

The Calculus of Communicating Systems

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Abstract

We formalise a large portion of CCS as described in Milner’s book ‘Communication and Concurrency’ using the nominal datatype package in Isabelle. Our results include many of the standard theorems of bisimulation equivalence and congruence, for both weak and strong versions. One main goal of this formalisation is to keep the machine-checked proofs as close to their pen-and-paper counterpart as possible.

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1 Overview

These theories formalise the following results from Milner’s book Communication and Concurrency.

- strong bisimilarity is a congruence
- strong bisimilarity respects the laws of structural congruence
- weak bisimilarity is preserved by all operators except sum
- weak congruence is a congruence
- all strongly bisimilar agents are also weakly congruent which in turn are weakly bisimilar. As a corollary, weak bisimilarity and weak congruence respect the laws of structural congruence.

The file naming convention is hopefully self explanatory, where the prefixes *Strong* and *Weak* denote that the file covers theories required to formalise properties of strong and weak bisimilarity respectively; if the file name contains *Sim* the theories cover simulation, file names containing *Bisim*

cover bisimulation, and file names containing *Cong* cover weak congruence; files with the suffix *Pres* deal with theories that reason about preservation properties of operators such as a certain simulation or bisimulation being preserved by a certain operator; files with the suffix *SC* reason about structural congruence.

For a complete exposition of all theories, please consult Bengtson's Ph. D. thesis [1].

2 Formalisation

```

theory Agent
  imports HOL-Nominal.Nominal
begin

atom-decl name

nominal-datatype act = actAction name ((|-) 100)
  | actCoAction name (<-) 100)
  | actTau ( $\tau$  100)

nominal-datatype ccs = CCSNil (0 115)
  | Action act ccs (-.- [120, 110] 110)
  | Sum ccs ccs (infixl  $\oplus$  90)
  | Par ccs ccs (infixl  $\parallel$  85)
  | Res <name> ccs (( $\nu$ -)- [105, 100] 100)
  | Bang ccs (!- [95])

nominal-primrec coAction :: act  $\Rightarrow$  act
where
  coAction ((|a|)) = (<a>)
  | coAction (<a>) = ((|a|))
  | coAction ( $\tau$ ) =  $\tau$ 
  <proof>

lemma coActionEqvt[eqvt]:
  fixes p :: name prm
  and a :: act

  shows (p  $\cdot$  coAction a) = coAction(p  $\cdot$  a)
  <proof>

lemma coActionSimps[simp]:
  fixes a :: act

  shows coAction(coAction a) = a
  and (coAction a =  $\tau$ ) = (a =  $\tau$ )
  <proof>

```

lemma *coActSimp*[*simp*]: **shows** $\text{coAction } \alpha \neq \tau = (\alpha \neq \tau)$ **and** $(\text{coAction } \alpha = \tau) = (\alpha = \tau)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *coActFresh*[*simp*]:

fixes $x :: \text{name}$
and $a :: \text{act}$

shows $x \# \text{coAction } a = x \# a$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *alphaRes*:

fixes $y :: \text{name}$
and $P :: \text{ccs}$
and $x :: \text{name}$

assumes $y \# P$

shows $(\nu x)P = (\nu y)((x, y) \cdot P)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

inductive semantics $:: \text{ccs} \Rightarrow \text{act} \Rightarrow \text{ccs} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ $(- \mapsto - \prec - [80, 80, 80] 80)$

where

Action: $\alpha.(P) \mapsto \alpha \prec P$
 | *Sum1*: $P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \Longrightarrow P \oplus Q \mapsto \alpha \prec P'$
 | *Sum2*: $Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \Longrightarrow P \oplus Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q'$
 | *Par1*: $P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \Longrightarrow P \parallel Q \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \parallel Q$
 | *Par2*: $Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \Longrightarrow P \parallel Q \mapsto \alpha \prec P \parallel Q'$
 | *Comm*: $\llbracket P \mapsto a \prec P'; Q \mapsto (\text{coAction } a) \prec Q'; a \neq \tau \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P \parallel Q \mapsto \tau \prec P' \parallel Q'$
 | *Res*: $\llbracket P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'; x \# \alpha \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (\nu x)P \mapsto \alpha \prec (\nu x)P'$
 | *Bang*: $P \parallel !P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \Longrightarrow !P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'$

equivariance semantics

nominal-inductive semantics

⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *semanticsInduct*:

$\llbracket R \mapsto \beta \prec R'; \bigwedge \alpha P C. \text{Prop } C (\alpha.(P)) \alpha P; \bigwedge P \alpha P' Q C. \llbracket P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'; \bigwedge C. \text{Prop } C P \alpha P' \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{Prop } C (\text{ccs.Sum } P Q) \alpha P';$
 $\bigwedge Q \alpha Q' P C. \llbracket Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q'; \bigwedge C. \text{Prop } C Q \alpha Q' \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{Prop } C (\text{ccs.Sum } P Q) \alpha Q';$
 $\bigwedge P \alpha P' Q C. \llbracket P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'; \bigwedge C. \text{Prop } C P \alpha P' \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{Prop } C (P \parallel Q) \alpha (P' \parallel Q);$
 $\bigwedge Q \alpha Q' P C. \llbracket Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q'; \bigwedge C. \text{Prop } C Q \alpha Q' \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{Prop } C (P \parallel Q) \alpha (P \parallel Q');$

$\wedge P a P' Q Q' C.$
 $\llbracket P \mapsto a \prec P'; \wedge C. Prop C P a P'; Q \mapsto (coAction a) \prec Q';$
 $\wedge C. Prop C Q (coAction a) Q'; a \neq \tau \rrbracket$
 $\implies Prop C (P \parallel Q) (\tau) (P' \parallel Q');$
 $\wedge P \alpha P' x C.$
 $\llbracket x \# C; P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'; \wedge C. Prop C P \alpha P'; x \# \alpha \rrbracket \implies Prop C ((\nu x)P) \alpha$
 $((\nu x)P');$
 $\wedge P \alpha P' C. \llbracket P \parallel !P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'; \wedge C. Prop C (P \parallel !P) \alpha P' \rrbracket \implies Prop C !P \alpha$
 P'

