

Abstract

We utilize and extend the method of *shallow semantic embeddings* (SSEs) in classical higher-order logic (HOL) to construct a custom theorem proving environment for *abstract objects theory* (AOT) on the basis of Isabelle/HOL.

SSEs are a means for universal logical reasoning by translating a target logic to HOL using a representation of its semantics. AOT is a foundational metaphysical theory, developed by Edward Zalta, that explains the objects presupposed by the sciences as *abstract objects* that reify property patterns. In particular, AOT aspires to provide a philosophically grounded basis for the construction and analysis of the objects of mathematics.

We can support this claim by verifying Uri Nodelman's and Edward Zalta's reconstruction of Frege's theorem: we can confirm that the Dedekind-Peano postulates for natural numbers are consistently derivable in AOT using Frege's method. Furthermore, we can suggest and discuss generalizations and variants of the construction and can thereby provide theoretical insights into, and contribute to the philosophical justification of, the construction.

In the process, we can demonstrate that our method allows for a nearly transparent exchange of results between traditional pen-and-paper-based reasoning and the computerized implementation, which in turn can retain the automation mechanisms available for Isabelle/HOL.

During our work, we could significantly contribute to the evolution of our target theory itself, while simultaneously solving the technical challenge of using an SSE to implement a theory that is based on logical foundations that significantly differ from the meta-logic HOL.

In general, our results demonstrate the fruitfulness of the practice of Computational Metaphysics, i.e. the application of computational methods to metaphysical questions and theories.

A full description of this formalization including references can be found at <http://dx.doi.org/10.17169/refubium-35141>.

The version of Principia Logico-Metaphysica (PLM) implemented in this formalization can be found at <http://mally.stanford.edu/principia-2021-10-13.pdf>, while the latest version of PLM is available at <http://mally.stanford.edu/principia.pdf>.

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1 References

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2 Model for the Logic of AOT

We introduce a primitive type for hyperintensional propositions.

typedec \circ

To be able to model modal operators following Kripke semantics, we introduce a primitive type for possible worlds and assert, by axiom, that there is a surjective function mapping propositions to the boolean-valued functions acting on possible worlds. We call the result of applying this function to a proposition the Montague intension of the proposition.

typedec w — The primitive type of possible worlds.

axiomatization $AOT\text{-model}\text{-do} :: \langle \circ \Rightarrow (w \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \rangle$ **where**
 $\text{do-surfj} : \langle \text{surj } AOT\text{-model}\text{-do} \rangle$

The axioms of PLM require the existence of a non-actual world.

consts $w_0 :: w$ — The designated actual world.

axiomatization **where** $AOT\text{-model}\text{-nonactual-world} : \langle \exists w . w \neq w_0 \rangle$

Validity of a proposition in a given world can now be modelled as the result of applying that world to the Montague intension of the proposition.

definition $AOT\text{-model}\text{-valid-in} :: \langle w \Rightarrow \circ \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
 $\langle AOT\text{-model}\text{-valid-in } w \varphi \equiv AOT\text{-model}\text{-do } \varphi w \rangle$

By construction, we can choose a proposition for any given Montague intension, s.t. the proposition is valid in a possible world iff the Montague intension evaluates to true at that world.

definition $AOT\text{-model}\text{-proposition-choice} :: \langle (w \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow \circ \rangle$ (**binder** $\langle \varepsilon_\circ \rangle$ 8)
where $\langle \varepsilon_\circ w . \varphi w \equiv (\text{inv } AOT\text{-model}\text{-do}) \varphi \rangle$
lemma $AOT\text{-model}\text{-proposition-choice-simp} : \langle AOT\text{-model}\text{-valid-in } w (\varepsilon_\circ w . \varphi w) = \varphi w \rangle$
by (*simp add: surfj-f-inv-f[OF do-surfj]*) $AOT\text{-model}\text{-valid-in-def}$
 $AOT\text{-model}\text{-proposition-choice-def})$

Nitpick can trivially show that there are models for the axioms above.

lemma $\langle \text{True} \rangle$ **nitpick**[*satisfy, user-axioms, expect = genuine*] ..

typedec ω — The primitive type of ordinary objects/urelements.

Validating extended relation comprehension requires a large set of special urelements. For simple models that do not validate extended relation comprehension (and consequently the predecessor axiom in the theory of natural numbers), it suffices to use a primitive type as σ , i.e. **typedec** σ .

typedec σ'
typedef $\sigma = \langle \text{UNIV} : ((\omega \Rightarrow w \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \text{ set} \times (\omega \Rightarrow w \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \text{ set} \times \sigma') \text{ set} \rangle$..

typedec $null$ — Null-urelements representing non-denoting terms.

datatype $v = \omega v \omega \mid \sigma v \sigma \mid \text{is-nullv} : \text{nullv} \text{ null}$ — Type of urelements

Urrelations are proposition-valued functions on urelements. Urrelations are required to evaluate to necessarily false propositions for null-urelements (note that there may be several distinct necessarily false propositions).

typedef $urrel = \langle \{ \varphi . \forall x w . \neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-valid-in } w (\varphi (\text{nullv } x)) \} \rangle$
by (*rule exI[where x=λ x . (ε_ω w . ¬is-nullv x)]*)

(auto simp: AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp)

Abstract objects will be modelled as sets of urelations and will have to be mapped surjectively into the set of special urelements. We show that any mapping from abstract objects to special urelements has to involve at least one large set of collapsed abstract objects. We will use this fact to extend arbitrary mappings from abstract objects to special urelements to surjective mappings.

lemma $\alpha\sigma$ -pigeonhole:

— For any arbitrary mapping $\alpha\sigma$ from sets of urelations to special urelements, there exists an abstract object x , s.t. the cardinal of the set of special urelements is strictly smaller than the cardinal of the set of abstract objects that are mapped to the same urelement as x under $\alpha\sigma$.

$\langle \exists x . |UNIV::\sigma set| < o |\{y . \alpha\sigma x = \alpha\sigma y\}| \rangle$

for $\alpha\sigma :: \langle urrel set \Rightarrow \sigma$

proof(rule *ccontr*)

have card- σ -set-set-bound: $\langle |UNIV::\sigma set set| \leq o |UNIV::urrel set| \rangle$

proof –

let ?pick = $\langle \lambda u s . \varepsilon_o w . \text{case } u \text{ of } (\sigma v s') \Rightarrow s' \in s \mid - \Rightarrow False \rangle$

have $\langle \exists f :: \sigma set \Rightarrow urrel . inj f \rangle$

proof

show $\langle inj (\lambda s . Abs-urrel (\lambda u . ?pick u s)) \rangle$

proof(rule *injI*)

fix $x y$

assume $\langle Abs-urrel (\lambda u . ?pick u x) = Abs-urrel (\lambda u . ?pick u y) \rangle$

hence $\langle (\lambda u . ?pick u x) = (\lambda u . ?pick u y) \rangle$

by (auto intro!: Abs-urrel-inject[THEN iffD1]

simp: AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp)

hence $\langle AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w_0 (?pick (\sigma v s) x) =$

$AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w_0 (?pick (\sigma v s) y) \rangle$

for s **by** metis

hence $\langle (s \in x) = (s \in y) \rangle$ **for** s

by (auto simp: AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp)

thus $\langle x = y \rangle$

by blast

qed

qed

thus ?thesis

by (metis card-of-image inj-imp-surj-inv)

qed

Assume, for a proof by contradiction, that there is no large collapsed set.

assume $\langle \nexists x . |UNIV::\sigma set| < o |\{y . \alpha\sigma x = \alpha\sigma y\}| \rangle$

hence $A: \langle \forall x . |\{y . \alpha\sigma x = \alpha\sigma y\}| \leq o |UNIV::\sigma set| \rangle$

by auto

have union-univ: $\langle (\bigcup x \in range(inv \alpha\sigma) . \{y . \alpha\sigma x = \alpha\sigma y\}) = UNIV \rangle$

by auto (meson f-inv-into-f range-eqI)

We refute by case distinction: there is either finitely many or infinitely many special urelements and in both cases we can derive a contradiction from the assumption above.

{

Finite case.

assume finite- σ -set: $\langle \text{finite } (UNIV::\sigma set) \rangle$

hence finite-collapsed: $\langle \text{finite } \{y . \alpha\sigma x = \alpha\sigma y\} \rangle$ **for** x

using A card-of-ordLeq-infinite **by** blast

hence 0: $\langle \forall x . \text{card } \{y . \alpha\sigma x = \alpha\sigma y\} \leq \text{card } (UNIV::\sigma set) \rangle$

by (metis A finite- σ -set card-of-ordLeq inj-on-iff-card-le)

have 1: $\langle \text{card } (\text{range } (inv \alpha\sigma)) \leq \text{card } (UNIV::\sigma set) \rangle$

using finite- σ -set card-image-le **by** blast

hence 2: $\langle \text{finite } (\text{range } (inv \alpha\sigma)) \rangle$

using finite- σ -set **by** blast

define n **where** $\langle n = \text{card } (UNIV::urrel set set) \rangle$

define m **where** $\langle m = \text{card } (UNIV::\sigma set) \rangle$

```

have ⟨n = card (⋃ x ∈ range(inv ασ) . {y . ασ x = ασ y})⟩
  unfolding n-def using union-univ by argo
also have ⟨... ≤ (∑ i∈range (inv ασ). card {y. ασ i = ασ y})⟩
  using card-UN-le 2 by blast
also have ⟨... ≤ (∑ i∈range (inv ασ). card (UNIV::σ set))⟩
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) 0 sum-mono)
also have ⟨... ≤ card (range (inv ασ)) * card (UNIV::σ set)⟩
  using sum-bounded-above by auto
also have ⟨... ≤ card (UNIV::σ set) * card (UNIV::σ set)⟩
  using 1 by force
also have ⟨... = m*m⟩
  unfolding m-def by blast
finally have n-upper: ⟨n ≤ m*m⟩.

have ⟨finite (⋃ x ∈ range(inv ασ) . {y . ασ x = ασ y})⟩
  using 2 finite-collapsed by blast
hence finite-αset: ⟨finite (UNIV::urrel set set)⟩
  using union-univ by argo

have ⟨2^2^m = (2::nat)^(card (UNIV::σ set set))⟩
  by (metis Pow-UNIV card-Pow finite-σ-set m-def)
moreover have ⟨card (UNIV::σ set set) ≤ (card (UNIV::urrel set))⟩
  using card-σ-set-set-bound
  by (meson Finite-Set.finite-set card-of-ordLeq finite-αset
      finite-σ-set inj-on-iff-card-le)
ultimately have ⟨2^2^m ≤ (2::nat)^(card (UNIV:: urrel set))⟩
  by simp
also have ⟨... = n⟩
  unfolding n-def
  by (metis Finite-Set.finite-set Pow-UNIV card-Pow finite-αset)
finally have ⟨2^2^m ≤ n⟩ by blast
hence ⟨2^2^m ≤ m*m⟩ using n-upper by linarith
moreover {
  have ⟨(2::nat)^(2^m) ≥ (2^(m + 1))⟩
    by (metis Suc-eq-plus1 Suc-leI less-exp one-le-numeral power-increasing)
  also have ⟨(2^(m + 1)) = (2::nat) * 2^m⟩
    by auto
  have ⟨m < 2^m⟩
    by (simp add: less-exp)
  hence ⟨m*m < (2^m)*(2^m)⟩
    by (simp add: mult-strict-mono)
  moreover have ⟨... = 2^(m+m)⟩
    by (simp add: power-add)
  ultimately have ⟨m*m < 2^(m+m)⟩ by presburger
  moreover have ⟨m+m ≤ 2^m⟩
  proof (induct m)
    case 0
    thus ?case by auto
  next
    case (Suc m)
    thus ?case
      by (metis Suc-leI less-exp mult-2 mult-le-mono2 power-Suc)
  qed
  ultimately have ⟨m*m < 2^2^m⟩
    by (meson less-le-trans one-le-numeral power-increasing)
}
ultimately have False by auto
}
moreover {

```

Infinite case.

```
assume ⟨infinite (UNIV::σ set)⟩
```

```

hence  $\text{Cinfs}\sigma : \langle \text{Cinfinite} \mid \text{UNIV}::\sigma \text{ set} \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: cfinite-def)
have 1:  $\langle |\text{range}(\text{inv } \alpha\sigma)| \leq o \mid \text{UNIV}::\sigma \text{ set} \rangle$ 
  by auto
have 2:  $\langle \forall i \in \text{range}(\text{inv } \alpha\sigma). |\{y . \alpha\sigma i = \alpha\sigma y\}| \leq o \mid \text{UNIV}::\sigma \text{ set} \rangle$ 
proof
  fix  $i :: \text{urrel set}$ 
  assume  $\langle i \in \text{range}(\text{inv } \alpha\sigma) \rangle$ 
  show  $\langle |\{y . \alpha\sigma i = \alpha\sigma y\}| \leq o \mid \text{UNIV}::\sigma \text{ set} \rangle$ 
    using A by blast
  qed
have  $\langle |\bigcup ((\lambda i. \{y . \alpha\sigma i = \alpha\sigma y\}) ` (\text{range}(\text{inv } \alpha\sigma)))| \leq o$ 
   $| \Sigma(\text{range}(\text{inv } \alpha\sigma)) (\lambda i. \{y . \alpha\sigma i = \alpha\sigma y\}) \rangle$ 
  using card-of-UNION-Sigma by blast
hence  $\langle |\text{UNIV}::\text{urrel set set}| \leq o$ 
   $| \Sigma(\text{range}(\text{inv } \alpha\sigma)) (\lambda i. \{y . \alpha\sigma i = \alpha\sigma y\}) \rangle$ 
  using union-univ by argo
moreover have  $\langle |\Sigma(\text{range}(\text{inv } \alpha\sigma)) (\lambda i. \{y . \alpha\sigma i = \alpha\sigma y\})| \leq o \mid \text{UNIV}::\sigma \text{ set} \rangle$ 
  using card-of-Sigma-ordLeq-Cinfinite[OF Cinfs, OF 1, OF 2] by blast
ultimately have  $\langle |\text{UNIV}::\text{urrel set set}| \leq o \mid \text{UNIV}::\sigma \text{ set} \rangle$ 
  using ordLeq-transitive by blast
moreover {
  have  $\langle |\text{UNIV}::\sigma \text{ set}| < o \mid \text{UNIV}::\sigma \text{ set set} \rangle$ 
  by auto
  moreover have  $\langle |\text{UNIV}::\sigma \text{ set set}| \leq o \mid \text{UNIV}::\text{urrel set} \rangle$ 
  using card- $\sigma$ -set-set-bound by blast
  moreover have  $\langle |\text{UNIV}::\text{urrel set}| < o \mid \text{UNIV}::\text{urrel set set} \rangle$ 
  by auto
  ultimately have  $\langle |\text{UNIV}::\sigma \text{ set}| < o \mid \text{UNIV}::\text{urrel set set} \rangle$ 
  by (metis ordLess-imp-ordLeq ordLess-ordLeq-trans)
}
ultimately have False
  using not-ordLeq-ordLess by blast
}
ultimately show False by blast
qed

```

We introduce a mapping from abstract objects (i.e. sets of urelations) to special urelements $\alpha\sigma$ that is surjective and distinguishes all abstract objects that are distinguished by a (not necessarily surjective) mapping $\alpha\sigma'$. $\alpha\sigma'$ will be used to model extended relation comprehension.

```

consts  $\alpha\sigma' :: \langle \text{urrel set} \Rightarrow \sigma \rangle$ 
consts  $\alpha\sigma :: \langle \text{urrel set} \Rightarrow \sigma \rangle$ 

specification( $\alpha\sigma$ )
   $\alpha\sigma\text{-surj}: \langle \text{surj } \alpha\sigma \rangle$ 
   $\alpha\sigma\text{-}\alpha\sigma': \langle \alpha\sigma x = \alpha\sigma y \implies \alpha\sigma' x = \alpha\sigma' y \rangle$ 
proof –
  obtain  $x$  where  $x\text{-prop}: \langle |\text{UNIV}::\sigma \text{ set}| < o \mid \{y . \alpha\sigma' x = \alpha\sigma' y\} \rangle$ 
  using  $\alpha\sigma\text{-pigeonhole}$  by blast
  have  $\langle \exists f :: \text{urrel set} \Rightarrow \sigma . f ` \{y . \alpha\sigma' x = \alpha\sigma' y\} = \text{UNIV} \wedge f x = \alpha\sigma' x \rangle$ 
proof –
  have  $\langle \exists f :: \text{urrel set} \Rightarrow \sigma . f ` \{y . \alpha\sigma' x = \alpha\sigma' y\} = \text{UNIV} \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: x-prop card-of-ordLeq2 ordLess-imp-ordLeq)
  then obtain  $f :: \langle \text{urrel set} \Rightarrow \sigma \rangle$  where  $\langle f ` \{y . \alpha\sigma' x = \alpha\sigma' y\} = \text{UNIV} \rangle$ 
  by presburger
  moreover obtain  $a$  where  $\langle f a = \alpha\sigma' x \rangle$  and  $\langle \alpha\sigma' a = \alpha\sigma' x \rangle$ 
  by (smt (verit, best) calculation UNIV-I image-iff mem-Collect-eq)
  ultimately have  $\langle (f(a := f x, x := f a)) ` \{y . \alpha\sigma' x = \alpha\sigma' y\} = \text{UNIV} \wedge$ 
   $(f(a := f x, x := f a)) x = \alpha\sigma' x \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp: image-def)
  thus ?thesis by blast
qed
then obtain  $f$  where  $f\text{-image}: \langle f ` \{y . \alpha\sigma' x = \alpha\sigma' y\} = \text{UNIV} \rangle$ 

```

```

and fx:  $\langle f x = \alpha\sigma' x \rangle$ 
by blast

define  $\alpha\sigma :: \langle \text{urrel set} \Rightarrow \sigma \rangle$  where
   $\langle \alpha\sigma \equiv \lambda \text{urrels} . \text{if } \alpha\sigma' \text{urrels} = \alpha\sigma' x \wedge f \text{urrels} \notin \text{range } \alpha\sigma'$ 
     $\text{then } f \text{urrels}$ 
     $\text{else } \alpha\sigma' \text{urrels} \rangle$ 

have  $\langle \text{surj } \alpha\sigma \rangle$ 
proof -
  {
    fix  $s :: \sigma$ 
    {
      assume  $\langle s \in \text{range } \alpha\sigma' \rangle$ 
      hence  $\exists 0: \langle \alpha\sigma' (\text{inv } \alpha\sigma' s) = s \rangle$ 
        by (meson f-inv-into-f)
      {
        assume  $\langle s = \alpha\sigma' x \rangle$ 
        hence  $\langle \alpha\sigma x = s \rangle$ 
          using  $\alpha\sigma\text{-def}$  fx by presburger
          hence  $\exists f . \alpha\sigma (f s) = s$ 
            by auto
      }
      moreover {
        assume  $\langle s \neq \alpha\sigma' x \rangle$ 
        hence  $\langle \alpha\sigma (\text{inv } \alpha\sigma' s) = s \rangle$ 
          unfolding  $\alpha\sigma\text{-def}$  0 by presburger
        hence  $\exists f . \alpha\sigma (f s) = s$ 
          by blast
      }
      ultimately have  $\exists f . \alpha\sigma (f s) = s$ 
        by blast
    }
    moreover {
      assume  $\langle s \notin \text{range } \alpha\sigma' \rangle$ 
      moreover obtain urrels where  $\langle f \text{urrels} = s \rangle$  and  $\langle \alpha\sigma' x = \alpha\sigma' \text{urrels} \rangle$ 
        by (smt (verit, best) UNIV-I fimage image-iff mem-Collect-eq)
      ultimately have  $\langle \alpha\sigma \text{urrels} = s \rangle$ 
        using  $\alpha\sigma\text{-def}$  by presburger
        hence  $\exists f . \alpha\sigma (f s) = s$ 
          by (meson f-inv-into-f range-eqI)
      }
      ultimately have  $\exists f . \alpha\sigma (f s) = s$ 
        by blast
    }
    thus ?thesis
      by (metis surj-def)
  qed
  moreover have  $\forall x y. \alpha\sigma x = \alpha\sigma y \longrightarrow \alpha\sigma' x = \alpha\sigma' y$ 
    by (metis  $\alpha\sigma\text{-def}$  rangeI)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
  qed

```

For extended models that validate extended relation comprehension (and consequently the predecessor axiom), we specify which abstract objects are distinguished by $\alpha\sigma'$.

```

definition urrel-to-wrel ::  $\langle \text{urrel} \Rightarrow (\omega \Rightarrow w \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \rangle$  where
   $\langle \text{urrel-to-wrel} \equiv \lambda r u w . \text{AOT-model-valid-in } w (\text{Rep-urrel } r (\omega v u)) \rangle$ 
definition wrel-to-urrel ::  $\langle (\omega \Rightarrow w \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow \text{urrel} \rangle$  where
   $\langle \text{wrel-to-urrel} \equiv \lambda \varphi . \text{Abs-urrel}$ 
     $(\lambda u . \varepsilon_o w . \text{case } u \text{ of } \omega v x \Rightarrow \varphi x w | - \Rightarrow \text{False}) \rangle$ 

definition AOT-urrel-wequiv ::  $\langle \text{urrel} \Rightarrow \text{urrel} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$  where
   $\langle \text{AOT-urrel-wequiv} \equiv \lambda r s . \forall u v . \text{AOT-model-valid-in } v (\text{Rep-urrel } r (\omega v u)) =$ 

```

```

AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-urrel s (ωv u))>

lemma urrel-ωrel-quot: <Quotient3 AOT-urrel-ωequiv urrel-to-ωrel ωrel-to-urrel>
proof(rule Quotient3I)
  show <urrel-to-ωrel (ωrel-to-urrel a) = a> for a
  unfolding ωrel-to-urrel-def urrel-to-ωrel-def
  apply (rule ext)
  apply (subst Abs-urrel-inverse)
  by (auto simp: AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp)
next
  show <AOT-urrel-ωequiv (ωrel-to-urrel a) (ωrel-to-urrel a)> for a
  unfolding ωrel-to-urrel-def AOT-urrel-ωequiv-def
  apply (subst (1 2) Abs-urrel-inverse)
  by (auto simp: AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp)
next
  show <AOT-urrel-ωequiv r s = (AOT-urrel-ωequiv r r ∧ AOT-urrel-ωequiv s s ∧
    urrel-to-ωrel r = urrel-to-ωrel s)> for r s
proof
  assume <AOT-urrel-ωequiv r s>
  hence <AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-urrel r (ωv u)) =
    AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-urrel s (ωv u))> for u v
    using AOT-urrel-ωequiv-def by metis
  hence <urrel-to-ωrel r = urrel-to-ωrel s>
    unfolding urrel-to-ωrel-def
    by simp
  thus <AOT-urrel-ωequiv r r ∧ AOT-urrel-ωequiv s s ∧
    urrel-to-ωrel r = urrel-to-ωrel s>
    unfolding AOT-urrel-ωequiv-def
    by auto
next
  assume <AOT-urrel-ωequiv r r ∧ AOT-urrel-ωequiv s s ∧
    urrel-to-ωrel r = urrel-to-ωrel s>
  hence <AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-urrel r (ωv u)) =
    AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-urrel s (ωv u))> for u v
    by (metis urrel-to-ωrel-def)
  thus <AOT-urrel-ωequiv r s>
    using AOT-urrel-ωequiv-def by presburger
qed
qed

```

```

specification (ασ')
ασ-eq-ord-exts-all:
  <ασ' a = ασ' b ⇒ (Λs . urrel-to-ωrel s = urrel-to-ωrel r ⇒ s ∈ a) ⇒
    (Λs . urrel-to-ωrel s = urrel-to-ωrel r ⇒ s ∈ b)>
ασ-eq-ord-exts-ex:
  <ασ' a = ασ' b ⇒ (∃s . s ∈ a ∧ urrel-to-ωrel s = urrel-to-ωrel r) ⇒
    (∃s . s ∈ b ∧ urrel-to-ωrel s = urrel-to-ωrel r)>
proof –
  define ασ-wit-intersection where
    <ασ-wit-intersection ≡ λ urrels .
    {ordext . ∀ urrel . urrel-to-ωrel urrel = ordext → urrel ∈ urrels}>
  define ασ-wit-union where
    <ασ-wit-union ≡ λ urrels .
    {ordext . ∃ urrel∈urrels . urrel-to-ωrel urrel = ordext}>

let ?ασ-wit = <λ urrels .
  let ordexts = ασ-wit-intersection urrels in
  let ordexts' = ασ-wit-union urrels in
  (ordexts, ordexts', undefined)>
define ασ-wit :: <urrel set ⇒ σ> where
  <ασ-wit ≡ λ urrels . Abs-σ (?ασ-wit urrels)>
{
  fix a b :: <urrel set> and r s

```

```

assume ⟨ $\alpha\sigma$ -wit  $a = \alpha\sigma$ -wit  $b$ ⟩
hence 0: ⟨{ordext.  $\forall$  urrel. urrel-to-wrel urrel = ordext  $\longrightarrow$  urrel  $\in a$ } = {ordext.  $\forall$  urrel. urrel-to-wrel urrel = ordext  $\longrightarrow$  urrel  $\in b$ }⟩
unfolding  $\alpha\sigma$ -wit-def Let-def
apply (subst (asm) Abs- $\sigma$ -inject)
by (auto simp:  $\alpha\sigma$ -wit-intersection-def  $\alpha\sigma$ -wit-union-def)
assume ⟨urrel-to-wrel  $s = \text{urrel-to-wrel } r \implies s \in a$ ⟩ for  $s$ 
hence ⟨urrel-to-wrel  $r \in$  {ordext.  $\forall$  urrel. urrel-to-wrel urrel = ordext  $\longrightarrow$  urrel  $\in a$ }⟩
by auto
hence ⟨urrel-to-wrel  $r \in$  {ordext.  $\forall$  urrel. urrel-to-wrel urrel = ordext  $\longrightarrow$  urrel  $\in b$ }⟩
using 0 by blast
moreover assume ⟨urrel-to-wrel  $s = \text{urrel-to-wrel } r$ ⟩
ultimately have ⟨ $s \in b$ ⟩
by blast
}
moreover {
  fix  $a$   $b :: \langle$ urrel set $\rangle$  and  $s$   $r$ 
  assume ⟨ $\alpha\sigma$ -wit  $a = \alpha\sigma$ -wit  $b$ ⟩
  hence 0: ⟨{ordext.  $\exists$  urrel  $\in a$ . urrel-to-wrel urrel = ordext} = {ordext.  $\exists$  urrel  $\in b$ . urrel-to-wrel urrel = ordext}⟩
  unfolding  $\alpha\sigma$ -wit-def
  using Abs- $\sigma$ -inject  $\alpha\sigma$ -wit-union-def by auto
  assume ⟨ $s \in a$ ⟩
  hence ⟨urrel-to-wrel  $s \in \{ \text{ordext. } \exists \text{ urrel } \in a. \text{ urrel-to-wrel urrel = ordext} \}$ ⟩
  by blast
  moreover assume ⟨urrel-to-wrel  $s = \text{urrel-to-wrel } r$ ⟩
  ultimately have ⟨urrel-to-wrel  $r \in$  {ordext.  $\exists$  urrel  $\in b$ . urrel-to-wrel urrel = ordext}⟩
  using 0 by argo
  hence ⟨ $\exists s. s \in b \wedge \text{urrel-to-wrel } s = \text{urrel-to-wrel } r$ ⟩
  by blast
}
ultimately show ?thesis
by (safe intro!: exI[where  $x=\alpha\sigma$ -wit]; metis)
qed

```

We enable the extended model version.

abbreviation (input) AOT-ExtendedModel **where** ⟨AOT-ExtendedModel \equiv True⟩

Individual terms are either ordinary objects, represented by ordinary urelements, abstract objects, modelled as sets of urrelations, or null objects, used to represent non-denoting definite descriptions.

datatype $\kappa = \omega\kappa \omega \mid \alpha\kappa \langle$ urrel set $\rangle \mid \text{is-null}\kappa: \text{null}\kappa \text{ null}$

The mapping from abstract objects to urelements can be naturally lifted to a surjective mapping from individual terms to urelements.

```

primrec  $\kappa v :: \langle \kappa \Rightarrow v \rangle$  where
  ⟨ $\kappa v (\omega\kappa x) = \omega v x$ ⟩
  | ⟨ $\kappa v (\alpha\kappa x) = \sigma v (\alpha\sigma x)$ ⟩
  | ⟨ $\kappa v (\text{null}\kappa x) = \text{null}v x$ ⟩

```

```

lemma  $\kappa v$ -surj: ⟨surj  $\kappa v$ ⟩
using  $\alpha\sigma$ -surj by (metis  $\kappa v$ .simp(1)  $\kappa v$ .simp(2)  $\kappa v$ .simp(3) v.exhaust surj-def)

```

By construction if the urelement of an individual term is exemplified by an urrelation, it cannot be a null-object.

```

lemma urrel-null-false:
assumes ⟨AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-urrel f ( $\kappa v x$ ))⟩
shows ⟨ $\neg$ is-null $\kappa x$ ⟩
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) assms Rep-urrel  $\kappa$ .collapse(3)  $\kappa v$ .simp(3)
      mem-Collect-eq)

```

AOT requires any ordinary object to be *possibly concrete* and that there is an object that is not actually, but possibly concrete.

```
consts AOT-model-concretesw :: < $\omega \Rightarrow w \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ >
specification (AOT-model-concretesw)
  AOT-model- $\omega$ -concrete-in-some-world:
     $\exists w . AOT\text{-model}\text{-concretesw } x w$ 
  AOT-model-contingent-object:
     $\exists x w . AOT\text{-model}\text{-concretesw } x w \wedge \neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-concretesw } x w_0$ 
    by (rule exI[where  $x = \lambda w. w \neq w_0$ ]) (auto simp: AOT-model-nonactual-world)
```

We define a type class for AOT's terms specifying the conditions under which objects of that type denote and require the set of denoting terms to be non-empty.

```
class AOT-Term =
  fixes AOT-model-denotes :: < $'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ >
  assumes AOT-model-denoting-ex:  $\exists x . AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } x$ 
```

All types except the type of propositions involve non-denoting terms. We define a refined type class for those.

```
class AOT-IncompleteTerm = AOT-Term +
  assumes AOT-model-nondenoting-ex:  $\exists x . \neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } x$ 
```

Generic non-denoting term.

```
definition AOT-model-nondenoting :: < $'a :: AOT\text{-IncompleteTerm}$ > where
  < $AOT\text{-model}\text{-nondenoting} \equiv \text{SOME } \tau . \neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } \tau$ >
lemma AOT-model-nondenoting:  $\neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } (AOT\text{-model}\text{-nondenoting})$ 
  using someI-ex[OF AOT-model-nondenoting-ex]
  unfolding AOT-model-nondenoting-def by blast
```

AOT-model-denotes can trivially be extended to products of types.

```
instantiation prod :: (AOT-Term, AOT-Term) AOT-Term
begin
definition AOT-model-denotes-prod :: < $'a \times 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ > where
  < $AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes-prod} \equiv \lambda(x,y) . AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } x \wedge AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } y$ >
instance proof
  show  $\exists x :: 'a \times 'b . AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } x$ 
    by (simp add: AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-model-denoting-ex)
qed
end
```

We specify a transformation of proposition-valued functions on terms, s.t. the result is fully determined by *regular* terms. This will be required for modelling n-ary relations as functions on tuples while preserving AOT's definition of n-ary relation identity.

```
locale AOT-model-irregular-spec =
  fixes AOT-model-irregular :: < $('a \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow o$ >
  and AOT-model-regular :: < $'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ >
  and AOT-model-term-equiv :: < $'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ >
  assumes AOT-model-irregular-false:
     $\neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-valid-in } w (AOT\text{-model}\text{-irregular } \varphi x)$ 
  assumes AOT-model-irregular-equiv:
    < $AOT\text{-model}\text{-term-equiv } x y \implies AOT\text{-model}\text{-irregular } \varphi x = AOT\text{-model}\text{-irregular } \varphi y$ >
  assumes AOT-model-irregular-eqI:
    < $(\bigwedge x . AOT\text{-model}\text{-regular } x \implies \varphi x = \psi x) \implies AOT\text{-model}\text{-irregular } \varphi x = AOT\text{-model}\text{-irregular } \psi x$ >
```

We introduce a type class for individual terms that specifies being regular, being equivalent (i.e. conceptually *sharing urelements*) and the transformation on proposition-valued functions as specified above.

```
class AOT-IndividualTerm = AOT-IncompleteTerm +
  fixes AOT-model-regular :: < $'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ >
  fixes AOT-model-term-equiv :: < $'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ >
  fixes AOT-model-irregular :: < $('a \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow o$ >
```

```

assumes AOT-model-irregular-nondenoting:
  ⟨¬AOT-model-regular x ⟹ ¬AOT-model-denotes x⟩
assumes AOT-model-term-equiv-part-equivp:
  ⟨equivp AOT-model-term-equiv⟩
assumes AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes:
  ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv x y ⟹ (AOT-model-denotes x = AOT-model-denotes y)⟩
assumes AOT-model-term-equiv-regular:
  ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv x y ⟹ (AOT-model-regular x = AOT-model-regular y)⟩
assumes AOT-model-irregular:
  ⟨AOT-model-irregular-spec AOT-model-irregular AOT-model-regular
    AOT-model-term-equiv⟩

interpretation AOT-model-irregular-spec AOT-model-irregular AOT-model-regular
  AOT-model-term-equiv
  using AOT-model-irregular .

```

Our concrete type for individual terms satisfies the type class of individual terms. Note that all unary individuals are regular. In general, an individual term may be a tuple and is regular, if at most one tuple element does not denote.

```

instantiation κ :: AOT-IndividualTerm
begin
definition AOT-model-term-equiv-κ :: ⟨κ ⇒ κ ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv-κ ≡ λ x y . κv x = κv y⟩
definition AOT-model-denotes-κ :: ⟨κ ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨AOT-model-denotes-κ ≡ λ x . ¬is-nullκ x⟩
definition AOT-model-regular-κ :: ⟨κ ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨AOT-model-regular-κ ≡ λ x . True⟩
definition AOT-model-irregular-κ :: ⟨(κ ⇒ o) ⇒ κ ⇒ o⟩ where
  ⟨AOT-model-irregular-κ ≡ SOME φ . AOT-model-irregular-spec φ
    AOT-model-regular AOT-model-term-equiv⟩

instance proof
  show ⟨∃ x :: κ. AOT-model-denotes x⟩
    by (rule exI[where x=⟨ωκ undefined⟩])
      (simp add: AOT-model-denotes-κ-def)
  next
    show ⟨∃ x :: κ. ¬AOT-model-denotes x⟩
      by (rule exI[where x=⟨nullκ undefined⟩])
        (simp add: AOT-model-denotes-κ-def AOT-model-regular-κ-def)
  next
    show ¬AOT-model-regular x ⟹ ¬AOT-model-denotes x for x :: κ
      by (simp add: AOT-model-regular-κ-def)
  next
    show ⟨equivp (AOT-model-term-equiv :: κ ⇒ κ ⇒ bool)⟩
      by (rule equivpI; rule reflpI exI sympI transpI)
        (simp-all add: AOT-model-term-equiv-κ-def)
  next
    fix x y :: κ
    show ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv x y ⟹ AOT-model-denotes x = AOT-model-denotes y⟩
      by (metis AOT-model-denotes-κ-def AOT-model-term-equiv-κ-def κ.exhaust-disc
        κv.simps v.disc(1,3,5,6) is-ακ-def is-ωκ-def is-nullκ-def)
  next
    fix x y :: κ
    show ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv x y ⟹ AOT-model-regular x = AOT-model-regular y⟩
      by (simp add: AOT-model-regular-κ-def)
  next
    have AOT-model-irregular-spec (λ φ (x::κ) . εo w . False)
      AOT-model-regular AOT-model-term-equiv
      by standard (auto simp: AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp)
    thus ⟨AOT-model-irregular-spec (AOT-model-irregular::(κ⇒o) ⇒ κ ⇒ o)⟩
      AOT-model-regular AOT-model-term-equiv
      unfolding AOT-model-irregular-κ-def by (metis (no-types, lifting) someI-ex)
  qed
end

```

We define relations among individuals as proposition valued functions. Denoting unary relations (among κ) will match the urelations introduced above.

```
typedef 'a rel (<<->>) = <UNIV::('a::AOT-IndividualTerm  $\Rightarrow$  o) set> ..
setup-lifting type-definition-rel
```

We will use the transformation specified above to "fix" the behaviour of functions on irregular terms when defining λ -expressions.

```
definition fix-irregular :: <('a::AOT-IndividualTerm  $\Rightarrow$  o)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  o)> where
  <fix-irregular  $\equiv$   $\lambda \varphi x . \text{if AOT-model-regular } x$ 
     $\text{then } \varphi x \text{ else AOT-model-irregular } \varphi x$ >
lemma fix-irregular-denoting:
  < $\text{AOT-model-denotes } x \implies \text{fix-irregular } \varphi x = \varphi x$ >
  by (meson AOT-model-irregular-nondenoting fix-irregular-def)
lemma fix-irregular-regular:
  < $\text{AOT-model-regular } x \implies \text{fix-irregular } \varphi x = \varphi x$ >
  by (meson AOT-model-irregular-nondenoting fix-irregular-def)
lemma fix-irregular-irregular:
  < $\neg \text{AOT-model-regular } x \implies \text{fix-irregular } \varphi x = \text{AOT-model-irregular } \varphi x$ >
  by (simp add: fix-irregular-def)
```

Relations among individual terms are (potentially non-denoting) terms. A relation denotes, if it agrees on all equivalent terms (i.e. terms sharing urelements), is necessarily false on all non-denoting terms and is well-behaved on irregular terms.

```
instantiation rel :: (AOT-IndividualTerm) AOT-IncompleteTerm
begin
```

```
lift-definition AOT-model-denotes-rel :: <<'a>  $\Rightarrow$  bool> is
  < $\lambda \varphi . (\forall x y . \text{AOT-model-term-equiv } x y \implies \varphi x = \varphi y) \wedge$ 
    $(\forall w x . \text{AOT-model-valid-in } w (\varphi x) \implies \text{AOT-model-denotes } x) \wedge$ 
    $(\forall x . \neg \text{AOT-model-regular } x \implies \varphi x = \text{AOT-model-irregular } \varphi x)$ > .
instance proof
  have < $\text{AOT-model-irregular } (\text{fix-irregular } \varphi) x = \text{AOT-model-irregular } \varphi x$ >
  for  $\varphi$  and  $x :: 'a$ 
  by (rule AOT-model-irregular-eqI) (simp add: fix-irregular-def)
  thus < $\exists x :: <'a> . \text{AOT-model-denotes } x$ >
  by (safe intro!: exI[where  $x = \text{Abs-rel } (\text{fix-irregular } (\lambda x. \varepsilon_0 w . \text{False}))$ ])
  (transfer; auto simp: AOT-model-prop-choice-simp fix-irregular-def
   AOT-model-irregular-equiv AOT-model-term-equiv-regular
   AOT-model-irregular-false)
next
  show < $\exists f :: <'a> . \neg \text{AOT-model-denotes } f$ >
  by (rule exI[where  $x = \text{Abs-rel } (\lambda x. \varepsilon_0 w . \text{True})$ ]);
  auto simp: AOT-model-denotes-rel.abs-eq AOT-model-nondenoting-ex
  AOT-model-prop-choice-simp)
qed
end
```

Auxiliary lemmata.

```
lemma AOT-model-term-equiv-eps:
  shows < $\text{AOT-model-term-equiv } (\text{Eps } (\text{AOT-model-term-equiv } \kappa)) \kappa$ >
  and < $\text{AOT-model-term-equiv } \kappa (\text{Eps } (\text{AOT-model-term-equiv } \kappa))$ >
  and < $\text{AOT-model-term-equiv } \kappa \kappa' \implies$ 
     $(\text{Eps } (\text{AOT-model-term-equiv } \kappa)) = (\text{Eps } (\text{AOT-model-term-equiv } \kappa'))$ >
  apply (metis AOT-model-term-equiv-part-equivp equivp-def someI-ex)
  apply (metis AOT-model-term-equiv-part-equivp equivp-def someI-ex)
  by (metis AOT-model-term-equiv-part-equivp equivp-def)
```

```
lemma AOT-model-denotes-Abs-rel-fix-irregularI:
  assumes < $\wedge x y . \text{AOT-model-term-equiv } x y \implies \varphi x = \varphi y$ >
  and < $\wedge w x . \text{AOT-model-valid-in } w (\varphi x) \implies \text{AOT-model-denotes } x$ >
  shows < $\text{AOT-model-denotes } (\text{Abs-rel } (\text{fix-irregular } \varphi))$ >
proof -
```

```

have ⟨AOT-model-irregular φ x = AOT-model-irregular
    (λx. if AOT-model-regular x then φ x else AOT-model-irregular φ x) x⟩
if ↪ AOT-model-regular x
for x
by (rule AOT-model-irregular-eqI) auto
thus ?thesis
unfolding AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq
using assms by (auto simp: AOT-model-irregular-false Abs-rel-inverse
    AOT-model-irregular-equiv fix-irregular-def
    AOT-model-term-equiv-regular)
qed

lemma AOT-model-term-equiv-rel-equiv:
assumes ⟨AOT-model-denotes x⟩
    and ⟨AOT-model-denotes y⟩
shows ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv x y = ( ∀ Π w . AOT-model-denotes Π →
    AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-rel Π x) = AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-rel Π y))⟩
proof
assume ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv x y⟩
thus ⟨ ∀ Π w . AOT-model-denotes Π → AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-rel Π x) =
    AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-rel Π y)⟩
by (simp add: AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq)
next
have 0: ⟨(AOT-model-denotes x' ∧ AOT-model-term-equiv x' y) =
    (AOT-model-denotes y' ∧ AOT-model-term-equiv y' y)⟩
if ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv x' y'⟩ for x' y'
by (metis that AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes AOT-model-term-equiv-part-equivp
    equivp-def)
assume ⟨ ∀ Π w . AOT-model-denotes Π → AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-rel Π x) =
    AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-rel Π y)⟩
moreover have ⟨AOT-model-denotes (Abs-rel (fix-irregular
    (λ x . ε₀ w . AOT-model-denotes x ∧ AOT-model-term-equiv x y)))⟩
    (is AOT-model-denotes ?r)
by (rule AOT-model-denotes-Abs-rel-fix-irregularI)
    (auto simp: 0 AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq Abs-rel-inverse fix-irregular-def
    AOT-model-prop-choice-simp AOT-model-irregular-false)
ultimately have ⟨AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-rel ?r x) =
    AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-rel ?r y)⟩ for w
by blast
thus ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv x y⟩
by (simp add: Abs-rel-inverse AOT-model-prop-choice-simp
    fix-irregular-denoting[OF assms(1)] AOT-model-term-equiv-part-equivp
    fix-irregular-denoting[OF assms(2)] assms equivp-reflp)
qed

```

Denoting relations among terms of type κ correspond to urrelations.

```

definition rel-to-urrel :: ⟨<κ> ⇒ urrel⟩ where
    ⟨rel-to-urrel ≡ λ Π . Abs-urrel (λ u . Rep-rel Π (SOME x . κv x = u))⟩
definition urrel-to-rel :: ⟨urrel ⇒ <κ>⟩ where
    ⟨urrel-to-rel ≡ λ φ . Abs-rel (λ x . Rep-urrel φ (κv x))⟩
definition AOT-rel-equiv :: ⟨<'a::AOT-IndividualTerm> ⇒ <'a> ⇒ bool⟩ where
    ⟨AOT-rel-equiv ≡ λ f g . AOT-model-denotes f ∧ AOT-model-denotes g ∧ f = g⟩

```

```

lemma urrel-quotient3: ⟨Quotient3 AOT-rel-equiv rel-to-urrel urrel-to-rel⟩
proof (rule Quotient3I)
have ⟨(λu. Rep-urrel a (κv (SOME x . κv x = u))) = (λu. Rep-urrel a u)⟩ for a
    by (rule ext) (metis (mono-tags, lifting) κv-surj surj-f-inv-f verit-sko-ex')
thus ⟨rel-to-urrel (urrel-to-rel a) = a⟩ for a
    by (simp add: Abs-rel-inverse rel-to-urrel-def urrel-to-rel-def
    Rep-urrel-inverse)
next
show ⟨AOT-rel-equiv (urrel-to-rel a) (urrel-to-rel a)⟩ for a
unfolding AOT-rel-equiv-def urrel-to-rel-def

```

```

by transfer (simp add: AOT-model-regular- $\kappa$ -def AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def
             AOT-model-term-equiv- $\kappa$ -def urrel-null-false)
next
{
fix a
assume < $\forall w x. AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w (a x) \longrightarrow \neg is\text{-null}\kappa x$ >
hence < $(\lambda u. a (SOME x. \kappa v x = u)) \in$ 
       $\{\varphi. \forall x w. \neg AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w (\varphi (nullv x))\}$ >
by (simp; metis (mono-tags, lifting)  $\kappa.\text{exhaust-disc } \kappa v.\text{simps } v.\text{disc}(1,3,5)$ 
     $v.\text{disc}(6) is\text{-}\kappa\text{-def } is\text{-}\omega\kappa\text{-def someI-ex})$ 
} note 1 = this
{
fix r s ::  $\kappa \Rightarrow \sigma$ 
assume A: < $\forall x y. AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x y \longrightarrow r x = r y$ >
assume < $\forall w x. AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w (r x) \longrightarrow AOT\text{-model-denotes } x$ >
hence 2: < $(\lambda u. r (SOME x. \kappa v x = u)) \in$ 
       $\{\varphi. \forall x w. \neg AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w (\varphi (nullv x))\}$ >
using 1 AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def by meson
assume B: < $\forall x y. AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x y \longrightarrow s x = s y$ >
assume < $\forall w x. AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w (s x) \longrightarrow AOT\text{-model-denotes } x$ >
hence 3: < $(\lambda u. s (SOME x. \kappa v x = u)) \in$ 
       $\{\varphi. \forall x w. \neg AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w (\varphi (nullv x))\}$ >
using 1 AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def by meson
assume < $Abs\text{-urrel } (\lambda u. r (SOME x. \kappa v x = u)) =$ 
       $Abs\text{-urrel } (\lambda u. s (SOME x. \kappa v x = u))$ >
hence 4: < $r (SOME x. \kappa v x = u) = s (SOME x:\kappa. \kappa v x = u)$ > for u
unfolding Abs-urrel-inject[OF 2 3] by metis
have < $r x = s x$ > for x
using 4[of < $\kappa v x$ >]
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) A B AOT-model-term-equiv- $\kappa$ -def someI-ex)
hence < $r = s$ > by auto
}
thus < $AOT\text{-rel-equiv } r s = (AOT\text{-rel-equiv } r r \wedge AOT\text{-rel-equiv } s s \wedge$ 
       $rel\text{-to-urrel } r = rel\text{-to-urrel } s)$ > for r s
unfolding AOT-rel-equiv-def rel-to-urrel-def
by transfer auto
qed

```

lemma urrel-quotient:

```

<Quotient AOT-rel-equiv rel-to-urrel urrel-to-rel
           $(\lambda x y. AOT\text{-rel-equiv } x x \wedge rel\text{-to-urrel } x = y)$ >
using Quotient3-to-Quotient[OF urrel-quotient3] by auto

```

Unary individual terms are always regular and equipped with encoding and concreteness. The specification of the type class anticipates the required properties for deriving the axiom system.

```

class AOT-UnaryIndividualTerm =
fixes AOT-model-enc :: < $a \Rightarrow 'a::AOT\text{-IndividualTerm}$ >  $\Rightarrow \text{bool}w \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ >
assumes AOT-model-unary-regular:
< $AOT\text{-model-regular } x$ > — All unary individual terms are regular.
and AOT-model-enc-relid:
< $AOT\text{-model-denotes } F \Longrightarrow$ 
   $AOT\text{-model-denotes } G \Longrightarrow$ 
   $(\bigwedge x. AOT\text{-model-enc } x F \longleftrightarrow AOT\text{-model-enc } x G)$ 
   $\Longrightarrow F = G$ >
and AOT-model-A-objects:
< $\exists x. AOT\text{-model-denotes } x \wedge$ 
   $(\forall w. \neg AOT\text{-model-concrete } w x) \wedge$ 
   $(\forall F. AOT\text{-model-denotes } F \longrightarrow AOT\text{-model-enc } x F = \varphi F)$ >
and AOT-model-contingent:
< $\exists x w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w x \wedge \neg AOT\text{-model-concrete } w_0 x$ >
and AOT-model-nocoder:
< $AOT\text{-model-concrete } w x \Longrightarrow \neg AOT\text{-model-enc } x F$ >

```

and *AOT-model-concrete-equiv*:

$$\langle AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x \ y \implies \\ AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ x = AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ y \rangle$$

and *AOT-model-concrete-denotes*:

$$\langle AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ x \implies AOT\text{-model-denotes } x \rangle$$

— The following are properties that will only hold in the extended models.

and *AOT-model-enc-indistinguishable-all*:

$$\langle AOT\text{-ExtendedModel} \implies$$

$$AOT\text{-model-denotes } a \implies \neg(\exists \ w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ a) \implies$$

$$AOT\text{-model-denotes } b \implies \neg(\exists \ w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ b) \implies$$

$$AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi \implies$$

$$(\wedge \Pi' . AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \implies$$

$$(\wedge v . AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' \ a) =$$

$$AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' \ b)) \implies$$

$$(\wedge \Pi' . AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \implies$$

$$(\wedge v \ x . \exists \ w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ x \implies$$

$$AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' \ x) =$$

$$AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi \ x)) \implies$$

$$AOT\text{-model-enc } a \ \Pi') \implies$$

$$(\wedge \Pi' . AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \implies$$

$$(\wedge v \ x . \exists \ w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ x \implies$$

$$AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' \ x) =$$

$$AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi \ x)) \implies$$

$$AOT\text{-model-enc } b \ \Pi')$$

and *AOT-model-enc-indistinguishable-ex*:

$$\langle AOT\text{-ExtendedModel} \implies$$

$$AOT\text{-model-denotes } a \implies \neg(\exists \ w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ a) \implies$$

$$AOT\text{-model-denotes } b \implies \neg(\exists \ w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ b) \implies$$

$$AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi \implies$$

$$(\wedge \Pi' . AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \implies$$

$$(\wedge v . AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' \ a) =$$

$$AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' \ b)) \implies$$

$$(\exists \ \Pi' . AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \wedge AOT\text{-model-enc } a \ \Pi' \wedge$$

$$(\forall \ v \ x . (\exists \ w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ x) \longrightarrow$$

$$AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' \ x) =$$

$$AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi \ x)) \implies$$

$$(\exists \ \Pi' . AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \wedge AOT\text{-model-enc } b \ \Pi' \wedge$$

$$(\forall \ v \ x . (\exists \ w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ x) \longrightarrow$$

$$AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' \ x) =$$

$$AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi \ x)) \rangle$$

Instantiate the class of unary individual terms for our concrete type of individual terms κ .

instantiation $\kappa :: AOT\text{-UnaryIndividualTerm}$

begin

definition $AOT\text{-model-enc-}\kappa :: \langle \kappa \Rightarrow \langle \kappa \rangle \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle \text{ where}$

$$\langle AOT\text{-model-enc-}\kappa \equiv \lambda \ x \ F .$$

$$\text{case } x \text{ of } \alpha\kappa \ a \Rightarrow AOT\text{-model-denotes } F \wedge \text{rel-to-urrel } F \in a$$

$$| \ - \Rightarrow \text{False} \rangle$$

primrec $AOT\text{-model-concrete-}\kappa :: \langle w \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle \text{ where}$

$$\langle AOT\text{-model-concrete-}\kappa \ w \ (\omega\kappa \ x) = AOT\text{-model-concrete}_w \ x \ w \rangle$$

$$| \ \langle AOT\text{-model-concrete-}\kappa \ w \ (\alpha\kappa \ x) = \text{False} \rangle$$

$$| \ \langle AOT\text{-model-concrete-}\kappa \ w \ (\text{null}\kappa \ x) = \text{False} \rangle$$

lemma $AOT\text{-meta-A-objects-}\kappa$:

$$\langle \exists \ x :: \kappa . AOT\text{-model-denotes } x \wedge$$

$$(\forall w . \neg AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ x) \wedge$$

$$(\forall F . AOT\text{-model-denotes } F \longrightarrow AOT\text{-model-enc } x \ F = \varphi \ F) \text{ for } \varphi$$

$$\text{apply } (\text{rule exI[where } x = \langle \alpha\kappa \ \{f . \varphi \ (\text{urrel-to-rel } f)\} \rangle])$$

$$\text{apply } (\text{simp add: } AOT\text{-model-enc-}\kappa\text{-def } AOT\text{-model-denotes-}\kappa\text{-def})$$

$$\text{by (metis (no-types, lifting) } AOT\text{-rel-equiv-def urrel-quotient}$$

$$\text{Quotient-rep-abs-fold-unmap})$$

```

instance proof
  show ⟨AOT-model-regular x⟩ for x :: κ
    by (simp add: AOT-model-regular-κ-def)
next
  fix F G :: ⟨<κ>⟩
  assume ⟨AOT-model-denotes F⟩
  moreover assume ⟨AOT-model-denotes G⟩
  moreover assume ⟨ $\bigwedge x. AOT\text{-model-enc } x F = AOT\text{-model-enc } x Gmoreover obtain x where ⟨ $\forall G. AOT\text{-model-denotes } G \longrightarrow AOT\text{-model-enc } x G = (F = G)using AOT-meta-A-objects-κ by blast
  ultimately show ⟨F = G⟩ by blast
next
  show  $\exists x :: \kappa. AOT\text{-model-denotes } x \wedge$ 
     $(\forall w. \neg AOT\text{-model-concrete } w x) \wedge$ 
     $(\forall F. AOT\text{-model-denotes } F \longrightarrow AOT\text{-model-enc } x F = \varphi F)$  for φ
    using AOT-meta-A-objects-κ .
next
  show  $\exists (x :: \kappa) w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w x \wedge \neg AOT\text{-model-concrete } w_0 x$ 
    using AOT-model-concrete-κ.simps(1) AOT-model-contingent-object by blast
next
  show ⟨AOT-model-concrete w x ⟹  $\neg AOT\text{-model-enc } x F$ ⟩ for w and x :: κ and F
    by (metis AOT-model-concrete-κ.simps(2) AOT-model-enc-κ-def κ.case-eq-if
      κ.collapse(2))
next
  show ⟨AOT-model-concrete w x = AOT-model-concrete w y⟩
    if ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv x y⟩
    for x y :: κ and w
    using that by (induct x; induct y; auto simp: AOT-model-term-equiv-κ-def)
next
  show ⟨AOT-model-concrete w x ⟹ AOT-model-denotes x⟩ for w and x :: κ
    by (metis AOT-model-concrete-κ.simps(3) AOT-model-denotes-κ-def κ.collapse(3))

next
  fix κ κ' :: κ and Π Π' :: ⟨<κ>⟩ and w :: w
  assume ext: ⟨AOT-ExtendedModel⟩
  assume ⟨AOT-model-denotes κ⟩
  moreover assume ⟨ $\nexists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \kappa$ ⟩
  ultimately obtain a where a-def: ⟨ $\alpha\kappa a = \kappa$ ⟩
    by (metis AOT-model-ω-concrete-in-some-world AOT-model-concrete-κ.simps(1)
      AOT-model-denotes-κ-def κ.discI(3) κ.exhaust-sel)
  assume ⟨AOT-model-denotes κ'⟩
  moreover assume ⟨ $\nexists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \kappa'$ ⟩
  ultimately obtain b where b-def: ⟨ $\alpha\kappa b = \kappa'$ ⟩
    by (metis AOT-model-ω-concrete-in-some-world AOT-model-concrete-κ.simps(1)
      AOT-model-denotes-κ-def κ.discI(3) κ.exhaust-sel)
  assume ⟨AOT-model-denotes Π' ⟹ AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-rel Π' κ) =
    AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-rel Π' κ')⟩ for Π' w
  hence ⟨AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-urrel r (κv κ)) =
    AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-urrel r (κv κ'))⟩ for r
    by (metis AOT-rel-equiv-def Abs-rel-inverse Quotient3-rel-rep
      iso-tuple-UNIV-I urrel-quotient3 urrel-to-rel-def)
  hence ⟨let r = (Abs-urrel (λ u . εo w . u = κv κ)) in
    AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-urrel r (κv κ)) =
    AOT-model-valid-in w (Rep-urrel r (κv κ'))⟩
    by presburger
  hence ασ-eq: ⟨ασ a = ασ b⟩
    unfolding Let-def
    apply (subst (asm) (1 2) Abs-urrel-inverse)
    using AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp a-def b-def by force+
  assume Π-den: ⟨AOT-model-denotes Π⟩
  have ⟨ $\neg AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w (\text{Rep-rel } \Pi (\text{SOME } xa. \kappa v xa = \text{nullv } x))$ ⟩ for x w
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) AOT-model-denotes-κ-def
      AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq κ.exhaust-disc κv.simps(1,2,3))$$ 
```

```

⟨AOT-model-denotes Π⟩ v.disc(8,9) v.distinct(3)
is- $\alpha\kappa$ -def is- $\omega\kappa$ -def verit-sko-ex'
moreover have ⟨Rep-rel Π ( $\omega\kappa x$ ) = Rep-rel Π (SOME y.  $\kappa v y = \omega v x$ )⟩ for x
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq
      AOT-model-term-equiv- $\kappa$ -def  $\kappa v.$ simp(1) Π-den verit-sko-ex')
ultimately have ⟨Rep-rel Π ( $\omega\kappa x$ ) = Rep-urrel (rel-to-urrel Π) ( $\omega v x$ )⟩ for x
unfolding rel-to-urrel-def
by (subst Abs-urrel-inverse) auto
hence ⟨ $\exists r. \forall x. Rep-rel \Pi (\omega\kappa x) = Rep-urrel r (\omega v x)$ ⟩
by (auto intro!: exI[where x=⟨rel-to-urrel Π⟩])
then obtain r where r-prop: ⟨Rep-rel Π ( $\omega\kappa x$ ) = Rep-urrel r ( $\omega v x$ )⟩ for x
by blast
assume ⟨AOT-model-denotes Π' ⟹
(⟨ $\forall x. \exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w x \implies$ 
      AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel Π' x) =
      AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel Π ( $\omega\kappa x$ )) ⟹ AOT-model-enc  $\kappa \Pi'$  for Π'
hence ⟨AOT-model-denotes Π' ⟹
(⟨ $\forall x. AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep-rel \Pi' (\omega\kappa x)) =$ 
      AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel Π ( $\omega\kappa x$ )) ⟹ AOT-model-enc  $\kappa \Pi'$  for Π'
by (metis AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simp(2) AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simp(3)
       $\kappa.\text{exhaust-disc}$  is- $\alpha\kappa$ -def is- $\omega\kappa$ -def is-null $\kappa$ -def)
hence ⟨( $\forall x. AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep-urrel r (\omega v x)) =$ 
      AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel Π ( $\omega\kappa x$ ))) ⟹ r ∈ a⟩ for r
unfolding a-def[symmetric] AOT-model-enc- $\kappa$ -def apply simp
by (smt (verit, best) AOT-rel-equiv-def Abs-rel-inverse Quotient3-def
       $\kappa v.$ simp(1) iso-tuple-UNIV-I urrel-quotient3 urrel-to-rel-def)
hence ⟨( $\forall x. AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v (Rep-urrel r' (\omega v x)) =$ 
      AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-urrel r ( $\omega v x$ ))) ⟹ r' ∈ a⟩ for r'
unfolding r-prop.
hence ⟨ $\bigwedge s. urrel\text{-to}\text{-wrel } s = urrel\text{-to}\text{-wrel } r \implies s \in a$ ⟩
by (metis urrel-to-wrel-def)
hence 0: ⟨ $\bigwedge s. urrel\text{-to}\text{-wrel } s = urrel\text{-to}\text{-wrel } r \implies s \in b$ ⟩
using  $\alpha\sigma\text{-eq-ord-exts-all }$   $\alpha\sigma\text{-eq ext }$   $\alpha\sigma\text{-}\alpha\sigma'$  by blast

assume Π'-den: ⟨AOT-model-denotes Π'⟩
assume ⟨ $\exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w x \implies$ 
      AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel Π' x) =
      AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel Π x)⟩ for v x
hence ⟨AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel Π' ( $\omega\kappa x$ )) =
      AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel Π ( $\omega\kappa x$ ))⟩ for v x
using AOT-model- $\omega$ -concrete-in-some-world AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simp(1)
by presburger
hence ⟨AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-urrel (rel-to-urrel Π') ( $\omega v x$ )) =
      AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-urrel r ( $\omega v x$ ))⟩ for v x
by (smt (verit, best) AOT-rel-equiv-def Abs-rel-inverse Quotient3-def
       $\kappa v.$ simp(1) iso-tuple-UNIV-I r-prop urrel-quotient3 urrel-to-rel-def Π'-den)
hence ⟨urrel-to-wrel (rel-to-urrel Π') = urrel-to-wrel r⟩
by (metis (full-types) AOT-urrel- $\omega$ equiv-def Quotient3-def urrel-wrel-quot)
hence ⟨rel-to-urrel Π' ∈ b⟩ using 0 by blast
thus ⟨AOT-model-enc  $\kappa' \Pi'$ ⟩
unfolding b-def[symmetric] AOT-model-enc- $\kappa$ -def by (auto simp: Π'-den)
next
fix  $\kappa \kappa' :: \kappa$  and  $\Pi \Pi' :: <\kappa>$  and  $w :: w$ 
assume ext: ⟨AOT-ExtendedModel⟩
assume ⟨AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa$ ⟩
moreover assume ⟨ $\nexists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \kappa$ ⟩
ultimately obtain a where a-def: ⟨ $\alpha\kappa a = \kappa$ ⟩
by (metis AOT-model- $\omega$ -concrete-in-some-world AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simp(1)
      AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def  $\kappa.\text{discI}(3) \kappa.\text{exhaust-sel}$ )
assume ⟨AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa'$ ⟩
moreover assume ⟨ $\nexists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \kappa'$ ⟩
ultimately obtain b where b-def: ⟨ $\alpha\kappa b = \kappa'$ ⟩
by (metis AOT-model- $\omega$ -concrete-in-some-world AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simp(1)
      AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def  $\kappa.\text{discI}(3) \kappa.\text{exhaust-sel}$ )

```

```

assume ⟨AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi'$  ⟹ AOT-model-valid-in  $w$  (Rep-rel  $\Pi'$   $\kappa$ ) =
    AOT-model-valid-in  $w$  (Rep-rel  $\Pi'$   $\kappa'$ )⟩ for  $\Pi'$   $w$ 
hence ⟨AOT-model-valid-in  $w$  (Rep-urrel  $r$  ( $\kappa v \kappa$ )) =
    AOT-model-valid-in  $w$  (Rep-urrel  $r$  ( $\kappa v \kappa'$ ))⟩ for  $r$ 
by (metis AOT-rel-equiv-def Abs-rel-inverse Quotient3-rel-def
    iso-tuple-UNIV-I urrel-quotient3 urrel-to-rel-def)
hence ⟨let  $r = (\text{Abs-urrel } (\lambda u . \varepsilon_o w . u = \kappa v \kappa))$  in
    AOT-model-valid-in  $w$  (Rep-urrel  $r$  ( $\kappa v \kappa$ )) =
    AOT-model-valid-in  $w$  (Rep-urrel  $r$  ( $\kappa v \kappa'$ ))⟩
by presburger
hence  $\alpha\sigma\text{-eq}$ : ⟨ $\alpha\sigma a = \alpha\sigma b$ ⟩
unfolding Let-def
apply (subst (asm) (1 2) Abs-urrel-inverse)
using AOT-model-prop-choice-simp a-def b-def by force+
assume  $\Pi\text{-den}$ : ⟨AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi$ ⟩
have ⟨ $\neg$ AOT-model-valid-in  $w$  (Rep-rel  $\Pi$  (SOME  $xa$ .  $\kappa v xa = nullv x$ ))⟩ for  $x$   $w$ 
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def
    AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq  $\kappa$ .exhaust-disc  $\kappa v$ .simps(1,2,3)
    ⟨AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi$ ⟩  $v$ .disc(8)  $v$ .disc(9)  $v$ .distinct(3)
    is- $\kappa$ -def is- $\omega\kappa$ -def verit-sko-ex')
moreover have ⟨Rep-rel  $\Pi$  ( $\omega\kappa x$ ) = Rep-rel  $\Pi$  (SOME  $xa$ .  $\kappa v xa = \omega v x$ )⟩ for  $x$ 
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq
    AOT-model-term-equiv- $\kappa$ -def  $\kappa v$ .simps(1)  $\Pi$ -den verit-sko-ex')
ultimately have ⟨Rep-rel  $\Pi$  ( $\omega\kappa x$ ) = Rep-urrel (rel-to-urrel  $\Pi$ ) ( $\omega v x$ )⟩ for  $x$ 
unfolding rel-to-urrel-def
by (subst Abs-urrel-inverse) auto
hence ⟨ $\exists r . \forall x . \text{Rep-rel } \Pi (\omega\kappa x) = \text{Rep-urrel } r (\omega v x)$ ⟩
by (auto intro!: exI[where  $x = \langle \text{rel-to-urrel } \Pi \rangle$ ])
then obtain  $r$  where  $r\text{-prop}$ : ⟨Rep-rel  $\Pi$  ( $\omega\kappa x$ ) = Rep-urrel  $r (\omega v x)$ ⟩ for  $x$ 
by blast

assume ⟨ $\exists \Pi'$ . AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi'$  ∧
    AOT-model-enc  $\kappa \Pi'$  ∧
    ( $\forall v x . (\exists w . \text{AOT-model-concrete } w x) \longrightarrow \text{AOT-model-valid-in } v (\text{Rep-rel } \Pi' x) =$ 
        AOT-model-valid-in  $v$  (Rep-rel  $\Pi$   $x$ ))⟩
then obtain  $\Pi'$  where
 $\Pi'\text{-den}$ : ⟨AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi'$ ⟩ and
 $\kappa\text{-enc-}\Pi'$ : ⟨AOT-model-enc  $\kappa \Pi'$ ⟩ and
 $\Pi'\text{-prop}$ : ⟨ $\exists w . \text{AOT-model-concrete } w x \implies$ 
    AOT-model-valid-in  $v$  (Rep-rel  $\Pi' x$ ) =
    AOT-model-valid-in  $v$  (Rep-rel  $\Pi x$ )⟩ for  $v x$ 
by blast
have ⟨AOT-model-valid-in  $v$  (Rep-rel  $\Pi'$  ( $\omega\kappa x$ )) =
    AOT-model-valid-in  $v$  (Rep-rel  $\Pi$  ( $\omega\kappa x$ ))⟩ for  $x v$ 
by (simp add: AOT-model- $\omega$ -concrete-in-some-world  $\Pi'$ -prop)
hence 0: ⟨AOT-urrel- $\omega$ equiv (rel-to-urrel  $\Pi'$ ) (rel-to-urrel  $\Pi$ )⟩
unfolding AOT-urrel- $\omega$ equiv-def
by (smt (verit) AOT-rel-equiv-def Abs-rel-inverse Quotient3-def
     $\kappa v$ .simps(1) iso-tuple-UNIV-I urrel-quotient3 urrel-to-rel-def
     $\Pi$ -den  $\Pi'$ -den)
have ⟨rel-to-urrel  $\Pi' \in a$ ⟩
and ⟨urrel-to- $\omega$ rel (rel-to-urrel  $\Pi'$ ) = urrel-to- $\omega$ rel (rel-to-urrel  $\Pi$ )⟩
apply (metis AOT-model-enc- $\kappa$ -def  $\kappa$ .simps(11)  $\kappa$ -enc- $\Pi'$  a-def)
by (metis Quotient3-rel 0 urrel- $\omega$ rel-quot)
hence ⟨ $\exists s . s \in b \wedge \text{urrel-to-}\omega\text{rel } s = \text{urrel-to-}\omega\text{rel } (\text{rel-to-urrel } \Pi)$ ⟩
using  $\alpha\sigma\text{-eq-ord-exts-ex}$   $\alpha\sigma\text{-eq ext}$   $\alpha\sigma\text{-}\alpha\sigma'$  by blast
then obtain  $s$  where
 $s\text{-prop}$ : ⟨ $s \in b \wedge \text{urrel-to-}\omega\text{rel } s = \text{urrel-to-}\omega\text{rel } (\text{rel-to-urrel } \Pi)$ ⟩
by blast
then obtain  $\Pi''$  where
 $\Pi''\text{-prop}$ : ⟨rel-to-urrel  $\Pi'' = s$ ⟩ and  $\Pi''\text{-den}$ : ⟨AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi''$ ⟩
by (metis AOT-rel-equiv-def Quotient3-def urrel-quotient3)
moreover have ⟨AOT-model-enc  $\kappa' \Pi''$ ⟩

