

Expressiveness of Deep Learning

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Abstract

Deep learning has had a profound impact on computer science in recent years, with applications to search engines, image recognition and language processing, bioinformatics, and more. Recently, Cohen et al. [2] provided theoretical evidence for the superiority of deep learning over shallow learning. For my master's thesis [1], I formalized their mathematical proof using Isabelle/HOL. This formalization simplifies and generalizes the original proof, while working around the limitations of the Isabelle type system. To support the formalization, I developed reusable libraries of formalized mathematics, including results about the matrix rank, the Lebesgue measure, and multivariate polynomials, as well as a library for tensor analysis.

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1 Tensor

```
theory Tensor
imports Main
begin
```

```
typedef 'a tensor = {t::nat list × 'a list. length (snd t) = prod-list (fst t)}
by (simp add: Ex-list-of-length)
```

```
definition dims::'a tensor ⇒ nat list where
  dims A = fst (Rep-tensor A)
```

```
definition vec::'a tensor ⇒ 'a list where
  vec A = snd (Rep-tensor A)
```

```
definition tensor-from-vec::nat list ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a tensor where
  tensor-from-vec d v = Abs-tensor (d,v)
```

```
lemma
assumes length v = prod-list d
shows dims-tensor[simp]: dims (tensor-from-vec d v) = d
and vec-tensor[simp]: vec (tensor-from-vec d v) = v
by (simp add: Abs-tensor-inverse assms dims-def tensor-from-vec-def vec-def)+
```

```
lemma tensor-from-vec-simp[simp]: tensor-from-vec (dims A) (vec A) = A
by (simp add: Rep-tensor-inverse Tensor.vec-def dims-def tensor-from-vec-def)
```

```
lemma length-vec: length (vec A) = prod-list (dims A)
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Rep-tensor Tensor.vec-def dims-def mem-Collect-eq)
```

```
lemma tensor-eqI[intro]:
```

assumes $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$ **and** $\text{vec } A = \text{vec } B$
shows $A=B$
by (*metis assms tensor-from-vec-simp*)

abbreviation $\text{order}::'a \text{ tensor} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$ **where**
 $\text{order } t == \text{length } (\text{dims } t)$

inductive $\text{valid-index}::\text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ (**infix** $\triangleleft 50$) **where**
 $\text{Nil}: [] \triangleleft [] \mid$
 $\text{Cons}: is \triangleleft ds \Longrightarrow i < d \Longrightarrow i \# is \triangleleft d \# ds$

inductive-cases $\text{valid-indexE}[\text{elim}]: is \triangleleft ds$
inductive-cases $\text{valid-index-dimsE}[\text{elim}]: is \triangleleft \text{dims } A$

lemma $\text{valid-index-length}: is \triangleleft ds \Longrightarrow \text{length } is = \text{length } ds$
by (*induction rule:valid-index.induct; auto*)

lemma $\text{valid-index-lt}: is \triangleleft ds \Longrightarrow m < \text{length } ds \Longrightarrow is!m < ds!m$
proof (*induction arbitrary:m rule:valid-index.induct*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case* **by** *auto*
next
case *Cons*
then show *?case* **by** (*metis gr0-conv-Suc length-Cons linorder-neqE-nat not-less-eq nth-Cons' nth-Cons-Suc*)
qed

lemma valid-indexI :
assumes $\text{length } is = \text{length } ds$ **and** $\bigwedge m. m < \text{length } ds \Longrightarrow is!m < ds!m$
shows $is \triangleleft ds$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction is arbitrary:ds*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case* **by** (*metis length-0-conv valid-index.simps*)
next
case (*Cons a is ds*)
then obtain $d \ ds'$ **where** $ds = d \# ds'$ **by** (*metis length-Suc-conv*)
then have $is \triangleleft ds'$ **using** *Cons* **by** (*metis length-Cons less-irrefl linorder-neqE-nat not-less-eq nth-Cons-Suc*)
then show *?case* **using** *Cons.prem2* $\langle ds = d \# ds' \rangle$ *valid-index.Cons* **by**
fastforce
qed

lemma $\text{valid-index-append}$:
assumes $is1\text{-valid}:is1 \triangleleft ds1$ **and** $is2\text{-valid}:is2 \triangleleft ds2$
shows $is1 @ is2 \triangleleft ds1 @ ds2$
apply (*rule valid-indexI[of is1 @ is2 ds1 @ ds2]*)
unfolding *nth-append*
using *valid-index-lt[OF is2-valid] valid-index-lt[OF is1-valid] valid-index-length[OF*

is1-valid] *valid-index-length*[*OF is2-valid*] *length-append*
by (*auto simp add: <length is1 = length ds1 >*)

lemma *valid-index-list-all2-iff*: *is < ds <math>\iff list-all2 (< is ds*

by (*metis list-all2-conv-all-nth list-all2-nthD valid-indexI valid-index-length valid-index-lt*)

definition *fixed-length-sublist*::*'a list* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *'a list* **where**
fixed-length-sublist xs l i = (*take l (drop (l*i) xs)*)

fun *lookup-base*::*nat list* \Rightarrow *'a list* \Rightarrow *nat list* \Rightarrow *'a* **where**
lookup-base-Nil: *lookup-base* [] *v* [] = *hd v* |
lookup-base-Cons: *lookup-base* (*d # ds*) *v* (*i # is*) =
lookup-base ds (fixed-length-sublist v (prod-list ds) i) is

definition *lookup*::*'a tensor* \Rightarrow *nat list* \Rightarrow *'a* **where**
lookup A = *lookup-base (dims A) (vec A)*

fun *tensor-vec-from-lookup*::*nat list* \Rightarrow (*nat list* \Rightarrow *'a*) \Rightarrow *'a list* **where**
tensor-vec-from-lookup-Nil: *tensor-vec-from-lookup* [] *e* = [*e*] |
tensor-vec-from-lookup-Cons: *tensor-vec-from-lookup* (*d # ds*) *e* = *concat (map*
($\lambda i.$ *tensor-vec-from-lookup ds (λis. e (i # is))*) [0..*d*])

definition *tensor-from-lookup*::*nat list* \Rightarrow (*nat list* \Rightarrow *'a*) \Rightarrow *'a tensor* **where**
tensor-from-lookup ds e = *tensor-from-vec ds (tensor-vec-from-lookup ds e)*

lemma *concat-parts-leq*:
assumes *a * d* \leq *length v*
shows *concat (map (fixed-length-sublist v d) [0..*a*])* = *take (a*d) v*
using *assms* **proof** (*induction a*)
 case 0
 then show ?*case* **by** *simp*
next
 case (*Suc a*)
 then have *concat (map (fixed-length-sublist v d) [0..*a*])* = *take (a * d) v* **by**
auto
 then have *concat (map (fixed-length-sublist v d) [0..*Suc a*])* =
 *take (a * d) v @ fixed-length-sublist v d a* **using** *fixed-length-sublist-def* **by**
auto
 then show ?*case* **using** *Suc* **by** (*metis add.commute mult.commute mult-Suc*
take-add fixed-length-sublist-def)
qed

lemma *concat-parts-eq*:
assumes *a * d* = *length v*
shows *concat (map (fixed-length-sublist v d) [0..*a*])* = *v*
by (*simp add: concat-parts-leq assms*)

lemma *tensor-lookup-base*:
assumes *length v* = *prod-list ds*

and $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft ds \implies lookup\text{-}base\ ds\ v\ is = e\ is$
shows $tensor\text{-}vec\text{-}from\text{-}lookup\ ds\ e = v$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction ds arbitrary:v e*)
 case *Nil*
 then show *?case unfolding tensor-vec-from-lookup.simps*
 by (*metis One-nat-def Tensor.lookup-base-Nil length-0-conv length-Suc-conv*
list.sel(1) prod-list.Nil valid-index.Nil)
next
 case (*Cons a ds*)
 then have $a * prod\text{-}list\ ds = length\ v$ **by** *auto*
 {
 fix *i* **assume** $i < a$
 then have $prod\text{-}list\ ds * (i+1) \leq length\ v$ **using** $\langle a * prod\text{-}list\ ds = length\ v \rangle$
using *discrete mult.commute mult-le-mono1* **by** *metis*
 have $\bigwedge is'. is' \triangleleft ds \implies e\ (i \# is') = lookup\text{-}base\ ds\ (fixed\text{-}length\text{-}sublist\ v$
(prod-list ds) i) is'
 using $\langle i < a \rangle$ **by** (*metis Cons.prem(2) Tensor.lookup-base-Cons valid-index.simps*)
 then have $tensor\text{-}vec\text{-}from\text{-}lookup\ ds\ (\lambda is'. e\ (i \# is')) = fixed\text{-}length\text{-}sublist\ v$
(prod-list ds) i
 using *Cons* **using** $\langle prod\text{-}list\ ds * (i + 1) \leq length\ v \rangle$ **by** (*simp add: Cons.IH*
fixed-length-sublist-def)
 }
 then show *?case unfolding tensor-vec-from-lookup-Cons lookup-base-Cons*
 using *concat-parts-eq[OF \langle a * prod-list ds = length v \rangle*
 atLeastLessThan-iff map-eq-conv set-upt Cons **by** (*metis (no-types, lifting)*)
qed

lemma *tensor-lookup:*

assumes $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft dims\ A \implies lookup\ A\ is = e\ is$
shows $tensor\text{-}from\text{-}lookup\ (dims\ A)\ e = A$
using *tensor-lookup-base lookup-def length-vec tensor-from-lookup-def* **by** (*metis*
assms tensor-from-vec-simp)

lemma *concat-equal-length:*

assumes $\bigwedge xs. xs \in set\ xss \implies length\ xs = l$
shows $length\ (concat\ xss) = length\ xss * l$
using *assms* **by** (*induction xss; auto*)

lemma *concat-equal-length-map:*

assumes $\bigwedge i. i < a \implies length\ (f\ i) = d$
shows $length\ (concat\ (map\ (\lambda i. f\ i)\ [0..<a])) = a * d$
using *assms* **by** (*induction a; auto*)

lemma *concat-parts:*

assumes $\bigwedge xs. xs \in set\ xss \implies length\ xs = d$ **and** $i < length\ xss$
shows $fixed\text{-}length\text{-}sublist\ (concat\ xss)\ d\ i = xss\ !\ i$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction xss arbitrary:i*)
 case *Nil*
 then show *?case* **by** *simp*

```

next
  case (Cons xs xss)
  then have length (concat xss) = length xss * d by (simp add: Cons.prem(1)
concat-equal-length)
  show ?case
  proof (cases i)
    case 0
    then have fixed-length-sublist (concat (xs # xss)) d i = xs
      unfolding fixed-length-sublist-def by (simp add: Cons.prem(1))
    then show ?thesis using 0 by auto
  next
  case (Suc i')
  then have fixed-length-sublist (concat xss) d i' = xss ! i' using Cons by auto
  then show ?thesis unfolding fixed-length-sublist-def using Suc Cons.prem(1)
by auto
qed
qed

lemma concat-parts':
assumes  $\bigwedge i. i < a \implies \text{length } (f i) = d$ 
and  $i < a$ 
shows fixed-length-sublist (concat (map ( $\lambda i. f i$ ) [0..\bigwedge i. i < a \implies \text{length } (f i) = d) by auto
  then have length (concat (map f [0..

```

by metis
qed
qed

lemma *length-tensor-vec-from-lookup*:
 $length (tensor-vec-from-lookup ds e) = prod-list ds$
by (*induction ds arbitrary:e; auto simp add: concat-equal-length-map*)

lemma *lookup-tensor-vec*:
assumes $is \triangleleft ds$
shows $lookup-base ds (tensor-vec-from-lookup ds e) is = e is$
using *assms proof (induction arbitrary:e rule:valid-index.induct)*
 case *Nil*
 then show *?case by simp*
next
 case (*Cons is ds i d e*)
 then show *?case unfolding tensor-vec-from-lookup-Cons lookup-base-Cons*
 by (*simp add: length-tensor-vec-from-lookup concat-parts'[of d $\lambda i. tensor-vec-from-lookup ds (\lambda is. e (i \# is)) prod-list ds i] \langle i < d \rangle$*)
qed

lemma *lookup-tensor-from-lookup*:
assumes $is \triangleleft ds$
shows $lookup (tensor-from-lookup ds e) is = e is$
 unfolding *lookup-def tensor-from-lookup-def*
 by (*simp add: lookup-tensor-vec assms length-tensor-vec-from-lookup*)

lemma *dims-tensor-from-lookup*: $dims (tensor-from-lookup ds e) = ds$
 unfolding *tensor-from-lookup-def*
 by (*simp add: length-tensor-vec-from-lookup*)

lemma *tensor-lookup-cong*:
assumes $tensor-from-lookup ds e_1 = tensor-from-lookup ds e_2$
and $is \triangleleft ds$
shows $e_1 is = e_2 is$ **using** *assms lookup-tensor-from-lookup by metis*

lemma *tensor-from-lookup-eqI*:
assumes $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft ds \implies e_1 is = e_2 is$
shows $tensor-from-lookup ds e_1 = tensor-from-lookup ds e_2$
by (*metis assms lookup-tensor-vec length-tensor-vec-from-lookup tensor-lookup-base tensor-from-lookup-def*)

lemma *tensor-lookup-eqI*:
assumes $dims A = dims B$ **and** $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft (dims A) \implies lookup A is = lookup B is$
shows $A = B$ **by** (*metis assms(1) assms(2) tensor-lookup*)

end

2 Subtensors

theory *Tensor-Subtensor*
imports *Tensor*
begin

definition *subtensor*::'a tensor \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a tensor **where**
subtensor A i = *tensor-from-vec* (tl (dims A)) (*fixed-length-sublist* (vec A) (*prod-list* (tl (dims A)))) i

definition *subtensor-combine*::nat list \Rightarrow 'a tensor list \Rightarrow 'a tensor **where**
subtensor-combine ds As = *tensor-from-vec* (length As # ds) (*concat* (*map* vec As))

lemma *length-fixed-length-sublist*[*simp*]:
assumes (Suc i)*l \leq length xs
shows length (*fixed-length-sublist* xs l i) = l
unfolding *fixed-length-sublist-def*
by (*metis* *assms* *diff-add-inverse2* *length-drop* *length-take* *min.absorb2* *mult.commute* *mult-Suc* *take-drop*)

lemma *vec-subtensor*[*simp*]:
assumes dims A \neq [] **and** i < hd (dims A)
shows vec (*subtensor* A i) = *fixed-length-sublist* (vec A) (*prod-list* (tl (dims A))) i
by (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *Suc-leI* *assms*(1) *assms*(2) *hd-Cons-tl* *length-fixed-length-sublist* *length-vec* *prod-list.Cons* *mult-le-mono1* *subtensor-def* *vec-tensor*)

lemma *dims-subtensor*[*simp*]:
assumes dims A \neq [] **and** i < hd (dims A)
shows dims (*subtensor* A i) = tl (dims A)
using *Suc-leI* *assms*(1) *assms*(2) *dims-tensor* *length-fixed-length-sublist* *length-vec* *list.collapse* *prod-list.Cons* *mult-le-mono1* *subtensor-def*
by *metis*

lemma *subtensor-combine-subtensor*[*simp*]:
assumes dims A \neq []
shows *subtensor-combine* (tl (dims A)) (*map* (*subtensor* A) [0..*hd* (dims A)]) = A

proof –

have *length-vec-A*: *hd* (dims A) * *prod-list* (tl (dims A)) = length (*Tensor.vec* A)
by (*metis* *assms* *length-vec* *list.collapse* *prod-list.Cons*)
let ?*subtensor-vec* = *fixed-length-sublist* (vec A) (*prod-list* (tl (dims A)))
{
fix i **assume** i < *hd* (dims A)
then **have** (Suc i)*(*prod-list* (tl (dims A))) \leq length (vec A)
by (*metis* *Suc-leI* *length-vec-A* *mult-le-mono1*)
then **have** (vec \circ ($\lambda i.$ *tensor-from-vec* (tl (dims A)) (?*subtensor-vec* i))) i = ?*subtensor-vec* i
by *simp*


```

}
then have 1:map (Tensor.vec ◦ (λi. tensor-from-vec (tl (dims A)) (?subtensor-vec
i))) [0..by auto
then have subtensor-combine (tl (dims A)) (map (λi. subtensor A i) [0..unfolding subtensor-combine-def subtensor-def using concat-parts-eq[OF length-vec-A]
by (auto simp add: 1 assms)
then show ?thesis by auto
qed

```

lemma

```

assumes ∧A. A∈set As ⇒ dims A = ds
shows subtensor-combine-dims[simp]: dims (subtensor-combine ds As) = length As
# ds (is ?D)
and subtensor-combine-vec[simp]: vec (subtensor-combine ds As) = concat (map
vec As) (is ?V)
proof –
have ∧v. v∈set (map Tensor.vec As) ⇒ length v = prod-list ds using assms
length-vec by fastforce
then have length As * prod-list ds = length (concat (map Tensor.vec As)) using
concat-equal-length
by (metis length-map)
then show ?D ?V unfolding subtensor-combine-def by simp+
qed

```

lemma subtensor-subtensor-combine:

```

assumes ∧A. A∈set As ⇒ dims A = ds and i < length As
shows subtensor (subtensor-combine ds As) i = As ! i
proof –
have fixed-length-sublist (concat (map vec As)) (prod-list ds) i = vec (As ! i)
using concat-parts[of map vec As prod-list ds i] assms imageE length-map
length-vec
nth-map set-map in-set-conv-nth by fastforce
then show ?thesis
unfolding subtensor-def using subtensor-combine-dims subtensor-combine-vec
by (metis assms list.sel(3) nth-mem tensor-from-vec-simp)
qed

```

lemma subtensor-induct[case-names order-0 order-step]:

```

assumes order-0: ∧A. dims A = [] ⇒ P A
and order-step: ∧A. dims A ≠ [] ⇒ (∧i. i < hd (dims A) ⇒ P (subtensor A
i)) ⇒ P A
shows P B
using assms proof (induction dims B arbitrary:B)
case Nil
then show ?case by auto
next
case Cons

```

then show ?case **by** (metis dims-subtensor list.sel(3))
qed

lemma *subtensor-combine-induct*[case-names order-0 order-step]:
assumes order-0: $\bigwedge A. \text{dims } A = [] \implies P A$
and order-step: $\bigwedge As ds. (\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies P A) \implies (\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds) \implies P (\text{subtensor-combine } ds As)$
shows $P A$
proof (induction A rule:subtensor-induct)
 case (order-0 A)
 then show ?case **by** (simp add: assms(1))
next
 case (order-step A)
 have $P (\text{subtensor-combine } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A)) (\text{map } (\text{subtensor } A) [0..<\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]))$
 apply (rule assms(2))
 using atLeastLessThan-iff dims-subtensor imageE set-map set-upt order-step
by auto
 then show ?case **using** subtensor-combine-subtensor[OF order-step.hyps] **by**
 metis
qed

lemma *lookup-subtensor1*[simp]:
assumes $i \# is \triangleleft \text{dims } A$
shows $\text{lookup } (\text{subtensor } A i) is = \text{lookup } A (i \# is)$
using assms
proof (induction A rule: subtensor-combine-induct)
 case order-0
 then show ?case **by** auto
next
 case (order-step As ds)
 have 0:subtensor (subtensor-combine ds As) i = As ! i
 by (metis list.discI list.sel(1) order-step.hyps order-step.premis subtensor-combine-dims
 subtensor-subtensor-combine valid-index-dimsE)
 have 1:dims (subtensor-combine ds As) = length As # ds
 using order-step subtensor-combine-def subtensor-combine-dims **by** force
 show ?case **unfolding** 0 lookup-def 1 **unfolding** lookup-base-Cons **using** or-
 der-step.premis
 using Tensor.lookup-base-Cons dims-subtensor lookup-def list.discI list.sel(1)
 list.sel(3) valid-index-dimsE vec-subtensor **by** (metis 0 1)
qed

lemma *lookup-subtensor*:
assumes $is \triangleleft \text{dims } A$
shows $\text{lookup } A is = \text{hd } (\text{vec } (\text{fold } (\lambda i A. \text{subtensor } A i) is A))$
using assms **proof** (induction is arbitrary: A)
 case Nil
 then show ?case **by** (metis Tensor.lookup-base-Nil lookup-def fold-simps(1)
 length-0-conv valid-index-length)
next

```

case (Cons a is A)
then show ?case
  using dims-subtensor lookup-subtensor1 fold-simps(2) list.discI list.sel(1) list.sel(3)
  valid-indexE by (metis (no-types, lifting))
qed

```

```

lemma subtensor-eqI:
assumes dims A ≠ []
and dims-eq: dims A = dims B
and  $\bigwedge i. i < \text{hd} (\text{dims } A) \implies \text{subtensor } A \ i = \text{subtensor } B \ i$ 
shows  $A=B$ 
proof -
  {
    fix is assume  $is < \text{dims } A$ 
    then obtain i is' where  $is-Cons: is = i \# is'$  using assms(1) by blast
    then have  $\text{lookup } A \ is = \text{lookup } B \ is$ 
    using lookup-subtensor1 assms by (metis <is < dims A> is-Cons list.sel(1))
    valid-index-dimsE
  }
  then show ?thesis using tensor-lookup-eqI[OF dims-eq] by auto
qed

```

end

3 Tensor Addition

```

theory Tensor-Plus
imports Tensor-Subtensor
begin

```

```

definition vec-plus  $a \ b = \text{map } (\lambda(x,y). \text{plus } x \ y) \ (\text{zip } a \ b)$ 

```

```

definition plus-base:: $'a::\text{semigroup-add}$  tensor  $\Rightarrow 'a \ \text{tensor} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{tensor}$ 
where  $\text{plus-base } A \ B = (\text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{dims } A) \ (\text{vec-plus } (\text{vec } A) \ (\text{vec } B)))$ 

```

```

instantiation tensor::(semigroup-add) plus
begin

```

```

  definition plus-def:  $A + B = (\text{if } (\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B)$ 
     $\text{then plus-base } A \ B$ 
     $\text{else undefined})$ 

```

```

  instance ..
end

```

```

lemma plus-dim1[simp]:  $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B \implies \text{dims } (A + B) = \text{dims } A$  unfolding
plus-def plus-base-def
  using dims-tensor length-vec length-map map-fst-vec plus-def by (metis (full-types))
lemma plus-dim2[simp]:  $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B \implies \text{dims } (A + B) = \text{dims } B$  using

```

plus-dim1 by *metis*

lemma *plus-base*: $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B \implies A + B = \text{plus-base } A \ B$ **unfolding**
plus-def by *metis*

lemma *fixed-length-sublist-plus*:

assumes $\text{length } xs1 = c * l$ $\text{length } xs2 = c * l$ $i < c$

shows $\text{fixed-length-sublist } (\text{vec-plus } xs1 \ xs2) \ l \ i$
 $= \text{vec-plus } (\text{fixed-length-sublist } xs1 \ l \ i) \ (\text{fixed-length-sublist } xs2 \ l \ i)$

unfolding *vec-plus-def* *fixed-length-sublist-def* **using** *drop-map* *drop-zip* *take-map*
take-zip by *metis*

lemma *vec-plus[simp]*:

assumes $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$

shows $\text{vec } (A+B) = \text{vec-plus } (\text{vec } A) \ (\text{vec } B)$

unfolding *plus-def* *plus-base-def* *vec-plus-def* **using** *assms*

by (*auto*; *metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *length-map* *length-tensor-vec-from-lookup* *map-fst-zip*
tensor-lookup *tensor-from-lookup-def* *vec-tensor*)

lemma *subtensor-plus*:

fixes $A::'a::\text{semigroup-add tensor}$ **and** $B::'a::\text{semigroup-add tensor}$

assumes $i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$

and $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$

and $\text{dims } A \neq []$

shows $\text{subtensor } (A + B) \ i = \text{subtensor } A \ i + \text{subtensor } B \ i$

proof –

have $\text{length } (\text{vec } A) = \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) * \text{prod-list } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A))$

$\text{length } (\text{Tensor.vec } B) = \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) * \text{prod-list } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A))$

using *length-vec* *prod-list.Cons* *assms* **by** (*metis* (*no-types*) *list.exhaust-sel*) +

then show *?thesis*

using *Tensor-Plus.vec-plus* *assms* *fixed-length-sublist-plus* *vec-subtensor* *tensor-eqI*

dims-subtensor *plus-dim1* **by** *fastforce*

qed

lemma *lookup-plus[simp]*:

assumes $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$

and $is \triangleleft \text{dims } A$

shows $\text{lookup } (A + B) \ is = \text{lookup } A \ is + \text{lookup } B \ is$

using *assms* **proof** (*induction* $A+B$ *arbitrary:A B is* *rule: subtensor-induct*)

case (*order-0* $A \ B \ is$)

then have $is = []$ **by** *auto*

have $1: [] \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ **using** *order-0* $\langle is = [] \rangle$ **by** *auto*

have $2: [] \triangleleft \text{dims } B$ **using** *order-0* $\langle is = [] \rangle$ **by** *auto*

have $3: [] \triangleleft \text{dims } (A + B)$ **using** *order-0* $\langle is = [] \rangle$ **by** *auto*

have $\text{length } (\text{vec } A) = 1$ $\text{length } (\text{vec } B) = 1$

by (*metis* *length-vec* *prod-list.Nil* *order-0.hyps* *order-0.prem1*) *plus-dim1* +

then show *?case* **unfolding** *lookup-subtensor[OF 1]* *lookup-subtensor[OF 2]*
lookup-subtensor[OF 3] $\langle is = [] \rangle$

fold-simps(1) *vec-plus[OF order-0.prem1]* **unfolding** *vec-plus-def* **using** *or-*

```

der-0.premis length-map
  list.map-sel(1) list.size(3) map-fst-zip map-snd-zip order-0.hyps
  zero-neq-one case-prod-unfold length-vec by metis
next
case (order-step A B is)
then obtain i is' where is = i # is' by auto
have 1:is < dims A using order-step by auto
have 2:is < dims B using order-step by auto
have 3:is < dims (A + B) using order-step by auto
have lookup (subtensor A i + subtensor B i) is' = lookup (subtensor A i) is' +
lookup (subtensor B i) is'
  apply (rule order-step.hyps(2)[of i])
  using <is = i # is'> 3 hd-conv-nth length-greater-0-conv nth-Cons-0 or-
der-step.hyps(1) valid-index-lt
  apply auto[1]
  apply (metis 2 <is = i # is'> list.inject list.sel(1) list.simps(3) order-step.premis(1)
subtensor-plus valid-index.cases)
  using 1 <is = i # is'> order-step.premis(1) plus-dim1 apply auto[1]
  using 1 <is = i # is'> plus-dim1 by auto
then show ?case using lookup-subtensor[OF 1] lookup-subtensor[OF 2] lookup-subtensor[OF
3]
  using order-step <is = i # is'> plus-dim1 lookup-subtensor1 list.sel(1) subten-
sor-plus valid-index-dimsE by metis
qed

```

lemma plus-assoc:

```

assumes dimsA:dims A = ds and dimsB:dims B = ds and dimsC:dims C = ds
shows (A + B) + C = A + (B + C)
by (rule tensor-lookup-eqI; simp add: dimsA dimsB dimsC add.assoc)+

```

lemma tensor-comm[simp]:

```

fixes A::'a::ab-semigroup-add tensor
shows A + B = B + A
proof (cases dims A = dims B)
case True
  then show ?thesis unfolding plus-def plus-base-def
  using add.commute lookup-plus[OF True] plus-dim1[OF True] tensor-lookup-eqI[OF
True] vec-plus[OF True]
  by (metis lookup-plus plus-dim1 tensor-lookup-eqI vec-plus)
next
case False
  then show ?thesis unfolding plus-def plus-base-def by simp
qed

```

definition vec0 n = replicate n 0

definition tensor0::nat list \Rightarrow 'a::zero tensor **where**
tensor0 d = tensor-from-vec d (vec0 (prod-list d))

lemma *dims-tensor0[simp]*: $\text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } d) = d$
and *vec-tensor0[simp]*: $\text{vec } (\text{tensor0 } d) = \text{vec0 } (\text{prod-list } d)$
unfolding *tensor0-def* *vec0-def* **by** *simp-all*

lemma *lookup-is-in-vec*: $is \triangleleft (\text{dims } A) \implies \text{lookup } A \text{ is} \in \text{set } (\text{vec } A)$
proof (*induction arbitrary:is rule:subtensor-induct*)
case *order-0*
then show *?case* **unfolding** *lookup-def* **using** *lookup-base-Nil*
by (*metis length-0-conv length-vec list.set-sel(1) prod-list.Nil valid-index-length zero-neq-one*)
next
case (*order-step A is*)
then obtain $i \text{ is'}$ **where** $is = i \# is'$ **using** *valid-index-dimsE* **by** *blast*
then have $1 < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$ **using** *dims-def order-step.prem* **by** *auto*
have $2 : is' \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{subtensor } A \ i)$ **using** $\langle is = i \# is' \rangle$ *dims-subtensor order-step.prem* **by** *auto*
have $\text{lookup } A \text{ is} \in \text{set } (\text{Tensor.vec } (\text{subtensor } A \ i))$
using *order-step.IH [OF 1 2] lookup-subtensor1* $\langle is = i \# is' \rangle$ *order-step.prem* **by** *auto*
then show *?case* **using** *vec-subtensor fixed-length-sublist-def* **by** (*metis 1 in-set-dropD in-set-takeD order-step.hyps*)
qed

lemma *lookup-tensor0*:
assumes $is \triangleleft ds$
shows $\text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } ds) \text{ is} = 0$
proof –
have $\text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } ds) \text{ is} \in \text{set } (\text{vec } (\text{tensor0 } ds))$ **using** *lookup-is-in-vec assms*
by (*metis dims-tensor0*)
moreover have $\text{set } (\text{vec } (\text{tensor0 } ds)) \subseteq \{0\}$ **unfolding** *vec-tensor0* *vec0-def*
by (*metis in-set-replicate singleton-iff subsetI*)
ultimately show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma
fixes $A :: 'a :: \text{monoid-add tensor}$
shows *tensor-add-0-right[simp]*: $A + \text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A) = A$
unfolding *plus-def* *plus-base-def* *dims-tensor0*
apply (*simp-all*)
apply (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
apply (*metis (no-types, lifting) dims-tensor dims-tensor0 length-vec plus-dim2 vec-plus vec-tensor0*)
by (*metis add.right-neutral dims-tensor0 lookup-plus lookup-tensor0 plus-dim2 tensor-from-vec-simp vec-plus vec-tensor0*)

lemma
fixes $A :: 'a :: \text{monoid-add tensor}$
shows *tensor-add-0-left[simp]*: $\text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A) + A = A$
unfolding *plus-def* *plus-base-def* *dims-tensor0*

apply (*simp-all*)
apply (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
apply (*metis (no-types, lifting) dims-tensor dims-tensor0 length-vec plus-dim2 vec-plus vec-tensor0*)
by (*metis add.left-neutral dims-tensor0 lookup-plus lookup-tensor0 plus-dim2 tensor-from-vec-simp vec-plus vec-tensor0*)

definition *listsum::nat list \Rightarrow 'a::monoid-add tensor list \Rightarrow 'a tensor* **where**
listsum ds As = foldr (+) As (tensor0 ds)

definition *listsum'::'a::monoid-add tensor list \Rightarrow 'a tensor* **where**
listsum' As = listsum (dims (hd As)) As

lemma *listsum-Nil: listsum ds [] = tensor0 ds* **by** (*simp add: Tensor-Plus.listsum-def*)

lemma *listsum-one: listsum (dims A) [A] = A* **unfolding** *listsum-def* **by** *simp*

lemma *listsum-Cons: listsum ds (A # As) = A + listsum ds As*
unfolding *listsum-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *listsum-dims:*
assumes $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds$
shows $\text{dims } (\text{listsum } ds \text{ } As) = ds$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction As*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case* **by** (*metis dims-tensor0 listsum-Nil*)
next
case (*Cons A As*)
then show *?case* **using** *listsum-Cons*
by (*metis list.set-intros(1) list.set-intros(2) plus-dim2*)
qed

lemma *subtensor0:*
assumes $ds \neq []$ **and** $i < \text{hd } ds$
shows $\text{subtensor } (\text{tensor0 } ds) \ i = \text{tensor0 } (\text{tl } ds)$
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
show $1 : \text{dims } (\text{subtensor } (\text{tensor0 } ds) \ i) = \text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } (\text{tl } ds))$ **by** (*simp add: assms(1) assms(2)*)
fix *is* **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{subtensor } (\text{tensor0 } ds) \ i)$
then have $i \# is \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } ds)$ **using** *assms(1) assms(2) valid-index.Cons*
by *fastforce*
then show $\text{lookup } (\text{subtensor } (\text{tensor0 } ds) \ i) \ is = \text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } (\text{tl } ds)) \ is$
using *lookup-subtensor1 1 < is < dims (subtensor (tensor0 ds) i) > dims-tensor0 lookup-tensor0*
by *metis*
qed

lemma *subtensor-listsum:*

```

assumes  $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds$ 
and  $ds \neq []$  and  $i < \text{hd } ds$ 
shows  $\text{subtensor } (\text{listsum } ds \text{ } As) \ i = \text{listsum } (\text{tl } ds) \ (\text{map } (\lambda A. \text{subtensor } A \ i) \ As)$ 
using assms proof (induction As)
  case Nil
    then show ?case using lookup-tensor0 assms(2) assms(3) subtensor0 by (auto
simp add: listsum-Nil)
  next
    case (Cons A As)
    then show ?case by (simp add: listsum-Cons; metis subtensor-plus listsum-dims)
qed

```

```

lemma listsum0:
assumes  $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies A = \text{tensor0 } ds$ 
shows  $\text{listsum } ds \text{ } As = \text{tensor0 } ds$ 
using assms proof (induction As)
  case Nil
    show ?case by (simp add: listsum-Nil)
  next
    case Cons
    then show ?case using listsum-Cons
    by (metis dims-tensor0 list.set-intros(1) set-subset-Cons subsetCE tensor-add-0-right)
qed

```

```

lemma listsum-all-0-but-one:
assumes  $\bigwedge i. i \neq j \implies i < \text{length } As \implies As!i = \text{tensor0 } ds$ 
and  $\text{dims } (As!j) = ds$ 
and  $j < \text{length } As$ 
shows  $\text{listsum } ds \text{ } As = As!j$ 
using assms proof (induction As arbitrary:j)
  case Nil
    then show ?case by auto
  next
    case (Cons A As j)
    then show ?case
    proof (cases j)
      case 0
        then have  $\bigwedge i. i < \text{length } As \implies As!i = \text{tensor0 } ds$  using Cons using
Suc-less-eq length-Cons list.sel(3) nat.simps(3) nth-tl by fastforce
        then have  $\text{listsum } ds \text{ } As = \text{tensor0 } ds$  using listsum0 by (metis in-set-conv-nth)
        then show ?thesis by (metis 0 Cons.prem(2) listsum-Cons nth-Cons-0 tensor-add-0-right)
      next
        case (Suc j')
        then have  $\text{listsum } ds \text{ } As = As!j'$  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Cons.IH Cons.prem(1) Cons.prem(2) Cons.prem(3) Suc-less-eq length-Cons less-Suc-eq list.sel(3) not-less-eq nth-tl)
        then show ?thesis by (metis Cons.prem(1) Cons.prem(2) Suc length-greater-0-conv)