$\implies Prop (C::'a::fs-name) R \beta R'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma NilTrans[dest]:
shows $0 \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \implies False$
and $((b)).P \mapsto \langle c \rangle \prec P' \implies False$
and $((b)).P \mapsto \tau \prec P' \implies False$
and $((b)).P \mapsto \langle c \rangle \prec P' \implies False$
and $((b)).P \mapsto \tau \prec P' \implies False$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma freshDerivative:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $a :: act$
and $P' :: ccs$
and $x :: name$

assumes $P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'$
and $x \# P$

shows $x \# \alpha$ **and** $x \# P'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma actCases[consumes 1, case-names cAct]:
fixes $\alpha :: act$
and $P :: ccs$
and $\beta :: act$
and $P' :: ccs$

assumes $\alpha.(P) \mapsto \beta \prec P'$
and $Prop \alpha P$

shows $Prop \beta P'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma sumCases[consumes 1, case-names cSum1 cSum2]:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$

and $R :: ccs$

assumes $P \oplus Q \mapsto \alpha \prec R$
and $\bigwedge P'. P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \implies Prop P'$
and $\bigwedge Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \implies Prop Q'$

shows $Prop R$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $parCases[consumes\ 1, case-names\ cPar1\ cPar2\ cComm]:$
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $a :: act$
and $R :: ccs$

assumes $P \parallel Q \mapsto \alpha \prec R$
and $\bigwedge P'. P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \implies Prop\ \alpha\ (P' \parallel Q)$
and $\bigwedge Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \implies Prop\ \alpha\ (P \parallel Q')$
and $\bigwedge P' Q' a. \llbracket P \mapsto a \prec P'; Q \mapsto (coAction\ a) \prec Q'; a \neq \tau; \alpha = \tau \rrbracket \implies Prop\ (\tau)\ (P' \parallel Q')$

shows $Prop\ \alpha\ R$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $resCases[consumes\ 1, case-names\ cRes]:$
fixes $x :: name$
and $P :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $P' :: ccs$

assumes $(\nu x)P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'$
and $\bigwedge P'. \llbracket P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'; x \# \alpha \rrbracket \implies Prop\ ((\nu x)P')$

shows $Prop\ P'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

inductive $bangPred :: ccs \Rightarrow ccs \Rightarrow bool$
where
 $aux1: bangPred\ P\ (!P)$
 $| aux2: bangPred\ P\ (P \parallel !P)$

lemma $bangInduct[consumes\ 1, case-names\ cPar1\ cPar2\ cComm\ cBang]:$
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $P' :: ccs$
and $C :: 'a::fs-name$

assumes $!P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'$
and $rPar1: \bigwedge \alpha P' C. \llbracket P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \rrbracket \implies Prop\ C\ (P \parallel !P)\ \alpha\ (P' \parallel !P)$

and $rPar2: \bigwedge \alpha P' C. \llbracket !P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'; \bigwedge C. Prop\ C\ (!P) \alpha P' \rrbracket \implies Prop\ C\ (P \parallel !P) \alpha (P \parallel P')$
and $rComm: \bigwedge a P' P'' C. \llbracket P \mapsto a \prec P'; !P \mapsto (coAction\ a) \prec P''; \bigwedge C. Prop\ C\ (!P)\ (coAction\ a)\ P''; a \neq \tau \rrbracket \implies Prop\ C\ (P \parallel !P)\ (\tau)\ (P' \parallel P'')$
and $rBang: \bigwedge \alpha P' C. \llbracket P \parallel !P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'; \bigwedge C. Prop\ C\ (P \parallel !P) \alpha P' \rrbracket \implies Prop\ C\ (!P) \alpha P'$

shows $Prop\ C\ (!P) \alpha P'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

inductive-set $bangRel :: (ccs \times ccs)\ set \Rightarrow (ccs \times ccs)\ set$
for $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs)\ set$
where

$BRBang: (P, Q) \in Rel \implies (!P, !Q) \in bangRel\ Rel$
 $| BRPar: (R, T) \in Rel \implies (P, Q) \in (bangRel\ Rel) \implies (R \parallel P, T \parallel Q) \in (bangRel\ Rel)$

lemma $BRBangCases[consumes\ 1, case-names\ BRBang]:$

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs)\ set$
and $F :: ccs \Rightarrow bool$

assumes $(P, !Q) \in bangRel\ Rel$
and $\bigwedge P. (P, Q) \in Rel \implies F\ (!P)$

shows $F\ P$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $BRParCases[consumes\ 1, case-names\ BRPar]:$

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs)\ set$
and $F :: ccs \Rightarrow bool$

assumes $(P, Q \parallel !Q) \in bangRel\ Rel$
and $\bigwedge P R. \llbracket (P, Q) \in Rel; (R, !Q) \in bangRel\ Rel \rrbracket \implies F\ (P \parallel R)$

shows $F\ P$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $bangRelSubset:$

fixes $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs)\ set$
and $Rel' :: (ccs \times ccs)\ set$

assumes $(P, Q) \in bangRel\ Rel$
and $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in Rel \implies (P, Q) \in Rel'$

shows $(P, Q) \in \text{bangRel } \text{Rel}'$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

theory *Tau-Chain*
imports *Agent*
begin

definition *tauChain* :: $\text{ccs} \Rightarrow \text{ccs} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ $(- \Rightarrow_{\tau} - [80, 80] 80)$
where $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P' \equiv (P, P') \in \{(P, P') \mid P P'. P \mapsto_{\tau} \prec P'\}^*$

lemma *tauChainInduct*[*consumes 1, case-names Base Step*]:
assumes $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$
and $\text{Prop } P$
and $\bigwedge P' P''. [P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'; P' \mapsto_{\tau} \prec P''; \text{Prop } P'] \Rightarrow \text{Prop } P''$

shows $\text{Prop } P'$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *tauChainRefl*[*simp*]:
fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$

shows $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *tauChainCons*[*dest*]:
fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$
and $P' :: \text{ccs}$
and $P'' :: \text{ccs}$

assumes $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$
and $P' \mapsto_{\tau} \prec P''$

shows $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P''$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *tauChainCons2*[*dest*]:
fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$
and $P' :: \text{ccs}$
and $P'' :: \text{ccs}$

assumes $P' \mapsto_{\tau} \prec P''$
and $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$

shows $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P''$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *tauChainAppend*[*dest*]:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $P' :: ccs$
and $P'' :: ccs$

assumes $P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'$
and $P' \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P''$

shows $P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P''$
<proof>

lemma *tauChainSum1*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $P' :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'$
and $P \neq P'$

shows $P \oplus Q \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'$
<proof>

lemma *tauChainSum2*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $P' :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $Q \Longrightarrow_{\tau} Q'$
and $Q \neq Q'$

shows $P \oplus Q \Longrightarrow_{\tau} Q'$
<proof>

lemma *tauChainPar1*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $P' :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'$

shows $P \parallel Q \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P' \parallel Q$
<proof>

lemma *tauChainPar2*:

fixes $Q :: ccs$
and $Q' :: ccs$
and $P :: ccs$

assumes $Q \Longrightarrow_{\tau} Q'$

shows $P \parallel Q \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P \parallel Q'$
<proof>

lemma *tauChainRes*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $P' :: ccs$
and $x :: name$

assumes $P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'$

shows $(\nu x)P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} (\nu x)P'$
<proof>

lemma *tauChainRepl*:

fixes $P :: ccs$

assumes $P \parallel !P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'$
and $P' \neq P \parallel !P$

shows $!P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'$
<proof>

end

theory *Weak-Cong-Semantics*

imports *Tau-Chain*

begin

definition *weakCongTrans* :: $ccs \Rightarrow act \Rightarrow ccs \Rightarrow bool$ ($- \Longrightarrow_{\alpha} - \prec -$ [80, 80, 80]
80)

where $P \Longrightarrow_{\alpha} \prec P' \equiv \exists P'' P'''. P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'' \wedge P'' \mapsto_{\alpha} \prec P''' \wedge P''' \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'$

lemma *weakCongTransE*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $P' :: ccs$

assumes $P \Longrightarrow_{\alpha} \prec P'$

obtains $P'' P'''$ **where** $P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P''$ **and** $P'' \mapsto_{\alpha} \prec P'''$ **and** $P''' \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'$
<proof>

lemma *weakCongTransI*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $P'' :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $P''' :: ccs$
and $P' :: ccs$

assumes $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P''$
and $P'' \mapsto_{\alpha} \prec P'''$
and $P''' \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$

shows $P \Rightarrow_{\alpha} \prec P'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *transitionWeakCongTransition:*