```

```

by (metis AOT-model-enc- $\kappa$ -def  $\Pi''$ -den  $\Pi''$ -prop  $\kappa$ .simps(11) b-def s-prop)
moreover have ⟨AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel  $\Pi''$  x) =
  AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel  $\Pi$  x)⟩
  if  $\exists w.$  AOT-model-concrete w x for v x
proof(insert that)
  assume  $\exists w.$  AOT-model-concrete w x
  then obtain u where x-def: ⟨x =  $\omega\kappa$  u⟩
    by (metis AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simps(2,3)  $\kappa$ .exhaust)
  show ⟨AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel  $\Pi''$  x) =
    AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel  $\Pi$  x)⟩
    unfolding x-def
    by (smt (verit, best) AOT-rel-equiv-def Abs-rel-inverse Quotient3-def
       $\Pi''$ -den  $\Pi''$ -prop  $\Pi$ -den  $\kappa\upsilon$ .simps(1) iso-tuple-UNIV-I s-prop
      urrel-quotient3 urrel-to-wrel-def urrel-to-rel-def)
  qed
  ultimately show  $\exists \Pi'.$  AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi'$   $\wedge$  AOT-model-enc  $\kappa'$   $\Pi'$   $\wedge$ 
     $(\forall v x. (\exists w. AOT\text{-model}\text{-concrete} w x) \longrightarrow AOT\text{-model}\text{-valid-in} v (Rep\text{-rel} \Pi' x) =$ 
    AOT-model-valid-in v (Rep-rel  $\Pi$  x))⟩
  apply (safe intro!: exI[where x= $\Pi'$ ])
  by auto
qed
end

```

Products of unary individual terms and individual terms are individual terms. A tuple is regular, if at most one element does not denote. I.e. a pair is regular, if the first (unary) element denotes and the second is regular (i.e. at most one of its recursive tuple elements does not denote), or the first does not denote, but the second denotes (i.e. all its recursive tuple elements denote).

```

instantiation prod :: (AOT-UnaryIndividualTerm, AOT-IndividualTerm) AOT-IndividualTerm
begin
definition AOT-model-regular-prod :: ⟨'a × 'b ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨AOT-model-regular-prod ≡ λ (x,y) . AOT-model-denotes x  $\wedge$  AOT-model-regular y ∨
     $\neg$ AOT-model-denotes x  $\wedge$  AOT-model-denotes y⟩
definition AOT-model-term-equiv-prod :: ⟨'a × 'b ⇒ 'a × 'b ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv-prod ≡ λ (x1,y1) (x2,y2) .
    AOT-model-term-equiv x1 x2  $\wedge$  AOT-model-term-equiv y1 y2)⟩
function AOT-model-irregular-prod :: ⟨('a × 'b ⇒ o) ⇒ 'a × 'b ⇒ o⟩ where
  AOT-model-irregular-proj2: ⟨AOT-model-denotes x ⇒
    AOT-model-irregular φ (x,y) =
    AOT-model-irregular (λy. φ (SOME x'. AOT-model-term-equiv x x', y)) y⟩
  | AOT-model-irregular-proj1: ⟨ $\neg$ AOT-model-denotes x  $\wedge$  AOT-model-denotes y ⇒
    AOT-model-irregular φ (x,y) =
    AOT-model-irregular (λx. φ (x, SOME y'. AOT-model-term-equiv y y')) x⟩
  | AOT-model-irregular-prod-generic: ⟨ $\neg$ AOT-model-denotes x  $\wedge$   $\neg$ AOT-model-denotes y ⇒
    AOT-model-irregular φ (x,y) =
    (SOME Φ . AOT-model-irregular-spec Φ AOT-model-regular AOT-model-term-equiv)
    φ (x,y)⟩
  by auto blast
termination using termination by blast

instance proof
obtain x :: 'a and y :: 'b where
  ⟨ $\neg$ AOT-model-denotes x⟩ and ⟨ $\neg$ AOT-model-denotes y⟩
  by (meson AOT-model-nondenoting-ex AOT-model-denoting-ex)
thus ⟨ $\exists x::'a \times 'b.$   $\neg$ AOT-model-denotes x⟩
  by (auto simp: AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-model-regular-prod-def)
next
show ⟨equivp (AOT-model-term-equiv :: 'a × 'b ⇒ 'a × 'b ⇒ bool)⟩
  by (rule equivpI; rule reflpI sympI transpI;
    simp add: AOT-model-term-equiv-prod-def AOT-model-term-equiv-part-equivp
    equivp-reflp prod.case-eq-if case-prod-unfold equivp-symp)
    (metis equivp-transp[OF AOT-model-term-equiv-part-equivp])
next
show ⟨ $\neg$ AOT-model-regular x ⇒  $\neg$  AOT-model-denotes x⟩ for x :: 'a × 'b

```

```

by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) AOT-model-denotes-prod-def case-prod-unfold
      AOT-model-irregular-nondenoting AOT-model-regular-prod-def)
next
  fix x y ::  $'a \times 'b$ 
  show  $\langle AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x \ y \implies AOT\text{-model-denotes } x = AOT\text{-model-denotes } y \rangle$ 
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) AOT-model-denotes-prod-def case-prod-beta
          AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes AOT-model-term-equiv-prod-def )
next
  fix x y ::  $'a \times 'b$ 
  show  $\langle AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x \ y \implies AOT\text{-model-regular } x = AOT\text{-model-regular } y \rangle$ 
    by (induct x; induct y;
          simp add: AOT-model-term-equiv-prod-def AOT-model-regular-prod-def)
    (meson AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes AOT-model-term-equiv-regular)
next
  interpret sp: AOT-model-irregular-spec  $\langle \lambda \varphi \ (x :: 'a \times 'b) . \varepsilon_o \ w . \ False \rangle$ 
    AOT-model-regular AOT-model-term-equiv
  by (simp add: AOT-model-irregular-spec-def AOT-model-prop-choice-simp)
  have ex-spec:  $\exists \varphi :: ('a \times 'b \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \Rightarrow o .$ 
    AOT-model-irregular-spec  $\varphi$  AOT-model-regular AOT-model-term-equiv
  using sp.AOT-model-irregular-spec-axioms by blast
  have some-spec:  $\langle AOT\text{-model-irregular-spec}$ 
    ( $SOME \varphi :: ('a \times 'b \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \Rightarrow o .$ 
     AOT-model-irregular-spec  $\varphi$  AOT-model-regular AOT-model-term-equiv)
    AOT-model-regular AOT-model-term-equiv
  using someI-ex[OF ex-spec] by argo
  interpret sp-some: AOT-model-irregular-spec
    ( $SOME \varphi :: ('a \times 'b \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \Rightarrow o .$ 
     AOT-model-irregular-spec  $\varphi$  AOT-model-regular AOT-model-term-equiv)
    AOT-model-regular AOT-model-term-equiv
  using some-spec by blast
  show  $\langle AOT\text{-model-irregular-spec} \ (AOT\text{-model-irregular} :: ('a \times 'b \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b \Rightarrow o)$ 
    AOT-model-regular AOT-model-term-equiv)
proof
  have  $\neg AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w \ (AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi \ (a, b))$ 
    for w  $\varphi$  and a ::  $'a$  and b ::  $'b$ 
    by (induct arbitrary:  $\varphi$  rule: AOT-model-irregular-prod.induct)
      (auto simp: AOT-model-irregular-false sp-some.AOT-model-irregular-false)
  thus  $\neg AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w \ (AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi \ x)$  for w  $\varphi$  and x ::  $'a \times 'b$ 
    by (induct x)
next
  {
    fix x1 y1 ::  $'a$  and x2 y2 ::  $'b$  and  $\varphi :: ('a \times 'b \Rightarrow o)$ 
    assume x1y1-equiv:  $\langle AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x_1 \ y_1 \rangle$ 
    moreover assume x2y2-equiv:  $\langle AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x_2 \ y_2 \rangle$ 
    ultimately have xy-equiv:  $\langle AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } (x_1, x_2) \ (y_1, y_2) \rangle$ 
      by (simp add: AOT-model-term-equiv-prod-def)
    {
      assume  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } x_1 \rangle$ 
      moreover hence  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } y_1 \rangle$ 
        using AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes AOT-model-term-equiv-regular
          x1y1-equiv x2y2-equiv by blast
      ultimately have  $\langle AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi \ (x_1, x_2) =$ 
        AOT-model-irregular  $\varphi \ (y_1, y_2) \rangle$ 
      using AOT-model-irregular-equiv AOT-model-term-equiv-eps(3)
        x1y1-equiv x2y2-equiv by fastforce
    }
    moreover {
      assume  $\sim AOT\text{-model-denotes } x_1 \wedge AOT\text{-model-denotes } x_2$ 
      moreover hence  $\sim AOT\text{-model-denotes } y_1 \wedge AOT\text{-model-denotes } y_2$ 
        by (meson AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes x1y1-equiv x2y2-equiv)
      ultimately have  $\langle AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi \ (x_1, x_2) =$ 
        AOT-model-irregular  $\varphi \ (y_1, y_2) \rangle$ 
      using AOT-model-irregular-equiv AOT-model-term-equiv-eps(3)
    }

```

```

     $x_1 y_1\text{-equiv } x_2 y_2\text{-equiv by fastforce}$ 
}
moreover {
  assume denotes-x:  $\langle \neg AOT\text{-model-denotes } x_1 \wedge \neg AOT\text{-model-denotes } x_2 \rangle$ 
  hence denotes-y:  $\langle \neg AOT\text{-model-denotes } y_1 \wedge \neg AOT\text{-model-denotes } y_2 \rangle$ 
    by (meson AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes AOT-model-term-equiv-regular
          $x_1 y_1\text{-equiv } x_2 y_2\text{-equiv})$ 
  have eps-eq:  $\langle Eps(AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x_1) = Eps(AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } y_1) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: AOT-model-term-equiv-eps(3)  $x_1 y_1\text{-equiv})$ 
  have  $\langle AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi(x_1, x_2) = AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi(y_1, y_2) \rangle$ 
    using denotes-x denotes-y
    using sp-some.AOT-model-irregular-equiv xy-equiv by auto
}
moreover {
  assume denotes-x:  $\langle \neg AOT\text{-model-denotes } x_1 \wedge AOT\text{-model-denotes } x_2 \rangle$ 
  hence denotes-y:  $\langle \neg AOT\text{-model-denotes } y_1 \wedge AOT\text{-model-denotes } y_2 \rangle$ 
    by (meson AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes  $x_1 y_1\text{-equiv } x_2 y_2\text{-equiv})$ 
  have eps-eq:  $\langle Eps(AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x_2) = Eps(AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } y_2) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: AOT-model-term-equiv-eps(3)  $x_2 y_2\text{-equiv})$ 
  have  $\langle AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi(x_1, x_2) = AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi(y_1, y_2) \rangle$ 
    using denotes-x denotes-y
    using AOT-model-irregular-nondenoting calculation(2) by blast
}
ultimately have  $\langle AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi(x_1, x_2) = AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi(y_1, y_2) \rangle$ 
  using AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes AOT-model-term-equiv-regular
    sp-some.AOT-model-irregular-equiv  $x_1 y_1\text{-equiv } x_2 y_2\text{-equiv } xy\text{-equiv}$ 
    by blast
} note 0 = this
show  $\langle AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x y \implies AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi x = AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi y \rangle$ 
  for x y ::  $'a \times 'b$  and  $\varphi$ 
    by (induct x; induct y; simp add: AOT-model-term-equiv-prod-def 0)
next
fix  $\varphi \psi :: 'a \times 'b \Rightarrow o$ 
assume  $\langle AOT\text{-model-regular } x \implies \varphi x = \psi x \rangle$  for x
hence  $\langle \varphi(x, y) = \psi(x, y) \rangle$ 
  if  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } x \wedge AOT\text{-model-regular } y \vee$ 
        $\neg AOT\text{-model-denotes } x \wedge AOT\text{-model-denotes } y \rangle$  for x y
  using that unfolding AOT-model-regular-prod-def by simp
hence  $\langle AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi(x, y) = AOT\text{-model-irregular } \psi(x, y) \rangle$ 
  for x ::  $'a$  and y ::  $'b$ 
proof (induct arbitrary:  $\psi \varphi$  rule: AOT-model-irregular-prod.induct)
  case (1 x y  $\varphi$ )
  thus ?case
    apply simp
    by (meson AOT-model-irregular-eqI AOT-model-irregular-nondenoting
             AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes AOT-model-term-equiv-eps(1))
next
  case (2 x y  $\varphi$ )
  thus ?case
    apply simp
    by (meson AOT-model-irregular-nondenoting AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes
             AOT-model-term-equiv-eps(1))
next
  case (3 x y  $\varphi$ )
  thus ?case
    apply simp
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) AOT-model-regular-prod-def case-prod-conv
         sp-some.AOT-model-irregular-eqI surj-pair)
qed
thus  $\langle AOT\text{-model-irregular } \varphi x = AOT\text{-model-irregular } \psi x \rangle$  for x ::  $'a \times 'b$ 
  by (metis surjective-pairing)
qed

```

```
qed
end
```

Introduction rules for term equivalence on tuple terms.

```
lemma AOT-meta-prod-equivI:
  shows  $\bigwedge (a::'a::AOT\text{-}UnaryIndividualTerm) x (y :: 'b::AOT\text{-}IndividualTerm) .$ 
     $AOT\text{-}model\text{-}term\text{-}equiv x y \implies AOT\text{-}model\text{-}term\text{-}equiv (a,x) (a,y)$ 
  and  $\bigwedge (x::'a::AOT\text{-}UnaryIndividualTerm) y (b :: 'b::AOT\text{-}IndividualTerm) .$ 
     $AOT\text{-}model\text{-}term\text{-}equiv x y \implies AOT\text{-}model\text{-}term\text{-}equiv (x,b) (y,b)$ 
  unfolding AOT-model-term-equiv-prod-def
  by (simp add: AOT-model-term-equiv-part-equivp_equivp-reflp)+
```

The type of propositions are trivial instances of terms.

```
instantiation o :: AOT\text{-}Term
begin
definition AOT-model-denotes-o ::  $\langle o \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$  where
   $\langle AOT\text{-}model\text{-}denotes-o \equiv \lambda\_. \text{True} \rangle$ 
instance proof
  show  $\exists x::o. AOT\text{-}model\text{-}denotes x$ 
  by (simp add: AOT-model-denotes-o-def)
qed
end
```

AOT's variables are modelled by restricting the type of terms to those terms that denote.

```
typedef 'a AOT-var =  $\langle \{ x :: 'a::AOT\text{-}Term . AOT\text{-}model\text{-}denotes x \} \rangle$ 
morphisms AOT-term-of-var AOT-var-of-term
by (simp add: AOT-model-denoting-ex)
```

Simplify automatically generated theorems and rules.

```
declare AOT-var-of-term-induct[induct del]
  AOT-var-of-term-cases[cases del]
  AOT-term-of-var-induct[induct del]
  AOT-term-of-var-cases[cases del]
lemmas AOT-var-of-term-inverse = AOT-var-of-term-inverse[simplified]
and AOT-var-of-term-inject = AOT-var-of-term-inject[simplified]
and AOT-var-of-term-induct =
  AOT-var-of-term-induct[simplified, induct type: AOT-var]
and AOT-var-of-term-cases =
  AOT-var-of-term-cases[simplified, cases type: AOT-var]
and AOT-term-of-var = AOT-term-of-var[simplified]
and AOT-term-of-var-cases =
  AOT-term-of-var-cases[simplified, induct pred: AOT-term-of-var]
and AOT-term-of-var-induct =
  AOT-term-of-var-induct[simplified, induct pred: AOT-term-of-var]
and AOT-term-of-var-inverse = AOT-term-of-var-inverse[simplified]
and AOT-term-of-var-inject = AOT-term-of-var-inject[simplified]
```

Equivalence by definition is modelled as necessary equivalence.

```
consts AOT-model-equiv-def ::  $\langle o \Rightarrow o \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ 
specification(AOT-model-equiv-def)
  AOT-model-equiv-def:  $\langle AOT\text{-}model\text{-}equiv\text{-}def \varphi \psi = (\forall v . AOT\text{-}model\text{-}valid\text{-}in v \varphi =$ 
     $AOT\text{-}model\text{-}valid\text{-}in v \psi) \rangle$ 
  by (rule exI[where x= $\lambda \varphi \psi . \forall v . AOT\text{-}model\text{-}valid\text{-}in v \varphi =$ 
     $AOT\text{-}model\text{-}valid\text{-}in v \psi$ ]) simp
```

Identity by definition is modelled as identity for denoting terms plus co-denoting.

```
consts AOT-model-id-def ::  $\langle ('b \Rightarrow 'a::AOT\text{-}Term) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ 
specification(AOT-model-id-def)
  AOT-model-id-def:  $\langle (AOT\text{-}model\text{-}id\text{-}def \tau \sigma) = (\forall \alpha . \text{if } AOT\text{-}model\text{-}denotes (\sigma \alpha)$ 
     $\text{then } \tau \alpha = \sigma \alpha$ 
     $\text{else } \neg AOT\text{-}model\text{-}denotes (\tau \alpha)) \rangle$ 
  by (rule exI[where x= $\lambda \tau \sigma . \forall \alpha . \text{if } AOT\text{-}model\text{-}denotes (\sigma \alpha)$ 
```

```

then  $\tau \alpha = \sigma \alpha$ 
else  $\neg AOT\text{-model-denotes}(\tau \alpha)])$ 
blast

```

To reduce definitions by identity without free variables to definitions by identity with free variables acting on the unit type, we give the unit type a trivial instantiation to *AOT-Term*.

```

instantiation unit :: AOT-Term
begin
definition AOT-model-denotes-unit :: <unit  $\Rightarrow$  bool> where
  < $AOT\text{-model-denotes-unit} \equiv \lambda \_. \text{True}$ >
instance proof qed(simp add: AOT-model-denotes-unit-def)
end

```

Modally-strict and modally-fragile axioms are as necessary, resp. actually valid propositions.

```

definition AOT-model-axiom where
  < $AOT\text{-model-axiom} \equiv \lambda \varphi . \forall v . AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v \varphi$ >
definition AOT-model-act-axiom where
  < $AOT\text{-model-act-axiom} \equiv \lambda \varphi . AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w_0 \varphi$ >

lemma AOT-model-axiomI:
  assumes < $\bigwedge v . AOT\text{-model-valid-in } v \varphi$ >
  shows < $AOT\text{-model-axiom } \varphi$ >
  unfolding AOT-model-axiom-def using assms ..

lemma AOT-model-act-axiomI:
  assumes < $AOT\text{-model-valid-in } w_0 \varphi$ >
  shows < $AOT\text{-model-act-axiom } \varphi$ >
  unfolding AOT-model-act-axiom-def using assms .

```

3 Outer Syntax Commands

```

nonterminal AOT-prop
nonterminal  $\varphi$ 
nonterminal  $\varphi'$ 
nonterminal  $\tau$ 
nonterminal  $\tau'$ 
nonterminal AOT-axiom
nonterminal AOT-act-axiom
ML-file AOT-keys.ML
ML-file AOT-commands.ML
setup <AOT-Theorems.setup>
setup <AOT-Definitions.setup>
setup <AOT-no-atp.setup>

```

4 Approximation of the Syntax of PLM

```

locale AOT-meta-syntax
begin
notation AOT-model-valid-in (<[-  $\models$  -]>)
notation AOT-model-axiom (< $\Box$ [-]>)
notation AOT-model-act-axiom (< $\mathcal{A}$ [-]>)
end
locale AOT-no-meta-syntax
begin
no-notation AOT-model-valid-in (<[-  $\models$  -]>)
no-notation AOT-model-axiom (< $\Box$ [-]>)
no-notation AOT-model-act-axiom (< $\mathcal{A}$ [-]>)
end

```

```

consts AOT-denotes :: <'a::AOT-Term ⇒ o>
AOT-imp :: <[o, o] ⇒ o>
AOT-not :: <o ⇒ o>
AOT-box :: <o ⇒ o>
AOT-act :: <o ⇒ o>
AOT-forall :: <('a::AOT-Term ⇒ o) ⇒ o>
AOT-eq :: <'a::AOT-Term ⇒ 'a::AOT-Term ⇒ o>
AOT-desc :: <('a::AOT-UnaryIndividualTerm ⇒ o) ⇒ 'a>
AOT-exe :: <<'a::AOT-IndividualTerm> ⇒ 'a ⇒ o>
AOT-lambda :: <('a::AOT-IndividualTerm ⇒ o) ⇒ <'a>>
AOT-lambda0 :: <o ⇒ o>
AOT-concrete :: <<'a::AOT-UnaryIndividualTerm> AOT-var>

```

nonterminal κ_s **and** Π **and** $\Pi\theta$ **and** α **and** *exe-arg* **and** *exe-args*
and *lambda-args* **and** *desc* **and** *free-var* **and** *free-vars*
and *AOT-props* **and** *AOT-premises* **and** *AOT-world-relative-prop*

```

syntax -AOT-process-frees :: < $\varphi \Rightarrow \varphi'$  (<->)
-AOT-verbatim :: < $\text{any} \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<<->>)
-AOT-verbatim :: < $\text{any} \Rightarrow \tau$  (<<->>)
-AOT-quoted :: < $\varphi' \Rightarrow \text{any}$  (<<->>)
-AOT-quoted :: < $\tau' \Rightarrow \text{any}$  (<<->>)
:: < $\varphi \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<'(-')>)
-AOT-process-frees :: < $\tau \Rightarrow \tau'$  (<->)
:: < $\kappa_s \Rightarrow \tau$  (<->)
:: < $\Pi \Rightarrow \tau$  (<->)
:: < $\varphi \Rightarrow \tau$  (<'(-')>)
-AOT-term-var :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \tau$  (<->)
-AOT-term-var :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<->)
-AOT-exe-vars :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{exe-arg}$  (<->)
-AOT-lambda-vars :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{lambda-args}$  (<->)
-AOT-var :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \alpha$  (<->)
-AOT-vars :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{any}$ 
-AOT-verbatim :: < $\text{any} \Rightarrow \alpha$  (<<->>)
-AOT-valid :: < $w \Rightarrow \varphi' \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  (<[-] = -]>)
-AOT-denotes :: < $\tau \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<->)
-AOT-imp :: <[ $\varphi, \varphi$ ] ⇒  $\varphi$  (infixl <-> 25)
-AOT-not :: < $\varphi \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<~> [50] 50)
-AOT-not :: < $\varphi \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<-> [50] 50)
-AOT-box :: < $\varphi \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<□-> [49] 54)
-AOT-act :: < $\varphi \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<A-> [49] 54)
-AOT-all :: < $\alpha \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<∀ -> [1,40])
syntax (input)
-AOT-all-ellipse
:: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{id-position} \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<∀ -...∀ -> [1,40])
syntax (output)
-AOT-all-ellipse
:: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{id-position} \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<∀ -...∀ -'(-')> [1,40])
syntax
-AOT-eq :: < $\tau, \tau$  ⇒  $\varphi$  (infixl <=> 50)
-AOT-desc :: < $\alpha \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \text{desc}$  (<↔-> [1,1000])
:: < $\text{desc} \Rightarrow \kappa_s$  (<->)
-AOT-lambda :: < $\text{lambda-args} \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \Pi$  (<[λ- -]>)
-explicitRelation :: < $\tau \Rightarrow \Pi$  (<[-]>)
:: < $\kappa_s \Rightarrow \text{exe-arg}$  (<->)
:: < $\text{exe-arg} \Rightarrow \text{exe-args}$  (<->)
-AOT-exe-args :: < $\text{exe-arg} \Rightarrow \text{exe-args} \Rightarrow \text{exe-args}$  (<->)
-AOT-exe-arg-ellipse :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{exe-arg}$  (<-...->)
-AOT-lambda-arg-ellipse
:: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{lambda-args}$  (<-...->)
-AOT-term-ellipse :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{id-position} \Rightarrow \tau$  (<-...->)
-AOT-exe :: < $\Pi \Rightarrow \text{exe-args} \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<->)
-AOT-enc :: < $\text{exe-args} \Rightarrow \Pi \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<->)

```

```

-AOT-lambda0 :: < $\varphi \Rightarrow \Pi\theta$  ([ $\lambda$  -])>
:: < $\Pi\theta \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<->)
:: < $\Pi\theta \Rightarrow \tau$  (<->)
-AOT-concrete :: < $\Pi$  (E!)>
:: < $\text{any} \Rightarrow \text{exe-arg}$  (<<->>)
:: < $\text{desc} \Rightarrow \text{free-var}$  (<->)
:: < $\Pi \Rightarrow \text{free-var}$  (<->)
-AOT-appl :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{free-vars} \Rightarrow \varphi$  (<-{'-'}>)
-AOT-appl :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{free-vars} \Rightarrow \tau$  (<-{'-'}>)
-AOT-appl :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{free-vars} \Rightarrow \text{free-vars}$  (<-{'-'}>)
-AOT-appl :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{free-vars} \Rightarrow \text{free-vars}$  (<-{'-'}>)
-AOT-term-var :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{free-var}$  (<->)
:: < $\text{any} \Rightarrow \text{free-var}$  (<<->>)
:: < $\text{free-var} \Rightarrow \text{free-vars}$  (<->)
-AOT-args :: < $\text{free-var} \Rightarrow \text{free-vars} \Rightarrow \text{free-vars}$  (<-, ->)
-AOT-free-var-ellipse :: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{free-var}$  (<-...->)

syntax -AOT-premises
:: < $\text{AOT-world-relative-prop} \Rightarrow \text{AOT-premises} \Rightarrow \text{AOT-premises}$ > (infixr <,> 3)
-AOT-world-relative-prop :: < $\varphi \Rightarrow \text{AOT-world-relative-prop}$ > (<->)
:: < $\text{AOT-world-relative-prop} \Rightarrow \text{AOT-premises}$ > (<->)
-AOT-prop :: < $\text{AOT-world-relative-prop} \Rightarrow \text{AOT-prop}$ > (<->)
:: < $\text{AOT-prop} \Rightarrow \text{AOT-props}$ > (<->)
-AOT-derivable :: < $\text{AOT-premises} \Rightarrow \varphi' \Rightarrow \text{AOT-prop}$ > (infixl < $\vdash$ > 2)
-AOT-nec-derivable :: < $\text{AOT-premises} \Rightarrow \varphi' \Rightarrow \text{AOT-prop}$ > (infixl < $\vdash_{\square}$ > 2)
-AOT-theorem :: < $\varphi' \Rightarrow \text{AOT-prop}$ > (< $\vdash \rightarrow$ >)
-AOT-nec-theorem :: < $\varphi' \Rightarrow \text{AOT-prop}$ > (< $\vdash_{\square} \rightarrow$ >)
-AOT-equiv-def :: < $\varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \text{AOT-prop}$ > (infixl < $\equiv_{df}$ > 3)
-AOT-axiom :: < $\varphi' \Rightarrow \text{AOT-axiom}$ > (<->)
-AOT-act-axiom :: < $\varphi' \Rightarrow \text{AOT-act-axiom}$ > (<->)
-AOT-axiom :: < $\varphi' \Rightarrow \text{AOT-prop}$ > (<-  $\in \Lambda_{\square}$ >)
-AOT-act-axiom :: < $\varphi' \Rightarrow \text{AOT-prop}$ > (<-  $\in \Lambda$ >)
-AOT-id-def :: < $\tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \text{AOT-prop}$ > (infixl < $=_{df}$ > 3)
-AOT-for-arbitrary
:: < $\text{id-position} \Rightarrow \text{AOT-prop} \Rightarrow \text{AOT-prop}$ > (for arbitrary :- -> [1000,1] 1)
syntax (output) -lambda-args :: < $\text{any} \Rightarrow \text{patterns} \Rightarrow \text{patterns}$ > (<-->)

```

translations

$[w \models \varphi] \Rightarrow \text{CONST AOT-model-valid-in } w \varphi$

AOT-syntax-print-translations

$[w \models \varphi] \Leftarrow \text{CONST AOT-model-valid-in } w \varphi$

ML-file AOT-syntax.ML

AOT-register-type-constraints

Individual: <-:AOT-UnaryIndividualTerm> <-:AOT-IndividualTerm> **and**

Proposition: o **and**

Relation: <<:AOT-IndividualTerm>> **and**

Term: <-:AOT-Term>

AOT-register-variable-names

Individual: x y z ν μ a b c d **and**

Proposition: p q r s **and**

Relation: F G H P Q R S **and**

Term: α β γ δ

AOT-register-metavariable-names

Individual: κ **and**

Proposition: φ ψ χ θ ζ ξ Θ **and**

Relation: Π **and**

Term: τ σ

AOT-register-premise-set-names $\Gamma \Delta \Lambda$

```

parse-ast-translation [
  (syntax-const <-AOT-var>, K AOT-check-var),
  (syntax-const <-AOT-exe-vars>, K AOT-split-exe-vars),
  (syntax-const <-AOT-lambda-vars>, K AOT-split-lambda-args)
]
translations
-AOT-denotes  $\tau \Rightarrow \text{CONST AOT-denotes } \tau$ 
-AOT-imp  $\varphi \psi \Rightarrow \text{CONST AOT-imp } \varphi \psi$ 
-AOT-not  $\varphi \Rightarrow \text{CONST AOT-not } \varphi$ 
-AOT-box  $\varphi \Rightarrow \text{CONST AOT-box } \varphi$ 
-AOT-act  $\varphi \Rightarrow \text{CONST AOT-act } \varphi$ 
-AOT-eq  $\tau \tau' \Rightarrow \text{CONST AOT-eq } \tau \tau'$ 
-AOT-lambda0  $\varphi \Rightarrow \text{CONST AOT-lambda0 } \varphi$ 
-AOT-concrete  $\Rightarrow \text{CONST AOT-term-of-var } (\text{CONST AOT-concrete})$ 
-AOT-lambda  $\alpha \varphi \Rightarrow \text{CONST AOT-lambda } (\text{-abs } \alpha \varphi)$ 
-explicitRelation  $\Pi \Rightarrow \Pi$ 

AOT-syntax-print-translations
-AOT-lambda <-lambda-args x y>  $\varphi \leq \text{CONST AOT-lambda } (\text{-abs } (\text{-pattern } x \ y) \ \varphi)$ 
-AOT-lambda <-lambda-args x y>  $\varphi \leq \text{CONST AOT-lambda } (\text{-abs } (\text{-patterns } x \ y) \ \varphi)$ 
-AOT-lambda x  $\varphi \leq \text{CONST AOT-lambda } (\text{-abs } x \ \varphi)$ 
-lambda-args x <-lambda-args y z>  $\leq \text{-lambda-args } x \ (\text{-patterns } y \ z)$ 
-lambda-args (x y z)  $\leq \text{-lambda-args } (\text{-tuple } x \ (\text{-tuple-arg } (\text{-tuple } y \ z)))$ 

AOT-syntax-print-translations
-AOT-imp  $\varphi \psi \leq \text{CONST AOT-imp } \varphi \psi$ 
-AOT-not  $\varphi \leq \text{CONST AOT-not } \varphi$ 
-AOT-box  $\varphi \leq \text{CONST AOT-box } \varphi$ 
-AOT-act  $\varphi \leq \text{CONST AOT-act } \varphi$ 
-AOT-all  $\alpha \varphi \leq \text{CONST AOT-forall } (\text{-abs } \alpha \ \varphi)$ 
-AOT-all  $\alpha \varphi \leq \text{CONST AOT-forall } (\lambda \alpha. \ \varphi)$ 
-AOT-eq  $\tau \tau' \leq \text{CONST AOT-eq } \tau \tau'$ 
-AOT-desc x  $\varphi \leq \text{CONST AOT-desc } (\text{-abs } x \ \varphi)$ 
-AOT-desc x  $\varphi \leq \text{CONST AOT-desc } (\lambda x. \ \varphi)$ 
-AOT-lambda0  $\varphi \leq \text{CONST AOT-lambda0 } \varphi$ 
-AOT-concrete  $\leq \text{CONST AOT-term-of-var } (\text{CONST AOT-concrete})$ 

translations
-AOT-appl  $\varphi \ (\text{-AOT-args } a \ b) \Rightarrow \text{-AOT-appl } (\varphi \ a) \ b$ 
-AOT-appl  $\varphi \ a \Rightarrow \varphi \ a$ 

parse-translation
[
  (syntax-const <-AOT-var>, parseVar true),
  (syntax-const <-AOT-vars>, parseVar false),
  (syntax-const <-AOT-valid>, fn ctxt => fn [w,x] =>
    const<AOT-model-valid-in> $ w $ x),
  (syntax-const <-AOT-quoted>, fn ctxt => fn [x] => x),
  (syntax-const <-AOT-process-frees>, fn ctxt => fn [x] => processFrees ctxt x),
  (syntax-const <-AOT-world-relative-prop>, fn ctxt => fn [x] => let
    val (x, premises) = processFreesAndPremises ctxt x
    val (world:formulas) = Variable.variant-names (Variable.declare-names x ctxt)
    ((v, dummyT)::(map (fn _ => (var, dummyT)) premises))
    val term = HOLogic.mk_Trueprop
    (@{const AOT-model-valid-in} $ Free world $ processFrees ctxt x)
  val term = fold (fn (premise,form) => fn trm =>
    @{const Pure.imp} $
    HOLogic.mk_Trueprop
    (Const (const-name<Set.member>, dummyT) $ Free form $ premise) $
```

```

  (Term.absfree (Term.dest-Free (dropConstraints premise)) trm $ Free form)
) (ListPair.zipEq (premises,formulas)) term
val term = fold (fn (form) => fn trm =>
  Const (const-name`Pure.all, dummyT) $
  (Term.absfree form trm)
) formulas term
val term = Term.absfree world term
in term end),
(syntax-const`-AOT-prop), fn ctxt => fn [x] => let
  val world = case (AOT-ProofData.get ctxt) of SOME w => w
  | _ => raise Fail Expected world to be stored in the proof state.
  in x $ world end),
(syntax-const`-AOT-theorem), fn ctxt => fn [x] =>
  HOLogic.mk-Trueprop (@{const AOT-model-valid-in} $ @{const w0} $ x)),
(syntax-const`-AOT-axiom), fn ctxt => fn [x] =>
  HOLogic.mk-Trueprop (@{const AOT-model-axiom} $ x)),
(syntax-const`-AOT-act-axiom), fn ctxt => fn [x] =>
  HOLogic.mk-Trueprop (@{const AOT-model-act-axiom} $ x)),
(syntax-const`-AOT-nec-theorem), fn ctxt => fn [trm] => let
  val world = singleton (Variable.variant-names (Variable.declare-names trm ctxt)) (v, @{typ w})
  val trm = HOLogic.mk-Trueprop (@{const AOT-model-valid-in} $ Free world $ trm)
  val trm = Term.absfree world trm
  val trm = Const (const-name`Pure.all, dummyT) $ trm
  in trm end),
(syntax-const`-AOT-derivable), fn ctxt => fn [x,y] => let
  val world = case (AOT-ProofData.get ctxt) of SOME w => w
  | _ => raise Fail Expected world to be stored in the proof state.
  in foldPremises world x y end),
(syntax-const`-AOT-nec-derivable), fn ctxt => fn [x,y] => let
  in Const (const-name`Pure.all, dummyT) $
  Abs (v, dummyT, foldPremises (Bound 0) x y) end),
(syntax-const`-AOT-for-arbitrary), fn ctxt => fn [- $ var $ pos, trm] => let
  val trm = Const (const-name`Pure.all, dummyT) $
  (Const (-constrainAbs, dummyT) $ Term.absfree (Term.dest-Free var) trm $ pos)
  in trm end),
(syntax-const`-AOT-equiv-def), parseEquivDef),
(syntax-const`-AOT-exe), parseExe),
(syntax-const`-AOT-enc), parseEnc)
]
>

```

```

parse-ast-translation<
[
  (syntax-const`-AOT-exe-arg-ellipse), parseEllipseList -AOT-term-vars),
  (syntax-const`-AOT-lambda-arg-ellipse), parseEllipseList -AOT-vars),
  (syntax-const`-AOT-free-var-ellipse), parseEllipseList -AOT-term-vars),
  (syntax-const`-AOT-term-ellipse), parseEllipseList -AOT-term-vars),
  (syntax-const`-AOT-all-ellipse), fn ctx => fn [a,b,c] =>
    Ast.mk-appl (Ast.Constant const-name`AOT-forall) [
      Ast.mk-appl (Ast.Constant -abs) [parseEllipseList -AOT-vars ctx [a,b],c]
    ])
]
>

```

```

syntax (output)
-AOT-individual-term :: `'a => tuple-args` (↔)
-AOT-individual-terms :: `tuple-args => tuple-args => tuple-args` (↔↔)
-AOT-relation-term :: `'a => Π`
-AOT-any-term :: `'a => τ`

```

```

print-ast-translation<AOT-syntax-print-ast-translations[
  (syntax-const`-AOT-individual-term), AOT-print-individual-term),

```

```

(syntax-const<-AOT-relation-term>, AOT-print-relation-term),
(syntax-const<-AOT-any-term>, AOT-print-generic-term)
]>

AOT-syntax-print-translations
-AOT-individual-terms (-AOT-individual-term x) (-AOT-individual-terms (-tuple y z))
<= -AOT-individual-terms (-tuple x (-tuple-args y z))
-AOT-individual-terms (-AOT-individual-term x) (-AOT-individual-term y)
<= -AOT-individual-terms (-tuple x (-tuple-arg y))
-AOT-individual-terms (-tuple x y) <= -AOT-individual-term (-tuple x y)
-AOT-exe (-AOT-relation-term Π) (-AOT-individual-term κ) <= CONST AOT-exe Π κ
-AOT-denotes (-AOT-any-term κ) <= CONST AOT-denotes κ

AOT-define AOT-conj :: <[φ, φ] ⇒ φ> (infixl && 35) <φ & ψ ≡df ¬(φ → ¬ψ)>
declare AOT-conj[AOT del, AOT-defs del]
AOT-define AOT-disj :: <[φ, φ] ⇒ φ> (infixl ∨ 35) <φ ∨ ψ ≡df ¬φ → ψ>
declare AOT-disj[AOT del, AOT-defs del]
AOT-define AOT-equiv :: <[φ, φ] ⇒ φ> (infix ≡ 20) <φ ≡ ψ ≡df (φ → ψ) & (ψ → φ)>
declare AOT-equiv[AOT del, AOT-defs del]
AOT-define AOT-dia :: <φ ⇒ φ> (<∅-> [49] 54) <◊φ ≡df ¬□¬φ>
declare AOT-dia[AOT del, AOT-defs del]

context AOT-meta-syntax
begin
notation AOT-dia (<∅-> [49] 54)
notation AOT-conj (infixl && 35)
notation AOT-disj (infixl ∨ 35)
notation AOT-equiv (infixl ≡ 20)
end
context AOT-no-meta-syntax
begin
no-notation AOT-dia (<∅-> [49] 54)
no-notation AOT-conj (infixl && 35)
no-notation AOT-disj (infixl ∨ 35)
no-notation AOT-equiv (infixl ≡ 20)
end

print-translation <
AOT-syntax-print-translations
[
  AOT-preserve-binder-abs-tr'
    const-syntax<AOT-forall>
    syntax-const<-AOT-all>
    (syntax-const<-AOT-all-ellipse>, true)
    const-name<AOT-imp>,
  AOT-binder-trans @{theory} @{binding AOT-forall-binder} syntax-const<-AOT-all>,
  (const-syntax<AOT-desc>, fn ctxt => Syntax-Trans.preserve-binder-abs-tr' syntax-const<-AOT-desc> ctxt
dummyT),
  AOT-binder-trans @{theory} @{binding AOT-desc-binder} syntax-const<-AOT-desc>,
  AOT-preserve-binder-abs-tr'
    const-syntax<AOT-lambda>
    syntax-const<-AOT-lambda>
    (syntax-const<-AOT-lambda-arg-ellipse>, false)
    const-name<undefined>,
  AOT-binder-trans
    @{theory}
    @{binding AOT-lambda-binder}
    syntax-const<-AOT-lambda>
]
>

parse-translation<

```

```

[(syntax-const<-AOT-id-def>, parseIdDef)]
>

parse-ast-translation<[
  (syntax-const<-AOT-all>,
   AOT-restricted-binder const-name<AOT-forall> const-name<AOT-imp>),
  (syntax-const<-AOT-desc>,
   AOT-restricted-binder const-name<AOT-desc> const-name<AOT-conj>)
]

```

AOT-define *AOT-exists* :: $\alpha \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \llbracket \text{AOT-exists } \varphi \rrbracket \equiv_{df} \neg \forall \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\}$
declare *AOT-exists*[*AOT del*, *AOT-defs del*]
syntax *-AOT-exists* :: $\alpha \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \llbracket (\exists \dots \rightarrow [1,40]) \rrbracket$

AOT-syntax-print-translations

```

-AOT-exists  $\alpha \varphi \leqslant \text{CONST AOT-exists } (-\text{abs } \alpha \varphi)$ 
-AOT-exists  $\alpha \varphi \leqslant \text{CONST AOT-exists } (\lambda \alpha. \varphi)$ 

```

```

parse-ast-translation<
[(syntax-const<-AOT-exists>,
  AOT-restricted-binder const-name<AOT-exists> const-name<AOT-conj>)]
>

```

```

context AOT-meta-syntax
begin
notation AOT-exists (binder < $\exists$ > 8)
end
context AOT-no-meta-syntax
begin
no-notation AOT-exists (binder < $\exists$ > 8)
end

```

```

syntax (input)
-AOT-exists-ellipse :: id-position  $\Rightarrow$  id-position  $\Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \llbracket (\exists \dots \exists \dots \rightarrow [1,40]) \rrbracket$ 
syntax (output)
-AOT-exists-ellipse :: id-position  $\Rightarrow$  id-position  $\Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \llbracket (\exists \dots \exists \dots \neg \neg \dots \rightarrow [1,40]) \rrbracket$ 
parse-ast-translation<[(syntax-const<-AOT-exists-ellipse>, fn ctx => fn [a,b,c] =>
Ast.mk-appl (Ast.Constant AOT-exists)
[Ast.mk-appl (Ast.Constant -abs) [parseEllipseList -AOT-vars ctx [a,b],c]]]>
print-translation<AOT-syntax-print-translations [
  AOT-preserve-binder-abs-tr'
  const-syntax<AOT-exists>
  syntax-const<-AOT-exists>
  (syntax-const<-AOT-exists-ellipse>, true) const-name<AOT-conj>,
  AOT-binder-trans
  @{theory}
  @{binding AOT-exists-binder}
  syntax-const<-AOT-exists>
]

```

```

syntax -AOT-DDDOT ::  $\varphi \llbracket \dots \rrbracket$ 
syntax -AOT-DDDOT ::  $\varphi \llbracket \dots \rrbracket$ 
parse-translation<[(syntax-const<-AOT-DDDOT>, parseDDOT)]>

```

```

print-translation<AOT-syntax-print-translations
[(const-syntax<Pure.all>, fn ctxt => fn [Abs (t, t,
Const (const-syntax<HOL.Trueprop>, -)) $ (Const (const-syntax<AOT-model-valid-in>, -)) $ Bound 0 $ y)]) => let
  val y = (Const (const-syntax<-AOT-process-frees>, dummyT) $ y)
  in (Const (syntax-const<-AOT-nec-theorem>, dummyT) $ y) end
]

```

```

| [p as Abs (name, _,  

  Const (const-syntax<HOL.Trueprop>, _) $  

  (Const (const-syntax<AOT-model-valid-in>, _) $ w $ y))]  

=> (Const (syntax-const<-AOT-for-arbitrary>, dummyT) $  

  (Const (-bound, dummyT) $ Free (name, dummyT)) $  

  (Term.betapply (p, (Const (-bound, dummyT) $ Free (name, dummyT))))))  

),  

  

( const-syntax<AOT-model-valid-in>, fn ctxt =>  

fn [w as (Const (-free, _) $ Free (v, _)), y] => let  

  val is-world = (case (AOT-ProofData.get ctxt)  

    of SOME (Free (w, _)) => Name.clean w = Name.clean v | _ => false)  

  val y = (Const (syntax-const<-AOT-process-frees>, dummyT) $ y)  

  in if is-world then y else Const (syntax-const<-AOT-valid>, dummyT) $ w $ y end  

| [Const (const-syntax<w0>, _), y] => let  

  val y = (Const (syntax-const<-AOT-process-frees>, dummyT) $ y)  

  in case (AOT-ProofData.get ctxt) of SOME (Const (const-name<w0>, _)) => y |  

    _ => Const (syntax-const<-AOT-theorem>, dummyT) $ y end  

| [Const (-var, _), y] => let  

  val y = (Const (syntax-const<-AOT-process-frees>, dummyT) $ y)  

  in Const (syntax-const<-AOT-nec-theorem>, dummyT) $ y end  

),  

( const-syntax<AOT-model-axiom>, fn ctxt => fn [trm] =>  

  Const (syntax-const<-AOT-axiom>, dummyT) $  

  (Const (syntax-const<-AOT-process-frees>, dummyT) $ trm)),  

( const-syntax<AOT-model-act-axiom>, fn ctxt => fn [trm] =>  

  Const (syntax-const<-AOT-axiom>, dummyT) $  

  (Const (syntax-const<-AOT-process-frees>, dummyT) $ trm)),  

( syntax-const<-AOT-process-frees>, fn - => fn [t] => let  

  fun mapAppls (x as Const (-free, _) $  

    Free (-, Type (-ignore-type, [Type (fun, -)])))  

    = (Const (-AOT-raw-appl, dummyT) $ x)  

  | mapAppls (x as Const (-free, _) $ Free (-, Type (fun, _)))  

    = (Const (-AOT-raw-appl, dummyT) $ x)  

  | mapAppls (x as Const (-var, _) $  

    Var (-, Type (-ignore-type, [Type (fun, -)])))  

    = (Const (-AOT-raw-appl, dummyT) $ x)  

  | mapAppls (x as Const (-var, _) $ Var (-, Type (fun, _)))  

    = (Const (-AOT-raw-appl, dummyT) $ x)  

  | mapAppls (x $ y) = mapAppls x $ mapAppls y  

  | mapAppls (Abs (x,y,z)) = Abs (x,y, mapAppls z)  

  | mapAppls x = x  

  in mapAppls t end  

)
]
)

```

```

print-ast-translation<AOT-syntax-print-ast-translations>
let
fun handleTermOfVar x kind name = (
let
val - = case kind of -free => () | -var => () | -bound => () | - => raise Match
in
  case printVarKind name
  of (SingleVariable name) => Ast.Appl [Ast.Constant kind, Ast.Variable name]
  | (Ellipses (s, e)) => Ast.Appl [Ast.Constant -AOT-free-var-ellipse,
    Ast.Appl [Ast.Constant kind, Ast.Variable s],
    Ast.Appl [Ast.Constant kind, Ast.Variable e]
    ]
  | Verbatim name => Ast.mk-appl (Ast.Constant -AOT-quoted)
    [Ast.mk-appl (Ast.Constant -AOT-term-of-var) [x]]
end
)

```

```

fun termOfVar ctxt (Ast.Appl [Ast.Constant -constrain,
  x as Ast.Appl [Ast.Constant kind, Ast.Variable name], -]) = termOfVar ctxt x
| termOfVar ctxt (x as Ast.Appl [Ast.Constant kind, Ast.Variable name])
  = handleTermOfVar x kind name
| termOfVar ctxt (x as Ast.Appl [Ast.Constant rep, y]) =
let
  val (restr,-) = Local-Theory.raw-theory-result (fn thy => (
    let
      val restrs = Symtab.dest (AOT-Restriction.get thy)
      val restr = List.find (fn (n,(-,Const (c,t))) => (
        c = rep orelse c = Lexicon.unmark-const rep) | - => false) restrs
      in
      (restr,thy)
    end
  )) ctxt
  in
    case restr of SOME r => Ast.Appl [Ast.Constant (const-syntax⟨AOT-term-of-var⟩), y]
    | _ => raise Match
  end
in
  [(const-syntax⟨AOT-term-of-var⟩, fn ctxt => fn [x] => termOfVar ctxt x),
  (-AOT-raw-appl, fn ctxt => fn t::args => let
    fun applyTermOfVar (t as Ast.Appl (Ast.Constant const-syntax⟨AOT-term-of-var⟩::[x])) =
      (case try (termOfVar ctxt) x of SOME y => y | _ => t)
    | applyTermOfVar y = (case try (termOfVar ctxt) y of SOME x => x | _ => y)
    val ts = fold (fn a => fn b => Ast.mk-appl (Ast.Constant syntax-const⟨-AOT-args⟩)
      [b,applyTermOfVar a]) args (applyTermOfVar a)
    in Ast.mk-appl (Ast.Constant syntax-const⟨-AOT-appl⟩) [t,ts] end)]
  end
>

context AOT-meta-syntax
begin
  notation AOT-denotes (⟨-↓⟩)
  notation AOT-imp (infixl ⟨→⟩ 25)
  notation AOT-not (⟨¬→⟩ [50] 50)
  notation AOT-box (⟨□→⟩ [49] 54)
  notation AOT-act (⟨A→⟩ [49] 54)
  notation AOT-forall (binder ⟨∀⟩ 8)
  notation AOT-eq (infixl ⟨=⟩ 50)
  notation AOT-desc (binder ⟨↔⟩ 100)
  notation AOT-lambda (binder ⟨λ⟩ 100)
  notation AOT-lambda0 (⟨[λ -]⟩)
  notation AOT-exe (⟨(),-⟩)
  notation AOT-model-equiv-def (infixl ⟨≡df⟩ 10)
  notation AOT-model-id-def (infixl ⟨=df⟩ 10)
  notation AOT-term-of-var (⟨⟨-⟩⟩)
  notation AOT-concrete (⟨E!⟩)
end
context AOT-no-meta-syntax
begin
  no-notation AOT-denotes (⟨-↓⟩)
  no-notation AOT-imp (infixl ⟨→⟩ 25)
  no-notation AOT-not (⟨¬→⟩ [50] 50)
  no-notation AOT-box (⟨□→⟩ [49] 54)
  no-notation AOT-act (⟨A→⟩ [49] 54)
  no-notation AOT-forall (binder ⟨∀⟩ 8)
  no-notation AOT-eq (infixl ⟨=⟩ 50)
  no-notation AOT-desc (binder ⟨↔⟩ 100)
  no-notation AOT-lambda (binder ⟨λ⟩ 100)
  no-notation AOT-lambda0 (⟨[λ -]⟩)
  no-notation AOT-exe (⟨(),-⟩)

```

```

no-notaction AOT-model-equiv-def (infixl  $\equiv_{df}$  10)
no-notaction AOT-model-id-def (infixl  $\mathrel{=}_{df}$  10)
no-notaction AOT-term-of-var ( $\langle \langle \cdot \rangle \rangle$ )
no-notaction AOT-concrete ( $\langle \mathbf{E!} \rangle$ )
end

bundle AOT-syntax
begin
declare[[show-AOT-syntax=true, show-question-marks=false, eta-contract=false]]
end

bundle AOT-no-syntax
begin
declare[[show-AOT-syntax=false, show-question-marks=true]]
end

parse-translation $\langle$ 
[(-AOT-restriction, fn ctxt => fn [Const (name,-)] =>
let
  val (restr, ctxt) = ctxt |> Local-Theory.raw-theory-result
  (fn thy => (Option.map fst (Symtab.lookup (AOT-Restriction.get thy) name), thy))
  val restr = case restr of SOME x => x
    | _ => raise Fail (Unknown restricted type: ^ name)
  in restr end
)]
 $\rangle$ 

print-translation $\langle$ 
AOT-syntax-print-translations
[
  (const-syntax AOT-model-equiv-def, fn ctxt => fn [x,y] =>
    Const (syntax-const AOT-equiv-def, dummyT) $
      (Const (syntax-const AOT-process-frees, dummyT) $ x) $
        (Const (syntax-const AOT-process-frees, dummyT) $ y))
]
 $\rangle$ 

print-translation $\langle$ 
AOT-syntax-print-translations [
  (const-syntax AOT-model-id-def, fn ctxt =>
    fn [lhs as Abs (lhsName, lhsTy, lhsTrm), rhs as Abs (rhsName, rhsTy, rhsTrm)] =>
    let
      val (name,-) = Name.variant lhsName
      (Syntax-Trans.declare-term-names ctxt rhsTrm
        (Name.build-context (Syntax-Trans.declare-term-names ctxt lhsTrm)));
      val lhs = Term.betapply (lhs, Const (-bound, dummyT) $ Free (name, lhsTy))
      val rhs = Term.betapply (rhs, Const (-bound, dummyT) $ Free (name, rhsTy))
    in
      Const (const-syntax AOT-model-id-def, dummyT) $ lhs $ rhs
    end
  | [Const (const-syntax case-prod, -) $ lhs,
    Const (const-syntax case-prod, -) $ rhs] =>
    Const (const-syntax AOT-model-id-def, dummyT) $ lhs $ rhs
  | [Const (const-syntax case-unit, -) $ lhs,
    Const (const-syntax case-unit, -) $ rhs] =>
    Const (const-syntax AOT-model-id-def, dummyT) $ lhs $ rhs
  | [x, y] =>
    Const (syntax-const AOT-id-def, dummyT) $
      (Const (syntax-const AOT-process-frees, dummyT) $ x) $
        (Const (syntax-const AOT-process-frees, dummyT) $ y)
]
 $\rangle$ 

```

Special marker for printing propositions as theorems and for pretty-printing AOT terms.

```

definition print-as-theorem :: <o ⇒ bool> where
  <print-as-theorem ≡ λ φ . ∀ v . [v ⊨ φ]>
lemma print-as-theoremI:
  assumes <∀ v . [v ⊨ φ]>
  shows <print-as-theorem φ>
  using assms by (simp add: print-as-theorem-def)
attribute-setup print-as-theorem =
  <Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []
    (K (fn thm => thm RS @{thm print-as-theoremI})))>
  Print as theorem.
print-translation<AOT-syntax-print-translations [
  (const-syntax<print-as-theorem>, fn ctxt => fn [x] =>
    (Const (syntax-const<-AOT-process-frees>, dummyT) $ x))
]
definition print-term :: <'a ⇒ 'a> where <print-term ≡ λ x . x>
syntax -AOT-print-term :: <τ ⇒ 'a> (<AOT'-TERM[·]>)
translations
  -AOT-print-term φ => CONST print-term (-AOT-process-frees φ)
print-translation<AOT-syntax-print-translations [
  (const-syntax<print-term>, fn ctxt => fn [x] =>
    (Const (syntax-const<-AOT-process-frees>, dummyT) $ x))
]

```

interpretation AOT-no-meta-syntax.

unbundle AOT-syntax

5 Abstract Semantics for AOT

specification(AOT-denotes)

— Relate object level denoting to meta-denoting. AOT's definitions of denoting will become derivable at each type.

AOT-sem-denotes: <[w ⊨ τ↓] = AOT-model-denotes τ>
 by (rule exI[**where** x=λ τ . εo w . AOT-model-denotes τ])
 (simp add: AOT-model-prop-choice-simp)

lemma AOT-sem-var-induct[*induct type: AOT-var*]:
 assumes AOT-denoting-term-case: <∀ τ . [v ⊨ τ↓] ⇒ [v ⊨ φ{τ}]>
 shows <[v ⊨ φ{α}]>
 by (simp add: AOT-denoting-term-case AOT-sem-denotes AOT-term-of-var)

specification(AOT-imp)
 AOT-sem-imp: <[w ⊨ φ → ψ] = ([w ⊨ φ] → [w ⊨ ψ])>
 by (rule exI[**where** x=λ φ ψ . εo w . ([w ⊨ φ] → [w ⊨ ψ]))
 (simp add: AOT-model-prop-choice-simp)

specification(AOT-not)
 AOT-sem-not: <[w ⊨ ¬φ] = (¬[w ⊨ φ])>
 by (rule exI[**where** x=λ φ . εo w . ¬[w ⊨ φ]])
 (simp add: AOT-model-prop-choice-simp)

specification(AOT-box)
 AOT-sem-box: <[w ⊨ □φ] = (forall w . [w ⊨ φ])>
 by (rule exI[**where** x=λ φ . εo w . ∀ w . [w ⊨ φ]])

(simp add: AOT-model-prop-choice-simp)

specification(AOT-act)

AOT-sem-act: $\langle [w \models \mathcal{A}\varphi] = [w_0 \models \varphi] \rangle$
by (rule exI[**where** $x=\lambda \varphi . \varepsilon_o w . [w_0 \models \varphi]$])
(simp add: AOT-model-prop-choice-simp)

Derived semantics for basic defined connectives.

lemma AOT-sem-conj: $\langle [w \models \varphi \& \psi] = ([w \models \varphi] \wedge [w \models \psi]) \rangle$
using AOT-conj AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-not **by auto**
lemma AOT-sem-equiv: $\langle [w \models \varphi \equiv \psi] = ([w \models \varphi] = [w \models \psi]) \rangle$
using AOT-equiv AOT-sem-conj AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-imp **by auto**
lemma AOT-sem-disj: $\langle [w \models \varphi \vee \psi] = ([w \models \varphi] \vee [w \models \psi]) \rangle$
using AOT-disj AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-not **by auto**
lemma AOT-sem-dia: $\langle [w \models \Diamond\varphi] = (\exists w . [w \models \varphi]) \rangle$
using AOT-dia AOT-sem-box AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-not **by auto**

specification(AOT-forall)

AOT-sem-forall: $\langle [w \models \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}] = (\forall \tau . [w \models \tau \downarrow] \rightarrow [w \models \varphi\{\tau\}]) \rangle$
by (rule exI[**where** $x=\lambda op . \varepsilon_o w . \forall \tau . [w \models \tau \downarrow] \rightarrow [w \models \langle op \tau \rangle]$])
(simp add: AOT-model-prop-choice-simp)

lemma AOT-sem-exists: $\langle [w \models \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}] = (\exists \tau . [w \models \tau \downarrow] \wedge [w \models \varphi\{\tau\}]) \rangle$
unfolding AOT-exists[unfolded AOT-model-equiv-def, THEN spec]
by (simp add: AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-not)

specification(AOT-eq)

— Relate identity to denoting identity in the meta-logic. AOT's definitions of identity will become derivable at each type.

AOT-sem-eq: $\langle [w \models \tau = \tau'] = ([w \models \tau \downarrow] \wedge [w \models \tau' \downarrow] \wedge \tau = \tau') \rangle$
by (rule exI[**where** $x=\lambda \tau \tau' . \varepsilon_o w . [w \models \tau \downarrow] \wedge [w \models \tau' \downarrow] \wedge \tau = \tau'$])
(simp add: AOT-model-prop-choice-simp)

specification(AOT-desc)

— Descriptions denote, if there is a unique denoting object satisfying the matrix in the actual world.

AOT-sem-desc-denotes: $\langle [w \models \iota x(\varphi\{x\}) \downarrow] = (\exists! \kappa . [w_0 \models \kappa \downarrow] \wedge [w_0 \models \varphi\{\kappa\}]) \rangle$

— Denoting descriptions satisfy their matrix in the actual world.

AOT-sem-desc-prop: $\langle [w \models \iota x(\varphi\{x\}) \downarrow] \Rightarrow [w_0 \models \varphi\{\iota x(\varphi\{x\})\}] \rangle$

— Uniqueness of denoting descriptions.

AOT-sem-desc-unique: $\langle [w \models \iota x(\varphi\{x\}) \downarrow] \Rightarrow [w \models \kappa \downarrow] \Rightarrow [w_0 \models \varphi\{\kappa\}] \Rightarrow [w \models \iota x(\varphi\{x\}) = \kappa] \rangle$

proof —

have $\exists x::'a . \neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } x$
using AOT-model-nondenoting-ex
by blast

Note that we may choose a distinct non-denoting object for each matrix. We do this explicitly merely to convince ourselves that our specification can still be satisfied.

```

then obtain nondenoting ::  $\langle ('a \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow 'a \rangle$  where
  nondenoting:  $\langle \forall \varphi . \neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } (nondenoting \varphi) \rangle$ 
  by fast
define desc where
   $\langle \text{desc} = (\lambda \varphi . \text{if } (\exists! \kappa . [w_0 \models \kappa \downarrow] \wedge [w_0 \models \varphi\{\kappa\}])$ 
     $\text{then } (\text{THE } \kappa . [w_0 \models \kappa \downarrow] \wedge [w_0 \models \varphi\{\kappa\}])$ 
     $\text{else nondenoting } \varphi) \rangle$ 
{
  fix  $\varphi :: 'a \Rightarrow o$ 
  assume ex1:  $\langle \exists! \kappa . [w_0 \models \kappa \downarrow] \wedge [w_0 \models \varphi\{\kappa\}] \rangle$ 
  then obtain  $\kappa$  where x-prop:  $[w_0 \models \kappa \downarrow] \wedge [w_0 \models \varphi\{\kappa\}]$ 
  unfolding AOT-sem-denotes by blast
  moreover have (desc  $\varphi$ ) =  $\kappa$ 
  unfolding desc-def using x-prop ex1 by fastforce
  ultimately have  $[w_0 \models \langle \text{desc } \varphi \rangle \downarrow] \wedge [w_0 \models \langle \varphi \ (desc \varphi) \rangle]$ 

```

```

    by blast
} note 1 = this
moreover {
fix  $\varphi$  ::  $\langle' a \Rightarrow o\rangle$ 
assume nex1:  $\langle\nexists! \kappa . [w_0 \models \kappa \downarrow] \wedge [w_0 \models \varphi\{\kappa\}]\rangle$ 
hence (desc  $\varphi$ ) = nondenoting  $\varphi$  by (simp add: desc-def AOT-sem-denotes)
hence  $[w \models \neg\langle\text{desc } \varphi\rangle \downarrow]$  for  $w$ 
    by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes nondenoting AOT-sem-not)
}
ultimately have desc-denotes-simp:
 $\langle[w \models \langle\text{desc } \varphi\rangle \downarrow] = (\exists! \kappa . [w_0 \models \kappa \downarrow] \wedge [w_0 \models \varphi\{\kappa\}])\rangle$  for  $\varphi w$ 
by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes desc-def nondenoting)
have  $\langle(\forall \varphi w . [w \models \langle\text{desc } \varphi\rangle \downarrow] = (\exists! \kappa . [w_0 \models \kappa \downarrow] \wedge [w_0 \models \varphi\{\kappa\}])) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall \varphi w . [w \models \langle\text{desc } \varphi\rangle \downarrow] \longrightarrow [w_0 \models \langle\varphi(\text{desc } \varphi)\rangle]) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall \varphi w \kappa . [w \models \langle\text{desc } \varphi\rangle \downarrow] \longrightarrow [w \models \kappa \downarrow] \longrightarrow [w_0 \models \varphi\{\kappa\}] \longrightarrow$ 
 $[w \models \langle\text{desc } \varphi\rangle = \kappa])\rangle$ 
by (insert 1; auto simp: desc-denotes-simp AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-denotes
desc-def nondenoting)
thus ?thesis
by (safe intro!: exI[where x=desc]; presburger)
qed

```

specification(AOT-exe AOT-lambda)

— Truth conditions of exemplification formulas.

AOT-sem-exe: $\langle[w \models [\Pi]\kappa_1\dots\kappa_n] = ([w \models \Pi \downarrow] \wedge [w \models \kappa_1\dots\kappa_n \downarrow]) \wedge$
 $[w \models \langle\text{Rep-rel } \Pi \kappa_1\dots\kappa_n\rangle]\rangle$

— η -conversion for denoting terms; equivalent to AOT's axiom

AOT-sem-lambda-eta: $\langle[w \models \Pi \downarrow] \Longrightarrow [w \models [\lambda\nu_1\dots\nu_n][\Pi]\nu_1\dots\nu_n] = \Pi]\rangle$

— β -conversion; equivalent to AOT's axiom

AOT-sem-lambda-beta: $\langle[w \models [\lambda\nu_1\dots\nu_n]\varphi\{\nu_1\dots\nu_n\}] \downarrow] \Longrightarrow [w \models \kappa_1\dots\kappa_n \downarrow] \Longrightarrow$
 $[w \models [\lambda\nu_1\dots\nu_n]\varphi\{\nu_1\dots\nu_n\}\kappa_1\dots\kappa_n] = [w \models \varphi\{\kappa_1\dots\kappa_n\}]\rangle$

— Necessary and sufficient conditions for relations to denote. Equivalent to a theorem of AOT and used to derive the base cases of denoting relations (cqt.2).