```


list.simps(3) listsum-Cons nat.simps(3) nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc tensor-add-0-left
qed
qed

lemma *lookup-listsum*:
assumes $is \triangleleft ds$
and $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds$
shows $\text{lookup } (\text{listsum } ds \ As) \ is = (\sum A \leftarrow As. \text{lookup } A \ is)$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *As*)
 case *Nil*
 then show *?case* **by** (*simp add: assms(1) listsum-Nil lookup-tensor0*)
next
 case (*Cons* *A* *As*)
 then show *?case* **by** (*simp add: listsum-Cons list.set-intros listsum-dims*)
qed

end

4 Tensor Scalar Multiplication

theory *Tensor-Scalar-Mult*
imports *Tensor-Plus Tensor-Subtensor*
begin

definition *vec-smult::'a::ring \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow 'a list* **where**
vec-smult $\alpha \ \beta = \text{map } ((*) \ \alpha) \ \beta$

lemma *vec-smult0*: $\text{vec-smult } 0 \ as = \text{vec0 } (\text{length } as)$
by (*induction* *as*; *auto simp add:vec0-def vec-smult-def*)

lemma *vec-smult-distr-right*:
shows $\text{vec-smult } (\alpha + \beta) \ as = \text{vec-plus } (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ as) \ (\text{vec-smult } \beta \ as)$
 unfolding *vec-smult-def vec-plus-def*
 by (*induction* *as*; *simp add: distrib-right*)

lemma *vec-smult-Cons*:
shows $\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (a \ \# \ as) = (\alpha * a) \ \# \ \text{vec-smult } \alpha \ as$ **by** (*simp add: vec-smult-def*)

lemma *vec-plus-Cons*:
shows $\text{vec-plus } (a \ \# \ as) \ (b \ \# \ bs) = (a+b) \ \# \ \text{vec-plus } as \ bs$ **by** (*simp add: vec-plus-def*)

lemma *vec-smult-distr-left*:
assumes $\text{length } as = \text{length } bs$
shows $\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{vec-plus } as \ bs) = \text{vec-plus } (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ as) \ (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ bs)$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *as* *arbitrary:bs*)
 case *Nil*
 then show *?case* **unfolding** *vec-smult-def vec-plus-def* **by** *simp*

next
case (*Cons a as'*)
then obtain $b \text{ } bs'$ **where** $bs = b \# bs'$ **by** (*metis Suc-length-conv*)
then have $0:\text{vec-smult } \alpha \text{ (vec-plus (a \# as') bs) = } (\alpha*(a+b)) \# \text{vec-smult } \alpha \text{ (vec-plus as' bs')}$
unfolding *vec-smult-def vec-plus-def* **using** *Cons.IH[of bs']* **by** *simp*
have $\text{length } bs' = \text{length } as'$ **using** *Cons.prem*s $\langle bs = b \# bs' \rangle$ **by** *auto*
then show *?case* **unfolding** 0 **unfolding** $\langle bs = b \# bs' \rangle$ *vec-smult-Cons vec-plus-Cons*
by (*simp add: Cons.IH distrib-left*)
qed

lemma *length-vec-smult*: $\text{length (vec-smult } \alpha \text{ } v) = \text{length } v$ **unfolding** *vec-smult-def*
by *simp*

definition *smult::'a::ring \Rightarrow 'a tensor \Rightarrow 'a tensor* (*infixl* \cdot 70) **where**
 $\text{smult } \alpha \text{ } A = (\text{tensor-from-vec (dims } A) \text{ (vec-smult } \alpha \text{ (vec } A)))$

lemma *tensor-smult0*: **fixes** $A::'a::\text{ring tensor}$
shows $0 \cdot A = \text{tensor0 (dims } A)$
unfolding *smult-def tensor0-def vec-smult-def* **using** *vec-smult0 length-vec*
by (*metis (no-types) vec-smult-def*)

lemma *dims-smult[simp]*: $\text{dims } (\alpha \cdot A) = \text{dims } A$
and *vec-smult[simp]*: $\text{vec } (\alpha \cdot A) = \text{map } ((*) \alpha) \text{ (vec } A)$
unfolding *smult-def vec-smult-def* **by** (*simp add: length-vec*) $+$

lemma *tensor-smult-distr-right*: $(\alpha + \beta) \cdot A = \alpha \cdot A + \beta \cdot A$
unfolding *plus-def plus-base-def*
by (*auto; metis smult-def vec-smult-def vec-smult-distr-right*)

lemma *tensor-smult-distr-left*: $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B \implies \alpha \cdot (A + B) = \alpha \cdot A + \alpha \cdot B$

proof –

assume $a1: \text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$
then have $f2: \text{length (vec-plus (vec } A) \text{ (vec } B)) = \text{length (vec } A)$
by (*simp add: length-vec vec-plus-def*)
have $f3: \text{dims (tensor-from-vec (dims } B) \text{ (vec-smult } \alpha \text{ (vec } A))) = \text{dims } B$
using $a1$ **by** (*simp add: length-vec vec-smult-def*)
have $f4: \text{vec } (\alpha \cdot A) = \text{vec-smult } \alpha \text{ (vec } A)$
by (*simp add: vec-smult-def*)
have $\text{length (vec-smult } \alpha \text{ (vec } B)) = \text{length (vec } B)$
by (*simp add: vec-smult-def*)
then show *?thesis*
unfolding *plus-def plus-base-def* **using** $f4 \text{ } f3 \text{ } f2 \text{ } a1$
by (*simp add: length-vec smult-def vec-smult-distr-left*)
qed

lemma *smult-fixed-length-sublist*:
assumes $\text{length } xs = l * c \ i < c$
shows $\text{fixed-length-sublist } (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ xs) \ l \ i = \text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{fixed-length-sublist } xs \ l \ i)$
unfolding *fixed-length-sublist-def vec-smult-def* **by** (*simp add: drop-map take-map*)

lemma *smult-subtensor*:
assumes $\text{dims } A \neq [] \ i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$
shows $\alpha \cdot \text{subtensor } A \ i = \text{subtensor } (\alpha \cdot A) \ i$
proof (*rule tensor-eqI*)
 show $\text{dims } (\alpha \cdot \text{subtensor } A \ i) = \text{dims } (\text{subtensor } (\alpha \cdot A) \ i)$
 using *dims-smult dims-subtensor assms(1) assms(2)* **by** *simp*
 show $\text{vec } (\alpha \cdot \text{subtensor } A \ i) = \text{vec } (\text{subtensor } (\alpha \cdot A) \ i)$
 unfolding *vec-smult*
 unfolding *vec-subtensor[OF <dims A ≠ []> <i < hd (dims A)>]*
 using *vec-subtensor[of α · A i]*
 by (*simp add: assms(1) assms(2) drop-map fixed-length-sublist-def take-map*)
qed

lemma *lookup-smult*:
assumes $is \triangleleft \text{dims } A$
shows $\text{lookup } (\alpha \cdot A) \ is = \alpha * \text{lookup } A \ is$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction A arbitrary:is rule:subtensor-induct*)
 case (*order-0 A is*)
 then have $\text{length } (\text{vec } A) = 1$ **by** (*simp add: length-vec*)
 then have $\text{hd } (\text{vec-smult } \alpha \ (\text{vec } A)) = \alpha * \text{hd } (\text{vec } A)$ **unfolding** *vec-smult-def*
by (*metis list.map-sel(1) list.size(3) zero-neq-one*)
 moreover have $is = []$ **using** *order-0* **by** *auto*
 ultimately show $?case$ **unfolding** *smult-def* **by** (*auto simp add: <length (Tensor.vec A) = 1> lookup-def length-vec-smult order-0.hyps*)
next
 case (*order-step A is*)
 then obtain $i \ is'$ **where** $is = i \# \ is'$ **by** *blast*
 then have $\text{lookup } (\alpha \cdot \text{subtensor } A \ i) \ is' = \alpha * \text{lookup } (\text{subtensor } A \ i) \ is'$
 by (*metis (no-types, lifting) dims-subtensor list.sel(1) list.sel(3) order-step.IH order-step.hyps order-step.premis valid-index-dimsE*)
 then show $?case$ **using** *smult-subtensor <is = i # is'> dims-smult lookup-subtensor1 list.sel(1) order-step.hyps order-step.premis valid-index-dimsE*
 by *metis*
qed

lemma *tensor-smult-assoc*:
fixes $A::'a::\text{ring tensor}$
shows $\alpha \cdot (\beta \cdot A) = (\alpha * \beta) \cdot A$
by (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI, simp, metis lookup-smult dims-smult mult.assoc*)

end

5 Tensor Product

theory *Tensor-Product*

imports *Tensor-Scalar-Mult Tensor-Subtensor*

begin

instantiation *tensor:: (ring) semigroup-mult*

begin

definition *tensor-prod-def*: $A * B = \text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B) (\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A)))$

abbreviation *tensor-prod-otimes* :: $'a \text{ tensor} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ tensor} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ tensor}$ (**infixl** \otimes 70)

where $A \otimes B \equiv A * B$

lemma *vec-tensor-prod[simp]*: $\text{vec } (A \otimes B) = \text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A))$ (**is** $?V$)

and *dims-tensor-prod[simp]*: $\text{dims } (A \otimes B) = \text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B$ (**is** $?D$)

proof –

have $\text{length } (\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A))) = \text{prod-list } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B)$

proof –

have $\bigwedge xs. xs \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A)) \implies \text{length } xs = \text{length } (\text{vec } B)$

using *length-vec-smult by force*

then show *?thesis using concat-equal-length by (metis length-map length-vec prod-list.append)*

qed

then show $?V ?D$ **by** (*simp add: tensor-prod-def*)+

qed

lemma *tensorprod-subtensor-base*:

shows $\text{concat } (\text{map } f (\text{concat } xss)) = \text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda xs. \text{concat } (\text{map } f xs)) xss)$

by (*induction xss; auto*)

lemma *subtensor-combine-tensor-prod*:

assumes $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds$

shows $\text{subtensor-combine } ds As \otimes B = \text{subtensor-combine } (ds @ \text{dims } B) (\text{map } (\lambda A. A \otimes B) As)$

proof –

let $?f = \lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{Tensor.vec } B)$

let $?xss = \text{map } \text{Tensor.vec } As$

have 1: $\text{prod-list } (\text{length } As \# ds) = \text{length } (\text{concat } ?xss)$ **by** (*metis assms length-vec subtensor-combine-dims subtensor-combine-vec*)

have 2: $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{prod-list } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B) = \text{length } (\text{concat } (\text{map } ?f (\text{Tensor.vec } A)))$

by (*metis dims-tensor-prod length-vec vec-tensor-prod*)

have 3: $\text{length } As \# ds @ \text{dims } B = (\text{length } (\text{map } (\lambda A. \text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B) (\text{concat } (\text{map } ?f (\text{Tensor.vec } A))))))$

$A @ \text{dims } B$
 $(\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A)))) \text{ As} \# \text{ ds } @ \text{ dims } B$ **by**
simp
have $4:(\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda xs. \text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) xs)) (\text{map } \text{vec } \text{As}))))$
 $= (\text{concat } (\text{map } \text{vec } (\text{map } (\lambda A. \text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B) (\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda a. \text{vec-smult } a (\text{vec } B)) (\text{vec } A)))) \text{ As})))$
unfolding *map-map[unfolded comp-def]* **using** *vec-tensor* **by** (*metis* (*no-types*,
lifting) 2 *map-eq-conv*)
have $\text{subtensor-combine } \text{ds } \text{As} \otimes B = \text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{length } \text{As} \# \text{ ds } @ \text{ dims } B) (\text{concat } (\text{map } ?f (\text{concat } (?xss))))$
unfolding *subtensor-combine-def tensor-prod-def* **using** 1 **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{tensor-from-vec } (\text{length } \text{As} \# \text{ ds } @ \text{ dims } B) (\text{concat } (\text{map } (\lambda xs. \text{concat } (\text{map } ?f xs)) ?xss))$
using *tensorprod-subtensor-base[of ?f ?xss]* **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{subtensor-combine } (\text{ds } @ \text{ dims } B) (\text{map } (\lambda A. A \otimes B) \text{As})$
unfolding *subtensor-combine-def tensor-prod-def* **using** 3 4 **by** *metis*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *metis*
qed

lemma *subtensor-tensor-prod*:
assumes $\text{dims } A \neq []$ **and** $i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$
shows $\text{subtensor } (A \otimes B) i = \text{subtensor } A i \otimes B$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* A *rule:subtensor-combine-induct*)
case *order-0*
then show *?case* **by** *auto*
next
case (*order-step* As ds)
have $1:i < \text{length } (\text{map } (\lambda A. A \otimes B) \text{As})$ **using** *order-step* **by** (*simp* *add:order-step.hyps order-step.premis(1)*)
have $2:(\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\lambda A. A \otimes B) \text{As}) \implies \text{dims } A = \text{ds } @ \text{ dims } B)$
using *order-step* **by** *auto*
have $\text{subtensor } (\text{subtensor-combine } \text{ds } \text{As} \otimes B) i = \text{subtensor } (\text{subtensor-combine } (\text{ds } @ \text{ dims } B) (\text{map } (\lambda A. A \otimes B) \text{As})) i$
using *subtensor-combine-tensor-prod order-step* **by** *metis*
also have $\dots = \text{As } ! i \otimes B$
using *order-step subtensor-subtensor-combine[of (map (lambda A. A otimes B) As) ds @ dims B i]* 1 2 **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{subtensor } (\text{subtensor-combine } \text{ds } \text{As}) i \otimes B$
by (*metis* 1 *length-map order-step.hyps subtensor-subtensor-combine*)
finally show *?case* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *lookup-tensor-prod[simp]*:
assumes *is1-valid:is1* $\triangleleft \text{dims } A$ **and** *is2-valid:is2* $\triangleleft \text{dims } B$
shows $\text{lookup } (A \otimes B) (\text{is1 } @ \text{ is2}) = \text{lookup } A \text{ is1 } * \text{lookup } B \text{ is2}$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* A *arbitrary:is1* *rule:subtensor-induct*)
case (*order-0* A *is1*)

```

then obtain  $a$  where  $\text{vec } A = [a]$ 
using Suc-length-conv Tensor.tensor-vec-from-lookup-Nil length-0-conv length-tensor-vec-from-lookup
length-vec by metis
then have  $A \otimes B = a \cdot B$  unfolding tensor-prod-def smult-def using order-0
by simp
moreover have  $\text{lookup } A [] = a$  by (simp add: ⟨Tensor.vec A = [a]⟩ lookup-def
order-0.hyps)
ultimately have  $\text{lookup } (A \otimes B) (is2) = a * \text{lookup } B is2$  by (simp add:
lookup-smult is2-valid)
then show  $?case$  using  $\langle \text{lookup } A [] = a \rangle$  null-rec(1) order-0.hyps order-0.prem(1)
by auto
next
case (order-step A is1)
then obtain  $i is1'$  where  $i \# is1' = is1$  by blast
have  $\text{lookup } (\text{subtensor } A i \otimes B) (is1' @ is2) = \text{lookup } (\text{subtensor } A i) is1' * \text{lookup } B is2$ 
using order-step
by (metis ⟨i # is1' = is1⟩ dims-subtensor list.sel(1) list.sel(3) valid-index-dimsE)
then show  $\text{lookup } (A \otimes B) (is1 @ is2) = \text{lookup } A is1 * \text{lookup } B is2$ 
using lookup-subtensor1[of i is1' A] lookup-subtensor1[of i is1' @ is2 A ⊗ B]
subtensor-tensor-prod[of A i B]
Cons-eq-appendI ⟨i # is1' = is1⟩ dims-tensor-prod is2-valid list.sel(1) order-step.hyps order-step.prem(1) valid-index-append valid-index-dimsE
by metis
qed

lemma valid-index-split:
assumes  $is \triangleleft ds1 @ ds2$ 
obtains  $is1 is2$  where  $is1 @ is2 = is$   $is1 \triangleleft ds1$   $is2 \triangleleft ds2$ 
proof
assume  $a: \bigwedge is1 is2. is1 @ is2 = is \implies is1 \triangleleft ds1 \implies is2 \triangleleft ds2 \implies thesis$ 
have  $\text{length-is:length } is = \text{length } ds1 + \text{length } ds2$  using valid-index-length
using assms by auto
show  $\text{take } (\text{length } ds1) is \triangleleft ds1$ 
apply (rule valid-indexI)
using valid-index-length using assms apply auto[1]
by (metis add-leD1 assms length-append not-less nth-append nth-take valid-index-lt)
show  $\text{drop } (\text{length } ds1) is \triangleleft ds2$ 
apply (rule valid-indexI)
using valid-index-length using assms apply auto[1]
using nth-drop[of length ds1 is] valid-index-lt[OF assms(1)] nth-append[of ds1 ds2] length-is
by (metis length-append nat-add-left-cancel-less nat-le-iff-add nth-append-length-plus)
show  $\text{take } (\text{length } ds1) is @ \text{drop } (\text{length } ds1) is = is$  using length-is by auto
qed

instance proof
fix  $A B C :: 'a :: \text{ring}$  tensor
show  $(A \otimes B) \otimes C = A \otimes (B \otimes C)$ 
proof (rule tensor-lookup-eqI, simp)

```

```

fix is assume  $is \triangleleft \text{dims } ((A \otimes B) \otimes C)$ 
obtain is1 is23 where  $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$   $is23 \triangleleft \text{dims } (B \otimes C)$   $is1 @ is23 = is$ 
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)  $\langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } ((A \otimes B) \otimes C) \rangle$  Tensor-Product.dims-tensor-prod
append-assoc valid-index-split)
obtain is2 is3 where  $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B$   $is3 \triangleleft \text{dims } C$   $is2 @ is3 = is23$ 
by (metis  $\langle is23 \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{local.tensor-prod-otimes } B \ C) \rangle$  dims-tensor-prod
valid-index-split)
define is12 where  $is12 = is1 @ is2$ 
have  $is12 \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B)$  by (simp add:  $\langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle$ 
is12-def valid-index-append)
have  $is12 @ is3 = is$  by (simp add:  $\langle is1 @ is23 = is \rangle \langle is2 @ is3 = is23 \rangle$ 
is12-def)
show  $\text{lookup } ((A \otimes B) \otimes C) \ is = \text{lookup } (A \otimes (B \otimes C)) \ is$ 
unfolding lookup-tensor-prod[OF  $\langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is23 \triangleleft \text{dims } (B \otimes C) \rangle$ ,
unfolded  $\langle is1 @ is23 = is \rangle$ ]
 $\text{lookup-tensor-prod}$ [OF  $\langle is12 \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B) \rangle \langle is3 \triangleleft \text{dims } C \rangle$ , unfolded
 $\langle is12 @ is3 = is \rangle$ ]
using  $\langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 @ is3 = is23 \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle \langle is3 \triangleleft \text{dims } C \rangle$ 
is12-def mult.assoc by fastforce
qed
qed

```

end

lemma *tensor-prod-distr-left*:

assumes $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$

shows $(A + B) \otimes C = (A \otimes C) + (B \otimes C)$

proof –

have $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } A @ \text{dims } C \implies \text{lookup } ((A + B) \otimes C) \ is = \text{lookup } (A \otimes C + B \otimes C) \ is$

proof –

fix *is* **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } A @ \text{dims } C$

obtain *is1 is2* **where** $is = is1 @ is2$ $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } C$ **using**
valid-index-split **using** $\langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } A @ \text{dims } C \rangle$ **by** *blast*

then show $\text{lookup } ((A + B) \otimes C) \ is = \text{lookup } ((A \otimes C) + (B \otimes C)) \ is$

using *lookup-plus*

$\langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } C \rangle$ *assms plus-dim1 dims-tensor-prod lookup-tensor-prod*
ring-class.ring-distrib(2) *valid-index-append*

by *fastforce*

qed

moreover have *tensor-from-lookup* ($\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } C$) ($\text{lookup } ((A + B) \otimes C)$)
 $= (A + B) \otimes C$

tensor-from-lookup ($\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } C$) ($\text{lookup } ((A \otimes C) + (B \otimes C))$) $= (A \otimes C) + (B \otimes C)$

by (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *assms plus-dim1 dims-tensor-prod tensor-lookup*)**+**

ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *tensor-from-lookup-eqI*

by (*metis* $\langle \bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } A @ \text{dims } C \implies \text{lookup } ((A + B) \otimes C) \ is = \text{lookup } (A \otimes C + B \otimes C) \ is \rangle$)

qed

lemma *tensor-prod-distr-right*:
assumes $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$
shows $C \otimes (A + B) = (C \otimes A) + (C \otimes B)$
proof –
have $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A \implies \text{lookup } (C \otimes (A + B)) is = \text{lookup } (C \otimes A + C \otimes B) is$
proof –
fix is **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A$
obtain $is1 is2$ **where** $is = is1 @ is2$ $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } C$ $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ **using** *valid-index-split* **using** $\langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A \rangle$ **by** *blast*
then show $\text{lookup } (C \otimes (A + B)) is = \text{lookup } ((C \otimes A) + (C \otimes B)) is$
using *lookup-plus*
using $\langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } C \rangle$ *assms plus-dim1 dims-tensor-prod lookup-tensor-prod ring-class.ring-distrib(1) valid-index-append*
by *fastforce*
qed
moreover have $\text{tensor-from-lookup } (\text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A) (\text{lookup } (C \otimes (A + B))) = C \otimes (A + B)$
 $\text{tensor-from-lookup } (\text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A) (\text{lookup } ((C \otimes A) + (C \otimes B))) = (C \otimes A) + (C \otimes B)$
by *(metis (no-types, lifting) assms plus-dim1 dims-tensor-prod tensor-lookup)+*
ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *tensor-from-lookup-eqI*
by *(metis $\langle \bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } C @ \text{dims } A \implies \text{lookup } (C \otimes (A + B)) is = \text{lookup } (C \otimes A + C \otimes B) is \rangle$)*
qed

instantiation *tensor* :: *(ring-1) monoid-mult*

begin

definition *tensor-one-def:1* = *tensor-from-vec* [] [1]

lemma *tensor-one-from-lookup: 1* = *tensor-from-lookup* [] $(\lambda-. 1)$

unfolding *tensor-one-def* **by** *(rule tensor-eqI; simp-all add: tensor-from-lookup-def)*
)

instance proof

fix $A::'a::\text{ring-1}$ *tensor*

show $A * 1 = A$ **unfolding** *tensor-one-from-lookup*

by *(rule tensor-lookup-eqI; metis lookup-tensor-prod[of - A [] tensor-from-lookup [] $(\lambda-. 1)$])*

lookup-tensor-from-lookup valid-index.Nil append-Nil2 dims-tensor dims-tensor-prod length-tensor-vec-from-lookup mult.right-neutral tensor-from-lookup-def)

next

fix $A::'a::\text{ring-1}$ *tensor*

show $1 * A = A$ **unfolding** *tensor-one-from-lookup*

by *(rule tensor-lookup-eqI; metis lookup-tensor-prod[of [] tensor-from-lookup [] $(\lambda-. 1)$ - A])*

lookup-tensor-from-lookup valid-index.Nil List.append.append-Nil dims-tensor dims-tensor-prod

length-tensor-vec-from-lookup mult.left-neutral tensor-from-lookup-def)

qed
end

lemma *order-tensor-one: order 1 = 0 unfolding tensor-one-def by simp*

lemma *smult-prod-extract1:*
fixes *a::'a::comm-ring-1*
shows $a \cdot (A \otimes B) = (a \cdot A) \otimes B$
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
 show $\text{dims } (a \cdot (A \otimes B)) = \text{dims } ((a \cdot A) \otimes B)$ **by** *simp*
 fix *is* **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot (A \otimes B))$
 then have $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B)$ **by** *auto*
 then obtain *is1 is2* **where** $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B$ $is = is1 @ is2$ **by**
 (*metis dims-tensor-prod valid-index-split*)
 then have $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot A)$ **by** *auto*
 show $\text{lookup } (a \cdot (A \otimes B)) \text{ is} = \text{lookup } (a \cdot A \otimes B) \text{ is}$
 using $\text{lookup-tensor-prod}[OF \langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle]$ $\text{lookup-tensor-prod}[OF$
 $\langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot A) \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle]$
 $\text{lookup-smult}[OF \langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B) \rangle]$ $\text{lookup-smult}[OF \langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is$
 $= is1 @ is2 \rangle]$ **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *smult-prod-extract2:*
fixes *a::'a::comm-ring-1*
shows $a \cdot (A \otimes B) = A \otimes (a \cdot B)$
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
 show $\text{dims } (a \cdot (A \otimes B)) = \text{dims } (A \otimes (a \cdot B))$ **by** *simp*
 fix *is* **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot (A \otimes B))$
 then have $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B)$ **by** *auto*
 then obtain *is1 is2* **where** $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B$ $is = is1 @ is2$ **by**
 (*metis dims-tensor-prod valid-index-split*)
 then have $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot B)$ **by** *auto*
 show $\text{lookup } (a \cdot (A \otimes B)) \text{ is} = \text{lookup } (A \otimes (a \cdot B)) \text{ is}$
 using $\text{lookup-tensor-prod}[OF \langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle]$ $\text{lookup-tensor-prod}[OF$
 $\langle is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A \rangle \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } (a \cdot B) \rangle]$
 $\text{lookup-smult}[OF \langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes B) \rangle]$ $\text{lookup-smult}[OF \langle is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } B \rangle]$
 $\langle is = is1 @ is2 \rangle]$ **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *order-0-multiple-of-one:*
assumes $\text{order } A = 0$
obtains *a* **where** $A = a \cdot 1$
proof
 assume $(\bigwedge a. A = a \cdot 1 \implies \text{thesis})$
 have $\text{length } (\text{vec } A) = 1$ **using** *assms* **by** (*simp add:length-vec*)
 then obtain *a* **where** $\text{vec } A = [a]$ **by** (*metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv*
length-0-conv)

moreover have $\text{vec } (a \cdot 1) = [a]$ **unfolding** *smult-def tensor-one-def* **by** (*simp add: vec-smult-def*)
ultimately have $A = a \cdot 1$ **using** *tensor-eqI* **by** (*metis assms dims-smult length-0-conv order-tensor-one*)
then show $A = \text{hd } (\text{vec } A) \cdot 1$ **using** $\langle \text{vec } A = [a] \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *smult-1*:
fixes $A::'a::\text{ring-1 tensor}$
shows $A = 1 \cdot A$ **unfolding** *smult-def tensor-one-def*
apply (*rule tensor-eqI*)
apply (*simp add: length-vec length-vec-smult*)
by (*metis dims-tensor length-vec length-vec-smult lookup-smult mult.left-neutral smult-def tensor-lookup-eqI*)

lemma *tensor0-prod-right[simp]*: $A \otimes \text{tensor0 } ds = \text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A @ ds)$
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI, simp*)
fix is **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes \text{tensor0 } ds)$
then obtain $is1 is2$ **where** $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } ds)$ $is = is1 @ is2$
by (*metis dims-tensor0 dims-tensor-prod valid-index-split*)
then show $\text{lookup } (A \otimes \text{tensor0 } ds) is = \text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A @ ds)) is$
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) $\langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } (A \otimes \text{tensor0 } ds) \rangle$ dims-tensor0 dims-tensor-prod lookup-tensor0 lookup-tensor-prod mult-zero-right*)
qed

lemma *tensor0-prod-left[simp]*: $\text{tensor0 } ds \otimes A = \text{tensor0 } (ds @ \text{dims } A)$
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI, simp*)
fix is **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } ds \otimes A)$
then obtain $is1 is2$ **where** $is1 \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } ds)$ $is2 \triangleleft \text{dims } A$ $is = is1 @ is2$
by (*metis dims-tensor0 dims-tensor-prod valid-index-split*)
then show $\text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } ds \otimes A) is = \text{lookup } (\text{tensor0 } (ds @ \text{dims } A)) is$
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) $\langle is \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } ds \otimes A) \rangle$ dims-tensor0 dims-tensor-prod lookup-tensor0 lookup-tensor-prod mult-zero-left*)
qed

lemma *subtensor-prod-with-vec*:
assumes $\text{order } A = 1$ $i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$
shows $\text{subtensor } (A \otimes B) i = \text{lookup } A [i] \cdot B$
proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)
have $\text{dims } (A \otimes B) \neq []$ **using** *assms(1)* **by** *auto*
have $\text{hd } (\text{dims } A) = \text{hd } (\text{dims } (A \otimes B))$
by (*metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv append-Cons assms(1) dims-tensor-prod list.sel(1)*)
show $\text{dims } (\text{subtensor } (A \otimes B) i) = \text{dims } (\text{lookup } A [i] \cdot B)$
unfolding *dims-smult dims-subtensor[OF $\langle \text{dims } (A \otimes B) \neq [] \rangle$, $\langle i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) \rangle$]* $[\text{unfolded } \langle \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) = \text{hd } (\text{dims } (A \otimes B)) \rangle]$

```

  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv append.simps(2) append-self-conv2 assms(1)
      dims-tensor-prod length-0-conv list.sel(3))
next
  fix is assume is < dims (subtensor (A ⊗ B) i)
  have dims (A ⊗ B) ≠ [] using assms(1) by auto
  have hd (dims A) = hd (dims (A ⊗ B))
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv append-Cons assms(1) dims-tensor-prod
      list.sel(1))
  then have is < dims B
  using < is < dims (subtensor (A ⊗ B) i) [unfolded dims-subtensor[OF <dims
      (A ⊗ B) ≠ []> <i < hd (dims A)> [unfolded <hd (dims A) = hd (dims (A ⊗ B))>]] ]
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv append-self-conv2 assms(1) dims-tensor-prod
      length-0-conv list.sel(3) list.simps(3) tl-append2)
  have [i] < dims A using assms by (metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv length-0-conv
      list.sel(1) valid-index.Nil valid-index.simps)
  then have i # is < dims (A ⊗ B) using < is < dims (subtensor (A ⊗ B) i)
      dims-subtensor valid-index.Cons by auto
  then show lookup (subtensor (A ⊗ B) i) is = lookup (lookup A [i] · B) is
  unfolding lookup-subtensor1[OF <i # is < dims (A ⊗ B)>]
  using lookup-tensor-prod[OF <[i] < dims A> <is < dims B>] lookup-smult
      <is < dims B> using append-Cons by fastforce
qed

end

```

6 Unit Vectors as Tensors

```

theory Tensor-Unit-Vec
imports Tensor-Product
begin

```

```

definition unit-vec::nat ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a::ring-1 tensor
where unit-vec n i = tensor-from-lookup [n] (λx. if x=[i] then 1 else 0)

```

```

lemma dims-unit-vec: dims (unit-vec n i) = [n] unfolding unit-vec-def by (simp
add: tensor-from-lookup-def)

```

```

lemma lookup-unit-vec:
assumes j < n
shows lookup (unit-vec n i) [j] = (if i=j then 1 else 0)
proof -
  have [j] < [n] by (simp add: assms valid-index.Cons valid-index.Nil)
  then have lookup (unit-vec n i) [j] = (λx. if x=[i] then 1 else 0) [j]
  by (simp add: lookup-tensor-from-lookup unit-vec-def)
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed

```

```

lemma subtensor-prod-with-unit-vec:
fixes A::'a::ring-1 tensor

```

assumes $j < n$
shows $\text{subtensor } (\text{unit-vec } n \ i \otimes A) \ j = (\text{if } i=j \text{ then } A \text{ else } (\text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A)))$
proof –
have $0:\text{lookup } (\text{unit-vec } n \ i) \ [j] = (\text{if } i=j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$ **unfolding** unit-vec-def
by ($\text{simp add: assms lookup-tensor-from-lookup valid-index.Cons valid-index.Nil}$)
have $1:\text{order } (\text{unit-vec } n \ i) = 1$ **unfolding** unit-vec-def **by** ($\text{simp add: tensor-from-lookup-def}$)
from assms **have** $2:j < \text{hd } (\text{dims } (\text{tensor-from-lookup } [n] \ (\lambda x. \text{if } x = [i] \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)))$
by ($\text{simp add: dims-tensor-from-lookup}$)
show $?thesis$ **using** $\text{unit-vec-def subtensor-prod-with-vec 1 2 0 smult-1 tensor-smult0}$
by ($\text{metis (no-types, lifting) tensor-from-lookup-eqI}$)
qed

lemma *subtensor-decomposition*:

assumes $\text{dims } A \neq []$
shows $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } A) \ (\text{map } (\lambda i. \text{unit-vec } (\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)) \ i \otimes \text{subtensor } A \ i) \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]) = A$ (**is** $?LS = A$)
proof –
let $?f = \lambda i. \text{unit-vec } (\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)) \ i \otimes \text{subtensor } A \ i$
have $\text{correct-dims}:\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } (\text{map } ?f \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]) \implies \text{dims } B = \text{dims } A$
proof –
fix B
assume $B \in \text{set } (\text{map } ?f \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)])$
then obtain i **where** $B:B = ?f \ i$ **and** $i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$ **by** *auto*
then have $\text{dims } (\text{subtensor } A \ i) = \text{tl } (\text{dims } A)$ **using** dims-subtensor **using** assms **by** *blast*
then show $\text{dims } B = \text{dims } A$ **unfolding** B
by ($\text{metis append-Cons assms dims-tensor-prod dims-unit-vec list.exhaust-sel self-append-conv2}$)
qed
have $\bigwedge j. j < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) \implies \text{subtensor } ?LS \ j = \text{subtensor } A \ j$
proof –
fix j
assume $j < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A)$
have $1:\text{subtensor } ?LS \ j = \text{listsum } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A)) \ (\text{map } (\lambda A. \text{subtensor } A \ j) \ (\text{map } ?f \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]))$
using $\text{subtensor-listsum[of } (\text{map } (\lambda i. ?f \ i) \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]) \ \text{dims } A \ j, \text{OF correct-dims assms } \langle j < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) \rangle]$
by *linarith*
also have $\dots = \text{listsum } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A)) \ (\text{map } (\lambda i. \text{subtensor } (?f \ i) \ j) \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)])$
proof –
have $\text{map } (\lambda A. \text{subtensor } A \ j) \ (\text{map } ?f \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]) = \text{map } (\lambda i. \text{subtensor } (?f \ i) \ j) \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]$
unfolding $\text{map-map[of } (\lambda A. \text{subtensor } A \ j) \ ?f \ [0..\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]]$ **by** *simp*
with 1 **show** $?thesis$ **by** *metis*
qed

```

also have ... = map (λi. if i = j then subtensor A i else tensor0 (dims
(subtensor A i))) [0..<hd (dims A)] ! j
unfolding subtensor-prod-with-unit-vec[OF ⟨j < hd (dims A)⟩]
using listsum-all-0-but-one[of j (map (λi. if i = j then subtensor A i else
tensor0 (dims (subtensor A i))) [0..<hd (dims A)]) tl (dims A)]
by (simp add: ⟨j < hd (dims A)⟩ assms)
also have ... = subtensor A j by (simp add: ⟨j < hd (dims A)⟩)
finally show subtensor ?LS j = subtensor A j by auto
qed
moreover have dims ?LS = dims A using correct-dims listsum-dims by blast
ultimately show ?thesis using subtensor-eqI by (metis (no-types, lifting) assms)
qed

end

```

7 Tensor CP-Rank

```

theory Tensor-Rank
imports Tensor-Unit-Vec
begin

```

```

inductive cprank-max1::'a::ring-1 tensor ⇒ bool where
order1: order A ≤ 1 ⇒ cprank-max1 A |
higher-order: order A = 1 ⇒ cprank-max1 B ⇒ cprank-max1 (A ⊗ B)

```

```

lemma cprank-max1-order0: cprank-max1 B ⇒ order A = 0 ⇒ cprank-max1
(A ⊗ B)

```

```

proof (induction B rule:cprank-max1.induct)

```

```

case order1

```

```

then show ?case by (simp add: cprank-max1.order1)

```

```

next

```

```

case (higher-order A' B)

```

```

then have order (A ⊗ A') = 1 by simp

```

```

then show ?case using higher-order cprank-max1.higher-order by (metis mult.assoc)

```

```

qed

```

```

lemma cprank-max1-order-le1: order A ≤ 0 ⇒ cprank-max1 B ⇒ cprank-max1
(A ⊗ B)

```

```

by (simp add: cprank-max1-order0)

```

```

lemma cprank-max1-prod: cprank-max1 A ⇒ cprank-max1 B ⇒ cprank-max1
(A ⊗ B)

```

```

apply(induction A rule: cprank-max1.induct)

```

```

apply (meson higher-order le-neq-trans less-one cprank-max1-order0)

```

```

by (simp add: higher-order mult.assoc)

```

```

lemma cprank-max1-prod-list:

```

```

assumes ⋀B. B ∈ set Bs ⇒ cprank-max1 B

```

```

shows cprank-max1 (prod-list Bs)