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $P' :: ccs$

assumes $P \mapsto_{\alpha} \prec P'$

shows $P \Rightarrow_{\alpha} \prec P'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *weakCongAction:*

fixes $a :: name$
and $P :: ccs$

shows $\alpha.(P) \Rightarrow_{\alpha} \prec P$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *weakCongSum1:*

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $P' :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \Rightarrow_{\alpha} \prec P'$

shows $P \oplus Q \Rightarrow_{\alpha} \prec P'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *weakCongSum2:*

fixes $Q :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $Q' :: ccs$
and $P :: ccs$

assumes $Q \Rightarrow_{\alpha} \prec Q'$

shows $P \oplus Q \Rightarrow_{\alpha} \prec Q'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *weakCongPar1:*

fixes $P :: ccs$

```

and  $\alpha :: act$ 
and  $P' :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 

assumes  $P \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P'$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P' \parallel Q$ 
<proof>

lemma weakCongPar2:
fixes  $Q :: ccs$ 
and  $\alpha :: act$ 
and  $Q' :: ccs$ 
and  $P :: ccs$ 

assumes  $Q \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec Q'$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P \parallel Q'$ 
<proof>

lemma weakCongSync:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $\alpha :: act$ 
and  $P' :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 

assumes  $P \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P'$ 
and  $Q \Longrightarrow (coAction\ \alpha) \prec Q'$ 
and  $\alpha \neq \tau$ 

shows  $P \parallel Q \Longrightarrow \tau \prec P' \parallel Q'$ 
<proof>

lemma weakCongRes:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $\alpha :: act$ 
and  $P' :: ccs$ 
and  $x :: name$ 

assumes  $P \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P'$ 
and  $x \# \alpha$ 

shows  $(\nu x)P \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec (\nu x)P'$ 
<proof>

lemma weakCongRepl:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $\alpha :: act$ 
and  $P' :: ccs$ 

```

```

assumes  $P \parallel !P \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P'$ 

shows  $!P \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P'$ 
<proof>

end

theory Weak-Semantics
  imports Weak-Cong-Semantics
begin

definition weakTrans ::  $ccs \Rightarrow act \Rightarrow ccs \Rightarrow bool$  ( $- \Longrightarrow \hat{-} \prec -$  [80, 80, 80] 80)
  where  $P \Longrightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec P' \equiv P \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P' \vee (\alpha = \tau \wedge P = P')$ 

lemma weakEmptyTrans[simp]:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 

  shows  $P \Longrightarrow \hat{\tau} \prec P$ 
  <proof>

lemma weakTransCases[consumes 1, case-names Base Step]:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $\alpha :: act$ 
  and  $P' :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $P \Longrightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec P'$ 
  and  $\llbracket \alpha = \tau; P = P' \rrbracket \Longrightarrow Prop (\tau) P$ 
  and  $P \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P' \Longrightarrow Prop \alpha P'$ 

  shows  $Prop \alpha P'$ 
  <proof>

lemma weakCongTransitionWeakTransition:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $\alpha :: act$ 
  and  $P' :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $P \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P'$ 

  shows  $P \Longrightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec P'$ 
  <proof>

lemma transitionWeakTransition:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $\alpha :: act$ 
  and  $P' :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $P \vdash \alpha \prec P'$ 

```

shows $P \Longrightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec P'$
<proof>

lemma *weakAction*:
fixes $a :: name$
and $P :: ccs$

shows $\alpha.(P) \Longrightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec P$
<proof>

lemma *weakSum1*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $P' :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \Longrightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec P'$
and $P \neq P'$

shows $P \oplus Q \Longrightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec P'$
<proof>

lemma *weakSum2*:
fixes $Q :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $Q' :: ccs$
and $P :: ccs$

assumes $Q \Longrightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec Q'$
and $Q \neq Q'$

shows $P \oplus Q \Longrightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec Q'$
<proof>

lemma *weakPar1*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $P' :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \Longrightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec P'$

shows $P \parallel Q \Longrightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec P' \parallel Q$
<proof>

lemma *weakPar2*:
fixes $Q :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$

```

and   Q' :: ccs
and   P  :: ccs

assumes Q  $\Longrightarrow$   $\hat{\alpha} \prec Q'$ 

shows P || Q  $\Longrightarrow$   $\hat{\alpha} \prec P || Q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma weakSync:
fixes P :: ccs
and    $\alpha$  :: act
and   P' :: ccs
and   Q  :: ccs

assumes P  $\Longrightarrow$   $\hat{\alpha} \prec P'$ 
and     Q  $\Longrightarrow$   $\hat{(coAction\ \alpha)} \prec Q'$ 
and      $\alpha \neq \tau$ 

shows P || Q  $\Longrightarrow$   $\hat{\tau} \prec P' || Q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma weakRes:
fixes P :: ccs
and    $\alpha$  :: act
and   P' :: ccs
and   x  :: name

assumes P  $\Longrightarrow$   $\hat{\alpha} \prec P'$ 
and     x  $\# \alpha$ 

shows ( $\nu x$ )P  $\Longrightarrow$   $\hat{\alpha} \prec (\nu x)P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma weakRepl:
fixes P :: ccs
and    $\alpha$  :: act
and   P' :: ccs

assumes P || !P  $\Longrightarrow$   $\hat{\alpha} \prec P'$ 
and     P'  $\neq P || !P$ 

shows !P  $\Longrightarrow$   $\alpha \prec P'$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Strong-Sim
imports Agent
begin

```

definition *simulation* :: *ccs* \Rightarrow (*ccs* \times *ccs*) *set* \Rightarrow *ccs* \Rightarrow *bool* ($- \rightsquigarrow[-]$ - [80, 80, 80] 80)

where

$P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q \equiv \forall a Q'. Q \mapsto a \prec Q' \longrightarrow (\exists P'. P \mapsto a \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel)$

lemma *simI*[*case-names Sim*]:

fixes $P :: ccs$

and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $\bigwedge \alpha Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \Longrightarrow \exists P'. P \mapsto \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$

<proof>

lemma *simE*:

fixes $P :: ccs$

and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

and $Q :: ccs$

and $\alpha :: act$

and $Q' :: ccs$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$

and $Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q'$

obtains P' **where** $P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'$ **and** $(P', Q') \in Rel$

<proof>

lemma *reflexive*:

fixes $P :: ccs$

and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $Id \subseteq Rel$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] P$

