound-hadamard } n \ c \leq \text{abs } (\text{det-bound-fact } n \ c)$  by simp
  also have  $\dots = \text{det-bound-fact } n \ c$  unfolding det-bound-fact-def using  $c$  by
    auto
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

context
begin
private fun syl ::  $\text{int} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{int mat}$  where
  syl  $c \ 0 = \text{mat } 1 \ 1 \ (\lambda \_. c)$ 
| syl  $c \ (\text{Suc } n) = (\text{let } A = \text{syl } c \ n \text{ in}$ 
  four-block-mat  $A \ A \ (-A) \ A)$ 

private lemma syl: assumes  $c: c \geq 0$ 
  shows  $\text{syl } c \ n \in \text{Bounded-mat } c \wedge \text{syl } c \ n \in \text{carrier-mat } (2^n) \ (2^n)$ 
     $\wedge \text{det } (\text{syl } c \ n) = \text{det-bound-hadamard } (2^n) \ c$ 
proof (cases  $n = 0$ )
  case True
  thus ?thesis using  $c$ 
    unfolding det-bound-hadamard-altdef
    by (auto simp: Bounded-mat-def det-single)
next

```

```

case False
then obtain m where n: n = Suc m by (cases n, auto)
show ?thesis unfolding n
proof (induct m)
  case 0
    show ?case unfolding syl.simps Let-def using c
    apply (subst det-four-block-mat[of - 1]; force?)
    apply (subst det-single,
      auto simp: Bounded-mat-def scalar-prod-def det-bound-hadamard-altdef
power2-eq-square)
    done
  next
    case (Suc m)
    define A where A = syl c (Suc m)
    let ?FB = four-block-mat A A (- A) A
    define n :: nat where n =  $2^{\text{Suc } m}$ 
    from Suc[folded A-def n-def]
    have Bnd: A ∈ Bounded-mat c
    and A: A ∈ carrier-mat n n
    and detA: det A = det-bound-hadamard n c
    by auto
    have n2:  $2^{\text{Suc } m} = 2 * n$  unfolding n-def by auto
    show ?case unfolding syl.simps(2)[of - Suc m] A-def[symmetric] Let-def n2
    proof (intro conjI)
      show ?FB ∈ carrier-mat (2 * n) (2 * n) using A by auto
      show ?FB ∈ Bounded-mat c using Bnd A unfolding Bounded-mat-elements-mat
        by (subst elements-four-block-mat-id, auto)
      have ev: even n and sum:  $n \text{ div } 2 + n \text{ div } 2 = n$  unfolding n-def by auto
      have n2:  $n * 2 = n + n$  by simp
      have det ?FB = det (A * A - A * - A)
        by (rule det-four-block-mat[OF A A - A], insert A, auto)
      also have  $A * A - A * - A = A * A + A * A$  using A by auto
      also have  $\dots = 2 \cdot_m (A * A)$  using A by auto
      also have  $\text{det } \dots = 2^n * \text{det } (A * A)$ 
        by (subst det-smult, insert A, auto)
      also have  $\text{det } (A * A) = \text{det } A * \text{det } A$  by (rule det-mult[OF A A])
      also have  $2^n * \dots = \text{det-bound-hadamard } (2 * n) \text{ } c$  unfolding detA
      unfolding det-bound-hadamard-altdef by (simp add: ev ac-simps power-add[symmetric]
sum n2)
      finally show det ?FB = det-bound-hadamard (2 * n) c .
    qed
  qed
qed

lemma det-bound-hadamard-tight:
  assumes c:  $c \geq 0$ 
  and n =  $2^m$ 
  shows  $\exists A. A \in \text{carrier-mat } n \text{ } n \wedge A \in \text{Bounded-mat } c \wedge \text{det } A = \text{det-bound-hadamard}$ 
n c

```

by (rule exI[of - syl c m], insert syl[OF c, of m, folded assms(2)], auto)
 end

lemma Ints-matE: **assumes** $A \in \mathbb{Z}_m$
shows $\exists B. A = \text{map-mat of-int } B$
proof –
 have $\forall ij. \exists x. \text{fst } ij < \text{dim-row } A \longrightarrow \text{snd } ij < \text{dim-col } A \longrightarrow A \ \$\$ \ ij = \text{of-int } x$
 using assms **unfolding** Ints-mat-def Ints-def **by** auto
from choice[OF this] **obtain** f **where**
 $f: \forall i j. i < \text{dim-row } A \longrightarrow j < \text{dim-col } A \longrightarrow A \ \$\$ (i,j) = \text{of-int } (f (i,j))$
by auto
show ?thesis
 by (intro exI[of - mat (dim-row A) (dim-col A) f] eq-matI, insert f, auto)
qed

lemma is-det-bound-of-int: **fixes** $A :: 'a :: \text{linordered-idom mat}$
assumes db: is-det-bound db
and A: $A \in \text{carrier-mat } n \ n$
and $A \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap \text{Bounded-mat (of-int bnd)}$
shows $\text{abs } (\det A) \leq \text{of-int } (db \ n \ \text{bnd})$
proof –
from assms **have** $A \in \mathbb{Z}_m$ **by** auto
from Ints-matE[OF this] **obtain** B **where**
 $AB: A = \text{map-mat of-int } B$ **by** auto
from assms **have** $A \in \text{Bounded-mat (of-int bnd)}$ **by** auto
hence $B \in \text{Bounded-mat bnd}$ **unfolding** AB Bounded-mat-elements-mat
by (auto simp flip: of-int-abs)
from db[unfolded is-det-bound-def, rule-format, OF - this, of n] AB A
have $|\det B| \leq db \ n \ \text{bnd}$ **by** auto
thus ?thesis **unfolding** AB of-int-hom.hom-det
by (simp flip: of-int-abs)
qed

lemma minus-in-Bounded-vec[simp]:
 $(-x) \in \text{Bounded-vec } b \longleftrightarrow x \in \text{Bounded-vec } b$
unfolding Bounded-vec-def **by** auto

lemma sum-in-Bounded-vecI[intro]: **assumes**
 $xB: x \in \text{Bounded-vec } B1$ **and**
 $yB: y \in \text{Bounded-vec } B2$ **and**
 $x: x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **and**
 $y: y \in \text{carrier-vec } n$
shows $x + y \in \text{Bounded-vec } (B1 + B2)$
proof –
from x y **have** id: $\text{dim-vec } (x + y) = n$ **by** auto
show ?thesis **unfolding** Bounded-vec-def mem-Collect-eq id

```

proof (intro allI impI)
  fix i
  assume i:  $i < n$ 
  with  $x\ y\ xB\ yB$  have *:  $\text{abs } (x \$ i) \leq B1 \ \text{abs } (y \$ i) \leq B2$ 
    unfolding Bounded-vec-def by auto
  thus  $|(x + y) \$ i| \leq B1 + B2$  using  $i\ x\ y$  by simp
qed
qed

lemma (in gram-schmidt) lincomb-card-bound: assumes  $XBnd: X \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } Bnd$ 
  and  $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and  $Bnd: Bnd \geq 0$ 
  and  $c: \bigwedge x. x \in X \implies \text{abs } (c\ x) \leq 1$ 
  and  $\text{card}: \text{card } X \leq k$ 
shows  $\text{lincomb } c\ X \in \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-nat } k * Bnd)$ 
proof -
  from  $X$  have  $\text{dim}: \text{dim-vec } (\text{lincomb } c\ X) = n$  by auto
  show ?thesis unfolding Bounded-vec-def mem-Collect-eq  $\text{dim}$ 
  proof (intro allI impI)
    fix i
    assume i:  $i < n$ 
    have  $\text{abs } (\text{lincomb } c\ X \$ i) = \text{abs } (\sum x \in X. c\ x * x \$ i)$ 
      by (subst lincomb-index[OF i X], auto)
    also have  $\dots \leq (\sum x \in X. \text{abs } (c\ x * x \$ i))$  by auto
    also have  $\dots = (\sum x \in X. \text{abs } (c\ x) * \text{abs } (x \$ i))$  by (auto simp: abs-mult)
    also have  $\dots \leq (\sum x \in X. 1 * \text{abs } (x \$ i))$ 
      by (rule sum-mono[OF mult-right-mono], insert c, auto)
    also have  $\dots = (\sum x \in X. \text{abs } (x \$ i))$  by simp
    also have  $\dots \leq (\sum x \in X. Bnd)$ 
      by (rule sum-mono, insert i XBnd[unfolded Bounded-vec-def] X, force)
    also have  $\dots = \text{of-nat } (\text{card } X) * Bnd$  by simp
    also have  $\dots \leq \text{of-nat } k * Bnd$ 
      by (rule mult-right-mono[OF - Bnd], insert card, auto)
    finally show  $\text{abs } (\text{lincomb } c\ X \$ i) \leq \text{of-nat } k * Bnd$  by auto
  qed
qed

lemma bounded-vecset-sum:
  assumes  $A_{\text{carr}}: A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and  $B_{\text{carr}}: B \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and  $\text{sum}: C = A + B$ 
  and  $C_{\text{bnd}}: \exists \text{ bnd}C. C \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } \text{bnd}C$ 
shows  $A \neq \{\} \implies (\exists \text{ bnd}B. B \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } \text{bnd}B)$ 
  and  $B \neq \{\} \implies (\exists \text{ bnd}A. A \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } \text{bnd}A)$ 
proof -
  {
    fix  $A\ B :: 'a\ \text{vec set}$ 
    assume  $A_{\text{carr}}: A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 

```



```

assume  $Bcarr$ :  $B \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
assume  $sum$ :  $C = A + B$ 
assume  $Ane$ :  $A \neq \{\}$ 
have  $\exists \text{ bnd}B. B \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec bnd}B$ 
proof(cases  $B = \{\}$ )
  case  $Bne$ : False
    from  $Cbnd$  obtain  $bndC$  where  $bndC$ :  $C \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec bnd}C$  by auto
    from  $Ane$  obtain  $a$  where  $aA$ :  $a \in A$  and  $acarr$ :  $a \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  using
  Acarr by auto
    let  $?M = \{\text{abs } (a \ \$ \ i) \mid i. i < n\}$ 
    have  $finM$ : finite  $?M$  by simp
    define  $nb$  where  $nb = \text{abs } bndC + \text{Max } ?M$ 
    {
      fix  $b$ 
      assume  $bB$ :  $b \in B$  and  $bcarr$ :  $b \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
      have  $ab$ :  $a + b \in \text{Bounded-vec bnd}C$  using  $aA \ bB \ bndC \ sum$  by auto
      {
        fix  $i$ 
        assume  $i\text{-lt-}n$ :  $i < n$ 
        hence  $ai\text{-le-max}$ :  $\text{abs}(a \ \$ \ i) \leq \text{Max } ?M$  using  $acarr \ finM \ \text{Max-ge}$  by blast
        hence  $\text{abs}(a \ \$ \ i + b \ \$ \ i) \leq \text{abs } bndC$ 
        using  $ab \ bcarr \ acarr \ \text{index-add-vec}(1) \ i\text{-lt-}n$  unfolding Bounded-vec-def
      by auto
        hence  $\text{abs}(b \ \$ \ i) \leq \text{abs } bndC + \text{abs}(a \ \$ \ i)$  by simp
        hence  $\text{abs}(b \ \$ \ i) \leq nb$  using  $i\text{-lt-}n \ bcarr \ ai\text{-le-max}$  unfolding  $nb\text{-def}$  by
      simp
      }
      hence  $b \in \text{Bounded-vec } nb$  unfolding Bounded-vec-def using  $bcarr \ \text{carrier-vec}D$  by blast
    }
    hence  $B \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } nb$  unfolding Bounded-vec-def using  $Bcarr$  by auto
    thus  $?thesis$  by auto
  qed auto
} note  $theor = this$ 
show  $A \neq \{\} \implies (\exists \text{ bnd}B. B \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec bnd}B)$  using  $theor[OF \ Acarr \ Bcarr \ sum]$  by simp
have  $CBA$ :  $C = B + A$  unfolding  $sum$  by (rule comm-add-vecset[OF Acarr Bcarr])
show  $B \neq \{\} \implies \exists \text{ bnd}A. A \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec bnd}A$  using  $theor[OF \ Bcarr \ Acarr \ CBA]$  by simp
qed

end

```

7 Cones

We define the notions like cone, polyhedral cone, etc. and prove some basic facts about them.

```

theory Cone
  imports
    Basis-Extension
    Missing-VS-Connect
    Integral-Bounded-Vectors
begin

context gram-schmidt
begin

definition nonneg-lincomb  $c\ Vs\ b = (lincomb\ c\ Vs = b \wedge c \text{ ' } Vs \subseteq \{x. x \geq 0\})$ 
definition nonneg-lincomb-list  $c\ Vs\ b = (lincomb-list\ c\ Vs = b \wedge (\forall\ i < length\ Vs. c\ i \geq 0))$ 

definition finite-cone  $:: 'a\ vec\ set \Rightarrow 'a\ vec\ set$  where
  finite-cone  $Vs = (\{ b. \exists\ c. nonneg-lincomb\ c\ (if\ finite\ Vs\ then\ Vs\ else\ \{\})\ b})$ 

definition cone  $:: 'a\ vec\ set \Rightarrow 'a\ vec\ set$  where
  cone  $Vs = (\{ x. \exists\ Ws. finite\ Ws \wedge Ws \subseteq Vs \wedge x \in finite-cone\ Ws\})$ 

definition cone-list  $:: 'a\ vec\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ vec\ set$  where
  cone-list  $Vs = \{b. \exists\ c. nonneg-lincomb-list\ c\ Vs\ b\}$ 

lemma finite-cone-iff-cone-list: assumes  $Vs: Vs \subseteq carrier-vec\ n$ 
  and  $id: Vs = set\ Vsl$ 
shows finite-cone  $Vs = cone-list\ Vsl$ 
proof -
  have fin: finite  $Vs$  unfolding  $id$  by auto
  from  $Vs\ id$  have  $Vsl: set\ Vsl \subseteq carrier-vec\ n$  by auto
  {
    fix  $c\ b$ 
    assume  $b: lincomb\ c\ Vs = b$  and  $c: c \text{ ' } Vs \subseteq \{x. x \geq 0\}$ 
    from lincomb-as-lincomb-list[OF  $Vsl$ , of  $c$ ]
    have  $b: lincomb-list\ (\lambda i. if\ \exists j < i. Vsl\ !\ i = Vsl\ !\ j\ then\ 0\ else\ c\ (Vsl\ !\ i))\ Vsl$ 
     $= b$ 
    unfolding  $b[symmetric]\ id$  by simp
    have  $\exists\ c. nonneg-lincomb-list\ c\ Vsl\ b$ 
    unfolding nonneg-lincomb-list-def
    apply (intro exI conjI, rule  $b$ )
    by (insert  $c$ , auto simp: set-conv-nth  $id$ )
  }
moreover
  {
    fix  $c\ b$ 
    assume  $b: lincomb-list\ c\ Vsl = b$  and  $c: (\forall\ i < length\ Vsl. c\ i \geq 0)$ 
    have nonneg-lincomb (mk-coeff  $Vsl\ c$ )  $Vs\ b$ 
    unfolding  $b[symmetric]\ nonneg-lincomb-def$ 
    apply (subst lincomb-list-as-lincomb[OF  $Vsl$ ])
    by (insert  $c$ , auto simp: id mk-coeff-def intro!: sum-list-nonneg)
  }

```

```

    hence  $\exists c. \text{nonneg-lincomb } c \text{ } Vs \text{ } b$  by blast
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis unfolding finite-cone-def cone-list-def
    nonneg-lincomb-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def using fin by auto
qed

lemma cone-alt-def: assumes Vs:  $Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  shows cone Vs = ( $\{ x. \exists Ws. \text{set } Ws \subseteq Vs \wedge x \in \text{cone-list } Ws \}$ )
  unfolding cone-def
proof (intro Collect-cong iffI)
  fix x
  assume  $\exists Ws. \text{finite } Ws \wedge Ws \subseteq Vs \wedge x \in \text{finite-cone } Ws$ 
  then obtain Ws where *:  $\text{finite } Ws \wedge Ws \subseteq Vs \wedge x \in \text{finite-cone } Ws$  by auto
  from finite-list[OF *(1)] obtain Wsl where id:  $Ws = \text{set } Wsl$  by auto
  from finite-cone-iff-cone-list[OF - this] *(2-3) Vs
  have  $x \in \text{cone-list } Wsl$  by auto
  with *(2) id show  $\exists Wsl. \text{set } Wsl \subseteq Vs \wedge x \in \text{cone-list } Wsl$  by blast
next
  fix x
  assume  $\exists Wsl. \text{set } Wsl \subseteq Vs \wedge x \in \text{cone-list } Wsl$ 
  then obtain Wsl where  $\text{set } Wsl \subseteq Vs \wedge x \in \text{cone-list } Wsl$  by auto
  thus  $\exists Ws. \text{finite } Ws \wedge Ws \subseteq Vs \wedge x \in \text{finite-cone } Ws$  using Vs
    by (intro exI[of - set Wsl], subst finite-cone-iff-cone-list, auto)
qed

lemma cone-mono:  $Vs \subseteq Ws \implies \text{cone } Vs \subseteq \text{cone } Ws$ 
  unfolding cone-def by blast

lemma finite-cone-mono: assumes fin:  $\text{finite } Ws$ 
  and Vs:  $Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and sub:  $Vs \subseteq Ws$ 
  shows  $\text{finite-cone } Vs \subseteq \text{finite-cone } Ws$ 
proof
  fix b
  assume  $b \in \text{finite-cone } Vs$ 
  then obtain c where b:  $b = \text{lincomb } c \text{ } Vs$  and c:  $c \text{ ' } Vs \subseteq \{x. x \geq 0\}$ 
    unfolding finite-cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def using finite-subset[OF sub fin]
  by auto
  define d where  $d = (\lambda v. \text{if } v \in Vs \text{ then } c \text{ } v \text{ else } 0)$ 
  from c have d:  $d \text{ ' } Ws \subseteq \{x. x \geq 0\}$  unfolding d-def by auto
  have  $\text{lincomb } d \text{ } Ws = \text{lincomb } d \text{ } (Ws - Vs) + \text{lincomb } d \text{ } Vs$ 
    by (rule lincomb-vec-diff-add[OF Ws sub fin], auto)
  also have  $\text{lincomb } d \text{ } Vs = \text{lincomb } c \text{ } Vs$ 
    by (rule lincomb-cong, insert Ws sub, auto simp: d-def)
  also have  $\text{lincomb } d \text{ } (Ws - Vs) = 0_v \text{ } n$ 
    by (rule lincomb-zero, insert Ws sub, auto simp: d-def)
  also have  $0_v \text{ } n + \text{lincomb } c \text{ } Vs = \text{lincomb } c \text{ } Vs$  using Ws sub by auto
  also have  $\dots = b$  unfolding b by simp
  finally

```

```

  have  $b = \text{lincomb } d \text{ } Ws$  by auto
  then show  $b \in \text{finite-cone } Ws$  using  $d \text{ } fin$ 
    unfolding finite-cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def by auto
qed

```

```

lemma finite-cone-carrier:  $A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies \text{finite-cone } A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  unfolding finite-cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def by auto

```

```

lemma cone-carrier:  $A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies \text{cone } A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  using finite-cone-carrier unfolding cone-def by blast

```

```

lemma cone-iff-finite-cone: assumes  $A: A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and fin: finite A
shows  $\text{cone } A = \text{finite-cone } A$ 
proof
  show  $\text{finite-cone } A \subseteq \text{cone } A$  unfolding cone-def using fin by auto
  show  $\text{cone } A \subseteq \text{finite-cone } A$  unfolding cone-def using fin finite-cone-mono[OF
fin A] by auto
qed

```

```

lemma set-in-finite-cone:
  assumes  $Vs: Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and fin: finite Vs
shows  $Vs \subseteq \text{finite-cone } Vs$ 
proof
  fix  $x$ 
  assume  $x: x \in Vs$ 
  show  $x \in \text{finite-cone } Vs$  unfolding finite-cone-def
  proof
    let  $?c = \lambda y. \text{if } x = y \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 :: 'a$ 
    have  $Vsx: Vs - \{x\} \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  using  $Vs$  by auto
    have  $\text{lincomb } ?c \text{ } Vs = x + \text{lincomb } ?c \text{ } (Vs - \{x\})$ 
      using lincomb-del2  $x \text{ } Vs$  fin by auto
    also have  $\text{lincomb } ?c \text{ } (Vs - \{x\}) = 0_v \text{ } n$  using lincomb-zero  $Vsx$  by auto
    also have  $x + 0_v \text{ } n = x$  using M.r-zero  $Vs \text{ } x$  by auto
    finally have  $\text{lincomb } ?c \text{ } Vs = x$  by auto
    moreover have  $?c \text{ ' } Vs \subseteq \{z. z \geq 0\}$  by auto
    ultimately show  $\exists c. \text{nonneg-lincomb } c \text{ (if finite } Vs \text{ then } Vs \text{ else } \{\}) \text{ } x$ 
      unfolding nonneg-lincomb-def
      using fin by auto
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma set-in-cone:
  assumes  $Vs: Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
shows  $Vs \subseteq \text{cone } Vs$ 
proof
  fix  $x$ 
  assume  $x: x \in Vs$ 

```

```

show  $x \in \text{cone } Vs$  unfolding cone-def
proof (intro CollectI exI)
  have  $x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  using  $Vs \ x$  by auto
  then have  $x \in \text{finite-cone } \{x\}$  using set-in-finite-cone by auto
  then show  $\text{finite } \{x\} \wedge \{x\} \subseteq Vs \wedge x \in \text{finite-cone } \{x\}$  using  $x$  by auto
qed
qed

lemma zero-in-finite-cone:
  assumes  $Vs: Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  shows  $0_v \ n \in \text{finite-cone } Vs$ 
proof -
  let  $?Vs = (\text{if finite } Vs \text{ then } Vs \text{ else } \{\})$ 
  have  $\text{lincomb } (\lambda x. 0 :: 'a) \ ?Vs = 0_v \ n$  using lincomb-zero  $Vs$  by auto
  moreover have  $(\lambda x. 0 :: 'a) \cdot ?Vs \subseteq \{y. y \geq 0\}$  by auto
  ultimately show  $?thesis$  unfolding finite-cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def by blast
qed

lemma lincomb-in-finite-cone:
  assumes  $x = \text{lincomb } l \ W$ 
  and finite  $W$ 
  and  $\forall i \in W. l \ i \geq 0$ 
  and  $W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  shows  $x \in \text{finite-cone } W$ 
  using cone-iff-finite-cone assms unfolding finite-cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def
by auto

lemma lincomb-in-cone:
  assumes  $x = \text{lincomb } l \ W$ 
  and finite  $W$ 
  and  $\forall i \in W. l \ i \geq 0$ 
  and  $W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  shows  $x \in \text{cone } W$ 
  using cone-iff-finite-cone assms unfolding finite-cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def
by auto

lemma zero-in-cone:  $0_v \ n \in \text{cone } Vs$ 
proof -
  have finite  $\{\}$  by auto
  moreover have  $\{\} \subseteq \text{cone } Vs$  by auto
  moreover have  $0_v \ n \in \text{finite-cone } \{\}$  using zero-in-finite-cone by auto
  ultimately show  $?thesis$  unfolding cone-def by blast
qed

lemma cone-smult:
  assumes  $a: a \geq 0$ 
  and  $Vs: Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and  $x: x \in \text{cone } Vs$ 
  shows  $a \cdot_v x \in \text{cone } Vs$ 

```

proof –
from $x \ Vs$ **obtain** $Ws \ c$ **where** $Ws: Ws \subseteq Vs$ **and** $fin: finite \ Ws$ **and**
 $nonneg\text{-}lincomb \ c \ Ws \ x$
unfolding $cone\text{-}def \ finite\text{-}cone\text{-}def$ **by** $auto$
then have $nonneg\text{-}lincomb \ (\lambda \ w. \ a * c \ w) \ Ws \ (a \cdot_v x)$
unfolding $nonneg\text{-}lincomb\text{-}def$ **using** $a \ lincomb\text{-}distrib \ Vs$ **by** $auto$
then show $?thesis$ **using** $Ws \ fin$ **unfolding** $cone\text{-}def \ finite\text{-}cone\text{-}def$ **by** $auto$
qed

lemma $finite\text{-}cone\text{-}empty[simp]: finite\text{-}cone \ \{\} = \{0_v \ n\}$
by $(auto \ simp: finite\text{-}cone\text{-}def \ nonneg\text{-}lincomb\text{-}def)$

lemma $cone\text{-}empty[simp]: cone \ \{\} = \{0_v \ n\}$
unfolding $cone\text{-}def$ **by** $simp$

lemma $cone\text{-}elem\text{-}sum:$

assumes $Vs: Vs \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec \ n$
and $x: x \in cone \ Vs$
and $y: y \in cone \ Vs$
shows $x + y \in cone \ Vs$

proof –
obtain Xs **where** $Xs: Xs \subseteq Vs$ **and** $fin\text{-}Xs: finite \ Xs$
and $Xs\text{-}cone: x \in finite\text{-}cone \ Xs$
using $Vs \ x$ **unfolding** $cone\text{-}def$ **by** $auto$
obtain Ys **where** $Ys: Ys \subseteq Vs$ **and** $fin\text{-}Ys: finite \ Ys$
and $Ys\text{-}cone: y \in finite\text{-}cone \ Ys$
using $Vs \ y$ **unfolding** $cone\text{-}def$
by $auto$
have $x \in finite\text{-}cone \ (Xs \cup Ys)$ **and** $y \in finite\text{-}cone \ (Xs \cup Ys)$
using $finite\text{-}cone\text{-}mono \ fin\text{-}Xs \ fin\text{-}Ys \ Xs \ Ys \ Vs \ Xs\text{-}cone \ Ys\text{-}cone$
by $(blast, blast)$
then obtain $cx \ cy$ **where** $nonneg\text{-}lincomb \ cx \ (Xs \cup Ys) \ x$
and $nonneg\text{-}lincomb \ cy \ (Xs \cup Ys) \ y$
unfolding $finite\text{-}cone\text{-}def$ **using** $fin\text{-}Xs \ fin\text{-}Ys$ **by** $auto$
hence $nonneg\text{-}lincomb \ (\lambda \ v. \ cx \ v + cy \ v) \ (Xs \cup Ys) \ (x + y)$
unfolding $nonneg\text{-}lincomb\text{-}def$
using $lincomb\text{-}sum[of \ Xs \cup Ys \ cx \ cy] \ fin\text{-}Xs \ fin\text{-}Ys \ Xs \ Ys \ Vs$
by $fastforce$
hence $x + y \in finite\text{-}cone \ (Xs \cup Ys)$
unfolding $finite\text{-}cone\text{-}def$ **using** $fin\text{-}Xs \ fin\text{-}Ys$ **by** $auto$
thus $?thesis$ **unfolding** $cone\text{-}def$ **using** $fin\text{-}Xs \ fin\text{-}Ys \ Xs \ Ys$ **by** $auto$
qed

lemma $cone\text{-}cone:$

assumes $Vs: Vs \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec \ n$
shows $cone \ (cone \ Vs) = cone \ Vs$

proof
show $cone \ Vs \subseteq cone \ (cone \ Vs)$

```

    by (rule set-in-cone[OF cone-carrier[OF Vs]])
next
show cone (cone Vs)  $\subseteq$  cone Vs
proof
  fix x
  assume x:  $x \in \text{cone } (cone Vs)$ 
  then obtain Ws c where Ws:  $set Ws \subseteq cone Vs$ 
    and c:  $nonneg\text{-}lincomb\text{-}list\ c\ Ws\ x$ 
    using cone-alt-def Vs cone-carrier unfolding cone-list-def by auto

  have  $set Ws \subseteq cone Vs \implies nonneg\text{-}lincomb\text{-}list\ c\ Ws\ x \implies x \in cone Vs$ 
  proof (induction Ws arbitrary: x c)
    case Nil
    hence  $x = 0_v\ n$  unfolding nonneg-lincomb-list-def by auto
    thus  $x \in cone Vs$  using zero-in-cone by auto
  next
    case (Cons a Ws)
    have  $a \in cone Vs$  using Cons.prem1 by auto
    moreover have  $c\ 0 \geq 0$ 
      using Cons.prem2 unfolding nonneg-lincomb-list-def by fastforce
    ultimately have  $c\ 0 \cdot_v a \in cone Vs$  using cone-smult Vs by auto
    moreover have  $lincomb\text{-}list\ (c \circ Suc)\ Ws \in cone Vs$ 
      using Cons unfolding nonneg-lincomb-list-def by fastforce
    moreover have  $x = c\ 0 \cdot_v a + lincomb\text{-}list\ (c \circ Suc)\ Ws$ 
      using Cons.prem2 unfolding nonneg-lincomb-list-def
      by auto
    ultimately show  $x \in cone Vs$  using cone-elem-sum Vs by auto
  qed

  thus  $x \in cone Vs$  using Ws c by auto
qed
qed

lemma cone-smult-basis:
  assumes Vs:  $Vs \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec\ n$ 
    and l:  $l \text{ ' } Vs \subseteq \{x. x > 0\}$ 
  shows cone  $\{l\ v \cdot_v v \mid v \cdot v \in Vs\} = cone\ Vs$ 
proof
  have  $\{l\ v \cdot_v v \mid v \cdot v \in Vs\} \subseteq cone\ Vs$ 
  proof
    fix x
    assume x  $\in \{l\ v \cdot_v v \mid v \cdot v \in Vs\}$ 
    then obtain v where  $v \in Vs$  and  $x = l\ v \cdot_v v$  by auto
    thus  $x \in cone Vs$  using
      set-in-cone[OF Vs] cone-smult[OF - Vs, of l v v] l by fastforce
  qed
  thus cone  $\{l\ v \cdot_v v \mid v \cdot v \in Vs\} \subseteq cone\ Vs$ 
    using cone-mono cone-cone[OF Vs] by blast
next

```

have $lVs: \{l \cdot v \cdot_v v \mid v. v \in Vs\} \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **using** Vs **by** *auto*
have $Vs \subseteq \text{cone } \{l \cdot v \cdot_v v \mid v. v \in Vs\}$
proof
fix v **assume** $v: v \in Vs$
hence $l \cdot v \cdot_v v \in \text{cone } \{l \cdot v \cdot_v v \mid v. v \in Vs\}$ **using** *set-in-cone[OF lVs]* **by** *auto*
moreover **have** $1 / l \cdot v > 0$ **using** $l \cdot v$ **by** *auto*
ultimately **have** $(1 / l \cdot v) \cdot_v (l \cdot v \cdot_v v) \in \text{cone } \{l \cdot v \cdot_v v \mid v. v \in Vs\}$
using *cone-smult[OF - lVs]* **by** *auto*
also **have** $(1 / l \cdot v) \cdot_v (l \cdot v \cdot_v v) = v$ **using** $l \cdot v$
by (*auto simp add: smult-smult-assoc*)
finally **show** $v \in \text{cone } \{l \cdot v \cdot_v v \mid v. v \in Vs\}$ **by** *auto*
qed
thus $\text{cone } Vs \subseteq \text{cone } \{l \cdot v \cdot_v v \mid v. v \in Vs\}$
using *cone-mono cone-cone[OF lVs]* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *cone-add-cone*:

assumes $C: C \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
shows $\text{cone } C + \text{cone } C = \text{cone } C$
proof
note $CC = \text{cone-carrier}[OF C]$
have $\text{cone } C = \text{cone } C + \{0_v \cdot n\}$ **by** (*subst add-0-right-vecset[OF CC], simp*)
also **have** $\dots \subseteq \text{cone } C + \text{cone } C$
by (*rule set-plus-mono2, insert zero-in-cone, auto*)
finally **show** $\text{cone } C \subseteq \text{cone } C + \text{cone } C$ **by** *auto*
from *cone-elem-sum[OF C]*
show $\text{cone } C + \text{cone } C \subseteq \text{cone } C$
by (*auto elim!: set-plus-elim*)
qed

lemma *orthogonal-cone*:

assumes $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
and $W: W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
and $\text{fin}X: \text{finite } X$
and $\text{span}LW: \text{span } (\text{set } Ls \cup W) = \text{carrier-vec } n$
and $\text{ortho}: \bigwedge w \cdot x. w \in W \implies x \in \text{set } Ls \implies w \cdot x = 0$
and $WWs: W = \text{set } Ws$
and $\text{span}L: \text{span } (\text{set } Ls) = \text{span } X$
and $LX: \text{set } Ls \subseteq X$
and $\text{lin-}Ls\text{-}Bs: \text{lin-indpt-list } (Ls @ Bs)$
and $\text{len-}Ls\text{-}Bs: \text{length } (Ls @ Bs) = n$
shows $\text{cone } (X \cup \text{set } Bs) \cap \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \forall w \in W. w \cdot x = 0\} = \text{cone } X$
 $\bigwedge x. \forall w \in W. w \cdot x = 0 \implies Z \subseteq X \implies B \subseteq \text{set } Bs \implies x = \text{lincomb } c \ (Z \cup B)$
 $\implies x = \text{lincomb } c \ (Z - B)$

proof –

from WWs **have** $\text{fin}W: \text{finite } W$ **by** *auto*
define Y **where** $Y = X \cup \text{set } Bs$
from $\text{lin-}Ls\text{-}Bs$ [*unfolded lin-indpt-list-def*] **have**


```

Ls: set Ls  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n and
Bs: set Bs  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n and
distLsBs: distinct (Ls @ Bs) and
lin: lin-indpt (set (Ls @ Bs)) by auto
have LW: set Ls  $\cap$  W = {}
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\neg$  ?thesis
  then obtain x where xX: x  $\in$  set Ls and xW: x  $\in$  W by auto
  from ortho[OF xW xX] have x · x = 0 by auto
  hence sq-norm x = 0 by (auto simp: sq-norm-vec-as-cscalar-prod)
  with vs-zero-lin-dep[OF - lin] xX Ls Bs show False by auto
qed
have Y: Y  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n using X Bs unfolding Y-def by auto
have CLB: carrier-vec n = span (set (Ls @ Bs))
  using lin-Ls-Bs len-Ls-Bs lin-indpt-list-length-eq-n by blast
also have ...  $\subseteq$  span Y
  by (rule span-is-monotone, insert LX, auto simp: Y-def)
finally have span: span Y = carrier-vec n using Y by auto
have finY: finite Y using finX finW unfolding Y-def by auto
{
  fix x Z B d
  assume xX:  $\forall w \in W. w \cdot x = 0$  and ZX: Z  $\subseteq$  X and B: B  $\subseteq$  set Bs and
    xd: x = lincomb d (Z  $\cup$  B)
  from ZX B X Bs have ZB: Z  $\cup$  B  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n by auto
  with xd have x: x  $\in$  carrier-vec n by auto
  from xX W have w0: w  $\in$  W  $\implies w \cdot x = 0$  for w by auto
  from finite-in-span[OF - - x[folded spanLW]] Ls X W finW finX
  obtain c where xc: x = lincomb c (set Ls  $\cup$  W) by auto
  have x = lincomb c (set Ls  $\cup$  W) unfolding xc by auto
  also have ... = lincomb c (set Ls) + lincomb c W
    by (rule lincomb-union, insert X LX W LW finW, auto)
  finally have xsum: x = lincomb c (set Ls) + lincomb c W .
  {
    fix w
    assume wW: w  $\in$  W
    with W have w: w  $\in$  carrier-vec n by auto
    from w0[OF wW, unfolded xsum]
    have 0 = w · (lincomb c (set Ls) + lincomb c W) by simp
    also have ... = w · lincomb c (set Ls) + w · lincomb c W
      by (rule scalar-prod-add-distrib[OF w], insert Ls W, auto)
    also have w · lincomb c (set Ls) = 0 using ortho[OF wW]
      by (subst lincomb-scalar-prod-right[OF Ls w], auto)
    finally have w · lincomb c W = 0 by simp
  }
}
hence lincomb c W · lincomb c W = 0 using W
  by (subst lincomb-scalar-prod-left, auto)
hence sq-norm (lincomb c W) = 0
  by (auto simp: sq-norm-vec-as-cscalar-prod)
hence 0: lincomb c W = 0v n using lincomb-closed[OF W, of c] by simp

```

```

have xc:  $x = \text{lincomb } c \text{ (set } Ls)$  unfolding  $xsum \ 0$  using  $Ls$  by auto
hence xL:  $x \in \text{span (set } Ls)$  by auto
let ?X =  $Z - B$ 
have lincomb d ?X  $\in \text{span } X$  using  $\text{finite-subset}[OF - \text{fin}X, \text{ of } ?X]$   $X \text{ } ZX$  by
auto
from  $\text{finite-in-span}[OF \text{ finite-set } Ls \text{ this}[\text{folded span}L]]$ 
obtain  $e$  where  $ed: \text{lincomb } e \text{ (set } Ls) = \text{lincomb } d \text{ ?X}$  by auto
from  $B \text{ finite-subset}[OF \ B]$  have  $\text{fin}B: \text{finite } B$  by auto
from  $B \ Bs$  have  $BC: B \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
define  $f$  where  $f =$ 
  ( $\lambda x. \text{ if } x \in \text{set } Bs \text{ then if } x \in B \text{ then } d \ x \text{ else } 0 \text{ else if } x \in \text{set } Ls \text{ then } e \ x \text{ else}$ 
undefined)
have  $x = \text{lincomb } d \text{ (?X } \cup B)$  unfolding  $xd$  by auto
also have  $\dots = \text{lincomb } d \text{ ?X} + \text{lincomb } d \ B$ 
  by ( $\text{rule lincomb-union}[OF - - - \text{finite-subset}[OF - \text{fin}X]]$ ,  $\text{insert } ZX \ X \ \text{fin}B \ B$ 
Bs, auto)
finally have  $xd: x = \text{lincomb } d \text{ ?X} + \text{lincomb } d \ B$  .
also have  $\dots = \text{lincomb } e \text{ (set } Ls) + \text{lincomb } d \ B$  unfolding  $ed$  by auto
also have  $\text{lincomb } e \text{ (set } Ls) = \text{lincomb } f \text{ (set } Ls)$ 
  by ( $\text{rule lincomb-cong}[OF - Ls]$ ,  $\text{insert } \text{dist}LsBs$ , auto simp: f-def)
also have  $\text{lincomb } d \ B = \text{lincomb } f \ B$ 
  by ( $\text{rule lincomb-cong}[OF - BC]$ ,  $\text{insert } B$ , auto simp: f-def)
also have  $\text{lincomb } f \ B = \text{lincomb } f \ (B \cup (\text{set } Bs - B))$ 
  by ( $\text{subst lincomb-clean}$ ,  $\text{insert } \text{fin}B \ Bs \ B$ , auto simp: f-def)
also have  $B \cup (\text{set } Bs - B) = \text{set } Bs$  using  $B$  by auto
finally have  $x = \text{lincomb } f \text{ (set } Ls) + \text{lincomb } f \text{ (set } Bs)$  by auto
also have  $\text{lincomb } f \text{ (set } Ls) + \text{lincomb } f \text{ (set } Bs) = \text{lincomb } f \text{ (set } (Ls @ Bs))$ 
  by ( $\text{subst lincomb-union}[\text{symmetric}]$ ,  $\text{insert } Ls \ \text{dist}LsBs \ Bs$ , auto)
finally have  $x = \text{lincomb } f \text{ (set } (Ls @ Bs))$  .
hence  $f: f \in \text{set } (Ls @ Bs) \rightarrow_E UNIV \wedge \text{lincomb } f \text{ (set } (Ls @ Bs)) = x$ 
  by (auto simp: f-def split: if-splits)
from  $\text{finite-in-span}[OF \text{ finite-set } Ls \ xL]$  obtain  $g$  where
   $xg: x = \text{lincomb } g \text{ (set } Ls)$  by auto
define  $h$  where  $h = (\lambda x. \text{ if } x \in \text{set } Bs \text{ then } 0 \text{ else if } x \in \text{set } Ls \text{ then } g \ x \text{ else}$ 
undefined)
have  $x = \text{lincomb } h \text{ (set } Ls)$  unfolding  $xg$ 
  by ( $\text{rule lincomb-cong}[OF - Ls]$ ,  $\text{insert } \text{dist}LsBs$ , auto simp: h-def)
also have  $\dots = \text{lincomb } h \text{ (set } Ls) + 0_v \ n$  using  $Ls$  by auto
also have  $0_v \ n = \text{lincomb } h \text{ (set } Bs)$ 
  by ( $\text{rule lincomb-zero}[\text{symmetric}, OF \ Bs]$ , auto simp: h-def)
also have  $\text{lincomb } h \text{ (set } Ls) + \text{lincomb } h \text{ (set } Bs) = \text{lincomb } h \text{ (set } (Ls @ Bs))$ 
  by ( $\text{subst lincomb-union}[\text{symmetric}]$ ,  $\text{insert } Ls \ Bs \ \text{dist}LsBs$ , auto)
finally have  $x = \text{lincomb } h \text{ (set } (Ls @ Bs))$  .
hence  $h: h \in \text{set } (Ls @ Bs) \rightarrow_E UNIV \wedge \text{lincomb } h \text{ (set } (Ls @ Bs)) = x$ 
  by (auto simp: h-def split: if-splits)
have  $\text{basis: basis (set } (Ls @ Bs))$  using  $\text{lin-Ls-Bs}[\text{unfolded lin-indpt-list-def}]$ 
len-Ls-Bs
  using  $CLB \text{ basis-def}$  by blast
from  $Ls \ Bs$  have  $\text{set } (Ls @ Bs) \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto

```

