

A Compositional and Unified Translation of LTL into ω -Automata

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Abstract

We present a formalisation of the unified translation approach of linear temporal logic (LTL) into ω -automata from [1]. This approach decomposes LTL formulas into “simple” languages and allows a clear separation of concerns: first, we formalise the purely logical result yielding this decomposition; second, we instantiate this generic theory to obtain a construction for deterministic (state-based) Rabin automata (DRA). We extract from this particular instantiation an executable tool translating LTL to DRAs. To the best of our knowledge this is the first verified translation from LTL to DRAs that is proven to be double exponential in the worst case which asymptotically matches the known lower bound.

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1 Syntactic Fragments and Stability

```

theory Syntactic-Fragments-and-Stability
imports
  LTL.LTL HOL-Library.Sublist
begin

```

— We use prefix and suffix on infinite words.

```

hide-const Sublist.prefix Sublist.suffix

```

1.1 The fragments μLTL and νLTL

```

fun is- $\mu LTL$  :: 'a ltln  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where
  is- $\mu LTL$  truen = True
| is- $\mu LTL$  falsen = True
| is- $\mu LTL$  propn(-) = True
| is- $\mu LTL$  npropn(-) = True
| is- $\mu LTL$  ( $\varphi$  andn  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\mu LTL$   $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\mu LTL$   $\psi$ )
| is- $\mu LTL$  ( $\varphi$  orn  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\mu LTL$   $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\mu LTL$   $\psi$ )
| is- $\mu LTL$  ( $X_n$   $\varphi$ ) = is- $\mu LTL$   $\varphi$ 
| is- $\mu LTL$  ( $\varphi$  Un  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\mu LTL$   $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\mu LTL$   $\psi$ )
| is- $\mu LTL$  ( $\varphi$  Mn  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\mu LTL$   $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\mu LTL$   $\psi$ )
| is- $\mu LTL$  - = False

fun is- $\nu LTL$  :: 'a ltln  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where
  is- $\nu LTL$  truen = True
| is- $\nu LTL$  falsen = True
| is- $\nu LTL$  propn(-) = True
| is- $\nu LTL$  npropn(-) = True
| is- $\nu LTL$  ( $\varphi$  andn  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\nu LTL$   $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\nu LTL$   $\psi$ )
| is- $\nu LTL$  ( $\varphi$  orn  $\psi$ ) = (is- $\nu LTL$   $\varphi$   $\wedge$  is- $\nu LTL$   $\psi$ )
| is- $\nu LTL$  ( $X_n$   $\varphi$ ) = is- $\nu LTL$   $\varphi$ 

```

$| \text{is-}\nu\text{LTL } (\varphi \ W_n \ \psi) = (\text{is-}\nu\text{LTL } \varphi \wedge \text{is-}\nu\text{LTL } \psi)$
 $| \text{is-}\nu\text{LTL } (\varphi \ R_n \ \psi) = (\text{is-}\nu\text{LTL } \varphi \wedge \text{is-}\nu\text{LTL } \psi)$
 $| \text{is-}\nu\text{LTL } - = \text{False}$

definition $\mu\text{LTL} :: 'a \text{ ltln set}$ **where**

$\mu\text{LTL} = \{\varphi. \text{is-}\mu\text{LTL } \varphi\}$

definition $\nu\text{LTL} :: 'a \text{ ltln set}$ **where**

$\nu\text{LTL} = \{\varphi. \text{is-}\nu\text{LTL } \varphi\}$

lemma $\mu\text{LTL-simp}[\text{simp}]$:

$\varphi \in \mu\text{LTL} \longleftrightarrow \text{is-}\mu\text{LTL } \varphi$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\nu\text{LTL-simp}[\text{simp}]$:

$\varphi \in \nu\text{LTL} \longleftrightarrow \text{is-}\nu\text{LTL } \varphi$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

1.1.1 Subformulas in μLTL and νLTL

fun $\text{subformulas}_\mu :: 'a \text{ ltln} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltln set}$

where

$\text{subformulas}_\mu (\varphi \ \text{and}_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu (\varphi \ \text{or}_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu (X_n \ \varphi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu (\varphi \ U_n \ \psi) = \{\varphi \ U_n \ \psi\} \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu (\varphi \ R_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu (\varphi \ W_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu (\varphi \ M_n \ \psi) = \{\varphi \ M_n \ \psi\} \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu - = \{\}$

fun $\text{subformulas}_\nu :: 'a \text{ ltln} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltln set}$

where

$\text{subformulas}_\nu (\varphi \ \text{and}_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu (\varphi \ \text{or}_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu (X_n \ \varphi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu (\varphi \ U_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu (\varphi \ R_n \ \psi) = \{\varphi \ R_n \ \psi\} \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu (\varphi \ W_n \ \psi) = \{\varphi \ W_n \ \psi\} \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu (\varphi \ M_n \ \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cup \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu - = \{\}$

lemma *subformulas_μ-semantics:*

$$\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi = \{\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi. \exists \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi = \psi_1 \cup_n \psi_2 \vee \psi = \psi_1 \cap_n \psi_2\}$$

<proof>

lemma *subformulas_ν-semantics:*

$$\text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi = \{\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi. \exists \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi = \psi_1 \cap_n \psi_2 \vee \psi = \psi_1 \cup_n \psi_2\}$$

<proof>

lemma *subformulas_μ-subfrmlsn:*

$$\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$$

<proof>

lemma *subformulas_ν-subfrmlsn:*

$$\text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$$

<proof>

lemma *subformulas_μ-finite:*

$$\text{finite}(\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi)$$

<proof>

lemma *subformulas_ν-finite:*

$$\text{finite}(\text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi)$$

<proof>

lemma *subformulas_μ-subset:*

$$\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$$

<proof>

lemma *subformulas_ν-subset:*

$$\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$$

<proof>

lemma *subfrmlsn-μLTL:*

$$\varphi \in \mu\text{LTL} \implies \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \subseteq \mu\text{LTL}$$

<proof>

lemma *subfrmlsn-νLTL:*

$$\varphi \in \nu\text{LTL} \implies \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \subseteq \nu\text{LTL}$$

<proof>

lemma *subformulas_{μν}-disjoint:*

$$\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi = \{\}$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *subformulas_{μν}-subfrmlsn*:

subformulas_μ φ ∪ subformulas_ν φ ⊆ subfrmlsn φ

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *subformulas_{μν}-card*:

card (subformulas_μ φ ∪ subformulas_ν φ) = card (subformulas_μ φ) + card (subformulas_ν φ)

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

1.2 Stability

definition *GF-singleton w φ* $\equiv$ *if w ⊨_n G_n (F_n φ) then {φ} else {}*

definition *F-singleton w φ* $\equiv$ *if w ⊨_n F_n φ then {φ} else {}*

declare *GF-singleton-def* [simp] *F-singleton-def* [simp]

fun *GF* :: 'a ltln $\Rightarrow$ 'a set word $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltln set

where

GF (φ and_n ψ) w = *GF* φ w ∪ *GF* ψ w
| *GF* (φ or_n ψ) w = *GF* φ w ∪ *GF* ψ w
| *GF* (X_n φ) w = *GF* φ w
| *GF* (φ U_n ψ) w = *GF-singleton* w (φ U_n ψ) ∪ *GF* φ w ∪ *GF* ψ w
| *GF* (φ R_n ψ) w = *GF* φ w ∪ *GF* ψ w
| *GF* (φ W_n ψ) w = *GF* φ w ∪ *GF* ψ w
| *GF* (φ M_n ψ) w = *GF-singleton* w (φ M_n ψ) ∪ *GF* φ w ∪ *GF* ψ w
| *GF* - - = {}

fun *F* :: 'a ltln $\Rightarrow$ 'a set word $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltln set

where

F (φ and_n ψ) w = *F* φ w ∪ *F* ψ w
| *F* (φ or_n ψ) w = *F* φ w ∪ *F* ψ w
| *F* (X_n φ) w = *F* φ w
| *F* (φ U_n ψ) w = *F-singleton* w (φ U_n ψ) ∪ *F* φ w ∪ *F* ψ w
| *F* (φ R_n ψ) w = *F* φ w ∪ *F* ψ w
| *F* (φ W_n ψ) w = *F* φ w ∪ *F* ψ w
| *F* (φ M_n ψ) w = *F-singleton* w (φ M_n ψ) ∪ *F* φ w ∪ *F* ψ w
| *F* - - = {}

lemma *GF-semantics*:

GF φ w = {ψ. ψ ∈ subformulas_μ φ ∧ w ⊨_n G_n (F_n ψ)}

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{F}$ -semantics:

$$\mathcal{F} \varphi w = \{\psi. \psi \in \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \wedge w \models_n F_n \psi\}$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{GF}$ -semantics':

$$\mathcal{GF} \varphi w = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap \{\psi. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)\}$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{F}$ -semantics':

$$\mathcal{F} \varphi w = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap \{\psi. w \models_n F_n \psi\}$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{GF}$ - $\mathcal{F}$ -subset:

$$\mathcal{GF} \varphi w \subseteq \mathcal{F} \varphi w$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{GF}$ -finite:

$$\text{finite} (\mathcal{GF} \varphi w)$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{GF}$ -subformulas $_\mu$:

$$\mathcal{GF} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{GF}$ -subfrmlsn:

$$\mathcal{GF} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{GF}$ -elim:

$$\psi \in \mathcal{GF} \varphi w \implies w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi)$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{GF}$ -suffix:

$$\mathcal{GF} \varphi (\text{suffix } i \ w) = \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{GF}$ -subset:

$$\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi \implies \mathcal{GF} \psi w \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{F}$ -finite:

finite ($\mathcal{F} \varphi w$)
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{F}$ -subformulas $_{\mu}$:
 $\mathcal{F} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subformulas}_{\mu} \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{F}$ -subfrmlsn:
 $\mathcal{F} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{F}$ -elim:
 $\psi \in \mathcal{F} \varphi w \implies w \models_n F_n \psi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{F}$ -suffix:
 $\mathcal{F} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w) \subseteq \mathcal{F} \varphi w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{F}$ -subset:
 $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi \implies \mathcal{F} \psi w \subseteq \mathcal{F} \varphi w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition μ -stable $\varphi w \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{GF} \varphi w = \mathcal{F} \varphi w$

lemma suffix- μ -stable:
 $\forall_{\infty} i. \mu\text{-stable } \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma μ -stable-subfrmlsn:
 $\mu\text{-stable } \varphi w \implies \psi \in \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi \implies \mu\text{-stable } \psi w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma μ -stable-suffix:
 $\mu\text{-stable } \varphi w \implies \mu\text{-stable } \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition FG -singleton $w \varphi \equiv$ if $w \models_n F_n (G_n \varphi)$ then $\{\varphi\}$ else $\{\}$

definition G -singleton $w \varphi \equiv$ if $w \models_n G_n \varphi$ then $\{\varphi\}$ else $\{\}$

declare $FG\text{-singleton-def}$ [simp] $G\text{-singleton-def}$ [simp]

fun $\mathcal{FG} :: 'a \text{ ltln} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set word} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltln set}$

where

$\mathcal{FG} (\varphi \text{ and}_n \psi) w = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{FG} (\varphi \text{ or}_n \psi) w = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{FG} (X_n \varphi) w = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$
 $\mathcal{FG} (\varphi U_n \psi) w = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{FG} (\varphi R_n \psi) w = FG\text{-singleton } w (\varphi R_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{FG} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{FG} (\varphi W_n \psi) w = FG\text{-singleton } w (\varphi W_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{FG} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{FG} (\varphi M_n \psi) w = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{FG} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{FG} - - = \{\}$

fun $\mathcal{G} :: 'a \text{ ltln} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set word} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltln set}$

where

$\mathcal{G} (\varphi \text{ and}_n \psi) w = \mathcal{G} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{G} (\varphi \text{ or}_n \psi) w = \mathcal{G} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{G} (X_n \varphi) w = \mathcal{G} \varphi w$
 $\mathcal{G} (\varphi U_n \psi) w = \mathcal{G} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{G} (\varphi R_n \psi) w = G\text{-singleton } w (\varphi R_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{G} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{G} (\varphi W_n \psi) w = G\text{-singleton } w (\varphi W_n \psi) \cup \mathcal{G} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{G} (\varphi M_n \psi) w = \mathcal{G} \varphi w \cup \mathcal{G} \psi w$
 $\mathcal{G} - - = \{\}$

lemma $\mathcal{FG}$ -semantics:

$\mathcal{FG} \varphi w = \{\psi \in \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi)\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{G}$ -semantics:

$\mathcal{G} \varphi w \equiv \{\psi \in \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi. w \models_n G_n \psi\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{FG}$ -semantics':

$\mathcal{FG} \varphi w = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cap \{\psi. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi)\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{G}$ -semantics':

$\mathcal{G} \varphi w = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cap \{\psi. w \models_n G_n \psi\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{G}$ - $\mathcal{FG}$ -subset:

$\mathcal{G} \varphi w \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{FG}$ -finite:

finite ($\mathcal{FG} \varphi w$)
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{FG}$ -subformulas _{ν} :
 $\mathcal{FG} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{FG}$ -subfrmlsn:
 $\mathcal{FG} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{FG}$ -elim:
 $\psi \in \mathcal{FG} \varphi w \implies w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{FG}$ -suffix:
 $\mathcal{FG} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w) = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{FG}$ -subset:
 $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi \implies \mathcal{FG} \psi w \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{G}$ -finite:
 $\text{finite} (\mathcal{G} \varphi w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{G}$ -subformulas _{ν} :
 $\mathcal{G} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{G}$ -subfrmlsn:
 $\mathcal{G} \varphi w \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn} \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{G}$ -elim:
 $\psi \in \mathcal{G} \varphi w \implies w \models_n G_n \psi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{G}$ -suffix:
 $\mathcal{G} \varphi w \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi (\text{suffix } i w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{G}$ -subset:

$\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \mathcal{G} \psi \ w \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi \ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition ν -stable $\varphi \ w \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{FG} \varphi \ w = \mathcal{G} \varphi \ w$

lemma suffix- ν -stable:

$\forall \infty j. \nu\text{-stable } \varphi \ (\text{suffix } j \ w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma ν -stable-subfrmlsn:

$\nu\text{-stable } \varphi \ w \implies \psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \nu\text{-stable } \psi \ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma ν -stable-suffix:

$\nu\text{-stable } \varphi \ w \implies \nu\text{-stable } \varphi \ (\text{suffix } i \ w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

1.3 Definitions with Lists for Code Export

The μ - and ν -subformulas as lists:

fun $\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list} :: 'a \ \text{ltln} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{ltln} \ \text{list}$

where

$\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } (\varphi \ \text{and}_n \ \psi) = \text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi) \ (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \psi)$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } (\varphi \ \text{or}_n \ \psi) = \text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi) \ (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \psi)$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } (X_n \ \varphi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } (\varphi \ U_n \ \psi) = \text{List.insert } (\varphi \ U_n \ \psi) \ (\text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi) \ (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \psi))$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } (\varphi \ R_n \ \psi) = \text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi) \ (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \psi)$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } (\varphi \ W_n \ \psi) = \text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi) \ (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \psi)$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } (\varphi \ M_n \ \psi) = \text{List.insert } (\varphi \ M_n \ \psi) \ (\text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi) \ (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \psi))$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } - = []$

fun $\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list} :: 'a \ \text{ltln} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{ltln} \ \text{list}$

where

$\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } (\varphi \ \text{and}_n \ \psi) = \text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi) \ (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \psi)$

