# Büchi Complementation

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#### Abstract

This entry provides a verified implementation of rank-based Büchi Complementation [1]. The verification is done in three steps:

- 1. Definition of odd rankings and proof that an automaton rejects a word iff there exists an odd ranking for it.
- 2. Definition of the complement automaton and proof that it accepts exactly those words for which there is an odd ranking.
- 3. Verified implementation of the complement automaton using the Isabelle Collections Framework.

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1	Alternating Function Iteration	
im	eory Alternate aports Main egin	
p	<b>primrec</b> alternate :: $('a \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'a)$ where alternate $f g \ 0 = id \mid alternate \ f g \ (Suc \ k) = alternate \ g \ f \ k \circ f$	
	<b>lemma</b> alternate-Suc[simp]: alternate $f$ $g$ (Suc $k$ ) = (if even $k$ then $f$ else	$g)$ $\circ$
	ternate f g k	
p	<b>proof</b> (induct $k$ arbitrary: $f(g)$ ) <b>case</b> (0)	
	show ?case by simp	
n	next	
	case $(Suc\ k)$	
	have alternate $f$ $g$ $(Suc (Suc k)) = alternate g f (Suc k) \circ f by auto$	
	also have $\dots = (\textit{if even } k \textit{ then } g \textit{ else } f) \circ (\textit{alternate } g  f  k \circ f) \textit{ unfolding }$	Suc
by	v auto	
q	also have = $(if \ even \ (Suc \ k) \ then \ f \ else \ g) \circ alternate \ f \ g \ (Suc \ k)$ by finally show ?case by this qed	auto
d	$\mathbf{declare} \ alternate.simps(2)[simp \ del]$	
l	emma alternate-antimono:	

```
assumes \bigwedge x. f x \leq x \bigwedge x. g x \leq x
   shows antimono (alternate f g)
  proof
   \mathbf{fix}\ k\ l :: \ nat
   assume 1: k < l
   obtain n where 2: l = k + n using le-Suc-ex 1 by auto
   have 3: alternate f g (k + n) \leq alternate f g k
   proof (induct n)
     case (\theta)
     show ?case by simp
   next
     case (Suc \ n)
    have alternate f g (k + Suc n) \le alternate f g (k + n) using assms by (auto
intro: le-funI)
     also have \dots \leq alternate f g k using Suc by this
     finally show ?case by this
   qed
   show alternate f g l \leq alternate f g k using 3 unfolding 2 by this
 qed
end
\mathbf{2}
      Run Graphs
theory Graph
imports Transition-Systems-and-Automata.NBA
begin
 type-synonym 'state node = nat \times 'state
 abbreviation ginitial A \equiv \{0\} \times initial A
 abbreviation gaccepting A \equiv accepting A \circ snd
 global-interpretation graph: transition-system-initial
   const
   \lambda \ u \ (k, p). \ w !! \ k \in alphabet \ A \land u \in \{Suc \ k\} \times transition \ A \ (w !! \ k) \ p \cap V
   \lambda \ v. \ v \in ginitial \ A \cap V
   for A w V
   defines
     gpath = graph.path and grun = graph.run and
     greachable = graph.reachable and gnodes = graph.nodes
   by this
    We disable rules that are degenerate due to execute = (\lambda x - x).
  declare graph.reachable.execute[rule del]
  declare graph.nodes.execute[rule del]
 abbreviation gtarget \equiv graph.target
 \textbf{abbreviation} \ \textit{gstates} \equiv \textit{graph.states}
```

```
abbreviation gtrace \equiv graph.trace
 abbreviation gsuccessors :: ('label, 'state) \ nba \Rightarrow 'label stream \Rightarrow
   'state\ node\ set\ \Rightarrow\ 'state\ node\ \Rightarrow\ 'state\ node\ set\ \mathbf{where}
   gsuccessors A \ w \ V \equiv graph.successors \ TYPE('label) \ w \ A \ V
 abbreviation gusuccessors A w \equiv gsuccessors A w UNIV
 abbreviation gupath A w \equiv gpath A w UNIV
 abbreviation gurun A w \equiv grun A w UNIV
 abbreviation gureachable A \ w \equiv greachable \ A \ w \ UNIV
 abbreviation gunodes A \ w \equiv gnodes \ A \ w \ UNIV
 lemma gtarget-alt-def: gtarget r v = last (v \# r) using fold-const by this
 lemma gstates-alt-def: gstates r v = r by simp
 lemma qtrace-alt-def: qtrace r v = r by simp
 lemma qpath-elim[elim?]:
   assumes gpath \ A \ w \ V \ s \ v
   obtains r k p
   where s = [Suc \ k ... < Suc \ k + length \ r] \mid\mid r \ v = (k, p)
 proof -
   obtain t r where 1: s = t \mid\mid r length t = length r
     using zip-map-fst-snd[of s] by (metis\ length-map)
   obtain k p where 2: v = (k, p) by force
   have 3: t = [Suc \ k ... < Suc \ k + length \ r]
   using assms 1 2
   proof (induct arbitrary: t r k p)
     case (nil\ v)
       then show ?case by (metis add-0-right le-add1 length-0-conv length-zip
min.idem upt-conv-Nil)
   next
     case (cons\ u\ v\ s)
     have 1: t || r = (hd \ t, hd \ r) \# (tl \ t || tl \ r)
     by (metis cons.prems(1) hd-Cons-tl neq-Nil-conv zip.simps(1) zip-Cons-Cons
zip-Nil)
     have 2: s = tl \ t \mid\mid tl \ r  using cons \ 1 by simp
    have t = hd \ t \# tl \ t \text{ using } cons(4) \text{ by } (metis \ hd\text{-}Cons\text{-}tl \ list.simps(3) \ zip\text{-}Nil)
     also have hd\ t = Suc\ k\ using\ 1\ cons.hyps(1)\ cons.prems(1)\ cons.prems(3)
by auto
     also have tl\ t = [Suc\ (Suc\ k)\ ... < Suc\ (Suc\ k)\ +\ length\ (tl\ r)]
       using cons(3)[OF\ 2] using 1 \land hd\ t = Suc\ k \land cons.prems(1)\ cons.prems(2)
by auto
     finally show ?case using cons.prems(2) upt-rec by auto
   show ?thesis using that 1 2 3 by simp
  qed
 lemma gpath-path[symmetric]: path A (stake (length r) (sdrop k w) || r \rangle p \longleftrightarrow
   gpath \ A \ w \ UNIV \ ([Suc \ k .. < Suc \ k + length \ r] \ || \ r) \ (k, \ p)
```

```
proof (induct r arbitrary: k p)
   case (Nil)
   show ?case by auto
  next
   case (Cons\ q\ r)
   have 1: path A (stake (length r) (sdrop (Suc k) w) || r \rangle q \longleftrightarrow
     gpath \ A \ w \ UNIV \ ([Suc \ (Suc \ k) \ .. < Suc \ k + length \ (q \ \# \ r)] \ || \ r) \ (Suc \ k, \ q)
     using Cons[of Suc \ k \ q] by simp
   have stake (length (q \# r)) (sdrop k w) || q \# r =
     (w !! k, q) \# (stake (length r) (sdrop (Suc k) w) || r) by simp
   also have path A \dots p \longleftrightarrow
      gpath \ A \ w \ UNIV \ ((Suc \ k, \ q) \ \# \ ([Suc \ (Suc \ k) \ .. < Suc \ k + length \ (q \ \# \ r)] \ ||
r)) (k, p)
     using 1 by auto
   also have (Suc\ k,\ q)\ \#\ ([Suc\ (Suc\ k)\ ..< Suc\ k+length\ (q\ \#\ r)]\ ||\ r)=
       Suc k \# [Suc (Suc k) ... < Suc k + length (q \# r)] || q \# r  unfolding
zip-Cons-Cons by rule
   also have Suc \ k \# [Suc \ (Suc \ k) ... < Suc \ k + length \ (q \# r)] = [Suc \ k ... < Suc
k + length (q \# r)
     by (simp add: upt-rec)
   finally show ?case by this
  \mathbf{qed}
  lemma grun-elim[elim?]:
   assumes grun \ A \ w \ V \ s \ v
   obtains r k p
   where s = from N (Suc k) ||| r v = (k, p)
  proof -
   obtain t r where 1: s = t \mid \mid \mid r using szip-smap by metis
   obtain k p where 2: v = (k, p) by force
   have 3: t = from N (Suc k)
     using assms unfolding 1 2
     by (coinduction arbitrary: t \ r \ k \ p) (force iff: eq-scons elim: graph.run.cases)
   show ?thesis using that 1 2 3 by simp
  qed
  lemma run-grun:
   assumes run \ A \ (sdrop \ k \ w \mid \mid \mid r) \ p
   shows gurun A w (from N (Suc k) ||| r) (k, p)
   \mathbf{using}\ assms\ \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{coinduction}\ \mathit{arbitrary:}\ k\ p\ r)\ (\mathit{auto}\ \mathit{elim:}\ \mathit{nba.run.cases})
  lemma grun-run:
   assumes grun A w V (from N (Suc k) ||| r) (k, p)
   shows run \ A \ (sdrop \ k \ w \ ||| \ r) \ p
  proof -
    have 2: \exists ka \ wa. \ sdrop \ k \ (stl \ w :: 'a \ stream) = sdrop \ ka \ wa \land P \ ka \ wa \ if \ P
(Suc \ k) \ w \ \mathbf{for} \ P \ k \ w
     using that by (metis\ sdrop.simps(2))
    show ?thesis using assms by (coinduction arbitrary: k p w r) (auto intro!: 2
```

```
elim: graph.run.cases)
 qed
 lemma greachable-reachable:
   fixes l q k p
   defines u \equiv (l, q)
   defines v \equiv (k, p)
   assumes u \in greachable \ A \ w \ V \ v
   shows q \in reachable A p
 using assms(3, 1, 2)
 proof (induct arbitrary: l \ q \ k \ p)
   case reflexive
   then show ?case by auto
 next
   case (execute \ u)
   have 1: q \in successors A (snd u) using execute by auto
   have snd \ u \in reachable \ A \ p \ using \ execute \ by \ auto
   also have q \in reachable \ A \ (snd \ u) using 1 by blast
   finally show ?case by this
 qed
 lemma gnodes-nodes: gnodes A w V \subseteq UNIV \times nodes A
 proof
   \mathbf{fix} \ v
   assume v \in gnodes \ A \ w \ V
   then show v \in \mathit{UNIV} \times \mathit{nodes} \ \mathit{A} \ \mathsf{by} \ \mathit{induct auto}
 qed
 lemma gpath-subset:
   assumes gpath \ A \ w \ V \ r \ v
   assumes set (gstates r v) \subseteq U
   shows gpath \ A \ w \ U \ r \ v
   using assms by induct auto
 lemma grun-subset:
   assumes grun \ A \ w \ V \ r \ v
   assumes sset (gtrace \ r \ v) \subseteq U
   shows grun \ A \ w \ U \ r \ v
 using assms
 proof (coinduction arbitrary: r v)
   case (run \ a \ s \ r \ v)
   have 1: grun A w V s a using run(1, 2) by fastforce
   have 2: a \in gusuccessors \ A \ w \ v \ using \ run(1, 2) by fastforce
   show ?case using 1 \ 2 \ run(1, \ 3) by force
 qed
 lemma greachable-subset: greachable A w V v \subseteq insert v V
 proof
   \mathbf{fix} \ u
   assume u \in greachable \ A \ w \ V \ v
```

```
then show u \in insert \ v \ V by induct \ auto
  qed
 lemma gtrace-infinite:
   assumes grun \ A \ w \ V \ r \ v
   shows infinite (sset (gtrace r v))
  using assms by (metis grun-elim gtrace-alt-def infinite-Ici sset-fromN sset-szip-finite)
  lemma infinite-greachable-gtrace:
   assumes grun \ A \ w \ V \ r \ v
   assumes u \in sset (gtrace \ r \ v)
   shows infinite (greachable A w V u)
  proof -
   obtain i where 1: u = gtrace \ r \ v \parallel i \ using \ sset-range \ imageE \ assms(2) by
metis
   have 2: gtarget (stake (Suc i) r) v = u unfolding 1 sscan-snth by rule
   have infinite (sset (sdrop (Suc i) (gtrace r v)))
     using gtrace-infinite[OF assms(1)]
     by (metis List.finite-set finite-Un sset-shift stake-sdrop)
   also have sdrop\ (Suc\ i)\ (gtrace\ r\ v) = gtrace\ (sdrop\ (Suc\ i)\ r)\ (gtarget\ (stake
(Suc\ i)\ r)\ v)
     by simp
   also have sset ... \subseteq greachable \ A \ w \ V \ u
      using assms(1) 2 by (metis graph.reachable.reflexive graph.reachable-trace
graph.run-sdrop)
   finally show ?thesis by this
  qed
 {f lemma}\ finite{\it -nodes-gsuccessors}:
   assumes finite (nodes A)
   assumes v \in gunodes \ A \ w
   shows finite (gusuccessors A w v)
 proof -
   have gusuccessors A w v \subseteq gureachable A w v by rule
   also have ... \subseteq gunodes\ A\ w\ using\ assms(2) by blast
   also have \ldots \subseteq UNIV \times nodes A using gnodes-nodes by this
   finally have 3: gusuccessors A w v \subseteq UNIV \times nodes A by this
   have gusuccessors A w v \subseteq \{Suc (fst v)\} \times nodes A using 3 by auto
   also have finite \dots using \ assms(1) by simp
   finally show ?thesis by this
  qed
```

## 3 Rankings

theory Ranking imports Alternate

end

```
\begin{aligned} & Graph \\ \mathbf{begin} \end{aligned}
```

#### 3.1 Rankings

```
type-synonym 'state ranking = 'state node \Rightarrow nat

definition ranking :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'label stream \Rightarrow 'state ranking \Rightarrow bool where

ranking A w f \equiv
(\forall v \in gunodes A w. f v <math>\leq 2 * card (nodes A)) \land
(\forall v \in gunodes A w. <math>\forall u \in gusuccessors A w v. f u <math>\leq f v) \land
(\forall v \in gunodes A w. gaccepting A v <math>\longrightarrow even (f v)) \land
(\forall v \in gunodes A w. \forall r k. gurun A w r v <math>\longrightarrow smap f (gtrace r v) = sconst k <math>\longrightarrow odd k)
```

### 3.2 Ranking Implies Word not in Language

```
lemma ranking-stuck:
   assumes ranking A w f
   assumes v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ gurun \ A \ w \ r \ v
   obtains n k
   where smap f (gtrace (sdrop n r) (gtarget (stake n r) v)) = sconst k
  proof -
   have \theta: f u \leq f v if v \in gunodes A w u \in gusuccessors A w v for v u
     using assms(1) that unfolding ranking-def by auto
   have 1: shd (v \#\# gtrace \ r \ v) \in gunodes \ A \ w \ using \ assms(2) by auto
   have 2: sdescending\ (smap\ f\ (v\ \#\#\ gtrace\ r\ v))
   using 1 \ assms(3)
   proof (coinduction arbitrary: r v rule: sdescending.coinduct)
     case sdescending
     obtain u s where 1: r = u \# \# s using stream.exhaust by blast
     have 2: v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ using \ sdescending(1) by simp
     have 3: gurun A w (u \# \# s) v using sdescending(2) 1 by auto
     have 4: u \in gusuccessors \ A \ w \ v \ using \ 3 \ by \ auto
     have 5: u \in gureachable \ A \ w \ v \ using graph.reachable-successors \ 4 \ by \ blast
     show ?case
     unfolding 1
     proof (intro exI conjI disjI1)
      show f u \leq f v using \theta 2 4 by this
      show shd (u \#\# gtrace \ s \ u) \in gunodes \ A \ w \ using \ 2 \ 5 \ by \ auto
      show gurun A w s u using 3 by auto
     qed auto
   qed
   obtain s k where 3: smap f(v \#\# gtrace \ r \ v) = s @- sconst \ k
     using sdescending-stuck[OF 2] by metis
   have gtrace (sdrop\ (Suc\ (length\ s))\ r)\ (gtarget\ (stake\ (Suc\ (length\ s))\ r)\ v) =
sdrop (Suc (length s)) (gtrace r v)
     using sscan-sdrop by rule
   also have smap f \dots = sdrop \ (length \ s) \ (smap \ f \ (v \ \#\# \ gtrace \ r \ v))
```

```
by (metis 3 id-apply sdrop-simps(2) sdrop-smap sdrop-stl shift-eq siter-
ate.simps(2) stream.sel(2))
   also have \dots = sconst \ k unfolding 3 using shift-eq by metis
   finally show ?thesis using that by blast
 ged
 lemma ranking-stuck-odd:
   assumes ranking A w f
   assumes v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ gurun \ A \ w \ r \ v
   obtains n
   where Ball (sset (smap f (gtrace (sdrop n r) (gtarget (stake n r) v)))) odd
 proof -
   obtain n \ k where 1: smap f (gtrace (sdrop n \ r) (gtarget (stake n \ r) v)) =
sconst k
     using ranking-stuck assms by this
   have 2: qtarget (stake \ n \ r) v \in qunodes \ A \ w
     using assms(2, 3) by (simp \ add: graph.nodes-target \ graph.run-stake)
   have 3: gurun\ A\ w\ (sdrop\ n\ r)\ (gtarget\ (stake\ n\ r)\ v)
     using assms(2, 3) by (simp \ add: graph.run-sdrop)
   have 4: odd k using 1 2 3 assms(1) unfolding ranking-def by meson
   have 5: Ball (sset (smap f (gtrace (sdrop n r) (gtarget (stake n r) v)))) odd
     unfolding 1 using 4 by simp
   show ?thesis using that 5 by this
 qed
 lemma ranking-language:
   assumes ranking A w f
   shows w \notin language A
 proof
   assume 1: w \in language A
   obtain r p where 2: run A (w ||| r) p p \in initial A infs (accepting A) (p \# \# P)
r) using 1 by rule
   let ?r = fromN \ 1 \mid \mid \mid r
   let ?v = (\theta, p)
   have 3: ?v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ gurun \ A \ w \ ?r \ ?v \ using \ 2(1, 2) \ by (auto intro:
run-qrun)
   obtain n where 4: Ball (sset (smap f (gtrace (sdrop n ?r) (gtarget (stake n
(r) (v) odd
     using ranking-stuck-odd assms 3 by this
   let ?s = stake \ n \ ?r
   let ?t = sdrop \ n \ ?r
   let ?u = gtarget ?s ?v
   have sset (gtrace ?t ?u) \subseteq gureachable A w ?v
  proof (intro graph.reachable-trace graph.reachable-target graph.reachable.reflexive)
     show qupath A w ?s ?v using qraph.run-stake 3(2) by this
     show gurun A w ?t ?u using graph.run-sdrop 3(2) by this
   qed
```

```
also have ... \subseteq gunodes A w using 3(1) by blast
   finally have 7: sset (gtrace ?t ?u) \subseteq gunodes A w by this
   have 8: \bigwedge p. p \in gunodes\ A\ w \Longrightarrow gaccepting\ A\ p \Longrightarrow even\ (f\ p)
     using assms unfolding ranking-def by auto
   have 9: \land p. p \in sset (gtrace ?t ?u) \Longrightarrow gaccepting A p \Longrightarrow even (f p) using
7 8 by auto
   have 19: infs (accepting A) (smap snd ?r) using 2(3) by simp
   have 18: infs (gaccepting A) ?r using 19 by simp
   have 17: infs (gaccepting A) (gtrace ?r ?v) using 18 unfolding gtrace-alt-def
by this
    have 16: infs (gaccepting A) (gtrace (?s @- ?t) ?v) using 17 unfolding
stake-sdrop by this
   have 15: infs (gaccepting A) (gtrace ?t ?u) using 16 by simp
   have 13: infs (even \circ f) (gtrace ?t ?u) using infs-mono[OF - 15] 9 by simp
   have 12: infs even (smap f (qtrace ?t ?u)) using 13 by (simp add: comp-def)
   have 11: Bex (sset (smap f (gtrace ?t ?u))) even using 12 infs-any by metis
   show False using 4 11 by auto
 qed
```

