# Euler's Polyhedron Formula 

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#### Abstract

Euler stated in 1752 that every convex polyhedron satisfied the formula $V-E+F=2$ where $V, E$ and $F$ are the numbers of its vertices, edges, and faces. For three dimensions, the well-known proof involves removing one face and then flattening the remainder to form a planar graph, which then is iteratively transformed to leave a single triangle. The history of that proof is extensively discussed and elaborated by Imre Lakatos [1], leaving one finally wondering whether the theorem even holds. The formal proof provided here has been ported from HOL Light, where it is credited to Lawrence [2]. The proof generalises Euler's observation from solid polyhedra to convex polytopes of arbitrary dimension.


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## 1 Euler's Polyhedron Formula

One of the Famous 100 Theorems, ported from HOL Light
Cited source: Lawrence, J. (1997). A Short Proof of Euler's Relation for Convex Polytopes. Canadian Mathematical Bulletin, 40(4), 471-474.
theory Euler-Formula imports HOL-Analysis.Analysis
begin
Interpret which "side" of a hyperplane a point is on.
definition hyperplane-side
where hyperplane-side $\equiv \lambda(a, b) . \lambda x . \operatorname{sgn}(a \cdot x-b)$
Equivalence relation imposed by a hyperplane arrangement.
definition hyperplane-equiv
where hyperplane-equiv $\equiv \lambda A x y . \forall h \in A$. hyperplane-side $h x=$ hyperplane-side $h y$
lemma hyperplane-equiv-refl [iff]: hyperplane-equiv $A x x$
by (simp add: hyperplane-equiv-def)
lemma hyperplane-equiv-sym:
hyperplane-equiv $A x y \longleftrightarrow$ hyperplane-equiv $A$ y $x$
by (auto simp: hyperplane-equiv-def)
lemma hyperplane-equiv-trans:
$\llbracket h y p e r p l a n e-e q u i v ~ A x y$; hyperplane-equiv $A y z \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$ hyperplane-equiv $A x z$
by (auto simp: hyperplane-equiv-def)
lemma hyperplane-equiv-Un:
hyperplane-equiv $(A \cup B) x y \longleftrightarrow$ hyperplane-equiv $A x y \wedge$ hyperplane-equiv $B$ $x y$
by (meson Un-iff hyperplane-equiv-def)

### 1.1 Cells of a hyperplane arrangement

definition hyperplane-cell :: ('a::real-inner $\times$ real) set $\Rightarrow$ 'a set $\Rightarrow$ bool where hyperplane-cell $\equiv \lambda A C . \exists x . C=$ Collect (hyperplane-equiv $A x)$
lemma hyperplane-cell: hyperplane-cell $A C \longleftrightarrow(\exists x . C=\{y$. hyperplane-equiv A $x y\}$ )
by (simp add: hyperplane-cell-def)
lemma not-hyperplane-cell-empty [simp]: $\neg$ hyperplane-cell $A\}$
using hyperplane-cell by auto
lemma nonempty-hyperplane-cell: hyperplane-cell $A C \Longrightarrow(C \neq\{ \})$

```
    by auto
lemma Union-hyperplane-cells: \bigcup {C. hyperplane-cell A C } = UNIV
    using hyperplane-cell by blast
lemma disjoint-hyperplane-cells:
    \llbrackethyperplane-cell A C1; hyperplane-cell A C2; C1 # C2\rrbracket \Longrightarrow disjnt C1 C2
    by (force simp: hyperplane-cell-def disjnt-iff hyperplane-equiv-def)
lemma disjoint-hyperplane-cells-eq:
    \llbrackethyperplane-cell A C1; hyperplane-cell A C2\rrbracket \Longrightarrow (disjnt C1 C2 \longleftrightarrow(C1 f
C2))
    using disjoint-hyperplane-cells by auto
lemma hyperplane-cell-empty [iff]: hyperplane-cell {} C }\longleftrightarrowC=UNI
    by (simp add: hyperplane-cell hyperplane-equiv-def)
lemma hyperplane-cell-singleton-cases:
    assumes hyperplane-cell {(a,b)} C
    shows }C={x.a\cdotx=b}\veeC={x.a\cdotx<b}\veeC={x.a\cdotx>b
proof -
    obtain x where x:C={y. hyperplane-side (a,b) x = hyperplane-side (a,b) y}
        using assms by (auto simp: hyperplane-equiv-def hyperplane-cell)
    then show ?thesis
        by (auto simp: hyperplane-side-def sgn-if split: if-split-asm)
qed
lemma hyperplane-cell-singleton:
    hyperplane-cell {(a,b)} C\longleftrightarrow
        (if }a=0\mathrm{ then C=UNIV else C={x.a 和=b}}\veeC={x.a\cdotx<b}\vee
= {x.a\cdotx>b})
    apply (simp add: hyperplane-cell-def hyperplane-equiv-def hyperplane-side-def
sgn-if split: if-split-asm)
    by (smt (verit) Collect-cong gt-ex hyperplane-eq-Ex lt-ex)
lemma hyperplane-cell-Un:
    hyperplane-cell }(A\cupB)C
        C\not={}^
        (\existsC1 C2. hyperplane-cell A C1 ^ hyperplane-cell B C2 ^ C=C1 \cap C2)
    by (auto simp: hyperplane-cell hyperplane-equiv-def)
lemma finite-hyperplane-cells:
    finite A\Longrightarrow finite {C. hyperplane-cell A C}
proof (induction rule: finite-induct)
    case (insert p A)
    obtain a b where peq: p=(a,b)
    by fastforce
    have Collect (hyperplane-cell {p})\subseteq{{x.a\cdotx=b},{x.a\cdotx<b},{x.a\cdotx>
b}}
```

```
    using hyperplane-cell-singleton-cases
    by (auto simp: peq)
    then have *: finite (Collect (hyperplane-cell {p}))
    by (simp add: finite-subset)
    define \mathcal{C}\mathrm{ where }\mathcal{C}\equiv(\bigcupC1\in{C. hyperplane-cell A C}. \C2 \in{C. hyper-
plane-cell {p} C}.{C1\capC2})
    have {a. hyperplane-cell (insert pA)a}\subseteq\mathcal{C}
        using hyperplane-cell-Un [of {p} A] by (auto simp: \mathcal{C-def)}
    moreover have finite }\mathcal{C
        using *\mathcal{C}\mathrm{ -def insert.IH by blast}
    ultimately show ?case
        using finite-subset by blast
qed auto
lemma finite-restrict-hyperplane-cells:
    finite }A\Longrightarrow\mathrm{ finite {C. hyperplane-cell A C ^PC}
    by (simp add: finite-hyperplane-cells)
lemma finite-set-of-hyperplane-cells:
    \llbracket f i n i t e ~ A ; ~ \ C . ~ C ~ \in \mathcal { C ~ C ~ h y p e r p l a n e - c e l l ~ A ~ C \rrbracket \Longrightarrow ~ f i n i t e ~ \mathcal { C } }
    by (metis finite-hyperplane-cells finite-subset mem-Collect-eq subsetI)
lemma pairwise-disjoint-hyperplane-cells:
```



```
    by (metis disjoint-hyperplane-cells pairwiseI)
lemma hyperplane-cell-Int-open-affine:
    assumes finite A hyperplane-cell A C
    obtains ST where open S affine TC=S\capT
    using assms
proof (induction arbitrary: thesis C rule: finite-induct)
    case empty
    then show ?case
        by auto
next
    case (insert p A thesis C')
    obtain a b where peq: p= (a,b)
        by fastforce
    obtain C C1 where C1: hyperplane-cell {(a,b)} C1 and C: hyperplane-cell A
C
            and }\mp@subsup{C}{}{\prime}\not={}\mathrm{ and }\mp@subsup{C}{}{\prime}:\mp@subsup{C}{}{\prime}=C1\cap
    by (metis hyperplane-cell-Un insert.prems(2) insert-is-Un peq)
    then obtain ST where ST: open S affine T C=S\capT
    by (meson insert.IH)
show ?case
proof (cases a=0)
    case True
    with insert.prems show ?thesis
        by (metis C1 Int-commute ST <C' = C1 \capC` hyperplane-cell-singleton
```

```
inf-top.right-neutral)
    next
    case False
    then consider C1 ={x.a\cdotx=b}|C1={x.a\cdotx<b}|C1={x.b<a
- x}
            by (metis C1 hyperplane-cell-singleton)
    then show ?thesis
    proof cases
            case 1
            then show thesis
            by (metis C'ST affine-Int affine-hyperplane inf-left-commute insert.prems(1))
    next
            case 2
            with ST show thesis
                by (metis Int-assoc C' insert.prems(1) open-Int open-halfspace-lt)
    next
            case 3
            with ST show thesis
                by (metis Int-assoc C' insert.prems(1) open-Int open-halfspace-gt)
    qed
    qed
qed
lemma hyperplane-cell-relatively-open:
    assumes finite A hyperplane-cell A C
    shows openin (subtopology euclidean (affine hull C)) C
proof -
    obtain S T where open S affine T C=S\cap T
        by (meson assms hyperplane-cell-Int-open-affine)
    show ?thesis
    proof (cases S\capT={})
        case True
        then show ?thesis
            by (simp add: <C =S\cap T〉)
    next
        case False
        then have affine hull (S\capT)=T
        by (metis «affine T〉<open S` affine-hull-affine-Int-open hull-same inf-commute)
    then show ?thesis
            using \langleC=S\capT\rangle\langleopen S` openin-subtopology by fastforce
    qed
qed
lemma hyperplane-cell-relative-interior:
    |inite A; hyperplane-cell A C\rrbracket\Longrightarrow rel-interior C=C
    by (simp add: hyperplane-cell-relatively-open rel-interior-openin)
lemma hyperplane-cell-convex:
    assumes hyperplane-cell A C
```

```
    shows convex C
proof -
    obtain c where c:C={y. hyperplane-equiv A c y}
    by (meson assms hyperplane-cell)
    have convex ( }\bigcaph\inA.{y. hyperplane-side h c=hyperplane-side h y}
    proof (rule convex-INT)
    fix h::'a < real
    assume }h\in
    obtain ab where heq:}h=(a,b
            by fastforce
    have [simp]: {y.\nega\cdotc<a 友^a\cdoty=a\cdotc}={y.a\cdoty=a\cdotc}
                {y.\negb<a\cdoty^a\cdoty\not=b}={y.b>a\cdoty}
            by auto
    then show convex {y. hyperplane-side h c= hyperplane-side h y}
            by (fastforce simp: heq hyperplane-side-def sgn-if convex-halfspace-gt con-
vex-halfspace-lt convex-hyperplane cong:conj-cong)
    qed
    with c show ?thesis
        by (simp add: hyperplane-equiv-def INTER-eq)
qed
lemma hyperplane-cell-Inter:
    assumes }\C.C\in\mathcal{C}\Longrightarrow\mathrm{ hyperplane-cell A C
        and}\mathcal{C}\not={}\mathrm{ and INT: }\mathcal{C}\not={
    shows hyperplane-cell }A(\cap\mathcal{C}
proof -
    have }\cap\mathcal{C}={y.\mathrm{ hyperplane-equiv A zy}
            if z\in\bigcap\mathcal{C for z}
            using assms that by (force simp: hyperplane-cell hyperplane-equiv-def)
    with INT hyperplane-cell show ?thesis
            by fastforce
qed
lemma hyperplane-cell-Int:
    \llbrackethyperplane-cell A S; hyperplane-cell A T;S\capT\not={}\rrbracket\Longrightarrow hyperplane-cell A
(S\capT)
    by (metis hyperplane-cell-Un sup.idem)
```