```

from basis[unfolded basis-criterion[OF finite-set this], rule-format, OF x] f h
have fh: f = h by auto
hence  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{set } Bs \implies f x = 0$  unfolding h-def by auto
hence  $\bigwedge x. x \in B \implies d x = 0$  unfolding f-def using B by force
thus  $x = \text{lincomb } d \text{ ?}X$  unfolding xd
  by (subst (2) lincomb-zero, insert BC ZB X, auto intro!: M.r-zero)
} note main = this
have cone Y  $\cap \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \forall w \in W. w \cdot x = 0\} = \text{cone } X$  (is ?I = -)
proof
{
  fix x
  assume xX:  $x \in \text{cone } X$ 
  with cone-carrier[OF X] have x:  $x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
  have  $X \subseteq Y$  unfolding Y-def by auto
  from cone-mono[OF this] xX have xY:  $x \in \text{cone } Y$  by auto
  from cone-iff-finite-cone[OF X finX] xX have  $x \in \text{finite-cone } X$  by auto
  from this[unfolded finite-cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def] finX obtain c
    where  $x = \text{lincomb } c \text{ } X$  by auto
  with finX X have  $x \in \text{span } X$  by auto
  with spanL have  $x \in \text{span } (\text{set } Ls)$  by auto
  from finite-in-span[OF - Ls this] obtain c where
    xc:  $x = \text{lincomb } c \text{ } (\text{set } Ls)$  by auto
  {
    fix w
    assume wW:  $w \in W$ 
    hence w:  $w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  using W by auto
    have  $w \cdot x = 0$  unfolding xc using ortho[OF wW]
      by (subst lincomb-scalar-prod-right[OF Ls w], auto)
  }
  with xY x have  $x \in ?I$  by blast
}
thus cone X  $\subseteq ?I$  by blast
{
  fix x
  let ?X = X - set Bs
  assume  $x \in ?I$ 
  with cone-carrier[OF Y] cone-iff-finite-cone[OF Y finY]
  have xY:  $x \in \text{finite-cone } Y$  and x:  $x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
    and w0:  $\bigwedge w. w \in W \implies w \cdot x = 0$  by auto
  from xY[unfolded finite-cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def] finY obtain d
    where xd:  $x = \text{lincomb } d \text{ } Y$  and nonneg:  $d \text{ ' } Y \subseteq \text{Collect } ((\leq) 0)$  by auto
  from main[OF - - - xd[unfolded Y-def]] w0
  have  $x = \text{lincomb } d \text{ ?}X$  by auto
  hence nonneg-lincomb d ?X x unfolding nonneg-lincomb-def
    using nonneg[unfolded Y-def] by auto
  hence  $x \in \text{finite-cone } ?X$  using finX
    unfolding finite-cone-def by auto
  hence  $x \in \text{cone } X$  using finite-subset[OF - finX, of ?X] unfolding cone-def
by blast

```

```

    }
    then show ?I  $\subseteq$  cone X by auto
  qed
  thus cone (X  $\cup$  set Bs)  $\cap$  {x  $\in$  carrier-vec n.  $\forall w \in W. w \cdot x = 0$ } = cone X
  unfolding Y-def .
  qed

```

definition *polyhedral-cone* (A :: 'a mat) = { x . x \in carrier-vec n \wedge A \ast_v x \leq 0_v (dim-row A) }

lemma *polyhedral-cone-carrier*: **assumes** A \in carrier-mat nr n
shows *polyhedral-cone* A \subseteq carrier-vec n
using *assms* **unfolding** *polyhedral-cone-def* **by** auto

lemma *cone-in-polyhedral-cone*:
assumes CA: C \subseteq *polyhedral-cone* A
and A: A \in carrier-mat nr n
shows cone C \subseteq *polyhedral-cone* A
proof

```

  interpret nr: gram-schmidt nr TYPE ('a).
  from polyhedral-cone-carrier[OF A] assms(1)
  have C: C  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n by auto
  fix x
  assume x: x  $\in$  cone C
  then have xn: x  $\in$  carrier-vec n
    using cone-carrier[OF C] by auto
  from x[unfolding cone-alt-def[OF C] cone-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def]
  obtain ll Ds where l0: lincomb-list ll Ds = x and l1:  $\forall i < \text{length } Ds. 0 \leq ll\ i$ 
    and DsC: set Ds  $\subseteq$  C
    by auto
  from DsC C have Ds: set Ds  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n by auto

```

```

  have A  $\ast_v$  x = A  $\ast_v$  (lincomb-list ll Ds) using l0 by auto
  also have ... = nr.lincomb-list ll (map ( $\lambda d. A \ast_v d$ ) Ds)
  proof -
    have one:  $\forall w \in \text{set } Ds. \text{dim-vec } w = n$  using DsC C by auto
    have two:  $\forall w \in \text{set } (\text{map } ((\ast_v) A) Ds). \text{dim-vec } w = nr$  using A DsC C by
    auto
    show A  $\ast_v$  lincomb-list ll Ds = nr.lincomb-list ll (map (( $\ast_v$ ) A) Ds)
      unfolding lincomb-list-as-mat-mult[OF one] nr.lincomb-list-as-mat-mult[OF
    two] length-map
    proof (subst assoc-mult-mat-vec[symmetric, OF A], force+, rule arg-cong[of -
    -  $\lambda x. x \ast_v$  -])
      show A  $\ast$  mat-of-cols n Ds = mat-of-cols nr (map (( $\ast_v$ ) A) Ds)
        unfolding mat-of-cols-def
        by (intro eq-matI, insert A Ds[unfolding set-conv-nth],
          (force intro!: arg-cong[of -  $\lambda x. \text{row } A - \cdot x$ ])+)
    qed
  qed

```

```

also have ... ≤ 0v nr
proof (intro lesseq-vecI[of - nr])
  have *: set (map ((*v) A) Ds) ⊆ carrier-vec nr using A Ds by auto
  show Carr: nr.lincomb-list ll (map ((*v) A) Ds) ∈ carrier-vec nr
    by (intro nr.lincomb-list-carrier[OF *])
  fix i
  assume i: i < nr
  from CA[unfolded polyhedral-cone-def] A
  have l2: x ∈ C ⇒ A *v x ≤ 0v nr for x by auto
  show nr.lincomb-list ll (map ((*v) A) Ds) $ i ≤ 0v nr $ i
    unfolding subst nr.lincomb-list-index[OF i *] length-map index-zero-vec(1)[OF
i]
  proof (intro sum-nonpos mult-nonneg-nonpos)
    fix j
    assume j ∈ {0..v Ds ! j ≤ 0v nr by auto
    from lesseq-vecD[OF - this i] i have (A *v Ds ! j) $ i ≤ 0 by auto
    thus map ((*v) A) Ds ! j $ i ≤ 0 using j i by auto
  qed
qed auto
finally show x ∈ polyhedral-cone A
  unfolding polyhedral-cone-def using A xn by auto
qed

lemma bounded-cone-is-zero:
  assumes Ccarr: C ⊆ carrier-vec n and bnd: cone C ⊆ Bounded-vec bnd
  shows cone C = {0v n}
proof(rule ccontr)
  assume ¬ ?thesis
  then obtain v where vC: v ∈ cone C and vnz: v ≠ 0v n
    using zero-in-cone assms by auto
  have vcarr: v ∈ carrier-vec n using vC Ccarr cone-carrier by blast
  from vnz vcarr obtain i where i-le-n: i < dim-vec v and vnz: v $ i ≠ 0 by
force
  define M where M = (1 / (v $ i) * (bnd + 1))
  have abs-ge-bnd: abs (M * (v $ i)) > bnd unfolding M-def by (simp add: vnz)
  have aMvC: (abs M) ·v v ∈ cone C using cone-smult[OF - Ccarr vC] abs-ge-bnd
by simp
  have ¬(abs (abs M * (v $ i)) ≤ bnd) using abs-ge-bnd by simp
  hence (abs M) ·v v ∉ Bounded-vec bnd unfolding Bounded-vec-def using i-le-n
aMvC by auto
  thus False using aMvC bnd by auto
qed

lemma cone-of-cols: fixes A :: 'a mat and b :: 'a vec
  assumes A: A ∈ carrier-mat n nr and b: b ∈ carrier-vec n

```

```

shows  $b \in \text{cone } (\text{set } (\text{cols } A)) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x. x \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \wedge A *_v x = b)$ 
proof -
  let  $?C = \text{set } (\text{cols } A)$ 
  from  $A$  have  $C: ?C \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  and  $C': \forall w \in \text{set } (\text{cols } A). \text{dim-vec } w = n$ 
  unfolding  $\text{cols-def}$  by auto
  have  $\text{id: finite } ?C = \text{True length } (\text{cols } A) = \text{nr}$  using  $A$  by auto
  have  $\text{Aid: mat-of-cols } n (\text{cols } A) = A$  using  $A$  unfolding  $\text{mat-of-cols-def}$ 
  by (intro  $\text{eq-matI}$ , auto)
  show  $?thesis$ 
  unfolding  $\text{cone-iff-finite-cone}[OF C \text{ finite-set}] \text{ finite-cone-iff-cone-list}[OF C \text{ refl}]$ 
  unfolding  $\text{cone-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def mem-Collect-eq id}$ 
  unfolding  $\text{lincomb-list-as-mat-mult}[OF C] \text{ id Aid}$ 
  proof -
    {
      fix  $x$ 
      assume  $x \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \wedge A *_v x = b$ 
      hence  $\exists c. A *_v \text{vec nr } c = b \wedge (\forall i < \text{nr}. 0 \leq c i)$  using  $A b$ 
      by (intro  $\text{exI}[of - \lambda i. x \$ i]$ , auto simp:  $\text{less-eq-vec-def intro! arg-cong}[of -$ 
-  $(*_v) A]$ )
    }
    moreover
    {
      fix  $c$ 
      assume  $A *_v \text{vec nr } c = b \wedge (\forall i < \text{nr}. 0 \leq c i)$ 
      hence  $\exists x. x \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \wedge A *_v x = b$ 
      by (intro  $\text{exI}[of - \text{vec nr } c]$ , auto simp:  $\text{less-eq-vec-def}$ )
    }
    ultimately show  $(\exists c. A *_v \text{vec nr } c = b \wedge (\forall i < \text{nr}. 0 \leq c i)) = (\exists x \geq 0_v \text{ nr}. A *_v x = b)$  by blast
  qed
qed

end
end

```

8 Convex Hulls

We define the notion of convex hull of a set or list of vectors and derive basic properties thereof.

```

theory Convex-Hull
  imports Cone
begin

```

```

context gram-schmidt
begin

```

```

definition convex-lincomb  $c \ Vs b = (\text{nonneg-lincomb } c \ Vs b \wedge \text{sum } c \ Vs = 1)$ 

```

definition *convex-lincomb-list* $c \ Vs \ b = (\text{nonneg-lincomb-list } c \ Vs \ b \wedge \text{sum } c \{0..<\text{length } Vs\} = 1)$

definition *convex-hull* $Vs = \{x. \exists \ Vs \ c. \text{finite } Vs \wedge Vs \subseteq V \wedge \text{convex-lincomb } c \ Vs \ x\}$

lemma *convex-hull-carrier[intro]*: $Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies \text{convex-hull } Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$

unfolding *convex-hull-def convex-lincomb-def nonneg-lincomb-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *convex-hull-mono*: $Vs \subseteq Ws \implies \text{convex-hull } Vs \subseteq \text{convex-hull } Ws$

unfolding *convex-hull-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *convex-lincomb-empty[simp]*: $\neg (\text{convex-lincomb } c \ \{\} \ x)$

unfolding *convex-lincomb-def* **by** *simp*

lemma *set-in-convex-hull*:

assumes $A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$

shows $A \subseteq \text{convex-hull } A$

proof

fix a

assume $a \in A$

hence $\text{acarr}: a \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **using** *assms* **by** *auto*

hence $\text{convex-lincomb } (\lambda x. 1) \ \{a\} \ a$ **unfolding** *convex-lincomb-def*

by (*auto simp: nonneg-lincomb-def lincomb-def*)

then show $a \in \text{convex-hull } A$ **using** $\langle a \in A \rangle$ **unfolding** *convex-hull-def* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *convex-hull-empty[simp]*:

$\text{convex-hull } \{\} = \{\}$

$A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies \text{convex-hull } A = \{\} \longleftrightarrow A = \{\}$

proof –

show $\text{convex-hull } \{\} = \{\}$ **unfolding** *convex-hull-def* **by** *auto*

then show $A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies \text{convex-hull } A = \{\} \longleftrightarrow A = \{\}$

using *set-in-convex-hull[of A]* **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *convex-hull-bound*: **assumes** $XBnd: X \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } Bnd$

and $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$

shows $\text{convex-hull } X \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } Bnd$

proof

fix x

assume $x \in \text{convex-hull } X$

from *this[unfolded convex-hull-def]*

obtain $Y \ c$ **where** *fin: finite Y* **and** $YX: Y \subseteq X$ **and** $cx: \text{convex-lincomb } c \ Y$

x **by** *auto*

from *cx[unfolded convex-lincomb-def nonneg-lincomb-def]*

have $x: x = \text{lincomb } c \ Y$ **and** $\text{sum}: \text{sum } c \ Y = 1$ **and** $c0: \bigwedge y. y \in Y \implies c \ y$

≥ 0 by *auto*
from $YX\ X\ XBnd$ **have** $Y: Y \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **and** $YBnd: Y \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } Bnd$ by *auto*
from $x\ Y$ **have** $\text{dim}: \text{dim-vec } x = n$ by *auto*
show $x \in \text{Bounded-vec } Bnd$ **unfolding** $\text{Bounded-vec-def mem-Collect-eq dim}$
proof (*intro allI impI*)
fix i
assume $i: i < n$
have $\text{abs } (x \$ i) = \text{abs } (\sum_{x \in Y}. c\ x * x \$ i)$ **unfolding** x
by (*subst lincomb-index[OF i Y], auto*)
also have $\dots \leq (\sum_{x \in Y}. \text{abs } (c\ x * x \$ i))$ by *auto*
also have $\dots = (\sum_{x \in Y}. \text{abs } (c\ x) * \text{abs } (x \$ i))$ by (*simp add: abs-mult*)
also have $\dots \leq (\sum_{x \in Y}. \text{abs } (c\ x) * Bnd)$
by (*intro sum-mono mult-left-mono, insert YBnd[unfolded Bounded-vec-def]*)
 $i\ Y, \text{force+}$
also have $\dots = (\sum_{x \in Y}. \text{abs } (c\ x)) * Bnd$
by (*simp add: sum-distrib-right*)
also have $(\sum_{x \in Y}. \text{abs } (c\ x)) = (\sum_{x \in Y}. c\ x)$
by (*rule sum.cong, insert c0, auto*)
also have $\dots = 1$ by *fact*
finally show $|x \$ i| \leq Bnd$ by *auto*
qed
qed

definition *convex-hull-list* $Vs = \{x. \exists\ c. \text{convex-lincomb-list } c\ Vs\ x\}$

lemma *lincomb-list-elem*:

$\text{set } Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies$
 $\text{lincomb-list } (\lambda j. \text{if } i=j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)\ Vs = (\text{if } i < \text{length } Vs \text{ then } Vs ! i \text{ else } 0_v\ n)$
proof (*induction Vs rule: rev-induct*)
case (*snoc x Vs*)
have $x: x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **and** $Vs: \text{set } Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **using** *snoc.premis* by *auto*
let $?f = \lambda j. \text{if } i = j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0$
have $\text{lincomb-list } ?f\ (Vs @ [x]) = \text{lincomb-list } ?f\ Vs + ?f\ (\text{length } Vs) \cdot_v x$
using $x\ Vs$ by *simp*
also have $\dots = (\text{if } i < \text{length } (Vs @ [x]) \text{ then } (Vs @ [x]) ! i \text{ else } 0_v\ n)$ (*is ?goal*)
using *less-linear[of i length Vs]*
proof (*elim disjE*)
assume $i: i < \text{length } Vs$
have $\text{lincomb-list } (\lambda j. \text{if } i = j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)\ Vs = Vs ! i$
using *snoc.IH[OF Vs] i* by *auto*
moreover have $(\text{if } i = \text{length } Vs \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0) \cdot_v x = 0_v\ n$ **using** $i\ x$ by *auto*
moreover have $(\text{if } i < \text{length } (Vs @ [x]) \text{ then } (Vs @ [x]) ! i \text{ else } 0_v\ n) = Vs ! i$
using $i\ \text{append-Cons-nth-left}$ by *fastforce*
ultimately show $?goal$ **using** $Vs\ i\ \text{lincomb-list-carrier } M.r\text{-zero}$ by *metis*
next
assume $i: i = \text{length } Vs$


```

have lincomb-list ( $\lambda j. \text{if } i = j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0$ )  $Vs = 0_v \ n$ 
  using snoc.IH[OF  $Vs$ ] by auto
moreover have ( $\text{if } i = \text{length } Vs \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0$ )  $\cdot_v x = x$  using  $i \ x$  by auto
moreover have ( $\text{if } i < \text{length } (Vs @ [x]) \text{ then } (Vs @ [x]) ! i \text{ else } 0_v \ n$ )  $= x$ 
  using  $i \ \text{append-Cons-nth-left}$  by simp
ultimately show ?goal using  $x$  by simp
next
assume  $i: i > \text{length } Vs$ 
have lincomb-list ( $\lambda j. \text{if } i = j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0$ )  $Vs = 0_v \ n$ 
  using snoc.IH[OF  $Vs$ ] by auto
moreover have ( $\text{if } i = \text{length } Vs \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0$ )  $\cdot_v x = 0_v \ n$  using  $i \ x$  by auto
moreover have ( $\text{if } i < \text{length } (Vs @ [x]) \text{ then } (Vs @ [x]) ! i \text{ else } 0_v \ n$ )  $= 0_v \ n$ 
  using  $i$  by simp
ultimately show ?goal by simp
qed
finally show ?case by auto
qed simp

lemma set-in-convex-hull-list: fixes  $Vs :: 'a \ \text{vec list}$ 
  assumes  $\text{set } Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  shows  $\text{set } Vs \subseteq \text{convex-hull-list } Vs$ 
proof
fix  $x$  assume  $x \in \text{set } Vs$ 
then obtain  $i$  where  $i: i < \text{length } Vs$ 
  and  $x: x = Vs ! i$  using  $\text{set-conv-nth[of } Vs]$  by auto
let ?f =  $\lambda j. \text{if } i = j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0 :: 'a$ 
have lincomb-list ?f  $Vs = x$  using  $i \ x \ \text{lincomb-list-elem[OF assms]}$  by auto
moreover have  $\forall j < \text{length } Vs. ?f j \geq 0$  by auto
moreover have  $\text{sum } ?f \ \{0..<\text{length } Vs\} = 1$  using  $i$  by simp
ultimately show  $x \in \text{convex-hull-list } Vs$ 
  unfolding convex-hull-list-def convex-lincomb-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def
  by auto
qed

lemma convex-hull-list-combination:
  assumes  $Vs: \text{set } Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and  $x: x \in \text{convex-hull-list } Vs$ 
  and  $y: y \in \text{convex-hull-list } Vs$ 
  and  $l0: 0 \leq l$  and  $l1: l \leq 1$ 
  shows  $l \cdot_v x + (1 - l) \cdot_v y \in \text{convex-hull-list } Vs$ 
proof -
  from  $x$  obtain  $cx$  where  $x: \text{lincomb-list } cx \ Vs = x$  and  $cx0: \forall i < \text{length } Vs. cx \ i \geq 0$ 
  and  $cx1: \text{sum } cx \ \{0..<\text{length } Vs\} = 1$ 
  unfolding convex-hull-list-def convex-lincomb-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def
  by auto
  from  $y$  obtain  $cy$  where  $y: \text{lincomb-list } cy \ Vs = y$  and  $cy0: \forall i < \text{length } Vs. cy \ i \geq 0$ 
  and  $cy1: \text{sum } cy \ \{0..<\text{length } Vs\} = 1$ 

```

```

    unfolding convex-hull-list-def convex-lincomb-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def
    by auto
  let ?c =  $\lambda i. l * cx\ i + (1 - l) * cy\ i$ 
  have set Vs  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n  $\implies$ 
    lincomb-list ?c Vs =  $l \cdot_v$  lincomb-list cx Vs +  $(1 - l) \cdot_v$  lincomb-list cy Vs
  proof (induction Vs rule: rev-induct)
    case (snoc v Vs)
    have v:  $v \in$  carrier-vec n and Vs: set Vs  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
    using snoc.prem by auto
    have lincomb-list ?c (Vs @ [v]) = lincomb-list ?c Vs + ?c (length Vs)  $\cdot_v$  v
    using snoc.prem by auto
    also have lincomb-list ?c Vs =
       $l \cdot_v$  lincomb-list cx Vs +  $(1 - l) \cdot_v$  lincomb-list cy Vs
    by (rule snoc.IH[OF Vs])
    also have ?c (length Vs)  $\cdot_v$  v =
       $l \cdot_v$  (cx (length Vs)  $\cdot_v$  v) +  $(1 - l) \cdot_v$  (cy (length Vs)  $\cdot_v$  v)
    using add-smult-distrib-vec smult-smult-assoc by metis
    also have  $l \cdot_v$  lincomb-list cx Vs +  $(1 - l) \cdot_v$  lincomb-list cy Vs + ... =
       $l \cdot_v$  (lincomb-list cx Vs + cx (length Vs)  $\cdot_v$  v) +
       $(1 - l) \cdot_v$  (lincomb-list cy Vs + cy (length Vs)  $\cdot_v$  v)
    using lincomb-list-carrier[OF Vs] v
    by (simp add: M.add.m-assoc M.add.m-lcomm smult-r-distr)
    finally show ?case using Vs v by simp
  qed simp
  hence lincomb-list ?c Vs =  $l \cdot_v$  x +  $(1 - l) \cdot_v$  y using Vs x y by simp
  moreover have  $\forall i < \text{length Vs}. ?c\ i \geq 0$  using cx0 cy0 l0 l1 by simp
  moreover have sum ?c {0.. $\text{length Vs}$ } = 1
  proof (simp add: sum.distrib)
    have ( $\sum i = 0..<\text{length Vs}. (1 - l) * cy\ i$ ) =  $(1 - l) * \text{sum } cy\ \{0..<\text{length Vs}\}$ 
    using sum-distrib-left by metis
    moreover have ( $\sum i = 0..<\text{length Vs}. l * cx\ i$ ) =  $l * \text{sum } cx\ \{0..<\text{length Vs}\}$ 
    using sum-distrib-left by metis
    ultimately show ( $\sum i = 0..<\text{length Vs}. l * cx\ i$ ) + ( $\sum i = 0..<\text{length Vs}. (1 - l) * cy\ i$ ) = 1
    using cx1 cy1 by simp
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    unfolding convex-hull-list-def convex-lincomb-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def
    by auto
  qed

lemma convex-hull-list-mono:
  assumes set Ws  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  shows set Vs  $\subseteq$  set Ws  $\implies$  convex-hull-list Vs  $\subseteq$  convex-hull-list Ws
  proof (standard, induction Vs)
    case Nil
    from Nil(2) show ?case unfolding convex-hull-list-def convex-lincomb-list-def
    by auto
  end

```

```

next
  case (Cons v Vs)
  have v:  $v \in \text{set } Ws$  and Vs:  $\text{set } Vs \subseteq \text{set } Ws$  using Cons.prem1 by auto
  hence v1:  $v \in \text{convex-hull-list } Ws$  using set-in-convex-hull-list[OF assms] by
  auto
  from Cons.prem2 obtain c
    where x:  $\text{lincomb-list } c \ (v \# Vs) = x$  and c0:  $\forall i < \text{length } Vs + 1. c \ i \geq 0$ 
    and c1:  $\text{sum } c \ \{0..<\text{length } Vs + 1\} = 1$ 
    unfolding convex-hull-list-def convex-lincomb-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def
    by auto
  have x:  $x = c \ 0 \cdot_v v + \text{lincomb-list } (c \circ \text{Suc}) \ Vs$  using Vs v assms x by auto

  show ?case proof (cases)
    assume P:  $c \ 0 = 1$ 
    hence sum (c o Suc) {0..<length Vs} = 0
      using sum.atLeast0-lessThan-Suc-shift c1
      by (metis One-nat-def R.show-r-zero add.right-neutral add-Suc-right)
    moreover have  $\bigwedge i. i \in \{0..<\text{length } Vs\} \implies (c \circ \text{Suc}) \ i \geq 0$ 
      using c0 by simp
    ultimately have  $\forall i \in \{0..<\text{length } Vs\}. (c \circ \text{Suc}) \ i = 0$ 
      using sum-nonneg-eq-0-iff by blast
    hence  $\bigwedge i. i < \text{length } Vs \implies (c \circ \text{Suc}) \ i \cdot_v Vs \ ! \ i = 0_v \ n$ 
      using Vs assms by (simp add: subset-code(1))
    hence  $\text{lincomb-list } (c \circ \text{Suc}) \ Vs = 0_v \ n$ 
      using lincomb-list-eq-0 by simp
    hence  $x = v$  using P x v assms by auto
    thus ?case using v1 by auto

  next

    assume P:  $c \ 0 \neq 1$ 
    have c1:  $c \ 0 + \text{sum } (c \circ \text{Suc}) \ \{0..<\text{length } Vs\} = 1$ 
      using sum.atLeast0-lessThan-Suc-shift[of c] c1 by simp
    have sum (c o Suc) {0..<length Vs}  $\geq 0$  by (rule sum-nonneg, insert c0, simp)
    hence  $c \ 0 < 1$  using P c1 by auto
    let ?c' =  $\lambda i. 1 / (1 - c \ 0) * (c \circ \text{Suc}) \ i$ 
    have sum ?c' {0..<length Vs} =  $1 / (1 - c \ 0) * \text{sum } (c \circ \text{Suc}) \ \{0..<\text{length } Vs\}$ 
      using c1 P sum-distrib-left by metis
    hence sum ?c' {0..<length Vs} = 1 using P c1 by simp
    moreover have  $\forall i < \text{length } Vs. ?c' \ i \geq 0$  using c0 (c 0 < 1) by simp
    ultimately have c':  $\text{lincomb-list } ?c' \ Vs \in \text{convex-hull-list } Ws$ 
      using Cons.IH[OF Vs]
      convex-hull-list-def convex-lincomb-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def
      by blast
    have  $\text{lincomb-list } ?c' \ Vs = 1 / (1 - c \ 0) \cdot_v \text{lincomb-list } (c \circ \text{Suc}) \ Vs$ 
      by (rule lincomb-list-smult, insert Vs assms, auto)
    hence  $(1 - c \ 0) \cdot_v \text{lincomb-list } ?c' \ Vs = \text{lincomb-list } (c \circ \text{Suc}) \ Vs$ 
      using P by auto

```

```

    hence  $x = c \cdot 0 \cdot_v v + (1 - c \cdot 0) \cdot_v \text{lincomb-list } ?c' \text{ } Vs$  using  $x$  by auto
    thus  $x \in \text{convex-hull-list } Vs$ 
    using convex-hull-list-combination[OF assms  $v1 \ c'$ ]  $c \cdot 0 \cdot c \cdot 0 < 1$ 
    by simp
  qed
qed

lemma convex-hull-list-eq-set:
  set  $Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies \text{set } Vs = \text{set } Vs \implies \text{convex-hull-list } Vs = \text{convex-hull-list } Vs$ 
using convex-hull-list-mono by blast

lemma find-indices-empty:  $(\text{find-indices } x \text{ } Vs = []) = (x \notin \text{set } Vs)$ 
proof (induction  $Vs$  rule: rev-induct)
  case (snoc  $v \text{ } Vs$ )
  show ?case
  proof
    assume  $\text{find-indices } x \text{ } (Vs @ [v]) = []$ 
    hence  $x \neq v \wedge \text{find-indices } x \text{ } Vs = []$  by auto
    thus  $x \notin \text{set } (Vs @ [v])$  using snoc by simp
  next
    assume  $x \notin \text{set } (Vs @ [v])$ 
    hence  $x \neq v \wedge \text{find-indices } x \text{ } Vs = []$  using snoc by auto
    thus  $\text{find-indices } x \text{ } (Vs @ [v]) = []$  by simp
  qed
qed simp

lemma distinct-list-find-indices:
  shows  $[i < \text{length } Vs; Vs ! i = x; \text{distinct } Vs] \implies \text{find-indices } x \text{ } Vs = [i]$ 
proof (induction  $Vs$  rule: rev-induct)
  case (snoc  $v \text{ } Vs$ )
  have dist:  $\text{distinct } Vs$  and  $xVs: v \notin \text{set } Vs$  using snoc.prem(3) by (simp-all)
  show ?case
  proof (cases)
    assume  $i: i = \text{length } Vs$ 
    hence  $x = v$  using snoc.prem(2) by auto
    thus ?case using  $xVs$  find-indices-empty  $i$ 
      by fastforce
  next
    assume  $i \neq \text{length } Vs$ 
    hence  $i: i < \text{length } Vs$  using snoc.prem(1) by simp
    hence  $Vsi: Vs ! i = x$  using snoc.prem(2) append-Cons-nth-left by fastforce
    hence  $x \neq v$  using snoc.prem(3)  $i$  by auto
    thus ?case using snoc.IH[OF  $i \text{ } Vsi \text{ } dist$ ] by simp
  qed
qed auto

lemma finite-convex-hull-iff-convex-hull-list: assumes  $Vs: Vs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
and  $id': Vs = \text{set } Vsl'$ 

```

```

shows convex-hull Vs = convex-hull-list Vsl'
proof -
  have fin: finite Vs unfolding id' by auto
  from finite-distinct-list fin obtain Vsl
    where id: Vs = set Vsl and dist: distinct Vsl by auto
  from Vs id have Vsl: set Vsl  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n by auto
  {
    fix c :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a
    have distinct Vsl  $\implies$  ( $\sum x \in \text{set } Vsl. \text{sum-list } (\text{map } c \text{ (find-indices } x \text{ Vsl)})$ ) =
      sum c {0..\lambda x. \text{sum-list } (\text{map } c \text{ (find-indices } x \text{ (Vsl @ [v])}))
      let ?coef' =  $\lambda x. \text{sum-list } (\text{map } c \text{ (find-indices } x \text{ Vsl)})$ 
      have dist: distinct Vsl using snoc.prem by simp
      have sum ?coef (set (Vsl @ [v])) = sum-list (map ?coef (Vsl @ [v]))
        by (rule sum.distinct-set-conv-list[OF snoc.prem, of ?coef])
      also have ... = sum-list (map ?coef Vsl) + ?coef v by simp
      also have sum-list (map ?coef Vsl) = sum ?coef' (set Vsl)
        using sum.distinct-set-conv-list[OF dist, of ?coef] by auto
      also have ... = sum ?coef' (set Vsl)
      proof (intro R.finsum-restrict[of ?coef] restrict-ext, standard)
        fix x
        assume x  $\in$  set Vsl
        then obtain i where i: i < length Vsl and x: x = Vsl ! i
          using in-set-conv-nth[of x Vsl] by blast
        hence (Vsl @ [v]) ! i = x by (simp add: append-Cons-nth-left)
        hence ?coef x = c i
          using distinct-list-find-indices[OF - snoc.prem] i by fastforce
        also have c i = ?coef' x
          using distinct-list-find-indices[OF i - dist] x by simp
        finally show ?coef x = ?coef' x by auto
      qed
      also have ... = sum c {0..\in convex-hull-list Vsl
    then obtain c where b: lincomb-list c Vsl = b and c: ( $\forall i < \text{length } Vsl. c \ i \geq 0$ )
      and c1: sum c {0..

```

```

    unfolding b[symmetric] convex-lincomb-def nonneg-lincomb-def
    apply (subst lincomb-list-as-lincomb[OF Vsl])
  by (insert c c1, auto simp: id mk-coeff-def dist sum-sumlist intro!: sum-list-nonneg)
  hence  $b \in \text{convex-hull } Vs$ 
    unfolding convex-hull-def convex-lincomb-def using fin by blast
}
moreover
{
  fix b
  assume  $b \in \text{convex-hull } Vs$ 
  then obtain c Ws where Ws:  $Ws \subseteq Vs$  and b:  $\text{lincomb } c \ Ws = b$ 
    and c:  $c \vdash Ws \subseteq \{x. x \geq 0\}$  and c1:  $\text{sum } c \ Ws = 1$ 
    unfolding convex-hull-def convex-lincomb-def nonneg-lincomb-def by auto
  let ?d =  $\lambda x. \text{if } x \in Ws \text{ then } c \ x \text{ else } 0$ 
  have  $\text{lincomb } ?d \ Vs = \text{lincomb } c \ Ws + \text{lincomb } (\lambda x. 0) \ (Vs - Ws)$ 
    using lincomb-union2[OF - - Diff-disjoint[of Ws Vs], of c  $\lambda x. 0$ ]
    fin Vs Diff-partition[OF Ws] by metis
  also have  $\text{lincomb } (\lambda x. 0) \ (Vs - Ws) = 0_v \ n$ 
    using lincomb-zero[of Vs - Ws  $\lambda x. 0$ ] Vs by auto
  finally have  $\text{lincomb } ?d \ Vs = b$  using b lincomb-closed Vs Ws by auto
  moreover have  $?d \vdash Vs \subseteq \{t. t \geq 0\}$  using c by auto
  moreover have  $\text{sum } ?d \ Vs = 1$  using c1 R.extend-sum[OF fin Ws] by auto
  ultimately have  $\exists c. \text{convex-lincomb } c \ Vs \ b$ 
    unfolding convex-lincomb-def nonneg-lincomb-def by blast
}
moreover
{
  fix b
  assume  $\exists c. \text{convex-lincomb } c \ Vs \ b$ 
  then obtain c where b:  $\text{lincomb } c \ Vs = b$  and c:  $c \vdash Vs \subseteq \{x. x \geq 0\}$ 
    and c1:  $\text{sum } c \ Vs = 1$ 
    unfolding convex-lincomb-def nonneg-lincomb-def by auto
  from lincomb-as-lincomb-list-distinct[OF Vsl dist, of c]
  have b:  $\text{lincomb-list } (\lambda i. c \ (Vsl \ ! \ i)) \ Vsl = b$ 
    unfolding b[symmetric] id by simp
  have  $1 = \text{sum } c \ (\text{set } Vsl)$  using c1 id by auto
  also have  $\dots = \text{sum-list } (\text{map } c \ Vsl)$  by(rule sum.distinct-set-conv-list[OF
dist])
  also have  $\dots = \text{sum } (!) \ (\text{map } c \ Vsl) \ \{0..<\text{length } Vsl\}$ 
    using sum-list-sum-nth length-map by metis
  also have  $\dots = \text{sum } (\lambda i. c \ (Vsl \ ! \ i)) \ \{0..<\text{length } Vsl\}$  by simp
  finally have sum-1:  $(\sum i = 0..<\text{length } Vsl. c \ (Vsl \ ! \ i)) = 1$  by simp

  have  $\exists c. \text{convex-lincomb-list } c \ Vsl \ b$ 
    unfolding convex-lincomb-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def
    by (intro exI[of -  $\lambda i. c \ (Vsl \ ! \ i)$ ] conjI b sum-1)
    (insert c, force simp: set-conv-nth id)
  hence  $b \in \text{convex-hull-list } Vsl$  unfolding convex-hull-list-def by auto
}

```

ultimately have $\text{convex-hull } Vs = \text{convex-hull-list } Vsl$ by auto
also have $\text{convex-hull-list } Vsl = \text{convex-hull-list } Vsl'$
using $\text{convex-hull-list-eq-set}[OF\ Vsl, \text{ of } Vsl']\ id\ id'$ by simp
finally show $?thesis$ by simp
qed

definition $\text{convex } S = (\text{convex-hull } S = S)$

lemma $\text{convex-convex-hull}$: $\text{convex } S \implies \text{convex-hull } S = S$
unfolding convex-def by auto

lemma $\text{convex-hull-convex-hull-listD}$: **assumes** $A: A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
and $x: x \in \text{convex-hull } A$
shows $\exists\ as.\ \text{set } as \subseteq A \wedge x \in \text{convex-hull-list } as$
proof –
from $x[\text{unfolded convex-hull-def}]$
obtain $X\ c$ **where** $\text{fin}X$: $\text{finite } X$ **and** XA : $X \subseteq A$ **and** $\text{convex-lincomb } c\ X\ x$
by auto
hence $x: x \in \text{convex-hull } X$ **unfolding** convex-hull-def **by** auto
from $\text{finite-list}[OF\ \text{fin}X]$ **obtain** xs **where** $X: X = \text{set } xs$ **by** auto
from $\text{finite-convex-hull-iff-convex-hull-list}[OF - \text{this}]\ x\ XA\ A$ **have** $x: x \in \text{convex-hull-list } xs$ **by** auto
thus $?thesis$ **using** XA **unfolding** X **by** auto
qed

lemma $\text{convex-hull-convex-sum}$: **assumes** $A: A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
and $x: x \in \text{convex-hull } A$
and $y: y \in \text{convex-hull } A$
and $a: 0 \leq a \wedge a \leq 1$
shows $a \cdot_v x + (1 - a) \cdot_v y \in \text{convex-hull } A$
proof –
from $\text{convex-hull-convex-hull-listD}[OF\ A\ x]$ **obtain** xs **where** $xs: \text{set } xs \subseteq A$
and $x: x \in \text{convex-hull-list } xs$ **by** auto
from $\text{convex-hull-convex-hull-listD}[OF\ A\ y]$ **obtain** ys **where** $ys: \text{set } ys \subseteq A$
and $y: y \in \text{convex-hull-list } ys$ **by** auto
have $\text{fin}: \text{finite } (\text{set } (xs @ ys))$ **by** auto
have $\text{sub}: \text{set } (xs @ ys) \subseteq A$ **using** $xs\ ys$ **by** auto
from $\text{convex-hull-list-mono}[of\ xs\ @\ ys\ xs]\ x\ \text{sub } A$ **have** $x: x \in \text{convex-hull-list } (xs @ ys)$ **by** auto
from $\text{convex-hull-list-mono}[of\ xs\ @\ ys\ ys]\ y\ \text{sub } A$ **have** $y: y \in \text{convex-hull-list } (xs @ ys)$ **by** auto
from $\text{convex-hull-list-combination}[OF - x\ y\ a]$
have $a \cdot_v x + (1 - a) \cdot_v y \in \text{convex-hull-list } (xs @ ys)$ **using** $\text{sub } A$ **by** auto
from $\text{finite-convex-hull-iff-convex-hull-list}[of - xs\ @\ ys]\ \text{this}\ \text{sub } A$
have $a \cdot_v x + (1 - a) \cdot_v y \in \text{convex-hull } (\text{set } (xs @ ys))$ **by** auto
with $\text{convex-hull-mono}[OF\ \text{sub}]$
show $a \cdot_v x + (1 - a) \cdot_v y \in \text{convex-hull } A$ **by** auto
qed