```

using *assms* **by** (*induction* *Bs*, *metis* *dims-smult* *dims-tensor0* *list.size(3)* *prod-list.Nil* *order1* *order-0-multiple-of-one* *zero-le-one*, *simp* *add: cprank-max1-prod*)

lemma *cprank-max1-prod-listE*:

fixes *A::'a::comm-ring-1* *tensor*

assumes *cprank-max1 A*

obtains *Bs a* **where** $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{order } B = 1 \ a \cdot \text{prod-list } Bs = A$

using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *A* *arbitrary:thesis* *rule:cprank-max1.induct*)

case (*order1 A*)

then show *?case*

proof (*cases* *order A = 0*)

case *True*

then obtain *a* **where** $A = a \cdot \text{prod-list } []$ **using** *order-0-multiple-of-one* **using** *prod-list.Nil* **by** *auto*

then show *?thesis* **using** *length-pos-if-in-set* *order1.premis* **by** *fastforce*

next

case *False*

then have $\text{order } A = 1$ **using** *order1* **by** *linarith*

then have $A = 1 \cdot \text{prod-list } [A]$ **by** (*simp* *add: smult-1*)

then show *?thesis* **by** (*metis* $\langle \text{order } A = 1 \rangle$ *length-greater-0-conv* *length-pos-if-in-set* *order1.premis* *set-ConsD*)

qed

next

case (*higher-order A B*)

then obtain *Bs b* **where** $\bigwedge B'. B' \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{order } B' = 1 \ b \cdot \text{prod-list } Bs = B$ **by** *metis*

then have $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } (A \# Bs) \implies \text{order } B = 1$ **using** *higher-order* **by** *auto*

have $A \otimes B = b \cdot (A \otimes \text{prod-list } Bs)$ **using** *smult-prod-extract2* $\langle b \cdot \text{prod-list } Bs = B \rangle$ **by** *metis*

then show *?case* **by** (*metis* $\langle \bigwedge Ba. Ba \in \text{set } (A \# Bs) \implies \text{order } Ba = 1 \rangle$ *higher-order.premis* *prod-list.Cons*)

qed

inductive *cprank-max* $:: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{ring-1}$ *tensor* $\Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**

cprank-max0: cprank-max 0 (tensor0 ds) |

cprank-max-Suc: dims A = dims B \implies cprank-max1 A \implies cprank-max j B \implies

cprank-max (Suc j) (A+B)

lemma *cprank-max1: cprank-max1 A \implies cprank-max 1 A*

by (*metis* *One-nat-def* *dims-tensor0* *cprank-max.simps* *cprank-max0* *tensor-add-0-right*)

lemma *cprank-max-plus: cprank-max i A \implies cprank-max j B \implies dims A = dims B \implies cprank-max (i+j) (A+B)*

apply (*induction* *A* *rule:cprank-max.induct*)

apply *auto[1]*

by (*metis* *add-Suc* *plus-assoc* *plus-dim1* *cprank-max.intros(2)*)

lemma *cprank-max-listsum:*

assumes $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{dims } A = ds$
and $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{cprank-max } n \ A$
shows $\text{cprank-max } (n * \text{length } As) (\text{listsum } ds \ As)$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *As*)
 case *Nil*
 then show *?case* **using** *listsum-Nil* *cprank-max.simps* **by** *fastforce*
next
 case (*Cons* *A* *As*)
 then show *?case* **using** *cprank-max-plus*[*of* *n* *A* *n * length* *As* *listsum* *ds* *As*]
 by (*simp* *add: length-Cons* *list.set-intros(1)* *listsum-Cons* *listsum-dims* *set-subset-Cons* *subsetCE*)
qed

lemma *cprank-maxE*:
assumes *cprank-max* *n* *A*
obtains *BS* **where** ($\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{cprank-max1 } B$) **and** ($\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$) **and** $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } A) \ BS = A$ **and** $\text{length } BS = n$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *arbitrary:thesis* *rule:cprank-max.induct*)
 case (*cprank-max0* *ds*)
 have *Tensor-Plus.listsum* ($\text{dims } (\text{tensor0 } ds)$) [] = *tensor0* *ds* **by** (*simp* *add: listsum-Nil*)
 then show *?case* **using** *cprank-max0.prem*s **by** *fastforce*
next
 case (*cprank-max-Suc* *A* *B* *j*)
 then obtain *BS* **where** *BS-def*: ($\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{cprank-max1 } B$) ($\bigwedge B'. B' \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{dims } B' = \text{dims } B$)
 $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } B) \ BS = B$ $\text{length } BS = j$ **by** *metis*
 then have $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } (A + B)) \ (A \# \ BS) = A + B$
 by (*simp* *add: listsum-Cons* *cprank-max-Suc.hyps(1)*)
 then show *?case* **using** *BS-def* *length-Cons* *cprank-max-Suc.hyps(2)* *cprank-max-Suc.prem*s *set-ConsD*
 by (*metis* *plus-dim1* *cprank-max-Suc.hyps(1)*)
qed

lemma *cprank-maxI*:
assumes $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{cprank-max1 } B$
and $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } BS \implies \text{dims } B = ds$
shows $\text{cprank-max } (\text{length } BS) (\text{listsum } ds \ BS)$
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *BS*)
 case *Nil*
 then show *?case* **by** (*simp* *add: listsum-Nil* *cprank-max0*)
next
 case (*Cons* *B* *BS*)
 then show *?case*
 by (*simp* *add: length-Cons* *list.set-intros(1)* *list.set-intros(2)* *listsum-Cons* *listsum-dims* *cprank-max-Suc*)
qed

lemma *cprank-max-0E*: $\text{cprank-max } 0 \ A \implies A = \text{tensor0 } (\text{dims } A)$ **by** (*metis*

dims-tensor0 length-0-conv cprank-max0 cprank-maxE)

lemma *listsum-prod-distr-right*:

assumes $(\bigwedge C. C \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{dims } C = ds)$

shows $A \otimes \text{listsum } ds \text{ } CS = \text{listsum } (\text{dims } A @ ds) (\text{map } (\lambda C. A \otimes C) \text{ } CS)$

using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *CS*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case* **by** (*simp* *add:listsum-Nil*)

next

case (*Cons* *C* *CS*)

then have $\text{dims } C = \text{dims } (\text{listsum } ds \text{ } CS)$ **by** (*simp* *add: list.set-intros(1)* *list.set-intros(2)* *listsum-dims*)

then show *?case* **unfolding** *listsum-Cons* *list.map(2)*

using *tensor-prod-distr-right* *Cons.IH* *Cons.prem* *list.set-intros(2)* **by** *fastforce* **qed**

lemma *cprank-max-prod-order1*:

assumes $\text{order } A = 1$

and *cprank-max* *n* *B*

shows *cprank-max* *n* ($A \otimes B$)

proof –

obtain *CS* **where** $(\bigwedge C. C \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{cprank-max1 } C)$

and $(\bigwedge C. C \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{dims } C = \text{dims } B)$

and $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } B) \text{ } CS = B$

and $\text{length } CS = n$

using *assms(2)* *cprank-maxE* **by** *metis*

define *CS'* **where** $CS' = \text{map } (\lambda C. A \otimes C) \text{ } CS$

then have $\bigwedge C'. C' \in \text{set } CS' \implies \text{cprank-max1 } C'$

using *assms(1)* *higher-order* $\langle \bigwedge C. C \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{cprank-max1 } C \rangle$ *imageE* *set-map* **by** *auto*

have $\text{listsum } (\text{dims } A @ \text{dims } B) \text{ } CS' = A \otimes B$ **using** *CS'-def* $\langle \text{Tensor-Plus.listsum } (\text{dims } B) \text{ } CS = B \rangle$

using $\langle \bigwedge Ca. Ca \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{dims } Ca = \text{dims } B \rangle$ *listsum-prod-distr-right* **by** *fastforce*

then show *?thesis* **by** (*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*) *CS'-def* $\langle \bigwedge C'. C' \in \text{set } CS' \implies \text{cprank-max1 } C' \rangle$ $\langle \bigwedge Ca. Ca \in \text{set } CS \implies \text{dims } Ca = \text{dims } B \rangle$ $\langle \text{length } CS = n \rangle$ *dims-tensor-prod* *imageE* *length-map* *cprank-maxI* *set-map*)

qed

lemma *cprank-max-upper-bound*:

shows *cprank-max* (*prod-list* (*dims* *A*)) *A*

proof (*induction* *A* *rule:subtensor-induct*)

case (*order-0* *A*)

then have *cprank-max* *1* *A* **using** *order1* *cprank-max1* **by** *force*

then show *?case* **using** *order-0* **by** *auto*

next

case (*order-step* *A*)

define *Bs* **where** $Bs = \text{map } (\lambda i. \text{unit-vec } (\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)) \ i \otimes \text{subtensor } A \ i)$ $[0..<\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)]$


```

have  $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$ 
proof -
  fix B assume B  $\in$  set Bs
  obtain i where  $i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) \text{ } Bs ! i = B$  using Bs-def  $\langle B \in \text{set } Bs \rangle$  by auto
  then have  $\text{dims } (\text{unit-vec } (\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)) i \otimes \text{subtensor } A i) = \text{dims } A$ 
    using dims-unit-vec order-step.hyps
  by (metis append-Cons dims-subtensor dims-tensor-prod list.exhaust-sel self-append-conv2)
  then show  $\text{dims } A = \text{dims } B$  using Bs-def  $\langle Bs ! i = B \rangle \langle i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) \rangle$ 
by auto
qed
have  $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{cprank-max } (\text{prod-list } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A))) B$ 
proof -
  fix B assume B  $\in$  set Bs
  obtain i where  $i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) \text{ } Bs ! i = B$  using Bs-def  $\langle B \in \text{set } Bs \rangle$  by auto
  then have  $\text{cprank-max } (\text{prod-list } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A))) (\text{unit-vec } (\text{hd } (\text{dims } A)) i \otimes$ 
subtensor A i)
    by (metis One-nat-def dims-subtensor dims-unit-vec length-Cons list.size(3)
order-step.IH order-step.hyps cprank-max-prod-order1)
  then show  $\text{cprank-max } (\text{prod-list } (\text{tl } (\text{dims } A))) B$  using Bs-def  $\langle Bs ! i = B \rangle$ 
 $\langle i < \text{hd } (\text{dims } A) \rangle$  by auto
qed
then show ?case using subtensor-decomposition[OF order-step.hyps] cprank-max-listsum
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Bs-def  $\langle \bigwedge Ba. Ba \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{dims } A = \text{dims } Ba \rangle$ 
diff-zero length-map length-upt list.exhaust-sel prod-list.Cons mult.commute order-step.hyps)
qed

definition cprank :: 'a::ring-1 tensor  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
cprank A = (LEAST n. cprank-max n A)

lemma cprank-upper-bound: cprank A  $\leq$  prod-list (dims A)
unfolding cprank-def using cprank-max-upper-bound Least-le by fastforce

lemma cprank-max-cprank: cprank-max (cprank A) A
unfolding cprank-def using cprank-max-upper-bound by (metis LeastI)

end

```

8 Tensor Matricization

```

theory Tensor-Matricization
imports Tensor-Plus
Jordan-Normal-Form.Matrix Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Missing-Sublist
begin

fun digit-decode :: nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
digit-decode [] [] = 0 |
digit-decode (d # ds) (i # is) = i + d * digit-decode ds is

```

```

fun digit-encode :: nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat list where
  digit-encode [] a = [] |
  digit-encode (d # ds) a = a mod d # digit-encode ds (a div d)

lemma digit-encode-decode[simp]:
assumes is  $\triangleleft$  ds
shows digit-encode ds (digit-decode ds is) = is
  using assms apply (induction rule:valid-index.induct)
  unfolding digit-decode.simps digit-encode.simps
  by simp-all

lemma digit-decode-encode[simp]:
shows digit-decode ds (digit-encode ds a) = a mod (prod-list ds)
by (induction ds arbitrary:a; simp add: Divides.mod-mult2-eq add.commute)

lemma digit-decode-encode-lt[simp]:
assumes a < prod-list ds
shows digit-decode ds (digit-encode ds a) = a
by (simp add: assms)

lemma digit-decode-lt:
assumes is  $\triangleleft$  ds
shows digit-decode ds is < prod-list ds
using assms proof (induction rule:valid-index.induct)
  case Nil
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons is ds i d)
  have (i + d * digit-decode ds is) div (d * prod-list ds) = 0
    using Cons.IH Cons.hyps(2) div-mult2-eq by force
  then show ?case unfolding digit-decode.simps prod-list.Cons
    by (metis (no-types) Cons.IH Cons.hyps(2) div-eq-0-iff mult-eq-0-iff not-less0)
qed

lemma digit-encode-valid-index:
assumes a < prod-list ds
shows digit-encode ds a  $\triangleleft$  ds
using assms proof (induction ds arbitrary:a)
  case Nil
  show ?case by (simp add: valid-index.Nil)
next
  case (Cons d ds a)
  then have a < d * prod-list ds
    by simp
  then have a div d < prod-list ds
    by (metis div-eq-0-iff div-mult2-eq mult-0-right not-less0)
  then have digit-encode ds (a div d)  $\triangleleft$  ds
    by (rule Cons)
  moreover have d > 0

```

using $\langle a < d * \text{prod-list } ds \rangle$ **by** (cases $d = 0$) *simp-all*
then have $a \bmod d < d$
by *simp*
ultimately show *?case*
by (*simp add: valid-index.Cons*)
qed

lemma *length-digit-encode*:
shows $\text{length } (\text{digit-encode } ds \ a) = \text{length } ds$
by (*induction ds arbitrary:a; simp-all*)

lemma *digit-encode-0*:
 $\text{prod-list } ds \ dvd \ a \implies \text{digit-encode } ds \ a = \text{replicate } (\text{length } ds) \ 0$
proof (*induction ds arbitrary:a*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case* **by** *simp*
next
case (*Cons d ds a*)
then have $\text{prod-list } ds \ dvd \ (a \ \text{div } d)$ **unfolding** *prod-list.Cons*
by (*metis dvd-0-right dvd-div-iff-mult dvd-mult-left mult commute split-div*)
then show *?case* **unfolding** *digit-encode.simps length-Cons replicate-Suc prod-list.Cons*
using *Cons*
using *dvd-imp-mod-0 dvd-mult-left prod-list.Cons* **by** *force*
qed

lemma *valid-index-weave*:
assumes $is1 \triangleleft (\text{nths } ds \ A)$
and $is2 \triangleleft (\text{nths } ds \ (-A))$
shows $\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2 \triangleleft ds$
and $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ A = is1$
and $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ (-A) = is2$
proof –
have $\text{length-}ds: \text{length } is1 + \text{length } is2 = \text{length } ds$
using *valid-index-length[OF assms(1)] valid-index-length[OF assms(2)]*
 $\text{length-weave weave-complementary-nthss}$ **by** *metis*
have $1:\text{length } is1 = \text{card } \{i \in A. i < \text{length } is1 + \text{length } is2\}$ **unfolding** *length-ds*
using *length-nths' assms(1) valid-index-length* **by** *auto*
have $2:\text{length } is2 = \text{card } \{i \in -A. i < \text{length } is1 + \text{length } is2\}$ **unfolding**
 length-ds
using *length-nths'[of ds -A] assms(2) valid-index-length* **by** *auto*
show $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ A = is1$ $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ (-A) = is2$ **using**
 $\text{nths-weave[OF 1 2]}$ **by** *blast+*
then have $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ A \triangleleft (\text{nths } ds \ A)$
 $\text{nths } (\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2) \ (-A) \triangleleft (\text{nths } ds \ (-A))$ **using** *assms* **by** *auto*
then show $\text{weave } A \ is1 \ is2 \triangleleft ds$ **using** *list-all2-nths valid-index-list-all2-iff* **by**
blast
qed

definition *matricize* $:: \text{nat set} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{tensor} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{mat}$ **where**

```

matricize rmodes T = mat
  (prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims T) rmodes))
  (prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims T) (-rmodes)))
  (λ(r, c). Tensor.lookup T (weave rmodes
    (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims T) rmodes) r)
    (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims T) (-rmodes)) c)
  ))

```

definition *dematricize::nat set ⇒ 'a mat ⇒ nat list ⇒ 'a tensor where*
dematricize rmodes A ds = tensor-from-lookup ds
(λis. A \$\$ (digit-decode (nth ds rmodes) (nth is rmodes),
digit-decode (nth ds (-rmodes)) (nth is (-rmodes))))
)

lemma *dims-matricize:*
dim-row (matricize rmodes T) = prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims T) rmodes)
dim-col (matricize rmodes T) = prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims T) (-rmodes))
unfolding *matricize-def using dim-row-mat by simp-all*

lemma *dims-dematricize: Tensor.dims (dematricize rmodes A ds) = ds*
by *(simp add: dematricize-def dims-tensor-from-lookup)*

lemma *valid-index-nths:*
assumes *is < ds*
shows *nths is A < nths ds A*
using *assms proof (induction arbitrary:A rule:valid-index.induct)*
case *Nil*
then show *?case using nths-nil valid-index.simps by blast*
next
case *(Cons is ds i d)*
then have *nths is {j. Suc j ∈ A} < nths ds {j. Suc j ∈ A}*
by *simp*
then show *?case unfolding nths-Cons*
by *(cases 0∈A; simp-all add: Cons.hyps(2) valid-index.Cons)*
qed

lemma *dematricize-matricize:*
shows *dematricize rmodes (matricize rmodes T) (Tensor.dims T) = T*
proof *(rule tensor-lookup-eqI)*
show *1:Tensor.dims (dematricize rmodes (matricize rmodes T) (Tensor.dims T)) = Tensor.dims T*
by *(simp add: dematricize-def dims-tensor-from-lookup)*
fix *is assume is < Tensor.dims (dematricize rmodes (matricize rmodes T) (Tensor.dims T))*
then have *is < Tensor.dims T using 1 by auto*
let *?rds = (nth (Tensor.dims T) rmodes)*
let *?c ds = (nth (Tensor.dims T) (-rmodes))*

```

have decode-r: digit-decode ?rds (nth $s$  is rmodes) < prod-list ?rds
  by (simp add: <is < Tensor.dims T> valid-index-nths digit-decode-lt)
have decode-c: digit-decode ?c $s$  (nth $s$  is (-rmodes)) < prod-list ?c $s$ 
  by (simp add: <is < Tensor.dims T> valid-index-nths digit-decode-lt)
have (matricize rmodes T) $$
  (digit-decode ?rds (nth $s$  is rmodes),
   digit-decode ?c $s$  (nth $s$  is (- rmodes))) =
  Tensor.lookup T is
unfolding matricize-def
  by (simp add: decode-r decode-c <is < Tensor.dims T> valid-index-nths)
then show Tensor.lookup (dematricize rmodes (matricize rmodes T)) (Tensor.dims
T)) is = Tensor.lookup T is
  by (simp add: dematricize-def dims-tensor-from-lookup lookup-tensor-from-lookup[OF
<is < Tensor.dims T>])
qed

```

lemma matricize-dematricize:

```

assumes dim-row A = prod-list (nth $s$  ds rmodes)
and dim-col A = prod-list (nth $s$  ds (-rmodes))
shows matricize rmodes (dematricize rmodes A ds) = A
proof (rule eq-matI)
  show dim-row (matricize rmodes (dematricize rmodes A ds)) = dim-row A
    unfolding assms(1) dematricize-def dims-tensor-from-lookup matricize-def dim-row-mat
by metis
  show dim-col (matricize rmodes (dematricize rmodes A ds)) = dim-col A
    unfolding assms(2) dematricize-def dims-tensor-from-lookup matricize-def dim-col-mat
by metis
  fix r c assume r < dim-row A c < dim-col A
  have valid1:digit-encode (nth $s$  ds rmodes) r < nth $s$  ds rmodes and
    valid2:digit-encode (nth $s$  ds (- rmodes)) c < nth $s$  ds (- rmodes)
  using <r < dim-row A> assms(1) <c < dim-col A> assms(2) digit-encode-valid-index
by auto
  have 0:Tensor.lookup (dematricize rmodes A ds)
    (weave rmodes
     (digit-encode (nth $s$  (Tensor.dims (dematricize rmodes A ds)) rmodes) r)
     (digit-encode (nth $s$  (Tensor.dims (dematricize rmodes A ds)) (- rmodes)) c)
    ) = A $$ (r, c)
  unfolding dematricize-def unfolding dims-tensor-from-lookup
unfolding lookup-tensor-from-lookup[OF valid-index-weave(1)[OF valid1 valid2]]
  using digit-decode-encode-lt[OF <c < dim-col A>[unfolded assms(2)]]
    digit-decode-encode-lt[OF <r < dim-row A>[unfolded assms(1)]]
    valid-index-weave(2)[OF valid1 valid2] valid-index-weave(3)[OF valid1 valid2]
  by presburger
  from <r < dim-row A> have r-le: r < prod-list (nth $s$  (Tensor.dims (dematricize
rmodes A ds)) rmodes)
  by (metis <dim-row (matricize rmodes (dematricize rmodes A ds)) = dim-row
A> matricize-def dim-row-mat(1))
  from <c < dim-col A> have c-le: c < prod-list (nth $s$  (Tensor.dims (dematricize
rmodes A ds)) (- rmodes))

```

by (*metis* $\langle \text{dim-col} (\text{matricize rmodes} (\text{dematricize rmodes } A \text{ ds})) = \text{dim-col } A \rangle$
matricize-def dim-col-mat(1))
then show (*matricize rmodes* (*dematricize rmodes* *A ds*)) $\$\$ (r, c) = A \$\$ (r,$
c)
unfolding *matricize-def* **using** *r-le c-le 0* **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *matricize-add:*

assumes *dims A = dims B*

shows *matricize I A + matricize I B = matricize I (A+B)*

proof (*rule eq-matI*)

show *dim-row* (*matricize I A + matricize I B*) = *dim-row* (*matricize I (A + B)*) **by** (*simp add: assms dims-matricize(1)*)

show *dim-col* (*matricize I A + matricize I B*) = *dim-col* (*matricize I (A + B)*)

by (*simp add: assms dims-matricize(2)*)

fix *i j* **assume** *ij-le1:i < dim-row* (*matricize I (A + B)*) *j < dim-col* (*matricize I (A + B)*)

then have

ij-le2:i < prod-list (*nths* (*Tensor.dims A*) *I*) *j < prod-list* (*nths* (*Tensor.dims A*) *(-I)*) **and**

ij-le3:i < prod-list (*nths* (*Tensor.dims B*) *I*) *j < prod-list* (*nths* (*Tensor.dims B*) *(-I)*) **and**

ij-le4:i < prod-list (*nths* (*Tensor.dims (A + B)*) *I*) *j < prod-list* (*nths* (*Tensor.dims (A + B)*) *(-I)*)

by (*simp-all add: assms dims-matricize*)

then have *ij-le5:i < dim-row* (*matricize I B*) *j < dim-col* (*matricize I B*)

by (*simp-all add: assms dims-matricize*)

show (*matricize I A + matricize I B*) $\$\$ (i, j) = \text{matricize } I (A + B) \mathcal{S}\mathcal{S} (i, j)$

unfolding *index-add-mat(1)*[*OF ij-le5*] **unfolding** *matricize-def* **unfolding** *index-mat*[*OF ij-le2*] *index-mat*[*OF ij-le3*] *index-mat*[*OF ij-le4*]

using *assms digit-encode-valid-index ij-le2(1) ij-le2(2) valid-index-weave(1)*

by *auto*

qed

lemma *matricize-0:*

shows *matricize I (tensor0 ds) = 0_m (dim-row (matricize I (tensor0 ds))) (dim-col (matricize I (tensor0 ds)))*

proof (*rule eq-matI*)

show *dim-row* (*matricize I (tensor0 ds)*) = *dim-row* (*0_m (dim-row (matricize I (tensor0 ds))) (dim-col (matricize I (tensor0 ds)))*)

unfolding *zero-mat-def dim-row-mat* **by** (*simp add: dims-matricize(1)*)

show *dim-col* (*matricize I (tensor0 ds)*) = *dim-col* (*0_m (dim-row (matricize I (tensor0 ds))) (dim-col (matricize I (tensor0 ds)))*)

unfolding *zero-mat-def dim-row-mat* **by** (*simp add: dims-matricize(2)*)

fix *i j* **assume** *ij-le1: i < dim-row* (*0_m (dim-row (matricize I (tensor0 ds))) (dim-col (matricize I (tensor0 ds)))*)

j < dim-col (*0_m (dim-row (matricize I (tensor0 ds))) (dim-col (matricize I (tensor0 ds)))*)

then have *ij-le2:i < dim-row* (*matricize I (tensor0 ds)*) *j < dim-col* (*matricize I (tensor0 ds)*)

```

I (tensor0 ds)
  unfolding zero-mat-def dim-row-mat by (simp-all add: dims-matricize)
  show matricize I (tensor0 ds) $$ (i, j) = 0_m (dim-row (matricize I (tensor0
ds))) (dim-col (matricize I (tensor0 ds))) $$ (i, j)
  unfolding zero-mat-def index-mat[OF ij-le2] unfolding matricize-def in-
dex-mat[OF ij-le2[unfolded dims-matricize]]
  by (simp, metis lookup-tensor0 digit-encode-valid-index dims-matricize(1) dims-matricize(2)
dims-tensor0
  ij-le2(1) ij-le2(2) valid-index-weave(1))
qed

end

```

9 CP-Rank and Matrix Rank

```

theory DL-Rank-CP-Rank
imports Tensor-Rank Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Rank Tensor-Matricization
  Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Submatrix Jordan-Normal-Form.Missing-VectorSpace
begin

abbreviation mrank A == vec-space.rank (dim-row A) A

no-notation normal-rel (infixl < 60)

lemma lookup-order1-prod:
assumes  $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{Tensor.order } B = 1$ 
assumes  $is \triangleleft \text{dims (prod-list } Bs)$ 
shows lookup (prod-list Bs) is = prod-list (map ( $\lambda(i,B). \text{lookup } B [i]$ ) (zip is Bs))
using assms proof (induction Bs arbitrary: is)
  case Nil
  then show ?case unfolding prod-list.Nil unfolding zip.simps tensor-one-def
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) dims-tensor-from-lookup length-greater-0-conv length-map
prod-list.Nil
  lookup-tensor-from-lookup tensor-one-def tensor-one-from-lookup)
next
  case (Cons B Bs is')
  then obtain i is where  $is' = i \# is$ 
  by (metis append-is-Nil-conv dims-tensor-prod length-0-conv list.set-intros(1)
prod-list.Cons valid-index.simps zero-neq-one)
  have Tensor.order B = 1 using Cons by auto
  then have valid1:[i] < dims B
  using  $\langle is' \triangleleft \text{dims (prod-list (B \# Bs))} \rangle$ [unfolded prod-list.Cons dims-tensor-prod
 $\langle is' = i \# is \rangle$ ]
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv hd-append2 length-0-conv list.sel(1)
list.simps(3) valid-index.Nil valid-index.simps)
  have valid2:is < dims (prod-list Bs)
  using  $\langle is' \triangleleft \text{dims (prod-list (B \# Bs))} \rangle$ [unfolded prod-list.Cons dims-tensor-prod
 $\langle is' = i \# is \rangle$ ]  $\langle \text{Tensor.order } B = 1 \rangle$ 
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-length-conv append-eq-Cons-conv length-0-conv list.sel(3)

```

list.simps(3) self-append-conv2 valid-indexE
show *?case unfolding* $\langle is' = i \# is \rangle$ *List.zip-Cons-Cons List.list.map(2) prod-list.Cons*
lookup-tensor-prod[OF valid1 valid2, simplified] **by** *(simp add: Cons.IH Cons.prem1)*
valid2)
qed

lemma *matricize-cprank-max1:*

fixes *A::'a::field tensor*

assumes *cprank-max1 A*

shows *mrank (matricize I A) ≤ 1*

proof –

obtain *Bs a* **where** $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{Tensor.order } B = 1$ *a · prod-list Bs = A*

using *cprank-max1-prod-listE assms* **by** *metis*

define *row-factor*

where *row-factor ris = a * prod-list (map ($\lambda(i,B).$ lookup B [i]) (zip ris (nth Bs I)))*

for *ris*

define *col-factor*

where *col-factor cis = prod-list (map ($\lambda(i,B).$ lookup B [i]) (zip cis (nth Bs (-I))))*

for *cis*

have $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } A \implies \text{lookup } A \text{ is} = \text{row-factor (nth is I)} * \text{col-factor (nth is (-I))}$

proof –

fix *is* **assume** *is \triangleleft dims A*

then have *lookup A is = a * (prod-list (map ($\lambda(i,B).$ lookup B [i]) (zip is Bs)))*

using *lookup-order1-prod[OF $\langle \bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{Tensor.order } B = 1 \rangle$ lookup-smult*

using $\langle a \cdot \text{prod-list } Bs = A \rangle$ *dims-smult* **by** *fastforce*

also have $\dots = a * (\text{prod-list (map ($\lambda(i,B).$ lookup B [i]) (nth (zip is Bs) I)))$

*

$(\text{prod-list (map ($\lambda(i,B).$ lookup B [i]) (nth (zip is Bs) (-I))))$

using *prod-list-complementary-nthss* **by** *auto*

also have $\dots = \text{row-factor (nth is I)} * \text{col-factor (nth is (-I))}$

using *nths-zip row-factor-def col-factor-def* **by** *metis*

finally show *lookup A is = row-factor (nth is I) * col-factor (nth is (-I)) .*

qed

define *row-factor'*

where *row-factor' r = row-factor (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims A) I) r)*

for *r*

define *col-factor'*

where *col-factor' c = col-factor (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims A) (-I)) c)*

for *c*

have $\bigwedge r c. r < \text{dim-row (matricize I A)} \implies c < \text{dim-col (matricize I A)} \implies \text{matricize I A } \$\$ (r,c) = \text{row-factor' } r * \text{col-factor' } c$

proof –

fix *r c* **assume** $r < \text{dim-row (matricize I A)}$ $c < \text{dim-col (matricize I A)}$

then have *matricize I A \$\$\$ (r,c) = Tensor.lookup A (weave I*


```

    (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims A) I) r)
    (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims A) (-I)) c)
  ) unfolding dims-matricize unfolding matricize-def by simp
  also have ... = row-factor' r * col-factor' c
  using ⟨ $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{dims } A \implies \text{lookup } A \text{ is} = \text{row-factor } (nth \text{ is } I) * \text{col-factor}$ 
  (nth is (- I))⟩
    valid-index-weave[OF
    digit-encode-valid-index[OF ⟨ $r < \text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I A)$ ⟩[unfolding dims-matricize]]
    digit-encode-valid-index[OF ⟨ $c < \text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I A)$ ⟩[unfolding dims-matricize]]]
    valid-index-weave(2) valid-index-weave(3) row-factor'-def col-factor'-def by
metis
  finally show matricize I A $$$ (r,c) = row-factor' r * col-factor' c .
  qed
  then show ?thesis using vec-space.rank-le-1-product-entries[of matricize I A] by
blast
qed

```

```

lemma matrix-rank-le-cprank-max:
fixes A :: ('a::field) tensor
assumes cprank-max r A
shows mrnk (matricize I A) ≤ r
using assms
proof (induction rule:cprank-max.induct)
  fix ds :: nat list
  have matricize I (tensor0 ds) = 0m (dim-row (matricize I (tensor0 ds))) (dim-col
  (matricize I (tensor0 ds)))
    using matricize-0 by auto
  then show mrnk (matricize I (tensor0 ds)) ≤ 0
    using eq-imp-le vec-space.rank-0I by metis
next
  fix A B::'a tensor and j::nat
  assume dims A = dims B
  assume cprank-max1 A
  assume mrnk (matricize I B) ≤ j
  have mrnk (matricize I A) ≤ 1 using ⟨cprank-max1 A⟩ matricize-cprank-max1
by auto
  have mrnk (matricize I (A + B)) ≤ mrnk (matricize I A) + mrnk (matricize
  I B)
    using matricize-add vec-space.rank-subadditive dims-matricize
    carrier-matI index-add-mat(2) ⟨dims A = dims B⟩ by metis
  then show mrnk (matricize I (A + B)) ≤ Suc j
    using ⟨mrnk (matricize I A) ≤ 1⟩ ⟨mrnk (matricize I B) ≤ j⟩ by linarith
qed

```

```

lemma matrix-rank-le-cp-rank:
fixes A :: ('a::field) tensor
shows mrnk (matricize I A) ≤ cprank A
using matrix-rank-le-cprank-max using cprank-max-cprank by auto

```

end

10 Matrix to Vector Conversion

theory *DL-Flatten-Matrix*
imports *Jordan-Normal-Form.Matrix*
begin

definition *extract-matrix* :: (nat \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a mat **where**
extract-matrix a m n = mat m n ($\lambda(i,j). a (i*n + j)$)

definition *flatten-matrix* :: 'a mat \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'a) **where**
flatten-matrix A k = A \$\$ (k div dim-col A, k mod dim-col A)

lemma *two-digit-le*:

$i * n + j < m * n$ **if** $i < m$ $j < n$ **for** $i j :: nat$
using *that* **by** (auto dest!: less-imp-Suc-add simp add: algebra-simps)

lemma *extract-matrix-cong*:

assumes $\bigwedge i. i < m * n \implies a i = b i$
shows *extract-matrix* a m n = *extract-matrix* b m n

proof –

have $\bigwedge i j. i < m \implies j < n \implies a (i*n + j) = b (i*n + j)$ **using** *two-digit-le*
assms **by** blast

then show *?thesis* **unfolding** *extract-matrix-def* **by** auto
qed

lemma *extract-matrix-flatten-matrix*:

extract-matrix (*flatten-matrix* A) (dim-row A) (dim-col A) = A
unfolding *extract-matrix-def* *flatten-matrix-def* **by** auto

lemma *extract-matrix-flatten-matrix-cong*:

assumes $\bigwedge x. x < \text{dim-row } A * \text{dim-col } A \implies f x = \text{flatten-matrix } A x$
shows *extract-matrix* f (dim-row A) (dim-col A) = A

unfolding *extract-matrix-def*

by (metis *assms* *extract-matrix-cong* *extract-matrix-def* *extract-matrix-flatten-matrix*)

lemma *flatten-matrix-extract-matrix*:

flatten-matrix (*extract-matrix* a m n) k = a k **if** $k < m * n$

proof –

from *that* **have** $m * n > 0$

by (cases $m * n = 0$) *simp-all*

then have $m > 0$ **and** $n > 0$

by *simp-all*

with *that* **have** $k \text{ div } n < m$

by (metis *div-eq-0-iff* *div-mult2-eq* *mult.commute* *neg0-conv*)

moreover have $k \text{ mod } n < n$

using $\langle n > 0 \rangle$ **by** *simp*

ultimately show *?thesis*

by (auto simp add: extract-matrix-def flatten-matrix-def)
qed

lemma *index-extract-matrix*:
assumes $i < m$ $j < n$
shows *extract-matrix* a m n $\$ \$ (i, j) = a (i * n + j)$
unfolding *extract-matrix-def* **using** *assms* **by** *simp*

lemma *dim-extract-matrix*:
shows *dim-row* (*extract-matrix* a m n) = m
and *dim-col* (*extract-matrix* a m n) = n
unfolding *extract-matrix-def* **by** *simp-all*

end

11 Deep Learning Networks

theory *DL-Network*
imports *Tensor-Product*
Jordan-Normal-Form.Matrix Tensor-Unit-Vec DL-Flatten-Matrix
Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Missing-List
begin

This symbol is used for the Tensor product:

no-notation *Group.monoid.mult* (**infixl** \otimes_1 70)

notation *Matrix.unit-vec* ($unit_v$)
hide-const (**open**) *Matrix.unit-vec*

datatype $'a$ *convnet* = *Input* nat | *Conv* $'a$ $'a$ *convnet* | *Pool* $'a$ *convnet* $'a$ *convnet*

fun *input-sizes* :: $'a$ *convnet* \Rightarrow *nat list* **where**
input-sizes (*Input* M) = $[M]$ |
input-sizes (*Conv* A m) = *input-sizes* m |
input-sizes (*Pool* $m1$ $m2$) = *input-sizes* $m1$ @ *input-sizes* $m2$

fun *count-weights* :: $bool \Rightarrow (nat \times nat)$ *convnet* \Rightarrow *nat* **where**
count-weights shared (*Input* M) = 0 |
count-weights shared (*Conv* ($r0$, $r1$) m) = $r0 * r1 +$ *count-weights shared* m |
count-weights shared (*Pool* $m1$ $m2$) =
(if *shared*
then max (*count-weights shared* $m1$) (*count-weights shared* $m2$)
else *count-weights shared* $m1 +$ *count-weights shared* $m2$)

fun *output-size* :: $(nat \times nat)$ *convnet* \Rightarrow *nat* **where**
output-size (*Input* M) = M |
output-size (*Conv* ($r0$, $r1$) m) = $r0$ |
output-size (*Pool* $m1$ $m2$) = *output-size* $m1$

inductive *valid-net* :: (nat × nat) convnet ⇒ bool **where**
valid-net (Input M) |
output-size m = r1 ⇒ *valid-net* m ⇒ *valid-net* (Conv (r0,r1) m) |
output-size m1 = *output-size* m2 ⇒ *valid-net* m1 ⇒ *valid-net* m2 ⇒ *valid-net*
(Pool m1 m2)

fun *insert-weights* :: bool ⇒ (nat × nat) convnet ⇒ (nat ⇒ real) ⇒ real mat
convnet **where**
insert-weights shared (Input M) w = Input M |
insert-weights shared (Conv (r0,r1) m) w = Conv
(extract-matrix w r0 r1)
(insert-weights shared m (λi. w (i+r0*r1))) |
insert-weights shared (Pool m1 m2) w = Pool
(insert-weights shared m1 w)
(insert-weights shared m2 (if shared then w else (λi. w (i+(count-weights shared
m1))))))

fun *remove-weights* :: real mat convnet ⇒ (nat × nat) convnet **where**
remove-weights (Input M) = Input M |
remove-weights (Conv A m) = Conv (dim-row A, dim-col A) (remove-weights m) |
remove-weights (Pool m1 m2) = Pool (remove-weights m1) (remove-weights m2)

abbreviation *output-size'* == (λm. *output-size* (remove-weights m))
abbreviation *valid-net'* == (λm. *valid-net* (remove-weights m))

fun *evaluate-net* :: real mat convnet ⇒ real vec list ⇒ real vec **where**
evaluate-net (Input M) inputs = hd inputs |
evaluate-net (Conv A m) inputs = A *_v evaluate-net m inputs |
evaluate-net (Pool m1 m2) inputs = component-mult
(evaluate-net m1 (take (length (input-sizes m1)) inputs))
(evaluate-net m2 (drop (length (input-sizes m1)) inputs))

definition *mat-tensorlist-mult* :: real mat ⇒ real tensor vec ⇒ nat list ⇒ real
tensor vec

where *mat-tensorlist-mult* A Ts ds
= Matrix.vec (dim-row A) (λj. tensor-from-lookup ds (λis. (A *_v (map-vec (λT.
Tensor.lookup T is) Ts)) \$j))

lemma *insert-weights-cong*:

assumes (∧i. i < count-weights s m ⇒ w1 i = w2 i)

shows *insert-weights* s m w1 = *insert-weights* s m w2

using *assms* **proof** (induction m arbitrary: w1 w2)

case Input

then show ?case by simp

next

case (Conv r01 m)

then obtain r0 r1 **where** r01 = (r0,r1) **by** (meson surj-pair)

```

have 2:insert-weights s m (λi. w1 (i + r0 * r1)) = insert-weights s m (λi. w2
(i + r0 * r1)) using Conv
using ⟨r01 = (r0, r1)⟩ add.commute add-less-cancel-right count-weights.simps(2)
by fastforce
then show ?case unfolding ⟨r01 = (r0, r1)⟩ insert-weights.simps
by (metis Conv.premis ⟨r01 = (r0, r1)⟩ count-weights.simps(2) extract-matrix-cong
trans-less-add1)
next
case (Pool m1 m2)
have 1:insert-weights s m1 w1 = insert-weights s m1 w2
using Pool(1)[of w1 w2] Pool(3)[unfolded count-weights.simps]
by (cases s; auto)
have shared:s=True ⇒ insert-weights s m2 w1 = insert-weights s m2 w2
using Pool(2)[of w1 w2] Pool(3)[unfolded count-weights.simps] by auto
have unshared:s=False ⇒ insert-weights s m2 (λi. w1 (i + count-weights s
m1)) = insert-weights s m2 (λi. w2 (i + count-weights s m1))
using Pool(2) Pool(3) count-weights.simps by fastforce
show ?case unfolding insert-weights.simps 1 using unshared shared by simp
qed