<proof>

lemma *transitive*:

fixes $P :: ccs$

and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

and $Q :: ccs$

and $Rel' :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

and $R :: ccs$

and $Rel'' :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$

and $Q \rightsquigarrow[Rel'] R$

and $Rel \circ Rel' \subseteq Rel''$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel'] R$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

theory *Weak-Sim*
imports *Weak-Semantics Strong-Sim*
begin

definition *weakSimulation* :: $ccs \Rightarrow (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set} \Rightarrow ccs \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ $(- \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle - \rangle -$
 $[80, 80, 80] 80)$

where

$P \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle Rel \rangle Q \equiv \forall a Q'. Q \mapsto a \prec Q' \longrightarrow (\exists P'. P \Longrightarrow^{\wedge} a \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel)$

lemma *weakSimI*[*case-names Sim*]:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $\bigwedge \alpha Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \Longrightarrow \exists P'. P \Longrightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle Rel \rangle Q$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *weakSimE*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: \text{act}$
and $Q' :: ccs$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle Rel \rangle Q$
and $Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q'$

obtains P' **where** $P \Longrightarrow^{\wedge} \alpha \prec P'$ **and** $(P', Q') \in Rel$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *simTauChain*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $Q' :: ccs$

assumes $Q \Longrightarrow_{\tau} Q'$
and $(P, Q) \in Rel$
and $Sim: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in Rel \Longrightarrow R \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle Rel \rangle S$

obtains P' **where** $P \Rightarrow_{\tau} P'$ **and** $(P', Q') \in Rel$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *simE2*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $Q' :: ccs$

assumes $(P, Q) \in Rel$
and $Q \Rightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec Q'$
and $Sim: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in Rel \Rightarrow R \rightsquigarrow \hat{\langle Rel \rangle} S$

obtains P' **where** $P \Rightarrow \hat{\alpha} \prec P'$ **and** $(P', Q') \in Rel$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *reflexive*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $Id \subseteq Rel$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow \hat{\langle Rel \rangle} P$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *transitive*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $Rel' :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $R :: ccs$
and $Rel'' :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $(P, Q) \in Rel$
and $Q \rightsquigarrow \hat{\langle Rel' \rangle} R$
and $Rel \circ Rel' \subseteq Rel''$
and $\bigwedge S T. (S, T) \in Rel \Rightarrow S \rightsquigarrow \hat{\langle Rel \rangle} T$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow \hat{\langle Rel'' \rangle} R$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *weakMonotonic*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $A :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $B :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow \hat{\langle A \rangle} Q$

```

and     $A \subseteq B$ 

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{<B>}} Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma simWeakSim:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and   $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 
  and   $Q :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{<Rel>}} Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Cong-Sim
  imports Weak-Cong-Semantics Weak-Sim Strong-Sim
begin

definition weakCongSimulation ::  $ccs \Rightarrow (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set} \Rightarrow ccs \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  ( $- \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{<->}} -$ 
 $[80, 80, 80] 80$ )
where
   $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{<Rel>}} Q \equiv \forall a Q'. Q \mapsto a \prec Q' \longrightarrow (\exists P'. P \Longrightarrow a \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel)$ 

lemma weakSimI[case-names Sim]:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and   $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 
  and   $Q :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $\bigwedge \alpha Q'. Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q' \Longrightarrow \exists P'. P \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P' \wedge (P', Q') \in Rel$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{<Rel>}} Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma weakSimE:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and   $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 
  and   $Q :: ccs$ 
  and   $\alpha :: \text{act}$ 
  and   $Q' :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{<Rel>}} Q$ 
  and     $Q \mapsto \alpha \prec Q'$ 

  obtains  $P'$  where  $P \Longrightarrow \alpha \prec P'$  and  $(P', Q') \in Rel$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

lemma *simWeakSim*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow\langle Rel \rangle Q$
(*proof*)

lemma *weakCongSimWeakSim*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow\langle Rel \rangle Q$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge}\langle Rel \rangle Q$
(*proof*)

lemma *test*:

assumes $P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'$

shows $P = P' \vee (\exists P''. P \longmapsto_{\tau} \prec P'' \wedge P'' \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P')$
(*proof*)

lemma *tauChainCasesSym*[*consumes 1, case-names cTauNil cTauStep*]:

assumes $P \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P'$
and $Prop P$
and $\bigwedge P''. \llbracket P \longmapsto_{\tau} \prec P''; P'' \Longrightarrow_{\tau} P' \rrbracket \Longrightarrow Prop P'$

shows $Prop P'$
(*proof*)

lemma *simE2*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$
and $Q' :: ccs$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow\langle Rel \rangle Q$

and $Q \Longrightarrow_{\alpha} \prec Q'$

and $Sim: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in Rel \Longrightarrow R \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge}\langle Rel \rangle S$

obtains P' **where** $P \Longrightarrow_{\alpha} \prec P'$ **and** $(P', Q') \in Rel$
(*proof*)

```

lemma reflexive:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 

  assumes  $Id \subseteq Rel$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle P$ 
  <proof>

lemma transitive:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 
  and  $Q :: ccs$ 
  and  $Rel' :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 
  and  $R :: ccs$ 
  and  $Rel'' :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 

  assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle Q$ 
  and  $Q \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel' \rangle R$ 
  and  $Rel \circ Rel' \subseteq Rel''$ 
  and  $\bigwedge S T. (S, T) \in Rel \implies S \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel \rangle T$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle Rel'' \rangle R$ 
  <proof>

lemma weakMonotonic:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $A :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 
  and  $Q :: ccs$ 
  and  $B :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 

  assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle A \rangle Q$ 
  and  $A \subseteq B$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow \langle B \rangle Q$ 
  <proof>