```

lemma convexI: assumes  $S: S \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and step:  $\bigwedge a \ x \ y. x \in S \implies y \in S \implies 0 \leq a \implies a \leq 1 \implies a \cdot_v x + (1 - a) \cdot_v y \in S$ 
shows convex  $S$ 
  unfolding convex-def
proof (standard, standard)
  fix  $z$ 
  assume  $z \in \text{convex-hull } S$ 
  from this[unfolded convex-hull-def] obtain  $W \ c$  where finite  $W$  and  $WS: W \subseteq S$ 
    and convex-lincomb  $c \ W \ z$  by auto
  then show  $z \in S$ 
  proof (induct  $W$  arbitrary:  $c \ z$ )
    case empty
      thus ?case unfolding convex-lincomb-def by auto
    next
      case (insert  $w \ W \ c \ z$ )
        have convex-lincomb  $c \ (\text{insert } w \ W) \ z$  by fact
        hence  $zl: z = \text{lincomb } c \ (\text{insert } w \ W)$  and nonneg:  $\bigwedge w. w \in W \implies 0 \leq c \ w$ 
          and  $cw: c \ w \geq 0$ 
          and  $sum: \text{sum } c \ (\text{insert } w \ W) = 1$ 
          unfolding convex-lincomb-def nonneg-lincomb-def by auto
        have  $zl: z = c \ w \cdot_v w + \text{lincomb } c \ W$  unfolding  $zl$ 
          by (rule lincomb-insert2, insert insert S, auto)
        have  $sum: c \ w + \text{sum } c \ W = 1$  unfolding  $sum$ [symmetric]
          by (subst sum.insert, insert insert, auto)
        have  $W: W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  and  $w: w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  using  $S$  insert by auto
        show ?case
        proof (cases  $\text{sum } c \ W = 0$ )
          case True
            with nonneg have  $c0: \bigwedge w. w \in W \implies c \ w = 0$ 
              using insert(1) sum-nonneg-eq-0-iff by auto
            with  $sum$  have  $cw: c \ w = 1$  by auto
            have  $lin0: \text{lincomb } c \ W = 0_v \ n$ 
              by (intro lincomb-zero W, insert c0, auto)
            have  $z = w$  unfolding  $zl \ cw \ lin0$  using  $w$  by simp
            with insert(4) show ?thesis by simp
          case False
            have  $\text{sum } c \ W \geq 0$  using nonneg by (metis sum-nonneg)
            with False have  $pos: \text{sum } c \ W > 0$  by auto
            define  $b$  where  $b = (\lambda w. \text{inverse } (\text{sum } c \ W) * c \ w)$ 
            have convex-lincomb  $b \ W \ (\text{lincomb } b \ W)$ 
              unfolding convex-lincomb-def nonneg-lincomb-def b-def
            proof (intro conjI refl)
              show  $(\lambda w. \text{inverse } (\text{sum } c \ W) * c \ w) \cdot W \subseteq \text{Collect } ((\leq) \ 0)$  using nonneg
            pos by auto
            show  $(\sum_{w \in W} \text{inverse } (\text{sum } c \ W) * c \ w) = 1$  unfolding sum-distrib-left[symmetric]
          using False by auto

```



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qed
from insert(3)[OF - this] insert
have IH: lincomb b W ∈ S by auto
have lin: lincomb c W = sum c W ·v lincomb b W
  unfolding b-def
  by (subst lincomb-smult[symmetric, OF W], rule lincomb-cong[OF - W],
insert False, auto)
  from sum cw pos have sum: sum c W = 1 - c w and cw1: c w ≤ 1 by auto
  show ?thesis unfolding zl lin unfolding sum
    by (rule step[OF - IH cw cw1], insert insert, auto)
qed
qed
next
show S ⊆ convex-hull S using S by (rule set-in-convex-hull)
qed

lemma convex-hulls-are-convex: assumes A ⊆ carrier-vec n
shows convex (convex-hull A)
by (intro convexI convex-hull-convex-sum convex-hull-carrier assms)

lemma convex-hull-sum: assumes A: A ⊆ carrier-vec n and B: B ⊆ carrier-vec n
shows convex-hull (A + B) = convex-hull A + convex-hull B
proof
note cA = convex-hull-carrier[OF A]
note cB = convex-hull-carrier[OF B]
have convex (convex-hull A + convex-hull B)
proof (intro convexI sum-carrier-vec convex-hull-carrier A B)
fix a :: 'a and x1 x2
assume x1 ∈ convex-hull A + convex-hull B x2 ∈ convex-hull A + convex-hull B
then obtain y1 y2 z1 z2 where
x12: x1 = y1 + z1 x2 = y2 + z2 and
y12: y1 ∈ convex-hull A y2 ∈ convex-hull A and
z12: z1 ∈ convex-hull B z2 ∈ convex-hull B
unfolding set-plus-def by auto
from y12 z12 cA cB have carr:
y1 ∈ carrier-vec n y2 ∈ carrier-vec n
z1 ∈ carrier-vec n z2 ∈ carrier-vec n
by auto
assume a: 0 ≤ a a ≤ 1
have A: a ·v y1 + (1 - a) ·v y2 ∈ convex-hull A using y12 a A by (metis
convex-hull-convex-sum)
have B: a ·v z1 + (1 - a) ·v z2 ∈ convex-hull B using z12 a B by (metis
convex-hull-convex-sum)
have a ·v x1 + (1 - a) ·v x2 = (a ·v y1 + a ·v z1) + ((1 - a) ·v y2 + (1 -
a) ·v z2) unfolding x12
using carr by (auto simp: smult-add-distrib-vec)
also have ... = (a ·v y1 + (1 - a) ·v y2) + (a ·v z1 + (1 - a) ·v z2) using

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carr
  by (intro eq-vecI, auto)
  finally show  $a \cdot_v x1 + (1 - a) \cdot_v x2 \in \text{convex-hull } A + \text{convex-hull } B$ 
    using A B by auto
qed
from convex-convex-hull[OF this]
have id:  $\text{convex-hull } (\text{convex-hull } A + \text{convex-hull } B) = \text{convex-hull } A + \text{convex-hull } B$  .
show  $\text{convex-hull } (A + B) \subseteq \text{convex-hull } A + \text{convex-hull } B$ 
  by (subst id[symmetric], rule convex-hull-mono[OF set-plus-mono2]; intro set-in-convex-hull A B)
show  $\text{convex-hull } A + \text{convex-hull } B \subseteq \text{convex-hull } (A + B)$ 
proof
  fix x
  assume  $x \in \text{convex-hull } A + \text{convex-hull } B$ 
  then obtain y z where  $x = y + z$  and  $y \in \text{convex-hull } A$  and  $z \in \text{convex-hull } B$ 
  by (auto simp: set-plus-def)
  from convex-hull-convex-hull-listD[OF A y] obtain ys where  $ysA: \text{set } ys \subseteq A$ 
  and
   $y \in \text{convex-hull-list } ys$  by auto
  from convex-hull-convex-hull-listD[OF B z] obtain zs where  $zsB: \text{set } zs \subseteq B$ 
  and
   $z \in \text{convex-hull-list } zs$  by auto
  from  $y \in \text{convex-hull-list } ys$  [unfolded convex-hull-list-def convex-lincomb-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def]
  obtain c where  $yid: y = \text{lincomb-list } c \text{ } ys$ 
  and  $\text{conv-c}: (\forall i < \text{length } ys. 0 \leq c \ i) \wedge \text{sum } c \ \{0..<\text{length } ys\} = 1$ 
  by auto
  from  $z \in \text{convex-hull-list } zs$  [unfolded convex-hull-list-def convex-lincomb-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def]
  obtain d where  $zid: z = \text{lincomb-list } d \text{ } zs$ 
  and  $\text{conv-d}: (\forall i < \text{length } zs. 0 \leq d \ i) \wedge \text{sum } d \ \{0..<\text{length } zs\} = 1$ 
  by auto
  from  $ysA \ A$  have  $ys: \text{set } ys \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
  from  $zsB \ B$  have  $zs: \text{set } zs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
  have [intro, simp]:  $\text{lincomb-list } x \text{ } ys \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  for  $x$  using lincomb-list-carrier[OF ys] .
  have [intro, simp]:  $\text{lincomb-list } x \text{ } zs \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  for  $x$  using lincomb-list-carrier[OF zs] .
  have  $\text{dim}[simp]: \text{dim-vec } (\text{lincomb-list } d \text{ } zs) = n$  by auto
  from  $yid$  have  $y: y \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
  from  $zid$  have  $z: z \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
  {
    fix x
    assume  $x \in \text{set } (\text{map } ((+) \ y) \ zs)$ 
    then obtain z where  $x = y + z$  and  $z \in \text{set } zs$  by auto
    then obtain j where  $j: j < \text{length } zs$  and  $x: x = y + zs \ ! \ j$  unfolding
    set-conv-nth by auto
    hence  $\text{mem}: zs \ ! \ j \in \text{set } zs$  by auto
    hence  $zsj: zs \ ! \ j \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  using zs by auto
  }

```

```

    let ?list = (map (λ y. y + zs ! j) ys)
    let ?set = set ?list
    have set: ?set ⊆ carrier-vec n using ys A zsj by auto
    have lin-map: lincomb-list c ?list ∈ carrier-vec n
      by (intro lincomb-list-carrier[OF set])
    have y + (zs ! j) = lincomb-list c ?list
    unfolding yid using zsj lin-map lincomb-list-index[OF - set] lincomb-list-index[OF
- ys]
      by (intro eq-vecI, auto simp: field-simps sum-distrib-right[symmetric] conv-c)
    hence convex-lincomb-list c ?list (y + (zs ! j))
      unfolding convex-lincomb-list-def nonneg-lincomb-list-def using conv-c by
auto
    hence y + (zs ! j) ∈ convex-hull-list ?list unfolding convex-hull-list-def by
auto
    with finite-convex-hull-iff-convex-hull-list[OF set refl]
    have (y + zs ! j) ∈ convex-hull ?set by auto
    also have ... ⊆ convex-hull (A + B)
      by (rule convex-hull-mono, insert mem ys ysA zsjB, force simp: set-plus-def)
    finally have x ∈ convex-hull (A + B) unfolding x .
  } note step1 = this
  {
    let ?list = map ((+) y) zs
    let ?set = set ?list
    have set: ?set ⊆ carrier-vec n using zs B y by auto
    have lin-map: lincomb-list d ?list ∈ carrier-vec n
      by (intro lincomb-list-carrier[OF set])
    have [simp]: i < n ⟹ (∑ j = 0..

```

```

lemma convex-hull-in-cone:
  convex-hull  $C \subseteq \text{cone } C$ 
  unfolding convex-hull-def cone-def convex-lincomb-def finite-cone-def by auto

lemma convex-cone:
  assumes  $C: C \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  shows convex (cone  $C$ )
  unfolding convex-def
  using convex-hull-in-cone set-in-convex-hull[OF cone-carrier[OF C]] cone-cone[OF C]
  by blast

end
end

```

9 Normal Vectors

We provide a function for the normal vector of a half-space (given as $n-1$ linearly independent vectors). We further provide a function that returns a list of normal vectors that span the orthogonal complement of some subspace of R^n . Bounds for all normal vectors are provided.

```

theory Normal-Vector
  imports
    Integral-Bounded-Vectors
    Basis-Extension
begin

context gram-schmidt
begin

lemma ortho-sum-in-span:
  assumes  $W: W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and  $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and ortho:  $\bigwedge w x. w \in W \implies x \in X \implies x \cdot w = 0$ 
  and inspan:  $\text{lincomb } l1 \ X + \text{lincomb } l2 \ W \in \text{span } X$ 
  shows  $\text{lincomb } l2 \ W = 0_v \ n$ 
proof (rule ccontr)
  let  $?v = \text{lincomb } l2 \ W$ 
  have  $v\text{carr}: ?v \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  using  $W$  by auto
  have  $v\text{span}: ?v \in \text{span } W$  using  $W$  by auto
  assume  $\neg ?thesis$ 
  from this have  $v\text{nz}: ?v \neq 0_v \ n$  by auto
  let  $?x = \text{lincomb } l1 \ X$ 
  have  $x\text{carr}: ?x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  using  $X$  by auto
  have  $x\text{span}: ?x \in \text{span } X$  using  $X \ x\text{carr}$  by auto
  have  $0 \neq \text{sq-norm } ?v$  using  $v\text{nz } v\text{carr}$  by simp
  also have  $\text{sq-norm } ?v = 0 + ?v \cdot ?v$  by (simp add: sq-norm-vec-as-cscalar-prod)

```

also have $\dots = ?x \cdot ?v + ?v \cdot ?v$
 by (subst (2) ortho-span-span[OF X W ortho], insert X W, auto)
 also have $\dots = (?x + ?v) \cdot ?v$ using xcarr vcarr
 using add-scalar-prod-distrib by force
 also have $\dots = 0$
 by (rule ortho-span-span[OF X W ortho inspan vspan])
 finally show False by simp
 qed

lemma ortho-lin-indpt: assumes W: $W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
 and X: $X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
 and ortho: $\bigwedge w x. w \in W \implies x \in X \implies x \cdot w = 0$
 and linW: lin-indpt W
 and linX: lin-indpt X
 shows lin-indpt (W \cup X)
 proof (rule ccontr)
 assume $\neg ?thesis$
 from this obtain c where zerocomb: lincomb c (W \cup X) = 0_v n
 and notallz: $\exists v \in (W \cup X). c \cdot v \neq 0$
 using assms fin-dim fin-dim-li-fin finite-lin-indpt2 infinite-Un le-sup-iff
 by metis
 have zero-nin-W: $0_v \cdot n \notin W$ using assms by (metis vs-zero-lin-dep)
 have WXinters: $W \cap X = \{\}$
 proof (rule ccontr)
 assume $\neg ?thesis$
 from this obtain v where v: $v \in W \cap X$ by auto
 hence $v \cdot v = 0$ using ortho by auto
 moreover have $v \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ using assms v by auto
 ultimately have $v = 0_v \cdot n$ using sq-norm-vec-as-cscalar-prod[of v] by auto
 then show False using zero-nin-W v by auto
 qed
 have finX: finite X using X linX by (simp add: fin-dim-li-fin)
 have finW: finite W using W linW by (simp add: fin-dim-li-fin)
 have split: lincomb c (W \cup X) = lincomb c X + lincomb c W
 using lincomb-union[OF W X WXinters finW finX]
 by (simp add: M.add.m-comm W X)
 hence lincomb c X + lincomb c W $\in \text{span } X$ using zerocomb
 using local.span-zero by auto
 hence z1: lincomb c W = $0_v \cdot n$
 using ortho-sum-in-span[OF W X ortho] by simp
 hence z2: lincomb c X = $0_v \cdot n$ using split zerocomb X by simp
 have or: $(\exists v \in W. c \cdot v \neq 0) \vee (\exists v \in X. c \cdot v \neq 0)$ using notallz by auto
 have ex1: $\exists v \in W. c \cdot v \neq 0 \implies \text{False}$ using linW
 using finW lin-dep-def z1 by blast
 have ex2: $\exists v \in X. c \cdot v \neq 0 \implies \text{False}$ using linX
 using finX lin-dep-def z2 by blast
 show False using ex1 ex2 or by auto
 qed

definition *normal-vector* :: 'a vec set \Rightarrow 'a vec **where**
normal-vector $W = (\text{let } ws = (\text{SOME } ws. \text{set } ws = W \wedge \text{distinct } ws);$
 $m = \text{length } ws;$
 $B = (\lambda j. \text{mat } m \ m \ (\lambda(i, j'). ws ! i \ \$ \ (\text{if } j' < j \text{ then } j' \text{ else } \text{Suc } j'))$
 $\text{in } \text{vec } n \ (\lambda j. (-1)^{\wedge(m+j)} * \text{det } (B \ j)))$

lemma *normal-vector*: **assumes** *fin*: *finite* W
and *card*: $\text{Suc } (\text{card } W) = n$
and *lin*: *lin-indpt* W
and $W: W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
shows *normal-vector* $W \in \text{carrier-vec } n$
normal-vector $W \neq 0_v \ n$
 $w \in W \implies w \cdot \text{normal-vector } W = 0$
 $w \in W \implies \text{normal-vector } W \cdot w = 0$
lin-indpt (*insert* (*normal-vector* W) W)
normal-vector $W \notin W$
 $\text{is-det-bound } db \implies W \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } \text{Bnd}) \implies \text{normal-vector } W$
 $\in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } (db \ (n-1) \ \text{Bnd}))$

proof –
define ws **where** $ws = (\text{SOME } ws. \text{set } ws = W \wedge \text{distinct } ws)$
from *finite-distinct-list*[*OF* *fin*]
have $\exists \ ws. \text{set } ws = W \wedge \text{distinct } ws$ **by** *auto*
from *someI-ex*[*OF* *this*, *folded* *ws-def*] **have** *id*: $\text{set } ws = W$ **and** *dist*: *distinct*
 ws **by** *auto*
have *len*: $\text{length } ws = \text{card } W$ **using** *distinct-card*[*OF* *dist*] *id* **by** *auto*
let $?n = \text{length } ws$
define B **where** $B = (\lambda j. \text{mat } ?n \ ?n \ (\lambda(i, j'). ws ! i \ \$ \ (\text{if } j' < j \text{ then } j' \text{ else } \text{Suc } j'))$
define nv **where** $nv = \text{vec } n \ (\lambda j. (-1)^{\wedge(?n+j)} * \text{det } (B \ j))$
have $nv2$: *normal-vector* $W = nv$ **unfolding** *normal-vector-def* *Let-def*
 $ws\text{-def}$ [*symmetric*] *B-def* *nv-def* ..
define A **where** $A = (\lambda w. \text{mat-of-rows } n \ (ws \ @ \ [w]))$
from *len id card* **have** *len*: $\text{Suc } ?n = n$ **by** *auto*
have A : $A \ w \in \text{carrier-mat } n \ n$ **for** w **using** *id W len* **unfolding** *A-def* **by** *auto*
{
 fix $w :: 'a \text{ vec}$
 assume $w: w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$
 from *len* **have** $n1$ [*simp*]: $n - \text{Suc } 0 = ?n$ **by** *auto*
 {
 fix j
 assume $j: j < n$
 have *mat-delete* ($A \ w$) $?n \ j = B \ j$
 unfolding *mat-delete-def* *A-def* *mat-of-rows-def* *B-def*
 by (*rule* *eq-matI*, *insert j len*, *auto simp: nth-append*)
 } **note** $B = \text{this}$
 have $\text{det } (A \ w) = (\sum j < n. (A \ w) \ \$ \ (\text{length } ws, j) * \text{cofactor } (A \ w) \ ?n \ j)$
 by (*subst laplace-expansion-row*[*OF* A , *of* $?n$], *insert len*, *auto*)
 also have $\dots = (\sum j < n. w \ \$ \ j * (-1)^{\wedge(?n+j)} * \text{det } (\text{mat-delete } (A \ w) \ ?n \ j))$

```

    by (rule sum.cong, auto simp: A-def mat-of-rows-def cofactor-def)
  also have ... = ( $\sum j < n. w \ $ j * (-1) ^ (?n+j) * det (B j)$ )
    by (rule sum.cong[OF refl], subst B, auto)
  also have ... = ( $\sum j < n. w \ $ j * nv \ $ j$ )
    by (rule sum.cong[OF refl], auto simp: nv-def)
  also have ... =  $w \cdot nv$  unfolding scalar-prod-def unfolding nv-def
    by (rule sum.cong, auto)
  finally have  $\det (A \ w) = w \cdot nv$  .
} note det-scalar = this
have nv:  $nv \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  unfolding nv-def by auto
{
  fix w
  assume wW:  $w \in W$ 
  with W have w:  $w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
  from wW id obtain i where i:  $i < ?n$  and ws:  $ws \ ! \ i = w$  unfolding
set-conv-nth by auto
  from det-scalar[OF w] have  $\det (A \ w) = w \cdot nv$  .
  also have  $\det (A \ w) = 0$ 
    by (subst det-identical-rows[OF A, of i ?n], insert i ws len, auto simp: A-def
mat-of-rows-def nth-append)
  finally have  $w \cdot nv = 0$  ..
  note this this[unfolded comm-scalar-prod[OF w nv]]
} note ortho = this
have nv0:  $nv \neq 0_v \ n$ 
proof
  assume nv:  $nv = 0_v \ n$ 
  define bs where bs = basis-extension ws
  define w where w = hd bs
  have lin-indpt-list ws using dist lin W unfolding lin-indpt-list-def id by auto
  from basis-extension[OF this, folded bs-def] len
  have lin: lin-indpt-list (ws @ bs) and length bs = 1 and bsc: set bs  $\subseteq \text{carrier-vec}$ 
n
    by (auto simp: unit-vecs-def)
  hence bs: bs = [w] unfolding w-def by (cases bs, auto)
  with bsc have w:  $w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
  note lin = lin[unfolded bs]
  from lin-indpt-list-length-eq-n[OF lin] len
  have basis: basis (set (ws @ [w])) by auto
  from w det-scalar nv have det0:  $\det (A \ w) = 0$  by auto
  with basis-det-nonzero[OF basis] len show False
    unfolding A-def by auto
qed
let ?nv = normal-vector W
from ortho nv nv0
show nv: ?nv  $\in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and ortho:  $\bigwedge w. w \in W \implies w \cdot ?nv = 0$ 
   $\bigwedge w. w \in W \implies ?nv \cdot w = 0$ 
  and n0: ?nv  $\neq 0_v \ n$  unfolding nv2 by auto
from n0 nv have sq-norm ?nv  $\neq 0$  by auto

```

```

hence  $nnv$ :  $?nv \cdot ?nv \neq 0$  by (auto simp: sq-norm-vec-as-cscalar-prod)
show  $nvW$ :  $?nv \notin W$  using  $nnv$  ortho by blast
have  $?nv \notin \text{span } W$  using  $W$  ortho  $nnv$   $nv$ 
  using orthocompl-span by blast
with lin-dep-iff-in-span[OF  $W$  lin  $nv$   $nvW$ ]
show lin-indpt (insert  $?nv$   $W$ ) by auto
{
  assume  $db$ : is-det-bound  $db$ 
  assume  $W \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec}$  (of-int  $Bnd$ )
  hence  $wsI$ :  $\text{set } ws \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec}$  (of-int  $Bnd$ ) unfolding  $id$  by auto
  have  $ws$ :  $\text{set } ws \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  using  $W$  unfolding  $id$  by auto
  from  $wsI$   $ws$  have  $wsI$ :  $i < ?n \implies ws ! i \in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec}$  (of-int  $Bnd$ )  $\cap$ 
  carrier-vec  $n$  for  $i$ 
    using len  $wsI$  unfolding set-conv-nth by auto
  have  $ints$ :  $i < ?n \implies j < n \implies ws ! i \ \$ j \in \mathbb{Z}$  for  $i \ j$ 
    using  $wsI$ [of  $i$ , unfolded Ints-vec-def] by force
  have  $bnd$ :  $i < ?n \implies j < n \implies \text{abs } (ws ! i \ \$ j) \leq \text{of-int } Bnd$  for  $i \ j$ 
    using  $wsI$ [unfolded Bounded-vec-def, of  $i$ ] by auto
  {
    fix  $i$ 
    assume  $i$ :  $i < n$ 
    have  $ints-nv$ :  $nv \ \$ i \in \mathbb{Z}$  unfolding  $nv$ -def using  $wsI$  len  $ws$ 
      by (auto simp:  $i$  B-def set-conv-nth intro!: Ints-mult Ints-det ints)
    have  $B \ i \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap \text{Bounded-mat}$  (of-int  $Bnd$ )
      unfolding B-def using len  $ws \ i$   $bnd$   $ints-nv$ 
    apply (simp add: Ints-mat-def Ints-vec-def Bounded-mat-def, intro allI impI)
    subgoal for  $ii \ j$  using  $ints$ [of  $ii \ j$ ]  $ints$ [of  $ii$  Suc  $j$ ]
      by auto
    done
    from is-det-bound-of-int[OF  $db$  - this, of  $?n$ ]
    have  $|nv \ \$ i| \leq \text{of-int } (db \ (n - 1) \ Bnd)$ 
      unfolding  $nv$ -def using  $wsI$  len  $ws \ i$ 
      by (auto simp: B-def abs-mult  $bnd$ )
    note  $ints-nv$  this
  }
  with  $nv \ nv2$  show  $?nv \in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec}$  (of-int  $(db \ (n - 1) \ Bnd)$ )
    unfolding Ints-vec-def Bounded-vec-def by auto
}
qed

```

lemma normal-vector-span:

```

assumes  $card$ : Suc ( $card \ D$ ) =  $n$ 
  and  $D$ :  $D \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  and  $fin$ : finite  $D$  and  $lin$ : lin-indpt  $D$ 
shows  $\text{span } D = \{ x. x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge x \cdot \text{normal-vector } D = 0 \}$ 
proof -
  note  $nv = \text{normal-vector}$ [OF  $fin \ card \ lin \ D$ ]
  {
    fix  $x$ 
    assume  $xspan$ :  $x \in \text{span } D$ 

```



```

from finite-in-span[OF fin D xspan] obtain c where
  x · normal-vector D = lincomb c D · normal-vector D by auto
also have ... = ( $\sum_{w \in D}. c \ w * (w \cdot \text{normal-vector } D)$ )
  by (rule lincomb-scalar-prod-left, insert D nv, auto)
also have ... = 0
apply (rule sum.neutral) using nv(1,2,3) D comm-scalar-prod[of normal-vector
D] by fastforce
  finally have x ∈ carrier-vec n x · normal-vector D = 0 using xspan D by
auto
}
moreover
{
  let ?n = normal-vector D
  fix x
  assume x: x ∈ carrier-vec n and xscal: x · normal-vector D = 0
  let ?B = (insert (normal-vector D) D)
  have card ?B = n using card card-insert-disjoint[OF fin nv(6)] by auto
  moreover have B: ?B ⊆ carrier-vec n using D nv by auto
  ultimately have span ?B = carrier-vec n
    by (intro span-carrier-lin-indpt-card-n, insert nv(5), auto)
  hence xspan: x ∈ span ?B using x by auto
  obtain c where x = lincomb c ?B using finite-in-span[OF - B xspan] fin by
auto
  hence 0 = lincomb c ?B · normal-vector D using xscal by auto
  also have ... = ( $\sum_{w \in ?B}. c \ w * (w \cdot \text{normal-vector } D)$ )
    by (subst lincomb-scalar-prod-left, insert B, auto)
  also have ... = ( $\sum_{w \in D}. c \ w * (w \cdot \text{normal-vector } D)$ ) + c ?n * (?n · ?n)
    by (subst sum.insert[OF fin nv(6)], auto)
  also have ( $\sum_{w \in D}. c \ w * (w \cdot \text{normal-vector } D)$ ) = 0
    apply(rule sum.neutral) using nv(1,3) comm-scalar-prod[OF nv(1)] D by
fastforce
  also have ?n · ?n = sq-norm ?n using sq-norm-vec-as-cscalar-prod[of ?n] by
simp
  finally have c ?n * sq-norm ?n = 0 by simp
  hence ncoord: c ?n = 0 using nv(1-5) by auto
  have x = lincomb c ?B by fact
  also have ... = lincomb c D
    apply (subst lincomb-insert2[OF fin D - nv(6,1)]) using ncoord nv(1) D by
auto
  finally have x ∈ span D using fin by auto
}
ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed

```

definition *normal-vectors* :: 'a *vec list* ⇒ 'a *vec list* **where**
normal-vectors ws = (*let us* = *basis-extension ws*
 in *map* ($\lambda i. \text{normal-vector } (\text{set } (ws @ us) - \{us ! i\})$) [*0*..*length us*])

lemma *normal-vectors*:

```

assumes lin: lin-indpt-list ws
shows set (normal-vectors ws) ⊆ carrier-vec n
  w ∈ set ws ⇒ nv ∈ set (normal-vectors ws) ⇒ nv • w = 0
  w ∈ set ws ⇒ nv ∈ set (normal-vectors ws) ⇒ w • nv = 0
  lin-indpt-list (ws @ normal-vectors ws)
  length ws + length (normal-vectors ws) = n
  set ws ∩ set (normal-vectors ws) = {}
  is-det-bound db ⇒ set ws ⊆ ℤv ∩ Bounded-vec (of-int Bnd) ⇒
    set (normal-vectors ws) ⊆ ℤv ∩ Bounded-vec (of-int (db (n-1) (max 1 Bnd)))
proof -
  define us where us = basis-extension ws
  from basis-extension[OF assms, folded us-def]
  have units: set us ⊆ set (unit-vecs n)
    and lin: lin-indpt-list (ws @ us)
    and len: length (ws @ us) = n
    by auto
  from lin-indpt-list-length-eq-n[OF lin len]
  have span: span (set (ws @ us)) = carrier-vec n by auto
  from lin[unfolded lin-indpt-list-def]
  have wsus: set (ws @ us) ⊆ carrier-vec n
    and dist: distinct (ws @ us)
    and lin': lin-indpt (set (ws @ us)) by auto
  let ?nv = normal-vectors ws
  note nv-def = normal-vectors-def[of ws, unfolded Let-def, folded us-def]
  let ?m = length ws
  let ?n = length us
  have lnv[simp]: length ?nv = length us unfolding nv-def by auto
  {
    fix i
    let ?V = set (ws @ us) - {us ! i}
    assume i: i < ?n
    hence nvi: ?nv ! i = normal-vector ?V unfolding nv-def by auto
    from i have us ! i ∈ set us by auto
    with wsus have u: us ! i ∈ carrier-vec n by auto
    have id: ?V ∪ {us ! i} = set (ws @ us) using i by auto
    have V: ?V ⊆ carrier-vec n using wsus by auto
    have finV: finite ?V by auto
    have Suc (card ?V) = card (insert (us ! i) ?V)
      by (subst card-insert-disjoint[OF finV], auto)
    also have insert (us ! i) ?V = set (ws @ us) using i by auto
    finally have cardV: Suc (card ?V) = n
      using len distinct-card[OF dist] by auto
    from subset-li-is-li[OF lin'] have linV: lin-indpt ?V by auto
    from lin-dep-iff-in-span[OF - linV u, unfolded id] wsus lin'
    have usV: us ! i ∉ span ?V by auto
    note nv = normal-vector[OF finV cardV linV V, folded nvi]
    from normal-vector-span[OF cardV V - linV, folded nvi] comm-scalar-prod[OF
      - nv(1)]
    have span: span ?V = {x ∈ carrier-vec n. ?nv ! i • x = 0}
  }

```

```

    by auto
  from nv(1,2) have sq-norm (?nv ! i) ≠ 0 by auto
  hence nvi: ?nv ! i • ?nv ! i ≠ 0
    by (auto simp: sq-norm-vec-as-cscalar-prod)
  from span nvi have nvspan: ?nv ! i ∉ span ?V by auto
  from u usV[unfolded span] have ?nv ! i • us ! i ≠ 0 by blast
  note nv nvi this span usV nvspan
} note nvi = this
show nv: set ?nv ⊆ carrier-vec n
  unfolding set-conv-nth using nvi(1) by auto
{
  fix w nv
  assume w: w ∈ set ws
  with dist have wus: w ∉ set us by auto
  assume n: nv ∈ set ?nv
  with w wus show nv • w = 0
    unfolding set-conv-nth[of normal-vectors -] by (auto intro!: nvi(4)[of - w])
  thus w • nv = 0 using comm-scalar-prod[of w n nv] w nv n wsus by auto
} note scalar-0 = this
show length ws + length ?nv = n using len by simp
{
  let ?oi = of-int :: int ⇒ 'a
  assume wsI: set ws ⊆ ℤv ∩ Bounded-vec (?oi Bnd) and db: is-det-bound db
  {
    fix nv
    assume nv ∈ set ?nv
    then obtain i where nv: nv = ?nv ! i and i: i < ?n unfolding set-conv-nth
  by auto
    from order.trans[OF units unit-vec-int-bounds]
    wsI have set (ws @ us) - {us ! i} ⊆ ℤv ∩ Bounded-vec (?oi (max 1 Bnd))
  using
    Bounded-vec-mono[of ?oi Bnd ?oi (max 1 Bnd), unfolded of-int-le-iff]
    by auto
    from nvi(7)[OF i db this] nv
    have nv ∈ ℤv ∩ Bounded-vec (?oi (db (n - 1) (max 1 Bnd)))
    by auto
  }
  thus set ?nv ⊆ ℤv ∩ Bounded-vec (?oi (db (n - 1) (max 1 Bnd))) by auto
}
have dist-nv: distinct ?nv unfolding distinct-conv-nth lnv
proof (intro allI impI)
  fix i j
  assume i: i < ?n and j: j < ?n and ij: i ≠ j
  with dist have usj: us ! j ∈ set (ws @ us) - {us ! i}
    by (simp, auto simp: distinct-conv-nth set-conv-nth)
  from nvi(4)[OF i this] nvi(9)[OF j]
  show ?nv ! i ≠ ?nv ! j by auto
qed
show disj: set ws ∩ set ?nv = {}

```

```

proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\neg ?thesis$ 
  then obtain  $w$  where  $w: w \in \text{set } ws \ w \in \text{set } ?nv$  by auto
  from scalar-0[OF this] this(1) have sq-norm  $w = 0$ 
    by (auto simp: sq-norm-vec-as-cscalar-prod)
  with  $w$   $wsus$  have  $w = 0_v \ n$  by auto
  with vs-zero-lin-dep[OF  $wsus \ lin$ ]  $w(1)$  show False by auto
qed
have dist': distinct ( $ws @ ?nv$ ) using dist disj dist-nv by auto
show lin-indpt-list ( $ws @ ?nv$ ) unfolding lin-indpt-list-def
proof (intro conjI dist')
  show set: set ( $ws @ ?nv$ )  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec  $n$  using nv  $wsus$  by auto
  hence  $ws$ : set  $ws \subseteq$  carrier-vec  $n$  by auto
  have lin-nv: lin-indpt (set  $?nv$ )
proof
  assume lin-dep (set  $?nv$ )
  from finite-lin-dep[OF finite-set this nv]
  obtain  $a \ v$  where comb: lincomb  $a$  (set  $?nv$ ) =  $0_v \ n$  and vnv:  $v \in \text{set } ?nv$ 
and av0:  $a \ v \neq 0$  by auto
  from vnv[unfolded set-conv-nth] obtain  $i$  where  $i: i < ?n$  and  $vi: v = ?nv$ 
! i by auto
  define  $b$  where  $b = (\lambda w. a \ w / a \ v)$ 
  define  $c$  where  $c = (\lambda w. -1 * b \ w)$ 
  define  $x$  where  $x = \text{lincomb } b \ (\text{set } ?nv - \{v\})$ 
  define  $w$  where  $w = \text{lincomb } c \ (\text{set } ?nv - \{v\})$ 
  have  $w: w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  unfolding w-def using nv by auto
  have  $x: x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  unfolding x-def using nv by auto
  from arg-cong[OF comb, of  $\lambda x. (1 / a \ v) \cdot_v x$ ]
  have  $0_v \ n = 1 / a \ v \cdot_v \text{lincomb } a \ (\text{set } ?nv)$  by auto
  also have  $\dots = \text{lincomb } b \ (\text{set } ?nv)$ 
    by (subst lincomb-smult[symmetric, OF nv], auto simp: b-def)
  also have  $\dots = b \ v \cdot_v v + \text{lincomb } b \ (\text{set } ?nv - \{v\})$ 
    by (subst lincomb-del2[OF - nv - vnv], auto)
  also have  $b \ v \cdot_v v = v$  using av0 unfolding b-def by auto
  finally have  $v + \text{lincomb } b \ (\text{set } ?nv - \{v\}) - \text{lincomb } b \ (\text{set } ?nv - \{v\}) =$ 
     $0_v \ n - \text{lincomb } b \ (\text{set } ?nv - \{v\})$  (is ?l = ?r) by simp
  also have ?l =  $v$ 
    by (rule add-diff-cancel-right-vec, insert vnv nv, auto)
  also have ?r =  $w$  unfolding w-def c-def
    by (subst lincomb-smult, unfold x-def[symmetric], insert nv x, auto)
  finally have vw:  $v = w$  .
  have  $u: us ! i \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  using  $i \ wsus$  by auto
  have  $nv'$ : set  $?nv - \{?nv ! i\} \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  using nv by auto
  have  $?nv ! i \cdot us ! i = 0$ 
    unfolding vi[symmetric] vw unfolding w-def vi
    unfolding lincomb-scalar-prod-left[OF nv' u]
proof (rule sum.neutral, intro ballI)
  fix  $x$ 
  assume  $x \in \text{set } ?nv - \{?nv ! i\}$ 

```

then obtain j where $j: j < ?n$ and $x: x = ?nv ! j$ and $ij: i \neq j$ unfolding
set-conv-nth by *auto*
 from *dist[simplified]* $ij \ i \ j$ have $us ! i \neq us ! j$ unfolding *distinct-conv-nth*
 by *auto*
 with i have $us ! i \in \text{set } (ws @ us) - \{us ! j\}$ by *auto*
 from *nvi(3-4)[OF j this]*
 show $c \cdot x * (x \cdot us ! i) = 0$ unfolding x by *auto*
 qed
 with *nvi(9)[OF i]* show *False ..*
 qed
 from *subset-li-is-li[OF lin¹]* have *lin-indpt* (*set ws*) by *auto*
 from *ortho-lin-indpt[OF nv ws scalar-0 lin-nv this]*
 have *lin-indpt* (*set ?nv \cup set ws*) .
 also have *set ?nv \cup set ws = set (ws @ ?nv)* by *auto*
 finally show *lin-indpt* (*set (ws @ ?nv)*) .
 qed
 qed

definition *pos-norm-vec* :: '*a* *vec* *set* \Rightarrow '*a* *vec* \Rightarrow '*a* *vec* **where**
pos-norm-vec $D \ x = (\text{let } c' = \text{normal-vector } D;$
 $c = (\text{if } c' \cdot x > 0 \text{ then } c' \text{ else } -c') \text{ in } c)$

lemma *pos-norm-vec*:

assumes $D: D \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ and *fin*: *finite* D and *lin*: *lin-indpt* D
 and *card*: *Suc* (*card* D) = n
 and *c-def*: $c = \text{pos-norm-vec } D \ x$
 shows $c \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ *span* $D = \{x. x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge x \cdot c = 0\}$
 $x \notin \text{span } D \implies x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \implies c \cdot x > 0$
 $c \in \{\text{normal-vector } D, -\text{normal-vector } D\}$
proof –
 have $n: \text{normal-vector } D \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ using *normal-vector assms* by *auto*
 show *cnorm*: $c \in \{\text{normal-vector } D, -\text{normal-vector } D\}$ unfolding *c-def* *pos-norm-vec-def*
Let-def by *auto*
 then show $c: c \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ using *assms normal-vector* by *auto*
 have *span* $D = \{x. x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge x \cdot \text{normal-vector } D = 0\}$
 using *normal-vector-span[OF card D fin lin]* by *auto*
 also have $\dots = \{x. x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge x \cdot c = 0\}$ using *cnorm c* by *auto*
 finally show *span-char*: *span* $D = \{x. x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge x \cdot c = 0\}$ by *auto*
 {
 assume $x: x \notin \text{span } D \ x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$
 hence $c \cdot x \neq 0$ using *comm-scalar-prod[OF c]* unfolding *span-char* by *auto*
 hence *normal-vector* $D \cdot x \neq 0$ using *cnorm n x* by *auto*
 with x have $b: \neg (\text{normal-vector } D \cdot x > 0) \implies (-\text{normal-vector } D) \cdot x > 0$
 using *assms n* by *auto*
 then show $c \cdot x > 0$ unfolding *c-def* *pos-norm-vec-def* *Let-def*
 by (*auto split: if-splits*)
 }
 qed

end

end

10 Dimension of Spans

We define the notion of dimension of a span of vectors and prove some natural results about them. The definition is made as a function, so that no interpretation of locales like subspace is required.

theory *Dim-Span*

imports *Missing-VS-Connect*

begin

context *vec-space*

begin

definition *dim-span* $W = \text{Max} (\text{card} \, ' \{ V. V \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge V \subseteq \text{span } W \wedge \text{lin-indpt } V \})$

lemma fixes $V \, W :: 'a \text{ vec set}$

shows

card-le-dim-span:

$V \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies V \subseteq \text{span } W \implies \text{lin-indpt } V \implies \text{card } V \leq \text{dim-span}$

W and

card-eq-dim-span-imp-same-span:

$W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies V \subseteq \text{span } W \implies \text{lin-indpt } V \implies \text{card } V = \text{dim-span}$

$W \implies \text{span } V = \text{span } W$ **and**

same-span-imp-card-eq-dim-span:

$V \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies \text{span } V = \text{span } W \implies \text{lin-indpt}$

$V \implies \text{card } V = \text{dim-span } W$ **and**

dim-span-cong:

$\text{span } V = \text{span } W \implies \text{dim-span } V = \text{dim-span } W$ **and**

ex-basis-span:

$V \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies \exists \, W. W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge \text{lin-indpt } W \wedge \text{span } V = \text{span } W \wedge \text{dim-span } V = \text{card } W$

proof –

show *cong*: $\bigwedge V \, W. \text{span } V = \text{span } W \implies \text{dim-span } V = \text{dim-span } W$ **unfolding** *dim-span-def* **by** *auto*

{

fix $W :: 'a \text{ vec set}$

let $?M = \{ V. V \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge V \subseteq \text{span } W \wedge \text{lin-indpt } V \}$

have $\text{card} \, ' ?M \subseteq \{ 0 .. n \}$

proof

fix k

assume $k \in \text{card} \, ' ?M$

then obtain V **where** $V: V \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge V \subseteq \text{span } W \wedge \text{lin-indpt } V$

and $k: k = \text{card } V$

by *auto*

from V **have** $\text{card } V \leq n$ **using** *dim-is-n li-le-dim* **by** *auto*

```

    with k show k ∈ {0 .. n} by auto
  qed
  from finite-subset[OF this]
  have fin: finite (card ' ?M) by auto
  have {} ∈ ?M by (auto simp: span-empty span-zero)
  from imageI[OF this, of card]
  have 0 ∈ card ' ?M by auto
  hence Mempty: card ' ?M ≠ {} by auto
  from Max-ge[OF fin, folded dim-span-def]
  show  $\bigwedge V :: 'a \text{ vec set. } V \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \implies V \subseteq \text{span } W \implies \text{lin-indpt } V$ 
 $\implies \text{card } V \leq \text{dim-span } W$ 
    by auto
  note this fin Mempty
} note part1 = this
{
  fix V W :: 'a vec set
  assume W: W ⊆ carrier-vec n
  and VsW: V ⊆ span W and linV: lin-indpt V and card: card V = dim-span
W
  from W VsW have V: V ⊆ carrier-vec n using span-mem[OF W] by auto
  from Max-in[OF part1(2,3), folded dim-span-def, of W]
  obtain WW where WW: WW ⊆ carrier-vec n WW ⊆ span W lin-indpt WW
    and id: dim-span W = card WW by auto
  show span V = span W
  proof (rule ccontr)
    from VsW V W have sub: span V ⊆ span W using span-subsetI by metis
    assume span V ≠ span W
    with sub obtain w where wW: w ∈ span W and wsV: w ∉ span V by auto
    from wW W have w: w ∈ carrier-vec n by auto
    from linV V have finV: finite V using fin-dim fin-dim-li-fin by blast
    from wsV span-mem[OF V, of w] have wV: w ∉ V by auto
    let ?X = insert w V
    have card ?X = Suc (card V) using wV finV by simp
    hence gt: card ?X > dim-span W unfolding card by simp
    have linX: lin-indpt ?X using lin-dep-iff-in-span[OF V linV w wV] wsV by
auto
    have XW: ?X ⊆ span W using wW VsW by auto
    from part1(1)[OF - XW linX] w V have card ?X ≤ dim-span W by auto
    with gt show False by auto
  qed
} note card-dim-span = this
{
  fix V :: 'a vec set
  assume V: V ⊆ carrier-vec n
  from Max-in[OF part1(2,3), folded dim-span-def, of V]
  obtain W where W: W ⊆ carrier-vec n W ⊆ span V lin-indpt W
    and idW: card W = dim-span V by auto
  show  $\exists W. W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge \text{lin-indpt } W \wedge \text{span } V = \text{span } W \wedge \text{dim-span}$ 
 $V = \text{card } W$ 

```

```

proof (intro exI[of - W] conjI W idW[symmetric])
  from card-dim-span[OF V(1) W(2-3) idW] show span V = span W by
auto
  qed
}
{
  fix V W
  assume V: V  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  and W: W  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  and span: span V = span W
  and lin: lin-indpt V
  from Max-in[OF part1(2,3), folded dim-span-def, of W]
  obtain WW where WW: WW  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n WW  $\subseteq$  span W lin-indpt WW
  and idWW: card WW = dim-span W by auto
  from card-dim-span[OF W WW(2-3) idWW] span
  have spanWW: span WW = span V by auto
  from span have V  $\subseteq$  span W using span-mem[OF V] by auto
  from part1(1)[OF V this lin] have VW: card V  $\leq$  dim-span W .
  have finWW: finite WW using WW by (simp add: fin-dim-li-fin)
  have finV: finite V using lin V by (simp add: fin-dim-li-fin)
  from replacement[OF finWW finV V WW(3) WW(2)[folded span], unfolded
idWW]
  obtain C :: 'a vec set
  where le: int (card C)  $\leq$  int (card V) - int (dim-span W) by auto
  from le have int (dim-span W) + int (card C)  $\leq$  int (card V) by linarith
  hence dim-span W + card C  $\leq$  card V by linarith
  with VW show card V = dim-span W by auto
}
qed