## 3.3 Word not in Language Implies Ranking

### 3.3.1 Removal of Endangered Nodes

```
definition clean :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'label stream \Rightarrow 'state node set \Rightarrow 'state node set where
```

```
clean A \ w \ V \equiv \{v \in V. \ infinite \ (greachable \ A \ w \ V \ v)\}
```

lemma clean-decreasing: clean A w  $V \subseteq V$  unfolding clean-def by auto lemma clean-successors:

```
assumes v \in V u \in gusuccessors A w v
shows u \in clean A w V \Longrightarrow v \in clean A w V
proof -
```

assume 1:  $u \in clean \ A \ w \ V$ 

have 2:  $u \in V$  infinite (greachable A w V u) using 1 unfolding clean-def by auto

have  $3: u \in greachable\ A\ w\ V\ v\ using\ graph.reachable.execute\ assms(2)\ 2(1)$  by blast

have 4: greachable  $A \le V \le g$  greachable  $A \le V \le g$  using 3 by blast have 5: infinite (greachable  $A \le V \le g$ ) using 2(2) 4 by (simp add: infinite-super) show  $y \in clean A \le V$  unfolding clean-def using assms(1) 5 by simp qed

#### 3.3.2 Removal of Safe Nodes

**definition** prune :: ('label, 'state)  $nba \Rightarrow$  'label stream  $\Rightarrow$  'state node set  $\Rightarrow$  'state node set where

```
prune A \ w \ V \equiv \{v \in V. \ \exists \ u \in greachable \ A \ w \ V \ v. \ gaccepting \ A \ u\}
```

```
lemma prune-decreasing: prune A w V \subseteq V unfolding prune-def by auto
 lemma prune-successors:
   assumes v \in V u \in gusuccessors A w v
   shows u \in prune \ A \ w \ V \Longrightarrow v \in prune \ A \ w \ V
  proof -
   assume 1: u \in prune \ A \ w \ V
   have 2: u \in V \exists x \in greachable A w V u. gaccepting A x using 1 unfolding
prune-def by auto
   have 3: u \in greachable\ A\ w\ V\ using\ graph.reachable.execute\ assms(2)\ 2(1)
by blast
   have 4: greachable A w V u \subseteq greachable A w V v using 3 by blast
   show v \in prune \ A \ w \ V \ unfolding \ prune-def \ using \ assms(1) \ 2(2) \ 4 \ by \ auto
 qed
3.3.3
         Run Graph Interation
  definition graph :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'label stream \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'state node set
   graph \ A \ w \ k \equiv alternate \ (clean \ A \ w) \ (prune \ A \ w) \ k \ (qunodes \ A \ w)
 abbreviation level A w k l \equiv \{v \in graph \ A w k. \ fst \ v = l\}
  lemma graph-0[simp]: graph A w \theta = gunodes A w unfolding graph-def by
simp
  lemma graph-Suc[simp]: graph A w (Suc k) = (if even k then clean A w else
prune A w) (graph A w k)
   unfolding graph-def by simp
 lemma graph-antimono: antimono (graph A w)
   using alternate-antimono clean-decreasing prune-decreasing
   unfolding monotone-def le-fun-def graph-def
   by metis
 lemma graph-nodes: graph A \ w \ k \subseteq gunodes \ A \ w \ using \ graph-0 \ graph-antimono
le0 antimonoD by metis
 lemma graph-successors:
   assumes v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ u \in gusuccessors \ A \ w \ v
   shows u \in graph \ A \ w \ k \Longrightarrow v \in graph \ A \ w \ k
  using assms
 proof (induct k arbitrary: u v)
   case \theta
   show ?case using \theta(2) by simp
  \mathbf{next}
   \mathbf{case}\ (\mathit{Suc}\ k)
   have 1: v \in graph \ A \ w \ k \ using \ Suc \ using \ antimono-iff-le-Suc \ graph-antimono
rev-subsetD by blast
   show ?case using Suc(2) clean-successors [OF 1 Suc(4)] prune-successors [OF
1 Suc(4)] by auto
 qed
```

```
lemma graph-level-finite:
   assumes finite (nodes A)
   shows finite (level A w k l)
  proof -
   have level A \ w \ k \ l \subseteq \{v \in gunodes \ A \ w. \ fst \ v = l\} by (simp add: graph-nodes
subset-CollectI)
   also have \{v \in gunodes \ A \ w. \ fst \ v = l\} \subseteq \{l\} \times nodes \ A \ using \ gnodes-nodes
by force
   also have finite (\{l\} \times nodes\ A) using assms(1) by simp
   finally show ?thesis by this
  qed
 lemma find-safe:
   assumes w \notin language A
   assumes V \neq \{\}\ V \subseteq gunodes\ A\ w
   assumes \bigwedge v. \ v \in V \Longrightarrow gsuccessors \ A \ w \ V \ v \neq \{\}
   obtains v
   where v \in V \ \forall \ u \in greachable \ A \ w \ V \ v. \ \neg \ gaccepting \ A \ u
  proof (rule ccontr)
   assume 1: \neg thesis
   have 2: \bigwedge v. \ v \in V \Longrightarrow \exists \ u \in greachable \ A \ w \ V \ v. \ gaccepting \ A \ u \ using \ that
1 by auto
    have 3: \bigwedge r \ v. \ v \in initial \ A \Longrightarrow run \ A \ (w \mid \mid \mid r) \ v \Longrightarrow fins \ (accepting \ A) \ r
using assms(1) by auto
   obtain v where 4: v \in V using assms(2) by force
   obtain x where 5: x \in greachable A w V v gaccepting A x using 2 4 by blast
   obtain y where 50: qpath A w V y v x = qtarget y v using 5(1) by rule
   obtain r where 6: grun A w V r x infs (\lambda x. x \in V \land gaccepting A x) r
   proof (rule graph.recurring-condition)
     show x \in V \land gaccepting A x using greachable-subset 4 5 by blast
   next
     \mathbf{fix} \ v
     assume 1: v \in V \land gaccepting A v
     obtain v' where 20: v' \in gsuccessors A w V v using assms(4) 1 by (meson
IntE\ equals OI)
     have 21: v' \in V using 20 by auto
     have 22: \exists u \in greachable \ A \ w \ V \ v'. \ u \in V \land gaccepting \ A \ u
       using greachable-subset 2 21 by blast
    obtain r where 30: gpath A w V r v' gtarget r v' \in V \land gaccepting A (gtarget
r v'
       using 22 by blast
     show \exists r. r \neq [] \land gpath \land w \lor r \lor \land gtarget \land r \lor \in V \land gaccepting \land (gtarget)
     proof (intro exI conjI)
       show v' \# r \neq [] by simp
       show gpath A w V (v' \# r) v using 20 30 by auto
       show gtarget (v' \# r) v \in V using 30 by simp
       show gaccepting A (gtarget (v' \# r) v) using 30 by simp
     qed
```

```
qed auto
   obtain u where 100: u \in ginitial \ A \ v \in gureachable \ A \ w \ u \ using \ 4 \ assms(3)
by blast
   have 101: gupath A w y v using gpath-subset 50(1) subset-UNIV by this
   have 102: gurun A w r x using grun-subset 6(1) subset-UNIV by this
   obtain t where 103: gupath A w t u v = gtarget t u using 100(2) by rule
   have 104: gurun A w (t @- y @- r) u using 101\ 102\ 103\ 50(2) by auto
   obtain s \ q where 7: t @- y @- r = from N \ (Suc \ \theta) \ ||| \ s \ u = (\theta, q)
     using grun\text{-}elim[OF\ 104]\ 100(1) by blast
   have 8: run\ A\ (w\ |||\ s)\ q using grun\text{-}run[OF\ 104[unfolded\ 7]] by simp
   have 9: q \in initial \ A \ using \ 100(1) \ 7(2) \ by \ auto
   have 91: sset (trace (w \mid \mid \mid s) q) \subseteq reachable A q
     using nba.reachable-trace nba.reachable.reflexive 8 by this
   have 10: fins (accepting A) s using 3 9 8 by this
   have 12: infs (gaccepting A) r using infs-mono[OF - 6(2)] by simp
   have s = smap \ snd \ (t @- y @- r) unfolding 7(1) by simp
   also have infs (accepting A) ... using 12 by (simp add: comp-def)
   finally have 13: infs (accepting A) s by this
   show False using 10 13 by simp
  qed
  lemma remove-run:
   assumes finite (nodes A) w \notin language A
   assumes V \subseteq gunodes \ A \ w \ clean \ A \ w \ V \neq \{\}
   obtains v r
   where
     grun \ A \ w \ V \ r \ v
     sset (gtrace \ r \ v) \subseteq clean \ A \ w \ V
     sset (gtrace \ r \ v) \subseteq - \ prune \ A \ w \ (clean \ A \ w \ V)
 proof -
   obtain u where 1: u \in clean \ A \ w \ V \ \forall \ x \in greachable \ A \ w \ (clean \ A \ w \ V) \ u.
\neg gaccepting A x
   proof (rule find-safe)
     show w \notin language A  using assms(2) by this
     show clean A w V \neq \{\} using assms(4) by this
    show clean A \ w \ V \subseteq qunodes \ A \ w \ using \ assms(3) by (meson clean-decreasing
subset-iff)
   next
     \mathbf{fix} \ v
     assume 1: v \in clean \ A \ w \ V
     have 2: v \in V using 1 clean-decreasing by blast
     have 3: infinite (greachable A w V v) using 1 clean-def by auto
     have gsuccessors A \ w \ V \ v \subseteq gusuccessors \ A \ w \ v \ by \ auto
     also have finite ... using 2 \ assms(1, 3) finite-nodes-gsuccessors by blast
     finally have 4: finite (gsuccessors A w V v) by this
     have 5: infinite (insert v \in ((greachable\ A\ w\ V)\ (gsuccessors\ A\ w\ V\ v))))
       using graph.reachable-step 3 by metis
     obtain u where b : u \in gsuccessors A w V v infinite (greachable A w V u)
using 4 5 by auto
```

```
have 7: u \in clean \ A \ w \ V \ using 6 \ unfolding \ clean-def \ by \ auto
   show gsuccessors A w (clean A w V) v \neq \{\} using 6(1) 7 by auto
 qed auto
 have 2: u \in V using 1(1) unfolding clean-def by auto
 have 3: infinite (greachable A w V u) using 1(1) unfolding clean-def by simp
 have 4: finite (gsuccessors A w V v) if v \in greachable A w V u for v
 proof -
   have 1: v \in V using that greachable-subset 2 by blast
   \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{gsuccessors}\ \mathit{A}\ \mathit{w}\ \mathit{V}\ \mathit{v} \subseteq \mathit{gusuccessors}\ \mathit{A}\ \mathit{w}\ \mathit{v}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{auto}
   also have finite ... using 1 assms(1, 3) finite-nodes-gsuccessors by blast
   finally show ?thesis by this
 obtain r where 5: grun A w V r u using graph.koenig[OF 3 4] by this
 have 6: greachable A w V u \subseteq V using 2 greachable-subset by blast
 have 7: sset (qtrace\ r\ u) \subseteq V
   using graph.reachable-trace[OF graph.reachable.reflexive 5(1)] 6 by blast
 have 8: sset (gtrace\ r\ u) \subseteq clean\ A\ w\ V
   unfolding clean-def using 7 infinite-greachable-gtrace[OF 5(1)] by auto
 have 9: sset (gtrace\ r\ u) \subseteq greachable\ A\ w\ (clean\ A\ w\ V)\ u
  using 5 8 by (metis graph.reachable.reflexive graph.reachable-trace grun-subset)
 show ?thesis
 proof
   show grun A w V r u using 5(1) by this
   show sset (gtrace\ r\ u) \subseteq clean\ A\ w\ V\ using\ 8\ by\ this
   show sset (gtrace\ r\ u) \subseteq -\ prune\ A\ w\ (clean\ A\ w\ V)
   proof (intro subsetI ComplI)
     \mathbf{fix} p
     assume 10: p \in sset (gtrace r u) p \in prune A w (clean A w V)
     have 20: \exists x \in greachable \ A \ w \ (clean \ A \ w \ V) \ p. \ gaccepting \ A \ x
       using 10(2) unfolding prune-def by auto
     have 30: greachable A w (clean A w V) p \subseteq greachable A w (clean A w V)
       using 10(1) 9 by blast
     show False using 1(2) 20 30 by force
   qed
 qed
qed
lemma level-bounded:
 assumes finite (nodes A) w \notin language A
 obtains n
 where \bigwedge l. l \geq n \Longrightarrow card (level A \ w \ (2 * k) \ l) \leq card (nodes A) - k
proof (induct k arbitrary: thesis)
 case (\theta)
 \mathbf{show}~? case
 proof (rule \ \theta)
   \mathbf{fix} \ l :: nat
   have finite (\{l\} \times nodes\ A) using assms(1) by simp
   also have level A w 0 l \subseteq \{l\} \times nodes A using gnodes-nodes by force
```

u

```
also (card-mono) have card \dots = card (nodes A) using assms(1) by simp
     finally show card (level A w (2 * 0) l) \leq card (nodes A) - 0 by simp
   qed
  next
   case (Suc\ k)
   show ?case
   proof (cases graph A w (Suc (2 * k)) = \{\})
     have 3: graph A \ w \ (2 * Suc \ k) = \{\} using True prune-decreasing by simp
blast
     show ?thesis using Suc(2) 3 by simp
   next
     case False
     obtain v r where 1:
       grun \ A \ w \ (graph \ A \ w \ (2 * k)) \ r \ v
       sset (gtrace \ r \ v) \subseteq graph \ A \ w (Suc \ (2 * k))
       sset\ (gtrace\ r\ v)\subseteq -\ graph\ A\ w\ (Suc\ (Suc\ (2\ *\ k)))
     proof (rule remove-run)
      show finite (nodes A) w \notin language A using assms by this
      show clean A w (graph A w (2 * k)) \neq {} using False by simp
      show graph A \ w \ (2 * k) \subseteq gunodes A \ w  using graph-nodes by this
     qed auto
     obtain l q where 2: v = (l, q) by force
    obtain n where 90: \bigwedge l. n \leq l \Longrightarrow card (level A w (2 * k) l) \leq card (nodes
A) - k
      using Suc(1) by blast
     show ?thesis
     proof (rule\ Suc(2))
      \mathbf{fix} \ j
      assume 100: n + Suc l \le j
      have 6: graph A w (Suc (Suc (2 * k))) \subseteq graph A w (Suc (2 * k))
        using graph-antimono antimono-iff-le-Suc by blast
       have 101: gtrace r v !! (j - Suc \ l) \in graph \ A \ w (Suc \ (2 * k)) using I(2)
snth-sset by auto
      have 102: gtrace r v !! (j - Suc \ l) \notin graph \ A \ w (Suc \ (Suc \ (2 * k))) using
1(3) snth-sset by blast
      have 103: gtrace r v !! (j - Suc \ l) \in level \ A \ w (Suc \ (2 * k)) \ j
        using 1(1) 100 101 2 by (auto elim: grun-elim)
      have 104: gtrace r v !! (j - Suc \ l) \notin level \ A \ w (Suc (Suc (2 * k))) \ j  using
100 102 by simp
      have level A w (2 * Suc k) j = level A w (Suc (Suc (2 * k))) j by simp
      also have ... \subset level\ A\ w\ (Suc\ (2*k))\ j\ using\ 103\ 104\ 6\ by\ blast
      also have ... \subseteq level A w (2 * k) j by (simp add: Collect-mono clean-def)
      finally have 105: level A w (2 * Suc k) j \subset level A w (2 * k) j by this
      have card (level A w (2 * Suc k) j) < card (level A w (2 * k) j)
        using assms(1) 105 by (simp add: graph-level-finite psubset-card-mono)
      also have ... \leq card \ (nodes \ A) - k \ using \ 90 \ 100 \ by \ simp
       finally show card (level A w (2 * Suc k) j) \leq card (nodes A) - Suc k by
simp
```

```
qed
   qed
  qed
  lemma graph-empty:
   assumes finite (nodes A) w \notin language A
   shows graph A w (Suc (2 * card (nodes A))) = \{\}
  proof -
   obtain n where 1: \bigwedge l. l \geq n \Longrightarrow card (level A \ w \ (2 * card (nodes A)) \ l) = 0
     using level-bounded [OF\ assms(1,\ 2),\ of\ card\ (nodes\ A)] by auto
   have graph A w (2 * card (nodes A)) =
     (\bigcup l \in \{..< n\}. level A w (2 * card (nodes A)) l) \cup
     (() l \in \{n ...\}. level A w (2 * card (nodes A)) l)
     by auto
   also have (\bigcup l \in \{n ..\}). level A w (2 * card (nodes A)) | l = \{\}
     using graph-level-finite assms(1) 1 by fastforce
   also have finite (([] l \in \{... < n\}. level A \le (2 * card (nodes A)) \ l) \cup \{\})
     using graph-level-finite assms(1) by auto
   finally have 100: finite (graph A w (2 * card (nodes A))) by this
   have 101: finite (greachable A w (graph A w (2 * card (nodes A))) v) for v
     using 100 greachable-subset of A w graph A w (2 * card (nodes A)) v
     using finite-insert infinite-super by auto
   show ?thesis using 101 by (simp add: clean-def)
  qed
  lemma graph-le:
   assumes finite (nodes A) w \notin language A
   assumes v \in graph \ A \ w \ k
   shows k \leq 2 * card (nodes A)
   using graph-empty graph-antimono assms
   by (metis Suc-leI empty-iff monotone-def not-le-imp-less rev-subsetD)
3.4
       Node Ranks
 definition rank :: ('label, 'state) \ nba \Rightarrow 'label \ stream \Rightarrow 'state \ node \Rightarrow nat \ \mathbf{where}
   rank \ A \ w \ v \equiv GREATEST \ k. \ v \in graph \ A \ w \ k
 lemma rank-member:
   assumes finite (nodes A) w \notin language A \ v \in gunodes A \ w
   shows v \in graph \ A \ w \ (rank \ A \ w \ v)
  unfolding rank-def
  proof (rule GreatestI-nat)
   show v \in graph \ A \ w \ \theta \ using \ assms(3) by simp
   show k \leq 2 * card (nodes A) if v \in graph A w k for k
     using graph-le \ assms(1, 2) \ that \ by \ blast
  qed
 lemma rank-removed:
   assumes finite (nodes A) w \notin language A
   shows v \notin graph \ A \ w \ (Suc \ (rank \ A \ w \ v))
  proof
   assume v \in graph \ A \ w \ (Suc \ (rank \ A \ w \ v))
```

```
then have 2: Suc (rank \ A \ w \ v) < rank \ A \ w \ v
     unfolding rank-def using Greatest-le-nat graph-le assms by metis
   then show False by auto
  qed
  lemma rank-le:
   assumes finite (nodes A) w \notin language A
   assumes v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ u \in gusuccessors \ A \ w \ v
   shows rank A w u \leq rank A w v
  unfolding rank-def
 proof (rule Greatest-le-nat)
   have 1: u \in gureachable \ A \ w \ v \ using \ graph.reachable-successors \ assms(4) by
   have 2: u \in gunodes \ A \ w \ using \ assms(3) \ 1 \ by \ auto
   show v \in graph \ A \ w \ (GREATEST \ k. \ u \in graph \ A \ w \ k)
   unfolding rank-def[symmetric]
   proof (rule graph-successors)
     show v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ using \ assms(3) by this
     show u \in gusuccessors \ A \ w \ v \ using \ assms(4) by this
    show u \in graph \ A \ w \ (rank \ A \ w \ u) using rank-member assms(1, 2) \ 2 by this
   qed
   show k \leq 2 * card (nodes A) if v \in graph A w k for k
     using graph-le assms(1, 2) that by blast
  qed
 lemma language-ranking:
   assumes finite (nodes A) w \notin language A
   shows ranking A w (rank A w)
  unfolding ranking-def
 proof (intro conjI ballI allI impI)
   \mathbf{fix} \ v
   assume 1: v \in gunodes \ A \ w
   have 2: v \in graph \ A \ w \ (rank \ A \ w \ v) using rank-member assms 1 by this
   show rank A w v \le 2 * card (nodes A) using graph-le assms 2 by this
  next
   \mathbf{fix} \ v \ u
   assume 1: v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ u \in gusuccessors \ A \ w \ v
   show rank A w u \leq rank A w v using rank-le assms 1 by this
  \mathbf{next}
   \mathbf{fix} \ v
   assume 1: v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ gaccepting \ A \ v
   have 2: v \in graph \ A \ w \ (rank \ A \ w \ v) using rank-member assms 1(1) by this
   have 3: v \notin graph \ A \ w \ (Suc \ (rank \ A \ w \ v)) \ using \ rank-removed \ assms \ by \ this
   have 4: v \in prune \ A \ w \ (graph \ A \ w \ (rank \ A \ w \ v)) using 2 \ 1(2) unfolding
prune-def by auto
   have 5: graph A w (Suc (rank A w v)) \neq prune A w (graph A w (rank A w v))
using 3 4 by blast
   show even (rank \ A \ w \ v) using 5 by auto
 next
   \mathbf{fix} \ v \ r \ k
```

```
assume 1: v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ gurun \ A \ w \ r \ v \ smap \ (rank \ A \ w) \ (gtrace \ r \ v) =
sconst k
   have sset (gtrace \ r \ v) \subseteq gureachable \ A \ w \ v
     using 1(2) by (metis graph.reachable.reflexive graph.reachable-trace)
   then have 6: sset (gtrace r v) \subseteq gunodes A w using I(1) by blast
   have 60: rank A w 'sset (gtrace r v) \subseteq \{k\}
     using 1(3) by (metis equalityD1 sset-sconst stream.set-map)
   have 50: sset (gtrace\ r\ v) \subseteq graph\ A\ w\ k
     using rank-member[OF assms] subsetD[OF 6] 60 unfolding image-subset-iff
by auto
   have 70: grun A w (graph A w k) r v using grun-subset 1(2) 50 by this
   have 7: sset (gtrace\ r\ v) \subseteq clean\ A\ w\ (graph\ A\ w\ k)
     unfolding clean-def using 50 infinite-greachable-gtrace[OF 70] by auto
   have 8: sset (gtrace r v) \cap graph A w (Suc k) = {} using rank-removed[OF]
assms 60 by blast
   have 9: sset (gtrace r v) \neq {} using stream.set-sel(1) by auto
   have 10: graph A w (Suc k) \neq clean A w (graph A w k) using 7 8 9 by blast
   show odd k using 10 unfolding graph-Suc by auto
 qed
```