end

theory Strong-Sim-SC
  imports Strong-Sim
  begin

lemma resNilLeft:
  fixes  $x :: name$ 

  shows  $(\nu x) \mathbf{0} \rightsquigarrow [Rel] \mathbf{0}$ 
  <proof>

```

lemma *resNilRight*:
fixes $x :: name$

shows $0 \rightsquigarrow[Rel] (\nu x)0$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *test[simp]*:
fixes $x :: name$
and $P :: ccs$

shows $x \# [x].P$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *scopeExtSumLeft*:
fixes $x :: name$
and $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $x \# P$
and $C1: \bigwedge y R. y \# R \implies ((\nu y)R, R) \in Rel$
and $Id \subseteq Rel$

shows $(\nu x)(P \oplus Q) \rightsquigarrow[Rel] P \oplus (\nu x)Q$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *scopeExtSumRight*:
fixes $x :: name$
and $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $x \# P$
and $C1: \bigwedge y R. y \# R \implies (R, (\nu y)R) \in Rel$
and $Id \subseteq Rel$

shows $P \oplus (\nu x)Q \rightsquigarrow[Rel] (\nu x)(P \oplus Q)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *scopeExtLeft*:
fixes $x :: name$
and $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $x \# P$
and $C1: \bigwedge y R T. y \# R \implies ((\nu y)(R \parallel T), R \parallel (\nu y)T) \in Rel$

shows $(\nu x)(P \parallel Q) \rightsquigarrow[Rel] P \parallel (\nu x)Q$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *scopeExtRight*:

fixes $x :: name$
and $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $x \# P$
and $CI: \bigwedge y R T. y \# R \implies (R \parallel (\nu y)T, (\nu y)(R \parallel T)) \in Rel$

shows $P \parallel (\nu x)Q \rightsquigarrow[Rel] (\nu x)(P \parallel Q)$
<proof>

lemma *sumComm*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $Id \subseteq Rel$

shows $P \oplus Q \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q \oplus P$
<proof>

lemma *sumAssocLeft*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $R :: ccs$

assumes $Id \subseteq Rel$

shows $(P \oplus Q) \oplus R \rightsquigarrow[Rel] P \oplus (Q \oplus R)$
<proof>

lemma *sumAssocRight*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $R :: ccs$

assumes $Id \subseteq Rel$

shows $P \oplus (Q \oplus R) \rightsquigarrow[Rel] (P \oplus Q) \oplus R$
<proof>

lemma *sumIdLeft*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $Id \subseteq Rel$

shows $P \oplus \mathbf{0} \rightsquigarrow[Rel] P$
<proof>

lemma *sumIdRight*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $Id \subseteq Rel$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] P \oplus \mathbf{0}$
<proof>

lemma *parComm*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $C1: \bigwedge R T. (R \parallel T, T \parallel R) \in Rel$

shows $P \parallel Q \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q \parallel P$
<proof>

lemma *parAssocLeft*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $R :: ccs$

assumes $C1: \bigwedge S T U. ((S \parallel T) \parallel U, S \parallel (T \parallel U)) \in Rel$

shows $(P \parallel Q) \parallel R \rightsquigarrow[Rel] P \parallel (Q \parallel R)$
<proof>

lemma *parAssocRight*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $R :: ccs$

assumes $C1: \bigwedge S T U. (S \parallel (T \parallel U), (S \parallel T) \parallel U) \in Rel$

shows $P \parallel (Q \parallel R) \rightsquigarrow[Rel] (P \parallel Q) \parallel R$
<proof>

lemma *parIdLeft*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $\bigwedge Q. (Q \parallel \mathbf{0}, Q) \in Rel$

shows $P \parallel \mathbf{0} \rightsquigarrow[Rel] P$
<proof>

lemma *parIdRight*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

```

assumes  $\bigwedge Q. (Q, Q \parallel \mathbf{0}) \in Rel$ 

shows  $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] P \parallel \mathbf{0}$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

declare fresh-atm[simp]

lemma resActLeft:
  fixes  $x :: name$ 
  and  $\alpha :: act$ 
  and  $P :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $x \# \alpha$ 
  and  $Id \subseteq Rel$ 

  shows  $(\nu x)(\alpha.(P)) \rightsquigarrow[Rel] (\alpha.(\nu x)P)$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma resActRight:
  fixes  $x :: name$ 
  and  $\alpha :: act$ 
  and  $P :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $x \# \alpha$ 
  and  $Id \subseteq Rel$ 

  shows  $\alpha.(\nu x)P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] (\nu x)(\alpha.(P))$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma resComm:
  fixes  $x :: name$ 
  and  $y :: name$ 
  and  $P :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $\bigwedge Q. ((\nu x)((\nu y)Q), (\nu y)((\nu x)Q)) \in Rel$ 

  shows  $(\nu x)((\nu y)P) \rightsquigarrow[Rel] (\nu y)((\nu x)P)$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

inductive-cases bangCases[simplified ccs.distinct act.distinct]:  $!P \mapsto \alpha \prec P'$ 

lemma bangUnfoldLeft:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $Id \subseteq Rel$ 

  shows  $P \parallel !P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] !P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```


lemma *bangUnfoldRight*:

fixes $P :: ccs$

assumes $Id \subseteq Rel$

shows $!P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] P \parallel !P$

<proof>

end

theory *Strong-Bisim*

imports *Strong-Sim*

begin

lemma *monotonic*:

fixes $P :: ccs$

and $A :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

and $Q :: ccs$

and $B :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow[A] Q$

and $A \subseteq B$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow[B] Q$

<proof>

lemma *monoCoinduct*: $\bigwedge x y xa xb P Q.$

$x \leq y \implies$

$(Q \rightsquigarrow[\{(xb, xa). x xb xa\}] P) \longrightarrow$

$(Q \rightsquigarrow[\{(xb, xa). y xb xa\}] P)$

<proof>

coinductive-set *bisim* :: $(ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

where

$\llbracket P \rightsquigarrow[bisim] Q; (Q, P) \in bisim \rrbracket \implies (P, Q) \in bisim$

monos *monoCoinduct*

abbreviation

bisimJudge $(- \sim - [70, 70] 65)$ **where** $P \sim Q \equiv (P, Q) \in bisim$

lemma *bisimCoinductAux*[*consumes 1*]:

fixes $P :: ccs$

and $Q :: ccs$

and $X :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $(P, Q) \in X$

and $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow[(X \cup bisim)] Q \wedge (Q, P) \in X$

shows $P \sim Q$
<proof>

lemma *bisimCoinduct*[*consumes 1, case-names cSim cSym*]:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $X :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $(P, Q) \in X$
and $\bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies R \rightsquigarrow[(X \cup \text{bisim})] S$
and $\bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies (S, R) \in X$

shows $P \sim Q$
<proof>

lemma *bisimWeakCoinductAux*[*consumes 1*]:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $X :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $(P, Q) \in X$
and $\bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies R \rightsquigarrow[X] S \wedge (S, R) \in X$

shows $P \sim Q$
<proof>

lemma *bisimWeakCoinduct*[*consumes 1, case-names cSim cSym*]:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $X :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $(P, Q) \in X$
and $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow[X] Q$
and $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies (Q, P) \in X$

shows $P \sim Q$
<proof>

lemma *bisimE*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \sim Q$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow[\text{bisim}] Q$
and $Q \sim P$
<proof>

lemma *bisimI*:

```

fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow[bisim] Q$ 
and  $Q \sim P$ 

shows  $P \sim Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma reflexive:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 

shows  $P \sim P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma symmetric:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 

assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

shows  $Q \sim P$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma transitive:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 
and  $R :: ccs$ 

assumes  $P \sim Q$ 
and  $Q \sim R$ 

shows  $P \sim R$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma bisimTransCoinduct $[consumes 1, case-names cSim cSym]:$ 
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 

assumes  $(P, Q) \in X$ 
and  $rSim: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies R \rightsquigarrow[(bisim \ O \ X \ O \ bisim)] S$ 
and  $rSym: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies (S, R) \in X$ 

shows  $P \sim Q$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

theory Strong-Sim-Pres