AOT-sem-lambda-denotes: $\langle[w \models [\lambda\nu_1\dots\nu_n]\varphi\{\nu_1\dots\nu_n\}] \downarrow] =$
 $(\forall v \kappa_1 \kappa_n \kappa_1' \kappa_n' . [v \models \kappa_1\dots\kappa_n \downarrow] \wedge [v \models \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \downarrow] \wedge$
 $(\forall \Pi v . [v \models \Pi \downarrow] \longrightarrow [v \models [\Pi]\kappa_1\dots\kappa_n] = [v \models [\Pi]\kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n']) \longrightarrow$
 $[v \models \varphi\{\kappa_1\dots\kappa_n\}] = [v \models \varphi\{\kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n'\}]\rangle$

— Equivalent to AOT's coexistence axiom.

AOT-sem-lambda-coex: $\langle[w \models [\lambda\nu_1\dots\nu_n]\varphi\{\nu_1\dots\nu_n\}] \downarrow] \Longrightarrow$
 $(\forall w \kappa_1 \kappa_n . [w \models \kappa_1\dots\kappa_n \downarrow] \longrightarrow [w \models \varphi\{\kappa_1\dots\kappa_n\}] = [w \models \psi\{\kappa_1\dots\kappa_n\}]) \Longrightarrow$
 $[w \models [\lambda\nu_1\dots\nu_n]\psi\{\nu_1\dots\nu_n\}] \downarrow\rangle$

— Only the unary case of the following should hold, but our specification has to range over all types. We might move *AOT-exe* and *AOT-lambda* to type classes in the future to solve this.

AOT-sem-lambda-eq-prop-eq: $\langle\langle[\lambda\nu_1\dots\nu_n]\varphi\rangle = \langle[\lambda\nu_1\dots\nu_n]\psi\rangle\rangle \Longrightarrow \varphi = \psi$

— The following is solely required for validating n-ary relation identity and has the danger of implying artifactual theorems. Possibly avoidable by moving *AOT-exe* and *AOT-lambda* to type classes.

AOT-sem-exe-denoting: $\langle[w \models \Pi \downarrow] \Longrightarrow \text{AOT-exe } \Pi \kappa s = \text{Rep-rel } \Pi \kappa s\rangle$

— The following is required for validating the base cases of denoting relations (cqt.2). A version of this meta-logical identity will become derivable in future versions of AOT, so this will ultimately not result in artifactual theorems.

AOT-sem-exe-equiv: $\langle\text{AOT-model-term-equiv } x y \Longrightarrow \text{AOT-exe } \Pi x = \text{AOT-exe } \Pi y\rangle$

proof —

```

have  $\langle\exists x :: \langle' a\rangle . \neg\text{AOT-model-denotes } x\rangle$ 
by (rule exI[where x=(Abs-rel ( $\lambda x . \varepsilon_o w . \text{True}$ ))])
(meson AOT-model-denotes-rel.abs-eq AOT-model-nondenoting-ex
AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp)
define exe ::  $\langle\langle' a\rangle \Rightarrow ' a \Rightarrow o\rangle$  where
`exe  $\equiv \lambda \Pi \kappa s . \text{if AOT-model-denotes } \Pi$ 
then Rep-rel  $\Pi \kappa s$ 
else ( $\varepsilon_o w . \text{False}$ )
define lambda ::  $\langle(' a \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow \langle' a\rangle\rangle$  where
`lambda  $\equiv \lambda \varphi . \text{if AOT-model-denotes (Abs-rel } \varphi$ 
then (Abs-rel  $\varphi$ )
else
```

```

if ( $\forall \kappa \kappa' w . (AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa \wedge AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } \kappa \kappa') \rightarrow$ 
     $[w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa \rangle\!\rangle = [w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa' \rangle\!\rangle])$ )
then
  Abs-rel (fix-irregular ( $\lambda x . if AOT\text{-model-denotes } x$ 
    then  $\varphi (SOME y . AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x y)$ 
    else ( $\varepsilon_o w . False$ )))
else
  Abs-rel  $\varphi$ 
have fix-irregular-denoting-simp[simp]:
⟨fix-irregular ( $\lambda x . if AOT\text{-model-denotes } x$  then  $\varphi x$  else  $\psi x$ )  $\kappa = \varphi \kappa$ ⟩
if ⟨AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa$ ⟩
for  $\kappa :: 'a$  and  $\varphi \psi$ 
by (simp add: that fix-irregular-denoting)
have denoting-eps-cong[cong]:
⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi (Eps (AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } \kappa)) \rangle\!\rangle = [w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa \rangle\!\rangle]$ ⟩
if ⟨AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa$ ⟩
and  $\forall \kappa \kappa'. AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa \wedge AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } \kappa \kappa' \rightarrow$ 
   $(\forall w . [w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa \rangle\!\rangle = [w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa' \rangle\!\rangle])$ 
for  $w :: w$  and  $\kappa :: 'a$  and  $\varphi :: ('a \Rightarrow o)$ 
using that AOT-model-term-equiv-eps(2) by blast
have exe-rep-rel: ⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle exe \Pi \kappa_1 \kappa_n \rangle\!\rangle = ([w \models \Pi \downarrow] \wedge [w \models \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \downarrow] \wedge$ 
   $[w \models \langle\!\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi \kappa_1 \kappa_n \rangle\!\rangle])$ ⟩ for  $w \Pi \kappa_1 \kappa_n$ 
by (metis AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq exe-def AOT-sem-denotes
      AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp)
moreover have ⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle \Pi \rangle\!\rangle \Rightarrow [w \models \langle\!\langle lambda (exe \Pi) \rangle\!\rangle = \langle\!\langle \Pi \rangle\!\rangle]$ ⟩ for  $\Pi w$ 
  by (auto simp: Rep-rel-inverse lambda-def AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq
        AOT-model-denotes-rel-def Abs-rel-inverse exe-def)
moreover have lambda-denotes-beta:
⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle exe (lambda \varphi) \kappa \rangle\!\rangle = [w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa \rangle\!\rangle]$ ⟩
if ⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle lambda \varphi \rangle\!\rangle \downarrow]$ ⟩ and ⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle \kappa \rangle\!\rangle \downarrow]$ ⟩
for  $\varphi \kappa w$ 
using that unfolding exe-def AOT-sem-denotes
by (auto simp: lambda-def Abs-rel-inverse split: if-split-asm)
moreover have lambda-denotes-simp:
⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle lambda \varphi \rangle\!\rangle \downarrow = (\forall v \kappa_1 \kappa_n \kappa_1' \kappa_n' . [v \models \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \downarrow] \wedge [v \models \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \downarrow] \wedge$ 
   $(\forall \Pi v . [v \models \Pi \downarrow] \rightarrow [v \models \langle\!\langle exe \Pi \kappa_1 \kappa_n \rangle\!\rangle = [v \models \langle\!\langle exe \Pi \kappa_1' \kappa_n' \rangle\!\rangle]) \rightarrow$ 
   $[v \models \varphi \{ \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \}] = [v \models \varphi \{ \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \}])$ ⟩ for  $\varphi w$ 
proof
  assume ⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle lambda \varphi \rangle\!\rangle \downarrow]$ ⟩
  hence ⟨AOT-model-denotes (lambda  $\varphi$ )⟩
  unfolding AOT-sem-denotes by simp
  moreover have ⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa \rangle\!\rangle \Rightarrow [w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa' \rangle\!\rangle]$ ⟩
    and ⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa' \rangle\!\rangle \Rightarrow [w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa \rangle\!\rangle]$ ⟩
    if ⟨AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa$ ⟩ and ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv  $\kappa \kappa'$ ⟩
    for  $w \kappa \kappa'$ 
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) AOT-model-denotes-rel.abs-eq lambda-def
        that calculation)+
  ultimately show ⟨ $\forall v \kappa_1 \kappa_n \kappa_1' \kappa_n' . [v \models \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \downarrow] \wedge [v \models \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \downarrow] \wedge$ 
     $(\forall \Pi v . [v \models \Pi \downarrow] \rightarrow [v \models \langle\!\langle exe \Pi \kappa_1 \kappa_n \rangle\!\rangle = [v \models \langle\!\langle exe \Pi \kappa_1' \kappa_n' \rangle\!\rangle]) \rightarrow$ 
     $[v \models \varphi \{ \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \}] = [v \models \varphi \{ \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \}]$ ⟩
  unfolding AOT-sem-denotes
  by (metis (no-types) AOT-sem-denotes lambda-denotes-beta)
next
  assume ⟨ $\forall v \kappa_1 \kappa_n \kappa_1' \kappa_n' . [v \models \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \downarrow] \wedge [v \models \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \downarrow] \wedge$ 
     $(\forall \Pi v . [v \models \Pi \downarrow] \rightarrow [v \models \langle\!\langle exe \Pi \kappa_1 \kappa_n \rangle\!\rangle = [v \models \langle\!\langle exe \Pi \kappa_1' \kappa_n' \rangle\!\rangle]) \rightarrow$ 
     $[v \models \varphi \{ \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \}] = [v \models \varphi \{ \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \}]$ ⟩
  hence ⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa \rangle\!\rangle = [w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa' \rangle\!\rangle]$ ⟩
  if ⟨AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa$  ∧ AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa'$  ∧ AOT-model-term-equiv  $\kappa \kappa'$ ⟩
  for  $w \kappa \kappa'$ 
  using that
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-denotes)
  (meson AOT-model-term-equiv-rel-equiv AOT-sem-denotes exe-rep-rel)+
  hence ⟨ $[w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa \rangle\!\rangle = [w \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \kappa' \rangle\!\rangle]$ ⟩

```

```

if <AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa \wedge AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } \kappa \kappa'$ >
for  $w \kappa \kappa'$ 
using that AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes by blast
hence < $AOT\text{-model-denotes}(\lambda \varphi)$ >
by (auto simp: lambda-def Abs-rel-inverse AOT-model-denotes-rel.abs-eq
          AOT-model-irregular-equiv AOT-model-term-equiv-eps(3)
          AOT-model-term-equiv-regular fix-irregular-def AOT-sem-denotes
          AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp
          AOT-model-irregular-false
          split: if-split-asm
          intro: AOT-model-irregular-eqI)
thus <[ $w \models \llbracket \lambda \varphi \rrbracket \downarrow$ ]>
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes)
qed
moreover have <[ $w \models \llbracket \lambda \psi \rrbracket \downarrow$ ]>
  if <[ $w \models \llbracket \lambda \varphi \rrbracket \downarrow$ ]>
  and < $\forall w \kappa_1 \kappa_n . [w \models \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \downarrow] \longrightarrow [w \models \varphi \{ \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \}] = [w \models \psi \{ \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \}]$ >
  for  $\varphi \psi w$  using that unfolding lambda-denotes-simp by auto
moreover have <[ $w \models \Pi \downarrow \implies \text{exe } \Pi \kappa s = \text{Rep-rel } \Pi \kappa s$ > for  $\Pi \kappa s w$ 
  by (simp add: exe-def AOT-sem-denotes)
moreover have < $\lambda x. p = \lambda x. q \implies p = q$  for  $p q$ >
  unfolding lambda-def
  by (auto split: if-split-asm simp: Abs-rel-inject fix-irregular-def)
  (meson AOT-model-irregular-nondenoting AOT-model-denoting-ex) +
moreover have < $AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x y \implies \text{exe } \Pi x = \text{exe } \Pi y$ > for  $x y \Pi$ 
  unfolding exe-def
  by (meson AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq)
note calculation = calculation this
show ?thesis
apply (safe intro!: exI[where x=exe] exI[where x=lambda])
using calculation apply simp-all
using lambda-denotes-simp by blast+
qed

lemma AOT-model-lambda-denotes:
< $AOT\text{-model-denotes}(\lambda \varphi) = (\forall v \kappa \kappa' .$ 
 $AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa \wedge AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa' \wedge AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } \kappa \kappa' \longrightarrow$ 
 $[v \models \llbracket \varphi \kappa \rrbracket] = [v \models \llbracket \varphi \kappa' \rrbracket])$ >

proof(safe)
  fix  $v$  and  $\kappa \kappa' :: 'a$ 
  assume < $AOT\text{-model-denotes}(\lambda \varphi)$ >
  hence 1: < $AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa_1 \kappa_n \wedge$ 
     $AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa'_1 \kappa'_n \wedge$ 
     $(\forall \Pi v. AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi \longrightarrow [v \models \llbracket \Pi \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket] = [v \models \llbracket \Pi \kappa'_1 \dots \kappa'_n \rrbracket]) \longrightarrow$ 
     $[v \models \llbracket \varphi \{ \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \} \rrbracket] = [v \models \llbracket \varphi \{ \kappa'_1 \dots \kappa'_n \} \rrbracket]$  for  $\kappa_1 \kappa_n \kappa'_1 \kappa'_n v$ 
    using AOT-sem-lambda-denotes[simplified AOT-sem-denotes] by blast
  {  

    fix  $v$  and  $\kappa_1 \kappa_n \kappa'_1 \kappa'_n :: 'a$ 
    assume d: < $AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa_1 \kappa_n \wedge AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa'_1 \kappa'_n \wedge$ 
       $AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } \kappa_1 \kappa_n \kappa'_1 \kappa'_n$ >
    hence < $\forall \Pi w. AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi \longrightarrow [w \models \llbracket \Pi \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket] = [w \models \llbracket \Pi \kappa'_1 \dots \kappa'_n \rrbracket]$ >
      by (metis AOT-sem-exe-equiv)
    hence < $[v \models \llbracket \varphi \{ \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \} \rrbracket] = [v \models \llbracket \varphi \{ \kappa'_1 \dots \kappa'_n \} \rrbracket]$ > using d 1 by auto
  }
  moreover assume < $AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa$ >
  moreover assume < $AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa'$ >
  moreover assume < $AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } \kappa \kappa'$ >
  ultimately show < $[v \models \llbracket \varphi \kappa \rrbracket] \implies [v \models \llbracket \varphi \kappa' \rrbracket]$ >
    and < $[v \models \llbracket \varphi \kappa' \rrbracket] \implies [v \models \llbracket \varphi \kappa \rrbracket]$ >
    by auto
next
assume 0: < $\forall v \kappa \kappa' . AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa \wedge AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa' \wedge$ 
   $AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } \kappa \kappa' \longrightarrow [v \models \llbracket \varphi \kappa \rrbracket] = [v \models \llbracket \varphi \kappa' \rrbracket]$ >

```

```

{
fix  $\kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n$   $\kappa'_1 \dots \kappa'_n :: 'a$ 
assume den: «AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n$ »
moreover assume den': «AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa'_1 \dots \kappa'_n$ »
assume  $\langle \forall \Pi v . AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } \Pi \rightarrow$ 
 $[v \models [\Pi]_{\kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n}] = [v \models [\Pi]_{\kappa'_1 \dots \kappa'_n}] \rangle$ 
hence  $\langle \forall \Pi v . AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } \Pi \rightarrow$ 
 $[v \models \langle\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \rangle\rangle] = [v \models \langle\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi \kappa'_1 \dots \kappa'_n \rangle\rangle] \rangle$ 
by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe den den')
hence AOT-model-term-equiv  $\kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n$   $\kappa'_1 \dots \kappa'_n$ 
  unfolding AOT-model-term-equiv-rel-equiv[OF den, OF den']
  by argo
hence  $\langle [v \models \varphi\{\kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n\}] = [v \models \varphi\{\kappa'_1 \dots \kappa'_n\}] \rangle$  for v
  using den den' 0 by blast
}
thus «AOT-model-denotes (AOT-lambda  $\varphi$ )»
  unfolding AOT-sem-lambda-denotes[simplified AOT-sem-denotes]
  by blast
qed

specification (AOT-lambda0)
AOT-sem-lambda0: AOT-lambda0  $\varphi = \varphi$ 
by (rule exI[where x=« $\lambda x. x$ »]) simp

specification(AOT-concrete)
AOT-sem-concrete:  $\langle [w \models [E!]_\kappa] =$ 
  AOT-model-concrete w  $\kappa \rangle$ 
by (rule exI[where x=«AOT-var-of-term (Abs-rel
  ( $\lambda x. \varepsilon_\circ w . AOT\text{-model}\text{-concrete } w x$ ))»];
  subst AOT-var-of-term-inverse)
(auto simp: AOT-model-unary-regular AOT-model-concrete-denotes
  AOT-model-concrete-equiv AOT-model-regular- $\kappa$ -def
  AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp AOT-sem-exe Abs-rel-inverse
  AOT-model-denotes-rel-def AOT-sem-denotes)

lemma AOT-sem-equiv-defI:
assumes  $\langle \bigwedge v . [v \models \varphi] \implies [v \models \psi] \rangle$ 
  and  $\langle \bigwedge v . [v \models \psi] \implies [v \models \varphi] \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle AOT\text{-model}\text{-equiv-def } \varphi \psi \rangle$ 
using AOT-model-equiv-def assms by blast

lemma AOT-sem-id-defI:
assumes  $\langle \bigwedge \alpha v . [v \models \langle\langle \sigma \alpha \rangle\rangle] \implies [v \models \langle\langle \tau \alpha \rangle\rangle = \langle\langle \sigma \alpha \rangle\rangle] \rangle$ 
assumes  $\langle \bigwedge \alpha v . \neg[v \models \langle\langle \sigma \alpha \rangle\rangle] \implies [v \models \neg\langle\langle \tau \alpha \rangle\rangle] \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle AOT\text{-model}\text{-id}\text{-def } \tau \sigma \rangle$ 
using assms
unfolding AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-not
using AOT-model-id-def[THEN iffD2]
by metis

lemma AOT-sem-id-def2I:
assumes  $\langle \bigwedge \alpha \beta v . [v \models \langle\langle \sigma \alpha \beta \rangle\rangle] \implies [v \models \langle\langle \tau \alpha \beta \rangle\rangle = \langle\langle \sigma \alpha \beta \rangle\rangle] \rangle$ 
assumes  $\langle \bigwedge \alpha \beta v . \neg[v \models \langle\langle \sigma \alpha \beta \rangle\rangle] \implies [v \models \neg\langle\langle \tau \alpha \beta \rangle\rangle] \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle AOT\text{-model}\text{-id}\text{-def } (\text{case-prod } \tau) (\text{case-prod } \sigma) \rangle$ 
apply (rule AOT-sem-id-defI)
using assms by (auto simp: AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-denotes
  AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)

lemma AOT-sem-id-defE1:
assumes  $\langle AOT\text{-model}\text{-id}\text{-def } \tau \sigma \rangle$ 
  and  $\langle [v \models \langle\langle \sigma \alpha \rangle\rangle] \rangle$ 
shows  $\langle [v \models \langle\langle \tau \alpha \rangle\rangle = \langle\langle \sigma \alpha \rangle\rangle] \rangle$ 
using assms by (simp add: AOT-model-id-def AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq)

```

```

lemma AOT-sem-id-defE2:
assumes <AOT-model-id-def τ σ>
  and <¬[v ⊨ «σ α»↓]>
shows <¬[v ⊨ «τ α»↓]>
using assms by (simp add: AOT-model-id-def AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq)

lemma AOT-sem-id-def0I:
assumes <∧ v . [v ⊨ σ↓] ⟹ [v ⊨ τ = σ]>
  and <∧ v . ¬[v ⊨ σ↓] ⟹ [v ⊨ ¬τ↓]>
shows <AOT-model-id-def (case-unit τ) (case-unit σ)>
apply (rule AOT-sem-id-defI)
using assms
by (simp-all add: AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-denotes
  AOT-model-denotes-unit-def case-unit-Unity)

lemma AOT-sem-id-def0E1:
assumes <AOT-model-id-def (case-unit τ) (case-unit σ)>
  and <[v ⊨ σ↓]>
shows <[v ⊨ τ = σ]>
by (metis (full-types) AOT-sem-id-defE1 assms(1) assms(2) case-unit-Unity)

lemma AOT-sem-id-def0E2:
assumes <AOT-model-id-def (case-unit τ) (case-unit σ)>
  and <¬[v ⊨ σ↓]>
shows <¬[v ⊨ τ↓]>
by (metis AOT-sem-id-defE2 assms(1) assms(2) case-unit-Unity)

lemma AOT-sem-id-def0E3:
assumes <AOT-model-id-def (case-unit τ) (case-unit σ)>
  and <[v ⊨ σ↓]>
shows <[v ⊨ τ↓]>
using AOT-sem-id-def0E1[OF assms]
by (simp add: AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-denotes)

lemma AOT-sem-ordinary-def-denotes: <[w ⊨ [λx ⋀[E!]x]↓]>
unfold AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-lambda-denotes
by (auto simp: AOT-sem-dia AOT-model-concrete-equiv
  AOT-sem-concrete AOT-sem-denotes)

lemma AOT-sem-abstract-def-denotes: <[w ⊨ [λx ⋀[E!]x]↓]>
unfold AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-lambda-denotes
by (auto simp: AOT-sem-dia AOT-model-concrete-equiv
  AOT-sem-concrete AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-not)

```

Relation identity is constructed using an auxiliary abstract projection mechanism with suitable instantiations for κ and products.

```

class AOT-RelationProjection =
fixes AOT-sem-proj-id :: <'a::AOT-IndividualTerm ⇒ ('a ⇒ o) ⇒ ('a ⇒ o) ⇒ o>
assumes AOT-sem-proj-id-prop:
<[v ⊨ Π = Π'] =
[v ⊨ Π↓ & Π'↓ & ∀α (<α AOT-sem-proj-id α (λ τ . «[Π]τ») (λ τ . «[Π']τ»)»)]>
  and AOT-sem-proj-id-refl:
<[v ⊨ τ↓] ⟹ [v ⊨ [λν₁...νₙ φ{ν₁...νₙ}] = [λν₁...νₙ φ{ν₁...νₙ}]] ⟹
[v ⊨ «AOT-sem-proj-id τ φ φ»]>

```

```

class AOT-UnaryRelationProjection = AOT-RelationProjection +
assumes AOT-sem-unary-proj-id:
<AOT-sem-proj-id κ φ ψ = «[λν₁...νₙ φ{ν₁...νₙ}] = [λν₁...νₙ ψ{ν₁...νₙ}]»>

```

```

instantiation κ :: AOT-UnaryRelationProjection
begin
definition AOT-sem-proj-id-κ :: <κ ⇒ (κ ⇒ o) ⇒ (κ ⇒ o) ⇒ o> where
<AOT-sem-proj-id-κ κ φ ψ = «[λz φ{z}] = [λz ψ{z}]»>

```

```

instance proof
show <[v = $\Pi = \Pi'] =$ 
    [v = $\Pi \downarrow \& \Pi' \downarrow \& \forall \alpha (\llbracket AOT\text{-sem}\text{-proj}\text{-id } \alpha (\lambda \tau . \llbracket \Pi \tau \rrbracket) (\lambda \tau . \llbracket \Pi' \tau \rrbracket) \rrbracket)]\>
for v and  $\Pi \Pi' :: \langle \kappa \rangle$ 
unfolding AOT-sem-proj-id- $\kappa$ -def
by (simp add: AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-forall)
    (metis AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-denoting-ex AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-lambda-eta)
next
show <AOT-sem-proj-id  $\kappa \varphi \psi = \llbracket [\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{ \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \}] = [\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \psi \{ \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \}] \rrbracket$ 
for  $\kappa :: \kappa$  and  $\varphi \psi$ 
unfolding AOT-sem-proj-id- $\kappa$ -def ..
next
show <[v = $\llbracket AOT\text{-sem}\text{-proj}\text{-id } \tau \varphi \varphi \rrbracket]$ 
    if <[v = $\tau \downarrow$ ]> and <[v = $[\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{ \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \}] = [\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{ \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \}]$ >
    for  $\tau :: \kappa$  and v  $\varphi$ 
    using that by (simp add: AOT-sem-proj-id- $\kappa$ -def AOT-sem-eq)
qed
end

instantiation prod ::
  ({AOT-UnaryRelationProjection, AOT-UnaryIndividualTerm}, AOT-RelationProjection)
  AOT-RelationProjection
begin
definition AOT-sem-proj-id-prod :: < $a \times b \Rightarrow (a \times b \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow (a \times b \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$ > where
  < $AOT\text{-sem}\text{-proj}\text{-id}\text{-prod} \equiv \lambda (x,y) \varphi \psi . \llbracket \lambda z \llbracket \varphi (z,y) \rrbracket = [\lambda z \llbracket \psi (z,y) \rrbracket] \&$ 
   < $\llbracket AOT\text{-sem}\text{-proj}\text{-id } y (\lambda a . \varphi (x,a)) (\lambda a . \psi (x,a)) \rrbracket \gg$ >>
instance proof$ 
```

This is the main proof that allows to derive the definition of n-ary relation identity. We need to show that our defined projection identity implies relation identity for relations on pairs of individual terms.

```

fix v and  $\Pi \Pi' :: \langle \langle a \times b \rangle \rangle$ 
have AOT-meta-proj-denotes1: <AOT-model-denotes (Abs-rel ( $\lambda z. AOT\text{-exe } \Pi (z, \beta)$ ))>
  if <AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi$ > for  $\Pi :: \langle \langle a \times b \rangle \rangle$  and  $\beta$ 
  using that unfolding AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq
  apply (simp add: Abs-rel-inverse AOT-meta-prod-equivI(2) AOT-sem-denotes
    that)
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) AOT-meta-prod-equivI(2) AOT-model-denotes-prod-def
    AOT-model-unary-regular AOT-sem-exe AOT-sem-exe-equiv case-prodD)
{  

fix  $\kappa :: a$  and  $\Pi :: \langle \langle a \times b \rangle \rangle$ 
assume  $\Pi\text{-denotes}: \langle AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } \Pi \rangle$ 
assume  $\alpha\text{-denotes}: \langle AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } \kappa \rangle$ 
hence < $AOT\text{-exe } \Pi (\kappa, x) = AOT\text{-exe } \Pi (\kappa, y)$ >
  if < $AOT\text{-model}\text{-term}\text{-equiv } x y$ > for x y :: b
  by (simp add: AOT-meta-prod-equivI(1) AOT-sem-exe-equiv that)
moreover have < $AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } \kappa_1 \kappa_n'$ >
  if < $w = \llbracket \Pi \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket$ > for w  $\kappa_1 \kappa_n'$ 
  by (metis that AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-exe
    AOT-sem-denotes case-prodD)
moreover {
  fix x :: b
  assume x-irregular: < $\neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-regular } x$ >
  hence prod-irregular: < $\neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-regular } (\kappa, x)$ >
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) AOT-model-irregular-nondenoting
    AOT-model-regular-prod-def case-prodD)
hence <( $\neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } \kappa \vee \neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-regular } x$ )  $\wedge$ 
  < $(AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } \kappa \vee \neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-denotes } x)$ >
  unfolding AOT-model-regular-prod-def by blast
hence x-nonden: < $\neg AOT\text{-model}\text{-regular } x$ >
  by (simp add: alpha-denotes)
have < $Rep\text{-rel } \Pi (\kappa, x) = AOT\text{-model}\text{-irregular } (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi) (\kappa, x)$ >
  using AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq  $\Pi\text{-denotes}$  prod-irregular by blast
moreover have < $AOT\text{-model}\text{-irregular } (Rep\text{-rel } \Pi) (\kappa, x) =$ 
```

```

    AOT-model-irregular ( $\lambda z. \text{Rep-rel } \Pi (\kappa, z)) x$ )
using  $\Pi$ -denotes  $x$ -irregular prod-irregular  $x$ -nonden
using AOT-model-irregular-prod-generic
apply (induct arbitrary:  $\Pi x$  rule: AOT-model-irregular-prod.induct)
by (auto simp:  $\alpha$ -denotes AOT-model-irregular-nondenoting
          AOT-model-regular-prod-def AOT-meta-prod-equivI(2)
          AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq AOT-model-term-equiv-eps(1)
          intro!: AOT-model-irregular-eqI)
ultimately have
   $\langle AOT\text{-exe } \Pi (\kappa, x) = AOT\text{-model-irregular } (\lambda z. AOT\text{-exe } \Pi (\kappa, z)) x \rangle$ 
  unfolding AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes, OF  $\Pi$ -denotes]
  by auto
}
ultimately have  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } (\text{Abs-rel } (\lambda z. AOT\text{-exe } \Pi (\kappa, z))) \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: Abs-rel-inverse AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq)
} note AOT-meta-proj-denotes2 = this
{
fix  $\kappa_1' \kappa_n' :: 'b$  and  $\Pi :: \langle 'a \times 'b \rangle$ 
assume  $\Pi$ -denotes:  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi \rangle$ 
assume  $\beta$ -denotes:  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa_1' \kappa_n' \rangle$ 
hence  $\langle AOT\text{-exe } \Pi (x, \kappa_1' \kappa_n') = AOT\text{-exe } \Pi (y, \kappa_1' \kappa_n') \rangle$ 
  if  $\langle AOT\text{-model-term-equiv } x y \rangle$  for  $x y :: 'a$ 
  by (simp add: AOT-meta-prod-equivI(2) AOT-sem-exe-equiv that)
moreover have  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa \rangle$ 
  if  $\langle [w \models [\Pi] \kappa \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n'] \rangle$  for  $w \kappa$ 
  by (metis that AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-exe
          AOT-sem-denotes case-prodD)
moreover {
fix  $x :: 'a$ 
assume  $\neg AOT\text{-model-regular } x$ 
hence  $\langle \text{False} \rangle$ 
  using AOT-model-unary-regular by blast
hence
   $\langle AOT\text{-exe } \Pi (x, \kappa_1' \kappa_n') = AOT\text{-model-irregular } (\lambda z. AOT\text{-exe } \Pi (z, \kappa_1' \kappa_n')) x \rangle$ 
  unfolding AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes, OF  $\Pi$ -denotes]
  by auto
}
ultimately have  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } (\text{Abs-rel } (\lambda z. AOT\text{-exe } \Pi (z, \kappa_1' \kappa_n'))) \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: Abs-rel-inverse AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq)
} note AOT-meta-proj-denotes1 = this
{
assume  $\Pi$ -denotes:  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi \rangle$ 
assume  $\Pi'$ -denotes:  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \rangle$ 
have  $\Pi\text{-proj2-den}: \langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } (\text{Abs-rel } (\lambda z. \text{Rep-rel } \Pi (\alpha, z))) \rangle$ 
  if  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \alpha \rangle$  for  $\alpha$ 
  using that AOT-meta-proj-denotes2[ $\text{OF } \Pi$ -denotes]
          AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes, OF  $\Pi$ -denotes] by simp
have  $\Pi'\text{-proj2-den}: \langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } (\text{Abs-rel } (\lambda z. \text{Rep-rel } \Pi' (\alpha, z))) \rangle$ 
  if  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \alpha \rangle$  for  $\alpha$ 
  using that AOT-meta-proj-denotes2[ $\text{OF } \Pi'$ -denotes]
          AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes, OF  $\Pi'$ -denotes] by simp
have  $\Pi\text{-proj1-den}: \langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } (\text{Abs-rel } (\lambda z. \text{Rep-rel } \Pi (z, \alpha))) \rangle$ 
  if  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \alpha \rangle$  for  $\alpha$ 
  using that AOT-meta-proj-denotes1[ $\text{OF } \Pi$ -denotes]
          AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes, OF  $\Pi$ -denotes] by simp
have  $\Pi'\text{-proj1-den}: \langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } (\text{Abs-rel } (\lambda z. \text{Rep-rel } \Pi' (z, \alpha))) \rangle$ 
  if  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \alpha \rangle$  for  $\alpha$ 
  using that AOT-meta-proj-denotes1[ $\text{OF } \Pi'$ -denotes]
          AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes, OF  $\Pi'$ -denotes] by simp
{
fix  $\kappa :: 'a$  and  $\kappa_1' \kappa_n' :: 'b$ 
assume  $\langle \Pi = \Pi' \rangle$ 
assume  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } (\kappa, \kappa_1' \kappa_n') \rangle$ 

```

```

hence <AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa$  and beta-denotes: <AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa_1' \kappa_n'$ >
  by (auto simp: AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)
have < $\llbracket \lambda z [\Pi]z \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket$ >
  by (rule AOT-model-lambda-denotes[THEN iffD2])
  (metis AOT-sem-exe-denoting AOT-meta-prod-equivI(2)
   AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq AOT-sem-denotes
   AOT-sem-exe-denoting  $\Pi$ -denotes)
moreover have < $\llbracket \lambda z [\Pi]z \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket$ > = < $\llbracket \lambda z [\Pi']z \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket$ >
  by (simp add:  $\Pi = \Pi'$ )
moreover have < $v \models \llbracket \text{AOT-sem-proj-id } \kappa_1' \kappa_n' (\lambda \kappa_1' \kappa_n'. \llbracket \Pi \kappa \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \rrbracket) (\lambda \kappa_1' \kappa_n'. \llbracket \Pi' \kappa \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \rrbracket) \rrbracket$ >
  unfolding < $\Pi = \Pi'$ > using beta-denotes
  by (rule AOT-sem-proj-id-refl[unfolded AOT-sem-denotes];
       simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq AOT-model-lambda-denotes)
  (metis AOT-meta-prod-equivI(1) AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq
   AOT-sem-exe AOT-sem-exe-denoting  $\Pi'$ -denotes)
ultimately have < $v \models \llbracket \text{AOT-sem-proj-id } (\kappa, \kappa_1' \kappa_n') (\lambda \kappa_1 \kappa_n . \llbracket \Pi \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket) (\lambda \kappa_1 \kappa_n . \llbracket \Pi' \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket) \rrbracket$ >
  unfolding AOT-sem-proj-id-prod-def
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-eq)
}
moreover {
assume < $\bigwedge \alpha . \text{AOT-model-denotes } \alpha \implies$ 
< $v \models \llbracket \text{AOT-sem-proj-id } \alpha (\lambda \kappa_1 \kappa_n . \llbracket \Pi \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket) (\lambda \kappa_1 \kappa_n . \llbracket \Pi' \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket) \rrbracket$ >>
hence 0: < $\text{AOT-model-denotes } \kappa \implies \text{AOT-model-denotes } \kappa_1' \kappa_n' \implies$ 
  AOT-model-denotes < $\llbracket \lambda z [\Pi]z \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket$ >  $\wedge$ 
  AOT-model-denotes < $\llbracket \lambda z [\Pi']z \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket$ >  $\wedge$ 
  < $\llbracket \lambda z [\Pi]z \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket$ > = < $\llbracket \lambda z [\Pi']z \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket$ >  $\wedge$ 
  < $v \models \llbracket \text{AOT-sem-proj-id } \kappa_1' \kappa_n' (\lambda \kappa_1 \kappa_n . \llbracket \Pi \kappa \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket) (\lambda \kappa_1 \kappa_n . \llbracket \Pi' \kappa \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \rrbracket) \rrbracket$ > for  $\kappa \kappa_1' \kappa_n'$ 
  unfolding AOT-sem-proj-id-prod-def
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-eq
   AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)
obtain  $\alpha\text{den} :: 'a$  and  $\beta\text{den} :: 'b$  where
   $\alpha\text{den}: \langle \text{AOT-model-denotes } \alpha\text{den} \rangle$  and  $\beta\text{den}: \langle \text{AOT-model-denotes } \beta\text{den} \rangle$ 
  using AOT-model-denoting-ex by metis
{
fix  $\kappa :: 'a$ 
assume  $\alpha\text{denotes}: \langle \text{AOT-model-denotes } \kappa \rangle$ 
have 1: < $v \models \llbracket \text{AOT-sem-proj-id } \kappa_1' \kappa_n' (\lambda \kappa_1' \kappa_n'. \llbracket \Pi \kappa \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \rrbracket) (\lambda \kappa_1' \kappa_n'. \llbracket \Pi' \kappa \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \rrbracket) \rrbracket$ >
  if < $\text{AOT-model-denotes } \kappa_1' \kappa_n'$ > for  $\kappa_1' \kappa_n'$ 
  using that 0 using  $\alpha\text{denotes}$  by blast
hence < $v \models \llbracket \text{AOT-sem-proj-id } \beta (\lambda z. \text{Rep-rel } \Pi (\kappa, z)) (\lambda z. \text{Rep-rel } \Pi' (\kappa, z)) \rrbracket$ >
  if < $\text{AOT-model-denotes } \beta$ > for  $\beta$ 
  using that
  unfolding AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes, OF  $\Pi$ -denotes]
    AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes, OF  $\Pi'$ -denotes]
  by blast
hence < $\text{Abs-rel } (\lambda z. \text{Rep-rel } \Pi (\kappa, z)) = \text{Abs-rel } (\lambda z. \text{Rep-rel } \Pi' (\kappa, z))$ >
  using AOT-sem-proj-id-prop[of  $v$  < $\text{Abs-rel } (\lambda z. \text{Rep-rel } \Pi (\kappa, z))$ >
    < $\text{Abs-rel } (\lambda z. \text{Rep-rel } \Pi' (\kappa, z))$ >,
    simplified AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-forall
    AOT-sem-denotes, THEN iffD2]
  II-proj2-den[ $\alpha\text{denotes}$ ]  $\Pi'$ -proj2-den[ $\alpha\text{denotes}$ ]
unfolding AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes, OF  $\Pi$ -denotes]
  AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes,
    OF  $\Pi$ -proj2-den[ $\alpha\text{denotes}$ ]]
  AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes,
    OF  $\Pi'$ -proj2-den[ $\alpha\text{denotes}$ ]]
  by (metis Abs-rel-inverse UNIV-I)
hence Rep-rel  $\Pi (\kappa, \beta) = \text{Rep-rel } \Pi' (\kappa, \beta)$  for  $\beta$ 

```

```

    by (simp add: Abs-rel-inject[simplified]) meson
} note  $\alpha$  denotes = this
{
fix  $\kappa_1' \kappa_n' :: 'b$ 
assume  $\beta$  den: <AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa_1' \kappa_n'$ >
have 1: « $[\lambda z [\Pi]z \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n']$ » = « $[\lambda z [\Pi']z \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n']$ »
  using 0  $\beta$  den AOT-model-denoting-ex by blast
hence < $Abs\text{-}rel (\lambda z. Rep\text{-}rel \Pi (z, \kappa_1' \kappa_n'))$  =
   $Abs\text{-}rel (\lambda z. Rep\text{-}rel \Pi' (z, \kappa_1' \kappa_n'))$  (is < $?a = ?b$ >)
apply (safe intro!: AOT-sem-proj-id-prop[of v < $?a$ > < $?b$ >,
  simplified AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-forall
  AOT-sem-denotes, THEN iffD2, THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct2]
   $\Pi\text{-proj1-den}[OF \beta\text{den}] \Pi'\text{-proj1-den}[OF \beta\text{den}]$ )
unfolding AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes, OF  $\Pi$ -denotes]
  AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes, OF  $\Pi'$ -denotes]
  AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes,
    OF  $\Pi\text{-proj1-den}[OF \beta\text{den}]$ ]
  AOT-sem-exe-denoting[simplified AOT-sem-denotes,
    OF  $\Pi'\text{-proj1-den}[OF \beta\text{den}]$ ]
by (subst (0 1) Abs-rel-inverse; simp?)
  (metis (no-types, lifting) AOT-model-denotes-rel.abs-eq
  AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq
  AOT-sem-unary-proj-id  $\Pi\text{-proj1-den}[OF \beta\text{den}]$ )
hence < $Rep\text{-}rel \Pi (x, \kappa_1' \kappa_n') = Rep\text{-}rel \Pi' (x, \kappa_1' \kappa_n')$ > for  $x$ 
  by (simp add: Abs-rel-inject)
  metis
} note  $\beta$  denotes = this
{
fix  $\alpha :: 'a$  and  $\beta :: 'b$ 
assume < $AOT\text{-model-regular } (\alpha, \beta)$ >
moreover {
  assume < $AOT\text{-model-denotes } \alpha \wedge AOT\text{-model-regular } \beta$ >
  hence < $Rep\text{-}rel \Pi (\alpha, \beta) = Rep\text{-}rel \Pi' (\alpha, \beta)$ >
    using  $\alpha$  denotes by presburger
}
moreover {
  assume < $\neg AOT\text{-model-denotes } \alpha \wedge AOT\text{-model-denotes } \beta$ >
  hence < $Rep\text{-}rel \Pi (\alpha, \beta) = Rep\text{-}rel \Pi' (\alpha, \beta)$ >
    by (simp add:  $\beta$  denotes)
}
ultimately have < $Rep\text{-}rel \Pi (\alpha, \beta) = Rep\text{-}rel \Pi' (\alpha, \beta)$ >
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) AOT-model-regular-prod-def case-prodD)
}
hence < $Rep\text{-}rel \Pi = Rep\text{-}rel \Pi'$ >
  using  $\Pi$ -denotes[unfolded AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq,
    THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct2, THEN spec, THEN mp]
  using  $\Pi'$ -denotes[unfolded AOT-model-denotes-rel.rep-eq,
    THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct2, THEN spec, THEN mp]
  using AOT-model-irregular-eqI[of < $Rep\text{-}rel \Pi$ > < $Rep\text{-}rel \Pi'$ > < $(-, -)$ >]
  using AOT-model-irregular-nondenoting by fastforce
hence < $\Pi = \Pi'$ >
  by (rule Rep-rel-inject[THEN iffD1])
}
ultimately have < $\Pi = \Pi' = (\forall \kappa . AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa \longrightarrow$ 
  [v = « $AOT\text{-sem-proj-id } \kappa (\lambda \kappa_1 \kappa_n . «[\Pi]\kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n»)$ 
   $(\lambda \kappa_1 \kappa_n . «[\Pi']\kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n»)»])$ >
  by auto
}
thus < $v \models \Pi = \Pi'$ > = [v  $\models \Pi \Downarrow \& \Pi' \Downarrow \&$ 
   $\forall \alpha («AOT\text{-sem-proj-id } \alpha (\lambda \kappa_1 \kappa_n . «[\Pi]\kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n») (\lambda \kappa_1 \kappa_n . «[\Pi']\kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n»))»)]>
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-conj)
next
fix  $v$  and  $\varphi :: 'a \times 'b \Rightarrow o$  and  $\tau :: 'a \times 'b$$ 
```

```

assume <[v ⊨ τ↓]>
moreover assume <[v ⊨ [λz1...zn «φ z1zn»] = [λz1...zn «φ z1zn»]]>
ultimately show <[v ⊨ «AOT-sem-proj-id τ φ φ»]>
  unfolding AOT-sem-proj-id-prod-def
  using AOT-sem-proj-id-refl[of v snd τ λb. φ (fst τ, b)]
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes
    AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-model-lambda-denotes
    AOT-meta-prod-equivI)
qed
end

```

Sanity-check to verify that n-ary relation identity follows.

```

lemma <[v ⊨ Π = Π'] = [v ⊨ Π↓ & Π'↓ & ∀x∀y([λz [Π]z y] = [λz [Π']z y] &
  [λz [Π]x z] = [λz [Π']x z])]>
  for Π :: <<κ×κ>>
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-proj-id-prop[of v Π Π'] AOT-sem-proj-id-prod-def
    AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-unary-proj-id
    AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)
lemma <[v ⊨ Π = Π'] = [v ⊨ Π↓ & Π'↓ & ∀x1∀x2∀x3 (
  [λz [Π]z x2 x3] = [λz [Π']z x2 x3] &
  [λz [Π]x1 z x3] = [λz [Π']x1 z x3] &
  [λz [Π]x1 x2 z] = [λz [Π']x1 x2 z])]>
  for Π :: <<κ×κ×κ>>
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-proj-id-prop[of v Π Π'] AOT-sem-proj-id-prod-def
    AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-unary-proj-id
    AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)
lemma <[v ⊨ Π = Π'] = [v ⊨ Π↓ & Π'↓ & ∀x1∀x2∀x3∀x4 (
  [λz [Π]z x2 x3 x4] = [λz [Π']z x2 x3 x4] &
  [λz [Π]x1 z x3 x4] = [λz [Π']x1 z x3 x4] &
  [λz [Π]x1 x2 z x4] = [λz [Π']x1 x2 z x4] &
  [λz [Π]x1 x2 x3 z] = [λz [Π']x1 x2 x3 z])]>
  for Π :: <<κ×κ×κ×κ>>
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-proj-id-prop[of v Π Π'] AOT-sem-proj-id-prod-def
    AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-unary-proj-id
    AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)

```

n-ary Encoding is constructed using a similar mechanism as n-ary relation identity using an auxiliary notion of projection-encoding.

```

class AOT-Enc =
  fixes AOT-enc :: <'a ⇒ <'a::AOT-IndividualTerm> ⇒ o>
  and AOT-proj-enc :: <'a ⇒ ('a ⇒ o) ⇒ o>
  assumes AOT-sem-enc-denotes:
    <[v ⊨ «AOT-enc κ1κn Π»] ⇒ [v ⊨ κ1...κn↓] ∧ [v ⊨ Π↓]>
  assumes AOT-sem-enc-proj-enc:
    <[v ⊨ «AOT-enc κ1κn Π»] =
      [v ⊨ Π↓ & «AOT-proj-enc κ1κn (λ κ1κn. «[Π]κ1...κn»))]>
  assumes AOT-sem-proj-enc-denotes:
    <[v ⊨ «AOT-proj-enc κ1κn φ»] ⇒ [v ⊨ κ1...κn↓]>
  assumes AOT-sem-enc-nec:
    <[v ⊨ «AOT-enc κ1κn Π»] ⇒ [w ⊨ «AOT-enc κ1κn Π»]>
  assumes AOT-sem-proj-enc-nec:
    <[v ⊨ «AOT-proj-enc κ1κn φ»] ⇒ [w ⊨ «AOT-proj-enc κ1κn φ»]>
  assumes AOT-sem-universal-encoder:
    <∃ κ1κn. [v ⊨ κ1...κn↓] ∧ (∀ Π . [v ⊨ Π↓] → [v ⊨ «AOT-enc κ1κn Π»]) ∧
      (∀ φ . [v ⊨ [λz1...zn φ{z1...zn}]↓] → [v ⊨ «AOT-proj-enc κ1κn φ»])>

```

AOT-syntax-print-translations

-AOT-enc (-AOT-individual-term κ) (-AOT-relation-term Π) <= CONST AOT-enc κ Π

```

context AOT-meta-syntax
begin
notation AOT-enc (<{_,_}>)
end

```

```

context AOT-no-meta-syntax
begin
no-notation AOT-enc (<{-,-}>)
end

Unary encoding additionally has to satisfy the axioms of unary encoding and the definition of property identity.

class AOT-UnaryEnc = AOT-UnaryIndividualTerm +
assumes AOT-sem-enc-eq: < $v \models \Pi \downarrow \& \Pi' \downarrow \& \Box \forall \nu (\nu[\Pi] \equiv \nu[\Pi']) \rightarrow \Pi = \Pi'$ >
    and AOT-sem-A-objects: < $v \models \exists x (\neg \Diamond [E!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}))$ >
    and AOT-sem-unary-proj-enc: < $\text{AOT-proj-enc } x \psi = \text{AOT-enc } x \llbracket \lambda z \psi\{z\} \rrbracket$ >
    and AOT-sem-nocoder: < $v \models [E!] \kappa \Rightarrow \neg [w \models \llbracket \text{AOT-enc } \kappa \Pi \rrbracket]$ >
    and AOT-sem-ind-eq: <( $v \models \kappa \downarrow \wedge [v \models \kappa' \downarrow] \wedge \kappa = (\kappa')$ ) =
        (( $v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa \wedge$ 
          $[v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa'] \wedge$ 
          $(\forall v \Pi . [v \models \Pi \downarrow] \longrightarrow [v \models [\Pi] \kappa] = [v \models [\Pi] \kappa'])$ )
         $\vee ([v \models [\lambda x \neg \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa] \wedge$ 
          $[v \models [\lambda x \neg \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa'] \wedge$ 
          $(\forall v \Pi . [v \models \Pi \downarrow] \longrightarrow [v \models \kappa[\Pi]] = [v \models \kappa'[\Pi]]))$ )
    
```

and AOT-sem-enc-indistinguishable-all:

```

< $\text{AOT-ExtendedModel} \Rightarrow$ 
 $[v \models [\lambda x \neg \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa] \Rightarrow$ 
 $[v \models [\lambda x \neg \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa'] \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\wedge \Pi' . [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \Rightarrow (\wedge w . [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa] = [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa'])) \Rightarrow$ 
 $[v \models \Pi \downarrow] \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\wedge \Pi' . [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \Rightarrow (\wedge \kappa_0 . [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa_0] \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\wedge w . [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi] \kappa_0]) \Rightarrow [v \models \kappa[\Pi']] \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\wedge \Pi' . [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \Rightarrow (\wedge \kappa_0 . [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa_0] \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\wedge w . [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi] \kappa_0]) \Rightarrow [v \models \kappa'[\Pi']] \Rightarrow$ 

```

and AOT-sem-enc-indistinguishable-ex:

```

< $\text{AOT-ExtendedModel} \Rightarrow$ 
 $[v \models [\lambda x \neg \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa] \Rightarrow$ 
 $[v \models [\lambda x \neg \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa'] \Rightarrow$ 
 $(\wedge \Pi' . [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \Rightarrow (\wedge w . [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa] = [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa'])) \Rightarrow$ 
 $[v \models \Pi \downarrow] \Rightarrow$ 
 $\exists \Pi' . [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \wedge [v \models \kappa[\Pi']] \wedge$ 
 $(\forall \kappa_0 . [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa_0] \longrightarrow$ 
 $(\forall w . [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi] \kappa_0]) \Rightarrow$ 
 $\exists \Pi' . [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \wedge [v \models \kappa'[\Pi']] \wedge$ 
 $(\forall \kappa_0 . [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa_0] \longrightarrow$ 
 $(\forall w . [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi] \kappa_0])) \Rightarrow$ 

```

We specify encoding to align with the model-construction of encoding.

```

consts AOT-sem-enc-κ ::  $\kappa \Rightarrow \langle \kappa \rangle \Rightarrow o$ 
specification(AOT-sem-enc-κ)
    AOT-sem-enc-κ:
        < $v \models \llbracket \text{AOT-sem-enc-κ } \kappa \Pi \rrbracket$ > =
            (AOT-model-denotes κ  $\wedge$  AOT-model-denotes Π  $\wedge$  AOT-model-enc κ Π)
        by (rule exl[where  $x = \lambda \kappa \Pi . \varepsilon_o w . \text{AOT-model-denotes } \kappa \wedge \text{AOT-model-denotes } \Pi \wedge$ 
            AOT-model-enc κ Π])
        (simp add: AOT-model-prop-choice-simp AOT-model-enc-κ-def κ.case-eq-if)

```

We show that κ satisfies the generic properties of n-ary encoding.

```

instantiation κ :: AOT-Enc
begin
definition AOT-enc-κ ::  $\kappa \Rightarrow \langle \kappa \rangle \Rightarrow o$  where
    < $AOT-enc-\kappa \equiv AOT-sem-enc-\kappa$ >
definition AOT-proj-enc-κ ::  $\kappa \Rightarrow (\kappa \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  where
    < $AOT-proj-enc-\kappa \equiv \lambda \kappa \varphi . \text{AOT-enc } \kappa \llbracket \lambda z \llbracket \varphi z \rrbracket \rrbracket$ >
lemma AOT-enc-κ-meta:
    < $[v \models \kappa[\Pi]] = (\text{AOT-model-denotes } \kappa \wedge \text{AOT-model-denotes } \Pi \wedge \text{AOT-model-enc } \kappa \Pi)$ >

```

```

for  $\kappa::\kappa$ 
  using AOT-sem-enc- $\kappa$  unfolding AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -def by auto
instance proof
  fix  $v$  and  $\kappa :: \kappa$  and  $\Pi$ 
  show  $\langle [v \models \llbracket AOT\text{-}enc } \kappa \Pi \rrbracket] \implies [v \models \kappa\downarrow] \wedge [v \models \Pi\downarrow] \rangle$ 
    unfolding AOT-sem-denotes
    using AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta by blast
next
  fix  $v$  and  $\kappa :: \kappa$  and  $\Pi$ 
  show  $\langle [v \models \kappa[\Pi]] = [v \models \Pi\downarrow \& \llbracket AOT\text{-}proj\text{-}enc } \kappa (\lambda \kappa'. \llbracket \Pi \kappa' \rrbracket) \rrbracket] \rangle$ 
proof
  assume enc:  $\langle [v \models \kappa[\Pi]] \rangle$ 
  hence  $\Pi$ -denotes:  $\langle AOT\text{-}model\text{-}denotes \Pi \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta)
  hence  $\Pi$ -eta-denotes:  $\langle AOT\text{-}model\text{-}denotes \llbracket \lambda z [\Pi] z \rrbracket \rangle$ 
    using AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-lambda-eta by metis
  show  $\langle [v \models \Pi\downarrow \& \llbracket AOT\text{-}proj\text{-}enc } \kappa (\lambda \kappa. \llbracket \Pi \kappa \rrbracket) \rrbracket] \rangle$ 
    using AOT-sem-lambda-eta[simplified AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq, OF  $\Pi$ -denotes]
    using  $\Pi$ -eta-denotes  $\Pi$ -denotes
    by (simp add: AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-proj-enc- $\kappa$ -def enc)
next
  assume  $\langle [v \models \Pi\downarrow \& \llbracket AOT\text{-}proj\text{-}enc } \kappa (\lambda \kappa. \llbracket \Pi \kappa \rrbracket) \rrbracket] \rangle$ 
  hence  $\Pi$ -denotes: AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi$  and eta-enc:  $[v \models \kappa[\lambda z [\Pi] z]]$ 
    by (auto simp: AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-proj-enc- $\kappa$ -def)
  thus  $\langle [v \models \kappa[\Pi]] \rangle$ 
    using AOT-sem-lambda-eta[simplified AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq, OF  $\Pi$ -denotes]
    by auto
qed
next
  show  $\langle [v \models \llbracket AOT\text{-}proj\text{-}enc } \kappa \varphi \rrbracket] \implies [v \models \kappa\downarrow] \rangle$  for  $v$  and  $\kappa :: \kappa$  and  $\varphi$ 
    by (simp add: AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta AOT-sem-denotes AOT-proj-enc- $\kappa$ -def)
next
  fix  $v w$  and  $\kappa :: \kappa$  and  $\Pi$ 
  assume  $\langle [v \models \kappa[\Pi]] \rangle$ 
  thus  $\langle [w \models \kappa[\Pi]] \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta)
next
  fix  $v w$  and  $\kappa :: \kappa$  and  $\varphi$ 
  assume  $\langle [v \models \llbracket AOT\text{-}proj\text{-}enc } \kappa \varphi \rrbracket] \rangle$ 
  thus  $\langle [w \models \llbracket AOT\text{-}proj\text{-}enc } \kappa \varphi \rrbracket] \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -def)
next
  show  $\langle \exists \kappa::\kappa. [v \models \kappa\downarrow] \wedge (\forall \Pi. [v \models \Pi\downarrow] \longrightarrow [v \models \kappa[\Pi]]) \wedge$ 
     $(\forall \varphi. [v \models [\lambda z \varphi\{z\}] \downarrow] \longrightarrow [v \models \llbracket AOT\text{-}proj\text{-}enc } \kappa \varphi \rrbracket]) \rangle$  for  $v$ 
  by (rule exI[where x=⟨ακ UNIV⟩])
    (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta AOT-model-enc- $\kappa$ -def
      AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def AOT-proj-enc- $\kappa$ -def)
qed
end

```

We show that κ satisfies the properties of unary encoding.

```

instantiation  $\kappa :: AOT\text{-}UnaryEnc$ 
begin
instance proof
  fix  $v$  and  $\Pi \Pi' :: \langle \kappa \rangle$ 
  show  $\langle [v \models \Pi\downarrow \& \Pi'\downarrow \& \square \forall \nu (\nu[\Pi] \equiv \nu[\Pi']) \rightarrow \Pi = \Pi'] \rangle$ 
    apply (simp add: AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-equiv
      AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-box)
    using AOT-meta-A-objects- $\kappa$  by fastforce
next
  fix  $v$  and  $\varphi :: \langle \kappa \rangle \Rightarrow o$ 
  show  $\langle [v \models \exists x (\neg \Diamond [E!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}))] \rangle$ 
    using AOT-model-A-objects[of λ  $\Pi$ .  $[v \models \varphi\{\Pi\}]$ ]

```

```

by (auto simp: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exists AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-not
          AOT-sem-dia AOT-sem-concrete AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta AOT-sem-equiv
          AOT-sem-forall)
next
  show ‹AOT-proj-enc x  $\psi$  = AOT-enc x (AOT-lambda  $\psi$ )› for x ::  $\kappa$  and  $\psi$ 
    by (simp add: AOT-proj-enc- $\kappa$ -def)
next
  show ‹[v ⊨ [E!] $\kappa$ ] ⇒ [w ⊨ \kappa[\Pi]]› for v w and  $\kappa$  ::  $\kappa$  and  $\Pi$ 
    by (simp add: AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta AOT-sem-concrete AOT-model-nocoder)
next
  fix v and  $\kappa$   $\kappa'$  ::  $\kappa$ 
  show ‹([v ⊨ \kappa\downarrow] ∧ [v ⊨ \kappa'\downarrow] ∧ \kappa = \kappa') = (([v ⊨ [\lambda x \diamondsuit [E!]x]\kappa] ∧
    [v ⊨ [\lambda x \diamondsuit [E!]x]\kappa'] ∧
    (∀ v \Pi . [v ⊨ \Pi\downarrow] → [v ⊨ [\Pi]\kappa] = [v ⊨ [\Pi]\kappa'])) ∨
    ([v ⊨ [\lambda x \neg\diamondsuit [E!]x]\kappa] ∧
    [v ⊨ [\lambda x \neg\diamondsuit [E!]x]\kappa'] ∧
    (∀ v \Pi . [v ⊨ \Pi\downarrow] → [v ⊨ \kappa[\Pi]] = [v ⊨ \kappa'[\Pi]])))›
    (is ‹?lhs = (?ordeq ∨ ?abseq)›)
proof –
{
  assume 0: ‹[v ⊨ \kappa\downarrow] ∧ [v ⊨ \kappa'\downarrow] ∧ \kappa = \kappa'›
  {
    assume ‹is- $\omega\kappa$   $\kappa'$ ›
    hence ‹[v ⊨ [\lambda x \diamondsuit [E!]x]\kappa]›
      apply (subst AOT-sem-lambda-beta[OF AOT-sem-ordinary-def-denotes, of v  $\kappa'$ ])
      apply (simp add: 0)
      apply (simp add: AOT-sem-dia)
      using AOT-sem-concrete AOT-model- $\omega$ -concrete-in-some-world is- $\omega\kappa$ -def by force
    hence ‹?ordeq› unfolding 0[THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct2] by auto
  }
  moreover {
    assume ‹is- $\alpha\kappa$   $\kappa'$ ›
    hence ‹[v ⊨ [\lambda x \neg\diamondsuit [E!]x]\kappa]›
      apply (subst AOT-sem-lambda-beta[OF AOT-sem-abstract-def-denotes, of v  $\kappa'$ ])
      apply (simp add: 0)
      apply (simp add: AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-dia)
      using AOT-sem-concrete is- $\alpha\kappa$ -def by force
    hence ‹?abseq› unfolding 0[THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct2] by auto
  }
  ultimately have ‹?ordeq ∨ ?abseq›
    by (meson 0 AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def  $\kappa$ .exhaust-disc)
}
moreover {
  assume ordeq: ‹?ordeq›
  hence  $\kappa$ -denotes: ‹[v ⊨ \kappa\downarrow]› and  $\kappa'$ -denotes: ‹[v ⊨ \kappa'\downarrow]›
    by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe)+
  hence ‹is- $\omega\kappa$   $\kappa$ › and ‹is- $\omega\kappa$   $\kappa'$ ›
    by (metis AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simp(2) AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def
        AOT-sem-concrete AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-dia AOT-sem-lambda-beta
        AOT-sem-ordinary-def-denotes  $\kappa$ .collapse(2)  $\kappa$ .exhaust-disc ordeq)+
  have denotes: ‹[v ⊨ [\lambda z \llbracket \varepsilon_o w . \kappa v z = \kappa v \kappa \rrbracket\downarrow]]›
    unfolding AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-lambda-denotes
    by (simp add: AOT-model-term-equiv- $\kappa$ -def)
  hence [v ⊨ [\lambda z \llbracket \varepsilon_o w . \kappa v z = \kappa v \kappa \rrbracket]\kappa] = [v ⊨ [\lambda z \llbracket \varepsilon_o w . \kappa v z = \kappa v \kappa \rrbracket]\kappa']
    using ordeq by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes)
  hence ‹[v ⊨ \llbracket \kappa \rrbracket\downarrow] ∧ [v ⊨ \llbracket \kappa' \rrbracket\downarrow] ∧ \kappa = \kappa'›
    unfolding AOT-sem-lambda-beta[OF denotes, OF  $\kappa$ -denotes]
    AOT-sem-lambda-beta[OF denotes, OF  $\kappa'$ -denotes]
    using  $\kappa'$ -denotes ‹is- $\omega\kappa$   $\kappa'$ › ‹is- $\omega\kappa$   $\kappa$ › is- $\omega\kappa$ -def
    AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp by force
}
moreover {

```

```

assume 0: ‹?abseq›
hence κ-denotes: ‹[v ⊨ κ↓]› and κ'-denotes: ‹[v ⊨ κ'↓]›
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe)+
hence ‹¬is-ωκ κ› and ‹¬is-ωκ κ'›
  by (metis AOT-model-ω-concrete-in-some-world AOT-model-concrete-κ.simps(1)
    AOT-sem-concrete AOT-sem-dia AOT-sem-exe AOT-sem-lambda-beta
    AOT-sem-not κ.collapse(1) 0)+
hence ‹is-ακ κ› and ‹is-ακ κ'›
  by (meson AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-denotes-κ-def κ.exhaust-disc
    κ-denotes κ'-denotes)+
then obtain x y where κ-def: ‹κ = ακ x› and κ'-def: ‹κ' = ακ y›
  using is-ακ-def by auto
{
  fix r
  assume ‹r ∈ x›
  hence ‹[v ⊨ κ[«urrel-to-rel r»]]›
    unfolding κ-def
    unfolding AOT-enc-κ-meta
    unfolding AOT-model-enc-κ-def
    apply (simp add: AOT-model-denotes-κ-def)
    by (metis (mono-tags) AOT-rel-equiv-def Quotient-def urrel-quotient)
  hence ‹[v ⊨ κ'[«urrel-to-rel r»]]›
    using AOT-enc-κ-meta 0 by (metis AOT-sem-enc-denotes)
  hence ‹r ∈ y›
    unfolding κ'-def
    unfolding AOT-enc-κ-meta
    unfolding AOT-model-enc-κ-def
    apply (simp add: AOT-model-denotes-κ-def)
    using Quotient-abs-rep urrel-quotient by fastforce
}
moreover {
  fix r
  assume ‹r ∈ y›
  hence ‹[v ⊨ κ'[«urrel-to-rel r»]]›
    unfolding κ'-def
    unfolding AOT-enc-κ-meta
    unfolding AOT-model-enc-κ-def
    apply (simp add: AOT-model-denotes-κ-def)
    by (metis (mono-tags) AOT-rel-equiv-def Quotient-def urrel-quotient)
  hence ‹[v ⊨ κ[«urrel-to-rel r»]]›
    using AOT-enc-κ-meta 0 by (metis AOT-sem-enc-denotes)
  hence ‹r ∈ x›
    unfolding κ-def
    unfolding AOT-enc-κ-meta
    unfolding AOT-model-enc-κ-def
    apply (simp add: AOT-model-denotes-κ-def)
    using Quotient-abs-rep urrel-quotient by fastforce
}
ultimately have x = y by blast
hence ‹[v ⊨ κ↓] ∧ [v ⊨ κ'↓] ∧ κ = κ'›
  using κ'-def κ'-denotes κ-def by blast
}
ultimately show ?thesis
  unfolding AOT-sem-denotes
  by auto
qed

next
  fix v and κ κ' :: κ and Π Π' :: ‹<κ>›
  assume ext: ‹AOT-ExtendedModel›
  assume ‹[v ⊨ [= λx. ¬◊[E!]x]κ]›
  hence ‹is-ακ κ›
  by (metis AOT-model-ω-concrete-in-some-world AOT-model-concrete-κ.simps(1)