#### 3.5 Correctness Theorem

```
theorem language-ranking-iff:

assumes finite (nodes A)

shows w \notin language \ A \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ f. \ ranking \ A \ w \ f)

using ranking-language language-ranking assms by blast
```

 $\mathbf{end}$ 

## 4 Complementation

```
theory Complementation
imports
Transition-Systems-and-Automata.Maps
Ranking
begin
```

#### 4.1 Level Rankings and Complementation States

```
type-synonym 'state lr = 'state \rightarrow nat

definition lr-succ :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state lr \Rightarrow 'state lr set where lr-succ A a f \equiv \{g. dom g = \bigcup (transition A a 'dom f) \land (\forall p \in dom f. \forall q \in transition A a p. the <math>(g \ q) \leq the \ (f \ p)) \land (\forall q \in dom g. accepting A q \longrightarrow even \ (the \ (g \ q)))}

type-synonym 'state st = 'state set
```

```
definition st-succ :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state \ lr \Rightarrow 'state \ st \Rightarrow 'state
st where
   st-succ A a g P \equiv \{q \in if P = \{\} \text{ then dom } g \text{ else } \bigcup \text{ (transition A a `P). even}
(the (q q))
  type-synonym 'state cs = 'state lr \times 'state st
  definition complement-succ :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state \ cs \Rightarrow 'state
cs set where
    complement-succ A \ a \equiv \lambda \ (f, P). \{(g, st\text{-succ } A \ a \ g \ P) \mid g. \ g \in lr\text{-succ } A \ a \ f\}
  definition complement :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow ('label, 'state cs) nba where
    complement A \equiv nba
      (alphabet A)
      (\{const\ (Some\ (2*card\ (nodes\ A)))\mid 'initial\ A\}\times \{\{\}\})
      (complement\text{-}succ\ A)
      (\lambda (f, P). P = \{\})
  lemma dom-nodes:
   assumes fP \in nodes \ (complement \ A)
   shows dom (fst fP) \subseteq nodes A
    using assms unfolding complement-def complement-succ-def lr-succ-def by
(induct) (auto, blast)
  lemma ran-nodes:
   assumes fP \in nodes (complement A)
   \mathbf{shows} \ \mathit{ran} \ (\mathit{fst} \ \mathit{fP}) \subseteq \{\mathit{0} \ .. \ \mathit{2} * \mathit{card} \ (\mathit{nodes} \ \mathit{A})\}
  using assms
  proof induct
   case (initial fP)
   show ?case
     using initial unfolding complement-def by (auto) (metis eq-refl option.inject
ran-restrictD)
 next
   case (execute fP agQ)
   obtain f P where 1: fP = (f, P) by force
   have 2: ran f \subseteq \{0 ... 2 * card (nodes A)\} using execute(2) unfolding 1 by
auto
   obtain a \ g \ Q where 3: agQ = (a, (g, Q)) using prod-cases 3 by this
   have 4: p \in dom f \Longrightarrow q \in transition A \ a \ p \Longrightarrow the (q \ q) \leq the (f \ p) \ for \ p \ q
      using execute(3)
      unfolding 1 3 complement-def nba.simps complement-succ-def lr-succ-def
      by simp
   have 8: dom g = \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ `(dom f))
      using execute(3)
      unfolding 1 3 complement-def nba.simps complement-succ-def lr-succ-def
     by simp
   show ?case
   unfolding 1 3 ran-def
   proof safe
```

```
\mathbf{fix} \ q \ k
     assume 5: fst (snd (a, (g, Q))) q = Some k
     have \theta: q \in dom \ g \text{ using } 5 \text{ by } auto
    obtain p where 7: p \in dom f g \in transition A \ a \ p \ using 6 \ unfolding 8 \ by
auto
     have k = the (g q) using 5 by auto
     also have \dots \leq the (f p) using 4 7 by this
     also have ... \leq 2 * card (nodes A) using 2 7(1) by (simp \ add: \ domD \ ranI)
subset-eq)
     finally show k \in \{0 ... 2 * card (nodes A)\} by auto
   qed
 qed
 lemma states-nodes:
   assumes fP \in nodes (complement A)
   shows snd fP \subseteq nodes A
  using assms
 proof induct
   case (initial fP)
   show ?case using initial unfolding complement-def by auto
   case (execute fP \ agQ)
   obtain f P where 1: fP = (f, P) by force
   have 2: P \subseteq nodes \ A \ using \ execute(2) \ unfolding \ 1 \ by \ auto
   obtain a \ g \ Q where \beta: agQ = (a, (g, Q)) using prod-cases \beta by this
   have 11: a \in alphabet \ A \ using \ execute(3) \ unfolding 3 \ complement-def \ by
auto
   have 10: (q, Q) \in nodes (complement A) using execute(1, 3) unfolding 1 3
by auto
   have 4: dom g \subseteq nodes A using <math>dom\text{-}nodes[OF 10] by simp
   have 5: \bigcup (transition A a 'P) \subseteq nodes A using 2 11 by auto
   have 6: Q \subseteq nodes A
     using execute(3)
     unfolding 1 3 complement-def nba.simps complement-succ-def st-succ-def
     using 45
     by (auto split: if-splits)
   show ?case using 6 unfolding 3 by auto
 \mathbf{qed}
  theorem complement-finite:
   assumes finite (nodes A)
   shows finite (nodes (complement A))
  proof -
   let ?lrs = \{f. \ dom \ f \subseteq nodes \ A \land ran \ f \subseteq \{0 \ .. \ 2 * card \ (nodes \ A)\}\}
   have 1: finite ?lrs using finite-set-of-finite-maps' assms by auto
   let ?states = Pow (nodes A)
   have 2: finite ?states using assms by simp
     have nodes (complement A) \subseteq ?lrs \times ?states by (force dest: dom-nodes
ran-nodes states-nodes)
   also have finite ... using 1 2 by simp
```

```
finally show ?thesis by this
  qed
  lemma complement-trace-snth:
   assumes run\ (complement\ A)\ (w\ |||\ r)\ p
   defines m \equiv p \#\# trace (w ||| r) p
   obtains
     fst (m !! Suc k) \in lr\text{-}succ A (w !! k) (fst (m !! k))
     snd\ (m !! Suc\ k) = st\text{-}succ\ A\ (w !!\ k)\ (fst\ (m !! Suc\ k))\ (snd\ (m !!\ k))
 proof
  have 1: r !! k \in transition (complement A) (w !! k) (m !! k) using nba.run-snth
assms by force
   show fst (m !! Suc k) \in lr\text{-}succ A <math>(w !! k) (fst (m !! k))
   using assms(2) 1 unfolding complement-def complement-succ-def nba.trace-alt-def
by auto
   show snd (m !! Suc k) = st\text{-}succ A (w !! k) (fst (m !! Suc k)) (snd (m !! k))
   using assms(2) 1 unfolding complement-def complement-succ-def nba.trace-alt-def
by auto
 qed
```

## 4.2 Word in Complement Language Implies Ranking

```
lemma complement-ranking:
 assumes w \in language (complement A)
 obtains f
 where ranking A w f
proof -
 obtain r p where 1:
   run\ (complement\ A)\ (w\ |||\ r)\ p
   p \in initial (complement A)
   infs (accepting (complement A)) (p \# \# r)
   using assms by rule
 let ?m = p \# \# r
 obtain 100:
   fst \ (?m !! Suc \ k) \in lr\text{-}succ \ A \ (w !! \ k) \ (fst \ (?m !! \ k))
   snd \ (?m !! Suc \ k) = st\text{-}succ \ A \ (w !! \ k) \ (fst \ (?m !! Suc \ k)) \ (snd \ (?m !! \ k))
  for k using complement-trace-snth 1(1) unfolding nba-trace-alt-def szip-smap-snd
 define f where f \equiv \lambda (k, q). the (fst (?m!! k) q)
 define P where P k \equiv snd (?m !! k) for k
 have 2: snd \ v \in dom \ (fst \ (?m !! \ fst \ v)) \ \mathbf{if} \ v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ \mathbf{for} \ v
 using that
 proof induct
   case (initial v)
   then show ?case using 1(2) unfolding complement-def by auto
 next
   case (execute \ v \ u)
   have snd \ u \in \bigcup (transition \ A \ (w !! \ fst \ v) \ `dom \ (fst \ (?m !! \ fst \ v)))
     using execute(2, 3) by auto
```

```
also have \dots = dom (fst (?m !! Suc (fst v)))
       using 100 unfolding lr-succ-def by simp
     also have Suc\ (fst\ v) = fst\ u\ using\ execute(3) by auto
     finally show ?case by this
   have 3: f u \le f v if 10: v \in gunodes \ A \ w and 11: u \in gusuccessors \ A \ w \ v for
u v
     have 15: snd \ u \in transition \ A \ (w !! \ fst \ v) \ (snd \ v) \ using 11 \ by \ auto
     have 16: snd \ v \in dom \ (fst \ (?m !! \ fst \ v)) using 2 10 by this
      have f u = the (fst (?m !! fst u) (snd u)) unfolding f-def by (simp add:
case-prod-beta)
     also have fst \ u = Suc \ (fst \ v) using 11 by auto
     also have the (fst (?m !! ...) (snd u)) \leq the (fst (?m !! fst v) (snd v))
       using 100 15 16 unfolding lr-succ-def by auto
     also have \dots = f \ v \ unfolding \ f-def \ by \ (simp \ add: case-prod-beta)
     finally show f u \leq f v by this
   qed
   have 4: \exists l \geq k. P l = \{\} for k
   proof -
     have 15: infs (\lambda(k, P), P = \{\})?m using I(3) unfolding complement-def
     obtain l where 17: l \ge k snd (?m !! l) = \{\} using 15 unfolding infs-snth
by force
     have 19: P = \{\} unfolding P-def using 17 by auto
     show ?thesis using 19 17(1) by auto
   qed
   show ?thesis
   \mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{that},\ \mathit{unfold}\ \mathit{ranking-def},\ \mathit{intro}\ \mathit{conjI}\ \mathit{ballI}\ \mathit{impI}\ \mathit{allI})
     \mathbf{fix} \ v
     assume v \in gunodes \ A \ w
     then show f v \leq 2 * card (nodes A)
     proof induct
       case (initial v)
       then show ?case using 1(2) unfolding complement-def f-def by auto
       case (execute \ v \ u)
       have f u \leq f v using \Im[OF\ execute(1)]\ execute(3) by simp
       also have \dots \leq 2 * card (nodes A) using execute(2) by this
       finally show ?case by this
     qed
   \mathbf{next}
     \mathbf{fix} \ v \ u
     assume 10: v \in gunodes \ A \ w
     assume 11: u \in gusuccessors \ A \ w \ v
     show f u \leq f v using 3 10 11 by this
   next
     \mathbf{fix} \ v
     assume 10: v \in gunodes \ A \ w
```

```
assume 11: gaccepting A v
     show even (f v)
     using 10
     proof cases
      case (initial)
      then show ?thesis using 1(2) unfolding complement-def f-def by auto
     next
       case (execute \ u)
      have 12: snd \ v \in dom \ (fst \ (?m !! \ fst \ v)) using execute graph.nodes.execute
2 by blast
      have 12: snd \ v \in dom \ (fst \ (?m !! Suc \ (fst \ u))) using 12 execute(2) by auto
      have 13: accepting A (snd v) using 11 by auto
       have f v = the (fst (?m !! fst v) (snd v)) unfolding f-def by (simp add:
case-prod-beta)
      also have fst \ v = Suc \ (fst \ u) using execute(2) by auto
      also have even (the (fst (?m !! Suc (fst u)) (snd v)))
        using 100 12 13 unfolding lr-succ-def by simp
      finally show ?thesis by this
     qed
   \mathbf{next}
     \mathbf{fix} \ v \ s \ k
     assume 10: v \in gunodes \ A \ w
     assume 11: gurun A w s v
     assume 12: smap \ f \ (gtrace \ s \ v) = sconst \ k
     \mathbf{show} \ odd \ k
     proof
      assume 13: even k
      obtain t u where 14: u \in ginitial \ A \ gupath \ A \ w \ t \ u \ v = gtarget \ t \ u \ using
10 by auto
      obtain l where 15: l \ge length \ t \ P \ l = \{\} using 4 by auto
      have 30: gurun A w (t @- s) u using 11 14 by auto
      have 21: fst (gtarget (stake (Suc l) (t @- s)) u) = Suc l for l
      unfolding sscan-snth[symmetric] using 30 14(1) by (auto elim!: grun-elim)
      have 17: snd (gtarget (stake (Suc l + i) (t @- s)) u) \in P (Suc l + i) for i
      proof (induct i)
        case (\theta)
        have 20: gtarget (stake (Suc 1) (t @-s)) u \in gunodes A w
        using 14 11 by (force simp add: 15(1) le-SucI graph.run-stake stake-shift)
        have snd (gtarget (stake (Suc l) (t @- s)) u) \in
          dom \ (fst \ (?m !! fst \ (gtarget \ (stake \ (Suc \ l) \ (t @-s)) \ u)))
          using 2[OF 20] by this
         also have fst (gtarget (stake (Suc l) (t @- s)) u) = Suc l using 21 by
this
        finally have 22: snd (gtarget (stake (Suc l) (t @-s)) u) \in dom (fst (?m
!! Suc \ l) by this
       have gtarget (stake (Suc l) (t @- s)) u = gtrace (t @- s) u !! l unfolding
sscan-snth by rule
        also have ... = gtrace\ s\ v\ !!\ (l - length\ t) using 15(1) by simp
        also have f \dots = smap \ f \ (gtrace \ s \ v) \ !! \ (l - length \ t) by simp
```

```
also have smap f (qtrace s v) = sconst k unfolding 12 by rule
        also have sconst \ k \ !! \ (l - length \ t) = k \ by \ simp
         finally have 23: even (f (gtarget (stake (Suc l) (t @- s)) u)) using 13
by simp
        have snd (gtarget (stake (Suc l) (t @-s)) u) \in
          \{p \in dom \ (fst \ (?m !! Suc \ l)). \ even \ (f \ (Suc \ l, \ p))\}
       using 21 22 23 by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) mem-Collect-eq prod.collapse)
        also have \dots = st\text{-}succ\ A\ (w\ !!\ l)\ (fst\ (?m\ !!\ Suc\ l))\ (P\ l)
          unfolding 15(2) st-succ-def f-def by simp
        also have ... = P(Suc\ l) using 100(2) unfolding P-def by rule
        finally show ?case by auto
       \mathbf{next}
        case (Suc\ i)
        have 20: P(Suc \ l + i) \neq \{\} using Suc \ by \ auto
        have 21: fst (gtarget (stake (Suc l + Suc i) (t @- s)) u) = Suc l + Suc i
          using 21 by (simp add: stake-shift)
        have gtarget (stake (Suc l + Suc i) (t @ - s)) u = gtrace (t @ - s) u !! (l
+ Suc i
          unfolding sscan-snth by simp
        also have ... \in gusuccessors A w (gtarget (stake (Suc (l + i)) (t @ - s))
u)
          using graph.run-snth[OF\ 30,\ of\ l+Suc\ i] by simp
        finally have 220: snd (gtarget (stake (Suc (Suc l + i)) (t @ - s)) u) \in
           transition A (w !! (Suc l + i)) (snd (gtarget (stake (Suc (l + i)) (t @ -
s)) u))
          using 21 by auto
        have 22: snd (gtarget (stake (Suc l + Suc i) (t @- s)) u) \in
           \bigcup (transition A (w!! (Suc l+i)) 'P (Suc l+i)) using 220 Suc by
auto
        have gtarget (stake (Suc l + Suc i) (t @ - s)) u = gtrace (t @ - s) u !! (l
+ Suc i)
          unfolding sscan-snth by simp
        also have ... = gtrace \ s \ v \parallel (l + Suc \ i - length \ t) using 15(1)
          by (metis add.commute shift-snth-ge sscan-const trans-le-add2)
        also have f \dots = smap \ f \ (gtrace \ s \ v) \ !! \ (l + Suc \ i - length \ t) by simp
        also have smap f (qtrace s v) = sconst k unfolding 12 by rule
        also have sconst \ k !! \ (l + Suc \ i - length \ t) = k \ by \ simp
         finally have 23: even (f (gtarget (stake (Suc l + Suc i) (t @- s)) u))
using 13 by auto
        have snd (gtarget\ (stake\ (Suc\ l + Suc\ i)\ (t\ @-\ s))\ u) \in
           \{p \in \bigcup (transition \ A \ (w !! \ (Suc \ l + i)) \ `P \ (Suc \ l + i)). \ even \ (f \ (Suc \ l + i)) \ )
(Suc l + i), p)
            using 21 22 23 by (metis (mono-tags) add-Suc-right mem-Collect-eq
prod.collapse)
        also have ... = st-succ\ A\ (w\ !!\ (Suc\ l+i))\ (fst\ (?m\ !!\ Suc\ (Suc\ l+i)))
(P (Suc l + i))
          unfolding st-succ-def f-def using 20 by simp
        also have ... = P(Suc(Suc(l+i))) unfolding 100(2)[folded(P-def)] by
rule
```

```
also have ... = P (Suc l + Suc i) by simp finally show ?case by this qed obtain l' where 16: l' \geq Suc \ l \ P \ l' = \{\} using 4 by auto show False using 16 17 using nat-le-iff-add by auto qed qed qed
```