```

imports *Strong-Sim*
begin

lemma *actPres*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $a :: name$
and $Rel' :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $(P, Q) \in Rel$

shows $\alpha.(P) \rightsquigarrow[Rel] \alpha.(Q)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *sumPres*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$
and $Rel \subseteq Rel'$
and $Id \subseteq Rel'$

shows $P \oplus R \rightsquigarrow[Rel'] Q \oplus R$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *parPresAux*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$
and $(P, Q) \in Rel$
and $R \rightsquigarrow[Rel'] T$
and $(R, T) \in Rel'$
and $CI: \bigwedge P' Q' R' T'. \llbracket (P', Q') \in Rel; (R', T') \in Rel' \rrbracket \implies (P' \parallel R', Q' \parallel T') \in Rel''$

shows $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow[Rel''] Q \parallel T$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *parPres*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$
and $(P, Q) \in Rel$

and $C1: \bigwedge S T U. (S, T) \in Rel \implies (S \parallel U, T \parallel U) \in Rel'$

shows $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow[Rel'] Q \parallel R$
<proof>

lemma *resPres*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $x :: name$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow[Rel] Q$
and $\bigwedge R S y. (R, S) \in Rel \implies ((\nu y)R, (\nu y)S) \in Rel'$

shows $(\nu x)P \rightsquigarrow[Rel'] (\nu x)Q$
<proof>

lemma *bangPres*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $(P, Q) \in Rel$
and $C1: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in Rel \implies R \rightsquigarrow[Rel] S$

shows $!P \rightsquigarrow[bangRel Rel] !Q$
<proof>

end

theory *Strong-Bisim-Pres*
imports *Strong-Bisim Strong-Sim-Pres*
begin

lemma *actPres*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$

assumes $P \sim Q$

shows $\alpha.(P) \sim \alpha.(Q)$
<proof>

lemma *sumPres*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $R :: ccs$

```

assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

shows  $P \oplus R \sim Q \oplus R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma parPres:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $Q :: ccs$ 
  and  $R :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

  shows  $P \parallel R \sim Q \parallel R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma resPres:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $Q :: ccs$ 
  and  $x :: name$ 

  assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

  shows  $(\nu x)P \sim (\nu x)Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma bangPres:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $Q :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $P \sim Q$ 

  shows  $!P \sim !Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Struct-Cong
  imports Agent
begin

inductive structCong ::  $ccs \Rightarrow ccs \Rightarrow bool$  ( $- \equiv_s -$ )
  where
    RefI:  $P \equiv_s P$ 
  | Sym:  $P \equiv_s Q \Longrightarrow Q \equiv_s P$ 
  | Trans:  $\llbracket P \equiv_s Q; Q \equiv_s R \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P \equiv_s R$ 

  | ParComm:  $P \parallel Q \equiv_s Q \parallel P$ 
  | ParAssoc:  $(P \parallel Q) \parallel R \equiv_s P \parallel (Q \parallel R)$ 
  | ParId:  $P \parallel \mathbf{0} \equiv_s P$ 

```

| *SumComm*: $P \oplus Q \equiv_s Q \oplus P$
 | *SumAssoc*: $(P \oplus Q) \oplus R \equiv_s P \oplus (Q \oplus R)$
 | *SumId*: $P \oplus \mathbf{0} \equiv_s P$

| *ResNil*: $(\nu x)\mathbf{0} \equiv_s \mathbf{0}$
 | *ScopeExtPar*: $x \# P \implies (\nu x)(P \parallel Q) \equiv_s P \parallel (\nu x)Q$
 | *ScopeExtSum*: $x \# P \implies (\nu x)(P \oplus Q) \equiv_s P \oplus (\nu x)Q$
 | *ScopeAct*: $x \# \alpha \implies (\nu x)(\alpha.(P)) \equiv_s \alpha.(\nu x)P$
 | *ScopeCommAux*: $x \neq y \implies (\nu x)((\nu y)P) \equiv_s (\nu y)((\nu x)P)$

| *BangUnfold*: $!P \equiv_s P \parallel !P$
equivariance *structCong*
nominal-inductive *structCong*
 <proof>

lemma *ScopeComm*:

fixes $x :: name$
and $y :: name$
and $P :: ccs$

shows $(\nu x)((\nu y)P) \equiv_s (\nu y)((\nu x)P)$
 <proof>

end

theory *Strong-Bisim-SC*

imports *Strong-Sim-SC Strong-Bisim-Pres Struct-Cong*
begin

lemma *resNil*:

fixes $x :: name$

shows $(\nu x)\mathbf{0} \sim \mathbf{0}$
 <proof>

lemma *scopeExt*:

fixes $x :: name$
and $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $x \# P$

shows $(\nu x)(P \parallel Q) \sim P \parallel (\nu x)Q$
 <proof>

lemma *sumComm*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

shows $P \oplus Q \sim Q \oplus P$
<proof>

lemma *sumAssoc*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $R :: ccs$

shows $(P \oplus Q) \oplus R \sim P \oplus (Q \oplus R)$
<proof>

lemma *sumId*:
fixes $P :: ccs$

shows $P \oplus \mathbf{0} \sim P$
<proof>

lemma *parComm*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

shows $P \parallel Q \sim Q \parallel P$
<proof>

lemma *parAssoc*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $R :: ccs$

shows $(P \parallel Q) \parallel R \sim P \parallel (Q \parallel R)$
<proof>

lemma *parId*:
fixes $P :: ccs$

shows $P \parallel \mathbf{0} \sim P$
<proof>

lemma *scopeFresh*:
fixes $x :: name$
and $P :: ccs$

assumes $x \# P$

shows $(\nu x)P \sim P$
<proof>

lemma *scopeExtSum*:


```

fixes  $x :: name$ 
and  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 

assumes  $x \# P$ 

shows  $(\nu x)(P \oplus Q) \sim P \oplus (\nu x)Q$ 
<proof>

lemma resAct:
fixes  $x :: name$ 
and  $\alpha :: act$ 
and  $P :: ccs$ 

assumes  $x \# \alpha$ 

shows  $(\nu x)(\alpha.(P)) \sim \alpha.(\nu x)P$ 
<proof>

lemma resComm:
fixes  $x :: name$ 
and  $y :: name$ 
and  $P :: ccs$ 

shows  $(\nu x)((\nu y)P) \sim (\nu y)((\nu x)P)$ 
<proof>

lemma bangUnfold:
fixes  $P$ 

shows  $!P \sim P \parallel !P$ 
<proof>

lemma bisimStructCong:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 

assumes  $P \equiv_s Q$ 

shows  $P \sim Q$ 
<proof>

end

theory Weak-Bisim
imports Weak-Sim Strong-Bisim-SC Struct-Cong
begin

lemma weakMonoCoinduct:  $\bigwedge x y xa xb P Q.$ 

```

$$\begin{aligned}
& x \leq y \implies \\
& (Q \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle \{(xb, xa). x \text{ } xb \text{ } xa \} \rangle P) \longrightarrow \\
& (Q \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle \{(xb, xa). y \text{ } xb \text{ } xa \} \rangle P)
\end{aligned}$$