```

$AOT\text{-model-denotes-}\kappa\text{-def } AOT\text{-sem-concrete } AOT\text{-sem-denotes } AOT\text{-sem-dia}$
 $AOT\text{-sem-exe } AOT\text{-sem-lambda-beta } AOT\text{-sem-not } \kappa.\text{collapse}(1) \ \kappa.\text{exhaust-disc})$
hence $\kappa\text{-abs}: \neg(\exists w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ \kappa)$
using $is\text{-}\alpha\kappa\text{-def by fastforce}$
have $\kappa\text{-den}: \langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa \rangle$
by (*simp add: AOT-model-denotes- κ -def κ .distinct-disc(5) is- $\alpha\kappa$ κ*)
assume $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \neg\diamondsuit[E!]x]\kappa] \rangle$
hence $\langle is\text{-}\alpha\kappa \ \kappa' \rangle$
by (*metis AOT-model- ω -concrete-in-some-world AOT-model-concrete- κ .simp(1)*
 $AOT\text{-model-denotes-}\kappa\text{-def } AOT\text{-sem-concrete } AOT\text{-sem-denotes } AOT\text{-sem-dia}$
 $AOT\text{-sem-exe } AOT\text{-sem-lambda-beta } AOT\text{-sem-not } \kappa.\text{collapse}(1)$
 $\kappa.\text{exhaust-disc})$
hence $\kappa'\text{-abs}: \neg(\exists w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ \kappa')$
using $is\text{-}\alpha\kappa\text{-def by fastforce}$
have $\kappa'\text{-den}: \langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \kappa' \rangle$
by (*meson AOT-model-denotes- κ -def κ .distinct-disc(6) is- $\alpha\kappa$ κ'*)
assume $\langle [v \models \Pi'] \implies [w \models [\Pi']\kappa] = [w \models [\Pi']\kappa'] \text{ for } \Pi' w$
hence $indist: \langle [v \models \langle Rep\text{-}rel } \Pi' \ \kappa \rangle] = [v \models \langle Rep\text{-}rel } \Pi' \ \kappa' \rangle]$
if $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \rangle \text{ for } \Pi' v$
by (*metis AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe κ' -den κ -den that*)
assume $\kappa\text{-enc-cond}: \langle [v \models \Pi'] \implies$
 $(\bigwedge \kappa_0 w. [v \models [\lambda x \diamondsuit[E!]x]\kappa_0] \implies$
 $[w \models [\Pi']\kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi]\kappa_0]) \implies$
 $[v \models \kappa[\Pi']] \text{ for } \Pi'$
assume $\Pi\text{-den}': \langle [v \models \Pi'] \rangle$
hence $\Pi\text{-den}: \langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi \rangle$
using $AOT\text{-sem-denotes by blast}$
{
fix $\Pi' :: \langle \kappa \rangle$
assume $\Pi'\text{-den}: \langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \rangle$
hence $\Pi'\text{-den}': \langle [v \models \Pi'] \rangle$
by (*simp add: AOT-sem-denotes*)
assume 1: $\langle \exists w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ x \implies$
 $[v \models \langle Rep\text{-}rel } \Pi' \ x \rangle] = [v \models \langle Rep\text{-}rel } \Pi \ x \rangle] \text{ for } v \ x$
{
fix $\kappa_0 :: \kappa$ **and** w
assume $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \diamondsuit[E!]x]\kappa_0] \rangle$
hence $\langle is\text{-}\omega\kappa \ \kappa_0 \rangle$
by (*smt (z3) AOT-model-concrete- κ .simp(2) AOT-model-denotes- κ -def*
 $AOT\text{-sem-concrete } AOT\text{-sem-denotes } AOT\text{-sem-dia } AOT\text{-sem-exe}$
 $AOT\text{-sem-lambda-beta } \kappa.\text{exhaust-disc is-}\alpha\kappa\text{-def})$
then obtain x **where** $x\text{-prop}: \langle \kappa_0 = \omega\kappa \ x \rangle$
using $is\text{-}\omega\kappa\text{-def by blast}$
have $\langle \exists w . AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ (\omega\kappa \ x) \rangle$
by (*simp add: AOT-model- ω -concrete-in-some-world*)
hence $\langle [v \models \langle Rep\text{-}rel } \Pi' \ (\omega\kappa \ x) \rangle] = [v \models \langle Rep\text{-}rel } \Pi \ (\omega\kappa \ x) \rangle] \text{ for } v$
using 1 **by** *blast*
hence $\langle [w \models [\Pi']\kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi]\kappa_0] \rangle \text{ unfolding } x\text{-prop}$
by (*simp add: AOT-sem-exe AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-denotes- κ -def*
 $\Pi'\text{-den } \Pi\text{-den})$
} **note** 2 = *this*
have $\langle [v \models \kappa[\Pi']] \rangle$
using $\kappa\text{-enc-cond}[OF \ \Pi'\text{-den}', OF \ 2]$
by *metis*
hence $\langle AOT\text{-model-enc } \kappa \ \Pi' \rangle$
using *AOT-enc- κ -meta by blast*
} **note** $\kappa\text{-enc-cond} = this$
hence $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \implies$
 $(\bigwedge v \ x. \exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \ x \implies$
 $[v \models \langle Rep\text{-}rel } \Pi' \ x \rangle] = [v \models \langle Rep\text{-}rel } \Pi \ x \rangle] \implies$
 $AOT\text{-model-enc } \kappa \ \Pi' \text{ for } \Pi'$
by *blast*
assume $\Pi'\text{-den}': \langle [v \models \Pi'] \rangle$

```

hence  $\Pi'$ -den: «AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi'$ »
  using AOT-sem-denotes by blast
assume ord-indist:  $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x]\kappa_0] \implies [w \models [\Pi']\kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi]\kappa_0] \rangle$  for  $\kappa_0 w$ 
{
  fix  $w$  and  $\kappa_0 :: \kappa$ 
  assume  $0$ :  $\langle \exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \kappa_0 \rangle$ 
  hence  $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x]\kappa_0] \rangle$ 
    using AOT-model-concrete-denotes AOT-sem-concrete AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-dia
      AOT-sem-lambda-beta AOT-sem-ordinary-def-denotes by blast
  hence  $\langle [w \models [\Pi']\kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi]\kappa_0] \rangle$ 
    using ord-indist by metis
  hence  $\langle [w \models \langle\langle Rep-rel \Pi' \kappa_0 \rangle\rangle] = [w \models \langle\langle Rep-rel \Pi \kappa_0 \rangle\rangle] \rangle$ 
    by (metis AOT-model-concrete-denotes AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe  $\Pi'$ -den  $\Pi$ -den  $0$ )
} note ord-indist = this
have  $\langle AOT\text{-model-enc } \kappa' \Pi' \rangle$ 
  using AOT-model-enc-indistinguishable-all
    [OF ext, OF  $\kappa$ -den, OF  $\kappa$ -abs, OF  $\kappa'$ -den, OF  $\kappa'$ -abs, OF  $\Pi$ -den]
    indist  $\kappa$ -enc-cond  $\Pi'$ -den ord-indist by blast
thus  $\langle [v \models \kappa'[\Pi']] \rangle$ 
  using AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta  $\Pi'$ -den  $\kappa'$ -den by blast
next
  fix  $v$  and  $\kappa \kappa' :: \kappa$  and  $\Pi \Pi' :: \langle\langle \kappa \rangle\rangle$ 
  assume ext: «AOT-ExtendedModel»
  assume  $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \neg\Diamond [E!]x]\kappa] \rangle$ 
  hence  $\langle is-\alpha\kappa \kappa \rangle$ 
    by (metis AOT-model- $\omega$ -concrete-in-some-world AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simps(1)
      AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def AOT-sem-concrete AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-dia
      AOT-sem-exe AOT-sem-lambda-beta AOT-sem-not  $\kappa$ .collapse(1)
       $\kappa$ .exhaust-disc)
  hence  $\kappa$ -abs:  $\neg(\exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \kappa)$ 
    using is- $\alpha\kappa$ -def by fastforce
  have  $\kappa$ -den: «AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa$ »
    by (simp add: AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def  $\kappa$ .distinct-disc(5)  $\langle is-\alpha\kappa \kappa \rangle$ )
  assume  $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \neg\Diamond [E!]x]\kappa] \rangle$ 
  hence  $\langle is-\alpha\kappa \kappa' \rangle$ 
    by (metis AOT-model- $\omega$ -concrete-in-some-world AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simps(1)
      AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def AOT-sem-concrete AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-dia
      AOT-sem-exe AOT-sem-lambda-beta AOT-sem-not  $\kappa$ .collapse(1)
       $\kappa$ .exhaust-disc)
  hence  $\kappa'$ -abs:  $\neg(\exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \kappa')$ 
    using is- $\alpha\kappa$ -def by fastforce
  have  $\kappa'$ -den: «AOT-model-denotes  $\kappa'$ »
    by (meson AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def  $\kappa$ .distinct-disc(6)  $\langle is-\alpha\kappa \kappa' \rangle$ )
  assume  $\langle [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \implies [w \models [\Pi']\kappa] = [w \models [\Pi]\kappa'] \rangle$  for  $\Pi' w$ 
  hence indist:  $\langle [v \models \langle\langle Rep-rel \Pi' \kappa' \rangle\rangle] = [v \models \langle\langle Rep-rel \Pi' \kappa' \rangle\rangle] \rangle$ 
    if  $\langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \rangle$  for  $\Pi' v$ 
      by (metis AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe  $\kappa'$ -den  $\kappa$ -den that)
    assume  $\Pi$ -den'':  $\langle [v \models \Pi \downarrow] \rangle$ 
    hence  $\Pi$ -den: «AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi$ »
      using AOT-sem-denotes by blast
    assume  $\exists \Pi'. [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \wedge [v \models \kappa[\Pi']] \wedge$ 
       $(\forall \kappa_0. [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x]\kappa_0] \longrightarrow$ 
       $(\forall w. [w \models [\Pi']\kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi]\kappa_0])) \rangle$ 
  then obtain  $\Pi'$  where
     $\Pi'$ -den:  $\langle [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \rangle$  and
     $\Pi'$ -enc:  $\langle [v \models \kappa[\Pi']] \rangle$  and
     $\Pi'$ -prop:  $\forall \kappa_0. [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x]\kappa_0] \longrightarrow$ 
       $(\forall w. [w \models [\Pi']\kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi]\kappa_0]) \rangle$ 
    by blast
  have «AOT-model-denotes  $\Pi'$ »
    using AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta  $\Pi'$ -enc by force
  moreover have «AOT-model-enc  $\kappa$   $\Pi'$ »

```

```

using AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta  $\Pi'$ -enc by blast
moreover have  $\langle \exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \kappa_0 \rangle \implies$ 
 $[v \models \langle\!\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' \kappa_0 \rangle\!\rangle] = [v \models \langle\!\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi \kappa_0 \rangle\!\rangle]$  for  $\kappa_0 v$ 
proof -
assume  $0: \langle \exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \kappa_0 \rangle$ 
hence  $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa_0] \rangle$  for  $v$ 
using AOT-model-concrete-denotes AOT-sem-concrete AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-dia
AOT-sem-lambda-beta AOT-sem-ordinary-def-denotes by blast
hence  $\forall w. [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi] \kappa_0]$  using  $\Pi'$ -prop by blast
thus  $\langle [v \models \langle\!\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' \kappa_0 \rangle\!\rangle] = [v \models \langle\!\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi \kappa_0 \rangle\!\rangle] \rangle$ 
by (meson 0 AOT-model-concrete-denotes AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe  $\Pi$ -den
calculation(1))
qed
ultimately have  $\langle \exists \Pi'. AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \wedge AOT\text{-model-enc } \kappa \Pi' \wedge$ 
 $(\forall v x. (\exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w x) \longrightarrow$ 
 $[v \models \langle\!\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' x \rangle\!\rangle] = [v \models \langle\!\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi x \rangle\!\rangle]) \rangle$ 
by blast
hence  $\langle \exists \Pi'. AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi' \wedge AOT\text{-model-enc } \kappa' \Pi' \wedge$ 
 $(\forall v x. (\exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w x) \longrightarrow$ 
 $[v \models \langle\!\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi' x \rangle\!\rangle] = [v \models \langle\!\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi x \rangle\!\rangle]) \rangle$ 
using AOT-model-enc-indistinguishable-ex
[ $OF\ ext, OF\ \kappa\text{-den}, OF\ \kappa\text{-abs}, OF\ \kappa'\text{-den}, OF\ \kappa'\text{-abs}, OF\ \Pi\text{-den}]$ 
indist by blast
then obtain  $\Pi''$  where
 $\Pi''\text{-den}: \langle AOT\text{-model-denotes } \Pi'' \rangle$ 
and  $\Pi''\text{-enc}: \langle AOT\text{-model-enc } \kappa' \Pi'' \rangle$ 
and  $\Pi''\text{-prop}: \langle (\exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w x) \implies$ 
 $[v \models \langle\!\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi'' x \rangle\!\rangle] = [v \models \langle\!\langle Rep\text{-rel } \Pi x \rangle\!\rangle]$  for  $v x$ 
by blast
have  $\langle [v \models \Pi'' \downarrow] \rangle$ 
by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes  $\Pi''\text{-den}$ )
moreover have  $\langle [v \models \kappa'[\Pi']] \rangle$ 
by (simp add: AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta  $\Pi''\text{-den}$   $\Pi''\text{-enc } \kappa'\text{-den}$ )
moreover have  $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa_0] \implies$ 
 $(\forall w. [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi] \kappa_0]) \rangle$  for  $\kappa_0$ 
proof -
assume  $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa_0] \rangle$ 
hence  $\langle \exists w. AOT\text{-model-concrete } w \kappa_0 \rangle$ 
by (metis AOT-sem-concrete AOT-sem-exe AOT-sem-lambda-beta)
thus  $\langle \forall w. [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi] \kappa_0] \rangle$ 
using  $\Pi''\text{-prop}$ 
by (metis AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe  $\Pi''\text{-den}$   $\Pi$ -den)
qed
ultimately show  $\langle \exists \Pi'. [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \wedge [v \models \kappa'[\Pi']] \wedge$ 
 $(\forall \kappa_0. [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \kappa_0] \longrightarrow$ 
 $(\forall w. [w \models [\Pi'] \kappa_0] = [w \models [\Pi] \kappa_0])) \rangle$ 
by (safe intro!: exI[where  $x=\Pi'$ ]) blast+
qed
end

```

Define encoding for products using projection-encoding.

```

instantiation prod :: (AOT-UnaryEnc, AOT-Enc) AOT-Enc
begin
definition AOT-proj-enc-prod ::  $\langle 'a \times 'b \Rightarrow ('a \times 'b \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o \rangle$  where
 $\langle AOT\text{-proj-enc-prod} \equiv \lambda (\kappa, \kappa'). \varphi . \langle\!\langle \kappa [\lambda \nu \langle\!\langle \varphi (\nu, \kappa') \rangle\!\rangle] \&$ 
 $\langle\!\langle AOT\text{-proj-enc } \kappa' (\lambda \nu. \varphi (\kappa, \nu)) \rangle\!\rangle \rangle$ 
definition AOT-enc-prod ::  $\langle 'a \times 'b \Rightarrow <'a \times 'b> \Rightarrow o \rangle$  where
 $\langle AOT\text{-enc-prod} \equiv \lambda \kappa \Pi . \langle\!\langle \Pi \downarrow \& \langle\!\langle AOT\text{-proj-enc } \kappa (\lambda \kappa_1' \kappa_n'. \langle\!\langle [\Pi] \kappa_1' \dots \kappa_n' \rangle\!\rangle) \rangle\!\rangle \rangle$ 
instance proof
show  $\langle [v \models \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n [\Pi]] \implies [v \models \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \downarrow] \wedge [v \models \Pi \downarrow] \rangle$ 
for  $v$  and  $\kappa_1 \kappa_n :: 'a \times 'b$  and  $\Pi$ 
unfolding AOT-enc-prod-def
apply (induct  $\kappa_1 \kappa_n$ ; simp add: AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-proj-enc-prod-def)

```

```

by (metis AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-enc-denotes
      AOT-sem-proj-enc-denotes case-prodI)

next
  show ⟨[v ⊨ κ1...κn[Π]] = 
    [v ⊨ «Π↓ & «AOT-proj-enc κ1κn (λ κ1κn. «[Π]κ1...κn»)»]⟩
    for v and κ1κn :: ⟨'a×'b⟩ and Π
    unfolding AOT-enc-prod-def ..
next
  show ⟨[v ⊨ «AOT-proj-enc κs φ]⟩ ⟹ [v ⊨ «κs»↓]
    for v and κs :: ⟨'a×'b⟩ and φ
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)
        AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-denotes-prod-def
        AOT-sem-enc-denotes AOT-sem-proj-enc-denotes
        AOT-proj-enc-prod-def case-prod-unfold)
next
  fix v w Π and κ1κn :: ⟨'a×'b⟩
  show ⟨[w ⊨ κ1...κn[Π]]⟩ if ⟨[v ⊨ κ1...κn[Π]]⟩ for v w Π and κ1κn :: ⟨'a×'b⟩
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)
        AOT-enc-prod-def AOT-sem-enc-proj-enc AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes
        AOT-sem-proj-enc-nec AOT-proj-enc-prod-def case-prod-unfold that)
next
  show ⟨[w ⊨ «AOT-proj-enc κ1κn φ]⟩ if ⟨[v ⊨ «AOT-proj-enc κ1κn φ]⟩
    for v w φ and κ1κn :: ⟨'a×'b⟩
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting)
        that AOT-sem-enc-proj-enc AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes
        AOT-sem-proj-enc-nec AOT-proj-enc-prod-def case-prod-unfold)
next
  fix v
  obtain κ :: 'a where a-prop: ⟨[v ⊨ κ]⟩ ∧ (∀ Π . [v ⊨ Π↓] → [v ⊨ κ[Π]])⟩
    using AOT-sem-universal-encoder by blast
  obtain κ1'κn' :: 'b where b-prop:
    ⟨[v ⊨ κ1'...κn']⟩ ∧ (∀ φ . [v ⊨ [λν1...νn «φ ν1νn»]↓] →
    [v ⊨ «AOT-proj-enc κ1'κn' φ]⟩)
    using AOT-sem-universal-encoder by blast
  have ⟨AOT-model-denotes «[λν1...νn [«Π»]ν1...νn κ1'...κn']»⟩
    if ⟨AOT-model-denotes Π⟩ for Π :: ⟨'a×'b⟩
    unfolding AOT-model-lambda-denotes
    by (metis AOT-meta-prod-equivI(2) AOT-sem-exe-equiv)
  moreover have ⟨AOT-model-denotes «[λν1...νn [«Π»]κ ν1...νn]»⟩
    if ⟨AOT-model-denotes Π⟩ for Π :: ⟨'a×'b⟩
    unfolding AOT-model-lambda-denotes
    by (metis AOT-meta-prod-equivI(1) AOT-sem-exe-equiv)
  ultimately have 1: ⟨[v ⊨ «(κ,κ1'κn')»↓]⟩
    and 2: ⟨(∀ Π . [v ⊨ Π↓] → [v ⊨ κ κ1'...κn'[Π]])⟩
  using a-prop b-prop
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-enc-κ-meta AOT-model-enc-κ-def
        AOT-model-denotes-κ-def AOT-model-denotes-prod-def
        AOT-enc-prod-def AOT-proj-enc-prod-def AOT-sem-conj)
  have ⟨AOT-model-denotes «[λz1...zn «φ (z1zn, κ1'κn')»]»⟩
    if ⟨AOT-model-denotes «[λz1...zm φ{z1...zm}]»⟩ for φ :: ⟨'a×'b ⇒ o⟩
    using that
    unfolding AOT-model-lambda-denotes
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-denotes-prod-def
        AOT-meta-prod-equivI(2) b-prop case-prodI)
  moreover have ⟨AOT-model-denotes «[λz1...zn «φ (κ, z1zn)»]»⟩
    if ⟨AOT-model-denotes «[λz1...zm φ{z1...zm}]»⟩ for φ :: ⟨'a×'b ⇒ o⟩
    using that
    unfolding AOT-model-lambda-denotes
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-denotes-prod-def
        AOT-meta-prod-equivI(1) a-prop case-prodI)
  ultimately have 3:
    ⟨[v ⊨ «(κ,κ1'κn')»↓] ∧ ( ∀ φ . [v ⊨ [λz1...zn φ{z1...zn}]↓] →
    [v ⊨ «AOT-proj-enc (κ,κ1'κn') φ»]⟩

```

```

using a-prop b-prop
by (auto simp: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-enc- $\kappa$ -meta AOT-model-enc- $\kappa$ -def
      AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def AOT-enc-prod-def AOT-proj-enc-prod-def
      AOT-sem-conj AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)
show  $\exists \kappa_1 \kappa_n :: 'a \times 'b$ .  $[v \models \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n] \wedge (\forall \Pi . [v \models \Pi] \longrightarrow [v \models \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n[\Pi]]) \wedge$ 
       $(\forall \varphi . [v \models [\lambda z_1 \dots z_n \langle\langle \varphi z_1 z_n \rangle\rangle] \longrightarrow$ 
       $[v \models \langle\langle AOT\text{-proj-enc } \kappa_1 \kappa_n \varphi \rangle\rangle])$ 
apply (rule exI[where x=⟨(κ,κ₁'κₙ')⟩]) using 1 2 3 by blast
qed
end

```

Sanity-check to verify that n-ary encoding follows.

```

lemma ⟨[v ⊨ κ₁κ₂[Π]] = [v ⊨ Π] & κ₁[λν[Π]νκ₂] & κ₂[λν[Π]κ₁ν]]⟩
  for κ₁ :: 'a::AOT-UnaryEnc and κ₂ :: 'b::AOT-UnaryEnc
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-conj AOT-enc-prod-def AOT-proj-enc-prod-def
            AOT-sem-unary-proj-enc)
lemma ⟨[v ⊨ κ₁κ₂κ₃[Π]] =
  [v ⊨ Π] & κ₁[λν[Π]νκ₂κ₃] & κ₂[λν[Π]κ₁νκ₃] & κ₃[λν[Π]κ₁κ₂ν]]⟩
  for κ₁ κ₂ κ₃ :: 'a::AOT-UnaryEnc
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-conj AOT-enc-prod-def AOT-proj-enc-prod-def
            AOT-sem-unary-proj-enc)

```

```

lemma AOT-sem-vars-denote: ⟨[v ⊨ α₁...αₙ]⟩
  by induct simp

```

Combine the introduced type classes and register them as type constraints for individual terms.

```

class AOT- $\kappa$ s = AOT-IndividualTerm + AOT-RelationProjection + AOT-Enc
class AOT- $\kappa$  = AOT- $\kappa$ s + AOT-UnaryIndividualTerm +
  AOT-UnaryRelationProjection + AOT-UnaryEnc

```

```

instance  $\kappa :: AOT\text{-}\kappa$  by standard
instance prod :: (AOT- $\kappa$ , AOT- $\kappa$ s) AOT- $\kappa$ s by standard

```

AOT-register-type-constraints

```

  Individual: ⟨-::AOT- $\kappa$ ⟩ ⟨-::AOT- $\kappa$ s⟩ and
  Relation: ⟨<-::AOT- $\kappa$ s>⟩

```

We define semantic predicates to capture the conditions of cqt.2 (i.e. the base cases of denoting terms) on matrices of λ -expressions.

```

definition AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 :: ⟨('a::AOT- $\kappa$ s ⇒ o) ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 ≡ λ φ . ∀ x y . AOT-model-denotes x ∧ AOT-model-denotes y ∧
    AOT-model-term-equiv x y ⟶ φ x = φ y⟩
definition AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg :: ⟨('a::AOT- $\kappa$ s ⇒ 'b::AOT- $\kappa$ s) ⇒ bool⟩ where
  ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg ≡ λ φ . ∀ x y .
    AOT-model-denotes x ∧ AOT-model-denotes y ∧ AOT-model-term-equiv x y ⟶
    AOT-model-term-equiv (φ x) (φ y)⟩

```

λ -expressions with a matrix that satisfies our predicate denote.

```

lemma AOT-sem-cqt-2:
  assumes ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 φ⟩
  shows ⟨[v ⊨ [λν₁...νₙ φ{ν₁...νₙ}]]⟩
  using assms
  by (metis AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-denotes)

```

```

syntax AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 :: ⟨id-position ⇒ AOT-prop⟩
  ⟨INSTANCE'-OF'-CQT'-2'(-)⟩

```

Prove introduction rules for the predicates that match the natural language restrictions of the axiom.

```

named-theorems AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-const[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λα. φ)⟩
  by (simp add: AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-lambda-denotes)

```

```

lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-not[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 φ⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λτ. «¬φ{τ}»)⟩
  using assms
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-imp[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 φ⟩ and ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 ψ⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λτ. «φ{τ} → ψ{τ}»)⟩
  using assms
  by (auto simp: AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes
        AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-imp)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-box[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 φ⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λτ. «□φ{τ}»)⟩
  using assms
  by (auto simp: AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes
        AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-box)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-act[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 φ⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λτ. «Aφ{τ}»)⟩
  using assms
  by (auto simp: AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes
        AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-act)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-diamond[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 φ⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λτ. «◊φ{τ}»)⟩
  using assms
  by (auto simp: AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes
        AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-dia)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-conj[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 φ⟩ and ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 ψ⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λτ. «φ{τ} & ψ{τ}»)⟩
  using assms
  by (auto simp: AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes
        AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-conj)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-disj[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 φ⟩ and ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 ψ⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λτ. «φ{τ} ∨ ψ{τ}»)⟩
  using assms
  by (auto simp: AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes
        AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-disj)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-equib[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 φ⟩ and ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 ψ⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λτ. «φ{τ} ≡ ψ{τ}»)⟩
  using assms
  by (auto simp: AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes
        AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-equiv)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-forall[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨¬ α . AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (Φ α)⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λτ. «∀ α Φ{α,τ}»)⟩
  using assms
  by (auto simp: AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes
        AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-forall)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-exists[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨¬ α . AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (Φ α)⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λτ. «∃ α Φ{α,τ}»)⟩
  using assms
  by (auto simp: AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes
        AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-exists)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-exe-arg-self[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg (λx. x)⟩
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg-def AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def
  AOT-sem-lambda-denotes

```

```

by (auto simp: AOT-model-term-equiv-part-equivp equivp-reflp AOT-sem-denotes)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-exe-arg-const[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg (λx. κ)⟩
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg-def AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def
  by (auto simp: AOT-model-term-equiv-part-equivp equivp-reflp
    AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-lambda-denotes)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-exe-arg-fst[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg fst⟩
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg-def AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def
  by (simp add: AOT-model-term-equiv-prod-def case-prod-beta)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-exe-arg-snd[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg snd⟩
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg-def AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def
  by (simp add: AOT-model-term-equiv-prod-def AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-lambda-denotes)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-exe-arg-Pair[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg φ⟩ and ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg ψ⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg (λτ. Pair (φ τ) (ψ τ))⟩
  using assms
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg-def AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def
    AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-lambda-denotes AOT-model-term-equiv-prod-def
    AOT-model-denotes-prod-def
  by auto
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-desc[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨¬z :: 'a::AOT-κ. AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (Φ z)⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg (λ κ :: 'b::AOT-κ . «lz(Φ{z,κ})»)⟩
proof -
  have 0: ⟨¬κ κ'. AOT-model-denotes κ ∧ AOT-model-denotes κ' ∧
    AOT-model-term-equiv κ κ' ⟹
    Φ z κ = Φ z κ'⟩ for z
  using assms
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def
    AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-lambda-denotes by force
  {
    fix κ κ'
    have ««lz(Φ{z,κ})» = «lz(Φ{z,κ'})»»
      if ⟨AOT-model-denotes κ ∧ AOT-model-denotes κ' ∧ AOT-model-term-equiv κ κ'⟩
      using 0[OF that]
      by auto
    moreover have ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv x x⟩ for x :: 'a::AOT-κ
      by (metis AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg-def
        AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-exe-arg-const
        AOT-model-A-objects AOT-model-term-equiv-denotes
        AOT-model-term-equiv-eps(1))
    ultimately have ⟨AOT-model-term-equiv «lz(Φ{z,κ})» «lz(Φ{z,κ'})»⟩
      if ⟨AOT-model-denotes κ ∧ AOT-model-denotes κ' ∧ AOT-model-term-equiv κ κ'⟩
      using that by simp
  }
  thus ?thesis using 0
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg-def
  by simp
qed

lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-exe-const[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg κs⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λx :: 'b::AOT-κs. AOT-exe Π (κs x))⟩
  using assms
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-lambda-denotes
    AOT-sem-disj AOT-sem-conj
    AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-act AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg-def
    AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-exists AOT-sem-dia
  by (auto intro!: AOT-sem-exe-equiv)
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-exe-lam[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes ⟨¬y . AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λx. φ x y)⟩

```

```

and <AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg κs>
shows <AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λκ₁κₙ :: 'b::AOT-κs.
    «[λν₁...νₙ φ{κ₁...κₙ, ν₁...νₙ}]»κs κ₁κₙ»)>

proof -
{
  fix x y :: 'b
  assume <AOT-model-denotes x>
  moreover assume <AOT-model-denotes y>
  moreover assume <AOT-model-term-equiv x y>
  moreover have 1: <φ x = φ y>
    using assms calculation unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def by blast
  ultimately have <AOT-exe (AOT-lambda (φ x)) (κs x) =
    AOT-exe (AOT-lambda (φ y)) (κs y)
    unfolding 1
    apply (safe intro!: AOT-sem-exe-equiv)
    by (metis AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg-def assms(2))
}
thus ?thesis
unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def
  AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-exe-arg-def
  by blast
qed

lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro-prod[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro]:
  assumes <∀ x . AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (φ x)>
    and <∀ x . AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λ z . φ z x)>
shows <AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λ(x,y) . φ x y)>
using assms unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def
by (auto simp add: AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-denotes
  AOT-model-denotes-prod-def
  AOT-model-term-equiv-prod-def)

```

The following are already derivable semantically, but not yet added to *AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro*. They will be added with the next planned extension of axiom cqt:2.

```

named-theorems AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro-next
definition AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-arg :: <('a::AOT-κs ⇒ 'b::AOT-κs) ⇒ bool> where
  <AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-arg ≡ λ φ . ∀ x y z .
    AOT-model-denotes x ∧ AOT-model-denotes y ∧ AOT-model-term-equiv x y —→
    AOT-enc (φ x) z = AOT-enc (φ y) z>
definition AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-rel :: <('a::AOT-κs ⇒ 'b::AOT-κs) ⇒ bool> where
  <AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-rel ≡ λ φ . ∀ x y z .
    AOT-model-denotes x ∧ AOT-model-denotes y ∧ AOT-model-term-equiv x y —→
    AOT-enc z (φ x) = AOT-enc z (φ y)>
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intros-enc[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro-next]:
  assumes <AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-rel Π> and <AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-arg κs>
  shows <AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (λx . AOT-enc (κs x) «[«Π x»]»)>
  using assms
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-lambda-denotes
    AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-rel-def AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-act
    AOT-sem-dia AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-disj AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-imp
    AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-exists AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-arg-def
  by fastforce+
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-arg-intro-const[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro-next]:
  <AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-arg (λx. c)>
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-arg-def by simp
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-arg-intro-desc[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro-next]:
  assumes <∀z :: 'a::AOT-κ. AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (Φ z)>
  shows <AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-arg (λ κ :: 'b::AOT-κ . «ιz(Φ{z,κ})»)>
proof -
  have 0: <∀ κ κ'. AOT-model-denotes κ ∧ AOT-model-denotes κ' ∧
    AOT-model-term-equiv κ κ' ⇒
    Φ z κ = Φ z κ'> for z
  using assms
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def

```

```

AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-lambda-denotes by force
{
fix κ κ'
have «« $\iota z(\Phi\{z,\kappa\})$ » = « $\iota z(\Phi\{z,\kappa'\})$ »»
  if ‹AOT-model-denotes κ ∧ AOT-model-denotes κ' ∧ AOT-model-term-equiv κ κ'›
  using 0[OF that]
  by auto
}
thus ?thesis using 0
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-arg-def by meson
qed
lemma AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-rel-intro[AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro-next]:
  assumes ‹ $\bigwedge \kappa . AOT\text{-instance-of-cqt-2}(\lambda \kappa :: 'b::AOT\text{-}\kappa s . \varphi \kappa \kappa')$ ›
  assumes ‹ $\bigwedge \kappa' . AOT\text{-instance-of-cqt-2}(\lambda \kappa :: 'a::AOT\text{-}\kappa s . \varphi \kappa \kappa')$ ›
  shows ‹AOT\text{-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-rel}(\lambda \kappa :: 'a::AOT\text{-}\kappa s. AOT\text{-lambda}(\lambda \kappa'. \varphi \kappa \kappa'))›
proof -
{
fix x y :: 'a and z :: 'b
assume ‹AOT-model-term-equiv x y›
moreover assume ‹AOT-model-denotes x›
moreover assume ‹AOT-model-denotes y›
ultimately have ‹ $\varphi x = \varphi y$ ›
  using assms unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-def by blast
hence ‹AOT-enc z (AOT-lambda (\varphi x)) = AOT-enc z (AOT-lambda (\varphi y))›
  by simp
}
thus ?thesis
  unfolding AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-enc-rel-def by auto
qed

```

Further restrict unary individual variables to type κ (rather than class $AOT\text{-}\kappa$ only) and define being ordinary and being abstract.

AOT-register-type-constraints

Individual: $\langle \kappa \rangle \langle \cdot \cdot : AOT\text{-}\kappa s \rangle$

```

AOT-define AOT-ordinary :: ‹Π› ⟨O!› ⟨O! =df [λx ◊ E!x]›
declare AOT-ordinary[AOT del, AOT-defs del]
AOT-define AOT-abstract :: ‹Π› ⟨A!› ⟨A! =df [λx ¬◊ E!x]›
declare AOT-abstract[AOT del, AOT-defs del]

```

```

context AOT-meta-syntax
begin
notation AOT-ordinary ⟨O!›
notation AOT-abstract ⟨A!›
end
context AOT-no-meta-syntax
begin
no-notation AOT-ordinary ⟨O!›
no-notation AOT-abstract ⟨A!›
end

```

no-translations

```

-AOT-concrete => CONST AOT-term-of-var (CONST AOT-concrete)
parse-translation⟨
[(syntax-const ‹-AOT-concrete›, fn - => fn [] =>
  Const (const-name AOT-term-of-var, dummyT)
  $ Const (const-name AOT-concrete, typ ‹<κ> AOT-var)))]
⟩

```

Auxiliary lemmata.

```

lemma AOT-sem-ordinary: «O!» = «[λx ◊ E!x]»
  using AOT-ordinary[THEN AOT-sem-id-def0E1] AOT-sem-ordinary-def-denotes
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-eq)

```

```

lemma AOT-sem-abstract: « $A!$ » = « $[\lambda x \neg\Diamond E!x]$ »
  using AOT-abstract[THEN AOT-sem-id-def0E1] AOT-sem-abstract-def-denotes
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-eq)
lemma AOT-sem-ordinary-denotes: « $w \models O!\downarrow$ »
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-ordinary AOT-sem-ordinary-def-denotes)
lemma AOT-meta-abstract-denotes: « $w \models A!\downarrow$ »
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-abstract AOT-sem-abstract-def-denotes)
lemma AOT-model-abstract- $\alpha\kappa$ : « $\exists a . \kappa = \alpha\kappa a$ » if « $[v \models A!\kappa]$ »
  using that[unfolded AOT-sem-abstract, simplified]
    AOT-meta-abstract-denotes[unfolded AOT-sem-abstract, THEN AOT-sem-lambda-beta,
      OF that[simplified AOT-sem-exe, THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct1]]]
apply (simp add: AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-dia AOT-sem-concrete)
  by (metis AOT-model- $\omega$ -concrete-in-some-world AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simps(1)
    AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe  $\kappa$ .exhaust-disc
    is- $\alpha\kappa$ -def is- $\omega\kappa$ -def that)
lemma AOT-model-ordinary- $\omega\kappa$ : « $\exists a . \kappa = \omega\kappa a$ » if « $[v \models O!\kappa]$ »
  using that[unfolded AOT-sem-ordinary, simplified]
    AOT-sem-ordinary-denotes[unfolded AOT-sem-ordinary, THEN AOT-sem-lambda-beta,
      OF that[simplified AOT-sem-exe, THEN conjunct2, THEN conjunct1]]]
apply (simp add: AOT-sem-dia AOT-sem-concrete)
  by (metis AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simps(2) AOT-model-concrete- $\kappa$ .simps(3)
     $\kappa$ .exhaust-disc is- $\alpha\kappa$ -def is- $\omega\kappa$ -def is-null $\kappa$ -def)
lemma AOT-model- $\omega\kappa$ -ordinary: « $[v \models O!«\omega\kappa x»]$ »
  by (metis AOT-model-abstract- $\alpha\kappa$  AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def AOT-sem-abstract
    AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-ind-eq AOT-sem-ordinary  $\kappa$ .disc(7)  $\kappa$ .distinct(1))
lemma AOT-model- $\alpha\kappa$ -ordinary: « $[v \models A!«\alpha\kappa x»]$ »
  by (metis AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def AOT-model-ordinary- $\omega\kappa$  AOT-sem-abstract
    AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-ind-eq AOT-sem-ordinary  $\kappa$ .disc(8)  $\kappa$ .distinct(1))
AOT-theorem prod-denotesE: assumes « $(\kappa_1, \kappa_2) \Downarrow$ » shows « $\kappa_1 \downarrow \& \kappa_2 \downarrow$ »
  using assms by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-conj AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)
declare prod-denotesE[AOT del]
AOT-theorem prod-denotesI: assumes « $\kappa_1 \downarrow \& \kappa_2 \downarrow$ » shows « $((\kappa_1, \kappa_2)) \Downarrow$ »
  using assms by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-conj AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)
declare prod-denotesI[AOT del]

```

Prepare the derivation of the additional axioms that are validated by our extended models.

```

locale AOT-ExtendedModel =
  assumes AOT-ExtendedModel: «AOT-ExtendedModel»
begin
lemma AOT-sem-indistinguishable-ord-enc-all:
  assumes  $\Pi$ -den: « $v \models \Pi\downarrow$ »
  assumes Ax: « $v \models A!x$ »
  assumes Ay: « $v \models A!y$ »
  assumes indist: « $v \models \forall F \square([F]x \equiv [F]y)$ »
  shows
    « $v \models \forall G(\forall z(O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [\Pi]z)) \rightarrow x[G]) =$ 
       $[v \models \forall G(\forall z(O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [\Pi]z)) \rightarrow y[G])]$ »
proof –
  have 0: « $v \models [\lambda x \neg\Diamond E!x]x$ »
    using Ax by (simp add: AOT-sem-abstract)
  have 1: « $v \models [\lambda x \neg\Diamond E!x]y$ »
    using Ay by (simp add: AOT-sem-abstract)
  {
    assume « $v \models \forall G(\forall z(O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [\Pi]z)) \rightarrow x[G])$ »
    hence 3: « $v \models \forall G(\forall z([\lambda x \Diamond E!x]z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [\Pi]z)) \rightarrow x[G])$ »
      by (simp add: AOT-sem-ordinary)
    {
      fix  $\Pi' :: \langle\kappa\rangle$ 
      assume 1: « $v \models \Pi'\downarrow$ »
      assume 2: « $v \models [\lambda x \Diamond E!x]z \rightarrow \square([\Pi']z \equiv [\Pi]z)$ » for z
      have « $v \models x[\Pi']$ »
        using 3
      by (auto simp: AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-denotes)
    }
  }

```

```

(metis (no-types, lifting) 1 2 AOT-term-of-var-cases AOT-sem-box
      AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-imp)
} note 3 = this
fix  $\Pi' :: \langle \kappa \rangle$ 
assume  $\Pi\text{-den}: \langle [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \rangle$ 
assume 4:  $\langle [v \models \forall z (O!z \rightarrow \square([\Pi']z \equiv [\Pi]z))] \rangle$ 
{
  fix  $\kappa_0$ 
  assume  $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x]\kappa_0] \rangle$ 
  hence  $\langle [v \models O!\kappa_0] \rangle$ 
    using AOT-sem-ordinary by metis
  moreover have  $\langle [v \models \kappa_0 \downarrow] \rangle$ 
    using calculation by (simp add: AOT-sem-exe)
  ultimately have  $\langle [v \models \square([\Pi']\kappa_0 \equiv [\Pi]\kappa_0)] \rangle$ 
    using 4 by (auto simp: AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-imp)
} note 4 = this
{
  fix  $\Pi'' :: \langle \kappa \rangle$ 
  assume  $\langle [v \models \Pi'' \downarrow] \rangle$ 
  moreover assume  $\langle [w \models [\Pi']\kappa_0 = [w \models [\Pi']\kappa_0] \rangle \text{ if } \langle [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond E!x]\kappa_0] \rangle \text{ for } \kappa_0 w$ 
  ultimately have 5:  $\langle [v \models x[\Pi']] \rangle$ 
    using 4 3
    by (auto simp: AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-box)
} note 5 = this
have  $\langle [v \models y[\Pi']] \rangle$ 
  apply (rule AOT-sem-enc-indistinguishable-all[OF AOT-ExtendedModel])
  apply (fact 0)
  by (auto simp: 5 0 1  $\Pi\text{-den}$  indist[simplified AOT-sem-forall
      AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-equiv])
}
moreover {
{
  assume  $\langle [v \models \forall G (\forall z (O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [\Pi]z)) \rightarrow y[G])] \rangle$ 
  hence 3:  $\langle [v \models \forall G (\forall z ([\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x]z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [\Pi]z)) \rightarrow y[G])] \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: AOT-sem-ordinary)
  fix  $\Pi' :: \langle \kappa \rangle$ 
  assume 1:  $\langle [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \rangle$ 
  assume 2:  $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x]z \rightarrow \square([\Pi']z \equiv [\Pi]z)] \rangle \text{ for } z$ 
  have  $\langle [v \models y[\Pi']] \rangle$ 
    using 3
    apply (simp add: AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-denotes)
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) 1 2 AOT-model.AOT-term-of-var-cases
        AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-imp)
} note 3 = this
fix  $\Pi' :: \langle \kappa \rangle$ 
assume  $\Pi\text{-den}: \langle [v \models \Pi' \downarrow] \rangle$ 
assume 4:  $\langle [v \models \forall z (O!z \rightarrow \square([\Pi']z \equiv [\Pi]z))] \rangle$ 
{
  fix  $\kappa_0$ 
  assume  $\langle [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x]\kappa_0] \rangle$ 
  hence  $\langle [v \models O!\kappa_0] \rangle$ 
    using AOT-sem-ordinary by metis
  moreover have  $\langle [v \models \kappa_0 \downarrow] \rangle$ 
    using calculation by (simp add: AOT-sem-exe)
  ultimately have  $\langle [v \models \square([\Pi']\kappa_0 \equiv [\Pi]\kappa_0)] \rangle$ 
    using 4 by (auto simp: AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-imp)
} note 4 = this
{
  fix  $\Pi'' :: \langle \kappa \rangle$ 
  assume  $\langle [v \models \Pi'' \downarrow] \rangle$ 
  moreover assume  $\langle [w \models [\Pi']\kappa_0 = [w \models [\Pi']\kappa_0] \rangle \text{ if } \langle [v \models [\lambda x \Diamond E!x]\kappa_0] \rangle \text{ for } w \kappa_0$ 
  ultimately have  $\langle [v \models y[\Pi']] \rangle$ 
}

```

```

    using 3 4 by (auto simp: AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-box)
  } note 5 = this
  have <[v ⊨ x[Π']]>
    apply (rule AOT-sem-enc-indistinguishable-all[OF AOT-ExtendedModel])
      apply (fact 1)
    by (auto simp: 5 0 1 Π-den indist[simplified AOT-sem-forall
          AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-equiv])
  }
}

ultimately show <[v ⊨ ∀ G ( ∀ z (O!z → □([G]z ≡ [Π]z)) → x[G])] =
  <[v ⊨ ∀ G ( ∀ z (O!z → □([G]z ≡ [Π]z)) → y[G])]>
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-imp)
qed

```

lemma AOT-sem-indistinguishable-ord-enc-ex:

```

assumes Π-den: <[v ⊨ Π↓]>
assumes Ax: <[v ⊨ A!x]>
assumes Ay: <[v ⊨ A!y]>
assumes indist: <[v ⊨ ∀ F □([F]x ≡ [F]y)]>
shows <[v ⊨ ∃ G( ∀ z (O!z → □([G]z ≡ [Π]z)) & x[G])] =
  <[v ⊨ ∃ G( ∀ z (O!z → □([G]z ≡ [Π]z)) & y[G])]>

```

proof –

```

  have Aux: <[v ⊨ [λx ◊[E!]x]κ] = ([v ⊨ [λx ◊[E!]x]κ] ∧ [v ⊨ κ↓])> for v κ
    using AOT-sem-exe by blast

```

AOT-modally-strict {

fix x y

AOT-assume Π-den: <[Π]↓>

AOT-assume 2: <∀ F □([F]x ≡ [F]y)>

AOT-assume <A!x>

AOT-hence 0: <[λx ¬◊[E!]x]x>

by (simp add: AOT-sem-abstract)

AOT-assume <A!y>

AOT-hence 1: <[λx ¬◊[E!]x]y>

by (simp add: AOT-sem-abstract)

{

AOT-assume <∃ G(∀ z (O!z → □([G]z ≡ [Π]z)) & x[G])>

then AOT-obtain Π'

where Π'-den: <Π'↓>

and Π'-indist: <∀ z (O!z → □([Π']z ≡ [Π]z))>

and x-enc-Π': <x[Π']>

by (meson AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-exists)

{

 fix κ₀

AOT-assume <[λx ◊[E!]x]κ₀>

AOT-hence <□([Π']κ₀ ≡ [Π]κ₀)>

using Π'-indist

by (auto simp: AOT-sem-exe AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-exists AOT-sem-conj
 AOT-sem-ordinary AOT-sem-forall)

} **note** 3 = this

AOT-have <∀ z ([λx ◊[E!]x]z → □([Π']z ≡ [Π]z))>

using Π'-indist **by** (simp add: AOT-sem-ordinary)

AOT-obtain Π'' **where**

 Π''-den: <Π''↓> **and**

 Π''-indist: <[λx ◊[E!]x]κ₀ → □([Π'']κ₀ ≡ [Π]κ₀)> **and**

 y-enc-Π'': <y[Π'']> **for** κ₀

using AOT-sem-enc-indistinguishable-ex[OF AOT-ExtendedModel,

 OF 0, OF 1, rotated, OF Π-den,

 OF exI[**where** x=Π'], OF conjI, OF Π'-den, OF conjI,

 OF x-enc-Π', OF allI, OF impI,

 OF 3[simplified AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-equiv], simplified, OF

 2[simplified AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-box,

 THEN spec, THEN mp, THEN spec], simplified]

unfolding AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-equiv **by** blast

```

{
  AOT-have ⟨Π''↓⟩
    and ⟨∀ x ([λx ◊[E!]x]x → □([Π']x ≡ [Π]x))⟩
    and ⟨y[Π']⟩
    apply (simp add: Π''-den)
    apply (simp add: AOT-sem-forall Π''-indist)
    by (simp add: y-enc-Π')
  } note 2 = this
AOT-have ⟨∃ G(∀ z (O!z → □([G]z ≡ [Π]z)) & y[G])⟩
  apply (simp add: AOT-sem-exists AOT-sem-ordinary
    AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-conj)
  using 2[simplified AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-forall]
  by blast
}
} note 0 = this
AOT-modally-strict {
{
  fix x y
  AOT-assume Π-den: ⟨[Π]↓⟩
  moreover AOT-assume ⟨∀ F □([F]x ≡ [F]y)⟩
  moreover AOT-have ⟨∀ F □([F]y ≡ [F]x)⟩
    using calculation(2)
    by (auto simp: AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-equiv)
  moreover AOT-assume ⟨A!x⟩
  moreover AOT-assume ⟨A!y⟩
  ultimately AOT-have ⟨∃ G ( ∀ z (O!z → □([G]z ≡ [Π]z)) & x[G]) ≡
    ∃ G ( ∀ z (O!z → □([G]z ≡ [Π]z)) & y[G])⟩
    using 0 by (auto simp: AOT-sem-equiv)
}
have 1: ⟨[v ⊨ ∀ F □([F]y ≡ [F]x)]⟩
  using indist
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-equiv)
thus ⟨[v ⊨ ∃ G ( ∀ z (O!z → □([G]z ≡ [Π]z)) & x[G])] = [
  [v ⊨ ∃ G ( ∀ z (O!z → □([G]z ≡ [Π]z)) & y[G])]⟩
  using assms
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-equiv 0)
}
qed
end

```

```

setup⟨setup-AOT-no-atp⟩
bundle AOT-no-atp begin declare AOT-no-atp[no-atp] end

```

```

theory AOT-Definitions
  imports AOT-semantics
begin

```

6 Definitions of AOT

```

AOT-theorem conventions:1: ⟨φ & ψ ≡df ¬(φ → ¬ψ)⟩
  using AOT-conj.
AOT-theorem conventions:2: ⟨φ ∨ ψ ≡df ¬φ → ψ⟩
  using AOT-disj.
AOT-theorem conventions:3: ⟨φ ≡ ψ ≡df (φ → ψ) & (ψ → φ)⟩
  using AOT-equiv.
AOT-theorem conventions:4: ⟨∃ α φ{α} ≡df ¬∀ α ¬φ{α}⟩
  using AOT-exists.
AOT-theorem conventions:5: ⟨◊φ ≡df ¬□¬φ⟩
  using AOT-dia.

```

```

declare conventions:1[AOT-defs] conventions:2[AOT-defs]
  conventions:3[AOT-defs] conventions:4[AOT-defs]
  conventions:5[AOT-defs]

notepad
begin
  fix  $\varphi \psi \chi$ 

  have conventions3[1]: « $\varphi \rightarrow \psi \equiv \neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi$ » = « $(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi)$ »
    by blast
  have conventions3[2]: « $\varphi \& \psi \rightarrow \chi$ » = « $(\varphi \& \psi) \rightarrow \chi$ »
    and « $\varphi \vee \psi \rightarrow \chi$ » = « $(\varphi \vee \psi) \rightarrow \chi$ »
    by blast+
  have conventions3[3]: « $\varphi \vee \psi \& \chi$ » = « $(\varphi \vee \psi) \& \chi$ »
    and « $\varphi \& \psi \vee \chi$ » = « $(\varphi \& \psi) \vee \chi$ »
    by blast+
  — Note that PLM instead generally uses parenthesis in these cases.
end

```

```

AOT-theorem existence:1:  $\kappa \downarrow \equiv_{df} \exists F [F]\kappa$ 
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exists AOT-model-equiv-def)
    (metis AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe AOT-sem-lambda-beta AOT-sem-lambda-denotes)
AOT-theorem existence:2:  $\Pi \downarrow \equiv_{df} \exists x_1 \dots \exists x_n x_1 \dots x_n [\Pi]$ 
  using AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-enc-denotes AOT-sem-universal-encoder
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exists AOT-model-equiv-def) blast
AOT-theorem existence:2[1]:  $\Pi \downarrow \equiv_{df} \exists x x[\Pi]$ 
  using existence:2[of  $\Pi$ ] by simp
AOT-theorem existence:2[2]:  $\Pi \downarrow \equiv_{df} \exists x \exists y xy[\Pi]$ 
  using existence:2[of  $\Pi$ ]
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exists AOT-model-equiv-def
    AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)
AOT-theorem existence:2[3]:  $\Pi \downarrow \equiv_{df} \exists x \exists y \exists z xyz[\Pi]$ 
  using existence:2[of  $\Pi$ ]
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exists AOT-model-equiv-def
    AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)
AOT-theorem existence:2[4]:  $\Pi \downarrow \equiv_{df} \exists x_1 \exists x_2 \exists x_3 \exists x_4 x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 [\Pi]$ 
  using existence:2[of  $\Pi$ ]
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exists AOT-model-equiv-def
    AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)

AOT-theorem existence:3:  $\varphi \downarrow \equiv_{df} [\lambda x \varphi] \downarrow$ 
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-denotes-o-def AOT-model-equiv-def
    AOT-model-lambda-denotes)

declare existence:1[AOT-defs] existence:2[AOT-defs] existence:2[1][AOT-defs]
  existence:2[2][AOT-defs] existence:2[3][AOT-defs]
  existence:2[4][AOT-defs] existence:3[AOT-defs]

```

AOT-theorem oa:1: $O! =_{df} [\lambda x \diamond E!x]$ **using** AOT-ordinary .
AOT-theorem oa:2: $A! =_{df} [\lambda x \neg\diamond E!x]$ **using** AOT-abstract .

declare oa:1[AOT-defs] oa:2[AOT-defs]

AOT-theorem identity:1:
 $x = y \equiv_{df} ([O!]x \& [O!]y \& \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)) \vee$
 $([A!]x \& [A!]y \& \Box \forall F (x[F] \equiv y[F]))$

unfolding AOT-model-equiv-def
using AOT-sem-ind-eq[of - x y]
by (simp add: AOT-sem-ordinary AOT-sem-abstract AOT-sem-conj
 AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-disj AOT-sem-eq
 AOT-sem-denotes)

AOT-theorem identity:2:

```

⟨F = G ≡df F↓ & G↓ & □∀x(x[F] ≡ x[G])⟩
using AOT-sem-enc-eq[of - F G]
by (auto simp: AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq
          AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-equiv)

```

AOT-theorem identity:3[2]:

```

⟨F = G ≡df F↓ & G↓ & ∀y([λz [F]zy] = [λz [G]zy] & [λz [F]yz] = [λz [G]yz])⟩
by (auto simp: AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-proj-id-prop[of - F G]
          AOT-sem-proj-id-prop-def AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes
          AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-unary-proj-id AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)

```

AOT-theorem identity:3[3]:

```

⟨F = G ≡df F↓ & G↓ & ∀y1∀y2([λz [F]zy1y2] = [λz [G]zy1y2] &
          [λz [F]y1zy2] = [λz [G]y1zy2] &
          [λz [F]y1y2z] = [λz [G]y1y2z])⟩
by (auto simp: AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-proj-id-prop[of - F G]
          AOT-sem-proj-id-prop-def AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes
          AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-unary-proj-id AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)

```

AOT-theorem identity:3[4]:

```

⟨F = G ≡df F↓ & G↓ & ∀y1∀y2∀y3([λz [F]zy1y2y3] = [λz [G]zy1y2y3] &
          [λz [F]y1zy2y3] = [λz [G]y1zy2y3] &
          [λz [F]y1y2zy3] = [λz [G]y1y2zy3] &
          [λz [F]y1y2y3z] = [λz [G]y1y2y3z])⟩
by (auto simp: AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-proj-id-prop[of - F G]
          AOT-sem-proj-id-prop-def AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes
          AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-unary-proj-id AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)

```

AOT-theorem identity:3:

```

⟨F = G ≡df F↓ & G↓ & ∀x1...∀xn «AOT-sem-proj-id x1xn (λ τ . AOT-exe F τ)
          (λ τ . AOT-exe G τ)»⟩
by (auto simp: AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-proj-id-prop[of - F G]
          AOT-sem-proj-id-prop-def AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes
          AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-unary-proj-id AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)

```

AOT-theorem identity:4:

```

⟨p = q ≡df p↓ & q↓ & [λx p] = [λx q]⟩
by (auto simp: AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-conj
          AOT-model-lambda-denotes AOT-sem-lambda-eq-prop-eq)

```

```

declare identity:1[AOT-defs] identity:2[AOT-defs] identity:3[2][AOT-defs]
identity:3[3][AOT-defs] identity:3[4][AOT-defs] identity:3[AOT-defs]
identity:4[AOT-defs]

```

```

AOT-define AOT-nonidentical :: ⟨τ ⇒ τ ⇒ φ⟩ (infixl ‹≠› 50)
=−infix: ⟨τ ≠ σ ≡df ¬(τ = σ)⟩

```

```

context AOT-meta-syntax
begin
notation AOT-nonidentical (infixl ‹≠› 50)
end
context AOT-no-meta-syntax
begin
no-notation AOT-nonidentical (infixl ‹≠› 50)
end

```

The following are purely technical pseudo-definitions required due to our internal implementation of n-ary relations and ellipses using tuples.

```

AOT-theorem tuple-denotes: «(τ,τ')»↓ ≡df τ↓ & τ'↓
by (simp add: AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-model-equiv-def
          AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes)

```

```

AOT-theorem tuple-identity-1: «(τ,τ')» = «(σ, σ')» ≡df (τ = σ) & (τ' = σ')
by (auto simp: AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-eq
          AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-denotes)

```

```

AOT-theorem tuple-forall: ∀α1...∀αn φ{α1...αn} ≡df ∀α1(∀α2...∀αn φ{«(α1, α2αn)»})
by (auto simp: AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-denotes)

```

```

AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)
AOT-theorem tuple-exists:  $\langle \exists \alpha_1 \dots \exists \alpha_n \varphi \{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n\} \equiv_{df} \exists \alpha_1 (\exists \alpha_2 \dots \exists \alpha_n \varphi \{ \langle (\alpha_1, \alpha_2 \alpha_n) \rangle \}) \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp: AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-exists AOT-sem-denotes
    AOT-model-denotes-prod-def)
declare tuple-denotes[AOT-defs] tuple-identity-1[AOT-defs] tuple-forall[AOT-defs]
  tuple-exists[AOT-defs]

end

```

7 Axioms of PLM

```

AOT-axiom pl:1:  $\langle \varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-imp AOT-model-axiomI)
AOT-axiom pl:2:  $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \chi)) \rightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \chi)) \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-imp AOT-model-axiomI)
AOT-axiom pl:3:  $\langle (\neg \varphi \rightarrow \neg \psi) \rightarrow ((\neg \varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-not AOT-model-axiomI)

```

```

AOT-axiom cqt:1:  $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi \{\alpha\} \rightarrow (\tau \downarrow \rightarrow \varphi \{\tau\}) \rangle$ 
  by (auto simp: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-imp AOT-model-axiomI)

```

```

AOT-axiom cqt:2[const-var]:  $\langle \alpha \downarrow \rangle$ 
  using AOT-sem-vars-denote by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
AOT-axiom cqt:2[lambda]:  

  assumes INSTANCE-OF-CQT-2( $\varphi$ )
  shows  $\langle [\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$ 
  by (auto intro!: AOT-model-axiomI AOT-sem-cqt-2[OF assms])
AOT-axiom cqt:2[lambda0]:  

  shows  $\langle [\lambda \varphi] \downarrow \rangle$ 
  by (auto intro!: AOT-model-axiomI
    simp: AOT-sem-lambda-denotes existence:3[unfolded AOT-model-equiv-def]))

```

```

AOT-axiom cqt:3:  $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi \{\alpha\} \rightarrow \psi \{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha \varphi \{\alpha\} \rightarrow \forall \alpha \psi \{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-imp AOT-model-axiomI)

```

```

AOT-axiom cqt:4:  $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \forall \alpha \varphi \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-imp AOT-model-axiomI)

```

```

AOT-axiom cqt:5:a:  $\langle [\Pi] \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \rightarrow (\Pi \downarrow \& \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \downarrow) \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe
    AOT-sem-imp AOT-model-axiomI)
AOT-axiom cqt:5:a[1]:  $\langle [\Pi] \kappa \rightarrow (\Pi \downarrow \& \kappa \downarrow) \rangle$ 
  using cqt:5:a AOT-model-axiomI by blast
AOT-axiom cqt:5:a[2]:  $\langle [\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \rightarrow (\Pi \downarrow \& \kappa_1 \downarrow \& \kappa_2 \downarrow) \rangle$ 
  by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (metis AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe
    AOT-sem-imp case-prodD)

```

```

AOT-axiom cqt:5:a[3]:  $\langle [\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 \rightarrow (\Pi \downarrow \& \kappa_1 \downarrow \& \kappa_2 \downarrow \& \kappa_3 \downarrow) \rangle$ 
  by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (metis AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe
    AOT-sem-imp case-prodD)

```

```

AOT-axiom cqt:5:a[4]:  $\langle [\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 \kappa_4 \rightarrow (\Pi \downarrow \& \kappa_1 \downarrow \& \kappa_2 \downarrow \& \kappa_3 \downarrow \& \kappa_4 \downarrow) \rangle$ 
  by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (metis AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-exe
    AOT-sem-imp case-prodD)

```

```

AOT-axiom cqt:5:b:  $\langle \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n [\Pi] \rightarrow (\Pi \downarrow \& \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \downarrow) \rangle$ 
  using AOT-sem-enc-denotes
  by (auto intro!: AOT-model-axiomI simp: AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-imp) +

```

```

AOT-axiom cqt:5:b[1]:  $\langle \kappa [\Pi] \rightarrow (\Pi \downarrow \& \kappa \downarrow) \rangle$ 
  using cqt:5:b AOT-model-axiomI by blast

```

```

AOT-axiom cqt:5:b[2]:  $\langle \kappa_1 \kappa_2 [\Pi] \rightarrow (\Pi \downarrow \& \kappa_1 \downarrow \& \kappa_2 \downarrow) \rangle$ 
  by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (metis AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes
    AOT-sem-enc-denotes AOT-sem-imp case-prodD)

```

```

AOT-axiom cqt:5:b[3]:  $\langle \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 [\Pi] \rightarrow (\Pi \downarrow \& \kappa_1 \downarrow \& \kappa_2 \downarrow \& \kappa_3 \downarrow) \rangle$ 

```

```

by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (metis AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes
    AOT-sem-enc-denotes AOT-sem-imp case-prodD)
AOT-axiom cqt:5:b[4]:  $\langle \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 \kappa_4[\Pi] \rightarrow (\Pi \downarrow \& \kappa_1 \downarrow \& \kappa_2 \downarrow \& \kappa_3 \downarrow \& \kappa_4 \downarrow) \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (metis AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-denotes
    AOT-sem-enc-denotes AOT-sem-imp case-prodD)

AOT-axiom l-identity:  $\langle \alpha = \beta \rightarrow (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\beta\}) \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (simp add: AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-imp)

AOT-act-axiom logic-actual:  $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-act-axiomI)
  (simp add: AOT-sem-act AOT-sem-imp)

AOT-axiom logic-actual-nec:1:  $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \equiv \neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (simp add: AOT-sem-act AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-not)
AOT-axiom logic-actual-nec:2:  $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\psi) \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (simp add: AOT-sem-act AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-imp)

AOT-axiom logic-actual-nec:3:  $\langle \mathcal{A}(\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \equiv \forall \alpha \mathcal{A}\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (simp add: AOT-sem-act AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-denotes)
AOT-axiom logic-actual-nec:4:  $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (simp add: AOT-sem-act AOT-sem-equiv)

AOT-axiom qml:1:  $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (simp add: AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-imp)
AOT-axiom qml:2:  $\langle \Box\varphi \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (simp add: AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-imp)
AOT-axiom qml:3:  $\langle \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Box\Diamond\varphi \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (simp add: AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-dia AOT-sem-imp)

AOT-axiom qml:4:  $\langle \Diamond\exists x (E!x \& \neg\mathcal{A}E!x) \rangle$ 
using AOT-sem-concrete AOT-model-contingent
by (auto intro!: AOT-model-axiomI
  simp: AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-dia AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-exists
  AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-act
  AOT-sem-exe)+

AOT-axiom qml-act:1:  $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \Box\mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (simp add: AOT-sem-act AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-imp)
AOT-axiom qml-act:2:  $\langle \Box\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}\Box\varphi \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (simp add: AOT-sem-act AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-equiv)

AOT-axiom descriptions:  $\langle x = \iota x(\varphi\{x\}) \equiv \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = x) \rangle$ 
proof (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-show  $\langle x = \iota x(\varphi\{x\}) \equiv \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = x) \rangle$ 
  by (induct; simp add: AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-act AOT-sem-eq)
    (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) AOT-sem-desc-denotes AOT-sem-desc-prop
      AOT-sem-denotes)
}
qed

```

AOT-axiom *lambda-predicates:1*:
 $\langle [\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}] \downarrow \rightarrow [\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}] = [\lambda \mu_1 \dots \mu_n \varphi \{\mu_1 \dots \mu_n\}] \rangle$
by (*rule AOT-model-axiomI*)
(*simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-imp*)

AOT-axiom *lambda-predicates:1[zero]*: $\langle [\lambda p] \downarrow \rightarrow [\lambda p] = [\lambda p] \rangle$
by (*rule AOT-model-axiomI*)
(*simp add: AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-imp*)

AOT-axiom *lambda-predicates:2*:
 $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi \{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rightarrow ([\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi \{x_1 \dots x_n\}] x_1 \dots x_n \equiv \varphi \{x_1 \dots x_n\}) \rangle$
by (*rule AOT-model-axiomI*)
(*simp add: AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-lambda-beta AOT-sem-vars-denote*)

AOT-axiom *lambda-predicates:3*: $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n [F] x_1 \dots x_n] = F \rangle$
by (*rule AOT-model-axiomI*)
(*simp add: AOT-sem-lambda-eta AOT-sem-vars-denote*)

AOT-axiom *lambda-predicates:3[zero]*: $\langle [\lambda p] = p \rangle$
by (*rule AOT-model-axiomI*)
(*simp add: AOT-sem-eq AOT-sem-lambda0 AOT-sem-vars-denote*)

AOT-axiom *safe-ext*:
 $\langle ([\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}] \downarrow \& \Box \forall \nu_1 \dots \forall \nu_n (\varphi \{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n\} \equiv \psi \{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n\})) \rightarrow$
 $[\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \psi \{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$
using *AOT-sem-lambda-coex*
by (*auto intro!: AOT-model-axiomI simp: AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-forall*)

AOT-axiom *safe-ext[2]*:
 $\langle ([\lambda \nu_1 \nu_2 \varphi \{\nu_1, \nu_2\}] \downarrow \& \Box \forall \nu_1 \forall \nu_2 (\varphi \{\nu_1, \nu_2\} \equiv \psi \{\nu_1, \nu_2\})) \rightarrow$
 $[\lambda \nu_1 \nu_2 \psi \{\nu_1, \nu_2\}] \downarrow \rangle$
using *safe-ext[where φ=λ(x,y). φ x y]*
by (*simp add: AOT-model-axiom-def AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-box*)

AOT-axiom *safe-ext[3]*:
 $\langle ([\lambda \nu_1 \nu_2 \nu_3 \varphi \{\nu_1, \nu_2, \nu_3\}] \downarrow \& \Box \forall \nu_1 \forall \nu_2 \forall \nu_3 (\varphi \{\nu_1, \nu_2, \nu_3\} \equiv \psi \{\nu_1, \nu_2, \nu_3\})) \rightarrow$
 $[\lambda \nu_1 \nu_2 \nu_3 \psi \{\nu_1, \nu_2, \nu_3\}] \downarrow \rangle$
using *safe-ext[where φ=λ(x,y,z). φ x y z]*
by (*simp add: AOT-model-axiom-def AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-box*)

AOT-axiom *safe-ext[4]*:
 $\langle ([\lambda \nu_1 \nu_2 \nu_3 \nu_4 \varphi \{\nu_1, \nu_2, \nu_3, \nu_4\}] \downarrow \&$
 $\Box \forall \nu_1 \forall \nu_2 \forall \nu_3 \forall \nu_4 (\varphi \{\nu_1, \nu_2, \nu_3, \nu_4\} \equiv \psi \{\nu_1, \nu_2, \nu_3, \nu_4\})) \rightarrow$
 $[\lambda \nu_1 \nu_2 \nu_3 \nu_4 \psi \{\nu_1, \nu_2, \nu_3, \nu_4\}] \downarrow \rangle$
using *safe-ext[where φ=λ(x,y,z,w). φ x y z w]*
by (*simp add: AOT-model-axiom-def AOT-model-denotes-prod-def AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-box*)

AOT-axiom *nary-encoding[2]*:
 $\langle x_1 x_2 [F] \equiv x_1 [\lambda y [F] y x_2] \& x_2 [\lambda y [F] x_1 y] \rangle$
by (*rule AOT-model-axiomI*)
(*simp add: AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-equiv AOT-enc-prod-def AOT-proj-enc-prod-def AOT-sem-unary-proj-enc AOT-sem-vars-denote*)

AOT-axiom *nary-encoding[3]*:
 $\langle x_1 x_2 x_3 [F] \equiv x_1 [\lambda y [F] y x_2 x_3] \& x_2 [\lambda y [F] x_1 y x_3] \& x_3 [\lambda y [F] x_1 x_2 y] \rangle$
by (*rule AOT-model-axiomI*)
(*simp add: AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-equiv AOT-enc-prod-def AOT-proj-enc-prod-def AOT-sem-unary-proj-enc AOT-sem-vars-denote*)

AOT-axiom *nary-encoding[4]*:
 $\langle x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 [F] \equiv x_1 [\lambda y [F] y x_2 x_3 x_4] \&$
 $x_2 [\lambda y [F] x_1 y x_3 x_4] \&$
 $x_3 [\lambda y [F] x_1 x_2 y x_4] \&$
 $x_4 [\lambda y [F] x_1 x_2 x_3 y] \rangle$
by (*rule AOT-model-axiomI*)
(*simp add: AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-equiv AOT-enc-prod-def AOT-proj-enc-prod-def AOT-sem-unary-proj-enc AOT-sem-vars-denote*)

```

AOT-axiom encoding:  $\langle x[F] \rightarrow \square x[F] \rangle$ 
  using AOT-sem-enc-nec
  by (auto intro!: AOT-model-axiomI simp: AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-box)

AOT-axiom nocoder:  $\langle O!x \rightarrow \neg \exists F x[F] \rangle$ 
  by (auto intro!: AOT-model-axiomI
    simp: AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-exists AOT-sem-ordinary
    AOT-sem-dia
    AOT-sem-lambda-beta[OF AOT-sem-ordinary-def-denotes,
      OF AOT-sem-vars-denote])
  (metis AOT-sem-nocoder)

AOT-axiom A-objects:  $\langle \exists x (A!x \& \forall F(x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$ 
proof(rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-obtain  $\kappa$  where  $\langle \kappa \downarrow \& \square \neg E!\kappa \& \forall F (\kappa[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$ 
    using AOT-sem-A-objects[of -  $\varphi$ ]
    by (auto simp: AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-exists
      AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-dia AOT-sem-denotes
      AOT-sem-equiv) blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \exists x (A!x \& \forall F(x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$ 
    unfolding AOT-sem-exists
    by (auto intro!: exI[where x= $\kappa$ ]
      simp: AOT-sem-lambda-beta[OF AOT-sem-abstract-def-denotes]
      AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-dia AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-denotes
      AOT-var-of-term-inverse AOT-sem-conj
      AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-abstract)
  }
qed

AOT-theorem universal-closure:
  assumes  $\langle \text{for arbitrary } \alpha: \varphi\{\alpha\} \in \Lambda_{\square} \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \in \Lambda_{\square} \rangle$ 
  using assms
  by (metis AOT-term-of-var-cases AOT-model-axiom-def AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-forall)

AOT-theorem act-closure:
  assumes  $\langle \varphi \in \Lambda_{\square} \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \in \Lambda_{\square} \rangle$ 
  using assms by (simp add: AOT-model-axiom-def AOT-sem-act)

AOT-theorem nec-closure:
  assumes  $\langle \varphi \in \Lambda_{\square} \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \square \varphi \in \Lambda_{\square} \rangle$ 
  using assms by (simp add: AOT-model-axiom-def AOT-sem-box)

AOT-theorem universal-closure-act:
  assumes  $\langle \text{for arbitrary } \alpha: \varphi\{\alpha\} \in \Lambda \rangle$ 
  shows  $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \in \Lambda \rangle$ 
  using assms
  by (metis AOT-term-of-var-cases AOT-model-act-axiom-def AOT-sem-denotes
    AOT-sem-forall)

```

The following are not part of PLM and only hold in the extended models. They are a generalization of the predecessor axiom.

```

context AOT-ExtendedModel
begin
AOT-axiom indistinguishable-ord-enc-all:
 $\langle \Pi \downarrow \& A!x \& A!y \& \forall F \square([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow$ 
 $((\forall G(\forall z(O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [\Pi]z)) \rightarrow x[G])) \equiv$ 
 $\forall G(\forall z(O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [\Pi]z)) \rightarrow y[G])) \rangle$ 
by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)

```

```

(auto simp: AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-conj
      AOT-sem-indistinguishable-ord-enc-all)
AOT-axiom indistinguishable-ord-enc-ex:
   $\Pi \downarrow \& A!x \& A!y \& \forall F \square ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow$ 
   $((\exists G(\forall z(O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [\Pi]z)) \& x[G])) \equiv$ 
    $\exists G(\forall z(O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [\Pi]z)) \& y[G])) \rangle$ 
  by (rule AOT-model-axiomI)
  (auto simp: AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-conj
      AOT-sem-indistinguishable-ord-enc-ex)
end

```

8 The Deductive System PLM

unbundle AOT-no-atp

8.1 Primitive Rule of PLM: Modus Ponens

AOT-theorem modus-ponens:

assumes $\langle \varphi \rangle$ and $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$
 shows $\langle \psi \rangle$

using assms by (simp add: AOT-sem-imp)
 lemmas MP = modus-ponens

8.2 (Modally Strict) Proofs and Derivations

AOT-theorem non-con-thm-thm:

assumes $\langle \vdash_{\square} \varphi \rangle$
 shows $\langle \vdash \varphi \rangle$
 using assms by simp

AOT-theorem vdash-properties:1[1]:

assumes $\langle \varphi \in \Lambda \rangle$
 shows $\langle \vdash \varphi \rangle$

using assms unfolding AOT-model-act-axiom-def by blast

Convenience attribute for instantiating modally-fragile axioms.

attribute-setup act-axiom-inst =
 $\langle Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []$
 $(K (fn thm => thm RS @{thm vdash-properties:1[1]}))) \rangle$
Instantiate modally fragile axiom as modally fragile theorem.