### 1.2 A cell complex is considered to be a union of such cells

```
definition hyperplane-cellcomplex
```

definition hyperplane-cellcomplex
where hyperplane-cellcomplex $A S \equiv$
where hyperplane-cellcomplex $A S \equiv$
$\exists \mathcal{T} .(\forall C \in \mathcal{T}$. hyperplane-cell $A C) \wedge S=\bigcup \mathcal{T}$
$\exists \mathcal{T} .(\forall C \in \mathcal{T}$. hyperplane-cell $A C) \wedge S=\bigcup \mathcal{T}$
lemma hyperplane-cellcomplex-empty [simp]: hyperplane-cellcomplex A \{\}
lemma hyperplane-cellcomplex-empty [simp]: hyperplane-cellcomplex A \{\}
using hyperplane-cellcomplex-def by auto
using hyperplane-cellcomplex-def by auto
lemma hyperplane-cell-cellcomplex:

```
lemma hyperplane-cell-cellcomplex:
```

```
    hyperplane-cell A C\Longrightarrow hyperplane-cellcomplex A C
    by (auto simp: hyperplane-cellcomplex-def)
lemma hyperplane-cellcomplex-Union:
    assumes }\S.S\in\mathcal{C}\Longrightarrow\mathrm{ hyperplane-cellcomplex A S
    shows hyperplane-cellcomplex A(\bigcup\mathcal{C})
proof -
    obtain \mathcal{F}\mathrm{ where }\mathcal{F}:\S.S\in\mathcal{C}\Longrightarrow(\forallC\in\mathcal{F}S. hyperplane-cell A C) ^S=
U(\mathcal{F}S
    by (metis assms hyperplane-cellcomplex-def)
    show ?thesis
        unfolding hyperplane-cellcomplex-def
        using \mathcal{F by (fastforce intro: exI [where }x=\bigcup(\mathcal{F}`\mathcal{C})])
qed
lemma hyperplane-cellcomplex-Un:
    \llbrackethyperplane-cellcomplex A S; hyperplane-cellcomplex A T\rrbracket
        hyperplane-cellcomplex A (S\cupT)
    by (smt (verit) Un-iff Union-Un-distrib hyperplane-cellcomplex-def)
lemma hyperplane-cellcomplex-UNIV [simp]: hyperplane-cellcomplex A UNIV
    by (metis Union-hyperplane-cells hyperplane-cellcomplex-def mem-Collect-eq)
lemma hyperplane-cellcomplex-Inter:
    assumes }\bigwedgeS.S\in\mathcal{C}\Longrightarrow\mathrm{ hyperplane-cellcomplex A S
    shows hyperplane-cellcomplex A (\bigcap\mathcal{C})
proof (cases \mathcal{C }={})
    case True
    then show ?thesis
        by simp
next
    case False
    obtain \mathcal{F}\mathrm{ where }\mathcal{F}:\wedgeS.S\in\mathcal{C}\Longrightarrow(\forallC\in\mathcal{F}S.hyperplane-cell A C)}\wedgeS
U(\mathcal{F}S)
    by (metis assms hyperplane-cellcomplex-def)
    have *:\mathcal{C}=(\lambdaS.\bigcup(\mathcal{F}S))'\mathcal{C}
        using \mathcal{F}}\mathrm{ by force
    define U where U\equiv\bigcup{T\in{\bigcap(g'\mathcal{C})|g.\forallS\in\mathcal{C}.gS\in\mathcal{F}S}.T\not={}}
    have \bigcap\mathcal{C}=\bigcup{\bigcap(g'\mathcal{C})|g.\forallS\in\mathcal{C}.gS\in\mathcal{F}S}
        using False \mathcal{F unfolding Inter-over-Union [symmetric]}
        by blast
    also have ...=U
        unfolding U-def
        by blast
    finally have }\bigcap\mathcal{C}=U
    have hyperplane-cellcomplex A U
        using False \mathcal{F}}\mathrm{ unfolding }U\mathrm{ -def
        apply (intro hyperplane-cellcomplex-Union hyperplane-cell-cellcomplex)
    by (auto intro!: hyperplane-cell-Inter)
```

```
    then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: <\bigcap\mathcal{C}=U\rangle)
qed
lemma hyperplane-cellcomplex-Int:
    \llbrackethyperplane-cellcomplex A S; hyperplane-cellcomplex A T\rrbracket
        hyperplane-cellcomplex A(S\capT)
    using hyperplane-cellcomplex-Inter [of {S,T}] by force
lemma hyperplane-cellcomplex-Compl:
    assumes hyperplane-cellcomplex A S
    shows hyperplane-cellcomplex A (-S)
proof -
    obtain }\mathcal{C}\mathrm{ where }\mathcal{C}:\C.C\in\mathcal{C}\Longrightarrow\mathrm{ hyperplane-cell }AC\mathrm{ and }S=\bigcup\mathcal{C
    by (meson assms hyperplane-cellcomplex-def)
    have hyperplane-cellcomplex A (\bigcapT\in\mathcal{C}.-T)
    proof (intro hyperplane-cellcomplex-Inter)
    fix C0
    assume C0 \inuminus '\mathcal{C}
    then obtain C where C:C0}=-CC\in\mathcal{C
        by auto
    have *: -C=\bigcup{D. hyperplane-cell A D\wedgeD\not=C} (is - = ?rhs)
    proof
        show - C\subseteq?rhs
            using hyperplane-cell by blast
        show ?rhs \subseteq-C
                by clarify (meson <C \in\mathcal{C}>\mathcal{C}\mathrm{ disjnt-iff disjoint-hyperplane-cells)}
    qed
    then show hyperplane-cellcomplex A C0
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) C(1) hyperplane-cell-cellcomplex hyperplane-cellcomplex-Union
mem-Collect-eq)
    qed
    then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: <S = \\mathcal{C}\rangleuminus-Sup)
qed
lemma hyperplane-cellcomplex-diff:
    \llbrackethyperplane-cellcomplex A S; hyperplane-cellcomplex A T\rrbracket
            \Longrightarrow ~ h y p e r p l a n e - c e l l c o m p l e x ~ A ~ ( S ~ - T ) ~
    using hyperplane-cellcomplex-Inter [of {S,-T}]
    by (force simp: Diff-eq hyperplane-cellcomplex-Compl)
lemma hyperplane-cellcomplex-mono:
    assumes hyperplane-cellcomplex A S A\subseteqB
    shows hyperplane-cellcomplex B S
proof -
    obtain \mathcal{C where }\mathcal{C}:\C.C\in\mathcal{C}\Longrightarrow hyperplane-cell A C and eq:S=\bigcup\mathcal{C}
    by (meson assms hyperplane-cellcomplex-def)
    show ?thesis
```

unfolding $e q$
proof (intro hyperplane-cellcomplex-Union)
fix $C$
assume $C \in \mathcal{C}$
have $\wedge x . x \in C \Longrightarrow \exists D^{\prime} .\left(\exists D . D^{\prime}=D \cap C \wedge\right.$ hyperplane-cell $(B-A) D \wedge$
$D \cap C \neq\{ \}) \wedge x \in D^{\prime}$
unfolding hyperplane-cell-def by blast
then
have hyperplane-cellcomplex $(A \cup(B-A)) C$
unfolding hyperplane-cellcomplex-def hyperplane-cell-Un
using $\mathcal{C}\langle C \in \mathcal{C}\rangle$ by (fastforce intro!: exI [where $x=\{D \cap C \mid D$. hyper-
plane-cell $(B-A) D \wedge D \cap C \neq\{ \}\}])$
moreover have $B=A \cup(B-A)$
using $\langle A \subseteq B\rangle$ by auto
ultimately show hyperplane-cellcomplex $B C$ by simp qed
qed
lemma finite-hyperplane-cellcomplexes:
assumes finite $A$
shows finite $\{C$. hyperplane-cellcomplex $A C\}$
proof -
have $\{C$. hyperplane-cellcomplex $A C\} \subseteq$ image $\bigcup\{T . T \subseteq\{C$. hyperplane-cell
A $C\}\}$
by (force simp: hyperplane-cellcomplex-def subset-eq)
with finite-hyperplane-cells show ?thesis
by (metis assms finite-Collect-subsets finite-surj)
qed
lemma finite-restrict-hyperplane-cellcomplexes:
finite $A \Longrightarrow$ finite $\{C$. hyperplane-cellcomplex $A C \wedge P C\}$
by (simp add: finite-hyperplane-cellcomplexes)
lemma finite-set-of-hyperplane-cellcomplex:
assumes finite $A \bigwedge C . C \in \mathcal{C} \Longrightarrow$ hyperplane-cellcomplex $A C$
shows finite $\mathcal{C}$
by (metis assms finite-hyperplane-cellcomplexes mem-Collect-eq rev-finite-subset subsetI)
lemma cell-subset-cellcomplex:
$\llbracket h y p e r p l a n e-c e l l ~ A C$; hyperplane-cellcomplex $A S \rrbracket \Longrightarrow C \subseteq S \longleftrightarrow \sim$ disjnt $C S$ by (smt (verit) Union-iff disjnt-iff disjnt-subset1 disjoint-hyperplane-cells-eq hy-perplane-cellcomplex-def subsetI)

### 1.3 Euler characteristic

definition Euler-characteristic :: ('a::euclidean-space $\times$ real) set $\Rightarrow$ 'a set $\Rightarrow$ int where Euler-characteristic $A S \equiv$
$\left(\sum C \mid\right.$ hyperplane-cell $A C \wedge C \subseteq S .(-1) \wedge$ nat $\left.(\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} C)\right)$

```
lemma Euler-characteristic-empty [simp]: Euler-characteristic A {} = 0
    by (simp add: sum.neutral Euler-characteristic-def)
lemma Euler-characteristic-cell-Union:
    assumes \C.C \in\mathcal{C}\Longrightarrow hyperplane-cell A C
    shows Euler-characteristic A (\bigcup\mathcal{C})=(\sumC\in\mathcal{C}.(-1)^ nat (aff-dim C))
proof -
    have \x.\llbrackethyperplane-cell A x; x\subseteq\bigcup\mathcal{C}\rrbracket\Longrightarrowx\in\mathcal{C}
        by (metis assms disjnt-Union1 disjnt-subset1 disjoint-hyperplane-cells-eq)
    then have {C. hyperplane-cell A C\wedgeC\subseteq\bigcup\mathcal{C}}=\mathcal{C}
        by (auto simp: assms)
    then show ?thesis
        by (auto simp: Euler-characteristic-def)
qed
lemma Euler-characteristic-cell:
    hyperplane-cell A C\Longrightarrow Euler-characteristic A C=(-1)^(nat(aff-dim C))
    using Euler-characteristic-cell-Union [of {C}] by force
lemma Euler-characteristic-cellcomplex-Un:
    assumes finite A hyperplane-cellcomplex A S
    and AT: hyperplane-cellcomplex A T and disjnt S T
    shows Euler-characteristic A (S\cupT) =
            Euler-characteristic A S + Euler-characteristic A T
proof -
    have *: {C. hyperplane-cell A C^C\subseteqS\cupT}=
            {C. hyperplane-cell A C^C\subseteqS}\cup{C. hyperplane-cell A C\wedgeC\subseteqT}
        using cell-subset-cellcomplex [OF - AT] by (auto simp: disjnt-iff)
    have **: {C. hyperplane-cell A C^C\subseteqS}\cap{C. hyperplane-cell A C^C\subseteq
T} = {}
    using assms cell-subset-cellcomplex disjnt-subset1 by fastforce
    show ?thesis
    unfolding Euler-characteristic-def
    by (simp add: finite-restrict-hyperplane-cells assms * ** flip: sum.union-disjoint)
qed
lemma Euler-characteristic-cellcomplex-Union:
    assumes finite A
    and \mathcal{C}:\bigwedgeC.C\in\mathcal{C}\Longrightarrow hyperplane-cellcomplex A C pairwise disjnt }\mathcal{C
    shows Euler-characteristic A (\bigcup\mathcal{C})=sum(Euler-characteristic A)\mathcal{C}
proof -
    have finite }\mathcal{C
    using assms finite-set-of-hyperplane-cellcomplex by blast
    then show ?thesis
        using}\mathcal{C
    proof (induction rule: finite-induct)
    case empty
    then show ?case
```

```
    by auto
    next
    case (insert C \mathcal{C}
    then obtain disjoint }\mathcal{C}\mathrm{ disjnt C ( }\bigcup\mathcal{C}
            by (metis disjnt-Union2 pairwise-insert)
    with insert show ?case
    by (simp add: Euler-characteristic-cellcomplex-Un hyperplane-cellcomplex-Union
<finite A>)
    qed
qed
lemma Euler-characteristic:
    fixes A :: ('n::euclidean-space * real) set
    assumes finite A
    shows Euler-characteristic A S=
        (\sumd=0..DIM('n). (-1) ^d* int (card {C. hyperplane-cell A C ^C\subseteq
S ^aff-dim C= int d}))
        (is - = ?rhs)
proof -
    have }\T.\llbrackethyperplane-cell A T;T\subseteqS\rrbracket\Longrightarrowaff-dim T\in{0..DIM('n)
        by (metis atLeastAtMost-iff nle-le order.strict-iff-not aff-dim-negative-iff
                nonempty-hyperplane-cell aff-dim-le-DIM)
    then have *: aff-dim ' {C. hyperplane-cell A C^C\subseteqS}\subseteq int '{0..DIM('n)}
    by (auto simp: image-int-atLeastAtMost)
    have Euler-characteristic A S = (\sumy\inint'{0..DIM('n)}.
        \sumC\in{x. hyperplane-cell A x ^ x\subseteqS^aff-dim x=y}.(- 1) ^nat y)
            using sum.group [of {C. hyperplane-cell A C^C\subseteqS} int '{0..DIM('n)}
aff-dim \lambdaC. (-1::int) ^nat(aff-dim C), symmetric]
    by (simp add: assms Euler-characteristic-def finite-restrict-hyperplane-cells *)
    also have ... = ?rhs
    by (simp add: sum.reindex mult-of-nat-commute)
    finally show ?thesis .
qed
```