## 4.3 Ranking Implies Word in Complement Language

```
definition reach where
   reach A w i \equiv \{target \ r \ p \ | r \ p. \ path \ A \ r \ p \land p \in initial \ A \land map \ fst \ r = stake \}
i \ w
 lemma reach-0[simp]: reach A w 0 = initial A unfolding reach-def by auto
 lemma reach-Suc-empty:
   assumes w !! n \notin alphabet A
   shows reach A \ w \ (Suc \ n) = \{\}
  proof safe
   \mathbf{fix} \ q
   assume 1: q \in reach \ A \ w \ (Suc \ n)
   obtain r p where 2: q = target r p path A r p p \in initial A map fst r = stake
(Suc \ n) \ w
     using 1 unfolding reach-def by blast
   have 3: path A (take n r @ drop n r) p using 2(2) by simp
   have 4: map fst r = stake \ n \ w @ [w !! \ n]  using 2(4) \ stake\text{-Suc} by auto
   have 5: map snd r = take \ n \ (map \ snd \ r) @ [q] \ using 2(1, 4) 4
     by (metis One-nat-def Suc-inject Suc-neq-Zero Suc-pred append.right-neutral
         append-eq-conv-conj drop-map id-take-nth-drop last-ConsR last-conv-nth
length-0-conv
     length-map length-stake lessI nba.target-alt-def nba.states-alt-def zero-less-Suc)
   have 6: drop \ n \ r = [(w !! \ n, \ q)]  using 4 \ 5
   by (metis append-eq-conv-conj append-is-Nil-conv append-take-drop-id drop-map
       length-greater-0-conv\ length-stake\ stake-cycle-le\ stake-invert-Nil
       take-map zip-Cons-Cons zip-map-fst-snd)
   show q \in \{\} using assms 3 unfolding 6 by auto
  ged
  lemma reach-Suc-succ:
   assumes w !! n \in alphabet A
   shows reach A \ w \ (Suc \ n) = \bigcup \ (transition \ A \ (w !! \ n) \ `reach \ A \ w \ n)
  proof safe
   \mathbf{fix} \ q
   assume 1: q \in reach \ A \ w \ (Suc \ n)
   obtain r p where 2: q = target r p path A r p p \in initial A map fst r = stake
(Suc \ n) \ w
     using 1 unfolding reach-def by blast
   have 3: path A (take n r @ drop n r) p using 2(2) by simp
   have 4: map fst r = stake \ n \ w @ [w !! \ n]  using 2(4) \ stake\text{-Suc} by auto
```

```
have 5: map snd r = take \ n \ (map \ snd \ r) @ [q] \ using 2(1, 4) 4
     by (metis One-nat-def Suc-inject Suc-neq-Zero Suc-pred append.right-neutral
         append-eq\text{-}conv\text{-}conj drop\text{-}map id\text{-}take\text{-}nth\text{-}drop last\text{-}ConsR last\text{-}conv\text{-}nth
length-0-conv
     length-map length-stake lessI nba.target-alt-def nba.states-alt-def zero-less-Suc)
   have \theta: drop \ n \ r = [(w !! \ n, \ q)] using 4 5
   by (metis append-eq-conv-conj append-is-Nil-conv append-take-drop-id drop-map
       length-greater-0-conv length-stake stake-cycle-le stake-invert-Nil
       take-map zip-Cons-Cons zip-map-fst-snd)
   show q \in \bigcup ((transition \ A \ (w !! \ n) \ `(reach \ A \ w \ n)))
   unfolding reach-def
   proof (intro UN-I CollectI exI conjI)
     show target (take n r) p = target (take n r) p by rule
     show path A (take n r) p using \beta by blast
     show p \in initial A using 2(3) by this
     show map fst (take n r) = stake n w using 2 by (metis length-stake lessI
nat.distinct(1)
       stake-cycle-le stake-invert-Nil take-map take-stake)
     show q \in transition \ A \ (w !! \ n) \ (target \ (take \ n \ r) \ p) \ using \ 3 \ unfolding \ 6
by auto
   qed
 \mathbf{next}
   \mathbf{fix} \ p \ q
   assume 1: p \in reach \ A \ w \ n \ q \in transition \ A \ (w !! \ n) \ p
   obtain r x where 2: p = target r x path A r x x <math>\in initial A map fst r = stake
n w
     using 1(1) unfolding reach-def by blast
   show q \in reach \ A \ w \ (Suc \ n)
   unfolding reach-def
   proof (intro CollectI exI conjI)
     show q = target (r @ [(w !! n, q)]) x using 1 2 by auto
     show path A (r @ [(w !! n, q)]) x using assms <math>1(2) 2(1, 2) by auto
     show x \in initial A  using 2(3) by this
     show map fst (r @ [(w !! n, q)]) = stake (Suc n) w using 1 2
       by (metis eq-fst-iff list.simps(8) list.simps(9) map-append stake-Suc)
   qed
  qed
 lemma reach-Suc[simp]: reach A w (Suc n) = (if w !! n \in alphabet A
   then [\ ] (transition A (w !! n) 'reach A w n) else \{\})
   using reach-Suc-empty reach-Suc-succ by metis
  lemma reach-nodes: reach A w i \subseteq nodes A by (induct i) (auto)
  lemma reach-gunodes: \{i\} \times reach \ A \ w \ i \subseteq gunodes \ A \ w
   by (induct i) (auto intro: graph.nodes.execute)
  lemma ranking-complement:
   assumes finite (nodes A) w \in streams (alphabet A) ranking A w f
   shows w \in language (complement A)
  proof -
   define f' where f' \equiv \lambda (k, p). if k = 0 then 2 * card (nodes A) else f(k, p)
```

```
have \theta: ranking A w f'
   unfolding ranking-def
   proof (intro conjI ballI impI allI)
     show \land v. v \in gunodes A w \Longrightarrow f' v \leq 2 * card (nodes A)
       using assms(3) unfolding ranking-def f'-def by auto
     show \bigwedge v \ u. \ v \in gunodes \ A \ w \Longrightarrow u \in gusuccessors \ A \ w \ v \Longrightarrow f' \ u \le f' \ v
       using assms(3) unfolding ranking-def f'-def by fastforce
     show \bigwedge v. \ v \in gunodes \ A \ w \Longrightarrow gaccepting \ A \ v \Longrightarrow even \ (f' \ v)
       using assms(3) unfolding ranking-def f'-def by auto
   next
    have 1: v \in gunodes\ A\ w \Longrightarrow gurun\ A\ w\ r\ v \Longrightarrow smap\ f\ (gtrace\ r\ v) = sconst
k \Longrightarrow odd k
       for v r k using assms(3) unfolding ranking-def by meson
     \mathbf{fix} \ v \ r \ k
     assume 2: v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ gurun \ A \ w \ r \ v \ smap \ f' \ (gtrace \ r \ v) = sconst \ k
     have 20: shd r \in qureachable A w v using 2
      by (auto) (metis graph.reachable.reflexive graph.reachable-trace gtrace-alt-def
subsetD \ shd\text{-}sset)
     obtain \beta:
       shd \ r \in gunodes \ A \ w
       gurun \ A \ w \ (stl \ r) \ (shd \ r)
       smap\ f'\ (gtrace\ (stl\ r)\ (shd\ r)) = sconst\ k
     using 2 20 by (metis (no-types, lifting) eq-id-iff graph.nodes-trans graph.run-scons-elim
         siterate.simps(2) sscan.simps(2) stream.collapse stream.map-sel(2))
     have 4: k \neq 0 if (k, p) \in sset \ r for k p
     proof -
       obtain ra ka pa where 1: r = fromN (Suc ka) ||| ra v = (ka, pa)
         using grun\text{-}elim[OF 2(2)] by this
       have 2: k \in sset (from N (Suc ka)) using 1(1) that
         by (metis image-eqI prod.sel(1) szip-smap-fst stream.set-map)
       show ?thesis using 2 by simp
     have 5: smap f'(gtrace(stl\ r)(shd\ r)) = smap f(gtrace(stl\ r)(shd\ r))
     proof (rule stream.map-cong)
       show gtrace (stl r) (shd r) = gtrace (stl r) (shd r) by rule
     next
       \mathbf{fix} \ z
       assume 1: z \in sset (qtrace (stl r) (shd r))
       have 2: fst z \neq 0 using 4 1 by (metis gtrace-alt-def prod.collapse stl-sset)
       show f' z = f z using 2 unfolding f'-def by (auto simp: case-prod-beta)
     qed
     show odd k using 1 3 5 by simp
   define g where g i p \equiv if p \in reach A w i then Some (f'(i, p)) else None for
i p
   have g-dom[simp]: dom(g i) = reach A w i for i
     unfolding g-def by (auto) (metis\ option.simps(3))
   have g-\theta[simp]: g \theta = const (Some (2 * card (nodes A))) | 'initial A
```

```
unfolding g-def f'-def by auto
   have g\text{-}Suc[simp]: g(Suc\ n) \in lr\text{-}succ\ A(w!!\ n)(g\ n) for n
   unfolding lr-succ-def
   proof (intro CollectI conjI ballI impI)
    show dom(g(Suc n)) = \bigcup (transition A(w!! n) 'dom(g n)) using snth-in
assms(2) by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     \mathbf{fix} \ p \ q
     assume 100: p \in dom(g n) q \in transition A(w!! n) p
     have 101: q \in reach \ A \ w \ (Suc \ n) using snth-in \ assms(2) 100 by auto
    have 102: (n, p) \in gunodes \ A \ w \ using \ 100(1) \ reach-gunodes \ g-dom \ by \ blast
     have 103: (Suc n, q) \in gusuccessors A w (n, p) using snth-in assms(2) 102
100(2) by auto
     have 104: p \in reach \ A \ w \ n \ using \ 100(1) by simp
     have g(Suc n) q = Some(f'(Suc n, q)) using 101 unfolding g-def by
simp
     also have the \dots = f'(Suc\ n,\ q) by simp
     also have ... \leq f'(n, p) using \theta unfolding ranking-def using 102 103 by
simp
     also have ... = the (Some (f'(n, p))) by simp
     also have Some (f'(n, p)) = g \ n \ p \ using 104 \ unfolding g-def by simp
     finally show the (g (Suc n) q) \le the (g n p) by this
   \mathbf{next}
     \mathbf{fix} p
     assume 100: p \in dom (g (Suc n)) accepting A p
     have 101: p \in reach \ A \ w \ (Suc \ n) using 100(1) by simp
     have 102: (Suc\ n,\ p) \in gunodes\ A\ w\ using\ 101\ reach-gunodes\ by\ blast
     have 103: gaccepting A (Suc n, p) using 100(2) by simp
     have the (g (Suc \ n) \ p) = f' (Suc \ n, \ p) using 101 unfolding g-def by simp
     also have even ... using 0 unfolding ranking-def using 102 103 by auto
     finally show even (the (g (Suc n) p)) by this
   qed
   define P where P \equiv rec\text{-nat} \{\} (\lambda \ n. \ st\text{-succ} \ A \ (w !! \ n) \ (g \ (Suc \ n)))
   have P-\theta[simp]: P \theta = \{\} unfolding P-def by simp
   have P-Suc[simp]: P(Suc n) = st-succ A(w!! n)(q(Suc n))(P n) for n
     unfolding P-def by simp
   have P-reach: P \ n \subseteq reach \ A \ w \ n \ for \ n
     using snth-in assms(2) by (induct \ n) (auto \ simp \ add: \ st-succ-def)
   have P \ n \subseteq reach \ A \ w \ n for n using P-reach by auto
   also have ... n \subseteq nodes A for n using reach-nodes by this
   also have finite (nodes A) using assms(1) by this
   finally have P-finite: finite (P \ n) for n by this
   define s where s \equiv smap \ g \ nats ||| \ smap \ P \ nats
   show ?thesis
   proof
     show run (complement A) (w \parallel \parallel stl s) (shd s)
```

```
proof (intro nba.snth-run conjI, simp-all del: stake.simps stake-szip)
       \mathbf{fix} \ k
       show w \parallel k \in alphabet (complement A) using snth-in <math>assms(2) unfolding
complement-def by auto
       have stl \ s \ !! \ k = s \ !! \ Suc \ k \ by \ simp
       also have \ldots \in complement\text{-}succ\ A\ (w\ !!\ k)\ (s\ !!\ k)
         unfolding complement-succ-def s-def using P-Suc by simp
        also have \dots = complement\text{-}succ\ A\ (w !! \ k)\ (target\ (stake\ k\ (w \mid\mid\mid stl\ s))
(shd\ s))
         unfolding sscan-scons-snth[symmetric] nba.trace-alt-def by simp
       also have ... = transition (complement A) (w \parallel k) (target (stake k \mid w \mid k)
stl(s)) (shd(s))
         unfolding complement-def nba.sel by rule
       finally show stl \ s \ !! \ k \in
          transition (complement A) (w \parallel k) (target (stake k \mid w \mid \parallel stl \mid s)) (shd s))
by this
     qed
     show shd\ s \in initial\ (complement\ A) unfolding complement\ def\ s\ def\ using
P-\theta by simp
     show infs (accepting (complement A)) (shd s \#\# stl s)
     proof -
       have 10: \forall n. \exists k \geq n. P k = \{\}
       proof (rule ccontr)
         assume 2\theta: \neg (\forall n. \exists k \geq n. P k = \{\})
         obtain k where 22: P(k+n) \neq \{\} for n using 20 using le-add1 by
blast
         define m where m n S \equiv \{p \in \bigcup (transition \ A \ (w !! \ n) \ `S). \ even (the
(g (Suc \ n) \ p)) for n \ S
         define R where R i n S \equiv rec-nat S (\lambda i. m (n + i)) i for i n S
         have R-\theta[simp]: R \theta n = id for n unfolding R-def by auto
         have R-Suc[simp]: R (Suc i) n = m (n + i) \circ R i n for i n unfolding
R-def by auto
         have R-Suc': R (Suc i) n = R i (Suc n) \circ m n for i n unfolding R-Suc
by (induct i) (auto)
        have R-reach: R \ i \ n \ S \subseteq reach \ A \ w \ (n+i) \ \text{if} \ S \subseteq reach \ A \ w \ n \ \text{for} \ i \ n \ S
           using snth-in assms(2) that m-def by (induct i) (auto)
         have P-R: P(k + i) = R i k (P k) for i
         using 22 by (induct i) (auto simp add: case-prod-beta' m-def st-succ-def)
         have 50: R i n S = (\bigcup p \in S. R i n \{p\}) for i n S
           by (induct i) (auto simp add: m-def prod.case-eq-if)
         have 51: R(i + j) n S = \{\} if R i n S = \{\} for i j n S
           using that by (induct j) (auto simp add: m-def prod.case-eq-if)
         have 52: R j n S = \{\}  if i \le j R i n S = \{\}  for i j n S
           using 51 by (metis le-add-diff-inverse that (1) that (2))
         have 1: \exists p \in S. \forall i. R in \{p\} \neq \{\}
           if assms: finite S \land i. R i n S \neq \{\} for n S
         proof (rule ccontr)
```

```
assume 1: \neg (\exists p \in S. \forall i. R in \{p\} \neq \{\})
          obtain f where \beta: \bigwedge p. p \in S \Longrightarrow R (f p) n \{p\} = \{\}  using 1 by metis
           have 4: R (Sup (f `S)) n \{p\} = \{\} if p \in S for p \}
           proof (rule 52)
          show f p \leq Sup (f \cdot S) using assms(1) that by (auto intro: le-cSup-finite)
             show R(f p) n \{p\} = \{\}  using 3 that by this
           have R(Sup(f'S)) n S = (\bigcup p \in S. R(Sup(f'S))) n \{p\}) using 50
bv this
           also have \dots = \{\} using 4 by simp
           finally have 5: R (Sup (f \cdot S)) n S = \{\} by this
           show False using that(2) 5 by auto
         qed
         have 2: \land i. R \ i \ (k + \theta) \ (P \ k) \neq \{\}  using 22 \ P-R by simp
         obtain p where 3: p \in P \ k \land i. R i k \{p\} \neq \{\} using 1[OF P-finite 2]
by auto
         define Q where Q n p \equiv (\forall i. R i (k + n) \{p\} \neq \{\}) \land p \in P (k + n)
for n p
        have 5: \exists q \in transition \ A \ (w !! \ (k+n)) \ p. \ Q \ (Suc \ n) \ q \ \textbf{if} \ Q \ n \ p \ \textbf{for} \ n \ p
         have 11: p \in P(k+n) \land i. R i(k+n) \{p\} \neq \{\} using that unfolding
Q-def by auto
           have 12: R (Suc i) (k + n) {p} \neq {} for i using 11(2) by this
         have 13: R i (k + Suc n) (m (k + n) \{p\}) \neq \{\} for i using 12 unfolding
R-Suc' by simp
           have \{p\} \subseteq P (k + n) using 11(1) by auto
           also have ... \subseteq reach A w (k + n) using P-reach by this
           finally have R \ 1 \ (k+n) \ \{p\} \subseteq reach \ A \ w \ (k+n+1) using R-reach
by blast
           also have \ldots \subseteq nodes \ A  using reach-nodes by this
           also have finite (nodes A) using assms(1) by this
           finally have 14: finite (m (k + n) \{p\}) by simp
           obtain q where 14: q \in m (k + n) \{p\} \land i. R i (k + Suc n) \{q\} \neq \{\}
             using 1[OF 14 13] by auto
           show ?thesis
           unfolding Q-def prod.case
           proof (intro bexI conjI allI)
             show \bigwedge i. R i (k + Suc\ n) \{q\} \neq \{\} using 14(2) by this
             show q \in P (k + Suc n)
           using 14(1) 11(1) 22 unfolding m-def by (auto simp add: st-succ-def)
            show q \in transition \ A \ (w !! \ (k + n)) \ p \ using \ 14(1) \ unfolding \ m-def
by simp
           \mathbf{qed}
         qed
         obtain r where 23:
          run \ A \ r \ p \ \land \ i. \ Q \ i \ ((p \#\# \ trace \ r \ p) \ !! \ i) \ \land \ i. \ fst \ (r \ !! \ i) = w \ !! \ (k + i)
         proof (rule nba.invariant-run-index[of Q \ 0 \ p \ A \ \lambda \ n \ p \ a. fst a = w \ !! \ (k + p)
n)])
```

```
show Q \ \theta \ p unfolding Q-def using \beta by auto
          show \exists a. (fst a \in alphabet A \land snd a \in transition A (fst a) p) <math>\land
            Q (Suc n) (snd a) \wedge fst a = w !! (k + n) if Q n p for n p
            using snth-in assms(2) 5 that by fastforce
        ged auto
         have 20: smap fst r = sdrop \ k \ w \ using \ 23(3) by (intro eqI-snth) (simp
add: case-prod-beta)
        have 21: (p \#\# smap \ snd \ r) !! \ i \in P \ (k+i) for i
          using 23(2) unfolding Q-def unfolding nba.trace-alt-def by simp
        obtain r where 23: run A (sdrop k w ||| stl r) (shd r) \bigwedge i. r !! i \in P (k
+i
          using 20 21 23(1) by (metis stream.sel(1) stream.sel(2) szip-smap)
        let ?v = (k, shd r)
        let ?r = fromN (Suc k) ||| stl r
        have shd r = r !! \theta by simp
        also have \ldots \in P \ k \text{ using } 23(2)[of \ 0] \text{ by } simp
        also have \ldots \subseteq reach \ A \ w \ k \ using \ P\text{-}reach \ by \ this
        finally have 24: ?v \in gunodes \ A \ w \ using \ reach-gunodes \ by \ blast
        have 25: gurun A w ?r ?v using run-grun 23(1) by this
        obtain l where 26: Ball (sset (smap f' (qtrace (sdrop l ?r) (qtarget (stake
l ?r) ?v)))) odd
          using ranking-stuck-odd 0 24 25 by this
        have 27: f'(Suc(k + l), r !! Suc(l) =
         shd (smap f' (gtrace (sdrop l ? r) (gtarget (stake l ? r) ? v))) by (simp add:
algebra-simps)
          also have ... \in sset (smap f' (gtrace (sdrop l ? r) (gtarget (stake l ? r)
?v)))
          using shd-sset by this
        finally have 28: odd (f'(Suc(k+l), r !! Suc l)) using 26 by auto
        have r 	ext{!! } Suc \ l \in P \ (Suc \ (k+l)) \ \textbf{using} \ 23(2) \ \textbf{by} \ (metis \ add-Suc-right)
        also have ... = \{p \in \bigcup (transition \ A \ (w !! (k + l)) \ `P \ (k + l)).
          even (the (g (Suc (k + l)) p)) using 23(2) by (auto simp: st-succ-def)
        also have ... \subseteq \{p. \ even \ (the \ (g \ (Suc \ (k + l)) \ p))\}  by auto
        finally have 29: even (the (g (Suc (k + l)) (r !! Suc l))) by auto
        have 30: r !! Suc l \in reach A w (Suc (k + l))
          using 23(2) P-reach by (metis add-Suc-right subsetCE)
        have 31: even (f'(Suc(k+l), r !! Suc l)) using 29 30 unfolding q-def
by simp
        show False using 28 31 by simp
       \mathbf{qed}
       have 11: infs (\lambda k. P k = {}) nats using 10 unfolding infs-snth by simp
       have infs (\lambda S. S = \{\}) (smap \ snd \ (smap \ g \ nats ||| \ smap \ P \ nats))
        using 11 by (simp add: comp-def)
       then have infs (\lambda x. snd x = {}) (smap g nats ||| smap P nats)
        by (simp add: comp-def del: szip-smap-snd)
       then have infs (\lambda (f, P), P = \{\}) (smap g nats ||| smap P nats)
        by (simp add: case-prod-beta')
       then have infs (\lambda (f, P). P = \{\}) (stl (smap g nats ||| smap P nats)) by
blast
```

```
then have infs (\lambda (f, P). P = \{\}) (smap snd (w ||| stl (smap g nats ||| smap P nats))) by simp
then have infs (\lambda (f, P). P = \{\}) (stl s) unfolding s-def by simp
then show ?thesis unfolding complement-def by auto
qed
qed
```