AOT-theorem vdash-properties:1[2]:

assumes $\langle \varphi \in \Lambda_{\square} \rangle$
 shows $\langle \vdash_{\square} \varphi \rangle$

using assms unfolding AOT-model-axiom-def by blast

Convenience attribute for instantiating modally-strict axioms.

attribute-setup axiom-inst =
 $\langle Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []$
 $(K (fn thm => thm RS @{thm vdash-properties:1[2]}))) \rangle$
Instantiate axiom as theorem.

Convenience methods and theorem sets for applying "cqt:2".

method cqt-2-lambda-inst-prover =
 $(fast_intro: AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro)$
method cqt:2[lambda] =

```
(rule cqt:2[lambda][axiom-inst]; cqt-2-lambda-inst-prover)
lemmas cqt:2 =
cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] cqt:2[lambda][axiom-inst]
AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro
method cqt:2 = (safe intro!: cqt:2)
```

AOT-theorem *vdash-properties:3:*

```
assumes ‹Γ ⊢ φ›
shows ‹Γ ⊢ φ›
using assms by blast
```

AOT-theorem *vdash-properties:5:*

```
assumes ‹Γ1 ⊢ φ› and ‹Γ2 ⊢ φ → ψ›
shows ‹Γ1, Γ2 ⊢ ψ›
using MP assms by blast
```

AOT-theorem *vdash-properties:6:*

```
assumes ‹φ› and ‹φ → ψ›
shows ‹ψ›
using MP assms by blast
```

AOT-theorem *vdash-properties:8:*

```
assumes ‹Γ ⊢ φ› and ‹φ ⊢ ψ›
shows ‹Γ ⊢ ψ›
using assms by argo
```

AOT-theorem *vdash-properties:9:*

```
assumes ‹φ›
shows ‹ψ → φ›
using MP pl:1[axiom-inst] assms by blast
```

AOT-theorem *vdash-properties:10:*

```
assumes ‹φ → ψ› and ‹φ›
shows ‹ψ›
using MP assms by blast
lemmas →E = vdash-properties:10
```

8.3 Two Fundamental Metarules: GEN and RN

AOT-theorem *rule-gen:*

```
assumes ‹for arbitrary α: φ{α}›
shows ‹∀α φ{α}›
```

```
using assms by (metis AOT-var-of-term-inverse AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-forall)
lemmas GEN = rule-gen
```

AOT-theorem *RN[prem]:*

```
assumes ‹Γ ⊢ φ›
shows ‹□Γ ⊢ □φ›
by (meson AOT-sem-box assms image-iff)
```

AOT-theorem *RN:*

```
assumes ‹Γ ⊢ φ›
shows ‹□φ›
using RN[prem] assms by blast
```

8.4 The Inferential Role of Definitions

AOT-axiom *df-rules-formulas[1]:*

```
assumes ‹φ ≡df ψ›
shows ‹φ → ψ›
```

```
using assms
by (auto simp: assms AOT-model-axiomI AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-imp)
```

AOT-axiom *df-rules-formulas[2]*:

assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv_{df} \psi \rangle$
 shows $\langle \psi \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$

using assms

by (auto simp: AOT-model-axiomI AOT-model-equiv-def AOT-sem-imp)

AOT-theorem *df-rules-formulas[3]*:

assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv_{df} \psi \rangle$
 shows $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$
 using *df-rules-formulas[1]*[*axiom-inst*, OF assms].

AOT-theorem *df-rules-formulas[4]*:

assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv_{df} \psi \rangle$
 shows $\langle \psi \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$
 using *df-rules-formulas[2]*[*axiom-inst*, OF assms].

AOT-axiom *df-rules-terms[1]*:

assumes $\langle \tau\{\alpha_1\dots\alpha_n\} =_{df} \sigma\{\alpha_1\dots\alpha_n\} \rangle$
 shows $\langle (\sigma\{\tau_1\dots\tau_n\}\downarrow \rightarrow \tau\{\tau_1\dots\tau_n\}) = \sigma\{\tau_1\dots\tau_n\} \rangle \&$
 $\langle (\neg\sigma\{\tau_1\dots\tau_n\}\downarrow \rightarrow \neg\tau\{\tau_1\dots\tau_n\}\downarrow) \rangle$

using assms

by (simp add: AOT-model-axiomI AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-eq
 AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-denotes AOT-model-id-def)

AOT-axiom *df-rules-terms[2]*:

assumes $\langle \tau =_{df} \sigma \rangle$
 shows $\langle (\sigma\downarrow \rightarrow \tau = \sigma) \& (\neg\sigma\downarrow \rightarrow \neg\tau\downarrow) \rangle$
 by (metis *df-rules-terms[1]* case-unit-Unity assms)

AOT-theorem *df-rules-terms[3]*:

assumes $\langle \tau\{\alpha_1\dots\alpha_n\} =_{df} \sigma\{\alpha_1\dots\alpha_n\} \rangle$
 shows $\langle (\sigma\{\tau_1\dots\tau_n\}\downarrow \rightarrow \tau\{\tau_1\dots\tau_n\}) = \sigma\{\tau_1\dots\tau_n\} \rangle \&$
 $\langle (\neg\sigma\{\tau_1\dots\tau_n\}\downarrow \rightarrow \neg\tau\{\tau_1\dots\tau_n\}\downarrow) \rangle$
 using *df-rules-terms[1]*[*axiom-inst*, OF assms].

AOT-theorem *df-rules-terms[4]*:

assumes $\langle \tau =_{df} \sigma \rangle$
 shows $\langle (\sigma\downarrow \rightarrow \tau = \sigma) \& (\neg\sigma\downarrow \rightarrow \neg\tau\downarrow) \rangle$
 using *df-rules-terms[2]*[*axiom-inst*, OF assms].

8.5 The Theory of Negations and Conditionals

AOT-theorem *if-p-then-p*: $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$

by (meson pl:1[*axiom-inst*] pl:2[*axiom-inst*] MP)

AOT-theorem *deduction-theorem*:

assumes $\langle \varphi \vdash \psi \rangle$
 shows $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$

using assms by (simp add: AOT-sem-imp)

lemmas CP = deduction-theorem

lemmas →I = deduction-theorem

AOT-theorem *ded-thm-cor:1*:

assumes $\langle \Gamma_1 \vdash \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$ and $\langle \Gamma_2 \vdash \psi \rightarrow \chi \rangle$
 shows $\langle \Gamma_1, \Gamma_2 \vdash \varphi \rightarrow \chi \rangle$
 using →E →I assms by blast

AOT-theorem *ded-thm-cor:2*:

assumes $\langle \Gamma_1 \vdash \varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \chi) \rangle$ and $\langle \Gamma_2 \vdash \psi \rangle$
 shows $\langle \Gamma_1, \Gamma_2 \vdash \varphi \rightarrow \chi \rangle$
 using →E →I assms by blast

AOT-theorem *ded-thm-cor:3*:

assumes $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi \rightarrow \chi \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \chi \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E \rightarrow I$ **assms by** *blast*
declare *ded-thm-cor:3[trans]*
AOT-theorem *ded-thm-cor:4*:
assumes $\langle \varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \chi) \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \chi \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E \rightarrow I$ **assms by** *blast*

lemmas *Hypothetical Syllogism* = *ded-thm-cor:3*

AOT-theorem *useful-tautologies:1*: $\langle \neg\neg\varphi \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$
by (*metis pl:3[axiom-inst]* $\rightarrow I$ *Hypothetical Syllogism*)
AOT-theorem *useful-tautologies:2*: $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \neg\neg\varphi \rangle$
by (*metis pl:3[axiom-inst]* $\rightarrow I$ *ded-thm-cor:4*)
AOT-theorem *useful-tautologies:3*: $\langle \neg\varphi \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$
by (*meson ded-thm-cor:4 pl:3[axiom-inst]* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-theorem *useful-tautologies:4*: $\langle (\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$
by (*meson pl:3[axiom-inst]* *Hypothetical Syllogism* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-theorem *useful-tautologies:5*: $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi) \rangle$
by (*metis useful-tautologies:4 Hypothetical Syllogism* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-theorem *useful-tautologies:6*: $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi) \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\rightarrow I$ *MP useful-tautologies:4*)

AOT-theorem *useful-tautologies:7*: $\langle (\neg\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\neg\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\rightarrow I$ *MP useful-tautologies:3 useful-tautologies:5*)

AOT-theorem *useful-tautologies:8*: $\langle \varphi \rightarrow (\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\rightarrow I$ *MP useful-tautologies:5*)

AOT-theorem *useful-tautologies:9*: $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow ((\neg\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\rightarrow I$ *MP useful-tautologies:6*)

AOT-theorem *useful-tautologies:10*: $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow \neg\varphi) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\rightarrow I$ *MP pl:3[axiom-inst]*)

AOT-theorem *dn-i-e:1*:
assumes $\langle \varphi \rangle$
shows $\langle \neg\neg\varphi \rangle$
using *MP useful-tautologies:2 assms by blast*
lemmas $\neg\neg I = dn-i-e:1$
AOT-theorem *dn-i-e:2*:
assumes $\langle \neg\neg\varphi \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \rangle$
using *MP useful-tautologies:1 assms by blast*
lemmas $\neg\neg E = dn-i-e:2$

AOT-theorem *modus-tollens:1*:
assumes $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\psi \rangle$
shows $\langle \neg\varphi \rangle$
using *MP useful-tautologies:5 assms by blast*
AOT-theorem *modus-tollens:2*:
assumes $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi \rangle$
shows $\langle \neg\varphi \rangle$
using $\neg\neg I$ *modus-tollens:1 assms by blast*
lemmas *MT = modus-tollens:1 modus-tollens:2*

AOT-theorem *contraposition:1[1]*:
assumes $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$
shows $\langle \neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi \rangle$
using $\rightarrow I$ *MT(1) assms by blast*
AOT-theorem *contraposition:1[2]*:

assumes $\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi$
shows $\varphi \rightarrow \psi$
using $\rightarrow I \neg\neg E MT(2)$ **assms by** blast

AOT-theorem *contraposition:2*:

assumes $\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi$
shows $\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi$
using $\rightarrow I MT(2)$ **assms by** blast

AOT-theorem *reductio-aa:1*:

assumes $\neg\varphi \vdash \neg\psi$ **and** $\neg\varphi \vdash \psi$
shows φ
using $\rightarrow I \neg\neg E MT(2)$ **assms by** blast

AOT-theorem *reductio-aa:2*:

assumes $\varphi \vdash \neg\psi$ **and** $\varphi \vdash \psi$
shows $\neg\varphi$
using *reductio-aa:1 assms by* blast

lemmas RAA = *reductio-aa:1 reductio-aa:2*

AOT-theorem *exc-mid*: $\langle \varphi \vee \neg\varphi \rangle$

using *df-rules-formulas[4] if-p-then-p MP conventions:2 by* blast

AOT-theorem *non-contradiction*: $\langle \neg(\varphi \& \neg\varphi) \rangle$

using *df-rules-formulas[3] MT(2) useful-tautologies:2 conventions:1 by* blast

AOT-theorem *con-dis-taut:1*: $\langle (\varphi \& \psi) \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$

by (*meson $\rightarrow I df-rules-formulas[3] MP RAA(1) conventions:1$*)

AOT-theorem *con-dis-taut:2*: $\langle (\varphi \& \psi) \rightarrow \psi \rangle$

by (*metis $\rightarrow I df-rules-formulas[3] MT(2) RAA(2) \neg\neg E conventions:1$*)

lemmas Conjunction Simplification = *con-dis-taut:1 con-dis-taut:2*

AOT-theorem *con-dis-taut:3*: $\langle \varphi \rightarrow (\varphi \vee \psi) \rangle$

by (*meson contraposition:1[2] df-rules-formulas[4] MP $\rightarrow I conventions:2$*)

AOT-theorem *con-dis-taut:4*: $\langle \psi \rightarrow (\varphi \vee \psi) \rangle$

using *Hypothetical Syllogism df-rules-formulas[4] pl:1[axiom-inst] conventions:2 by* blast

lemmas Disjunction Addition = *con-dis-taut:3 con-dis-taut:4*

AOT-theorem *con-dis-taut:5*: $\langle \varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \& \psi)) \rangle$

by (*metis contraposition:2 Hypothetical Syllogism $\rightarrow I df-rules-formulas[4] conventions:1$*)

lemmas Adjunction = *con-dis-taut:5*

AOT-theorem *con-dis-taut:6*: $\langle (\varphi \& \varphi) \equiv \varphi \rangle$

by (*metis Adjunction $\rightarrow I df-rules-formulas[4] MP Conjunction Simplification(1) conventions:3$*)

lemmas Idempotence of $\&$ = *con-dis-taut:6*

AOT-theorem *con-dis-taut:7*: $\langle (\varphi \vee \varphi) \equiv \varphi \rangle$

proof -

{

AOT-assume $\langle \varphi \vee \varphi \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \neg\varphi \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$

using *conventions:2[THEN df-rules-formulas[3]] MP by* blast

AOT-hence $\langle \varphi \rangle$ **using** *if-p-then-p RAA(1) MP by* blast

}

moreover {

AOT-assume $\langle \varphi \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \varphi \vee \varphi \rangle$ **using** *Disjunction Addition(1) MP by* blast

}

ultimately AOT-show $\langle(\varphi \vee \varphi) \equiv \varphi\rangle$
using conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4]] MP
by (metis Adjunction $\rightarrow I$)

qed

lemmas *Idempotence of \vee = con-dis-taut:7*

AOT-theorem *con-dis-i-e:1:*

assumes $\langle\varphi\rangle$ **and** $\langle\psi\rangle$
shows $\langle\varphi \& \psi\rangle$
using Adjunction MP assms by blast

lemmas $\& I = \text{con-dis-i-e:1}$

AOT-theorem *con-dis-i-e:2:a:*

assumes $\langle\varphi \& \psi\rangle$
shows $\langle\varphi\rangle$
using Conjunction Simplification(1) MP assms by blast

AOT-theorem *con-dis-i-e:2:b:*

assumes $\langle\varphi \& \psi\rangle$
shows $\langle\psi\rangle$
using Conjunction Simplification(2) MP assms by blast

lemmas $\& E = \text{con-dis-i-e:2:a} \text{ con-dis-i-e:2:b}$

AOT-theorem *con-dis-i-e:3:a:*

assumes $\langle\varphi\rangle$
shows $\langle\varphi \vee \psi\rangle$
using Disjunction Addition(1) MP assms by blast

AOT-theorem *con-dis-i-e:3:b:*

assumes $\langle\psi\rangle$
shows $\langle\varphi \vee \psi\rangle$
using Disjunction Addition(2) MP assms by blast

AOT-theorem *con-dis-i-e:3:c:*

assumes $\langle\varphi \vee \psi\rangle$ **and** $\langle\varphi \rightarrow \chi\rangle$ **and** $\langle\psi \rightarrow \Theta\rangle$
shows $\langle\chi \vee \Theta\rangle$
by (metis con-dis-i-e:3:a Disjunction Addition(2)

df-rules-formulas[3] MT(1) RAA(1)
conventions:2 assms)

lemmas $\vee I = \text{con-dis-i-e:3:a} \text{ con-dis-i-e:3:b} \text{ con-dis-i-e:3:c}$

AOT-theorem *con-dis-i-e:4:a:*

assumes $\langle\varphi \vee \psi\rangle$ **and** $\langle\varphi \rightarrow \chi\rangle$ **and** $\langle\psi \rightarrow \chi\rangle$
shows $\langle\chi\rangle$

by (metis MP RAA(2) df-rules-formulas[3] conventions:2 assms)

AOT-theorem *con-dis-i-e:4:b:*

assumes $\langle\varphi \vee \psi\rangle$ **and** $\langle\neg\varphi\rangle$
shows $\langle\psi\rangle$

using con-dis-i-e:4:a RAA(1) $\rightarrow I$ assms by blast

AOT-theorem *con-dis-i-e:4:c:*

assumes $\langle\varphi \vee \psi\rangle$ **and** $\langle\neg\psi\rangle$
shows $\langle\varphi\rangle$
using con-dis-i-e:4:a RAA(1) $\rightarrow I$ assms by blast

lemmas $\vee E = \text{con-dis-i-e:4:a} \text{ con-dis-i-e:4:b} \text{ con-dis-i-e:4:c}$

AOT-theorem *raa-cor:1:*

assumes $\langle\neg\varphi \vdash \psi \& \neg\psi\rangle$
shows $\langle\varphi\rangle$
using &E $\vee E(3) \vee I(2)$ RAA(2) assms by blast

AOT-theorem *raa-cor:2:*

assumes $\langle\varphi \vdash \psi \& \neg\psi\rangle$
shows $\langle\neg\varphi\rangle$
using raa-cor:1 assms by blast

AOT-theorem *raa-cor:3:*

assumes $\langle \varphi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\psi \vdash \neg\varphi \rangle$

shows $\langle \psi \rangle$

using RAA assms by blast

AOT-theorem $raa_cor:4$:

assumes $\langle \neg\varphi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\psi \vdash \varphi \rangle$

shows $\langle \psi \rangle$

using RAA assms by blast

AOT-theorem $raa_cor:5$:

assumes $\langle \varphi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi \vdash \neg\varphi \rangle$

shows $\langle \neg\psi \rangle$

using RAA assms by blast

AOT-theorem $raa_cor:6$:

assumes $\langle \neg\varphi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi \vdash \varphi \rangle$

shows $\langle \neg\psi \rangle$

using RAA assms by blast

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:1:a$: $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv \neg(\varphi \& \neg\psi) \rangle$

by (rule conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4], THEN $\rightarrow E$])

(metis &E &I raa-cor:3 $\rightarrow I$ MP)

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:1:b$: $\langle \neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\varphi \& \neg\psi) \rangle$

by (rule conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4], THEN $\rightarrow E$])

(metis &E &I raa-cor:3 $\rightarrow I$ MP)

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:1:c$: $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\neg\varphi \vee \psi) \rangle$

by (rule conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4], THEN $\rightarrow E$])

(metis &I $\vee I(1, 2) \vee E(3) \rightarrow I$ MP raa-cor:1)

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:2:a$: $\langle (\varphi \& \psi) \equiv (\psi \& \varphi) \rangle$

by (rule conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4], THEN $\rightarrow E$])

(meson &I &E $\rightarrow I$)

lemmas Commutativity of $\&$ = $oth_class_taut:2:a$

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:2:b$: $\langle (\varphi \& (\psi \& \chi)) \equiv ((\varphi \& \psi) \& \chi) \rangle$

by (rule conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4], THEN $\rightarrow E$])

(metis &I &E $\rightarrow I$)

lemmas Associativity of $\&$ = $oth_class_taut:2:b$

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:2:c$: $\langle (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv (\psi \vee \varphi) \rangle$

by (rule conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4], THEN $\rightarrow E$])

(metis &I $\vee I(1, 2) \vee E(1) \rightarrow I$)

lemmas Commutativity of \vee = $oth_class_taut:2:c$

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:2:d$: $\langle (\varphi \vee (\psi \vee \chi)) \equiv ((\varphi \vee \psi) \vee \chi) \rangle$

by (rule conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4], THEN $\rightarrow E$])

(metis &I $\vee I(1, 2) \vee E(1) \rightarrow I$)

lemmas Associativity of \vee = $oth_class_taut:2:d$

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:2:e$: $\langle (\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv (\psi \equiv \varphi) \rangle$

by (rule conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4], THEN $\rightarrow E$]; rule &I;

metis &I df-rules-formulas[4] conventions:3 &E

Hypothetical Syllogism $\rightarrow I$ df-rules-formulas[3])

lemmas Commutativity of \equiv = $oth_class_taut:2:e$

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:2:f$: $\langle (\varphi \equiv (\psi \equiv \chi)) \equiv ((\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv \chi) \rangle$

using conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4]]

conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[3]]

$\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I$

by metis

lemmas Associativity of \equiv = $oth_class_taut:2:f$

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:3:a$: $\langle \varphi \equiv \varphi \rangle$

using &I vdash-properties:6 if-p-then-p

df-rules-formulas[4] conventions:3 by blast

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:3:b$: $\langle \varphi \equiv \neg\neg\varphi \rangle$

using &I useful-tautologies:1 useful-tautologies:2 $\rightarrow E$

df-rules-formulas[4] conventions:3 by blast

AOT-theorem $oth_class_taut:3:c$: $\langle \neg(\varphi \equiv \neg\varphi) \rangle$

by (metis &E $\rightarrow E$ RAA df-rules-formulas[3] conventions:3)

AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:4:a:* $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow ((\psi \rightarrow \chi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \chi)) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\rightarrow E \rightarrow I$)

AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:4:b:* $\langle (\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv (\neg\varphi \equiv \neg\psi) \rangle$
using *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[4]*]
conventions:3[*THEN df-rules-formulas[3]*]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I RAA$ by *metis*

AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:4:c:* $\langle (\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \chi) \equiv (\psi \rightarrow \chi)) \rangle$
using *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[4]*]
conventions:3[*THEN df-rules-formulas[3]*]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I$ by *metis*

AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:4:d:* $\langle (\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow ((\chi \rightarrow \varphi) \equiv (\chi \rightarrow \psi)) \rangle$
using *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[4]*]
conventions:3[*THEN df-rules-formulas[3]*]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I$ by *metis*

AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:4:e:* $\langle (\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \& \chi) \equiv (\psi \& \chi)) \rangle$
using *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[4]*]
conventions:3[*THEN df-rules-formulas[3]*]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I$ by *metis*

AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:4:f:* $\langle (\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow ((\chi \& \varphi) \equiv (\chi \& \psi)) \rangle$
using *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[4]*]
conventions:3[*THEN df-rules-formulas[3]*]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I$ by *metis*

AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:4:g:* $\langle (\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv ((\varphi \& \psi) \vee (\neg\varphi \& \neg\psi)) \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[4]*, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$]
& $I \rightarrow I$
dest!: *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[3]*, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$])

AOT-show $\langle \varphi \& \psi \vee (\neg\varphi \& \neg\psi) \rangle$ if $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \& (\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$
using $\& E \vee I \rightarrow E \& I raa-cor:1 \rightarrow I \vee E$ that by *metis*

next
AOT-show $\langle \psi \rangle$ if $\langle \varphi \& \psi \vee (\neg\varphi \& \neg\psi) \rangle$ and $\langle \varphi \rangle$
using that $\vee E \& E raa-cor:3$ by *blast*

next
AOT-show $\langle \varphi \rangle$ if $\langle \varphi \& \psi \vee (\neg\varphi \& \neg\psi) \rangle$ and $\langle \psi \rangle$
using that $\vee E \& E raa-cor:3$ by *blast*

qed
AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:4:h:* $\langle \neg(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv ((\varphi \& \neg\psi) \vee (\neg\varphi \& \psi)) \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[4]*, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$]
& $I \rightarrow I$)
AOT-show $\langle \varphi \& \neg\psi \vee (\neg\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$ if $\langle \neg(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$
by (*metis* that $\& E \vee E(2) \rightarrow E$ *df-rules-formulas[4]*
raa-cor:3 conventions:3)

next
AOT-show $\langle \neg(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$ if $\langle \varphi \& \neg\psi \vee (\neg\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$
by (*metis* that $\& E \vee E(2) \rightarrow E$ *df-rules-formulas[3]*
raa-cor:3 conventions:3)

qed
AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:5:a:* $\langle (\varphi \& \psi) \equiv \neg(\neg\varphi \vee \neg\psi) \rangle$
using *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[4]*]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I \vee I \vee E RAA$ by *metis*

AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:5:b:* $\langle (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \neg(\neg\varphi \& \neg\psi) \rangle$
using *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[4]*]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I \vee I \vee E RAA$ by *metis*

AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:5:c:* $\langle \neg(\varphi \& \psi) \equiv (\neg\varphi \vee \neg\psi) \rangle$
using *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[4]*]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I \vee I \vee E RAA$ by *metis*

AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:5:d:* $\langle \neg(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv (\neg\varphi \& \neg\psi) \rangle$
using *conventions:3*[*THEN df-rules-formulas[4]*]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I \vee I \vee E RAA$ by *metis*

lemmas *DeMorgan* = *oth-class-taut:5:c* *oth-class-taut:5:d*

AOT-theorem *oth-class-taut:6:a:*
 $\langle (\varphi \& (\psi \vee \chi)) \equiv ((\varphi \& \psi) \vee (\varphi \& \chi)) \rangle$

using conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4]]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I \vee I \vee E RAA$ **by** metis

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:6:b:
 $\langle (\varphi \vee (\psi \& \chi)) \equiv ((\varphi \vee \psi) \& (\varphi \vee \chi)) \rangle$

using conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4]]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I \vee I \vee E RAA$ **by** metis

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:7:a: $\langle ((\varphi \& \psi) \rightarrow \chi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \chi)) \rangle$
by (metis &I →E →I)

lemmas Exportation = oth-class-taut:7:a

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:7:b: $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \chi)) \rightarrow ((\varphi \& \psi) \rightarrow \chi) \rangle$
by (metis &E →E →I)

lemmas Importation = oth-class-taut:7:b

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:8:a:
 $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \chi)) \equiv (\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \chi)) \rangle$

using conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4]] →I →E & E & I
by metis

lemmas Permutation = oth-class-taut:8:a

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:8:b:
 $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \chi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \& \chi))) \rangle$
by (metis &I →E →I)

lemmas Composition = oth-class-taut:8:b

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:8:c:
 $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow \chi) \rightarrow ((\psi \rightarrow \chi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \vee \psi) \rightarrow \chi)) \rangle$
by (metis ∨E(2) →E →I RAA(1))

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:8:d:
 $\langle ((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \& (\chi \rightarrow \Theta)) \rightarrow ((\varphi \& \chi) \rightarrow (\psi \& \Theta)) \rangle$
by (metis &E & I →E →I)

lemmas Double Composition = oth-class-taut:8:d

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:8:e:
 $\langle ((\varphi \& \psi) \equiv (\varphi \& \chi)) \equiv (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \equiv \chi)) \rangle$
by (metis conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4]]
conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[3]]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I)$

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:8:f:
 $\langle ((\varphi \& \psi) \equiv (\chi \& \psi)) \equiv (\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \equiv \chi)) \rangle$
by (metis conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4]]
conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[3]]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I)$

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:8:g:
 $\langle (\psi \equiv \chi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv (\varphi \vee \chi)) \rangle$
by (metis conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4]]
conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[3]]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I \vee I \vee E(1)$)

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:8:h:
 $\langle (\psi \equiv \chi) \rightarrow ((\psi \vee \varphi) \equiv (\chi \vee \varphi)) \rangle$
by (metis conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4]]
conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[3]]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I \vee I \vee E(1)$)

AOT-theorem oth-class-taut:8:i:
 $\langle (\varphi \equiv (\psi \& \chi)) \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \equiv \chi)) \rangle$
by (metis conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[4]]
conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[3]]
 $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E \& E \& I)$

AOT-theorem intro-elim:1:
assumes $\langle \varphi \vee \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \varphi \equiv \chi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi \equiv \Theta \rangle$
shows $\langle \chi \vee \Theta \rangle$
by (metis assms ∨I(1, 2) ∨E(1) →I →E & E(1)
conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[3]])

AOT-theorem intro-elim:2:

assumes $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$
by (*meson &I conventions:3 df-rules-formulas[4] MP assms*)
lemmas $\equiv I = \text{intro-elim:2}$

AOT-theorem *intro-elim:3:a:*
assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \varphi \rangle$
shows $\langle \psi \rangle$
by (*metis VI(1) →I ∨E(1) intro-elim:1 assms*)

AOT-theorem *intro-elim:3:b:*
assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \rangle$
using *intro-elim:3:a Commutativity of ≡ assms by blast*

AOT-theorem *intro-elim:3:c:*
assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\varphi \rangle$
shows $\langle \neg\psi \rangle$
using *intro-elim:3:b raa-cor:3 assms by blast*

AOT-theorem *intro-elim:3:d:*
assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\psi \rangle$
shows $\langle \neg\varphi \rangle$
using *intro-elim:3:a raa-cor:3 assms by blast*

AOT-theorem *intro-elim:3:e:*
assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi \equiv \chi \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \equiv \chi \rangle$
by (*metis ≡I →I intro-elim:3:a intro-elim:3:b assms*)

declare *intro-elim:3:e[trans]*

AOT-theorem *intro-elim:3:f:*
assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \varphi \equiv \chi \rangle$
shows $\langle \chi \equiv \psi \rangle$
by (*metis ≡I →I intro-elim:3:a intro-elim:3:b assms*)

lemmas $\equiv E = \text{intro-elim:3:a intro-elim:3:b intro-elim:3:c}$
 $\text{intro-elim:3:d intro-elim:3:e intro-elim:3:f}$

declare *Commutativity of ≡[THEN ≡E(1), sym]*

AOT-theorem *rule-eq-df:1:*
assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv_{df} \psi \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$
by (*simp add: ≡I df-rules-formulas[3] df-rules-formulas[4] assms*)

lemmas $\equiv Df = \text{rule-eq-df:1}$

AOT-theorem *rule-eq-df:2:*
assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv_{df} \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \varphi \rangle$
shows $\langle \psi \rangle$
using $\equiv Df \equiv E(1)$ *assms by blast*

lemmas $\equiv_{df} E = \text{rule-eq-df:2}$

AOT-theorem *rule-eq-df:3:*
assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv_{df} \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \rangle$
using $\equiv Df \equiv E(2)$ *assms by blast*

lemmas $\equiv_{df} I = \text{rule-eq-df:3}$

AOT-theorem *df-simplify:1:*
assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv (\psi \And \chi) \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \equiv \chi \rangle$
by (*metis &E(2) &I ≡E(1, 2) ≡I →I assms*)

AOT-theorem *df-simplify:2:*
assumes $\langle \varphi \equiv (\psi \And \chi) \rangle$ **and** $\langle \chi \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$
by (*metis &E(1) &I ≡E(1, 2) ≡I →I assms*)

lemmas $\equiv S = \text{df-simplify:1 df-simplify:2}$

8.6 The Theory of Quantification

```

AOT-theorem rule-ui:1:
  assumes < $\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}$ > and < $\tau \downarrow\varphi\{\tau\}$ >
  using  $\rightarrow E$  cqt:1[axiom-inst] assms by blast
AOT-theorem rule-ui:2[const-var]:
  assumes < $\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
  shows < $\varphi\{\beta\}$ >
  by (simp add: rule-ui:1 cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] assms)
AOT-theorem rule-ui:2[lambda]:
  assumes < $\forall F \varphi\{F\}$ > and <INSTANCE-OF-CQT-2( $\psi$ )>
  shows < $\varphi\{[\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \psi\{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}]\}$ >
  by (simp add: rule-ui:1 cqt:2[lambda][axiom-inst] assms)
AOT-theorem rule-ui:3:
  assumes < $\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
  shows < $\varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
  by (simp add: rule-ui:2[const-var] assms)
lemmas  $\forall E = \text{rule-ui:1 rule-ui:2[const-var]}$ 
  rule-ui:2[lambda] rule-ui:3

AOT-theorem cqt-orig:1[const-var]: < $\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\beta\}$ >
  by (simp add:  $\forall E(2) \rightarrow I$ )
AOT-theorem cqt-orig:1[lambda]:
  assumes <INSTANCE-OF-CQT-2( $\psi$ )>
  shows < $\forall F \varphi\{F\} \rightarrow \varphi\{[\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \psi\{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}]\}$ >
  by (simp add:  $\forall E(3) \rightarrow I$  assms)
AOT-theorem cqt-orig:2: < $\forall \alpha (\varphi \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\})$ >
  by (metis  $\rightarrow I$  GEN vdash-properties:6  $\forall E(4)$ )
AOT-theorem cqt-orig:3: < $\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
  using cqt-orig:1[const-var].

```

```

AOT-theorem universal:
  assumes <for arbitrary  $\beta$ :  $\varphi\{\beta\}$ >
  shows < $\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
  using GEN assms .
lemmas  $\forall I = \text{universal}$ 

```

```

ML
fun get-instantiated-allI ctxt varname thm = let
val trm = Thm.concl-of thm
val trm =
  case trm of (@{const Trueprop} $ (@{const AOT-model-valid-in} $ - $ x)) => x
  | _ => raise Term.TERM (Expected simple theorem., [trm])
fun extractVars (Const (const-name`AOT-term-of-var, _) $ Var v) =
  (if fst (fst v) = fst varname then [Var v] else [])
  | extractVars (t1 $ t2) = extractVars t1 @ extractVars t2
  | extractVars (Abs (_, _, t)) = extractVars t
  | extractVars _ = []
val vars = extractVars trm
val vars = fold Term.add-vars vars []
val var = hd vars
val trmty =
  case (snd var) of (Type (type-name`AOT-var, [t])) => (t)
  | _ => raise Term.TYPE (Expected variable type., [snd var], [Var var])
val trm = Abs (Term.string-of-vname (fst var), trmty, Term.abstract-over (
  Const (const-name`AOT-term-of-var, Type (fun, [snd var, trmty])))
  $ Var var, trm))
val trm = Thm.cterm-of (Context.proof-of ctxt) trm
val ty = hd (Term.add-tvars (Thm.prop-of @{thm  $\forall I$ } []) [])
val typ = Thm.ctyp-of (Context.proof-of ctxt) trmty
val allthm = Drule.instantiate-normalize (TVars.make [(ty, typ)], Vars.empty) @{thm  $\forall I$ }

```

```

val phi = hd (Term.add-vars (Thm.prop-of allthm) [])
val allthm = Drule.instantiate-normalize (TVars.empty, Vars.make [(phi,trm)]) allthm
in
allthm
end
>

attribute-setup  $\forall I =$ 
<Scan.lift (Scan.repeat1 Args.var) >> (fn args => Thm.rule-attribute []
(fn ctxt => fn thm => fold (fn arg => fn thm =>
thm RS get-instantiated-allI ctxt arg thm)) args thm))>
Quantify over a variable in a theorem using GEN.

attribute-setup unverify =
<Scan.lift (Scan.repeat1 Args.var) >> (fn args => Thm.rule-attribute []
(fn ctxt => fn thm =>
let
  fun get-inst-allI arg thm = thm RS get-instantiated-allI ctxt arg thm
  val thm = fold get-inst-allI args thm
  val thm = fold (K (fn thm => thm RS @{thm  $\forall E(1)$ })) args thm
in
  thm
end))>
Generalize a statement about variables to a statement about denoting terms.

```

AOT-theorem $cqt\text{-}basic:1$: $\langle \forall \alpha \forall \beta \varphi\{\alpha,\beta\} \equiv \forall \beta \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha,\beta\} \rangle$
by (metis $\equiv I$ $\forall E(2)$ $\forall I \rightarrow I$)

AOT-theorem $cqt\text{-}basic:2$:
 $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \equiv (\forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha\}) \& \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$
proof (rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α **using** $\forall E(2)$ **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α
using $\equiv E(1,2) \rightarrow I$ **by** blast+
AOT-thus $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha\}) \& \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
by (auto intro: &I $\forall I$)
next
AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha\}) \& \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **and** $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α
using $\forall E(2) \& E$ **by** blast+
AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α
using $\equiv I$ **by** blast
AOT-thus $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ **by** (auto intro: $\forall I$)
qed

AOT-theorem $cqt\text{-}basic:3$: $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
AOT-hence 1: $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α **using** $\forall E(2)$ **by** blast
{
AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **using** 1 $\forall I \forall E(4) \equiv E$ **by** metis
}
moreover {
AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **using** 1 $\forall I \forall E(4) \equiv E$ **by** metis
}
ultimately AOT-show $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
using $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ **by** auto
qed

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:4*: $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \psi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume 0: $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

AOT-have $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ and $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ for α using $\forall E(2)$ 0 & *E* by *blast*+

AOT-thus $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

 by (*auto intro*: $\forall I \& I$)

qed

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:5*: $\langle (\forall \alpha_1 \dots \forall \alpha_n (\varphi\{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n\})) \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n\} \rangle$

 using *cqt-orig:3* by *blast*

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:6*: $\langle \forall \alpha \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

 by (*meson* $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ *GEN* *cqt-orig:1[const-var]*)

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:7*: $\langle (\varphi \rightarrow \forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}) \equiv \forall \alpha (\varphi \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

 by (*metis* $\rightarrow I$ *vdash-properties:6 rule-ui:3* $\equiv I$ *GEN*)

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:8*: $\langle (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \vee \forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \vee \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

 by (*simp add*: $\forall I(3) \rightarrow I$ *GEN* *cqt-orig:1[const-var]*)

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:9*:

$\langle (\forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha\}) \& \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \chi\{\alpha\})) \rightarrow \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \chi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof –

{

AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \chi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

 ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ and $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \chi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ for α

 using $\forall E$ by *blast*+

AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \chi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ for α by (*metis* $\rightarrow E \rightarrow I$)

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \chi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ using $\forall I$ by *fast*

}

 thus ?thesis using $\& I \rightarrow I \& E$ by *meson*

qed

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:10*:

$\langle (\forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \& \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \chi\{\alpha\})) \rightarrow \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \chi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\forall I$)

 fix β

AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \& \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \chi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \psi\{\beta\} \rangle$ and $\langle \psi\{\beta\} \equiv \chi\{\beta\} \rangle$ using $\& E$ $\forall E$ by *blast*+

AOT-thus $\langle \varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \chi\{\beta\} \rangle$ using $\equiv I \equiv E$ by *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:11*: $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \equiv \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof (*rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume 0: $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

{

 fix α

AOT-have $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ using 0 $\forall E$ by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ using $\equiv I \equiv E \rightarrow I \rightarrow E$ by *metis*

}

AOT-thus $\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ using $\forall I$ by *fast*

next

AOT-assume 0: $\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

{

 fix α

AOT-have $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ using 0 $\forall E$ by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ using $\equiv I \equiv E \rightarrow I \rightarrow E$ by *metis*

}

AOT-thus $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ using $\forall I$ by *fast*

qed

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:12*: $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
 by (simp add: $\forall E(2) \rightarrow I$ GEN)

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:13*: $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \forall \beta \varphi\{\beta\} \rangle$
 using $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ by blast

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:14*:

$\langle (\forall \alpha_1 \dots \forall \alpha_n (\varphi\{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n\} \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n\})) \rightarrow$
 $((\forall \alpha_1 \dots \forall \alpha_n \varphi\{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n\}) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha_1 \dots \forall \alpha_n \psi\{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n\})) \rangle$
 using *cqt:3[axiom-inst]* by auto

AOT-theorem *cqt-basic:15*:

$\langle (\forall \alpha_1 \dots \forall \alpha_n (\varphi \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n\})) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow (\forall \alpha_1 \dots \forall \alpha_n \psi\{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n\})) \rangle$
 using *cqt-orig:2* by auto

AOT-theorem *universal-cor*:

assumes \langle for arbitrary β : $\varphi\{\beta\}$ \rangle
 shows $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 using GEN assms .

AOT-theorem *existential:1*:

assumes $\langle \varphi\{\tau\} \rangle$ and $\langle \tau \downarrow \rangle$
 shows $\langle \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 proof(*rule raa-cor:1*)
 AOT-assume $\langle \neg \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 using $\equiv_{df} I$ conventions:4 RAA & I by blast
 AOT-hence $\langle \neg \varphi\{\tau\} \rangle$ using assms(2) $\forall E(1) \rightarrow E$ by blast
 AOT-thus $\langle \varphi\{\tau\} \& \neg \varphi\{\tau\} \rangle$ using assms(1) & I by blast
 qed

AOT-theorem *existential:2[const-var]*:

assumes $\langle \varphi\{\beta\} \rangle$
 shows $\langle \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 using *existential:1 cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]* assms by blast

AOT-theorem *existential:2[lambda]*:

assumes $\langle \varphi\{[\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \psi\{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}]\} \rangle$ and \langle INSTANCE-OF-CQT-2(ψ) \rangle
 shows $\langle \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 using *existential:1 cqt:2[lambda][axiom-inst]* assms by blast
 lemmas $\exists I = \text{existential:1 existential:2[const-var]}$
existential:2[lambda]

AOT-theorem *instantiation*:

assumes \langle for arbitrary β : $\varphi\{\beta\} \vdash \psi$ and $\langle \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 shows $\langle \psi \rangle$
 by (metis (no-types, lifting) $\equiv_{df} E$ GEN raa-cor:3 conventions:4 assms)
 lemmas $\exists E = \text{instantiation}$

AOT-theorem *cqt-further:1*: $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 using $\forall E(4) \exists I(2) \rightarrow I$ by metis

AOT-theorem *cqt-further:2*: $\langle \neg \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \exists \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 using $\forall I \exists I(2) \rightarrow I$ RAA by metis

AOT-theorem *cqt-further:3*: $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \neg \exists \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 using $\forall E(4) \exists E \rightarrow I$ RAA
 by (metis *cqt-further:2* $\equiv I$ modus-tollens:1)

AOT-theorem *cqt-further:4*: $\langle \neg \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \forall \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 using $\forall I \exists I(2) \rightarrow I$ RAA by metis

AOT-theorem *cqt-further:5*: $\langle \exists \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \psi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \& \exists \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*metis (no-types, lifting) &E &I* $\exists E \exists I(2) \rightarrow I$)

AOT-theorem *cqt-further:6*: $\langle \exists \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \vee \psi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \vee \exists \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) $\exists E \exists I(2) \vee E(3) \vee I(1, 2) \rightarrow I RAA(2)$*)

AOT-theorem *cqt-further:7*: $\langle \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \exists \beta \varphi\{\beta\} \rangle$
by (*simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a*)

AOT-theorem *cqt-further:8*:

$\langle (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) &E $\equiv I \forall E(2) \rightarrow I GEN$*)

AOT-theorem *cqt-further:9*:

$\langle (\neg \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \& \neg \exists \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) &E $\equiv I \exists I(2) \rightarrow I GEN raa-cor:4$*)

AOT-theorem *cqt-further:10*:

$\langle (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \& \neg \exists \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \neg \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
proof (*rule $\rightarrow I$; rule $raa-cor:2$*)
AOT-assume θ : $\langle \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \& \neg \exists \alpha \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
then AOT-obtain α **where** $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **using** $\exists E \& E(1)$ **by** *metis*
moreover AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **using** $\forall E(4) \equiv E(1)$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists \alpha \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **using** $\exists I$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \exists \alpha \psi\{\alpha\} \& \neg \exists \alpha \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **using** $\theta \& E(2) \& I$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *cqt-further:11*: $\langle \exists \alpha \exists \beta \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\} \equiv \exists \beta \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\} \rangle$
using $\equiv I \rightarrow I \exists I(2) \exists E$ **by** *metis*

8.7 Logical Existence, Identity, and Truth

AOT-theorem *log-prop-prop:1*: $\langle [\lambda \varphi] \downarrow \rangle$
using *cqt:2[lambda0][axiom-inst]* **by** *auto*

AOT-theorem *log-prop-prop:2*: $\langle \varphi \downarrow \rangle$
by (*rule $\equiv_{df} I[OF\ existence:3]$*) *cqt:2[lambda]*

AOT-theorem *exist-nec*: $\langle \tau \downarrow \rightarrow \Box \tau \downarrow \rangle$

proof –
AOT-have $\langle \forall \beta \Box \beta \downarrow \rangle$
by (*simp add: GEN RN cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]*)
AOT-thus $\langle \tau \downarrow \rightarrow \Box \tau \downarrow \rangle$
using *cqt:1[axiom-inst] $\rightarrow E$* **by** *blast*
qed

```
class AOT-Term-id = AOT-Term +
  assumes t=t-proper:1[AOT]:  $\langle [v \models \tau = \tau' \rightarrow \tau \downarrow] \rangle$ 
    and t=t-proper:2[AOT]:  $\langle [v \models \tau = \tau' \rightarrow \tau' \downarrow] \rangle$ 
```

instance $\kappa :: AOT-Term-id$

proof
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-show $\langle \kappa = \kappa' \rightarrow \kappa \downarrow \rangle$ **for** $\kappa \kappa'$
proof (*rule $\rightarrow I$*)
AOT-assume $\langle \kappa = \kappa' \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle O!\kappa \vee A!\kappa \rangle$
by (*rule $\vee I(\beta)[OF \equiv_{df} E[OF\ identity:1]]$*)
(meson $\rightarrow I \vee I(1) \& E(1)$)+
AOT-thus $\langle \kappa \downarrow \rangle$
by (*rule $\vee E(1)$*)}

```

        (metis cqt:5:a[axiom-inst] →I →E &E(2))+

    qed
}
next
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-show ⟨κ = κ' → κ'↓⟩ for κ κ'
proof(rule →I)
AOT-assume ⟨κ = κ'⟩
AOT-hence ⟨O!κ' ∨ A!κ'⟩
by (rule ∨I(β)[OF ≡dfE[OF identity:I]])
(meson →I ∨I &E)+

AOT-thus ⟨κ'↓⟩
by (rule ∨E(1))
(metis cqt:5:a[axiom-inst] →I →E &E(2))+

qed
}
qed

instance rel :: (AOT-κs) AOT-Term-id
proof
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-show ⟨Π = Π' → Π↓⟩ for Π Π' :: <<'a>>
proof(rule →I)
AOT-assume ⟨Π = Π'⟩
AOT-thus ⟨Π↓⟩ using ≡dfE[OF identity:3[of Π Π']] &E by blast
qed
}
next
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-show ⟨Π = Π' → Π'↓⟩ for Π Π' :: <<'a>>
proof(rule →I)
AOT-assume ⟨Π = Π'⟩
AOT-thus ⟨Π'↓⟩ using ≡dfE[OF identity:3[of Π Π']] &E by blast
qed
}
qed

instance o :: AOT-Term-id
proof
AOT-modally-strict {
fix φ ψ
AOT-show ⟨φ = ψ → φ↓⟩
proof(rule →I)
AOT-assume ⟨φ = ψ⟩
AOT-thus ⟨φ↓⟩ using ≡dfE[OF identity:4[of φ ψ]] &E by blast
qed
}
next
AOT-modally-strict {
fix φ ψ
AOT-show ⟨φ = ψ → ψ↓⟩
proof(rule →I)
AOT-assume ⟨φ = ψ⟩
AOT-thus ⟨ψ↓⟩ using ≡dfE[OF identity:4[of φ ψ]] &E by blast
qed
}
qed

instance prod :: (AOT-Term-id, AOT-Term-id) AOT-Term-id
proof
AOT-modally-strict {
fix τ τ' :: <'a×'b>
AOT-show ⟨τ = τ' → τ↓⟩

```

```

proof (induct  $\tau$ ; induct  $\tau'$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  fix  $\tau_1 \tau_1' :: 'a$  and  $\tau_2 \tau_2' :: 'b$ 
  AOT-assume  $\langle\langle(\tau_1, \tau_2)\rangle\rangle = \langle\langle(\tau_1', \tau_2')\rangle\rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle(\tau_1 = \tau_1') \& (\tau_2 = \tau_2')\rangle$  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E$  tuple-identity-1)
  AOT-hence  $\langle\tau_1\downarrow\rangle$  and  $\langle\tau_2\downarrow\rangle$ 
    using  $t=t-proper:1 \& E$  vdash-properties:10 by blast+
  AOT-thus  $\langle\langle(\tau_1, \tau_2)\rangle\rangle\downarrow$  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} I$   $\& I$  tuple-denotes)
  qed
}
next
  AOT-modally-strict {
    fix  $\tau \tau' :: \langle'a \times 'b\rangle$ 
    AOT-show  $\langle\tau = \tau' \rightarrow \tau'\downarrow\rangle$ 
    proof (induct  $\tau$ ; induct  $\tau'$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
      fix  $\tau_1 \tau_1' :: 'a$  and  $\tau_2 \tau_2' :: 'b$ 
      AOT-assume  $\langle\langle(\tau_1, \tau_2)\rangle\rangle = \langle\langle(\tau_1', \tau_2')\rangle\rangle$ 
      AOT-hence  $\langle(\tau_1 = \tau_1') \& (\tau_2 = \tau_2')\rangle$  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E$  tuple-identity-1)
      AOT-hence  $\langle\tau_1'\downarrow\rangle$  and  $\langle\tau_2'\downarrow\rangle$ 
        using  $t=t-proper:2 \& E$  vdash-properties:10 by blast+
      AOT-thus  $\langle\langle(\tau_1', \tau_2')\rangle\rangle\downarrow$  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} I$   $\& I$  tuple-denotes)
      qed
    }
  qed

```

AOT-register-type-constraints
Term: $\langle\text{-}\rangle:\text{AOT-Term-id}$ $\langle\text{-}\rangle:\text{AOT-Term-id}$
AOT-register-type-constraints
Individual: $\langle\kappa\rangle$ $\langle\text{-}\rangle:\{\text{AOT-}\kappa\text{s}, \text{AOT-Term-id}\}$
AOT-register-type-constraints
Relation: $\langle\langle\text{-}\rangle:\{\text{AOT-}\kappa\text{s}, \text{AOT-Term-id}\}\rangle\rangle$

AOT-theorem *id-rel-nec-equiv:1*:
 $\langle\Pi = \Pi' \rightarrow \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [\Pi']x_1 \dots x_n)\rangle$
proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume *assumption*: $\langle\Pi = \Pi'\rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle\Pi\downarrow\rangle$ **and** $\langle\Pi'\downarrow\rangle$
using $t=t-proper:1 t=t-proper:2 MP$ **by** *blast*+
moreover AOT-have $\langle\forall F \forall G (F = G \rightarrow ((\Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [G]x_1 \dots x_n)) \rightarrow \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [G]x_1 \dots x_n)))\rangle$
apply (*rule GEN*)+ **using** *l-identity[axiom-inst]* **by** *force*
ultimately AOT-have $\langle\Pi = \Pi' \rightarrow ((\Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [\Pi']x_1 \dots x_n)) \rightarrow \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [\Pi']x_1 \dots x_n))\rangle$
using $\forall E(1)$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle(\Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [\Pi']x_1 \dots x_n)) \rightarrow \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [\Pi']x_1 \dots x_n)\rangle$
using assumption $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-have $\langle\Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n)\rangle$
by (*simp add: RN oth-class-taut:3 a universal-cor*)
ultimately AOT-show $\langle\Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n)\rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *id-rel-nec-equiv:2*: $\langle\varphi = \psi \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi)\rangle$
proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume *assumption*: $\langle\varphi = \psi\rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle\varphi\downarrow\rangle$ **and** $\langle\psi\downarrow\rangle$
using $t=t-proper:1 t=t-proper:2 MP$ **by** *blast*+
moreover AOT-have $\langle\forall p \forall q (p = q \rightarrow ((\Box(p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Box(p \equiv q))))\rangle$
apply (*rule GEN*)+ **using** *l-identity[axiom-inst]* **by** *force*
ultimately AOT-have $\langle\varphi = \psi \rightarrow (\Box(\varphi \equiv \varphi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi))\rangle$
using $\forall E(1)$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle\Box(\varphi \equiv \varphi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi)\rangle$

```

using assumption  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \varphi) \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: RN oth-class-taut:3:a universal-cor)
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$ 
  using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem rule=E:

- assumes** $\langle \varphi\{\tau\} \rangle$ **and** $\langle \tau = \sigma \rangle$
- shows** $\langle \varphi\{\sigma\} \rangle$
- proof** –
 - AOT-have** $\langle \tau \downarrow \rangle$ **and** $\langle \sigma \downarrow \rangle$
 - using** assms(2) t=t-proper:1 t=t-proper:2 $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast+
 - moreover AOT-have** $\langle \forall \alpha \forall \beta (\alpha = \beta \rightarrow (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\beta\})) \rangle$
 - apply** (rule GEN)+ **using** l-identity[axiom-inst] **by** blast
 - ultimately AOT-have** $\langle \tau = \sigma \rightarrow (\varphi\{\tau\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\sigma\}) \rangle$
 - using** $\forall E(1)$ **by** blast
 - AOT-thus** $\langle \varphi\{\sigma\} \rangle$ **using** assms $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast

qed

AOT-theorem propositions-lemma:1: $\langle [\lambda \varphi] = \varphi \rangle$

proof –

- AOT-have** $\langle \varphi \downarrow \rangle$ **by** (simp add: log-prop-prop:2)
- moreover AOT-have** $\langle \forall p [\lambda p] = p \rangle$
- using** lambda-predicates:3[zero][axiom-inst] $\forall I$ **by** fast
- ultimately AOT-show** $\langle [\lambda \varphi] = \varphi \rangle$
- using** $\forall E$ **by** blast

qed

AOT-theorem propositions-lemma:2: $\langle [\lambda \varphi] \equiv \varphi \rangle$

proof –

- AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda \varphi] \equiv [\lambda \varphi] \rangle$ **by** (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a)
- AOT-thus** $\langle [\lambda \varphi] \equiv \varphi \rangle$ **using** propositions-lemma:1 rule=E **by** blast

qed

propositions-lemma:3 through propositions-lemma:5 hold implicitly

AOT-theorem propositions-lemma:6: $\langle (\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv ([\lambda \varphi] \equiv [\lambda \psi]) \rangle$
by (metis $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(5)$ Associativity of \equiv propositions-lemma:2)

dr-alphabetic-rules holds implicitly

AOT-theorem oa-exist:1: $\langle O! \downarrow \rangle$

proof –

- AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** cqt:2[lambda]
- AOT-hence** 1: $\langle O! = [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \rangle$
- using** df-rules-terms[4][OF oa:1, THEN &E(1)] $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast
- AOT-show** $\langle O! \downarrow \rangle$ **using** t=t-proper:1[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF 1] **by** simp

qed

AOT-theorem oa-exist:2: $\langle A! \downarrow \rangle$

proof –

- AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda x \neg \Diamond [E!]x] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** cqt:2[lambda]
- AOT-hence** 1: $\langle A! = [\lambda x \neg \Diamond [E!]x] \rangle$
- using** df-rules-terms[4][OF oa:2, THEN &E(1)] $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast
- AOT-show** $\langle A! \downarrow \rangle$ **using** t=t-proper:1[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF 1] **by** simp

qed

AOT-theorem oa-exist:3: $\langle O!x \vee A!x \rangle$

proof(rule raa-cor:1)

- AOT-assume** $\langle \neg(O!x \vee A!x) \rangle$
- AOT-hence** A: $\langle \neg O!x \rangle$ **and** B: $\langle \neg A!x \rangle$
- using** Disjunction Addition(1) modus-tollens:1 $\vee I(2)$ raa-cor:5 **by** blast+
- AOT-have** C: $\langle O! = [\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x] \rangle$

by (rule df-rules-terms[4][OF oa:1, THEN &E(1), THEN →E]) cqt:2
AOT-have D: ⟨A! = [λx ¬◊[E!]x]⟩
 by (rule df-rules-terms[4][OF oa:2, THEN &E(1), THEN →E]) cqt:2
AOT-have E: ⟨¬[λx ◊[E!]x]x⟩
 using A C rule=E **by** fast
AOT-have F: ⟨¬[λx ¬◊[E!]x]x⟩
 using B D rule=E **by** fast
AOT-have G: ⟨[λx ◊[E!]x]x ≡ ◊[E!]x⟩
 by (rule lambda-predicates:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E]) cqt:2
AOT-have H: ⟨[λx ¬◊[E!]x]x ≡ ¬◊[E!]x⟩
 by (rule lambda-predicates:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E]) cqt:2
AOT-show ⟨¬◊[E!]x & ¬¬◊[E!]x⟩ **using** G E ≡ E H F ≡ E &I **by** metis
qed

AOT-theorem p-identity-thm2:1: ⟨F = G ≡ □∀ x(x[F] ≡ x[G])⟩

proof –

AOT-have ⟨F = G ≡ F↓ & G↓ & □∀ x(x[F] ≡ x[G])⟩
 using identity:2 df-rules-formulas[3] df-rules-formulas[4]
 →E &E ≡I →I **by** blast
moreover AOT-have ⟨F↓⟩ **and** ⟨G↓⟩
 by (auto simp: cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
ultimately AOT-show ⟨F = G ≡ □∀ x(x[F] ≡ x[G])⟩
 using ≡S(1) &I **by** blast
qed

AOT-theorem p-identity-thm2:2[2]:

⟨F = G ≡ ∀ y1([λx [F]xy1] = [λx [G]xy1] & [λx [F]y1x] = [λx [G]y1x])⟩
proof –

AOT-have ⟨F = G ≡ F↓ & G↓ &
 ∀ y1([λx [F]xy1] = [λx [G]xy1] & [λx [F]y1x] = [λx [G]y1x])⟩
 using identity:3[2] df-rules-formulas[3] df-rules-formulas[4]
 →E &E ≡I →I **by** blast
moreover AOT-have ⟨F↓⟩ **and** ⟨G↓⟩
 by (auto simp: cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
ultimately show ?thesis
 using ≡S(1) &I **by** blast
qed

AOT-theorem p-identity-thm2:2[3]:

⟨F = G ≡ ∀ y1 ∀ y2([λx [F]xy1y2] = [λx [G]xy1y2] &
 [λx [F]y1xy2] = [λx [G]y1xy2] &
 [λx [F]y1y2x] = [λx [G]y1y2x])⟩

proof –

AOT-have ⟨F = G ≡ F↓ & G↓ & ∀ y1 ∀ y2([λx [F]xy1y2] = [λx [G]xy1y2] &
 [λx [F]y1xy2] = [λx [G]y1xy2] &
 [λx [F]y1y2x] = [λx [G]y1y2x])⟩
 using identity:3[3] df-rules-formulas[3] df-rules-formulas[4]
 →E &E ≡I →I **by** blast
moreover AOT-have ⟨F↓⟩ **and** ⟨G↓⟩
 by (auto simp: cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
ultimately show ?thesis
 using ≡S(1) &I **by** blast
qed

AOT-theorem p-identity-thm2:2[4]:

⟨F = G ≡ ∀ y1 ∀ y2 ∀ y3([λx [F]xy1y2y3] = [λx [G]xy1y2y3] &
 [λx [F]y1xy2y3] = [λx [G]y1xy2y3] &
 [λx [F]y1y2xy3] = [λx [G]y1y2xy3] &
 [λx [F]y1y2y3x] = [λx [G]y1y2y3x])⟩

proof –

AOT-have ⟨F = G ≡ F↓ & G↓ & ∀ y1 ∀ y2 ∀ y3([λx [F]xy1y2y3] = [λx [G]xy1y2y3] &
 [λx [F]y1xy2y3] = [λx [G]y1xy2y3] &
 [λx [F]y1y2xy3] = [λx [G]y1y2xy3] &

```


$$[\lambda x [F]y_1y_2y_3x] = [\lambda x [G]y_1y_2y_3x]) \rangle$$

using identity:3[4] df-rules-formulas[3] df-rules-formulas[4]

$$\rightarrow E \& E \equiv I \rightarrow I \text{ by } blast$$

moreover AOT-have  $\langle F \downarrow \rangle$  and  $\langle G \downarrow \rangle$ 
by (auto simp: cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
ultimately show ?thesis
using  $\equiv S(1)$  &I by blast
qed

AOT-theorem p-identity-thm2:2:

$$\langle F = G \equiv \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \langle AOT\text{-sem}\text{-proj}\text{-id } x_1x_n (\lambda \tau . \langle [F]\tau \rangle) (\lambda \tau . \langle [G]\tau \rangle) \rangle \rangle$$

proof –
AOT-have  $\langle F = G \equiv F \downarrow \& G \downarrow \&$ 

$$\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \langle AOT\text{-sem}\text{-proj}\text{-id } x_1x_n (\lambda \tau . \langle [F]\tau \rangle) (\lambda \tau . \langle [G]\tau \rangle) \rangle \rangle$$

using identity:3 df-rules-formulas[3] df-rules-formulas[4]

$$\rightarrow E \& E \equiv I \rightarrow I \text{ by } blast$$

moreover AOT-have  $\langle F \downarrow \rangle$  and  $\langle G \downarrow \rangle$ 
by (auto simp: cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
ultimately show ?thesis
using  $\equiv S(1)$  &I by blast
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem p-identity-thm2:3:

$$\langle p = q \equiv [\lambda x p] = [\lambda x q] \rangle$$

proof –
AOT-have  $\langle p = q \equiv p \downarrow \& q \downarrow \& [\lambda x p] = [\lambda x q] \rangle$ 
using identity:4 df-rules-formulas[3] df-rules-formulas[4]

$$\rightarrow E \& E \equiv I \rightarrow I \text{ by } blast$$

moreover AOT-have  $\langle p \downarrow \rangle$  and  $\langle q \downarrow \rangle$ 
by (auto simp: cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
ultimately show ?thesis
using  $\equiv S(1)$  &I by blast
qed

```