### 1.4 Show that the characteristic is invariant w.r.t. hyperplane arrangement.

lemma hyperplane-cells-distinct-lemma:

$$
\{x . a \cdot x=b\} \cap\{x . a \cdot x<b\}=\{ \} \wedge
$$

$$
\{x . a \cdot x=b\} \cap\{x . a \cdot x>b\}=\{ \} \wedge
$$

$$
\{x . a \cdot x<b\} \cap\{x . a \cdot x=b\}=\{ \} \wedge
$$

$$
\{x . a \cdot x<b\} \cap\{x . a \cdot x>b\}=\{ \} \wedge
$$

$$
\{x . a \cdot x>b\} \cap\{x . a \cdot x=b\}=\{ \} \wedge
$$

$$
\{x . a \cdot x>b\} \cap\{x . a \cdot x<b\}=\{ \}
$$

by auto
proposition Euler-characterstic-lemma:
assumes finite $A$ and hyperplane-cellcomplex $A S$
shows Euler-characteristic (insert h A) S Euler-characteristic A $S$

```
proof -
    obtain }\mathcal{C}\mathrm{ where }\mathcal{C}:\C.C\in\mathcal{C}\Longrightarrow\mathrm{ hyperplane-cell A C and S=\C
                    and pairwise disjnt }\mathcal{C
    by (meson assms hyperplane-cellcomplex-def pairwise-disjoint-hyperplane-cells)
    obtain ab where h=(a,b)
        by fastforce
    have }\C.C\in\mathcal{C}\Longrightarrow\mathrm{ hyperplane-cellcomplex A C ^ hyperplane-cellcomplex
(insert (a,b)A)C
            by (meson \mathcal{C hyperplane-cell-cellcomplex hyperplane-cellcomplex-mono sub-}
set-insertI)
    moreover
```



```
A)\mathcal{C}
    proof (rule sum.cong [OF refl])
        fix C
        assume C\in\mathcal{C}
        have Euler-characteristic (insert (a,b) A) C= (-1) ^nat(aff-dim C)
        proof (cases hyperplane-cell (insert (a,b) A)C)
            case True
            then show ?thesis
                using Euler-characteristic-cell by blast
    next
            case False
            with \mathcal{C}[OF}\langleC\in\mathcal{C}\rangle] have a\not=
                by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) hyperplane-cell-Un hyperplane-cell-empty
hyperplane-cell-singleton insert-is-Un sup-bot-left)
            have convex C
                using <hyperplane-cell A C> hyperplane-cell-convex by blast
            define r where r\equiv(\sumD\in{\mp@subsup{C}{}{\prime}\capC|\mp@subsup{C}{}{\prime}.\mathrm{ .hyperplane-cell {(a,b)} C'^}\wedge\mp@subsup{C}{}{\prime}\cap
C\not={}}. (-1::int) ^ nat (aff-dim D))
    have Euler-characteristic (insert (a,b) A) C
                =(\sumD|(D\not={}^
                    (\existsC1 C2. hyperplane-cell {(a,b)} C1 ^ hyperplane-cell A C2 ^
D=C1\capC2)) ^D\subseteqC.
                        (- 1) ^ nat (aff-dim D))
    unfolding r-def Euler-characteristic-def insert-is-Un [of-A] hyperplane-cell-Un
..
            also have ... = r
            unfolding r-def
            apply (rule sum.cong [OF - refl])
            using <hyperplane-cell A C` disjoint-hyperplane-cells disjnt-iff
            by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Collect-cong Int-iff disjoint-iff subsetD subsetI)
    also have ... = (-1) ^nat(aff-dim C)
    proof -
        have C\not={}
            using <hyperplane-cell A C` by auto
        show ?thesis
        proof (cases C\subseteq{x.a\cdotx<b}\veeC\subseteq{x.a\cdotx>b}\veeC\subseteq{x.a\cdotx=
b})
```

```
case Csub: True
with \(\langle C \neq\{ \}\rangle\) have \(r=\operatorname{sum}\left(\lambda c .(-1)^{\wedge} \operatorname{nat}(\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} c)\right)\{C\}\)
    unfolding \(r\)-def
    apply (intro sum.cong [OF - refl])
    by (auto simp: \(\langle a \neq 0\rangle\) hyperplane-cell-singleton)
also have \(\ldots=(-1)\) へ nat \((\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} C)\)
    by simp
    finally show ?thesis.
next
    case False
    then obtain \(u v\) where \(u v: u \in C \neg a \cdot u<b v \in C \neg a \cdot v>b\)
        by blast
    have CInt-ne: \(C \cap\{x . a \cdot x=b\} \neq\{ \}\)
    proof (cases \(a \cdot u=b \vee a \cdot v=b\) )
        case True
        with uv show ?thesis
        by blast
    next
        case False
        have \(a \cdot v<a \cdot u\)
        using False uv by auto
    define \(w\) where \(w \equiv v+((b-a \cdot v) /(a \cdot u-a \cdot v)) *_{R}(u-v)\)
    have \(* *: v+a *_{R}(u-v)=(1-a) *_{R} v+a *_{R} u\) for \(a\)
        by (simp add: algebra-simps)
    have \(w \in C\)
        unfolding \(w\)-def \(* *\)
    proof (intro convexD-alt)
    qed (use \(\langle a \cdot v<a \cdot u\rangle\langle c o n v e x C\rangle u v\) in auto)
    moreover have \(w \in\{x . a \cdot x=b\}\)
    using \(\langle a \cdot v<a \cdot u\rangle\) by (simp add: w-def inner-add-right inner-diff-right)
    ultimately show ?thesis
        by blast
    qed
    have \(C a b: C \cap\{x . a \cdot x<b\} \neq\{ \} \wedge C \cap\{x . b<a \cdot x\} \neq\{ \}\)
    proof -
        obtain \(u v\) where \(u \in C a \cdot u=b v \in C a \cdot v \neq b u \neq v\)
            using False \(\langle C \cap\{x . a \cdot x=b\} \neq\{ \}>\) by blast
    have openin (subtopology euclidean (affine hull C)) C
            using 〈hyperplane-cell \(A C\) 〉〈finite \(A\rangle\) hyperplane-cell-relatively-open
by blast
    then obtain \(\varepsilon\) where \(0<\varepsilon\)
                and \(\varepsilon: \bigwedge x^{\prime} . \llbracket x^{\prime} \in\) affine hull \(C\); dist \(x^{\prime} u<\varepsilon \rrbracket \Longrightarrow x^{\prime} \in C\)
    by (meson \(\langle u \in C\rangle\) openin-euclidean-subtopology-iff)
    define \(\xi\) where \(\xi \equiv u-(\varepsilon / 2 / \operatorname{norm}(v-u)) *_{R}(v-u)\)
    have \(\xi \in C\)
    proof (rule \(\varepsilon\) )
        show \(\xi \in\) affine hull \(C\)
            by (simp add: \(\xi\)-def \(\langle u \in C\rangle\langle v \in C\rangle\) hull-inc mem-affine-3-minus2)
    qed (use \(\xi\)-def \(\langle 0<\varepsilon\rangle\) in force)
```

```
    consider \(a \cdot v<b \mid a \cdot v>b\)
    using \(\langle a \cdot v \neq b\rangle\) by linarith
    then show ?thesis
    proof cases
    case 1
    moreover have \(\xi \in\{x . b<a \cdot x\}\)
        using \(1\langle 0<\varepsilon\rangle\langle a \cdot u=b\rangle\) divide-less-cancel
        by (fastforce simp: \(\xi\)-def algebra-simps)
        ultimately show ?thesis
            using \(\langle v \in C\rangle\langle\xi \in C\rangle\) by blast
        next
        case 2
        moreover have \(\xi \in\{x . b>a \cdot x\}\)
            using \(2\langle 0<\varepsilon\rangle\langle a \cdot u=b\rangle\) divide-less-cancel
            by (fastforce simp: \(\xi\)-def algebra-simps)
            ultimately show ?thesis
            using \(\langle v \in C\rangle\langle\xi \in C\rangle\) by blast
        qed
    qed
    have \(r=\left(\sum C \in\{\{x . a \cdot x=b\} \cap C,\{x . b<a \cdot x\} \cap C,\{x . a \cdot x<b\}\right.\)
\(\cap C\}\).
                    \((-1) \wedge n a t(\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} C))\)
    unfolding \(r\)-def
    proof (intro sum.cong \([O F-r e f l]\) equalityI)
    show \(\{\{x . a \cdot x=b\} \cap C,\{x . b<a \cdot x\} \cap C,\{x . a \cdot x<b\} \cap C\}\)
        \(\subseteq\left\{C^{\prime} \cap C \mid C^{\prime}\right.\). hyperplane-cell \(\left.\{(a, b)\} C^{\prime} \wedge C^{\prime} \cap C \neq\{ \}\right\}\)
        apply clarsimp
            using Cab Int-commute \(\langle C \cap\{x . a \cdot x=b\} \neq\{ \}\rangle\) hyper-
plane-cell-singleton \(\langle a \neq 0\) 〉
            by metis
            qed (auto simp: \(\langle a \neq 0\rangle\) hyperplane-cell-singleton)
            also have \(\ldots=(-1)^{\wedge} \operatorname{nat}(\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim}(C \cap\{x . a \cdot x=b\}))\)
                        \(+(-1)\) ~nat \((\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim}(C \cap\{x . b<a \cdot x\}))\)
                        \(+(-1){ }^{\wedge} \operatorname{nat}(\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim}(C \cap\{x . a \cdot x<b\}))\)
            using hyperplane-cells-distinct-lemma [of a b] Cab
            by (auto simp: sum.insert-if Int-commute Int-left-commute)
            also have \(\ldots=(-1){ }^{\wedge}\) nat (aff-dim C)
            proof -
            have \(*: \operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim}(C \cap\{x . a \cdot x<b\})=\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} C \wedge \operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim}(C \cap\{x . a\)
- \(x>b\})=\) aff-dim \(C\)
            by (metis Cab open-halfspace-lt open-halfspace-gt aff-dim-affine-hull
                affine-hull-convex-Int-open \([\) OF 〈convex C〉])
            obtain \(S T\) where open \(S\) affine \(T\) and Ceq: \(C=S \cap T\)
            by (meson 〈hyperplane-cell \(A C\) 〉〈finite \(A\) 〉 hyperplane-cell-Int-open-affine)
            have affine hull \(C=\) affine hull \(T\)
            by (metis Ceq \(\langle C \neq\{ \}\rangle\langle a f f i n e ~ T\rangle\langle o p e n ~ S\rangle\) affine-hull-affine-Int-open
inf-commute)
    moreover
    have \(T \cap(\{x . a \cdot x=b\} \cap S) \neq\{ \}\)
```

```
            using Ceq <C\cap {x.a\cdotx=b} \not={}> by blast
            then have affine hull (C\cap{x.a\cdotx=b})=\operatorname{affine hull (T\cap{x.a\cdotx}
= b})
            using affine-hull-affine-Int-open[of T\cap{x.a\cdotx=b} S]
            by (simp add:Ceq Int-ac <affine T〉 <open S〉 affine-Int affine-hyperplane)
            ultimately have aff-dim (affine hull C) = aff-dim(affine hull ( }C\cap{x\mathrm{ .
a}\cdotx=b}))+
            using CInt-ne False Ceq
            by (auto simp: aff-dim-affine-Int-hyperplane <affine T〉)
            moreover have 0\leqaff-dim (C\cap{x.a\cdotx=b})
                by (metis CInt-ne aff-dim-negative-iff linorder-not-le)
            ultimately show ?thesis
                    by (simp add: * nat-add-distrib)
            qed
            finally show ?thesis.
            qed
        qed
        finally show Euler-characteristic (insert (a,b) A) C=(-1) ^nat(aff-dim
C) .
    qed
    then show Euler-characteristic (insert (a,b) A) C = (Euler-characteristic A
C)
    by (simp add: Euler-characteristic-cell \mathcal{C}\langleC\in\mathcal{C}\rangle)
    qed
    ultimately show ?thesis
    by (simp add: Euler-characteristic-cellcomplex-Union <S = \bigcup\mathcal{C}\rangle\langledisjoint \mathcal{C}\rangle
<h = (a,b)> assms(1))
qed
lemma Euler-characterstic-invariant-aux:
    assumes finite B finite A hyperplane-cellcomplex A S
    shows Euler-characteristic (A\cupB)S=Euler-characteristic A S
    using assms
    by (induction rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: Euler-characterstic-lemma hyper-
plane-cellcomplex-mono)
lemma Euler-characterstic-invariant:
    assumes finite A finite B hyperplane-cellcomplex A S hyperplane-cellcomplex B
S
    shows Euler-characteristic A S=Euler-characteristic B S
    by (metis Euler-characterstic-invariant-aux assms sup-commute)
lemma Euler-characteristic-inclusion-exclusion:
    assumes finite A finite S }\K.K\in\mathcal{S \Longrightarrow hyperplane-cellcomplex A K
    shows Euler-characteristic A (\bigcup\mathcal{S})=(\sum\mathcal{T}|\mathcal{T}\subseteq\mathcal{S}\wedge\mathcal{T}\not={}.(- 1)^ (card
T}+1)*\mathrm{ Euler-characteristic A (\}\mathcal{T})
proof -
    interpret Incl-Excl hyperplane-cellcomplex A Euler-characteristic A
```

proof
show Euler－characteristic $A(S \cup T)=$ Euler－characteristic $A S+$ Euler－characteristic
A T
if hyperplane－cellcomplex $A S$ and hyperplane－cellcomplex $A T$ and disjnt $S T$
for $S T$
using that Euler－characteristic－cellcomplex－Un assms（1）by blast
qed（use hyperplane－cellcomplex－Int hyperplane－cellcomplex－Un hyperplane－cellcomplex－diff in auto）
show ？thesis
using restricted assms by blast
qed