$| \text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } (\varphi \text{ or}_n \psi) = \text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi) (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \psi)$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } (X_n \varphi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } (\varphi \text{ U}_n \psi) = \text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi) (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \psi)$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } (\varphi \text{ R}_n \psi) = \text{List.insert } (\varphi \text{ R}_n \psi) (\text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi) (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \psi))$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } (\varphi \text{ W}_n \psi) = \text{List.insert } (\varphi \text{ W}_n \psi) (\text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi) (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \psi))$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } (\varphi \text{ M}_n \psi) = \text{List.union } (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi) (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \psi)$
 $| \text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } - = []$

lemma *subformulas_μ-list-set:*
 $\text{set } (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *subformulas_ν-list-set:*
 $\text{set } (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *subformulas_μ-list-distinct:*
 $\text{distinct } (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *subformulas_ν-list-distinct:*
 $\text{distinct } (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *subformulas_μ-list-length:*
 $\text{length } (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi) = \text{card } (\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *subformulas_ν-list-length:*
 $\text{length } (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi) = \text{card } (\text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

We define the list of advice sets as the product of all subsequences of the μ - and ν -subformulas of a formula.

definition *advice-sets* :: 'a ltln $\Rightarrow$ ('a ltln list $\times$ 'a ltln list) list

where

$\text{advice-sets } \varphi = \text{List.product } (\text{subseqs } (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi)) (\text{subseqs } (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi))$

lemma *subset-subseq*:

$$X \subseteq \text{set } ys \longleftrightarrow (\exists xs. X = \text{set } xs \wedge \text{subseq } xs \ ys)$$

<proof>

lemma *subseqs-subformulas_μ-list*:

$$X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists xs. X = \text{set } xs \wedge xs \in \text{set } (\text{subseqs } (\text{subformulas}_\mu\text{-list } \varphi)))$$

<proof>

lemma *subseqs-subformulas_ν-list*:

$$Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists ys. Y = \text{set } ys \wedge ys \in \text{set } (\text{subseqs } (\text{subformulas}_\nu\text{-list } \varphi)))$$

<proof>

lemma *advice-sets-subformulas*:

$$X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \wedge Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists xs \ ys. X = \text{set } xs \wedge Y = \text{set } ys \wedge (xs, ys) \in \text{set } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi))$$

<proof>

lemma *subseqs-not-empty*:

$$\text{subseqs } xs \neq []$$

<proof>

lemma *product-not-empty*:

$$xs \neq [] \implies ys \neq [] \implies \text{List.product } xs \ ys \neq []$$

<proof>

lemma *advice-sets-not-empty*:

$$\text{advice-sets } \varphi \neq []$$

<proof>

lemma *advice-sets-length*:

$$\text{length } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \leq 2 \wedge \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi)$$

<proof>

lemma *advice-sets-element-length*:

$$(xs, ys) \in \text{set } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \implies \text{length } xs \leq \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi)$$

$$(xs, ys) \in \text{set } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \implies \text{length } ys \leq \text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi)$$

<proof>

lemma *advice-sets-element-subfrmlsn*:

$$(xs, ys) \in \text{set } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \implies \text{set } xs \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$$

$(xs, ys) \in \text{set } (\text{advice-sets } \varphi) \implies \text{set } ys \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

2 The “after”-Function

theory *After*

imports

LTL.LTL LTL.Equivalence-Relations Syntactic-Fragments-and-Stability

begin

2.1 Definition of af

primrec *af-letter* :: 'a ltl $\Rightarrow$ 'a set $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl

where

af-letter true_n ν = *true_n*
 $|$ *af-letter false_n* ν = *false_n*
 $|$ *af-letter prop_n*(*a*) ν = (if *a* $\in \nu$ then *true_n* else *false_n*)
 $|$ *af-letter nprop_n*(*a*) ν = (if *a* $\notin \nu$ then *true_n* else *false_n*)
 $|$ *af-letter* (φ *and_n* ψ) ν = (*af-letter* φ ν) *and_n* (*af-letter* ψ ν)
 $|$ *af-letter* (φ *or_n* ψ) ν = (*af-letter* φ ν) *or_n* (*af-letter* ψ ν)
 $|$ *af-letter* (*X_n* φ) ν = φ
 $|$ *af-letter* (φ *U_n* ψ) ν = (*af-letter* ψ ν) *or_n* ((*af-letter* φ ν) *and_n* (φ *U_n* ψ))
 $|$ *af-letter* (φ *R_n* ψ) ν = (*af-letter* ψ ν) *and_n* ((*af-letter* φ ν) *or_n* (φ *R_n* ψ))
 $|$ *af-letter* (φ *W_n* ψ) ν = (*af-letter* ψ ν) *or_n* ((*af-letter* φ ν) *and_n* (φ *W_n* ψ))
 $|$ *af-letter* (φ *M_n* ψ) ν = (*af-letter* ψ ν) *and_n* ((*af-letter* φ ν) *or_n* (φ *M_n* ψ))
 $|$ *af-letter* (φ *M_n* ψ) ν = (*af-letter* ψ ν) *and_n* ((*af-letter* φ ν) *or_n* (φ *M_n* ψ))

abbreviation *af* :: 'a ltl $\Rightarrow$ 'a set list $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl

where

af φ *w* $\equiv$ *foldl af-letter* φ *w*

lemma *af-decompose*:

af (φ *and_n* ψ) *w* = (*af* φ *w*) *and_n* (*af* ψ *w*)

af (φ *or_n* ψ) *w* = (*af* φ *w*) *or_n* (*af* ψ *w*)

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-simps[simp]*:

af true_n *w* = *true_n*

af false_n *w* = *false_n*

$af (X_n \varphi) (x \# xs) = af \varphi xs$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-ite-simps[simp]*:

$af (if P then true_n else false_n) w = (if P then true_n else false_n)$
 $af (if P then false_n else true_n) w = (if P then false_n else true_n)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-append*:

$i \leq j \implies j \leq k \implies af (af \varphi (w [i \rightarrow j])) (w [j \rightarrow k]) = af \varphi (w [i \rightarrow k])$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-U*:

$af (\varphi U_n \psi) (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n]) = (af \psi (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n])) or_n ((af \varphi (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n]))) and_n af (\varphi U_n \psi) (w [1 \rightarrow Suc\ n])$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-U'*:

$af (\varphi U_n \psi) (a \# xs) = (af \psi (a \# xs)) or_n ((af \varphi (a \# xs)) and_n af (\varphi U_n \psi) xs)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-R*:

$af (\varphi R_n \psi) (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n]) = (af \psi (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n])) and_n ((af \varphi (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n]))) or_n af (\varphi R_n \psi) (w [1 \rightarrow Suc\ n])$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-R'*:

$af (\varphi R_n \psi) (a \# xs) = (af \psi (a \# xs)) and_n ((af \varphi (a \# xs)) or_n af (\varphi R_n \psi) xs)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-W*:

$af (\varphi W_n \psi) (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n]) = (af \psi (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n])) or_n ((af \varphi (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n]))) and_n af (\varphi W_n \psi) (w [1 \rightarrow Suc\ n])$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-W'*:

$af (\varphi W_n \psi) (a \# xs) = (af \psi (a \# xs)) or_n ((af \varphi (a \# xs)) and_n af (\varphi W_n \psi) xs)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-M*:

$af (\varphi M_n \psi) (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n]) = (af \psi (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n])) and_n ((af \varphi (w [0 \rightarrow Suc\ n])))$

$[0 \rightarrow \text{Suc } n])) \text{ or}_n \text{ af } (\varphi \text{ M}_n \psi) (w [1 \rightarrow \text{Suc } n]))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-M'*:

$\text{af } (\varphi \text{ M}_n \psi) (a \# xs) = (\text{af } \psi (a \# xs)) \text{ and}_n ((\text{af } \varphi (a \# xs)) \text{ or}_n \text{ af } (\varphi \text{ M}_n \psi) xs)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *suffix-build[simp]*:

$\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } n) (x \# \# xs) = \text{suffix } n xs$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-letter-build*:

$(x \# \# w) \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \text{af-letter } \varphi x$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-ltl-continuation*:

$(w \smallfrown w') \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow w' \models_n \text{af } \varphi w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

2.2 Range of the after function

lemma *af-letter-atoms*:

$\text{atoms-ltln } (\text{af-letter } \varphi \nu) \subseteq \text{atoms-ltln } \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-atoms*:

$\text{atoms-ltln } (\text{af } \varphi w) \subseteq \text{atoms-ltln } \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-letter-nested-prop-atoms*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{af-letter } \varphi \nu) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-nested-prop-atoms*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{af } \varphi w) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-letter-range*:

$\text{range } (\text{af-letter } \varphi) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-range*:

$\text{range } (\text{af } \varphi) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

2.3 Subformulas of the after function

lemma *af-letter-subformulas_μ*:

$$\text{subformulas}_\mu (\text{af-letter } \varphi \ \xi) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-subformulas_μ*:

$$\text{subformulas}_\mu (\text{af } \varphi \ w) = \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-letter-subformulas_ν*:

$$\text{subformulas}_\nu (\text{af-letter } \varphi \ \xi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-subformulas_ν*:

$$\text{subformulas}_\nu (\text{af } \varphi \ w) = \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

2.4 Stability and the after function

lemma *GF-af*:

$$\mathcal{GF} (\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i \ w)) (\text{suffix } i \ w) = \mathcal{GF} \varphi (\text{suffix } i \ w)$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *F-af*:

$$\mathcal{F} (\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i \ w)) (\text{suffix } i \ w) = \mathcal{F} \varphi (\text{suffix } i \ w)$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *FG-af*:

$$\mathcal{FG} (\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i \ w)) (\text{suffix } i \ w) = \mathcal{FG} \varphi (\text{suffix } i \ w)$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *G-af*:

$$\mathcal{G} (\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i \ w)) (\text{suffix } i \ w) = \mathcal{G} \varphi (\text{suffix } i \ w)$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

2.5 Congruence

lemma *af-letter-lang-congruent*:

$$\varphi \sim_L \psi \implies \text{af-letter } \varphi \ \nu \sim_L \text{af-letter } \psi \ \nu$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-lang-congruent*:

$\varphi \sim_L \psi \implies \text{af } \varphi \ w \sim_L \text{af } \psi \ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-letter-subst*:

$\text{af-letter } \varphi \ \nu = \text{subst } \varphi \ (\lambda\psi. \text{Some } (\text{af-letter } \psi \ \nu))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-letter-prop-congruent*:

$\varphi \longrightarrow_P \psi \implies \text{af-letter } \varphi \ \nu \longrightarrow_P \text{af-letter } \psi \ \nu$
 $\varphi \sim_P \psi \implies \text{af-letter } \varphi \ \nu \sim_P \text{af-letter } \psi \ \nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-prop-congruent*:

$\varphi \longrightarrow_P \psi \implies \text{af } \varphi \ w \longrightarrow_P \text{af } \psi \ w$
 $\varphi \sim_P \psi \implies \text{af } \varphi \ w \sim_P \text{af } \psi \ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-letter-const-congruent*:

$\varphi \sim_C \psi \implies \text{af-letter } \varphi \ \nu \sim_C \text{af-letter } \psi \ \nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-const-congruent*:

$\varphi \sim_C \psi \implies \text{af } \varphi \ w \sim_C \text{af } \psi \ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-letter-one-step-back*:

$\{x. \mathcal{A} \models_P \text{af-letter } x \ \sigma\} \models_P \varphi \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{A} \models_P \text{af-letter } \varphi \ \sigma$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

2.6 Implications

lemma *af-F-prefix-prop*:

$\text{af } (F_n \ \varphi) \ w \longrightarrow_P \text{af } (F_n \ \varphi) \ (w' @ w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-G-prefix-prop*:

$\text{af } (G_n \ \varphi) \ (w' @ w) \longrightarrow_P \text{af } (G_n \ \varphi) \ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-F-prefix-lang:*

$$w \models_n \text{af } (F_n \varphi) \text{ } ys \implies w \models_n \text{af } (F_n \varphi) (xs @ ys)$$

<proof>

lemma *af-G-prefix-lang:*

$$w \models_n \text{af } (G_n \varphi) (xs @ ys) \implies w \models_n \text{af } (G_n \varphi) \text{ } ys$$

<proof>

lemma *af-F-prefix-const-equiv-true:*

$$\text{af } (F_n \varphi) \text{ } w \sim_C \text{true}_n \implies \text{af } (F_n \varphi) (w' @ w) \sim_C \text{true}_n$$

<proof>

lemma *af-G-prefix-const-equiv-false:*

$$\text{af } (G_n \varphi) \text{ } w \sim_C \text{false}_n \implies \text{af } (G_n \varphi) (w' @ w) \sim_C \text{false}_n$$

<proof>

lemma *af-F-prefix-lang-equiv-true:*

$$\text{af } (F_n \varphi) \text{ } w \sim_L \text{true}_n \implies \text{af } (F_n \varphi) (w' @ w) \sim_L \text{true}_n$$

<proof>

lemma *af-G-prefix-lang-equiv-false:*

$$\text{af } (G_n \varphi) \text{ } w \sim_L \text{false}_n \implies \text{af } (G_n \varphi) (w' @ w) \sim_L \text{false}_n$$

<proof>

locale *af-congruent = ltl-equivalence +*

assumes

$$\text{af-letter-congruent: } \varphi \sim \psi \implies \text{af-letter } \varphi \text{ } \nu \sim \text{af-letter } \psi \text{ } \nu$$

begin

lemma *af-congruentness:*

$$\varphi \sim \psi \implies \text{af } \varphi \text{ } xs \sim \text{af } \psi \text{ } xs$$

<proof>

lemma *af-append-congruent:*

$$\text{af } \varphi \text{ } w \sim \text{af } \psi \text{ } w \implies \text{af } \varphi (w @ w') \sim \text{af } \psi (w @ w')$$

<proof>

lemma *af-append-true:*

$$\text{af } \varphi \text{ } w \sim \text{true}_n \implies \text{af } \varphi (w @ w') \sim \text{true}_n$$

<proof>

lemma *af-append-false*:

$$af \ \varphi \ w \sim false_n \implies af \ \varphi \ (w @ w') \sim false_n$$

<proof>

lemma *prefix-append-subsequence*:

$$i \leq j \implies (prefix \ i \ w) @ (w [i \rightarrow j]) = prefix \ j \ w$$

<proof>

lemma *af-prefix-congruent*:

$$i \leq j \implies af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim af \ \psi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \implies af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ j \ w) \sim af \ \psi \ (prefix \ j \ w)$$

<proof>

lemma *af-prefix-true*:

$$i \leq j \implies af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim true_n \implies af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ j \ w) \sim true_n$$

<proof>

lemma *af-prefix-false*:

$$i \leq j \implies af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim false_n \implies af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ j \ w) \sim false_n$$

<proof>

end

interpretation *lang-af-congruent*: *af-congruent* ($\sim_L$)

<proof>

interpretation *prop-af-congruent*: *af-congruent* ($\sim_P$)

<proof>

interpretation *const-af-congruent*: *af-congruent* ($\sim_C$)

<proof>

2.7 After in μLTL and νLTL

lemma *valid-prefix-implies-ltl*:

$$af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim_L true_n \implies w \models_n \varphi$$