```

lemma *dims-mat-tensorlist-mult*:

assumes $T \in \text{set}_v(\text{mat-tensorlist-mult } A \text{ } Ts \text{ } ds)$

shows $\text{Tensor.dims } T = ds$

proof –

obtain j **where** $T = \text{tensor-from-lookup } ds \text{ } (\lambda is. (A *_v (\text{map-vec } (\lambda T. \text{Tensor.lookup } T \text{ is}) \text{ } Ts))) \text{ } \j

using $\text{vec-setE}[OF \text{ } \text{assms}, \text{ } \text{unfolded } \text{mat-tensorlist-mult-def}]$ **by** (metis *dim-vec index-vec*)

then show ?thesis **by** (simp add: *length-tensor-vec-from-lookup tensor-from-lookup-def*)

qed

fun *tensors-from-net* :: *real mat convnet* ⇒ *real tensor vec* **where**

tensors-from-net (Input M) = *Matrix.vec* M (λi. *unit-vec* M i) |

tensors-from-net (Conv A m) = *mat-tensorlist-mult* A (*tensors-from-net* m) (*input-sizes* m) |

tensors-from-net (Pool $m1$ $m2$) = *component-mult* (*tensors-from-net* $m1$) (*tensors-from-net* $m2$)

lemma *output-size-correct-tensors*:

assumes *valid-net'* m

shows *output-size'* $m = \text{dim-vec} (\text{tensors-from-net } m)$

using *assms* **proof** (*induction* m)

case *Input*

then show ?case **by** simp

next

case (Conv A m)

then show ?case

unfolding *remove-weights.simps output-size.simps tensors-from-net.simps*

using *mat-tensorlist-mult-def* **by** auto

```

next
  case (Pool m1 m2)
  then show ?case by (metis convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3)
dim-component-mult
  min.idem output-size.simps(3) remove-weights.simps(3) tensors-from-net.simps(3)
valid-net.simps)
qed

lemma output-size-correct:
assumes valid-net' m
and map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes m
shows output-size' m = dim-vec (evaluate-net m inputs)
using assms proof (induction m arbitrary:inputs)
  case Input
  then show ?case using length-Cons list.map-sel(1) list.sel(1) list.simps(8)
list.size(3) nat.simps(3) by auto
next
  case (Conv A m)
  then show ?case unfolding evaluate-net.simps remove-weights.simps output-size.simps
dim-mult-mat-vec
  by auto
next
  case (Pool m1 m2)
  then have valid-net' m1 valid-net' m2
  using convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3) remove-weights.simps(3)
valid-net.cases by fastforce+
  moreover have map dim-vec (take (length (input-sizes m1)) inputs) = in-
put-sizes m1
  map dim-vec (drop (length (input-sizes m1)) inputs) = input-sizes m2
  using Pool.prems(2) by (metis append-eq-conv-conj drop-map input-sizes.simps(3)
take-map)+
  ultimately have
  output-size' m1 = dim-vec (evaluate-net m1 (take (length (input-sizes m1))
inputs))
  output-size' m2 = dim-vec (evaluate-net m2 (drop (length (input-sizes m1))
inputs))
  using Pool.IH by blast+
  then show ?case unfolding evaluate-net.simps remove-weights.simps output-size.simps
  by (metis Pool.prems(1) ⟨valid-net' m1⟩ ⟨valid-net' m2⟩ dim-component-mult
  output-size.simps(3) output-size-correct-tensors remove-weights.simps(3) ten-
sors-from-net.simps(3))
qed

```

```

lemma input-sizes-remove-weights: input-sizes m = input-sizes (remove-weights
m)
by (induction m; simp)

```

```

lemma dims-tensors-from-net:

```

```

assumes  $T \in \text{set}_v$  (tensors-from-net  $m$ )
shows  $\text{Tensor.dims } T = \text{input-sizes } m$ 
using assms proof (induction  $m$  arbitrary: $T$ )
  case (Input  $M$ )
    then obtain  $j$  where  $T = \text{unit-vec } M j$ 
      using vec-setE tensors-from-net.simps(1) by (metis dim-vec index-vec)
      then show ?case by (simp add: dims-unit-vec)
  next
    case (Conv  $A$   $m$ )
      then show ?case unfolding remove-weights.simps input-sizes.simps
        using dims-mat-tensorlist-mult by (simp add: input-sizes-remove-weights)
  next
    case (Pool  $m1$   $m2$   $T$ )
      then obtain  $i$  where
        component-mult (tensors-from-net  $m1$ ) (tensors-from-net  $m2$ )  $\$ i = T$ 
         $i < \text{dim-vec}$  (tensors-from-net  $m1$ )  $i < \text{dim-vec}$  (tensors-from-net  $m2$ )
        using tensors-from-net.simps vec-setE dim-component-mult by (metis min.strict-boundedE)
      then obtain  $T1$   $T2$  where  $T = T1 \otimes T2$   $T1 \in \text{set}_v$  (tensors-from-net  $m1$ )  $T2 \in \text{set}_v$  (tensors-from-net  $m2$ )
        using vec-setI by (metis index-component-mult)
      then show ?case unfolding remove-weights.simps input-sizes.simps by (simp
add: Pool.IH(1) Pool.IH(2))
qed

```

definition *base-input* :: *real mat convnet* \Rightarrow *nat list* \Rightarrow *real vec list* **where**
base-input m *is* = (*map* ($\lambda(n, i). \text{unit}_v$ n i) (*zip* (*input-sizes* m) *is*))

lemma *base-input-length*:

assumes $is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m$

shows $\text{input-sizes } m = \text{map } \text{dim-vec} (\text{base-input } m \text{ is})$

proof (*rule* *nth-equalityI*)

have $\text{length} (\text{input-sizes } m) = \text{length } is$ **using** *assms* *valid-index-length* **by** *auto*

then show $\text{length} (\text{input-sizes } m) = \text{length} (\text{map } \text{dim-vec} (\text{base-input } m \text{ is}))$

unfolding *base-input-def* **by** *auto*

{

fix i

assume $i < \text{length} (\text{input-sizes } m)$

then have $\text{map} (\lambda(n, i). \text{unit}_v$ n i) (*zip* (*input-sizes* m) *is*) ! $i = \text{unit}_v$ (*input-sizes* m ! i) (*is* ! i)

using $\langle \text{length} (\text{input-sizes } m) = \text{length } is \rangle$ **by** *auto*

then have $\text{input-sizes } m ! i = \text{map } \text{dim-vec} (\text{base-input } m \text{ is}) ! i$ **unfolding** *base-input-def* **using** *index-unit-vec*(3)

using $\langle i < \text{length} (\text{input-sizes } m) \rangle$ $\langle \text{length} (\text{input-sizes } m) = \text{length} (\text{map } \text{dim-vec} (\text{base-input } m \text{ is})) \rangle$

base-input-def *assms* *length-map* *nth-map* *valid-index-lt* **by** (*simp* *add*: *input-sizes-remove-weights*)

 }

then show $\bigwedge i. i < \text{length} (\text{input-sizes } m) \Longrightarrow \text{input-sizes } m ! i = \text{map } \text{dim-vec} (\text{base-input } m \text{ is}) ! i$ **by** *auto*

qed

lemma *nth-mat-tensorlist-mult*:

assumes $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{set}_v \text{ Ts} \implies \text{dims } A = ds$

assumes $i < \text{dim-row } A$

assumes $\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts} = \text{dim-col } A$

shows $\text{mat-tensorlist-mult } A \text{ Ts } ds \ \$ \ i = \text{listsum } ds \ (\text{map } (\lambda j. (A \ \$ \ \$ \ (i, j)) \cdot \text{Ts } \ \$ \ j)) \ [0..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}]$

(**is** $= \text{listsum } ds \ ?\text{Ts}'$)

proof (*rule tensor-lookup-eqI*)

have $\text{dims-Ts}' : \bigwedge T. T \in \text{set } ?\text{Ts}' \implies \text{dims } T = ds$

proof –

fix T **assume** $T \in \text{set } ?\text{Ts}'$

then obtain k **where** $T = ?\text{Ts}' ! k$ **and** $k < \text{length } ?\text{Ts}' \ k < \text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}$ **using** *in-set-conv-nth* **by force**

show $\text{dims } T = ds$ **unfolding** $\langle T = ?\text{Ts}' ! k \rangle$ *nth-map[OF $\langle k < \text{length } ?\text{Ts}' \rangle$]* *[unfolded length-map]*

using *assms(1)* $\langle k < \text{dim-vec } \text{Ts} \rangle$

by (*simp add: $\langle k < \text{length } (\text{map } (\lambda j. A \ \$ \ \$ \ (i, j)) \cdot \text{Ts } \ \$ \ j) \ [0..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}] \rangle$*) *vec-setI*)

qed

then show $\text{dims-eq} : \text{dims } (\text{mat-tensorlist-mult } A \ \text{Ts} \ ds \ \$ \ i) = \text{dims } (\text{Tensor-Plus.listsum } ds \ (\text{map } (\lambda j. A \ \$ \ \$ \ (i, j)) \cdot \text{Ts } \ \$ \ j) \ [0..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}])$

using *dims-mat-tensorlist-mult assms mat-tensorlist-mult-def listsum-dims*

by (*metis (no-types, lifting) dim-vec vec-setI*)

fix is **assume** $is\text{-valid} : is \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{mat-tensorlist-mult } A \ \text{Ts} \ ds \ \$ \ i)$

then have $is \triangleleft ds$ **using** *dims-eq dims-Ts' listsum-dims* **by** (*metis (no-types, lifting)*)

have *summand-eq*: $\bigwedge j. j \in \{0 ..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}\} \implies \text{row } A \ i \ \$ \ j * (\text{map-vec } (\lambda T. \text{Tensor.lookup } T \ is) \ \text{Ts}) \ \$ \ j = \text{lookup } (A \ \$ \ \$ \ (i, j)) \cdot \text{Ts } \ \$ \ j \ is$

using *index-vec $\langle i < \text{dim-row } A \rangle$ row-def $\langle \text{dim-vec } \text{Ts} = \text{dim-col } A \rangle$*

$\langle is \triangleleft ds \rangle$ *assms(1) lookup-smult atLeastLessThan-iff index-map-vec(1) vec-setI*

by *metis*

have $\text{lookup } (\text{mat-tensorlist-mult } A \ \text{Ts} \ ds \ \$ \ i) \ is = (A *_{\text{v}} (\text{map-vec } (\lambda T. \text{Tensor.lookup } T \ is) \ \text{Ts})) \ \$ \ i$

unfolding *mat-tensorlist-mult-def* **using** *lookup-tensor-from-lookup[OF $\langle is \triangleleft ds \rangle$]* **using** $\langle i < \text{dim-row } A \rangle$ **by** *auto*

also have $\dots = \text{row } A \ i \cdot \text{map-vec } (\lambda T. \text{Tensor.lookup } T \ is) \ \text{Ts}$

using $\langle i < \text{dim-row } A \rangle$ **by** *simp*

also have $\dots = (\sum j \in \{0 ..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}\}. \text{row } A \ i \ \$ \ j * (\text{map-vec } (\lambda T. \text{Tensor.lookup } T \ is) \ \text{Ts}) \ \$ \ j)$

unfolding *scalar-prod-def nth-rows[OF $\langle i < \text{dim-row } A \rangle$]* **by** *simp*

also have $\dots = (\sum j \in \{0 ..<\text{dim-vec } \text{Ts}\}. \text{lookup } (A \ \$ \ \$ \ (i, j)) \cdot \text{Ts } \ \$ \ j \ is)$ **using** *summand-eq* **by force**

also have $\dots = (\sum A \leftarrow ?\text{Ts}'. \text{lookup } A \ is)$ **unfolding** *map-map*

Groups-List.sum-set-upt-conv-sum-list-nat[symmetric] atLeastLessThan-upt[symmetric]

by *auto*
also have ... = *lookup* (*listsum* *ds* *?Ts'*) *is* **using** *lookup-listsum*[*OF* $\langle is \triangleleft ds \rangle$]
dims-Ts' **by** *fastforce*
finally show *lookup* (*mat-tensorlist-mult* *A* *Ts* *ds* $\$$ *i*) *is* = *lookup* (*listsum* *ds*
?Ts') *is* **by** *metis*
qed

lemma *lookup-tensors-from-net*:
assumes *valid-net' m*
and $is \triangleleft input\text{-}sizes\ m$
and $j < output\text{-}size'\ m$
shows *Tensor.lookup* (*tensors-from-net* *m* $\$$ *j*) *is* = *evaluate-net* *m* (*base-input* *m*
is) $\$$ *j*
using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *m* *arbitrary:j is*)
case (*Input* *M*)
then have $j < M$ **using** *output-size.simps*(1) **using** *Input* **by** *auto*
then have $1: tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net\ (Input\ M)\ \$\ j = unit\text{-}vec\ M\ j$ **by** *simp*
obtain *i* **where** $is = [i]\ i < M$ **using** *Input* *Suc-length-conv* *input-sizes.simps*(1)
length-0-conv *list.size*(3) *valid-index-length* **by** *auto*
then have $2: Tensor.lookup\ (tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net\ (Input\ M)\ \$\ j)\ is = (if\ i=j\ then\ 1$
else $0)$ **using** *lookup-unit-vec* 1 **by** *metis*
have *evaluate-net* (*Input* *M*) (*map* ($\lambda(n, i). unit_v\ n\ i$) (*zip* (*input-sizes* (*Input*
M)) *is*)) = *unit_v* *M* *i* **using** $\langle is = [i] \rangle$ **by** *auto*
then show $?case$ **using** $2\ \langle j < M \rangle$ *base-input-def* **by** (*simp* *add:* $\langle i < M \rangle$)
next
case (*Conv* *A* *m* *j* *is*)
have $is\text{-}valid: is \triangleleft input\text{-}sizes\ m$ **using** *Conv.prem*s **by** *simp*
have *valid-net: valid-net' m* **using** *Conv.prem*s(1) **unfolding** *remove-weights.simps*
using *valid-net.simps* *convnet.distinct*(1) *convnet.distinct*(5) *convnet.inject*(2)
by *blast*
then have *length-em: dim-vec* (*evaluate-net* *m* (*base-input* *m* *is*)) = *output-size'*
m
using *output-size-correct* *base-input-length* *is-valid* **by** *metis*

have $IH': map\text{-}vec\ (\lambda T. Tensor.lookup\ T\ is)\ (tensors\text{-}from\text{-}net\ m) =$
evaluate-net *m* (*base-input* *m* *is*)
proof (*rule* *eq-vecI*)
show *equal-lengths: dim-vec* (*map-vec* ($\lambda T. lookup\ T\ is$) (*tensors-from-net* *m*))
= *dim-vec* (*evaluate-net* *m* (*base-input* *m* *is*)) **using** *length-em*
by (*simp* *add: output-size-correct-tensors* *valid-net*)
show $\bigwedge i. i < dim\text{-}vec\ (evaluate\text{-}net\ m\ (base\text{-}input\ m\ is)) \implies$
map-vec ($\lambda T. lookup\ T\ is$) (*tensors-from-net* *m*) $\$$ *i* = *evaluate-net* *m*
(*base-input* *m* *is*) $\$$ *i*
proof –
fix *i*
assume $i < dim\text{-}vec\ (evaluate\text{-}net\ m\ (base\text{-}input\ m\ is))$
then have $i < output\text{-}size'\ m$ **using** *equal-lengths* *length-em* **by** *auto*
then show *map-vec* ($\lambda T. lookup\ T\ is$) (*tensors-from-net* *m*) $\$$ *i*
= *evaluate-net* *m* (*base-input* *m* *is*) $\$$ *i*

```

      using Conv.IH is-valid equal-lengths valid-net base-input-def length-em
nth-map-upt
      length-map nth-map by auto
    qed
  qed

  have Tensor.lookup ((tensors-from-net (Conv A m)) $ j) is =
    (A *_v (map-vec (λT. Tensor.lookup T is) (tensors-from-net m))) $ j
  proof -
    have dim-vec (tensors-from-net (Conv A m)) = output-size' (Conv A m)
      using Conv by (simp add: mat-tensorlist-mult-def)
    then have j < dim-vec (tensors-from-net (Conv A m)) using Conv.prem by
auto
    then have (tensors-from-net (Conv A m)) $ j = tensor-from-lookup (input-sizes
m)
      (λis. (A *_v (map-vec (λT. Tensor.lookup T is) (tensors-from-net m))))
    $ j
    unfolding tensors-from-net.simps mat-tensorlist-mult-def by fastforce
    then show ?thesis
      using lookup-tensor-from-lookup[OF is-valid] by auto
  qed
  also have (A *_v (map-vec (λT. Tensor.lookup T is) (tensors-from-net m))) $ j
    = (A *_v (evaluate-net m (base-input m is))) $ j using IH' by auto
  also have ... = evaluate-net (Conv A m) (base-input (Conv A m) is) $ j
    unfolding base-input-def using evaluate-net.simps by auto
  finally show ?case by auto
next
  case (Pool m1 m2 j is)

```

We split "is" into two parts for each subnet:

```

  obtain is1 is2 where is12-def:is = is1 @ is2 is1 < input-sizes m1 is2 < in-
put-sizes m2
  by (metis Pool.prem(2) input-sizes.simps(3) valid-index-split)

```

Apply the induction hypothesis to the subnets:

```

  have IH:Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net m1 $ j) is1
    = evaluate-net m1 (map (λ(x, y). unit_v x y) (zip (input-sizes m1) is1)) $ j
      Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net m2 $ j) is2
    = evaluate-net m2 (map (λ(x, y). unit_v x y) (zip (input-sizes m2) is2)) $ j
  using Pool convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3) remove-weights.simps(3)
  valid-net.simps ⟨is1 < input-sizes m1⟩ ⟨is2 < input-sizes m2⟩ output-size.simps(3)
  by (metis base-input-def)+

```

In the Pool layer tensor entries get multiplied:

```

  have lookup-prod: Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (Pool m1 m2) $ j) is
    = Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net m1 $ j) is1 * Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net
m2 $ j) is2
  proof -
    have j-small: j < dim-vec (tensors-from-net m1) j < dim-vec (tensors-from-net
m2)

```

```

    by (metis Pool.premis(1) Pool.premis(3) convnet.distinct(3) convnet.inject(3)
convnet.simps(9)
    output-size.simps(3) output-size-correct-tensors remove-weights.simps(3) valid-net.cases)+
    then have 0:tensors-from-net (Pool m1 m2) $ j = tensors-from-net m1 $ j  $\otimes$ 
tensors-from-net m2 $ j
    unfolding tensors-from-net.simps using j-small index-component-mult by
blast
    have Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net m1 $ j) = input-sizes m1
    Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net m2 $ j) = input-sizes m2
    using dims-tensors-from-net j-small nth-mem by (simp-all add: vec-setI)
    then have is12-valid:
        is1  $\triangleleft$  Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net m1 $ j)
        is2  $\triangleleft$  Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net m2 $ j)
    using is12-def by presburger+
    then show ?thesis
    unfolding 0 using lookup-tensor-prod[OF is12-valid] is12-def by auto
qed

```

Output values get multiplied in the Pool layer as well:

```

    have evaluate-net (Pool m1 m2) (base-input (Pool m1 m2) is) $ j
    = evaluate-net m1 (base-input m1 is1) $ j * evaluate-net m2 (base-input m2
is2) $ j
    proof -
    have valid-net' m1 valid-net' m2
    using remove-weights.simps valid-net.simps Pool.premis
    by (metis convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3))+
    have input-sizes m1 = map dim-vec (base-input m1 is1)
    input-sizes m2 = map dim-vec (base-input m2 is2)
    using base-input-def base-input-length base-input-def is12-def by auto
    have j < dim-vec (evaluate-net m1 (base-input m1 is1)) j < dim-vec (evaluate-net
m2 (base-input m2 is2))
    using Pool.premis <input-sizes m1 = map dim-vec (base-input m1 is1)>
<valid-net' m1>
    output-size-correct by (auto,metis Pool.premis(1) Pool.premis(3) <input-sizes
m2 = map dim-vec (base-input m2 is2)>
convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3) output-size.simps(3)
output-size-correct
remove-weights.simps(3) valid-net.cases)
    then show ?thesis unfolding evaluate-net.simps unfolding base-input-def
    using is12-def(1) is12-def(2) valid-index-length by (simp add: append-eq-conv-conj
drop-map
drop-zip index-component-mult input-sizes-remove-weights take-map take-zip)
    qed

```

```

    then show ?case using lookup-prod IH base-input-def by auto
qed

```

```

primrec extract-weights::bool  $\Rightarrow$  real mat convnet  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  real where
    extract-weights-Input: extract-weights shared (Input M) = ( $\lambda x.$  0)

```

```

| extract-weights-Conv: extract-weights shared (Conv A m) =
  ( $\lambda x$ . if  $x < \text{dim-row } A * \text{dim-col } A$  then flatten-matrix A x
    else extract-weights shared m (x - dim-row A * dim-col A))
| extract-weights-Pool: extract-weights shared (Pool m1 m2) =
  ( $\lambda x$ . if  $x < \text{count-weights shared (remove-weights m1)}$ 
    then extract-weights shared m1 x
    else extract-weights shared m2 (x - count-weights shared (remove-weights m1)))

```

```

inductive balanced-net::(nat × nat) convnet ⇒ bool where
  balanced-net-Input: balanced-net (Input M)
| balanced-net-Conv: balanced-net m ⇒ balanced-net (Conv A m)
| balanced-net-Pool: balanced-net m1 ⇒ balanced-net m2 ⇒
  count-weights True m1 = count-weights True m2 ⇒ balanced-net (Pool m1 m2)

```

```

inductive shared-weight-net::real mat convnet ⇒ bool where
  shared-weight-net-Input: shared-weight-net (Input M)
| shared-weight-net-Conv: shared-weight-net m ⇒ shared-weight-net (Conv A m)
| shared-weight-net-Pool: shared-weight-net m1 ⇒ shared-weight-net m2 ⇒
  count-weights True (remove-weights m1) = count-weights True (remove-weights m2) ⇒
  ( $\bigwedge x$ .  $x < \text{count-weights True (remove-weights m1)}$   $\Rightarrow$  extract-weights True m1
     $x = \text{extract-weights True m2 } x$ 
     $\Rightarrow$  shared-weight-net (Pool m1 m2))

```

lemma *insert-extract-weights-cong-shared*:

assumes *shared-weight-net m*

assumes $\bigwedge x$. $x < \text{count-weights True (remove-weights m)}$ $\Rightarrow f x = \text{extract-weights True } m x$

shows $m = \text{insert-weights True (remove-weights m)} f$

using *assms* **proof** (*induction m arbitrary:f*)

case (*shared-weight-net-Input M*)

then show *?case*

by *simp*

next

case (*shared-weight-net-Conv m A*)

have *extract-matrix f (dim-row A) (dim-col A) = A*

by (*simp add: extract-matrix-cong extract-matrix-flatten-matrix shared-weight-net-Conv.prem*s)

then show *?case*

using *shared-weight-net-Conv.IH*[*of* (λi . $f (i + \text{dim-row } A * \text{dim-col } A)$)]

using *shared-weight-net-Conv.prem*s **by** *auto*

next

case (*shared-weight-net-Pool m1 m2*)

have $m1 = \text{insert-weights True (remove-weights m1)} f$

using *shared-weight-net-Pool.IH*(1) *shared-weight-net-Pool.prem*s **by** *auto*

have $m2 = \text{insert-weights True (remove-weights m2)} f$

using *local.shared-weight-net-Pool*(3) *shared-weight-net-Pool.IH*(2)

shared-weight-net-Pool.hyps(4) *shared-weight-net-Pool.prem*s **by** *fastforce*

```

then show ?case
  using ⟨m1 = insert-weights True (remove-weights m1) f⟩ by auto
qed

```

```

lemma insert-extract-weights-cong-unshared:
assumes  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{count-weights False (remove-weights m)} \implies f x = \text{extract-weights False m } x$ 
shows  $m = \text{insert-weights False (remove-weights m) } f$ 
using assms proof (induction m arbitrary:f)
case (Input M)
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Conv A m)
    then have  $\text{extract-matrix } f \text{ (dim-row } A) \text{ (dim-col } A) = A$ 
      by (metis count-weights.simps(2) extract-matrix-flatten-matrix-cong extract-weights-Conv
remove-weights.simps(2) trans-less-add1)
    then show ?case
      using Conv.IH Conv.premis by auto
next
  case (Pool m1 m2)
    then show ?case
      using Pool.IH(1) Pool.IH(2) Pool.premis by auto
qed

```

```

lemma remove-insert-weights:
shows  $\text{remove-weights (insert-weights } s \text{ m } w) = m$ 
proof (induction m arbitrary:w)
  case Input
    then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Conv r12 m)
    then obtain r1 r2 where  $r12 = (r1, r2)$  by fastforce
    then have  $\text{remove-weights (insert-weights } s \text{ m } w) = m$  using Conv.IH by blast
    then have  $\text{remove-weights (insert-weights } s \text{ (Conv (r1,r2) m) } w) = \text{Conv (r1,r2) } m$ 
      unfolding insert-weights.simps remove-weights.simps
      using extract-matrix-def Conv.IH dim-extract-matrix(1) by (metis dim-col-mat(1)
)
    then show ?case using ⟨r12 = (r1, r2)⟩ by blast
next
  case (Pool m1 m2 w)
    then show ?case unfolding insert-weights.simps remove-weights.simps using
Pool.IH by blast
qed

```

```

lemma extract-insert-weights-shared:
assumes  $x < \text{count-weights True } m$ 
and balanced-net m

```

```

shows extract-weights True (insert-weights True m w) x = w x
using assms
proof (induction m arbitrary:w x)
  case (Input x)
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Conv r01 m)
  obtain r0 r1 where r01 = (r0,r1) by force
  then show ?case unfolding ⟨r01 = (r0,r1)⟩ insert-weights.simps extract-weights.simps

    apply (cases x < dim-row (extract-matrix w r0 r1) * dim-col (extract-matrix
w r0 r1))
    apply (auto simp add: dim-extract-matrix(1) dim-extract-matrix(2) flat-
ten-matrix-extract-matrix)
    using Conv.IH[of - λi. w (i + r0 * r1)] Conv.prem(1) Conv.prem(2) ⟨r01
= (r0, r1)⟩ balanced-net.cases by force
next
  case (Pool m1 m2)
  then show ?case unfolding insert-weights.simps extract-weights.simps remove-insert-weights
    apply (cases x < count-weights True m1)
    apply (metis balanced-net.simps convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3) count-weights.simps(1)
not-less-zero)
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) balanced-net.simps convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3)
count-weights.simps(1) count-weights.simps(3) less-max-iff-disj not-less-zero)
qed

lemma shared-weight-net-insert-weights: balanced-net m ⇒ shared-weight-net (insert-weights
True m w)
proof (induction m arbitrary:w)
  case (Input x)
  then show ?case using insert-weights.simps balanced-net.simps shared-weight-net.simps
by metis
next
  case (Conv r01 m)
  then obtain r0 r1 where r01 = (r0,r1) by force
  then show ?case unfolding ⟨r01 = (r0,r1)⟩ insert-weights.simps
    by (metis Conv.IH Conv.prem balanced-net.simps convnet.distinct(1) conv-
net.distinct(5) convnet.inject(2) shared-weight-net-Conv)
next
  case (Pool m1 m2)
  have balanced-net m1 balanced-net m2
    using Pool.prem balanced-net.simps by blast+
  have  $\bigwedge x. x < \text{count-weights True } m1 \implies$ 
     $\text{extract-weights True (insert-weights True } m1 w) x = \text{extract-weights True}$ 
(insert-weights True m2 w) x
    using extract-insert-weights-shared
    by (metis Pool.prem balanced-net.simps convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5)
convnet.inject(3))

```

then show *?case unfolding insert-weights.simps using Pool(1)[of w] Pool(2)[of w]*
by (*metis Pool.premis balanced-net.simps convnet.distinct(3) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(3) remove-insert-weights shared-weight-net-Pool*)
qed

lemma *finite-valid-index: finite {is. is < ds}*
proof (*induction ds*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case by (metis List.finite-set finite-subset length-0-conv list.set-intros(1) mem-Collect-eq subsetI valid-index-length)*
next
case (*Cons d ds*)
have $\{is. is < d \# ds\} \subseteq (\bigcup i < d. \{i \# is \mid is. is < ds\})$
proof (*rule subsetI*)
fix *is* **assume** $is \in \{is. is < d \# ds\}$
then have $is < d \# ds$ **by** *auto*
then obtain *i is'* **where** $is = i \# is'$ **by** *blast*
then have $i < d$ **using** $\langle is < d \# ds \rangle$ **by** *blast*
have $is' < ds$ **using** $\langle is = i \# is' \rangle \langle is < d \# ds \rangle$ **by** *blast*
have $is \in \{i \# is \mid is. is < ds\}$ **by** (*simp add: $\langle is = i \# is' \rangle \langle is' < ds \rangle$*)
then show $is \in (\bigcup i < d. \{i \# is \mid is. is < ds\})$ **using** $\langle i < d \rangle$ **by** *blast*
qed
moreover have $\bigwedge i. finite \{i \# is \mid is. is < ds\}$ **by** (*simp add: Cons.IH*)
ultimately show $finite \{is. is < d \# ds\}$ **by** (*simp add: finite-subset*)
qed

lemma *setsum-valid-index-split:*
 $(\sum is \mid is < ds1 \ @ \ ds2. f \ is) = (\sum is1 \mid is1 < ds1. (\sum is2 \mid is2 < ds2. f \ (is1 \ @ \ is2)))$
proof –
have $1: ((\lambda(is1, is2). is1 \ @ \ is2) \ ‘ (\{is1. is1 < ds1\} \times \{is2. is2 < ds2\})) = \{is. is < ds1 \ @ \ ds2\}$ (**is** *?A = ?B*)
proof (*rule subset-antisym; rule subsetI*)
fix *x* **assume** $x \in ?A$
then show $x \in ?B$ **using** *valid-index-append by auto*
next
fix *x* **assume** $x \in ?B$
then have $x < ds1 \ @ \ ds2$ **by** *auto*
then obtain *x1 x2* **where** $x = x1 \ @ \ x2$ $x1 < ds1$ $x2 < ds2$ **by** (*metis valid-index-split*)
then have $(x1, x2) \in (\{is1. is1 < ds1\} \times \{is2. is2 < ds2\})$ **by** *auto*
then show $x \in ?A$ **using** *imageI $\langle x = x1 \ @ \ x2 \rangle$ by blast*
qed
have $2: inj\text{-on} \ (\lambda(is1, is2). is1 \ @ \ is2) \ (\{is1. is1 < ds1\} \times \{is2. is2 < ds2\})$
by (*simp add: inj-on-def valid-index-length*)
show *?thesis*
unfolding *Groups-Big.comm-monoid-add-class.sum.cartesian-product[of $\lambda is1 is2. f \ (is1 \ @ \ is2)$]*

using *Groups-Big.comm-monoid-add-class.sum.reindex*[*OF 2, of f*] 1
 2 *SigmaE prod.simps*(2) *sum.reindex-cong* **by** (*simp add: split-def*)
qed

lemma *prod-lessThan-split*:
fixes $g :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{real}$ **shows** $\text{prod } g \{..<n+m\} = \text{prod } g \{..<n\} * \text{prod } (\lambda x. g (x+n)) \{..<m\}$
using *Groups-Big.comm-monoid-mult-class.prod.union-inter-neutral*[*of \{..<n\} \{n..<n+m\}*]
g, unfolded ivl-disj-un-one(2)[*OF le-add1*], *OF finite-lessThan finite-atLeastLessThan*]
by (*metis (no-types) add commute add.left-neutral atLeast0LessThan empty-iff ivl-disj-int-one*(2)
prod.shift-bounds-nat-ivl)

lemma *evaluate-net-from-tensors*:
assumes *valid-net' m*
and *map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes m*
and $j < \text{output-size}' m$
shows $\text{evaluate-net } m \text{ inputs } \$ j$
 $= (\sum_{is \in \{is. is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m\}} (\prod_{k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k} \$ (is!k)) * \text{Tensor.lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \$ j) is)$
using *assms proof (induction m arbitrary:j is inputs)*
case (*Input M*)
then have $\text{length inputs} = 1 \text{ input-sizes } (\text{Input } M) = [M]$ **by** *auto*
{
fix *is* **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (\text{Input } M)$
then have $\text{length } is = 1$ **by** (*simp add: valid-index-length*)
then have $is = [\text{hd } is]$ **by** (*metis One-nat-def length-0-conv length-Suc-conv list.sel*(1))
then have $\text{Tensor.lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{Input } M) \$ j) is = (\text{if } \text{hd } is=j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$
by (*metis Input.prem*(3) $\langle \text{input-sizes } (\text{Input } M) = [M] \rangle \langle is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (\text{Input } M) \rangle \text{list.distinct}$ (1)
lookup-unit-vec nth-Cons-0 output-size.simps(1) *remove-weights.simps*(1) *tensors-from-net.simps*(1) *valid-indexE index-vec*)
then have $(\prod_{k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k} \$ (is ! k)) * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{Input } M) \$ j) is =$
 $(\text{if } is=[j] \text{ then } (\prod_{k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k} \$ (is ! k)) \text{ else } 0)$ **using**
 $\langle is = [\text{hd } is] \rangle$ **by** *auto*
}
then have $(\sum_{is \mid is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (\text{Input } M). (\prod_{k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k} \$ (is ! k)) * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{Input } M) \$ j) is)$
 $= (\sum_{is \mid is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (\text{Input } M). (\text{if } is=[j] \text{ then } (\prod_{k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k} \$ (is ! k)) \text{ else } 0))$ **by** *auto*
also have $(\sum_{is \mid is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (\text{Input } M). (\text{if } is=[j] \text{ then } (\prod_{k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k} \$ (is ! k)) \text{ else } 0))$
 $= (\prod_{k < \text{length inputs. inputs ! } k} \$ ([j] ! k))$ **unfolding** *sum.delta*[*OF finite-valid-index*]
using *Input.prem*(3) *valid-index.Cons valid-index.Nil* **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{inputs ! } 0 \$ j$ **using** $\langle \text{length inputs} = 1 \rangle$ **by** (*simp add: prod.lessThan-Suc*)
also have $\dots = \text{evaluate-net } (\text{Input } M) \text{ inputs } \$ j$ **unfolding** *evaluate-net.simps*

by (*metis* $\langle \text{length inputs} = 1 \rangle$ *hd-conv-nth list.size*(\mathcal{I}) *zero-neg-one*)
finally show *?case by auto*
next
case (*Conv A m j*)
have $j < \text{dim-row } A$ **using** *Conv.prem*s(\mathcal{I}) **by auto**
have $0 : \bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (Conv A m) \implies$
 $(\prod k < \text{length inputs}. \text{inputs} ! k \ \$ (is ! k)) * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } (Conv A m)$
 $\$ j) is =$
 $(\sum i = 0..<\text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m). \text{row } A j \ \$ i * ((\prod k < \text{length inputs}.$
 $\text{inputs} ! k \ \$ (is ! k)) * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \ \$ i) is))$
proof –
fix *is* **assume** $is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (Conv A m)$
then have $is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m$ **by** *simp*
have $0 : \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } (Conv A m) \ \$ j) is =$
 $(\sum i = 0..<\text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m). \text{row } A j \ \$ i * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net}$
 $m \ \$ i) is)$
unfolding *tensors-from-net.simps mat-tensorlist-mult-def index-vec*[*OF* $\langle j <$
 $\text{dim-row } A \rangle]$
 $\text{lookup-tensor-from-lookup}$ [*OF* $\langle is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m \rangle]$ *index-mult-mat-vec*[*OF* $\langle j$
 $< \text{dim-row } A \rangle]$ *scalar-prod-def*
using *index-map-vec* **by auto**
show $(\prod k < \text{length inputs}. \text{inputs} ! k \ \$ (is ! k)) * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } (Conv$
 $A m) \ \$ j) is$
 $= (\sum i = 0..<\text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m). \text{row } A j \ \$ i * ((\prod k < \text{length}$
 $\text{inputs}. \text{inputs} ! k \ \$ (is ! k)) * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \ \$ i) is))$
unfolding 0 *sum-distrib-left* **by** (*simp add: semiring-normalization-rules*(19))
qed
have *valid-net'* m **by** (*metis* *Conv.prem*s(1) *convnet.distinct*(1) *convnet.distinct*(5)
convnet.inject(2) *remove-weights.simps*(2) *valid-net.simps*)
have $\text{map dim-vec inputs} = \text{input-sizes } m$ **by** (*simp add: Conv.prem*s(2))
have $\text{output-size}' m = \text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m)$ **by** (*simp add:* $\langle \text{valid-net}'$
 $m \rangle$ *output-size-correct-tensors*)
have $1 : \bigwedge i. i < \text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m) \implies (\sum is \mid is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (Conv$
 $A m). ((\prod k < \text{length inputs}. \text{inputs} ! k \ \$ (is ! k)) * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \ \$ i)$
 $is)) = \text{evaluate-net } m \ \text{inputs} \ \$ i$ **unfolding** *input-sizes.simps*
using *Conv.IH* $\langle \text{valid-net}' m \rangle$ $\langle \text{map dim-vec inputs} = \text{input-sizes } m \rangle$ $\langle \text{out-}$
 $\text{put-size}' m = \text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m) \rangle$ **by** *simp*

have $(\sum is \mid is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (Conv A m). (\prod k < \text{length inputs}. \text{inputs} ! k \ \$ (is !$
 $k)) * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } (Conv A m) \ \$ j) is)$
 $= (\sum i = 0..<\text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m). (\sum is \mid is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (Conv$
 $A m). \text{row } A j \ \$ i * ((\prod k < \text{length inputs}. \text{inputs} ! k \ \$ (is ! k)) * \text{lookup}$
 $(\text{tensors-from-net } m \ \$ i) is)))$
using *Groups-Big.comm-monoid-add-class.sum.swap* 0 **by auto**
also have $\dots = (\sum i = 0..<\text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m). \text{row } A j \ \$ i * (\sum is \mid$
 $is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (Conv A m). ((\prod k < \text{length inputs}. \text{inputs} ! k \ \$ (is ! k)) * \text{lookup}$
 $(\text{tensors-from-net } m \ \$ i) is)))$
by (*simp add: sum-distrib-left*)
also have $\dots = (\sum i = 0..<\text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m). \text{row } A j \ \$ i * \text{evalu-}$

```

ate-net m inputs $ i) using 1 by auto
  also have ... = row A j · evaluate-net m inputs
  by (metis (full-types) ⟨map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes m⟩ ⟨output-size' m =
dim-vec (tensors-from-net m)⟩
  ⟨valid-net' m⟩ output-size-correct scalar-prod-def)
  also have ... = (A *v evaluate-net m inputs) $ j by (simp add: ⟨j < dim-row
A⟩)
  also have ... = evaluate-net (Conv A m) inputs $ j by simp
  finally show ?case by auto
next
  case (Pool m1 m2 j)
  have valid-net' m1 valid-net' m2
  by (metis Pool.premis(1) convnet.distinct(3) convnet.inject(3) convnet.simps(9)
remove-weights.simps(3) valid-net.simps)+
  have j < output-size' m2 j < output-size' m1
  apply (metis Pool.premis(1) Pool.premis(3) convnet.distinct(3) convnet.inject(3)
convnet.simps(9)
  output-size.simps(3) remove-weights.simps(3) valid-net.simps) using Pool.premis
by auto
  then have j < dim-vec (tensors-from-net m1) j < dim-vec (tensors-from-net
m2)
  by (simp-all add: ⟨valid-net' m1⟩ ⟨valid-net' m2⟩ output-size-correct-tensors)

define inputs1 where inputs1 = take (length (input-sizes m1)) inputs
define inputs2 where inputs2 = drop (length (input-sizes m1)) inputs
have map dim-vec inputs1 = input-sizes m1 map dim-vec inputs2 = input-sizes
m2
  apply (metis Pool.premis(2) append-eq-conv-conj input-sizes.simps(3) inputs1-def
take-map)
  by (metis Pool.premis(2) append-eq-conv-conj drop-map input-sizes.simps(3)
inputs2-def)
  have inputs = inputs1 @ inputs2 by (simp add: inputs1-def inputs2-def)
  {
  fix is1 is2 assume is1 < input-sizes m1 is2 < input-sizes m2
  have length is1 = length inputs1
  using ⟨is1 < input-sizes m1⟩ ⟨map dim-vec inputs1 = input-sizes m1⟩
valid-index-length by fastforce
  have length is2 = length inputs2
  using ⟨is2 < input-sizes m2⟩ ⟨map dim-vec inputs2 = input-sizes m2⟩
valid-index-length by fastforce
  have 1:(∏ k<length inputs1. (inputs1 @ inputs2) ! k $ ((is1 @ is2) ! k)) =
(∏ k<length inputs1. inputs1 ! k $ (is1 ! k))
  using ⟨length is1 = length inputs1⟩ ⟨length is2 = length inputs2⟩
nth-append by (metis (no-types, lifting) lessThan-iff prod.cong)
  have 2:(∏ x<length inputs2. (inputs1 @ inputs2) ! (x + length inputs1) $ ((is1
@ is2) ! (x + length inputs1))) =
(∏ k<length inputs2. inputs2 ! k $ (is2 ! k))
  using ⟨length is1 = length inputs1⟩ ⟨length is2 = length inputs2⟩
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) add commute nth-append-length-plus)
}