```

lemma dim-span-le-n: **assumes** W: W \subseteq carrier-vec n **shows** dim-span W \leq n
proof -

```

from ex-basis-span[OF W] obtain V where
  V: V  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  and lin: lin-indpt V
  and dim: dim-span W = card V
by auto
show ?thesis unfolding dim using lin V
using dim-is-n li-le-dim by auto
qed

```

lemma dim-span-insert: **assumes** W: W \subseteq carrier-vec n
and v: v \in carrier-vec n **and** vs: v \notin span W
shows dim-span (insert v W) = Suc (dim-span W)
proof -

```

from ex-basis-span[OF W] obtain V where
  V: V  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  and lin: lin-indpt V
  and span: span W = span V

```



```

    and dim: dim-span W = card V
    by auto
  from V vs[unfolded span] have vV: v ∉ V using span-mem[OF V] by blast
  from lin-dep-iff-in-span[OF V lin v vV] vs span
  have lin': lin-indpt (insert v V) by auto
  have finV: finite V using lin V using fin-dim fin-dim-li-fin by blast
  have card (insert v V) = Suc (card V) using finV vV by auto
  hence cvV: card (insert v V) = Suc (dim-span W) using dim by auto
  have span (insert v V) = span (insert v W)
    using span V W v by (metis bot-least insert-subset insert-union span-union-is-sum)
  from same-span-imp-card-eq-dim-span[OF - - this lin'] cvV v V W
  show ?thesis by auto
qed
end
end

```

11 The Fundamental Theorem of Linear Inequalities

The theorem states that for a given set of vectors A and vector b, either b is in the cone of a linear independent subset of A, or there is a hyperplane that contains $\text{span}(A, b) - 1$ linearly independent vectors of A that separates A from b. We prove this theorem and derive some consequences, e.g., Caratheodory's theorem that b is the cone of A iff b is in the cone of a linear independent subset of A.

theory *Fundamental-Theorem-Linear-Inequalities*

imports

Cone

Normal-Vector

Dim-Span

begin

context *gram-schmidt*

begin

The mentions equivances A-D are:

- A: b is in the cone of vectors A,
- B: b is in the cone of a subset of linear independent of vectors A,
- C: there is no separating hyperplane of b and the vectors A, which contains dim many linear independent vectors of A
- D: there is no separating hyperplane of b and the vectors A

lemma *fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities-A-imp-D:*

```

assumes  $A: A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
and  $\text{fin}: \text{finite } A$ 
and  $b: b \in \text{cone } A$ 
shows  $\nexists c. c \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\forall a_i \in A. c \cdot a_i \geq 0) \wedge c \cdot b < 0$ 
proof
assume  $\exists c. c \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\forall a_i \in A. c \cdot a_i \geq 0) \wedge c \cdot b < 0$ 
then obtain  $c$  where  $c: c \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
and  $ai: \bigwedge ai. ai \in A \implies c \cdot ai \geq 0$ 
and  $cb: c \cdot b < 0$  by auto
from  $b[\text{unfolded cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def finite-cone-def}]$ 
obtain  $l \text{ } AA$  where  $bc: b = \text{lincomb } l \text{ } AA$  and  $l: l \cdot AA \subseteq \{x. x \geq 0\}$  and  $AA: AA \subseteq A$  by auto
from  $\text{cone-carrier}[OF \ A] \ b$  have  $b: b \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
have  $0 \leq (\sum ai \in AA. l \ ai * (c \cdot ai))$ 
by  $(\text{intro sum-nonneg mult-nonneg-nonneg, insert } l \ ai \ AA, \text{ auto})$ 
also have  $\dots = (\sum ai \in AA. l \ ai * (ai \cdot c))$ 
by  $(\text{rule sum.cong, insert } c \ A \ AA \text{ comm-scalar-prod, force+})$ 
also have  $\dots = (\sum ai \in AA. ((l \ ai \cdot_v ai) \cdot c))$ 
by  $(\text{rule sum.cong, insert smult-scalar-prod-distrib } c \ A \ AA, \text{ auto})$ 
also have  $\dots = b \cdot c$  unfolding  $bc \text{ lincomb-def}$ 
by  $(\text{subst finsum-scalar-prod-sum[symmetric], insert } c \ A \ AA, \text{ auto})$ 
also have  $\dots = c \cdot b$  using  $\text{comm-scalar-prod } b \ c$  by auto
also have  $\dots < 0$  by fact
finally show False by simp
qed

```

The difficult direction is that C implies B. To this end we follow the proof that at least one of B and the negation of C is satisfied.

```

context
fixes  $a :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ vec}$ 
and  $b :: 'a \text{ vec}$ 
and  $m :: \text{nat}$ 
assumes  $a: a \cdot \{0 \dots m\} \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
and  $\text{inj-a}: \text{inj-on } a \ \{0 \dots m\}$ 
and  $b: b \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
and  $\text{full-span}: \text{span } (a \cdot \{0 \dots m\}) = \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
begin

private definition  $\text{goal} = ((\exists I. I \subseteq \{0 \dots m\} \wedge \text{card } (a \cdot I) = n \wedge \text{lin-indpt } (a \cdot I) \wedge b \in \text{finite-cone } (a \cdot I))$ 
 $\vee (\exists c \ I. I \subseteq \{0 \dots m\} \wedge c \in \{\text{normal-vector } (a \cdot I), - \text{normal-vector } (a \cdot I)\}$ 
 $\wedge \text{Suc } (\text{card } (a \cdot I)) = n$ 
 $\wedge \text{lin-indpt } (a \cdot I) \wedge (\forall i < m. c \cdot a \ i \geq 0) \wedge c \cdot b < 0))$ 

private lemma  $\text{card-a-I[simp]}: I \subseteq \{0 \dots m\} \implies \text{card } (a \cdot I) = \text{card } I$ 
by  $(\text{smt inj-a card-image inj-on-image-eq-iff subset-image-inj subset-refl subset-trans})$ 

private lemma  $\text{in-a-I[simp]}: I \subseteq \{0 \dots m\} \implies i < m \implies (a \ i \in a \cdot I) = (i \in$ 

```

$I)$
using *inj-a*
by (*meson atLeastLessThan-iff image-eqI inj-on-image-mem-iff zero-le*)

private definition *valid-I* = { I . $\text{card } I = n \wedge \text{lin-indpt } (a \text{ ' } I) \wedge I \subseteq \{0 \dots m\}$ }

private definition *cond* **where** *cond* $I \text{ ' } l \text{ } c \text{ } h \text{ } k \equiv$
 $b = \text{lincomb } l \text{ } (a \text{ ' } I) \wedge$
 $h \in I \wedge l \text{ } (a \text{ } h) < 0 \wedge (\forall h'. h' \in I \longrightarrow h' < h \longrightarrow l \text{ } (a \text{ } h') \geq 0) \wedge$
 $c \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge \text{span } (a \text{ ' } (I - \{h\})) = \{x. x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge c \cdot x = 0\}$
 $\wedge c \cdot b < 0 \wedge$
 $k < m \wedge c \cdot a \text{ } k < 0 \wedge (\forall k'. k' < k \longrightarrow c \cdot a \text{ } k' \geq 0) \wedge$
 $I' = \text{insert } k \text{ } (I - \{h\})$

private definition *step-rel* = *Restr* { $(I'', I). \exists l \text{ } c \text{ } h \text{ } k. \text{cond } I \text{ ' } l \text{ } c \text{ } h \text{ } k$ } *valid-I*

private lemma *finite-step-rel*: *finite step-rel*
proof (*rule finite-subset*)
show *step-rel* $\subseteq (\text{Pow } \{0 \dots m\} \times \text{Pow } \{0 \dots m\})$ **unfolding** *step-rel-def*
valid-I-def **by** *auto*
qed *auto*

private lemma *acyclic-imp-goal*: *acyclic step-rel* \implies *goal*
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume *ngoal*: $\neg \text{goal}$
{
fix I
assume $I: I \in \text{valid-I}$
hence $Im: I \subseteq \{0 \dots m\}$ **and**
 $lin: \text{lin-indpt } (a \text{ ' } I)$ **and**
 $cardI: \text{card } I = n$
by (*auto simp: valid-I-def*)
let $?D = (a \text{ ' } I)$
have $finD: \text{finite } ?D$ **using** Im *infinite-super* **by** *blast*
have $carrD: ?D \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **using** $a \text{ } Im$ **by** *auto*
have $cardD: \text{card } ?D = n$ **using** $cardI \text{ } Im$ **by** *simp*
have $spanD: \text{span } ?D = \text{carrier-vec } n$
by (*intro span-carrier-lin-indpt-card-n lin cardD carrD*)
obtain $lamb$ **where** $b\text{-is-lincomb}: b = \text{lincomb } lamb \text{ } (a \text{ ' } I)$
using *finite-in-span[OF fin carrD, of b]* **using** $spanD \text{ } b \text{ } carrD \text{ } fin\text{-dim } lin$ **by**
auto
define h **where** $h = (\text{LEAST } h. h \in I \wedge lamb \text{ } (a \text{ } h) < 0)$
have $\exists I'. (I', I) \in \text{step-rel}$
proof (*cases* $\forall i \in I. lamb \text{ } (a \text{ } i) \geq 0$)
case *cond1-T*: *True*
have *goal* **unfolding** *goal-def*
by (*intro disjI1 exI[of - I] conjI lin cardI*
 $\text{lincomb-in-finite-cone[OF } b\text{-is-lincomb } finD \text{ - carrD}], \text{insert } cardI \text{ } Im$

```

cond1-T, auto)
  with ngoal show ?thesis by auto
next
  case cond1-F: False
  hence  $\exists h. h \in I \wedge \text{lamb } (a \ h) < 0$  by fastforce
  from LeastI-ex[OF this, folded h-def] have  $h: h \in I \wedge \text{lamb } (a \ h) < 0$  by auto
  from not-less-Least[of -  $\lambda h. h \in I \wedge \text{lamb } (a \ h) < 0$ , folded h-def]
  have h-least:  $\forall k. k \in I \longrightarrow k < h \longrightarrow \text{lamb } (a \ k) \geq 0$  by fastforce
  obtain I' where I'-def:  $I' = I - \{h\}$  by auto
  obtain c where c-def:  $c = \text{pos-norm-vec } (a \ 'I') (a \ h)$  by auto
  let ?D' = a ' I'
  have I'm:  $I' \subseteq \{0..<m\}$  using Im I'-def by auto
  have carrD':  $?D' \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  using a Im I'-def by auto
  have finD': finite (?D') using Im I'-def subset-eq-atLeast0-lessThan-finite by
auto
  have D'subs:  $?D' \subseteq ?D$  using I'-def by auto
  have linD': lin-indpt (?D') using lin I'-def Im D'subs subset-li-is-li by auto
  have D'strictsubs:  $?D = ?D' \cup \{a \ h\}$  using h I'-def by auto
  have h-nin-I:  $h \notin I'$  using h I'-def by auto
  have ah-nin-D':  $a \ h \notin ?D'$  using h inj-a Im h-nin-I by (subst in-a-I, auto
simp: I'-def)
  have cardD':  $\text{Suc } (\text{card } (?D')) = n$  using cardD ah-nin-D' D'strictsubs finD'
by simp
  have ah-carr:  $a \ h \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  using h a Im by auto
  note pnv = pos-norm-vec[OF carrD' finD' linD' cardD' c-def]
  have ah-nin-span:  $a \ h \notin \text{span } ?D'$ 
    using D'strictsubs lin-dep-iff-in-span[OF carrD' linD' ah-carr ah-nin-D'] lin
by auto
  have cah-ge-zero:  $c \cdot a \ h > 0$  and  $c \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
    and cnorm:  $\text{span } ?D' = \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. x \cdot c = 0\}$ 
    using ah-carr ah-nin-span pnv by auto
  have ccarr:  $c \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  by fact
  have  $b \cdot c = \text{lincomb } \text{lamb } (a \ 'I) \cdot c$  using b-is-lincomb by auto
  also have  $\dots = (\sum w \in ?D. \text{lamb } w * (w \cdot c))$ 
    using lincomb-scalar-prod-left[OF carrD, of c lamb] pos-norm-vec ccarr by
blast
  also have  $\dots = \text{lamb } (a \ h) * (a \ h \cdot c) + (\sum w \in ?D'. \text{lamb } w * (w \cdot c))$ 
    using sum.insert[OF finD' ah-nin-D', of lamb] D'strictsubs ah-nin-D' finD'
by auto
  also have  $(\sum w \in ?D'. \text{lamb } w * (w \cdot c)) = 0$ 
    apply (rule sum.neutral)
    using span-mem[OF carrD', unfolded cnorm] by simp
  also have  $\text{lamb } (a \ h) * (a \ h \cdot c) + 0 < 0$ 
    using cah-ge-zero h(2) comm-scalar-prod[OF ah-carr ccarr]
    by (auto intro: mult-neg-pos)
  finally have cb-le-zero:  $c \cdot b < 0$  using comm-scalar-prod[OF b ccarr] by
auto

show ?thesis

```

```

proof (cases  $\forall i < m . c \cdot a \ i \geq 0$ )
  case cond2-T: True
    have goal
      unfolding goal-def
      by (intro disjI2 exI[of - c] exI[of - I] conjI cb-le-zero linD' cond2-T cardD'
I'm pnv(4))
      with ngoal show ?thesis by auto
    next
      case cond2-F: False
      define k where k = (LEAST k. k < m  $\wedge$  c  $\cdot$  a k < 0)
      let ?I'' = insert k I'
      show ?thesis unfolding step-rel-def
      proof (intro exI[of - ?I''], standard, unfold mem-Collect-eq split, intro exI)
        from LeastI-ex[OF ]
        have  $\exists k. k < m \wedge c \cdot a \ k < 0$  using cond2-F by fastforce
        from LeastI-ex[OF this, folded k-def] have k: k < m c  $\cdot$  a k < 0 by auto
        show cond I ?I'' lamb c h k unfolding cond-def I'-def[symmetric] cnorm
        proof(intro conjI cb-le-zero b-is-lincomb h ccarr h-least refl k)
          show  $\{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. x \cdot c = 0\} = \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. c \cdot x = 0\}$ 
            using comm-scalar-prod[OF ccarr] by auto
          from not-less-Least[of -  $\lambda k. k < m \wedge c \cdot a \ k < 0$ , folded k-def]
          have  $\forall k' < k . k' > m \vee c \cdot a \ k' \geq 0$  using k(1) less-trans not-less by
blast
            then show  $\forall k' < k . c \cdot a \ k' \geq 0$  using k(1) by auto
          qed

      have ?I''  $\in$  valid-I unfolding valid-I-def
      proof(standard, intro conjI)
        from k a have ak-carr: a k  $\in$  carrier-vec n by auto
        have ak-nin-span: a k  $\notin$  span ?D' using k(2) cnorm comm-scalar-prod[OF
ak-carr ccarr] by auto
        hence ak-nin-D': a k  $\notin$  ?D' using span-mem[OF carrD'] by auto
        from lin-dep-iff-in-span[OF carrD' linD' ak-carr ak-nin-D']
        show lin-indpt (a ' ?I'') using ak-nin-span by auto
        show ?I''  $\subseteq$   $\{0..<m\}$  using I'm k by auto
        show card (insert k I') = n using cardD' ak-nin-D' finD'
          by (metis  $\langle \text{insert } k \ I' \subseteq \{0..<m\} \rangle$  card-a-I card-insert-disjoint
image-insert)
        qed
        then show (?I'', I)  $\in$  valid-I  $\times$  valid-I using I by auto

      qed
    qed
  qed
} note step = this
{
  from exists-lin-indpt-subset[OF a, unfolded full-span]
  obtain A where lin: lin-indpt A and span: span A = carrier-vec n and Am:
A  $\subseteq$  a '  $\{0..<m\}$  by auto

```

```

from  $Am$  a have  $A: A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
from  $lin \text{ span } A$  have  $\text{card}: \text{card } A = n$ 
  using basis-def dim-basis dim-is-n fin-dim-li-fin by auto
from  $A$   $Am$  obtain  $I$  where  $A: A = a \text{ ' } I$  and  $I: I \subseteq \{0 \dots m\}$  by (metis
subset-imageE)
  have  $I \in \text{valid-}I$  using  $I$   $\text{card } lin$  unfolding valid-I-def  $A$  by auto
  hence  $\exists I. I \in \text{valid-}I$  ..
}
note  $\text{init} = \text{this}$ 
have  $\text{step-valid}: (I', I) \in \text{step-rel} \implies I' \in \text{valid-}I$  for  $I$   $I'$  unfolding step-rel-def
by auto
  have  $\neg (wf \text{ step-rel})$ 
proof
  from  $\text{init}$  obtain  $I$  where  $I: I \in \text{valid-}I$  by auto
  assume  $wf \text{ step-rel}$ 
  from  $\text{this}[\text{unfolded } wf\text{-eq-minimal, rule-format, OF } I]$   $\text{step step-valid}$  show False
by blast
qed
with  $wf\text{-iff-acyclic-if-finite}[\text{OF } \text{finite-step-rel}]$ 
have  $\neg \text{acyclic step-rel}$  by auto
thus  $\text{acyclic step-rel} \implies \text{False}$  by auto
qed

```

```

private lemma acyclic-step-rel: acyclic step-rel
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\neg ?thesis$ 
  hence  $\neg \text{acyclic} (\text{step-rel}^{-1})$  by auto

```

```

then obtain  $I$  where  $(I, I) \in (\text{step-rel}^{-1})^+ \text{ unfolding } \text{acyclic-def}$  by blast
from  $\text{this}[\text{unfolded } \text{tranc1-power}]$ 
obtain  $\text{len}$  where  $(I, I) \in (\text{step-rel}^{-1})^{\sim \text{len}}$  and  $\text{len0}: \text{len} > 0$  by blast

```

```

from  $\text{this}[\text{unfolded } \text{relpow-fun-conv}]$  obtain  $Is$  where
   $\text{stepsIs}: \bigwedge i. i < \text{len} \implies (Is (\text{Suc } i), Is i) \in \text{step-rel}$ 
  and  $IsI: Is 0 = I$   $Is \text{ len} = I$  by auto
{
  fix  $i$ 
  assume  $i \leq \text{len}$  hence  $i - 1 < \text{len}$  using  $\text{len0}$  by auto
  from  $\text{stepsIs}[\text{unfolded } \text{step-rel-def, OF this}]$ 
  have  $Is i \in \text{valid-}I$  by (cases i, auto)
}
note  $Is\text{-valid} = \text{this}$ 
from  $\text{stepsIs}[\text{unfolded } \text{step-rel-def}]$ 
have  $\forall i. \exists l c h k. i < \text{len} \longrightarrow \text{cond } (Is i) (Is (\text{Suc } i)) l c h k$  by auto

```

```

from  $\text{choice}[\text{OF this}]$  obtain  $ls$  where  $\forall i. \exists c h k. i < \text{len} \longrightarrow \text{cond } (Is i) (Is$ 
 $(\text{Suc } i)) (ls i) c h k$  by auto
from  $\text{choice}[\text{OF this}]$  obtain  $cs$  where  $\forall i. \exists h k. i < \text{len} \longrightarrow \text{cond } (Is i) (Is$ 
 $(\text{Suc } i)) (ls i) (cs i) h k$  by auto

```

```

from choice[OF this] obtain hs where  $\forall i. \exists k. i < \text{len} \longrightarrow \text{cond } (Is\ i) (Is$ 
(Suc i)) (ls i) (cs i) (hs i) k by auto
from choice[OF this] obtain ks where
  cond:  $\bigwedge i. i < \text{len} \implies \text{cond } (Is\ i) (Is\ (\text{Suc } i)) (ls\ i) (cs\ i) (hs\ i) (ks\ i)$  by auto

let ?R = {hs i | i. i < len}
define r where r = Max ?R
from cond[OF len0] have hs 0  $\in I$  using IsI unfolding cond-def by auto
hence R0: hs 0  $\in ?R$  using len0 by auto
have finR: finite ?R by auto
from Max-in[OF finR] R0
have rR: r  $\in ?R$  unfolding r-def[symmetric] by auto
then obtain p where rp: r = hs p and p: p < len by auto
from Max-ge[OF finR, folded r-def]
have rLarge: i < len  $\implies hs\ i \leq r$  for i by auto
have exq:  $\exists q. ks\ q = r \wedge q < \text{len}$ 
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume neg:  $\neg ?thesis$ 
  show False
  proof(cases r  $\in I$ )
    case True
    have 1:  $j \in \{\text{Suc } p..len\} \implies r \notin Is\ j$  for j
    proof(induction j rule: less-induct)
      case (less j)
      from less(2) have j-bounds: j = Suc p  $\vee j > \text{Suc } p$  by auto
      from less(2) have j-len: j  $\leq \text{len}$  by auto
      have pj-cond: j = Suc p  $\implies \text{cond } (Is\ p) (Is\ j) (ls\ p) (cs\ p) (hs\ p) (ks\ p)$ 
using cond p by blast
      have r-neq-ksp: r  $\neq ks\ p$  using p neg by auto
      have j = Suc p  $\implies Is\ j = \text{insert } (ks\ p) (Is\ p - \{r\})$ 
      using rp cond pj-cond cond-def[of Is p Is j - - r] by blast
      hence c1: j = Suc p  $\implies r \notin Is\ j$  using r-neq-ksp by simp
      have IH:  $\bigwedge t. t < j \implies t \in \{\text{Suc } p..len\} \implies r \notin Is\ t$  by fact
      have r-neq-kspj: j > Suc p  $\wedge j \leq \text{len} \implies r \neq ks\ (j-1)$  using j-len neg IH
by auto
      have jsucj-cond: j > Suc p  $\wedge j \leq \text{len} \implies Is\ j = \text{insert } (ks\ (j-1)) (Is\ (j-1) - \{hs\ (j-1)\})$ 
      using cond-def[of Is (j-1) Is j] cond
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-less-eq2 diff-Suc-1 le-simps(3))
      hence j > Suc p  $\wedge j \leq \text{len} \implies r \notin \text{insert } (ks\ (j-1)) (Is\ (j-1))$ 
      using IH r-neq-kspj by auto
      hence j > Suc p  $\wedge j \leq \text{len} \implies r \notin Is\ j$  using jsucj-cond by simp
      then show ?case using j-bounds j-len c1 by blast
    qed
  then show ?thesis using neg IsI(2) True p by auto
next
  case False
  have 2:  $j \in \{0..p\} \implies r \notin Is\ j$  for j
  proof(induction j rule: less-induct)

```

```

    case(less j)
    from less(2) have j-bound:  $j \leq p$  by auto
    have r-nin-Is0:  $r \notin Is\ 0$  using IsI(1) False by simp
    have IH:  $\bigwedge t. t < j \wedge t \in \{0..p\} \implies r \notin Is\ t$  using less.IH by blast
    have j-neg-ksjpred:  $j > 0 \implies r \neq ks\ (j-1)$  using neg j-bound p by auto
    have Is-jpredj:  $j > 0 \implies Is\ j = insert\ (ks\ (j-1))\ (Is\ (j-1) - \{hs\ (j-1)\})$ 
      using cond-def[of Is (j-1) Is j - - hs (j-1) ks (j-1)] cond
      by (metis (full-types) One-nat-def Suc-pred diff-le-self j-bound le-less-trans
    p)
    have  $j > 0 \implies r \notin insert\ (ks\ (j-1))\ (Is\ (j-1))$ 
      using j-neg-ksjpred IH j-bound by fastforce
    hence  $j > 0 \implies r \notin Is\ j$  using Is-jpredj by blast
    then show ?case using j-bound r-nin-Is0 by blast
  qed
  have  $\exists r. r \in Is\ p$  using rp cond cond-def p by blast
  then show ?thesis using 2 3 by auto
qed
qed
then obtain q where q1:  $ks\ q = r$  and q-len:  $q < len$  by blast

{
  fix t i1 i2
  assume  $i1 < len\ i2 < len\ t < m$ 
  assume  $t \in Is\ i1\ t \notin Is\ i2$ 
  have  $\exists j < len. t = hs\ j$ 
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume  $\neg ?thesis$ 
    hence hst:  $\bigwedge j. j < len \implies hs\ j \neq t$  by auto
    have main:  $t \notin Is\ (i + k) \implies i + k \leq len \implies t \notin Is\ k$  for i k
    proof (induct i)
      case (Suc i)
        hence  $i: i + k < len$  by auto
        from cond[OF this, unfolded cond-def]
        have  $Is\ (Suc\ i + k) = insert\ (ks\ (i + k))\ (Is\ (i + k) - \{hs\ (i + k)\})$  by
    auto
    from Suc(2)[unfolded this] hst[OF i] have  $t \notin Is\ (i + k)$  by auto
    from Suc(1)[OF this] i show ?case by auto
  qed auto
  from main[of i2 0] <i2 < len> <t < Is i2> have  $t \notin Is\ 0$  by auto
  with IsI have  $t \notin Is\ len$  by auto
  with main[of len - i1 i1] <i1 < len> have  $t \notin Is\ i1$  by auto
  with  $\langle t \in Is\ i1 \rangle$  show False by blast
  qed
} note innotin = this

{
  fix i
  assume  $i: i \in \{Suc\ r..<m\}$ 
  {

```



```

    assume  $i\text{-in-}Isp: i \in Is\ p$ 
    have  $i \in Is\ q$ 
  proof (rule ccontr)
    have  $i\text{-range}: i < m$  using  $i$  by simp
    assume  $\neg ?thesis$ 
    then have  $ex: \exists j < len. i = hs\ j$ 
      using innotin[OF  $p\ q\text{-len}\ i\text{-range}\ i\text{-in-}Isp$ ] by simp
    then obtain  $j$  where  $j\text{-hs}: i = hs\ j$  by blast
    have  $i > r$  using  $i$  by simp
    then show False using  $j\text{-hs}\ p\ rLarge\ ex$  by force
  qed
}
hence  $(i \in Is\ p) \implies (i \in Is\ q)$  by blast
} note  $bla = this$ 
have  $blin: b = lincomb\ (Is\ p)\ (a\ ' (Is\ p))$  using  $cond\text{-}def\ p\ cond$  by blast
have  $carrDp: (a\ ' (Is\ p)) \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec\ n$  using  $Is\text{-}valid\ valid\text{-}I\text{-}def\ a\ p$ 
  by (smt image-subset-iff less-imp-le-nat mem-Collect-eq subsetD)
have  $carrcq: cs\ q \in carrier\text{-}vec\ n$  using  $cond\ cond\text{-}def\ q\text{-len}$  by simp
have  $ineq1: (cs\ q) \cdot b < 0$  using  $cond\text{-}def\ q\text{-len}\ cond$  by blast
let  $?Isp\text{-}lt\text{-}r = \{x \in Is\ p . x < r\}$ 
let  $?Isp\text{-}gt\text{-}r = \{x \in Is\ p . x > r\}$ 
have  $Is\text{-}disj: ?Isp\text{-}lt\text{-}r \cap ?Isp\text{-}gt\text{-}r = \{\}$  using  $Is\text{-}valid$  by auto
have  $?Isp\text{-}lt\text{-}r \subseteq Is\ p$  by simp
hence  $Isp\text{-}lt\text{-}0m: ?Isp\text{-}lt\text{-}r \subseteq \{0..<m\}$  using  $valid\text{-}I\text{-}def\ Is\text{-}valid\ p\ less\text{-}imp\text{-}le\text{-}nat$ 
by blast
have  $?Isp\text{-}gt\text{-}r \subseteq Is\ p$  by simp
hence  $Isp\text{-}gt\text{-}0m: ?Isp\text{-}gt\text{-}r \subseteq \{0..<m\}$  using  $valid\text{-}I\text{-}def\ Is\text{-}valid\ p\ less\text{-}imp\text{-}le\text{-}nat$ 
by blast
let  $?Dp\text{-}lt = a\ ' ?Isp\text{-}lt\text{-}r$ 
let  $?Dp\text{-}ge = a\ ' ?Isp\text{-}gt\text{-}r$ 
{
  fix  $A\ B$ 
  assume  $Asub: A \subseteq \{0..<m\} \cup \{0..<Suc\ r\}$ 
  assume  $Bsub: B \subseteq \{0..<m\} \cup \{0..<Suc\ r\}$ 
  assume  $ABinters: A \cap B = \{\}$ 
  have  $r \in Is\ p$  using  $rp\ p\ cond$  unfolding  $cond\text{-}def$  by simp
  hence  $r\text{-lt}\text{-}m: r < m$  using  $p\ Is\text{-}valid[of\ p]$  unfolding  $valid\text{-}I\text{-}def$  by auto
  hence  $1: A \subseteq \{0..<m\}$  using  $Asub$  by auto
  have  $2: B \subseteq \{0..<m\}$  using  $r\text{-lt}\text{-}m\ Bsub$  by auto
  have  $a\ ' A \cap a\ ' B = \{\}$ 
    using  $inj\text{-}on\text{-}image\text{-}Int[OF\ inj\text{-}a\ 1\ 2]\ ABinters$  by auto
}
} note  $inja = this$ 

have  $(Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\}) \cap (Is\ p \cap \{r\}) = \{\}$  by auto
hence  $a\ ' (Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\} \cup Is\ p \cap \{r\}) = a\ ' (Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\}) \cup a\ ' (Is\ p \cap \{r\})$ 
  using  $inj\text{-}a$  by auto
moreover have  $Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\} \cup Is\ p \cap \{r\} \subseteq \{0..<m\} \cup \{0..<Suc\ r\}$  by auto
moreover have  $Is\ p \cap \{Suc\ r..<m\} \subseteq \{0..<m\} \cup \{0..<Suc\ r\}$  by auto

```

moreover have $(Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\} \cup Is\ p \cap \{r\}) \cap (Is\ p \cap \{Suc\ r..<m\}) = \{\}$ **by** *auto*
ultimately have one: $(a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\}) \cup a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{r\})) \cap a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{Suc\ r..<m\}) = \{\}$
using *inja*[*of* $Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\} \cup Is\ p \cap \{r\} \quad Is\ p \cap \{Suc\ r..<m\}$] **by** *auto*
have *split*: $Is\ p = Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\} \cup Is\ p \cap \{r\} \cup Is\ p \cap \{Suc\ r..<m\}$
using *rp* *p* *Is-valid*[*of* *p*] **unfolding** *valid-I-def* **by** *auto*
have *gtr*: $(\sum w \in (a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{Suc\ r..<m\})). ((ls\ p)\ w) * (cs\ q \cdot w)) = 0$
proof (*rule* *sum.neutral*, *clarify*)
fix *w*
assume *w1*: $w \in Is\ p$ **and** *w2*: $w \in \{Suc\ r..<m\}$
have *w-in-q*: $w \in Is\ q$ **using** *bla*[*OF* *w2*] *w1* **by** *blast*
moreover have $hs\ q \leq r$ **using** *rR* *rLarge* **using** *q-len* **by** *blast*
ultimately have $w \neq hs\ q$ **using** *w2* **by** *simp*
hence $w \in Is\ q - \{hs\ q\}$ **using** *w1* *w-in-q* **by** *auto*
moreover have $Is\ q - \{hs\ q\} \subseteq \{0..<m\}$
using *q-len* *Is-valid*[*of* *q*] **unfolding** *valid-I-def* **by** *auto*
ultimately have $a\ w \in span\ (a \cdot (Is\ q - \{hs\ q\}))$ **using** *a* **by** (*intro* *span-mem*, *auto*)
moreover have $cs\ q \in carrier\text{-}vec\ n \wedge span\ (a \cdot (Is\ q - \{hs\ q\})) = \{x. x \in carrier\text{-}vec\ n \wedge cs\ q \cdot x = 0\}$
using *cond*[*of* *q*] *q-len* **unfolding** *cond-def* **by** *auto*
ultimately have $(cs\ q) \cdot (a\ w) = 0$ **using** *a* *w2* **by** *simp*
then show $ls\ p\ (a\ w) * (cs\ q \cdot a\ w) = 0$ **by** *simp*
qed
note *pp* = *cond*[*OF* *p*, *unfolded* *cond-def* *rp*[*symmetric*]]
note *qq* = *cond*[*OF* *q-len*, *unfolded* *cond-def* *q1*]
have $(cs\ q) \cdot b = (cs\ q) \cdot lincomb\ (ls\ p)\ (a \cdot (Is\ p))$ **using** *blin* **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = (\sum w \in (a \cdot (Is\ p)). ((ls\ p)\ w) * (cs\ q \cdot w))$
by (*subst* *lincomb-scalar-prod-right*[*OF* *carrDp* *carreq*], *simp*)
also have $\dots = (\sum w \in (a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\}) \cup a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{r\}) \cup a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{Suc\ r..<m\})). ((ls\ p)\ w) * (cs\ q \cdot w))$
by (*subst* (*I*) *split*, *rule* *sum.cong*, *auto*)
also have $\dots = (\sum w \in (a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\})). ((ls\ p)\ w) * (cs\ q \cdot w))$
 $+ (\sum w \in (a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{r\})). ((ls\ p)\ w) * (cs\ q \cdot w))$
 $+ (\sum w \in (a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{Suc\ r..<m\})). ((ls\ p)\ w) * (cs\ q \cdot w))$
apply (*subst* *sum.union-disjoint*[*OF* *- - one*])
apply (*force+*)[2]
apply (*subst* *sum.union-disjoint*)
apply (*force+*)[2]
apply (*rule* *inja*)
by *auto*
also have $\dots = (\sum w \in (a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\})). ((ls\ p)\ w) * (cs\ q \cdot w))$
 $+ (\sum w \in (a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{r\})). ((ls\ p)\ w) * (cs\ q \cdot w))$
using *sum.neutral* *gtr* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots > 0 + 0$
proof (*intro* *add-le-less-mono* *sum-nonneg* *mult-nonneg-nonneg*)
 $\{$

```

    fix x
    assume x:  $x \in a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{0..<r\})$ 
    show  $0 \leq ls\ p\ x$  using pp x by auto
    show  $0 \leq cs\ q \cdot x$  using qq x by auto
  }
  have  $r \in Is\ p$  using pp by blast
  hence  $a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{r\}) = \{a\ r\}$  by auto
  hence id:  $(\sum_{w \in a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{r\})} ls\ p\ w * (cs\ q \cdot w)) = ls\ p\ (a\ r) * (cs\ q \cdot a\ r)$ 
    by simp
  show  $0 < (\sum_{w \in a \cdot (Is\ p \cap \{r\})} ls\ p\ w * (cs\ q \cdot w))$ 
    unfolding id
  proof (rule mult-neg-neg)
    show  $ls\ p\ (a\ r) < 0$  using pp by auto
    show  $cs\ q \cdot a\ r < 0$  using qq by auto
  qed
qed
finally have  $cs\ q \cdot b > 0$  by simp
moreover have  $cs\ q \cdot b < 0$  using qq by blast
ultimately show False by auto
qed

```

lemma *fundamental-theorem-neg-C-or-B-in-context:*

```

  assumes W:  $W = a \cdot \{0..<m\}$ 
  shows  $(\exists U. U \subseteq W \wedge card\ U = n \wedge lin-indpt\ U \wedge b \in finite-cone\ U) \vee$ 
     $(\exists c\ U. U \subseteq W \wedge$ 
       $c \in \{normal-vector\ U, -\ normal-vector\ U\} \wedge$ 
       $Suc\ (card\ U) = n \wedge lin-indpt\ U \wedge (\forall w \in W. 0 \leq c \cdot w) \wedge c \cdot b < 0)$ 
  using acyclic-imp-goal[unfolded goal-def, OF acyclic-step-rel]
proof
  assume  $\exists I. I \subseteq \{0..<m\} \wedge card\ (a \cdot I) = n \wedge lin-indpt\ (a \cdot I) \wedge b \in finite-cone\ (a \cdot I)$ 
  thus ?thesis unfolding W by (intro disjI1, blast)
next
  assume  $\exists c\ I. I \subseteq \{0..<m\} \wedge$ 
     $c \in \{normal-vector\ (a \cdot I), -\ normal-vector\ (a \cdot I)\} \wedge$ 
     $Suc\ (card\ (a \cdot I)) = n \wedge lin-indpt\ (a \cdot I) \wedge (\forall i < m. 0 \leq c \cdot a\ i) \wedge c \cdot b$ 
  < 0
  then obtain c I where  $I \subseteq \{0..<m\} \wedge$ 
     $c \in \{normal-vector\ (a \cdot I), -\ normal-vector\ (a \cdot I)\} \wedge$ 
     $Suc\ (card\ (a \cdot I)) = n \wedge lin-indpt\ (a \cdot I) \wedge (\forall i < m. 0 \leq c \cdot a\ i) \wedge c \cdot b$ 
  < 0 by auto
  thus ?thesis unfolding W
    by (intro disjI2 exI[of - c] exI[of - a · I], auto)
qed

```

end

lemma *fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities-C-imp-B-full-dim:*

```

  assumes A:  $A \subseteq carrier-vec\ n$ 

```

```

and fin: finite A
and span: span A = carrier-vec n
and b: b ∈ carrier-vec n
and C:  $\nexists c \in B. B \subseteq A \wedge c \in \{\text{normal-vector } B, - \text{normal-vector } B\} \wedge \text{Suc}(\text{card } B) = n$ 
 $\wedge \text{lin-indpt } B \wedge (\forall a_i \in A. c \cdot a_i \geq 0) \wedge c \cdot b < 0$ 
shows  $\exists B \subseteq A. \text{lin-indpt } B \wedge \text{card } B = n \wedge b \in \text{finite-cone } B$ 
proof –
  from finite-distinct-list[OF fin] obtain as where Aas: A = set as and dist:
distinct as by auto
  define m where m = length as
  define a where a = ( $\lambda i. \text{as } ! i$ )
  have inj: inj-on a  $\{0..<(m :: \text{nat})\}$ 
  and id: A = a ‘  $\{0..<m\}$ 
  unfolding m-def a-def Aas using inj-on-nth[OF dist] unfolding set-conv-nth
by auto
  from fundamental-theorem-neg-C-or-B-in-context[OF - inj b, folded id, OF A
span refl] C
  show ?thesis by blast
qed

```

```

lemma fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities-full-dim: fixes A :: 'a vec set
defines HyperN  $\equiv \{b. b \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\nexists B \subseteq A. B \subseteq A \wedge c \in \{\text{normal-vector } B, - \text{normal-vector } B\} \wedge \text{Suc}(\text{card } B) = n \wedge \text{lin-indpt } B \wedge (\forall a_i \in A. c \cdot a_i \geq 0) \wedge c \cdot b < 0)\}$ 
defines HyperA  $\equiv \{b. b \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\nexists c. c \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\forall a_i \in A. c \cdot a_i \geq 0) \wedge c \cdot b < 0)\}$ 
defines lin-indpt-cone  $\equiv \bigcup \{ \text{finite-cone } B \mid B. B \subseteq A \wedge \text{card } B = n \wedge \text{lin-indpt } B \}$ 
assumes A: A  $\subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
and fin: finite A
and span: span A = carrier-vec n
shows
  cone A = lin-indpt-cone
  cone A = HyperN
  cone A = HyperA
proof –
  have lin-indpt-cone  $\subseteq \text{cone } A$  unfolding lin-indpt-cone-def cone-def using fin
finite-cone-mono A
  by auto
  moreover have cone A  $\subseteq \text{HyperA}$ 
proof
  fix c
  assume cA: c ∈ cone A
  from fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities-A-imp-D[OF A fin this] cone-carrier[OF A] cA
  show c ∈ HyperA unfolding HyperA-def by auto
qed

```

```

moreover have  $\text{HyperA} \subseteq \text{HyperN}$ 
proof
  fix  $c$ 
  assume  $c \in \text{HyperA}$ 
  hence  $\text{False}$ :  $\bigwedge v. v \in \text{carrier-vec } n \implies (\forall a_i \in A. 0 \leq v \cdot a_i) \implies v \cdot c < 0$ 
 $\implies \text{False}$ 
  and  $c: c \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  unfolding  $\text{HyperA-def}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  show  $c \in \text{HyperN}$ 
  unfolding  $\text{HyperN-def}$ 
  proof ( $\text{standard}, \text{intro conjI } c \text{ notI}, \text{clarify}, \text{goal-cases}$ )
    case ( $1 \ W \ nv$ )
      with  $A \text{ fin}$  have  $\text{fin}: \text{finite } W$  and  $W: W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by ( $\text{auto intro:}$ 
 $\text{finite-subset}$ )
        show  $?case$  using  $\text{False}[of \ nv] \ 1 \ \text{normal-vector}[OF \ \text{fin} \ - \ W]$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
      qed
    qed
  moreover have  $\text{HyperN} \subseteq \text{lin-indpt-cone}$ 
  proof
    fix  $b$ 
    assume  $b \in \text{HyperN}$ 
    from  $\text{this}[\text{unfolded } \text{HyperN-def}]$ 
       $\text{fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities-C-imp-B-full-dim}[OF \ A \ \text{fin} \ \text{span},$ 
 $\text{of } b]$ 
      show  $b \in \text{lin-indpt-cone}$  unfolding  $\text{lin-indpt-cone-def}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
    qed
  ultimately show
     $\text{cone } A = \text{lin-indpt-cone}$ 
     $\text{cone } A = \text{HyperN}$ 
     $\text{cone } A = \text{HyperA}$ 
    by  $\text{auto}$ 
  qed

lemma  $\text{fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities-C-imp-B}$ :
assumes  $A: A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
and  $\text{fin}: \text{finite } A$ 
and  $b: b \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
and  $C: \nexists c \ A'. c \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
   $\wedge A' \subseteq A \wedge \text{Suc } (\text{card } A') = \text{dim-span } (\text{insert } b \ A)$ 
   $\wedge (\forall a \in A'. c \cdot a = 0)$ 
   $\wedge \text{lin-indpt } A' \wedge (\forall a_i \in A. c \cdot a_i \geq 0) \wedge c \cdot b < 0$ 
shows  $\exists B \subseteq A. \text{lin-indpt } B \wedge \text{card } B = \text{dim-span } A \wedge b \in \text{finite-cone } B$ 
proof –
  from  $\text{exists-lin-indpt-sublist}[OF \ A]$  obtain  $A'$  where
     $\text{lin}: \text{lin-indpt-list } A'$  and  $\text{span}: \text{span } (\text{set } A') = \text{span } A$  and  $A'A: \text{set } A' \subseteq A$ 
  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  hence  $\text{lin}A': \text{lin-indpt } (\text{set } A')$  unfolding  $\text{lin-indpt-list-def}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  from  $A'A \ A$  have  $A': \text{set } A' \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  have  $\text{dim-span}A: \text{dim-span } A = \text{card } (\text{set } A')$ 
  by ( $\text{rule sym}, \text{rule same-span-imp-card-eq-dim-span}[OF \ A' \ A \ \text{span } \text{lin}A']$ )