<proof>

lemma *ltl-implies-satisfiable-prefix*:

$$w \models_n \varphi \implies \neg (af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim_L false_n)$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma μLTL -implies-valid-prefix:

$\varphi \in \mu LTL \implies w \models_n \varphi \implies \exists i. af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim_C true_n$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma satisfiable-prefix-implies- νLTL :

$\varphi \in \nu LTL \implies \nexists i. af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim_C false_n \implies w \models_n \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

context *ltl-equivalence*

begin

lemma valid-prefix-implies-ltl:

$af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim true_n \implies w \models_n \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ltl-implies-satisfiable-prefix*:

$w \models_n \varphi \implies \neg (af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim false_n)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma μLTL -implies-valid-prefix:

$\varphi \in \mu LTL \implies w \models_n \varphi \implies \exists i. af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim true_n$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma satisfiable-prefix-implies- νLTL :

$\varphi \in \nu LTL \implies \nexists i. af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim false_n \implies w \models_n \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af- μLTL* :

$\varphi \in \mu LTL \implies w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists i. af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim true_n)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af- νLTL* :

$\varphi \in \nu LTL \implies w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\forall i. \neg (af \ \varphi \ (prefix \ i \ w) \sim false_n))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af- μLTL -GF*:

$\varphi \in \mu LTL \implies w \models_n G_n \ (F_n \ \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\forall i. \exists j. af \ (F_n \ \varphi) \ (w[i \rightarrow j]) \sim true_n)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af- ν LTL-FG*:

$\varphi \in \nu LTL \implies w \models_n F_n (G_n \varphi) \longleftrightarrow (\exists i. \forall j. \neg (af (G_n \varphi) (w[i \rightarrow j]) \sim false_n))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

Bring Propositional Equivalence into scope

interpretation *af-congruent* ($\sim_P$)

$\langle proof \rangle$

end

3 Advice functions

theory *Advice*

imports

LTL.LTL LTL.Equivalence-Relations

Syntactic-Fragments-and-Stability After

begin

3.1 The GF and FG Advice Functions

fun *GF-advice* :: 'a ltl $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl set $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl $\langle \cdot[-]_\nu \rangle$ [90,60] 89)

where

$(X_n \psi)[X]_\nu = X_n (\psi[X]_\nu)$
 $| (\psi_1 \text{ and}_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\psi_1[X]_\nu) \text{ and}_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu)$
 $| (\psi_1 \text{ or}_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\psi_1[X]_\nu) \text{ or}_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu)$
 $| (\psi_1 W_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\psi_1[X]_\nu) W_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu)$
 $| (\psi_1 R_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\psi_1[X]_\nu) R_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu)$
 $| (\psi_1 U_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\text{if } (\psi_1 U_n \psi_2) \in X \text{ then } (\psi_1[X]_\nu) W_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu) \text{ else } false_n)$
 $| (\psi_1 M_n \psi_2)[X]_\nu = (\text{if } (\psi_1 M_n \psi_2) \in X \text{ then } (\psi_1[X]_\nu) R_n (\psi_2[X]_\nu) \text{ else } false_n)$
 $| \varphi[-]_\nu = \varphi$

fun *FG-advice* :: 'a ltl $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl set $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl $\langle \cdot[-]_\mu \rangle$ [90,60] 89)

where

$(X_n \psi)[Y]_\mu = X_n (\psi[Y]_\mu)$
 $| (\psi_1 \text{ and}_n \psi_2)[Y]_\mu = (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) \text{ and}_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$
 $| (\psi_1 \text{ or}_n \psi_2)[Y]_\mu = (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) \text{ or}_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$
 $| (\psi_1 U_n \psi_2)[Y]_\mu = (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) U_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$

$$\begin{aligned}
& | (\psi_1 \ M_n \ \psi_2)[Y]_\mu = (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) \ M_n \ (\psi_2[Y]_\mu) \\
& | (\psi_1 \ W_n \ \psi_2)[Y]_\mu = (\text{if } (\psi_1 \ W_n \ \psi_2) \in Y \text{ then } true_n \text{ else } (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) \ U_n \\
& \quad (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)) \\
& | (\psi_1 \ R_n \ \psi_2)[Y]_\mu = (\text{if } (\psi_1 \ R_n \ \psi_2) \in Y \text{ then } true_n \text{ else } (\psi_1[Y]_\mu) \ M_n \\
& \quad (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)) \\
& | \varphi[-]_\mu = \varphi
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *GF-advice- νLTL :*

$$\begin{aligned}
& \varphi[X]_\nu \in \nu LTL \\
& \varphi \in \nu LTL \implies \varphi[X]_\nu = \varphi \\
& \langle proof \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *FG-advice- μLTL :*

$$\begin{aligned}
& \varphi[X]_\mu \in \mu LTL \\
& \varphi \in \mu LTL \implies \varphi[X]_\mu = \varphi \\
& \langle proof \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *GF-advice-subfrmlsn:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& subfrmlsn (\varphi[X]_\nu) \subseteq \{\psi[X]_\nu \mid \psi. \psi \in subfrmlsn \varphi\} \\
& \langle proof \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *FG-advice-subfrmlsn:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& subfrmlsn (\varphi[Y]_\mu) \subseteq \{\psi[Y]_\mu \mid \psi. \psi \in subfrmlsn \varphi\} \\
& \langle proof \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *GF-advice-subfrmlsn-card:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& card (subfrmlsn (\varphi[X]_\nu)) \leq card (subfrmlsn \varphi) \\
& \langle proof \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *FG-advice-subfrmlsn-card:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& card (subfrmlsn (\varphi[Y]_\mu)) \leq card (subfrmlsn \varphi) \\
& \langle proof \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *GF-advice-monotone:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& X \subseteq Y \implies w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\nu \\
& \langle proof \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *FG-advice-monotone:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& X \subseteq Y \implies w \models_n \varphi[X]_\mu \implies w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu \\
& \langle proof \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *GF-advice-ite-simps[simp]:*

$$(\text{if } P \text{ then } true_n \text{ else } false_n)[X]_\nu = (\text{if } P \text{ then } true_n \text{ else } false_n)$$

$(\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{false}_n \text{ else } \text{true}_n)[X]_\nu = (\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{false}_n \text{ else } \text{true}_n)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-ite-simps*[simp]:

$(\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{true}_n \text{ else } \text{false}_n)[Y]_\mu = (\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{true}_n \text{ else } \text{false}_n)$
 $(\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{false}_n \text{ else } \text{true}_n)[Y]_\mu = (\text{if } P \text{ then } \text{false}_n \text{ else } \text{true}_n)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

3.2 Advice Functions on Nested Propositions

definition *nested-prop-atoms_ν* :: 'a ltl_n $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl_n set $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl_n set
where

$\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X = \{\psi[X]_\nu \mid \psi. \psi \in \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$

definition *nested-prop-atoms_μ* :: 'a ltl_n $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl_n set $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl_n set
where

$\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \varphi X = \{\psi[X]_\mu \mid \psi. \psi \in \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_ν-finite*:

$\text{finite } (\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_μ-finite*:

$\text{finite } (\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \varphi X)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_ν-card*:

$\text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X) \leq \text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_μ-card*:

$\text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \varphi X) \leq \text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *GF-advice-nested-prop-atoms_ν*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } (\varphi[X]_\nu) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-nested-prop-atoms_μ*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } (\varphi[Y]_\mu) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \varphi Y$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_ν-subset*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X$

$$\subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \psi \ X \\ \langle \text{proof} \rangle$$

lemma *nested-prop-atoms_μ-subset:*

$$\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \varphi \ Y \\ \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\mu \psi \ Y \\ \langle \text{proof} \rangle$$

lemma *GF-advice-nested-prop-atoms-card:*

$$\text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } (\varphi[X]_\nu)) \leq \text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi) \\ \langle \text{proof} \rangle$$

lemma *FG-advice-nested-prop-atoms-card:*

$$\text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } (\varphi[Y]_\mu)) \leq \text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi) \\ \langle \text{proof} \rangle$$

3.3 Intersecting the Advice Set

lemma *GF-advice-inter:*

$$X \cap \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \subseteq S \implies \varphi[X \cap S]_\nu = \varphi[X]_\nu \\ \langle \text{proof} \rangle$$

lemma *GF-advice-inter-subformulas:*

$$\varphi[X \cap \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi]_\nu = \varphi[X]_\nu \\ \langle \text{proof} \rangle$$

lemma *GF-advice-minus-subformulas:*

$$\psi \notin \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \implies \varphi[X - \{\psi\}]_\nu = \varphi[X]_\nu \\ \langle \text{proof} \rangle$$

lemma *GF-advice-minus-size:*

$$\llbracket \text{size } \varphi \leq \text{size } \psi; \varphi \neq \psi \rrbracket \implies \varphi[X - \{\psi\}]_\nu = \varphi[X]_\nu \\ \langle \text{proof} \rangle$$

lemma *FG-advice-inter:*

$$Y \cap \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \subseteq S \implies \varphi[Y \cap S]_\mu = \varphi[Y]_\mu \\ \langle \text{proof} \rangle$$

lemma *FG-advice-inter-subformulas:*

$$\varphi[Y \cap \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi]_\mu = \varphi[Y]_\mu \\ \langle \text{proof} \rangle$$

lemma *FG-advice-minus-subformulas:*

$\psi \notin \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \implies \varphi[Y - \{\psi\}]_\mu = \varphi[Y]_\mu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-minus-size:*

$\llbracket \text{size } \varphi \leq \text{size } \psi; \varphi \neq \psi \rrbracket \implies \varphi[Y - \{\psi\}]_\mu = \varphi[Y]_\mu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-insert:*

$\llbracket \psi \notin Y; \text{size } \varphi < \text{size } \psi \rrbracket \implies \varphi[\text{insert } \psi \ Y]_\mu = \varphi[Y]_\mu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

3.4 Correctness GF-advice function

lemma *GF-advice-a1:*

$\llbracket \mathcal{F} \varphi \ w \subseteq X; w \models_n \varphi \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *GF-advice-a2-helper:*

$\llbracket \forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi); w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *GF-advice-a2:*

$\llbracket X \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi \ w; w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *GF-advice-a3:*

$\llbracket X = \mathcal{F} \varphi \ w; X = \mathcal{GF} \varphi \ w \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

3.5 Correctness FG-advice function

lemma *FG-advice-b1:*

$\llbracket \mathcal{FG} \varphi \ w \subseteq Y; w \models_n \varphi \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-b2-helper:*

$\llbracket \forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n G_n \psi; w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-b2:*

$\llbracket Y \subseteq \mathcal{G} \varphi \ w; w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-b3:*

$$\llbracket Y = \mathcal{FG} \varphi w; Y = \mathcal{G} \varphi w \rrbracket \implies w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu$$

<proof>

3.6 Advice Functions and the “after” Function

lemma *GF-advice-af-letter:*

$$(x \#\# w) \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies w \models_n (\text{af-letter } \varphi x)[X]_\nu$$

<proof>

lemma *FG-advice-af-letter:*

$$w \models_n (\text{af-letter } \varphi x)[Y]_\mu \implies (x \#\# w) \models_n \varphi[Y]_\mu$$

<proof>

lemma *GF-advice-af:*

$$(w \frown w') \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies w' \models_n (\text{af } \varphi w)[X]_\nu$$

<proof>

lemma *FG-advice-af:*

$$w' \models_n (\text{af } \varphi w)[X]_\mu \implies (w \frown w') \models_n \varphi[X]_\mu$$

<proof>

lemma *GF-advice-af-2:*

$$w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies \text{suffix } i w \models_n (\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w))[X]_\nu$$

<proof>

lemma *FG-advice-af-2:*

$$\text{suffix } i w \models_n (\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w))[X]_\mu \implies w \models_n \varphi[X]_\mu$$

<proof>

lemma *prefix-suffix-subsequence:* $\text{prefix } i (\text{suffix } j w) = (w [j \rightarrow i + j])$

<proof>

We show this generic lemma to prove the following theorems:

lemma *GF-advice-sync:*

fixes *index* :: *nat* $\Rightarrow$ *nat*

fixes *formula* :: *nat* $\Rightarrow$ 'a *ltln*

assumes $\bigwedge i. i < n \implies \exists j. \text{suffix } ((\text{index } i) + j) w \models_n \text{af } (\text{formula } i)$
 $(w [\text{index } i \rightarrow (\text{index } i) + j])[X]_\nu$

shows $\exists k. (\forall i < n. k \geq \text{index } i \wedge \text{suffix } k w \models_n \text{af } (\text{formula } i) (w [\text{index } i \rightarrow k])[X]_\nu)$

<proof>

lemma *GF-advice-sync-and:*

assumes $\exists i. \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i \ w)[X]_\nu$
assumes $\exists i. \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \psi \ (\text{prefix } i \ w)[X]_\nu$
shows $\exists i. \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i \ w)[X]_\nu \wedge \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \psi \ (\text{prefix } i \ w)[X]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *GF-advice-sync-less:*

assumes $\bigwedge i. i < n \implies \exists j. \text{suffix } (i + j) \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (w \ [i \rightarrow j + i])[X]_\nu$
assumes $\exists j. \text{suffix } (n + j) \ w \models_n \text{af } \psi \ (w \ [n \rightarrow j + n])[X]_\nu$
shows $\exists k \geq n. (\forall j < n. \text{suffix } k \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (w \ [j \rightarrow k])[X]_\nu) \wedge \text{suffix } k \ w \models_n \text{af } \psi \ (w \ [n \rightarrow k])[X]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *GF-advice-sync-lesseq:*

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \leq n \implies \exists j. \text{suffix } (i + j) \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (w \ [i \rightarrow j + i])[X]_\nu$
assumes $\exists j. \text{suffix } (n + j) \ w \models_n \text{af } \psi \ (w \ [n \rightarrow j + n])[X]_\nu$
shows $\exists k \geq n. (\forall j \leq n. \text{suffix } k \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (w \ [j \rightarrow k])[X]_\nu) \wedge \text{suffix } k \ w \models_n \text{af } \psi \ (w \ [n \rightarrow k])[X]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-U-GF-advice:*

assumes $i \leq n$
assumes $\text{suffix } n \ w \models_n ((\text{af } \psi \ (w \ [i \rightarrow n]))[X]_\nu)$
assumes $\bigwedge j. j < i \implies \text{suffix } n \ w \models_n ((\text{af } \varphi \ (w \ [j \rightarrow n]))[X]_\nu)$
shows $\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } n) \ w \models_n (\text{af } (\varphi \ U_n \ \psi) \ (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } n) \ w))[X]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-M-GF-advice:*

assumes $i \leq n$
assumes $\text{suffix } n \ w \models_n ((\text{af } \varphi \ (w \ [i \rightarrow n]))[X]_\nu)$
assumes $\bigwedge j. j \leq i \implies \text{suffix } n \ w \models_n ((\text{af } \psi \ (w \ [j \rightarrow n]))[X]_\nu)$
shows $\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } n) \ w \models_n (\text{af } (\varphi \ M_n \ \psi) \ (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } n) \ w))[X]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-R-GF-advice:*

assumes $i \leq n$
assumes $\text{suffix } n \ w \models_n ((\text{af } \varphi \ (w \ [i \rightarrow n]))[X]_\nu)$
assumes $\bigwedge j. j \leq i \implies \text{suffix } n \ w \models_n ((\text{af } \psi \ (w \ [j \rightarrow n]))[X]_\nu)$
shows $\text{suffix } (\text{Suc } n) \ w \models_n (\text{af } (\varphi \ R_n \ \psi) \ (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } n) \ w))[X]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-W-GF-advice:*

assumes $i \leq n$
assumes $\text{suffix } n \ w \models_n ((\text{af } \psi \ (w \ [i \rightarrow n]))[X]_\nu)$

assumes $\bigwedge j. j < i \implies \text{suffix } n \ w \models_n ((af \ \varphi \ (w \ [j \rightarrow n]))[X]_\nu)$
shows $\text{suffix } (Suc \ n) \ w \models_n (af \ (\varphi \ W_n \ \psi) \ (\text{prefix } (Suc \ n) \ w))[X]_\nu$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-R-GF-advice-connect:*

assumes $i \leq n$
assumes $\text{suffix } n \ w \models_n af \ (\varphi \ R_n \ \psi) \ (w \ [i \rightarrow n])[X]_\nu$
assumes $\bigwedge j. j \leq i \implies \text{suffix } n \ w \models_n ((af \ \psi \ (w \ [j \rightarrow n]))[X]_\nu)$
shows $\text{suffix } (Suc \ n) \ w \models_n (af \ (\varphi \ R_n \ \psi) \ (\text{prefix } (Suc \ n) \ w))[X]_\nu$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-subsequence-W-GF-advice-connect:*

assumes $i \leq n$
assumes $\text{suffix } n \ w \models_n af \ (\varphi \ W_n \ \psi) \ (w \ [i \rightarrow n])[X]_\nu$
assumes $\bigwedge j. j < i \implies \text{suffix } n \ w \models_n ((af \ \varphi \ (w \ [j \rightarrow n]))[X]_\nu)$
shows $\text{suffix } (Suc \ n) \ w \models_n (af \ (\varphi \ W_n \ \psi) \ (\text{prefix } (Suc \ n) \ w))[X]_\nu$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