```
class AOT-Term-id-2 = AOT-Term-id + assumes id-eq:1:  $\langle [v \models \alpha = \alpha] \rangle$ 
```

```

instance  $\kappa :: AOT\text{-Term}\text{-id}\text{-}2$ 
proof
AOT-modally-strict {
  fix  $x$ 
  {
    AOT-assume  $\langle O!x \rangle$ 
    moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Box \forall F([F]x \equiv [F]x) \rangle$ 
    using RN GEN oth-class-taut:3:a by fast
    ultimately AOT-have  $\langle O!x \& O!x \& \Box \forall F([F]x \equiv [F]x) \rangle$  using &I by simp
  }
  moreover {
    AOT-assume  $\langle A!x \rangle$ 
    moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Box \forall F(x[F] \equiv x[F]) \rangle$ 
    using RN GEN oth-class-taut:3:a by fast
    ultimately AOT-have  $\langle A!x \& A!x \& \Box \forall F(x[F] \equiv x[F]) \rangle$  using &I by simp
  }
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle (O!x \& O!x \& \Box \forall F([F]x \equiv [F]x)) \vee$ 
  
$$(A!x \& A!x \& \Box \forall F(x[F] \equiv x[F])) \rangle$$

  using oa-exist:3  $\vee I(1) \vee I(2) \vee E(3)$  raa-cor:1 by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle x = x \rangle$ 
  using identity:1[THEN df-rules-formulas[4]]  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
}
qed

```

```

instance rel :: ( $\{AOT\text{-}\kappa s, AOT\text{-Term}\text{-id}\text{-}2\}$ ) AOT-Term-id-2
proof
AOT-modally-strict {

```

```

fix F :: <'a> AOT-var
AOT-have 0: <[λx1...xn [F]x1...xn] = F>
  by (simp add: lambda-predicates:3[axiom-inst])
AOT-have <[λx1...xn [F]x1...xn]↓>
  by cqt:2[lambda]
AOT-hence <[λx1...xn [F]x1...xn] = [λx1...xn [F]x1...xn]>
  using lambda-predicates:1[axiom-inst] →E by blast
AOT-show <F = F> using rule=E 0 by force
}
qed

instance o :: AOT-Term-id-2
proof
  AOT-modally-strict {
    fix p
    AOT-have 0: <[λ p] = p>
      by (simp add: lambda-predicates:3[zero][axiom-inst])
    AOT-have <[λ p]↓>
      by (rule cqt:2[lambda0][axiom-inst])
    AOT-hence <[λ p] = [λ p]>
      using lambda-predicates:1[zero][axiom-inst] →E by blast
    AOT-show <p = p> using rule=E 0 by force
  }
qed

instance prod :: (AOT-Term-id-2, AOT-Term-id-2) AOT-Term-id-2
proof
  AOT-modally-strict {
    fix α :: <('a × 'b) AOT-var>
    AOT-show <α = α>
      proof (induct)
        AOT-show <τ = τ> if <τ↓> for τ :: <'a × 'b>
          using that
        proof (induct τ)
          fix τ1 :: 'a and τ2 :: 'b
          AOT-assume <<(τ1, τ2)>>↓
          AOT-hence <τ1↓> and <τ2↓>
            using ≡dfE &E tuple-denotes by blast+
          AOT-hence <τ1 = τ1> and <τ2 = τ2>
            using id-eq:1[unverify α] by blast+
          AOT-thus <<(τ1, τ2)>> = <<(τ1, τ2)>>
            by (metis ≡dfI &I tuple-identity-1)
        qed
      qed
    }
  }
qed

```

AOT-register-type-constraints
Term: <-::AOT-Term-id-2> <-::AOT-Term-id-2>
AOT-register-type-constraints
Individual: <κ> <-:{AOT-κs, AOT-Term-id-2}>
AOT-register-type-constraints
Relation: <<-:{AOT-κs, AOT-Term-id-2}>>

AOT-theorem id-eq:2: <α = β → β = α>
 by (meson rule=E deduction-theorem)

AOT-theorem id-eq:3: <α = β & β = γ → α = γ>
 using rule=E →I &E by blast

AOT-theorem id-eq:4: <α = β ≡ ∀γ (α = γ ≡ β = γ)>
 proof (rule ≡I; rule →I)
 AOT-assume 0: <α = β>

AOT-hence 1: $\langle \beta = \alpha \rangle$ **using** $id\text{-}eq:2 \rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-show $\langle \forall \gamma (\alpha = \gamma \equiv \beta = \gamma) \rangle$
by (*rule GEN*) (*metis* $\equiv I \rightarrow I 0 1 rule=E$)
next
AOT-assume $\langle \forall \gamma (\alpha = \gamma \equiv \beta = \gamma) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \alpha = \alpha \equiv \beta = \alpha \rangle$ **using** $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \alpha = \alpha \rightarrow \beta = \alpha \rangle$ **using** $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow I$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \beta = \alpha \rangle$ **using** $id\text{-}eq:1 \rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \alpha = \beta \rangle$ **using** $id\text{-}eq:2 \rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *rule=I:1*:
assumes $\langle \tau \downarrow \rangle$
shows $\langle \tau = \tau \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle \forall \alpha (\alpha = \alpha) \rangle$
by (*rule GEN*) (*metis id-eq:1*)
AOT-thus $\langle \tau = \tau \rangle$ **using** *assms* $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *rule=I:2[const-var]*: $\alpha = \alpha$
using *id-eq:1*.

AOT-theorem *rule=I:2[lambda]*:
assumes $\langle INSTANCE-OF-CQT-2(\varphi) \rangle$
shows $[\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{ \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \}] = [\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{ \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \}]$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle \forall \alpha (\alpha = \alpha) \rangle$
by (*rule GEN*) (*metis id-eq:1*)
moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{ \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \}] \downarrow \rangle$
using *assms* **by** (*rule cqt:2[lambda][axiom-inst]*)
ultimately AOT-show $\langle [\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{ \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \}] = [\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{ \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \}] \rangle$
using *assms* $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
qed

lemmas $=I = rule=I:1 rule=I:2[const-var] rule=I:2[lambda]$

AOT-theorem *rule=id-df:1*:
assumes $\langle \tau \{ \alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n \} =_{df} \sigma \{ \alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n \} \rangle$ **and** $\langle \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \downarrow \rangle$
shows $\langle \tau \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} = \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \downarrow \rightarrow \tau \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} = \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \rangle$
using *df-rules-terms[3]* *assms(1)* $\& E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \tau \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} = \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \rangle$
using *assms(2)* $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *rule=id-df:1[zero]*:
assumes $\langle \tau =_{df} \sigma \rangle$ **and** $\langle \sigma \downarrow \rangle$
shows $\langle \tau = \sigma \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle \sigma \downarrow \rightarrow \tau = \sigma \rangle$
using *df-rules-terms[4]* *assms(1)* $\& E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \tau = \sigma \rangle$
using *assms(2)* $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *rule=id-df:2:a*:
assumes $\langle \tau \{ \alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n \} =_{df} \sigma \{ \alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n \} \rangle$ **and** $\langle \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \downarrow \rangle$ **and** $\langle \varphi \{ \tau \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \} \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \{ \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \} \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle \tau \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} = \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \rangle$ **using** *rule=id-df:1 assms(1,2)* **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \varphi \{ \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \} \rangle$ **using** *assms(3)* *rule=E* **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem rule-id-df:2:a[2] :

assumes $\langle \tau \{ \langle (\alpha_1, \alpha_2) \rangle \} =_{df} \sigma \{ \langle (\alpha_1, \alpha_2) \rangle \} \rangle$
and $\langle \sigma \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} \downarrow \rangle$
and $\langle \varphi \{ \tau \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} \} \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \{ \sigma \{ \langle (\tau_1 :: 'a :: AOT\text{-Term}\text{-id-2}, \tau_2 :: 'b :: AOT\text{-Term}\text{-id-2}) \rangle \} \} \} \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \tau \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} = \sigma \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} \rangle$
using $\text{rule-id-df:1 assms(1,2) by auto}$
AOT-thus $\langle \varphi \{ \sigma \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} \} \rangle$ using $\text{assms(3) rule=E by blast}$
qed

AOT-theorem $\text{rule-id-df:2:a[zero]}$:

assumes $\langle \tau =_{df} \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle \sigma \downarrow \rangle$ and $\langle \varphi \{ \tau \} \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \{ \sigma \} \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \tau = \sigma \rangle$ using $\text{rule-id-df:1[zero] assms(1,2) by blast}$
AOT-thus $\langle \varphi \{ \sigma \} \rangle$ using $\text{assms(3) rule=E by blast}$
qed

lemmas $=_{df} E = \text{rule-id-df:2:a rule-id-df:2:a[zero]}$

AOT-theorem rule-id-df:2:b :

assumes $\langle \tau \{ \alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n \} =_{df} \sigma \{ \alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n \} \rangle$ and $\langle \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \downarrow \rangle$ and $\langle \varphi \{ \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \} \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \{ \tau \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \} \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \tau \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} = \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \rangle$
using $\text{rule-id-df:1 assms(1,2) by blast}$
AOT-hence $\langle \sigma \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} = \tau \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \rangle$
using $\text{rule=E = I(1) t=t-proper:1 \rightarrow E by fast}$
AOT-thus $\langle \varphi \{ \tau \{ \tau_1 \dots \tau_n \} \} \rangle$ using $\text{assms(3) rule=E by blast}$
qed

AOT-theorem rule-id-df:2:b[2] :

assumes $\langle \tau \{ \langle (\alpha_1, \alpha_2) \rangle \} =_{df} \sigma \{ \langle (\alpha_1, \alpha_2) \rangle \} \rangle$
and $\langle \sigma \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} \downarrow \rangle$
and $\langle \varphi \{ \sigma \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} \} \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \{ \tau \{ \langle (\tau_1 :: 'a :: AOT\text{-Term}\text{-id-2}, \tau_2 :: 'b :: AOT\text{-Term}\text{-id-2}) \rangle \} \} \} \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \tau \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} = \sigma \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} \rangle$
using $=I(1) \text{ rule-id-df:2:a[2] RAA(1) assms(1,2) \rightarrow I by metis}$
AOT-hence $\langle \sigma \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} = \tau \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} \rangle$
using $\text{rule=E = I(1) t=t-proper:1 \rightarrow E by fast}$
AOT-thus $\langle \varphi \{ \tau \{ \langle (\tau_1, \tau_2) \rangle \} \} \rangle$ using $\text{assms(3) rule=E by blast}$
qed

AOT-theorem $\text{rule-id-df:2:b[zero]}$:

assumes $\langle \tau =_{df} \sigma \rangle$ and $\langle \sigma \downarrow \rangle$ and $\langle \varphi \{ \sigma \} \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi \{ \tau \} \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \tau = \sigma \rangle$ using $\text{rule-id-df:1[zero] assms(1,2) by blast}$
AOT-hence $\langle \sigma = \tau \rangle$
using $\text{rule=E = I(1) t=t-proper:1 \rightarrow E by fast}$
AOT-thus $\langle \varphi \{ \tau \} \rangle$ using $\text{assms(3) rule=E by blast}$
qed

lemmas $=_{df} I = \text{rule-id-df:2:b rule-id-df:2:b[zero]}$

AOT-theorem $\text{free-thms:1: } \langle \tau \downarrow \equiv \exists \beta (\beta = \tau) \rangle$

by $(\text{metis } \exists E \text{ rule=I:1 t=t-proper:2 \rightarrow I } \exists I(1) \equiv I \rightarrow E)$

AOT-theorem $\text{free-thms:2: } \langle \forall \alpha \varphi \{ \alpha \} \rightarrow (\exists \beta (\beta = \tau) \rightarrow \varphi \{ \tau \}) \rangle$

by (*metis* $\exists E \text{ rule}=E \text{ cqt}:2[\text{const-var}][\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \forall E(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:3[const-var]:* $\langle \exists \beta (\beta = \alpha) \rangle$
by (*meson* $\exists I(2) \text{ id-eq}:1$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:3[lambda]:*
assumes *INSTANCE-OF-CQT-2(φ)*
shows $\langle \exists \beta (\beta = [\lambda \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \varphi \{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}]) \rangle$
by (*meson* $=I(3) \text{ assms cqt}:2[\text{lambda}][\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ existential}:1$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[rel]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \vee \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \Pi) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E(1) \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[vars]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n \vee \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta_1 \dots \exists \beta_n (\beta_1 \dots \beta_n = \kappa_1 \dots \kappa_n) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E(2) \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[1,rel]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa \vee \kappa [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \Pi) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E(1) \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[1,1]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa \vee \kappa [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \kappa) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E(2) \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[2,rel]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \vee \kappa_1 \kappa_2 [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \Pi) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E(1) \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[2][\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[2][\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[2,1]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \vee \kappa_1 \kappa_2 [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \kappa_1) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[2][\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[2][\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[2,2]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \vee \kappa_1 \kappa_2 [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \kappa_2) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E(2) \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[2][\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[2][\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[3,rel]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 \vee \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \Pi) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[3][\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[3][\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[3,1]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 \vee \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \kappa_1) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[3][\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[3][\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[3,2]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 \vee \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \kappa_2) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[3][\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[3][\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[3,3]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 \vee \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \kappa_3) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E(2) \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[3][\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[3][\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[4,rel]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 \kappa_4 \vee \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 \kappa_4 [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \Pi) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\text{rule}=I:1 \& E(1) \vee E(1) \text{ cqt}:5:a[4][\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ cqt}:5:b[4][\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow I \exists I(1)$)

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[4,1]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi] \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 \kappa_4 \vee \kappa_1 \kappa_2 \kappa_3 \kappa_4 [\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \kappa_1) \rangle$

by (*metis rule=I:1 &E ∨E(1) cqt:5:a[4][axiom-inst]*
cqt:5:b[4][axiom-inst] →I ∃ I(1))

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[4,2]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi]\kappa_1\kappa_2\kappa_3\kappa_4 \vee \kappa_1\kappa_2\kappa_3\kappa_4[\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \kappa_2) \rangle$
by (*metis rule=I:1 &E ∨E(1) cqt:5:a[4][axiom-inst]*
cqt:5:b[4][axiom-inst] →I ∃ I(1))

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[4,3]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi]\kappa_1\kappa_2\kappa_3\kappa_4 \vee \kappa_1\kappa_2\kappa_3\kappa_4[\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \kappa_3) \rangle$
by (*metis rule=I:1 &E ∨E(1) cqt:5:a[4][axiom-inst]*
cqt:5:b[4][axiom-inst] →I ∃ I(1))

AOT-theorem *free-thms:4[4,4]:*
 $\langle ([\Pi]\kappa_1\kappa_2\kappa_3\kappa_4 \vee \kappa_1\kappa_2\kappa_3\kappa_4[\Pi]) \rightarrow \exists \beta (\beta = \kappa_4) \rangle$
by (*metis rule=I:1 &E(2) ∨E(1) cqt:5:a[4][axiom-inst]*
cqt:5:b[4][axiom-inst] →I ∃ I(1))

AOT-theorem *ex:1:a: ⟨∀ α α↓*
by (*rule GEN*) (*fact cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]*)

AOT-theorem *ex:1:b: ⟨∀ α ∃ β(β = α)⟩*
by (*rule GEN*) (*fact free-thms:3[const-var]*)

AOT-theorem *ex:2:a: ⟨□α↓*
by (*rule RN*) (*fact cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]*)

AOT-theorem *ex:2:b: ⟨□ ∃ β(β = α)⟩*
by (*rule RN*) (*fact free-thms:3[const-var]*)

AOT-theorem *ex:3:a: ⟨□ ∀ α α↓*
by (*rule RN*) (*fact ex:1:a*)

AOT-theorem *ex:3:b: ⟨□ ∀ α ∃ β(β = α)⟩*
by (*rule RN*) (*fact ex:1:b*)

AOT-theorem *ex:4:a: ⟨∀ α □α↓*
by (*rule GEN; rule RN*) (*fact cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]*)

AOT-theorem *ex:4:b: ⟨∀ α □ ∃ β(β = α)⟩*
by (*rule GEN; rule RN*) (*fact free-thms:3[const-var]*)

AOT-theorem *ex:5:a: ⟨□ ∀ α □α↓*
by (*rule RN*) (*simp add: ex:4:a*)

AOT-theorem *ex:5:b: ⟨□ ∀ α □ ∃ β(β = α)⟩*
by (*rule RN*) (*simp add: ex:4:b*)

AOT-theorem *all-self=:1: ⟨□ ∀ α(α = α)⟩*
by (*rule RN; rule GEN*) (*fact id-eq:1*)

AOT-theorem *all-self=:2: ⟨∀ α □(α = α)⟩*
by (*rule GEN; rule RN*) (*fact id-eq:1*)

AOT-theorem *id-nec:1: ⟨α = β → □(α = β)⟩*
proof(*rule →I*)

AOT-assume *⟨α = β⟩*
moreover AOT-have *⟨□(α = α)⟩*
by (*rule RN*) (*fact id-eq:1*)

ultimately AOT-show *⟨□(α = β)⟩* **using** *rule=E* **by** *fast*
qed

AOT-theorem *id-nec:2: ⟨τ = σ → □(τ = σ)⟩*
proof(*rule →I*)

AOT-assume *asm: ⟨τ = σ⟩*
moreover AOT-have *⟨τ↓*
using *calculation t=t-proper:1 →E* **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-have *⟨□(τ = τ)⟩*
using *calculation all-self=:2 ∀ E(1)* **by** *blast*
ultimately AOT-show *⟨□(τ = σ)⟩* **using** *rule=E* **by** *fast*
qed

```

AOT-theorem term-out:1:  $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \exists\beta (\beta = \alpha \& \varphi\{\beta\}) \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume asm:  $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
  AOT-show  $\langle \exists\beta (\beta = \alpha \& \varphi\{\beta\}) \rangle$ 
    by (rule  $\exists I(2)$ [where  $\beta = \alpha$ ]; rule  $\& I$ )
      (auto simp:  $id\_eq:1$  asm)
next
  AOT-assume 0:  $\langle \exists\beta (\beta = \alpha \& \varphi\{\beta\}) \rangle$ 
  AOT-obtain  $\beta$  where  $\langle \beta = \alpha \& \varphi\{\beta\} \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists E[rotated, OF 0]$  by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  using  $\& E$  rule= $E$  by blast
qed

AOT-theorem term-out:2:  $\langle \tau \downarrow \rightarrow (\varphi\{\tau\} \equiv \exists\alpha (\alpha = \tau \& \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$ 
proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle \tau \downarrow \rangle$ 
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \forall\alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \exists\beta (\beta = \alpha \& \varphi\{\beta\})) \rangle$ 
    by (rule GEN) (fact term-out:1)
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \varphi\{\tau\} \equiv \exists\alpha (\alpha = \tau \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
    using  $\forall E$  by blast
qed

AOT-theorem term-out:3:
 $\langle (\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall\beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \equiv \forall\beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$ 
apply (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  apply (frule  $\& E(1)$ )
  apply (drule  $\& E(2)$ )
  apply (rule GEN; rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
using rule-ui:2[const-var] vdash-properties:5
  apply blast
  apply (meson rule= $E$  id-eq:1)
  apply (rule  $\& I$ )
using id-eq:1  $\equiv E(2)$  rule-ui:3
  apply blast
  apply (rule GEN; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
using  $\equiv E(1)$  rule-ui:2[const-var]
  by blast

AOT-theorem term-out:4:
 $\langle (\varphi\{\beta\} \& \forall\alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \alpha = \beta)) \equiv \forall\alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \alpha = \beta) \rangle$ 
using term-out:3 .

```

```

AOT-define AOT-exists-unique ::  $\langle \alpha \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$  uniqueness:1
   $\langle \langle AOT\text{-exists-unique } \varphi \rangle \equiv_{df} \exists\alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall\beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \rangle$ 
syntax (input) -AOT-exists-unique ::  $\langle \alpha \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$  ( $\langle \exists! \dashv [1,40] \rangle$ )
syntax (output) -AOT-exists-unique ::  $\langle \alpha \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$  ( $\langle \exists!'-(-') \rangle [1,40]$ )
AOT-syntax-print-translations
  -AOT-exists-unique  $\tau \varphi \leqslant CONST$  AOT-exists-unique (-abs  $\tau \varphi$ )
syntax
  -AOT-exists-unique-ellipse ::  $\langle id\text{-position} \Rightarrow id\text{-position} \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ 
    ( $\langle \exists! \dots \exists! \dashv [1,40] \rangle$ )
parse-ast-translation
  [syntax-const -AOT-exists-unique-ellipse,
   fn ctx  $\Rightarrow$  fn  $[a,b,c] \Rightarrow$  Ast.mk-appl (Ast.Constant AOT-exists-unique)
   [parseEllipseList -AOT-vars ctx  $[a,b,c]$ ],
   (syntax-const -AOT-exists-unique),
   AOT-restricted-binder
     const-name AOT-exists-unique
     const-syntax AOT-conj)]
print-translation AOT-syntax-print-translations [
  AOT-preserve-binder-abs-tr'

```

```

const-syntax <AOT-exists-unique>
syntax-const <-AOT-exists-unique>
(syntax-const <-AOT-exists-unique-ellipse>, true)
const-name <AOT-conj>,
AOT-binder-trans
@{theory}
@{binding AOT-exists-unique-binder}
syntax-const <-AOT-exists-unique>
}

context AOT-meta-syntax
begin
notation AOT-exists-unique (binder < $\exists !$ > 20)
end
context AOT-no-meta-syntax
begin
no-notation AOT-exists-unique (binder < $\exists !$ > 20)
end

AOT-theorem uniqueness:2:  $\exists !\alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \exists \alpha \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha)$ 
proof(rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume < $\exists !\alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
  AOT-hence < $\exists \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = \alpha))$ >
    using uniqueness:1  $\equiv_{df} E$  by blast
  then AOT-obtain  $\alpha$  where < $\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)$ >
    using instantiation[rotated] by blast
  AOT-hence < $\forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha)$ >
    using term-out:3  $\equiv E$  by blast
  AOT-thus < $\exists \alpha \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha)$ >
    using  $\exists I$  by fast
next
  AOT-assume < $\exists \alpha \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha)$ >
  then AOT-obtain  $\alpha$  where < $\forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha)$ >
    using instantiation[rotated] by blast
  AOT-hence < $\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)$ >
    using term-out:3  $\equiv E$  by blast
  AOT-hence < $\exists \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = \alpha))$ >
    using  $\exists I$  by fast
  AOT-thus < $\exists !\alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
    using uniqueness:1  $\equiv_{df} I$  by blast
qed

AOT-theorem uni-most:  $\exists !\alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \forall \beta \forall \gamma ((\varphi\{\beta\} \& \varphi\{\gamma\}) \rightarrow \beta = \gamma)$ 
proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ ; rule GEN; rule GEN; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  fix  $\beta \gamma$ 
  AOT-assume < $\exists !\alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
  AOT-hence < $\exists \alpha \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha)$ >
    using uniqueness:2  $\equiv E$  by blast
  then AOT-obtain  $\alpha$  where < $\forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha)$ >
    using instantiation[rotated] by blast
  moreover AOT-assume < $\varphi\{\beta\} \& \varphi\{\gamma\}$ >
  ultimately AOT-have < $\beta = \alpha$  and  $\gamma = \alpha$ >
    using  $\forall E(2) \& E \equiv E(1,2)$  by blast+
  AOT-thus < $\beta = \gamma$ >
    by (metis rule=E id-eq:2  $\rightarrow E$ )
qed

AOT-theorem nec-exist-!:  $\forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \Box \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (\exists !\alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \exists !\alpha \Box \varphi\{\alpha\})$ 
proof (rule  $\rightarrow I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $a$ : < $\forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \Box \varphi\{\alpha\})$ >
  AOT-assume < $\exists !\alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
  AOT-hence < $\exists \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = \alpha))$ >

```

```

using uniqueness:1  $\equiv_{df} E$  by blast
then AOT-obtain  $\alpha$  where  $\xi: \langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \rangle$ 
  using instantiation[rotated] by blast
AOT-have  $\langle \Box\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
  using  $\xi \& E \forall E \rightarrow E$  by fast
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \forall \beta (\Box\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \rangle$ 
  apply (rule GEN; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  using  $\xi[THEN \& E(2), THEN \forall E(2), THEN \rightarrow E]$ 
    qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle (\Box\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \forall \beta (\Box\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \rangle$ 
  using  $\& I$  by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists !\alpha \Box\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
  using uniqueness:1  $\equiv_{df} I \exists I$  by fast
qed

```

8.8 The Theory of Actuality and Descriptions

AOT-theorem act-cond: $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\psi) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow I \equiv E(1)$ logic-actual-nec:2[axiom-inst] **by** blast

AOT-theorem nec-imp-act: $\langle \Box\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$
by (metis act-cond contraposition:I[2] $\equiv E(4)$
 qml:2[THEN act-closure, axiom-inst]
 qml-act:2[axiom-inst] RAA(1) $\rightarrow E \rightarrow I$)

AOT-theorem act-conj-act:1: $\langle \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow I \equiv E(2)$ logic-actual-nec:2[axiom-inst]
 logic-actual-nec:4[axiom-inst] **by** blast

AOT-theorem act-conj-act:2: $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi) \rangle$
by (metis $\rightarrow I \equiv E(2, 4)$ logic-actual-nec:2[axiom-inst]
 logic-actual-nec:4[axiom-inst] RAA(1))

AOT-theorem act-conj-act:3: $\langle (\mathcal{A}\varphi \& \mathcal{A}\psi) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}(\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \& \psi))) \rangle$
by (rule RN) (fact Adjunction)
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \& \psi))) \rangle$
using nec-imp-act $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}(\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \& \psi)) \rangle$
using act-cond $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast
moreover AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \& \psi)) \rightarrow (\mathcal{A}\psi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}(\varphi \& \psi)) \rangle$
by (fact act-cond)
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow (\mathcal{A}\psi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}(\varphi \& \psi)) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E$ **by** metis
AOT-thus $\langle (\mathcal{A}\varphi \& \mathcal{A}\psi) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}(\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$
by (metis Importation $\rightarrow E$)
qed

AOT-theorem act-conj-act:4: $\langle \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi) \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle (\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \& \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi)) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}((\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \& (\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi)) \rangle$
by (fact act-conj-act:3)
moreover AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \& \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi) \rangle$
using $\& I$ act-conj-act:1 act-conj-act:2 **by** simp
ultimately AOT-have $\zeta: \langle \mathcal{A}((\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \& (\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi)) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast
AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(((\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \& (\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi)) \rightarrow (\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi)) \rangle$
using conventions:3[THEN df-rules-formulas[2],
 THEN act-closure, axiom-inst] **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}((\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \& (\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi)) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi) \rangle$
using act-cond $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast
AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi) \rangle$ **using** $\zeta \rightarrow E$ **by** blast

qed

```

inductive arbitrary-actualization for  $\varphi$  where
  ⟨arbitrary-actualization  $\varphi$  « $\mathcal{A}\varphi$ »⟩
| ⟨arbitrary-actualization  $\varphi$  « $\mathcal{A}\psi$ » if ⟨arbitrary-actualization  $\varphi \psi$ ⟩
declare arbitrary-actualization.cases[AOT]
  arbitrary-actualization.induct[AOT]
  arbitrary-actualization.simps[AOT]
  arbitrary-actualization.intros[AOT]
syntax arbitrary-actualization :: ⟨ $\varphi' \Rightarrow \varphi' \Rightarrow AOT\text{-}prop$ ⟩
  (⟨ARBITRARY'-ACTUALIZATION'(-,-)⟩)

```

```

notepad
begin
  AOT-modally-strict {
    fix  $\varphi$ 
    AOT-have ⟨ARBITRARY-ACTUALIZATION( $\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi$ ,  $\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi)$ )⟩
      using AOT-PLM.arbitrary-actualization.intros by metis
    AOT-have ⟨ARBITRARY-ACTUALIZATION( $\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi$ ,  $\mathcal{AA}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi)$ )⟩
      using AOT-PLM.arbitrary-actualization.intros by metis
    AOT-have ⟨ARBITRARY-ACTUALIZATION( $\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi$ ,  $\mathcal{AAA}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi)$ )⟩
      using AOT-PLM.arbitrary-actualization.intros by metis
  }
end

```

```

AOT-theorem closure-act:1:
  assumes ⟨ARBITRARY-ACTUALIZATION( $\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi$ ,  $\psi$ )⟩
  shows ⟨ $\psi$ ⟩
  using assms proof(induct)
    case 1
      AOT-show ⟨ $\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi)$ ⟩
        by (simp add: act-conj-act:4)
    next
      case (2  $\psi$ )
      AOT-thus ⟨ $\mathcal{A}\psi$ ⟩
        by (metis arbitrary-actualization.simps ≡E(1)
          logic-actual-nec:4[axiom-inst])
  qed

```

```

AOT-theorem closure-act:2: ⟨ $\forall \alpha \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \varphi\{\alpha\})$ ⟩
  by (simp add: act-conj-act:4 ∀I)

```

```

AOT-theorem closure-act:3: ⟨ $\mathcal{A}\forall \alpha \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \varphi\{\alpha\})$ ⟩
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) act-conj-act:4 ≡E(1,2) ∀I
    logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst]
    logic-actual-nec:4[axiom-inst])

```

```

AOT-theorem closure-act:4: ⟨ $\mathcal{A}\forall \alpha_1 \dots \forall \alpha_n \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n\} \equiv \varphi\{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n\})$ ⟩
  using closure-act:3 .

```

AOT-act-theorem RA[1]:

```

  assumes ⟨ $\vdash \varphi$ ⟩
  shows ⟨ $\vdash \mathcal{A}\varphi$ ⟩
  — While this proof is rejected in PLM, we merely state it as modally-fragile rule, which addresses the concern in PLM.
  using ¬¬E assms ≡E(3) logic-actual[act-axiom-inst]
    logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst] modus-tollens:2 by blast

```

AOT-theorem RA[2]:

```

  assumes ⟨ $\vdash_{\Box} \varphi$ ⟩
  shows ⟨ $\vdash_{\Box} \mathcal{A}\varphi$ ⟩
  — This rule is in fact a consequence of RN and does not require an appeal to the semantics itself.

```

using *RN assms nec-imp-act vdash-properties:5* **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem *RA[3]:*

assumes $\langle \Gamma \vdash_{\square} \varphi \rangle$

shows $\langle \mathcal{A}\Gamma \vdash_{\square} \mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$

This rule is only derivable from the semantics, but apparently no proof actually relies on it. If this turns out to be required, it is valid to derive it from the semantics just like RN, but we refrain from doing so, unless necessary.

oops — discard the rule

AOT-act-theorem *ANeg:1: $\neg \mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \neg \varphi$*

by (simp add: *RA[1]* contraposition:1[1] deduction-theorem
 $\equiv I$ logic-actual[act-axiom-inst])

AOT-act-theorem *ANeg:2: $\neg \mathcal{A}\neg \varphi \equiv \varphi$*

using *ANeg:1 ≡ I ≡ E(5)* useful-tautologies:1
useful-tautologies:2 by *blast*

AOT-theorem *Act-Basic:1: <math>\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \vee \mathcal{A}\neg \varphi \rangle*

by (meson $\vee I(1,2) \equiv E(2)$ logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst] raa-cor:1)

AOT-theorem *Act-Basic:2: <math>\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \& \psi) \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi \& \mathcal{A}\psi) \rangle*

proof (*rule ≡ I; rule → I*)

AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$

moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}((\varphi \& \psi) \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$

by (simp add: *RA[2]* Conjunction Simplification(1))

moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}((\varphi \& \psi) \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$

by (simp add: *RA[2]* Conjunction Simplification(2))

ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \& \mathcal{A}\psi \rangle$

using act-cond[THEN → E, THEN → E] & I by *metis*

next

AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \& \mathcal{A}\psi \rangle$

AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$

using act-conj-act:3 vdash-properties:6 by *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *Act-Basic:3: <math>\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv (\mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \& \mathcal{A}(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rangle*

proof (*rule ≡ I; rule → I*)

AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$

moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}((\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \rangle$

by (simp add: *RA[2]* deduction-theorem ≡ E(1))

moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}((\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rangle$

by (simp add: *RA[2]* deduction-theorem ≡ E(2))

ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \& \mathcal{A}(\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$

using act-cond[THEN → E, THEN → E] & I by *metis*

next

AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \& \mathcal{A}(\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \& (\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rangle$

by (metis act-conj-act:3 vdash-properties:10)

moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}(((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \& (\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rightarrow (\varphi \equiv \psi)) \rangle$

by (simp add: conventions:3 *RA[2]* df-rules-formulas[2]

vdash-properties:1[2])

ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$

using act-cond[THEN → E, THEN → E] by *metis*

qed

AOT-theorem *Act-Basic:4: <math>\langle (\mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \& \mathcal{A}(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}\psi) \rangle*

proof (*rule ≡ I; rule → I*)

AOT-assume 0: $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \& \mathcal{A}(\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$

AOT-show $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}\psi \rangle$

using 0 & E act-cond[THEN → E, THEN → E] ≡ I → I by *metis*

next

AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}\psi \rangle$

AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \& \mathcal{A}(\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\rightarrow I$ *logic-actual-nec*: $2[axiom-inst]$ $\equiv E(1,2)$ $\& I$)
qed

AOT-theorem *Act-Basic:5*: $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}\psi) \rangle$
using *Act-Basic:3* *Act-Basic:4* $\equiv E(5)$ **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem *Act-Basic:6*: $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \Box\mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$
by (*simp add*: $\equiv I$ *qml*: $2[axiom-inst]$ *qml-act*: $I[axiom-inst]$)

AOT-theorem *Act-Basic:7*: $\langle \mathcal{A}\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$
by (*metis* *Act-Basic:6* $\rightarrow I$ $\rightarrow E$ $\equiv E(1,2)$ *nec-imp-act*
qml-act: $2[axiom-inst]$)

AOT-theorem *Act-Basic:8*: $\langle \Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$
using *Hypothetical Syllogism nec-imp-act qml-act*: $I[axiom-inst]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem *Act-Basic:9*: $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi \vee \mathcal{A}\psi) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \vee \psi) \rangle$
AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \vee \mathcal{A}\psi \rangle$
proof (*rule raa-cor*: 3)
AOT-assume $\langle \neg(\mathcal{A}\varphi \vee \mathcal{A}\psi) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \& \neg\mathcal{A}\psi \rangle$
by (*metis* $\equiv E(1)$ *oth-class-taut*: $5:d$)
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \& \mathcal{A}\neg\psi \rangle$
using *logic-actual-nec*: $1[axiom-inst, THEN \equiv E(2)] \& E \& I$ **by** *metis*
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}(\neg\varphi \& \neg\psi) \rangle$
using $\equiv E$ *Act-Basic:2* **by** *metis*
moreover AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}((\neg\varphi \& \neg\psi) \equiv \neg(\varphi \vee \psi)) \rangle$
using *RA*[2] $\equiv E(6)$ *oth-class-taut*: $3:a$ *oth-class-taut*: $5:d$ **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(\neg\varphi \& \neg\psi) \equiv \mathcal{A}(\neg(\varphi \vee \psi)) \rangle$
using *calculation*(2) **by** (*metis* *Act-Basic:5* $\equiv E(1)$)
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(\neg(\varphi \vee \psi)) \rangle$ **using** $\equiv E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \neg\mathcal{A}(\varphi \vee \psi) \rangle$
using *logic-actual-nec*: $1[axiom-inst, THEN \equiv E(1)]$ **by** *auto*
qed
next
AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \vee \mathcal{A}\psi \rangle$
AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \vee \psi) \rangle$
by (*meson* *RA*[2] *act-cond* *VI*(1) $\vee E(1)$ *Disjunction Addition*($1,2$))
qed

AOT-theorem *Act-Basic:10*: $\langle \mathcal{A}\exists\alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \exists\alpha \mathcal{A}\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

proof –
AOT-have ϑ : $\langle \neg\mathcal{A}\forall\alpha \neg\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \neg\forall\alpha \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
by (*rule oth-class-taut*: $4:b$ [*THEN* $\equiv E(1)$])
(*metis logic-actual-nec*: $3[axiom-inst]$)
AOT-have ξ : $\langle \neg\forall\alpha \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \neg\forall\alpha \neg\mathcal{A}\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
by (*rule oth-class-taut*: $4:b$ [*THEN* $\equiv E(1)$])
(*rule logic-actual-nec*: $1[THEN$ *universal-closure*,
axiom-inst, *THEN cqt-basic*: $3[THEN \rightarrow E]$])
AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(\exists\alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \equiv \mathcal{A}(\neg\forall\alpha \neg\varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
using *conventions*: $4[THEN$ *df-rules-formulas*[1],
*THEN act-closure, axiom-inst
conventions: $4[THEN$ *df-rules-formulas*[2],
*THEN act-closure, axiom-inst
Act-Basic:4[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] $\& I$ *Act-Basic:5[THEN* $\equiv E(2)$] $] \text{ by } metis$*
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \neg\mathcal{A}\forall\alpha \neg\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
by (*simp add*: *logic-actual-nec*: $1[vdash-properties]$: $1[2]$)
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \neg\forall\alpha \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **using** ϑ **by** *blast*
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \neg\forall\alpha \neg\mathcal{A}\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **using** ξ **by** *blast*
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \exists\alpha \mathcal{A}\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$*

using conventions:4[THEN $\equiv Df$] **by** (metis $\equiv E(6)$ oth-class-taut:3:a)
finally AOT-show $\langle \mathcal{A} \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \exists \alpha \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$.
qed

AOT-theorem Act-Basic:11:

$\langle \mathcal{A} \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \equiv \forall \alpha (\mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A} \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \mathcal{A} (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

using logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ for α **using** $\forall E$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ for α **by** (metis Act-Basic:5 $\equiv E(1)$)

AOT-thus $\langle \forall \alpha (\mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ **by** (rule $\forall I$)

next

AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha (\mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ for α **using** $\forall E$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ for α **by** (metis Act-Basic:5 $\equiv E(2)$)

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \mathcal{A} (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ **by** (rule $\forall I$)

AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A} \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

using logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] **by** fast

qed

AOT-act-theorem act-quant-uniq:

$\langle \forall \beta (\mathcal{A} \varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \equiv \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$

proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \forall \beta (\mathcal{A} \varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha \rangle$ for β **using** $\forall E$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha \rangle$ for β

using $\equiv I \rightarrow I RA[1] \equiv E(1,2)$ logic-actual[act-axiom-inst] $\rightarrow E$

by metis

AOT-thus $\langle \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$ **by** (rule $\forall I$)

next

AOT-assume $\langle \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha \rangle$ for β **using** $\forall E$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha \rangle$ for β

using $\equiv I \rightarrow I RA[1] \equiv E(1,2)$ logic-actual[act-axiom-inst] $\rightarrow E$

by metis

AOT-thus $\langle \forall \beta (\mathcal{A} \varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$ **by** (rule $\forall I$)

qed

AOT-act-theorem fund-cont-desc: $\langle x = \iota x (\varphi\{x\}) \equiv \forall z (\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = x) \rangle$
using descriptions[axiom-inst] act-quant-uniq $\equiv E(5)$ **by** fast

AOT-act-theorem hintikka: $\langle x = \iota x (\varphi\{x\}) \equiv (\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z (\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x)) \rangle$

using Commutativity of \equiv [THEN $\equiv E(1)$] term-out:3

fund-cont-desc $\equiv E(5)$ **by** blast

locale russell-axiom =

fixes ψ

assumes ψ -denotes-asm: $[v \models \psi\{\kappa\}] \implies [v \models \kappa \downarrow]$

begin

AOT-act-theorem russell-axiom:

$\langle \psi \{ \iota x \varphi\{x\} \} \equiv \exists x (\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z (\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x) \& \psi\{x\}) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have b: $\langle \forall x (x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv (\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z (\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x))) \rangle$

using hintikka $\forall I$ **by** fast

show ?thesis

proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume c: $\langle \psi \{ \iota x \varphi\{x\} \} \rangle$

AOT-hence d: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$

using ψ -denotes-asm **by** blast

```

AOT-hence  $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$ 
  by (metis rule=I:1 existential:1)
then AOT-obtain a where a-def:  $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$ 
  using instantiation[rotated] by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv (\varphi\{a\} \& \forall z(\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = a)) \rangle$ 
  using b  $\forall E$  by blast
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \varphi\{a\} \& \forall z(\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = a) \rangle$ 
  using  $\equiv E$  by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \psi\{a\} \rangle$ 
proof -
  AOT-have 1:  $\langle \forall x \forall y (x = y \rightarrow y = x) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: id_eq_2 universal_cor)
  AOT-have  $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \iota x \varphi\{x\} = a \rangle$ 
    by (rule  $\forall E(1)[\text{where } \tau=\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle]; \text{rule } \forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=a]$ )
      (auto simp: 1 d universal_cor)
  AOT-thus  $\langle \psi\{a\} \rangle$ 
    using a-def c rule=E  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
qed
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \varphi\{a\} \& \forall z(\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = a) \& \psi\{a\} \rangle$  by (rule &I)
  AOT-thus  $\langle \exists x(\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z(\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x) \& \psi\{x\}) \rangle$  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
next
  AOT-assume  $\langle \exists x(\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z(\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x) \& \psi\{x\}) \rangle$ 
  then AOT-obtain b where g:  $\langle \varphi\{b\} \& \forall z(\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = b) \& \psi\{b\} \rangle$ 
    using instantiation[rotated] by blast
  AOT-hence h:  $\langle b = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv (\varphi\{b\} \& \forall z(\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = b)) \rangle$ 
    using b  $\forall E$  by blast
  AOT-have  $\langle \varphi\{b\} \& \forall z(\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = b) \rangle$  and j:  $\langle \psi\{b\} \rangle$ 
    using g &E by blast+
  AOT-hence  $\langle b = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$  using h  $\equiv E$  by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \psi\{\iota x \varphi\{x\}\} \rangle$  using j rule=E by blast
qed
qed
end

```

```

interpretation russell_axiom[exe,1]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle [\Pi] \kappa \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:a[1][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E(2))
interpretation russell_axiom[exe,2,1,1]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle [\Pi] \kappa \kappa' \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:a[2][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E)
interpretation russell_axiom[exe,2,1,2]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle [\Pi] \kappa' \kappa \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:a[2][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E(2))
interpretation russell_axiom[exe,2,2]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle [\Pi] \kappa \kappa \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:a[2][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E(2))
interpretation russell_axiom[exe,3,1,1]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle [\Pi] \kappa \kappa' \kappa'' \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:a[3][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E)
interpretation russell_axiom[exe,3,1,2]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle [\Pi] \kappa' \kappa \kappa'' \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:a[3][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E)
interpretation russell_axiom[exe,3,1,3]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle [\Pi] \kappa' \kappa'' \kappa \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:a[3][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E(2))
interpretation russell_axiom[exe,3,2,1]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle [\Pi] \kappa \kappa \kappa' \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:a[3][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E)
interpretation russell_axiom[exe,3,2,2]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle [\Pi] \kappa \kappa' \kappa \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:a[3][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E(2))
interpretation russell_axiom[exe,3,2,3]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle [\Pi] \kappa' \kappa \kappa \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:a[3][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E)
interpretation russell_axiom[enc,1]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle \kappa[\Pi] \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:b[1][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E(2))
interpretation russell_axiom[enc,2,1]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle \kappa \kappa'[\Pi] \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:b[2][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E)
interpretation russell_axiom[enc,2,2]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle \kappa' \kappa[\Pi] \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:b[2][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E(2))

```

```

interpretation russell_axiom[enc,1]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle \kappa[\Pi] \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:b[1][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E(2))
interpretation russell_axiom[enc,2,1]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle \kappa \kappa'[\Pi] \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:b[2][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E)
interpretation russell_axiom[enc,2,2]: russell_axiom  $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle \kappa' \kappa[\Pi] \rangle \rangle$ 
  by standard (metis cqt:5:b[2][axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] & E(2))

```

interpretation *russell-axiom*[*enc*,*2*,*3*]: *russell-axiom* $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle\kappa\kappa[\Pi]\rangle \rangle$
 by standard (*metis cqt:5:b[2][axiom-inst, THEN →E] &E(2)*)
interpretation *russell-axiom*[*enc*,*3*,*1*,*1*]: *russell-axiom* $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle\kappa\kappa'\kappa''[\Pi]\rangle \rangle$
 by standard (*metis cqt:5:b[3][axiom-inst, THEN →E] &E*)
interpretation *russell-axiom*[*enc*,*3*,*1*,*2*]: *russell-axiom* $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle\kappa'\kappa''[\Pi]\rangle \rangle$
 by standard (*metis cqt:5:b[3][axiom-inst, THEN →E] &E*)
interpretation *russell-axiom*[*enc*,*3*,*1*,*3*]: *russell-axiom* $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle\kappa'\kappa''\kappa[\Pi]\rangle \rangle$
 by standard (*metis cqt:5:b[3][axiom-inst, THEN →E] &E(2)*)
interpretation *russell-axiom*[*enc*,*3*,*2*,*1*]: *russell-axiom* $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle\kappa\kappa\kappa'[\Pi]\rangle \rangle$
 by standard (*metis cqt:5:b[3][axiom-inst, THEN →E] &E*)
interpretation *russell-axiom*[*enc*,*3*,*2*,*2*]: *russell-axiom* $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle\kappa\kappa'\kappa[\Pi]\rangle \rangle$
 by standard (*metis cqt:5:b[3][axiom-inst, THEN →E] &E(2)*)
interpretation *russell-axiom*[*enc*,*3*,*2*,*3*]: *russell-axiom* $\langle \lambda \kappa . \langle\kappa'\kappa\kappa[\Pi]\rangle \rangle$
 by standard (*metis cqt:5:b[3][axiom-inst, THEN →E] &E(2)*)

AOT-act-theorem !-exists:1: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle \downarrow \equiv \exists!x \varphi\{x\}$

proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle \downarrow$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$ by (*metis rule=I:1 existential:1*)

 then **AOT-obtain** *a* where $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

 using *instantiation[rotated]* by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{a\} \& \forall z (\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = a) \rangle$

 using *hintikka* $\equiv E$ by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \exists x (\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z (\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x)) \rangle$

 by (rule $\exists I$)

AOT-thus $\langle \exists!x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

 using *uniqueness:I[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]* by *blast*

next

AOT-assume $\langle \exists!x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists x (\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z (\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x)) \rangle$

 using *uniqueness:I[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]* by *blast*

 then **AOT-obtain** *b* where $\langle \varphi\{b\} \& \forall z (\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = b) \rangle$

 using *instantiation[rotated]* by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle b = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

 using *hintikka* $\equiv E$ by *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle \downarrow$

 by (*metis t=t-proper:2 vdash-properties:6*)

qed

AOT-act-theorem !-exists:2: $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \equiv \exists!x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

 using !-exists:1 free-thms:1 $\equiv E(6)$ by *blast*

AOT-act-theorem *y-in:1*: $\langle x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

 using $\& E(1) \rightarrow I$ *hintikka* $\equiv E(1)$ by *blast*

AOT-act-theorem *y-in:2*: $\langle z = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \varphi\{z\} \rangle$ using *y-in:1*.

AOT-act-theorem *y-in:3*: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle \downarrow \rightarrow \varphi\{\iota x \varphi\{x\}\}$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle \downarrow$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$

 by (*metis rule=I:1 existential:1*)

 then **AOT-obtain** *a* where $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

 using *instantiation[rotated]* by *blast*

moreover AOT-have $\langle \varphi\{a\} \rangle$

 using *calculation hintikka* $\equiv E(1) \& E$ by *blast*

 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \varphi\{\iota x \varphi\{x\}\} \rangle$ using *rule=E* by *blast*

qed

AOT-act-theorem *y-in:4*: $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rightarrow \varphi\{\iota x \varphi\{x\}\} \rangle$

using $y\text{-in:} \exists[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E] \text{ free-thms:} 1[\text{THEN } \equiv E(2)] \rightarrow I$ by blast

AOT-theorem *act-quant-nec*:

$\langle \forall \beta (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \equiv \forall \beta (\mathcal{AA}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$
proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall \beta (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha \rangle$ for β using $\forall E$ by blast
 AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{AA}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha \rangle$ for β
 by (metis Act-Basic:5 act-conj-act:4 $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(5)$)
 AOT-thus $\langle \forall \beta (\mathcal{AA}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$
 by (rule $\forall I$)
next
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall \beta (\mathcal{AA}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{AA}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha \rangle$ for β using $\forall E$ by blast
 AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha \rangle$ for β
 by (metis Act-Basic:5 act-conj-act:4 $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(6)$)
 AOT-thus $\langle \forall \beta (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$
 by (rule $\forall I$)
qed

AOT-theorem *equi-desc-descA:1*: $\langle x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv x = \iota x(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\}) \rangle$

proof –
 AOT-have $\langle x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv \forall z (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = x) \rangle$
 using descriptions[axiom-inst] by blast
 also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv \forall z (\mathcal{AA}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = x) \rangle$
proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule $\forall I$)
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall z (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = x) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{a\} \equiv a = x \rangle$ for a
 using $\forall E$ by blast
 AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{AA}\varphi\{a\} \equiv a = x \rangle$ for a
 by (metis Act-Basic:5 act-conj-act:4 $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(5)$)
next
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall z (\mathcal{AA}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = x) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{AA}\varphi\{a\} \equiv a = x \rangle$ for a
 using $\forall E$ by blast
 AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{a\} \equiv a = x \rangle$ for a
 by (metis Act-Basic:5 act-conj-act:4 $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(6)$)
qed
 also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv x = \iota x(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
 using Commutativity of \equiv [THEN $\equiv E(1)$] descriptions[axiom-inst] by fast
 finally show ?thesis .
qed

AOT-theorem *equi-desc-descA:2*: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rightarrow \iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\}) \rangle$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-assume $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
 by (metis rule=I:1 existential:1)
 then AOT-obtain a where $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$
 using instantiation[rotated] by blast
 moreover AOT-have $\langle a = \iota x(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
 using calculation equi-desc-descA:1[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast
 ultimately AOT-show $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
 using rule=E by fast
qed

AOT-theorem *nec-hintikka-scheme*:

$\langle x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv \mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x) \rangle$
proof –
 AOT-have $\langle x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv \forall z (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = x) \rangle$
 using descriptions[axiom-inst] by blast
 also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x)) \rangle$

using Commutativity of $\equiv[\text{THEN } \equiv E(1)]$ term-out:3 **by** fast
finally show ?thesis.
qed

AOT-theorem equiv-desc-eq:1:
 $\langle \mathcal{A} \forall x(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rightarrow \forall x(x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv x = \iota x \psi\{x\}) \rangle$
proof(rule →I; rule ∀I)
fix β
AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A} \forall x(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rangle$ **for** x
using logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] ∀E(2) **by** blast
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \mathcal{A} \varphi\{x\} \equiv \mathcal{A} \psi\{x\} \rangle$ **for** x
by (metis Act-Basic:5 $\equiv E(1)$)
AOT-have $\langle \beta = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\beta\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A} \varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta) \rangle$
using nec-hintikka-scheme **by** blast
also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv \mathcal{A} \psi\{\beta\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A} \psi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta) \rangle$
proof (rule $\equiv I$; rule →I)
AOT-assume 1: $\langle \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\beta\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A} \varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta \rangle$ **for** z
using &E ∀E by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \psi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta \rangle$ **for** z
using 0 $\equiv E \rightarrow I \rightarrow E$ by metis
AOT-hence $\langle \forall z(\mathcal{A} \psi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta) \rangle$
using ∀I by fast
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A} \psi\{\beta\} \rangle$
using &E 0[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] 1 **by** blast
ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \mathcal{A} \psi\{\beta\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A} \psi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta) \rangle$
using &I by blast
next
AOT-assume 1: $\langle \mathcal{A} \psi\{\beta\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A} \psi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \psi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta \rangle$ **for** z
using &E ∀E by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta \rangle$ **for** z
using 0 $\equiv E \rightarrow I \rightarrow E$ by metis
AOT-hence $\langle \forall z(\mathcal{A} \varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta) \rangle$
using ∀I by fast
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\beta\} \rangle$
using &E 0[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] 1 **by** blast
ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\beta\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A} \varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = \beta) \rangle$
using &I by blast
qed
also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv \beta = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$
using Commutativity of $\equiv[\text{THEN } \equiv E(1)]$ nec-hintikka-scheme **by** blast
finally AOT-show $\langle \beta = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv \beta = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$.
qed

AOT-theorem equiv-desc-eq:2:
 $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \& \mathcal{A} \forall x(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rightarrow \iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$
proof(rule →I)
AOT-assume $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \& \mathcal{A} \forall x(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rangle$
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \exists y(y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$ **and**
1: $\langle \forall x(x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv x = \iota x \psi\{x\}) \rangle$
using &E free-thms:1[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] equiv-desc-eq:1 →E **by** blast+
then **AOT-obtain** a where $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$
using instantiation[rotated] **by** blast
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle a = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$
using calculation 1 ∀E $\equiv E(1)$ **by** fast
ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$
using rule=E **by** fast
qed

AOT-theorem equiv-desc-eq:3:
 $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \& \square \forall x(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rightarrow \iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$

using $\rightarrow I$ equiv-desc-eq:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I] &E
nec-imp-act[THEN $\rightarrow E$] **by** metis

AOT-theorem equiv-desc-eq:4: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rightarrow \square \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
by (metis rule=I:1 existential:1)
then AOT-obtain a where $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$
using instantiation[rotated] **by** blast
AOT-thus $\langle \square \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$
using ex:2:a rule=E **by** fast

qed

AOT-theorem equiv-desc-eq:5: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rightarrow \exists y \square(y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
by (metis rule=I:1 existential:1)
then AOT-obtain a where $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$
using instantiation[rotated] **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \square(a = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
by (metis id-nec:2 vdash-properties:10)
AOT-thus $\langle \exists y \square(y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
by (rule $\exists I$)

qed

AOT-act-theorem equiv-desc-eq2:1:

$\langle \forall x (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rightarrow \forall x (x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv x = \iota x \psi\{x\}) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow I$ logic-actual[act-axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$]
equiv-desc-eq:1[THEN $\rightarrow E$]
RA[1] deduction-theorem **by** blast

AOT-act-theorem equiv-desc-eq2:2:

$\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \& \forall x (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rightarrow \iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$
using $\rightarrow I$ logic-actual[act-axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$]
equiv-desc-eq:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I]
RA[1] deduction-theorem &E **by** metis

context russell-axiom

begin

AOT-theorem nec-russell-axiom:

$\langle \psi\{\iota x \varphi\{x\}\} \equiv \exists x(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x) \& \psi\{x\}) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have b: $\langle \forall x (x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x))) \rangle$

using nec-hintikka-scheme $\forall I$ **by** fast

show ?thesis

proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume c: $\langle \psi\{\iota x \varphi\{x\}\} \rangle$

AOT-hence d: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$

using ψ -denotes-asm **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$

by (metis rule=I:1 existential:1)

then AOT-obtain a where a-def: $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

using instantiation[rotated] **by** blast

moreover AOT-have $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{a\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = a)) \rangle$

using b $\forall E$ **by** blast

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{a\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = a) \rangle$

using $\equiv E$ **by** blast

moreover AOT-have $\langle \psi\{a\} \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have 1: $\langle \forall x \forall y (x = y \rightarrow y = x) \rangle$

```

by (simp add: id-eq:2 universal-cor)
AOT-have  $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \iota x \varphi\{x\} = a \rangle$ 
  by (rule  $\forall E(1)[\text{where } \tau=\langle\iota x \varphi\{x\}\rangle]$ ; rule  $\forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=a]$ )
    (auto simp: d universal-cor 1)
AOT-thus  $\langle \psi\{a\} \rangle$ 
  using a-def c rule=E →E by metis
qed
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{a\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = a) \& \psi\{a\} \rangle$ 
  by (rule &I)
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists x(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x) \& \psi\{x\}) \rangle$ 
  by (rule ∃I)
next
AOT-assume  $\langle \exists x(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x) \& \psi\{x\}) \rangle$ 
then AOT-obtain  $b$  where  $g: \langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{b\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = b) \& \psi\{b\} \rangle$ 
  using instantiation[rotated] by blast
AOT-hence  $h: \langle b = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{b\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = b)) \rangle$ 
  using b ∀ E by blast
AOT-have  $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{b\} \& \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = b) \rangle$  and  $j: \langle \psi\{b\} \rangle$ 
  using g & E by blast+
AOT-hence  $\langle b = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$ 
  using h ≡ E by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle \psi\{\iota x \varphi\{x\}\} \rangle$ 
  using j rule=E by blast
qed
qed
end

```

AOT-theorem *actual-desc:1*: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \equiv \exists !x \mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \rangle$

proof (*rule ≡I; rule →I*)

```

AOT-assume  $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$ 
  by (metis rule=I:1 existential:1)
then AOT-obtain  $a$  where  $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$ 
  using instantiation[rotated] by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = a) \rangle$ 
  using descriptions[axiom-inst] by blast
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = a) \rangle$ 
  using ≡E by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists x \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = x) \rangle$  by (rule ∃I)
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists !x \mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \rangle$ 
  using uniqueness:2[THEN ≡E(2)] by fast

```

next

```

AOT-assume  $\langle \exists !x \mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists x \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = x) \rangle$ 
  using uniqueness:2[THEN ≡E(1)] by fast
then AOT-obtain  $a$  where  $\langle \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = a) \rangle$ 
  using instantiation[rotated] by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv \forall z(\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \equiv z = a) \rangle$ 
  using descriptions[axiom-inst] by blast
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$ 
  using ≡E by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$ 
  by (metis t=t-proper:2 vdash-properties:6)

```

qed

AOT-theorem *actual-desc:2*: $\langle x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \rangle$

```

using &E(1) contraposition:1[2] ≡E(1) nec-hintikka-scheme
reductio-aa:2 vdash-properties:9 by blast

```

AOT-theorem *actual-desc:3*: $\langle z = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rangle$

```

using actual-desc:2.

```

AOT-theorem *actual-desc:4*: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi\{\iota x \varphi\{x\}\} \rangle$

proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

- AOT-assume** $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$
- AOT-hence** $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$ **by** (*metis rule=I:1 existential:1*)
- then **AOT-obtain** *a* **where** $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$ **using** *instantiation[rotated]* **by** *blast*
- AOT-thus** $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{\iota x \varphi\{x\}\} \rangle$
- using** *actual-desc:2 rule=E → E by fast*

qed

AOT-theorem *actual-desc:5*: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\forall x(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rangle$

proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

- AOT-assume** *0*: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$
- AOT-hence** $\varphi\text{-down}$: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$ **and** $\psi\text{-down}$: $\langle \iota x \psi\{x\} \downarrow \rangle$
- using** *t=t-proper:1 t=t-proper:2 vdash-properties:6 by blast+*
- AOT-hence** $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$ **and** $\langle \exists y (y = \iota x \psi\{x\}) \rangle$
- by** (*metis rule=I:1 existential:1*)
- then **AOT-obtain** *a* **and** *b* **where** *a-eq*: $\langle a = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$ **and** *b-eq*: $\langle b = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$
- using** *instantiation[rotated]* **by** *metis*

AOT-have $\langle \forall \alpha \forall \beta (\alpha = \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \rangle$

by (*rule ∀ I; rule ∀ I; rule id-eq:2*)

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \beta (\iota x \varphi\{x\} = \beta \rightarrow \beta = \iota x \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$

using $\forall E \varphi\text{-down by blast}$

AOT-hence $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rightarrow \iota x \psi\{x\} = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

using $\forall E \psi\text{-down by blast}$

AOT-hence *1*: $\langle \iota x \psi\{x\} = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$ **using** *0*

→ E by blast

AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \equiv \mathcal{A}\psi\{x\} \rangle$ **for** *x*

proof(*rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)

- AOT-assume** $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \rangle$
- moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \rightarrow x = a \rangle$ **for** *x*
- using** *nec-hintikka-scheme[THEN ≡E(1), OF a-eq, THEN &E(2)]*
- ∀ E by blast**
- ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle x = a \rangle$
- using** $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
- AOT-hence** $\langle x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$
- using** *a-eq rule=E by blast*
- AOT-hence** $\langle x = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$
- using** *0 rule=E by blast*
- AOT-thus** $\langle \mathcal{A}\psi\{x\} \rangle$
- by** (*metis actual-desc:3 vdash-properties:6*)

next

- AOT-assume** $\langle \mathcal{A}\psi\{x\} \rangle$
- moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}\psi\{x\} \rightarrow x = b \rangle$ **for** *x*
- using** *nec-hintikka-scheme[THEN ≡E(1), OF b-eq, THEN &E(2)]*
- ∀ E by blast**
- ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle x = b \rangle$
- using** $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
- AOT-hence** $\langle x = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$
- using** *b-eq rule=E by blast*
- AOT-hence** $\langle x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$
- using** *1 rule=E by blast*
- AOT-thus** $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \rangle$
- by** (*metis actual-desc:3 vdash-properties:6*)

qed

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rangle$ **for** *x*

by (*metis Act-Basic:5 ≡E(2)*)

AOT-hence $\langle \forall x \mathcal{A}(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rangle$

by (*rule ∀ I*)

AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall x (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \psi\{x\}) \rangle$

using *logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst, THEN ≡E(2)] by fast*

qed

AOT-theorem !box-desc:1: $\langle \exists !x \Box \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \forall y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$

proof(rule →I)

AOT-assume $\langle \exists !x \Box \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

AOT-hence $\zeta: \langle \exists x (\Box \varphi\{x\} \& \forall z (\Box \varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x)) \rangle$

using uniqueness:I[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] by blast

then AOT-obtain b where $\vartheta: \langle \Box \varphi\{b\} \& \forall z (\Box \varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = b) \rangle$

using instantiation[rotated] by blast

AOT-show $\langle \forall y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$

proof(rule GEN; rule →I)

fix y

AOT-assume $\langle y = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{y\} \& \forall z (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = y) \rangle$

using nec-hintikka-scheme[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{b\} \rightarrow b = y \rangle$

using &E ∀E by blast

moreover AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{b\} \rangle$

using ϑ [THEN &E(1)] by (metis nec-imp-act →E)

ultimately AOT-have $\langle b = y \rangle$

using →E by blast

moreover AOT-have $\langle \varphi\{b\} \rangle$

using ϑ [THEN &E(1)] by (metis qml:2[axiom-inst] →E)

ultimately AOT-show $\langle \varphi\{y\} \rangle$

using rule=E by blast

qed

qed

AOT-theorem !box-desc:2:

$\langle \forall x (\varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \Box \varphi\{x\}) \rightarrow (\exists !x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \forall y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$

proof(rule →I; rule →I)

AOT-assume $\langle \forall x (\varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \Box \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$

moreover AOT-assume $\langle \exists !x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \exists !x \Box \varphi\{x\} \rangle$

using nec-exist-![THEN →E, THEN →E] by blast

AOT-thus $\langle \forall y (y = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$

using !box-desc:1 →E by blast

qed

AOT-theorem dr-alphabetic-thm: $\langle \iota\nu \varphi\{\nu\} \downarrow \rightarrow \iota\nu \varphi\{\nu\} = \iota\mu \varphi\{\mu\} \rangle$

by (simp add: rule=I:1 →I)

8.9 The Theory of Necessity

AOT-theorem RM:I[prem]:

assumes $\langle \Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$

shows $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$

using RN[prem] assms by blast

AOT-thus $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi \rangle$

by (metis qml:1[axiom-inst] →E)

qed

AOT-theorem RM:1:

assumes $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$

shows $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi \rangle$

using RM:1[prem] assms by blast

lemmas RM = RM:1

AOT-theorem RM:2[prem]:

assumes $\langle \Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$

shows $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\psi \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi \rangle$

using assms

by (*simp add: contraposition:1[1]*)

AOT-hence $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Box\neg\psi \rightarrow \Box\neg\varphi \rangle$

using RM:1[prem] by blast

AOT-thus $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\psi \rangle$

by (*meson ≡df E ≡df I conventions:5 →I modus-tollens:1*)

qed

AOT-theorem *RM:2*:

assumes $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$

shows $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\psi \rangle$

using RM:2[prem] assms by blast

lemmas *RM◊ = RM:2*

AOT-theorem *RM:3[prem]*:

assumes $\langle \Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$

shows $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \psi \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$

using assms ≡E →I by metis+

AOT-hence $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Box\psi \rightarrow \Box\varphi \rangle$

using RM:1[prem] by metis+

AOT-thus $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi \rangle$

by (*simp add: ≡I*)

qed

AOT-theorem *RM:3*:

assumes $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$

shows $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi \rangle$

using RM:3[prem] assms by blast

lemmas *RE = RM:3*

AOT-theorem *RM:4[prem]*:

assumes $\langle \Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$

shows $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Diamond\varphi \equiv \Diamond\psi \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \psi \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$

using assms ≡E →I by metis+

AOT-hence $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\psi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Diamond\psi \rightarrow \Diamond\varphi \rangle$

using RM:2[prem] by metis+

AOT-thus $\langle \Box\Gamma \vdash_{\Box} \Diamond\varphi \equiv \Diamond\psi \rangle$

by (*simp add: ≡I*)

qed

AOT-theorem *RM:4*:

assumes $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$

shows $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \Diamond\varphi \equiv \Diamond\psi \rangle$

using RM:4[prem] assms by blast

lemmas *RE◊ = RM:4*

AOT-theorem *KBasic:1*: $\langle \Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$

by (*simp add: RM pl:1[axiom-inst]*)

AOT-theorem *KBasic:2*: $\langle \Box\neg\varphi \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$

by (*simp add: RM useful-tautologies:3*)

AOT-theorem *KBasic:3*: $\langle \Box(\varphi \And \psi) \equiv (\Box\varphi \And \Box\psi) \rangle$

proof ($\text{rule } \equiv I; \text{ rule } \rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \Box(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \rangle$
AOT-thus $\langle \Box\varphi \ \& \ \Box\psi \rangle$
 by (meson RM &I Conjunction Simplification(1, 2) $\rightarrow E$)
next
AOT-have $\langle \Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box(\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \ \& \ \psi)) \rangle$
 by (simp add: RM:1 Adjunction)
AOT-hence $\langle \Box\varphi \rightarrow (\Box\psi \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \ \& \ \psi)) \rangle$
 by (metis Hypothetical Syllogism qml:1[axiom-inst])
moreover AOT-assume $\langle \Box\varphi \ \& \ \Box\psi \rangle$
ultimately AOT-show $\langle \Box(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \rangle$
 using $\rightarrow E$ &E by blast
qed

AOT-theorem KBasic:4: $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have ϑ : $\langle \Box((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ (\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \equiv (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rangle$
 by (fact KBasic:3)
AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-have $\langle (\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv ((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ (\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rangle$
 by (fact conventions:3[THEN $\equiv Df$])
}
AOT-hence ξ : $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv \Box((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ (\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rangle$
 by (rule RE)
with ξ **and** ϑ **AOT-show** $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rangle$
 using $\equiv E(5)$ by blast
qed

AOT-theorem KBasic:5: $\langle (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rightarrow (\Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi) \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \rangle$
 by (fact qml:1[axiom-inst])
moreover AOT-have $\langle \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rightarrow (\Box\psi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rangle$
 by (fact qml:1[axiom-inst])
ultimately AOT-have $\langle (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rightarrow ((\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \ \& \ (\Box\psi \rightarrow \Box\varphi)) \rangle$
 by (metis &I MP Double Composition)
moreover AOT-have $\langle ((\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \ \& \ (\Box\psi \rightarrow \Box\varphi)) \rightarrow (\Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi) \rangle$
 using conventions:3[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] $\rightarrow I$ by blast
ultimately AOT-show $\langle (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rightarrow (\Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi) \rangle$
 by (metis Hypothetical Syllogism)
qed

AOT-theorem KBasic:6: $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow (\Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi) \rangle$
 using KBasic:4 KBasic:5 deduction-theorem $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-theorem KBasic:7: $\langle ((\Box\varphi \ \& \ \Box\psi) \vee (\Box\neg\varphi \ \& \ \Box\neg\psi)) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$
proof ($\text{rule } \rightarrow I; \text{ drule } \vee E(1); \text{ (rule } \rightarrow I?)$)
 AOT-assume $\langle \Box\varphi \ \& \ \Box\psi \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box\varphi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Box\psi \rangle$ **using** &E by blast+
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$ **using** KBasic:1 $\rightarrow E$ by blast+
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \rangle$ **using** &I by blast
 AOT-thus $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$ **by** (metis KBasic:4 $\equiv E(2)$)
next
 AOT-assume $\langle \Box\neg\varphi \ \& \ \Box\neg\psi \rangle$
 AOT-hence ϑ : $\langle \Box(\neg\varphi \ \& \ \neg\psi) \rangle$ **using** KBasic:3[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] **by** blast
 AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-have $\langle (\neg\varphi \ \& \ \neg\psi) \rightarrow (\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$
 by (metis &E(1) &E(2) deduction-theorem $\equiv I$ reductio-aa:1)
}
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box(\neg\varphi \ \& \ \neg\psi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$
 by (rule RM)
 AOT-thus $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$ **using** $\vartheta \rightarrow E$ **by** blast
qed(auto)

AOT-theorem *KBasic:8*: $\square(\varphi \& \psi) \rightarrow \square(\varphi \equiv \psi)$
 by (meson RM:1 & E(1) & E(2) deduction-theorem $\equiv I$)

AOT-theorem *KBasic:9*: $\square(\neg\varphi \& \neg\psi) \rightarrow \square(\varphi \equiv \psi)$
 by (metis RM:1 & E(1) & E(2) deduction-theorem $\equiv I$ raa-cor:4)

AOT-theorem *KBasic:10*: $\square\varphi \equiv \square\neg\neg\varphi$
 by (simp add: RM:3 oth-class-taut:3:b)

AOT-theorem *KBasic:11*: $\neg\square\varphi \equiv \Diamond\neg\varphi$
proof (rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-show $\Diamond\neg\varphi$ if $\neg\square\varphi$
 using that $\equiv_{df} I$ conventions:5 *KBasic:10* $\equiv E(3)$ by blast
next
AOT-show $\neg\square\varphi$ if $\Diamond\neg\varphi$
 using $\equiv_{df} E$ conventions:5 *KBasic:10* $\equiv E(4)$ that by blast
qed

AOT-theorem *KBasic:12*: $\square\varphi \equiv \neg\Diamond\neg\varphi$
proof (rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-show $\neg\Diamond\neg\varphi$ if $\square\varphi$
 using $\neg\neg I$ *KBasic:11* $\equiv E(3)$ that by blast
next
AOT-show $\square\varphi$ if $\neg\Diamond\neg\varphi$
 using *KBasic:11* $\equiv E(1)$ reductio-aa:1 that by blast
qed

AOT-theorem *KBasic:13*: $\square(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\psi)$
proof –
AOT-have $\varphi \rightarrow \psi \vdash_{\square} \varphi \rightarrow \psi$ by blast
AOT-hence $\square(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \vdash_{\square} \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\psi$
 using RM:2[prem] by blast
AOT-thus $\square(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\psi)$, using $\rightarrow I$ by blast
qed

lemmas $K\Diamond = KBasic:13$

AOT-theorem *KBasic:14*: $\Diamond\square\varphi \equiv \neg\square\Diamond\neg\varphi$
 by (meson RE \Diamond *KBasic:11* *KBasic:12* $\equiv E(6)$ oth-class-taut:3:a)

AOT-theorem *KBasic:15*: $(\square\varphi \vee \square\psi) \rightarrow \square(\varphi \vee \psi)$
proof –
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have $\varphi \rightarrow (\varphi \vee \psi)$ and $\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \vee \psi)$
 by (auto simp: Disjunction Addition(1) Disjunction Addition(2))
}
AOT-hence $\square\varphi \rightarrow \square(\varphi \vee \psi)$ and $\square\psi \rightarrow \square(\varphi \vee \psi)$
 using RM by blast+
AOT-thus $(\square\varphi \vee \square\psi) \rightarrow \square(\varphi \vee \psi)$
 by (metis $\vee E(1)$ deduction-theorem)
qed

AOT-theorem *KBasic:16*: $(\square\varphi \& \Diamond\psi) \rightarrow \Diamond(\varphi \& \psi)$
 by (meson *KBasic:13* RM:1 Adjunction Hypothetical Syllogism
 Importation $\rightarrow E$)

AOT-theorem rule-sub-lem:1:a:
assumes $\vdash_{\square} \square(\psi \equiv \chi)$
shows $\vdash_{\square} \neg\psi \equiv \neg\chi$
using qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF assms]
 $\equiv E(1)$ oth-class-taut:4:b by blast

AOT-theorem rule-sub-lem:1:b:
assumes $\vdash_{\square} \square(\psi \equiv \chi)$
shows $\vdash_{\square} (\psi \rightarrow \Theta) \equiv (\chi \rightarrow \Theta)$
using qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF assms]
using oth-class-taut:4:c vdash-properties:6 by blast

AOT-theorem rule-sub-lem:1:c:
assumes $\vdash_{\square} \square(\psi \equiv \chi)$
shows $\vdash_{\square} (\Theta \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\Theta \rightarrow \chi)$