```

```

have ( $\prod k < \text{length } \text{inputs}. \text{inputs} ! k \$ ((\text{is1} @ \text{is2}) ! k) = (\prod k < \text{length } \text{inputs1}. \text{inputs1} ! k \$ (\text{is1} ! k)) * (\prod k < \text{length } \text{inputs2}. \text{inputs2} ! k \$ (\text{is2} ! k))$ )
  unfolding  $\langle \text{inputs} = \text{inputs1} @ \text{inputs2} \rangle$  length-append prod-lessThan-split
using 1 2 by metis
}
note 1 = this
{
  fix is1 is2 assume  $\text{is1} \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m1$   $\text{is2} \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m2$ 
  then have  $\text{is1} \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1 \$ j)$   $\text{is2} \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m2 \$ j)$ 
    using  $\langle j < \text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1) \rangle$   $\langle j < \text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m2) \rangle$  dims-tensors-from-net vec-setI by force+
    have  $\text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{Pool } m1 m2) \$ j) (\text{is1} @ \text{is2}) = \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1 \$ j) \text{is1} * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } m2 \$ j) \text{is2}$ 
      unfolding tensors-from-net.simps index-component-mult[OF  $\langle j < \text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1) \rangle \langle j < \text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m2) \rangle$ ]
      lookup-tensor-prod[OF  $\langle \text{is1} \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1 \$ j) \rangle \langle \text{is2} \triangleleft \text{dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m2 \$ j) \rangle$ ] by metis
    }
  note 2 = this

  have j-le-eval:  $j < \text{dim-vec } (\text{evaluate-net } m1 (\text{take } (\text{length } (\text{input-sizes } m1)) \text{inputs}))$ 
     $j < \text{dim-vec } (\text{evaluate-net } m2 (\text{drop } (\text{length } (\text{input-sizes } m1)) \text{inputs}))$ 
    using  $\langle j < \text{output-size}' m1 \rangle$   $\langle \text{map dim-vec inputs1} = \text{input-sizes } m1 \rangle$   $\langle \text{valid-net}' m1 \rangle$  inputs1-def output-size-correct
    using  $\langle j < \text{output-size}' m2 \rangle$   $\langle \text{map dim-vec inputs2} = \text{input-sizes } m2 \rangle$   $\langle \text{valid-net}' m2 \rangle$  inputs2-def by auto
    have  $(\sum \text{is} \mid \text{is} \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (\text{Pool } m1 m2). (\prod k < \text{length } \text{inputs}. \text{inputs} ! k \$ (\text{is} ! k)) * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{Pool } m1 m2) \$ j) \text{is})$ 
       $= (\sum \text{is1} \mid \text{is1} \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m1. \sum \text{is2} \mid \text{is2} \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m2.$ 
         $(\prod k < \text{length } \text{inputs1}. \text{inputs1} ! k \$ (\text{is1} ! k)) * (\prod k < \text{length } \text{inputs2}. \text{inputs2} ! k \$ (\text{is2} ! k)) *$ 
         $\text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1 \$ j) \text{is1} * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } m2 \$ j) \text{is2})$ 
      unfolding input-sizes.simps setsum-valid-index-split using 1 2
      using mem-Collect-eq sum.cong by (simp add: mult.assoc)
      also have  $\dots = (\sum \text{is1} \mid \text{is1} \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m1. (\prod k < \text{length } \text{inputs1}. \text{inputs1} ! k \$ (\text{is1} ! k)) * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } m1 \$ j) \text{is1}) *$ 
         $(\sum \text{is2} \mid \text{is2} \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m2. (\prod k < \text{length } \text{inputs2}. \text{inputs2} ! k \$ (\text{is2} ! k)) * \text{lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } m2 \$ j) \text{is2})$ 
      unfolding sum-product by (rule sum.cong, metis, rule sum.cong, metis, simp)
      also have  $\dots = \text{evaluate-net } (\text{Pool } m1 m2) \text{inputs} \$ j$  unfolding evaluate-net.simps index-component-mult[OF j-le-eval]
      using Pool.IH(1)[OF  $\langle \text{valid-net}' m1 \rangle - \langle j < \text{output-size}' m1 \rangle$ ] Pool.IH(2)[OF  $\langle \text{valid-net}' m2 \rangle - \langle j < \text{output-size}' m2 \rangle$ ]
      using  $\langle \text{map dim-vec inputs1} = \text{input-sizes } m1 \rangle$   $\langle \text{map dim-vec inputs2} = \text{input-sizes } m2 \rangle$  inputs1-def inputs2-def by auto
      finally show ?case by metis

```

qed

lemma *tensors-from-net-eqI*:

assumes *valid-net' m1 valid-net' m2 input-sizes m1 = input-sizes m2*

assumes $\bigwedge \text{inputs}. \text{input-sizes } m1 = \text{map dim-vec inputs} \implies \text{evaluate-net } m1 \text{ inputs} = \text{evaluate-net } m2 \text{ inputs}$

shows *tensors-from-net m1 = tensors-from-net m2*

proof –

have *map dim-vec (map 0_v (input-sizes m2)) = input-sizes m2*

map dim-vec (map 0_v (input-sizes m1)) = input-sizes m1 **by** (*auto intro:*

nth-equalityI)

then have *output-size' m1 = output-size' m2* **using**

output-size-correct[OF ⟨valid-net' m1⟩ ⟨map dim-vec (map 0_v (input-sizes m1))

= input-sizes m1⟩

output-size-correct[OF ⟨valid-net' m2⟩ ⟨map dim-vec (map 0_v (input-sizes m2))

= input-sizes m2⟩

assms(3) assms(4)

by (*metis (no-types)*)

have $\bigwedge \text{is}. \text{base-input } m1 \text{ is} = \text{base-input } m2 \text{ is}$

unfolding *base-input-def ⟨input-sizes m1 = input-sizes m2⟩* **by** *metis*

show *?thesis* **by** (*rule eq-vecI, rule tensor-lookup-eqI; metis*

lookup-tensors-from-net[OF ⟨valid-net' m1⟩, unfolded ⟨ $\bigwedge \text{is}. \text{base-input } m1 \text{ is} = \text{base-input } m2 \text{ is}$ ⟩ ⟨output-size' m1 = output-size' m2⟩]

lookup-tensors-from-net[OF ⟨valid-net' m2⟩] assms(3) base-input-length

assms(1) assms(2) dims-tensors-from-net output-size-correct-tensors vec-setI

⟨output-size' m1 = output-size' m2⟩ assms(4))

qed

end

12 Concrete Matrices

theory *DL-Concrete-Matrices*

imports *Jordan-Normal-Form.Matrix*

begin

The following definition allows non-square-matrices, *mat_one* (*mat_one n*) only allows square matrices.

definition *id-matrix::nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow real mat*

where *id-matrix nr nc = mat nr nc ($\lambda(r, c). \text{if } r=c \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0$)*

lemma *id-matrix-dim: dim-row (id-matrix nr nc) = nr dim-col (id-matrix nr nc) = nc* **by** (*simp-all add: id-matrix-def*)

lemma *row-id-matrix:*

assumes *i < nr*

shows *row (id-matrix nr nc) i = unit-vec nc i*

by (*rule eq-vecI, simp add: assms id-matrix-def unit-vec-def, simp add: id-matrix-dim(2)*)

lemma *unit-eq-0*[*simp*]:
assumes $i: i \geq n$
shows $\text{unit-vec } n \ i = 0_v \ n$
by (*rule eq-vecI, insert i, auto simp: unit-vec-def*)

lemma *mult-id-matrix*:
assumes $i < nr$
shows $(\text{id-matrix } nr \ (\text{dim-vec } v) \ *_v \ v) \ \$ \ i = (\text{if } i < \text{dim-vec } v \ \text{then } v \ \$ \ i \ \text{else } 0) \ (\text{is } ?a \ \$ \ i = ?b)$
proof –
have $?a \ \$ \ i = \text{row } (\text{id-matrix } nr \ (\text{dim-vec } v)) \ i \cdot v$ **using** *index-mult-mat-vec*
assms id-matrix-dim **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = \text{unit-vec } (\text{dim-vec } v) \ i \cdot v$ **using** *row-id-matrix* *assms* **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = ?b$ **using** *scalar-prod-left-unit carrier-vecI unit-eq-0 scalar-prod-left-zero*
by *fastforce*
finally show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

definition *all1-vec::nat* \Rightarrow *real vec*
where $\text{all1-vec } n = \text{vec } n \ (\lambda i. 1)$

definition *all1-matrix::nat* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *real mat*
where $\text{all1-matrix } nr \ nc = \text{mat } nr \ nc \ (\lambda(r, c). 1)$

lemma *all1-matrix-dim*: $\text{dim-row } (\text{all1-matrix } nr \ nc) = nr$ $\text{dim-col } (\text{all1-matrix } nr \ nc) = nc$
by (*simp-all add: all1-matrix-def*)

lemma *row-all1-matrix*:
assumes $i < nr$
shows $\text{row } (\text{all1-matrix } nr \ nc) \ i = \text{all1-vec } nc$
apply (*rule eq-vecI*)
apply (*simp add: all1-matrix-def all1-vec-def assms*)
by (*simp add: all1-matrix-def all1-vec-def*)

lemma *all1-vec-scalar-prod*:
shows $\text{all1-vec } (\text{length } xs) \cdot (\text{vec-of-list } xs) = \text{sum-list } xs$
proof –
have $\text{all1-vec } (\text{length } xs) \cdot (\text{vec-of-list } xs) = (\sum i = 0..<\text{dim-vec } (\text{vec-of-list } xs). \text{vec-of-list } xs \ \$ \ i)$
unfolding *scalar-prod-def* **by** (*metis (no-types, lifting) all1-vec-def mult-cancel-right1 sum.ivl-cong*
vec.abs-eq dim-vec index-vec vec-of-list.abs-eq)
also have $\dots = (\sum i = 0..<\text{length } xs. xs \ ! \ i)$ **using** *vec.abs-eq dim-vec vec-of-list.abs-eq*
by (*metis sum.ivl-cong index-vec*)
also have $\dots = \text{sum-list } xs$ **by** (*simp add: sum-list-sum-nth*)
finally show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *mult-all1-matrix*:
assumes $i < nr$
shows $((all1-matrix\ nr\ (dim-vec\ v)) *_{\mathbf{v}} v) \$ i = sum-list\ (list-of-vec\ v)$ (**is** $?a \$ i = sum-list\ (list-of-vec\ v)$)
proof –
 have $?a \$ i = row\ (all1-matrix\ nr\ (dim-vec\ v))\ i \cdot v$ **using** *index-mult-mat-vec*
assms all1-matrix-dim **by** *auto*
 also have $... = sum-list\ (list-of-vec\ v)$ **unfolding** *row-all1-matrix*[*OF assms*]
using *all1-vec-scalar-prod*[*of list-of-vec v*]
 by (*metis vec.abs-eq dim-vec vec-list vec-of-list.abs-eq*)
 finally show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

definition *copy-first-matrix*:: $nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow real\ mat$
where *copy-first-matrix* $nr\ nc = mat\ nr\ nc\ (\lambda(r, c). \text{if } c = 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$

lemma *copy-first-matrix-dim*: $dim-row\ (copy-first-matrix\ nr\ nc) = nr$ $dim-col\ (copy-first-matrix\ nr\ nc) = nc$
by (*simp-all add: copy-first-matrix-def*)

lemma *row-copy-first-matrix*:
assumes $i < nr$
shows $row\ (copy-first-matrix\ nr\ nc)\ i = unit-vec\ nc\ 0$
 apply (*rule eq-vecI*)
 apply (*auto simp add: copy-first-matrix-def assms*)[1]
 by (*simp add: copy-first-matrix-def*)

lemma *mult-copy-first-matrix*:
assumes $i < nr$ **and** $dim-vec\ v > 0$
shows $(copy-first-matrix\ nr\ (dim-vec\ v)) *_{\mathbf{v}} v) \$ i = v \$ 0$ (**is** $?a \$ i = v \$ 0$)
proof –
 have $?a \$ i = row\ (copy-first-matrix\ nr\ (dim-vec\ v))\ i \cdot v$ **using** *index-mult-mat-vec*
assms copy-first-matrix-dim **by** *auto*
 also have $... = unit-vec\ (dim-vec\ v)\ 0 \cdot v$ **using** *row-copy-first-matrix* *assms* **by**
auto
 also have $... = v \$ 0$ **using** *assms(2)* *scalar-prod-left-unit carrier-dim-vec* **by**
blast
 finally show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

end

13 Missing Lemmas of Finite_Set

theory *DL-Missing-Finite-Set*
imports *Main*

```

begin

lemma card-even[simp]: card {a ∈ Collect even. a < 2 * n} = n
proof (induction n)
  case 0
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc n)
  have {a ∈ Collect even. a < 2 * Suc n} = insert (2*n) {a ∈ Collect even. a <
2 * n}
  using le-eq-less-or-eq less-Suc-eq-le subset-antisym by force
  show ?case
  unfolding ⟨{a ∈ Collect even. a < 2 * Suc n} = insert (2*n) {a ∈ Collect
even. a < 2 * n}⟩
  using Suc card-insert-disjoint[of {a ∈ Collect even. a < 2 * n} 2*n]
  by (simp add: finite-M-bounded-by-nat less-not-refl2)
qed

lemma card-odd[simp]: card {a ∈ Collect odd. a < 2 * n} = n
proof (induction n)
  case 0
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc n)
  have {a ∈ Collect odd. a < 2 * Suc n} = insert (2*n+1) {a ∈ Collect odd. a
< 2 * n}
  using le-eq-less-or-eq less-Suc-eq-le subset-antisym by force
  show ?case
  unfolding ⟨{a ∈ Collect odd. a < 2 * Suc n} = insert (2*n+1) {a ∈ Collect
odd. a < 2 * n}⟩
  using Suc card-insert-disjoint[of {a ∈ Collect even. a < 2 * n} 2*n]
  by (simp add: finite-M-bounded-by-nat less-not-refl2)
qed

end

```

14 Deep Network Model

```

theory DL-Deep-Model
imports DL-Network Tensor-Matricization Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Submatrix DL-Concrete-Matrices
DL-Missing-Finite-Set Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Missing-Sublist Jordan-Normal-Form.Determinant
begin

```

```

hide-const(open) Polynomial.order

```

```

hide-const (open) Matrix.unit-vec

```

```

fun deep-model and deep-model' where
deep-model' Y [] = Input Y |

```

$deep\text{-}model' Y (r \# rs) = Pool (deep\text{-}model Y r rs) (deep\text{-}model Y r rs) |$
 $deep\text{-}model Y r rs = Conv (Y,r) (deep\text{-}model' r rs)$

abbreviation $deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l rs == deep\text{-}model' (rs!0) (tl rs)$

abbreviation $deep\text{-}model\text{-}l rs == deep\text{-}model (rs!0) (rs!1) (tl (tl rs))$

lemma *valid-deep-model: valid-net (deep-model Y r rs)*

apply (*induction rs arbitrary: Y r*)

apply (*simp add: valid-net.intros(1) valid-net.intros(2)*)

using *valid-net.intros(2) valid-net.intros(3) by auto*

lemma *valid-deep-model': valid-net (deep-model' r rs)*

apply (*induction rs arbitrary: r*)

apply (*simp add: valid-net.intros(1)*)

by (*metis deep-model'.elims deep-model'.simps(2) deep-model.elims output-size.simps valid-net.simps*)

lemma *input-sizes-deep-model':*

assumes $length\ rs \geq 1$

shows $input\text{-}sizes (deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l rs) = replicate (2^{length\ rs - 1}) (last\ rs)$

using *assms proof (induction butlast rs arbitrary:rs)*

case *Nil*

then have $rs = [rs!0]$

by (*metis One-nat-def diff-diff-cancel diff-zero length-0-conv length-Suc-conv length-butlast nth-Cons-0*)

then have $input\text{-}sizes (deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l rs) = [last\ rs]$

by (*metis deep-model'.simps(1) input-sizes.simps(1) last.simps list.sel(3)*)

then show $input\text{-}sizes (deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l rs) = replicate (2^{length\ rs - 1}) (last\ rs)$

by (*metis One-nat-def <[] = butlast rs> empty-replicate length-butlast list.size(3) power-0 replicate.simps(2)*)

next

case (*Cons r rs' rs*)

then have $IH: input\text{-}sizes (deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l (tl\ rs)) = replicate (2^{length (tl\ rs) - 1}) (last\ rs)$

by (*metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def butlast-tl diff-is-0-eq' last-tl length-Cons length-butlast length-tl list.sel(3) list.size(3) nat-le-linear not-one-le-zero*)

have $rs = r \# (tl\ rs)$ **by** (*metis Cons.hyps(2) Cons.prem One-nat-def append-Cons append-butlast-last-id length-greater-0-conv less-le-trans list.sel(3) zero-less-Suc*)

then have $deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l rs = Pool (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l rs) (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l rs)$

by (*metis Cons.hyps(2) One-nat-def butlast.simps(2) deep-model'.elims list.sel(3) list.simps(3) nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc*)

then have $input\text{-}sizes (deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l rs) = input\text{-}sizes (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l rs) @ input\text{-}sizes (deep\text{-}model\text{-}l rs)$

using *input-sizes.simps(3) by metis*

also have $\dots = input\text{-}sizes (deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l (tl\ rs)) @ input\text{-}sizes (deep\text{-}model'\text{-}l (tl\ rs))$

by (*metis (no-types, lifting) Cons.hyps(2) One-nat-def deep-model.elims input-sizes.simps(2)*)

$length-Cons$ $length-butlast$ $length-greater-0-conv$ $length-tl$ $list.sel(2)$ $list.sel(3)$
 $list.size(3)$
 $nth-tl$ $one-neq-zero$
also have ... = $replicate$ ($2 \wedge (length (tl\ rs) - 1)$) ($last\ rs$) @ $replicate$ ($2 \wedge$
 $(length (tl\ rs) - 1)$) ($last\ rs$)
using IH **by** $auto$
also have ... = $replicate$ ($2 \wedge (length\ rs - 1)$) ($last\ rs$)
using $replicate-add$ [of $2 \wedge (length (tl\ rs) - 1)$ $2 \wedge (length (tl\ rs) - 1)$ $last\ rs$]
by ($metis$ $Cons.hyps(2)$ $One-nat-def$ $butlast-tl$ $length-butlast$ $list.sel(3)$ $list.size(4)$)
 $mult-2-right$
 $power-add$ $power-one-right$)
finally show $?case$ **by** $auto$
qed

lemma $input-sizes-deep-model$:
assumes $length\ rs \geq 2$
shows $input-sizes$ ($deep-model-l\ rs$) = $replicate$ ($2 \wedge (length\ rs - 2)$) ($last\ rs$)
proof –
have $input-sizes$ ($deep-model-l\ rs$) = $input-sizes$ ($deep-model'-l$ ($tl\ rs$))
by ($metis$ $One-nat-def$ $Suc-1$ $assms$ $hd-Cons-tl$ $deep-model.elims$ $input-sizes.simps(2)$)
 $length-Cons$
 $length-greater-0-conv$ $lessI$ $linorder-not-le$ $list.size(3)$ $not-numeral-le-zero$ $nth-tl$)
also have ... = $replicate$ ($2 \wedge (length\ rs - 2)$) ($last\ rs$) **using** $input-sizes-deep-model'$
by ($metis$ ($no-types$, $lifting$) $One-nat-def$ $Suc-1$ $Suc-eq-plus1$ $assms$ $diff-diff-left$
 $hd-Cons-tl$
 $last-tl$ $length-Cons$ $length-tl$ $linorder-not-le$ $list.size(3)$ $not-less-eq$ $not-numeral-le-zero$
 $numeral-le-one-iff$ $semiring-norm(69)$)
finally show $?thesis$ **by** $auto$
qed

lemma $evaluate-net-Conv-id$:
assumes $valid-net'\ m$
and $input-sizes\ m = map\ dim-vec\ input$
and $j < nr$
shows $evaluate-net$ ($Conv$ ($id-matrix\ nr$ ($output-size'\ m$)) m) $input\ \$\ j$
= ($if\ j < output-size'\ m$ then $evaluate-net\ m\ input\ \$\ j$ else 0)
unfolding $evaluate-net.simps$ $output-size-correct[OF\ assms(1)\ assms(2)[symmetric]]$
using $mult-id-matrix[OF\ \langle j < nr \rangle$, of $evaluate-net\ m\ input$, $unfolded\ dim-vec-of-list$]
by $metis$

lemma $tensors-from-net-Conv-id$:
assumes $valid-net'\ m$
and $i < nr$
shows $tensors-from-net$ ($Conv$ ($id-matrix\ nr$ ($output-size'\ m$)) m) $\$ i$
= ($if\ i < output-size'\ m$ then $tensors-from-net\ m\ \$\ i$ else $tensor0$ ($input-sizes\ m$))
($is\ ?a\ \$\ i = ?b$)
proof ($rule\ tensor-lookup-eqI$)
have $Tensor.dims$ ($?a\ \$\ i$) = $input-sizes\ m$ **by** ($metis$ $assms(1)$ $assms(2)$ $dims-tensors-from-net$
 $id-matrix-dim(1)$ $id-matrix-dim(2)$ $input-sizes.simps(2)$ $output-size.simps(2)$)

output-size-correct-tensors remove-weights.simps(2) valid-net.intros(2) vec-setI
moreover have *Tensor.dims (?b) = input-sizes m using dims-tensors-from-net*
output-size-correct-tensors[OF assms(1)] dims-tensor0 by (simp add: vec-setI)
ultimately show *Tensor.dims (?a \$ i) = Tensor.dims (?b) by auto*

define *Conv_m* **where** *Conv_m = Conv (id-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m*
fix *is*
assume *is < Tensor.dims (?a \$ i)*
then have *is < input-sizes m using <Tensor.dims (?a \$ i) = input-sizes m> by*
auto
have *valid-net' Conv_m by (simp add: assms id-matrix-dim valid-net.intros(2)*
Conv_m-def)
have *base-input m is = base-input Conv_m is by (simp add: Conv_m-def base-input-def)*
have *i < output-size' Conv_m unfolding Conv_m-def remove-weights.simps out-*
put-size.simps
id-matrix-dim using assms by metis
have *is < input-sizes (Conv (id-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m)*
by (metis <is < input-sizes m> input-sizes.simps(2))
then have *f1: lookup (tensors-from-net (Conv (id-matrix nr (output-size' m))*
m) \$ i) is = evaluate-net (Conv (id-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m) (base-input
(Conv (id-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m) is) \$ i
using *Conv_m-def <i < output-size' Conv_m> <valid-net' Conv_m> lookup-tensors-from-net*
by blast
have *lookup (tensor0 (input-sizes m)) is = (0::real)*
by (meson <is < input-sizes m> lookup-tensor0)
then show *Tensor.lookup (?a \$ i) is = Tensor.lookup ?b is*
using *Conv_m-def <base-input m is = base-input Conv_m is> <is < input-sizes m>*
assms(1) assms(2)
base-input-length evaluate-net-Conv-id f1 lookup-tensors-from-net by auto
qed

lemma *evaluate-net-Conv-copy-first:*
assumes *valid-net' m*
and *input-sizes m = map dim-vec input*
and *j < nr*
and *output-size' m > 0*
shows *evaluate-net (Conv (copy-first-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m) input \$ j*
= evaluate-net m input \$ 0
unfolding *evaluate-net.simps output-size-correct[OF assms(1) assms(2)[symmetric]]*
using *mult-copy-first-matrix[OF <j < nr>, of evaluate-net m input, unfolded dim-vec-of-list]*
assms(3) copy-first-matrix-dim(1) by (metis <output-size' m = dim-vec (evaluate-net
m input)> assms(4))

lemma *tensors-from-net-Conv-copy-first:*
assumes *valid-net' m*
and *i < nr*
and *output-size' m > 0*
shows *tensors-from-net (Conv (copy-first-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m) \$ i =*
tensors-from-net m \$ 0

(is ?a \$ i = ?b)
proof (rule *tensor-lookup-eqI*)
have *Tensor.dims* (?a \$ i) = *input-sizes* m
by (*metis* *assms*(1) *assms*(2) *copy-first-matrix-dim*(1) *copy-first-matrix-dim*(2)
dims-tensors-from-net
input-sizes.simps(2) *output-size.simps*(2) *output-size-correct-tensors* *remove-weights.simps*(2)
valid-net.intros(2) *vec-setI*)
moreover **have** *Tensor.dims* (?b) = *input-sizes* m **using** *dims-tensors-from-net*
output-size-correct-tensors[OF *assms*(1)] **using** *assms*(3) **by** (*simp* *add*: *vec-setI*)
ultimately **show** *Tensor.dims* (?a \$ i) = *Tensor.dims* (?b) **by** *auto*

define *Conv* **where** *Conv* = *Conv* (*copy-first-matrix* nr (*output-size'* m)) m
fix *is*
assume *is* \triangleleft *Tensor.dims* (?a \$ i)
then **have** *is* \triangleleft *input-sizes* m **using** \langle *Tensor.dims* (?a \$ i) = *input-sizes* m \rangle **by**
auto
have *valid-net'* *Conv* **by** (*simp* *add*: *assms* *copy-first-matrix-dim* *valid-net.intros*(2)
Conv-def)
have *base-input* m *is* = *base-input* *Conv* *is* **by** (*simp* *add*: *Conv-def* *base-input-def*)
have *i* < *output-size'* *Conv* **unfolding** *Conv-def* *remove-weights.simps* *output-size.simps*
copy-first-matrix-dim **using** *assms* **by** *metis*
show *Tensor.lookup* (?a \$ i) *is* = *Tensor.lookup* ?b *is*
by (*metis* *Conv-def* \langle *base-input* m *is* = *base-input* *Conv* *is* \rangle \langle *i* < *output-size'*
Conv \rangle
 \langle *is* \triangleleft *input-sizes* m \rangle \langle *valid-net'* *Conv* \rangle *assms*(1) *assms*(2) *assms*(3) *base-input-length*
evaluate-net-Conv-copy-first *input-sizes.simps*(2) *lookup-tensors-from-net*)
qed

lemma *evaluate-net-Conv-all1*:
assumes *valid-net'* m
and *input-sizes* m = *map* *dim-vec* *input*
and *i* < nr
shows *evaluate-net* (*Conv* (*all1-matrix* nr (*output-size'* m)) m) *input* \$ i
= *Groups-List.sum-list* (*list-of-vec* (*evaluate-net* m *input*))
unfolding *evaluate-net.simps* *output-size-correct*[OF *assms*(1) *assms*(2)[*symmetric*]]
using *mult-all1-matrix*[OF \langle *i* < nr \rangle , of *evaluate-net* m *input*, *unfolded* *dim-vec-of-list*]
assms(3) *all1-matrix-dim*(1) **by** *metis*

lemma *tensors-from-net-Conv-all1*:
assumes *valid-net'* m
and *i* < nr
shows *tensors-from-net* (*Conv* (*all1-matrix* nr (*output-size'* m)) m) \$ i
= *listsum* (*input-sizes* m) (*list-of-vec* (*tensors-from-net* m))
(is ?a \$ i = ?b)
proof (rule *tensor-lookup-eqI*)
have *i* < *dim-vec* ?a **by** (*metis* *assms* *all1-matrix-dim* *output-size.simps*(2)
output-size-correct-tensors *remove-weights.simps*(2) *valid-net.intros*(2))
then **show** *Tensor.dims* (?a \$ i) = *Tensor.dims* (?b)

```

using dims-tensors-from-net input-sizes.simps(2) listsum-dims
by (metis index-vec-of-list in-set-conv-nth length-list-of-vec vec-list vec-setI)

define Convm where Convm = Conv (all1-matrix nr (output-size' m)) m
fix is assume is  $\triangleleft$  Tensor.dims (?a $ i)
then have is  $\triangleleft$  input-sizes m
  using  $\langle i < \text{dim-vec } ?a \rangle$  dims-tensors-from-net input-sizes.simps(2) by (metis
vec-setI)
  then have is  $\triangleleft$  input-sizes Convm by (simp add: Convm-def)
  have valid-net' Convm by (simp add: Convm-def assms all1-matrix-dim valid-net.intros(2))
  have  $i < \text{output-size}' \text{ Conv}_m$  using Convm-def  $\langle i < \text{dim-vec } ?a \rangle$   $\langle \text{valid-net}'$ 
Convm  $\rangle$ 
    output-size-correct-tensors by presburger
  have base-input Convm is = base-input m is unfolding base-input-def Convm-def
input-sizes.simps by metis
  have Tensor.lookup (?a $ i) is = evaluate-net Convm (base-input Convm is) $ i
    using lookup-tensors-from-net[OF  $\langle \text{valid-net}' \text{ Conv}_m \rangle$   $\langle is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes Conv}_m \rangle$ 
 $\langle i < \text{output-size}' \text{ Conv}_m \rangle$   $\rangle$ 
    by (metis Convm-def )
  also have  $\dots = \text{monoid-add-class.sum-list (list-of-vec (evaluate-net } m \text{ (base-input$ 
Convm is)))
    using evaluate-net-Conv-all1 Convm-def  $\langle is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes Conv}_m \rangle$  assms base-input-length
 $\langle i < nr \rangle$ 
    by simp
  also have  $\dots = \text{monoid-add-class.sum-list (list-of-vec (map-vec (\lambda A. lookup A$ 
is)(tensors-from-net m)))
    unfolding  $\langle \text{base-input Conv}_m \text{ is} = \text{base-input } m \text{ is} \rangle$ 
    using lookup-tensors-from-net[OF  $\langle \text{valid-net}' m \rangle$   $\langle is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m \rangle$   $\rangle$ 
base-input-length[OF  $\langle is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m \rangle$   $\rangle$  output-size-correct[OF assms(1)  $\rangle$ 
output-size-correct-tensors[OF assms(1)  $\rangle$ 
eq-vecI[of evaluate-net } m \text{ (base-input } m \text{ is) map-vec (\lambda A. lookup A is) (tensors-from-net
m)] index-map-vec(1) index-map-vec(2)
    by force
  also have  $\dots = \text{monoid-add-class.sum-list (map (\lambda A. lookup A is) (list-of-vec$ 
(tensors-from-net m)))
    using eq-vecI[of vec-of-list (list-of-vec (map-vec (\lambda A. lookup A is)(tensors-from-net
m)))
vec-of-list (map (\lambda A. lookup A is) (list-of-vec (tensors-from-net m)))  $\rangle$  dim-vec-of-list
nth-list-of-vec length-map list-vec nth-map index-map-vec(1) index-map-vec(2)
vec-list
    by (metis (no-types, lifting))
  also have  $\dots = \text{Tensor.lookup } ?b \text{ is}$  using dims-tensors-from-net set-list-of-vec
using lookup-listsum[OF  $\langle is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m \rangle$ , of list-of-vec (tensors-from-net
m)]
    by metis
  finally show Tensor.lookup (?a $ i) is = Tensor.lookup ?b is by blast
qed

fun witness and witness' where

```

witness' $Y \ [] = \text{Input } Y \mid$
witness' $Y (r \# rs) = \text{Pool } (\text{witness } Y r rs) (\text{witness } Y r rs) \mid$
witness $Y r rs = \text{Conv } ((\text{if length } rs = 0 \text{ then id-matrix else } (\text{if length } rs = 1 \text{ then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix})) Y r) (\text{witness}' r rs)$

abbreviation $\text{witness-l } rs == \text{witness } (rs!0) (rs!1) (tl (tl rs))$

abbreviation $\text{witness}'\text{-l } rs == \text{witness}' (rs!0) (tl rs)$

lemma *witness-is-deep-model: remove-weights (witness $Y r rs$) = deep-model $Y r rs$*

proof (*induction rs arbitrary: $Y r$*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case unfolding witness.simps witness'..simps deep-model.simps deep-model'..simps*
 by (*simp add: id-matrix-dim*)

next

case (*Cons $r' rs Y r$*)

have $\text{dim-row } ((\text{if length } (r' \# rs) = 0 \text{ then id-matrix else } (\text{if length } (r' \# rs) = 1 \text{ then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix})) Y r) = Y$

$\text{dim-col } ((\text{if length } (r' \# rs) = 0 \text{ then id-matrix else } (\text{if length } (r' \# rs) = 1 \text{ then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix})) Y r) = r$

by (*simp-all add: all1-matrix-dim copy-first-matrix-dim*)

then show *?case unfolding witness.simps unfolding witness'..simps unfolding*
remove-weights.simps

using *Cons by simp*

qed

lemma *witness'\-is-deep-model: remove-weights (witness' $Y rs$) = deep-model' $Y rs$*

proof (*induction rs arbitrary: Y*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case unfolding witness.simps witness'..simps deep-model.simps deep-model'..simps*
 by (*simp add: id-matrix-dim*)

next

case (*Cons $r rs Y$*)

have $\text{dim-row } ((\text{if length } rs = 0 \text{ then id-matrix else } (\text{if length } rs = 1 \text{ then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix})) Y r) = Y$