3.7 Advice Functions and Propositional Entailment

lemma *GF-advice-prop-entailment:*

$\mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[X]_\nu \implies \{\psi. \psi[X]_\nu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi$
 $\text{false}_n \notin \mathcal{A} \implies \{\psi. \psi[X]_\nu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi \implies \mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[X]_\nu$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *GF-advice-iff-prop-entailment:*

$\text{false}_n \notin \mathcal{A} \implies \mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[X]_\nu \longleftrightarrow \{\psi. \psi[X]_\nu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-prop-entailment:*

$\text{true}_n \in \mathcal{A} \implies \mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[Y]_\mu \implies \{\psi. \psi[Y]_\mu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi$
 $\{\psi. \psi[Y]_\mu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi \implies \mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[Y]_\mu$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-iff-prop-entailment:*

$\text{true}_n \in \mathcal{A} \implies \mathcal{A} \models_P \varphi[X]_\mu \longleftrightarrow \{\psi. \psi[X]_\mu \in \mathcal{A}\} \models_P \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *GF-advice-subst:*

$\varphi[X]_\nu = \text{subst } \varphi \ (\lambda\psi. \text{Some } (\psi[X]_\nu))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-subst:*

$\varphi[X]_\mu = \text{subst } \varphi \ (\lambda\psi. \text{Some } (\psi[X]_\mu))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *GF-advice-prop-congruent*:

$\varphi \longrightarrow_P \psi \implies \varphi[X]_\nu \longrightarrow_P \psi[X]_\nu$

$\varphi \sim_P \psi \implies \varphi[X]_\nu \sim_P \psi[X]_\nu$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-prop-congruent*:

$\varphi \longrightarrow_P \psi \implies \varphi[X]_\mu \longrightarrow_P \psi[X]_\mu$

$\varphi \sim_P \psi \implies \varphi[X]_\mu \sim_P \psi[X]_\mu$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

3.8 GF-advice with Equivalence Relations

locale *GF-advice-congruent* = *ltl-equivalence* +

fixes

$\text{normalise} :: 'a \text{ ltl}n \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}n$

assumes

normalise-eq: $\varphi \sim \text{normalise } \varphi$

assumes

normalise-monotonic: $w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \implies w \models_n (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu$

assumes

normalise-eventually-equivalent:

$w \models_n (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu \implies (\exists i. \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n (\text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i \ w))[X]_\nu)$

assumes

GF-advice-congruent: $\varphi \sim \psi \implies (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu \sim (\text{normalise } \psi)[X]_\nu$

begin

lemma *normalise-language-equivalent[simp]*:

$w \models_n \text{normalise } \varphi \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

interpretation *prop-GF-advice-compatible*: *GF-advice-congruent* $(\sim_P)$ *id*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

4 The Master Theorem

theory *Master-Theorem*

imports

Advice After

begin

4.1 Checking $X \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w$ and $Y \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

lemma $X\mathcal{GF}\text{-}Y\mathcal{FG}$:

assumes

$X\text{-}\mu$: $X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$

and

$Y\text{-}\nu$: $Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$

and

$X\text{-}GF$: $\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)$

and

$Y\text{-}FG$: $\forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)$

shows

$X \subseteq \mathcal{GF} \varphi w \wedge Y \subseteq \mathcal{FG} \varphi w$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{GF}\text{-}implies\text{-}GF$:

$\forall \psi \in \mathcal{GF} \varphi w. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[\mathcal{FG} \varphi w]_\mu)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathcal{FG}\text{-}implies\text{-}FG$:

$\forall \psi \in \mathcal{FG} \varphi w. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[\mathcal{GF} \varphi w]_\nu)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

4.2 Putting the pieces together: The Master Theorem

theorem $\text{master-theorem-ltr}$:

assumes

$w \models_n \varphi$

obtains X and Y where

$X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$

and

$Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$

and

$\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n \text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu$

and

$\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)$

and

$\forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *master-theorem-rtl*:

assumes

$X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi$

and

$Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi$

and

1: $\exists i. \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i \ w)[X]_\nu$

and

2: $\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)$

and

3: $\forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)$

shows

$w \models_n \varphi$

<proof>

theorem *master-theorem*:

$w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow$

$(\exists X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi.$

$(\exists Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi.$

$(\exists i. \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i \ w)[X]_\nu)$

$\wedge (\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu))$

$\wedge (\forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)))$

<proof>

4.3 The Master Theorem on Languages

definition $L_1 \varphi X = \{w. \exists i. \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i \ w)[X]_\nu\}$

definition $L_2 X Y = \{w. \forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)\}$

definition $L_3 X Y = \{w. \forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)\}$

corollary *master-theorem-language*:

$\text{language-ltln } \varphi = \bigcup \{L_1 \varphi X \cap L_2 X Y \cap L_3 X Y \mid X Y. X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \wedge Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi\}$

<proof>

end

5 Asymmetric Variant of the Master Theorem

theory *Asymmetric-Master-Theorem*

imports

Advice After

begin

This variant of the Master Theorem fixes only a subset Y of νLTL subformulas and all conditions depend on the index i . While this does not lead to a simple DRA construction, but can be used to build NBAs and LDBAs.

lemma *FG-advice-b1-helper*:

$\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \psi \implies \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \psi[\mathcal{FG} \ \varphi \ w]_\mu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *FG-advice-b2-helper*:

$S \subseteq \mathcal{G} \ \varphi \ (\text{suffix } i \ w) \implies i \leq j \implies \text{suffix } j \ w \models_n \psi[S]_\mu \implies \text{suffix } j \ w \models_n \psi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *Y-G*:

assumes

$Y\text{-}\nu$: $Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \ \varphi$

and

$Y\text{-}G\text{-}1$: $\forall \psi_1 \ \psi_2. \ \psi_1 \ R_n \ \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n G_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$

and

$Y\text{-}G\text{-}2$: $\forall \psi_1 \ \psi_2. \ \psi_1 \ W_n \ \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n G_n (\psi_1[Y]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[Y]_\mu)$

shows

$Y \subseteq \mathcal{G} \ \varphi \ (\text{suffix } i \ w)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *asymmetric-master-theorem-ltr*:

assumes

$w \models_n \varphi$

obtains Y **and** i **where**

$Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \ \varphi$

and

$\text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i \ w)[Y]_\mu$

and

$\forall \psi_1 \ \psi_2. \ \psi_1 \ R_n \ \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n G_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$

and

$\forall \psi_1 \ \psi_2. \ \psi_1 \ W_n \ \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n G_n (\psi_1[Y]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[Y]_\mu)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *asymmetric-master-theorem-rtl*:

assumes

1 : $Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \ \varphi$

and

2 : $\text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i \ w)[Y]_\mu$

and
 $\exists: \forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 R_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n G_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu)$
and
 $\exists: \forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 W_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n G_n (\psi_1[Y]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[Y]_\mu)$
shows
 $w \models_n \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *asymmetric-master-theorem*:

$w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow$
 $(\exists i. \exists Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi.$
 $\text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i \ w)[Y]_\mu$
 $\wedge (\forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 R_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n G_n (\psi_2[Y]_\mu))$
 $\wedge (\forall \psi_1 \psi_2. \psi_1 W_n \psi_2 \in Y \longrightarrow \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n G_n (\psi_1[Y]_\mu \text{ or}_n \psi_2[Y]_\mu)))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

6 Master Theorem with Reduced Subformulas

theory *Restricted-Master-Theorem*

imports

Master-Theorem

begin

6.1 Restricted Set of Subformulas

fun *restricted-subformulas-inner* :: 'a ltln $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltln set

where

$\text{restricted-subformulas-inner } (\varphi \text{ and}_n \psi) = \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \varphi$
 $\cup \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \psi$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } (\varphi \text{ or}_n \psi) = \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \varphi$
 $\cup \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \psi$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } (X_n \varphi) = \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \varphi$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } (\varphi U_n \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu (\varphi U_n \psi) \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu (\varphi U_n \psi)$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } (\varphi R_n \psi) = \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \varphi \cup$
 $\text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \psi$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } (\varphi W_n \psi) = \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \varphi$
 $\cup \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } \psi$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } (\varphi M_n \psi) = \text{subformulas}_\nu (\varphi M_n \psi) \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu (\varphi M_n \psi)$
 $| \text{restricted-subformulas-inner } - = \{\}$

fun *restricted-subformulas* :: 'a ltln $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltln set
where
restricted-subformulas (φ and_n ψ) = *restricted-subformulas* $\varphi \cup$ *restricted-subformulas* ψ
| *restricted-subformulas* (φ or_n ψ) = *restricted-subformulas* $\varphi \cup$ *restricted-subformulas* ψ
| *restricted-subformulas* ($X_n \varphi$) = *restricted-subformulas* φ
| *restricted-subformulas* ($\varphi U_n \psi$) = *restricted-subformulas* $\varphi \cup$ *restricted-subformulas* ψ
| *restricted-subformulas* ($\varphi R_n \psi$) = *restricted-subformulas* $\varphi \cup$ *restricted-subformulas-inner* ψ
| *restricted-subformulas* ($\varphi W_n \psi$) = *restricted-subformulas-inner* $\varphi \cup$ *restricted-subformulas* ψ
| *restricted-subformulas* ($\varphi M_n \psi$) = *restricted-subformulas* $\varphi \cup$ *restricted-subformulas* ψ
| *restricted-subformulas* - = {}

lemma *GF-advice-restricted-subformulas-inner*:

restricted-subformulas-inner ($\varphi[X]_\nu$) = {}
<proof>

lemma *GF-advice-restricted-subformulas*:

restricted-subformulas ($\varphi[X]_\nu$) = {}
<proof>

lemma *restricted-subformulas-inner-subset*:

restricted-subformulas-inner $\varphi \subseteq$ *subformulas* _{ν} $\varphi \cup$ *subformulas* _{μ} φ
<proof>

lemma *restricted-subformulas-subset'*:

restricted-subformulas $\varphi \subseteq$ *restricted-subformulas-inner* φ
<proof>

lemma *restricted-subformulas-subset*:

restricted-subformulas $\varphi \subseteq$ *subformulas* _{ν} $\varphi \cup$ *subformulas* _{μ} φ
<proof>

lemma *restricted-subformulas-size*:

$\psi \in$ *restricted-subformulas* $\varphi \implies$ size $\psi <$ size φ
<proof>

lemma *restricted-subformulas-notin*:

$\varphi \notin$ *restricted-subformulas* φ
<proof>

lemma *restricted-subformulas-superset:*

$\psi \in \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi \implies \text{subformulas}_\nu \psi \cup \text{subformulas}_\mu \psi \subseteq \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *restricted-subformulas-W- μ :*

$\text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \subseteq \text{restricted-subformulas } (\varphi \ W_n \ \psi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *restricted-subformulas-R- μ :*

$\text{subformulas}_\mu \psi \subseteq \text{restricted-subformulas } (\varphi \ R_n \ \psi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *restrict-af-letter:*

$\text{restricted-subformulas } (\text{af-letter } \varphi \ \sigma) = \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *restrict-af:*

$\text{restricted-subformulas } (\text{af } \varphi \ w) = \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

6.2 Restricted Master Theorem / Lemmas

lemma *delay-2:*

assumes $\mu\text{-stable } \varphi \ w$
assumes $w \models_n \varphi$
shows $\exists i. \text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i \ w)[\{\psi. w \models_n G_n (F_n \ \psi)\}] \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *master-theorem-restricted:*

$w \models_n \varphi \longleftrightarrow$
 $(\exists X \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\mu \varphi \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi.$
 $(\exists Y \subseteq \text{subformulas}_\nu \varphi \cap \text{restricted-subformulas } \varphi.$
 $(\exists i. (\text{suffix } i \ w \models_n \text{af } \varphi \ (\text{prefix } i \ w)[X]_\nu)$
 $\wedge (\forall \psi \in X. w \models_n G_n (F_n \ \psi[Y]_\mu))$
 $\wedge (\forall \psi \in Y. w \models_n F_n (G_n \ \psi[X]_\nu))))$
 $(\text{is ?lhs} \longleftrightarrow \text{?rhs})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *master-theorem-restricted-language:*

$\text{language-ltln } \varphi = \bigcup \{L_1 \ \varphi \ X \cap L_2 \ X \ Y \cap L_3 \ X \ Y \mid X \ Y. X \subseteq$

$subformulas_\mu \varphi \cap restricted_subformulas \varphi \wedge Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu \varphi \cap restricted_subformulas \varphi\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

6.3 Definitions with Lists for Code Export

definition *restricted-advice-sets* :: 'a ltln $\Rightarrow$ ('a ltln list $\times$ 'a ltln list) list
where

$restricted_advice_sets \varphi = List.product (subseqs (List.filter (\lambda x. x \in restricted_subformulas \varphi) (subformulas_\mu_list \varphi))) (subseqs (List.filter (\lambda x. x \in restricted_subformulas \varphi) (subformulas_\nu_list \varphi)))$

lemma *subseqs-subformulas $_\mu$ -restricted-list*:

$X \subseteq subformulas_\mu \varphi \cap restricted_subformulas \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists xs. X = set xs \wedge xs \in set (subseqs (List.filter (\lambda x. x \in restricted_subformulas \varphi) (subformulas_\mu_list \varphi))))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *subseqs-subformulas $_\nu$ -restricted-list*:

$Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu \varphi \cap restricted_subformulas \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists ys. Y = set ys \wedge ys \in set (subseqs (List.filter (\lambda x. x \in restricted_subformulas \varphi) (subformulas_\nu_list \varphi))))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *restricted-advice-sets-subformulas*:

$X \subseteq subformulas_\mu \varphi \cap restricted_subformulas \varphi \wedge Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu \varphi \cap restricted_subformulas \varphi \longleftrightarrow (\exists xs ys. X = set xs \wedge Y = set ys \wedge (xs, ys) \in set (restricted_advice_sets \varphi))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *restricted-advice-sets-not-empty*:

$restricted_advice_sets \varphi \neq []$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

7 Transition Functions for Deterministic Automata

theory *Transition-Functions*

imports

$../Logical-Characterization/After$

$../Logical-Characterization/Advice$

begin

This theory defines three functions based on the “after”-function which we use as transition functions for deterministic automata.

locale *transition-functions* =
af-congruent + *GF-advice-congruent*
begin

7.1 After Functions with Resets for $GF \mu LTL$ and $FG \nu LTL$

definition $af_letter_F :: 'a \text{ ltl} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}$
where

$af_letter_F \varphi \psi \nu = (\text{if } \psi \sim true_n \text{ then } F_n \varphi \text{ else } af_letter \psi \nu)$

definition $af_letter_G :: 'a \text{ ltl} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}$
where

$af_letter_G \varphi \psi \nu = (\text{if } \psi \sim false_n \text{ then } G_n \varphi \text{ else } af_letter \psi \nu)$

abbreviation $af_F :: 'a \text{ ltl} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}$
where

$af_F \varphi \psi w \equiv foldl (af_letter_F \varphi) \psi w$

abbreviation $af_G :: 'a \text{ ltl} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}$
where

$af_G \varphi \psi w \equiv foldl (af_letter_G \varphi) \psi w$

lemma *af_F-step*:

$af_F \varphi \psi w \sim true_n \implies af_F \varphi \psi (w @ [\nu]) = F_n \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af_G-step*:

$af_G \varphi \psi w \sim false_n \implies af_G \varphi \psi (w @ [\nu]) = G_n \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af_F-segments*:

$af_F \varphi \psi w = F_n \varphi \implies af_F \varphi \psi (w @ w') = af_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) w'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af_G-segments*:

$af_G \varphi \psi w = G_n \varphi \implies af_G \varphi \psi (w @ w') = af_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) w'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-not-true-implies-af-equals-af_F*:

$(\bigwedge xs \ ys. w = xs @ ys \implies \neg af \psi xs \sim true_n) \implies af_F \varphi \psi w = af \psi w$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-not-false-implies-af-equals-af_G:*

$(\bigwedge xs\ ys. w = xs @ ys \implies \neg af\ \psi\ xs \sim false_n) \implies af_G\ \varphi\ \psi\ w = af\ \psi\ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_F-not-true-implies-af-equals-af_F:*

$(\bigwedge xs\ ys. w = xs @ ys \implies \neg af_F\ \varphi\ \psi\ xs \sim true_n) \implies af_F\ \varphi\ \psi\ w = af\ \psi\ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_G-not-false-implies-af-equals-af_G:*

$(\bigwedge xs\ ys. w = xs @ ys \implies \neg af_G\ \varphi\ \psi\ xs \sim false_n) \implies af_G\ \varphi\ \psi\ w = af\ \psi\ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_F-true-implies-af-true:*

$af_F\ \varphi\ \psi\ w \sim true_n \implies af\ \psi\ w \sim true_n$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_G-false-implies-af-false:*

$af_G\ \varphi\ \psi\ w \sim false_n \implies af\ \psi\ w \sim false_n$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-equiv-true-af_F-prefix-true:*

$af\ \psi\ w \sim true_n \implies \exists xs\ ys. w = xs @ ys \wedge af_F\ \varphi\ \psi\ xs \sim true_n$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-equiv-false-af_G-prefix-false:*

$af\ \psi\ w \sim false_n \implies \exists xs\ ys. w = xs @ ys \wedge af_G\ \varphi\ \psi\ xs \sim false_n$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *append-take-drop:*

$w = xs @ ys \iff xs = take\ (length\ xs)\ w \wedge ys = drop\ (length\ xs)\ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *subsequence-split:*

$(w [i \rightarrow j]) = xs @ ys \implies xs = (w [i \rightarrow i + length\ xs])$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *subsequence-append-general*:

$$i \leq k \implies k \leq j \implies (w [i \rightarrow j]) = (w [i \rightarrow k]) @ (w [k \rightarrow j])$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_F-semantics-rtl*:

assumes

$$\forall i. \exists j > i. \text{af}_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim \text{true}_n$$

shows

$$\forall i. \exists j. \text{af} (F_n \varphi) (w [i \rightarrow j]) \sim_L \text{true}_n$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_F-semantics-ltr*:

assumes

$$\forall i. \exists j. \text{af} (F_n \varphi) (w [i \rightarrow j]) \sim \text{true}_n$$

shows

$$\forall i. \exists j > i. \text{af}_F \varphi (F_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim \text{true}_n$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_G-semantics-rtl*:

assumes

$$\exists i. \forall j > i. \neg \text{af}_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim \text{false}_n$$

shows

$$\exists i. \forall j. \neg \text{af} (G_n \varphi) (w [i \rightarrow j]) \sim \text{false}_n$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_G-semantics-ltr*:

assumes

$$\exists i. \forall j. \neg \text{af} (G_n \varphi) (w [i \rightarrow j]) \sim_L \text{false}_n$$

shows

$$\exists i. \forall j > i. \neg \text{af}_G \varphi (G_n \varphi) (w [0 \rightarrow j]) \sim \text{false}_n$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

7.2 After Function using GF-advice

definition *af-letter_ν* :: 'a ltln set $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltln $\times$ 'a ltln $\Rightarrow$ 'a set $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltln $\times$ 'a ltln

where

$$\begin{aligned} \text{af-letter}_\nu X p \nu &= (\text{if } \text{snd } p \sim \text{false}_n \\ &\text{then } (\text{af-letter } (\text{fst } p) \nu, (\text{normalise } (\text{af-letter } (\text{fst } p) \nu)) [X]_\nu) \\ &\text{else } (\text{af-letter } (\text{fst } p) \nu, \text{af-letter } (\text{snd } p) \nu)) \end{aligned}$$

abbreviation *af_ν* :: 'a ltln set $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltln $\times$ 'a ltln $\Rightarrow$ 'a set list $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltln $\times$

'a ltl

where

$$af_\nu X p w \equiv foldl (af_letter_\nu X) p w$$

lemma *af-letter_ν-fst[simp]*:

$$fst (af_letter_\nu X p \nu) = af_letter (fst p) \nu$$

<proof>

lemma *af-letter_ν-snd[simp]*:

$$snd p \sim false_n \implies snd (af_letter_\nu X p \nu) = (normalise (af_letter (fst p) \nu)) [X]_\nu$$

$$\neg (snd p) \sim false_n \implies snd (af_letter_\nu X p \nu) = af_letter (snd p) \nu$$

<proof>

lemma *af_ν-fst*:

$$fst (af_\nu X p w) = af (fst p) w$$

<proof>

lemma *af_ν-snd*:

$$\neg af (snd p) w \sim false_n \implies snd (af_\nu X p w) = af (snd p) w$$

<proof>

lemma *af_ν-snd'*:

$$\forall i. \neg snd (af_\nu X p (take i w)) \sim false_n \implies snd (af_\nu X p w) = af (snd p) w$$

<proof>

lemma *af_ν-step*:

$$snd (af_\nu X (\xi, \zeta) w) \sim false_n \implies snd (af_\nu X (\xi, \zeta) (w @ [\nu])) = (normalise (af \xi (w @ [\nu]))) [X]_\nu$$

<proof>

lemma *af_ν-segments*:

$$af_\nu X (\xi, \zeta) w = (af \xi w, (af \xi w) [X]_\nu) \implies af_\nu X (\xi, \zeta) (w @ w') = af_\nu X (af \xi w, (af \xi w) [X]_\nu) w'$$

<proof>

lemma *af_ν-semantics-ltr*:

assumes

$$\exists i. suffix i w \models_n (af \varphi (prefix i w)) [X]_\nu$$

shows

$$\exists m. \forall k \geq m. \neg snd (af_\nu X (\varphi, (normalise \varphi) [X]_\nu) (prefix (Suc k) w)) \sim false_n$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af_ν-semantics-rtl*:

assumes

$\exists n. \forall k \geq n. \neg \text{snd } (af_\nu X (\varphi, (\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu) (\text{prefix } (\text{Suc } k) w)) \sim \text{false}_n$

shows

$\exists i. \text{suffix } i w \models_n af \varphi (\text{prefix } i w)[X]_\nu$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

7.3 Reachability Bounds

We show that the reach of each after-function is bounded by the atomic propositions of the input formula.

locale *transition-functions-size = transition-functions +*

assumes

normalise-nested-propos: $\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi \supseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{normalise } \varphi)$

begin

lemma *af-letter_F-nested-prop-atoms*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi) \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms } (af\text{-letter}_F \varphi \psi \nu) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af_F-nested-prop-atoms*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi) \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms } (af_F \varphi \psi w) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-letter_F-range*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi) \implies \text{range } (af\text{-letter}_F \varphi \psi) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi)\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af_F-range*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi) \implies \text{range } (af_F \varphi \psi) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi)\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-letter_G-nested-prop-atoms*:

$nested-prop-atoms \psi \subseteq nested-prop-atoms (G_n \varphi) \implies nested-prop-atoms (af-letter_G \varphi \psi \nu) \subseteq nested-prop-atoms (G_n \varphi)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma af_G -nested-prop-atoms:

$nested-prop-atoms \psi \subseteq nested-prop-atoms (G_n \varphi) \implies nested-prop-atoms (af_G \varphi \psi w) \subseteq nested-prop-atoms (G_n \varphi)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma af -letter $_G$ -range:

$nested-prop-atoms \psi \subseteq nested-prop-atoms (G_n \varphi) \implies range (af-letter_G \varphi \psi) \subseteq \{\psi. nested-prop-atoms \psi \subseteq nested-prop-atoms (G_n \varphi)\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma af_G -range:

$nested-prop-atoms \psi \subseteq nested-prop-atoms (G_n \varphi) \implies range (af_G \varphi \psi) \subseteq \{\psi. nested-prop-atoms \psi \subseteq nested-prop-atoms (G_n \varphi)\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma af -letter $_\nu$ -snd-nested-prop-atoms-helper:

$snd p \sim false_n \implies nested-prop-atoms (snd (af-letter_\nu X p \nu)) \subseteq nested-prop-atoms_\nu (fst p) X$
 $\neg snd p \sim false_n \implies nested-prop-atoms (snd (af-letter_\nu X p \nu)) \subseteq nested-prop-atoms (snd p)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma af -letter $_\nu$ -fst-nested-prop-atoms:

$nested-prop-atoms (fst (af-letter_\nu X p \nu)) \subseteq nested-prop-atoms (fst p)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma af -letter $_\nu$ -snd-nested-prop-atoms:

$nested-prop-atoms (snd (af-letter_\nu X p \nu)) \subseteq (nested-prop-atoms_\nu (fst p) X) \cup (nested-prop-atoms (snd p))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma af -letter $_\nu$ -fst-range:

$range (fst \circ af-letter_\nu X p) \subseteq \{\psi. nested-prop-atoms \psi \subseteq nested-prop-atoms (fst p)\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma af -letter $_\nu$ -snd-range:

$range (snd \circ af-letter_\nu X p) \subseteq \{\psi. nested-prop-atoms \psi \subseteq (nested-prop-atoms_\nu (fst p) X) \cup nested-prop-atoms (snd p)\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *af-letter_ν-range*:

$\text{range } (\text{af-letter}_\nu X p) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{fst } p)\} \times \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq (\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu (\text{fst } p) X) \cup \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{snd } p)\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_ν-fst-nested-prop-atoms*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{fst } (\text{af}_\nu X p w)) \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{fst } p)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-letter-nested-prop-atoms_ν*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu (\text{af-letter } \varphi \nu) X \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_ν-fst-nested-prop-atoms_ν*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu (\text{fst } (\text{af}_\nu X p w)) X \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu (\text{fst } p) X$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_ν-fst-range*:

$\text{range } (\text{fst} \circ \text{af}_\nu X p) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{fst } p)\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_ν-snd-nested-prop-atoms*:

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{snd } (\text{af}_\nu X p w)) \subseteq (\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu (\text{fst } p) X) \cup (\text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{snd } p))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_ν-snd-range*:

$\text{range } (\text{snd} \circ \text{af}_\nu X p) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq (\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu (\text{fst } p) X) \cup \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{snd } p)\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_ν-range*:

$\text{range } (\text{af}_\nu X p) \subseteq \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{fst } p)\} \times \{\psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq (\text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu (\text{fst } p) X) \cup \text{nested-prop-atoms } (\text{snd } p)\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

end

8 Quotient Type Emulation for Locales

```
theory Quotient-Type
imports
  Main
begin

locale quotient =
  fixes
     $eq :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ 
  and
     $Rep :: 'b \Rightarrow 'a$ 
  and
     $Abs :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b$ 
  assumes
     $Rep\text{-}inverse: Abs (Rep\ a) = a$ 
  and
     $Abs\text{-}eq: Abs\ x = Abs\ y \longleftrightarrow eq\ x\ y$ 
begin

lemma Rep-inject:
   $Rep\ x = Rep\ y \longleftrightarrow x = y$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Rep-Abs-eq:
   $eq\ x\ (Rep\ (Abs\ x))$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

end
```

9 Convert between ω -Words and Streams

```
theory Omega-Words-Fun-Stream
imports
  HOL-Library.Omega-Words-Fun HOL-Library.Stream
begin
```

```
definition to-omega ::  $'a\ stream \Rightarrow 'a\ word$  where
   $to\text{-}omega \equiv snth$ 
```

definition *to-stream* :: 'a word $\Rightarrow$ 'a stream **where**
to-stream *w* $\equiv$ *smap* *w* *nats*

lemma *to-omega-to-stream[simp]*:
to-omega (*to-stream* *w*) = *w*
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

lemma *to-stream-to-omega[simp]*:
to-stream (*to-omega* *s*) = *s*
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

lemma *bij-to-omega*:
bij *to-omega*
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

lemma *bij-to-stream*:
bij *to-stream*
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

lemma *image-intersection[simp]*:
to-omega ' (*A* $\cap$ *B*) = *to-omega* ' *A* $\cap$ *to-omega* ' *B*
to-stream ' (*C* $\cap$ *D*) = *to-stream* ' *C* $\cap$ *to-stream* ' *D*
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

lemma *to-stream-snth[simp]*:
(*to-stream* *w*) !! *k* = *w* *k*
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

lemma *to-omega-index[simp]*:
(*to-omega* *s*) *k* = *s* !! *k*
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

lemma *to-stream-stake[simp]*:
stake *k* (*to-stream* *w*) = *prefix* *k* *w*
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

lemma *to-omega-prefix[simp]*:
prefix *k* (*to-omega* *s*) = *stake* *k* *s*
 $\langle$ *proof* $\rangle$

lemma *in-image[simp]*:
x $\in$ *to-omega* ' *X* $\longleftrightarrow$ *to-stream* *x* $\in$ *X*

$y \in \text{to-stream } \langle Y \longleftrightarrow \text{to-omega } y \in Y$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