## 1．5 Euler－type relation for full－dimensional proper polyhe－ dral cones

lemma Euler－polyhedral－cone：
fixes $S::$＇$n::$ euclidean－space set
assumes polyhedron $S$ conic $S$ and intS：interior $S \neq\{ \}$ and $S \neq U N I V$
shows $\left(\sum d=0 . . D I M(' n) .(-1)^{\wedge} d * \operatorname{int}(\operatorname{card}\{f . f\right.$ face－of $S \wedge \operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f=$ int $d\}))=0 \quad($ is ？lhs $=0)$
proof－
have［simp］：affine hull $S=$ UNIV
by（simp add：affine－hull－nonempty－interior intS）
with 〈polyhedron $S$ 〉
obtain $H$ where finite $H$
and Seq：$S=\bigcap H$
and Hex：$\wedge h . h \in H \Longrightarrow \exists a b . a \neq 0 \wedge h=\{x . a \cdot x \leq b\}$
and Hsub：$\wedge \mathcal{G} . \mathcal{G} \subset H \Longrightarrow S \subset \bigcap \mathcal{G}$
by（fastforce simp：polyhedron－Int－affine－minimal）
have $0 \in S$
using assms（2）conic－contains－0 intS interior－empty by blast
have $*: \exists a . a \neq 0 \wedge h=\{x . a \cdot x \leq 0\}$ if $h \in H$ for $h$
proof－
obtain $a b$ where $a \neq 0$ and $a b: h=\{x . a \cdot x \leq b\}$
using Hex $[O F\langle h \in H\rangle]$ by blast
have $0 \in \bigcap H$
using $S e q<0 \in S 〉$ by force
then have $0 \in h$
using that by blast
consider $b=0|b<0| b>0$
by linarith
then
show ？thesis
proof cases
case 1
then show ？thesis using $\langle a \neq 0\rangle a b$ by blast
next
case 2
then show ?thesis
using $\langle 0 \in h\rangle a b$ by auto
next
case 3
have $S \subset \bigcap(H-\{h\})$
using Hsub [of $H-\{h\}$ ] that by auto
then obtain $x$ where $x: x \in \bigcap(H-\{h\})$ and $x \notin S$
by auto
define $\varepsilon$ where $\varepsilon \equiv \min (1 / 2)(b /(a \cdot x))$
have $b<a \cdot x$
using $\langle x \notin S\rangle a b x$ by (fastforce simp: $\langle S=\bigcap H\rangle$ )
with 3 have $0<a \cdot x$
by auto
with 3 have $0<\varepsilon$
by ( $\operatorname{simp}$ add: $\varepsilon$-def)
have $\varepsilon<1$
using $\varepsilon$-def by linarith
have $\varepsilon *(a \cdot x) \leq b$
unfolding $\varepsilon$-def using $\langle 0<a \cdot x\rangle$ pos-le-divide-eq by fastforce
have $x=$ inverse $\varepsilon *_{R} \varepsilon *_{R} x$
using $\langle 0<\varepsilon\rangle$ by force
moreover
have $\varepsilon *_{R} x \in S$
proof -
have $\varepsilon *_{R} x \in h$
by $(\operatorname{simp} a d d:\langle\varepsilon *(a \cdot x) \leq b\rangle a b)$
moreover have $\varepsilon *_{R} x \in \bigcap(H-\{h\})$
proof -
have $\varepsilon *_{R} x \in k$ if $x \in k k \in H k \neq h$ for $k$
proof -
obtain $a^{\prime} b^{\prime}$ where $a^{\prime} \neq 0 k=\left\{x . a^{\prime} \cdot x \leq b^{\prime}\right\}$
using Hex $\langle k \in H\rangle$ by blast
have $\left(0 \leq a^{\prime} \cdot x \Longrightarrow a^{\prime} \cdot \varepsilon *_{R} x \leq a^{\prime} \cdot x\right)$
by (metis $\langle\varepsilon<1\rangle$ inner-scale $R$-right order-less-le pth-1 real-scale $R$-def
scaleR-right-mono)
moreover have $\left(0 \leq-\left(a^{\prime} \cdot x\right) \Longrightarrow 0 \leq-\left(a^{\prime} \cdot \varepsilon *_{R} x\right)\right)$
using $\langle 0<\varepsilon\rangle$ mult-le-0-iff order-less-imp-le by auto
ultimately
have $a^{\prime} \cdot x \leq b^{\prime} \Longrightarrow a^{\prime} \cdot \varepsilon *_{R} x \leq b^{\prime}$
by (smt (verit) Inter $D\langle 0 \in \bigcap H\rangle\left\langle k=\left\{x . a^{\prime} \cdot x \leq b^{\prime}\right\}\right\rangle$ inner-zero-right
mem-Collect-eq that(2))
then show ?thesis
using $\left\langle k=\left\{x . a^{\prime} \cdot x \leq b^{\prime}\right\}\right\rangle\langle x \in k\rangle$ by fastforce
qed
with $x$ show ?thesis
by blast
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
using Seq by blast

## qed

with 〈conic $S$ 〉 have inverse $\varepsilon *_{R} \varepsilon *_{R} x \in S$
by（meson $\langle 0<\varepsilon\rangle$ conic－def inverse－nonnegative－iff－nonnegative order－less－le）
ultimately show ？thesis
using $\langle x \notin S\rangle$ by presburger
qed
qed
then obtain $f a$ where $f a: \wedge h . h \in H \Longrightarrow f a h \neq 0 \wedge h=\{x . f a h \cdot x \leq 0\}$
by metis
define fa－le－0 where fa－le－0 $\equiv \lambda h .\{x . f a h \cdot x \leq 0\}$
have $f a^{\prime}: \wedge h . h \in H \Longrightarrow f a-l e-0 h=h$
using fa fa－le－0－def by blast
define $A$ where $A \equiv(\lambda h$ ．（fa h， $0::$ real $)$ ）＇$H$
have finite $A$
using 〈finite $H$ 〉 by（simp add：A－def）
then have ？lhs $=$ Euler－characteristic A $S$
proof－
have［simp］：card $\{f$ ．f face－of $S \wedge$ aff－ $\operatorname{dim} f=$ int $d\}=$ card $\{C$ ．hyperplane－cell
$A C \wedge C \subseteq S \wedge$ aff－dim $C=$ int $d\}$
if finite $A$ and $d \leq$ card（Basis：：＇n set）
for $d$ ：：nat
proof（rule bij－betw－same－card）
have hyper1：hyperplane－cell $A$（rel－interior $f) \wedge$ rel－interior $f \subseteq S$
$\wedge \operatorname{aff}$－dim $($ rel－interior $f)=d \wedge$ closure $($ rel－interior $f)=f$
if $f$ face－of $S$ aff－dim $f=d$ for $f$
proof－
have 1：closure（rel－interior $f)=f$
proof－
have closure（rel－interior $f)=$ closure $f$
by（meson convex－closure－rel－interior face－of－imp－convex that（1））
also have $\ldots=f$
by（meson assms（1）closure－closed face－of－polyhedron－polyhedron polyhe－
dron－imp－closed that（1））
finally show ？thesis．
qed
then have 2：aff－dim（rel－interior $f)=d$
by（metis closure－aff－dim that（2））
have $f \neq\{ \}$
using aff－dim－negative－iff［of f］by（simp add：that（2））
obtain $J 0$ where $J 0 \subseteq H$ and $J 0: f=\bigcap\left(f a-l e-0{ }^{‘} H\right) \cap(\bigcap h \in J 0 .\{x$ ．
$f a h \cdot x=0\}$ ）
proof（cases $f=S$ ）
case True
have $S=\bigcap(f a-l e-0$＇$H)$
using $S e q$ fa by（auto simp：fa－le－O－def）
then show ？thesis
using True that by blast
next
case False
have fexp: $f=\bigcap\{S \cap\{x . f a h \cdot x=0\} \mid h . h \in H \wedge f \subseteq S \cap\{x . f a h \cdot$ $x=0\}\}$
proof (rule face-of-polyhedron-explicit)
show $S=$ affine hull $S \cap \bigcap H$
by (simp add: Seq hull-subset inf.absorb2)
qed (auto simp: False $\langle f \neq\{ \}\rangle\langle f$ face-of $S\rangle\langle$ finite $H\rangle$ Hsub fa)
show ?thesis
proof
have $*: \bigwedge x h . \llbracket x \in f ; h \in H \rrbracket \Longrightarrow f a h \cdot x \leq 0$
using Seq fa face-of-imp-subset $\langle f$ face-of $S\rangle$ by fastforce
show $f=\bigcap(f a-l e-0 ' H) \cap(\bigcap h \in\{h \in H . f \subseteq S \cap\{x . f a h \cdot x=$ $0\}\} \cdot\{x . f a h \cdot x=0\}$ )