$\text{dim-col } ((\text{if length } rs = 0 \text{ then id-matrix else } (\text{if length } rs = 1 \text{ then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix})) Y r) = r$

by (*simp-all add: all1-matrix-dim copy-first-matrix-dim id-matrix-dim*)

then show *?case unfolding witness'..simps unfolding witness.simps unfolding*
remove-weights.simps

using *Cons by simp*

qed

lemma *witness-valid: valid-net' (witness $Y r rs$)*

using *valid-deep-model witness-is-deep-model by auto*

lemma *witness'\-valid: valid-net' (witness' $Y rs$)*

using *valid-deep-model' witness'\-is-deep-model by auto*

lemma *shared-weight-net-witness*: *shared-weight-net* (*witness* Y r rs)
proof (*induction* rs *arbitrary*: Y r)
case *Nil*
 then show *?case unfolding* *witness.simps* *witness'.simps* **by** (*simp add*: *shared-weight-net-Conv*
shared-weight-net-Input)
next
 case (*Cons* a rs)
 then show *?case unfolding* *witness.simps* *witness'.simps*
 by (*simp add*: *shared-weight-net-Conv* *shared-weight-net-Input* *shared-weight-net-Pool*)
qed

lemma *witness-l0'*: *witness'* Y $[M]$ =
 (*Pool*
 (*Conv* (*id-matrix* Y M) (*Input* M))
 (*Conv* (*id-matrix* Y M) (*Input* M))
)
unfolding *witness'.simps* *witness.simps* **by** *simp*

lemma *witness-l1*: *witness* Y $r0$ $[M]$ =
 Conv (*all1-matrix* Y $r0$) (*witness'* $r0$ $[M]$)
unfolding *witness'.simps* **by** *simp*

lemma *tensors-ht-l0*:
assumes $j < r0$
shows *tensors-from-net* (*Conv* (*id-matrix* $r0$ M) (*Input* M)) $\$ j$
 = (*if* $j < M$ *then* *unit-vec* M j *else* *tensor0* $[M]$)
 by (*metis* *assms* *input-sizes.simps(1)* *output-size.simps(1)* *remove-weights.simps(1)*
tensors-from-net.simps(1)
 tensors-from-net-Conv-id *valid-net.intros(1)* *index-vec*)

lemma *tensor-prod-unit-vec*:
unit-vec M j \otimes *unit-vec* M j = *tensor-from-lookup* $[M, M]$ (*λis. if* $is = [j, j]$ *then* 1
else 0) (**is** $?A = ?B$)
proof (*rule* *tensor-lookup-eqI*)
 show *Tensor.dims* $?A$ = *Tensor.dims* $?B$
 by (*metis* *append-Cons* *self-append-conv2* *dims-unit-vec* *dims-tensor-prod* *dims-tensor-from-lookup*)
 fix is **assume** *is-valid*: $is \triangleleft$ *Tensor.dims* (*unit-vec* M j \otimes *unit-vec* M j)
 then have $is \triangleleft [M, M]$ **by** (*metis* *append-Cons* *self-append-conv2* *dims-unit-vec*
dims-tensor-prod)
 then obtain $i1$ $i2$ **where** *is-split*: $is = [i1, i2]$ $i1 < M$ $i2 < M$ **using** *list.distinct(1)*
by *blast*
 then have $[i1] \triangleleft$ *Tensor.dims* (*unit-vec* M j) $[i2] \triangleleft$ *Tensor.dims* (*unit-vec* M j)
 by (*simp-all* *add*: *valid-index.Cons* *valid-index.Nil* *dims-unit-vec*)
 have $is = [i1] @ [i2]$ **by** (*simp* *add*: *is-split(1)*)
 show *Tensor.lookup* $?A$ is = *Tensor.lookup* $?B$ is
 unfolding $\langle is = [i1] @ [i2] \rangle$
 lookup-tensor-prod[OF $\langle [i1] \triangleleft$ *Tensor.dims* (*unit-vec* M j) \rangle $\langle [i2] \triangleleft$ *Tensor.dims*
 (*unit-vec* M j) \rangle
 lookup-tensor-from-lookup[OF $\langle is \triangleleft [M, M] \rangle$, *unfolded* $\langle is = [i1] @ [i2] \rangle$)

lookup-unit-vec[OF <i1 < M>] lookup-unit-vec[OF <i2 < M>] by fastforce
qed

lemma tensors-ht-l0':

assumes $j < r0$

shows tensors-from-net (witness' r0 [M]) \$ j

= (if $j < M$ then unit-vec M j \otimes unit-vec M j else tensor0 [M,M]) (is - = ?b)

proof -

have valid-net' (Conv (id-matrix r0 M) (Input M))

by (metis convnet.inject(3) list.discI witness'.elims witness-l0' witness-valid)

have j-le: $j < \text{dim-vec (tensors-from-net (Conv (id-matrix r0 M) (Input M)))}$

using output-size-correct-tensors[OF <valid-net' (Conv (id-matrix r0 M) (Input M))>],

unfolded remove-weights.simps output-size.simps id-matrix-dim]

assms by simp

show ?thesis

unfolding tensors-from-net.simps(3) witness-l0' index-component-mult[OF j-le
j-le] tensors-ht-l0[OF assms]

by auto

qed

lemma lookup-tensors-ht-l0':

assumes $j < r0$

and $is \triangleleft [M, M]$

shows (Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (witness' r0 [M]) \$ j)) is = (if $is = [j, j]$
then 1 else 0)

proof (cases $j < M$)

assume $j < M$

show ?thesis unfolding tensors-ht-l0'[OF assms(1)] tensor-prod-unit-vec

apply (cases $is = [j, j]$) using <j < M> assms(2)

by (simp-all add:lookup-tensor-from-lookup)

next

assume $\neg j < M$

then have $is \neq [j, j]$ using assms(2) using list.distinct(1) nth-Cons-0 valid-index.simps
by blast

show ?thesis unfolding tensors-ht-l0'[OF assms(1)] tensor-prod-unit-vec

using < $\neg j < M$ > by (simp add: lookup-tensor0[OF assms(2)] < $is \neq [j, j]$ >)

qed

lemma lookup-tensors-ht-l1:

assumes $j < r1$

and $is \triangleleft [M, M]$

shows Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (witness r1 r0 [M]) \$ j) is

= (if $is!0 = is!1 \wedge is!0 < r0$ then 1 else 0)

proof -

have witness-l0'-valid: valid-net' (witness' r0 [M]) unfolding witness-l0'

by (simp add: id-matrix-dim valid-net.intros)

have input-sizes (witness' r0 [M]) = [M, M] unfolding witness-l0' by simp

have $\text{output-size}' (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) = r0$ **unfolding** $\text{witness-l0}'$ **using** $\text{witness-l0}'\text{-valid}$
by ($\text{simp add: id-matrix-dim}$)
have $\text{dim-vec} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M])) = r0$
using $\langle \text{output-size}' (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) = r0 \rangle$ $\text{witness-l0}'\text{-valid}$ $\text{output-size-correct-tensors}$
by fastforce
have $\text{all0-but1} : \bigwedge i. i \neq \text{is!}0 \implies i < r0 \implies \text{Tensor.lookup} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) \$ i) \text{is} = 0$
using $\text{lookup-tensors-ht-l0}' \langle \text{is} \triangleleft [M, M] \rangle$ **by** auto

have $\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness} r1 r0 [M]) \$ j =$
 $\text{Tensor-Plus.listsum} [M, M] (\text{list-of-vec} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M])))$
unfolding witness-l1 **using** $\text{tensors-from-net-Conv-all1} [OF \text{witness-l0}'\text{-valid}$
 $\text{assms}(1)]$
 $\text{witness-l0}' \langle \text{output-size}' (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) = r0 \rangle$ **by** simp
then have $\text{Tensor.lookup} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness} r1 r0 [M]) \$ j) \text{is}$
 $= \text{monoid-add-class.sum-list} (\text{map} (\lambda A. \text{Tensor.lookup} A \text{is}) (\text{list-of-vec} (\text{tensors-from-net}$
 $(\text{witness}' r0 [M])))$
using $\text{lookup-listsum} [OF \langle \text{is} \triangleleft [M, M] \rangle] \langle \text{input-sizes} (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) = [M,$
 $M] \rangle$
 $\text{dims-tensors-from-net}$ **by** ($\text{metis set-list-of-vec}$)
also have $\dots = \text{monoid-add-class.sum-list} (\text{map} (\lambda i. \text{lookup} (\text{tensors-from-net}$
 $(\text{witness}' r0 [M]) \$ i) \text{is}) [0..<r0])$
using $\text{map-map}[of (\lambda A. \text{Tensor.lookup} A \text{is}) \lambda i. (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0$
 $[M]) \$ i) [0..<r0]]$
using $\text{list-of-vec-map} \langle \text{dim-vec} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M])) = r0 \rangle$ **by**
 $(\text{metis} (\text{mono-tags, lifting}) \text{comp-apply map-eq-conv})$
also have $\dots = (\sum i < r0. \text{Tensor.lookup} ((\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) \$$
 $i) \text{is}))$
using $\text{sum-set-upt-conv-sum-list-nat}$ atLeast0LessThan **by** (metis atLeast-upt)
also have $\dots = (\text{if } \text{is!}0 = \text{is!}1 \wedge \text{is!}0 < r0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$
proof ($\text{cases } \text{is!}0 < r0$)
case True
have $\text{finite } \{0..<r0\}$ **by** auto
have $\text{is!}0 \in \{0..<r0\}$ **using** True **by** auto
have $(\sum i < r0. \text{Tensor.lookup} ((\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) \$ i) \text{is}))$
 $= \text{Tensor.lookup} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) \$ (\text{is!}0)) \text{is}$
using $\langle \text{dim-vec} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M])) = r0 \rangle$
using $\text{sum.remove}[OF \langle \text{finite } \{0..<r0\} \rangle \langle \text{is!}0 \in \{0..<r0\} \rangle,$
 $\text{of } \lambda i. (\text{Tensor.lookup} (\text{tensors-from-net} (\text{witness}' r0 [M]) \$ i) \text{is})]$
using all0-but1 atLeast0LessThan **by** force
then show $?thesis$ **using** $\text{lookup-tensors-ht-l0}' \langle \text{is!}0 < r0 \rangle \langle \text{is} \triangleleft [M, M] \rangle$ **by**
 fastforce
next
case False
then show $?thesis$ **using** all0-but1 atLeast0LessThan sum.neutral **by** force
qed

finally show *?thesis* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *length-output-deep-model*:
assumes *remove-weights* $m = \text{deep-model-l } rs$
shows $\text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m) = rs \neq 0$
using *output-size-correct-tensors valid-deep-model*
deep-model.elims output-size.simps(2) **by** (*metis assms*)

lemma *length-output-deep-model'*:
assumes *remove-weights* $m = \text{deep-model'-l } rs$
shows $\text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } m) = rs \neq 0$
using *output-size-correct-tensors valid-deep-model'*
deep-model'.elims output-size.simps **by** (*metis assms deep-model.elims*)

lemma *length-output-witness*:
 $\text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{witness-l } rs)) = rs \neq 0$
using *length-output-deep-model witness-is-deep-model* **by** *blast*

lemma *length-output-witness'*:
 $\text{dim-vec } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{witness'-l } rs)) = rs \neq 0$
using *length-output-deep-model' witness'-is-deep-model* **by** *blast*

lemma *dims-output-deep-model*:
assumes $\text{length } rs \geq 2$
and $\bigwedge r. r \in \text{set } rs \implies r > 0$
and $j < \text{rs!}0$
and *remove-weights* $m = \text{deep-model-l } rs$
shows $\text{Tensor.dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \$ j) = \text{replicate } (2^{\text{length } rs - 2}) (\text{last } rs)$
using *dims-tensors-from-net input-sizes-deep-model[OF assms(1)] output-size-correct-tensors*
valid-deep-model
assms(3) assms(4) input-sizes-remove-weights length-output-witness witness-is-deep-model
by (*metis vec-setI*)

lemma *dims-output-witness*:
assumes $\text{length } rs \geq 2$
and $\bigwedge r. r \in \text{set } rs \implies r > 0$
and $j < \text{rs!}0$
shows $\text{Tensor.dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{witness-l } rs) \$ j) = \text{replicate } (2^{\text{length } rs - 2}) (\text{last } rs)$
using *dims-output-deep-model witness-is-deep-model assms* **by** *blast*

lemma *dims-output-deep-model'*:
assumes $\text{length } rs \geq 1$
and $\bigwedge r. r \in \text{set } rs \implies r > 0$
and $j < \text{rs!}0$
and *remove-weights* $m = \text{deep-model'-l } rs$
shows $\text{Tensor.dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \$ j) = \text{replicate } (2^{\text{length } rs - 1}) (\text{last } rs)$

```

rs)
proof –
  have dim-vec (tensors-from-net m) > j
    using length-output-deep-model' ⟨remove-weights m = deep-model'-l rs⟩ ⟨j <
rs!0⟩ by auto
  then have Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net m $ j) = input-sizes m
    using dims-tensors-from-net[of - m] output-size-correct-tensors
    vec-setI by metis
  then show ?thesis
    using assms(1) input-sizes-deep-model'
    input-sizes-remove-weights[of m, unfolded ⟨remove-weights m = deep-model'-l
rs⟩] by auto
qed

```

```

lemma dims-output-witness':
assumes length rs ≥ 1
and  $\bigwedge r. r \in \text{set } rs \implies r > 0$ 
and j < rs!0
shows Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net (witness'-l rs) $ j) = replicate ( $2^{\text{length } rs - 1}$ ) (last rs)
using dims-output-deep-model' assms witness'-is-deep-model by blast

```

```

abbreviation ten2mat == matricize {n. even n}
abbreviation mat2ten == dematricize {n. even n}

```

```

locale deep-model-correct-params =
fixes shared-weights::bool
fixes rs::nat list
assumes deep:length rs ≥ 3
and no-zeros: $\bigwedge r. r \in \text{set } rs \implies 0 < r$ 
begin

```

```

definition r = min (last rs) (last (butlast rs))
definition N-half =  $2^{\text{length } rs - 3}$ 
definition weight-space-dim = count-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs)

```

```

end

```

```

locale deep-model-correct-params-y = deep-model-correct-params +
fixes y::nat
assumes y-valid:y < rs ! 0
begin

```

```

definition A :: (nat  $\Rightarrow$  real)  $\Rightarrow$  real tensor
  where A ws = tensors-from-net (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs)
ws) $ y
definition A' :: (nat  $\Rightarrow$  real)  $\Rightarrow$  real mat
  where A' ws = ten2mat (A ws)

```

lemma *dims-tensor-deep-model*:
assumes *remove-weights* $m = \text{deep-model-l } rs$
shows $\text{dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \ \$ \ y) = \text{replicate } (2 * N\text{-half}) \ (\text{last } rs)$
proof –
 have $\text{dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \ \$ \ y) = \text{replicate } (2 \wedge (\text{length } rs - 2)) \ (\text{last } rs)$
 using *dims-output-deep-model*[*OF - no-zeros y-valid assms*] **using** *less-imp-le-nat*
Suc-le-lessD *deep numeral-3-eq-3*
 by *auto*
 then show *?thesis* **using** *N-half-def* **by** (*metis One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1*
Suc-le-lessD *deep*
 diff-diff-left less-numeral-extra(3) numeral-3-eq-3 power-eq-if zero-less-diff)
qed

lemma *order-tensor-deep-model*:
assumes *remove-weights* $m = \text{deep-model-l } rs$
shows $\text{order } (\text{tensors-from-net } m \ \$ \ y) = 2 * N\text{-half}$
 using *dims-tensor-deep-model* **by** (*simp add: assms*)

lemma *dims-A*:
shows $\text{Tensor.dims } (A \ ws) = \text{replicate } (2 * N\text{-half}) \ (\text{last } rs)$
 unfolding *A-def*
 using *dims-tensor-deep-model* *remove-insert-weights* **by** *blast*

lemma *order-A*:
shows $\text{order } (A \ ws) = 2 * N\text{-half}$ **using** *dims-A* *length-replicate* **by** *auto*

lemma *dims-A'*:
shows $\text{dim-row } (A' \ ws) = \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } (A \ ws)) \ \{n. \text{ even } n\})$
and $\text{dim-col } (A' \ ws) = \text{prod-list } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } (A \ ws)) \ \{n. \text{ odd } n\})$
 unfolding *A'-def* *matricize-def* **by** (*simp-all add: A-def Collect-neg-eq*)

lemma *dims-A'-pow*:
shows $\text{dim-row } (A' \ ws) = (\text{last } rs) \wedge N\text{-half}$ $\text{dim-col } (A' \ ws) = (\text{last } rs) \wedge N\text{-half}$
 unfolding *dims-A'* *dims-A* *nths-replicate* *set-le-in* *card-even* *card-odd* *prod-list-replicate*
 by *simp-all*

definition $Aw = \text{tensors-from-net } (\text{witness-l } rs) \ \$ \ y$

definition $Aw' = \text{ten2mat } Aw$

definition $\text{witness-weights} = \text{extract-weights } \text{shared-weights} \ (\text{witness-l } rs)$

lemma *witness-weights:witness-l* $rs = \text{insert-weights } \text{shared-weights} \ (\text{deep-model-l } rs) \ \text{witness-weights}$
 by (*metis* (*full-types*) *insert-extract-weights-cong-shared* *insert-extract-weights-cong-unshared*
 shared-weight-net-witness *witness-is-deep-model* *witness-weights-def*)

lemma *Aw-def'*: $Aw = A$ witness-weights **unfolding** *Aw-def* *A-def* **using** witness-weights **by** *auto*

lemma *Aw'-def'*: $Aw' = A'$ witness-weights **unfolding** *Aw'-def* *A'-def* *Aw-def'* **by** *auto*

lemma *dims-Aw*: $Tensor.dims Aw = replicate (2 * N-half) (last rs)$
unfolding *Aw-def'* **using** *dims-A* **by** *auto*

lemma *order-Aw*: $order Aw = 2 * N-half$
unfolding *Aw-def'* **using** *order-A* **by** *auto*

lemma *dims-Aw'*:
 $dim-row Aw' = prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims Aw) \{n. even n\})$
 $dim-col Aw' = prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims Aw) \{n. odd n\})$
unfolding *Aw'-def'* *Aw-def'* **using** *dims-A'* **by** *auto*

lemma *dims-Aw'-pow*: $dim-row Aw' = (last rs) \wedge^{N-half} dim-col Aw' = (last rs) \wedge^{N-half}$
unfolding *Aw'-def'* *Aw-def'* **using** *dims-A'-pow* **by** *auto*

lemma *witness-tensor*:

assumes $is \triangleleft Tensor.dims Aw$

shows $Tensor.lookup Aw is$

$= (if\ nth\ is\ \{n.\ even\ n\} = nth\ is\ \{n.\ odd\ n\} \wedge (\forall i \in set\ is.\ i < last\ (butlast\ rs))\ then\ 1\ else\ 0)$

using *assms* *deep* *no-zeros* *y-valid* **unfolding** *Aw-def* **proof** (*induction* *butlast* (*butlast* (*butlast* *rs*)) *arbitrary:rs* *is* *y*)

case *Nil*

have $length\ rs = 3$

by (*rule antisym*, *metis Nil.hyps One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add-2-eq-Suc' diff-diff-left*)

$length-butlast\ less-numeral-extra(3)\ list.size(3)\ not-le\ numeral-3-eq-3\ zero-less-diff,$
metis $\langle 3 \leq length\ rs \rangle$)

then have $rs = [rs!0, rs!1, rs!2]$ **by** (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *Cons-nth-drop-Suc* *One-nat-def* *Suc-eq-plus1*)

$append-Nil\ id-take-nth-drop\ length-0-conv\ length-tl\ lessI\ list.sel(3)\ list.size(4)$
not-le *numeral-3-eq-3*)

$numeral-le-one-iff\ one-add-one\ semiring-norm(70)\ take-0\ zero-less-Suc$)

have $input-sizes\ (witness-l\ [rs!\ 0, rs!\ 1, rs!\ 2]) = [rs!2, rs!2]$

using *witness.simps* *witness'.simps* *input-sizes.simps* **by** *auto*

then have $Tensor.dims\ (tensors-from-net\ (witness-l\ rs)\ \$\ y) = [rs!2, rs!2]$

using *dims-tensors-from-net*[*of* *tensors-from-net* (*witness-l* *rs*) $\$$ *y* *witness-l* *rs*]

$Nil.prem(4)\ length-output-witness\ \langle rs = [rs!\ 0, rs!\ 1, rs!\ 2] \rangle\ vec-setI$ **by** *metis*

then have $is \triangleleft [rs!2, rs!2]$ **using** *Nil.prem* **by** *metis*

then have $Tensor.lookup\ ((tensors-from-net\ (witness-l\ rs))\ \$\ y)\ is$

$= (if\ is!\ 0 = is!\ 1 \wedge is!\ 0 < rs!\ 1\ then\ 1\ else\ 0)$

```

using Nil.prems(4) ⟨rs = [rs ! 0, rs ! 1, rs ! 2]⟩ by (metis list.sel(3) lookup-tensors-ht-l1)
have is ! 0 = is ! 1 ∧ is ! 0 < rs ! 1
  ↔ nths is {n. even n} = nths is {n. odd n} ∧ (∀ i ∈ set is. i < last (butlast
rs))
proof -
  have length is = 2 by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 ⟨is < [rs ! 2, rs ! 2]⟩
list.size(3) list.size(4) numeral-2-eq-2 valid-index-length)
  have nths is {n. even n} = [is!0]
  apply (rule nths-only-one)
  using subset-antisym less-2-cases ⟨length is = 2⟩ by fastforce
  have nths is {n. odd n} = [is!1]
  apply (rule nths-only-one)
  using subset-antisym less-2-cases ⟨length is = 2⟩ by fastforce
  have last (butlast rs) = rs!1 by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 ⟨rs = [rs ! 0,
rs ! 1, rs ! 2]⟩
append-butlast-last-id last-conv-nth length-butlast length-tl lessI list.sel(3)
list.simps(3)
list.size(3) list.size(4) nat.simps(3) nth-append)
  show ?thesis unfolding ⟨last (butlast rs) = rs!1⟩
  apply (rule iffI; rule conjI)
  apply (simp add: ⟨nths is (Collect even) = [is ! 0]⟩ ⟨nths is {n. odd n} =
[is ! 1]⟩)
  apply (metis ⟨length is = 2⟩ One-nat-def in-set-conv-nth less-2-cases)
  apply (simp add: ⟨nths is (Collect even) = [is ! 0]⟩ ⟨nths is {n. odd n} = [is
! 1]⟩)
  apply (simp add: ⟨length is = 2⟩)
done
qed
then show ?case unfolding ⟨Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (witness-l rs) $
y) is = (if is ! 0 = is ! 1 ∧ is ! 0 < rs ! 1 then 1 else 0)⟩
using witness-is-deep-model witness-valid ⟨rs = [rs ! 0, rs ! 1, rs ! 2]⟩ by auto
next
case (Cons r rs' rs is j)

```

We prove the Induction Hypothesis for "tl rs" and j=0:

```

have rs = r # tl rs by (metis Cons.hyps(2) append-butlast-last-id butlast.simps(1)
hd-append2 list.collapse list.discI list.sel(1))
  have 1:rs' = butlast (butlast (butlast (tl rs))) by (metis Cons.hyps(2) butlast-tl
list.sel(3))
  have 2:3 ≤ length (tl rs) by (metis (no-types, lifting) Cons.hyps(2) Cons.prems(2)
Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 ⟨rs = r # tl rs⟩ ⟨rs' = butlast
(butlast (butlast (tl rs)))⟩
diff-diff-left diff-self-eq-0 gr0-conv-Suc le-Suc-eq length-butlast length-tl less-numeral-extra(3)
list.simps(3) numeral-3-eq-3)
  have 3:∧r. r ∈ set (tl rs) ⇒ 0 < r by (metis Cons.prems(3) list.sel(2)
list.set-sel(2))
  have 4:0 < (tl rs) ! 0 using 2 3 by auto
  have IH: ∧is'. is' < Tensor.dims (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) $ 0)
  ⇒ Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) $ 0) is' =

```

(if $nths\ is' (Collect\ even) = nths\ is' \{n.\ odd\ n\} \wedge (\forall i \in set\ is'.\ i < last\ (butlast\ (tl\ rs)))$ then 1 else 0)

using 1 2 3 4 *Cons.hyps(1)* **by** *blast*

The list "is" can be split in two parts:

have $is \triangleleft replicate\ (2^{length\ rs - 2})\ (last\ rs)$

using *Cons.prem(3)* *dims-output-witness 2* **by** (*metis (no-types, lifting) Cons.prem(1) Cons.prem(3)*)

Cons.prem(4) *Nitpick.size-list-simp(2)* *One-nat-def diff-diff-left diff-is-0-eq length-tl*

nat-le-linear not-numeral-le-zero numeral-le-one-iff one-add-one semiring-norm(70)

then have $is \triangleleft replicate\ (2^{length\ (tl\ rs) - 2})\ (last\ rs) @ replicate\ (2^{length\ (tl\ rs) - 2})\ (last\ rs)$

using *Cons.prem dims-output-witness* **by** (*metis 2 Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) One-nat-def*)

diff-diff-left length-tl mult-2 not-numeral-le-zero numeral-le-one-iff one-add-one power.simps(2) replicate-add semiring-norm(70)

then obtain $is1\ is2$ **where** $is = is1 @ is2$ **and**

is1-replicate: is1 $\triangleleft replicate\ (2^{length\ (tl\ rs) - 2})\ (last\ rs)$ **and**

is2-replicate: is2 $\triangleleft replicate\ (2^{length\ (tl\ rs) - 2})\ (last\ rs)$ **by** (*metis valid-index-split*)

then have

is1-valid: is1 $\triangleleft Tensor.dims\ (tensors-from-net\ (witness-l\ (tl\ rs))\ \$\ 0)$ (**is** *?is1*)

and

is2-valid: is2 $\triangleleft Tensor.dims\ (tensors-from-net\ (witness-l\ (tl\ rs))\ \$\ 0)$ (**is** *?is2*)

proof –

have $last\ (tl\ rs) = last\ rs$ **by** (*metis 2* $\langle rs = r \# tl\ rs \rangle$ *last-ConsR list.size(3) not-numeral-le-zero*)

then show *?is1 ?is2* **using** *dims-output-witness[of tl rs]*

using *dims-output-witness[of tl rs] 2 3 is1-replicate is2-replicate* $\langle last\ (tl\ rs) = last\ rs \rangle$ **by** *auto*

qed

A shorthand for the condition to find a "1" in the tensor:

let $?cond = \lambda is\ rs.\ nths\ is\ \{n.\ even\ n\} = nths\ is\ \{n.\ odd\ n\} \wedge (\forall i \in set\ is.\ i < last\ (butlast\ rs))$

We can use the IH on our newly created *is1* and *is2*:

have *IH-is12*:

Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) \$ 0) is1 =

(if (?cond is1 (tl rs)) then 1 else 0)

Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) \$ 0) is2 =

(if (?cond is2 (tl rs)) then 1 else 0)

using *IH is1-valid is2-valid* **by** *fast+*

In the induction step we have to add two layers: first the Pool layer, then the Conv layer.

The Pool layer connects the two subtrees. Therefore the two conditions on *is1* and *is2* become one, and we have to prove that they are equivalent:

```

have ?cond is1 (tl rs) ∧ ?cond is2 (tl rs)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ?cond is rs
proof –
  have length is1 = 2  $\wedge$  (length (tl rs) – 2)
    length is2 = 2  $\wedge$  (length (tl rs) – 2)
  using is1-replicate is2-replicate by (simp-all add: valid-index-length)
  then have even (length is1) even (length is2)
    by (metis Cons.hyps(2) One-nat-def add-gr-0 diff-diff-left even-numeral
even-power
length-butlast length-tl list.size(4) one-add-one zero-less-Suc)+
  then have {j. j + length is1 ∈ {n. even n}} = {n. even n}
    {j. j + length is1 ∈ {n. odd n}} = {n. odd n} by simp-all
  have length (nth is2 (Collect even)) = length (nth is2 (Collect odd))
  using length-nths-even  $\langle$ even (length is2) $\rangle$  by blast
  have cond1-iff: (nth is1 (Collect even) = nth is1 {n. odd n} ∧ nth is2
(Collect even) = nth is2 {n. odd n})
    = (nth is (Collect even) = nth is {n. odd n})
  unfolding  $\langle$ is = is1 @ is2 $\rangle$  nths-append
     $\langle$ {j. j + length is1 ∈ {n. odd n}} = {n. odd n} $\rangle$   $\langle$ {j. j + length is1 ∈ {n.
even n}} = {n. even n} $\rangle$ 
  by (simp add:  $\langle$ length (nth is2 (Collect even)) = length (nth is2 (Collect
odd)) $\rangle$ )
  have last (butlast (tl rs)) = last (butlast rs) using Nitpick.size-list-simp(2)
 $\langle$ even (length is1) $\rangle$ 
     $\langle$ length is1 = 2  $\wedge$  (length (tl rs) – 2) $\rangle$  butlast-tl last-tl length-butlast length-tl
not-less-eq zero-less-diff
  by (metis (full-types) Cons.hyps(2) length-Cons less-nat-zero-code)
  have cond2-iff: ( $\forall i \in \text{set } is1. i < \text{last } (\text{butlast } (tl \text{ rs}))$ ) ∧ ( $\forall i \in \text{set } is2. i < \text{last }
(\text{butlast } (tl \text{ rs}))$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\forall i \in \text{set } is. i < \text{last } (\text{butlast } rs)$ )
  unfolding  $\langle$ last (butlast (tl rs)) = last (butlast rs) $\rangle$   $\langle$ is = is1 @ is2 $\rangle$  set-append
by blast
  then show ?thesis using cond1-iff cond2-iff by blast
qed

```

Now we can make the Pool layer step:

```

have lookup-witness': Tensor.lookup ((tensors-from-net (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl
rs)))) $ 0) is =
  (if ?cond is rs then 1 else 0)
proof –
  have lookup-prod: Tensor.lookup ((tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) $ 0)  $\otimes$ 
(tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs))) $ 0) is =
  (if ?cond is rs then 1 else 0)
  using  $\langle$ ?cond is1 (tl rs) ∧ ?cond is2 (tl rs)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ?cond is rs $\rangle$ 
  unfolding  $\langle$ is = is1 @ is2 $\rangle$  lookup-tensor-prod[OF is1-valid is2-valid] IH-is12
  by auto
  have witness-l-tl: witness-l (tl rs) = witness (rs ! 1) (rs ! 2) (tl (tl (tl rs)))
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1  $\langle$ rs = r # tl rs $\rangle$  nth-Cons-Suc)
  have tl-tl:(tl (tl rs)) = ((rs ! 2) # tl (tl (tl rs)))
proof –
  have length (tl (tl rs))  $\neq$  0

```

```

by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 diff-diff-left diff-is-0-eq length-tl not-less-eq-eq
  Cons.prem1(2) numeral-3-eq-3)
then have tl (tl rs) ≠ []
  by fastforce
then show ?thesis
  by (metis list.exhaust-sel nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc numeral-2-eq-2 tl-Nil)
qed
have length-gt0:dim-vec (tensors-from-net (witness (rs ! 1) (rs ! 2) (tl (tl (tl
rs)))))) > 0
  using output-size-correct-tensors[of witness (rs ! 1) (rs ! 2) (tl (tl (tl rs)))]
  witness-is-deep-model[of rs ! 1 rs ! 2 tl (tl (tl rs))]
  valid-deep-model[of rs ! 1 rs ! 2 tl (tl (tl rs))] output-size.simps witness.simps
  by (metis 2 3 One-nat-def ⟨rs = r # tl rs⟩ deep-model.elims length-greater-0-conv
list.size(3)
  not-numeral-le-zero nth-Cons-Suc nth-mem)
then have tensors-from-net (witness' (rs ! 1) ((rs ! 2) # tl (tl (tl rs)))) $ 0
  = (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl rs)) $ 0) ⊗ (tensors-from-net (witness-l (tl
rs)) $ 0)
  unfolding witness'.simps tensors-from-net.simps witness-l-tl using index-component-mult
by blast
then show ?thesis using lookup-prod tl-tl by simp
qed

```

Then we can make the Conv layer step:

```

show ?case
proof -
  have valid-net' (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs))) by (simp add: witness'-valid)
  have output-size' (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs))) = rs ! 1
  by (metis 2 Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) diff-diff-left diff-is-0-eq hd-Cons-tl deep-model'.simps(2)
deep-model.elims length-tl not-less-eq-eq numeral-2-eq-2 numeral-3-eq-3 one-add-one
output-size.simps(2) output-size.simps(3) tl-Nil witness'-is-deep-model)
  have if-resolve:(if length (tl (tl rs)) = 0 then id-matrix else if length (tl (tl rs))
= 1 then all1-matrix else copy-first-matrix) = copy-first-matrix
  by (metis 2 Cons.prem1(2) Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) One-nat-def Suc-n-not-le-n
not-numeral-le-zero numeral-3-eq-3)
  have tensors-from-net (Conv (copy-first-matrix (rs ! 0) (rs ! 1)) (witness' (rs
! 1) (tl (tl rs)))) $ j =
  tensors-from-net (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs))) $ 0
  using tensors-from-net-Conv-copy-first[OF ⟨valid-net' (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl
rs)))⟩ ⟨j < rs ! 0⟩, unfolded ⟨output-size' (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs))) = rs ! 1⟩]
  using 4 One-nat-def ⟨rs = r # tl rs⟩ nth-Cons-Suc by metis
  then show ?thesis unfolding witness.simps if-resolve ⟨output-size' (witness'
(rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs))) = rs ! 1⟩
  using lookup-witness' ⟨valid-net' (witness' (rs ! 1) (tl (tl rs)))⟩ hd-conv-nth
output-size-correct-tensors
  by fastforce
qed
qed

```


lemma *witness-matricization*:

assumes $i < \dim\text{-row } Aw'$ **and** $j < \dim\text{-col } Aw'$

shows $Aw' \text{ \#\# } (i, j)$

= (if $i=j \wedge (\forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{ even } n\}) i). i0 < \text{last } (\text{butlast } rs))$ then 1 else 0)

proof –

define *is* **where** $is = \text{weave } \{n. \text{ even } n\}$

($\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{ even } n\}) i$)

($\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{ odd } n\}) j$)

have *lookup-eq*: $Aw' \text{ \#\# } (i, j) = \text{Tensor.lookup } Aw \text{ is}$

using $Aw'\text{-def } \text{matricize-def } \text{dims-Aw}'(1)[\text{symmetric}, \text{unfolded } A\text{-def}] \text{dims-Aw}'(2)[\text{symmetric}, \text{unfolded } A\text{-def } \text{Collect-neg-eq}]$

$\text{index-mat}(1)[OF \langle i < \dim\text{-row } Aw' \rangle \langle j < \dim\text{-col } Aw' \rangle]$ *is-def* *Collect-neg-eq case-prod-conv*

by (*metis* (*no-types*) $Aw'\text{-def } \text{Collect-neg-eq case-prod-conv is-def } \text{matricize-def}$)

have $is \triangleleft \text{Tensor.dims } Aw$

using $is\text{-def } \text{valid-index-weave } A\text{-def } \text{Collect-neg-eq assms } \text{digit-encode-valid-index } \text{dims-Aw}'$ **by** *metis*

have *even* (*order* Aw)

unfolding $Aw\text{-def}$ **using** *assms* *dims-output-witness even-numeral le-eq-less-or-eq numeral-2-eq-2 numeral-3-eq-3 deep no-zeros y-valid* **by** *fastforce*

have *nths-dimsAw*: $\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even}) = \text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{ odd } n\}$

proof –

have $0: \text{Tensor.dims } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{witness-l } rs) \$ y) = \text{replicate } (2 \wedge (\text{length } rs - 2)) (\text{last } rs)$

using *dims-output-witness*[*OF - no-zeros y-valid*] **using** *deep* **by** *linarith*

show *?thesis unfolding A-def*

using *nths-replicate*

by (*metis* (*no-types, lifting*) $0 Aw\text{-def } \langle \text{even } (\text{order } Aw) \rangle \text{length-replicate length-nths-even}$)

qed

have $i = j \iff \text{nths } is (\text{Collect even}) = \text{nths } is \{n. \text{ odd } n\}$

proof

have *eq-lengths*: $\text{length } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even})) i)$

= $\text{length } (\text{digit-encode } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{ odd } n\}) j)$

unfolding *length-digit-encode* **by** (*metis* $\langle \text{even } (\text{order } Aw) \rangle \text{length-nths-even}$)

then show $i = j \implies \text{nths } is (\text{Collect even}) = \text{nths } is \{n. \text{ odd } n\}$ **unfolding** *is-def*

using *nths-weave*[*of digit-encode* ($\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even})$) *i*

Collect even digit-encode ($\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) \{n. \text{ odd } n\}$) *j*, *unfolded eq-lengths, unfolded Collect-neg-eq*[*symmetric*] *card-even mult-2*[*symmetric*] *card-odd*

nths-dimsAw **by** *simp*

show $\text{nths } is (\text{Collect even}) = \text{nths } is \{n. \text{ odd } n\} \implies i = j$ **unfolding** *is-def*

using *nths-weave*[*of digit-encode* ($\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even})$) *i*

$Collect\ even\ digit\ encode\ (nth\ (Tensor.\ dims\ Aw)\ \{n.\ odd\ n\})\ j,$ *unfolded*
 $eq\ lengths,$ *unfolded* $Collect\ neg\ eq[symmetric]\ card\ even\ mult\ 2[symmetric]\ card\ odd]$
using $\langle nth\ (Tensor.\ dims\ Aw)\ (Collect\ even) = nth\ (Tensor.\ dims\ Aw)\ \{n.\$
 $odd\ n\} \rangle$
 $deep\ no\ zeros\ y\ valid\ assms\ digit\ decode\ encode\ dims\ Aw'$
by auto $(metis\ digit\ decode\ encode\ lt)$
qed

have $i=j \implies set\ (digit\ encode\ (nth\ (Tensor.\ dims\ Aw)\ \{n.\ even\ n\})\ i) = set\ is$
unfolding $is\ def\ nth\ s\ dims\ Aw$
using $set\ weave[of\ (digit\ encode\ (nth\ (Tensor.\ dims\ Aw)\ \{n.\ odd\ n\})\ j)\ Collect$
 $even$

$(digit\ encode\ (nth\ (Tensor.\ dims\ Aw)\ \{n.\ odd\ n\})\ j),$
 $unfolded\ mult\ 2[symmetric]\ card\ even\ Collect\ neg\ eq[symmetric]$
 $card\ odd]$