```

```

show ?thesis
proof (cases  $b \in \text{span } A$ )
  case False
  with span have  $b \notin \text{span } (\text{set } A')$  by auto
  with lin have linAb: lin-indpt-list ( $A' @ [b]$ ) unfolding lin-indpt-list-def
    using lin-dep-iff-in-span[OF  $A' - b$ ] span-mem[OF  $A'$ , of  $b$ ]  $b$  by auto
  interpret gso: gram-schmidt-fs-lin-indpt  $n$   $A' @ [b]$ 
    by (standard, insert linAb[unfolded lin-indpt-list-def], auto)
  let ?m = length  $A'$ 
  define  $c$  where  $c = - \text{gso.gso } ?m$ 
  have  $c: c \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  using gso.gso-carrier[of ?m] unfolding c-def by
auto
  from gso.gso-times-self-is-norm[of ?m]
  have  $b \cdot \text{gso.gso } ?m = \text{sq-norm } (\text{gso.gso } ?m)$  unfolding c-def using  $b$   $c$  by
auto
  also have  $\dots > 0$  using gso.sq-norm-pos[of ?m] by auto
  finally have cb:  $c \cdot b < 0$  using  $b$   $c$  comm-scalar-prod[OF  $b$   $c$ ] unfolding
c-def by auto
  {
    fix  $a$ 
    assume  $a \in A$ 
    hence  $a \in \text{span } (\text{set } A')$  unfolding span using span-mem[OF  $A$ ] by auto
    from finite-in-span[OF  $A - A'$  this]
    obtain  $l$  where  $a = \text{lincomb } l$  ( $\text{set } A'$ ) by auto
    hence  $c \cdot a = c \cdot \text{lincomb } l$  ( $\text{set } A'$ ) by simp
    also have  $\dots = 0$ 
    by (subst lincomb-scalar-prod-right[OF  $A'$   $c$ ], rule sum.neutral, insert  $A'$ ,
unfold set-conv-nth,
insert gso.gso-scalar-zero[of ?m]  $c$ , auto simp: c-def nth-append )
    finally have  $c \cdot a = 0$  .
  } note cA = this
  have  $\exists c A'. c \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge A' \subseteq A \wedge \text{Suc } (\text{card } A') = \text{dim-span } (\text{insert } b A)$ 
 $\wedge (\forall a \in A'. c \cdot a = 0) \wedge \text{lin-indpt } A' \wedge (\forall a_i \in A. c \cdot a_i \geq 0) \wedge c \cdot b < 0$ 
proof (intro exI[of -  $c$ ] exI[of -  $\text{set } A'$ ] conjI  $A' A$  linA' cb  $c$ )
  show  $\forall a \in \text{set } A'. c \cdot a = 0$   $\forall a_i \in A. 0 \leq c \cdot a_i$  using cA  $A' A$  by auto
  have  $\text{dim-span } (\text{insert } b A) = \text{Suc } (\text{dim-span } A)$ 
    by (rule dim-span-insert[OF  $A$   $b$  False])
  also have  $\dots = \text{Suc } (\text{card } (\text{set } A'))$  unfolding dim-spanA ..
  finally show  $\text{Suc } (\text{card } (\text{set } A')) = \text{dim-span } (\text{insert } b A)$  ..
qed
with  $C$  have False by blast
thus ?thesis ..
next
case bspan: True
define  $N$  where  $N = \text{normal-vectors } A'$ 
from normal-vectors[OF lin, folded N-def]
have  $N: \text{set } N \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  and
  orthA'N:  $\bigwedge w \text{ nv}. w \in \text{set } A' \implies \text{nv} \in \text{set } N \implies \text{nv} \cdot w = 0$  and

```

```

linAN: lin-indpt-list (A' @ N) and
lenAN: length (A' @ N) = n and
disj: set A' ∩ set N = {} by auto
from linAN lenAN have full-span': span (set (A' @ N)) = carrier-vec n
using lin-indpt-list-length-eq-n by blast
hence full-span'': span (set A' ∪ set N) = carrier-vec n by auto
from A N A' have AN: A ∪ set N ⊆ carrier-vec n and A'N: set (A' @ N) ⊆
carrier-vec n by auto
hence span (A ∪ set N) ⊆ carrier-vec n by (simp add: span-is-subset2)
with A'A span-is-monotone[of set (A' @ N) A ∪ set N, unfolded full-span']
have full-span: span (A ∪ set N) = carrier-vec n unfolding set-append by fast
from fin have finAN: finite (A ∪ set N) by auto
note fundamental = fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities-full-dim[OF AN
finAN full-span]
show ?thesis
proof (cases b ∈ cone (A ∪ set N))
case True
from this[unfolded fundamental(1)] obtain C where CAN: C ⊆ A ∪ set N
and cardC: card C = n
and linC: lin-indpt C
and bC: b ∈ finite-cone C by auto
have finC: finite C using finite-subset[OF CAN] fin by auto
from CAN A N have C: C ⊆ carrier-vec n by auto
from bC[unfolded finite-cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def] finC obtain c
where bC: b = lincomb c C and nonneg: ∧ b. b ∈ C ⇒ c b ≥ 0 by auto
let ?C = C - set N
show ?thesis
proof (intro exI[of - ?C] conjI)
from subset-li-is-li[OF linC] show lin-indpt ?C by auto
show CA: ?C ⊆ A using CAN by auto
have bc: b = lincomb c (?C ∪ (C ∩ set N)) unfolding bC
by (rule arg-cong[of - - lincomb -], auto)
have b = lincomb c (?C - C ∩ set N)
proof (rule orthogonal-cone(2)[OF A N fin full-span'' orthA'N refl span
A'A linAN lenAN - CA - bc])
show ∀ w ∈ set N. w • b = 0
using ortho-span'[OF A' N - bspan[folded span]] orthA'N by auto
qed auto
also have ?C - C ∩ set N = ?C by auto
finally have b = lincomb c ?C .
with nonneg have nonneg-lincomb c ?C b unfolding nonneg-lincomb-def
by auto
thus b ∈ finite-cone ?C unfolding finite-cone-def using finite-subset[OF
CA fin] by auto
have Cid: C ∩ set N ∪ ?C = C by auto
have length A' + length N = n by fact
also have ... = card (C ∩ set N ∪ ?C) using Cid cardC by auto
also have ... = card (C ∩ set N) + card ?C
by (subst card-Un-disjoint, insert finC, auto)

```

```

    also have ... ≤ length N + card ?C
    by (rule add-right-mono, rule order.trans, rule card-mono[OF finite-set[of
N]],
      auto intro: card-length)
    also have length A' = card (set A') using lin[unfolded lin-indpt-list-def]
      distinct-card[of A'] by auto
    finally have le: dim-span A ≤ card ?C using dim-spanA by auto
    have CA: ?C ⊆ span A using CA C in-own-span[OF A] by auto
    have linC: lin-indpt ?C using subset-li-is-li[OF linC] by auto
    show card ?C = dim-span A
      using card-le-dim-span[OF - CA linC] le C by force
  qed
next
case False
from False[unfolded fundamental(2)] b
obtain C c where
  CAN: C ⊆ A ∪ set N and
  cardC: Suc (card C) = n and
  linC: lin-indpt C and
  contains: (∀ ai ∈ A ∪ set N. 0 ≤ c · ai) and
  cb: c · b < 0 and
  nv: c ∈ {normal-vector C, - normal-vector C}
  by auto
from CAN A N have C: C ⊆ carrier-vec n by auto
from cardC have cardCn: card C < n by auto
from finite-subset[OF CAN] fin have finC: finite C by auto
let ?C = C - set N
note nv' = normal-vector(1-4)[OF finC cardC linC C]
from nv' nv have c: c ∈ carrier-vec n by auto
have ∃ c A'. c ∈ carrier-vec n ∧ A' ⊆ A ∧ Suc (card A') = dim-span (insert
b A)
  ∧ (∀ a ∈ A'. c · a = 0) ∧ lin-indpt A' ∧ (∀ ai ∈ A. c · ai ≥ 0) ∧ c · b
< 0
proof (intro exI[of - c] exI[of - ?C] conjI cb c)
  show CA: ?C ⊆ A using CAN by auto
  show ∀ ai ∈ A. 0 ≤ c · ai using contains by auto
  show lin': lin-indpt ?C using subset-li-is-li[OF linC] by auto
  show sC0: ∀ a ∈ ?C. c · a = 0 using nv' nv C by auto
  have Cid: C ∩ set N ∪ ?C = C by auto
  have dim-span (set A') = card (set A')
    by (rule sym, rule same-span-imp-card-eq-dim-span[OF A' A' refl linA'])
  also have ... = length A'
    using lin[unfolded lin-indpt-list-def] distinct-card[of A'] by auto
  finally have dimA': dim-span (set A') = length A'.
from bspan have span (insert b A) = span A using b A using already-in-span
by auto
from dim-span-cong[OF this[folded span]] dimA'
have dimbA: dim-span (insert b A) = length A' by simp
also have ... = Suc (card ?C)

```



```

proof (rule ccontr)
  assume neg:  $\text{length } A' \neq \text{Suc } (\text{card } ?C)$ 
  have  $\text{length } A' + \text{length } N = n$  by fact
  also have  $\dots = \text{Suc } (\text{card } (C \cap \text{set } N \cup ?C))$  using Cid cardC by auto
  also have  $\dots = \text{Suc } (\text{card } (C \cap \text{set } N) + \text{card } ?C)$ 
    by (subst card-Un-disjoint, insert finC, auto)
  finally have  $\text{id}: \text{length } A' + \text{length } N = \text{Suc } (\text{card } (C \cap \text{set } N) + \text{card } ?C)$  .

  have le1:  $\text{card } (C \cap \text{set } N) \leq \text{length } N$ 
    by (metis Int-lower2 List.finite-set card-length card-mono inf.absorb-iff2 le-inf-iff)
  from CA C A have CsA:  $?C \subseteq \text{span } (\text{set } A')$  unfolding span by (meson in-own-span order.trans)
  from card-le-dim-span[OF - this lin'] C
  have le2:  $\text{card } ?C \leq \text{length } A'$  unfolding dimA' by auto
  from id le1 le2 neg
  have id2:  $\text{card } ?C = \text{length } A'$  by linarith+
  from card-eq-dim-span-imp-same-span[OF A' CsA lin' id2][folded dimA']
  have  $\text{span } ?C = \text{span } A$  unfolding span by auto
  with bspan have  $b \in \text{span } ?C$  by auto
  from orthocompl-span[OF - - c this] C sC0
  have  $c \cdot b = 0$  by auto
  with cb show False by simp
qed
finally show  $\text{Suc } (\text{card } ?C) = \text{dim-span } (\text{insert } b A)$  by simp
qed
with assms(4) have False by blast
thus ?thesis ..
qed
qed
qed

```

```

lemma fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities: fixes A :: 'a vec set
  defines HyperN  $\equiv \{b. b \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\nexists c B. c \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge B \subseteq A$ 
     $\wedge \text{Suc } (\text{card } B) = \text{dim-span } (\text{insert } b A) \wedge \text{lin-indpt } B$ 
     $\wedge (\forall a \in B. c \cdot a = 0)$ 
     $\wedge (\forall a_i \in A. c \cdot a_i \geq 0) \wedge c \cdot b < 0)\}$ 
  defines HyperA  $\equiv \{b. b \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\nexists c. c \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\forall a_i \in A.$ 
     $c \cdot a_i \geq 0) \wedge c \cdot b < 0)\}$ 
  defines lin-indpt-cone  $\equiv \bigcup \{ \text{finite-cone } B \mid B. B \subseteq A \wedge \text{card } B = \text{dim-span } A$ 
     $\wedge \text{lin-indpt } B \}$ 
  assumes A:  $A \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and fin: finite A
  shows
    cone A = lin-indpt-cone
    cone A = HyperN
    cone A = HyperA
proof -
  have lin-indpt-cone  $\subseteq \text{cone } A$ 

```

```

    unfolding lin-indpt-cone-def cone-def using fin finite-cone-mono A by auto
  moreover have cone A  $\subseteq$  HyperA
  using fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities-A-imp-D[OF A fin] cone-carrier[OF
A]
    unfolding HyperA-def by blast
  moreover have HyperA  $\subseteq$  HyperN unfolding HyperA-def HyperN-def by blast
  moreover have HyperN  $\subseteq$  lin-indpt-cone
  proof
    fix b
    assume b  $\in$  HyperN
    from this[unfolded HyperN-def]
      fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities-C-imp-B[OF A fin, of b]
    show b  $\in$  lin-indpt-cone unfolding lin-indpt-cone-def by blast
  qed
  ultimately show
    cone A = lin-indpt-cone
    cone A = HyperN
    cone A = HyperA
  by auto
qed

corollary Caratheodory-theorem: assumes A: A  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  shows cone A =  $\bigcup \{ \text{finite-cone } B \mid B. B \subseteq A \wedge \text{lin-indpt } B \}$ 
  proof
    show  $\bigcup \{ \text{finite-cone } B \mid B. B \subseteq A \wedge \text{lin-indpt } B \} \subseteq \text{cone } A$  unfolding cone-def
      using fin[OF fin-dim - subset-trans[OF - A]] by auto
    {
      fix a
      assume a  $\in$  cone A
      from this[unfolded cone-def] obtain B where
        finB: finite B and BA: B  $\subseteq$  A and a: a  $\in$  finite-cone B by auto
      from BA A have B: B  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n by auto
      hence a  $\in$  cone B using finB a by (simp add: cone-iff-finite-cone)
      with fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities(1)[OF B finB]
      obtain C where CB: C  $\subseteq$  B and a: a  $\in$  finite-cone C and lin-indpt C by
      auto
      with BA have a  $\in \bigcup \{ \text{finite-cone } B \mid B. B \subseteq A \wedge \text{lin-indpt } B \}$  by auto
    }
    thus  $\bigcup \{ \text{finite-cone } B \mid B. B \subseteq A \wedge \text{lin-indpt } B \} \supseteq \text{cone } A$  by blast
  qed
end
end

```

12 Farkas' Lemma

We prove two variants of Farkas' lemma. Note that type here is more general than in the versions of Farkas' Lemma which are in the AFP-entry Farkas-Lemma, which is restricted to rational matrices. However, there δ -rationals

are supported, which are not present here.

theory *Farkas-Lemma*

imports *Fundamental-Theorem-Linear-Inequalities*

begin

context *gram-schmidt*

begin

lemma *Farkas-Lemma*: **fixes** $A :: 'a \text{ mat}$ **and** $b :: 'a \text{ vec}$

assumes $A: A \in \text{carrier-mat } n \text{ nr}$ **and** $b: b \in \text{carrier-vec } n$

shows $(\exists x. x \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \wedge A *_v x = b) \longleftrightarrow (\forall y. y \in \text{carrier-vec } n \longrightarrow A^T *_v y \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \longrightarrow y \cdot b \geq 0)$

proof –

let $?C = \text{set } (\text{cols } A)$

from A **have** $C: ?C \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **and** $C': \forall w \in \text{set } (\text{cols } A). \text{dim-vec } w = n$

unfolding *cols-def* **by** *auto*

have $(\exists x. x \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \wedge A *_v x = b) = (b \in \text{cone } ?C)$

using *cone-of-cols[OF A b]* **by** *simp*

also have $\dots = (\exists y. y \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\forall a_i \in ?C. 0 \leq y \cdot a_i) \wedge y \cdot b < 0)$

unfolding *fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities(3)[OF C finite-set]* *mem-Collect-eq*

using b **by** *auto*

also have $\dots = (\forall y. y \in \text{carrier-vec } n \longrightarrow (\forall a_i \in ?C. 0 \leq y \cdot a_i) \longrightarrow y \cdot b \geq 0)$

by *auto*

also have $\dots = (\forall y. y \in \text{carrier-vec } n \longrightarrow A^T *_v y \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \longrightarrow y \cdot b \geq 0)$

proof (*intro all-cong imp-cong refl*)

fix $y :: 'a \text{ vec}$

assume $y: y \in \text{carrier-vec } n$

have $(\forall a_i \in ?C. 0 \leq y \cdot a_i) = (\forall a_i \in ?C. 0 \leq a_i \cdot y)$

by (*intro ball-cong[OF refl]*, *subst comm-scalar-prod[OF y]*, *insert C*, *auto*)

also have $\dots = (0_v \text{ nr} \leq A^T *_v y)$

unfolding *less-eq-vec-def* **using** $C \ A \ y$ **by** (*auto simp: cols-def*)

finally show $(\forall a_i \in \text{set } (\text{cols } A). 0 \leq y \cdot a_i) = (0_v \text{ nr} \leq A^T *_v y) .$

qed

finally show *?thesis* .

qed

lemma *Farkas-Lemma'*:

fixes $A :: 'a \text{ mat}$ **and** $b :: 'a \text{ vec}$

assumes $A: A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ nc$ **and** $b: b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$

shows $(\exists x. x \in \text{carrier-vec } nc \wedge A *_v x \leq b)$

$\longleftrightarrow (\forall y. y \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \wedge A^T *_v y = 0_v \text{ nc} \longrightarrow y \cdot b \geq 0)$

proof –

define B **where** $B = (1_m \text{ nr}) @_c (A @_c -A)$

define b' **where** $b' = 0_v \text{ nc} @_v (b @_v -b)$

define n **where** $n = nr + (nc + nc)$

have $id0: 0_v (nr + (nc + nc)) = 0_v \text{ nr} @_v (0_v \text{ nc} @_v 0_v \text{ nc})$ **by** (*intro eq-vecI*, *auto*)

have $idcarr: (1_m \text{ nr}) \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ nr$ **by** *auto*

have $B: B \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ n$ **unfolding** $B\text{-def } n\text{-def}$ **using** A **by** *auto*
have $(\exists x \in \text{carrier-vec } nc. A *_v x \leq b) =$
 $(\exists x1 \in \text{carrier-vec } nr. \exists x2 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc. \exists x3 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc.$
 $x1 \geq 0_v nr \wedge x2 \geq 0_v nc \wedge x3 \geq 0_v nc \wedge B *_v (x1 @_v (x2 @_v x3)) = b)$
proof
assume $\exists x \in \text{carrier-vec } nc. A *_v x \leq b$
from this obtain x **where** $Axb: A *_v x \leq b$ **and** $xcarr: x \in \text{carrier-vec } nc$ **by**
auto
have $bmAx: b - A *_v x \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$ **using** $A \ b \ xcarr$ **by** *simp*
define $x1$ **where** $x1 = b - A *_v x$
have $x1: x1 \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$ **using** $bmAx$ **unfolding** $x1\text{-def}$ **by** $(\text{simp add: } xcarr)$
define $x2$ **where** $x2 = \text{vec } (\text{dim-vec } x) \ (\lambda i. \text{if } x \$ i \geq 0 \text{ then } x \$ i \text{ else } 0)$
have $x2: x2 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc$ **using** $xcarr$ **unfolding** $x2\text{-def}$ **by** *simp*
define $x3$ **where** $x3 = \text{vec } (\text{dim-vec } x) \ (\lambda i. \text{if } x \$ i < 0 \text{ then } -x \$ i \text{ else } 0)$
have $x3: x3 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc$ **using** $xcarr$ **unfolding** $x3\text{-def}$ **by** *simp*
have $x2x3carr: x2 @_v x3 \in \text{carrier-vec } (nc + nc)$ **using** $x2 \ x3$ **by** *simp*
have $x2x3x: x2 - x3 = x$ **unfolding** $x2\text{-def } x3\text{-def}$ **by** *auto*
have $A *_v x - b \leq 0_v nr$ **using** $\text{vec-le-iff-diff-le-0 } b$
by $(\text{metis } A \ Axb \ \text{carrier-matD}(1) \ \text{dim-mult-mat-vec})$
hence $x1lez: x1 \geq 0_v nr$ **using** $x1$ **unfolding** $x1\text{-def}$
by $(\text{smt } A \ Axb \ \text{carrier-matD}(1) \ \text{carrier-vecD } \text{diff-ge-0-iff-ge } \text{dim-mult-mat-vec}$
 $\text{index-minus-vec}(1) \ \text{index-zero-vec}(1) \ \text{index-zero-vec}(2) \ \text{less-eq-vec-def})$
have $x2lez: x2 \geq 0_v nc$ **using** $x2 \ \text{less-eq-vec-def}$ **unfolding** $x2\text{-def}$ **by** *fastforce*
have $x3lez: x3 \geq 0_v nc$ **using** $x3 \ \text{less-eq-vec-def}$ **unfolding** $x3\text{-def}$ **by** *fastforce*
have $B1: (1_m \ nr) *_v x1 = b - A *_v x$ **using** $xcarr \ x1$ **unfolding** $x1\text{-def}$ **by**
simp
have $A *_v x2 + (-A) *_v x3 = A *_v x2 + A *_v (-x3)$ **using** $x2 \ x3 \ A$ **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = A *_v (x2 + (-x3))$ **using** $A \ x2 \ x3$
by $(\text{metis } \text{mult-add-distrib-mat-vec } \text{uminus-carrier-vec})$
also have $\dots = A *_v x$ **using** $x2x3x \ \text{minus-add-uminus-vec } x2 \ x3$ **by** *fastforce*
finally have $B2: A *_v x2 + (-A) *_v x3 = A *_v x$ **by** *auto*
have $B *_v (x1 @_v (x2 @_v x3)) = (1_m \ nr) *_v x1 + (A *_v x2 + (-A) *_v x3)$
(is $\dots = ?p1 + ?p2)$
using $x1 \ x2 \ x3 \ A \ \text{mat-mult-append-cols}$ **unfolding** $B\text{-def}$
by $(\text{subst } \text{mat-mult-append-cols}[OF - - x1 \ x2x3carr], \text{auto } \text{simp add: } \text{mat-mult-append-cols})$
also have $?p1 = b - A *_v x$ **using** $B1$ **unfolding** $x1\text{-def}$ **by** *auto*
also have $?p2 = A *_v x$ **using** $B2$ **by** *simp*
finally have $\text{res}: B *_v (x1 @_v (x2 @_v x3)) = b$ **using** $A \ xcarr \ b$ **by** *auto*
show $\exists x \in \text{carrier-vec } nc. A *_v x \leq b \implies \exists x1 \in \text{carrier-vec } nr. \exists x2 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc. \exists x3 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc.$
 $0_v nr \leq x1 \wedge 0_v nc \leq x2 \wedge 0_v nc \leq x3 \wedge B *_v (x1 @_v x2 @_v x3) = b$
using $x1 \ x2 \ x3 \ x1lez \ x2lez \ x3lez \ \text{res}$ **by** *auto*
next
assume $\exists x1 \in \text{carrier-vec } nr. \exists x2 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc. \exists x3 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc.$
 $x1 \geq 0_v nr \wedge x2 \geq 0_v nc \wedge x3 \geq 0_v nc \wedge B *_v (x1 @_v (x2 @_v x3)) = b$
from this obtain $x1 \ x2 \ x3$ **where** $x1: x1 \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$ **and** $x1lez: x1 \geq 0_v nr$

and $x2$: $x2 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc$ and $x2\text{lez}$: $x2 \geq 0_v \ nc$
 and $x3$: $x3 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc$ and $x3\text{lez}$: $x3 \geq 0_v \ nc$
 and clc : $B *_v (x1 \ @_v (x2 \ @_v x3)) = b$ by *auto*
 have $x2x3carr$: $x2 \ @_v x3 \in \text{carrier-vec } (nc + nc)$ using $x2 \ x3$ by *simp*
 define x where $x = x2 - x3$
 have $xcarr$: $x \in \text{carrier-vec } nc$ using $x2 \ x3$ unfolding $x\text{-def}$ by *simp*
 have $A *_v x2 + (-A) *_v x3 = A *_v x2 + A *_v (-x3)$ using $x2 \ x3 \ A$ by *auto*
 also have $\dots = A *_v (x2 + (-x3))$ using $A \ x2 \ x3$
 by (*metis mult-add-distrib-mat-vec uminus-carrier-vec*)
 also have $\dots = A *_v x$ using *minus-add-uminus-vec* $x2 \ x3$ unfolding $x\text{-def}$
 by *fastforce*
 finally have $B2:A *_v x2 + (-A) *_v x3 = A *_v x$ by *auto*
 have $Axcarr$: $A *_v x \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$ using $A \ xcarr$ by *auto*
 have $b = B *_v (x1 \ @_v (x2 \ @_v x3))$ using clc by *auto*
 also have $\dots = (1_m \ nr) *_v x1 + (A *_v x2 + (-A) *_v x3)$ (is $\dots = ?p1 +$
 $?p2$)
 using $x1 \ x2 \ x3 \ A$ *mat-mult-append-cols* unfolding $B\text{-def}$
 by (*subst mat-mult-append-cols[OF - - x1 x2x3carr]*, *auto simp add: mat-mult-append-cols*)
 also have $?p2 = A *_v x$ using $B2$ by *simp*
 finally have res : $b = (1_m \ nr) *_v x1 + A *_v x$ using $A \ xcarr \ b$ by *auto*
 hence $b = x1 + A *_v x$ using $x1 \ A \ b$ by *simp*
 hence $b - A *_v x = x1$ using $x1 \ A \ b$ by *auto*
 hence $b - A *_v x \geq 0_v \ nr$ using $x1\text{lez}$ by *auto*
 hence $A *_v x \leq b$ using $Axcarr$
 by (*smt* $\langle b - A *_v x = x1 \rangle \langle b = x1 + A *_v x \rangle$ *carrier-vecD comm-add-vec*
index-zero-vec(2)
minus-add-minus-vec minus-cancel-vec vec-le-iff-diff-le-0 x1)
 then show $\exists x1 \in \text{carrier-vec } nr. \exists x2 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc. \exists x3 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc.$
 $0_v \ nr \leq x1 \wedge 0_v \ nc \leq x2 \wedge 0_v \ nc \leq x3 \wedge B *_v (x1 \ @_v x2 \ @_v x3) = b$
 \implies
 $\exists x \in \text{carrier-vec } nc. A *_v x \leq b$ using $xcarr$ by *blast*
 qed
 also have $\dots = (\exists x1 \in \text{carrier-vec } nr. \exists x2 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc. \exists x3 \in \text{carrier-vec } nc.$
 $nc.$
 $(x1 \ @_v (x2 \ @_v x3)) \geq 0_v \ n \wedge B *_v (x1 \ @_v (x2 \ @_v x3)) = b)$
 by (*metis append-vec-le id0 n-def zero-carrier-vec*)
 also have $\dots = (\exists x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. x \geq 0_v \ n \wedge B *_v x = b)$
 unfolding $n\text{-def exists-vec-append}$ by *auto*
 also have $\dots = (\exists x \geq 0_v \ n. B *_v x = b)$ unfolding *less-eq-vec-def* by *fastforce*
 also have $\dots = (\forall y. y \in \text{carrier-vec } nr \longrightarrow B^T *_v y \geq 0_v \ n \longrightarrow y \cdot b \geq 0)$
 by (*rule gram-schmidt.Farkas-Lemma[OF B b]*)
 also have $\dots = (\forall y. y \in \text{carrier-vec } nr \longrightarrow (y \geq 0_v \ nr \wedge A^T *_v y = 0_v \ nc)$
 $\longrightarrow y \cdot b \geq 0)$
 proof (*intro all-cong imp-cong refl*)
 fix $y :: 'a \text{ vec}$
 assume y : $y \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$
 have $idtcarr$: $(1_m \ nr)^T \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ nr$ by *auto*
 have $Atcarr$: $A^T \in \text{carrier-mat } nc \ nr$ using A by *auto*
 have $mAtcarr$: $(-A)^T \in \text{carrier-mat } nc \ nr$ using A by *auto*

```

have AtAtcarr:  $A^T @_r (-A)^T \in \text{carrier-mat } (nc + nc) \text{ nr}$  using A by auto
have  $B^T *_v y = ((1_m \text{ nr})^T @_r A^T @_r (-A)^T) *_v y$  unfolding B-def
  by (simp add: append-cols-def)
also have  $\dots = ((1_m \text{ nr})^T *_v y) @_v (A^T *_v y) @_v ((-A)^T *_v y)$ 
  using mat-mult-append[OF Atcarr mAtcarr y] mat-mult-append y Atcarr
  idtcarr mAtcarr
  by (metis AtAtcarr)
finally have eq:  $B^T *_v y = ((1_m \text{ nr})^T *_v y) @_v (A^T *_v y) @_v ((-A)^T *_v y)$ 
by auto
have  $(B^T *_v y \geq 0_v n) = (0_v n \leq (1_m \text{ nr})^T *_v y @_v A^T *_v y @_v (-A)^T *_v y)$ 
unfolding eq by simp
also have  $\dots = (((1_m \text{ nr})^T *_v y) @_v (A^T *_v y) @_v ((-A)^T *_v y) \geq 0_v \text{ nr}$ 
 $@_v 0_v \text{ nc} @_v 0_v \text{ nc})$ 
  using id0 by (metis eq n-def)
also have  $\dots = (y \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \wedge A^T *_v y \geq 0_v \text{ nc} \wedge ((-A)^T *_v y) \geq 0_v \text{ nc})$ 
  by (metis Atcarr append-vec-le mult-mat-vec-carrier one-mult-mat-vec trans-
  pose-one y zero-carrier-vec)
also have  $\dots = (y \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \wedge A^T *_v y \geq 0_v \text{ nc} \wedge -(A^T *_v y) \geq 0_v \text{ nc})$ 
  by (metis A Atcarr carrier-matD(2) carrier-vecD transpose-uminus umi-
  nus-mult-mat-vec y)
also have  $\dots = (y \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \wedge A^T *_v y \geq 0_v \text{ nc} \wedge (A^T *_v y) \leq 0_v \text{ nc})$ 
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) A Atcarr carrier-matD(2) carrier-vecD in-
  dex-zero-vec(2)
  mAtcarr mult-mat-vec-carrier transpose-uminus uminus-mult-mat-vec umi-
  nus-uminus-vec
  vec-le-iff-diff-le-0 y zero-minus-vec)
also have  $\dots = (y \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \wedge A^T *_v y = 0_v \text{ nc})$  by auto
finally show  $(B^T *_v y \geq 0_v n) = (y \geq 0_v \text{ nr} \wedge A^T *_v y = 0_v \text{ nc})$  .
qed
finally show ?thesis by (auto simp: less-eq-vec-def)
qed

end
end

```

13 The Theorem of Farkas, Minkowsky and Weyl

We prove the theorem of Farkas, Minkowsky and Weyl that a cone is finitely generated iff it is polyhedral. Moreover, we provide quantative bounds via determinant bounds.

```

theory Farkas-Minkowsky-Weyl
  imports Fundamental-Theorem-Linear-Inequalities
begin

context gram-schmidt
begin

```

We first prove the one direction of the theorem for the case that the span

of the vectors is the full n -dimensional space.

lemma *farkas-minkowsky-weyl-theorem-1-full-dim*:

```

assumes  $X$ :  $X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
and  $\text{fin}$ :  $\text{finite } X$ 
and  $\text{span}$ :  $\text{span } X = \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
shows  $\exists \text{ nr } A. A \in \text{carrier-mat nr } n \wedge \text{cone } X = \text{polyhedral-cone } A$ 
 $\wedge (\text{is-det-bound } db \longrightarrow X \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } Bnd) \longrightarrow A \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap$ 
 $\text{Bounded-mat } (\text{of-int } (db \ (n-1) \ Bnd)))$ 
proof -
define  $\text{cond}$  where  $\text{cond} = (\lambda W. \text{Suc } (\text{card } W) = n \wedge \text{lin-indpt } W \wedge W \subseteq X)$ 
let  $?oi = \text{of-int} :: \text{int} \Rightarrow 'a$ 
{
  fix  $W$ 
  assume  $\text{cond } W$ 
  hence  $*$ :  $\text{finite } W \text{ Suc } (\text{card } W) = n \text{ lin-indpt } W \ W \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  and  $WX$ :
 $W \subseteq X$  unfolding  $\text{cond-def}$ 
    using  $\text{finite-subset}[OF \ \text{fin}] \ X$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
    note  $nv = \text{normal-vector}[OF \ *]$ 
    hence  $\text{normal-vector } W \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge w. w \in W \implies \text{normal-vector } W \cdot$ 
 $w = 0$ 
     $\text{normal-vector } W \neq 0_v \ n \text{ is-det-bound } db \implies X \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (?oi$ 
 $Bnd) \implies \text{normal-vector } W \in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (?oi \ (db \ (n - 1) \ Bnd))$ 
    using  $WX$  by  $\text{blast+}$ 
  } note  $\text{condD} = \text{this}$ 
  define  $Ns$  where  $Ns = \{ \text{normal-vector } W \mid W. \text{cond } W \wedge (\forall w \in X. \text{normal-vector } W \cdot w \geq 0) \}$ 
 $\cup \{ - \text{normal-vector } W \mid W. \text{cond } W \wedge (\forall w \in X. (- \text{normal-vector } W) \cdot$ 
 $w \geq 0) \}$ 
  have  $Ns \subseteq \text{normal-vector } \{ W. W \subseteq X \} \cup (\lambda W. - \text{normal-vector } W) \{ W. W \subseteq X \}$  unfolding  $Ns\text{-def } \text{cond-def}$  by  $\text{blast}$ 
  moreover have  $\text{finite } \dots$  using  $\langle \text{finite } X \rangle$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  ultimately have  $\text{finite } Ns$  by  $(\text{metis } \text{finite-subset})$ 
  from  $\text{finite-list}[OF \ \text{this}]$  obtain  $ns$  where  $ns$ :  $\text{set } ns = Ns$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  have  $Ns$ :  $Ns \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  unfolding  $Ns\text{-def}$  using  $\text{condD}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  define  $A$  where  $A = \text{mat-of-rows } n \ ns$ 
  define  $nr$  where  $nr = \text{length } ns$ 
  have  $A$ :  $- A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ n$  unfolding  $A\text{-def } nr\text{-def}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  show  $?thesis$ 
proof ( $\text{intro } exI \ conjI \ impI$ ,  $\text{rule } A$ )
  have  $\text{not-conj}$ :  $\neg (a \wedge b) \longleftrightarrow (a \longrightarrow \neg b)$  for  $a \ b$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  have  $id$ :  $Ns = \{ nv. \exists W. W \subseteq X \wedge nv \in \{ \text{normal-vector } W, - \text{normal-vector } W \} \wedge$ 
 $\text{Suc } (\text{card } W) = n \wedge \text{lin-indpt } W \wedge (\forall a_i \in X. 0 \leq nv \cdot a_i) \}$ 
  unfolding  $Ns\text{-def } \text{cond-def}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  have  $\text{polyhedral-cone } (- A) = \{ b. b \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (- A) *_{\text{v}} b \leq 0_v \ nr \}$ 
unfolding  $\text{polyhedral-cone-def}$ 
  using  $A$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  also have  $\dots = \{ b. b \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\forall i < nr. \text{row } (- A) \ i \cdot b \leq 0) \}$ 
  unfolding  $\text{less-eq-vec-def}$  using  $A$  by  $\text{auto}$ 

```

```

also have ... = { $b. b \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\forall i < nr. - (ns ! i) \cdot b \leq 0)$ } using
A Ns[folded ns]
  by (intro Collect-cong conj-cong refl all-cong arg-cong[of - -  $\lambda x. x \cdot - \leq -$ ],
    force simp: A-def mat-of-rows-def nr-def set-conv-nth)
also have ... = { $b. b \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\forall n \in Ns. - n \cdot b \leq 0)$ }
  unfolding ns[symmetric] nr-def by (auto simp: set-conv-nth)
also have ... = { $b. b \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge (\forall n \in Ns. n \cdot b \geq 0)$ }
  by (intro Collect-cong conj-cong refl ball-cong, insert Ns, auto)
also have ... = cone X
  unfolding fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities-full-dim(2)[OF X fin
span]
  by (intro Collect-cong conj-cong refl, unfold not-le[symmetric] not-ex not-conj
not-not id, blast)
finally show cone X = polyhedral-cone (- A) ..
{
  assume XI:  $X \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (?oi \text{ Bnd})$  and db: is-det-bound db
  {
    fix v
    assume  $v \in \text{set } (\text{rows } (- A))$ 
    hence  $-v \in \text{set } (\text{rows } A)$  unfolding rows-def by auto
    hence  $-v \in Ns$  unfolding A-def using ns Ns by auto
    from this[unfolded Ns-def] obtain W where cW: cond W
    and  $v: -v = \text{normal-vector } W \vee v = \text{normal-vector } W$  by auto
    from cW[unfolded cond-def] have WX:  $W \subseteq X$  by auto
    from v have v:  $v = \text{normal-vector } W \vee v = - \text{normal-vector } W$ 
    by (metis uminus-uminus-vec)
    from condD(4)[OF cW db XI]
    have  $\text{normal-vector } W \in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (?oi (db (n - 1) \text{ Bnd}))$  by
auto
    hence  $v \in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (?oi (db (n - 1) \text{ Bnd}))$  using v by auto
  }
  hence  $\text{set } (\text{rows } (- A)) \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (?oi (db (n - 1) \text{ Bnd}))$  by blast
  thus  $- A \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap \text{Bounded-mat } (?oi (db (n - 1) \text{ Bnd}))$  by simp
}
qed
qed

```

We next generalize the theorem to the case where X does not span the full space. To this end, we extend X by unit-vectors until the full space is spanned, and then add the normal-vectors of these unit-vectors which are orthogonal to span X as additional constraints to the resulting matrix.

lemma farkas-minkowsky-weyl-theorem-1:

```

assumes X:  $X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
and finX: finite X
shows  $\exists nr A. A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr n \wedge \text{cone } X = \text{polyhedral-cone } A \wedge$ 
  ( $\text{is-det-bound } db \longrightarrow X \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } \text{Bnd}) \longrightarrow A \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap$ 
 $\text{Bounded-mat } (\text{of-int } (db (n-1) (\text{max } 1 \text{ Bnd}))))$ 
proof -
  let ?oi = of-int :: int  $\Rightarrow$  'a

```



```

from exists-lin-indpt-sublist[OF X]
obtain Ls where lin-Ls: lin-indpt-list Ls and
  spanL: span (set Ls) = span X and LX: set Ls  $\subseteq$  X by auto
define Ns where Ns = normal-vectors Ls
define Bs where Bs = basis-extension Ls
from basis-extension[OF lin-Ls, folded Bs-def]
have BU: set Bs  $\subseteq$  set (unit-vecs n)
  and lin-Ls-Bs: lin-indpt-list (Ls @ Bs)
  and len-Ls-Bs: length (Ls @ Bs) = n
by auto
note nv = normal-vectors[OF lin-Ls, folded Ns-def]
from nv(1-6) nv(7)[of db Bnd]
have N: set Ns  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n
  and LN': lin-indpt-list (Ls @ Ns) length (Ls @ Ns) = n
  and ortho:  $\bigwedge l w. l \in \text{set } Ls \implies w \in \text{set } Ns \implies w \cdot l = 0$ 
  and Ns-bnd: is-det-bound db  $\implies \text{set } Ls \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec}$  (?oi Bnd)
     $\implies \text{set } Ns \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec}$  (?oi (db (n-1) (max 1 Bnd)))
by auto
from lin-indpt-list-length-eq-n[OF LN']
have spanLN: span (set Ls  $\cup$  set Ns) = carrier-vec n by auto
let ?Bnd = Bounded-vec (?oi (db (n-1) (max 1 Bnd)))
let ?Bndm = Bounded-mat (?oi (db (n-1) (max 1 Bnd)))
define Y where Y = X  $\cup$  set Bs
from lin-Ls-Bs[unfolded lin-indpt-list-def] have
  Ls: set Ls  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n and
  Bs: set Bs  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n and
  distLsBs: distinct (Ls @ Bs) and
  lin': lin-indpt (set (Ls @ Bs)) by auto
have LN: set Ls  $\cap$  set Ns = {}
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\neg$  ?thesis
  then obtain x where xX: x  $\in$  set Ls and xW: x  $\in$  set Ns by auto
from ortho[OF xX xW] have x  $\cdot$  x = 0 by auto
hence sq-norm x = 0 by (auto simp: sq-norm-vec-as-cscalar-prod)
with xX LX X have x = 0v n by auto
with vs-zero-lin-dep[OF - lin'] Ls Bs xX show False by auto
qed
have Y: Y  $\subseteq$  carrier-vec n using X Bs unfolding Y-def by auto
have CLB: carrier-vec n = span (set (Ls @ Bs))
  using lin-Ls-Bs len-Ls-Bs lin-indpt-list-length-eq-n by blast
also have ...  $\subseteq$  span Y
  by (rule span-is-monotone, insert LX, auto simp: Y-def)
finally have span: span Y = carrier-vec n using Y by auto
have finY: finite Y using finX unfolding Y-def by auto
from farkas-minkowsky-weyl-theorem-1-full-dim[OF Y finY span]
obtain A nr where A: A  $\in$  carrier-mat nr n and YA: cone Y = polyhedral-cone
A
  and Y-Ints: is-det-bound db  $\implies Y \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec}$  (?oi (max 1 Bnd))
 $\implies A \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap ?Bndm$  by blast