$$
\text { (is } f=? I)
$$

proof
show $f \subseteq$ ? I
using $\langle f$ face-of $S\rangle$ fa face-of-imp-subset by (force simp: * fa-le-O-def)
show ?I $\subseteq f$
apply (subst (2) fexp)
apply (clarsimp simp: * fa-le-0-def)
by (metis Inter-iff Seq fa mem-Collect-eq)
qed
qed blast
qed
define $H^{\prime}$ where $H^{\prime}=(\lambda h .\{x .-(f a h) \cdot x \leq 0\})$ ' $H$
have $\exists J$. finite $J \wedge J \subseteq H \cup H^{\prime} \wedge f=$ affine hull $f \cap \bigcap J$
proof (intro exI conjI)
let ? $J=H \cup$ image $(\lambda h .\{x .-(f a h) \cdot x \leq 0\}) J 0$
show finite (?J::'n set set)
using $\langle J 0 \subseteq H\rangle\langle$ finite $H$ 〉 finite-subset by fastforce
show ? $J \subseteq H \cup H^{\prime}$
using $\langle J 0 \subseteq H\rangle$ by (auto simp: $H^{\prime}$-def)
have $f=\bigcap$ ? J
proof
show $f \subseteq \bigcap$ ? J
unfolding $J 0$ by (auto simp: fa')
have $\bigwedge x j . \llbracket j \in J 0 ; \forall h \in H . x \in h ; \forall j \in J 0.0 \leq f a j \cdot x \rrbracket \Longrightarrow f a j \cdot x=0$ by (metis $\langle J 0 \subseteq H\rangle$ fa in-mono inf.absorb2 inf.orderE mem-Collect-eq) then show $\bigcap$ ? $J \subseteq f$
unfolding $J 0$ by (auto simp: $f a^{\prime}$ )
qed
then show $f=$ affine hull $f \cap \bigcap$ ? J
by (simp add: Int-absorb1 hull-subset)
qed
then have $* *: \exists n J$. finite $J \wedge$ card $J=n \wedge J \subseteq H \cup H^{\prime} \wedge f=$ affine hull $f \cap \bigcap J$
by blast
obtain $J n J$ where $J$ : finite $J$ card $J=n J J \subseteq H \cup H^{\prime}$ and feq: $f=$ affine hull $f \cap \bigcap J$
and $\min J: \bigwedge m J^{\prime} . \llbracket$ finite $J^{\prime} ; m<n J ;$ card $J^{\prime}=m ; J^{\prime} \subseteq H \cup H^{\dagger} \rrbracket \Longrightarrow f$

```
F affine hull f \cap\bigcap }\mp@subsup{J}{}{\prime
        using exists-least-iff [THEN iffD1,OF **] by metis
        have FF:f\subset(affine hull }f\cap\bigcap\mp@subsup{J}{}{\prime})\mathrm{ if }\mp@subsup{J}{}{\prime}\subsetJ\mathrm{ for }\mp@subsup{J}{}{\prime
        proof -
        have f}\not=\mathrm{ affine hull }f\cap\bigcap\mp@subsup{J}{}{\prime
            using minJ
                by (metis J finite-subset psubset-card-mono psubset-imp-subset psub-
set-subset-trans that)
        then show ?thesis
            by (metis Int-subset-iff Inter-Un-distrib feq hull-subset inf-sup-ord(2)
psubsetI sup.absorb4 that)
    qed
    have }\existsa.{x.a\cdotx\leq0}=h\wedge(h\inH\wedgea=fah\vee(\exists\mp@subsup{h}{}{\prime}.\mp@subsup{h}{}{\prime}\inH\wedgea
-(fa h}\mp@subsup{h}{}{\prime}))
            if h\inJ for h
    proof -
        have }h\inH\cup\mp@subsup{H}{}{\prime
                using <J\subseteqH\cupH'> that by blast
        then show ?thesis
        proof
            show ?thesis if h\inH
            using that fa by blast
        next
            assume h\in H'
            then obtain }\mp@subsup{h}{}{\prime}\mathrm{ where }\mp@subsup{h}{}{\prime}\inHh={x.0\leqfa h' \cdot x
            by (auto simp: H'-def)
                then show ?thesis
                    by (force simp: intro!: exI[where x=- (fa h}\mp@subsup{h}{}{\prime})]
        qed
    qed
    then obtain ga
        where ga-h: \bigwedgeh. h\inJ\Longrightarrowh={x.ga h • x \leq 0 }
            and ga-fa: \bigwedgeh. h\inJ\Longrightarrowh\inH\wedgegah=fah\vee(\exists\mp@subsup{h}{}{\prime}.\mp@subsup{h}{}{\prime}\inH\wedgegah
= -(fa h}\mp@subsup{h}{}{\prime}
        by metis
    have 3: hyperplane-cell A (rel-interior f)
    proof -
        have D: rel-interior f = {x\inf.\forallh\inJ.ga h . x<0}
        proof (rule rel-interior-polyhedron-explicit [OF〈finite J〉 feq])
            show ga h\not=0^h={x.ga h \cdotx\leq0} if h\inJ for h
            using that fa ga-fa ga-h by force
        qed (auto simp: FF)
        have H:h\inH\wedge ga h=fah if h\inJ for h
        proof -
            obtain z where z:z\in rel-interior f
            using 1〈f}\not={}\rangle\mathrm{ by force
        then have z\inf\wedgez\inS
            using D<f face-of S〉 face-of-imp-subset by blast
        then show ?thesis
```

```
        using ga-fa [OF that]
    by (smt (verit, del-insts) D InterE Seq fa inner-minus-left mem-Collect-eq
that z)
    qed
    then obtain K where K\subseteqH
            and K:f=\bigcap (fa-le-0'H)\cap(\bigcaph\inK.{x.fa h •x=0})
            using J0 <JO \subseteqH〉 by blast
                            have E: rel-interior f ={x. (\forallh\inH.fah\cdotx\leq0)\wedge(\forallh\inK.fah\cdotx
=0)}\wedge(\forallh\inJ.gah\cdotx<0)
            unfolding D by (simp add: K fa-le-0-def)
    have relif: rel-interior f}\not={
            using 1<f \not={}` by force
    with E have disjnt J K
        using H disjnt-iff by fastforce
    define IFJK where IFJK \equiv\lambdah. if h}\inJ\mathrm{ then {x.fah•x<0}
            else if h\inK then {x. fa h•x=0}
            else if rel-interior f\subseteq{x.fa h•x=0}
            then {x.fah . x=0}
            else {x.fah | x < 0}
    have relint-f: rel-interior f}=\bigcap(IFJK'H
    proof
        have A: False
            if x:x\in rel-interior f and y:y\in rel-interior f and less0: fa h •y<0
                and fa0: fa h • x=0 and h\inHh\not\inJh\not\inK for xhy
    proof -
        obtain \varepsilon where x\inf \varepsilon>0
            and \varepsilon: \t.\llbracketdist x t\leq\varepsilon; t\in affine hull f\rrbracket\Longrightarrowt\inf
            using }x\mathrm{ by (force simp: mem-rel-interior-cball)
            then have }y\not=
            using fa0 less0 by force
        define }\mp@subsup{x}{}{\prime}\mathrm{ where }\mp@subsup{x}{}{\prime}\equivx+(\varepsilon/\operatorname{norm}(y-x))*R(x-y
        have }x\in\mathrm{ affine hull }f\wedgey\in\mathrm{ affine hull }
                by (metis }\langlex\inf\rangle\mathrm{ hull-inc mem-rel-interior-cball y)
            moreover have dist x x'}\leq
                using }\langle0<\varepsilon\rangle\langley\not=x\rangle\mathrm{ by (simp add: x'-def divide-simps dist-norm
norm-minus-commute)
            ultimately have }\mp@subsup{x}{}{\prime}\in
                by (simp add: \varepsilon mem-affine-3-minus x'-def)
            have }\mp@subsup{x}{}{\prime}\in
            using <f face-of S\rangle\langle\mp@subsup{x}{}{\prime}\inf\rangle face-of-imp-subset by auto
            then have }\mp@subsup{x}{}{\prime}\in
            using Seq that(5) by blast
            then have }\mp@subsup{x}{}{\prime}\in{x.fah\cdotx\leq0
            using fa that(5) by blast
            moreover have \varepsilon/ norm (y-x)*-(fah | y)>0
            using <0 < <>\langley\not=x\rangle less0 by (simp add: field-split-simps)
            ultimately show ?thesis
            by (simp add: x'-def fa0 inner-diff-right inner-right-distrib)
    qed
```

```
            show rel-interior f}\subseteq\bigcap(IFJK'H
                            unfolding IFJK-def by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) A E H INT-I in-mono
mem-Collect-eq subsetI)
    show \bigcap(IFJK'H)\subseteqrel-interior f
                            using <K\subseteqH\rangle\langledisjnt J K>
                            apply (clarsimp simp add: ball-Un E H disjnt-iff IFJK-def)
        apply (smt (verit, del-insts) IntI Int-Collect subsetD)
        done
    qed
    obtain z}\mathrm{ where zrelf:z f rel-interior f
        using relif by blast
    moreover
    have H:z\inIFJK h\Longrightarrow(x\inIFJK h)=(hyperplane-side (fa h,0)z=
hyperplane-side (fa h, 0) x) for hx
            using zrelf by (auto simp: IFJK-def hyperplane-side-def sgn-if split:
if-split-asm)
    then have z \\bigcap(IFJK'H)\Longrightarrow(x\in\bigcap(IFJK'H))=hyperplane-equiv
Azx for x
                    unfolding A-def Inter-iff hyperplane-equiv-def ball-simps using H by
blast
            then have }x\in\mathrm{ rel-interior f}\longleftrightarrow\mathrm{ hyperplane-equiv Azx for x
                using relint-f zrelf by presburger
            ultimately show ?thesis
                by (metis equalityI hyperplane-cell mem-Collect-eq subset-iff)
            qed
            have 4: rel-interior f}\subseteq
            by (meson face-of-imp-subset order-trans rel-interior-subset that(1))
            show ?thesis
            using 12 34 by blast
    qed
    have hyper2: (closure c face-of S ^ aff-dim (closure c) =d) ^ rel-interior
(closure c) =c
    if c: hyperplane-cell A c and c\subseteqS aff-dim c = d for c
    proof (intro conjI)
        obtain J where J\subseteqH and J:c=(\bigcaph\inJ.{x.(fah)\cdotx<0})\cap(\bigcaph
\epsilon(H-J).{x.(fah)\cdotx=0})
    proof -
```



```
                using c by (force simp: hyperplane-cell A-def hyperplane-equiv-def
hyperplane-side-def)
    show thesis
    proof
        let ?J = {h\inH.\operatorname{sgn}(fah\cdotz)=-1}
        have 1: fa h • x<0
            if }\forallh\inH.\operatorname{sgn}(fah\cdotx)=\operatorname{sgn}(fah\cdotz)\mathrm{ and }h\inH\mathrm{ and sgn (fah .
z)=-1 for xh
            using that by (metis sgn-1-neg)
        have 2: sgn (fah\cdotz)=-1
            if \forallh\inH.\operatorname{sgn}(fah\cdotx)=\operatorname{sgn}(fah\cdotz) and h\inH and fah\cdotx\not=0
```

```
for }x
    proof -
        have \llbracket0<fah \cdotx; 0< fa h\cdotz\rrbracket\Longrightarrow False
                            using that fa by (smt (verit, del-insts) Inter-iff Seq<c\subseteqS`
mem-Collect-eq subset-iff z)
            then show ?thesis
                by (metis that sgn-if sgn-zero-iff)
            qed
            have 3: sgn (fah \cdot x)=sgn (fah | z)
                if h\inH and \forallh. h\inH^\operatorname{sgn}(fah\cdotz)=-1\longrightarrowfah\cdotx<0
                and \forallh\inH-{h\inH.sgn (fah\cdotz)=-1}.fah h x = 0
                for x }
                using that 2 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Diff-iff mem-Collect-eq
sgn-neg)
            show c=(\bigcaph\in?J. {x.fah \cdotx<0}) \cap(\bigcaph\inH - ?J. {x. fa h •x=
0})
            unfolding z by (auto intro:12 3)
        qed auto
            qed
            have finite J
                using <J\subseteqH\rangle\langlefinite H> finite-subset by blast
            show closure c face-of S
            proof -
            have cc: closure c = closure (\bigcaph\inJ. {x.fah•x<0}) \cap closure (\bigcaph\inH
- J. {x. fa h • x = 0})
            unfolding J
            proof (rule closure-Int-convex)
            show convex (\bigcaph\inJ. {x.fa h • x<0})
                by (simp add: convex-INT convex-halfspace-lt)
            show convex ( }\bigcaph\inH-J.{x.fah\cdotx=0}
                by (simp add: convex-INT convex-hyperplane)
            have o1: open (\bigcaph\inJ. {x.fa h | x < 0})
                by (metis open-INT[OF<finite J〉] open-halfspace-lt)
                    have o2: openin (top-of-set (affine hull ( }\caph\inH-J.{x.fah 和
0})))}(\bigcaph\inH-J.{x.fah\cdotx=0}
            proof -
            have affine (\bigcaph\inH - J. {n. fa h • n=0})
                using affine-hyperplane by auto
                    then show ?thesis
                    by (metis (no-types) affine-hull-eq openin-subtopology-self)
            qed
            show rel-interior (\bigcaph\inJ. {x.fah •x<0}) \cap rel-interior }(\bigcaph\inH
J. {x. fa h •x=0})\not={}
    by (metis nonempty-hyperplane-cell c rel-interior-open o1 rel-interior-openin
o2 J)
    qed
    have clo-im-J: closure'((\lambdah. {x.fah •x<0})'J) = (\lambdah. {x.fah | x
s 0})'J
    using <J\subseteqH\rangle by (force simp: image-comp fa)
```

```
    have cleq: closure (\bigcaph\inH-J. {x.fah . x=0}) = (\bigcaph\inH - J. {x.fa
h. x=0})
    by (intro closure-closed) (blast intro: closed-hyperplane)
    have **:(\bigcaph\inJ.{x.fah | x \leq 0 }) \cap (\bigcaph\inH-J.{x.fah | x = 0})
face-of S
    if (\bigcaph\inJ. {x.fah 和<0}) f={}
    proof (cases }J=H\mathrm{ )
        case True
        have [simp]:(\bigcapx\inH.{xa.fa x • xa \leq 0}) =\bigcapH
            using fa by auto
        show ?thesis
            using <polyhedron S` by (simp add: Seq True polyhedron-imp-convex
face-of-refl)
    next
        case False
        have **:(\bigcaph\inJ. {n.fa h \cdot n\leq0}) \cap(\bigcaph\inH - J. {x.fah • x=0})
=
        proof
        show ?L\subseteq?R
            by clarsimp (smt (verit) DiffI InterI Seq fa mem-Collect-eq)
        show ?R \subseteq?L
            using False Seq <J\subseteqH〉fa by blast
    qed
    show ?thesis
        unfolding **
    proof (rule face-of-Inter)
        show (\lambdah. S\cap{x.fa h • x=0})'(H-J) = {}
            using False <J\subseteqH> by blast
        show T face-of S
            if T:T\in(\lambdah.S\cap{x.fah\cdotx=0})'(H-J) for T
        proof -
            obtain h where h:T=S\cap{x.fah\cdotx=0} and h\inHh\not\inJ
                using T by auto
            have S\cap{x.fah•x=0} face-of S
            proof (rule face-of-Int-supporting-hyperplane-le)
                        show convex S
                        by (simp add: assms(1) polyhedron-imp-convex)
                    show fah h x \leq 0 if x\inS for x
                    using that Seq fa< }h\inH\rangle\mathrm{ by auto
            qed
            then show ?thesis
                using h by blast
        qed
    qed
    qed
    have *: \bigwedgeS. S \in (\lambdah. {x.fa h \cdot x<0})' J\Longrightarrow convex S ^ open S
        using convex-halfspace-lt open-halfspace-lt by fastforce
    show ?thesis
```

```
            unfolding }c
            apply (simp add:* closure-Inter-convex-open)
            by (metis ** cleq clo-im-J image-image)
        qed
        show aff-dim (closure c) = int d
            by (simp add: that)
            show rel-interior (closure c)=c
            by (metis〈finite A〉c convex-rel-interior-closure hyperplane-cell-convex
hyperplane-cell-relative-interior)
    qed
    have rel-interior ' {f.f face-of S ^ aff-dim f=int d}
            ={C. hyperplane-cell A C^C\subseteqS\wedge aff-dim C= int d}
            using hyper1 hyper2 by fastforce
            then show bij-betw (rel-interior) {f.f face-of S ^aff-dim f=int d}{C.
hyperplane-cell A C^C\subseteqS ^aff-dim C=int d}
    unfolding bij-betw-def inj-on-def by (metis (mono-tags) hyper1 mem-Collect-eq)
    qed
    show ?thesis
        by (simp add: Euler-characteristic <finite A>)
    qed
    also have ... = 0
    proof -
    have A: hyperplane-cellcomplex A (-h) if h\inH for h
    proof (rule hyperplane-cellcomplex-mono [OF hyperplane-cell-cellcomplex])
        have -h={x.fah•x=0}\vee - h={x.fah•x<0}\vee - h={x.0<
fa h • x}
            by (smt (verit, ccfv-SIG) Collect-cong Collect-neg-eq fa that)
        then show hyperplane-cell {(fa h,0)} (-h)
            by (simp add: hyperplane-cell-singleton fa that)
        show {(fa h,0)}\subseteqA
            by (simp add: A-def that)
    qed
    then have \}\.h\inH\Longrightarrow\mathrm{ hyperplane-cellcomplex A h
        using hyperplane-cellcomplex-Compl by fastforce
    then have hyperplane-cellcomplex A S
        by (simp add: Seq hyperplane-cellcomplex-Inter)
    then have D: Euler-characteristic A (UNIV ::'n set) =
                    Euler-characteristic A (\bigcapH) + Euler-characteristic A (- \bigcapH)
        using Euler-characteristic-cellcomplex-Un
        by (metis Compl-partition Diff-cancel Diff-eq Seq〈finite A〉 disjnt-def hyper-
plane-cellcomplex-Compl)
    have Euler-characteristic A UNIV = Euler-characteristic {} (UNIV::'n set)
    by (simp add: Euler-characterstic-invariant <finite A〉)
    then have E: Euler-characteristic A UNIV = (-1)^ (DIM('n))
        by (simp add: Euler-characteristic-cell)
    have DD: Euler-characteristic A (\bigcap(uminus` J)) = (- 1) ^ DIM ('n)
        if J\not={} J\subseteqH for }
    proof -
```