$Un\ absorb\ card\ even\ card\ odd\ mult\ 2$ **by blast**
then show $?thesis\ unfolding\ lookup\ eq$
using $witness\ tensor[OF\ \langle is\ \triangleleft\ Tensor.\ dims\ Aw \rangle]$
by $(simp\ add:\ A\ def\ \langle (i = j) = (nth\ is\ (Collect\ even) = nth\ is\ \{n.\ odd\ n\}) \rangle)$
qed

definition $rows\ with\ 1 = \{i.\ (\forall i0 \in set\ (digit\ encode\ (nth\ (Tensor.\ dims\ Aw)\ \{n.\$
 $even\ n\})\ i).\ i0 < last\ (butlast\ rs))\}$

lemma $card\ low\ digits:$

assumes $m > 0 \wedge d.\ d \in set\ ds \implies m \leq d$

shows $card\ \{i.\ i < prod\ list\ ds \wedge (\forall i0 \in set\ (digit\ encode\ ds\ i).\ i0 < m)\} = m \wedge$
 $(length\ ds)$

using $assms\ proof\ (induction\ ds)$

case Nil

then show $?case\ using\ prod\ list.\ Nil$ **by simp**

next

case $(Cons\ d\ ds)$

define $low\ digits$

where $low\ digits\ ds\ i \longleftrightarrow i < prod\ list\ ds \wedge (\forall i0 \in set\ (digit\ encode\ ds\ i).\ i0$
 $< m)$ **for** $ds\ i$

have $card\ \{i.\ low\ digits\ ds\ i\} = m \wedge (length\ ds)$ **unfolding** $low\ digits\ def$

by $(simp\ add:\ Cons.\ IH\ Cons.\ prems(1)\ Cons.\ prems(2))$

have $card\ \{i.\ low\ digits\ (d\ \# ds)\ i\} = card\ (\{..<m\} \times \{i.\ low\ digits\ ds\ i\})$

proof $-$

define f **where** $f\ p = fst\ p + d * snd\ p$ **for** p

have $inj\ on\ f\ (\{..<m\} \times \{i.\ low\ digits\ ds\ i\})$

proof $(rule\ inj\ onI)$

fix $x\ y$ **assume** $x \in \{..<m\} \times \{i.\ low\ digits\ ds\ i\}\ y \in \{..<m\} \times \{i.\ low\ digits$
 $ds\ i\}$ $f\ x = f\ y$

then have $fst\ x < m\ fst\ y < m$ **by auto**

then have $fst\ x < d\ fst\ y < d$ **using** $Cons(3)$ **by** $(meson\ list.\ set\ intros(1)\ not\ le$
 $order\ trans)+$

```

then have  $f x \bmod d = \text{fst } x \text{ } f y \bmod d = \text{fst } y$  unfolding  $f\text{-def}$  by  $\text{simp-all}$ 
have  $f x \text{ div } d = \text{snd } x \text{ } f y \text{ div } d = \text{snd } y$  using  $\langle f x = f y \rangle \langle f x \bmod d = \text{fst } x \rangle \langle \text{fst } y < d \rangle$   $f\text{-def}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
show  $x = y$  using  $\langle f x = f y \rangle \langle f x \text{ div } d = \text{snd } x \rangle \langle f x \bmod d = \text{fst } x \rangle \langle f y \text{ div } d = \text{snd } y \rangle \langle f y \bmod d = \text{fst } y \rangle$   $\text{prod-eqI}$  by  $\text{fastforce}$ 
qed
have  $f' (\{..<m\} \times \{i. \text{low-digits } ds \ i\}) = \{i. \text{low-digits } (d \# ds) \ i\}$ 
proof ( $\text{rule subset-antisym}; \text{rule subsetI}$ )
fix  $x$  assume  $x \in f' (\{..<m\} \times \{i. \text{low-digits } ds \ i\})$ 
then obtain  $i0 \ i1$  where  $x = i0 + d * i1$   $i0 < m$   $\text{low-digits } ds \ i1$  using  $f\text{-def}$  by  $\text{force}$ 
then have  $i0 < d$  using  $\text{Cons}(3)$  by ( $\text{meson list.set-intros}(1)$   $\text{not-le order-trans}$ )
show  $x \in \{i. \text{low-digits } (d \# ds) \ i\}$  unfolding  $\text{low-digits-def}$ 
proof ( $\text{rule}; \text{rule conjI}$ )
have  $i1 < \text{prod-list } ds \ \forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } ds \ i1). \ i0 < m$ 
using  $\langle \text{low-digits } ds \ i1 \rangle$   $\text{low-digits-def}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
show  $x < \text{prod-list } (d \# ds)$  unfolding  $\text{prod-list.Cons}$   $\langle x = i0 + d * i1 \rangle$ 
using  $\langle i0 < d \rangle \langle i1 < \text{prod-list } ds \rangle$ 
proof  $-$ 
have  $d \neq 0$ 
by ( $\text{metis } \langle i0 < d \rangle \text{gr-implies-not0}$ )
then have  $(i0 + d * i1) \text{ div } (d * \text{prod-list } ds) = 0$ 
by ( $\text{simp add: Divides.div-mult2-eq } \langle i0 < d \rangle \langle i1 < \text{prod-list } ds \rangle$ )
then show  $i0 + d * i1 < d * \text{prod-list } ds$ 
by ( $\text{metis } (\text{no-types}) \langle i0 < d \rangle \langle i1 < \text{prod-list } ds \rangle \text{div-eq-0-iff gr-implies-not0 no-zero-divisors}$ )
qed
show  $\forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (d \# ds) \ x). \ i0 < m$ 
using  $\langle \forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } ds \ i1). \ i0 < m \rangle \langle i0 < d \rangle \langle i0 < m \rangle \langle x = i0 + d * i1 \rangle$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
qed
next
fix  $x$  assume  $x \in \{i. \text{low-digits } (d \# ds) \ i\}$ 
then have  $x < \text{prod-list } (d \# ds) \ \forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (d \# ds) \ x). \ i0 < m$ 
using  $\text{low-digits-def}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
have  $x \bmod d < m$  using  $\langle \forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (d \# ds) \ x). \ i0 < m \rangle$  [ $\text{unfolded digit-encode.simps}$ ] by  $\text{simp}$ 
have  $x \text{ div } d < \text{prod-list } ds$  using  $\langle x < \text{prod-list } (d \# ds) \rangle$  [ $\text{unfolded prod-list.Cons}$ ]
by ( $\text{metis div-eq-0-iff div-mult2-eq mult-0-right not-less0}$ )
have  $\forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } ds \ (x \text{ div } d)). \ i0 < m$  by ( $\text{simp add: } \langle \forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (d \# ds) \ x). \ i0 < m \rangle$ )
have  $f ((x \bmod d), (x \text{ div } d)) = x$  by ( $\text{simp add: } f\text{-def}$ )
show  $x \in f' (\{..<m\} \times \{i. \text{low-digits } ds \ i\})$  by ( $\text{metis SigmaI } \langle \forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } ds \ (x \text{ div } d)). \ i0 < m \rangle \langle f ((x \bmod d), (x \text{ div } d)) = x \rangle \langle x \text{ div } d < \text{prod-list } ds \rangle \langle x \bmod d < m \rangle$   $\text{image-eqI lessThan-iff low-digits-def mem-Collect-eq}$ )
qed
then have  $\text{bij-betw } f (\{..<m\} \times \{i. \text{low-digits } ds \ i\}) \ \{i. \text{low-digits } (d \# ds) \ i\}$ 
by ( $\text{simp add: } \langle \text{inj-on } f (\{..<m\} \times \{i. \text{low-digits } ds \ i\}) \rangle$   $\text{bij-betw-def}$ )

```

```

    then show ?thesis by (simp add: bij-betw-same-card)
  qed
  then show ?case unfolding ⟨card {i. low-digits ds i} = m ^ (length ds)⟩
  card-cartesian-product using low-digits-def by simp
  qed

lemma card-rows-with-1: card {i∈rows-with-1. i<dim-row Aw'} = r ^ N-half
proof -
  have 1:{i∈rows-with-1. i<dim-row Aw'} = {i. i < prod-list (nth (Tensor.dims Aw) (Collect even))} ∧
    (∀i0∈set (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims Aw) (Collect even)) i). i0 < r)} (is ?A = ?B)
  proof (rule subset-antisym; rule subsetI)
    fix i assume i ∈ ?A
    then have i < dim-row Aw' ∀i0∈set (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims Aw) {n. even n}) i). i0 < last (butlast rs)
      using rows-with-1-def by auto
    then have i < prod-list (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) using dims-Aw' by linarith
    then have digit-encode (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) i < nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)
      using digit-encode-valid-index by auto
    have ∀i0∈set (digit-encode (nth (Tensor.dims Aw) {n. even n}) i). i0 < r
      proof
        fix i0 assume 1:i0 ∈ set (digit-encode (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) i)
        then obtain k where k < length (digit-encode (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) i)
          digit-encode (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) i ! k = i0 by (meson in-set-conv-nth)
        have i0 < last (butlast rs)
          using ⟨∀i0∈set (digit-encode (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) i). i0 < last (butlast rs)⟩ 1 by blast
        have set (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) ⊆ {last rs} unfolding dims-Aw
        using subset-eq by fastforce
        then have nth (dims Aw) (Collect even) ! k = last rs
          using ⟨digit-encode (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) i < nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)⟩
            ⟨k < length (digit-encode (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) i)⟩
            nth-mem valid-index-length by auto
        then have i0 < last rs
          using valid-index-lt ⟨digit-encode (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) i ! k = i0⟩
            ⟨digit-encode (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) i < nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)⟩
            ⟨k < length (digit-encode (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even)) i)⟩ valid-index-length
          by fastforce
        then show i0 < r unfolding r-def by (simp add: ⟨i0 < last (butlast rs)⟩)
      qed
    then show i ∈ ?B using ⟨i < prod-list (nth (dims Aw) (Collect even))⟩ by
  
```

```

blast
next
  fix i assume i ∈ ?B
  then show i ∈ ?A by (simp add: dims-Aw' r-def rows-with-1-def)
qed
have 2:  $\bigwedge d. d \in \text{set } (\text{nths } (\text{Tensor.dims } Aw) (\text{Collect even})) \implies r \leq d$ 
proof -
  fix d assume d ∈ set (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) (Collect even))
  then have d ∈ set (Tensor.dims Aw) using in-set-nthsD by fast
  then have d = last rs using dims-Aw by simp
  then show r ≤ d by (simp add: r-def)
qed
have 3: 0 < r unfolding r-def by (metis deep diff-diff-cancel diff-zero dual-order.trans
in-set-butlastD last-in-set length-butlast list.size(3) min-def nat-le-linear no-zeros
not-numeral-le-zero numeral-le-one-iff rel-simps(3))
  have 4: length (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) (Collect even)) = N-half
  unfolding length-nths order-Aw using card-even[of N-half]
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Collect-cong)
  then show ?thesis using card-low-digits[of r nths (Tensor.dims Aw) (Collect
even)] 1 2 3 4 by metis
qed

```

lemma infinite-rows-with-1: infinite rows-with-1

```

proof -
  define listpr where listpr = prod-list (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) {n. even n})
  have  $\bigwedge i. \text{listpr } \text{dvd } i \implies i \in \text{rows-with-1}$ 
  proof -
    fix i assume dvd-i: listpr dvd i
    {
      fix i0::nat
      assume i0 ∈ set (digit-encode (nths (Tensor.dims Aw) {n. even n}) i)
      then have i0=0 using digit-encode-0 dvd-i listpr-def by auto
      then have i0 < last (butlast rs) using deep no-zeros
      by (metis Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) One-nat-def Suc-le-lessD in-set-butlastD
last-in-set length-butlast length-tl not-numeral-less-zero numeral-2-eq-2 numeral-3-eq-3
numeral-le-one-iff semiring-norm(70))
    }
    then show i ∈ rows-with-1 by (simp add: rows-with-1-def)
  qed
  have 0: Tensor.dims Aw = replicate (2 ^ (length rs - 2)) (last rs) unfolding
Aw-def
  using dims-output-witness[OF - no-zeros y-valid] using deep by linarith
  then have listpr > 0 unfolding listpr-def 0
  by (metis 0 deep last-in-set length-greater-0-conv less-le-trans no-zeros dims-Aw'-pow(1)
dims-Aw'(1)
zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
  then have inj ((* listpr) by (metis injI mult-left-cancel neq0-conv)
  then show ?thesis using  $\langle \bigwedge i. \text{listpr } \text{dvd } i \implies i \in \text{rows-with-1} \rangle$ 

```

by (meson dvd-triv-left image-subset-iff infinite-iff-countable-subset)
qed

lemma witness-submatrix: submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1 = $1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half})$

proof

show dim-row (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) = dim-row ($1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half})$)

unfolding index-one-mat(2) dim-submatrix(1)

by (metis (full-types) set-le-in card-rows-with-1)

show dim-col (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) = dim-col ($1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half})$)

by (metis ⟨dim-row (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) = dim-row ($1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half})$)⟩ dim-submatrix(1) dim-submatrix(2) index-one-mat(2) index-one-mat(3) dims-Aw'-pow)

show $\bigwedge i j. i < \text{dim-row } (1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half})) \implies$

$j < \text{dim-col } (1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half})) \implies \text{submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1}$

$\$ \$ (i, j) = 1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half}) \$ \$ (i, j)$

proof –

fix i j assume $i < \text{dim-row } (1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half}))$ $j < \text{dim-col } (1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half}))$

then have $i < r \hat{=} N\text{-half}$ $j < r \hat{=} N\text{-half}$ by auto

then have $i < \text{card } \{i \in \text{rows-with-1}. i < \text{dim-row Aw}'\}$ $j < \text{card } \{i \in \text{rows-with-1}. i < \text{dim-col Aw}'\}$

using card-rows-with-1 dims-Aw'-pow by auto

then have pick rows-with-1 $i < \text{dim-row Aw}'$ pick rows-with-1 $j < \text{dim-col Aw}'$

using card-le-pick-inf[OF infinite-rows-with-1, of dim-row Aw' i]

using card-le-pick-inf[OF infinite-rows-with-1, of dim-col Aw' j] by force+

have $\forall i0 \in \text{set } (\text{digit-encode } (nths (\text{dims Aw}) (\text{Collect even})) (\text{pick rows-with-1 } i)). i0 < \text{last } (\text{butlast } rs)$

using infinite-rows-with-1 pick-in-set-inf rows-with-1-def by auto

then have Aw' $\$ \$ (\text{pick rows-with-1 } i, \text{pick rows-with-1 } j) = (\text{if pick rows-with-1 } i = \text{pick rows-with-1 } j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$

using witness-matricization[OF ⟨pick rows-with-1 $i < \text{dim-row Aw}'$ ⟩ ⟨pick rows-with-1 $j < \text{dim-col Aw}'$ ⟩] by simp

then have submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1 $\$ \$ (i, j) = (\text{if pick rows-with-1 } i = \text{pick rows-with-1 } j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$

using submatrix-index by (metis (no-types, lifting)

⟨dim-col (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) = dim-col ($1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half})$)⟩

⟨dim-row (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) = dim-row ($1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half})$)⟩

⟨ $i < \text{dim-row } (1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half}))$ ⟩ ⟨ $j < r \hat{=} N\text{-half}$ ⟩ dim-submatrix(1) dim-submatrix(2) index-one-mat(3))

then have submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1 $\$ \$ (i, j) = (\text{if } i = j \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$

using pick-eq-iff-inf[OF infinite-rows-with-1] by auto

then show submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1 $\$ \$ (i, j) = 1_m (r \hat{=} N\text{-half})$

$\$ \$ (i, j)$

by (simp add: ⟨ $i < r \hat{=} N\text{-half}$ ⟩ ⟨ $j < r \hat{=} N\text{-half}$ ⟩)

qed

qed

lemma *witness-det*: \det (submatrix Aw' rows-with-1 rows-with-1) $\neq 0$ **unfolding**
witness-submatrix **by** *simp*

end

interpretation *example* : *deep-model-correct-params* *False* [10,10,10]
unfolding *deep-model-correct-params-def* **by** *simp*

interpretation *example* : *deep-model-correct-params-y* *False* [10,10,10] 1
unfolding *deep-model-correct-params-y-def* *deep-model-correct-params-y-axioms-def*

deep-model-correct-params-def **by** *simp*

end

15 Polynomials representing the Deep Network Model

theory *DL-Deep-Model-Poly*

imports *DL-Deep-Model* *Polynomials*.*More-MPoly-Type* *Jordan-Normal-Form*.*Determinant*
begin

lemma *polyfun-det*:

assumes $\bigwedge x. (A\ x) \in \text{carrier-mat } n\ n$

assumes $\bigwedge x\ i\ j. i < n \implies j < n \implies \text{polyfun } N\ (\lambda x. (A\ x)\ \S\S\ (i,j))$

shows $\text{polyfun } N\ (\lambda x. \det (A\ x))$

proof –

{
fix p **assume** $p \in \{p. p \text{ permutes } \{0..<n\}\}$
then have $p \text{ permutes } \{0..<n\}$ **by** *auto*
then have $\bigwedge x. x < n \implies p\ x < n$ **using** *permutes-in-image* **by** *auto*
then have $\text{polyfun } N\ (\lambda x. \prod i = 0..<n. A\ x\ \S\S\ (i, p\ i))$
using *polyfun-Prod*[of $\{0..<n\}$ $N\ \lambda i\ x. A\ x\ \S\S\ (i, p\ i)$] *assms* **by** *simp*
then have $\text{polyfun } N\ (\lambda x. \text{signof } p * (\prod i = 0..<n. A\ x\ \S\S\ (i, p\ i)))$ **using**
polyfun-const *polyfun-mult* **by** *blast*
}
moreover have *finite* $\{i. i \text{ permutes } \{0..<n\}\}$ **by** (*simp add: finite-permutations*)
ultimately show *?thesis* **unfolding** *det-def'*[*OF* *assms*(1)]
using *polyfun-Sum*[*OF* $\langle \text{finite } \{i. i \text{ permutes } \{0..<n\}\} \rangle$, of $N\ \lambda p\ x. \text{signof } p * (\prod i = 0..<n. A\ x\ \S\S\ (i, p\ i))$]
by *blast*
qed

lemma *polyfun-extract-matrix*:

assumes $i < m\ j < n$

shows $\text{polyfun } \{..<a + (m * n + c)\} (\lambda f. \text{extract-matrix } (\lambda i. f\ (i + a))\ m\ n\ \S\S\ (i,j))$

unfolding *index-extract-matrix*[*OF* *assms*] **apply** (*rule polyfun-single*) **using** *two-digit-le*[*OF* *assms*] **by** *simp*

lemma *polyfun-mult-mat-vec*:

assumes $\bigwedge x. v\ x \in \text{carrier-vec } n$

assumes $\bigwedge j. j < n \implies \text{polyfun } N\ (\lambda x. v\ x\ \$\ j)$

assumes $\bigwedge x. A\ x \in \text{carrier-mat } m\ n$

assumes $\bigwedge i\ j. i < m \implies j < n \implies \text{polyfun } N\ (\lambda x. A\ x\ \$\$ (i,j))$

assumes $j < m$

shows $\text{polyfun } N\ (\lambda x. ((A\ x) *_v (v\ x))\ \$\ j)$

proof –

have $\bigwedge x. j < \text{dim-row } (A\ x)$ **using** $\langle j < m \rangle$ *assms*(3) *carrier-matD*(1) **by** *force*

have $\bigwedge x. n = \text{dim-vec } (v\ x)$ **using** *assms*(1) *carrier-vecD* **by** *fastforce*

{
 fix *i* **assume** $i \in \{0..<n\}$
 then have $i < n$ **by** *auto*

{
 fix *x*
 have $i < \text{dim-vec } (v\ x)$ **using** *assms*(1) *carrier-vecD* $\langle i < n \rangle$ **by** *fastforce*
 have $j < \text{dim-row } (A\ x)$ **using** $\langle j < m \rangle$ *assms*(3) *carrier-matD*(1) **by** *force*
 have $\text{dim-col } (A\ x) = \text{dim-vec } (v\ x)$ **by** (*metis* *assms*(1) *assms*(3) *carrier-matD*(2) *carrier-vecD*)

then have $\text{row } (A\ x)\ j\ \$\ i = A\ x\ \$\$ (j,i)$ $i < n$ **using** $\langle j < \text{dim-row } (A\ x) \rangle$ $\langle i < n \rangle$ **by** (*simp-all* *add*: $\langle i < \text{dim-vec } (v\ x) \rangle$)

 }
 then have $\text{polyfun } N\ (\lambda x. \text{row } (A\ x)\ j\ \$\ i * v\ x\ \$\ i)$

using *polyfun-mult* *assms*(4)[*OF* $\langle j < m \rangle$] *assms*(2) **by** *fastforce*

 }
 then show *?thesis* **unfolding** *index-mult-mat-vec*[*OF* $\langle \bigwedge x. j < \text{dim-row } (A\ x) \rangle$]

scalar-prod-def

using *polyfun-Sum*[*of* $\{0..<n\}$ $N\ \lambda i\ x. \text{row } (A\ x)\ j\ \$\ i * v\ x\ \$\ i$] *finite-atLeastLessThan*[*of* $0\ n$] $\langle \bigwedge x. n = \text{dim-vec } (v\ x) \rangle$

by *simp*

qed

lemma *polyfun-evaluate-net-plus-a*:

assumes *map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes* *m*

assumes *valid-net* *m*

assumes $j < \text{output-size } m$

shows $\text{polyfun } \{..<a + \text{count-weights } s\ m\} (\lambda f. \text{evaluate-net } (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ (\lambda i. f\ (i + a))))\ \text{inputs } \$\ j$

using *assms* **proof** (*induction* *m* *arbitrary:inputs* *j* *a*)

case (*Input*)

then show *?case* **unfolding** *insert-weights.simps* *evaluate-net.simps* **using** *polyfun-const* **by** *metis*

next

case (*Conv* *x* *m*)

then obtain *x1* *x2* **where** $x = (x1, x2)$ **by** *fastforce*


```

show ?case unfolding ⟨ $x=(x1,x2)$ ⟩ insert-weights.simps evaluate-net.simps drop-map
unfolding list-of-vec-index
proof (rule polyfun-mult-mat-vec)
  {
    fix f
    have 1:valid-net' (insert-weights s m ( $\lambda i. f (i + x1 * x2)$ ))
      using ⟨valid-net (Conv x m)⟩ valid-net.simps by (metis
        convnet.distinct(1) convnet.distinct(5) convnet.inject(2) remove-insert-weights)
      have 2:map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes (insert-weights s m ( $\lambda i. f (i + x1$ 
        *  $x2)$ ))
      using input-sizes-remove-weights remove-insert-weights
      by (simp add: Conv.prem(1))
      have dim-vec (evaluate-net (insert-weights s m ( $\lambda i. f (i + x1 * x2)$ )) inputs)
    = output-size m
      using output-size-correct[OF 1 2] using remove-insert-weights by auto
      then show evaluate-net (insert-weights s m ( $\lambda i. f (i + x1 * x2)$ )) inputs ∈
    carrier-vec (output-size m)
      using carrier-vec-def by (metis (full-types) mem-Collect-eq)
    }

    have map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes m by (simp add: Conv.prem(1))
    have valid-net m using Conv.prem(2) valid-net.cases by fastforce
    show  $\bigwedge j. j < \text{output-size } m \implies \text{polyfun } \{..<a + \text{count-weights } s (\text{Conv } (x1,$ 
     $x2) m)\}$ 
      ( $\lambda f. \text{evaluate-net} (\text{insert-weights } s m (\lambda i. f (i + x1 * x2 + a))) \text{inputs } \$ j$ )
      unfolding vec-of-list-index count-weights.simps
      using Conv(1)[OF <map dim-vec inputs = input-sizes m> <valid-net m>, of -
     $x1 * x2 + a]$ 
      unfolding semigroup-add-class.add.assoc ab-semigroup-add-class.add.commute[of
     $x1 * x2 a]$ 
      by blast

    have output-size m = x2 using Conv.prem(2) <x = (x1, x2)> valid-net.cases
by fastforce
    show  $\bigwedge f. \text{extract-matrix } (\lambda i. f (i + a)) x1 x2 \in \text{carrier-mat } x1 (\text{output-size}$ 
     $m)$  unfolding ⟨output-size m = x2⟩ using dim-extract-matrix
      using carrier-matI by (metis (no-types, lifting))

    show  $\bigwedge i j. i < x1 \implies j < \text{output-size } m \implies \text{polyfun } \{..<a + \text{count-weights } s$ 
    ( $\text{Conv } (x1, x2) m)\}$  ( $\lambda f. \text{extract-matrix } (\lambda i. f (i + a)) x1 x2 \$\$ (i, j)$ )
      unfolding ⟨output-size m = x2⟩ count-weights.simps using polyfun-extract-matrix[of
     $- x1 - x2 a \text{count-weights } s m]$  by blast

    show  $j < x1$  using Conv.prem(3) <x = (x1, x2)> by auto
    qed
  next
    case (Pool m1 m2 inputs j a)
    have A2: $\bigwedge f. \text{map dim-vec} (\text{take } (\text{length } (\text{input-sizes } (\text{insert-weights } s m1 (\lambda i. f$ 
    ( $i + a)))))) \text{inputs} = \text{input-sizes } m1$ 

```

```

by (metis Pool.prem1 append-eq-conv-conj input-sizes.simps(3) input-sizes-remove-weights
remove-insert-weights take-map)
have B2: $\wedge f$ . map dim-vec (drop (length (input-sizes (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . f
(i + a)))))) inputs) = input-sizes m2
using Pool.prem1 append-eq-conv-conj input-sizes.simps(3) input-sizes-remove-weights
remove-insert-weights by (metis drop-map)
have A3:valid-net m1 and B3:valid-net m2 using ⟨valid-net (Pool m1 m2)⟩
valid-net.simps by blast+
have output-size (Pool m1 m2) = output-size m2 unfolding output-size.simps
using ⟨valid-net (Pool m1 m2)⟩ valid-net.cases by fastforce
then have A4: $j < \text{output-size } m1$  and B4: $j < \text{output-size } m2$  using ⟨ $j < \text{output-size } (Pool m1 m2)$ ⟩ by simp-all

let ?net1 =  $\lambda f$ . evaluate-net (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + a)))
(take (length (input-sizes (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + a)))))) inputs)
let ?net2 =  $\lambda f$ . evaluate-net (insert-weights s m2 (if s then  $\lambda i$ . f (i + a) else
( $\lambda i$ . f (i + count-weights s m1 + a))))
(drop (length (input-sizes (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + a)))))) inputs)
have length1:  $\wedge f$ . output-size m1 = dim-vec (?net1 f)
by (metis A2 A3 input-sizes-remove-weights output-size-correct remove-insert-weights)
then have jlength1: $\wedge f$ .  $j < \text{dim-vec } (?net1 f)$  using A4 by metis
have length2:  $\wedge f$ . output-size m2 = dim-vec (?net2 f)
by (metis B2 B3 input-sizes-remove-weights output-size-correct remove-insert-weights)
then have jlength2: $\wedge f$ .  $j < \text{dim-vec } (?net2 f)$  using B4 by metis
have cong1: $\wedge x f$ . ( $\lambda f$ . evaluate-net (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + a)))
(take (length (input-sizes (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . x f (i + a)))))) inputs) $
j)
= ( $\lambda f$ . ?net1 f $ j)
using input-sizes-remove-weights remove-insert-weights by auto
have cong2: $\wedge x f$ . ( $\lambda f$ . evaluate-net (insert-weights s m2 ( $\lambda i$ . f (i + (a + (if s
then 0 else count-weights s m1))))))
(drop (length (input-sizes (insert-weights s m1 ( $\lambda i$ . x f (i + a)))))) inputs) $
j)
= ( $\lambda f$ . ?net2 f $ j)
unfolding semigroup-add-class.add.assoc[symmetric] ab-semigroup-add-class.add.commute[of
a if s then 0 else count-weights s m1]
using input-sizes-remove-weights remove-insert-weights by auto

show ?case unfolding insert-weights.simps evaluate-net.simps count-weights.simps
unfolding index-component-mult[OF jlength1 jlength2]
apply (rule polyfun-mult)
using Pool.IH(1)[OF A2 A3 A4, of a, unfolded cong1]
apply (simp add:polyfun-subset[of {.. $a + \text{count-weights } s m1$ } {.. $a + (if s \text{ then } \text{max } (\text{count-weights } s m1) (\text{count-weights } s m2) \text{ else } \text{count-weights } s m1 + \text{count-weights } s m2)$ }])
using Pool.IH(2)[OF B2 B3 B4, of a + (if s then 0 else count-weights s m1),
unfolded cong2 semigroup-add-class.add.assoc[of a]]
by (simp add:polyfun-subset[of {.. $a + ((if s \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } \text{count-weights } s m1) + \text{count-weights } s m2)$ } {.. $a + (if s \text{ then } \text{max } (\text{count-weights } s m1) (\text{count-weights } s m2)$ }])

```

$s\ m2)$ else count-weights $s\ m1 + \text{count-weights } s\ m2\})\})$
qed

lemma *polyfun-evaluate-net*:
assumes $\text{map dim-vec inputs} = \text{input-sizes } m$
assumes *valid-net* m
assumes $j < \text{output-size } m$
shows $\text{polyfun } \{..<\text{count-weights } s\ m\} (\lambda f. \text{evaluate-net } (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ f)\ \text{inputs } \$ j)$
using *polyfun-evaluate-net-plus-a*[**where** $a=0$, *OF* *assms*] **by** *simp*

lemma *polyfun-tensors-from-net*:
assumes *valid-net* m
assumes $is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } m$
assumes $j < \text{output-size } m$
shows $\text{polyfun } \{..<\text{count-weights } s\ m\} (\lambda f. \text{Tensor.lookup } (\text{tensors-from-net } (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ f)\ \$ j)\ \text{is})$
proof –
have $1:\bigwedge f. \text{valid-net}' (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ f)$ **by** (*simp* *add*: *assms*(1) *remove-insert-weights*)
have $\text{input-sizes}:\bigwedge f. \text{input-sizes } (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ f) = \text{input-sizes } m$
unfolding *input-sizes-remove-weights* **by** (*simp* *add*: *remove-insert-weights*)
have $2:\bigwedge f. is \triangleleft \text{input-sizes } (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ f)$
unfolding *input-sizes* **using** *assms*(2) **by** *blast*
have $3:\bigwedge f. j < \text{output-size}' (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ f)$
by (*simp* *add*: *assms*(3) *remove-insert-weights*)
have $\bigwedge f1\ f2. \text{base-input } (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ f1)\ \text{is} = \text{base-input } (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ f2)\ \text{is}$
unfolding *base-input-def* **by** (*simp* *add*: *input-sizes*)
then have $\bigwedge x f. (\lambda f. \text{evaluate-net } (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ f)\ (\text{base-input } (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ x f)\ \text{is})\ \$ j)$
 $= (\lambda f. \text{evaluate-net } (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ f)\ (\text{base-input } (\text{insert-weights } s\ m\ f)\ \text{is})\ \$ j)$
by *metis*
then show *?thesis* **unfolding** *lookup-tensors-from-net*[*OF* 1 2 3]
using *polyfun-evaluate-net*[*OF* *base-input-length*[*OF* 2, *unfolded input-sizes*, *symmetric*] *assms*(1) *assms*(3), *of s*]
by *simp*
qed

lemma *polyfun-matricize*:
assumes $\bigwedge x. \text{dims } (T\ x) = ds$
assumes $\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft ds \implies \text{polyfun } N (\lambda x. \text{Tensor.lookup } (T\ x)\ \text{is})$
assumes $\bigwedge x. \text{dim-row } (\text{matricize } I\ (T\ x)) = nr$
assumes $\bigwedge x. \text{dim-col } (\text{matricize } I\ (T\ x)) = nc$
assumes $i < nr$
assumes $j < nc$
shows $\text{polyfun } N (\lambda x. \text{matricize } I\ (T\ x)\ \$\$ (i,j))$
proof –
let *?weave* = $\lambda x. (\text{weave } I$

```

    (digit-encode (nth ds I) i)
    (digit-encode (nth ds (-I)) j))
  have 1:  $\bigwedge x$ . matricize I (T x) $$ (i,j) = Tensor.lookup (T x) (?weave x) un-
folding matricize-def
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) assms(1) assms(3) assms(4) assms(5) assms(6)
case-prod-conv
dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-mat(1) index-mat(1) matricize-def)
  have  $\bigwedge x$ . ?weave x  $\triangleleft$  ds
    using valid-index-weave(1) assms(2) digit-encode-valid-index dim-row-mat(1)
matricize-def
    using assms digit-encode-valid-index matricize-def by (metis dim-col-mat(1))
  then have polyfun N ( $\lambda x$ . Tensor.lookup (T x) (?weave x)) using assms(2) by
simp
  then show ?thesis unfolding 1 using assms(1) by blast
qed

```

```

lemma ( $\neg$  (a::nat) < b) = (a  $\geq$  b)
by (metis not-le)

```

```

lemma polyfun-submatrix:
assumes  $\bigwedge x$ . (A x)  $\in$  carrier-mat m n
assumes  $\bigwedge x$  i j. i < m  $\implies$  j < n  $\implies$  polyfun N ( $\lambda x$ . (A x) $$ (i,j))
assumes i < card {i. i < m  $\wedge$  i  $\in$  I}
assumes j < card {j. j < n  $\wedge$  j  $\in$  J}
assumes infinite I infinite J
shows polyfun N ( $\lambda x$ . (submatrix (A x) I J) $$ (i,j))
proof -
  have 1:  $\bigwedge x$ . (submatrix (A x) I J) $$ (i,j) = (A x) $$ (pick I i, pick J j)
    using submatrix-index by (metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-cong assms(1)
assms(3) assms(4) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2))
  have pick I i < m pick J j < n using card-le-pick-inf[OF  $\langle$ infinite I $\rangle$ ] card-le-pick-inf[OF
 $\langle$ infinite J $\rangle$ ]
     $\langle$ i < card {i. i < m  $\wedge$  i  $\in$  I} $\rangle$ [unfolded set-le-in]  $\langle$ j < card {j. j < n  $\wedge$  j  $\in$ 
J $\rangle$ [unfolded set-le-in] not-less by metis+
  then show ?thesis unfolding 1 by (simp add: assms(2))
qed

```

```

context deep-model-correct-params-y
begin

```

```

definition witness-submatrix where
witness-submatrix f = submatrix (A' f) rows-with-1 rows-with-1

```

```

lemma polyfun-tensor-deep-model:
assumes is  $\triangleleft$  input-sizes (deep-model-l rs)
shows polyfun {.. $\leq$ weight-space-dim}
  ( $\lambda f$ . Tensor.lookup (tensors-from-net (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l
rs) f) $ y) is)

```

proof –
have $1:\bigwedge f. \text{remove-weights (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) f) = deep-model-l rs}$
using *remove-insert-weights* **by** *metis*
then have $y < \text{output-size (deep-model-l rs)}$ **using** *valid-deep-model y-valid length-output-deep-model* **by** *force*
have $0:\{..<\text{weight-space-dim}\} = \text{set } [0..<\text{weight-space-dim}]$ **by** *auto*
then show *?thesis unfolding weight-space-dim-def using polyfun-tensors-from-net assms(1) valid-deep-model*
 $\langle y < \text{output-size (deep-model-l rs)} \rangle$ **by** *metis*
qed

lemma *input-sizes-deep-model: input-sizes (deep-model-l rs) = replicate (2 * N-half) (last rs)*
unfolding *N-half-def* **using** *input-sizes-deep-model deep*
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) Nitpick.size-list-simp(2) One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-le-lessD diff-Suc-Suc length-tl less-imp-le-nat list.size(3) not-less-eq numeral-3-eq-3 power-eq-if*)

lemma *polyfun-matrix-deep-model:*

assumes $i < (\text{last rs}) \wedge N\text{-half}$

assumes $j < (\text{last rs}) \wedge N\text{-half}$

shows *polyfun* $\{..<\text{weight-space-dim}\} (\lambda f. A' f \text{\$} \$ (i,j))$

proof –

have $0:y < \text{output-size (deep-model-l rs)}$ **using** *valid-deep-model y-valid length-output-deep-model* **by** *force*

have $1:\bigwedge f. \text{remove-weights (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) f) = deep-model-l rs}$

using *remove-insert-weights* **by** *metis*

have $2:(\bigwedge is. is \triangleleft \text{replicate (2 * N-half) (last rs)} \implies$

$\text{polyfun } \{..<\text{weight-space-dim}\} (\lambda x. \text{Tensor.lookup (A x) is}))$

unfolding *A-def* **using** *polyfun-tensor-deep-model[unfolded input-sizes-deep-model]*

0 **by** *blast*

show *?thesis*

unfolding *A'-def A-def* **apply** (*rule polyfun-matricize*)

using *dims-tensor-deep-model[OF 1] 2[unfolded A-def]*

using *dims-A'-pow[unfolded A'-def A-def] $\langle i < (\text{last rs}) \wedge N\text{-half} \rangle \langle j < (\text{last rs}) \wedge$*

N-half

by *auto*

qed

lemma *polyfun-submatrix-deep-model:*

assumes $i < r \wedge N\text{-half}$

assumes $j < r \wedge N\text{-half}$

shows *polyfun* $\{..<\text{weight-space-dim}\} (\lambda f. \text{witness-submatrix } f \text{\$} \$ (i,j))$

unfolding *witness-submatrix-def*

proof (*rule polyfun-submatrix*)

have $1:\bigwedge f. \text{remove-weights (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) f) = deep-model-l rs}$

using *remove-insert-weights* **by** *metis*

```

show  $\bigwedge f. A' f \in \text{carrier-mat } ((\text{last } rs) \wedge N\text{-half}) ((\text{last } rs) \wedge N\text{-half})$ 
  using 1 dims-A'-pow using weight-space-dim-def by auto
show  $\bigwedge f i j. i < \text{last } rs \wedge N\text{-half} \implies j < \text{last } rs \wedge N\text{-half} \implies$ 
  polyfun  $\{..<\text{weight-space-dim}\} (\lambda f. A' f \text{ \&\amp; } (i, j))$ 
  using polyfun-matrix-deep-model weight-space-dim-def by force
show  $i < \text{card } \{i. i < \text{last } rs \wedge N\text{-half} \wedge i \in \text{rows-with-1}\}$ 
  using assms(1) card-rows-with-1 dims-Aw'-pow set-le-in by metis
show  $j < \text{card } \{i. i < \text{last } rs \wedge N\text{-half} \wedge i \in \text{rows-with-1}\}$ 
  using assms(2) card-rows-with-1 dims-Aw'-pow set-le-in by metis
show infinite rows-with-1 infinite rows-with-1 by (simp-all add: infinite-rows-with-1)
qed

lemma polyfun-det-deep-model:
shows polyfun  $\{..<\text{weight-space-dim}\} (\lambda f. \text{det } (\text{witness-submatrix } f))$ 
proof (rule polyfun-det)
  fix f
  have remove-weights (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) f) = deep-model-l
  rs
  using remove-insert-weights by metis

  show witness-submatrix f  $\in \text{carrier-mat } (r \wedge N\text{-half}) (r \wedge N\text{-half})$ 
  unfolding witness-submatrix-def apply (rule carrier-matI) unfolding dim-submatrix[unfolded
set-le-in]
  unfolding dims-A'-pow[unfolded weight-space-dim-def] using card-rows-with-1
dims-Aw'-pow by simp-all
  show  $\bigwedge i j. i < r \wedge N\text{-half} \implies j < r \wedge N\text{-half} \implies \text{polyfun } \{..<\text{weight-space-dim}\}$ 
   $(\lambda f. \text{witness-submatrix } f \text{ \&\amp; } (i, j))$ 
  using polyfun-submatrix-deep-model by blast
qed

end

end

```

16 Alternative Lebesgue Measure Definition

```

theory Lebesgue-Functional
imports HOL-Analysis.Lebesgue-Measure
begin

```

`Lebesgue_Measure.lborel` is defined on the typeclass `euclidean_space`, which does not allow the space dimension to be dependent on a variable. As the Lebesgue measure of higher dimensions is the product measure of the one dimensional Lebesgue measure, we can easily define a more flexible version of the Lebesgue measure as follows. This version of the Lebesgue measure measures sets of functions from `nat` to `real` whose values are undefined for arguments higher than `n`. These "Extensional Function Spaces" are defined in `HOL/FuncSet`.