```

have *fin*: *finite* ($\{\text{row } A \ i \mid i. \ i < nr\} \cup \text{set } Ns \cup \text{uminus } ' \text{set } Ns$) **by** *auto*
from *finite-list*[*OF this*] **obtain** *rs* **where** *rs-def*: $\text{set } rs = \{\text{row } A \ i \mid i. \ i < nr\} \cup \text{set } Ns \cup \text{uminus } ' \text{set } Ns$ **by** *auto*
from *A N* **have** *rs*: $\text{set } rs \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **unfolding** *rs-def* **by** *auto*
let *?m* = *length* *rs*
define *B* **where** *B* = *mat-of-rows* *n rs*
have *B*: $B \in \text{carrier-mat } ?m \ n$ **unfolding** *B-def* **by** *auto*
show *?thesis*
proof (*intro exI conjI impI*, *rule B*)
have *id*: $(\forall r \in \{rs \ ! \ i \mid i. \ i < ?m\}. \ P \ r) = (\forall \ r < ?m. \ P \ (rs \ ! \ r))$ **for** *P* **by** *auto*
have *polyhedral-cone* $B = \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \ B \ *_v \ x \leq 0_v \ ?m\}$ **unfolding** *polyhedral-cone-def*
using *B* **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \ \forall \ i < ?m. \ \text{row } B \ i \cdot x \leq 0\}$
unfolding *less-eq-vec-def* **using** *B* **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \ \forall \ r \in \text{set } rs. \ r \cdot x \leq 0\}$ **using** *rs*
unfolding *set-conv-nth id*
by (*intro Collect-cong conj-cong refl all-cong arg-cong*[*of - - λ x. x · - ≤ 0*],
auto simp: *B-def*)
also have $\dots = \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \ \forall \ i < nr. \ \text{row } A \ i \cdot x \leq 0\}$
 $\cap \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \ \forall \ w \in \text{set } Ns \cup \text{uminus } ' \text{set } Ns. \ w \cdot x \leq 0\}$
unfolding *rs-def* **by** *blast*
also have $\{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \ \forall \ i < nr. \ \text{row } A \ i \cdot x \leq 0\} = \text{polyhedral-cone } A$
unfolding *polyhedral-cone-def* **using** *A* **by** (*auto simp*: *less-eq-vec-def*)
also have $\dots = \text{cone } Y$ **unfolding** *YA ..*
also have $\{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \ \forall \ w \in \text{set } Ns \cup \text{uminus } ' \text{set } Ns. \ w \cdot x \leq 0\}$
 $= \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \ \forall \ w \in \text{set } Ns. \ w \cdot x = 0\}$
(is *?l* = *?r***)**
proof
show *?r* \subseteq *?l* **using** *N* **by** *auto*
{
fix *x w*
assume $x \in ?l \ w \in \text{set } Ns$
with *N* **have** $x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **and** $w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$
and *one*: $w \cdot x \leq 0$ **and** *two*: $(-w) \cdot x \leq 0$ **by** *auto*
from *two* **have** $w \cdot x \geq 0$
by (*subst* (*asm*) *scalar-prod-uminus-left*, *insert w x*, *auto*)
with *one* **have** $w \cdot x = 0$ **by** *auto*
}
thus *?l* \subseteq *?r* **by** *blast*
qed
finally have *polyhedral-cone* $B = \text{cone } Y \cap \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. \ \forall w \in \text{set } Ns. \ w \cdot x = 0\}$.
also have $\dots = \text{cone } X$ **unfolding** *Y-def*
by (*rule orthogonal-cone*(1)[*OF X N finX spanLN ortho refl spanL LX lin-Ls-Bs len-Ls-Bs*])
finally show *cone* $X = \text{polyhedral-cone } B$..
assume *X-I*: $X \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (?oi \ Bnd)$ **and** *db*: *is-det-bound* *db*
with *LX* **have** $\text{set } Ls \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (?oi \ Bnd)$ **by** *auto*

```

from  $Ns\text{-}bnd[OF\ db\ this]$  have  $N\text{-}I\text{-}Bnd$ :  $set\ Ns \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap ?Bnd$  by auto
from  $lin\text{-}Ls\text{-}Bs$  have  $linLs$ :  $lin\text{-}indpt\text{-}list\ Ls$  unfolding  $lin\text{-}indpt\text{-}list\text{-}def$ 
using  $subset\text{-}li\text{-}is\text{-}li[of\ -\ set\ Ls]$  by auto
from  $X\text{-}I\ LX$  have  $L\text{-}I$ :  $set\ Ls \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v$  by auto
have  $Y\text{-}I$ :  $Y \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap Bounded\text{-}vec\ (?oi\ (max\ 1\ Bnd))$  unfolding  $Y\text{-}def$  using
 $X\text{-}I\ order.trans[OF\ BU\ unit\text{-}vec\text{-}int\text{-}bounds,\ of\ Bnd]$ 
 $Bounded\text{-}vec\text{-}mono[of\ ?oi\ Bnd\ ?oi\ (max\ 1\ Bnd)]$  by auto
from  $Y\text{-}Ints[OF\ db\ Y\text{-}I]$ 
have  $A\text{-}I\text{-}Bnd$ :  $set\ (rows\ A) \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap ?Bnd$  by auto
have  $set\ (rows\ B) = set\ (rows\ (mat\text{-}of\text{-}rows\ n\ rs))$  unfolding  $B\text{-}def$  by auto
also have  $\dots = set\ rs$  using  $rs$  by auto
also have  $\dots = set\ (rows\ A) \cup set\ Ns \cup uminus\ 'set\ Ns$  unfolding  $rs\text{-}def$ 
 $rows\text{-}def$  using  $A$  by auto
also have  $\dots \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap ?Bnd$  using  $A\text{-}I\text{-}Bnd\ N\text{-}I\text{-}Bnd$  by auto
finally show  $B \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap ?Bndm$  by simp
qed
qed

```

Now for the other direction.

lemma *farkas-minkowsky-weyl-theorem-2*:

```

assumes  $A$ :  $A \in carrier\text{-}mat\ nr\ n$ 
shows  $\exists\ X. X \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec\ n \wedge finite\ X \wedge polyhedral\text{-}cone\ A = cone\ X$ 
 $\wedge (is\text{-}det\text{-}bound\ db \longrightarrow A \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap Bounded\text{-}mat\ (of\text{-}int\ Bnd) \longrightarrow X \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap$ 
 $Bounded\text{-}vec\ (of\text{-}int\ (db\ (n-1)\ (max\ 1\ Bnd))))$ 
proof  $-$ 
let  $?oi = of\text{-}int :: int \Rightarrow 'a$ 
let  $?rows\text{-}A = \{row\ A\ i \mid i. i < nr\}$ 
let  $?Bnd = Bounded\text{-}vec\ (?oi\ (db\ (n-1)\ (max\ 1\ Bnd)))$ 
have  $rows\text{-}A\text{-}n$ :  $?rows\text{-}A \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec\ n$  using  $row\text{-}carrier\text{-}vec\ A$  by auto
hence  $\exists\ mr\ B. B \in carrier\text{-}mat\ mr\ n \wedge cone\ ?rows\text{-}A = polyhedral\text{-}cone\ B$ 
 $\wedge (is\text{-}det\text{-}bound\ db \longrightarrow ?rows\text{-}A \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap Bounded\text{-}vec\ (?oi\ Bnd) \longrightarrow set\ (rows$ 
 $B) \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap ?Bnd)$ 
using farkas-minkowsky-weyl-theorem-1  $[of\ ?rows\text{-}A]$  by auto
then obtain  $mr\ B$ 
where  $mr$ :  $B \in carrier\text{-}mat\ mr\ n$  and  $B$ :  $cone\ ?rows\text{-}A = polyhedral\text{-}cone\ B$ 
and  $Bnd$ :  $is\text{-}det\text{-}bound\ db \Longrightarrow ?rows\text{-}A \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap Bounded\text{-}vec\ (?oi\ Bnd) \Longrightarrow$ 
 $set\ (rows\ B) \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap ?Bnd$ 
by blast
let  $?rows\text{-}B = \{row\ B\ i \mid i. i < mr\}$ 
have  $rows\text{-}B$ :  $?rows\text{-}B \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec\ n$  using  $mr$  by auto
have  $cone\ ?rows\text{-}B = polyhedral\text{-}cone\ A$ 
proof
have  $?rows\text{-}B \subseteq polyhedral\text{-}cone\ A$ 
proof
fix  $r$ 
assume  $r \in ?rows\text{-}B$ 
then obtain  $j$  where  $r$ :  $r = row\ B\ j$  and  $j$ :  $j < mr$  by auto
then have  $rn$ :  $r \in carrier\text{-}vec\ n$  using  $mr\ row\text{-}carrier$  by auto
moreover have  $A *_v r \leq 0_v\ nr$  unfolding  $less\text{-}eq\text{-}vec\text{-}def$ 

```

```

proof (standard, unfold index-zero-vec)
  show  $\dim\text{-vec } (A *_v r) = nr$  using  $A$  by auto
next
  show  $\forall i < nr. (A *_v r) \$ i \leq 0_v nr \$ i$ 
  proof (standard, rule impI)
    fix  $i$ 
    assume  $i: i < nr$ 
    then have  $\text{row } A \ i \in ?\text{rows-}A$  by auto
    then have  $\text{row } A \ i \in \text{cone } ?\text{rows-}A$ 
      using set-in-cone rows-A-n by blast
    then have  $\text{row } A \ i \in \text{polyhedral-cone } B$  using  $B$  by auto
    then have  $Br: B *_v (\text{row } A \ i) \leq 0_v mr$ 
      unfolding polyhedral-cone-def using rows-A-n mr by auto

    then have  $(A *_v r) \$ i = (\text{row } A \ i) \cdot r$  using  $A \ i$  index-mult-mat-vec by
auto

    also have  $\dots = r \cdot (\text{row } A \ i)$ 
      using comm-scalar-prod[OF - rn] row-carrier A by auto
    also have  $\dots = (\text{row } B \ j) \cdot (\text{row } A \ i)$  using  $r$  by auto
    also have  $\dots = (B *_v (\text{row } A \ i)) \$ j$  using index-mult-mat-vec mr j by
auto

    also have  $\dots \leq 0$  using  $Br \ j$  unfolding less-eq-vec-def by auto
    also have  $\dots = 0_v nr \$ i$  using  $i$  by auto
    finally show  $(A *_v r) \$ i \leq 0_v nr \$ i$  by auto
  qed
qed
then show  $r \in \text{polyhedral-cone } A$ 
  unfolding polyhedral-cone-def
  using  $A \ rn$  by auto
qed
then show  $\text{cone } ?\text{rows-}B \subseteq \text{polyhedral-cone } A$ 
  using cone-in-polyhedral-cone A by auto

next

show  $\text{polyhedral-cone } A \subseteq \text{cone } ?\text{rows-}B$ 
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\neg \text{polyhedral-cone } A \subseteq \text{cone } ?\text{rows-}B$ 
  then obtain  $y$  where  $yA: y \in \text{polyhedral-cone } A$ 
    and  $yB: y \notin \text{cone } ?\text{rows-}B$  by auto
  then have  $yn: y \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  unfolding polyhedral-cone-def by auto
  have  $\text{finRB}: \text{finite } ?\text{rows-}B$  by auto
  from farkas-minkowsky-weyl-theorem-1[OF rows-B finRB]
  obtain  $nr' \ A'$  where  $A': A' \in \text{carrier-mat } nr' \ n$  and  $\text{cone}: \text{cone } ?\text{rows-}B =$ 
polyhedral-cone A'
    by blast
  from  $yB[\text{unfolded cone polyhedral-cone-def}] \ yn \ A'$ 
  have  $\neg (A' *_v y \leq 0_v nr')$  by auto
  then obtain  $i$  where  $i: i < nr'$  and  $\text{row } A' \ i \cdot y > 0$ 

```

```

    unfolding less-eq-vec-def using A' yn by auto
  define w where w = row A' i
  have w: w ∈ carrier-vec n using i A' yn unfolding w-def by auto
  from ⟨row A' i · y > 0⟩ comm-scalar-prod[OF w yn] have wy: w · y > 0 y ·
w > 0 unfolding w-def by auto
  {
    fix b
    assume b ∈ ?rows-B
    hence b ∈ cone ?rows-B using set-in-cone[OF rows-B] by auto
    from this[unfolded cone polyhedral-cone-def] A'
    have b: b ∈ carrier-vec n and A' *v b ≤ 0v nr' by auto
    from this(2)[unfolded less-eq-vec-def, THEN conjunct2, rule-format, of i]
    have w · b ≤ 0 unfolding w-def using i A' by auto
    hence b · w ≤ 0 using comm-scalar-prod[OF b w] by auto
  }
  hence wA: w ∈ cone ?rows-A unfolding B polyhedral-cone-def using mr w
  by (auto simp: less-eq-vec-def)
  from wy have yw: -y · w < 0
  by (subst scalar-prod-uminus-left, insert yn w, auto)
  have ?rows-A ⊆ carrier-vec n finite ?rows-A using assms by auto
  from fundamental-theorem-of-linear-inequalities-A-imp-D[OF this wA, un-
folded not-ex,
  rule-format, of -y ] yn yw
  obtain i where i: i < nr and - y · row A i < 0 by auto
  hence y · row A i > 0 by (subst (asm) scalar-prod-uminus-left, insert i assms
yn, auto)
  hence row A i · y > 0 using comm-scalar-prod[OF - yn, of row A i] i assms
yn by auto
  with yA show False unfolding polyhedral-cone-def less-eq-vec-def using i
assms by auto
qed
qed
moreover have ?rows-B ⊆ carrier-vec n
  using row-carrier-vec mr by auto
moreover have finite ?rows-B by auto
moreover {
  have rA: set (rows A) = ?rows-A using A unfolding rows-def by auto
  have rB: set (rows B) = ?rows-B using mr unfolding rows-def by auto
  assume A ∈ ℤm ∩ Bounded-mat (?oi Bnd) and db: is-det-bound db
  hence set (rows A) ⊆ ℤv ∩ Bounded-vec (?oi Bnd) by simp
  from Bnd[OF db this[unfolded rA]]
  have ?rows-B ⊆ ℤv ∩ ?Bnd unfolding rA rB .
}
ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed

```

lemma farkas-minkowsky-weyl-theorem:

$(\exists X. X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge \text{finite } X \wedge P = \text{cone } X)$
 $\longleftrightarrow (\exists A \text{ nr}. A \in \text{carrier-mat nr } n \wedge P = \text{polyhedral-cone } A)$

```

    using farkas-minkowsky-weyl-theorem-1 farkas-minkowsky-weyl-theorem-2 by metis
end
end

```

14 The Decomposition Theorem

This theory contains a proof of the fact, that every polyhedron can be decomposed into a convex hull of a finite set of points + a finitely generated cone, including bounds on the numbers that are required in the decomposition. We further prove the inverse direction of this theorem (without bounds) and as a corollary, we derive that a polyhedron is bounded iff it is the convex hull of finitely many points, i.e., a polytope.

theory *Decomposition-Theorem*

imports

Farkas-Minkowsky-Weyl

Convex-Hull

begin

context *gram-schmidt*

begin

definition *polytope* $P = (\exists V. V \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge \text{finite } V \wedge P = \text{convex-hull } V)$

definition *polyhedron* $A \ b = \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. A *_v x \leq b\}$

lemma *polyhedra-are-convex*:

assumes $A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ n$

and $b: b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$

and $P: P = \text{polyhedron } A \ b$

shows *convex* P

proof (*intro convexI*)

show $P_{\text{carr}}: P \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **using** *assms* **unfolding** *polyhedron-def* **by** *auto*

fix $a :: 'a$ **and** $x \ y$

assume $xy: x \in P \ y \in P$ **and** $a: 0 \leq a \ a \leq 1$

from $xy[\text{unfolded } P \ \text{polyhedron-def}]$

have $x: x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **and** $y: y \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **and** $le: A *_v x \leq b \ A *_v y \leq b$ **by** *auto*

show $a \cdot_v x + (1 - a) \cdot_v y \in P$ **unfolding** P *polyhedron-def*

proof (*intro CollectI conjI*)

from x **have** $ax: a \cdot_v x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **by** *auto*

from y **have** $ay: (1 - a) \cdot_v y \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **by** *auto*

show $a \cdot_v x + (1 - a) \cdot_v y \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ **using** $ax \ ay$ **by** *auto*

show $A *_v (a \cdot_v x + (1 - a) \cdot_v y) \leq b$

proof (*intro lesseq-vecI[OF - b]*)

show $A *_v (a \cdot_v x + (1 - a) \cdot_v y) \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$ **using** $A \ x \ y$ **by** *auto*

fix i

assume $i: i < nr$

```

from lesseq-vecD[OF b le(1) i] lesseq-vecD[OF b le(2) i]
have le: (A *v x) $ i ≤ b $ i (A *v y) $ i ≤ b $ i by auto
have (A *v (a ·v x + (1 - a) ·v y)) $ i = a * (A *v x) $ i + (1 - a) * (A
*v y) $ i
  using A x y i by (auto simp: scalar-prod-add-distrib[of - n])
also have ... ≤ a * b $ i + (1 - a) * b $ i
  by (rule add-mono; rule mult-left-mono, insert le a, auto)
also have ... = b $ i by (auto simp: field-simps)
finally show (A *v (a ·v x + (1 - a) ·v y)) $ i ≤ b $ i .
qed
qed
qed

end

```

```

locale gram-schmidt-m = n: gram-schmidt n f-ty + m: gram-schmidt m f-ty
for n m :: nat and f-ty
begin

```

```

lemma vec-first-lincomb-list:

```

```

  assumes Xs: set Xs ⊆ carrier-vec n
  and nm: m ≤ n
  shows vec-first (n.lincomb-list c Xs) m =
    m.lincomb-list c (map (λ v. vec-first v m) Xs)
  using Xs
proof (induction Xs arbitrary: c)
  case Nil
  show ?case by (simp add: nm)
next
  case (Cons x Xs)
  from Cons.prem1 have x: x ∈ carrier-vec n and Xs: set Xs ⊆ carrier-vec n by
auto

  have vec-first (n.lincomb-list c (x # Xs)) m =
    vec-first (c 0 ·v x + n.lincomb-list (c ∘ Suc) Xs) m by auto
  also have ... = vec-first (c 0 ·v x) m + vec-first (n.lincomb-list (c ∘ Suc) Xs)
m
  using vec-first-add[of m c 0 ·v x] x n.lincomb-list-carrier[OF Xs, of c ∘ Suc]
nm
  by simp
  also have vec-first (c 0 ·v x) m = c 0 ·v vec-first x m
  using vec-first-smult[OF nm, of x c 0] Cons.prem1 by auto
  also have vec-first (n.lincomb-list (c ∘ Suc) Xs) m =
    m.lincomb-list (c ∘ Suc) (map (λ v. vec-first v m) Xs)
  using Cons by simp
  also have c 0 ·v vec-first x m + ... =
    m.lincomb-list c (map (λ v. vec-first v m) (x # Xs))

```

by simp
 finally show ?case by auto
 qed

lemma convex-hull-next-dim:

assumes $n = m + 1$
 and $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
 and $\text{finite } X$
 and $Xm1: \forall y \in X. y \$ m = 1$
 and $y\text{-dim}: y \in \text{carrier-vec } n$
 and $y: y \$ m = 1$

shows $(\text{vec-first } y \ m \in m.\text{convex-hull } \{\text{vec-first } y \ m \mid y. y \in X\}) = (y \in n.\text{cone } X)$

proof –

from $\langle \text{finite } X \rangle$ obtain Xs where $Xs: X = \text{set } Xs$ using finite-list by auto
 let $?Y = \{\text{vec-first } y \ m \mid y. y \in X\}$
 let $?Ys = \text{map } (\lambda y. \text{vec-first } y \ m) \ Xs$
 have $Ys: ?Y = \text{set } ?Ys$ using Xs by auto

define x where $x = \text{vec-first } y \ m$

{
 have $y = \text{vec-first } y \ m @_v \text{vec-last } y \ 1$
 using $\langle n = m + 1 \rangle \text{vec-first-last-append } y\text{-dim}$ by auto
 also have $\text{vec-last } y \ 1 = \text{vec-of-scal } (\text{vec-last } y \ 1 \ \$ \ 0)$
 using $\text{vec-of-scal-dim-1}[\text{of } \text{vec-last } y \ 1]$ by simp
 also have $\text{vec-last } y \ 1 \ \$ \ 0 = y \$ m$
 using $y\text{-dim } \langle n = m + 1 \rangle \text{vec-last-index}[\text{of } y \ m \ 1 \ 0]$ by auto
 finally have $y = x @_v \text{vec-of-scal } 1$ unfolding $x\text{-def}$ using y by simp
 } note $xy = \text{this}$
 {
 assume $y \in n.\text{cone } X$
 then obtain c where $x: n.\text{nonneg-lincomb } c \ X \ y$
 using $n.\text{cone-iff-finite-cone}[\text{OF } X] \ \langle \text{finite } X \rangle$
 unfolding $n.\text{finite-cone-def}$ by auto

have $1 = y \$ m$ by (simp add: y)
 also have $y = n.\text{lincomb } c \ X$
 using x unfolding $n.\text{nonneg-lincomb-def}$ by simp
 also have $\dots \$ m = (\sum_{x \in X} c \ x * x \$ m)$
 using $n.\text{lincomb-index}[\text{OF } X] \ \langle n = m + 1 \rangle$ by simp
 also have $\dots = \text{sum } c \ X$
 by (rule $n.R.\text{finsum-restrict}$, auto, rule restrict-ext , simp add: $Xm1$)
 finally have $y \in n.\text{convex-hull } X$
 unfolding $n.\text{convex-hull-def } n.\text{convex-lincomb-def}$
 using $\langle \text{finite } X \rangle \ x$ by auto

}

moreover have $n.\text{convex-hull } X \subseteq n.\text{cone } X$

unfolding $n.\text{convex-hull-def } n.\text{convex-lincomb-def } n.\text{finite-cone-def } n.\text{cone-def}$
 using $\langle \text{finite } X \rangle$ by auto

moreover have $n.\text{convex-hull } X = n.\text{convex-hull-list } Xs$
by (rule $n.\text{finite-convex-hull-iff-convex-hull-list}[OF \ X \ Xs]$)
moreover {
 assume $y \in n.\text{convex-hull-list } Xs$
 then obtain c **where** $c: n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs = y$
 and $c0: \forall i < \text{length } Xs. c \ i \geq 0$ **and** $c1: \text{sum } c \ \{0..<\text{length } Xs\} = 1$
 unfolding $n.\text{convex-hull-list-def } n.\text{convex-lincomb-list-def}$
 $n.\text{nonneg-lincomb-list-def}$ **by** fast
 have $m.\text{lincomb-list } c \ ?Ys = \text{vec-first } y \ m$
 using $c \ \text{vec-first-lincomb-list}[of \ Xs \ c] \ X \ Xs \ \langle n = m + 1 \rangle$ **by** simp
 hence $x \in m.\text{convex-hull-list } ?Ys$
 unfolding $m.\text{convex-hull-list-def } m.\text{convex-lincomb-list-def}$
 $m.\text{nonneg-lincomb-list-def}$
 using $x\text{-def } c0 \ c1 \ x\text{-def}$ **by** auto
} moreover {
 assume $x \in m.\text{convex-hull-list } ?Ys$
 then obtain c **where** $x: m.\text{lincomb-list } c \ ?Ys = x$
 and $c0: \forall i < \text{length } Xs. c \ i \geq 0$
 and $c1: \text{sum } c \ \{0..<\text{length } Xs\} = 1$
 unfolding $m.\text{convex-hull-list-def } m.\text{convex-lincomb-list-def}$
 $m.\text{nonneg-lincomb-list-def}$ **by** auto

 have $n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs \ \$ \ m = (\sum j = 0..<\text{length } Xs. c \ j * Xs \ ! \ j \ \$ \ m)$
 using $n.\text{lincomb-list-index}[of \ m \ Xs \ c] \ \langle n = m + 1 \rangle \ Xs \ X$ **by** fastforce
 also have $\dots = \text{sum } c \ \{0..<\text{length } Xs\}$
 apply(rule $n.R.\text{finsum-restrict}$, auto, rule restrict-ext)
 by (simp add: $Xm1 \ Xs$)
 also have $\dots = 1$ **by** (rule $c1$)
 finally have $\text{vec-last } (n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs) \ 1 \ \$ \ 0 = 1$
 using $\text{vec-of-scal-dim-1 } \text{vec-last-index}[of \ n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs \ m \ 1 \ 0]$
 $n.\text{lincomb-list-carrier } Xs \ X \ \langle n = m + 1 \rangle$ **by** simp
 hence $\text{vec-last } (n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs) \ 1 = \text{vec-of-scal } 1$
 using vec-of-scal-dim-1 **by** auto

 moreover have $\text{vec-first } (n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs) \ m = x$
 using $\text{vec-first-lincomb-list } \langle n = m + 1 \rangle \ Xs \ X \ x$ **by** auto

 moreover have $n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs =$
 $\text{vec-first } (n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs) \ m \ @_v \ \text{vec-last } (n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs) \ 1$
 using $\text{vec-first-last-append } Xs \ X \ n.\text{lincomb-list-carrier } \langle n = m + 1 \rangle$ **by** auto

 ultimately have $n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs = y$ **using** xy **by** simp

 hence $y \in n.\text{convex-hull-list } Xs$
 unfolding $n.\text{convex-hull-list-def } n.\text{convex-lincomb-list-def}$
 $n.\text{nonneg-lincomb-list-def}$ **using** $c0 \ c1$ **by** blast
}
moreover have $m.\text{convex-hull } ?Y = m.\text{convex-hull-list } ?Ys$
using $m.\text{finite-convex-hull-iff-convex-hull-list}[OF \ - \ Ys]$ **by** fastforce

ultimately show *?thesis* unfolding *x-def* by *blast*
qed

lemma *cone-next-dim*:

assumes $n = m + 1$

and $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$

and *finite* X

and $Xm0: \forall y \in X. y \$ m = 0$

and $y\text{-dim}: y \in \text{carrier-vec } n$

and $y: y \$ m = 0$

shows $(\text{vec-first } y \ m \in m.\text{cone } \{\text{vec-first } y \ m \mid y. y \in X\}) = (y \in n.\text{cone } X)$

proof –

from $\langle \text{finite } X \rangle$ obtain Xs where $Xs: X = \text{set } Xs$ using *finite-list* by *auto*

let $?Y = \{\text{vec-first } y \ m \mid y. y \in X\}$

let $?Ys = \text{map } (\lambda y. \text{vec-first } y \ m) \ Xs$

have $Ys: ?Y = \text{set } ?Ys$ using Xs by *auto*

define x where $x = \text{vec-first } y \ m$

{
have $y = \text{vec-first } y \ m @_v \text{vec-last } y \ 1$
using $\langle n = m + 1 \rangle \text{vec-first-last-append } y\text{-dim}$ by *auto*
also have $\text{vec-last } y \ 1 = \text{vec-of-scal } (\text{vec-last } y \ 1 \$ 0)$
using *vec-of-scal-dim-1* [of $\text{vec-last } y \ 1$] by *simp*
also have $\text{vec-last } y \ 1 \$ 0 = y \$ m$
using $y\text{-dim } \langle n = m + 1 \rangle \text{vec-last-index}$ [of $y \ m \ 1 \ 0$] by *auto*
finally have $y = x @_v \text{vec-of-scal } 0$ unfolding *x-def* using y by *simp*
} note $xy = \text{this}$

have $n.\text{cone } X = n.\text{cone-list } Xs$

using $n.\text{cone-iff-finite-cone}$ [OF $X \ \langle \text{finite } X \rangle$] $n.\text{finite-cone-iff-cone-list}$ [OF $X \ Xs$]

by *simp*

moreover {

assume $y \in n.\text{cone-list } Xs$

then obtain c where $y: n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs = y$ and $c: \forall i < \text{length } Xs. c \ i \geq 0$

unfolding $n.\text{cone-list-def } n.\text{nonneg-lincomb-list-def}$ by *blast*

from y have $m.\text{lincomb-list } c \ ?Ys = x$

unfolding *x-def*

using $\text{vec-first-lincomb-list } Xs \ X \ \langle n = m + 1 \rangle$ by *auto*

hence $x \in m.\text{cone-list } ?Ys$ using c

unfolding $m.\text{cone-list-def } m.\text{nonneg-lincomb-list-def}$ by *auto*

} moreover {

assume $x \in m.\text{cone-list } ?Ys$

then obtain c where $x: m.\text{lincomb-list } c \ ?Ys = x$ and $c: \forall i < \text{length } Xs. c \ i \geq 0$

unfolding $m.\text{cone-list-def } m.\text{nonneg-lincomb-list-def}$ by *auto*

have $\text{vec-last } (n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs) \ 1 \$ 0 = n.\text{lincomb-list } c \ Xs \$ m$

```

    using  $\langle n = m + 1 \rangle$  n.lincomb-list-carrier  $X$   $Xs$  vec-last-index[of -  $m$  1 0]
    by auto
  also have ... = 0
    using n.lincomb-list-index[of  $m$   $Xs$   $c$ ]  $Xs$   $X$   $\langle n = m + 1 \rangle$   $Xm0$  by simp
  also have ... = vec-last  $y$  1 $ 0
    using  $y$  y-dim  $\langle n = m + 1 \rangle$  vec-last-index[of  $y$   $m$  1 0] by auto
  finally have vec-last (n.lincomb-list  $c$   $Xs$ ) 1 = vec-last  $y$  1 by fastforce

  moreover have vec-first (n.lincomb-list  $c$   $Xs$ )  $m$  =  $x$ 
    using vec-first-lincomb-list[of  $Xs$   $c$ ]  $x$   $X$   $Xs$   $\langle n = m + 1 \rangle$ 
    unfolding x-def by simp

  ultimately have n.lincomb-list  $c$   $Xs$  =  $y$  unfolding x-def
    using vec-first-last-append[of -  $m$  1]  $\langle n = m + 1 \rangle$  y-dim
      n.lincomb-list-carrier[of  $Xs$   $c$ ]  $Xs$   $X$ 
    by metis
  hence  $y \in n.cone-list$   $Xs$ 
    unfolding n.cone-list-def n.nonneg-lincomb-list-def using  $c$  by blast
}
moreover have m.cone-list  $?Ys$  = m.cone  $?Y$ 
  using m.finite-cone-iff-cone-list[OF -  $Ys$ ] m.cone-iff-finite-cone[of  $?Y$ ]
   $\langle finite$   $X \rangle$  by force
ultimately show ?thesis unfolding x-def by blast
qed

end

context gram-schmidt
begin

lemma decomposition-theorem-polyhedra-1:
  assumes  $A: A \in carrier-mat$   $nr$   $n$ 
    and  $b: b \in carrier-vec$   $nr$ 
    and  $P: P = polyhedron$   $A$   $b$ 
  shows  $\exists Q X. X \subseteq carrier-vec$   $n \wedge finite$   $X \wedge$ 
     $Q \subseteq carrier-vec$   $n \wedge finite$   $Q \wedge$ 
     $P = convex-hull$   $Q + cone$   $X \wedge$ 
    (is-det-bound  $db \longrightarrow A \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap Bounded-mat$  (of-int  $Bnd$ )  $\longrightarrow b \in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap$ 
    Bounded-vec (of-int  $Bnd$ )  $\longrightarrow$ 
     $X \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap Bounded-vec$  (of-int ( $db$   $n$  ( $max$  1  $Bnd$ ))))
     $\wedge Q \subseteq Bounded-vec$  (of-int ( $db$   $n$  ( $max$  1  $Bnd$ ))))
  proof -
    let  $?oi = of-int :: int \Rightarrow 'a$ 

    interpret next-dim: gram-schmidt  $n + 1$  TYPE ( $'a$ ).
    interpret gram-schmidt-m  $n + 1$   $n$  TYPE ( $'a$ ).

    from  $P[unfolding$  polyhedron-def] have  $P \subseteq carrier-vec$   $n$  by auto

```

```

have mcb: mat-of-col  $(-b) \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ 1$  using  $b$  by auto
define M where  $M = (A \ @_c \ \text{mat-of-col } (-b)) \ @_r \ (0_m \ 1 \ n \ @_c \ -1_m \ 1)$ 
have M-top:  $A \ @_c \ \text{mat-of-col } (-b) \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ (n + 1)$ 
  by (rule carrier-append-cols[OF  $A \ mcb$ ])
have M-bottom:  $(0_m \ 1 \ n \ @_c \ -1_m \ 1) \in \text{carrier-mat } 1 \ (n + 1)$ 
  by (rule carrier-append-cols, auto)
have M-dim:  $M \in \text{carrier-mat } (nr + 1) \ (n + 1)$ 
  unfolding M-def
  by (rule carrier-append-rows[OF  $M\text{-top } M\text{-bottom}$ ])

{
  fix  $x :: 'a \ \text{vec}$  fix  $t$  assume  $x: x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  have  $x \ @_v \ \text{vec-of-scal } t \in \text{next-dim.polyhedral-cone } M =$ 
     $(A \ *_v \ x - t \cdot_v \ b \leq 0_v \ nr \wedge t \geq 0)$ 
  proof -
    let  $?y = x \ @_v \ \text{vec-of-scal } t$ 
    have  $y: ?y \in \text{carrier-vec } (n + 1)$  using  $x$  by (simp del: One-nat-def)
    have  $?y \in \text{next-dim.polyhedral-cone } M =$ 
       $(M \ *_v \ ?y \leq 0_v \ (nr + 1))$ 
    unfolding next-dim.polyhedral-cone-def using  $y \ M\text{-dim}$  by auto
    also have  $0_v \ (nr + 1) = 0_v \ nr \ @_v \ 0_v \ 1$  by auto
    also have  $M \ *_v \ ?y \leq 0_v \ nr \ @_v \ 0_v \ 1 =$ 
       $((A \ @_c \ \text{mat-of-col } (-b)) \ *_v \ ?y \leq 0_v \ nr \wedge$ 
         $(0_m \ 1 \ n \ @_c \ -1_m \ 1) \ *_v \ ?y \leq 0_v \ 1)$ 
    unfolding M-def
    by (intro append-rows-le[OF  $M\text{-top } M\text{-bottom} - y$ ], auto)
    also have  $(A \ @_c \ \text{mat-of-col } (-b)) \ *_v \ ?y =$ 
       $A \ *_v \ x + \text{mat-of-col } (-b) \ *_v \ \text{vec-of-scal } t$ 
    by (rule mat-mult-append-cols[OF  $A - x$ ],
      auto simp add: b simp del: One-nat-def)
    also have  $\text{mat-of-col } (-b) \ *_v \ \text{vec-of-scal } t = t \cdot_v \ (-b)$ 
      by (rule mult-mat-of-row-vec-of-scal)
    also have  $A \ *_v \ x + t \cdot_v \ (-b) = A \ *_v \ x - t \cdot_v \ b$  by auto
    also have  $(0_m \ 1 \ n \ @_c \ -1_m \ 1) \ *_v \ (x \ @_v \ \text{vec-of-scal } t) =$ 
       $0_m \ 1 \ n \ *_v \ x + -1_m \ 1 \ *_v \ \text{vec-of-scal } t$ 
    by (rule mat-mult-append-cols, auto simp add: x simp del: One-nat-def)
    also have  $\dots = - \ \text{vec-of-scal } t$  using  $x$  by (auto simp del: One-nat-def)
    also have  $(\dots \leq 0_v \ 1) = (t \geq 0)$  unfolding less-eq-vec-def by auto
    finally show  $(?y \in \text{next-dim.polyhedral-cone } M) =$ 
       $(A \ *_v \ x - t \cdot_v \ b \leq 0_v \ nr \wedge t \geq 0)$  by auto

    qed
  } note  $M\text{-cone-car} = \text{this}$ 
from next-dim.farkas-minkowsky-weyl-theorem-2[OF  $M\text{-dim}$ , of db max 1 Bnd]
obtain  $X$  where  $X: \text{next-dim.polyhedral-cone } M = \text{next-dim.cone } X$  and
  fin-X: finite X and X-carrier:  $X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } (n+1)$ 
and  $Bnd: \text{is-det-bound } db \implies M \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap \text{Bounded-mat } (?oi \ (\text{max } 1 \ Bnd)) \implies$ 
   $X \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (?oi \ (db \ n \ (\text{max } 1 \ Bnd)))$ 
by auto
let  $?f = \lambda x. \text{if } x \ \$ \ n = 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 1 / (x \ \$ \ n)$ 

```

```

define Y where Y = {?f x ·v x | x. x ∈ X}
have finite Y unfolding Y-def using fin-X by auto
have Y-carrier: Y ⊆ carrier-vec (n+1) unfolding Y-def using X-carrier by
auto
have ?f ' X ⊆ {y. y > 0}
proof
  fix y
  assume y ∈ ?f ' X
  then obtain x where x: x ∈ X and y: y = ?f x by auto
  show y ∈ {y. y > 0}
  proof cases
    assume x $ n = 0
    thus y ∈ {y. y > 0} using y by auto
  next
    assume P: x $ n ≠ 0
    have x = vec-first x n @v vec-last x 1
      using x X-carrier vec-first-last-append by auto
    also have vec-last x 1 = vec-of-scal (vec-last x 1 $ 0) by auto
    also have vec-last x 1 $ 0 = x $ n
      using x X-carrier unfolding vec-last-def by auto
    finally have x = vec-first x n @v vec-of-scal (x $ n) by auto
    moreover have x ∈ next-dim.polyhedral-cone M
      using x X X-carrier next-dim.set-in-cone by auto
    ultimately have x $ n ≥ 0 using M-cone-car vec-first-carrier by metis
    hence x $ n > 0 using P by auto
    thus y ∈ {y. y > 0} using y by auto
  qed
qed
hence Y: next-dim.cone Y = next-dim.polyhedral-cone M unfolding Y-def
  using next-dim.cone-smult-basis[OF X-carrier] X by auto
define Y0 where Y0 = {v ∈ Y. v $ n = 0}
define Y1 where Y1 = Y - Y0
have Y0-carrier: Y0 ⊆ carrier-vec (n + 1) and Y1-carrier: Y1 ⊆ carrier-vec
(n + 1)
  unfolding Y0-def Y1-def using Y-carrier by auto
have finite Y0 and finite Y1
  unfolding Y0-def Y1-def using ⟨finite Y⟩ by auto

have Y1: ∧ y. y ∈ Y1 ⇒ y $ n = 1
proof -
  fix y assume y: y ∈ Y1
  hence y ∈ Y unfolding Y1-def by auto
  then obtain x where x ∈ X and x: y = ?f x ·v x unfolding Y-def by auto
  then have x $ n ≠ 0 using x y Y1-def Y0-def by auto
  then have y = 1 / (x $ n) ·v x using x by auto
  then have y $ n = 1 / (x $ n) * x $ n using X-carrier ⟨x ∈ X⟩ by auto
  thus y $ n = 1 using ⟨x $ n ≠ 0⟩ by auto
qed

```

```

let ?Z0 = {vec-first y n | y. y ∈ Y0}
let ?Z1 = {vec-first y n | y. y ∈ Y1}
show ?thesis
proof (intro exI conjI impI)
  show ?Z0 ⊆ carrier-vec n by auto
  show ?Z1 ⊆ carrier-vec n by auto
  show finite ?Z0 using ⟨finite Y0⟩ by auto
  show finite ?Z1 using ⟨finite Y1⟩ by auto
  show P = convex-hull ?Z1 + cone ?Z0
proof -
  {
    fix x
    assume x ∈ P
    hence xn: x ∈ carrier-vec n and A *v x ≤ b
      using P unfolding polyhedron-def by auto
    hence A *v x - 1 ·v b ≤ 0v nr
    using vec-le-iff-diff-le-0 A b carrier-vecD mult-mat-vec-carrier one-smult-vec
      by metis
    hence x @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ next-dim.polyhedral-cone M
      using M-cone-car[OF xn] by auto
    hence x @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ next-dim.cone Y using Y by auto
    hence x @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ next-dim.finite-cone Y
      using next-dim.cone-iff-finite-cone[OF Y-carrier ⟨finite Y⟩] by auto
    then obtain c where c: next-dim.nonneg-lincomb c Y (x @v vec-of-scal 1)
      unfolding next-dim.finite-cone-def using ⟨finite Y⟩ by auto
    let ?y = next-dim.lincomb c Y1
    let ?z = next-dim.lincomb c Y0
    have y-dim: ?y ∈ carrier-vec (n + 1) and z-dim: ?z ∈ carrier-vec (n + 1)
      unfolding next-dim.nonneg-lincomb-def
      using Y0-carrier Y1-carrier next-dim.lincomb-closed by simp-all
    hence yz-dim: ?y + ?z ∈ carrier-vec (n + 1) by auto
    have x @v vec-of-scal 1 = next-dim.lincomb c Y
      using c unfolding next-dim.nonneg-lincomb-def by auto
    also have Y = Y1 ∪ Y0 unfolding Y1-def using Y0-def by blast
    also have next-dim.lincomb c (Y1 ∪ Y0) = ?y + ?z
      using next-dim.lincomb-union2[of Y1 Y0]
      ⟨finite Y0⟩ ⟨finite Y⟩ Y0-carrier Y-carrier
      unfolding Y1-def by fastforce
    also have ?y + ?z = vec-first (?y + ?z) n @v vec-last (?y + ?z) 1
      using vec-first-last-append[of ?y + ?z n 1] add-carrier-vec yz-dim
      by simp
    also have vec-last (?y + ?z) 1 = vec-of-scal ((?y + ?z) $ n)
      using vec-of-scal-dim-1 vec-last-index[OF yz-dim, of 0] by auto
    finally have x @v vec-of-scal 1 =
      vec-first (?y + ?z) n @v vec-of-scal ((?y + ?z) $ n) by auto
    hence x = vec-first (?y + ?z) n and
      yz-last: vec-of-scal 1 = vec-of-scal ((?y + ?z) $ n)
      using append-vec-eq yz-dim xn by auto
    hence xyz: x = vec-first ?y n + vec-first ?z n
  }