#### 4.4 Correctness Theorem

```
theorem complement-language:
    assumes finite (nodes A)
    shows language (complement A) = streams (alphabet A) - language A
    proof (safe del: notI)
    have 1: alphabet (complement A) = alphabet A unfolding complement-def
    nba.sel by rule
    show w \in streams (alphabet A) if w \in language (complement A) for w
    using nba.language-alphabet that 1 by force
    show w \notin language A if w \in language (complement A) for w
    using complement-ranking ranking-language that by metis
    show w \in language (complement A) if w \in streams (alphabet A) w \notin language
A for w
    using language-ranking ranking-complement assms that by blast
    qed
```

## 5 Complementation Implementation

```
theory Complementation-Implement imports
   Transition-Systems-and-Automata.NBA-Implement Complementation
begin
   unbundle lattice-syntax
   type-synonym item = nat \times bool
   type-synonym 'state\ items = 'state \rightharpoonup item
   type-synonym state = (nat \times item)\ list
   abbreviation item\text{-}rel \equiv nat\text{-}rel \times_r \ bool\text{-}rel
   abbreviation state\text{-}rel \equiv \langle nat\text{-}rel, item\text{-}rel \rangle \ list\text{-}map\text{-}rel}
   abbreviation pred\ A\ a\ q \equiv \{p,\ q \in transition\ A\ a\ p\}
```

### 5.1 Phase 1

end

```
definition cs-lr :: 'state items <math>\Rightarrow 'state lr where
```

```
cs-lr f \equiv map-option fst \circ f
  definition cs-st :: 'state\ items \Rightarrow 'state\ st where
    cs-st f \equiv f - 'Some 'snd - '{True}
  abbreviation cs-abs :: 'state items \Rightarrow 'state cs where
    cs-abs f \equiv (cs-lr f, cs-st f)
  definition cs\text{-}rep :: 'state \ cs \Rightarrow 'state \ items \ \mathbf{where}
    cs\text{-rep} \equiv \lambda \ (g, P) \ p. \ map\text{-option} \ (\lambda \ k. \ (k, p \in P)) \ (g \ p)
  lemma cs-abs-rep[simp]: cs-rep(cs-abs f) = f
 proof
   show cs-rep (cs-abs f) x = f x for x
     unfolding cs-lr-def cs-st-def cs-rep-def by (cases f x) (force+)
 lemma cs\text{-}rep\text{-}lr[simp]: cs\text{-}lr\ (cs\text{-}rep\ (g,\ P))=g
 proof
   show cs-lr (cs-rep (g, P)) x = g x for x
     unfolding cs-rep-def cs-lr-def by (cases \ g \ x) (auto)
  qed
  lemma cs\text{-rep-st}[simp]: cs\text{-st}(cs\text{-rep}(g, P)) = P \cap dom g
   unfolding cs-rep-def cs-st-def by force
  lemma cs-lr-dom[simp]: dom(cs-lr f) = dom f unfolding cs-lr-def by simp
  lemma cs-lr-apply[simp]:
   assumes p \in dom f
   shows the (cs-lr f(p)) = fst(the(f(p)))
   using assms unfolding cs-lr-def by auto
 lemma cs-rep-dom[simp]: dom(cs-rep(q, P)) = dom q unfolding cs-rep-def by
auto
 lemma cs-rep-apply[simp]:
   assumes p \in dom f
   shows fst (the (cs-rep (f, P) p)) = the (f p)
   using assms unfolding cs-rep-def by auto
 abbreviation cs-rel :: ('state items \times 'state cs) set where
    cs\text{-rel} \equiv br \ cs\text{-}abs \ top
 lemma cs-rel-inv-single-valued: single-valued (cs-rel<sup>-1</sup>)
   by (auto intro!: inj-onI) (metis cs-abs-rep)
  definition refresh-1 :: 'state items \Rightarrow 'state items where
    refresh-1 f \equiv if \ True \in snd ' ran f \ then \ f \ else \ map-option \ (apsnd \ top) \circ f
  definition ranks-1 ::
   ('label, 'state) \ nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state \ items \Rightarrow 'state \ items \ set \ \mathbf{where}
   ranks-1 A a f \equiv \{g.
     dom \ g = \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ `(dom \ f)) \land
     (\forall p \in dom f. \forall q \in transition A \ a \ p. \ fst \ (the \ (g \ q)) \leq fst \ (the \ (f \ p))) \land
     (\forall q \in dom \ g. \ accepting \ A \ q \longrightarrow even \ (fst \ (the \ (g \ q)))) \land
     cs\text{-st }g = \{q \in \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ (cs\text{-st }f)). \ even \ (fst \ (the \ (g \ q)))\}\}
```

```
definition complement-succ-1 ::
   ('label, 'state) \ nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state \ items \Rightarrow 'state \ items \ set \ \mathbf{where}
    complement-succ-1 A a = ranks-1 A a \circ refresh-1
 definition complement-1 :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow ('label, 'state items) nba where
    complement-1 \ A \equiv nba
     (alphabet A)
     (\{const\ (Some\ (2*card\ (nodes\ A),\ False))\ |\ 'initial\ A\})
     (complement-succ-1 A)
     (\lambda f. cs\text{-}st f = \{\})
 lemma refresh-1-dom[simp]: dom (refresh-1 f) = dom f unfolding refresh-1-def
by simp
 lemma refresh-1-apply[simp]: fst (the (refresh-1 f p)) = fst (the (f p))
   unfolding refresh-1-def by (cases f p) (auto)
 lemma refresh-1-cs-st[simp]: cs-st (refresh-1 f) = (if cs-st f = {} then dom f else
   unfolding refresh-1-def cs-st-def ran-def image-def vimage-def by auto
 \mathbf{lemma}\ complement\text{-}succ\text{-}1\text{-}abs\text{:}
   assumes g \in complement\text{-}succ\text{-}1 \ A \ a \ f
   shows cs-abs g \in complement-succ A a (cs-abs f)
  unfolding complement-succ-def
  proof (simp, rule)
   have 1:
     dom \ g = \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ `(dom \ f))
     \forall p \in dom \ f. \ \forall q \in transition \ A \ a \ p. \ fst \ (the \ (g \ q)) \leq fst \ (the \ (f \ p))
     \forall p \in dom \ g. \ accepting \ A \ p \longrightarrow even \ (fst \ (the \ (g \ p)))
     using assms unfolding complement-succ-1-def ranks-1-def by simp-all
   show cs-lr g \in lr-succ A a (cs-lr f)
   unfolding lr-succ-def
   proof (intro CollectI conjI ballI impI)
     show dom(cs-lr\ g) = \bigcup (transition\ A\ a\ 'dom(cs-lr\ f)) using 1 by simp
   next
     \mathbf{fix} \ p \ q
     assume 2: p \in dom (cs-lr f) q \in transition A a p
     have 3: q \in dom (cs-lr q) using 1 2 by auto
     show the (cs-lr g q) \leq the (cs-lr f p) using 1 2 3 by simp
   next
     \mathbf{fix} p
     assume 2: p \in dom (cs-lr g) accepting A p
     show even (the (cs-lr g p)) using 1 2 by auto
   qed
   have 2: cs\text{-st } g = \{q \in \bigcup (transition \ A \ a \ `cs\text{-st } (refresh\text{-}1 \ f)). even (fst \ (the
(g \ q)))\}
     using assms unfolding complement-succ-1-def ranks-1-def by simp
   show cs-st g = st-succ A a (cs-lr g) (cs-st f)
   proof (cases cs-st f = \{\})
     case True
     have 3: the (cs-lr g(q) = fst(the(g(q))) if q \in \bigcup (transition(A(a))) '(dom f)
```

```
for q
       using that 1(1) by simp
     show ?thesis using 2 3 unfolding st-succ-def refresh-1-cs-st True cs-lr-dom
1(1) by force
   next
     case False
     have 3: the (cs-lr g q) = fst (the (g q)) if q \in \bigcup ((transition A a) `(cs-st f))
for q
       using that 1(1) by
         (auto intro!: cs-lr-apply)
         (metis IntE UN-iff cs-abs-rep cs-lr-dom cs-rep-st domD prod.collapse)
     have cs-st g = \{q \in I \mid (transition \ A \ a \ cs-st \ (refresh-1 \ f)). \ even \ (fst \ (the \ (g
q))))
       using 2 by this
     also have cs-st (refresh-1 f) = cs-st f using False by simp
     also have \{q \in \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ (cs-st \ f)). \ even (fst \ (the \ (q \ q)))\} =
         \{q \in \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ (cs-st \ f)). \ even \ (the \ (cs-lr \ g \ q))\} \ using \ 3 \ by
metis
      also have \dots = st\text{-}succ\ A\ a\ (cs\text{-}lr\ g)\ (cs\text{-}st\ f)\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ st\text{-}succ\text{-}def\ \mathbf{using}
False by simp
     finally show ?thesis by this
   qed
  qed
  lemma complement-succ-1-rep:
   assumes P \subseteq dom f (g, Q) \in complement\text{-}succ A a (f, P)
   shows cs-rep (g, Q) \in complement-succ-1 A a (cs-rep (f, P))
  unfolding complement-succ-1-def ranks-1-def comp-apply
  proof (intro CollectI conjI ballI impI)
   have 1:
     dom \ g = \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ (dom \ f))
     \forall p \in dom f. \ \forall q \in transition \ A \ a \ p. \ the (g \ q) \leq the (f \ p)
     \forall p \in dom \ g. \ accepting \ A \ p \longrightarrow even \ (the \ (g \ p))
     using assms(2) unfolding complement-succ-def lr-succ-def by simp-all
    have 2: Q = \{q \in if \ P = \{\} \ then \ dom \ g \ else \ \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ `P). \ even
(the (g q))
     using assms(2) unfolding complement-succ-def st-succ-def by simp
   have 3: Q \subseteq dom \ g \ unfolding \ 2 \ 1(1) \ using \ assms(1) by auto
    show dom (cs-rep (g, Q)) = \bigcup (transition A a 'dom (refresh-1 (cs-rep (f, G))
P)))) using 1 by simp
   show \bigwedge p \ q. \ p \in dom \ (refresh-1 \ (cs-rep \ (f, P))) \Longrightarrow q \in transition \ A \ a \ p \Longrightarrow
     fst\ (the\ (cs\text{-}rep\ (g,\ Q)\ q)) \leq fst\ (the\ (refresh-1\ (cs\text{-}rep\ (f,\ P))\ p))
     using 1(1, 2) by (auto) (metis UN-I cs-rep-apply domI option.sel)
   show \bigwedge p. p \in dom (cs\text{-rep }(g, Q)) \Longrightarrow accepting A p \Longrightarrow even (fst (the (cs\text{-rep})))
(g, Q) p)))
     using 1(1, 3) by auto
    show cs-st (cs-rep (g, Q)) = \{q \in \bigcup (transition A a 'cs-st (refresh-1 (cs-rep
     even (fst (the (cs-rep (g, Q) q)))}
   proof (cases P = \{\})
```

```
case True
     have cs-st (cs-rep (g, Q)) = Q using 3 by auto
     also have ... = \{q \in dom \ g. \ even \ (the \ (g \ q))\} unfolding 2 using True by
auto
       also have ... = \{q \in dom \ g. \ even \ (fst \ (the \ (cs\text{-rep} \ (g, \ Q) \ q)))\} using
cs-rep-apply by metis
     also have dom g = \bigcup ((transition A a) ' (dom f)) using I(1) by this
     also have dom f = cs\text{-}st \ (refresh\text{-}1 \ (cs\text{-}rep \ (f, P))) \ using True by <math>simp
     finally show ?thesis by this
   \mathbf{next}
     case False
     have 4: fst (the (cs-rep (g, Q) q)) = the (g, q) if q \in \bigcup (transition A a) P
       using 1(1) that assms(1) by (fast intro: cs-rep-apply)
     have cs-st (cs-rep (g, Q)) = Q using 3 by auto
     also have \ldots = \{q \in \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ `P). \ even \ (the \ (g \ q))\} unfolding
2 using False by auto
      also have ... = \{q \in \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ `P). \ even \ (fst \ (the \ (cs-rep \ (g, \ Q)))\}
q))) using 4 by force
      also have P = (cs\text{-}st \ (refresh\text{-}1 \ (cs\text{-}rep \ (f, P)))) using assms(1) False by
auto
     finally show ?thesis by simp
    qed
  qed
  lemma complement-succ-1-refine: (complement-succ-1, complement-succ) \in
    Id \rightarrow Id \rightarrow cs\text{-}rel \rightarrow \langle cs\text{-}rel \rangle set\text{-}rel
  proof (clarsimp simp: br-set-rel-alt in-br-conv)
   \mathbf{fix}\ A :: ('a,\ 'b)\ nba
   \mathbf{fix} \ a \ f
   show complement-succ A a (cs-abs\ f) = cs-abs 'complement-succ-1 A a f
   proof safe
     \mathbf{fix} \ g \ Q
     assume 1: (g, Q) \in complement\text{-}succ \ A \ a \ (cs\text{-}abs \ f)
     have 2: Q \subseteq dom \ g
       using 1 unfolding complement-succ-def lr-succ-def st-succ-def
       by (auto) (metis IntE cs-abs-rep cs-lr-dom cs-rep-st)
     have 3: cs-st f \subseteq dom (cs-lr f) unfolding cs-st-def by auto
     show (g, Q) \in cs\text{-}abs 'complement-succ-1 A a f
     proof
       show (g, Q) = cs\text{-}abs\ (cs\text{-}rep\ (g, Q)) using 2 by auto
       have cs\text{-rep }(g, Q) \in complement\text{-succ-1 } A \ a \ (cs\text{-rep }(cs\text{-}abs\ f))
         using complement-succ-1-rep 3 1 by this
       also have cs\text{-rep}(cs\text{-}abs f) = f by simp
       finally show cs-rep (g, Q) \in complement-succ-1 A a f by this
     qed
   next
     \mathbf{fix} \ q
     assume 1: g \in complement-succ-1 A a f
```

```
show cs-abs g \in complement-succ A a (cs-abs f) using complement-succ-1-abs
1 by this
    qed
  qed
  lemma complement-1-refine: (complement-1, complement) \in \langle Id, Id \rangle nba-rel \rightarrow
\langle Id, cs\text{-}rel \rangle \ nba\text{-}rel
  unfolding complement-1-def complement-def
  proof parametricity
    fix A B :: ('a, 'b) nba
    assume 1: (A, B) \in \langle Id, Id \rangle nba-rel
    have 2: (const (Some (2 * card (nodes B), False)) | 'initial B,
      const\ (Some\ (2*card\ (nodes\ B))) \mid `initial\ B,\ \{\}) \in cs\text{-rel}
      unfolding cs-lr-def cs-st-def in-br-conv by (force simp: restrict-map-def)
     show (complement-succ-1 A, complement-succ B) \in Id \rightarrow cs-rel \rightarrow (cs-rel)
set-rel
      using complement-succ-1-refine 1 by parametricity auto
    show (\{const\ (Some\ (2*card\ (nodes\ A),\ False)\}\ | \ 'initial\ A\},
      \{\mathit{const}\ (\mathit{Some}\ (2\ast\mathit{card}\ (\mathit{nodes}\ B)))\mid '\mathit{initial}\ B\}\times \{\{\}\})\in \langle\mathit{cs-rel}\rangle\ \mathit{set-rel}
      using 1 2 by simp parametricity
    show (\lambda f. cs\text{-st } f = \{\}, \lambda (f, P). P = \{\}) \in cs\text{-rel} \rightarrow bool\text{-rel by } (auto simp:
in-br-conv)
  \mathbf{qed}
5.2
         Phase 2
  definition ranks-2 :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state items \Rightarrow 'state items
set where
    ranks-2 A a f \equiv \{g.
      dom \ g = \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ `(dom \ f)) \land
      (\forall q \ l \ d. \ g \ q = Some \ (l, \ d) \longrightarrow
        l \leq \prod (fst 'Some - 'f 'pred A a q) \land
        (d \longleftrightarrow \bigsqcup (snd \cdot Some - f \cdot pred A \ a \ q) \land even \ l) \land l
        (accepting\ A\ q \longrightarrow even\ l))
  definition complement-succ-2 ::
    ('label, 'state) \ nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state \ items \Rightarrow 'state \ items \ set \ \mathbf{where}
    complement-succ-2 A a \equiv ranks-2 A a \circ refresh-1
 definition complement-2 :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow ('label, 'state items) nba where
    complement-2 A \equiv nba
      (alphabet A)
      (\{const\ (Some\ (2*card\ (nodes\ A),\ False))\ |\ 'initial\ A\})
      (complement\text{-}succ\text{-}2\ A)
      (\lambda f. True \notin snd `ran f)
  lemma ranks-2-refine: ranks-2 = ranks-1
  proof (intro ext)
    fix A :: ('a, 'b) \ nba and a f
    show ranks-2 A a f = ranks-1 A a f
    proof safe
      \mathbf{fix} \ q
```

```
assume 1: q \in ranks-2 A a f
    have 2: dom \ g = \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ `(dom \ f))  using 1 unfolding ranks-2-def
by auto
     have 3: q = Some(l, d) \Longrightarrow l \le \prod (fst \cdot Some - \cdot f \cdot pred A \ a \ q) for q \ l \ d
       using 1 unfolding ranks-2-def by auto
      have 4: g \ q = Some \ (l, \ d) \Longrightarrow d \longleftrightarrow \bigsqcup \ (snd \ `Some - `f \ `pred \ A \ a \ q) \ \land
even l for q l d
       using 1 unfolding ranks-2-def by auto
     have 5: q = Some(l, d) \Longrightarrow accepting A q \Longrightarrow even l for q l d
       using 1 unfolding ranks-2-def by auto
     show g \in ranks-1 \ A \ a \ f
     unfolding ranks-1-def
     proof (intro CollectI conjI ballI impI)
       show dom g = \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \cdot (dom \ f)) using 2 by this
     next
       \mathbf{fix} \ p \ q
       assume 10: p \in dom \ f \ q \in transition \ A \ a \ p
       obtain k c where 11: f p = Some(k, c) using 10(1) by auto
       have 12: q \in dom \ g \text{ using } 10 \ 2 \text{ by } auto
       obtain l d where 13: g q = Some (l, d) using 12 by auto
       have fst\ (the\ (g\ q))=l\ {\bf unfolding}\ 13\ {\bf by}\ simp
       also have ... \leq \prod (fst 'Some - 'f 'pred A a q) using 3 13 by this
       also have \dots \leq k
       proof (rule cInf-lower)
         show k \in fst 'Some - 'f' pred A a q using 11 10(2) by force
         show bdd-below (fst 'Some - 'f 'pred A a q) by simp
       also have \dots = fst \ (the \ (f \ p)) \ unfolding \ 11 \ by \ simp
       finally show fst (the (g \ q)) \leq fst (the (f \ p)) by this
     next
       \mathbf{fix} \ q
       assume 10: q \in dom \ g \ accepting \ A \ q
       show even (fst (the (g \ q))) using 10 5 by auto
       show cs-st g = \{q \in \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ (cs-st \ f)). even (fst \ (the \ (g \ q)))\}
       proof
        show cs-st g \subseteq \{q \in \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ `(cs-st \ f)). even (fst (the <math>(g \ q)))\}
           using 4 unfolding cs-st-def image-def vimage-def by auto metis+
        show \{q \in \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ (cs-st \ f)). \ even (fst \ (the \ (g \ q)))\} \subseteq cs-st \ g
         proof safe
           \mathbf{fix} p q
           assume 10: even (fst (the (g \ q))) p \in cs-st f \ q \in transition \ A \ a \ p
           have 12: q \in dom \ g using 10 2 unfolding cs-st-def by auto
           show q \in cs-st g using 10 4 12 unfolding cs-st-def image-def by force
         qed
       qed
     ged
   next
     \mathbf{fix} \ g
```

```
assume 1: g \in ranks-1 \ A \ a \ f
    have 2: dom g = \bigcup ((transition A \ a) \cdot (dom f)) using 1 unfolding ranks-1-def
      have 3: \bigwedge p \ q. p \in dom \ f \Longrightarrow q \in transition \ A \ a \ p \Longrightarrow fst \ (the \ (q \ q)) \leq fst
(the (f p))
        using 1 unfolding ranks-1-def by auto
      have 4: \land q. \ q \in dom \ g \Longrightarrow accepting \ A \ q \Longrightarrow even \ (fst \ (the \ (g \ q)))
        using 1 unfolding ranks-1-def by auto
     have 5: cs-st g = \{q \in \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ `(cs-st f)). even (fst \ (the \ (g \ q)))\}
        using 1 unfolding ranks-1-def by auto
      show g \in ranks-2 A \ a f
        unfolding ranks-2-def
      proof (intro CollectI conjI allI impI)
        show dom g = \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \cdot (dom \ f)) using 2 by this
      next
        \mathbf{fix} \ q \ l \ d
        assume 10: g q = Some (l, d)
        have 11: q \in dom \ g \text{ using } 10 \text{ by } auto
        show l \leq \prod (fst 'Some - 'f' pred A a q)
        proof (rule cInf-greatest)
          show fst 'Some - 'f 'pred A a q \neq \{\} using 11 unfolding 2 image-def
vimage-def by force
          show \bigwedge x. \ x \in fst 'Some -'f' pred A \ a \ q \Longrightarrow l \le x
            using 3 10 by (auto) (metis domI fst-conv option.sel)
        have d \longleftrightarrow q \in cs\text{-}st \ g \text{ unfolding } cs\text{-}st\text{-}def \text{ by } (force \ simp: 10)
        also have cs-st g = \{q \in \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ (cs-st \ f)). \ even (fst \ (the \ (g \ f))) \}
q))) using 5 by this
        also have q \in ... \longleftrightarrow (\exists x \in cs\text{-st } f. \ q \in transition \ A \ a \ x) \land even \ l
          unfolding mem-Collect-eq 10 by simp
        also have ... \longleftrightarrow \bigsqcup (snd \cdot Some - f \cdot pred \ A \ a \ q) \land even \ l
          unfolding cs-st-def image-def vimage-def by auto metis+
        finally show d \longleftrightarrow \bigsqcup (snd \cdot Some - f \cdot pred A \ a \ q) \land even \ l \ by \ this
        show accepting A \neq proper = q + q \implies even \ l \ using \neq 10 \ 11 \ by force
      qed
    qed
  \mathbf{qed}
  lemma complement-2-refine: (complement-2, complement-1) \in \langle Id, Id \rangle nba-rel
\rightarrow \langle Id, Id \rangle \ nba-rel
    unfolding complement-2-def complement-1-def complement-succ-2-def comple-
ment-succ-1-def
    unfolding ranks-2-refine cs-st-def image-def vimage-def ran-def by auto
5.3
        Phase 3
```