<proof>

coinductive-set *weakBisimulation* :: (ccs × ccs) set

where

$\llbracket P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle \text{weakBisimulation} \rangle Q; (Q, P) \in \text{weakBisimulation} \rrbracket \implies (P, Q) \in \text{weakBisimulation}$

monos *weakMonoCoinduct*

abbreviation

weakBisimJudge (- ≈ - [70, 70] 65) **where** $P \approx Q \equiv (P, Q) \in \text{weakBisimulation}$

lemma *weakBisimulationCoinductAux*[consumes 1]:

fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$

and $Q :: \text{ccs}$

and $X :: (\text{ccs} \times \text{ccs}) \text{ set}$

assumes $(P, Q) \in X$

and $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle (X \cup \text{weakBisimulation}) \rangle Q \wedge (Q, P) \in X$

shows $P \approx Q$

<proof>

lemma *weakBisimulationCoinduct*[consumes 1, case-names *cSim cSym*]:

fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$

and $Q :: \text{ccs}$

and $X :: (\text{ccs} \times \text{ccs}) \text{ set}$

assumes $(P, Q) \in X$

and $\bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies R \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle (X \cup \text{weakBisimulation}) \rangle S$

and $\bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies (S, R) \in X$

shows $P \approx Q$

<proof>

lemma *weakBisimWeakCoinductAux*[consumes 1]:

fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$

and $Q :: \text{ccs}$

and $X :: (\text{ccs} \times \text{ccs}) \text{ set}$

assumes $(P, Q) \in X$

and $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle X \rangle Q \wedge (Q, P) \in X$

shows $P \approx Q$

<proof>

lemma *weakBisimWeakCoinduct*[*consumes 1, case-names cSim cSym*]:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $X :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $(P, Q) \in X$
and $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\langle X \rangle} Q$
and $\bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies (Q, P) \in X$

shows $P \approx Q$
<proof>

lemma *weakBisimulationE*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \approx Q$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow^{\langle \text{weakBisimulation} \rangle} Q$
and $Q \approx P$
<proof>

lemma *weakBisimulationI*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow^{\langle \text{weakBisimulation} \rangle} Q$
and $Q \approx P$

shows $P \approx Q$
<proof>

lemma *reflexive*:

fixes $P :: ccs$

shows $P \approx P$
<proof>

lemma *symmetric*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \approx Q$

shows $Q \approx P$
<proof>

lemma *transitive*:

fixes $P :: ccs$

and $Q :: ccs$
and $R :: ccs$

assumes $P \approx Q$
and $Q \approx R$

shows $P \approx R$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *bisimWeakBisimulation*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \sim Q$

shows $P \approx Q$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *structCongWeakBisimulation*:
fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \equiv_s Q$

shows $P \approx Q$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *strongAppend*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $R :: ccs$
and $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Rel' :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$
and $Rel'' :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$

assumes $PSimQ: P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel \rangle Q$
and $QSimR: Q \rightsquigarrow^{[Rel']} R$
and $Trans: Rel \circ Rel' \subseteq Rel''$

shows $P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel'' \rangle R$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *weakBisimWeakUpto*[*case-names cSim cSym, consumes 1*]:

assumes $p: (P, Q) \in X$
and $rSim: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle weakBisimulation \circ X \circ bisim \rangle Q$
and $rSym: \bigwedge P Q. (P, Q) \in X \implies (Q, P) \in X$

shows $P \approx Q$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma weakBisimUpto[case-names cSim cSym, consumes 1]:
  assumes  $p: (P, Q) \in X$ 
  and  $rSim: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies R \rightsquigarrow^{\langle weakBisimulation\ O\ (X \cup weakBisimulation)\ O\ bisim \rangle} S$ 
  and  $rSym: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in X \implies (S, R) \in X$ 

  shows  $P \approx Q$ 
  \langle proof \rangle

end

theory Weak-Cong
  imports Weak-Cong-Sim Weak-Bisim Strong-Bisim-SC
begin

definition weakCongruence ::  $ccs \Rightarrow ccs \Rightarrow bool$  ( $- \cong -$  [70, 70] 65)
where
   $P \cong Q \equiv P \rightsquigarrow^{\langle weakBisimulation \rangle} Q \wedge Q \rightsquigarrow^{\langle weakBisimulation \rangle} P$ 

lemma weakCongruenceE:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $Q :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $P \cong Q$ 

  shows  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\langle weakBisimulation \rangle} Q$ 
  and  $Q \rightsquigarrow^{\langle weakBisimulation \rangle} P$ 
  \langle proof \rangle

lemma weakCongruenceI:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $Q :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\langle weakBisimulation \rangle} Q$ 
  and  $Q \rightsquigarrow^{\langle weakBisimulation \rangle} P$ 

  shows  $P \cong Q$ 
  \langle proof \rangle

lemma weakCongISym[consumes 1, case-names cSym cSim]:
  fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
  and  $Q :: ccs$ 

  assumes  $Prop\ P\ Q$ 
  and  $\bigwedge P\ Q. Prop\ P\ Q \implies Prop\ Q\ P$ 
  and  $\bigwedge P\ Q. Prop\ P\ Q \implies (F\ P) \rightsquigarrow^{\langle weakBisimulation \rangle} (F\ Q)$ 

  shows  $F\ P \cong F\ Q$ 

```

<proof>

lemma *weakCongISym2*[*consumes 1, case-names cSim*]:

fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$
and $Q :: \text{ccs}$

assumes $P \cong Q$
and $\bigwedge P Q. P \cong Q \implies (F P) \rightsquigarrow\langle \text{weakBisimulation} \rangle (F Q)$

shows $F P \cong F Q$
<proof>

lemma *reflexive*:

fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$

shows $P \cong P$
<proof>

lemma *symmetric*:

fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$
and $Q :: \text{ccs}$

assumes $P \cong Q$
shows $Q \cong P$
<proof>

lemma *transitive*:

fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$
and $Q :: \text{ccs}$
and $R :: \text{ccs}$

assumes $P \cong Q$
and $Q \cong R$
shows $P \cong R$
<proof>

lemma *bisimWeakCongruence*:

fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$
and $Q :: \text{ccs}$

assumes $P \sim Q$
shows $P \cong Q$
<proof>

lemma *structCongWeakCongruence*:

fixes $P :: \text{ccs}$