```

using qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E, OF assms]
using oth-class-taut:4:d vdash-properties:6 by blast

AOT-theorem rule-sub-lem:1:d:
assumes ⟨for arbitrary  $\alpha$ :  $\vdash_{\Box} \Box(\psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \chi\{\alpha\})shows ⟨ $\vdash_{\Box} \forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \forall \alpha \chi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩
proof –
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-have ⟨ $\forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \chi\{\alpha\})$ ⟩
    using qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E, OF assms]  $\forall I$  by fast
    AOT-hence 0: ⟨ $\psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \chi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩ for  $\alpha$  using  $\forall E$  by blast
    AOT-show ⟨ $\forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \forall \alpha \chi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩
    proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
      AOT-assume ⟨ $\forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩
      AOT-hence ⟨ $\psi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩ for  $\alpha$  using  $\forall E$  by blast
      AOT-hence ⟨ $\chi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩ for  $\alpha$  using 0  $\equiv E$  by blast
      AOT-thus ⟨ $\forall \alpha \chi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩ by (rule  $\forall I$ )
    next
      AOT-assume ⟨ $\forall \alpha \chi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩
      AOT-hence ⟨ $\chi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩ for  $\alpha$  using  $\forall E$  by blast
      AOT-hence ⟨ $\psi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩ for  $\alpha$  using 0  $\equiv E$  by blast
      AOT-thus ⟨ $\forall \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩ by (rule  $\forall I$ )
    qed
  }
qed$ 
```

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-lem:1:e:
assumes ⟨ $\vdash_{\Box} \Box(\psi \equiv \chi)$ ⟩
shows ⟨ $\vdash_{\Box} [\lambda \psi] \equiv [\lambda \chi]$ ⟩
using qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E, OF assms]
using  $\equiv E(1)$  propositions-lemma:6 by blast

```

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-lem:1:f:
assumes ⟨ $\vdash_{\Box} \Box(\psi \equiv \chi)$ ⟩
shows ⟨ $\vdash_{\Box} \mathbf{A}\psi \equiv \mathbf{A}\chi$ ⟩
using qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E, OF assms, THEN RA[2]]
by (metis Act-Basic:5  $\equiv E(1)$ )

```

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-lem:1:g:
assumes ⟨ $\vdash_{\Box} \Box(\psi \equiv \chi)$ ⟩
shows ⟨ $\vdash_{\Box} \Box\psi \equiv \Box\chi$ ⟩
using KBasic:6 assms vdash-properties:6 by blast

```

Note that instead of deriving rule-sub-lem:2, rule-sub-lem:3, rule-sub-lem:4, and rule-sub-nec, we construct substitution methods instead.

```

class AOT-subst =
  fixes AOT-subst :: ('a ⇒ o) ⇒ bool
  and AOT-subst-cond :: 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool
  assumes AOT-subst:
    AOT-subst  $\varphi \implies$  AOT-subst-cond  $\psi \chi \implies [v \models \langle\!\langle \varphi \psi \rangle\!\rangle \equiv \langle\!\langle \varphi \chi \rangle\!\rangle]$ 

```

named-theorems AOT-substI

```

instantiation o :: AOT-subst
begin

```

```

inductive AOT-subst-o where
  AOT-subst-o-id[AOT-substI]:
    ⟨AOT-subst-o ( $\lambda \varphi. \varphi$ )⟩
  | AOT-subst-o-const[AOT-substI]:
    ⟨AOT-subst-o ( $\lambda \varphi. \psi$ )⟩
  | AOT-subst-o-not[AOT-substI]:
    ⟨AOT-subst-o  $\Theta \implies$  AOT-subst-o ( $\lambda \varphi. \neg \Theta\{\varphi\}$ )⟩

```

```

| AOT-subst-o-imp[AOT-substI]:
  ⟨AOT-subst-o Θ ⟹ AOT-subst-o Ξ ⟹ AOT-subst-o (λ φ. «Θ{φ} → Ξ{φ}»)⟩
| AOT-subst-o-lambda0[AOT-substI]:
  ⟨AOT-subst-o Θ ⟹ AOT-subst-o (λ φ. (AOT-lambda0 (Θ φ)))⟩
| AOT-subst-o-act[AOT-substI]:
  ⟨AOT-subst-o Θ ⟹ AOT-subst-o (λ φ. «AΘ{φ}»)⟩
| AOT-subst-o-box[AOT-substI]:
  ⟨AOT-subst-o Θ ⟹ AOT-subst-o (λ φ. «□Θ{φ}»)⟩
| AOT-subst-o-by-def[AOT-substI]:
  ⟨(Λ ψ . AOT-model-equiv-def (Θ ψ) (Ξ ψ)) ⟹
    AOT-subst-o Ξ ⟹ AOT-subst-o Θ⟩

```

definition *AOT-subst-cond-o* **where**

```
⟨AOT-subst-cond-o ≡ λ ψ χ . ∀ v . [v ⊨ ψ ≡ χ]⟩
```

instance

proof

```

fix ψ χ :: o and φ :: o ⇒ o
assume cond: ⟨AOT-subst-cond ψ χ⟩
assume ⟨AOT-subst φ⟩
moreover AOT-have ⟨⊤_□ ψ ≡ χ⟩
  using cond unfolding AOT-subst-cond-o-def by blast
ultimately AOT-show ⟨⊤_□ φ{ψ} ≡ φ{χ}⟩
proof (induct arbitrary: ψ χ)
  case AOT-subst-o-id
  thus ?case
    using ≡E(2) oth-class-taut:4:b rule-sub-lem:1:a by blast
next
  case (AOT-subst-o-const ψ)
  thus ?case
    by (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a)
next
  case (AOT-subst-o-not Θ)
  thus ?case
    by (simp add: RN rule-sub-lem:1:a)
next
  case (AOT-subst-o-imp Θ Ξ)
  thus ?case
    by (meson RN ≡E(5) rule-sub-lem:1:b rule-sub-lem:1:c)
next
  case (AOT-subst-o-lambda0 Θ)
  thus ?case
    by (simp add: RN rule-sub-lem:1:e)
next
  case (AOT-subst-o-act Θ)
  thus ?case
    by (simp add: RN rule-sub-lem:1:f)
next
  case (AOT-subst-o-box Θ)
  thus ?case
    by (simp add: RN rule-sub-lem:1:g)
next
  case (AOT-subst-o-by-def Θ Ξ)
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-have ⟨Ξ{ψ} ≡ Ξ{χ}⟩
      using AOT-subst-o-by-def by simp
    AOT-thus ⟨Θ{ψ} ≡ Θ{χ}⟩
      using ≡Df[OF AOT-subst-o-by-def(1), of - ψ]
            ≡Df[OF AOT-subst-o-by-def(1), of - χ]
      by (metis ≡E(6) oth-class-taut:3:a)
  }
qed

```

```

qed
end

instantiation fun :: (AOT-Term-id-2, AOT-subst) AOT-subst
begin

definition AOT-subst-cond-fun :: <('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ bool> where
  <AOT-subst-cond-fun ≡ λ φ ψ . ∀ α . AOT-subst-cond (φ (AOT-term-of-var α))
    (ψ (AOT-term-of-var α))>

inductive AOT-subst-fun :: <(('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ o) ⇒ bool> where
  AOT-subst-fun-const[AOT-substI]:
    <AOT-subst-fun (λφ. ψ)>
  | AOT-subst-fun-id[AOT-substI]:
    <AOT-subst Ψ ⇒ AOT-subst-fun (λφ. Ψ (φ (AOT-term-of-var α)))>
  | AOT-subst-fun-all[AOT-substI]:
    <AOT-subst Ψ ⇒ (Λ α . AOT-subst-fun (Θ (AOT-term-of-var α))) ⇒
      AOT-subst-fun (λφ :: 'a ⇒ 'b. Ψ «∀ α «Θ (α::'a) φ»»)>
  | AOT-subst-fun-not[AOT-substI]:
    <AOT-subst Ψ ⇒ AOT-subst-fun (λφ. «¬«Ψ φ»»)>
  | AOT-subst-fun-imp[AOT-substI]:
    <AOT-subst Ψ ⇒ AOT-subst Θ ⇒ AOT-subst-fun (λφ. ««Ψ φ» → «Θ φ»»)>
  | AOT-subst-fun-lambda0[AOT-substI]:
    <AOT-subst Θ ⇒ AOT-subst-fun (λ φ. (AOT-lambda0 (Θ φ)))>
  | AOT-subst-fun-act[AOT-substI]:
    <AOT-subst Θ ⇒ AOT-subst-fun (λ φ. «A«Θ φ»»)>
  | AOT-subst-fun-box[AOT-substI]:
    <AOT-subst Θ ⇒ AOT-subst-fun (λ φ. «□«Θ φ»»)>
  | AOT-subst-fun-def[AOT-substI]:
    <(Λ φ . AOT-model-equiv-def (Θ φ) (Ψ φ)) ⇒
      AOT-subst-fun Ψ ⇒ AOT-subst-fun Θ>

instance proof
fix ψ χ :: <'a ⇒ 'b> and φ :: <('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ o>
assume <AOT-subst φ>
moreover assume cond: <AOT-subst-cond ψ χ>
ultimately AOT-show <⊤_□ «φ ψ» ≡ «φ χ»>
proof(induct)
  case (AOT-subst-fun-const ψ)
    then show ?case by (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a)
  next
  case (AOT-subst-fun-id Ψ x)
    then show ?case by (simp add: AOT-subst AOT-subst-cond-fun-def)
  next
  next
  case (AOT-subst-fun-all Ψ Θ)
    AOT-have <⊤_□ □(Θ{α, «ψ»} ≡ Θ{α, «χ»})> for α
      using AOT-subst-fun-all.hyps(3) AOT-subst-fun-all.prem RN by presburger
    thus ?case using AOT-subst[OF AOT-subst-fun-all(1)]
      by (simp add: RN rule-sub-lem:1:d
        AOT-subst-cond-fun-def AOT-subst-cond-o-def)
  next
  case (AOT-subst-fun-not Ψ)
    then show ?case by (simp add: RN rule-sub-lem:1:a)
  next
  case (AOT-subst-fun-imp Ψ Θ)
    then show ?case
      unfolding AOT-subst-cond-fun-def AOT-subst-cond-o-def
      by (meson ≡E(5) oth-class-taut:4:c oth-class-taut:4:d → E)
  next
  case (AOT-subst-fun-lambda0 Θ)
    then show ?case by (simp add: RN rule-sub-lem:1:e)
  next

```

```

case (AOT-subst-fun-act  $\Theta$ )
then show ?case by (simp add: RN rule-sub-lem:1:f)
next
case (AOT-subst-fun-box  $\Theta$ )
then show ?case by (simp add: RN rule-sub-lem:1:g)
next
case (AOT-subst-fun-def  $\Theta$   $\Psi$ )
then show ?case
  by (meson df-rules-formulas[3] df-rules-formulas[4]  $\equiv I \equiv E(5)$ )
qed
qed
end

ML
fun prove-AOT-subst-tac ctxt = REPEAT (SUBGOAL (fn (trm,-) => let
  fun findHeadConst (Const x) = SOME x
  | findHeadConst (A $ -) = findHeadConst A
  | findHeadConst _ = NONE
  fun findDef (Const (const-name`AOT-model-equiv-def), -) $ lhs $ -
    = findHeadConst lhs
  | findDef (A $ B) = (case findDef A of SOME x => SOME x | - => findDef B)
  | findDef (Abs (_,-,c)) = findDef c
  | findDef _ = NONE
  val const-opt = (findDef trm)
  val defs = case const-opt of SOME const => List.filter (fn thm => let
    val concl = Thm.concl-of thm
    val thmconst = (findDef concl)
    in case thmconst of SOME (c,-) => fst const = c | - => false end)
      (AOT-Definitions.get ctxt)
    | - => []
  val tac = case defs of
    [] => safe-step-tac (ctxt addSIs @{thms AOT-substI}) 1
    | - => resolve-tac ctxt defs 1
    in tac end) 1)
fun getSubstThm ctxt reversed phi p q = let
  val p-ty = Term.type-of p
  val abs = HOLogic.mk-Trueprop (@{const AOT-subst(-)} $ phi)
  val abs = Syntax.check-term ctxt abs
  val substThm = Goal.prove ctxt [] [] abs
    (fn {context=ctxt, prems=-} => prove-AOT-subst-tac ctxt)
  val substThm = substThm RS @{thm AOT-subst}
  in if reversed then let
    val substThm = Drule.instantiate-normalize
      ((TVars.empty, Vars.make [((x, 0), p-ty), Thm.cterm-of ctxt p),
       (((psi, 0), p-ty), Thm.cterm-of ctxt q)]) substThm
    val substThm = substThm RS @{thm E(1)}
    in substThm end
  else
    let
      val substThm = Drule.instantiate-normalize
        ((TVars.empty, Vars.make [(((psi, 0), p-ty), Thm.cterm-of ctxt p),
         (((x, 0), p-ty), Thm.cterm-of ctxt q)]) substThm
      val substThm = substThm RS @{thm E(2)}
      in substThm end end
  >
method-setup AOT-subst = 
Scan.option (Scan.lift (Args.parens (Args.$$$ reverse))) --
Scan.lift (Parse.embedded-inner-syntax -- Parse.embedded-inner-syntax) --
Scan.option (Scan.lift (Args.$$$ for -- Args.colon) |--|
Scan.repeat1 (Scan.lift (Parse.embedded-inner-syntax)) --
Scan.option (Scan.lift (Args.$$$ :: |-- Parse.embedded-inner-syntax)))))
>> (fn ((reversed,(raw-p,raw-q)),raw-bounds) => (fn ctxt =>

```

```

(Method.SIMPLE-METHOD (Subgoal.FOCUS (fn {context = ctxt, params = -,
  prems = prems, asms = asms, concl = concl, schematics = -} =>
let
  val thms = prems
  val ctxt' = ctxt
  val ctxt = Context-Position.set-visible false ctxt
  val raw-bounds = case raw-bounds of SOME bounds => bounds | _ => []
in
  val ctxt = (fold (fn (bound, ty) => fn ctxt =>
    let
      val bound = AOT-read-term @{nonterminal τ'} ctxt bound
      val ty = Option.map (Syntax.read-typ ctxt) ty
      val ctxt = case ty of SOME ty => let
        val bound = Const (-type-constraint-, Type (fun, [ty, ty])) $ bound
        val bound = Syntax.check-term ctxt bound
        in Variable.declare-term bound ctxt end | _ => ctxt
      in ctxt end) raw-bounds ctxt

  val p = AOT-read-term @{nonterminal φ'} ctxt raw-p
  val p = Syntax.check-term ctxt p
  val ctxt = Variable.declare-term p ctxt
  val q = AOT-read-term @{nonterminal φ'} ctxt raw-q
  val q = Syntax.check-term ctxt q
  val ctxt = Variable.declare-term q ctxt

  val bounds = (map (fn (bound, _) =>
    Syntax.check-term ctxt (AOT-read-term @{nonterminal τ'} ctxt bound)
  )) raw-bounds
  val p = fold (fn bound => fn p =>
    Term.abs (α, Term.type-of bound) (Term.abstract-over (bound, p)))
  bounds p
  val p = Syntax.check-term ctxt p
  val p-ty = Term.type-of p

  val pat = @{const Trueprop} $
    (@{const AOT-model-valid-in} $ Var ((w, 0), @{typ w}) $
    (Var ((φ, 0), Type (type-name fun, [p-ty, @{typ o}])) $ p))
  val univ = Unify.matchers (Context.Proof ctxt) [(pat, Thm.term-of concl)]
  val univ = hd (Seq.list-of univ) (* TODO: consider all matches *)
  val phi = the (Envir.lookup univ
    ((φ, 0), Type (type-name fun, [p-ty, @{typ o}])))

  val q = fold (fn bound => fn q =>
    Term.abs (α, Term.type-of bound) (Term.abstract-over (bound, q)))
  bounds q
  val q = Syntax.check-term ctxt q

  (* Reparse to report bounds as fixes. *)
  val ctxt = Context-Position.restore-visible ctxt' ctxt
  val ctxt' = ctxt
  fun unsource str = fst (Input.source-content (Syntax.read-input str))
  val (-, ctxt') = Proof-Context.add-fixes (map (fn (str, -) =>
    (Binding.make (unsource str, Position.none), NONE, Mixfix.NoSyn)) raw-bounds)
  ctxt'
  val - = (map (fn (x, -) =>
    Syntax.check-term ctxt (AOT-read-term @{nonterminal τ'} ctxt' x)))
  raw-bounds
  val - = AOT-read-term @{nonterminal φ'} ctxt' raw-p
  val - = AOT-read-term @{nonterminal φ'} ctxt' raw-q
  val reversed = case reversed of SOME - => true | _ => false
  val simpThms = [@{thm AOT-subst-cond-o-def}, @{thm AOT-subst-cond-fun-def}]
  in
    resolve-tac ctxt [getSubstThm ctxt reversed phi p q] 1
    THEN simp-tac (ctxt addsimps simpThms) 1
  end)
end)

```

```

THEN (REPEAT (resolve-tac ctxt [@{thm allI}] 1))
THEN (TRY (resolve-tac ctxt thms 1))
end
) ctxt 1))))
>

method-setup AOT-subst-def = ‹
Scan.option (Scan.lift (Args.parens (Args.$$$ reverse))) ---
Attrib.thm
>> (fn (reversed,fact) => (fn ctxt =>
(Method.SIMPLE-METHOD (Subgoal.FOCUS (fn {context = ctxt, params = -,
prems = prems, asms = asms, concl = concl, schematics = -} =>
let
val c = Thm.concl-of fact
val (lhs, rhs) = case c of (const`Trueprop` $ (const`AOT-model-equiv-def` $ lhs $ rhs)) => (lhs, rhs)
| _ => raise Fail Definition expected.
val substCond = HOLogic.mk-Trueprop
(Const (const-name`AOT-subst-cond`, dummyT) $ lhs $ rhs)
val substCond = Syntax.check-term
(Proof-Context.set-mode Proof-Context.mode-schematic ctxt)
substCond
val simpThms = [@{thm AOT-subst-cond-o-def},
@{thm AOT-subst-cond-fun-def},
fact RS @{thm ≡Df}]
val substCondThm = Goal.prove ctxt [] [] substCond
(fn {context=ctxt, prems=prems} =>
(SUBGOAL (fn (trm,int) =>
auto-tac (ctxt addsimps simpThms) 1)))
val substThm = substCondThm RSN (2,@{thm AOT-subst})
in
resolve-tac ctxt [substThm RS
(case reversed of NONE => @{thm ≡E(2)} | _ => @{thm ≡E(1)})] 1
THEN prove-AOT-subst-tac ctxt
THEN (TRY (resolve-tac ctxt prems 1))
end
) ctxt 1))))
>

method-setup AOT-subst-thm = ‹
Scan.option (Scan.lift (Args.parens (Args.$$$ reverse))) ---
Attrib.thm
>> (fn (reversed,fact) => (fn ctxt =>
(Method.SIMPLE-METHOD (Subgoal.FOCUS (fn {context = ctxt, params = -,
prems = prems, asms = asms, concl = concl, schematics = -} =>
let
val c = Thm.concl-of fact
val (lhs, rhs) = case c of
(const`Trueprop` $ (const`AOT-model-valid-in` $ - $ (const`AOT-equiv` $ lhs $ rhs))) => (lhs, rhs)
| _ => raise Fail Equivalence expected.

val substCond = HOLogic.mk-Trueprop
(Const (const-name`AOT-subst-cond`, dummyT) $ lhs $ rhs)
val substCond = Syntax.check-term
(Proof-Context.set-mode Proof-Context.mode-schematic ctxt)
substCond
val simpThms = [@{thm AOT-subst-cond-o-def},
@{thm AOT-subst-cond-fun-def},
fact]
val substCondThm = Goal.prove ctxt [] [] substCond
(fn {context=ctxt, prems=prems} =>

```

```

(SUBGOAL (fn (trm,int) => auto-tac (ctxt addsimps simpThms)) 1))
val substThm = substCondThm RSN (2,@{thm AOT-subst})
in
resolve-tac ctxt [substThm RS
  (case reversed of NONE => @{thm E(2)} | - => @{thm E(1)})] 1
THEN prove-AOT-subst-tac ctxt
THEN (TRY (resolve-tac ctxt prems 1))
end
) ctxt 1)))
>

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:1[1]:

```

assumes < $\vdash_{\Box} A!x \equiv \neg\Diamond E!x$ > and < $\neg A!x$ >
shows < $\neg\neg\Diamond E!x$ >
by (AOT-subst (reverse) < $\neg\Diamond E!x$ > < $A!x$ >)
  (auto simp: assms)

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:1[2]:

```

assumes < $\vdash_{\Box} A!x \equiv \neg\Diamond E!x$ > and < $\neg\neg\Diamond E!x$ >
shows < $\neg A!x$ >
by (AOT-subst < $A!x$ > < $\neg\Diamond E!x$ >)
  (auto simp: assms)

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:2[1]:

```

assumes < $\vdash_{\Box} [R]xy \equiv ([R]xy \& ([Q]a \vee \neg[Q]a))$ >
  and < $p \rightarrow [R]xy$ >
shows < $p \rightarrow [R]xy \& ([Q]a \vee \neg[Q]a)$ >
by (AOT-subst-thm (reverse) assms(1)) (simp add: assms(2))

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:2[2]:

```

assumes < $\vdash_{\Box} [R]xy \equiv ([R]xy \& ([Q]a \vee \neg[Q]a))$ >
  and < $p \rightarrow [R]xy \& ([Q]a \vee \neg[Q]a)$ >
shows < $p \rightarrow [R]xy$ >
by (AOT-subst-thm assms(1)) (simp add: assms(2))

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:3[1]:

```

assumes <for arbitrary x:  $\vdash_{\Box} A!x \equiv \neg\Diamond E!x$ >
  and < $\exists x A!x$ >
shows < $\exists x \neg\Diamond E!x$ >
by (AOT-subst (reverse) < $\neg\Diamond E!x$ > < $A!x$ > for: x)
  (auto simp: assms)

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:3[2]:

```

assumes <for arbitrary x:  $\vdash_{\Box} A!x \equiv \neg\Diamond E!x$ >
  and < $\exists x \neg\Diamond E!x$ >
shows < $\exists x A!x$ >
by (AOT-subst < $A!x$ > < $\neg\Diamond E!x$ > for: x)
  (auto simp: assms)

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:4[1]:

```

assumes < $\vdash_{\Box} \neg\neg[P]x \equiv [P]x$ > and < $\mathcal{A}\neg\neg[P]x$ >
shows < $\mathcal{A}[P]x$ >
by (AOT-subst-thm (reverse) assms(1)) (simp add: assms(2))

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:4[2]:

```

assumes < $\vdash_{\Box} \neg\neg[P]x \equiv [P]x$ > and < $\mathcal{A}[P]x$ >
shows < $\mathcal{A}\neg\neg[P]x$ >
by (AOT-subst-thm assms(1)) (simp add: assms(2))

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:5[1]:

```

assumes < $\vdash_{\Box} (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi)$ > and < $\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)$ >
shows < $\Box(\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi)$ >
by (AOT-subst-thm (reverse) assms(1)) (simp add: assms(2))

```

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:5[2]:

assumes $\vdash_{\Box} (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi)$ and $\vdash_{\Box} (\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi)$
shows $\vdash_{\Box} (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)$
by (AOT-subst-thm assms(1)) (simp add: assms(2))

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:6[1]:

assumes $\vdash_{\Box} \psi \equiv \chi$ and $\vdash_{\Box} (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)$
shows $\vdash_{\Box} (\varphi \rightarrow \chi)$
by (AOT-subst-thm (reverse) assms(1)) (simp add: assms(2))

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:6[2]:

assumes $\vdash_{\Box} \psi \equiv \chi$ and $\vdash_{\Box} (\varphi \rightarrow \chi)$
shows $\vdash_{\Box} (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)$
by (AOT-subst-thm assms(1)) (simp add: assms(2))

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:7[1]:

assumes $\vdash_{\Box} \varphi \equiv \neg\neg\varphi$ and $\vdash_{\Box} (\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)$
shows $\vdash_{\Box} (\neg\neg\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)$
by (AOT-subst-thm (reverse) assms(1)) (simp add: assms(2))

AOT-theorem rule-sub-remark:7[2]:

assumes $\vdash_{\Box} \varphi \equiv \neg\neg\varphi$ and $\vdash_{\Box} (\neg\neg\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)$
shows $\vdash_{\Box} (\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)$
by (AOT-subst-thm assms(1)) (simp add: assms(2))

AOT-theorem KBasic2:1: $\vdash_{\Box} \neg\varphi \equiv \neg\diamond\varphi$

by (meson conventions:5 contraposition:2
Hypothetical Syllogism df-rules-formulas[3]
df-rules-formulas[4] ≡I useful-tautologies:1)

AOT-theorem KBasic2:2: $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv (\Diamond\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi)$

proof –

AOT-have $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond(\neg\varphi \wedge \neg\psi)$
by (simp add: REDiamond oth-class-taut:5:b)
also **AOT-have** $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \neg\Box(\neg\varphi \wedge \neg\psi)$
using KBasic:11 ≡E(6) oth-class-taut:3:a by blast
also **AOT-have** $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \neg(\Box\neg\varphi \wedge \Box\neg\psi)$
using KBasic:3 ≡E(1) oth-class-taut:4:b by blast
also **AOT-have** $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \neg(\neg\Diamond\varphi \wedge \neg\Diamond\psi)$
using KBasic2:1
by (AOT-subst $\vdash_{\Box} \neg\varphi \rightarrow \neg\Diamond\varphi$; AOT-subst $\vdash_{\Box} \neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\Diamond\psi$;
auto simp: oth-class-taut:3:a)
also **AOT-have** $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \neg\neg(\Diamond\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi)$
using ≡E(6) oth-class-taut:3:b oth-class-taut:5:b by blast
also **AOT-have** $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi$
by (simp add: ≡I useful-tautologies:1 useful-tautologies:2)
finally show ?thesis .
qed

AOT-theorem KBasic2:3: $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \wedge \psi) \rightarrow (\Diamond\varphi \wedge \Diamond\psi)$

by (metis RMDiamond &I Conjunction Simplification(1,2)
→I modus-tollens:1 reductio-aa:1)

AOT-theorem KBasic2:4: $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\psi)$

proof –

AOT-have $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv \Diamond(\neg\varphi \vee \psi)$
by (AOT-subst $\vdash_{\Diamond} \varphi \rightarrow \psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi \vee \psi$)
(auto simp: oth-class-taut:1:c oth-class-taut:3:a)
also **AOT-have** $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv \Diamond\neg\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi$
by (simp add: KBasic2:2)
also **AOT-have** $\vdash_{\Diamond} (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv \neg\Box\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi$
by (AOT-subst $\vdash_{\Diamond} \neg\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\neg\varphi$)

```

(auto simp: KBasic:11 oth-class-taut:3:a)
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ □φ → ◊ψ⟩
  using ≡E(6) oth-class-taut:1:c oth-class-taut:3:a by blast
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

AOT-theorem *KBasic2:5*: $\langle \diamond\diamond\varphi \equiv \neg\Box\Box\neg\varphi \rangle$
using *conventions:5*[*THEN* ≡*Df*]
by (*AOT-subst* ⟨◊φ⟩ ⟨¬□¬φ⟩;
AOT-subst ⟨◊¬□¬φ⟩ ⟨¬□¬¬□¬φ⟩;
AOT-subst (*reverse*) ⟨¬¬□¬φ⟩ ⟨□¬φ⟩)
(*auto simp*: *oth-class-taut:3:b* *oth-class-taut:3:a*)

AOT-theorem *KBasic2:6*: $\langle \Box(\varphi \vee \psi) \rightarrow (\Box\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi) \rangle$
proof(*rule* →*I*; *rule raa-cor:1*)
AOT-assume ⟨□(φ ∨ ψ)⟩
AOT-hence ⟨□(¬φ → ψ)⟩
using *conventions:2*[*THEN* ≡*Df*]
by (*AOT-subst* (*reverse*) ⟨¬φ → ψ⟩ ⟨φ ∨ ψ⟩) *simp*
AOT-hence 1: ⟨◊¬φ → ◊ψ⟩
using *KBasic:13 vdash-properties:10* **by** *blast*
AOT-assume ⟨¬(□φ ∨ ◊ψ)⟩
AOT-hence ⟨¬□φ⟩ **and** ⟨¬◊ψ⟩
using &*E* ≡*E*(1) *oth-class-taut:5:d* **by** *blast+*
AOT-thus ⟨◊ψ & ¬◊ψ⟩
using &*I*(1) 1[*THEN* →*E*] *KBasic:11* ≡*E*(4) *raa-cor:3* **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *KBasic2:7*: $\langle (\Box(\varphi \vee \psi) \& \Diamond\neg\varphi) \rightarrow \Diamond\psi \rangle$
proof(*rule* →*I*; *frule &E(1)*; *drule &E(2)*)
AOT-assume ⟨□(φ ∨ ψ)⟩
AOT-hence 1: ⟨□φ ∨ ◊ψ⟩
using *KBasic2:6 VI(2) VE(1)* **by** *blast*
AOT-assume ⟨◊¬φ⟩
AOT-hence ⟨¬□φ⟩ **using** *KBasic:11* ≡*E*(2) **by** *blast*
AOT-thus ⟨◊ψ⟩ **using** 1 *VE(2)* **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *T-S5-fund:1*: ⟨φ → ◊φ⟩
by (*meson* ≡_{*Df*} *I conventions:5 contraposition:2*
Hypothetical Syllogism →*I qml:2[axiom-inst]*)
lemmas *T◊ = T-S5-fund:1*

AOT-theorem *T-S5-fund:2*: ⟨◊□φ → □φ⟩
proof(*rule* →*I*)
AOT-assume ⟨◊□φ⟩
AOT-hence ⟨¬□◊¬φ⟩
using *KBasic:14* ≡*E*(4) *raa-cor:3* **by** *blast*
moreover **AOT-have** ⟨◊¬φ → □◊¬φ⟩
by (*fact qml:3[axiom-inst]*)
ultimately **AOT-have** ⟨¬◊¬φ⟩
using *modus-tollens:1* **by** *blast*
AOT-thus ⟨□φ⟩ **using** *KBasic:12* ≡*E*(2) **by** *blast*
qed
lemmas *5◊ = T-S5-fund:2*

AOT-theorem *Act-Sub:1*: ⟨Aφ ≡ ¬A¬φ⟩
by (*AOT-subst* ⟨A¬φ⟩ ⟨¬Aφ⟩)
(*auto simp*: *logic-actual-nec:1*[*axiom-inst*] *oth-class-taut:3:b*)

AOT-theorem *Act-Sub:2*: ⟨◊φ ≡ A◊φ⟩
using *conventions:5*[*THEN* ≡*Df*]

by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \Diamond\varphi \rangle \langle \neg\Box\neg\varphi \rangle$)
(metis deduction-theorem $\equiv I \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2) \equiv E(3)$
logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst] *qml-act:2[axiom-inst]*)

AOT-theorem *Act-Sub:3*: $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\varphi \rangle$
using *conventions:5[THEN* $\equiv Df$ *]*
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \Diamond\varphi \rangle \langle \neg\Box\neg\varphi \rangle$)
(metis Act-Sub:1 $\rightarrow I \equiv E(4)$ *nec-imp-act reductio-aa:2* $\rightarrow E$)

AOT-theorem *Act-Sub:4*: $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \Diamond\mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$

AOT-thus $\langle \Diamond\mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$ **using** *T* \Diamond *vdash-properties:10* **by** *blast*
next
AOT-assume $\langle \Diamond\mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \neg\Box\neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} E$ *conventions:5* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \neg\Box\mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \rangle$
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \rangle \langle \neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$)
(simp add: logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst])

AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$
using *Act-Basic:1* *Act-Basic:6* $\vee E(3) \equiv E(4)$
reductio-aa:1 **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *Act-Sub:5*: $\langle \Diamond\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\Diamond\varphi \rangle$
by (*metis Act-Sub:2* *Act-Sub:3* *Act-Sub:4* $\rightarrow I \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2) \rightarrow E$)

AOT-theorem *S5Basic:1*: $\langle \Diamond\varphi \equiv \Box\Diamond\varphi \rangle$
by (*simp add:* $\equiv I$ *qml:2[axiom-inst]* *qml:3[axiom-inst]*)

AOT-theorem *S5Basic:2*: $\langle \Box\varphi \equiv \Diamond\Box\varphi \rangle$
by (*simp add:* *T* \Diamond $5\Diamond \equiv I$)

AOT-theorem *S5Basic:3*: $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \Box\Diamond\varphi \rangle$
using *T* \Diamond *Hypothetical Syllogism* *qml:3[axiom-inst]* **by** *blast*
lemmas *B* = *S5Basic:3*

AOT-theorem *S5Basic:4*: $\langle \Diamond\Box\varphi \rightarrow \varphi \rangle$
using *5* \Diamond *Hypothetical Syllogism* *qml:2[axiom-inst]* **by** *blast*
lemmas *B* \Diamond = *S5Basic:4*

AOT-theorem *S5Basic:5*: $\langle \Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\Box\varphi \rangle$
using *RM:1* *B* *5* \Diamond *Hypothetical Syllogism* **by** *blast*
lemmas *4* = *S5Basic:5*

AOT-theorem *S5Basic:6*: $\langle \Box\varphi \equiv \Box\Box\varphi \rangle$
by (*simp add:* *4* $\equiv I$ *qml:2[axiom-inst]*)

AOT-theorem *S5Basic:7*: $\langle \Diamond\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\varphi \rangle$
using *conventions:5[THEN* $\equiv Df$ *]* *oth-class-taut:3:b*
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \Diamond\Diamond\varphi \rangle \langle \neg\Box\neg\Diamond\varphi \rangle$;
AOT-subst $\langle \Diamond\varphi \rangle \langle \neg\Box\neg\varphi \rangle$;
AOT-subst (*reverse*) $\langle \neg\neg\Box\neg\varphi \rangle \langle \Box\neg\varphi \rangle$;
AOT-subst (*reverse*) $\langle \Box\Box\neg\varphi \rangle \langle \Box\neg\varphi \rangle$)
(auto simp: S5Basic:6 if-p-then-p)

lemmas *4* \Diamond = *S5Basic:7*

AOT-theorem *S5Basic:8*: $\langle \Diamond\Diamond\varphi \equiv \Diamond\varphi \rangle$
by (*simp add:* *4* \Diamond $T\Diamond \equiv I$)

AOT-theorem *S5Basic:9*: $\langle \Box(\varphi \vee \Box\psi) \equiv (\Box\varphi \vee \Box\psi) \rangle$

```

apply (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
using KBasic2:6  $5\Diamond \vee I(3)$  if  $-p$  then  $-p$  vdash-properties:10
apply blast
by (meson KBasic:15 4  $\vee I(3) \vee E(1)$  Disjunction Addition(1)
      con-dis-taut:7 intro-elim:1 Commutativity of  $\vee$ )

AOT-theorem S5Basic:10:  $\langle \Box(\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi) \equiv (\Box\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi) \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Box(\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi \rangle$ 
    by (meson KBasic2:6  $\vee I(2) \vee E(1)$ )
  AOT-thus  $\langle \Box\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi \rangle$ 
    by (meson B $\Diamond$  4  $\Diamond T\Diamond \vee I(3)$ )
next
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Box\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box\varphi \vee \Box\Diamond\psi \rangle$ 
    by (meson S5Basic:1 B $\Diamond$  S5Basic:6  $T\Diamond 5\Diamond \vee I(3)$  intro-elim:1)
  AOT-thus  $\langle \Box(\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi) \rangle$ 
    by (meson KBasic:15  $\vee I(3) \vee E(1)$  Disjunction Addition(1,2))
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem S5Basic:11:  $\langle \Diamond(\varphi \& \Diamond\psi) \equiv (\Diamond\varphi \& \Diamond\psi) \rangle$ 
proof —
  AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond(\varphi \& \Diamond\psi) \equiv \Diamond\neg(\neg\varphi \vee \neg\Diamond\psi) \rangle$ 
    by (AOT-subst  $\langle \varphi \& \Diamond\psi \rangle \langle \neg(\neg\varphi \vee \neg\Diamond\psi) \rangle$ )
      (auto simp: oth-class-taut:5:a oth-class-taut:3:a)
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv \Diamond\neg(\neg\varphi \vee \Box\neg\psi) \rangle$ 
    by (AOT-subst  $\langle \Box\neg\psi \rangle \langle \neg\Diamond\psi \rangle$ )
      (auto simp: KBasic2:1 oth-class-taut:3:a)
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv \neg\Box(\neg\varphi \vee \Box\neg\psi) \rangle$ 
    using KBasic:11  $\equiv E(6)$  oth-class-taut:3:a by blast
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv \neg(\Box\neg\varphi \vee \Box\neg\psi) \rangle$ 
    using S5Basic:9  $\equiv E(1)$  oth-class-taut:4:b by blast
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv \neg(\neg\Diamond\varphi \vee \neg\Diamond\psi) \rangle$ 
    using KBasic2:1
    by (AOT-subst  $\langle \Box\neg\varphi \rangle \langle \neg\Diamond\varphi \rangle$ ; AOT-subst  $\langle \Box\neg\psi \rangle \langle \neg\Diamond\psi \rangle$ )
      (auto simp: oth-class-taut:3:a)
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv \Diamond\varphi \& \Diamond\psi \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv E(6)$  oth-class-taut:3:a oth-class-taut:5:a by blast
    finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem S5Basic:12:  $\langle \Diamond(\varphi \& \Box\psi) \equiv (\Diamond\varphi \& \Box\psi) \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Diamond(\varphi \& \Box\psi) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond\varphi \& \Diamond\Box\psi \rangle$ 
    using KBasic2:3 vdash-properties:6 by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \Diamond\varphi \& \Box\psi \rangle$ 
    using  $5\Diamond \& I \& E(1) \& E(2)$  vdash-properties:6 by blast
next
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Diamond\varphi \& \Box\psi \rangle$ 
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle (\Box\Box\psi \& \Diamond\varphi) \rightarrow \Diamond(\varphi \& \Box\psi) \rangle$ 
    by (AOT-subst  $\langle \varphi \& \Box\psi \rangle \langle \Box\psi \& \varphi \rangle$ )
      (auto simp: Commutativity of & KBasic:16)
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \Diamond(\varphi \& \Box\psi) \rangle$ 
    by (metis 4  $\& I$  Conjunction Simplification(1,2)  $\rightarrow E$ )
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem S5Basic:13:  $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \equiv \Box(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\equiv I$ )
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-have  $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \rightarrow (\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$ 
      by (meson KBasic:13 B $\Diamond$  Hypothetical Syllogism  $\rightarrow I$ )

```

```

}

AOT-hence < $\square\square(\varphi \rightarrow \square\psi) \rightarrow \square(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi)$ >
  by (rule RM)
AOT-thus < $\square(\varphi \rightarrow \square\psi) \rightarrow \square(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi)$ >
  using 4 Hypothetical Syllogism by blast
next
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have < $\square(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \square\psi)$ >
    by (meson B Hypothetical Syllogism →I qml:1[axiom-inst])
}
AOT-hence < $\square\square(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow \square(\varphi \rightarrow \square\psi)$ >
  by (rule RM)
AOT-thus < $\square(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow \square(\varphi \rightarrow \square\psi)$ >
  using 4 Hypothetical Syllogism by blast
qed

AOT-theorem derived-S5-rules:1:
assumes < $\Gamma \vdash \square \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi$ >
shows < $\square\Gamma \vdash \varphi \rightarrow \square\psi$ >
proof –
  AOT-have < $\square\Gamma \vdash \square \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \square\psi$ >
    using assms by (rule RM:1[prem])
  AOT-thus < $\square\Gamma \vdash \varphi \rightarrow \square\psi$ >
    using B Hypothetical Syllogism by blast
qed

AOT-theorem derived-S5-rules:2:
assumes < $\Gamma \vdash \varphi \rightarrow \square\psi$ >
shows < $\square\Gamma \vdash \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi$ >
proof –
  AOT-have < $\square\Gamma \vdash \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\square\psi$ >
    using assms by (rule RM:2[prem])
  AOT-thus < $\square\Gamma \vdash \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi$ >
    using B◊ Hypothetical Syllogism by blast
qed

AOT-theorem BFs:1: < $\forall \alpha \square\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \square\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
proof –
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-have < $\Diamond\forall \alpha \square\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \Diamond\square\varphi\{\alpha\}$ > for  $\alpha$ 
      using cqt-orig:3 by (rule RM◊)
    AOT-hence < $\Diamond\forall \alpha \square\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
      using B◊ ∀ I →E →I by metis
  }
  thus ?thesis
    using derived-S5-rules:1 by blast
qed
lemmas BF = BFs:1

AOT-theorem BFs:2: < $\square\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \forall \alpha \square\varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
proof –
  AOT-have < $\square\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \square\varphi\{\alpha\}$ > for  $\alpha$ 
    using RM cqt-orig:3 by metis
  thus ?thesis
    using cqt-orig:2[THEN →E] ∀ I by metis
qed
lemmas CBF = BFs:2

AOT-theorem BFs:3: < $\Diamond\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \exists \alpha \Diamond\varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
proof(rule →I)
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-have < $\square\forall \alpha \neg\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \forall \alpha \square\neg\varphi\{\alpha\}$ >
      using BF CBF ≡I by blast
  }
}

```

} note $\vartheta = \text{this}$

```

AOT-assume  $\langle \Diamond \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \neg \Box \neg (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
  using  $\equiv_{df} E$  conventions:5 by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \neg \Box \forall \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
  apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \forall \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ ,  $\langle \neg (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ )
  using  $\equiv_{df} I$  conventions:3 conventions:4 &I
    contraposition:2 cqt-further:4
    df-rules-formulas[3] by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \neg \forall \alpha \Box \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
  apply (AOT-subst (reverse)  $\langle \forall \alpha \Box \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ ,  $\langle \Box \forall \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ )
  using  $\vartheta$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \neg \forall \alpha \neg \neg \Box \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
  by (AOT-subst (reverse)  $\langle \neg \neg \Box \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ ,  $\langle \Box \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ , for:  $\alpha$ )
    (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:b)
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists \alpha \neg \Box \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
  by (rule conventions:4[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists \alpha \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
  using conventions:5[THEN  $\equiv Df$ ]
  by (AOT-subst  $\langle \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ ,  $\langle \neg \Box \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ , for:  $\alpha$ )
qed
lemmas BF $\Diamond = BFs:3$ 
```

AOT-theorem *BFs:4*: $\langle \exists \alpha \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \Diamond \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

```

AOT-assume  $\langle \exists \alpha \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \neg \forall \alpha \neg \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
  using conventions:4[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \neg \forall \alpha \Box \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
  using KBasic2:1
  by (AOT-subst  $\langle \Box \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ ,  $\langle \neg \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ , for:  $\alpha$ )
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \forall \alpha \Box \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \Box \forall \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv I$  BF CBF by metis
  ultimately AOT-have 1:  $\langle \neg \Box \forall \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv E(3)$  by blast
AOT-show  $\langle \Diamond \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
  apply (rule conventions:5[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
  apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ ,  $\langle \neg \forall \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ )
    apply (simp add: conventions:4  $\equiv Df$ )
    apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \neg \neg \forall \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ ,  $\langle \forall \alpha \neg \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ )
    by (auto simp: 1  $\equiv I$  useful-tautologies:1 useful-tautologies:2)
qed
lemmas CBF $\Diamond = BFs:4$ 
```

AOT-theorem *sign-S5-thm:1*: $\langle \exists \alpha \Box \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \Box \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

```

AOT-assume  $\langle \exists \alpha \Box \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
then AOT-obtain  $\alpha$  where  $\langle \Box \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  using  $\exists E$  by metis
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Box \alpha \downarrow \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: ex:1:a rule-ui:2[const-var] RN)
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Box \varphi\{\tau\}, \Box \tau \downarrow \vdash \Box \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  for  $\tau$ 
proof -
  AOT-have  $\langle \varphi\{\tau\}, \tau \downarrow \vdash \Box \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  using existential:1 by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \Box \varphi\{\tau\}, \Box \tau \downarrow \vdash \Box \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
    using RN[prem][where  $\Gamma = \{\varphi \tau, \Box \tau \downarrow\}$ , simplified] by blast
qed
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \Box \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  by blast
qed
lemmas Buridan = sign-S5-thm:1

```

AOT-theorem *sign-S5-thm:2*: $\langle \Diamond \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \forall \alpha \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
proof –

AOT-have $\langle \forall \alpha (\Diamond \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
by (*simp add: RM* \Diamond *cqt-orig:3* $\forall I$)
AOT-thus $\langle \Diamond \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \forall \alpha \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
using $\forall E(4) \forall I \rightarrow E \rightarrow I$ **by** *metis*
qed

lemmas *Buridan* $\Diamond = sign-S5-thm:2$

AOT-theorem *sign-S5-thm:3*:
 $\langle \Diamond \exists \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \psi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \Diamond (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \& \exists \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
apply (*rule RM:2*)
by (*metis (no-types, lifting)* $\exists E \& I \& E(1) \& E(2) \rightarrow I \exists I(2)$)

AOT-theorem *sign-S5-thm:4*: $\langle \Diamond \exists \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \& \psi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \Diamond \exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
apply (*rule RM:2*)
by (*meson instantiation &E(1) → I ∃ I(2)*)

AOT-theorem *sign-S5-thm:5*:
 $\langle (\Box \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \psi\{\alpha\}) \& \Box \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \chi\{\alpha\})) \rightarrow \Box \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \chi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
proof –
{
fix $\varphi' \psi' \chi'$
AOT-assume $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \varphi' \& \psi' \rightarrow \chi' \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \Box \varphi' \& \Box \psi' \rightarrow \Box \chi' \rangle$
using *RN[prem][where Γ={φ', ψ'}]* **apply** *simp*
using $\& E \& I \rightarrow E \rightarrow I$ **by** *metis*
} **note** *R = this*
show *?thesis* **by** (*rule R; fact AOT*)
qed

AOT-theorem *sign-S5-thm:6*:
 $\langle (\Box \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \psi\{\alpha\}) \& \Box \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \equiv \chi\{\alpha\})) \rightarrow \Box \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \chi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
proof –
{
fix $\varphi' \psi' \chi'$
AOT-assume $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \varphi' \& \psi' \rightarrow \chi' \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \Box \varphi' \& \Box \psi' \rightarrow \Box \chi' \rangle$
using *RN[prem][where Γ={φ', ψ'}]* **apply** *simp*
using $\& E \& I \rightarrow E \rightarrow I$ **by** *metis*
} **note** *R = this*
show *?thesis* **by** (*rule R; fact AOT*)
qed

AOT-theorem *exist-nec2:1*: $\langle \Diamond \tau \downarrow \rightarrow \tau \downarrow \rangle$
using *B* \Diamond *RM* \Diamond *Hypothetical Syllogism exist-nec* **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem *exists-nec2:2*: $\langle \Diamond \tau \downarrow \equiv \Box \tau \downarrow \rangle$
by (*meson Act-Sub:3 Hypothetical Syllogism exist-nec*
exist-nec2:1 ≡ I nec-imp-act)

AOT-theorem *exists-nec2:3*: $\langle \neg \tau \downarrow \rightarrow \Box \neg \tau \downarrow \rangle$
using *KBasic2:1 → I exist-nec2:1 ≡ E(2) modus-tollens:1* **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem *exists-nec2:4*: $\langle \Diamond \neg \tau \downarrow \equiv \Box \neg \tau \downarrow \rangle$
by (*metis Act-Sub:3 KBasic:12 → I exist-nec exists-nec2:3*
 $\equiv I \equiv E(4)$ *nec-imp-act reductio-aa:1*)

AOT-theorem *id-nec2:1*: $\langle \Diamond \alpha = \beta \rightarrow \alpha = \beta \rangle$
using *B* \Diamond *RM* \Diamond *Hypothetical Syllogism id-nec:1* **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem *id-nec2:2*: $\langle \alpha \neq \beta \rightarrow \Box \alpha \neq \beta \rangle$
apply (*AOT-subst* $\langle \alpha \neq \beta \rangle$ $\langle \neg(\alpha = \beta) \rangle$)
using *=-infix[THEN ≡Df]* **apply** *blast*
using *KBasic2:1 → I id-nec2:1 ≡ E(2) modus-tollens:1* **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem *id-nec2:3*: $\langle \Diamond\alpha \neq \beta \rightarrow \alpha \neq \beta \rangle$
apply (*AOT-subst* $\langle \alpha \neq \beta \rangle \langle \neg(\alpha = \beta) \rangle$)
using $=\text{-infix}[THEN \equiv Df]$ **apply** *blast*
by (*metis KBasic:11* $\rightarrow I$ *id-nec:2* $\equiv E(3)$ *reductio-aa:2* $\rightarrow E$)

AOT-theorem *id-nec2:4*: $\langle \Diamond\alpha = \beta \rightarrow \Box\alpha = \beta \rangle$
using *Hypothetical Syllogism* *id-nec2:1* *id-nec:1* **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem *id-nec2:5*: $\langle \Diamond\alpha \neq \beta \rightarrow \Box\alpha \neq \beta \rangle$
using *id-nec2:3* *id-nec2:2* $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E$ **by** *metis*

AOT-theorem *sc-eq-box-box:1*: $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \equiv (\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rangle$
apply (*rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
using *KBasic:13* $5\Diamond$ *Hypothetical Syllogism* $\rightarrow E$ **apply** *blast*
by (*metis KBasic2:1 KBasic:1 KBasic:2 S5Basic:13* $\equiv E(2)$
raa-cor:5 $\rightarrow E$)

AOT-theorem *sc-eq-box-box:2*: $\langle (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \vee (\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi)) \rightarrow (\Diamond\varphi \equiv \Box\varphi) \rangle$
by (*metis Act-Sub:3 KBasic:13* $5\Diamond \vee E(2)$ $\rightarrow I \equiv I$
nec-imp-act raa-cor:2 $\rightarrow E$)

AOT-theorem *sc-eq-box-box:3*: $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rightarrow (\neg\Box\varphi \equiv \Box\neg\varphi) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi \rangle$ **using** *sc-eq-box-box:1* $\equiv E$ **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-assume $\langle \neg\Box\varphi \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \neg\Diamond\varphi \rangle$
using *modus-tollens:1* **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \Box\neg\varphi \rangle$
using *KBasic2:1* $\equiv E(2)$ **by** *blast*

next

AOT-assume $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rangle$
moreover AOT-assume $\langle \Box\neg\varphi \rangle$
ultimately AOT-show $\langle \neg\Box\varphi \rangle$
using *modus-tollens:1 qml:2[axiom-inst]* $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *sc-eq-box-box:4*:
 $\langle (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \& \Box(\psi \rightarrow \Box\psi)) \rightarrow ((\Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi)) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume ϑ : $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \& \Box(\psi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \rangle$
AOT-assume ξ : $\langle \Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle (\Box\varphi \& \Box\psi) \vee (\neg\Box\varphi \& \neg\Box\psi) \rangle$
using $\equiv E(4)$ *oth-class-taut:4:g raa-cor:3* **by** *blast*
moreover {
AOT-assume $\langle \Box\varphi \& \Box\psi \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$
using *KBasic:3 KBasic:8* $\equiv E(2)$ *vdash-properties:10* **by** *blast*
}

}

moreover {
AOT-assume $\langle \neg\Box\varphi \& \neg\Box\psi \rangle$
moreover AOT-have $\langle \neg\Box\varphi \equiv \Box\neg\varphi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\Box\psi \equiv \Box\neg\psi \rangle$
using ϑ *Conjunction Simplification(1,2)*
sc-eq-box-box:3 $\rightarrow E$ **by** *metis+*
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Box\neg\varphi \& \Box\neg\psi \rangle$
by (*metis &I Conjunction Simplification(1,2)*
 $\equiv E(4)$ *modus-tollens:1 raa-cor:3*)
AOT-hence $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$
using *KBasic:3 KBasic:9* $\equiv E(2)$ $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
}

ultimately AOT-show $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$
using $\vee E(2)$ *reductio-aa:1* **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem sc-eq-box-box:5:

$\langle (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \& \Box(\psi \rightarrow \Box\psi)) \rightarrow \Box((\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi)) \rangle$

proof (rule $\rightarrow I$)

 AOT-assume $\langle (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \& \Box(\psi \rightarrow \Box\psi)) \rangle$

 AOT-hence $\langle \Box(\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \& \Box(\psi \rightarrow \Box\psi)) \rangle$

 using 4[THEN $\rightarrow E$] &E &I KBasic:3 $\equiv E(2)$ by metis

 moreover AOT-have $\langle \Box(\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \& \Box(\psi \rightarrow \Box\psi)) \rightarrow \Box((\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi)) \rangle$

proof (rule RM; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)

 AOT-modally-strict {

 AOT-assume A: $\langle (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \& \Box(\psi \rightarrow \Box\psi)) \rangle$

 AOT-hence $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi \rangle$ and $\langle \psi \rightarrow \Box\psi \rangle$

 using &E qml:2[axiom-inst] $\rightarrow E$ by blast+

 moreover AOT-assume $\langle \varphi \equiv \psi \rangle$

 ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi \rangle$

 using $\rightarrow E$ qml:2[axiom-inst] $\equiv E \equiv I$ by meson

 moreover AOT-have $\langle (\Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$

 using A sc-eq-box-box:4 $\rightarrow E$ by blast

 ultimately AOT-show $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$ using $\rightarrow E$ by blast

 }

 qed

 ultimately AOT-show $\langle \Box((\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi)) \rangle$ using $\rightarrow E$ by blast

qed

AOT-theorem sc-eq-box-box:6: $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \rangle$

proof (rule $\rightarrow I$; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:1)

 AOT-assume $\langle \neg \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$

 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$

 by (metis KBasic:11 $\equiv E(1)$)

 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(\varphi \& \neg\psi) \rangle$

 by (AOT-subst $\langle \varphi \& \neg\psi \rangle$ $\langle \neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$)

 (meson Commutativity of $\equiv \equiv E(1)$ oth-class-taut:1:b)

 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond\varphi \rangle$ and 2: $\langle \Diamond \neg\psi \rangle$

 using KBasic2:3[THEN $\rightarrow E$] &E by blast+

 moreover AOT-assume $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rangle$

 ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Box\varphi \rangle$

 by (metis $\equiv E(1)$ sc-eq-box-box:1 $\rightarrow E$)

 AOT-hence φ

 using qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast

 moreover AOT-assume $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi \rangle$

 ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Box\psi \rangle$

 using $\rightarrow E$ by blast

 moreover AOT-have $\langle \neg \Box\psi \rangle$

 using 2 KBasic:12 $\neg\neg I$ intro-elim:3:d by blast

 ultimately AOT-show $\langle \Box\psi \& \neg \Box\psi \rangle$

 using &I by blast

qed

AOT-theorem sc-eq-box-box:7: $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\psi) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \rangle$

proof (rule $\rightarrow I$; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:1)

 AOT-assume $\langle \neg \mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$

 AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$

 by (metis Act-Basic:1 $\vee E(2)$)

 AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi \& \neg\psi) \rangle$

 by (AOT-subst $\langle \varphi \& \neg\psi \rangle$ $\langle \neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$)

 (meson Commutativity of $\equiv \equiv E(1)$ oth-class-taut:1:b)

 AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$ and 2: $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg\psi \rangle$

 using Act-Basic:2[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] &E by blast+

 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond\varphi \rangle$

 by (metis Act-Sub:3 $\rightarrow E$)

 moreover AOT-assume $\langle \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rangle$

 ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Box\varphi \rangle$

by (*metis* $\equiv E(1)$ *sc-eq-box-box*: $1 \rightarrow E$)
AOT-hence φ
using *qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$]* **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-assume $\langle \varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\psi \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}\psi \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-have $\langle \neg \mathcal{A}\psi \rangle$
using *2* **by** (*meson Act-Sub*: $1 \equiv E(4)$ *raa-cor*: 3)
ultimately AOT-show $\langle \mathcal{A}\psi \& \neg \mathcal{A}\psi \rangle$
using $\& I$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *sc-eq-fur*: 1 : $\langle \diamond \mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \square \mathcal{A}\varphi \rangle$
using *Act-Basic*: 6 *Act-Sub*: $4 \equiv E(6)$ **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem *sc-eq-fur*: 2 : $\langle \square(\varphi \rightarrow \square\varphi) \rightarrow (\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi) \rangle$
by (*metis B* \Diamond *Act-Sub*: 3 *KBasic*: 13 *T* \Diamond *Hypothetical Syllogism*
 $\rightarrow I \equiv I$ *nec-imp-act*)

AOT-theorem *sc-eq-fur*: 3 :
 $\langle \square \forall x (\varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \square\varphi\{x\}) \rightarrow (\exists !x \varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \iota x \varphi\{x\}\downarrow) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \square \forall x (\varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \square\varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
AOT-hence *A*: $\langle \forall x \square(\varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \square\varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
using *CBF* $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-assume $\langle \exists !x \varphi\{x\} \rangle$
then AOT-obtain *a* **where** *a-def*: $\langle \varphi\{a\} \& \forall y (\varphi\{y\} \rightarrow y = a) \rangle$
using *∃ E[rotated 1, OF uniqueness:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]]* **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-have $\langle \square \varphi\{a\} \rangle$
using *calculation A* $\forall E(2)$ *qml:2[axiom-inst]* $\rightarrow E \& E(1)$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{a\} \rangle$
using *nec-imp-act* $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-have $\langle \forall y (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{y\} \rightarrow y = a) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\forall I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
fix *b*
AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{b\} \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \diamond \varphi\{b\} \rangle$
using *Act-Sub*: $3 \rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
moreover {
AOT-have $\langle \square(\varphi\{b\} \rightarrow \square\varphi\{b\}) \rangle$
using *A* $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \diamond \varphi\{b\} \rightarrow \square \varphi\{b\} \rangle$
using *KBasic*: 13 *5* \Diamond *Hypothetical Syllogism* $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
}
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \square \varphi\{b\} \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{b\} \rangle$
using *qml:2[axiom-inst]* $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle b = a \rangle$
using *a-def[THEN & E(2)]* $\forall E(2) \rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
qed
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{a\} \& \forall y (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{y\} \rightarrow y = a) \rangle$
using $\& I$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists x (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \& \forall y (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{y\} \rightarrow y = x)) \rangle$
using $\exists I$ **by** *fast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists !x \mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \rangle$
using *uniqueness:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]* **by** *fast*
AOT-thus $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\}\downarrow \rangle$
using *actual-desc:1[THEN $\equiv E(2)$]* **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *sc-eq-fur*: 4 :
 $\langle \square \forall x (\varphi\{x\} \rightarrow \square\varphi\{x\}) \rightarrow (x = \iota x \varphi\{x\} \equiv (\varphi\{x\} \& \forall z (\varphi\{z\} \rightarrow z = x))) \rangle$

```

proof (rule →I)
  AOT-assume ⟨□∀ x (φ{x} → □φ{x})⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨∀ x □(φ{x} → □φ{x})⟩
    using CBF →E by blast
  AOT-hence A: ⟨Aφ{α} ≡ φ{α}⟩ for α
    using sc-eq-fur:2 ∀ E →E by fast
  AOT-show ⟨x = !x φ{x} ≡ (φ{x} & ∀ z (φ{z} → z = x))⟩
  proof (rule ≡I; rule →I)
    AOT-assume ⟨x = !x φ{x}⟩
    AOT-hence B: ⟨Aφ{x} & ∀ z (Aφ{z} → z = x)⟩
      using nec-hintikka-scheme[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
    AOT-show ⟨φ{x} & ∀ z (φ{z} → z = x)⟩
    proof (rule &I; (rule ∀ I; rule →I)?)
      AOT-show ⟨φ{x}⟩
        using A B[THEN &E(1)] ≡E(1) by blast
    next
      AOT-show ⟨z = x⟩ if ⟨φ{z}⟩ for z
        using that B[THEN &E(2)] ∀ E(2) →E A[THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
    qed
  next
    AOT-assume B: ⟨φ{x} & ∀ z (φ{z} → z = x)⟩
    AOT-have ⟨Aφ{x} & ∀ z (Aφ{z} → z = x)⟩
    proof (rule &I; (rule ∀ I; rule →I)?)
      AOT-show ⟨Aφ{x}⟩
        using B[THEN &E(1)] A[THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
    next
      AOT-show ⟨b = x⟩ if ⟨Aφ{b}⟩ for b
        using A[THEN ≡E(1)] that
          B[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(2), THEN →E] by blast
      qed
    AOT-thus ⟨x = !x φ{x}⟩
      using nec-hintikka-scheme[THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
    qed
  qed