10 Constructing DRAs for LTL Formulas

theory *DRA-Construction*

imports

Transition-Functions

../Quotient-Type

../Omega-Words-Fun-Stream

HOL-Library.Log-Nat

../Logical-Characterization/Master-Theorem

../Logical-Characterization/Restricted-Master-Theorem

Transition-Systems-and-Automata.DBA-Combine

Transition-Systems-and-Automata.DCA-Combine

Transition-Systems-and-Automata.DRA-Combine

begin

— We use prefix and suffix on infinite words.

hide-const *Sublist.prefix Sublist.suffix*

locale *dra-construction = transition-functions eq normalise + quotient eq*

Rep Abs

for

eq :: 'a ltl_n $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl_n $\Rightarrow$ bool (infix $\langle \sim \rangle$ 75)

and

normalise :: 'a ltl_n $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl_n

and

Rep :: 'ltl_q $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl_n

and

Abs :: 'a ltl_n $\Rightarrow$ 'ltl_q

begin

10.1 Lifting Setup

abbreviation *true_n-lifted :: 'ltl_q ($\langle \uparrow \text{true}_n \rangle$) where*

$\uparrow \text{true}_n \equiv \text{Abs } \text{true}_n$

abbreviation *false_n-lifted* :: 'ltlq (⟦↑false_n⟧) **where**
 $\uparrow\text{false}_n \equiv \text{Abs } \text{false}_n$

abbreviation *af-letter-lifted* :: 'a set $\Rightarrow$ 'ltlq $\Rightarrow$ 'ltlq (⟦↑afletter⟧) **where**
 $\uparrow\text{afletter } \nu \ \varphi \equiv \text{Abs } (\text{af-letter } (\text{Rep } \varphi) \ \nu)$

abbreviation *af-lifted* :: 'ltlq $\Rightarrow$ 'a set list $\Rightarrow$ 'ltlq (⟦↑af⟧) **where**
 $\uparrow\text{af } \varphi \ w \equiv \text{fold } \uparrow\text{afletter } w \ \varphi$

abbreviation *GF-advice-lifted* :: 'ltlq $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltln set $\Rightarrow$ 'ltlq (⟦↑[-]⟧_ν [90,60] 89) **where**
 $\varphi \uparrow [X]_\nu \equiv \text{Abs } ((\text{Rep } \varphi)[X]_\nu)$

lemma *af-letter-lifted-semantics*:
 $\uparrow\text{afletter } \nu \ (\text{Abs } \varphi) = \text{Abs } (\text{af-letter } \varphi \ \nu)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *af-lifted-semantics*:
 $\uparrow\text{af } (\text{Abs } \varphi) \ w = \text{Abs } (\text{af } \varphi \ w)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *af-lifted-range*:
 $\text{range } (\uparrow\text{af } (\text{Abs } \varphi)) \subseteq \{\text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{ nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{ nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$
 ⟨proof⟩

definition *af-letter_F-lifted* :: 'a ltln $\Rightarrow$ 'a set $\Rightarrow$ 'ltlq $\Rightarrow$ 'ltlq (⟦↑afletter_F⟧)
where
 $\uparrow\text{afletter}_F \ \varphi \ \nu \ \psi \equiv \text{Abs } (\text{af-letter}_F \ \varphi \ (\text{Rep } \psi) \ \nu)$

definition *af-letter_G-lifted* :: 'a ltln $\Rightarrow$ 'a set $\Rightarrow$ 'ltlq $\Rightarrow$ 'ltlq (⟦↑afletter_G⟧)
where
 $\uparrow\text{afletter}_G \ \varphi \ \nu \ \psi \equiv \text{Abs } (\text{af-letter}_G \ \varphi \ (\text{Rep } \psi) \ \nu)$

lemma *af-letter_F-lifted-semantics*:
 $\uparrow\text{afletter}_F \ \varphi \ \nu \ (\text{Abs } \psi) = \text{Abs } (\text{af-letter}_F \ \varphi \ \psi \ \nu)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *af-letter_G-lifted-semantics*:
 $\uparrow\text{afletter}_G \ \varphi \ \nu \ (\text{Abs } \psi) = \text{Abs } (\text{af-letter}_G \ \varphi \ \psi \ \nu)$
 ⟨proof⟩

abbreviation $af_F\text{-lifted} :: 'a\ ltn \Rightarrow 'ltn \Rightarrow 'a\ set\ list \Rightarrow 'ltn\ (\lceil \uparrow af_F \rceil)$

where

$$\uparrow af_F \varphi \psi w \equiv fold\ (\uparrow afletter_F \varphi)\ w\ \psi$$

abbreviation $af_G\text{-lifted} :: 'a\ ltn \Rightarrow 'ltn \Rightarrow 'a\ set\ list \Rightarrow 'ltn\ (\lceil \uparrow af_G \rceil)$

where

$$\uparrow af_G \varphi \psi w \equiv fold\ (\uparrow afletter_G \varphi)\ w\ \psi$$

lemma $af_F\text{-lifted-semantics}$:

$$\uparrow af_F \varphi\ (Abs\ \psi)\ w = Abs\ (af_F \varphi\ \psi\ w)$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $af_G\text{-lifted-semantics}$:

$$\uparrow af_G \varphi\ (Abs\ \psi)\ w = Abs\ (af_G \varphi\ \psi\ w)$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

definition $af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-lifted} :: 'a\ ltn\ set \Rightarrow 'a\ set \Rightarrow 'ltn \times 'ltn \Rightarrow 'ltn \times 'ltn\ (\lceil \uparrow afletter_\nu \rceil)$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \uparrow afletter_\nu X\ \nu\ p \equiv \\ (Abs\ (fst\ (af\text{-letter}_\nu X\ (Rep\ (fst\ p),\ Rep\ (snd\ p))\ \nu)), \\ Abs\ (snd\ (af\text{-letter}_\nu X\ (Rep\ (fst\ p),\ Rep\ (snd\ p))\ \nu))) \end{aligned}$$

abbreviation $af_\nu\text{-lifted} :: 'a\ ltn\ set \Rightarrow 'ltn \times 'ltn \Rightarrow 'a\ set\ list \Rightarrow 'ltn \times 'ltn\ (\lceil \uparrow af_\nu \rceil)$

where

$$\uparrow af_\nu X\ p\ w \equiv fold\ (\uparrow afletter_\nu X)\ w\ p$$

lemma $af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-lifted-semantics}$:

$$\uparrow afletter_\nu X\ \nu\ (Abs\ x,\ Abs\ y) = (Abs\ (fst\ (af\text{-letter}_\nu X\ (x,\ y)\ \nu)),\ Abs\ (snd\ (af\text{-letter}_\nu X\ (x,\ y)\ \nu)))$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $af_\nu\text{-lifted-semantics}$:

$$\uparrow af_\nu X\ (Abs\ \xi,\ Abs\ \zeta)\ w = (Abs\ (fst\ (af_\nu X\ (\xi,\ \zeta)\ w)),\ Abs\ (snd\ (af_\nu X\ (\xi,\ \zeta)\ w)))$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

10.2 Büchi automata for basic languages

definition $\mathfrak{A}_\mu :: 'a\ ltn \Rightarrow ('a\ set,\ 'ltn)\ dba$ **where**

$$\mathfrak{A}_\mu \varphi = dba\ UNIV\ (Abs\ \varphi)\ \uparrow afletter\ (\lambda\psi.\ \psi = \uparrow true_n)$$

definition $\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF} :: 'a \text{ ltl}n \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, 'ltlq) \text{ dba where}$

$\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF } \varphi = \text{dba UNIV } (\text{Abs } (F_n \varphi)) (\uparrow \text{afletter}_F \varphi) (\lambda\psi. \psi = \uparrow \text{true}_n)$

definition $\mathfrak{A}_\nu :: 'a \text{ ltl}n \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, 'ltlq) \text{ dca where}$

$\mathfrak{A}_\nu \varphi = \text{dca UNIV } (\text{Abs } \varphi) \uparrow \text{afletter} (\lambda\psi. \psi = \uparrow \text{false}_n)$

definition $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG} :: 'a \text{ ltl}n \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, 'ltlq) \text{ dca where}$

$\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG } \varphi = \text{dca UNIV } (\text{Abs } (G_n \varphi)) (\uparrow \text{afletter}_G \varphi) (\lambda\psi. \psi = \uparrow \text{false}_n)$

lemma *dba-run*:

$\text{DBA.run } (\text{dba UNIV } p \delta \alpha) (\text{to-stream } w) p \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *dca-run*:

$\text{DCA.run } (\text{dca UNIV } p \delta \alpha) (\text{to-stream } w) p \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-language}$:

$\varphi \in \mu\text{LTL} \implies \text{to-stream } w \in \text{DBA.language } (\mathfrak{A}_\mu \varphi) \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF-language}$:

$\varphi \in \mu\text{LTL} \implies \text{to-stream } w \in \text{DBA.language } (\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF } \varphi) \longleftrightarrow w \models_n G_n$
 $(F_n \varphi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-language}$:

$\varphi \in \nu\text{LTL} \implies \text{to-stream } w \in \text{DCA.language } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu \varphi) \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG-language}$:

$\varphi \in \nu\text{LTL} \implies \text{to-stream } w \in \text{DCA.language } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG } \varphi) \longleftrightarrow w \models_n F_n$
 $(G_n \varphi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

10.3 A DCA checking the GF-advice Function

definition $\mathfrak{C} :: 'a \text{ ltl}n \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}n \text{ set} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, 'ltlq \times 'ltlq) \text{ dca where}$

$\mathfrak{C} \varphi X = \text{dca UNIV } (\text{Abs } \varphi, \text{Abs } ((\text{normalise } \varphi)[X]_\nu)) (\uparrow \text{afletter}_\nu X) (\lambda p. \text{snd } p = \uparrow \text{false}_n)$

lemma $\mathfrak{C}\text{-language}$:

$\text{to-stream } w \in \text{DCA.language } (\mathfrak{C} \varphi X) \longleftrightarrow (\exists i. \text{suffix } i \text{ } w \models_n \text{af } \varphi (\text{prefix } i \text{ } w)[X]_\nu)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

10.4 A DRA for each combination of sets X and Y

lemma *dba-language*:

$(\bigwedge w. \text{to-stream } w \in \text{DBA.language } \mathfrak{A} \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi) \implies \text{DBA.language } \mathfrak{A}$
 $= \{w. \text{to-omega } w \models_n \varphi\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *dca-language*:

$(\bigwedge w. \text{to-stream } w \in \text{DCA.language } \mathfrak{A} \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi) \implies \text{DCA.language } \mathfrak{A}$
 $= \{w. \text{to-omega } w \models_n \varphi\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

definition $\mathfrak{A}_1 :: 'a \text{ ltl}n \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}n \text{ list} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, 'ltlq \times 'ltlq) \text{ dca}$ **where**
 $\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi xs = \mathfrak{C} \varphi (\text{set } xs)$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_1$ -*language*:

$\text{to-omega } \text{'DCA.language } (\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi xs) = L_1 \varphi (\text{set } xs)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_1$ -*alphabet*:

$\text{DCA.alphabet } (\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi xs) = \text{UNIV}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

definition $\mathfrak{A}_2 :: 'a \text{ ltl}n \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}n \text{ list} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, 'ltlq \text{ list } \text{degen}) \text{ dba}$ **where**

$\mathfrak{A}_2 xs ys = \text{DBA-Combine.intersect-list } (\text{map } (\lambda \psi. \mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF } (\psi[\text{set } ys]_\mu)) xs)$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_2$ -*language*:

$\text{to-omega } \text{'DBA.language } (\mathfrak{A}_2 xs ys) = L_2 (\text{set } xs) (\text{set } ys)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_2$ -*alphabet*:

$\text{DBA.alphabet } (\mathfrak{A}_2 xs ys) = \text{UNIV}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

definition $\mathfrak{A}_3 :: 'a \text{ ltl}n \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltl}n \text{ list} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, 'ltlq \text{ list}) \text{ dca}$ **where**

$\mathfrak{A}_3 xs ys = \text{DCA-Combine.intersect-list } (\text{map } (\lambda \psi. \mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG } (\psi[\text{set } xs]_\nu)) ys)$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_3$ -language:

to-omega ‘ $DCA.language (\mathfrak{A}_3 \text{ } xs \text{ } ys) = L_3 (\text{set } xs) (\text{set } ys)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_3$ -alphabet:

$DCA.alphabet (\mathfrak{A}_3 \text{ } xs \text{ } ys) = UNIV$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

definition $\mathfrak{A}' \varphi \text{ } xs \text{ } ys = intersect\text{-}bc (\mathfrak{A}_2 \text{ } xs \text{ } ys) (DCA\text{-}Combine.intersect (\mathfrak{A}_1 \varphi \text{ } xs) (\mathfrak{A}_3 \text{ } xs \text{ } ys))$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}'$ -language:

to-omega ‘ $DRA.language (\mathfrak{A}' \varphi \text{ } xs \text{ } ys) = (L_1 \varphi (\text{set } xs) \cap L_2 (\text{set } xs) (\text{set } ys) \cap L_3 (\text{set } xs) (\text{set } ys))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}'$ -alphabet:

$DRA.alphabet (\mathfrak{A}' \varphi \text{ } xs \text{ } ys) = UNIV$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

10.5 A DRA for $L \varphi$

This is the final constant constructing a deterministic Rabin automaton using the pure version of the $?w \models_n ?\varphi = (\exists X \subseteq subformulas_\mu ?\varphi. \exists Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu ?\varphi. (\exists i. suffix \text{ } i \text{ } ?w \models_n af ?\varphi (prefix \text{ } i \text{ } ?w)[X]_\nu) \wedge (\forall \psi \in X. ?w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu)) \wedge (\forall \psi \in Y. ?w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)))$.

definition $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra \varphi = DRA\text{-}Combine.union\text{-}list (map (\lambda(xs, ys). \mathfrak{A}' \varphi \text{ } xs \text{ } ys) (advice\text{-}sets \varphi))$

lemma $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra$ -language:

to-omega ‘ $DRA.language (ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra \varphi) = language\text{-}ltln \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra$ -alphabet:

$alphabet (ltl\text{-}to\text{-}dra \varphi) = UNIV$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

10.6 A DRA for $L \varphi$ with Restricted Advice Sets

The following constant uses the $?w \models_n ?\varphi = (\exists X \subseteq subformulas_\mu ?\varphi \cap restricted\text{-}subformulas ?\varphi. \exists Y \subseteq subformulas_\nu ?\varphi \cap restricted\text{-}subformulas ?\varphi. \exists i. suffix \text{ } i \text{ } ?w \models_n af ?\varphi (prefix \text{ } i \text{ } ?w)[X]_\nu \wedge (\forall \psi \in X. ?w \models_n G_n (F_n \psi[Y]_\mu))$

$\wedge (\forall \psi \in Y. ?w \models_n F_n (G_n \psi[X]_\nu)))$ to reduce the size of the resulting automaton.

definition *ltl-to-dra-restricted* $\varphi = \text{DRA-Combine.union-list } (\text{map } (\lambda(xs, ys). \mathfrak{A}' \varphi xs ys) (\text{restricted-advice-sets } \varphi))$

lemma *ltl-to-dra-restricted-language*:

to-omega ‘ $\text{DRA.language } (\text{ltl-to-dra-restricted } \varphi) = \text{language-ltln } \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ltl-to-dra-restricted-alphabet*:

alphabet $(\text{ltl-to-dra-restricted } \varphi) = \text{UNIV}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