bounds-3 A a  $f \equiv \lambda$  q. let S = Some - f' pred A a q in

**definition** bounds-3 :: ('label, 'state)  $nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state items \Rightarrow 'state items$ 

where

```
if S = \{\} then None else Some ( \bigcap (fst 'S), \bigcup (snd 'S))
     definition items-3 :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'state \Rightarrow item \Rightarrow item set where
         items-3 A p \equiv \lambda (k, c). \{(l, c \land even l) | l. l \leq k \land (accepting A p \longrightarrow even l)\}
      definition qet-3 :: ('label, 'state) \ nba \Rightarrow 'state \ items \Rightarrow ('state \rightarrow item \ set)
          get-3 A f \equiv \lambda p. map-option (items-3 A p) (f p)
     definition complement-succ-3 ::
         ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state items \Rightarrow 'state items set where
          complement-succ-3 A a \equiv expand-map \circ qet-3 A \circ bounds-3 A a \circ refresh-1
   definition complement-3 :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow ('label, 'state items) nba where
          complement-3 A \equiv nba
              (alphabet A)
              (\{(Some \circ (const \ (2 * card \ (nodes \ A), \ False))) \mid `initial \ A\})
              (complement\text{-}succ\text{-}3\ A)
              (\lambda f. \forall (p, k, c) \in map\text{-}to\text{-}set f. \neg c)
   lemma bounds-3-dom[simp]: dom (bounds-3 A a f) = \bigcup (transition A a) '(dom
f))
         unfolding bounds-3-def Let-def dom-def by (force split: if-splits)
  lemma items-3-nonempty[intro!, simp]: items-3 A p s \neq \{\} unfolding items-3-def
by auto
    lemma items-3-finite[intro!, simp]: finite (items-3 A p s)
         unfolding items-3-def by (auto split: prod.splits)
   lemma qet-3-dom[simp]: dom(qet-3 Af) = dom f unfolding qet-3-def by (auto
split: bind-splits)
     lemma get-3-finite[intro, simp]: S \in ran (get-3 \ A \ f) \Longrightarrow finite S
         unfolding get-3-def ran-def by auto
    lemma get-3-update[simp]: get-3 A (f (p \mapsto s)) = (get-3 A f) (p \mapsto items-3 A p
s)
         unfolding get-3-def by auto
      lemma expand-map-get-bounds-3: expand-map \circ get-3 A \circ bounds-3 A =
ranks-2 A a
    proof (intro ext set-eqI, unfold comp-apply)
         \mathbf{fix} f q
        have 1: (\forall x \ S \ y. \ get-3 \ A \ (bounds-3 \ A \ a \ f) \ x = Some \ S \longrightarrow g \ x = Some \ y \longrightarrow
y \in S) \longleftrightarrow
              (\forall q \ S \ l \ d. \ get-3 \ A \ (bounds-3 \ A \ a \ f) \ q = Some \ S \longrightarrow g \ q = Some \ (l, \ d) \longrightarrow
(l, d) \in S
             by auto
          have 2: (\forall S. get-3 \ A \ (bounds-3 \ A \ a \ f) \ q = Some \ S \longrightarrow g \ q = Some \ (l, \ d)
\longrightarrow (l, d) \in S) \longleftrightarrow
              (g \ q = Some \ (l, \ d) \longrightarrow l \leq \prod (fst \ (Some - f \ pred \ A \ a \ q)) \land 
               (d \longleftrightarrow \bigsqcup (snd \cdot (Some - f \cdot pred \ A \ a \ q)) \land even \ l) \land (accepting \ A \ q \longrightarrow l) \land (acceptin
even \ l))
              if 3: dom \ g = \bigcup ((transition \ A \ a) \ (dom \ f)) for g \ l \ d
         proof -
```

```
have 4: q \notin dom \ g \text{ if } Some - f \text{ '} pred \ A \ a \ q = \{\} \text{ unfolding } 3 \text{ using } that
by force
      show ?thesis unfolding get-3-def items-3-def bounds-3-def Let-def using 4
by auto
   ged
   show g \in expand\text{-}map (get\text{-}3 \ A \ (bounds\text{-}3 \ A \ a \ f)) \longleftrightarrow g \in ranks\text{-}2 \ A \ a \ f
     unfolding expand-map-alt-def ranks-2-def mem-Collect-eq
     unfolding get-3-dom bounds-3-dom 1 using 2 by blast
  qed
 lemma complement-succ-3-refine: complement-succ-3 = complement-succ-2
  unfolding complement-succ-3-def complement-succ-2-def expand-map-get-bounds-3
by rule
  lemma complement-initial-3-refine: {const (Some (2 * card (nodes A), False))
|' initial A| =
    \{(Some \circ (const \ (2 * card \ (nodes \ A), False))) \mid `initial \ A\}
   unfolding comp-apply by rule
  lemma complement-accepting-3-refine: True \notin snd 'ran f \longleftrightarrow (\forall (p, k, c) \in
map-to-set \ f. \ \neg \ c)
   unfolding map-to-set-def ran-def by auto
  lemma complement-3-refine: (complement-3, complement-2) \in \langle Id, Id \rangle nba-rel
\rightarrow \langle Id, Id \rangle \ nba-rel
    unfolding complement-3-def complement-2-def
  unfolding complement-succ-3-refine complement-initial-3-refine complement-accepting-3-refine
   by auto
5.4
        Phase 4
 definition items-4 :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'state \Rightarrow item \Rightarrow item set where
   items-4 A p \equiv \lambda (k, c). \{(l, c \land even \ l) \mid l. \ k \leq Suc \ l \land l \leq k \land (accepting \ A \ p)\}
   \rightarrow even \ l)
  definition get-4 :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'state items \Rightarrow ('state \rightarrow item set)
    get-4 A f \equiv \lambda p. map-option (items-4 A p) (f p)
  definition complement-succ-4 ::
   ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state \ items \Rightarrow 'state \ items \ set \ where
    complement-succ-4 A a \equiv expand-map \circ get-4 A \circ bounds-3 A a \circ refresh-1
 definition complement-4 :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow ('label, 'state items) nba where
    complement-4 A \equiv nba
      (alphabet A)
     (\{(Some \circ (const \ (2 * card \ (nodes \ A), False))) \mid `initial \ A\})
     (complement\text{-}succ\text{-}4\ A)
     (\lambda f. \forall (p, k, c) \in map\text{-}to\text{-}set f. \neg c)
 lemma get-4-dom[simp]: dom(get-4 A f) = dom f unfolding get-4-def by (auto
split: bind-splits)
```

**definition** R :: 'state items rel where

```
R \equiv \{(f, g).
     dom f = dom g \land
     (\forall p \in dom f. fst (the (f p)) \leq fst (the (g p))) \land
     (\forall p \in dom \ f. \ snd \ (the \ (f \ p)) \longleftrightarrow snd \ (the \ (g \ p)))
  lemma bounds-R:
   assumes (f, g) \in R
   assumes bounds-3 A a (refresh-1 f) p = Some(n, e)
   assumes bounds-3 A a (refresh-1 g) p = Some(k, c)
   shows n \leq k \ e \longleftrightarrow c
 proof -
   have 1:
     dom f = dom g
     \forall p \in dom \ f. \ fst \ (the \ (f \ p)) \leq fst \ (the \ (g \ p))
     \forall p \in dom f. \ snd \ (the \ (f \ p)) \longleftrightarrow snd \ (the \ (g \ p))
     using assms(1) unfolding R-def by auto
   have n = \prod (fst ' (Some - 'refresh-1 f 'pred A a p))
    using assms(2) unfolding bounds-3-def by (auto simp: Let-def split: if-splits)
   also have fst 'Some - 'refresh-1 f' pred A a p = fst 'Some - 'f' pred A a p
   proof
     show fst 'Some - 'refresh-1 f 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'f 'pred A a p
       unfolding refresh-1-def image-def
       by (auto simp: map-option-case split: option.split) (force)
     \mathbf{show} \ \mathit{fst} \ \mathsf{`Some} \ -\mathsf{`f'} \ \mathit{pred} \ \mathit{A} \ \mathit{a} \ \mathit{p} \subseteq \mathit{fst'} \ \mathsf{`Some} \ -\mathsf{`refresh-1} \ \mathit{f'} \ \mathit{pred} \ \mathit{A} \ \mathit{a} \ \mathit{p}
       unfolding refresh-1-def image-def
      by (auto simp: map-option-case split: option.split) (metis fst-conv option.sel)
   also have ... = fst 'Some -' f '(pred A a p \cap dom f)
     unfolding dom-def image-def Int-def by auto metis
   also have ... = fst 'the 'f' (pred\ A\ a\ p\cap dom\ f)
     unfolding dom-def by force
   also have ... = (fst \circ the \circ f) ' (pred\ A\ a\ p \cap dom\ f) by force
   also have \prod ((fst \circ the \circ f) \cdot (pred \ A \ a \ p \cap dom \ f)) \leq
     \prod ((fst \circ the \circ g) \cdot (pred \ A \ a \ p \cap dom \ g))
   proof (rule cINF-mono)
     show pred A a p \cap dom \ q \neq \{\}
       using assms(2) 1(1) unfolding bounds-3-def refresh-1-def
       by (auto simp: Let-def split: if-splits) (force+)
     show bdd-below ((fst \circ the \circ f) ' (pred\ A\ a\ p \cap dom\ f)) by rule
     show \exists n \in pred \ A \ a \ p \cap dom \ f. \ (fst \circ the \circ f) \ n \leq (fst \circ the \circ g) \ m
       if m \in pred \ A \ a \ p \cap dom \ g for m using 1 that by auto
   also have (fst \circ the \circ g) '(pred\ A\ a\ p \cap dom\ g) = fst 'the 'g' (pred A\ a\ p \cap dom\ g)
dom g) by force
   also have ... = fst 'Some -' g '(pred\ A\ a\ p\cap dom\ g)
     unfolding dom-def by force
   also have ... = fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p
     unfolding dom-def image-def Int-def by auto metis
   also have ... = fst 'Some - 'refresh-1 g' pred A a p
```

```
proof
          show fst 'Some -' g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some -' refresh-1 g 'pred A a p
             unfolding refresh-1-def image-def
           by (auto simp: map-option-case split: option.split) (metis fst-conv option.sel)
          show fst 'Some - 'refresh-1 g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'Some - 'g 'pred A a p \subseteq fst 'pred A a p \subseteq fst
              unfolding refresh-1-def image-def
             by (auto simp: map-option-case split: option.split) (force)
      also have \prod (fst '(Some - 'refresh-1 g 'pred A a p)) = k
       using assms(3) unfolding bounds-3-def by (auto simp: Let-def split: if-splits)
      finally show n \leq k by this
      have e \longleftrightarrow ||(snd \cdot (Some - \cdot refresh-1 \ f \cdot pred \ A \ a \ p))||
        using assms(2) unfolding bounds-3-def by (auto simp: Let-def split: if-splits)
      also have snd 'Some - 'refresh-1 f' pred A a p = snd 'Some - 'refresh-1 f'
(pred\ A\ a\ p\cap dom\ (refresh-1\ f))
          unfolding dom-def image-def Int-def by auto metis
      also have ... = snd ' the ' refresh-1 f ' (pred A \ a \ p \cap dom \ (refresh-1 f))
          unfolding dom-def by force
       also have ... = (snd \circ the \circ refresh-1 f) ' (pred A \ a \ p \cap dom \ (refresh-1 f))
by force
      also have ... = (snd \circ the \circ refresh-1 \ g) \cdot (pred \ A \ a \ p \cap dom \ (refresh-1 \ g))
      proof (rule image-cong)
          show pred\ A\ a\ p\cap dom\ (refresh-1\ f)=pred\ A\ a\ p\cap dom\ (refresh-1\ g)
              unfolding refresh-1-dom\ 1(1) by rule
          show (snd \circ the \circ refresh-1 f) q \longleftrightarrow (snd \circ the \circ refresh-1 g) q
             if 2: q \in pred A \ a \ p \cap dom \ (refresh-1 \ g) for q
              have 3: \forall x \in ran \ f. \ \neg \ snd \ x \Longrightarrow (n, True) \in ran \ g \Longrightarrow g \ g = Some \ (k, ran \ f. \ \neg \ snd \ x \Longrightarrow f. \ \neg \ snd \ x \Longrightarrow f.
c) \Longrightarrow c \text{ for } n \ k \ c
                using 1(1, 3) unfolding dom-def ran-def
                 by (auto dest!: Collect-inj) (metis option.sel snd-conv)
             have 4: g \ q = Some \ (n, True) \Longrightarrow f \ q = Some \ (k, c) \Longrightarrow c \ \mathbf{for} \ n \ k \ c
                 using 1(3) unfolding dom-def by force
             have 5: \forall x \in ran \ g. \ \neg \ snd \ x \Longrightarrow (k, \ True) \in ran \ f \Longrightarrow False \ \textbf{for} \ k
                 using 1(1, 3) unfolding dom-def ran-def
                 by (auto dest!: Collect-inj) (metis option.sel snd-conv)
             show (snd \circ the \circ refresh-1 f) q \Longrightarrow (snd \circ the \circ refresh-1 g) q
                 using 1(1, 3) 2 3 unfolding refresh-1-def by (force split: if-splits)
             show (snd \circ the \circ refresh-1 \ g) \ q \Longrightarrow (snd \circ the \circ refresh-1 \ f) \ q
                 using 1(1, 3) 2 4 5 unfolding refresh-1-def
                 by (auto simp: map-option-case split: option.splits if-splits) (force+)
          qed
      qed
       also have ... = snd ' the 'refresh-1 g ' (pred\ A\ a\ p\cap dom\ (refresh-1\ g)) by
force
      also have ... = snd 'Some - 'refresh-1 g '(pred\ A\ a\ p\cap dom\ (refresh-1\ g))
          unfolding dom-def by force
      also have ... = snd 'Some - 'refresh-1 g 'pred A a p
          unfolding dom-def image-def Int-def by auto metis
```

```
also have | (snd \cdot (Some - 'refresh-1 g \cdot pred A a p)) \longleftrightarrow c
    using assms(3) unfolding bounds-3-def by (auto simp: Let-def split: if-splits)
   finally show e \longleftrightarrow c by this
  qed
 lemma complement-4-language-1: language (complement-3 A) \subseteq language (complement-4
A)
  proof (rule simulation-language)
   show alphabet (complement-3 A) \subseteq alphabet (complement-4 A)
     unfolding complement-3-def complement-4-def by simp
   show \exists q \in initial (complement-4 A). (p, q) \in R \text{ if } p \in initial (complement-3)
A) for p
     using that unfolding complement-3-def complement-4-def R-def by simp
   show \exists g' \in transition (complement-4 A) a g. <math>(f', g') \in R
     if f' \in transition (complement-3 A) \ a f \ (f, g) \in R
     for a f f' g
   proof -
     have 1: f' \in expand-map (get-3 \land (bounds-3 \land a (refresh-1 f)))
      using that(1) unfolding complement-3-def complement-succ-3-def by auto
     have 2:
       dom f = dom g
       \forall p \in dom f. fst (the (f p)) \leq fst (the (g p))
       \forall p \in dom \ f. \ snd \ (the \ (f \ p)) \longleftrightarrow snd \ (the \ (g \ p))
       using that(2) unfolding R-def by auto
       have dom f' = dom (get-3 \ A (bounds-3 \ A \ a (refresh-1 \ f))) using ex-
pand-map-dom 1 by this
     also have \dots = dom \ (bounds-3 \ A \ a \ (refresh-1 \ f)) by simp
     finally have 3: dom f' = dom (bounds-3 \ A \ a (refresh-1 \ f)) by this
     define g' where g' p \equiv do
       (k, c) \leftarrow bounds-3 A \ a \ (refresh-1 \ g) \ p;
       (l, d) \leftarrow f' p;
       Some (if even k = even l then k else k - 1, d)
     } for p
     have 4: g' p = do
      kc \leftarrow bounds-3 \ A \ a \ (refresh-1 \ g) \ p;
       ld \leftarrow f' p;
       Some (if even (fst kc) = even (fst ld) then fst kc else fst kc - 1, snd ld)
     \} for p unfolding g'-def case-prod-beta by rule
   have dom\ g' = dom\ (bounds-3\ A\ a\ (refresh-1\ g)) \cap dom\ f'\ using\ 4\ bind-eq-Some-conv
by fastforce
     also have ... = dom f' using 2 3 by simp
     finally have 5: dom g' = dom f' by this
     have 6: (l, d) \in items-3 \ A \ p \ (k, c)
      if bounds-3 A a (refresh-1 f) p = Some(k, c) f' p = Some(l, d) for p k c l
       using 1 that unfolding expand-map-alt-def get-3-def by blast
     show ?thesis
```

```
unfolding complement-4-def nba.sel complement-succ-4-def comp-apply
     proof
       show (f', g') \in R
       unfolding R-def mem-Collect-eq prod.case
       proof (intro conjI ballI)
         show dom f' = dom g' using 5 by rule
       \mathbf{next}
         \mathbf{fix} \ p
         assume 10: p \in dom f'
        have 11: p \in dom \ (bounds-3 \ A \ a \ (refresh-1 \ g)) using 2(1) \ 3 \ 10 by simp
        obtain k c where 12: bounds-3 A a (refresh-1 g) p = Some(k, c) using
         obtain l d where 13: f' p = Some(l, d) using 10 by auto
        obtain n \in \text{where } 14: bounds-3 \ A \ a \ (refresh-1 \ f) \ p = Some \ (n, e) \ using
10 3 by fast
         have 15: (l, d) \in items-3 \ A \ p \ (n, e) using 6 14 13 by this
         have 16: n \le k using bounds-R(1) that(2) 14 12 by this
         have 17: l \le k using 15 16 unfolding items-3-def by simp
         have 18: even k \longleftrightarrow odd \ l \Longrightarrow l \le k \Longrightarrow l \le k-1 by presburger
         have 19: e \longleftrightarrow c using bounds-R(2) that (2) 14 12 by this
         show fst (the (f'p)) \leq fst (the (g'p)) using 17 18 unfolding 4 12 13
by simp
         show snd\ (the\ (f'\ p)) \longleftrightarrow snd\ (the\ (g'\ p)) using 19 unfolding 4 12 13
\mathbf{by} simp
       qed
       show g' \in expand-map (get-4 \land (bounds-3 \land a (refresh-1 g)))
       unfolding expand-map-alt-def mem-Collect-eq
       proof (intro conjI allI impI)
        show dom g' = dom (get-4 \ A (bounds-3 \ A \ a (refresh-1 \ g))) using 2(1) \ 3
5 by simp
         \mathbf{fix} \ p \ S \ xy
         assume 10: get-4 A (bounds-3 A a (refresh-1 g)) p = Some S
         assume 11: g' p = Some xy
         obtain k c where 12: bounds-3 A a (refresh-1 g) p = Some (k, c) S =
items-4 A p (k, c)
          using 10 unfolding qet-4-def by auto
        obtain l d where 13: f' p = Some (l, d) xy = (if even <math>k \longleftrightarrow even \ l then
          using 11 12 unfolding g'-def by (auto split: bind-splits)
        obtain n \in \text{where } 14: bounds-3 \land a \text{ (refresh-1 f) } p = Some (n, e) \text{ using } n \in \mathbb{R}
13(1) 3 by fast
         have 15: (l, d) \in items-3 \ A \ p \ (n, e) using 6 14 13(1) by this
         have 16: n \leq k using bounds-R(1) that(2) 14 12(1) by this
         have 17: e \longleftrightarrow c using bounds-R(2) that (2) 14 12(1) by this
      show xy \in S using 15 16 17 unfolding 12(2) 13(2) items-3-def items-4-def
by auto
       qed
     qed
   qed
```

```
show \bigwedge p q. (p, q) \in R \implies accepting (complement-3 A) p \implies accepting
(complement-4 A) q
     unfolding complement-3-def complement-4-def R-def map-to-set-def
     by (auto) (metis domIff eq-snd-iff option.exhaust-sel option.sel)
 ged
 lemma complement-4-less: complement-4 A \leq complement-3 A
 unfolding less-eq-nba-def
 unfolding complement-4-def complement-3-def nba.sel
 unfolding complement-succ-4-def complement-succ-3-def
 proof (safe intro!: le-funI, unfold comp-apply)
   fix a f g
   assume g \in expand\text{-}map (get\text{-}4 \land (bounds\text{-}3 \land a (refresh\text{-}1 f)))
   then show g \in expand-map (get-3 \ A \ (bounds-3 \ A \ a \ (refresh-1 \ f)))
     unfolding get-4-def get-3-def items-4-def items-3-def expand-map-alt-def by
blast
 qed
 lemma complement-4-language-2: language (complement-4 A) \subseteq language (complement-3
A)
   using language-mono complement-4-less by (auto dest: monoD)
 lemma complement-4-language: language (complement-3 A) = language (complement-4
   using complement-4-language-1 complement-4-language-2 by blast
 lemma complement-4-finite[simp]:
   assumes finite (nodes A)
   shows finite (nodes (complement-4A))
 proof -
   have (nodes (complement-3 A), nodes (complement-2 A)) \in \langle Id \rangle set-rel
     using complement-3-refine by parametricity auto
   also have (nodes (complement-2 A), nodes (complement-1 A)) \in \langle Id \rangle set-rel
     using complement-2-refine by parametricity auto
   also have (nodes (complement-1 A), nodes (complement A)) \in \langle cs\text{-rel} \rangle set-rel
     using complement-1-refine by parametricity auto
   finally have 1: (nodes (complement-3 A), nodes (complement A)) \in \langle cs\text{-rel} \rangle
set-rel by simp
   have 2: finite (nodes (complement A)) using complement-finite assms(1) by
this
   have 3: finite (nodes (complement-3 A))
     using finite-set-rel-transfer-back 1 cs-rel-inv-single-valued 2 by this
   have 4: nodes (complement-4A) \subseteq nodes (complement-3A)
     using nodes-mono complement-4-less by (auto dest: monoD)
   show finite (nodes (complement-4 A)) using finite-subset 4 3 by this
 qed
 lemma complement-4-correct:
   assumes finite (nodes A)
   shows language (complement-4A) = streams (alphabet A) - language A
   have language (complement-4 A) = language (complement-3 A)
     using complement-4-language by rule
```

```
also have (language (complement-3 A), language (complement-2 A)) \in \langle\langle Id\rangle\rangle
stream-rel \rangle set-rel
     using complement-3-refine by parametricity auto
    also have (language (complement-2 A), language (complement-1 A)) \in \langle \langle Id \rangle \rangle
stream-rel set-rel
     using complement-2-refine by parametricity auto
     also have (language (complement-1 A), language (complement A)) \in \langle\langle Id\rangle\rangle
stream-rel\rangle set-rel
     using complement-1-refine by parametricity auto
   also have language (complement A) = streams (alphabet A) - language A
     using complement-language assms(1) by this
    finally show language (complement-4A) = streams (alphabet A) - language
A by simp
 qed
5.5
        Phase 5
  definition refresh-5 :: 'state items \Rightarrow 'state items nres where
   refresh-5 f \equiv if \exists (p, k, c) \in map\text{-to-set } f. c
     then RETURN f
     else\ do
       ASSUME (finite (dom f));
       FOREACH (map-to-set f) (\lambda (p, k, c) m. do
         ASSERT (p \notin dom m);
         RETURN \ (m \ (p \mapsto (k, True)))
         Map.empty
 definition merge-5 :: item \Rightarrow item option \Rightarrow item where
   merge-5 \equiv \lambda \ (k, c). \ \lambda \ None \Rightarrow (k, c) \mid Some \ (l, d) \Rightarrow (k \sqcap l, c \sqcup d)
 definition bounds-5 :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state items \Rightarrow 'state items
nres where
   bounds-5 \ A \ a \ f \equiv do
     ASSUME (finite (dom f));
     ASSUME (\forall p. finite (transition A a p));
     FOREACH (map-to-set f) (\lambda (p, s) m.
       FOREACH (transition A a p) (\lambda q f).
         RETURN (f (q \mapsto merge-5 \ s \ (f \ q))))
       m)
     Map.empty
 definition items-5 :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'state \Rightarrow item \Rightarrow item set where
   items-5 A p \equiv \lambda (k, c). do
      let values = if accepting A p then Set.filter even \{k-1...k\} else \{k-1...k\}
```