define $B$ where $B \equiv(\lambda h$ ．$($ fa $h, 0::$ real $))$＇$J$
then have $B \subseteq A$
by（simp add：A－def image－mono that）
have $\exists x . y=-x$ if $y \in \bigcap$（uminus＇$H$ ）for $y:: ' n$ — Weirdly，the assumption is not used
by（metis add．inverse－inverse）
moreover have $-x \in \bigcap$（uminus＇$H) \longleftrightarrow x \in$ interior $S$ for $x$
proof－
have 1：interior $S=\{x \in S . \forall h \in H . f a h \cdot x<0\}$
using rel－interior－polyhedron－explicit［OF 〈finite H〉－fa］
by（metis（no－types，lifting）inf－top－left Hsub Seq 〈affine hull $S=$ UNIV〉
rel－interior－interior）
have 2：$\bigwedge x y . \llbracket y \in H ; \forall h \in H . f a h \cdot x<0 ;-x \in y \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$ False
by（smt（verit，best）fa inner－minus－right mem－Collect－eq）
show ？thesis
apply（simp add：1）
by（smt（verit） $2 *$ fa Inter－iff Seq inner－minus－right mem－Collect－eq）

## qed

ultimately have INT－Compl－H：$\bigcap(u m i n u s ' H)=$ uminus＇interior $S$ by blast
obtain $z$ where $z: z \in \bigcap$（uminus＇$J$ ）
using $\langle J \subseteq H\rangle\langle\bigcap(u m i n u s ~ ' ~ H)=$ uminus＇interior $S$ 〉intS by fastforce
have $\bigcap$（uminus＇$J$ ）$=$ Collect（hyperplane－equiv $B z$ ）（is ？$L=? R$ ）
proof
show ？$L \subseteq ? R$
using $f a\langle J \subseteq H\rangle z$
by（fastforce simp：hyperplane－equiv－def hyperplane－side－def B－def set－eq－iff
）
show ？$R \subseteq$ ？$L$
using $z\langle J \subseteq H\rangle$ apply（clarsimp simp add：hyperplane－equiv－def hyper－ plane－side－def B－def）
by（metis fa in－mono mem－Collect－eq sgn－le－0－iff）
qed
then have hyper－B：hyperplane－cell $B(\bigcap$（uminus＇$J))$
by（metis hyperplane－cell）
have Euler－characteristic $A(\bigcap($ uminus＇$J))=$ Euler－characteristic $B(\bigcap$ （uminus＇$J$ ））
proof（rule Euler－characterstic－invariant［OF〈finite A〉］）
show finite $B$
using $\langle B \subseteq A\rangle\langle$ finite $A\rangle$ finite－subset by blast
show hyperplane－cellcomplex $A(\bigcap$（uminus＇$J)$ ）
by（meson $\langle B \subseteq A\rangle$ hyper－B hyperplane－cell－cellcomplex hyperplane－cellcomplex－mono）
show hyperplane－cellcomplex $B(\bigcap$（uminus＇$J))$
by（simp add：hyper－$B$ hyperplane－cell－cellcomplex）
qed
also have $\ldots=(-1)^{\wedge}$ nat $\left(\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim}\left(\bigcap\left(u m i n u s{ }^{\prime} J\right)\right)\right)$
using Euler－characteristic－cell hyper－B by blast
also have $\ldots=(-1)^{\wedge} \operatorname{DIM}\left({ }^{\prime} n\right)$
proof－
have affine hull $\bigcap$（uminus＇$H$ ）$=$ UNIV
by（simp add：INT－Compl－H affine－hull－nonempty－interior intS inte－ rior－negations）
then have affine hull $\bigcap$（uminus＇$J$ ）$=$ UNIV
by（metis Inf－superset－mono hull－mono subset－UNIV subset－antisym sub－ set－image－iff that（2））
with aff－dim－eq－full show ？thesis
by（metis nat－int）
qed
finally show？？thesis ．
qed
have $E E:\left(\sum \mathcal{T} \mid \mathcal{T} \subseteq\right.$ uminus ${ }^{\prime} H \wedge \mathcal{T} \neq\{ \} .(-1) \wedge(\operatorname{card} \mathcal{T}+1) * E u$－ ler－characteristic $A(\bigcap \mathcal{T}))$
$=\left(\sum \mathcal{T} \mid \mathcal{T} \subseteq\right.$ uminus ${ }^{\prime} H \wedge \mathcal{T} \neq\{ \} .(-1)^{\wedge}($ card $\mathcal{T}+1) *(-1)^{\wedge}$ DIM（＇$n$ ））
by（intro sum．cong［OF refl］）（fastforce simp：subset－image－iff intro！：DD）
also have $\ldots=(-1)^{\wedge} \operatorname{DIM}(' n)$
proof－
have $A:\left(\sum y=1\right.$ ．．card $H . \sum t \in\left\{x \in\left\{\mathcal{T} . \mathcal{T} \subseteq\right.\right.$ uminus $\left.{ }^{\prime} H \wedge \mathcal{T} \neq\{ \}\right\}$ ．card $x=y\} .(-1) \wedge(\operatorname{card} t+1))$
$=\left(\sum \mathcal{T} \in\left\{\mathcal{T} . \mathcal{T} \subseteq\right.\right.$ uminus $\left.\left.{ }^{\prime} H \wedge \mathcal{T} \neq\{ \}\right\} .(-1)^{\wedge}(\operatorname{card} \mathcal{T}+1)\right)$
proof（rule sum．group）
have $\wedge C . \llbracket C \subseteq$ uminus＇$H ; C \neq\{ \} \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$ Suc $0 \leq \operatorname{card} C \wedge \operatorname{card} C \leq$ card $H$
by（meson〈finite $H$ 〉card－eq－0－iff finite－surj le－zero－eq not－less－eq－eq surj－card－le）
then show card＇$\{\mathcal{T} . \mathcal{T} \subseteq$ uminus＇$H \wedge \mathcal{T} \neq\{ \}\} \subseteq\{1$ ．．card $H\}$
by force
qed（auto simp：〈finite $H$ 〉）
have $\left(\sum n=\right.$ Suc 0．．card H．$-($ int（card $\{x . x \subseteq$ uminus＇$H \wedge x \neq\{ \} \wedge$ card $\left.\left.x=n\}) *(-1)^{\wedge} n\right)\right)$

$$
=\left(\sum n=\text { Suc 0..card H. }(-1)^{\wedge}(\text { Suc } n) *(\text { card H choose } n)\right)
$$

proof（rule sum．cong［OF refl］）
fix $n$
assume $n \in\{$ Suc 0．．card H\}
then have $\{\mathcal{T} . \mathcal{T} \subseteq$ uminus＇$H \wedge \mathcal{T} \neq\{ \} \wedge \operatorname{card} \mathcal{T}=n\}=\{\mathcal{T} . \mathcal{T} \subseteq$ uminus＇$H \wedge$ card $\mathcal{T}=n\}$
by auto
then have $\operatorname{card}\{\mathcal{T} . \mathcal{T} \subseteq$ uminus＇$H \wedge \mathcal{T} \neq\{ \} \wedge \operatorname{card} \mathcal{T}=n\}=\operatorname{card}$ （uminus＇$H$ ）choose $n$
by（simp add：＜finite $H$ 〉 n－subsets）
also have $\ldots=$ card $H$ choose $n$
by（metis card－image double－complement inj－on－inverseI）
finally
show $-\left(\operatorname{int}\left(\operatorname{card}\left\{\mathcal{T} . \mathcal{T} \subseteq\right.\right.\right.$ uminus $\left.\left.^{\prime} H \wedge \mathcal{T} \neq\{ \} \wedge \operatorname{card} \mathcal{T}=n\right\}\right) *(-1)$ $\left.{ }^{\wedge} n\right)=(-1)$＾Suc $n * \operatorname{int}$（card H choose $n$ ） by $\operatorname{simp}$
qed

```
    also have ... = - (\sumk= Suc 0..card H. (-1)^k* (card H choose k))
        by (simp add: sum-negf)
    also have ... = 1 - (\sumk=0..card H. (-1)^k *(card H choose k))
    using atLeastSucAtMost-greaterThanAtMost by (simp add: sum.head [of 0])
    also have ... = 1 - 0 ^ card H
        using binomial-ring [of -1 1::int card H] by (simp add: mult.commute
atLeast0AtMost)
    also have ... = 1
            using Seq \finite H\rangle\langleS\not=UNIV` card-0-eq by auto
    finally have C: (\sumn=Suc 0..card H. - (int (card {x. x\subseteq uminus' }H
x\not={}^\operatorname{card}x=n})*(-1)^n))=(1::int).
    have }(\sum\mathcal{T}|\mathcal{T}\subseteq\mathrm{ uminus ' }H\wedge\mathcal{T}\not={}.(-1)^(card \mathcal{T}+1))=(1::int
        unfolding }A\mathrm{ [symmetric] by (simp add: C)
    then show ?thesis
        by (simp flip: sum-distrib-right power-Suc)
    qed
    finally have (\sum\mathcal{T}|\mathcal{T}\subseteq\mathrm{ uminus' }H\wedge\mathcal{T}\not={}.(-1)^(card \mathcal{T}+1)*
Euler-characteristic A (\cap\mathcal{T))}
                = (-1) ^ DIM ('n).
    then have Euler-characteristic A (U (uminus` 'H))=(-1) ^(DIM('n))
    using Euler-characteristic-inclusion-exclusion [OF〈finite A〉]
    by (smt (verit) A Collect-cong〈finite H〉 finite-imageI image-iff sum.cong)
    then show ?thesis
    using D E by (simp add: uminus-Inf Seq)
    qed
    finally show?thesis
qed
```


## 1．6 Euler－Poincare relation for special（ $n-1$ ）－dimensional polytope

```
lemma Euler－Poincare－lemma：
fixes \(p::\)＇\(n::\) euclidean－space set
assumes \(\operatorname{DIM}\left({ }^{\prime} n\right) \geq 2\) polytope \(p i \in\) Basis and affp：affine hull \(p=\{x . x \cdot i\)
\(=1\}\)
shows \(\left(\sum d=0 . . D I M\left({ }^{\prime} n\right)-1 .(-1)^{\wedge} d * \operatorname{int}(\operatorname{card}\{f . f\right.\) face－of \(p \wedge \operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f\)
\(=\) int \(d\}))=1\)
proof－
have \(\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} p=\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim}\{x . i \cdot x=1\}\)
by（metis（no－types，lifting）Collect－cong aff－dim－affine－hull affp inner－commute）
also have \(\ldots=\operatorname{int}(\operatorname{DIM}(' n)-1)\)
using aff－dim－hyperplane［of i 1］\(\langle i \in\) Basis〉 by fastforce
finally have \(A P: \operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} p=\operatorname{int}(D I M(' n)-1)\) ．
show ？thesis
proof（cases \(p=\{ \}\) ）
case True
with \(A P\) show？thesis by simp
next
```