10.7 A DRA for $L \varphi$ with a finite alphabet

Until this point, we use *UNIV* as the alphabet in all places. To explore the automaton, however, we need a way to fix the alphabet to some finite set.

definition *dra-set-alphabet* $:: ('a \text{ set}, 'b) \text{ dra} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set set} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, 'b) \text{ dra}$
where

dra-set-alphabet $\mathfrak{A} \Sigma = \text{dra } \Sigma (\text{initial } \mathfrak{A}) (\text{transition } \mathfrak{A}) (\text{condition } \mathfrak{A})$

lemma *dra-set-alphabet-language*:

$\Sigma \subseteq \text{alphabet } \mathfrak{A} \Longrightarrow \text{language } (\text{dra-set-alphabet } \mathfrak{A} \Sigma) = \text{language } \mathfrak{A} \cap \{s. \text{sset } s \subseteq \Sigma\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *dra-set-alphabet-alphabet[simp]*:

alphabet $(\text{dra-set-alphabet } \mathfrak{A} \Sigma) = \Sigma$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *dra-set-alphabet-nodes*:

$\Sigma \subseteq \text{alphabet } \mathfrak{A} \Longrightarrow \text{DRA.nodes } (\text{dra-set-alphabet } \mathfrak{A} \Sigma) \subseteq \text{DRA.nodes } \mathfrak{A}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition *ltl-to-dra-alphabet* $\varphi \text{ Ap} = \text{dra-set-alphabet } (\text{ltl-to-dra-restricted } \varphi) (\text{Pow Ap})$

lemma *ltl-to-dra-alphabet-language*:

assumes

atoms-ltln $\varphi \subseteq \text{Ap}$

shows

to-omega ‘ $\text{language } (\text{ltl-to-dra-alphabet } \varphi \text{ Ap}) = \text{language-ltln } \varphi \cap \{w.$

$range\ w \subseteq Pow\ Ap\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ltl-to-dra-alphabet-alphabet[simp]*:
 $alphabet\ (ltl-to-dra-alphabet\ \varphi\ Ap) = Pow\ Ap$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ltl-to-dra-alphabet-nodes*:
 $DRA.nodes\ (ltl-to-dra-alphabet\ \varphi\ Ap) \subseteq DRA.nodes\ (ltl-to-dra-restricted\ \varphi)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

10.8 Verified Bounds for Number of Nodes

Using two additional assumptions, we can show a double-exponential size bound for the constructed automaton.

lemma *list-prod-mono*:
 $f \leq g \implies (\prod x \leftarrow xs. f\ x) \leq (\prod x \leftarrow xs. g\ x) \text{ for } f\ g :: 'a \Rightarrow nat$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *list-prod-const*:
 $(\bigwedge x. x \in set\ xs \implies f\ x \leq c) \implies (\prod x \leftarrow xs. f\ x) \leq c \wedge length\ xs \text{ for } f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *card-insert-Suc*:
 $card\ (insert\ x\ S) \leq Suc\ (card\ S)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *nat-power-le-imp-le*:
 $0 < a \implies a \leq b \implies x \wedge^a \leq x \wedge^b \text{ for } x :: nat$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *const-less-power*:
 $n < x \wedge^n \text{ if } x > 1$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *floorlog-le-const:*

floorlog x $n \leq n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

locale *dra-construction-size* = *dra-construction* + *transition-functions-size*
+

assumes

equiv-finite: $\text{finite } P \implies \text{finite } \{ \text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq P \}$

assumes

equiv-card: $\text{finite } P \implies \text{card } \{ \text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq P \} \leq 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} \text{card } P$

begin

lemma *af_F-lifted-range:*

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi) \implies \text{range } (\uparrow \text{af}_F \varphi (\text{Abs } \psi)) \subseteq \{ \text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi) \}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af_G-lifted-range:*

$\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi) \implies \text{range } (\uparrow \text{af}_G \varphi (\text{Abs } \psi)) \subseteq \{ \text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi) \}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ℳ_μ-nodes:*

$\text{DBA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_\mu \varphi) \subseteq \{ \text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi \}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ℳ_μ-GF-nodes:*

$\text{DBA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF } \varphi) \subseteq \{ \text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi) \}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ℳ_ν-nodes:*

$\text{DCA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu \varphi) \subseteq \{ \text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi \}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ℳ_ν-FG-nodes:*

$\text{DCA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG } \varphi) \subseteq \{ \text{Abs } \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi) \}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{C}$ -nodes-normalise:

$DCA.nodes(\mathfrak{C} \varphi X) \subseteq \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\} \times \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu (\text{normalise } \varphi) X\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{C}$ -nodes:

$DCA.nodes(\mathfrak{C} \varphi X) \subseteq \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\} \times \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma equiv-subset:

$\{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq P\} \subseteq \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq P\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma equiv-finite':

$\text{finite } P \implies \text{finite } \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq P\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma equiv-card':

$\text{finite } P \implies \text{card } \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq P\} \leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge \text{card } P$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma nested-prop-atoms-finite:

$\text{finite } \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma nested-prop-atoms-card:

$\text{card } \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi\} \leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge \text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma nested-prop-atoms_ν-finite:

$\text{finite } \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma nested-prop-atoms_ν-card:

$\text{card } \{Abs \psi \mid \psi. \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{nested-prop-atoms}_\nu \varphi X\} \leq 2 \wedge$

$2 \wedge \text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } \varphi) \text{ (is } ?lhs \leq ?rhs)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF-nodes-finite}$:
 $\text{finite } (\text{DBA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF } \varphi))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG-nodes-finite}$:
 $\text{finite } (\text{DCA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG } \varphi))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF-nodes-card}$:
 $\text{card } (\text{DBA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF } \varphi)) \leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge \text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } (F_n \varphi))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG-nodes-card}$:
 $\text{card } (\text{DCA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG } \varphi)) \leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge \text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } (G_n \varphi))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_2\text{-nodes-finite-helper}$:
 $\text{list-all } (\text{finite} \circ \text{DBA.nodes}) \text{ (map } (\lambda\psi. \mathfrak{A}_\mu\text{-GF } (\psi[\text{set } ys]_\mu)) \text{ } xs)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_2\text{-nodes-finite}$:
 $\text{finite } (\text{DBA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_2 \text{ } xs \text{ } ys))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_3\text{-nodes-finite-helper}$:
 $\text{list-all } (\text{finite} \circ \text{DCA.nodes}) \text{ (map } (\lambda\psi. \mathfrak{A}_\nu\text{-FG } (\psi[\text{set } xs]_\nu)) \text{ } ys)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_3\text{-nodes-finite}$:
 $\text{finite } (\text{DCA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_3 \text{ } xs \text{ } ys))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_2\text{-nodes-card}$:
assumes
 $\text{length } xs \leq n$
and
 $\bigwedge\psi. \psi \in \text{set } xs \implies \text{card } (\text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi) \leq n$
shows
 $\text{card } (\text{DBA.nodes } (\mathfrak{A}_2 \text{ } xs \text{ } ys)) \leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge (n + \text{floorlog } 2 \text{ } n + 2)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_3$ -nodes-card:

assumes

$length\ ys \leq n$

and

$\bigwedge \psi. \psi \in set\ ys \implies card\ (nested-prop-atoms\ \psi) \leq n$

shows

$card\ (DCA.nodes\ (\mathfrak{A}_3\ xs\ ys)) \leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge (n + floorlog\ 2\ n + 1)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_1$ -nodes-finite:

$finite\ (DCA.nodes\ (\mathfrak{A}_1\ \varphi\ xs))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}_1$ -nodes-card:

assumes

$card\ (subfrmlsn\ \varphi) \leq n$

shows

$card\ (DCA.nodes\ (\mathfrak{A}_1\ \varphi\ xs)) \leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge (n + 1)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}'$ -nodes-finite:

$finite\ (DRA.nodes\ (\mathfrak{A}'\ \varphi\ xs\ ys))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $\mathfrak{A}'$ -nodes-card:

assumes

$length\ xs \leq n$

and

$\bigwedge \psi. \psi \in set\ xs \implies card\ (nested-prop-atoms\ \psi) \leq n$

and

$length\ ys \leq n$

and

$\bigwedge \psi. \psi \in set\ ys \implies card\ (nested-prop-atoms\ \psi) \leq n$

and

$card\ (subfrmlsn\ \varphi) \leq n$

shows

$card\ (DRA.nodes\ (\mathfrak{A}'\ \varphi\ xs\ ys)) \leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge (n + floorlog\ 2\ n + 4)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *subformula-nested-prop-atoms-subfrmlsn*:
 $\psi \in \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi \implies \text{nested-prop-atoms } \psi \subseteq \text{subfrmlsn } \varphi$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ltl-to-dra-nodes-finite*:
 $\text{finite } (\text{DRA.nodes } (\text{ltl-to-dra } \varphi))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ltl-to-dra-restricted-nodes-finite*:
 $\text{finite } (\text{DRA.nodes } (\text{ltl-to-dra-restricted } \varphi))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ltl-to-dra-alphabet-nodes-finite*:
 $\text{finite } (\text{DRA.nodes } (\text{ltl-to-dra-alphabet } \varphi \text{ AP}))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *ltl-to-dra-nodes-card*:
assumes
 $\text{card } (\text{subfrmlsn } \varphi) \leq n$
shows
 $\text{card } (\text{DRA.nodes } (\text{ltl-to-dra } \varphi)) \leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge (2 * n + \text{floorlog } 2 \ n + 4)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

We verify the size bound of the automaton to be double exponential.

theorem *ltl-to-dra-size*:
 $\text{card } (\text{DRA.nodes } (\text{ltl-to-dra } \varphi)) \leq 2 \wedge 2 \wedge (2 * \text{size } \varphi + \text{floorlog } 2 \ (\text{size } \varphi) + 4)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

end

11 Implementation of the DRA Construction

theory *DRA-Implementation*
imports
DRA-Construction
LTL.Rewriting
Transition-Systems-and-Automata.DRA-Translate
begin

11.1 Generating the Explicit Automaton

We convert the implicit automaton to its explicit representation and afterwards proof the final correctness theorem and the overall size bound.

definition $\text{dra-to-drai} :: ('a, 'b) \text{dra} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow ('a, 'b) \text{drai}$

where

$\text{dra-to-drai } \mathfrak{A} \Sigma = \text{drai } \Sigma (\text{initial } \mathfrak{A}) (\text{transition } \mathfrak{A}) (\text{condition } \mathfrak{A})$

lemma $\text{dra-to-drai-language}$:

$\text{set } \Sigma = \text{alphabet } \mathfrak{A} \implies \text{language } (\text{drai-dra } (\text{dra-to-drai } \mathfrak{A} \Sigma)) = \text{language } \mathfrak{A}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition $\text{drai-to-draei} :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow ('a, 'b :: \text{hashable}) \text{drai} \Rightarrow ('a, \text{nat}) \text{draei}$

where

$\text{drai-to-draei } hms = \text{to-draei-impl } (=) \text{ bounded-hashcode-nat } hms$

lemma dra-to-drai-rel :

assumes

$(\Sigma, \text{alphabet } A) \in \langle \text{Id} \rangle \text{ list-set-rel}$

shows

$(\text{dra-to-drai } A \Sigma, A) \in \langle \text{Id}, \text{Id} \rangle \text{drai-dra-rel}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{draei-language-rel}$:

fixes

$A :: ('label, 'state :: \text{hashable}) \text{dra}$

assumes

$(\Sigma, \text{alphabet } A) \in \langle \text{Id} \rangle \text{ list-set-rel}$

and

$\text{finite } (\text{DRA.nodes } A)$

and

$\text{is-valid-def-hm-size } \text{TYPE}('state) \text{ hms}$

shows

$\text{DRA.language } (\text{drae-dra } (\text{draei-drae } (\text{drai-to-draei } hms (\text{dra-to-drai } A \Sigma)))) = \text{DRA.language } A$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

11.2 Defining the Alphabet

fun $\text{atoms-ltlc-list} :: 'a \text{ ltlc} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list}$

where

$\text{atoms-ltlc-list } \text{true}_c = []$

```

| atoms-ltlc-list falsec = []
| atoms-ltlc-list propc(q) = [q]
| atoms-ltlc-list (notc φ) = atoms-ltlc-list φ
| atoms-ltlc-list (φ andc ψ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list φ) (atoms-ltlc-list
ψ)
| atoms-ltlc-list (φ orc ψ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list φ) (atoms-ltlc-list
ψ)
| atoms-ltlc-list (φ impliesc ψ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list φ) (atoms-ltlc-list
ψ)
| atoms-ltlc-list (Xc φ) = atoms-ltlc-list φ
| atoms-ltlc-list (Fc φ) = atoms-ltlc-list φ
| atoms-ltlc-list (Gc φ) = atoms-ltlc-list φ
| atoms-ltlc-list (φ Uc ψ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list φ) (atoms-ltlc-list ψ)
| atoms-ltlc-list (φ Rc ψ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list φ) (atoms-ltlc-list ψ)
| atoms-ltlc-list (φ Wc ψ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list φ) (atoms-ltlc-list
ψ)
| atoms-ltlc-list (φ Mc ψ) = List.union (atoms-ltlc-list φ) (atoms-ltlc-list
ψ)

```

lemma *atoms-ltlc-list-set*:

```

set (atoms-ltlc-list φ) = atoms-ltlc φ
⟨proof⟩

```

lemma *atoms-ltlc-list-distinct*:

```

distinct (atoms-ltlc-list φ)
⟨proof⟩

```

definition *ltl-alphabet* :: 'a list ⇒ 'a set list

where

```

ltl-alphabet AP = map set (subseqs AP)

```

11.3 The Final Constant

We require the quotient type to be hashable in order to efficiently explore the automaton.

locale *dra-implementation* = *dra-construction-size* - - - *Abs*

for

```

Abs :: 'a ltln ⇒ 'ltlq :: hashable

```

begin

definition *ltln-to-draei* :: 'a list ⇒ 'a ltln ⇒ ('a set, nat) draei

where

```

ltln-to-draei AP φ = drai-to-draei (Suc (size φ)) (dra-to-drai (ltl-to-dra-alphabet

```

φ (set AP)) (ltl-alphabet AP))

definition *ltlc-to-draei* :: 'a ltlc $\Rightarrow$ ('a set, nat) draei

where

ltlc-to-draei φ = *ltln-to-draei* (atoms-ltlc-list φ) (simplify Slow (*ltlc-to-ltln* φ))

lemma *ltl-to-dra-alphabet-rel*:

distinct AP $\Longrightarrow$ (ltl-alphabet AP, alphabet (ltl-to-dra-alphabet ψ (set AP)))
 $\in \langle Id \rangle$ list-set-rel
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ltlc-to-ltln-simplify-atoms*:

*atoms-ltln (simplify Slow (*ltlc-to-ltln* φ)) $\subseteq$ atoms-ltlc φ*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *valid-def-hm-size*:

is-valid-def-hm-size TYPE('state) (Suc (size φ)) **for** $\varphi :: 'a$ ltln
 $\langle proof \rangle$

theorem *final-correctness*:

*to-omega ' language (drae-dra (draei-drae (*ltlc-to-draei* φ)))*
 $=$ *language-ltlc $\varphi \cap \{w. \text{range } w \subseteq \text{Pow (atoms-ltlc } \varphi)\}$*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

end

12 Additional Equivalence Relations

theory *Extra-Equivalence-Relations*

imports

LTL.LTL LTL.Equivalence-Relations After Advice

begin

12.1 Propositional Equivalence with Implicit LTL Unfolding

fun *Unf* :: 'a ltln $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltln

where

Unf (φ U_n ψ) = ((φ U_n ψ) *and*_n *Unf* φ) *or*_n *Unf* ψ
 $|$ *Unf* (φ W_n ψ) = ((φ W_n ψ) *and*_n *Unf* φ) *or*_n *Unf* ψ
 $|$ *Unf* (φ M_n ψ) = ((φ M_n ψ) *or*_n *Unf* φ) *and*_n *Unf* ψ

$| \text{Unf } (\varphi \text{ } R_n \text{ } \psi) = ((\varphi \text{ } R_n \text{ } \psi) \text{ } or_n \text{ } \text{Unf } \varphi) \text{ } and_n \text{ } \text{Unf } \psi$
 $| \text{Unf } (\varphi \text{ } and_n \text{ } \psi) = \text{Unf } \varphi \text{ } and_n \text{ } \text{Unf } \psi$
 $| \text{Unf } (\varphi \text{ } or_n \text{ } \psi) = \text{Unf } \varphi \text{ } or_n \text{ } \text{Unf } \psi$
 $| \text{Unf } \varphi = \varphi$

lemma *Unf-sound:*

$w \models_n \text{Unf } \varphi \longleftrightarrow w \models_n \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Unf-lang-equiv:*

$\varphi \sim_L \text{Unf } \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Unf-idem:*

$\text{Unf } (\text{Unf } \varphi) \sim_P \text{Unf } \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

definition *ltl-prop-unfold-equiv* :: 'a ltl $\Rightarrow$ 'a ltl $\Rightarrow$ bool (**infix** $\langle \sim_Q \rangle$ 75)

where

$\varphi \sim_Q \psi \equiv (\text{Unf } \varphi) \sim_P (\text{Unf } \psi)$

lemma *ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-equivp:*

$equivp (\sim_Q)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *unfolding-prop-unfold-idem:*

$\text{Unf } \varphi \sim_Q \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *unfolding-is-subst:* $\text{Unf } \varphi = \text{subst } \varphi (\lambda \psi. \text{Some } (\text{Unf } \psi))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ltl-prop-equiv-implies-ltl-prop-unfold-equiv:*

$\varphi \sim_P \psi \implies \varphi \sim_Q \psi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-implies-ltl-lang-equiv:*

$\varphi \sim_Q \psi \implies \varphi \sim_L \psi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ltl-prop-unfold-equiv-gt-and-lt:*

$(\sim_C) \leq (\sim_Q) \text{ } (\sim_P) \leq (\sim_Q) \text{ } (\sim_Q) \leq (\sim_L)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

quotient-type $'a \text{ ltln}_Q = 'a \text{ ltln} / (\sim_Q)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

instantiation $\text{ltln}_Q :: (\text{type}) \text{ equal}$
begin

lift-definition $\text{ltln}_Q\text{-eq-test} :: 'a \text{ ltln}_Q \Rightarrow 'a \text{ ltln}_Q \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **is** $\lambda x y. x \sim_Q y$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition
 $\text{eq}_Q: \text{equal-class.equal} \equiv \text{ltln}_Q\text{-eq-test}$

instance
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

lemma *af-letter-unfolding*:
 $\text{af-letter } (\text{Unf } \varphi) \nu \sim_P \text{af-letter } \varphi \nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *af-letter-prop-unfold-congruent*:
assumes $\varphi \sim_Q \psi$
shows $\text{af-letter } \varphi \nu \sim_Q \text{af-letter } \psi \nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *GF-advice-prop-unfold-congruent*:
assumes $\varphi \sim_Q \psi$
shows $(\text{Unf } \varphi)[X]_\nu \sim_Q (\text{Unf } \psi)[X]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

interpretation *prop-unfold-equivalence*: *ltl-equivalence* $(\sim_Q)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

interpretation *af-congruent* $(\sim_Q)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *unfolding-monotonic*:
 $w \models_n \varphi[X]_\nu \Longrightarrow w \models_n (\text{Unf } \varphi)[X]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *unfolding-next-step-equivalent*:
 $w \models_n (\text{Unf } \varphi)[X]_\nu \Longrightarrow \text{suffix } 1 \ w \models_n (\text{af-letter } \varphi (w \ 0))[X]_\nu$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *nested-prop-atoms-Unf*:
 $nested-prop-atoms (Unf \varphi) \subseteq nested-prop-atoms \varphi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *refine-image*:
assumes $\bigwedge x y. f x = f y \longrightarrow g x = g y$
assumes $finite (f ' X)$
shows $finite (g ' X)$
and $card (f ' X) \geq card (g ' X)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *abs-ltln_P-implies-abs-ltln_Q*:
 $abs-ltln_P \varphi = abs-ltln_P \psi \longrightarrow abs-ltln_Q \varphi = abs-ltln_Q \psi$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemmas *prop-unfold-equiv-helper = refine-image[of abs-ltln_P abs-ltln_Q, OF abs-ltln_P-implies-abs-ltln_Q]*

lemma *prop-unfold-equiv-finite*:
 $finite P \implies finite \{abs-ltln_Q \psi \mid \psi. prop-atoms \psi \subseteq P\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *prop-unfold-equiv-card*:
 $finite P \implies card \{abs-ltln_Q \psi \mid \psi. prop-atoms \psi \subseteq P\} \leq 2^{\wedge} 2^{\wedge} card P$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *Unf-eventually-equivalent*:
 $w \models_n Unf \varphi[X]_{\nu} \implies \exists i. suffix i w \models_n af \varphi (prefix i w)[X]_{\nu}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *prop-unfold-GF-advice-compatible*: *GF-advice-congruent* ($\sim_Q$)
 Unf
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

13 Instantiation of the LTL to DRA construction

theory *DRA-Instantiation*
imports
DRA-Implementation

```

    LTL.Equivalence-Relations
    LTL.Disjunctive-Normal-Form
    ../Logical-Characterization/Extra-Equivalence-Relations
    HOL-Library.Log-Nat
    Deriving.Derive
begin

```

13.1 Hash Functions for Quotient Types

```

derive hashable ltln

```

```

definition cube a = a * a * a

```

```

instantiation set :: (hashable) hashable
begin

```

```

definition [simp]: hashcode (x :: 'a set) = Finite-Set.fold (plus o cube o
hashcode) (uint32-of-nat (card x)) x

```

```

definition def-hashmap-size = (λ- :: 'a set itself. 2 * def-hashmap-size
TYPE('a))

```

```

instance
⟨proof⟩

```

```

end

```

```

instantiation fset :: (hashable) hashable
begin

```

```

definition [simp]: hashcode (x :: 'a fset) = hashcode (fset x)

```

```

definition def-hashmap-size = (λ- :: 'a fset itself. 2 * def-hashmap-size
TYPE('a))

```

```

instance
⟨proof⟩

```

```

end

```

```

instantiation ltln_P :: (hashable) hashable
begin

```

definition $[simp]: \text{hashcode } (\varphi :: 'a \text{ ltl}_P) = \text{hashcode } (\text{min-dnf } (\text{rep-}\text{ltl}_P \varphi))$
definition $\text{def-hashmap-size} = (\lambda - :: 'a \text{ ltl}_P \text{ itself. def-hashmap-size TYPE('a ltl}_P))$

instance
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

instantiation $\text{ltl}_Q :: (\text{hashable}) \text{ hashable}$
begin

definition $[simp]: \text{hashcode } (\varphi :: 'a \text{ ltl}_Q) = \text{hashcode } (\text{min-dnf } (\text{Unf } (\text{rep-}\text{ltl}_Q \varphi)))$
definition $\text{def-hashmap-size} = (\lambda - :: 'a \text{ ltl}_Q \text{ itself. def-hashmap-size TYPE('a ltl}_Q))$

instance
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

13.2 Interpretations with Equivalence Relations

We instantiate the construction locale with propositional equivalence and obtain a function converting a formula into an abstract automaton.

global-interpretation $\text{ltl-to-dra}_P: \text{dra-implementation } (\sim_P) \text{ id rep-}\text{ltl}_P \text{ abs-}\text{ltl}_P$

defines $\text{ltl-to-dra}_P = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\text{ltl-to-dra}$
and $\text{ltl-to-dra-restricted}_P = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\text{ltl-to-dra-restricted}$
and $\text{ltl-to-dra-alphabet}_P = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\text{ltl-to-dra-alphabet}$
and $\mathfrak{A}'_P = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\mathfrak{A}'$
and $\mathfrak{A}_{1P} = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\mathfrak{A}_1$
and $\mathfrak{A}_{2P} = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\mathfrak{A}_2$
and $\mathfrak{A}_{3P} = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\mathfrak{A}_3$
and $\mathfrak{A}_{\nu\text{-}FG}_P = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\mathfrak{A}_{\nu\text{-}FG}$
and $\mathfrak{A}_{\mu\text{-}GF}_P = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\mathfrak{A}_{\mu\text{-}GF}$
and $\text{af-letter}_{GP} = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\text{af-letter}_G$
and $\text{af-letter}_{FP} = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\text{af-letter}_F$
and $\text{af-letter}_G\text{-lifted}_P = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\text{af-letter}_G\text{-lifted}$
and $\text{af-letter}_F\text{-lifted}_P = \text{ltl-to-dra}_P.\text{af-letter}_F\text{-lifted}$

and $af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-lifted}_P = ltl\text{-to-dra}_P.af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-lifted}$
and $\mathfrak{C}_P = ltl\text{-to-dra}_P.\mathfrak{C}$
and $af\text{-letter}_{\nu P} = ltl\text{-to-dra}_P.af\text{-letter}_\nu$
and $ltln\text{-to-draei}_P = ltl\text{-to-dra}_P.ltn\text{-to-draei}$
and $ltlc\text{-to-draei}_P = ltl\text{-to-dra}_P.ltlc\text{-to-draei}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

thm $ltl\text{-to-dra}_P.ltn\text{-to-dra}\text{-language}$
thm $ltl\text{-to-dra}_P.ltn\text{-to-dra}\text{-size}$
thm $ltl\text{-to-dra}_P.final\text{-correctness}$

Similarly, we instantiate the locale with a different equivalence relation and obtain another constant for translation of LTL to deterministic Rabin automata.

global-interpretation $ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q$: $dra\text{-implementation } (\sim_Q) \text{ Unf rep-ltn}_Q$
 $abs\text{-ltn}_Q$

defines $ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.ltn\text{-to-dra}$
and $ltl\text{-to-dra-restricted}_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.ltn\text{-to-dra-restricted}$
and $ltl\text{-to-dra-alphabet}_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.ltn\text{-to-dra-alphabet}$
and $\mathfrak{A}'_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.\mathfrak{A}'$
and $\mathfrak{A}_{1Q} = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.\mathfrak{A}_1$
and $\mathfrak{A}_{2Q} = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.\mathfrak{A}_2$
and $\mathfrak{A}_{3Q} = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.\mathfrak{A}_3$
and $\mathfrak{A}_{\nu}\text{-FG}_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.\mathfrak{A}_{\nu}\text{-FG}$
and $\mathfrak{A}_{\mu}\text{-GF}_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.\mathfrak{A}_{\mu}\text{-GF}$
and $af\text{-letter}_{GQ} = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.af\text{-letter}_G$
and $af\text{-letter}_{FQ} = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.af\text{-letter}_F$
and $af\text{-letter}_G\text{-lifted}_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.af\text{-letter}_G\text{-lifted}$
and $af\text{-letter}_F\text{-lifted}_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.af\text{-letter}_F\text{-lifted}$
and $af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-lifted}_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.af\text{-letter}_\nu\text{-lifted}$
and $\mathfrak{C}_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.\mathfrak{C}$
and $af\text{-letter}_{\nu Q} = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.af\text{-letter}_\nu$
and $ltln\text{-to-draei}_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.ltn\text{-to-draei}$
and $ltlc\text{-to-draei}_Q = ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.ltlc\text{-to-draei}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

thm $ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.ltn\text{-to-dra}\text{-language}$
thm $ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.ltn\text{-to-dra}\text{-size}$
thm $ltl\text{-to-dra}_Q.final\text{-correctness}$

We allow the user to choose one of the two equivalence relations.

datatype $equiv = Prop \mid PropUnfold$

fun $ltlc\text{-to-draei} :: equiv \Rightarrow ('a :: hashable) ltlc \Rightarrow ('a \text{ set}, nat) draei$

```

where
  ltlc-to-draei Prop = ltlc-to-draeiP
| ltlc-to-draei PropUnfold = ltlc-to-draeiQ

end

```

14 Code export to Standard ML

```

theory Code-Export
imports
  LTL-to-DRA/DRA-Instantiation
  LTL.Code-Equations
  HOL-Library.Code-Target-Numeral
begin

```

14.1 Hashing Sets

```

global-interpretation comp-fun-commute plus o cube o hashcode :: ('a ::
hashable)  $\Rightarrow$  hashcode  $\Rightarrow$  hashcode
   $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma [code]:
  hashcode (set xs) = fold (plus o cube o hashcode) (remdups xs) (uint32-of-nat
(length (remdups xs)))
   $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma [code]:
  hashcode (abs-ltlnP  $\varphi$ ) = hashcode (min-dnf  $\varphi$ )
   $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma min-dnf-rep-abs[simp]:
  min-dnf (Unf (rep-ltlnQ (abs-ltlnQ  $\varphi$ ))) = min-dnf (Unf  $\varphi$ )
   $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

```

```

lemma [code]:
  hashcode (abs-ltlnQ  $\varphi$ ) = hashcode (min-dnf (Unf  $\varphi$ ))
   $\langle$ proof $\rangle$ 

```

14.2 LTL to DRA

```

declare ltl-to-draP.af-letterF-lifted-semantics [code]
declare ltl-to-draP.af-letterG-lifted-semantics [code]
declare ltl-to-draP.af-letter $\nu$ -lifted-semantics [code]

```

```

declare ltl-to-draQ.af-letterF-lifted-semantics [code]
declare ltl-to-draQ.af-letterG-lifted-semantics [code]
declare ltl-to-draQ.af-letterν-lifted-semantics [code]

```

```

definition atoms-ltlc-list-literals :: String.literal ltlc ⇒ String.literal list
where
  atoms-ltlc-list-literals = atoms-ltlc-list

```

```

definition ltlc-to-draei-literals :: equiv ⇒ String.literal ltlc ⇒ (String.literal set, nat) draei
where
  ltlc-to-draei-literals = ltlc-to-draei

```

```

definition sort-transitions :: (nat × String.literal set × nat) list ⇒ (nat × String.literal set × nat) list
where
  sort-transitions = sort-key fst

```

```

export-code True-ltlc Iff-ltlc ltlc-to-draei-literals Prop PropUnfold
  alphabetei initiaei transitionei conditionei
  integer-of-nat atoms-ltlc-list-literals sort-transitions set
in SML module-name LTL file-prefix LTL-to-DRA

```

14.3 LTL to NBA

14.4 LTL to LDBA

end

References

- [1] J. Esparza, J. Kretínský, and S. Sickert. One theorem to rule them all: A unified translation of LTL into ω -automata. In A. Dawar and E. Grädel, editors, *Proceedings of the 33rd Annual ACM/IEEE Symposium on Logic in Computer Science, LICS 2018, Oxford, UK, July 09-12, 2018*, pages 384–393. ACM, 2018.