k};

```
let item = \lambda l. (l, c \wedge even\ l);
               item \ `values"
      definition get-5 :: ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'state items \Rightarrow ('state \rightarrow item set)
           get-5 A f \equiv \lambda p. map-option (items-5 A p) (f p)
     definition expand-5 :: ('a \rightarrow 'b \ set) \Rightarrow ('a \rightarrow 'b) \ set \ nres \ where
           expand-5 f \equiv FOREACH \ (map-to-set \ f) \ (\lambda \ (x, \ S) \ X. \ do \ \{
                    ASSERT \ (\forall \ g \in X. \ x \notin dom \ g);
                   ASSERT (\forall a \in S. \ \forall b \in S. \ a \neq b \longrightarrow (\lambda y. \ (\lambda g. \ g \ (x \mapsto y)) \ `X) \ a \cap (\lambda y. \ (\lambda g. \ g \ (x \mapsto y)) \ `X) \ a \cap (\lambda y. \ (\lambda g. \ g \ (x \mapsto y)) \ `X]
y. (\lambda \ g. \ g \ (x \mapsto y)) \ `X) \ b = \{\});
                    RETURN (\bigcup y \in S. (\lambda g. g (x \mapsto y)) 'X)
               ) \{Map.empty\}
     \textbf{definition} \ \textit{complement-succ-5} \ :: \\
          ('label, 'state) nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state \ items \Rightarrow 'state \ items \ set \ nres \ where
           complement-succ-5 A a f \equiv do
              f \leftarrow refresh-5 f;
              f \leftarrow bounds-5 \ A \ a \ f;
              ASSUME (finite (dom f));
               expand-5 (get-5 A f)
          }
     lemma bounds-3-empty: bounds-3 A a Map.empty = Map.empty
           unfolding bounds-3-def Let-def by auto
     lemma bounds-3-update: bounds-3 A a (f(p \mapsto s)) =
             override-on (bounds-3 A a f) (Some \circ merge-5 s \circ bounds-3 A a (f (p :=
None))) (transition A a p)
     proof
          note fun-upd-image[simp]
          show bounds-3 A a (f(p \mapsto s)) q =
                  override-on (bounds-3 A a f) (Some \circ merge-5 s \circ bounds-3 A a (f (p :=
None))) (transition A a p) q
          proof (cases \ q \in transition \ A \ a \ p)
               case True
               define S where S \equiv Some - f (pred A a q - \{p\})
                  have 1: Some - f(p := Some s) for f(p := Some s
unfolding S-def by auto
               have 2: Some - f(p := None) for f(p := None) f
                have bounds-3 A a (f (p \mapsto s)) q = Some ( (fst '(insert s S)), (snd 's))
(insert \ s \ S)))
                    unfolding bounds-3-def 1 by simp
               also have ... = Some (merge-5 s (bounds-3 A a (f(p := None)) q))
               unfolding 2 bounds-3-def merge-5-def by (cases s) (simp-all add: cInf-insert)
              also have ... = override-on (bounds-3 A a f) (Some \circ merge-5 s \circ bounds-3
A \ a \ (f \ (p := None)))
                     (transition \ A \ a \ p) \ q \ using \ True \ by \ simp
               finally show ?thesis by this
```

```
next
      case False
      then have pred\ A\ a\ q\cap \{x.\ x\neq p\}=pred\ A\ a\ q
      with False show ?thesis by (simp add: bounds-3-def)
    ged
  qed
  lemma refresh-5-refine: (refresh-5, \lambda f. RETURN (refresh-1 f)) \in Id \rightarrow \langle Id\rangle
nres-rel
  proof safe
    \mathbf{fix}\ f :: 'a \Rightarrow item\ option
    have 1: (\exists (p, k, c) \in map\text{-}to\text{-}set f. c) \longleftrightarrow True \in snd `ran f
      unfolding image-def map-to-set-def ran-def by force
    show (refresh-5 f, RETURN (refresh-1 f)) \in \langle Id \rangle nres-rel
      unfolding refresh-5-def refresh-1-def 1
      by (refine-vcg FOREACH-rule-map-eq[where X = \lambda m. map-option (apsnd
\top) \circ m]) (auto)
  qed
  lemma bounds-5-refine: (bounds-5 A a, \lambda f. RETURN (bounds-3 A a f)) \in Id
\rightarrow \langle Id \rangle \ nres-rel
    unfolding bounds-5-def by
    (refine-vcg\ FOREACH-rule-map-eq[\mathbf{where}\ X=bounds-3\ A\ a]\ FOREACH-rule-insert-eq)
      (auto simp: override-on-insert bounds-3-empty bounds-3-update)
  lemma items-5-refine: items-5 = items-4
    unfolding items-5-def items-4-def by (intro ext) (auto split: if-splits)
  lemma get-5-refine: get-5 = get-4
    unfolding get-5-def get-4-def items-5-refine by rule
  lemma expand-5-refine: (expand-5 f, ASSERT (finite (dom f)) \gg RETURN
(expand-map f)) \in \langle Id \rangle nres-rel
    unfolding expand-5-def
    by (refine-vcg\ FOREACH-rule-map-eq[\mathbf{where}\ X=expand-map])\ (auto\ dest!:
expand-map-dom map-upd-eqD1)
  lemma complement-succ-5-refine: (complement-succ-5, RETURN ooo comple-
ment-succ-4) <math>\in
    Id \rightarrow Id \rightarrow Id \rightarrow \langle Id \rangle \ nres-rel
  {\bf unfolding}\ complement\text{-}succ\text{-}5\text{-}def\ complement\text{-}succ\text{-}4\text{-}def\ get\text{-}5\text{-}refine\ comp\text{-}apply
    by (refine-vcg vcg1[OF refresh-5-refine] vcg1[OF bounds-5-refine] vcg0[OF ex-
pand-5-refine]) (auto)
5.6
        Phase 6
 \textbf{definition} \ \textit{expand-map-get-6} \ :: (\textit{'label}, \textit{'state}) \ \textit{nba} \Rightarrow \textit{'state} \ \textit{items} \Rightarrow \textit{'state} \ \textit{items}
set nres where
    expand-map-get-6 A f \equiv FOREACH \ (map-to-set \ f) \ (\lambda \ (k, \ v) \ X. \ do \ \{
      ASSERT \ (\forall \ g \in X. \ k \notin dom \ g);
      ASSERT (\forall a \in (items-5 \ A \ k \ v). \ \forall b \in (items-5 \ A \ k \ v). \ a \neq b \longrightarrow (\lambda \ y. \ (\lambda \ b))
g. g (k \mapsto y) 'X) a \cap (\lambda y. (\lambda g. g (k \mapsto y)) 'X) b = \{\}\};
```

```
RETURN (\bigcup y \in items-5 \ A \ k \ v. \ (\lambda \ g. \ g \ (k \mapsto y)) \ `X)
     ) \{Map.empty\}
 lemma expand-map-get-6-refine: (expand-map-get-6, expand-5 \circ \circ get-5) \in Id \rightarrow
Id \rightarrow \langle Id \rangle \ nres-rel
   unfolding expand-map-get-6-def expand-5-def get-5-def by (auto intro: FORE-
ACH-rule-map-map[param-fo])
  definition complement-succ-6 ::
    ('label, 'state) \ nba \Rightarrow 'label \Rightarrow 'state \ items \Rightarrow 'state \ items \ set \ nres \ where
    complement-succ-6 A a f \equiv do
     f \leftarrow refresh-5 f;
     f \leftarrow bounds-5 \ A \ a \ f;
     ASSUME (finite (dom f));
     expand-map-get-6 A f
  lemma complement-succ-6-refine:
   (complement\text{-}succ\text{-}6, complement\text{-}succ\text{-}5) \in Id \rightarrow Id \rightarrow Id \rightarrow Id \rightarrow Id) nres-rel
   unfolding complement-succ-6-def complement-succ-5-def
   by (refine-vcg vcg2[OF expand-map-get-6-refine]) (auto intro: refine-IdI)
5.7
        Phase 7
  interpretation autoref-syn by this
  context
   fixes fi f
   assumes f[autoref-rules]: (fi, f) \in state-rel
  begin
   private lemma [simp]: finite (dom f)
     using list-map-rel-finite fi unfolding finite-map-rel-def by force
   schematic-goal refresh-7: (?f :: ?'a, refresh-5 f) \in ?R
     unfolding refresh-5-def by (autoref-monadic (plain))
  end
  concrete-definition refresh-7 uses refresh-7
  lemma refresh-7-refine: (\lambda f. RETURN (refresh-7 f), refresh-5) \in state-rel \rightarrow
\langle state\text{-}rel \rangle nres\text{-}rel
   using refresh-7.refine by fast
  context
   \mathbf{fixes}\ A::('label,\ nat)\ nba
   fixes succi a fi f
```

```
assumes succi[autoref-rules]: (succi, transition A a) \in nat-rel \rightarrow \langle nat-rel \rangle
list\text{-}set\text{-}rel
    assumes f[autoref-rules]: (fi, f) \in state-rel
  begin
    private lemma [simp]: finite (transition A a p)
      \mathbf{using}\ \mathit{list-set-rel-finite}\ \mathit{succi}[\mathit{param-fo}]\ \mathbf{unfolding}\ \mathit{finite-set-rel-def}\ \mathbf{by}\ \mathit{blast}
    private lemma [simp]: finite (dom f) using fi by force
   private lemma [autoref-op-pat]: transition A \ a \equiv OP \ (transition \ A \ a) by simp
    private lemma [autoref-rules]: (min, min) \in nat\text{-rel} \rightarrow nat\text{-rel} \rightarrow nat\text{-rel} by
simp
    schematic-goal bounds-7:
      notes ty-REL[where R = \langle nat\text{-rel}, item\text{-rel} \rangle dflt-ahm-rel, autoref-tyrel]
      shows (?f :: ?'a, bounds-5 \ A \ a \ f) \in ?R
    unfolding bounds-5-def merge-5-def sup-bool-def inf-nat-def by (autoref-monadic
(plain)
  end
  concrete-definition bounds-7 uses bounds-7
 lemma bounds-7-refine: (si, transition A a) \in nat\text{-rel} \rightarrow \langle nat\text{-rel} \rangle \ list\text{-set-rel} \Longrightarrow
    (\lambda \ p. \ RETURN \ (bounds-7 \ si \ p), \ bounds-5 \ A \ a) \in
    state-rel \rightarrow \langle \langle nat-rel, item-rel \rangle dflt-ahm-rel \rangle nres-rel
    using bounds-7.refine by auto
  context
    fixes A :: ('label, nat) \ nba
    fixes acci
    assumes [autoref-rules]: (acci, accepting A) \in nat-rel \rightarrow bool-rel
  begin
    private lemma [autoref-op-pat]: accepting A \equiv OP (accepting A) by simp
    private lemma [autoref-rules]: ((dvd), (dvd)) \in nat\text{-rel} \rightarrow nat\text{-rel} \rightarrow bool\text{-rel}
by simp
    private lemma [autoref-rules]: (\lambda \ k \ l. \ upt \ k \ (Suc \ l), \ atLeastAtMost) \in
      nat\text{-}rel \rightarrow nat\text{-}rel \rightarrow \langle nat\text{-}rel \rangle \ list\text{-}set\text{-}rel
      by (auto simp: list-set-rel-def in-br-conv)
    schematic-goal items-7: (?f :: ?'a, items-5 A) \in ?R
      unfolding items-5-def Let-def Set.filter-eq by autoref
  end
  concrete-definition items-7 uses items-7
```

```
context
    fixes A :: ('label, nat) nba
    fixes ai
    fixes fi f
    assumes ai: (ai, accepting A) \in nat\text{-rel} \rightarrow bool\text{-rel}
    assumes fi[autoref-rules]: (fi, f) \in \langle nat\text{-}rel, item\text{-}rel \rangle dflt\text{-}ahm\text{-}rel
  begin
    private lemma [simp]: finite (dom f)
      using dflt-ahm-rel-finite-nat fi unfolding finite-map-rel-def by force
    private lemma [simp]:
      assumes \bigwedge m. \ m \in S \Longrightarrow x \notin dom \ m
      shows inj-on (\lambda m. m (x \mapsto y)) S
       using assms unfolding dom-def inj-on-def by (auto) (metis fun-upd-triv
fun-upd-upd)
    private lemmas [simp] = op\text{-}map\text{-}update\text{-}def[abs\text{-}def]
    private lemma [autoref-op-pat]: items-5 A \equiv OP (items-5 A) by simp
    private lemmas [autoref-rules] = items-7.refine[OF ai]
    schematic-goal expand-map-get-7: (?f, expand-map-get-6 \ A \ f) \in
      \langle\langle state\text{-}rel\rangle\ list\text{-}set\text{-}rel\rangle\ nres\text{-}rel
      unfolding expand-map-get-6-def by (autoref-monadic (plain))
  end
  concrete-definition expand-map-get-7 uses expand-map-get-7
  lemma expand-map-get-7-refine:
    assumes (ai, accepting A) \in nat\text{-rel} \rightarrow bool\text{-rel}
   shows (\lambda fi. RETURN (expand-map-get-7 ai fi),
      \lambda f. \ ASSUME \ (finite \ (dom \ f)) \gg expand-map-get-6 \ A \ f) \in
      \langle nat\text{-}rel, item\text{-}rel \rangle dflt\text{-}ahm\text{-}rel \rightarrow \langle \langle state\text{-}rel \rangle list\text{-}set\text{-}rel \rangle nres\text{-}rel
    using expand-map-get-7.refine[OF assms] by auto
  context
    fixes A :: ('label, nat) nba
    fixes a :: 'label
   \mathbf{fixes}\ p::\ nat\ items
    fixes Ai
    fixes ai
    fixes pi
    assumes Ai: (Ai, A) \in \langle Id, Id \rangle nbai-nba-rel
    assumes ai: (ai, a) \in Id
    assumes pi[autoref-rules]: (pi, p) \in state-rel
  begin
```

```
private lemmas succi = nbai-nba-param(4)[THEN fun-relD, OF Ai, THEN]
fun-relD, OF ai]
   private lemmas acceptingi = nbai-nba-param(5)[THEN fun-relD, OF Ai]
     private lemma [autoref-op-pat]: (\lambda \ g. \ ASSUME \ (finite \ (dom \ g)) \gg ex
pand-map-get-6 A g) <math>\equiv
     OP (\lambda g. ASSUME (finite (dom g)) \gg expand-map-get-6 A g) by simp
   private lemma [autoref-op-pat]: bounds-5 A a \equiv OP (bounds-5 A a) by simp
   private lemmas [autoref-rules] =
     refresh-7-refine
     bounds-7-refine[OF succi]
     expand-map-get-7-refine[OF acceptingi]
    schematic-goal complement-succ-7: (?f :: ?'a, complement-succ-6 \ A \ a \ p) \in
?R
     unfolding complement-succ-6-def by (autoref-monadic (plain))
 end
 concrete-definition complement-succ-7 uses complement-succ-7
  lemma complement-succ-7-refine:
   (RETURN \circ \circ \circ complement\text{-}succ\text{-}7, complement\text{-}succ\text{-}6) \in
     \langle Id, Id \rangle \ nbai-nba-rel \rightarrow Id \rightarrow state-rel \rightarrow
     \langle\langle state\text{-}rel\rangle\ list\text{-}set\text{-}rel\rangle\ nres\text{-}rel
   using complement-succ-7.refine unfolding comp-apply by parametricity
  context
   fixes A :: ('label, nat) \ nba
   fixes Ai
   fixes n \ ni :: nat
   assumes Ai: (Ai, A) \in \langle Id, Id \rangle nbai-nba-rel
   assumes ni[autoref-rules]: (ni, n) \in Id
  begin
   private lemma [autoref-op-pat]: initial A \equiv OP (initial A) by simp
   private lemmas [autoref-rules] = nbai-nba-param(3)[THEN fun-relD, OF Ai]
   schematic-goal complement-initial-7:
     (?f, \{(Some \circ (const \ (2 * n, False))) \mid `initial \ A\}) \in \langle state-rel \rangle \ list-set-rel \}
     by autoref
  end
```