case False
define $S$ where $S \equiv$ conic hull $p$
have 1 ：（conic hull $f) \cap\{x . x \cdot i=1\}=f$ if $f \subseteq\{x . x \cdot i=1\}$ for $f$
using that
by（smt（verit，ccfv－threshold）affp conic－hull－Int－affine－hull hull－hull in－ ner－zero－left mem－Collect－eq）
obtain $K$ where finite $K$ and $K: p=$ convex hull $K$
by（meson assms（2）polytope－def）
then have convex－cone hull $K=$ conic hull（convex hull K）
using False convex－cone－hull－separate－nonempty by auto
then have polyhedron $S$
using polyhedron－convex－cone－hull
by（simp add：S－def 〈polytope p〉polyhedron－conic－hull－polytope）
then have convex $S$
by（simp add：polyhedron－imp－convex）
then have conic $S$
by（simp add：S－def conic－conic－hull）
then have $0 \in S$
by（simp add：False $S$－def）
have $S \neq U N I V$
proof
assume $S=U N I V$
then have conic hull $p \cap\{x . x \cdot i=1\}=p$
by（metis 1 affp hull－subset）
then have bounded $\{x . x \cdot i=1\}$
using $S$－def $\langle S=U N I V\rangle$ assms（2）polytope－imp－bounded by auto
then obtain $B$ where $B>0$ and $B: \bigwedge x . x \in\{x . x \cdot i=1\} \Longrightarrow$ norm $x \leq B$ using bounded－normE by blast
define $x$ where $x \equiv\left(\sum b \in\right.$ Basis．（if $b=i$ then 1 else $\left.B+1\right) *_{R} b$ ）
obtain $j$ where $j: j \in$ Basis $j \neq i$
using $\left\langle D I M\left({ }^{\prime} n\right) \geq 2\right.$ 〉
by（metis DIM－complex DIM－ge－Suc0 card－2－iff＇card－le－Suc0－iff－eq eu－
clidean－space－class．finite－Basis le－antisym）
have $B+1 \leq|x \cdot j|$
using $j$ by（simp add：$x$－def）
also have $\ldots \leq$ norm $x$ using Basis－le－norm $j$ by blast
finally have norm $x>B$ by $\operatorname{simp}$
moreover have $x \cdot i=1$ by（simp add：$x$－def $\langle i \in$ Basis $\rangle$
ultimately show False
using $B$ by force
qed
have $S \neq\{ \}$
by（metis False $S$－def empty－subsetI equalityI hull－subset）
have $\bigwedge c x . \llbracket 0<c ; x \in p ; x \neq 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow 0<\left(c *_{R} x\right) \cdot i$
by（metis（mono－tags）Int－Collect Int－iff affp hull－inc inner－commute in－ ner－scaleR－right mult．right－neutral）
then have doti－gt0： $0<x \cdot i$ if $S: x \in S$ and $x \neq 0$ for $x$ using that by（auto simp：S－def conic－hull－explicit）
have $\bigwedge a$ ．$\{a\}$ face－of $S \Longrightarrow a=0$
using 〈conic $S$ 〉conic－contains－0 face－of－conic by blast
moreover have $\{0\}$ face－of $S$
proof－
have $\bigwedge a b u . \llbracket a \in S ; b \in S ; a \neq b ; u<1 ; 0<u ;(1-u) *_{R} a+u *_{R} b$ $=0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$ False
using conic－def euclidean－all－zero－iff inner－left－distrib scaleR－eq－0－iff by（smt（verit，del－insts）doti－gt0 〈conic $S\rangle\langle i \in$ Basis〉）
then show ？thesis
by（auto simp：in－segment face－of－singleton extreme－point－of－def $\langle 0 \in S\rangle$ ）

## qed

ultimately have face－ 0 ：$\{f . f$ face－of $S \wedge(\exists a . f=\{a\})\}=\{\{0\}\}$
by auto
have interior $S \neq\{ \}$
proof
assume interior $S=\{ \}$
then obtain $a b$ where $a \neq 0$ and $a b: S \subseteq\{x . a \cdot x=b\}$
by（metis «convex $S$ 〉empty－interior－subset－hyperplane）
have $\{x . x \cdot i=1\} \subseteq\{x . a \cdot x=b\}$
by（metis $S$－def ab affine－hyperplane affp hull－inc subset－eq subset－hull）
moreover have $\neg\{x . x \cdot i=1\} \subset\{x . a \cdot x=b\}$
using aff－dim－hyperplane［of a b］
by（metis AP $\langle a \neq 0\rangle$ aff－dim－eq－full－gen affine－hyperplane affp hull－subset less－le－not－le subset－hull）
ultimately have $S \subseteq\{x . x \cdot i=1\}$
using $a b$ by auto
with $\langle S \neq\{ \}\rangle$ show False
using 〈conic $S$ 〉conic－contains－0 by fastforce
qed
then have $\left(\sum d=0 . . D I M(' n) .(-1) \wedge d *\right.$ int（card $\{f . f$ face－of $S \wedge$ aff－dim $f=$ int $d\}))=0$
using Euler－polyhedral－cone $\langle S \neq U N I V\rangle\langle c o n i c ~ S\rangle\langle p o l y h e d r o n ~ S\rangle$ by blast
then have $1+\left(\sum d=1 . . D I M(' n) .(-1)^{\wedge} d *(\right.$ card $\{f . f$ face－of $S \wedge$ aff－dim $f=d\}))=0$
by（simp add：sum．atLeast－Suc－atMost aff－dim－eq－0 face－0）
moreover have $\left(\sum d=1 . . D I M(' n) .(-1) \wedge d *(\right.$ card $\{f . f$ face－of $S \wedge$ aff－dim $f=d\})$ ）

$$
=-\left(\sum d=0 . . D I M\left({ }^{\prime} n\right)-1 .(-1) \wedge d * \operatorname{int}(\operatorname{card}\{f . f \text { face-of } p \wedge\right.
$$

$\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f=\operatorname{int} d\}))$
proof－
have $\left(\sum d=1 . . D I M\left({ }^{\prime} n\right) .(-1)^{\wedge} d *(\operatorname{card}\{f . f\right.$ face－of $\left.S \wedge \operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f=d\})\right)$ $=\left(\sum_{d} d=\right.$ Suc 0．．Suc $\left(\operatorname{DIM}\left({ }^{\prime} n\right)-1\right) .(-1) \wedge d *($ card $\{f . f$ face－of $S \wedge$ $\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f=d\})$ ）
by auto
also have $\ldots=-\left(\sum d=0 . . \operatorname{DIM}\left({ }^{\prime} n\right)-1 .(-1)^{\wedge} d *\right.$ card $\{f . f$ face－of $S$ $\wedge \operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f=1+\operatorname{int} d\})$
unfolding sum．atLeast－Suc－atMost－Suc－shift by（simp add：sum－negf）

```
    also have \(\ldots=-\left(\sum d=0 . . D I M(' n)-1 .(-1) \wedge d *\right.\) card \(\{f . f\) face-of \(p\)
\(\wedge \operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f=\operatorname{int} d\})\)
    proof -
        \{ fix \(d\)
            assume \(d \leq \operatorname{DIM}\left({ }^{\prime} n\right)-\) Suc 0
            have conic-face-p: (conic hull f) face-of \(S\) if \(f\) face-of \(p\) for \(f\)
            proof (cases \(f=\{ \}\) )
                case False
                have \(\left\{c *_{R} x \mid c x .0 \leq c \wedge x \in f\right\} \subseteq\left\{c *_{R} x \mid c x .0 \leq c \wedge x \in p\right\}\)
                    using face-of-imp-subset that by blast
                    moreover
                    have convex \(\left\{c *_{R} x \mid c x .0 \leq c \wedge x \in f\right\}\)
                    by (metis (no-types) cone-hull-expl convex-cone-hull face-of-imp-convex
that)
            moreover
            have \(\left(\exists c x . c a *_{R} a=c *_{R} x \wedge 0 \leq c \wedge x \in f\right) \wedge\left(\exists c x . c b *_{R} b=c\right.\)
\(\left.*_{R} x \wedge 0 \leq c \wedge x \in f\right)\)
                        if \(\forall a \in p . \forall b \in p .(\exists x \in f . x \in\) open-segment \(a b) \longrightarrow a \in f \wedge b \in f\)
                and \(0 \leq c a a \in p 0 \leq c b b \in p\)
                and \(0 \leq c x x \in f\) and oseg: \(c x *_{R} x \in\) open-segment \(\left(c a *_{R} a\right)(c b\)
\(\left.*_{R} b\right)\)
            for \(c a a c b b c x x\)
            proof -
            have \(a i: a \cdot i=1\) and \(b i: b \cdot i=1\)
                    using affp hull-inc that \((3,5)\) by fastforce+
            have \(x i: x \cdot i=1\)
                    using affp that 〈f face-of p〉 face-of-imp-subset hull-subset by fastforce
                    show ?thesis
                    proof (cases cx \(*_{R} x=0\) )
                    case True
                        then show ?thesis
                            using \(\langle\{0\}\) face-of \(S\rangle\) face-ofD \(\langle\) conic \(S\rangle\) that
                    by (smt (verit, best) S-def conic-def hull-subset insertCI singletonD
subsetD)
            next
                case False
                then have \(c x \neq 0 x \neq 0\)
                    by auto
                            obtain \(u\) where \(0<u u<1\) and \(u: c x *_{R} x=(1-u) *_{R}\left(c a *_{R}\right.\)
\(a)+u *_{R}\left(c b *_{R} b\right)\)
                                    using oseg in-segment(2) by metis
                                    show ?thesis
                                    proof (cases \(x=a\) )
                                    case True
                then have \(u a:(c x-(1-u) * c a) *_{R} a=(u * c b) *_{R} b\)
                    using \(u\) by (simp add: algebra-simps)
                then have \((c x-(1-u) * c a) * 1=u * c b * 1\)
                    by (metis ai bi inner-scaleR-left)
                then have \(a=b \vee c b=0\)
```

```
    using ua<0 < u` by force
    then show ?thesis
    by (metis True scaleR-zero-left that(2) that(4) that(7))
next
    case False
    show ?thesis
    proof (cases x=b)
    case True
    then have ub: (cx-(u*cb)) *R b=((1-u)*ca)*Ra
        using }u\mathrm{ by (simp add: algebra-simps)
    then have }(cx-(u*cb))*1=((1-u)*ca)*
        by (metis ai bi inner-scaleR-left)
    then have }a=b\veeca=
            using <u< 1`ub by auto
    then show ?thesis
            using False True that(4) that(7) by auto
next
    case False
    have cx>0
            using <cx \not=0\rangle\langle0\leqcx\rangle by linarith
    have False if ca=0
    proof -
        have cx =u*cb
    by (metis add-0 bi inner-real-def inner-scaleR-left real-inner-1-right
            then show False
            using <x\not=b\rangle\langlecx\not=0\rangle that u by force
    qed
    with <0 \leq ca> have ca>0
        by force
    have aff: }x\in\mathrm{ affine hull }p\wedgea\in\mathrm{ affine hull p}\wedgeb\in\mathrm{ affine hull }
    using affp xi ai bi by blast
    show ?thesis
    proof (cases cb=0)
        case True
        have }\mp@subsup{u}{}{\prime}:cx\mp@subsup{*}{R}{}x=((1-u)*ca)*R
            using u by (simp add: True)
            then have cx=((1-u)*ca)
            by (metis ai inner-scaleR-left mult.right-neutral xi)
            then show ?thesis
            using True }\mp@subsup{u}{}{\prime}\langlecx\not=0\rangle\langleca\geq0\rangle\langlex\inf\rangle\mathrm{ by auto
        next
        case False
        with <cb \geq0\rangle have cb>0
            by linarith
            { have False if }a=
            proof -
            have *: cx **
                using }u\mathrm{ that by (simp add: algebra-simps)
```