```

```

using vec-first-add[of n ?y ?z] y-dim z-dim by simp

have 1 = ((?y + ?z) $ n) using yz-last index-vec-of-scal
by (metis (no-types, lifting))
hence 1 = ?y $ n + ?z $ n using y-dim z-dim by auto
moreover have zn0: ?z $ n = 0
using next-dim.lincomb-index[OF - Y0-carrier] Y0-def by auto
ultimately have yn1: 1 = ?y $ n by auto
have next-dim.nonneg-lincomb c Y1 ?y
using c Y1-def
unfolding next-dim.nonneg-lincomb-def by auto
hence ?y ∈ next-dim.cone Y1
using next-dim.cone-iff-finite-cone[OF Y1-carrier] ⟨finite Y1⟩
unfolding next-dim.finite-cone-def by auto
hence y: vec-first ?y n ∈ convex-hull ?Z1
using convex-hull-next-dim[OF - Y1-carrier ⟨finite Y1⟩ - y-dim] Y1 yn1
by simp

have next-dim.nonneg-lincomb c Y0 ?z using c Y0-def
unfolding next-dim.nonneg-lincomb-def by blast
hence ?z ∈ next-dim.cone Y0
using ⟨finite Y0⟩ next-dim.cone-iff-finite-cone[OF Y0-carrier ⟨finite Y0⟩]
unfolding next-dim.finite-cone-def
by fastforce
hence z: vec-first ?z n ∈ cone ?Z0
using cone-next-dim[OF - Y0-carrier ⟨finite Y0⟩ - - zn0] Y0-def
next-dim.lincomb-closed[OF Y0-carrier] by blast

from xyz y z have x ∈ convex-hull ?Z1 + cone ?Z0 by blast
} moreover {
fix x
assume x ∈ convex-hull ?Z1 + cone ?Z0
then obtain y z where x = y + z and y: y ∈ convex-hull ?Z1
and z: z ∈ cone ?Z0 by (auto elim: set-plus-elim)

have yn: y ∈ carrier-vec n
using y convex-hull-carrier[OF ⟨?Z1 ⊆ carrier-vec n⟩] by blast
hence y @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ carrier-vec (n + 1)
using vec-of-scal-dim(2) by fast
moreover have vec-first (y @v vec-of-scal 1) n ∈ convex-hull ?Z1
using vec-first-append[OF yn] y by auto
moreover have (y @v vec-of-scal 1) $ n = 1 using yn by simp
ultimately have y @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ next-dim.cone Y1
using convex-hull-next-dim[OF - Y1-carrier ⟨finite Y1⟩] Y1 by blast
hence y-cone: y @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ next-dim.cone Y
using next-dim.cone-mono[of Y1 Y] Y1-def by blast

have zn: z ∈ carrier-vec n using z cone-carrier[of ?Z0] by fastforce
hence z @v vec-of-scal 0 ∈ carrier-vec (n + 1)

```

```

    using vec-of-scal-dim(2) by fast
  moreover have vec-first (z @v vec-of-scal 0) n ∈ cone ?Z0
    using vec-first-append[OF zn] z by auto
  moreover have (z @v vec-of-scal 0) $ n = 0 using zn by simp
  ultimately have z @v vec-of-scal 0 ∈ next-dim.cone Y0
    using cone-next-dim[OF - Y0-carrier ⟨finite Y0⟩] Y0-def by blast
  hence z-cone: z @v vec-of-scal 0 ∈ next-dim.cone Y
    using Y0-def next-dim.cone-mono[of Y0 Y] by blast

  have xn: x ∈ carrier-vec n using ⟨x = y + z⟩ yn zn by blast
  have x @v vec-of-scal 1 = (y @v vec-of-scal 1) + (z @v vec-of-scal 0)
    using ⟨x = y + z⟩ append-vec-add[OF yn zn]
  unfolding vec-of-scal-def by auto
  hence x @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ next-dim.cone Y
    using next-dim.cone-elem-sum[OF Y-carrier y-cone z-cone] by simp
  hence A *v x - b ≤ 0v nr using M-cone-car[OF xn] Y by simp
  hence A *v x ≤ b using vec-le-iff-diff-le-0[of A *v x b]
    dim-mult-mat-vec[of A x] A by simp
  hence x ∈ P using P xn unfolding polyhedron-def by blast
}
ultimately show P = convex-hull ?Z1 + cone ?Z0 by blast
qed

let ?Bnd = db n (max 1 Bnd)
assume A ∈ ℤm ∩ Bounded-mat (?oi Bnd)
  b ∈ ℤv ∩ Bounded-vec (?oi Bnd)
  and db: is-det-bound db
hence *: A ∈ ℤm A ∈ Bounded-mat (?oi Bnd) b ∈ ℤv b ∈ Bounded-vec (?oi
Bnd) by auto
have elements-mat M ⊆ elements-mat A ∪ vec-set (-b) ∪ {0, -1}
  unfolding M-def
  unfolding elements-mat-append-rows[OF M-top M-bottom]
  unfolding elements-mat-append-cols[OF A mcb]
  by (subst elements-mat-append-cols, auto)
also have ... ⊆ ℤ ∩ ({x. abs x ≤ ?oi Bnd} ∪ {0, -1})
  using *[unfolded Bounded-mat-elements-mat Ints-mat-elements-mat
    Bounded-vec-vec-set Ints-vec-vec-set] by auto
also have ... ⊆ ℤ ∩ ({x. abs x ≤ ?oi (max 1 Bnd)}) by (auto simp: of-int-max)
finally have M ∈ ℤm M ∈ Bounded-mat (?oi (max 1 Bnd))
  unfolding Bounded-mat-elements-mat Ints-mat-elements-mat by auto
hence M ∈ ℤm ∩ Bounded-mat (?oi (max 1 Bnd)) by blast
from Bnd[OF db this]
have XBnd: X ⊆ ℤv ∩ Bounded-vec (?oi ?Bnd) .
{
  fix y
  assume y: y ∈ Y
  then obtain x where y: y = ?f x ·v x and xX: x ∈ X unfolding Y-def by
auto
  with ⟨X ⊆ carrier-vec (n+1)⟩ have x: x ∈ carrier-vec (n+1) by auto

```



```

    from  $XBnd$   $xX$  have  $xI$ :  $x \in \mathbb{Z}_v$  and  $xB$ :  $x \in Bounded\text{-}vec$  ( $?oi$   $?Bnd$ ) by
    auto
    {
      assume  $y \$ n = 0$ 
      hence  $y = x$  unfolding  $y$  using  $x$  by auto
      hence  $y \in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap Bounded\text{-}vec$  ( $?oi$   $?Bnd$ ) using  $xI$   $xB$  by auto
    } note  $y0 = this$ 
    {
      assume  $y \$ n \neq 0$ 
      hence  $x0$ :  $x \$ n \neq 0$  using  $x$  unfolding  $y$  by auto
      from  $xI$  have  $x \$ n \in \mathbb{Z}$  unfolding  $Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}def$  by auto
      with  $x0$  have  $abs (x \$ n) \geq 1$  by ( $meson$   $Ints\text{-}nonzero\text{-}abs\text{-}ge1$ )
      hence  $abs$ :  $abs (1 / (x \$ n)) \leq 1$  by  $simp$ 
      {
        fix  $a$ 
        have  $abs ((1 / (x \$ n)) * a) = abs (1 / (x \$ n)) * abs a$ 
          by  $simp$ 
        also have  $\dots \leq 1 * abs a$ 
          by ( $rule$   $mult\text{-}right\text{-}mono[OF$   $abs]$ ,  $auto$ )
        finally have  $abs ((1 / (x \$ n)) * a) \leq abs a$  by  $auto$ 
      } note  $abs = this$ 
      from  $x0$  have  $y$ :  $y = (1 / (x \$ n)) \cdot_v x$  unfolding  $y$  by  $auto$ 
      have  $vy$ :  $vec\text{-}set y = (\lambda a. (1 / (x \$ n)) * a) \text{ ` } vec\text{-}set x$ 
        unfolding  $y$  by ( $auto$   $simp$ :  $vec\text{-}set\text{-}def$ )
      have  $y \in Bounded\text{-}vec$  ( $?oi$   $?Bnd$ ) using  $xB$   $abs$ 
        unfolding  $Bounded\text{-}vec\text{-}vec\text{-}set$   $vy$ 
        by ( $smt$   $imageE$   $max.absorb2$   $max.bounded\text{-}iff$ )
      } note  $yn0 = this$ 
      note  $y0$   $yn0$ 
    } note  $BndY = this$ 
    from  $\langle Y \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec (n+1) \rangle$ 
    have  $setvY$ :  $y \in Y \implies set_v (vec\text{-}first y n) \subseteq set_v y$  for  $y$ 
      unfolding  $vec\text{-}first\text{-}def$   $vec\text{-}set\text{-}def$  by  $auto$ 
    from  $BndY(1)$   $setvY$ 
    show  $?Z0 \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap Bounded\text{-}vec$  ( $?oi$  ( $db$   $n$  ( $max$   $1$   $Bnd$ )))
      by ( $force$   $simp$ :  $Bounded\text{-}vec\text{-}vec\text{-}set$   $Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}vec\text{-}set$   $Y0\text{-}def$ )
    from  $BndY(2)$   $setvY$ 
    show  $?Z1 \subseteq Bounded\text{-}vec$  ( $?oi$  ( $db$   $n$  ( $max$   $1$   $Bnd$ )))
      by ( $force$   $simp$ :  $Bounded\text{-}vec\text{-}vec\text{-}set$   $Ints\text{-}vec\text{-}vec\text{-}set$   $Y0\text{-}def$   $Y1\text{-}def$ )
  qed
qed

lemma decomposition-theorem-polyhedra-2:
  assumes  $Q$ :  $Q \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec n$  and  $fin\text{-}Q$ :  $finite$   $Q$ 
    and  $X$ :  $X \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec n$  and  $fin\text{-}X$ :  $finite$   $X$ 
    and  $P$ :  $P = convex\text{-}hull$   $Q + cone$   $X$ 
  shows  $\exists A$   $b$   $nr$ .  $A \in carrier\text{-}mat$   $nr$   $n \wedge b \in carrier\text{-}vec$   $nr \wedge P = polyhedron$   $A$ 
  b
proof -

```

```

interpret next-dim: gram-schmidt n + 1 TYPE ('a).
interpret gram-schmidt-m n + 1 n TYPE('a).

from fin-Q obtain Qs where Qs: Q = set Qs using finite-list by auto
from fin-X obtain Xs where Xs: X = set Xs using finite-list by auto
define Y where Y = {x @v vec-of-scal 1 | x. x ∈ Q}
define Z where Z = {x @v vec-of-scal 0 | x. x ∈ X}
have fin-Y: finite Y unfolding Y-def using fin-Q by simp
have fin-Z: finite Z unfolding Z-def using fin-X by simp
have Y-dim: Y ⊆ carrier-vec (n + 1)
  unfolding Y-def using Q append-carrier-vec[OF - vec-of-scal-dim(2)] [of 1]]
  by blast
have Z-dim: Z ⊆ carrier-vec (n + 1)
  unfolding Z-def using X append-carrier-vec[OF - vec-of-scal-dim(2)] [of 0]]
  by blast
have Y-car: Q = {vec-first x n | x. x ∈ Y}
proof (intro equalityI subsetI)
  fix x assume x: x ∈ Q
  hence x @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ Y unfolding Y-def by blast
  thus x ∈ {vec-first x n | x. x ∈ Y}
  using Q vec-first-append[of x n vec-of-scal 1] x by force
next
  fix x assume x ∈ {vec-first x n | x. x ∈ Y}
  then obtain y where y ∈ Q and x = vec-first (y @v vec-of-scal 1) n
  unfolding Y-def by blast
  thus x ∈ Q using Q vec-first-append[of y] by auto
qed
have Z-car: X = {vec-first x n | x. x ∈ Z}
proof (intro equalityI subsetI)
  fix x assume x: x ∈ X
  hence x @v vec-of-scal 0 ∈ Z unfolding Z-def by blast
  thus x ∈ {vec-first x n | x. x ∈ Z}
  using X vec-first-append[of x n vec-of-scal 0] x by force
next
  fix x assume x ∈ {vec-first x n | x. x ∈ Z}
  then obtain y where y ∈ X and x = vec-first (y @v vec-of-scal 0) n
  unfolding Z-def by blast
  thus x ∈ X using X vec-first-append[of y] by auto
qed
have Y-last: ∀ x ∈ Y. x $ n = 1 unfolding Y-def using Q by auto
have Z-last: ∀ x ∈ Z. x $ n = 0 unfolding Z-def using X by auto

have finite (Y ∪ Z) using fin-Y fin-Z by blast
moreover have Y ∪ Z ⊆ carrier-vec (n + 1) using Y-dim Z-dim by blast
ultimately obtain B nr
  where B: next-dim.cone (Y ∪ Z) = next-dim.polyhedral-cone B
  and B-carrier: B ∈ carrier-mat nr (n + 1)
  using next-dim.farkas-minkowsky-weyl-theorem[of next-dim.cone (Y ∪ Z)]
  by blast

```

```

define A where A = mat-col-first B n
define b where b = col B n
have B-blocks: B = A @c mat-of-col b
  unfolding A-def b-def
  using mat-col-first-last-append[of B n 1] B-carrier
  mat-of-col-dim-col-1[of mat-col-last B 1] by auto
have A-carrier: A ∈ carrier-mat nr n unfolding A-def using B-carrier by force
have b-carrier: b ∈ carrier-vec nr unfolding b-def using B-carrier by force

{
  fix x assume x ∈ P
  then obtain y z where x: x = y + z and y: y ∈ convex-hull Q and z: z ∈
cone X
    using P by (auto elim: set-plus-elim)

  have yn: y ∈ carrier-vec n using y convex-hull-carrier[OF Q] by blast
  moreover have zn: z ∈ carrier-vec n using z cone-carrier[OF X] by blast
  ultimately have xn: x ∈ carrier-vec n using x by blast

  have yn1: y @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ carrier-vec (n + 1)
    using append-carrier-vec[OF yn] vec-of-scal-dim by fast
  have y-last: (y @v vec-of-scal 1) $ n = 1 using yn by force
  have vec-first (y @v vec-of-scal 1) n = y
    using vec-first-append[OF yn] by simp
  hence y @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ next-dim.cone Y
    using convex-hull-next-dim[OF - Y-dim fin-Y Y-last yn1 y-last] Y-car y by
argo
  hence y-cone: y @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ next-dim.cone (Y ∪ Z)
    using next-dim.cone-mono[of Y Y ∪ Z] by blast

  have zn1: z @v vec-of-scal 0 ∈ carrier-vec (n + 1)
    using append-carrier-vec[OF zn] vec-of-scal-dim by fast
  have z-last: (z @v vec-of-scal 0) $ n = 0 using zn by force
  have vec-first (z @v vec-of-scal 0) n = z
    using vec-first-append[OF zn] by simp
  hence z @v vec-of-scal 0 ∈ next-dim.cone Z
    using cone-next-dim[OF - Z-dim fin-Z Z-last zn1 z-last] Z-car z by argo
  hence z-cone: z @v vec-of-scal 0 ∈ next-dim.cone (Y ∪ Z)
    using next-dim.cone-mono[of Z Y ∪ Z] by blast

  from ⟨x = y + z⟩
  have x @v vec-of-scal 1 = (y @v vec-of-scal 1) + (z @v vec-of-scal 0)
    using append-vec-add[OF yn zn] vec-of-scal-dim-1
    unfolding vec-of-scal-def by auto
  hence x @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ next-dim.cone (Y ∪ Z) ∧ x ∈ carrier-vec n
    using next-dim.cone-elem-sum[OF - y-cone z-cone] Y-dim Z-dim xn by auto
} moreover {
  fix x assume x @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ next-dim.cone (Y ∪ Z)
  then obtain c where x: next-dim.lincomb c (Y ∪ Z) = x @v vec-of-scal 1

```

```

and c: c ' (Y ∪ Z) ⊆ {t. t ≥ 0}
using next-dim.cone-iff-finite-cone Y-dim Z-dim fin-Y fin-Z
unfolding next-dim.finite-cone-def next-dim.nonneg-lincomb-def by auto

let ?y = next-dim.lincomb c Y
let ?z = next-dim.lincomb c Z
have xyz: x @v vec-of-scal 1 = ?y + ?z
  using x next-dim.lincomb-union[OF Y-dim Z-dim - fin-Y fin-Z] Y-last Z-last
  by fastforce

have y-dim: ?y ∈ carrier-vec (n + 1) using next-dim.lincomb-closed[OF Y-dim]
  by blast
have z-dim: ?z ∈ carrier-vec (n + 1) using next-dim.lincomb-closed[OF Z-dim]
  by blast
have x @v vec-of-scal 1 ∈ carrier-vec (n + 1)
  using xyz add-carrier-vec[OF y-dim z-dim] by argo
hence x-dim: x ∈ carrier-vec n
  using carrier-dim-vec[of x n] carrier-dim-vec[of - n + 1]
  by force

have z-last: ?z $ n = 0 using Z-last next-dim.lincomb-index[OF - Z-dim, of n]
  by force
have ?y $ n + ?z $ n = (x @v vec-of-scal 1) $ n
  using xyz index-add-vec(1) z-dim by simp
also have ... = 1 using x-dim by auto
finally have y-last: ?y $ n = 1 using z-last by algebra

have ?y ∈ next-dim.cone Y
  using next-dim.cone-iff-finite-cone[OF Y-dim] fin-Y c
  unfolding next-dim.finite-cone-def next-dim.nonneg-lincomb-def by auto
hence y-cone: vec-first ?y n ∈ convex-hull Q
  using convex-hull-next-dim[OF - Y-dim fin-Y Y-last y-dim y-last] Y-car
  by blast

have ?z ∈ next-dim.cone Z
  using next-dim.cone-iff-finite-cone[OF Z-dim] fin-Z c
  unfolding next-dim.finite-cone-def next-dim.nonneg-lincomb-def by auto
hence z-cone: vec-first ?z n ∈ cone X
  using cone-next-dim[OF - Z-dim fin-Z Z-last z-dim z-last] Z-car
  by blast

have x = vec-first (x @v vec-of-scal 1) n using vec-first-append[OF x-dim] by
simp
also have ... = vec-first ?y n + vec-first ?z n
  using xyz vec-first-add[of n ?y ?z] y-dim z-dim carrier-dim-vec by auto
finally have x ∈ P
  using y-cone z-cone P by blast
} moreover {
  fix x :: 'a vec

```

assume $xn: x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$
hence $(x @_v \text{vec-of-scal } 1 \in \text{next-dim.polyhedral-cone } B) =$
 $(B *_v (x @_v \text{vec-of-scal } 1) \leq 0_v \text{ nr})$
unfolding $\text{next-dim.polyhedral-cone-def}$ **using** $B\text{-carrier}$
using $\text{append-carrier-vec}[OF - \text{vec-of-scal-dim}(2)[of\ 1]]$ **by** auto
also have $\dots = ((A @_c \text{mat-of-col } b) *_v (x @_v \text{vec-of-scal } 1) \leq 0_v \text{ nr})$
using $B\text{-blocks}$ **by** blast
also have $(A @_c \text{mat-of-col } b) *_v (x @_v \text{vec-of-scal } 1) =$
 $A *_v x + \text{mat-of-col } b *_v \text{vec-of-scal } 1$
by $(\text{rule mat-mult-append-cols, insert } A\text{-carrier } b\text{-carrier } xn, \text{ auto simp del: One-nat-def})$
also have $\text{mat-of-col } b *_v \text{vec-of-scal } 1 = b$
using $\text{mult-mat-of-row-vec-of-scal}[of\ b\ 1]$ **by** simp
also have $A *_v x + b = A *_v x - -b$ **by** auto
finally have $(x @_v \text{vec-of-scal } 1 \in \text{next-dim.polyhedral-cone } B) = (A *_v x \leq -b)$
using $\text{vec-le-iff-diff-le-0}[of\ A *_v x - b]$ $A\text{-carrier}$ **by** simp
}
ultimately have $P = \text{polyhedron } A (-b)$
unfolding polyhedron-def **using** B **by** blast
moreover have $-b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$ **using** $b\text{-carrier}$ **by** simp
ultimately show $?thesis$ **using** $A\text{-carrier}$ **by** blast
qed

lemma $\text{decomposition-theorem-polyhedra:}$

$(\exists\ A\ b\ nr. A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr\ n \wedge b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr \wedge P = \text{polyhedron } A\ b)$
 \longleftrightarrow
 $(\exists\ Q\ X. Q \cup X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge \text{finite } (Q \cup X) \wedge P = \text{convex-hull } Q + \text{cone } X)$ **(is ?l = ?r)**

proof

assume $?l$
then obtain $A\ b\ nr$ **where** $A: A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr\ n$
and $b: b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$ **and** $P: P = \text{polyhedron } A\ b$ **by** auto
from $\text{decomposition-theorem-polyhedra-1}[OF\ this]$ **obtain** $Q\ X$
where $*$: $X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ $\text{finite } X$ $Q \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ $\text{finite } Q$ $P = \text{convex-hull } Q + \text{cone } X$
by meson
show $?r$
by $(\text{rule } exI[of\ -\ Q], \text{ rule } exI[of\ -\ X], \text{ insert } *, \text{ auto simp: polytope-def})$

next

assume $?r$
then obtain $Q\ X$ **where** $QX\text{-carrier}: Q \cup X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
and $QX\text{-fin}: \text{finite } (Q \cup X)$
and $P: P = \text{convex-hull } Q + \text{cone } X$ **by** blast
from $QX\text{-carrier}$ **have** $Q: Q \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **and** $X: X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **by** simp-all
from $QX\text{-fin}$ **have** $\text{fin-}Q: \text{finite } Q$ **and** $\text{fin-}X: \text{finite } X$ **by** simp-all
show $?l$ **using** $\text{decomposition-theorem-polyhedra-2}[OF\ Q\ \text{fin-}Q\ X\ \text{fin-}X\ P]$ **by** blast

qed

lemma *polytope-equiv-bounded-polyhedron*:

polytope $P \longleftrightarrow$
 $(\exists A \ b \ nr \ bnd. A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ n \wedge b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr \wedge P = \text{polyhedron } A \ b$
 $\wedge P \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } bnd)$
proof
assume *polyP*: *polytope* P
from *this* **obtain** Q **where** $Qcarr$: $Q \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **and** $finQ$: *finite* Q
and $PconvhQ$: $P = \text{convex-hull } Q$ **unfolding** *polytope-def* **by** *auto*
let $?X = \{\}$
have $\text{convex-hull } Q + \{0_v \ n\} = \text{convex-hull } Q$ **using** $Qcarr$ *add-0-right-vecset* [*of*
convex-hull Q]
by (*simp* *add: convex-hull-carrier*)
hence $P = \text{convex-hull } Q + \text{cone } ?X$ **using** $PconvhQ$ **by** *simp*
hence $Q \cup ?X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge \text{finite } (Q \cup ?X) \wedge P = \text{convex-hull } Q + \text{cone } ?X$
using $Qcarr \ finQ \ PconvhQ$ **by** *simp*
hence $\exists A \ b \ nr. A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ n \wedge b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr \wedge P = \text{polyhedron } A \ b$
using *decomposition-theorem-polyhedra* **by** *blast*
hence $Ppolyh$: $\exists A \ b \ nr. A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ n \wedge b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr \wedge P = \text{polyhedron } A \ b$ **by** *blast*
from *finite-Bounded-vec-Max* [*OF* $Qcarr \ finQ$] **obtain** bnd **where** $Q \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } bnd$ **by** *auto*
hence $Pbnd$: $P \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } bnd$ **using** *convex-hull-bound* $PconvhQ \ Qcarr$ **by** *auto*
from $Ppolyh \ Pbnd$ **show** $\exists A \ b \ nr \ bnd. A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ n \wedge b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$
 $\wedge P = \text{polyhedron } A \ b \wedge P \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } bnd$ **by** *auto*
next
assume $\exists A \ b \ nr \ bnd. A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ n \wedge b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr \wedge P = \text{polyhedron } A \ b$
 $\wedge P \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } bnd$
from *this* **obtain** $A \ b \ nr \ bnd$ **where** $Adim$: $A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ n$ **and** $bdim$: $b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$
and $Ppolyh$: $P = \text{polyhedron } A \ b$ **and** $Pbnd$: $P \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } bnd$ **by** *auto*
have $\exists A \ b \ nr. A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ n \wedge b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr \wedge P = \text{polyhedron } A \ b$
using $Adim \ bdim \ Ppolyh$ **by** *blast*
hence $\exists Q \ X. Q \cup X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge \text{finite } (Q \cup X) \wedge P = \text{convex-hull } Q + \text{cone } X$
using *decomposition-theorem-polyhedra* **by** *simp*
from *this* **obtain** $Q \ X$ **where** $QXcarr$: $Q \cup X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$
and $finQX$: *finite* $(Q \cup X)$ **and** $Psum$: $P = \text{convex-hull } Q + \text{cone } X$ **by** *auto*
from $QXcarr$ **have** $Qcarr$: $\text{convex-hull } Q \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **by** (*simp* *add: convex-hull-carrier*)
from $QXcarr$ **have** $Xcarr$: $\text{cone } X \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **by** (*simp* *add: gram-schmidt.cone-carrier*)
from $Pbnd$ **have** $Pcarr$: $P \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ **using** $Ppolyh$ **unfolding** *polyhe-*

```

dron-def by simp
have  $P = \text{convex-hull } Q$ 
proof(cases  $Q = \{\}$ )
  case True
  then show  $P = \text{convex-hull } Q$  unfolding  $Psum$  by (auto simp: set-plus-def)
next
  case False
  hence convnotempty:  $\text{convex-hull } Q \neq \{\}$  using  $QXcarr$  by simp
  have Pbndex:  $\exists \text{ bnd. } P \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec bnd}$  using Pbnd
  using  $QXcarr$  by auto
  from False have  $(\exists \text{ bndc. cone } X \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec bndc})$ 
  using bounded-vecset-sum[OF  $Qcarr Xcarr Psum Pbndex$ ] False convnotempty
by blast
  hence cone  $X = \{0_v\}$  using bounded-cone-is-zero  $QXcarr$  by auto
  thus ?thesis unfolding  $Psum$  using  $Qcarr$  by (auto simp: add-0-right-vecset)
qed
thus polytope  $P$  using finQX  $QXcarr$  unfolding polytope-def by auto
qed
end

end

```

15 Mixed Integer Solutions

We prove that if an integral system of linear inequalities $Ax \leq b \wedge A'x < b'$ has a (mixed)integer solution, then there is also a small (mixed)integer solution, where the numbers are bounded by $(n + 1) * dbm n$ where n is the number of variables, m is a bound on the absolute values of numbers occurring in A, A', b, b' , and $dbm n$ is a bound on determinants for matrices of size n with values of at most m .

```

theory Mixed-Integer-Solutions
  imports Decomposition-Theorem
begin

```

```

definition less-vec :: 'a vec  $\Rightarrow$  ('a :: ord) vec  $\Rightarrow$  bool (infix '<v' 50) where
   $v <_v w = (\text{dim-vec } v = \text{dim-vec } w \wedge (\forall i < \text{dim-vec } w. v \$ i < w \$ i))$ 

```

```

lemma less-vecD: assumes  $v <_v w$  and  $w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  shows  $i < n \implies v \$ i < w \$ i$ 
  using assms unfolding less-vec-def by auto

```

```

lemma less-vecI: assumes  $v \in \text{carrier-vec } n$   $w \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
   $\bigwedge i. i < n \implies v \$ i < w \$ i$ 
shows  $v <_v w$ 
  using assms unfolding less-vec-def by auto

```

```

lemma less-vec-lesseq-vec:  $v <_v (w :: 'a :: \text{preorder vec}) \implies v \leq w$ 

```

```

unfolding less-vec-def less-eq-vec-def
by (auto simp: less-le-not-le)

lemma floor-less:  $x \notin \mathbb{Z} \implies \text{of-int } \lfloor x \rfloor < x$ 
using le-less by fastforce

lemma floor-of-int-eq[simp]:  $x \in \mathbb{Z} \implies \text{of-int } \lfloor x \rfloor = x$ 
by (metis Ints-cases of-int-floor-cancel)

locale gram-schmidt-floor = gram-schmidt n f-ty
  for n :: nat and f-ty :: 'a :: {floor-ceiling,
    trivial-conjugatable-linordered-field} itself
begin

lemma small-mixed-integer-solution-main: fixes A1 :: 'a mat
assumes db: is-det-bound db
  and A1: A1 ∈ carrier-mat nr1 n
  and A2: A2 ∈ carrier-mat nr2 n
  and b1: b1 ∈ carrier-vec nr1
  and b2: b2 ∈ carrier-vec nr2
  and A1Bnd: A1 ∈  $\mathbb{Z}_m \cap \text{Bounded-mat } (\text{of-int } \text{Bnd})$ 
  and b1Bnd: b1 ∈  $\mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } \text{Bnd})$ 
  and A2Bnd: A2 ∈  $\mathbb{Z}_m \cap \text{Bounded-mat } (\text{of-int } \text{Bnd})$ 
  and b2Bnd: b2 ∈  $\mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } \text{Bnd})$ 
  and x: x ∈ carrier-vec n
  and xI: x ∈ indexed-Ints-vec I
  and sol-nonstrict: A1 *v x ≤ b1
  and sol-strict: A2 *v x <v b2
shows ∃ x.
  x ∈ carrier-vec n ∧
  x ∈ indexed-Ints-vec I ∧
  A1 *v x ≤ b1 ∧
  A2 *v x <v b2 ∧
  x ∈ Bounded-vec (of-int (of-nat (n + 1) * db n (max 1 Bnd)))
proof –
  let ?oi = of-int :: int ⇒ 'a
  let ?Bnd = ?oi Bnd
  define B where B = ?oi (db n (max 1 Bnd))
  define A where A = A1 @r A2
  define b where b = b1 @v b2
  define nr where nr = nr1 + nr2
  have B0: B ≥ 0 unfolding B-def of-int-0-le-iff
    by (rule is-det-bound-ge-zero[OF db], auto)
  note defs = A-def b-def nr-def
  from A1 A2 have A: A ∈ carrier-mat nr n unfolding defs by auto
  from b1 b2 have b: b ∈ carrier-vec nr unfolding defs by auto
  from A1Bnd A2Bnd A1 A2 have ABnd: A ∈  $\mathbb{Z}_m \cap \text{Bounded-mat } ?\text{Bnd}$  un-
folding defs

```



```

  by (auto simp: Ints-mat-elements-mat Bounded-mat-elements-mat elements-mat-append-rows)
  from b1Bnd b2Bnd b1 b2 have bBnd:  $b \in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } ?Bnd$  unfolding
defs
  by (auto simp: Ints-vec-vec-set Bounded-vec-vec-set)
  from decomposition-theorem-polyhedra-1[OF A b refl, of db Bnd] ABnd bBnd db
  obtain Y Z where  $Z: Z \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
    and finX: finite Z
    and Y:  $Y \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
    and finY: finite Y
    and poly: polyhedron A b = convex-hull Y + cone Z
    and ZBnd:  $Z \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } B$ 
    and YBnd:  $Y \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } B$  unfolding B-def by blast
  let ?P =  $\{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. A_1 *_v x \leq b_1 \wedge A_2 *_v x \leq b_2\}$ 
  let ?L =  $?P \cap \{x. A_2 *_v x <_v b_2\} \cap \text{indexed-Ints-vec } I$ 
  have polyhedron A b =  $\{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. A *_v x \leq b\}$  unfolding polyhedron-def
by auto
  also have ... = ?P unfolding defs
    by (intro Collect-cong conj-cong refl append-rows-le[OF A1 A2 b1])
  finally have poly: ?P = convex-hull Y + cone Z unfolding poly ..
  have  $x \in ?P$  using x sol-nonstrict less-vec-lesseq-vec[OF sol-strict] by blast
  note sol = this[unfolded poly]
  from set-plus-elim[OF sol] obtain y z where  $xyz: x = y + z$  and
    yY:  $y \in \text{convex-hull } Y$  and zZ:  $z \in \text{cone } Z$  by auto
  from convex-hull-carrier[OF Y] yY have  $y: y \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
  from Caratheodory-theorem[OF Z] zZ
  obtain C where  $zC: z \in \text{finite-cone } C$  and CZ:  $C \subseteq Z$  and lin: lin-indpt C
by auto
  from subset-trans[OF CZ Z] lin have card:  $\text{card } C \leq n$ 
    using dim-is-n li-le-dim(2) by auto
  from finite-subset[OF CZ finX] have finC: finite C .
  from zC[unfolded finite-cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def] finC obtain a
    where za:  $z = \text{lincomb } a \ C$  and nonneg:  $\bigwedge u. u \in C \implies a \ u \geq 0$  by auto
  from CZ Z have C:  $C \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
  have  $z: z \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  using C unfolding za by auto
  have yB:  $y \in \text{Bounded-vec } B$  using yY convex-hull-bound[OF YBnd Y] by auto
  {
    fix D
    assume DC:  $D \subseteq C$ 
    from finite-subset[OF this finC] have finite D .
    hence  $\exists a. y + \text{lincomb } a \ C \in ?L \wedge (\forall c \in C. a \ c \geq 0) \wedge (\forall c \in D. a \ c \leq 1)$ 
      using DC
    proof (induct D)
      case empty
      show ?case by (intro exI[of - a], fold za xyz, insert sol-strict x xI nonneg  $\langle x \in ?P \rangle$ , auto)
    next
      case (insert c D)
      then obtain a where sol:  $y + \text{lincomb } a \ C \in ?L$ 
        and a:  $(\forall c \in C. a \ c \geq 0)$  and D:  $(\forall c \in D. a \ c \leq 1)$  by auto
  }

```

```

from insert(4) C have c: c ∈ carrier-vec n and cC: c ∈ C by auto
show ?case
proof (cases a c > 1)
  case False
  thus ?thesis by (intro exI[of - a], insert sol a D, auto)
next
  case True
  let ?z = λ d. lincomb a C - d ·v c
  let ?x = λ d. y + ?z d
  {
    fix d
    have lin: lincomb a (C - {c}) ∈ carrier-vec n using C by auto
    have id: ?z d = lincomb (λ e. if e = c then (a c - d) else a e) C
      unfolding lincomb-del2[OF finC C TrueI cC]
      by (subst (2) lincomb-cong[OF refl, of - - a], insert C c lin, auto simp:
diff-smult-distrib-vec)
    {
      assume le: d ≤ a c
      have ?z d ∈ finite-cone C
      proof -
        have ∀ f ∈ C. 0 ≤ (λ e. if e = c then a c - d else a e) f using le a finC
        by simp
        then show ?thesis unfolding id using le a finC
        by (simp add: C lincomb-in-finite-cone)
      qed
      hence ?z d ∈ cone Z using CZ
      using finC local.cone-def by blast
      hence ?x d ∈ ?P unfolding poly
      by (intro set-plus-intro[OF yY], auto)
    } note sol = this
    {
      fix w :: 'a vec
      assume w: w ∈ carrier-vec n
      have w · (?x d) = w · y + w · lincomb a C - d * (w · c)
      by (subst scalar-prod-add-distrib[OF w y], (insert C c, force),
subst scalar-prod-minus-distrib[OF w], insert w c C, auto)
    } note scalar = this
    note id sol scalar
  } note generic = this
let ?fl = (of-int (floor (a c))) :: 'a
define p where p = (if ?fl = a c then a c - 1 else ?fl)
have p-lt-ac: p < a c unfolding p-def
  using floor-less floor-of-int-eq by auto
have p1-ge-ac: p + 1 ≥ a c unfolding p-def
  using floor-correct le-less by auto
have p1: p ≥ 1 using True unfolding p-def by auto
define a' where a' = (λ e. if e = c then a c - p else a e)
have lin-id: lincomb a' C = lincomb a C - p ·v c unfolding a'-def using
id

```

```

    by (simp add: generic(1))
  hence 1:  $y + \text{lincomb } a' C \in \{x \in \text{carrier-vec } n. A_1 *_v x \leq b_1 \wedge A_2 *_v x \leq b_2\}$ 
    using p-lt-ac generic(2)[of p] by auto
  have pInt:  $p \in \mathbb{Z}$  unfolding p-def using sol by auto
  have  $C \subseteq \text{indexed-Ints-vec } I$  using CZ ZBnd
    using indexed-Ints-vec-subset by force
  hence  $c \in \text{indexed-Ints-vec } I$  using cC by auto
  hence pvindInts:  $p \cdot_v c \in \text{indexed-Ints-vec } I$  unfolding indexed-Ints-vec-def
using pInt by simp
  have prod:  $A_2 *_v (?x b) \in \text{carrier-vec } nr_2$  for b using A2 C c y by auto
  have 2:  $y + \text{lincomb } a' C \in \{x. A_2 *_v x <_v b_2\}$  unfolding lin-id
  proof (intro less-vecI[OF prod b2] CollectI)
    fix i
    assume i:  $i < nr_2$ 
    from sol have  $A_2 *_v (?x 0) <_v b_2$  using y C c by auto
    from less-vecD[OF this b2 i]
    have lt:  $\text{row } A_2 i \cdot ?x 0 < b_2$   $\$ i$  using A2 i by auto
    from generic(2)[of a c] i A2
    have le:  $\text{row } A_2 i \cdot ?x (a c) \leq b_2$   $\$ i$ 
      unfolding less-eq-vec-def by auto
    from A2 i have A2icarr:  $\text{row } A_2 i \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
    have row  $A_2 i \cdot ?x p < b_2$   $\$ i$ 
    proof -
      define lhs where  $\text{lhs} = \text{row } A_2 i \cdot y + \text{row } A_2 i \cdot \text{lincomb } a C - b_2$   $\$ i$ 
      define mult where  $\text{mult} = \text{row } A_2 i \cdot c$ 
      have le2:  $\text{lhs} \leq a c * \text{mult}$  using le unfolding generic(3)[OF A2icarr]
lhs-def mult-def by auto
      have lt2:  $\text{lhs} < 0 * \text{mult}$  using lt unfolding generic(3)[OF A2icarr]
lhs-def by auto
      from le2 lt2 have  $\text{lhs} < p * \text{mult}$  using p-lt-ac p1 True
      by (smt dual-order.strict-trans linorder-neqE-linordered-idom
        mult-less-cancel-right not-less zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one)
      then show ?thesis unfolding generic(3)[OF A2icarr] lhs-def mult-def
    by auto
  qed
  thus  $(A_2 *_v ?x p) \$ i < b_2$   $\$ i$  using i A2 by auto
  qed
  have  $y + \text{lincomb } a' C = y + \text{lincomb } a C - p \cdot_v c$ 
    by (subst lin-id, insert y C c, auto simp: add-diff-eq-vec)
  also have  $\dots \in \text{indexed-Ints-vec } I$  using sol
    by (intro diff-indexed-Ints-vec[OF - - - pvindInts, of - n ], insert c C, auto)
  finally have 3:  $y + \text{lincomb } a' C \in \text{indexed-Ints-vec } I$  by auto
  have 4:  $\forall c \in C. 0 \leq a' c$  unfolding a'-def p-def using p-lt-ac a by auto
  have 5:  $\forall c \in \text{insert } c D. a' c \leq 1$  unfolding a'-def using p1-ge-ac D p-def
by auto
  show ?thesis
    by (intro exI[of - a'], intro conjI IntI 1 2 3 4 5)
  qed

```

```

    qed
  }
  from this[of C] obtain a where
    sol:  $y + \text{lincomb } a \ C \in ?L$  and bnds:  $(\forall c \in C. a \ c \geq 0) (\forall c \in C. a \ c \leq 1)$ 
  by auto
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI[of -  $y + \text{lincomb } a \ C$ ] conjI)
    from ZBnd CZ have BndC:  $C \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } B$  and IntC:  $C \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v$  by auto
    have  $\text{lincomb } a \ C \in \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-nat } n * B)$ 
      using  $\text{lincomb-card-bound}[OF \ BndC \ C \ B0 - \text{card}]$  bnds by auto
    from  $\text{sum-in-Bounded-vecI}[OF \ yB \ \text{this } y] \ C$ 
    have  $y + \text{lincomb } a \ C \in \text{Bounded-vec } (B + \text{of-nat } n * B)$  by auto
    also have  $B + \text{of-nat } n * B = \text{of-nat } (n+1) * B$  by (auto simp: field-simps)
    finally show  $y + \text{lincomb } a \ C \in \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } (\text{of-nat } (n + 1)) * db \ n$ 
      ( $\max 1 \ Bnd$ )))
    unfolding B-def by auto
  qed (insert sol, auto)
qed

```

We get rid of the max-1 operation, by showing that a smaller value of Bnd can only occur in very special cases where the theorem is trivially satisfied.

```

lemma small-mixed-integer-solution: fixes  $A_1 :: 'a \ \text{mat}$ 
  assumes db: is-det-bound db
    and A1:  $A_1 \in \text{carrier-mat } nr_1 \ n$ 
    and A2:  $A_2 \in \text{carrier-mat } nr_2 \ n$ 
    and b1:  $b_1 \in \text{carrier-vec } nr_1$ 
    and b2:  $b_2 \in \text{carrier-vec } nr_2$ 
    and A1Bnd:  $A_1 \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap \text{Bounded-mat } (\text{of-int } Bnd)$ 
    and b1Bnd:  $b_1 \in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } Bnd)$ 
    and A2Bnd:  $A_2 \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap \text{Bounded-mat } (\text{of-int } Bnd)$ 
    and b2Bnd:  $b_2 \in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } Bnd)$ 
    and x:  $x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
    and xI:  $x \in \text{indexed-Ints-vec } I$ 
    and sol-nonstrict:  $A_1 *_{\text{v}} x \leq b_1$ 
    and sol-strict:  $A_2 *_{\text{v}} x <_{\text{v}} b_2$ 
    and non-degenerate:  $nr_1 \neq 0 \vee nr_2 \neq 0 \vee Bnd \geq 0$ 
  shows  $\exists x.$ 
     $x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge$ 
     $x \in \text{indexed-Ints-vec } I \wedge$ 
     $A_1 *_{\text{v}} x \leq b_1 \wedge$ 
     $A_2 *_{\text{v}} x <_{\text{v}} b_2 \wedge$ 
     $x \in \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } (\text{int } (n+1)) * db \ n \ Bnd)$ 
  proof (cases  $Bnd \geq 1$ )
  case True
    hence  $\max 1 \ Bnd = Bnd$  by auto
    with small-mixed-integer-solution-main[OF assms(1–13)] True show ?thesis by
    auto
  next