definition $lborel-f :: nat \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow real)$ *measure* **where**
 $lborel-f\ n = (\Pi_M\ b \in \{..<n\}).\ lborel$

lemma *product-sigma-finite-interval: product-sigma-finite* ($\lambda b.$ *interval-measure* ($\lambda x.$ x))
unfolding *product-sigma-finite-def* **using** *sigma-finite-interval-measure* **by** *auto*

lemma *l-borel-f-1: distr* ($lborel-f\ 1$) *lborel* ($\lambda x.$ $x\ 0$) = *lborel*
unfolding *lborel-f-def*
using *product-sigma-finite.distr-singleton*[*OF product-sigma-finite-interval, of 0*]
lborel-eq-real lessThan-Suc **by** *auto*

lemma *space-lborel-f: space* ($lborel-f\ n$) = $Pi_E\ \{..<n\}$ ($\lambda.$ *UNIV*) **unfolding**
lborel-f-def
unfolding *space-PiM space-lborel space-borel* **by** *metis*

lemma *space-lborel-f-subset: space* ($lborel-f\ n$) \subseteq *space* ($lborel-f\ (Suc\ n)$)
unfolding *space-lborel-f* **by** (*rule subsetI, rule PiE-I, blast,*
metis PiE-E Suc-n-not-le-n le-cases lessThan-subset-iff subsetCE)

lemma *space-lborel-add-dim:*
assumes $f \in$ *space* ($lborel-f\ n$)
shows $f(n:=x) \in$ *space* ($lborel-f\ (Suc\ n)$)
unfolding *space-lborel-f*
using *assms lessThan-Suc space-lborel-f* **by** *auto*

lemma *integral-lborel-f:*
assumes $f \in$ *borel-measurable* ($lborel-f\ (Suc\ n)$)
shows $integral^N$ ($lborel-f\ (Suc\ n)$) $f = \int^+ y. \int^+ x. f\ (x(n := y))\ \partial lborel-f\ n$
 $\partial lborel$
unfolding *lborel-f-def*
using *product-sigma-finite.product-nn-integral-insert-rev*[*OF product-sigma-finite-interval,*
of \{..<n\}, OF finite-lessThan -]
assms[unfolded lborel-f-def] lborel-eq-real **by** (*simp add: lessThan-Suc*)

lemma *emeasure-lborel-f-Suc:*
assumes $A \in$ *sets* ($lborel-f\ (Suc\ n)$)
assumes $\bigwedge y. \{x \in$ *space* ($lborel-f\ n$). $x(n := y) \in A\} \in$ *sets* ($lborel-f\ n$)
shows $emeasure$ ($lborel-f\ (Suc\ n)$) $A = \int^+ y. emeasure$ ($lborel-f\ n$) $\{x \in$ *space*
($lborel-f\ n$). $x(n := y) \in A\}\ \partial lborel$
proof –
{
 fix $x\ y$ **assume** $x \in$ *space* ($lborel-f\ n$)
 then have (*indicator* A) ($x(n := y)$) = (*indicator* $\{x \in$ *space* ($lborel-f\ n$). $x(n$
:= $y) \in A\}$) x
 by (*simp add: indicator-def*)
}
then show *?thesis*
unfolding *nn-integral-indicator*[*OF assms(1), symmetric*] *nn-integral-indicator*[*OF*

```

assms(2), symmetric]
  integral-lborel-f[OF borel-measurable-indicator, OF assms(1)]
  using nn-integral-cong by (metis (no-types, lifting))
qed

lemma lborel-f-measurable-add-dim:  $(\lambda f. f(n := x)) \in \text{measurable } (\text{lborel-f } n) (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n))$ 
proof -
  have  $x \in \text{space } \text{lborel}$  by simp
  have  $0: (\lambda(f, y). f(n := y)) \circ (\lambda xa. (xa, x)) = (\lambda f. f(n := x))$  unfolding comp-def
using case-prod-conv by fast
  show ?thesis unfolding lborel-f-def
    using measurable-comp[OF measurable-Pair2'[of  $x \text{ lborel } \text{Pi}_M \{..<n\}$ ] ( $\lambda b. \text{lborel}$ ), OF  $\langle x \in \text{space } \text{lborel} \rangle$ ]
    measurable-add-dim[of  $n \{..<n\}$ ]  $\lambda b. \text{lborel}$ ], unfolded 0] lessThan-Suc by auto
qed

lemma sets-lborel-f-sub-dim:
assumes  $A \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n))$ 
shows  $\{x. x(n := y) \in A\} \cap \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n) \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$ 
proof -
  have  $(\lambda f. f(n := y)) -' A \cap \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n) \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$ 
    using measurable-sets[OF lborel-f-measurable-add-dim assms] by auto
  moreover have  $(\lambda f. f(n := y)) -' A = \{x. x(n := y) \in A\}$  by auto
  finally show ?thesis by metis
qed

lemma lborel-f-measurable-restrict:
assumes  $m \leq n$ 
shows  $(\lambda f. \text{restrict } f \{..<m\}) \in \text{measurable } (\text{lborel-f } n) (\text{lborel-f } m)$ 
using measurable-restrict-subset lborel-f-def assms by auto

lemma lborel-measurable-sub-dim:  $(\lambda f. \text{restrict } f \{..<n\}) \in \text{measurable } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n)) (\text{lborel-f } n)$ 
using lborel-f-measurable-restrict[of  $n \text{ Suc } n$ ] by linarith

lemma measurable-lborel-component [measurable]:
assumes  $k < n$ 
shows  $(\lambda x. x k) \in \text{borel-measurable } (\text{lborel-f } n)$ 
  unfolding lborel-f-def using assms measurable-PiM-component-rev by simp-all
end

```

17 Lebesgue Measure of Polynomial Zero Sets

```

theory Lebesgue-Zero-Set
imports
  Polynomials.More-MPoly-Type
  Lebesgue-Functional

```



```

    Polynomials.MPoly-Type-Univariate
begin

lemma measurable-insertion [measurable]:
assumes vars p  $\subseteq$  {..n}
shows ( $\lambda f$ . insertion f p)  $\in$  borel-measurable (lborel-f n)
using assms proof (induction p rule:mpoly-induct)
  case (monom m a)
  then show ?case
  proof (cases a = 0)
    case True
    show ?thesis unfolding insertion-single  $\langle a = 0 \rangle$  MPoly-Type.monom.abs-eq
single-zero
      zero-mpoly.abs-eq[symmetric] insertion-zero by measurable
    next
    case False
    have Poly-Mapping.keys m  $\subseteq$  {..n} using monom by (simp add: False
vars-monom-keys)
    then show ?thesis using  $\langle a \neq 0 \rangle$ 
    proof (induction m arbitrary:a rule:poly-mapping-induct)
      case (single x i a)
      then show ?case
      proof (cases i = 0)
        case True
        show ?thesis unfolding insertion-single  $\langle i = 0 \rangle$  by simp
      next
        case False
        then show ?thesis unfolding insertion-single apply measurable
        using vars-monom-single-cases single False insert-subset lessThan-iff  $\langle a \neq 0 \rangle$ 
by fastforce
      qed
    next
    case (sum m1 m2 x i)
    then have Poly-Mapping.keys m1  $\cap$  Poly-Mapping.keys m2 = {} by simp
    then have Poly-Mapping.keys m1  $\cup$  Poly-Mapping.keys m2 = Poly-Mapping.keys
(m1 + m2) using keys-add by metis
    then have 1:Poly-Mapping.keys m1  $\subseteq$  {..n} and 2:Poly-Mapping.keys m2
 $\subseteq$  {..n} using sum.premis by auto
    show ?case unfolding MPoly-Type.mult-monom[of m1 a m2 1,simplified,symmetric]
insertion-mult using sum.IH(1)[OF 1  $\langle a \neq 0 \rangle$ ] sum.IH(2)[OF 2, of 1,
simplified] by measurable
      qed
    qed
  next
  case (sum p1 p2 m a)
  then have ( $\lambda f$ . insertion f p1)  $\in$  borel-measurable (lborel-f n)
    ( $\lambda f$ . insertion f p2)  $\in$  borel-measurable (lborel-f n)
    using vars-add-monom[OF sum.hyps] le-sup-iff by blast+
  then show ?case unfolding insertion-add by measurable

```

qed

This proof follows Richard Caron and Tim Traynor, "The zero set of a polynomial" <http://www1.uwindsor.ca/math/sites/uwindsor.ca.math/files/05-03.pdf>

```

lemma lebesgue-mpoly-zero-set:
fixes p::real mpoly
assumes  $p \neq 0$  vars p  $\subseteq \{..<n\}$ 
shows  $\{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). \text{insertion } f \ p = 0\} \in \text{null-sets } (\text{lborel-}f \ n)$ 
using assms proof (induction n arbitrary:p)
  case 0
    then have vars p = {} by simp then have  $\bigwedge f. \text{insertion } f \ p = \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \ 0$ 
    unfolding insertion-trivial[symmetric] using insertion-irrelevant-vars by
blast
    have  $\bigwedge m. m \neq 0 \implies \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \ m = 0$ 
    proof (rule ccontr)
      fix m::nat  $\Rightarrow_0$  nat assume  $m \neq 0$   $\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \ m \neq 0$ 
      then obtain v where Poly-Mapping.lookup m v  $\neq 0$  using aux by auto
      then have  $v \in \text{vars } p$  unfolding More-MPoly-Type.vars-def using  $\langle \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \ m \neq 0 \rangle$ 
      by (meson UN-I coeff-keys lookup-not-eq-zero-eq-in-keys)
      then show False using  $\langle \text{vars } p = \{\} \rangle$  by auto
    qed
    then have  $\text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \ 0 \neq 0$  using  $\langle p \neq 0 \rangle$ 
    by (metis coeff-all-0)
    then have  $\{f. \text{insertion } f \ p = 0\} = \{\}$  using  $\langle \bigwedge f. \text{insertion } f \ p = \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } p \ 0 \rangle$  by auto
    then show ?case by auto
next
  case (Suc n p)

  Show that N is finite:

  then have extract-var p n  $\neq 0$  using reduce-nested-mpoly-0
  by (metis reduce-nested-mpoly-extract-var)
  let  $?q = \lambda j. \text{MPoly-Type.coeff } (\text{extract-var } p \ n) \ j$ 
  obtain j where  $?q \ j \neq 0$  using  $\langle \text{extract-var } p \ n \neq 0 \rangle$ 
  by (metis coeff-all-0)
  then have finite  $\{x. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) \ (?q \ j) = 0\}$ 
  using univariate-mpoly-roots-finite[OF vars-coeff-extract-var] by metis
  then have finite  $(\bigcap j. \{x. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) \ (?q \ j) = 0\})$  by auto
  moreover have  $\{x. \forall j. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) \ (?q \ j) = 0\} = (\bigcap j. \{x. \text{insertion } (\lambda v. x) \ (?q \ j) = 0\})$  by blast
  ultimately have finite  $\{x. \forall j. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) \ (?q \ j) = 0\}$  by metis

  define p-fix1 where p-fix1 x1 = replace-coeff (insertion (λ-. x1)) (extract-var p n) for x1
  define N where  $N = \{x1. \text{p-fix1 } x1 = 0\}$ 
  have  $N \subseteq \{x. \forall j. \text{insertion } (\lambda-. x) \ (?q \ j) = 0\}$ 

```

```

proof
  fix  $x$  assume  $x \in N$ 
  then have  $p\text{-fix1 } x = 0$  using  $N\text{-def}$  by  $auto$ 
  then have  $\bigwedge m. MPoly\text{-Type.coeff } (p\text{-fix1 } x) m = 0$  by ( $metis$   $More\text{-MPoly-Type.coeff-monom}$ 
 $monom\text{-zero when-def}$ )
  have  $\bigwedge j. insertion (\lambda-. x) (?q j) = 0$ 
    using  $\langle \bigwedge m. MPoly\text{-Type.coeff } (p\text{-fix1 } x) m = 0 \rangle$  [ $unfolded$   $p\text{-fix1-def}$   $coeff\text{-replace-coeff}$ 
 $[of$   $insertion (\lambda-. x), OF$   $insertion\text{-zero}$ ]]
    by  $metis$ 
  then show  $x \in \{x. \forall j. insertion (\lambda-. x) (MPoly\text{-Type.coeff } (extract\text{-var } p n) j) = 0\}$  by  $blast$ 
qed
  then have  $finite\ N$  by ( $simp$   $add: \langle finite \{x. \forall j. insertion (\lambda-. x) (MPoly\text{-Type.coeff } (extract\text{-var } p n) j) = 0\} \rangle$ 
 $finite\text{-subset}$ )

  Use the IH:

  define  $A$  where  $A = \{f \in space (lborel\text{-f } (Suc\ n)). insertion\ f\ p = 0\}$ 

  have  $\bigwedge x1. vars (p\text{-fix1 } x1) \subseteq \{..<n\}$ 
proof -
  fix  $x1$ 
  have  $vars (extract\text{-var } p n) \subseteq \{..<n\}$ 
  using  $\langle vars\ p \subseteq \{..<Suc\ n\} \rangle$   $lessThan\text{-Suc } v\text{-not-in-vars-extract-var } vars\text{-extract-var-subset}$ 
by  $fastforce$ 
  then show  $vars (p\text{-fix1 } x1) \subseteq \{..<n\}$  unfolding  $p\text{-fix1-def}$ 
  using  $vars\text{-replace-coeff}$  [ $of$   $insertion (\lambda-. x1), OF$   $insertion\text{-zero}$ ] by  $blast$ 
qed
  have  $set\text{-eq}: \bigwedge x1. \{x \in space (lborel\text{-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = \{f \in space (lborel\text{-f } n). insertion\ f\ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\}$ 
proof -
  fix  $x1$ 
  show  $\{x \in space (lborel\text{-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = \{f \in space (lborel\text{-f } n). insertion\ f\ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\}$ 
proof ( $rule$   $subset\text{-antisym}; rule\ subsetI$ )
  fix  $x$  assume  $x \in \{x \in space (lborel\text{-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\}$ 
  then have  $insertion (x(n := x1)) p = 0$   $x \in space (lborel\text{-f } n)$ 
  using  $A\text{-def}$  by  $auto$ 
  then have  $insertion\ x\ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0$  unfolding  $p\text{-fix1-def}$ 
  unfolding  $replace\text{-coeff-}\text{extract-var-cong}$  [ $of$   $\lambda-. x1\ n\ x(n := x1)\ p, OF$ 
 $fun\text{-upd-same}$  [ $symmetric$ ]]
  using  $insertion\text{-replace-coeff}$  [ $of$   $x(n := x1)$ ]
  using  $insertion\text{-irrelevant-vars}$  [ $of$   $replace\text{-coeff } (insertion (x(n := x1)))$ 
 $(extract\text{-var } p n)\ x\ x(n := x1)$ ]
   $vars\text{-replace-coeff } fun\text{-upd-other } insertion\text{-zero } reduce\text{-nested-mpoly-}\text{extract-var}$ 
 $subset\text{-eq}$ 
   $v\text{-not-in-vars-}\text{extract-var}$  by  $metis$ 
  then show  $x \in \{f \in space (lborel\text{-f } n). insertion\ f\ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\}$  using  $\langle x \in space (lborel\text{-f } n) \rangle$  by  $blast$ 
next

```

fix f **assume** $f \in \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). \text{insertion } f \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\}$
then have $f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \text{insertion } f \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0$ **by** *auto*
have $\text{insertion } (f(n := x1)) \ p = 0$ **using** $\langle \text{insertion } f \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0 \rangle$ [*unfolded*
p-fix1-def]
insertion-replace-coeff insertion-irrelevant-vars replace-coeff-extract-var-cong
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) \langle insertion f (p-fix1 x1) = 0 \rangle \langle vars (p-fix1 x1) \subseteq \{..<n\} \rangle*)
fun-upd-other fun-upd-same lessThan-iff order-less-irrefl p-fix1-def reduce-nested-mpoly-extract-var subsetCE)
then have $f(n := x1) \in A$ **unfolding** $A\text{-def}$ **using** *space-lborel-add-dim*
using $\langle f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \rangle$ *lborel-f-def mem-Collect-eq* **by** *blast*
then show $f \in \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). f(n := x1) \in A\}$ **using** $\langle f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed
qed

have $\bigwedge x1. x1 \in N \implies \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-}f \ n)$
and $\text{emeasure-in-}N: \bigwedge x1. x1 \in N \implies \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \ \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \ (\text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n))$
proof –
fix $x1$ **assume** $x1 \in N$
then have $p\text{-fix1 } x1 = 0$ **using** $N\text{-def}$ **by** *auto*
then have $\bigwedge f. \text{insertion } f \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0$ **using** *insertion-zero* **by** *auto*
then have $\{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). \text{insertion } f \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\} = \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n)$ **by** *simp*
show $\{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-}f \ n)$ **unfolding** *set-eq*
by (*simp add: \langle f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). \text{insertion } f \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0 \rangle = \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \rangle*)
show $\text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \ \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \ (\text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n))$
unfolding *set-eq*
by (*simp add: \langle f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). \text{insertion } f \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0 \rangle = \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \rangle*)
qed

have $\text{emeasure-not-in-}N: \bigwedge x1. x1 \notin N \implies \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \ \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = 0$
and $\bigwedge x1. x1 \notin N \implies \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-}f \ n)$
proof –
fix $x1$ **assume** $x1 \notin N$
then have $p\text{-fix1 } x1 \neq 0$ **using** $p\text{-fix1-def } N\text{-def}$ **by** *auto*
then have $\text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \ \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). \text{insertion } f \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\} = 0$
 $\{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). \text{insertion } f \ (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-}f \ n)$
using *Suc.IH[OF \langle p-fix1 x1 \neq 0 \rangle] \langle \bigwedge x1. \text{vars } (p\text{-fix1 } x1) \subseteq \{..<n\} \rangle* **by** *auto*
then show $\text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-}f \ n) \ \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = 0$
 $\{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-}f \ n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-}f \ n)$

using $\langle f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0 \rangle \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). \text{insertion } f (p\text{-fix1 } x1) = 0\} = 0 \rangle$
using *set-eq*
by *auto*
qed

have $N \in \text{null-sets } \text{lborel}$ **using** $\langle \text{finite } N \rangle$ *finite-imp-null-set-lborel* **by** *blast*
have *ae-zero*: $AE \ x1 \text{ in } \text{lborel}. \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = 0$
apply (*rule* *AE-I*[*OF* $\langle N \in \text{null-sets } \text{lborel} \rangle$])
using $\langle \bigwedge x1. x1 \notin N \implies \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} = 0 \rangle$
by *force*

have *measurable*: $(\lambda x1. \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\}) \in \text{borel-measurable } \text{lborel}$
proof (*rule* *borel-measurableI*)
let $?f = (\lambda x1. \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\})$
fix *S*: *ennreal set* **assume** *open S*
have $0: 0 \in S \implies - N \subseteq ?f \text{ -' } S$
using *emeasure-not-in-N* **by** *auto*
have $1: \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) (\text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n)) \in S \implies N \subseteq ?f \text{ -' } S$
using *emeasure-in-N* **by** *auto*
have $2: 0 \notin S \implies ?f \text{ -' } S \subseteq N$ **using** *emeasure-not-in-N* **by** *fastforce*
have $3: \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) (\text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n)) \notin S \implies ?f \text{ -' } S \subseteq -N$ **using** *emeasure-in-N* **by** *auto*
have $?f \text{ -' } S = \{\} \vee ?f \text{ -' } S = N \vee ?f \text{ -' } S = \text{UNIV} \vee ?f \text{ -' } S = -N$
apply (*cases* $0 \in S$; *cases* $\text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) (\text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n)) \notin S$)
using $0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3$ **by** *auto*
then show $?f \text{ -' } S \cap \text{space } \text{lborel} \in \text{sets } \text{lborel}$
using $\langle \text{finite } N \rangle$ *finite-imp-null-set-lborel* *borel-comp null-setsD2 sets-lborel* **by** *fastforce*
qed

have $A \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n))$ **unfolding** *A-def*
using *pred-eq-const1*[*OF* *measurable-insertion*[*OF* $\langle \text{vars } p \subseteq \{..<\text{Suc } n\} \rangle$]]
pred-def **by** *force*
then have *in-sets*: $\{f \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n)). \text{insertion } f p = 0\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n))$ **using** *A-def* **by** *metis*
have $\bigwedge x1. \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n)$
using $\langle \bigwedge x1. x1 \in N \implies \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n) \rangle$
 $\langle \bigwedge x1. x1 \notin N \implies \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n) \rangle$ **by** *auto*
have $\text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n)) A = \int^+ y. \text{emeasure } (\text{lborel-f } n) \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := y) \in A\} \partial \text{lborel}$
using *emeasure-lborel-f-Suc*[*OF* $\langle A \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } (\text{Suc } n)) \rangle$]
 $\langle \bigwedge x1. \{x \in \text{space } (\text{lborel-f } n). x(n := x1) \in A\} \in \text{sets } (\text{lborel-f } n) \rangle$ **by** *blast*

```

also have ... = 0
  using nn-integral-0-iff-AE[OF measurable] ae-zero by blast
  finally have emeasure (lborel-f (Suc n)) A = 0 by auto
  then show ?case unfolding null-sets-def using in-sets A-def by blast
qed

end

```

18 Shallow Network Model

```

theory DL-Shallow-Model
imports DL-Network Tensor-Rank
begin

```

```

fun shallow-model' where
  shallow-model' Z M 0 = Conv (Z,M) (Input M) |
  shallow-model' Z M (Suc N) = Pool (shallow-model' Z M 0) (shallow-model' Z M
N)

```

```

definition shallow-model where
  shallow-model Y Z M N = Conv (Y,Z) (shallow-model' Z M N)

```

```

lemma valid-shallow-model': valid-net (shallow-model' Z M N)
  apply (induction N unfolding shallow-model'.simps)
  by (simp add: valid-net.intros, metis shallow-model'.elims shallow-model'.simps(1)
valid-net.intros output-size.simps)

```

```

lemma output-size-shallow-model': output-size (shallow-model' Z M N) = Z
  apply (induction N unfolding shallow-model'.simps using output-size.simps)
by simp-all

```

```

lemma valid-shallow-model: valid-net (shallow-model Y Z M N)
  unfolding shallow-model-def using valid-shallow-model' valid-net.intros out-
put-size.simps output-size-shallow-model' by metis

```

```

lemma output-size-shallow-model: output-size (shallow-model Y Z M N) = Y
  unfolding shallow-model-def using output-size-shallow-model' output-size.simps
by simp

```

```

lemma input-sizes-shallow-model: input-sizes (shallow-model Y Z M N) = replicate
(Suc N) M
  apply (induction N unfolding shallow-model-def input-sizes.simps) by simp-all

```

```

lemma balanced-net-shallow-model': balanced-net (shallow-model' Z M N)
proof(induction N)
case 0
  then show ?case
    by (metis balanced-net.simps shallow-model'.simps(1))
next

```

```

  case (Suc N)
  have count-weights True (Conv (Z, M) (Input M)) = count-weights True (shallow-model'
  Z M N)
  by (induction N; simp)
  then show ?case unfolding shallow-model'.simps
  by (simp add: Suc.IH balanced-net-Conv balanced-net-Input balanced-net-Pool)
qed

```

```

lemma balanced-net-shallow-model: balanced-net (shallow-model Y Z M N)
  unfolding shallow-model-def
  by (simp add: balanced-net-Conv balanced-net-shallow-model')

```

```

lemma cprank-max1-shallow-model':
  assumes y < output-size (shallow-model' Z M N)
  shows cprank-max1 (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M N)
  w) $ y)
  using assms proof (induction N arbitrary:w)
  case 0
  then have input-sizes (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0) w) = [M]
  unfolding shallow-model-def shallow-model'.simps insert-weights.simps
  input-sizes.simps by metis
  then have dims (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0) w)
  $ y) = [M]
  using dims-tensors-from-net[OF vec-setI] 0.premis(1) output-size-correct-tensors
  remove-insert-weights valid-shallow-model' by metis
  then show ?case
  using order1 by (metis One-nat-def eq-imp-le length-Cons list.size(3))
next
  case (Suc N)
  have y-le-IH:y < dim-vec (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z
  M N) (λi. w (i + (count-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0))))))
  using output-size-correct-tensors[of insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M N)
  (λi. w (i + (count-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0))))],
  unfolded remove-insert-weights, OF valid-shallow-model']
  using Suc.premis(1) output-size-shallow-model' by auto
  have cprank-max1-IH:cprank-max1 (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model'
  Z M N) (λi. w (i + (count-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0)))))) $ y)
  using Suc.IH Suc.premis(1) output-size-shallow-model' by auto
  have y-le-0:y < dim-vec (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M
  0) w))
  by (metis assms output-size-correct-tensors output-size-shallow-model' remove-insert-weights
  valid-shallow-model')
  have cprank-max1-0:cprank-max1 (tensors-from-net (insert-weights s (shallow-model'
  Z M 0) w) $ y)
  proof -
  have input-sizes (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M 0) w) = [M]
  unfolding shallow-model-def shallow-model'.simps insert-weights.simps
  input-sizes.simps by metis
  then show ?thesis using order1 dims-tensors-from-net[OF vec-setI] One-nat-def

```

```

eq-imp-le length-Cons list.size(3) y-le-0 by metis
qed
then show ?case unfolding shallow-model'.simps(2) insert-weights.simps ten-
sors-from-net.simps
using cprank-max1-IH cprank-max1-0 cprank-max1-prod index-component-mult
y-le-0 y-le-IH
by (metis Suc.IH output-size-correct-tensors remove-insert-weights valid-shallow-model')
qed

```

lemma *cprank-shallow-model*:

assumes $m = \text{insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model } Y \ Z \ M \ N) \ w$

assumes $y < Y$

shows $\text{cprank (tensors-from-net } m \ \$ \ y) \leq Z$

proof –

have $s \implies \text{shared-weight-net } m$

by (*simp add: assms(1) balanced-net-shallow-model shared-weight-net-insert-weights*)

have $\text{cprank-max } Z \text{ (tensors-from-net } m \ \$ \ y)$

proof –

have *dim-extract*: $\text{dim-row (extract-matrix } w \ Y \ Z) = Y$

using *dim-extract-matrix(1)* **by** *force*

have *dimc-extract-matrix*: $\text{dim-col (extract-matrix } w \ Y \ Z) = Z$

using *dim-extract-matrix(2)* **by** *force*

have *input-sizes*: $(\text{input-sizes (insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N) \ (\lambda i. w \ (i + Y * Z)))) = (\text{input-sizes (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N))$

using *input-sizes-remove-weights remove-insert-weights* **by** *auto*

have $0 : \text{tensors-from-net } m \ \$ \ y = \text{Tensor-Plus.listsum (input-sizes (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N))$

$(\text{map } (\lambda j. (\text{extract-matrix } w \ Y \ Z) \ \$ \ (y, j) \cdot (\text{tensors-from-net (insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N) \ (\lambda i. w \ (i + Y * Z)))) \ \$ \ j) \ [0..<Z])$

unfolding $\langle m = \text{insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model } Y \ Z \ M \ N) \ w \rangle$ *shallow-model-def insert-weights.simps tensors-from-net.simps*

using *nth-mat-tensorlist-mult dims-tensors-from-net assms(2) dim-extract output-size-correct-tensors[of insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M N) (λi. w (i + Y * Z)), unfolded remove-insert-weights, OF valid-shallow-model']*

dimc-extract-matrix output-size-shallow-model' input-sizes **by** *auto*

define Bs **where** $Bs = \text{map } (\lambda j. \text{extract-matrix } w \ Y \ Z \ \$ \ (y, j) \cdot \text{tensors-from-net (insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N) \ (\lambda i. w \ (i + Y * Z))) \ \$ \ j) \ [0..<Z]$

have $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{cprank-max1 } B \ \bigwedge B. B \in \text{set } Bs \implies \text{dims } B = \text{input-sizes (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N)$

proof –

fix B **assume** $B \in \text{set } Bs$

then obtain j **where** $B = Bs ! j \ j < \text{length } Bs$ **by** (*metis in-set-conv-nth*)

then have $j < Z$ **using** *length-map Bs-def* **by** *simp*

have $1 : \text{cprank-max1 (tensors-from-net (insert-weights } s \text{ (shallow-model' } Z \ M \ N) \ (\lambda i. w \ (i + Y * Z))) \ \$ \ j)$


```

    using ⟨j < Z⟩ output-size-shallow-model' cprank-max1-shallow-model' by
  auto
  then have cprank-max1 (extract-matrix w Y Z $$ (y, j) · tensors-from-net
    (insert-weights s (shallow-model' Z M N) (λi. w (i + Y * Z))) $ j)
    using smult-prod-extract1 cprank-max1-order0[OF 1, of extract-matrix w Y
      Z $$ (y, j) · 1]
    by (metis dims-smult mult.left-neutral order-tensor-one)
  then show cprank-max1 B by (simp add: Bs-def ⟨B = Bs ! j⟩ ⟨j < Z⟩)
  show dims B = input-sizes (shallow-model' Z M N) unfolding ⟨B = Bs ! j⟩
  Bs-def
  nth-map[of j [0..

```

19 Fundamental Theorem of Network Capacity

theory *DL-Fundamental-Theorem-Network-Capacity*

imports *DL-Rank-CP-Rank DL-Deep-Model-Poly Lebesgue-Zero-Set*

Jordan-Normal-Form.DL-Rank-Submatrix HOL-Analysis.Complete-Measure DL-Shallow-Model

begin

context *deep-model-correct-params-y*

begin

definition *polynomial-f* $w = \det (\text{submatrix} (\text{matricize} \{n. \text{even } n\} (A \ w)) \text{rows-with-1}$
 $\text{rows-with-1})$

lemma *polyfun-polynomial:*

shows *polyfun* $\{.. *polynomial-f*$

unfolding *polynomial-f-def* **using** *polyfun-det-deep-model* **unfolding** *witness-submatrix-def*
A'-def .

definition *polynomial-p* $= (\text{SOME } p. \text{vars } p \subseteq \{..
 $\text{sertion } x \ p = \text{polynomial-f } x))$$

lemma

polynomial-p-not-0: polynomial-p ≠ 0 **and**

vars-polynomial-p: *vars polynomial-p* $\subseteq \{..<weight-space-dim\}$ **and**
polynomial-pf: $\bigwedge w. \text{insertion } w \text{ polynomial-p} = \text{polynomial-f } w$
proof –
have *vars polynomial-p* $\subseteq \{..<weight-space-dim\} \wedge (\forall x. \text{insertion } x \text{ polynomial-p} = \text{polynomial-f } x)$ **unfolding** *polynomial-p-def*
using *someI-ex*[*OF polyfun-polynomial*[*unfolded polyfun-def*]] .
then show *vars polynomial-p* $\subseteq \{..<weight-space-dim\} \bigwedge w. \text{insertion } w \text{ polynomial-p} = \text{polynomial-f } w$ **by auto**
show *polynomial-p* $\neq 0$ **using** *A'-def Aw'-def'* $\langle \bigwedge w. \text{insertion } w \text{ polynomial-p} = \text{polynomial-f } w \rangle$ *polynomial-f-def witness-det* **by auto**
qed

lemma *if-polynomial-0-rank*:
assumes *polynomial-f w* $\neq 0$
shows $r \wedge N\text{-half} \leq \text{cprank } (A \ w)$
proof –
have $r \wedge N\text{-half} = \text{dim-row } (\text{submatrix } (\text{matricize } \{n. \text{even } n\} (A \ w)) \ \text{rows-with-1} \ \text{rows-with-1})$
by (*metis* (*full-types*) *Aw'-def card-rows-with-1 dim-submatrix*(1) *dims-A dims-Aw dims-matricize*(1) *set-le-in*)
also have $\dots \leq \text{mrank } (\text{matricize } \{n. \text{even } n\} (A \ w))$
using *assms vec-space.rank-gt-minor*[*OF carrier-matI*[*OF dims-A'-pow, unfolded weight-space-dim-def*]]
by (*metis* (*full-types*) *A'-def dim-submatrix*(1) *dims-A'-pow*(1) *polynomial-f-def*)
also have $\dots \leq \text{cprank } (A \ w)$ **using** *matrix-rank-le-cp-rank* **by blast**
finally show *?thesis* .
qed

lemma *if-polynomial-0-evaluate*:
assumes *polynomial-f wd* $\neq 0$
assumes $\forall \text{inputs}. \text{input-sizes } (\text{deep-model-l } rs) = \text{map dim-vec inputs} \longrightarrow \text{evaluate-net } (\text{insert-weights shared-weights } (\text{deep-model-l } rs) \ wd) \ \text{inputs}$
 $= \text{evaluate-net } (\text{insert-weights shared-weights } (\text{shallow-model } (rs \ ! \ 0) \ Z \ (\text{last } rs) \ (2 * N\text{-half} - 1)) \ ws) \ \text{inputs}$
shows $Z \geq r \wedge N\text{-half}$
proof –
have *valid1:valid-net'* (*insert-weights shared-weights* (*deep-model-l rs*) *wd*)
using *remove-insert-weights valid-deep-model* **by presburger**
have *valid2:valid-net'* (*insert-weights shared-weights* (*shallow-model* (*rs ! 0*) *Z* (*last rs*) (*2 * N-half - 1*)) *ws*)
by (*simp add: remove-insert-weights valid-shallow-model*)
have *input-sizes: input-sizes* (*insert-weights shared-weights* (*deep-model-l rs*) *wd*)
 $= \text{input-sizes } (\text{insert-weights shared-weights } (\text{shallow-model } (rs \ ! \ 0) \ Z \ (\text{last } rs) \ (2 * N\text{-half} - 1)) \ ws)$
using *input-sizes-remove-weights input-sizes-deep-model remove-insert-weights*
by (*simp add: N-half-def input-sizes-shallow-model*)
have *0:tensors-from-net* (*insert-weights shared-weights* (*deep-model-l rs*) *wd*)
 $= \text{tensors-from-net } (\text{insert-weights shared-weights } (\text{shallow-model } (rs \ ! \ 0) \ Z \ (\text{last } rs) \ (2 * N\text{-half} - 1)) \ ws)$

using *tensors-from-net-eqI*[*OF valid1 valid2 input-sizes, unfolded input-sizes-remove-weights remove-insert-weights*]
using *assms* **by** *blast*
have *cprank* (*tensors-from-net (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) wd) \$ y*) $\leq Z$
unfolding *0* **using** *y-valid cprank-shallow-model* **by** *blast*
then show *?thesis*
using *if-polynomial-0-rank assms*
using *A-def assms(1) less-le-trans not-le remove-insert-weights*
by *fastforce*
qed

lemma *if-polynomial-0-evaluate-notex*:
assumes *polynomial-f wd $\neq 0$*
shows $\neg(\exists \text{weights-shallow } Z. Z < r \wedge N\text{-half} \wedge (\forall \text{inputs. input-sizes (deep-model-l rs) = map dim-vec inputs} \longrightarrow$
evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) wd) inputs
 $= \text{evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (shallow-model (rs ! 0) Z (last rs) (2*N-half-1)) ws) inputs}))$
using *assms if-polynomial-0-evaluate not-le* **by** *blast*

theorem *fundamental-theorem-network-capacity*:
AE x in lborel-f weight-space-dim. $r \wedge N\text{-half} \leq \text{cprank} (A x)$
using *AE-I'[OF lebesgue-mpoly-zero-set[OF polynomial-p-not-0 vars-polynomial-p]]*
by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) Collect-mono if-polynomial-0-rank polynomial-pf*)

theorem *fundamental-theorem-network-capacity-v2*:
shows *AE wd in lborel-f weight-space-dim.*
 $\neg(\exists \text{ws } Z. Z < r \wedge N\text{-half} \wedge (\forall \text{inputs. input-sizes (deep-model-l rs) = map dim-vec inputs} \longrightarrow$
evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) wd) inputs
 $= \text{evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (shallow-model (rs ! 0) Z (last rs) (2*N-half-1)) ws) inputs}))$
apply (*rule AE-I'[OF lebesgue-mpoly-zero-set[OF polynomial-p-not-0 vars-polynomial-p], unfolded polynomial-pf]*)
apply (*rule subsetI*) **unfolding** *mem-Collect-eq*
using *if-polynomial-0-evaluate-notex* **by** *metis*

abbreviation *lebesgue-f where lebesgue-f n \equiv completion (lborel-f n)*

lemma *space-lebesgue-f: space (lebesgue-f n) = Pi_E {.. n } (λ -. UNIV)*
by (*simp add: space-lborel-f*)

theorem *fundamental-theorem-network-capacity-v3*:
assumes
 $S = \{wd \in \text{space (lebesgue-f weight-space-dim)}. \exists \text{ws } Z. Z < r \wedge N\text{-half} \wedge (\forall \text{inputs. input-sizes (deep-model-l rs) = map dim-vec inputs} \longrightarrow$
evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (deep-model-l rs) wd) inputs

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    = evaluate-net (insert-weights shared-weights (shallow-model (rs ! 0) Z (last
rs) (2*N-half-1)) ws) inputs)
  shows S ∈ null-sets (completion (lborel-f weight-space-dim))
  unfolding assms
  using fundamental-theorem-network-capacity-v2[unfolded completion.AE-iff-null-sets[unfolded
AE-completion-iff], unfolded not-not]
  by blast

end
end

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References

- [1] A. Bentkamp. An Isabelle Formalization of the Expressiveness of Deep Learning. Master’s thesis, Universität des Saarlandes, 2016. http://matryoshka.gforge.inria.fr/bentkamp_msc_thesis.pdf.
- [2] N. Cohen, O. Sharir, and A. Shashua. On the expressive power of deep learning: A tensor analysis. In V. Feldman, A. Rakhlin, and O. Shamir, editors, *Conference on Learning Theory (COLT 2016)*, volume 49 of *JMLR Workshop and Conference Proceedings*, pages 698–728. JMLR.org, 2016.