```

and  $Q :: ccs$ 

assumes  $P \equiv_s Q$ 

shows  $P \cong Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma weakCongruenceWeakBisimulation:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 

assumes  $P \cong Q$ 

shows  $P \approx Q$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

theory Weak-Sim-Pres
imports Weak-Sim
begin

lemma actPres:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 
and  $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 
and  $a :: \text{name}$ 
and  $Rel' :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 

assumes  $(P, Q) \in Rel$ 

shows  $\alpha.(P) \rightsquigarrow^{\langle Rel \rangle} \alpha.(Q)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma sumPres:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 
and  $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow^{\langle Rel \rangle} Q$ 
and  $Rel \subseteq Rel'$ 
and  $Id \subseteq Rel'$ 
and  $C1: \bigwedge S T U. (S, T) \in Rel \implies (S \oplus U, T) \in Rel'$ 

shows  $P \oplus R \rightsquigarrow^{\langle Rel' \rangle} Q \oplus R$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma parPresAux:

```

fixes $P \quad :: \text{ccs}$
and $Q \quad :: \text{ccs}$
and $R \quad :: \text{ccs}$
and $T \quad :: \text{ccs}$
and $Rel \quad :: (\text{ccs} \times \text{ccs}) \text{ set}$
and $Rel' \quad :: (\text{ccs} \times \text{ccs}) \text{ set}$
and $Rel'' \quad :: (\text{ccs} \times \text{ccs}) \text{ set}$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle Rel \rangle Q$
and $(P, Q) \in Rel$
and $R \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle Rel' \rangle T$
and $(R, T) \in Rel'$
and $C1: \bigwedge P' Q' R' T'. \llbracket (P', Q') \in Rel; (R', T') \in Rel' \rrbracket \implies (P' \parallel R', Q' \parallel T') \in Rel''$

shows $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle Rel'' \rangle Q \parallel T$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *parPres*:

fixes $P \quad :: \text{ccs}$
and $Q \quad :: \text{ccs}$
and $R \quad :: \text{ccs}$
and $Rel \quad :: (\text{ccs} \times \text{ccs}) \text{ set}$
and $Rel' \quad :: (\text{ccs} \times \text{ccs}) \text{ set}$
assumes $P \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle Rel \rangle Q$
and $(P, Q) \in Rel$
and $C1: \bigwedge S T U. (S, T) \in Rel \implies (S \parallel U, T \parallel U) \in Rel'$

shows $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle Rel' \rangle Q \parallel R$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *resPres*:

fixes $P \quad :: \text{ccs}$
and $Rel \quad :: (\text{ccs} \times \text{ccs}) \text{ set}$
and $Q \quad :: \text{ccs}$
and $x \quad :: \text{name}$

assumes $P \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle Rel \rangle Q$
and $\bigwedge R S y. (R, S) \in Rel \implies ((\nu y)R, (\nu y)S) \in Rel'$

shows $(\nu x)P \rightsquigarrow^{\wedge} \langle Rel' \rangle (\nu x)Q$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *bangPres*:

fixes $P \quad :: \text{ccs}$
and $Rel \quad :: (\text{ccs} \times \text{ccs}) \text{ set}$
and $Q \quad :: \text{ccs}$

assumes $(P, Q) \in Rel$

and $C1: \bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in Rel \implies R \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel \rangle S$
and $Par: \bigwedge R S T U. \llbracket (R, S) \in Rel; (T, U) \in Rel \rrbracket \implies (R \parallel T, S \parallel U) \in Rel'$
and $C2: \text{bangRel } Rel \subseteq Rel'$
and $C3: \bigwedge R S. (R \parallel !R, S) \in Rel' \implies (!R, S) \in Rel'$

shows $!P \rightsquigarrow^{\hat{}} \langle Rel' \rangle !Q$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

end

theory *Weak-Bisim-Pres*

imports *Weak-Bisim Weak-Sim-Pres Strong-Bisim-SC*
begin

lemma *actPres*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $\alpha :: act$

assumes $P \approx Q$

shows $\alpha.(P) \approx \alpha.(Q)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *parPres*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $R :: ccs$

assumes $P \approx Q$

shows $P \parallel R \approx Q \parallel R$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *resPres*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$
and $x :: name$

assumes $P \approx Q$

shows $(\nu x)P \approx (\nu x)Q$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *bangPres*:

fixes $P :: ccs$
and $Q :: ccs$

```

assumes  $P \approx Q$ 

shows  $!P \approx !Q$ 
<proof>

end

theory Weak-Cong-Sim-Pres
imports Weak-Cong-Sim
begin

lemma actPres:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 
and  $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 
and  $a :: name$ 
and  $Rel' :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 

assumes  $(P, Q) \in Rel$ 

shows  $\alpha.(P) \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel \rangle} \alpha.(Q)$ 
<proof>

lemma sumPres:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 
and  $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel \rangle} Q$ 
and  $Rel \subseteq Rel'$ 
and  $Id \subseteq Rel'$ 

shows  $P \oplus R \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel' \rangle} Q \oplus R$ 
<proof>

lemma parPres:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 
and  $Q :: ccs$ 
and  $Rel :: (ccs \times ccs) \text{ set}$ 

assumes  $P \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel \rangle} Q$ 
and  $(P, Q) \in Rel$ 
and  $C1: \bigwedge S T U. (S, T) \in Rel \implies (S \parallel U, T \parallel U) \in Rel'$ 

shows  $P \parallel R \rightsquigarrow_{\langle Rel' \rangle} Q \parallel R$ 
<proof>

lemma resPres:
fixes  $P :: ccs$ 

```

```

and Rel :: (ccs × ccs) set
and Q :: ccs
and x :: name

assumes P ~<Rel> Q
and  $\bigwedge R S y. (R, S) \in Rel \implies ((\nu y)R, (\nu y)S) \in Rel'$ 

shows  $(\nu x)P \sim\langle Rel' \rangle (\nu x)Q$ 
<proof>

lemma bangPres:
  fixes P :: ccs
  and Q :: ccs
  and Rel :: (ccs × ccs) set
  and Rel' :: (ccs × ccs) set

  assumes (P, Q) ∈ Rel
  and C1:  $\bigwedge R S. (R, S) \in Rel \implies R \sim\langle Rel' \rangle S$ 
  and C2:  $Rel \subseteq Rel'$ 

  shows  $!P \sim\langle bangRel\ Rel' \rangle !Q$ 
  <proof>

end

theory Weak-Cong-Pres
  imports Weak-Cong Weak-Bisim-Pres Weak-Cong-Sim-Pres
begin

lemma actPres:
  fixes P :: ccs
  and Q :: ccs
  and α :: act

  assumes P ≅ Q

  shows α.(P) ≅ α.(Q)
  <proof>

lemma sumPres:
  fixes P :: ccs
  and Q :: ccs
  and R :: ccs

  assumes P ≅ Q

  shows P ⊕ R ≅ Q ⊕ R
  <proof>

```

lemma *parPres*:

fixes $P :: ccs$

and $Q :: ccs$

and $R :: ccs$

assumes $P \cong Q$

shows $P \parallel R \cong Q \parallel R$

<proof>

lemma *resPres*:

fixes $P :: ccs$

and $Q :: ccs$

and $x :: name$

assumes $P \cong Q$

shows $(\nu x)P \cong (\nu x)Q$

<proof>

lemma *weakBisimBangRel*: $bangRel \text{ weakBisimulation} \subseteq \text{weakBisimulation}$

<proof>

lemma *bangPres*:

fixes $P :: ccs$

and $Q :: ccs$

assumes $P \cong Q$

shows $!P \cong !Q$

<proof>

end

References

- [1] J. Bengtson. *Formalising process calculi*, volume 94. Uppsala Dissertations from the Faculty of Science and Technology, 2010.