```

```

case trivial: False
let ?oi = of-int :: int  $\Rightarrow$  'a
show ?thesis
proof (cases n = 0)
  case True
    with x have x  $\in$  Bounded-vec b for b unfolding Bounded-vec-def by auto
    with xI x sol-nonstrict sol-strict show ?thesis by blast
  next
    case n: False
    {
      fix A nr
      assume A: A  $\in$  carrier-mat nr n and Bnd: A  $\in$   $\mathbb{Z}_m \cap$  Bounded-mat (?oi
Bnd)
      {
        fix i j
        assume i < nr j < n
        with Bnd A have *: A $$ (i,j)  $\in$   $\mathbb{Z}$  abs (A $$ (i,j))  $\leq$  ?oi Bnd
        unfolding Bounded-mat-def Ints-mat-def by auto
        from Ints-nonzero-abs-less1 [OF *(1)] *(2) trivial
        have A $$ (i,j) = 0
        by (meson add-le-less-mono int-one-le-iff-zero-less less-add-same-cancel2
of-int-0-less-iff zero-less-abs-iff)
        with *(2) have Bnd  $\geq$  0 A $$ (i,j) = 0 by auto
      } note main = this
      have A0: A = 0m nr n
      by (intro eq-matI, insert main A, auto)
      have nr  $\neq$  0  $\implies$  Bnd  $\geq$  0 using main[of 0 0] n by auto
      note A0 this
    } note main = this
    from main[OF A1 A1Bnd] have A1: A1 = 0m nr1 n and nr1: nr1  $\neq$  0  $\implies$ 
Bnd  $\geq$  0
    by auto
    from main[OF A2 A2Bnd] have A2: A2 = 0m nr2 n and nr2: nr2  $\neq$  0  $\implies$ 
Bnd  $\geq$  0
    by auto
    let ?x = 0v n
    show ?thesis
    proof (intro exI[of - ?x] conjI)
      show A1 *v ?x  $\leq$  b1 using sol-nonstrict x unfolding A1 by auto
      show A2 *v ?x <v b2 using sol-strict x unfolding A2 by auto
      show ?x  $\in$  carrier-vec n by auto
      show ?x  $\in$  indexed-Ints-vec I unfolding indexed-Ints-vec-def by auto
      from nr1 nr2 non-degenerate have Bnd: Bnd  $\geq$  0 by auto
      from is-det-bound-ge-zero [OF db Bnd] have db n Bnd  $\geq$  0 .
      hence ?oi (of-nat (n + 1) * db n Bnd)  $\geq$  0 by simp
      thus ?x  $\in$  Bounded-vec (?oi (of-nat (n + 1) * db n Bnd)) by (auto simp:
Bounded-vec-def)
    }
  qed
qed

```

qed

lemmas *small-mixed-integer-solution-hadamard* =
small-mixed-integer-solution[*OF det-bound-hadamard, unfolded det-bound-hadamard-def*
of-int-mult of-int-of-nat-eq]

lemma *Bounded-vec-of-int*: **assumes** $v \in \text{Bounded-vec } \text{bnd}$
shows $(\text{map-vec of-int } v :: 'a \text{ vec}) \in \mathbb{Z}_v \cap \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } \text{bnd})$
using *assms*
apply (*simp add: Ints-vec-vec-set Bounded-vec-vec-set Ints-def*)
apply (*intro conjI, force*)
apply (*clarsimp*)
subgoal for x **apply** (*elim ballE[of - - x], auto*)
by (*metis of-int-abs of-int-le-iff*)
done

lemma *Bounded-mat-of-int*: **assumes** $A \in \text{Bounded-mat } \text{bnd}$
shows $(\text{map-mat of-int } A :: 'a \text{ mat}) \in \mathbb{Z}_m \cap \text{Bounded-mat } (\text{of-int } \text{bnd})$
using *assms*
apply (*simp add: Ints-mat-elements-mat Bounded-mat-elements-mat Ints-def*)
apply (*intro conjI, force*)
apply (*clarsimp*)
subgoal for x **apply** (*elim ballE[of - - x], auto*)
by (*metis of-int-abs of-int-le-iff*)
done

lemma *small-mixed-integer-solution-int-mat*: **fixes** $x :: 'a \text{ vec}$
assumes *db: is-det-bound db*
and $A1: A_1 \in \text{carrier-mat } \text{nr}_1 \text{ } n$
and $A2: A_2 \in \text{carrier-mat } \text{nr}_2 \text{ } n$
and $b1: b_1 \in \text{carrier-vec } \text{nr}_1$
and $b2: b_2 \in \text{carrier-vec } \text{nr}_2$
and $A1\text{Bnd}: A_1 \in \text{Bounded-mat } \text{Bnd}$
and $b1\text{Bnd}: b_1 \in \text{Bounded-vec } \text{Bnd}$
and $A2\text{Bnd}: A_2 \in \text{Bounded-mat } \text{Bnd}$
and $b2\text{Bnd}: b_2 \in \text{Bounded-vec } \text{Bnd}$
and $x: x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$
and $xI: x \in \text{indexed-Ints-vec } I$
and *sol-nonstrict*: $\text{map-mat of-int } A_1 *_v x \leq \text{map-vec of-int } b_1$
and *sol-strict*: $\text{map-mat of-int } A_2 *_v x <_v \text{map-vec of-int } b_2$
and *non-degenerate*: $\text{nr}_1 \neq 0 \vee \text{nr}_2 \neq 0 \vee \text{Bnd} \geq 0$
shows $\exists x :: 'a \text{ vec.}$
 $x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge$
 $x \in \text{indexed-Ints-vec } I \wedge$
 $\text{map-mat of-int } A_1 *_v x \leq \text{map-vec of-int } b_1 \wedge$
 $\text{map-mat of-int } A_2 *_v x <_v \text{map-vec of-int } b_2 \wedge$
 $x \in \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } (\text{of-nat } (n+1) * \text{db } n \text{ Bnd}))$
proof –
let $?oi = \text{of-int} :: \text{int} \Rightarrow 'a$

```

let ?A1 = map-mat ?oi A1
let ?A2 = map-mat ?oi A2
let ?b1 = map-vec ?oi b1
let ?b2 = map-vec ?oi b2
let ?Bnd = ?oi Bnd
from A1 have A1': ?A1 ∈ carrier-mat nr1 n by auto
from A2 have A2': ?A2 ∈ carrier-mat nr2 n by auto
from b1 have b1': ?b1 ∈ carrier-vec nr1 by auto
from b2 have b2': ?b2 ∈ carrier-vec nr2 by auto
from small-mixed-integer-solution[OF db A1' A2' b1' b2'
  Bounded-mat-of-int[OF A1Bnd] Bounded-vec-of-int[OF b1Bnd]
  Bounded-mat-of-int[OF A2Bnd] Bounded-vec-of-int[OF b2Bnd]
  x xI sol-nonstrict sol-strict non-degenerate]
show ?thesis .
qed

lemmas small-mixed-integer-solution-int-mat-hadamard =
  small-mixed-integer-solution-int-mat[OF det-bound-hadamard, unfolded det-bound-hadamard-def
  of-int-mult of-int-of-nat-eq]

end

lemma of-int-hom-le: (of-int-hom.vec-hom v :: 'a :: linordered-field vec) ≤ of-int-hom.vec-hom
w ⟷ v ≤ w
unfolding less-eq-vec-def by auto

lemma of-int-hom-less: (of-int-hom.vec-hom v :: 'a :: linordered-field vec) <v of-int-hom.vec-hom
w ⟷ v <v w
unfolding less-vec-def by auto

lemma Ints-vec-to-int-vec: assumes v ∈ ℤv
shows ∃ w. v = map-vec of-int w
proof –
have ∀ i. ∃ x. i < dim-vec v ⟶ v $ i = of-int x
using assms unfolding Ints-vec-def Ints-def by auto
from choice[OF this] obtain x where ∧ i. i < dim-vec v ⟹ v $ i = of-int (x
i)
by auto
thus ?thesis
by (intro exI[of - vec (dim-vec v) x], auto)
qed

lemma small-integer-solution: fixes A1 :: int mat
assumes db: is-det-bound db
and A1: A1 ∈ carrier-mat nr1 n
and A2: A2 ∈ carrier-mat nr2 n
and b1: b1 ∈ carrier-vec nr1
and b2: b2 ∈ carrier-vec nr2
and A1Bnd: A1 ∈ Bounded-mat Bnd

```

```

and b1Bnd:  $b_1 \in \text{Bounded-vec } Bnd$ 
and A2Bnd:  $A_2 \in \text{Bounded-mat } Bnd$ 
and b2Bnd:  $b_2 \in \text{Bounded-vec } Bnd$ 
and x:  $x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
and sol-nonstrict:  $A_1 *_v x \leq b_1$ 
and sol-strict:  $A_2 *_v x <_v b_2$ 
and non-degenerate:  $nr_1 \neq 0 \vee nr_2 \neq 0 \vee Bnd \geq 0$ 
shows  $\exists x.$ 
   $x \in \text{carrier-vec } n \wedge$ 
   $A_1 *_v x \leq b_1 \wedge$ 
   $A_2 *_v x <_v b_2 \wedge$ 
   $x \in \text{Bounded-vec } (of\text{-nat } (n+1) * db\ n\ Bnd)$ 
proof -
  let ?oi = rat-of-int
  let ?x = map-vec ?oi x
  let ?oiM = map-mat ?oi
  let ?oiv = map-vec ?oi
  from x have xx:  $?x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
  have Int:  $?x \in \text{indexed-Ints-vec } UNIV$  unfolding indexed-Ints-vec-def Ints-def
by auto
  interpret gram-schmidt-floor n TYPE(rat) .
  from
    small-mixed-integer-solution-int-mat[OF db A1 A2 b1 b2 A1Bnd b1Bnd A2Bnd
    b2Bnd xx Int
    - - non-degenerate,
    folded of-int-hom.mult-mat-vec-hom[OF A1 x] of-int-hom.mult-mat-vec-hom[OF
    A2 x],
    unfolded of-int-hom-less of-int-hom-le, OF sol-nonstrict sol-strict, folded in-
    dexed-Ints-vec-UNIV]
  obtain x where
    x:  $x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  and
    xI:  $x \in \mathbb{Z}_v$  and
    le:  $?oiM\ A_1 *_v x \leq ?oiv\ b_1$  and
    less:  $?oiM\ A_2 *_v x <_v ?oiv\ b_2$  and
    Bnd:  $x \in \text{Bounded-vec } (?oi\ (int\ (n + 1) * db\ n\ Bnd))$ 
  by blast
  from Ints-vec-to-int-vec[OF xI] obtain xI where xI:  $x = ?oiv\ xI$  by auto
  from x[unfolded xI] have x:  $xI \in \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
  from le[unfolded xI, folded of-int-hom.mult-mat-vec-hom[OF A1 x], unfolded
of-int-hom-le]
  have le:  $A_1 *_v xI \leq b_1$  .
  from less[unfolded xI, folded of-int-hom.mult-mat-vec-hom[OF A2 x], unfolded
of-int-hom-less]
  have less:  $A_2 *_v xI <_v b_2$  .
  show ?thesis
  proof (intro exI[of - xI] conjI x le less)
    show xI  $\in \text{Bounded-vec } (int\ (n + 1) * db\ n\ Bnd)$ 
    unfolding Bounded-vec-def
  proof clarsimp

```



```

    fix i
    assume i: i < dim-vec xI
    with Bnd[unfolded Bounded-vec-def]
    have |x $ i| ≤ ?oi (int (n + 1) * db n Bnd) by (auto simp: xI)
    also have |x $ i| = ?oi (|xI $ i|) unfolding xI using i by simp
    finally show |xI $ i| ≤ (1 + int n) * db n Bnd unfolding of-int-le-iff by
  auto
qed
qed
qed

```

corollary *small-integer-solution-nonstrict*: fixes $A :: \text{int mat}$

```

  assumes db: is-det-bound db
  and A: A ∈ carrier-mat nr n
  and b: b ∈ carrier-vec nr
  and ABnd: A ∈ Bounded-mat Bnd
  and bBnd: b ∈ Bounded-vec Bnd
  and x: x ∈ carrier-vec n
  and sol: A *v x ≤ b
  and non-degenerate: nr ≠ 0 ∨ Bnd ≥ 0
  shows ∃ y.
    y ∈ carrier-vec n ∧
    A *v y ≤ b ∧
    y ∈ Bounded-vec (of-nat (n+1) * db n Bnd)
  proof -
    let ?A2 = 0m 0 n :: int mat
    let ?b2 = 0v 0 :: int vec
    from non-degenerate have degen: nr ≠ 0 ∨ (0 :: nat) ≠ 0 ∨ Bnd ≥ 0 by auto
    have ∃ y. y ∈ carrier-vec n ∧ A *v y ≤ b ∧ ?A2 *v y <v ?b2
    ∧ y ∈ Bounded-vec (of-nat (n+1) * db n Bnd)
    apply (rule small-integer-solution[OF db A - b - ABnd bBnd - x sol - degen])
    by (auto simp: Bounded-mat-def Bounded-vec-def less-vec-def)
    thus ?thesis by blast
  qed

```

lemmas *small-integer-solution-nonstrict-hadamard* =
small-integer-solution-nonstrict[OF det-bound-hadamard, unfolded det-bound-hadamard-def]

end

16 Integer Hull

We define the integer hull of a polyhedron, i.e., the convex hull of all integer solutions. Moreover, we prove the result of Meyer that the integer hull of a polyhedron defined by an integer matrix is again a polyhedron, and give bounds for a corresponding decomposition theorem.

theory *Integer-Hull*

```

imports
  Decomposition-Theorem
  Mixed-Integer-Solutions
begin

context gram-schmidt
begin
definition integer-hull  $P = \text{convex-hull } (P \cap \mathbb{Z}_v)$ 

lemma integer-hull-mono:  $P \subseteq Q \implies \text{integer-hull } P \subseteq \text{integer-hull } Q$ 
  unfolding integer-hull-def
  by (intro convex-hull-mono, auto)

end

lemma abs-neg-floor:  $|of\text{-int } b| \leq Bnd \implies -(\text{floor } Bnd) \leq b$ 
  using abs-le-D2 floor-mono by fastforce

lemma abs-pos-floor:  $|of\text{-int } b| \leq Bnd \implies b \leq \text{floor } Bnd$ 
  using abs-le-D1 le-floor-iff by auto

context gram-schmidt-floor
begin

lemma integer-hull-integer-cone: assumes  $C: C \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
  and  $CI: C \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v$ 
  shows  $\text{integer-hull } (\text{cone } C) = \text{cone } C$ 
proof
  have  $\text{cone } C \cap \mathbb{Z}_v \subseteq \text{cone } C$  by blast
  thus  $\text{integer-hull } (\text{cone } C) \subseteq \text{cone } C$ 
    using cone-cone[OF C] convex-cone[OF C] convex-hull-mono
    unfolding integer-hull-def convex-def by metis
  {
    fix  $x$ 
    assume  $x \in \text{cone } C$ 
    then obtain  $D$  where  $\text{finD}: \text{finite } D$  and  $DC: D \subseteq C$  and  $x: x \in \text{finite-cone}$ 
       $D$ 
    unfolding cone-def by auto
    from  $DC \ C \ CI$  have  $D: D \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  and  $DI: D \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v$  by auto
    from  $D \ x \ \text{finD}$  have  $x \in \text{finite-cone } (D \cup \{0_v \ n\})$  using finite-cone-mono[of
       $D \cup \{0_v \ n\} \ D]$  by auto
    then obtain  $l$  where  $x: \text{lincomb } l \ (D \cup \{0_v \ n\}) = x$ 
      and  $l: l \text{ ' } (D \cup \{0_v \ n\}) \subseteq \{t. t \geq 0\}$ 
    using  $\text{finD}$  unfolding finite-cone-def nonneg-lincomb-def by auto
    define  $L$  where  $L = \text{sum } l \ (D \cup \{0_v \ n\})$ 
    define  $L\text{-sup} :: 'a$  where  $L\text{-sup} = of\text{-int } (\text{floor } L + 1)$ 
    have  $L\text{-sup} \geq L$  using floor-correct[of L] unfolding L-sup-def by linarith
    have  $L \geq 0$  unfolding L-def using sum-nonneg[of - l] l by blast
    hence  $L\text{-sup} \geq 1$  unfolding L-sup-def by simp
  }

```

hence $L\text{-sup} > 0$ by *fastforce*

let $?f = \lambda y. \text{ if } y = 0_v \text{ n then } L\text{-sup} - L \text{ else } 0$
have $\text{lincomb } ?f \{0_v \text{ n}\} = 0_v \text{ n}$
 using *already-in-span*[of $\{0_v \text{ n}\}$ *lincomb-in-span* *local.span-empty*]
 by *auto*
moreover have $\text{lincomb } ?f (D - \{0_v \text{ n}\}) = 0_v \text{ n}$
 by (*rule lincomb-zero, insert D, auto*)
ultimately have $\text{lincomb } ?f (D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}) = 0_v \text{ n}$
 using *lincomb-vec-diff-add*[of $D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}$ $\{0_v \text{ n}\}$ *D finD* by *simp*]
hence $\text{lcomb-f: lincomb } (\lambda y. l \ y + ?f \ y) (D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}) = x$
 using *lincomb-sum*[of $D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}$ $l \ ?f$] *finD D x* by *simp*
have $\text{sum } ?f (D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}) = L\text{-sup} - L$
 by (*simp add: sum.subset-diff*[of $\{0_v \text{ n}\}$ $D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}$ $?f$] *finD*)
hence $\text{sum } (\lambda y. l \ y + ?f \ y) (D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}) = L\text{-sup}$
 using $l \ L\text{-def}$ by *auto*
moreover have $(\lambda y. l \ y + ?f \ y) \text{ ' } (D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}) \subseteq \{t. t \geq 0\}$
 using $\langle L \leq L\text{-sup} \rangle l$ by *force*
ultimately obtain l' where $x: \text{lincomb } l' (D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}) = x$
 and $l': l' \text{ ' } (D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}) \subseteq \{t. t \geq 0\}$
 and $\text{sum-}l': \text{sum } l' (D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}) = L\text{-sup}$
 using *lcomb-f* by *blast*

let $?D' = \{L\text{-sup} \cdot_v v \mid v. v \in D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}\}$
have $\text{Did: } ?D' = (\lambda v. L\text{-sup} \cdot_v v) \text{ ' } (D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\})$ by *force*
define l'' where $l'' = (\lambda y. l' ((1 / L\text{-sup}) \cdot_v y) / L\text{-sup})$
obtain lD where $\text{dist: distinct } lD$ and $lD: D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\} = \text{set } lD$
 using *finite-distinct-list*[of $D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}$] *finD* by *auto*
let $?lD' = \text{map } ((\cdot_v) L\text{-sup}) lD$
have $\text{dist': distinct } ?lD'$
 using *distinct-smult-nonneg*[*OF - dist*] $\langle L\text{-sup} > 0 \rangle$ by *fastforce*

have $x': \text{lincomb } l'' ?D' = x$ **unfolding** $x[\text{symmetric}] \ l''\text{-def}$
 unfolding *lincomb-def Did*

proof (*subst finsum-reindex*)

from $\langle L\text{-sup} > 0 \rangle \text{ smult-vec-nonneg-eq}$ [of $L\text{-sup}$] **show** *inj-on* $((\cdot_v) L\text{-sup}) (D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\})$

 by (*auto simp: inj-on-def*)

show $(\lambda v. l' (1 / L\text{-sup} \cdot_v v) / L\text{-sup} \cdot_v v) \in (\cdot_v) L\text{-sup} \text{ ' } (D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}) \rightarrow$
carrier-vec n

 using D by *auto*

from $\langle L\text{-sup} > 0 \rangle$ **have** $L\text{-sup} \neq 0$ by *auto*

then show $(\bigoplus_{v \in D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}} l' (1 / L\text{-sup} \cdot_v (L\text{-sup} \cdot_v x)) / L\text{-sup} \cdot_v (L\text{-sup} \cdot_v x)) =$

$(\bigoplus_{v \in D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\}} l' v \cdot_v v)$

 by (*intro finsum-cong, insert D, auto simp: smult-smult-assoc*)

qed

have $D \cup \{0_v \text{ n}\} \subseteq \text{cone } C$ **using** *set-in-cone*[*OF C*] *DC zero-in-cone* by *blast*

hence $D': ?D' \subseteq \text{cone } C$ **using** *cone-smult*[of $L\text{-sup}$, *OF - C*] $\langle L\text{-sup} > 0 \rangle$ by

auto

have $D \cup \{0_v \ n\} \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v$ **unfolding** *zero-vec-def* **using** *DI Ints-vec-def* **by** *auto*
moreover have $L\text{-sup} \in \mathbb{Z}$ **unfolding** *L-sup-def* **by** *auto*
ultimately have $D'I: ?D' \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v$ **unfolding** *Ints-vec-def* **by** *force*

have $1 = \text{sum } l' (D \cup \{0_v \ n\}) * (1 / L\text{-sup})$ **using** *sum-l' <L-sup > 0>* **by**

auto

also have $\text{sum } l' (D \cup \{0_v \ n\}) = \text{sum-list } (\text{map } l' \text{ } lD)$
using *sum.distinct-set-conv-list[OF dist] lD* **by** *auto*
also have $\text{map } l' \text{ } lD = \text{map } (l' \circ ((\cdot_v) (1 / L\text{-sup}))) \text{ } ?lD'$
using *smult-smult-assoc[of 1 / L-sup L-sup] <L-sup > 0>*
by (*simp add: comp-assoc*)
also have $l' \circ ((\cdot_v) (1 / L\text{-sup})) = (\lambda x. l' ((1 / L\text{-sup}) \cdot_v x))$ **by** (*rule comp-def*)
also have $\text{sum-list } (\text{map } \dots \text{ } ?lD') * (1 / L\text{-sup}) =$
 $\text{sum-list } (\text{map } (\lambda y. l' (1 / L\text{-sup} \cdot_v y) * (1 / L\text{-sup})) \text{ } ?lD')$
using *sum-list-mult-const[of - 1 / L-sup ?lD']* **by** *presburger*
also have $\dots = \text{sum-list } (\text{map } l'' \text{ } ?lD')$
unfolding *l''-def* **using** *<L-sup > 0>* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = \text{sum } l'' (set \text{ } ?lD')$ **using** *sum.distinct-set-conv-list[OF dist']*

by *metis*

also have $set \text{ } ?lD' = ?D'$ **using** *lD* **by** *auto*
finally have $\text{sum-l'}: \text{sum } l'' \text{ } ?D' = 1$ **by** *auto*

moreover have $l'' \text{ } ^\circ \text{ } ?D' \subseteq \{t. t \geq 0\}$

proof

fix y

assume $y \in l'' \text{ } ^\circ \text{ } ?D'$

then obtain x **where** $y = l'' x$ **and** $x \in ?D'$ **by** *blast*

then obtain v **where** $v \in D \cup \{0_v \ n\}$ **and** $x = L\text{-sup} \cdot_v v$ **by** *blast*

hence $0 \leq l' v / L\text{-sup}$ **using** *l' <L-sup > 0>* **by** *fastforce*

also have $\dots = l'' x$ **unfolding** *x l''-def*

using *smult-smult-assoc[of 1 / L-sup L-sup v] <L-sup > 0>* **by** *simp*

finally show $y \in \{t. t \geq 0\}$ **using** y **by** *blast*

qed

moreover have *finite ?D'* **using** *finD* **by** *simp*

ultimately have $x \in \text{integer-hull } (\text{cone } C)$

unfolding *integer-hull-def convex-hull-def*

using $x' D' D'I \text{ convex-lincomb-def}[of \text{ } l'' \text{ } ?D' \text{ } x]$

nonneg-lincomb-def[of l'' ?D' x] **by** *fast*

}

thus $\text{cone } C \subseteq \text{integer-hull } (\text{cone } C)$ **by** *blast*

qed

theorem *decomposition-theorem-integer-hull-of-polyhedron:*

assumes *db: is-det-bound db*

and $A: A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \text{ } n$

and $b: b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$

```

and AI:  $A \in \mathbb{Z}_m$ 
and bI:  $b \in \mathbb{Z}_v$ 
and P:  $P = \text{polyhedron } A \ b$ 
and Bnd:  $\text{of-int } Bnd \geq \text{Max } (\text{abs } '(\text{elements-mat } A \cup \text{vec-set } b))$ 
shows  $\exists H \ C. H \cup C \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n \cap \mathbb{Z}_v$ 
 $\wedge H \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-nat } (n + 1) * \text{of-int } (db \ n \ (\text{max } 1 \ Bnd)))$ 
 $\wedge C \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } (db \ n \ (\text{max } 1 \ Bnd)))$ 
 $\wedge \text{finite } (H \cup C)$ 
 $\wedge \text{integer-hull } P = \text{convex-hull } H + \text{cone } C$ 
proof –
  define MBnd where  $MBnd = \text{Max } (\text{abs } '(\text{elements-mat } A \cup \text{set}_v \ b))$ 
  define DBnd :: 'a where  $DBnd = \text{of-int } (db \ n \ (\text{max } 1 \ Bnd))$ 
  define nBnd where  $nBnd = \text{of-nat } (n+1) * DBnd$ 
  have DBnd0:  $DBnd \geq 0$  unfolding DBnd-def of-int-0-le-iff
    by (rule is-det-bound-ge-zero[OF db], auto)
  have Pn:  $P \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  unfolding P polyhedron-def by auto
  have  $A \in \text{Bounded-mat } MBnd \wedge b \in \text{Bounded-vec } MBnd$ 
    unfolding MBnd-def Bounded-mat-elements-mat Bounded-vec-vec-set
    by (intro ballI conjI Max-ge finite-imageI imageI finite-UnI, auto)
  hence  $A \in \text{Bounded-mat } (\text{of-int } Bnd) \wedge b \in \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{of-int } Bnd)$ 
    using Bounded-mat-mono[OF Bnd] Bounded-vec-mono[OF Bnd] unfolding
    MBnd-def by auto
  from decomposition-theorem-polyhedra-1[OF A b P, of db Bnd] db AI bI this
  obtain QQ Q C where  $C: C \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  and finC:  $\text{finite } C$ 
    and QQ:  $QQ \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  and finQ:  $\text{finite } QQ$  and BndQQ:  $QQ \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } DBnd$ 
    and P:  $P = Q + \text{cone } C$ 
    and Q-def:  $Q = \text{convex-hull } QQ$ 
    and CI:  $C \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_v$  and BndC:  $C \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } DBnd$ 
    by (auto simp: DBnd-def)
  define Bnd' where  $Bnd' = \text{of-nat } n * DBnd$ 
  note coneC = cone-iff-finite-cone[OF C finC]
  have Q:  $Q \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  unfolding Q-def using convex-hull-carrier[OF QQ]
  .
  define B where  $B = \{x. \exists a \ D. \text{nonneg-lincomb } a \ D \ x \wedge D \subseteq C \wedge \text{lin-indpt } D$ 
 $\wedge (\forall d \in D. a \ d \leq 1)\}$ 
  {
    fix b
    assume  $b \in B$ 
    then obtain a D where  $b = \text{lincomb } a \ D$  and DC:  $D \subseteq C$ 
      and linD:  $\text{lin-indpt } D$  and bnd-a:  $\forall d \in D. 0 \leq a \ d \wedge a \ d \leq 1$ 
      by (force simp: B-def nonneg-lincomb-def)
    from DC C have D:  $D \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by auto
    from DC finC have finD:  $\text{finite } D$  by (metis finite-subset)
    from D linD finD have cardD:  $\text{card } D \leq n$  using dim-is-n li-le-dim(2) by auto
    from BndC DC have BndD:  $D \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } DBnd$  by auto
    from lincomb-card-bound[OF this D DBnd0 - cardD, of a, folded b] bnd-a
    have  $b \in \text{Bounded-vec } Bnd'$  unfolding Bnd'-def by force
  }

```

```

    hence BndB:  $B \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } \text{Bnd}' ..$ 
    from BndQQ have BndQ:  $Q \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } \text{DBnd}$  unfolding Q-def using QQ
  by (metis convex-hull-bound)
    have B:  $B \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$ 
      unfolding B-def nonneg-lincomb-def using C by auto
    from Q B have QB:  $Q + B \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  by (auto elim!: set-plus-elim)
    from sum-in-Bounded-vecI[of - DBnd - Bnd' n] BndQ BndB B Q
    have  $Q + B \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } (\text{DBnd} + \text{Bnd}')$  by (auto elim!: set-plus-elim)
    also have  $\text{DBnd} + \text{Bnd}' = n\text{Bnd}$  unfolding nBnd-def Bnd'-def by (simp add:
algebra-simps)
    finally have QB-Bnd:  $Q + B \subseteq \text{Bounded-vec } n\text{Bnd}$  by blast
    have finQBZ: finite  $((Q + B) \cap \mathbb{Z}_v)$ 
    proof (rule finite-subset[OF subsetI])
      define ZBnd where  $Z\text{Bnd} = \text{floor } n\text{Bnd}$ 
      let ?vecs = set (map vec-of-list (concat-lists (map ( $\lambda i.$  map (of-int ::  $- \Rightarrow 'a$ )
 $[-Z\text{Bnd}..Z\text{Bnd}]$ )  $[0..<n]$ )))
      have id: ?vecs = vec-of-list '
        {as. length as = n  $\wedge$  ( $\forall i < n. \exists b. \text{as } ! i = \text{of-int } b \wedge b \in \{-Z\text{Bnd}..Z\text{Bnd}\}$ )}
        unfolding set-map by (rule image-cong, auto)
      show finite ?vecs by (rule finite-set)
      fix x
      assume  $x \in (Q + B) \cap \mathbb{Z}_v$ 
      hence xQB:  $x \in Q + B$  and xI:  $x \in \mathbb{Z}_v$  by auto
      from xQB QB-Bnd QB have xBnd:  $x \in \text{Bounded-vec } n\text{Bnd}$  and x:  $x \in \text{car-}$ 
rier-vec  $n$  by auto
      have xid:  $x = \text{vec-of-list } (\text{list-of-vec } x)$  by auto
      show  $x \in ?vecs$  unfolding id
    proof (subst xid, intro imageI CollectI conjI allI impI)
      show length (list-of-vec  $x$ ) =  $n$  using x by auto
      fix i
      assume i:  $i < n$ 
      have id:  $\text{list-of-vec } x ! i = x \$ i$  using i x by auto
      from xBnd[unfolded Bounded-vec-def] i x have xiBnd:  $\text{abs } (x \$ i) \leq n\text{Bnd}$ 
    by auto
      from xI[unfolded Ints-vec-def] i x have  $x \$ i \in \mathbb{Z}$  by auto
      then obtain b where  $b: x \$ i = \text{of-int } b$  unfolding Ints-def by blast
      show  $\exists b. \text{list-of-vec } x ! i = \text{of-int } b \wedge b \in \{-Z\text{Bnd}..Z\text{Bnd}\}$  unfolding id
ZBnd-def
      using xiBnd unfolding b by (intro exI[of - b], auto intro!: abs-neg-floor
abs-pos-floor)
    qed
  qed
  have QBZ:  $(Q + B) \cap \mathbb{Z}_v \subseteq \text{carrier-vec } n$  using QB by auto
  from decomposition-theorem-polyhedra-2[OF QBZ finQBZ, folded integer-hull-def,
OF C finC refl]
  obtain A' b' nr' where A':  $A' \in \text{carrier-mat } nr' n$  and b':  $b' \in \text{carrier-vec } nr'$ 
    and IH:  $\text{integer-hull } (Q + B) + \text{cone } C = \text{polyhedron } A' b'$ 
    by auto
  {

```

```

fix p
assume p ∈ P ∩ Zv
hence pI: p ∈ Zv and p: p ∈ Q + cone C unfolding P by auto
from set-plus-elim[OF p] obtain q c where
  pqc: p = q + c and qQ: q ∈ Q and cC: c ∈ cone C by auto
from qQ Q have q: q ∈ carrier-vec n by auto
from Caratheodory-theorem[OF C] cC
obtain D where cD: c ∈ finite-cone D and DC: D ⊆ C and linD: lin-indpt
D by auto
from DC C have D: D ⊆ carrier-vec n by auto
from DC finC have finD: finite D by (metis finite-subset)
from cD finD
obtain a where nonneg-lincomb a D c unfolding finite-cone-def by auto
hence caD: c = lincomb a D and a0:  $\bigwedge d. d \in D \implies a \cdot d \geq 0$ 
  unfolding nonneg-lincomb-def by auto
define a1 where a1 = ( $\lambda c. a \cdot c - \text{of-int} (\text{floor} (a \cdot c))$ )
define a2 where a2 = ( $\lambda c. \text{of-int} (\text{floor} (a \cdot c)) :: 'a$ )
define d where d = lincomb a2 D
define b where b = lincomb a1 D
have b: b ∈ carrier-vec n and d: d ∈ carrier-vec n unfolding d-def b-def using
D by auto
have bB: b ∈ B unfolding B-def b-def nonneg-lincomb-def
proof (intro CollectI exI[of - a1] exI[of - D] conjI ballI refl subsetI linD)
  show x ∈ a1 ' D  $\implies 0 \leq x$  for x using a0 unfolding a1-def by auto
  show a1 c ≤ 1 for c unfolding a1-def by linarith
qed (insert DC, auto)
have cbd: c = b + d unfolding b-def d-def caD lincomb-sum[OF finD D,
symmetric]
  by (rule lincomb-cong[OF refl D], auto simp: a1-def a2-def)
have nonneg-lincomb a2 D d unfolding d-def nonneg-lincomb-def
  by (intro allI conjI refl subsetI, insert a0, auto simp: a2-def)
hence dC: d ∈ cone C unfolding cone-def finite-cone-def using finC finD DC
by auto
have p: p = (q + b) + d unfolding pqc cbd using q b d by auto
have dI: d ∈ Zv using CI DC C unfolding d-def indexed-Ints-vec-UNIV
  by (intro lincomb-indexed-Ints-vec, auto simp: a2-def)
from diff-indexed-Ints-vec[of - - - UNIV, folded indexed-Ints-vec-UNIV, OF -
d pI dI, unfolded p]
have q + b + d - d ∈ Zv using q b d by auto
also have q + b + d - d = q + b using q b d by auto
finally have qbI: q + b ∈ Zv by auto
have p ∈ integer-hull (Q + B) + cone C unfolding p integer-hull-def
  by (intro set-plus-intro dC set-mp[OF set-in-convex-hull] IntI qQ bB qbI,
insert Q B,
  auto elim!: set-plus-elim)
}
hence P ∩ Zv ⊆ integer-hull (Q + B) + cone C by auto
hence one-dir: integer-hull P ⊆ integer-hull (Q + B) + cone C unfolding IH
unfolding integer-hull-def using convex-convex-hull[OF polyhedra-are-convex[OF

```

```

A' b' refl]]
  convex-hull-mono by blast
  have integer-hull (Q + B) + cone C ⊆ integer-hull P + cone C unfolding P
  proof (intro set-plus-mono2 subset-refl integer-hull-mono)
    show B ⊆ cone C unfolding B-def cone-def finite-cone-def using finite-subset[OF
- finC] by auto
  qed
  also have ... = integer-hull P + integer-hull (cone C)
    using integer-hull-integer-cone[OF C CI] by simp
  also have ... = convex-hull (P ∩ ℤv) + convex-hull (cone C ∩ ℤv)
    unfolding integer-hull-def by simp
  also have ... = convex-hull ((P ∩ ℤv) + (cone C ∩ ℤv))
    by (rule convex-hull-sum[symmetric], insert Pn cone-carrier[OF C], auto)
  also have ... ⊆ convex-hull ((P + cone C) ∩ ℤv)
  proof (rule convex-hull-mono)
    show P ∩ ℤv + cone C ∩ ℤv ⊆ (P + cone C) ∩ ℤv
      using add-indexed-Ints-vec[of - n - UNIV, folded indexed-Ints-vec-UNIV]
cone-carrier[OF C] Pn
    by (auto elim!: set-plus-elim)
  qed
  also have ... = integer-hull (P + cone C) unfolding integer-hull-def ..
  also have P + cone C = P
  proof -
    have CC: cone C ⊆ carrier-vec n using C by (rule cone-carrier)
    have P + cone C = Q + (cone C + cone C) unfolding P
      by (rule assoc-add-vecset[symmetric, OF Q CC CC])
    also have cone C + cone C = cone C by (rule cone-add-cone[OF C])
    finally show ?thesis unfolding P .
  qed
  finally have integer-hull (Q + B) + cone C ⊆ integer-hull P .
  with one-dir have id: integer-hull P = integer-hull (Q + B) + cone C by auto
  show ?thesis unfolding id unfolding integer-hull-def DBnd-def[symmetric]
nBnd-def[symmetric]
  proof (rule exI[of - (Q + B) ∩ ℤv], intro exI[of - C] conjI refl BndC)
    from QB-Bnd show (Q + B) ∩ ℤv ⊆ Bounded-vec nBnd by auto
    show (Q + B) ∩ ℤv ∪ C ⊆ carrier-vec n ∩ ℤv
      using QB C CI by auto
    show finite ((Q + B) ∩ ℤv ∪ C) using finQBZ finC by auto
  qed
qed

```

corollary *integer-hull-of-polyhedron*: assumes A: $A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ n$
and b: $b \in \text{carrier-vec } nr$
and AI: $A \in \mathbb{Z}_m$
and bI: $b \in \mathbb{Z}_v$
and P: $P = \text{polyhedron } A \ b$
shows $\exists A' \ b' \ nr'. A' \in \text{carrier-mat } nr' \ n \wedge b' \in \text{carrier-vec } nr' \wedge$
integer-hull P = *polyhedron* A' b'
proof -

obtain Bnd **where** Bnd : $Max (abs \text{ ' } (elements\text{-}mat \ A \cup \ set_v \ b)) \leq \ of\text{-}int \ Bnd$
by (*meson ex-le-of-int*)
from *decomposition-theorem-integer-hull-of-polyhedron*[*OF det-bound-fact A b AI bI P Bnd*]
obtain $H \ C$
where HC : $H \cup C \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec \ n \cap \mathbb{Z}_v \ finite \ (H \cup C)$
and $decomp$: $integer\text{-}hull \ P = convex\text{-}hull \ H + cone \ C$ **by** *auto*
show *?thesis*
by (*rule decomposition-theorem-polyhedra-2*[*OF - - - decomp*], *insert HC, auto*)
qed

corollary *small-integer-solution-nonstrict-via-decomp*: **fixes** $A :: 'a \ mat$

assumes db : *is-det-bound db*
and A : $A \in carrier\text{-}mat \ nr \ n$
and b : $b \in carrier\text{-}vec \ nr$
and AI : $A \in \mathbb{Z}_m$
and bI : $b \in \mathbb{Z}_v$
and Bnd : $of\text{-}int \ Bnd \geq Max (abs \text{ ' } (elements\text{-}mat \ A \cup \ vec\text{-}set \ b))$
and x : $x \in carrier\text{-}vec \ n$
and xI : $x \in \mathbb{Z}_v$
and sol : $A \ *_v \ x \leq b$
shows $\exists \ y.$
 $y \in carrier\text{-}vec \ n \wedge$
 $y \in \mathbb{Z}_v \wedge$
 $A \ *_v \ y \leq b \wedge$
 $y \in Bounded\text{-}vec \ (of\text{-}nat \ (n+1) \ * \ of\text{-}int \ (db \ n \ (max \ 1 \ Bnd)))$
proof –
from $x \ sol$ **have** $x \in polyhedron \ A \ b$ **unfolding** *polyhedron-def* **by** *auto*
with $xI \ x$ **have** $xsol$: $x \in integer\text{-}hull \ (polyhedron \ A \ b)$ **unfolding** *integer-hull-def*
by (*meson IntI convex-hull-mono in-mono inf-sup-ord(1) inf-sup-ord(2) set-in-convex-hull*)
from *decomposition-theorem-integer-hull-of-polyhedron*[*OF db A b AI bI refl Bnd*]
obtain $H \ C$ **where** HC : $H \cup C \subseteq carrier\text{-}vec \ n \cap \mathbb{Z}_v$
 $H \subseteq Bounded\text{-}vec \ (of\text{-}nat \ (n + 1) \ * \ of\text{-}int \ (db \ n \ (max \ 1 \ Bnd)))$
 $finite \ (H \cup C)$ **and**
 id : $integer\text{-}hull \ (polyhedron \ A \ b) = convex\text{-}hull \ H + cone \ C$
by *auto*
from $xsol[unfolding \ id]$ **have** $H \neq \{\}$ **unfolding** *set-plus-def* **by** *auto*
then obtain h **where** hH : $h \in H$ **by** *auto*
with *set-in-convex-hull* **have** $h \in convex\text{-}hull \ H$ **using** HC **by** *auto*
moreover have $0_v \ n \in cone \ C$ **by** (*intro zero-in-cone*)
ultimately have $h + 0_v \ n \in integer\text{-}hull \ (polyhedron \ A \ b)$ **unfolding** id **by** *auto*
also have $h + 0_v \ n = h$ **using** $hH \ HC$ **by** *auto*
also have $integer\text{-}hull \ (polyhedron \ A \ b) \subseteq convex\text{-}hull \ (polyhedron \ A \ b)$
unfolding *integer-hull-def* **by** (*rule convex-hull-mono, auto*)
also have $convex\text{-}hull \ (polyhedron \ A \ b) = polyhedron \ A \ b$ **using** $A \ b$
using *convex-convex-hull polyhedra-are-convex* **by** *blast*
finally have h : $h \in carrier\text{-}vec \ n \ A \ *_v \ h \leq b$ **unfolding** *polyhedron-def* **by** *auto*
show *?thesis*

```

    by (intro exI[of - h] conjI h, insert HC hH, auto)
qed

lemmas small-integer-solution-nonstrict-via-decomp-hadamard =
  small-integer-solution-nonstrict-via-decomp[OF det-bound-hadamard, unfolded det-bound-hadamard-def]

end
end

```

References

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