concrete-definition complement-initial-7 uses complement-initial-7

```
schematic-goal complement-accepting-7: (?f, \lambda f. \forall (p, k, c) \in map\text{-}to\text{-}set f. \neg
c) \in
    state\text{-}rel \rightarrow bool\text{-}rel
    by autoref
  concrete-definition complement-accepting-7 uses complement-accepting-7
 definition complement-7 :: ('label, nat) nbai \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('label, state) nbai where
    complement-7 Ai \ ni \equiv nbai
      (alphabeti Ai)
      (complement-initial-7 Ai ni)
      (complement-succ-7 Ai)
      (complement-accepting-7)
  lemma complement-7-refine[autoref-rules]:
    assumes (Ai, A) \in \langle Id, Id \rangle nbai-nba-rel
    assumes (ni.
      (OP card ::: \langle Id \rangle ahs-rel bhc \rightarrow nat-rel) $
      ((OP \ nodes ::: \langle Id, Id \rangle \ nbai-nba-rel \rightarrow \langle Id \rangle \ ahs-rel \ bhc) \ \$ \ A)) \in nat-rel
    shows (complement-7 Ai ni, (OP complement-4 :::
        \langle Id, Id \rangle nbai-nba-rel \rightarrow \langle Id, state-rel \rangle nbai-nba-rel \rangle A) \in \langle Id, state-rel \rangle
nbai-nba-rel
  proof -
    note complement-succ-7-refine
    also note complement-succ-6-refine
    also note complement-succ-5-refine
    finally have 1: (complement\text{-}succ\text{-}7, complement\text{-}succ\text{-}4) \in
      \langle Id, Id \rangle \ nbai-nba-rel \rightarrow Id \rightarrow state-rel \rightarrow \langle state-rel \rangle \ list-set-rel
       unfolding nres-rel-comp unfolding nres-rel-def unfolding fun-rel-def by
auto
    show ?thesis
      unfolding complement-7-def complement-4-def
      {\bf using} \ {\it 1} \ complement\mbox{-}initial\mbox{-} 7. refine \ complement\mbox{-}accepting\mbox{-} 7. refine \ assms
      unfolding autoref-tag-defs
      by parametricity
 qed
end
      Boolean Formulae
```

#### 6

```
theory Formula
imports Main
begin
 datatype 'a formula =
   False |
   True |
   Variable\ 'a\ |
```

```
Negation 'a formula | Conjunction 'a formula 'a formula | Disjunction 'a formula 'a formula |

primrec satisfies :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a formula \Rightarrow bool where satisfies A False \longleftrightarrow HOL. False | satisfies A True \longleftrightarrow HOL. True | satisfies A (Variable a) \longleftrightarrow a \in A | satisfies A (Negation x) \longleftrightarrow \neg satisfies A x \rightarrow satisfies A x \rightarrow satisfies A (Conjunction x y) \longleftrightarrow satisfies A x \rightarrow satisfies A y | satisfies A (Disjunction x y) \longleftrightarrow satisfies A x \rightarrow satisfies A y
```

end

# 7 Final Instantiation of Algorithms Related to Complementation

```
\begin{tabular}{l} \textbf{theory} & Complementation-Final \\ \textbf{imports} \\ & Complementation-Implement \\ & Formula \\ & Transition-Systems-and-Automata.NBA-Translate \\ & Transition-Systems-and-Automata.NGBA-Algorithms \\ & HOL-Library.Multiset \\ \textbf{begin} \\ \end{tabular}
```

#### 7.1 Syntax

```
no-syntax -do-let :: [pttrn, 'a] \Rightarrow do-bind (\langle (\langle indent=2 \ notation=\langle infix \ do \ let \rangle \rangle let - =/-) \rangle [1000, 13] 13) 

syntax -do-let :: [pttrn, 'a] \Rightarrow do-bind (\langle (\langle indent=2 \ notation=\langle infix \ do \ let \rangle \rangle let - =/-) \rangle 13)
```

#### 7.2 Hashcodes on Complement States

```
definition hci \ k \equiv uint32-of-nat k * 1103515245 + 12345
definition hc \equiv \lambda \ (p, \ q, \ b). hci \ p + hci \ q * 31 + (if \ b \ then \ 1 \ else \ 0)
definition list-hash xs \equiv fold \ (xor \circ hc) \ xs \ 0
lemma list-hash-eq:
assumes distinct \ xs \ distinct \ ys \ set \ xs = set \ ys
shows list-hash xs = list-hash ys
proof -
have mset \ (remdups \ xs) = mset \ (remdups \ ys) \ using \ assms(3)
using set-eq-iff-mset-remdups-eq by blast
then have mset \ xs = mset \ ys \ using \ assms(1, 2) by (simp \ add: \ distinct-remdups-id)
have fold \ (xor \circ hc) \ xs = fold \ (xor \circ hc) \ ys
apply (rule \ fold-multiset-equiv)
apply (simp \ add: \ fun-eq-iff ac-simps)
```

```
using \langle mset \ xs = mset \ ys \rangle.
   then show ?thesis unfolding list-hash-def by simp
  qed
 definition state-hash :: nat \Rightarrow Complementation-Implement.state <math>\Rightarrow nat where
   state-hash \ n \ p \equiv nat-of-hashcode \ (list-hash \ p) \ mod \ n
 \mathbf{lemma}\ state-hash-bounded-hashcode[autoref-ga-rules]: is-bounded-hashcode\ state-rel}
    (gen-equals\ (Gen-Map.gen-ball\ (foldli\circ list-map-to-list))\ (list-map-lookup\ (=))
   (prod-eq (=) (\longleftrightarrow))) state-hash
 proof
  \mathbf{show} [param]: (gen-equals (Gen-Map.gen-ball (foldli \circ list-map-to-list)) (list-map-lookup
(=))
     (prod-eq\ (=)\ (\longleftrightarrow)),\ (=)) \in state-rel \to state-rel \to bool-rel\ by\ autoref
   show state-hash n xs = state-hash n ys if xs \in Domain state-rel ys \in Domain
state-rel
     gen-equals (Gen-Map.gen-ball (foldli \circ list-map-to-list))
     (list-map-lookup (=)) (prod-eq (=) (=)) xs ys  for xs ys  n
     have 1: distinct (map fst xs) distinct (map fst ys)
         using that(1, 2) unfolding list-map-rel-def list-map-invar-def by (auto
simp: in-br-conv)
     have 2: distinct xs distinct ys using 1 by (auto intro: distinct-mapI)
     have 3: (xs, map-of xs) \in state-rel (ys, map-of ys) \in state-rel
          using 1 unfolding list-map-rel-def list-map-invar-def by (auto simp:
in-br-conv)
    have 4:(gen\text{-}equals\ (Gen\text{-}Map.gen\text{-}ball\ (foldli\circ list\text{-}map\text{-}to\text{-}list))\ (list\text{-}map\text{-}lookup\ )
        (prod-eq (=) (\longleftrightarrow)) xs ys, map-of xs = map-of ys) \in bool-rel using 3 by
parametricity
      have 5: map\text{-}to\text{-}set\ (map\text{-}of\ xs) = map\text{-}to\text{-}set\ (map\text{-}of\ ys) using that (3) 4
by simp
     have \theta: set xs = set \ ys  using map-to-set-map-of \ 1 \ 5 by blast
       show state-hash n xs = state-hash n ys unfolding state-hash-def using
list-hash-eq 2 6 by metis
   show state-hash n \times n if 1 < n for n \times n using that unfolding state-hash-def
by simp
 qed
7.3
        Complementation
 schematic-goal complement-impl:
   assumes [simp]: finite (NBA.nodes A)
   assumes [autoref-rules]: (Ai, A) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-rel} \rangle nbai-nba-rel
   shows (?f :: ?'c, op-translate (complement-4 A)) \in ?R
   by (autoref-monadic (plain))
  concrete-definition complement-impl uses complement-impl
```

```
theorem complement-impl-correct:
   assumes finite (NBA.nodes A)
   assumes (Ai, A) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-}rel \rangle \ nbai\text{-}nba\text{-}rel
   shows NBA.language (nbae-nba (nbaei-nbae (complement-impl <math>Ai))) =
     streams (nba.alphabet A) - NBA.language A
   using op-translate-language[OF complement-impl.refine[OF assms]]
   using complement-4-correct[OF\ assms(1)]
   by simp
7.4
       Language Subset
 definition [simp]: op-language-subset A B \equiv NBA.language A \subseteq NBA.language
B
 lemmas [autoref-op-pat] = op-language-subset-def[symmetric]
 schematic-goal language-subset-impl:
   assumes [simp]: finite (NBA.nodes B)
   assumes [autoref-rules]: (Ai, A) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-rel} \rangle nbai-nba-rel
   assumes [autoref-rules]: (Bi, B) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-}rel \rangle nbai-nba-rel
   shows (?f :: ?'c, do {
     let AB' = intersect' A (complement-4 B);
     ASSERT (finite (NGBA.nodes AB'));
     RETURN (NGBA.language AB' = \{\})
   \}) \in ?R
  by (autoref-monadic (plain))
  concrete-definition language-subset-impl uses language-subset-impl
  lemma language-subset-impl-refine[autoref-rules]:
   assumes SIDE-PRECOND (finite (NBA.nodes A))
   assumes SIDE-PRECOND (finite (NBA.nodes B))
   assumes SIDE-PRECOND (nba.alphabet A \subseteq nba.alphabet B)
   assumes (Ai, A) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-}rel \rangle \ nbai\text{-}nba\text{-}rel
   assumes (Bi, B) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-}rel \rangle \ nbai\text{-}nba\text{-}rel
   shows (language-subset-impl Ai Bi, (OP op-language-subset :::
     \langle Id, nat\text{-rel} \rangle nbai\text{-nba-rel} \rightarrow \langle Id, nat\text{-rel} \rangle nbai\text{-nba-rel} \rightarrow bool\text{-rel}) \$ A \$ B) \in
bool-rel
 proof -
   have (RETURN (language-subset-impl Ai Bi), do {
     let AB' = intersect' A (complement-4 B);
     ASSERT \ (finite \ (NGBA.nodes \ AB'));
     RETURN (NGBA.language AB' = \{\})
   \}) \in \langle bool\text{-}rel \rangle \ nres\text{-}rel
     using language-subset-impl.refine assms(2, 4, 5) unfolding autoref-tag-defs
by this
   also have (do {
     let AB' = intersect' A (complement-4 B);
     ASSERT (finite (NGBA.nodes AB'));
     RETURN (NGBA.language AB' = \{\})
    \{A, RETURN \ (NBA.language \ A \subseteq NBA.language \ B)\} \in \langle bool-rel \rangle \ nres-rel \}
```

```
proof refine-vcq
     \mathbf{show} \ \mathit{finite} \ (\mathit{NGBA}.\mathit{nodes} \ (\mathit{intersect'} \ \mathit{A} \ (\mathit{complement-4} \ \mathit{B}))) \ \mathbf{using} \ \mathit{assms}(1,
2) by auto
     have 1: NBA.language A \subseteq streams (nba.alphabet B)
     using nba.language-alphabet streams-mono2 assms(3) unfolding autoref-tag-defs
       have 2: NBA.language (complement-4 B) = streams (nba.alphabet B) -
NBA.language B
       using complement-4-correct assms(2) by auto
     show (NGBA.language (intersect' A (complement-4 B)) = {},
       NBA.language A \subseteq NBA.language B) \in bool-rel using 1 2 by auto
    finally show ?thesis using RETURN-nres-relD unfolding nres-rel-comp by
force
  qed
7.5
       Language Equality
  definition [simp]: op-language-equal A B \equiv NBA.language A = NBA.language
B
 lemmas [autoref-op-pat] = op-language-equal-def[symmetric]
 schematic-goal language-equal-impl:
   assumes [simp]: finite (NBA.nodes A)
   assumes [simp]: finite (NBA.nodes B)
   assumes [simp]: nba.alphabet A = nba.alphabet B
   assumes [autoref-rules]: (Ai, A) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-rel} \rangle nbai-nba-rel
   assumes [autoref-rules]: (Bi, B) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-rel} \rangle nbai-nba-rel
    shows (?f :: ?'c, NBA.language A \subseteq NBA.language B \land NBA.language B \subseteq
NBA.language A) \in ?R
   by autoref
  concrete-definition language-equal-impl uses language-equal-impl
  lemma language-equal-impl-refine[autoref-rules]:
   assumes SIDE-PRECOND (finite (NBA.nodes A))
   assumes SIDE-PRECOND (finite (NBA.nodes B))
   assumes SIDE-PRECOND (nba.alphabet A = nba.alphabet B)
   assumes (Ai, A) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-}rel \rangle \ nbai\text{-}nba\text{-}rel
   assumes (Bi, B) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-}rel \rangle \ nbai\text{-}nba\text{-}rel
   shows (language-equal-impl Ai Bi, (OP op-language-equal :::
     \langle Id, nat\text{-}rel \rangle \ nbai\text{-}nba\text{-}rel \rightarrow \langle Id, nat\text{-}rel \rangle \ nbai\text{-}nba\text{-}rel \rightarrow bool\text{-}rel) \$ A \$ B) \in
   using language-equal-impl.refine[OF assms[unfolded autoref-tag-defs]] by auto
  schematic-goal product-impl:
   assumes [simp]: finite (NBA.nodes B)
   assumes [autoref-rules]: (Ai, A) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-rel} \rangle nbai-nba-rel
   assumes [autoref-rules]: (Bi, B) \in \langle Id, nat\text{-rel} \rangle nbai-nba-rel
   shows (?f :: ?'c, do {
```

```
let AB' = intersect\ A\ (complement-4\ B);

ASSERT\ (finite\ (NBA.nodes\ AB'));

op\text{-}translate\ AB'

}) \in ?R

by (autoref\text{-}monadic\ (plain))

concrete-definition product\text{-}impl\ uses\ product\text{-}impl

export-code

Set.empty\ Set.insert\ Set.member

Inf: "a\ set\ set\ \Rightarrow "a\ set\ Sup:: "a\ set\ set\ \Rightarrow "a\ set\ image\ Pow\ set\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}integer\ integer\text{-}of\text{-}nat}

Variable\ Negation\ Conjunction\ Disjunction\ satisfies\ map\text{-}formula\ nbaei\ alphabetei\ initialei\ transitionei\ acceptingei\ nbae-nba-impl\ complement\text{-}impl\ language\text{-}equal\text{-}impl\ product\text{-}impl\ in\ SML\ module-name\ Complementation\ file-prefix\ Complementation
```

end

### 8 Build and test exported program with MLton

```
theory Complementation-Build
imports Complementation-Final
begin
external-file \langle code/Autool.mlb \rangle
external-file \langle code/Prelude.sml \rangle
external-file \langle code/Autool.sml \rangle
compile-generated-files
       \langle code/Complementation.ML \rangle (in Complementation-Final)
      external-files
              \langle code/Autool.mlb \rangle
             \langle code/Prelude.sml \rangle
             \langle code/Autool.sml \rangle
      \textbf{export-files} \ \langle code/Complementation.sml \rangle \ \textbf{and} \ \langle code/Autool \rangle \ (exe)
      where \langle fn \ dir = >
             let
                    val\ exec = Generated-Files. execute\ (dir + Path.basic\ code);
                    val - = exec \langle Prepare \rangle mv Complementation.ML Complementation.sml;
              val - = exec \ (Compilation) \ (verbatim \ (\$ISABELLE-MLTON \ \$ISABELLE-MLTON-OPTIONS) \ (Verbatim \ (\$ISABELLE-MLTON \ \$ISABELLE-MLTON-OPTIONS) \ (Verbatim \ (\$ISABELLE-MLTON \ \$ISABELLE-MLTON \ \$ISABELLE-ML
                                            -profile\ time\ -default-type\ intinf\ Autool.mlb);
                    val - = exec \land Test \land . / Autool \ help;
             in () end
```

end

## References

[1] O. Kupferman and M. Y. Vardi. Weak alternating automata are not that weak.  $ACM\ Trans.\ Comput.\ Logic,\ 2(3):408-429,\ July\ 2001.$