scale-eq-0-iff that u xi)

```
                        then have cx=((1-u)*ca+u*cb)
                    by (metis xi bi inner-scaleR-left mult.right-neutral)
                                with }\langlex\not=b\rangle\langlecx\not=0\rangle*\mathrm{ show False
                    by force
                    qed
                    }
                    moreover
                    have }cx\mp@subsup{*}{R}{}x/\mp@subsup{/}{R}{}cx=(((1-u)*ca)\mp@subsup{*}{R}{}a+(cb*u)\mp@subsup{*}{R}{}b
/Rcx
                    using u by simp
            then have xeq: x = ((1-u)*ca/cx)*\mp@subsup{R}{R}{}a+(cb*u/cx)**R
        by (simp add: <cx = 0〉divide-inverse-commute scaleR-right-distrib)
            then have proj: 1 = ((1-u)* ca/cx) +(cb*u/cx)
                using ai bi xi by (simp add: inner-left-distrib)
            then have eq: cx + ca*u=ca+cb*u
                using <cx > 0\rangle by (simp add: field-simps)
                    have \existsu>0.u<1^x=(1-u)*Ra+u* 
                    proof (intro exI conjI)
                    show 0 < inverse cx *u*cb
                    by (simp add: <0< cb\rangle\langle0<cx\rangle\langle0<u\rangle)
                    show inverse cx * u*cb<1
                    using proj <0<ca\rangle\langle0<cx\rangle\langleu< 1\rangle by (simp add:
divide-simps)
                    show }x=(1-\mathrm{ inverse cx *u*cb)*R}\mp@subsup{*}{R}{}a+(\mathrm{ inverse cx *u*
cb) **R
                        using eq <cx = 0` by (simp add: xeq field-simps)
                    qed
                    ultimately show ?thesis
                            using that by (metis in-segment(2))
                    qed
                qed
            qed
        qed
    qed
    ultimately show ?thesis
        using that by (auto simp: S-def conic-hull-explicit face-of-def)
    qed auto
    moreover
    have conic-hyperplane-eq: conic hull (f\cap{x.x\cdoti=1})=f
    if f face-of S 0<aff-dim f for f
    proof
    show conic hull }(f\cap{x.x\cdoti=1})\subseteq
        by (metis <conic S` face-of-conic inf-le1 subset-hull that(1))
    have \existsc \mp@subsup{x}{}{\prime}.x=c** \mp@subsup{x}{}{\prime}\wedge0\leqc\wedge \mp@subsup{x}{}{\prime}\inf\wedge \mp@subsup{x}{}{\prime}\cdoti=1 if x\inf for }
    proof (cases x=0)
        case True
        obtain y where }y\infy\not=
            by (metis <0 < aff-dim f` aff-dim-sing aff-dim-subset insertCI
linorder-not-le subset-iff)
```

```
    then have y •i>0
    using <f face-of S〉 doti-gt0 face-of-imp-subset by blast
    then have y/R}(y\cdoti)\inf\wedge(y/R (y\cdoti))\cdoti=
    using 〈conic S\rangle\langlef face-of S\rangle\langley\inf\rangleconic-def face-of-conic by fastforce
    then show ?thesis
        using True by fastforce
    next
    case False
    then have x • i>0
        using <f face-of S〉 doti-gt0 face-of-imp-subset that by blast
```



```
    using <conic S\rangle\langlef face-of S\rangle\langlex\inf\rangle conic-def face-of-conic by fastforce
    then show ?thesis
        by (metis «0 < x • i` divideR-right eucl-less-le-not-le)
    qed
    then show f\subseteq conic hull (f\cap{x.x\cdoti=1})
    by (auto simp: conic-hull-explicit)
qed
have conic-face-S: conic hull f face-of S
    if f face-of S for f
    by (metis 〈conic S` face-of-conic hull-same that)
have aff-1d: aff-dim (conic hull f)=aff-dim f + 1 (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
    if f face-of p and f}\not={}\mathrm{ for }
proof (rule order-antisym)
    have ?lhs \leqaff-dim(affine hull (insert 0 (affine hull f)))
    proof (intro aff-dim-subset hull-minimal)
        show f}\subseteq\mathrm{ affine hull insert 0 (affine hull f)
            by (metis hull-insert hull-subset insert-subset)
        show conic (affine hull insert 0 (affine hull f))
            by (metis affine-hull-span-0 conic-span hull-inc insertI1)
    qed
    also have .. . \leq?rhs
        by (simp add: aff-dim-insert)
    finally show ?lhs \leq? ?rhs .
    have aff-dim f<aff-dim (conic hull f)
    proof (intro aff-dim-psubset psubsetI)
        show affine hull f\subseteqaffine hull (conic hull f)
            by (simp add: hull-mono hull-subset)
        have 0 & affine hull f
            using affp face-of-imp-subset hull-mono that(1) by fastforce
            moreover have 0 affine hull (conic hull f)
            by (simp add: <f \not= {}> hull-inc)
            ultimately show affine hull f}\not=\mathrm{ affine hull (conic hull f)
            by auto
    qed
    then show ?rhs\leq?lhs
        by simp
```

```
    qed
    have face-S-imp-face-p: \f.f face-of S\Longrightarrowf\cap{x.x.i=1} face-of p
        by (metis 1 S-def affp convex-affine-hull face-of-slice hull-subset)
    have conic-eq-f: conic hull f}\cap{x.x\cdoti=1}=
        if f face-of p for f
        by (metis 1 affp face-of-imp-subset hull-subset le-inf-iff that)
    have dim-f-hyperplane:aff-dim}(f\cap{x.x\cdoti=1})=int 
        if f face-of S aff-dim f=1 +int d for f
    proof -
        have conic f
            using <conic S〉 face-of-conic that(1) by blast
    then have 0\inf
        using conic-contains-0 that by force
    moreover have }\negf\subseteq{0
        using subset-singletonD that(2) by fastforce
    ultimately obtain y where y: y\inf y}\not=
        by blast
    then have y \cdot i>0
        using doti-gt0 face-of-imp-subset that(1) by blast
    have aff-dim (conic hull (f\cap{x.x •i=1})) =aff-dim (f\cap{x.x \cdoti
= 1}) +1
    proof (rule aff-1d)
        show }f\cap{x.x\cdoti=1} face-of 
            by (simp add: face-S-imp-face-p that(1))
            have inverse(y • i) *R y\inf
                using <0< y - i〉<conic S〉conic-mul face-of-conic that(1) y(1) by
fastforce
            moreover have inverse(y \cdoti) *R
                using \langley \cdot i>0\rangle by (simp add: field-simps)
            ultimately show }f\cap{x.x\cdoti=1}\not={
                by blast
    qed
    then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: conic-hyperplane-eq that)
    qed
    have card {f.f face-of S ^aff-dim f=1 + int d}
        = card {f.f face-of p\wedge \ff-dim f= int d}
    proof (intro bij-betw-same-card bij-betw-imageI)
    show inj-on (\lambdaf.f\cap{x.x • i=1}){f.fface-of S ^aff-dimf=1+
int d}
    by (smt (verit) conic-hyperplane-eq inj-on-def mem-Collect-eq of-nat-less-0-iff)
    show (\lambdaf.f\cap{x.x •i=1})'{f.f face-of S\wedge aff-dim f=1+int d}
={f.f face-of p\wedge aff-dim f=int d}
    using aff-1d conic-eq-f conic-face-p
    by (fastforce simp: image-iff face-S-imp-face-p dim-f-hyperplane)
```

```
                    qed
            }
            then show ?thesis
            by force
            qed
            finally show ?thesis .
    qed
    ultimately show ?thesis
        by auto
    qed
qed
corollary Euler-poincare-special:
    fixes p :: ' }n::\mathrm{ :euclidean-space set
    assumes 2 \leq DIM('n) polytope p i B Basis and affp: affine hull p ={x.x 位
=0}
    shows (\sumd=0..DIM('n)-1.(-1)^d* card {f.f face-of p ^aff-dim f=
d}) = 1
proof -
    { fix d
    have eq: image ((+) i)'{f.fface-of p} \cap image ((+) i)'{f.aff-dim f=int d}
                = image ((+) i)'{f.f face-of p}\cap{f.aff-dim f=int d}
            by (auto simp: aff-dim-translation-eq)
            have card {f.f face-of p ^aff-dim f= int d} = card (image((+) i)'{f.f
face-of p ^aff-dim f=int d})
            by (simp add: inj-on-image card-image)
```



```
            by (simp add: Collect-conj-eq image-Int inj-on-image eq)
            also have ... = card {f.f face-of (+) i' p\wedge aff-dim f= int d}
            by (simp add: Collect-conj-eq faces-of-translation)
    finally have card {f.fface-of p}\wedge aff-\operatorname{dim}f=\operatorname{int d}=\operatorname{card {f.f face-of (+)}
i'p
    }
    then
    have (\sumd= 0..DIM('n) - 1. (-1)^d * card {f.f face-of p ^aff-dim f=d})
        =(\sumd= 0..DIM ('n)-1. (-1)^d* card {f.fface-of (+) i'p ^aff-dim
f=int d})
            by simp
    also have ... = 1
    proof (rule Euler-Poincare-lemma)
        have }\bigwedgex.\llbracketi\in\mathrm{ Basis; x • i=1】 ב ヨy.y • i=0^x=y+i
            by (metis add-cancel-left-left eq-diff-eq inner-diff-left inner-same-Basis)
            then show affine hull (+) i' p={x.x 隹 = 1}
                    using <i \in Basis` unfolding affine-hull-translation affp by (auto simp:
algebra-simps)
    qed (use assms polytope-translation-eq in auto)
    finally show ?thesis.
qed
```


## 1．7 Now Euler－Poincare for a general full－dimensional poly－ tope

```
theorem Euler-Poincare-full:
    fixes \(p::\) ' \(n::\) euclidean-space set
    assumes polytope \(p\) aff-dim \(p=\operatorname{DIM}\left({ }^{\prime} n\right)\)
    shows \(\left(\sum d=0 . . D I M(' n) .(-1) \wedge d *(\right.\) card \(\{f . f\) face-of \(\left.p \wedge \operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f=d\})\right)\)
= 1
proof -
    define augm \(:\) ' \(n \Rightarrow\) ' \(n \times\) real where augm \(\equiv \lambda x\). \((x, 0)\)
    define \(S\) where \(S \equiv\) augm ' \(p\)
    obtain \(i:: ' n\) where \(i: i \in\) Basis
        by (meson SOME-Basis)
    have bounded-linear augm
    by (auto simp: augm-def bounded-linearI')
    then have polytope \(S\)
    unfolding \(S\)-def using polytope-linear-image 〈polytope \(p\rangle\) bounded-linear.linear
by blast
    have face-pS: \(\wedge F\). F face-of \(p \longleftrightarrow\) augm' \(F\) face-of \(S\)
    using \(S\)-def 〈bounded-linear augm〉 augm-def bounded-linear.linear face-of-linear-image
inj-on-def by blast
    have aff-dim-eq[simp]: aff-dim \((\operatorname{augm} ' F)=\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} F\) for \(F\)
    using 〈bounded-linear augm〉 aff-dim-injective-linear-image bounded-linear.linear
    unfolding augm-def inj-on-def by blast
    have \(*:\{F\). \(F\) face-of \(S \wedge\) aff-dim \(F=\) int \(d\}=(\) image augm \() '\{F\). F face-of \(p\)
\(\wedge\) aff-dim \(F=\) int \(d\}\)
            (is ?lhs \(=\) ? rhs ) for \(d\)
    proof
        have \(\bigwedge G . \llbracket G\) face-of \(S\); aff-dim \(G=\) int \(d \rrbracket\)
                \(\Longrightarrow \exists F\). F face-of \(p \wedge\) aff-dim \(F=\) int \(d \wedge G=\operatorname{augm}{ }^{\prime} F\)
            by (metis face-pS S-def aff-dim-eq face-of-imp-subset subset-imageE)
    then show ?lhs \(\subseteq\) ? \(r h s\)
            by (auto simp: image-iff)
    qed (auto simp: image-iff face-pS
    have ceqc: card \(\{f . f\) face-of \(S \wedge\) aff-dim \(f=\operatorname{int} d\}=\operatorname{card}\{f . f\) face-of \(p \wedge\)
\(\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f=\operatorname{int} d\}\) for \(d\)
    unfolding *
    by (rule card-image) (auto simp: inj-on-def augm-def)
    have \(\left(\sum d=0 . . D I M(' n \times\right.\) real \()-1 .(-1) \wedge d * \operatorname{int}(\operatorname{card}\{f . f\) face-of \(S \wedge\)
\(\operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f=\operatorname{int} d\}))=1\)
    proof (rule Euler-poincare-special)
    show \(2 \leq \operatorname{DIM}\left({ }^{\prime} n \times\right.\) real \()\)
            by auto
    have snd0: \((a, b) \in\) affine hull \(S \Longrightarrow b=0\) for \(a b\)
            using \(S\)-def 〈bounded-linear augm〉 affine-hull-linear-image augm-def by blast
    moreover have \(\bigwedge a\). \((a, 0) \in\) affine hull \(S\)
                using \(S\)-def 〈bounded-linear augm〉 aff-dim-eq-full affine-hull-linear-image
assms(2) augm-def by blast
    ultimately show affine hull \(S=\{x . x \cdot(0:: ' n, 1::\) real \()=0\}\)
```

```
        by auto
    qed (auto simp:〈polytope S`Basis-prod-def)
    then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: ceqc)
qed
```

In particular, the Euler relation in 3 dimensions

## corollary Euler-relation:

fixes $p::$ ' $n::$ euclidean-space set
assumes polytope $p$ aff-dim $p=3 \operatorname{DIM}\left({ }^{\prime} n\right)=3$
shows (card $\{v . v$ face-of $p \wedge$ aff-dim $v=0\}+\operatorname{card}\{f$. fface-of $p \wedge$ aff-dim $f$
$=2\})-$ card $\{e$. e face-of $p \wedge$ aff-dim $e=1\}=2$
proof -
have $\bigwedge x . \llbracket x$ face-of $p ;$ aff- $\operatorname{dim} x=3 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow x=p$
using assms by (metis face-of-aff-dim-lt less-irrefl polytope-imp-convex)
then have 3: $\{f . f$ face-of $p \wedge \operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f=3\}=\{p\}$
using assms by (auto simp: face-of-refl polytope-imp-convex)
have $\left(\sum d=0 . .3 .(-1)^{\wedge} d * \operatorname{int}(\operatorname{card}\{f . f\right.$ face-of $\left.p \wedge \operatorname{aff}-\operatorname{dim} f=\operatorname{int} d\})\right)=$ 1
using Euler-Poincare-full [of p] assms by simp
then show ?thesis
by (simp add: sum.atLeast0-atMost-Suc-shift numeral-3-eq-3 3)
qed
end

## References

[1] I. Lakatos. Proofs and Refutations: The Logic of Mathematical Discovery. 1976.
[2] J. Lawrence. A short proof of Euler's relation for convex polytopes. Canadian Mathematical Bulletin, 40(4):471-474, 1997.