```

AOT-theorem *id-act:1*: ⟨α = β ≡ Aα = β⟩
by (*meson Act-Sub:3 Hypothetical Syllogism*
id-nec2:1 id-nec:2 ≡I nec-imp-act)

AOT-theorem *id-act:2*: ⟨α ≠ β ≡ Aα ≠ β⟩
proof (*AOT-subst* ⟨α ≠ β⟩ ⟨¬(α = β)⟩)
 AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-show ⟨α ≠ β ≡ ¬(α = β)⟩
 by (*simp add: =-infix ≡Df*)
 }
 next
AOT-show ⟨¬(α = β) ≡ A¬(α = β)⟩
 proof (*safe intro!*: ≡*I* →*I*)
 AOT-assume ⟨¬α = β⟩
 AOT-hence ⟨¬Aα = β⟩ **using** *id-act:1* ≡*E*(3) **by** *blast*
AOT-thus ⟨A¬α = β⟩
 using ¬¬*E* *Act-Sub:1* ≡*E*(3) **by** *blast*
next
AOT-assume ⟨A¬α = β⟩
 AOT-hence ⟨¬Aα = β⟩
 using ¬¬*I* *Act-Sub:1* ≡*E*(4) **by** *blast*
AOT-thus ⟨¬α = β⟩
 using *id-act:1* ≡*E*(4) **by** *blast*
qed
qed

AOT-theorem *A-Exists:1*: ⟨A∃!α φ{α} ≡ ∃!α Aφ{α}⟩
proof –

AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A} \exists !\alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \mathcal{A} \exists \alpha \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \exists !\alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle \langle \exists \alpha \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$)
 (*auto simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a uniqueness:2*)
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \exists \alpha \mathcal{A} \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$
by (*simp add: Act-Basic:10*)
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \exists \alpha \forall \beta \mathcal{A}(\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \mathcal{A} \forall \beta (\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle \langle \forall \beta \mathcal{A}(\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$ **for:** α)
 (*auto simp: logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst] oth-class-taut:3:a*)
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \exists \alpha \forall \beta (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \mathcal{A}\beta = \alpha) \rangle$
by (*AOT-subst (reverse)* $\langle \mathcal{A}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \mathcal{A}\beta = \alpha \rangle$
 $\langle \mathcal{A}(\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$ **for:** $\alpha \beta :: 'a$)
 (*auto simp: Act-Basic:5 cqt-further:7*)
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \exists \alpha \forall \beta (\mathcal{A}\varphi\{\beta\} \equiv \beta = \alpha) \rangle$
by (*AOT-subst (reverse)* $\langle \mathcal{A}\beta = \alpha \rangle \langle \beta = \alpha \rangle$ **for:** $\alpha \beta :: 'a$)
 (*auto simp: id-act:1 cqt-further:7*)
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \exists !\alpha \mathcal{A}\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
using *uniqueness:2 Commutativity of \equiv* [*THEN $\equiv E(1)$*] **by** *fast*
finally show *?thesis.*
qed

AOT-theorem *A-Exists:2: $\langle \iota x \varphi\{x\} \rangle \downarrow \equiv \mathcal{A} \exists !x \varphi\{x\}$*
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \mathcal{A} \exists !x \varphi\{x\} \rangle \langle \exists !x \mathcal{A}\varphi\{x\} \rangle$)
 (*auto simp: actual-desc:1 A-Exists:1*)

AOT-theorem *id-act-desc:1: $\langle \iota x (x = y) \rangle \downarrow$*
proof (*rule existence:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]; rule $\exists I$*)
AOT-show $\langle [\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x] \iota x (x = y) \rangle$
proof (*rule russell-axiom[exe,1].nec-russell-axiom[THEN $\equiv E(2)$]*;
 rule $\exists I$; (rule &I)+)
AOT-show $\langle \mathcal{A}y = y \rangle$ **by** (*simp add: RA[2] id-eq:1*)
next
AOT-show $\langle \forall z (\mathcal{A}z = y \rightarrow z = y) \rangle$
apply (*rule $\forall I$*)
using *id-act:1[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] $\rightarrow I$* **by** *blast*
next
AOT-show $\langle [\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x] y \rangle$
proof (*rule lambda-predicates:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\equiv E(2)$]*)
AOT-show $\langle [\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x] \downarrow \rangle$
by *cqt:2[lambda]*
next
AOT-show $\langle E!y \rightarrow E!y \rangle$
by (*simp add: if-p-then-p*)
qed
qed
next
AOT-show $\langle [\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x] \downarrow \rangle$
by *cqt:2[lambda]*
qed

AOT-theorem *id-act-desc:2: $\langle y = \iota x (x = y) \rangle$*
by (*rule descriptions[axiom-inst, THEN $\equiv E(2)$]*;
 rule $\forall I$; rule id-act:1[symmetric])

AOT-theorem *pre-en-eq:1[1]: $\langle x_1[F] \rightarrow \Box x_1[F] \rangle$*
by (*simp add: encoding vdash-properties:1[2]*)

AOT-theorem *pre-en-eq:1[2]: $\langle x_1 x_2[F] \rightarrow \Box x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$*
proof (*rule $\rightarrow I$*)
AOT-assume $\langle x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle x_1[\lambda y [F] y x_2] \rangle$ **and** $\langle x_2[\lambda y [F] x_1 y] \rangle$
 using *nary-encoding:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] &E* **by** *blast+*
moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y [F] y x_2] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** *cqt:2*
moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y [F] x_1 y] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** *cqt:2*

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Box x_1[\lambda y [F]yx_2] \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Box x_2[\lambda y [F]x_1y] \rangle$

using $\text{encoding}[\text{axiom-inst}, \text{unverify } F] \rightarrow E \& I$ **by** blast+

note $A = \text{this}$

AOT-hence $\langle \Box(x_1[\lambda y [F]yx_2] \& x_2[\lambda y [F]x_1y]) \rangle$

using $\text{KBasic:3}[THEN \equiv E(2)] \& I$ **by** blast

AOT-thus $\langle \Box x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$

by ($\text{rule nary-encoding}[2][\text{axiom-inst}, \text{THEN RN},$

$\text{THEN KBasic:6}[THEN \rightarrow E],$

$\text{THEN } \equiv E(2)]$)

qed

AOT-theorem $\text{pre-en-eq:1}[3]: \langle x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rightarrow \Box x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$

proof ($\text{rule } \rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle x_1[\lambda y [F]yx_2x_3] \rangle$

and $\langle x_2[\lambda y [F]x_1yx_3] \rangle$

and $\langle x_3[\lambda y [F]x_1x_2y] \rangle$

using $\text{nary-encoding}[3][\text{axiom-inst}, \text{THEN } \equiv E(1)] \& E$ **by** blast+

moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y [F]yx_2x_3] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** $cqt:2$

moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y [F]x_1yx_3] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** $cqt:2$

moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y [F]x_1x_2y] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** $cqt:2$

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Box x_1[\lambda y [F]yx_2x_3] \rangle$

and $\langle \Box x_2[\lambda y [F]x_1yx_3] \rangle$

and $\langle \Box x_3[\lambda y [F]x_1x_2y] \rangle$

using $\text{encoding}[\text{axiom-inst}, \text{unverify } F] \rightarrow E$ **by** blast+

note $A = \text{this}$

AOT-have $B: \langle \Box(x_1[\lambda y [F]yx_2x_3] \& x_2[\lambda y [F]x_1yx_3] \& x_3[\lambda y [F]x_1x_2y]) \rangle$

by ($\text{rule KBasic:3}[THEN \equiv E(2)] \& I A$)

AOT-thus $\langle \Box x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$

by ($\text{rule nary-encoding}[3][\text{axiom-inst}, \text{THEN RN},$

$\text{THEN KBasic:6}[THEN \rightarrow E], \text{THEN } \equiv E(2)]$)

qed

AOT-theorem $\text{pre-en-eq:1}[4]: \langle x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rightarrow \Box x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$

proof ($\text{rule } \rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle x_1[\lambda y [F]yx_2x_3x_4] \rangle$

and $\langle x_2[\lambda y [F]x_1yx_3x_4] \rangle$

and $\langle x_3[\lambda y [F]x_1x_2yx_4] \rangle$

and $\langle x_4[\lambda y [F]x_1x_2x_3y] \rangle$

using $\text{nary-encoding}[4][\text{axiom-inst}, \text{THEN } \equiv E(1)] \& E$ **by** metis+

moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y [F]yx_2x_3x_4] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** $cqt:2$

moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y [F]x_1yx_3x_4] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** $cqt:2$

moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y [F]x_1x_2yx_4] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** $cqt:2$

moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y [F]x_1x_2x_3y] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** $cqt:2$

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Box x_1[\lambda y [F]yx_2x_3x_4] \rangle$

and $\langle \Box x_2[\lambda y [F]x_1yx_3x_4] \rangle$

and $\langle \Box x_3[\lambda y [F]x_1x_2yx_4] \rangle$

and $\langle \Box x_4[\lambda y [F]x_1x_2x_3y] \rangle$

using $\rightarrow E$ $\text{encoding}[\text{axiom-inst}, \text{unverify } F]$ **by** blast+

note $A = \text{this}$

AOT-have $B: \langle \Box(x_1[\lambda y [F]yx_2x_3x_4] \&$

$x_2[\lambda y [F]x_1yx_3x_4] \&$

$x_3[\lambda y [F]x_1x_2yx_4] \&$

$x_4[\lambda y [F]x_1x_2x_3y]) \rangle$

by ($\text{rule KBasic:3}[THEN \equiv E(2)] \& I A$)

AOT-thus $\langle \Box x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$

by ($\text{rule nary-encoding}[4][\text{axiom-inst}, \text{THEN RN},$

$\text{THEN KBasic:6}[THEN \rightarrow E], \text{THEN } \equiv E(2)]$)

qed

AOT-theorem $\text{pre-en-eq:2}[1]: \langle \neg x_1[F] \rightarrow \Box \neg x_1[F] \rangle$

proof ($\text{rule } \rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:1)

AOT-assume $\langle \neg \Box \neg x_1[F] \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond x_1[F] \rangle$
 by (rule conventions:5[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])
AOT-hence $\langle x_1[F] \rangle$
 by (rule S5Basic:13[THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF pre-en-eq:1[1][THEN RN],
 THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$], THEN $\rightarrow E$])
 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \neg x_1[F] \rangle$
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle x_1[F] \& \neg x_1[F] \rangle$ by (rule &I)
qed
AOT-theorem pre-en-eq:2[2]: $\langle \neg x_1 x_2[F] \rightarrow \Box \neg x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
proof (rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:1)
 AOT-assume $\langle \neg \Box \neg x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
 by (rule conventions:5[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])
 AOT-hence $\langle x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
 by (rule S5Basic:13[THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF pre-en-eq:1[2][THEN RN],
 THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$], THEN $\rightarrow E$])
 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \neg x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle x_1 x_2[F] \& \neg x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$ by (rule &I)
qed
AOT-theorem pre-en-eq:2[3]: $\langle \neg x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rightarrow \Box \neg x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$
proof (rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:1)
 AOT-assume $\langle \neg \Box \neg x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$
 by (rule conventions:5[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])
 AOT-hence $\langle x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$
 by (rule S5Basic:13[THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF pre-en-eq:1[3][THEN RN],
 THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$], THEN $\rightarrow E$])
 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \neg x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \& \neg x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$ by (rule &I)
qed
AOT-theorem pre-en-eq:2[4]: $\langle \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rightarrow \Box \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$
proof (rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:1)
 AOT-assume $\langle \neg \Box \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$
 by (rule conventions:5[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])
 AOT-hence $\langle x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$
 by (rule S5Basic:13[THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF pre-en-eq:1[4][THEN RN],
 THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$], THEN $\rightarrow E$])
 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \& \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$ by (rule &I)
qed
AOT-theorem en-eq:1[1]: $\langle \Diamond x_1[F] \equiv \Box x_1[F] \rangle$
 using pre-en-eq:1[1][THEN RN] sc-eq-box-box:2 $\vee I \rightarrow E$ by metis
AOT-theorem en-eq:1[2]: $\langle \Diamond x_1 x_2[F] \equiv \Box x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
 using pre-en-eq:1[2][THEN RN] sc-eq-box-box:2 $\vee I \rightarrow E$ by metis
AOT-theorem en-eq:1[3]: $\langle \Diamond x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \equiv \Box x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$
 using pre-en-eq:1[3][THEN RN] sc-eq-box-box:2 $\vee I \rightarrow E$ by fast
AOT-theorem en-eq:1[4]: $\langle \Diamond x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \equiv \Box x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$
 using pre-en-eq:1[4][THEN RN] sc-eq-box-box:2 $\vee I \rightarrow E$ by fast

AOT-theorem en-eq:2[1]: $\langle x_1[F] \equiv \Box x_1[F] \rangle$
 by (simp add: $\equiv I$ pre-en-eq:1[1] qml:2[axiom-inst])
AOT-theorem en-eq:2[2]: $\langle x_1 x_2[F] \equiv \Box x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
 by (simp add: $\equiv I$ pre-en-eq:1[2] qml:2[axiom-inst])
AOT-theorem en-eq:2[3]: $\langle x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \equiv \Box x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$
 by (simp add: $\equiv I$ pre-en-eq:1[3] qml:2[axiom-inst])
AOT-theorem en-eq:2[4]: $\langle x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \equiv \Box x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$
 by (simp add: $\equiv I$ pre-en-eq:1[4] qml:2[axiom-inst])

AOT-theorem en-eq:3[1] : $\langle \Diamond x_1[F] \equiv x_1[F] \rangle$
 using $T\Diamond \text{derived-S5-rules:2[OF pre-en-eq:1[1]]} \equiv I$ by blast
AOT-theorem en-eq:3[2] : $\langle \Diamond x_1x_2[F] \equiv x_1x_2[F] \rangle$
 using $T\Diamond \text{derived-S5-rules:2[OF pre-en-eq:1[2]]} \equiv I$ by blast
AOT-theorem en-eq:3[3] : $\langle \Diamond x_1x_2x_3[F] \equiv x_1x_2x_3[F] \rangle$
 using $T\Diamond \text{derived-S5-rules:2[OF pre-en-eq:1[3]]} \equiv I$ by blast
AOT-theorem en-eq:3[4] : $\langle \Diamond x_1x_2x_3x_4[F] \equiv x_1x_2x_3x_4[F] \rangle$
 using $T\Diamond \text{derived-S5-rules:2[OF pre-en-eq:1[4]]} \equiv I$ by blast

AOT-theorem en-eq:4[1] :
 $\langle (x_1[F] \equiv y_1[G]) \equiv (\Box x_1[F] \equiv \Box y_1[G]) \rangle$
apply ($\text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I; \text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I$)
 using $\text{qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]} \equiv E(1,2)$ en-eq:2[1] by blast+
AOT-theorem en-eq:4[2] :
 $\langle (x_1x_2[F] \equiv y_1y_2[G]) \equiv (\Box x_1x_2[F] \equiv \Box y_1y_2[G]) \rangle$
apply ($\text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I; \text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I$)
 using $\text{qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]} \equiv E(1,2)$ en-eq:2[2] by blast+
AOT-theorem en-eq:4[3] :
 $\langle (x_1x_2x_3[F] \equiv y_1y_2y_3[G]) \equiv (\Box x_1x_2x_3[F] \equiv \Box y_1y_2y_3[G]) \rangle$
apply ($\text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I; \text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I$)
 using $\text{qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]} \equiv E(1,2)$ en-eq:2[3] by blast+
AOT-theorem en-eq:4[4] :
 $\langle (x_1x_2x_3x_4[F] \equiv y_1y_2y_3y_4[G]) \equiv (\Box x_1x_2x_3x_4[F] \equiv \Box y_1y_2y_3y_4[G]) \rangle$
apply ($\text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I; \text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I$)
 using $\text{qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]} \equiv E(1,2)$ en-eq:2[4] by blast+

AOT-theorem en-eq:5[1] :
 $\langle \Box(x_1[F] \equiv y_1[G]) \equiv (\Box x_1[F] \equiv \Box y_1[G]) \rangle$
apply ($\text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I$)
 using $\text{en-eq:4[1][THEN} \equiv E(1)\text{]} \text{ qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]}$
apply blast
 using $\text{sc-eq-box-box:4[THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{ THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]}$
 $\& I[\text{OF pre-en-eq:1[1][THEN RN]}, \text{ OF pre-en-eq:1[1][THEN RN]}]$
 by blast

AOT-theorem en-eq:5[2] :
 $\langle \Box(x_1x_2[F] \equiv y_1y_2[G]) \equiv (\Box x_1x_2[F] \equiv \Box y_1y_2[G]) \rangle$
apply ($\text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I$)
 using $\text{en-eq:4[2][THEN} \equiv E(1)\text{]} \text{ qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]}$
apply blast
 using $\text{sc-eq-box-box:4[THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{ THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]}$
 $\& I[\text{OF pre-en-eq:1[2][THEN RN]}, \text{ OF pre-en-eq:1[2][THEN RN]}]$
 by blast

AOT-theorem en-eq:5[3] :
 $\langle \Box(x_1x_2x_3[F] \equiv y_1y_2y_3[G]) \equiv (\Box x_1x_2x_3[F] \equiv \Box y_1y_2y_3[G]) \rangle$
apply ($\text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I$)
 using $\text{en-eq:4[3][THEN} \equiv E(1)\text{]} \text{ qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]}$
apply blast
 using $\text{sc-eq-box-box:4[THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{ THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]}$
 $\& I[\text{OF pre-en-eq:1[3][THEN RN]}, \text{ OF pre-en-eq:1[3][THEN RN]}]$
 by blast

AOT-theorem en-eq:5[4] :
 $\langle \Box(x_1x_2x_3x_4[F] \equiv y_1y_2y_3y_4[G]) \equiv (\Box x_1x_2x_3x_4[F] \equiv \Box y_1y_2y_3y_4[G]) \rangle$
apply ($\text{rule} \equiv I; \text{rule} \rightarrow I$)
 using $\text{en-eq:4[4][THEN} \equiv E(1)\text{]} \text{ qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]}$
apply blast
 using $\text{sc-eq-box-box:4[THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{ THEN} \rightarrow E\text{]}$
 $\& I[\text{OF pre-en-eq:1[4][THEN RN]}, \text{ OF pre-en-eq:1[4][THEN RN]}]$
 by blast

AOT-theorem en-eq:6[1] :
 $\langle (x_1[F] \equiv y_1[G]) \equiv \Box(x_1[F] \equiv y_1[G]) \rangle$
 using $\text{en-eq:5[1][symmetric]}$ $\text{en-eq:4[1]} \equiv E(5)$ by fast
AOT-theorem en-eq:6[2] :

$\langle (x_1 x_2[F] \equiv y_1 y_2[G]) \equiv \square(x_1 x_2[F] \equiv y_1 y_2[G]) \rangle$
 using $en\text{-}eq:5[2][symmetric]$ $en\text{-}eq:4[2] \equiv E(5)$ by fast
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:6[3]$:
 $\langle (x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \equiv y_1 y_2 y_3[G]) \equiv \square(x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \equiv y_1 y_2 y_3[G]) \rangle$
 using $en\text{-}eq:5[3][symmetric]$ $en\text{-}eq:4[3] \equiv E(5)$ by fast
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:6[4]$:
 $\langle (x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \equiv y_1 y_2 y_3 y_4[G]) \equiv \square(x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \equiv y_1 y_2 y_3 y_4[G]) \rangle$
 using $en\text{-}eq:5[4][symmetric]$ $en\text{-}eq:4[4] \equiv E(5)$ by fast

AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:7[1]$: $\langle \neg x_1[F] \equiv \square \neg x_1[F] \rangle$
 using $pre\text{-}en\text{-}eq:2[1]$ $qml:2[axiom-inst] \equiv I$ by blast
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:7[2]$: $\langle \neg x_1 x_2[F] \equiv \square \neg x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
 using $pre\text{-}en\text{-}eq:2[2]$ $qml:2[axiom-inst] \equiv I$ by blast
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:7[3]$: $\langle \neg x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \equiv \square \neg x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$
 using $pre\text{-}en\text{-}eq:2[3]$ $qml:2[axiom-inst] \equiv I$ by blast
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:7[4]$: $\langle \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \equiv \square \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$
 using $pre\text{-}en\text{-}eq:2[4]$ $qml:2[axiom-inst] \equiv I$ by blast

AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:8[1]$: $\langle \diamond \neg x_1[F] \equiv \neg x_1[F] \rangle$
 using $en\text{-}eq:2[1][THEN\ oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN \equiv E(1)]]$
 $KBasic:11 \equiv E(5)[symmetric]$ by blast
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:8[2]$: $\langle \diamond \neg x_1 x_2[F] \equiv \neg x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
 using $en\text{-}eq:2[2][THEN\ oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN \equiv E(1)]]$
 $KBasic:11 \equiv E(5)[symmetric]$ by blast
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:8[3]$: $\langle \diamond \neg x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \equiv \neg x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$
 using $en\text{-}eq:2[3][THEN\ oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN \equiv E(1)]]$
 $KBasic:11 \equiv E(5)[symmetric]$ by blast
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:8[4]$: $\langle \diamond \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \equiv \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$
 using $en\text{-}eq:2[4][THEN\ oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN \equiv E(1)]]$
 $KBasic:11 \equiv E(5)[symmetric]$ by blast

AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:9[1]$: $\langle \diamond \neg x_1[F] \equiv \square \neg x_1[F] \rangle$
 using $en\text{-}eq:7[1]$ $en\text{-}eq:8[1] \equiv E(5)$ by blast
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:9[2]$: $\langle \diamond \neg x_1 x_2[F] \equiv \square \neg x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
 using $en\text{-}eq:7[2]$ $en\text{-}eq:8[2] \equiv E(5)$ by blast
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:9[3]$: $\langle \diamond \neg x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \equiv \square \neg x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$
 using $en\text{-}eq:7[3]$ $en\text{-}eq:8[3] \equiv E(5)$ by blast
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:9[4]$: $\langle \diamond \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \equiv \square \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$
 using $en\text{-}eq:7[4]$ $en\text{-}eq:8[4] \equiv E(5)$ by blast

AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:10[1]$: $\langle \mathcal{A}x_1[F] \equiv x_1[F] \rangle$
 by (*metis Act-Sub:3 deduction-theorem* $\equiv I \equiv E(1)$)
 $nec\text{-}imp\text{-}act$ $en\text{-}eq:3[1]$ $pre\text{-}en\text{-}eq:1[1]$
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:10[2]$: $\langle \mathcal{A}x_1 x_2[F] \equiv x_1 x_2[F] \rangle$
 by (*metis Act-Sub:3 deduction-theorem* $\equiv I \equiv E(1)$)
 $nec\text{-}imp\text{-}act$ $en\text{-}eq:3[2]$ $pre\text{-}en\text{-}eq:1[2]$
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:10[3]$: $\langle \mathcal{A}x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \equiv x_1 x_2 x_3[F] \rangle$
 by (*metis Act-Sub:3 deduction-theorem* $\equiv I \equiv E(1)$)
 $nec\text{-}imp\text{-}act$ $en\text{-}eq:3[3]$ $pre\text{-}en\text{-}eq:1[3]$
AOT-theorem $en\text{-}eq:10[4]$: $\langle \mathcal{A}x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \equiv x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[F] \rangle$
 by (*metis Act-Sub:3 deduction-theorem* $\equiv I \equiv E(1)$)
 $nec\text{-}imp\text{-}act$ $en\text{-}eq:3[4]$ $pre\text{-}en\text{-}eq:1[4]$

AOT-theorem $oa\text{-}facts:1$: $\langle O!x \rightarrow \square O!x \rangle$
proof($rule \rightarrow I$)

```

AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda x \diamond E!x]x \equiv \diamond E!x \rangle$ 
  by (rule lambda-predicates:2[axiom-inst, THEN → E])  $cqt:2$ 
}
note  $\vartheta = this$ 
AOT-assume  $\langle O!x \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda x \diamond E!x]x \rangle$ 
by (rule =_df E(2)[OF AOT-ordinary, rotated 1])  $cqt:2$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \diamond E!x \rangle$  using  $\vartheta[THEN \equiv E(1)]$  by blast
  
```

AOT-hence $\langle \Box \Diamond E!x \rangle$ **using** $qml:3[axiom-inst, THEN \rightarrow E]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \Box [\lambda x \Diamond E!x]x \rangle$
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle [\lambda x \Diamond E!x]x \rangle \langle \Diamond E!x \rangle$)
(*auto simp*: ϑ)
AOT-thus $\langle \Box O!x \rangle$
by (*rule* $=_{df} I(2)[OF AOT-ordinary, rotated 1]$) *cqt:2*
qed

AOT-theorem *oa-facts:2*: $\langle A!x \rightarrow \Box A!x \rangle$
proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have $\langle [\lambda x \neg \Diamond E!x]x \equiv \neg \Diamond E!x \rangle$
by (*rule lambda-predicates:2[axiom-inst, THEN → E]*) *cqt:2*
} **note** $\vartheta = this$
AOT-assume $\langle A!x \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda x \neg \Diamond E!x]x \rangle$
by (*rule* $=_{df} E(2)[OF AOT-abstract, rotated 1]$) *cqt:2*
AOT-hence $\langle \neg \Diamond E!x \rangle$ **using** $\vartheta[THEN \equiv E(1)]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \Box \neg E!x \rangle$ **using** *KBasic2:1[THEN ≡ E(2)]* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \Box \Box \neg E!x \rangle$ **using** $4[THEN \rightarrow E]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \Box \neg \Diamond E!x \rangle$
using *KBasic2:1*
by (*AOT-subst* (*reverse*) $\langle \neg \Diamond E!x \rangle \langle \Box \neg E!x \rangle$) *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \Box [\lambda x \neg \Diamond E!x]x \rangle$
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle [\lambda x \neg \Diamond E!x]x \rangle \langle \neg \Diamond E!x \rangle$)
(*auto simp*: ϑ)
AOT-thus $\langle \Box A!x \rangle$
by (*rule* $=_{df} I(2)[OF AOT-abstract, rotated 1]$) *cqt:2[lambda]*
qed

AOT-theorem *oa-facts:3*: $\langle \Diamond O!x \rightarrow O!x \rangle$
using *oa-facts:1 BDiamond RMDiamond Hypothetical Syllogism* **by** *blast*
AOT-theorem *oa-facts:4*: $\langle \Diamond A!x \rightarrow A!x \rangle$
using *oa-facts:2 BDiamond RMDiamond Hypothetical Syllogism* **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem *oa-facts:5*: $\langle \Diamond O!x \equiv \Box O!x \rangle$
by (*meson Act-Sub:3 Hypothetical Syllogism ≡I nec-imp-act*
oa-facts:1 oa-facts:3)

AOT-theorem *oa-facts:6*: $\langle \Diamond A!x \equiv \Box A!x \rangle$
by (*meson Act-Sub:3 Hypothetical Syllogism ≡I nec-imp-act*
oa-facts:2 oa-facts:4)

AOT-theorem *oa-facts:7*: $\langle O!x \equiv \mathcal{A}O!x \rangle$
by (*meson Act-Sub:3 Hypothetical Syllogism ≡I nec-imp-act*
oa-facts:1 oa-facts:3)

AOT-theorem *oa-facts:8*: $\langle A!x \equiv \mathcal{A}A!x \rangle$
by (*meson Act-Sub:3 Hypothetical Syllogism ≡I nec-imp-act*
oa-facts:2 oa-facts:4)

8.10 The Theory of Relations

AOT-theorem *beta-C-meta*:
 $\langle [\lambda \mu_1 \dots \mu_n \varphi\{\mu_1 \dots \mu_n, \nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}] \downarrow \rightarrow$
 $\langle [\lambda \mu_1 \dots \mu_n \varphi\{\mu_1 \dots \mu_n, \nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}] \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \equiv \varphi\{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n, \nu_1 \dots \nu_n\} \rangle$
using *lambda-predicates:2[axiom-inst]* **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem *beta-C-cor:1*:
 $\langle (\forall \nu_1 \dots \forall \nu_n ([\lambda \mu_1 \dots \mu_n \varphi\{\mu_1 \dots \mu_n, \nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}] \downarrow)) \rightarrow$
 $\forall \nu_1 \dots \forall \nu_n ([\lambda \mu_1 \dots \mu_n \varphi\{\mu_1 \dots \mu_n, \nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}] \nu_1 \dots \nu_n \equiv \varphi\{\nu_1 \dots \nu_n, \nu_1 \dots \nu_n\}) \rangle$
apply (*rule cqt-basic:14[where 'a='a, THEN → E]*)
using *beta-C-meta* $\forall I$ **by** *fast*

AOT-theorem $\text{beta-}C\text{-cor:2}$:

```
<[λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]↓ →
  ∀ν1...∀νn ([λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]ν1...νn ≡ φ{ν1...νn})>
apply (rule →I; rule ∀I)
using beta-C-meta[THEN →E] by fast
```

theorem $\text{beta-}C\text{-cor:3}$:

```
assumes <AOT-instance-of-cqt-2 (φ (AOT-term-of-var ν1νn))>
shows <[v = ∀ν1...∀νn ([λμ1...μn φ{ν1...νn, μ1...μn}]ν1...νn ≡
  φ{ν1...νn, ν1...νn}])>
using cqt:2[lambda][axiom-inst, OF assms]
  beta-C-cor:1[THEN →E] ∀I by fast
```

AOT-theorem betaC:1:a : <[λμ₁...μ_n φ{μ₁...μ_n}]κ₁...κ_n ⊢ □ φ{κ₁...κ_n}>

proof –

```
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-assume <[λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]κ1...κn>
  moreover AOT-have <[λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]↓> and <κ1...κn↓>
    using calculation cqt:5:a[axiom-inst, THEN →E] &E by blast+
  ultimately AOT-show <φ{κ1...κn}>
    using beta-C-cor:2[THEN →E, THEN ∀ E(1), THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
}
qed
```

AOT-theorem betaC:1:b : <¬φ{κ₁...κ_n} ⊢ □ ¬[λμ₁...μ_n φ{μ₁...μ_n}]κ₁...κ_n>
using betaC:1:a raa-cor:3 **by** blast

lemmas $\beta \rightarrow C = \text{betaC:1:a}$ betaC:1:b

AOT-theorem betaC:2:a :

```
<[λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]↓, κ1...κn↓, φ{κ1...κn} ⊢ □
  [λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]κ1...κn>
```

proof –

```
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-assume 1: <[λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]↓>
    and 2: <κ1...κn↓>
    and 3: <φ{κ1...κn}>
  AOT-hence <[λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]κ1...κn>
    using beta-C-cor:2[THEN →E, OF 1, THEN ∀ E(1), THEN ≡E(2)]
    by blast
}
AOT-thus <[λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]↓, κ1...κn↓, φ{κ1...κn} ⊢ □
  [λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]κ1...κn>
by blast
qed
```

AOT-theorem betaC:2:b :

```
<[λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]↓, κ1...κn↓, ¬[λμ1...μn φ{μ1...μn}]κ1...κn ⊢ □
  ¬φ{κ1...κn}>
using betaC:2:a raa-cor:3 by blast
```

lemmas $\beta \leftarrow C = \text{betaC:2:a}$ betaC:2:b

AOT-theorem $\text{eta-conversion-lemma1:1}$: <Π↓ → [λx₁...x_n [Π]x₁...x_n] = Π>
using lambda-predicates:3[axiom-inst] ∀ I ∀ E(1) → I **by** fast

AOT-theorem $\text{eta-conversion-lemma1:2}$: <Π↓ → [λν₁...ν_n [Π]ν₁...ν_n] = Π>
using eta-conversion-lemma1:1.

Note: not explicitly part of PLM.

AOT-theorem *id-sym*:

```
assumes < $\tau = \tau'$ >
shows < $\tau' = \tau$ >
using rule=E[where  $\varphi = \lambda \tau' . \langle\tau' = \tau\rangle$ , rotated 1, OF assms]
=I(1)[OF t=t-proper:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF assms]] by auto
declare id-sym[sym]
```

Note: not explicitly part of PLM.

AOT-theorem *id-trans*:

```
assumes < $\tau = \tau'$ > and < $\tau' = \tau''$ >
shows < $\tau = \tau''$ >
using rule=E assms by blast
declare id-trans[trans]
```

```
method  $\eta C$  for  $\Pi :: \langle \langle 'a : \{AOT\text{-Term}\text{-}id\text{-}2, AOT\text{-}\kappa s\} \rangle \rangle =$ 
(match conclusion in  $[v \models \tau\{\Pi\} = \tau'\{\Pi\}]$  for  $v \tau \tau' \Rightarrow \langle$ 
rule rule=E[rotated 1, OF eta-conversion-lemma1:2
[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , of  $v \langle\langle \Pi \rangle\rangle$ , symmetric]]>
```

AOT-theorem *sub-des-lam:1*:

```
< $[\lambda z_1 \dots z_n \chi\{z_1 \dots z_n, \iota x \varphi\{x\}\}] \downarrow \& \iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rightarrow$ 
 $[\lambda z_1 \dots z_n \chi\{z_1 \dots z_n, \iota x \varphi\{x\}\}] = [\lambda z_1 \dots z_n \chi\{z_1 \dots z_n, \iota x \psi\{x\}\}]>$ 
proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
AOT-assume  $A: \langle [\lambda z_1 \dots z_n \chi\{z_1 \dots z_n, \iota x \varphi\{x\}\}] \downarrow \& \iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rangle$ 
AOT-show < $[\lambda z_1 \dots z_n \chi\{z_1 \dots z_n, \iota x \varphi\{x\}\}] = [\lambda z_1 \dots z_n \chi\{z_1 \dots z_n, \iota x \psi\{x\}\}]>$ 
using rule=E[where  $\varphi = \lambda \tau . \langle [\lambda z_1 \dots z_n \chi\{z_1 \dots z_n, \iota x \varphi\{x\}\}] =$ 
 $[\lambda z_1 \dots z_n \chi\{z_1 \dots z_n, \tau\}] \rangle$ ,
OF =I(1)[OF A[THEN &E(1)], OF A[THEN &E(2)]]
by blast
qed
```

AOT-theorem *sub-des-lam:2*:

```
< $\iota x \varphi\{x\} = \iota x \psi\{x\} \rightarrow \chi\{\iota x \varphi\{x\}\} = \chi\{\iota x \psi\{x\}\}$  for  $\chi :: \langle \kappa \Rightarrow o \rangle$ 
using rule=E[where  $\varphi = \lambda \tau . \langle \chi\{\iota x \varphi\{x\}\} = \chi\{\tau\} \rangle$ ,
OF =I(1)[OF log-prop-prop:2]]  $\rightarrow I$  by blast
```

AOT-theorem *prop-equiv*: $\langle F = G \equiv \forall x (x[F] \equiv x[G]) \rangle$

proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)

```
AOT-assume < $F = G$ >
AOT-thus < $\forall x (x[F] \equiv x[G])$ >
by (rule rule=E[rotated]) (fact oth-class-taut:3:a[THEN GEN])
```

next

```
AOT-assume < $\forall x (x[F] \equiv x[G])$ >
AOT-hence < $x[F] \equiv x[G]$ > for  $x$ 
using  $\forall E$  by blast
AOT-hence < $\Box(x[F] \equiv x[G])$ > for  $x$ 
using en-eq:6[I][THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
AOT-hence < $\forall x \Box(x[F] \equiv x[G])$ >
by (rule GEN)
AOT-hence < $\Box \forall x (x[F] \equiv x[G])$ >
using BF[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by fast
AOT-thus  $F = G$ 
using p-identity-thm2:1[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] by blast
qed
```

AOT-theorem *relations:1*:

```
assumes < $INSTANCE\text{-}OF\text{-}CQT\text{-}2(\varphi)$ >
shows < $\exists F \Box \forall x_1 \dots x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\})$ >
apply (rule  $\exists I(1)$ [where  $\tau = \langle \lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \rangle$ ])
using cqt:2[lambda][OF assms, axiom-inst]
beta-C-cor:2[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN RN] by blast+
```

AOT-theorem *relations:2*:

assumes $\langle \text{INSTANCE-OF-CQT-2}(\varphi) \rangle$
shows $\langle \exists F \square \forall x ([F]x \equiv \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$
using relations:1 assms by blast

AOT-theorem $\text{block-paradox:1: } \langle \neg[\lambda x \exists G (x[G] \& \neg[G]x)] \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:2)

```

let ?K=«[λx ∃ G (x[G] & ¬[G]x)]»
AOT-assume A: «?K»
AOT-have ⟨ ∃ x (A!x & ∀ F (x[F] ≡ F = «?K»)) ⟩
  using A-objects[axiom-inst] by fast
then AOT-obtain a where ξ: ⟨ A!a & ∀ F (a[F] ≡ F = «?K») ⟩
  using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-show ⟨ p & ¬p ⟩ for p
proof (rule ∨E(1)[OF exc-mid]; rule →I)
  AOT-assume B: [«?K】a]
  AOT-hence ⟨ ∃ G (a[G] & ¬[G]a) ⟩
    using β→C A by blast
  then AOT-obtain P where ⟨ a[P] & ¬[P]a ⟩
    using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
  moreover AOT-have ⟨ P = [«?K】] ⟩
    using ξ[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ≡E(1)]
    calculation[THEN &E(1)] by blast
  ultimately AOT-have ⟨ ¬[«?K】]a ⟩
    using rule=E &E(2) by fast
  AOT-thus ⟨ p & ¬p ⟩
    using B RAA by blast
next
  AOT-assume B: ⟨ ¬[«?K】]a ⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨ ¬ ∃ G (a[G] & ¬[G]a) ⟩
    using β←C cqt:2[const-var][of a, axiom-inst] A by blast
  AOT-hence C: ⟨ ∀ G ¬(a[G] & ¬[G]a) ⟩
    using cqt-further:4[THEN →E] by blast
  AOT-have ⟨ ∀ G (a[G] → [G]a) ⟩
    by (AOT-subst ⟨ a[G] → [G]a ⟩ ⟨ ¬(a[G] & ¬[G]a) ⟩ for: G)
      (auto simp: oth-class-taut:1:a C)
  AOT-hence ⟨ a[«?K】] → [«?K】]a ⟩
    using ∀ E A by blast
  moreover AOT-have ⟨ a[«?K】] ⟩
    using ξ[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(1), OF A, THEN ≡E(2)]
    using =I(1)[OF A] by blast
  ultimately AOT-show ⟨ p & ¬p ⟩
    using B →E RAA by blast
qed
qed

```

AOT-theorem $\text{block-paradox:2: } \langle \neg \exists F \forall x ([F]x \equiv \exists G (x[G] \& \neg[G]x)) \rangle$
proof(rule RAA(2))

```

AOT-assume ⟨ ∃ F ∀ x ([F]x ≡ ∃ G (x[G] & ¬[G]x)) ⟩
then AOT-obtain F where F-prop: ⟨ ∀ x ([F]x ≡ ∃ G (x[G] & ¬[G]x)) ⟩
  using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-have ⟨ ∃ x (A!x & ∀ G (x[G] ≡ G = F)) ⟩
  using A-objects[axiom-inst] by fast
then AOT-obtain a where ξ: ⟨ A!a & ∀ G (a[G] ≡ G = F) ⟩
  using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-show ⟨ ¬ ∃ F ∀ x ([F]x ≡ ∃ G (x[G] & ¬[G]x)) ⟩
proof (rule ∨E(1)[OF exc-mid]; rule →I)
  AOT-assume B: ⟨ [F]a ⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨ ∃ G (a[G] & ¬[G]a) ⟩
    using F-prop[THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
  then AOT-obtain P where ⟨ a[P] & ¬[P]a ⟩
    using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
  moreover AOT-have ⟨ P = F ⟩
    using ξ[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ≡E(1)]

```

```

calculation[THEN &E(1)] by blast
ultimately AOT-have < $\neg[F]a$ >
  using rule=E &E(2) by fast
AOT-thus < $\neg\exists F \forall x([F]x \equiv \exists G(x[G] \& \neg[G]x))$ >
  using B RAA by blast
next
AOT-assume B: < $\neg[F]a$ >
AOT-hence < $\neg\exists G (a[G] \& \neg[G]a)$ >
  using oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ,
    OF F-prop[THEN  $\forall E(2)[of \dots a]$ ], THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ]
  by simp
AOT-hence C: < $\forall G \neg(a[G] \& \neg[G]a)$ >
  using cqt-further:4[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
AOT-have < $\forall G (a[G] \rightarrow [G]a)$ >
  by (AOT-subst < $a[G] \rightarrow [G]a$ > < $\neg(a[G] \& \neg[G]a)$ > for: G)
    (auto simp: oth-class-taut:1:a C)
AOT-hence < $a[F] \rightarrow [F]a$ >
  using  $\forall E$  by blast
moreover AOT-have < $a[F]$ >
  using  $\xi[THEN \&E(2), THEN \forall E(2), of F, THEN \equiv E(2)]$ 
  using =I(2) by blast
ultimately AOT-show < $\neg\exists F \forall x([F]x \equiv \exists G(x[G] \& \neg[G]x))$ >
  using B  $\rightarrow E$  RAA by blast
qed
qed(simp)

```

AOT-theorem block-paradox:3: < $\neg\forall y [\lambda z z = y] \downarrow$ >

proof(rule RAA(2))

- AOT-assume ϑ : < $\forall y [\lambda z z = y] \downarrow$ >
- AOT-have < $\exists x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists y(F = [\lambda z z = y] \& \neg y[F])))$ >
 using A-objects[axiom-inst] by force
- then AOT-obtain a where
 - a -prop: < $A!a \& \forall F (a[F] \equiv \exists y(F = [\lambda z z = y] \& \neg y[F]))$ >
 - using $\exists E[rotated]$ by blast
- AOT-have ζ : < $a[\lambda z z = a] \equiv \exists y ([\lambda z z = a] = [\lambda z z = y] \& \neg y[\lambda z z = a])$ >
 using $\vartheta[THEN \forall E(2)]$ a-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN $\forall E(1)$] by blast
- AOT-show < $\neg\forall y [\lambda z z = y] \downarrow$ >
- proof** (rule $\vee E(1)[OF exc-mid]$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
 - AOT-assume A : < $a[\lambda z z = a]$ >
 - AOT-hence < $\exists y ([\lambda z z = a] = [\lambda z z = y] \& \neg y[\lambda z z = a])$ >
 using $\zeta[THEN \equiv E(1)]$ by blast
 - then AOT-obtain b where b -prop: < $[\lambda z z = a] = [\lambda z z = b] \& \neg b[\lambda z z = a]$ >
 using $\exists E[rotated]$ by blast
 - moreover AOT-have < $a = a$ > by (rule =I)
 - moreover AOT-have < $[\lambda z z = a] \downarrow$ > using $\vartheta \forall E$ by blast
 - moreover AOT-have < $a \downarrow$ > using cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] .
 - ultimately AOT-have < $[\lambda z z = a]a$ > using $\beta \leftarrow C$ by blast
 - AOT-hence < $[\lambda z z = b]a$ > using rule=E b-prop[THEN &E(1)] by fast
 - AOT-hence < $a = b$ > using $\beta \rightarrow C$ by blast
 - AOT-hence < $b[\lambda z z = a]$ > using A rule=E by fast
 - AOT-thus < $\neg\forall y [\lambda z z = y] \downarrow$ > using b-prop[THEN &E(2)] RAA by blast
- next
 - AOT-assume A : < $\neg a[\lambda z z = a]$ >
 - AOT-hence < $\neg\exists y ([\lambda z z = a] = [\lambda z z = y] \& \neg y[\lambda z z = a])$ >
 using ζ oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN $\equiv E(1)$, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast
 - AOT-hence < $\forall y \neg([\lambda z z = a] = [\lambda z z = y] \& \neg y[\lambda z z = a])$ >
 using cqt-further:4[THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast
 - AOT-hence < $\neg([\lambda z z = a] = [\lambda z z = a] \& \neg a[\lambda z z = a])$ >
 using $\forall E$ by blast
 - AOT-hence < $[\lambda z z = a] = [\lambda z z = a] \rightarrow a[\lambda z z = a]$ >
 by (metis &I deduction-theorem raa-cor:4)
 - AOT-hence < $a[\lambda z z = a]$ > using =I(1) $\vartheta[THEN \forall E(2)] \rightarrow E$ by blast
 - AOT-thus < $\neg\forall y [\lambda z z = y] \downarrow$ > using A RAA by blast

```

qed
qed(simp)

AOT-theorem block-paradox:4:  $\neg\forall y \exists F \forall x([F]x \equiv x = y)$ 
proof(rule RAA(2))
  AOT-assume  $\vartheta$ :  $\forall y \exists F \forall x([F]x \equiv x = y)$ 
  AOT-have  $\exists x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists z (\forall y([F]y \equiv y = z) \& \neg z[F])))$ 
    using A-objects[axiom-inst] by force
  then AOT-obtain  $a$  where
     $a\text{-prop}$ :  $\forall A!a \& \forall F (a[F] \equiv \exists z (\forall y([F]y \equiv y = z) \& \neg z[F]))$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-obtain  $F$  where  $F\text{-prop}$ :  $\forall x ([F]x \equiv x = a)$ 
    using  $\vartheta[\text{THEN } \forall E(2)] \exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-have  $\zeta$ :  $\forall z (\forall y ([F]y \equiv y = z) \& \neg z[F])$ 
    using  $a\text{-prop}[\text{THEN } \& E(2), \text{ THEN } \forall E(2)]$  by blast
  AOT-show  $\neg\forall y \exists F \forall x([F]x \equiv x = y)$ 
  proof (rule  $\vee E(1)[OF \text{ exc-mid}]$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
    AOT-assume  $A$ :  $\forall a[F]$ 
    AOT-hence  $\exists z (\forall y ([F]y \equiv y = z) \& \neg z[F])$ 
      using  $\zeta[\text{THEN } \equiv E(1)]$  by blast
    then AOT-obtain  $b$  where  $b\text{-prop}$ :  $\forall y ([F]y \equiv y = b) \& \neg b[F]$ 
      using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
    moreover AOT-have  $\forall b[F]$ 
      using  $F\text{-prop}[\text{THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN } \equiv E(2)] = I(2)$  by blast
    ultimately AOT-have  $a = b$ 
      using  $\forall E(2) \equiv E(1) \& E$  by fast
    AOT-hence  $a = b$ 
      using  $\beta \rightarrow C$  by blast
    AOT-hence  $\forall b[F]$ 
      using  $A \text{ rule}=E$  by fast
    AOT-thus  $\neg\forall y \exists F \forall x([F]x \equiv x = y)$ 
      using  $b\text{-prop}[\text{THEN } \& E(2)] \text{ RAA}$  by blast
  next
    AOT-assume  $A$ :  $\neg a[F]$ 
    AOT-hence  $\neg\exists z (\forall y ([F]y \equiv y = z) \& \neg z[F])$ 
      using  $\zeta[\text{oth-class-taut:4}; b[\text{THEN } \equiv E(1), \text{ THEN } \equiv E(1)]]$  by blast
    AOT-hence  $\forall z \neg(\forall y ([F]y \equiv y = z) \& \neg z[F])$ 
      using  $cqt\text{-further:4}[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E]$  by blast
    AOT-hence  $\neg(\forall y ([F]y \equiv y = a) \& \neg a[F])$ 
      using  $\forall E$  by blast
    AOT-hence  $\forall y ([F]y \equiv y = a) \rightarrow a[F]$ 
      by (metis & I deduction-theorem raa-cor:4)
    AOT-hence  $\forall a[F]$  using  $F\text{-prop} \rightarrow E$  by blast
    AOT-thus  $\neg\forall y \exists F \forall x([F]x \equiv x = y)$ 
      using  $A \text{ RAA}$  by blast
  qed
  qed(simp)

```

```

AOT-theorem block-paradox:5:  $\neg\exists F \forall x \forall y([F]xy \equiv y = x)$ 
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume  $\exists F \forall x \forall y([F]xy \equiv y = x)$ 
  then AOT-obtain  $F$  where  $F\text{-prop}$ :  $\forall x \forall y([F]xy \equiv y = x)$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  {
    fix  $x$ 
    AOT-have 1:  $\forall y([F]xy \equiv y = x)$ 
      using  $F\text{-prop} \forall E$  by blast
    AOT-have 2:  $\lambda z [F]xz \downarrow$  by cqt:2
    moreover AOT-have  $\forall y(\lambda z [F]xz)y \equiv y = x$ 
    proof(rule  $\forall I$ )
      fix  $y$ 
      AOT-have  $\lambda z [F]xz \downarrow$ 
      using  $\text{beta-C-meta}[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E] 2$  by fast

```

```

also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ y = x⟩
  using 1 ∀ E by fast
  finally AOT-show ⟨[λz [F]xz]y ≡ y = x⟩.
qed
ultimately AOT-have ⟨∃ F∀ y([F]y ≡ y = x)⟩
  using ∃ I by fast
}
AOT-hence ⟨∀ x∃ F∀ y([F]y ≡ y = x)⟩
  by (rule GEN)
AOT-thus ⟨∀ x∃ F∀ y([F]y ≡ y = x) & ¬∀ x∃ F∀ y([F]y ≡ y = x)⟩
  using &I block-paradox:4 by blast
qed

AOT-act-theorem block-paradox2:1:
⟨∀ x [G]x → ¬[λx [G]uy (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))]↓⟩
proof(rule →I; rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume antecedent: ⟨∀ x [G]x⟩
  AOT-have Lemma: ⟨∀ x ([G]uy(y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x)) ≡ ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))⟩
  proof(rule GEN)
    fix x
    AOT-have A: ⟨[G]uy (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x)) ≡
      ∃!y (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))⟩
    proof(rule ≡I; rule →I)
      AOT-assume ⟨[G]uy (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))⟩
      AOT-hence ⟨uy (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))↓⟩
        using cqt:5:a[axiom-inst, THEN →E, THEN &E(2)] by blast
      AOT-thus ⟨∃!y (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))⟩
        using !-exists:1[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
    next
    AOT-assume A: ⟨∃!y (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))⟩
    AOT-obtain a where a-1: ⟨a = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x)⟩
      and a-2: ⟨∀ z (z = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x) → z = a)⟩
      using uniqueness:1[THEN ≡df E, OF A] &E ∃ E[rotated] by blast
    AOT-have a-3: ⟨[G]a⟩
      using antecedent ∀ E by blast
    AOT-show ⟨[G]uy (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))⟩
      apply (rule russell-axiom[exe,1].russell-axiom[THEN ≡E(2)])
      apply (rule ∃ I(2))
      using a-1 a-2 a-3 &I by blast
    qed
  also AOT-have B: ⟨... ≡ ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x)⟩
  proof (rule ≡I; rule →I)
    AOT-assume A: ⟨∃!y (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))⟩
    AOT-obtain a where ⟨a = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x)⟩
      using uniqueness:1[THEN ≡df E, OF A] &E ∃ E[rotated] by blast
    AOT-thus ⟨∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x)⟩ using &E by blast
  next
  AOT-assume ⟨∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x)⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨x = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x)⟩
    using id-eq:1 &I by blast
  moreover AOT-have ⟨∀ z (z = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x) → z = x)⟩
    by (simp add: Conjunction Simplification(1) universal-cor)
  ultimately AOT-show ⟨∃!y (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))⟩
    using uniqueness:1[THEN ≡df I] &I ∃ I(2) by fast
  qed
  finally AOT-show ⟨([G]uy(y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x)) ≡ ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))⟩ .
qed

AOT-assume A: ⟨[λx [G]uy (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))]↓⟩
AOT-have θ: ⟨∀ x ([λx [G]uy (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))]x ≡
  [G]uy(y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x)))⟩
  using beta-C-meta[THEN →E, OF A] ∀ I by fast
AOT-have ⟨∀ x ([λx [G]uy (y = x & ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))]x ≡ ∃ H (x[H] & ¬[H]x))⟩

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using ϑ Lemma cqt-basic:10[THEN $\rightarrow E$] &I by fast
AOT-hence $\langle \exists F \forall x ([F]x \equiv \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
using $\exists I(1)$ A by fast
AOT-thus $\langle (\exists F \forall x ([F]x \equiv \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x))) \&$
 $(\neg \exists F \forall x ([F]x \equiv \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x))) \rangle$
using block-paradox:2 &I by blast
qed

Note: Strengthens the above to a modally-strict theorem. Not explicitly part of PLM.

AOT-theorem block-paradox2:1[strict]:
 $\langle \forall x \mathcal{A}[G]x \rightarrow \neg[\lambda x [G]\iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x))] \rangle \downarrow$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume antecedant: $\langle \forall x \mathcal{A}[G]x \rangle$
AOT-have Lemma: $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall x ([G]\iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \equiv \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
proof(safe intro!: GEN Act-Basic:5[THEN $\equiv E(2)$])
 logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst, THEN $\equiv E(2)$])
 fix x
AOT-have A: $\langle \mathcal{A}[G]\iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \equiv$
 $\exists !y \mathcal{A}(y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}[G]\iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
 moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \square([G]\iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rightarrow$
 $\square\iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle \downarrow \rangle$
proof(rule RN; rule $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-assume $\langle [G]\iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle \downarrow$
 using cqt:5:a[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\& E(2)$] by blast
 AOT-thus $\langle \square\iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle \downarrow$
 using exist-nec[THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast
 }
qed
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}\square\iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle \downarrow$
 using act-cond[THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\rightarrow E$] nec-imp-act[THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle \downarrow$
 using Act-Sub:3 B \diamond vdash-properties:10 by blast
AOT-thus $\langle \exists !y \mathcal{A}(y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
 using actual-desc:1[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast
next
AOT-assume A: $\langle \exists !y \mathcal{A}(y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
AOT-obtain a where a-1: $\langle \mathcal{A}(a = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
 and a-2: $\langle \forall z (\mathcal{A}(z = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rightarrow z = a) \rangle$
 using uniqueness:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF A] &E $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast
AOT-have a-3: $\langle \mathcal{A}[G]a \rangle$
 using antecedant $\forall E$ by blast
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle a = \iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
 using nec-hintikka-scheme[THEN $\equiv E(2)$, OF &I] a-1 a-2 by auto
ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \mathcal{A}[G]\iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
 using rule=E by fast
qed
also **AOT-have** B: $\langle \dots \equiv \mathcal{A}\exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x) \rangle$
proof (rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-assume A: $\langle \exists !y \mathcal{A}(y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
 AOT-obtain a where $\langle \mathcal{A}(a = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
 using uniqueness:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF A] &E $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast
 AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A}\exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x) \rangle$
 using Act-Basic:2[THEN $\equiv E(1)$, THEN $\& E(2)$] by blast
next
AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}\exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}x = x \& \mathcal{A}\exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x) \rangle$
 using id-eq:1 &I RA[2] by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}(x = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x)) \rangle$
 using act-conj-act:3 Act-Basic:2 $\equiv E$ by blast

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moreover AOT-have  $\forall z (\mathcal{A}(z = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x)) \rightarrow z = x)$ 
proof(safe intro!: GEN  $\rightarrow I$ )
fix z
AOT-assume  $\mathcal{A}(z = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x))$ 
AOT-hence  $\mathcal{A}(z = x)$ 
using Act-Basic:2[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ , THEN &E(1)] by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle z = x \rangle$ 
by (metis id-act:1 intro-elim:3:b)
qed
ultimately AOT-show  $\exists!y \mathcal{A}(y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x))$ 
using uniqueness:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] &I  $\exists I(2)$  by fast
qed
finally AOT-show  $\langle (\mathcal{A}[G]\iota y(y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x)) \equiv \mathcal{A}\exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x)) \rangle$ 
qed

AOT-assume A:  $\langle [\lambda x [G]\iota y (y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x))] \downarrow \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\mathcal{A}[\lambda x [G]\iota y (y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x))] \downarrow$ 
using exist-nec  $\rightarrow E$  nec-imp-act[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
AOT-hence  $\mathcal{A}([\lambda x [G]\iota y (y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x))] \downarrow \ \&$ 
 $\forall x ([G]\iota y(y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x)) \equiv \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x))) \downarrow$ 
using Lemma Act-Basic:2[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] &I by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \mathcal{A}([\lambda x [G]\iota y (y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x))] \downarrow \ \&$ 
 $\forall x ([G]\iota y(y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x)) \equiv \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x))) \downarrow \ \&$ 
 $\rightarrow \mathcal{A}\exists p (p \ \& \ \neg p)$ 
proof (rule logic-actual-nec:2[axiom-inst, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ];
rule RA[2]; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-assume 0:  $\langle [\lambda x [G]\iota y (y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x))] \downarrow \ \&$ 
 $\forall x ([G]\iota y(y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x)) \equiv \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x)) \rangle$ 
AOT-have  $\langle \exists F \forall x ([F]x \equiv \exists G (x[G] \ \& \ \neg[G]x)) \rangle$ 
proof(rule  $\exists I(1)$ )
AOT-show  $\langle \forall x ([\lambda x [G]\iota y (y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x))]x \equiv \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x)) \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!: GEN  $\equiv I \rightarrow I \beta \leftarrow C$  dest!:  $\beta \rightarrow C$ )
fix x
AOT-assume  $\langle [G]\iota y(y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x)) \rangle$ 
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x) \rangle$ 
using 0 &E  $\forall E(2) \equiv E(1)$  by blast
next
fix x
AOT-assume  $\langle \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x) \rangle$ 
AOT-thus  $\langle [G]\iota y(y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x)) \rangle$ 
using 0 &E  $\forall E(2) \equiv E(2)$  by blast
qed(auto intro!: 0[THEN &E(1)] cqt:2)
next
AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x [G]\iota y (y = x \ \& \ \exists H (x[H] \ \& \ \neg[H]x))] \downarrow \ \&$ 
using 0 &E(1) by blast
qed
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists p (p \ \& \ \neg p) \rangle$ 
using block-paradox:2 reductio-aa:1 by blast
}
qed
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \mathcal{A}\exists p (p \ \& \ \neg p) \rangle$ 
using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists p \mathcal{A}(p \ \& \ \neg p) \rangle$ 
by (metis Act-Basic:10 intro-elim:3:a)
then AOT-obtain p where  $\langle \mathcal{A}(p \ \& \ \neg p) \rangle$ 
using  $\exists E[rotated]$  by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg \mathcal{A}(p \ \& \ \neg p) \rangle$ 
using non-contradiction[THEN RA[2]]
by (meson Act-Sub:1  $\neg\neg I$  intro-elim:3:d)
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle p \ \& \ \neg p \rangle$  for p
by (metis raa-cor:3)
qed

```

AOT-act-theorem *block-paradox2:2*:
 $\langle \exists G \neg[\lambda x [G] \iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x))] \downarrow \rangle$

proof(rule $\exists I(1)$)

AOT-have 0: $\langle [\lambda x \forall p (p \rightarrow p)] \downarrow \rangle$
by *cqt:2[lambda]*

moreover AOT-have $\langle \forall x [\lambda x \forall p (p \rightarrow p)]x \rangle$
apply (rule *GEN*)
apply (rule *beta-C-cor:2[THEN → E, OF 0, THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ≡ E(2)]*)
using *if-p-then-p GEN by fast*

moreover AOT-have $\langle \forall G (\forall x [G]x \rightarrow \neg[\lambda x [G] \iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x))] \downarrow) \rangle$
using *block-paradox2:1 ∀ I by fast*

ultimately AOT-show $\langle \neg[\lambda x [\lambda x \forall p (p \rightarrow p)] \iota y (y = x \& \exists H (x[H] \& \neg[H]x))] \downarrow \rangle$
using $\forall E(1) \rightarrow E$ by *blast*

qed(*cqt:2[lambda]*)

AOT-theorem *propositions*: $\langle \exists p \Box(p \equiv \varphi) \rangle$

proof(rule $\exists I(1)$)

AOT-show $\langle \Box(\varphi \equiv \varphi) \rangle$
by (*simp add: RN oth-class-taut:3:a*)

next

AOT-show $\langle \varphi \downarrow \rangle$
by (*simp add: log-prop-prop:2*)

qed

AOT-theorem *pos-not-equiv-ne:1*:
 $\langle (\Diamond \neg \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [G]x_1 \dots x_n)) \rightarrow F \neq G \rangle$

proof (rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \Diamond \neg \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [G]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \neg \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [G]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
using *KBasic:11[THEN ≡ E(2)] by blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \neg(F = G) \rangle$
using *id-rel-nec-equiv:1 modus-tollens:1 by blast*

AOT-thus $\langle F \neq G \rangle$
using *=-infix[THEN ≡ df I] by blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *pos-not-equiv-ne:2*: $\langle (\Diamond \neg(\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rightarrow F \neq G \rangle$

proof (rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-modally-strict {

AOT-have $\langle \neg(\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\}) \rightarrow \neg(F = G) \rangle$
proof (rule $\rightarrow I$; rule *raa-cor:2*)

AOT-assume 1: $\langle F = G \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{F\} \rightarrow \varphi\{G\} \rangle$
using *l-identity[axiom-inst, THEN → E] by blast*

moreover {

AOT-have $\langle G = F \rangle$
using *1 id-sym by blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{G\} \rightarrow \varphi\{F\} \rangle$
using *l-identity[axiom-inst, THEN → E] by blast*

}

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\} \rangle$
using *≡ I by blast*

moreover AOT-assume $\langle \neg(\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\}) \rangle$
ultimately AOT-show $\langle (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\}) \& \neg(\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\}) \rangle$
using *& I by blast*

qed

}

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \neg(\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\}) \rightarrow \Diamond \neg(F = G) \rangle$
using *RM:2[prem] by blast*

moreover AOT-assume $\langle \Diamond \neg(\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\}) \rangle$

ultimately AOT-have 0: $\langle \Diamond \neg(F = G) \rangle$ using *→ E by blast*

AOT-have $\langle \Diamond(F \neq G) \rangle$

```

by (AOT-subst  $\langle F \neq G \rangle \neg(F = G)$ )
  (auto simp: =-infix  $\equiv Df 0$ )
AOT-thus  $\langle F \neq G \rangle$ 
  using id-nec2:3[THEN → E] by blast
qed

AOT-theorem pos-not-equiv-ne:2[zero]:  $\langle (\Diamond \neg(\varphi\{p\} \equiv \varphi\{q\})) \rightarrow p \neq q \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-have  $\neg(\varphi\{p\} \equiv \varphi\{q\}) \rightarrow \neg(p = q)$ 
    proof (rule  $\rightarrow I$ ; rule raa-cor:2)
      AOT-assume 1:  $\langle p = q \rangle$ 
      AOT-hence  $\varphi\{p\} \rightarrow \varphi\{q\}$ 
        using l-identity[axiom-inst, THEN → E] by blast
      moreover {
        AOT-have  $\langle q = p \rangle$ 
          using 1 id-sym by blast
        AOT-hence  $\varphi\{q\} \rightarrow \varphi\{p\}$ 
          using l-identity[axiom-inst, THEN → E] by blast
      }
      ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \varphi\{p\} \equiv \varphi\{q\} \rangle$ 
        using  $\equiv I$  by blast
      moreover AOT-assume  $\neg(\varphi\{p\} \equiv \varphi\{q\})$ 
      ultimately AOT-show  $\langle (\varphi\{p\} \equiv \varphi\{q\}) \& \neg(\varphi\{p\} \equiv \varphi\{q\}) \rangle$ 
        using  $\& I$  by blast
    qed
  }
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond \neg(\varphi\{p\} \equiv \varphi\{q\}) \rightarrow \Diamond \neg(p = q) \rangle$ 
    using RM:2[prem] by blast
  moreover AOT-assume  $\langle \Diamond \neg(\varphi\{p\} \equiv \varphi\{q\}) \rangle$ 
  ultimately AOT-have 0:  $\langle \Diamond \neg(p = q) \rangle$  using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
  AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond(p \neq q) \rangle$ 
    by (AOT-subst  $\langle p \neq q \rangle \neg(p = q)$ )
      (auto simp: 0 =-infix  $\equiv Df$ )
  AOT-thus  $\langle p \neq q \rangle$ 
    using id-nec2:3[THEN → E] by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem pos-not-equiv-ne:3:
 $\langle (\neg \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [G]x_1 \dots x_n)) \rightarrow F \neq G \rangle$
using $\rightarrow I$ pos-not-equiv-ne:1[THEN → E] $T \Diamond$ [THEN → E] **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem pos-not-equiv-ne:4: $\langle (\neg(\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rightarrow F \neq G \rangle$
using $\rightarrow I$ pos-not-equiv-ne:2[THEN → E] $T \Diamond$ [THEN → E] **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem pos-not-equiv-ne:4[zero]: $\langle (\neg(\varphi\{p\} \equiv \varphi\{q\})) \rightarrow p \neq q \rangle$
using $\rightarrow I$ pos-not-equiv-ne:2[zero][THEN → E]
 $T \Diamond$ [THEN → E] **by** *blast*

AOT-define relation-negation :: $\Pi \Rightarrow \Pi (\langle \cdot \neg \cdot \rangle)$
df-relation-negation: $[F]^{\neg} =_{df} [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \neg [F]x_1 \dots x_n]$

nonterminal φ_{neg}
syntax :: $\varphi_{neg} \Rightarrow \tau (\langle \cdot \rangle)$
syntax :: $\varphi_{neg} \Rightarrow \varphi (\langle'(-')\rangle)$

AOT-define relation-negation-0 :: $\langle \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi_{neg} \rangle (\langle'(-')^{\neg} \rangle)$
df-relation-negation[zero]: $(p)^{\neg} =_{df} [\lambda \neg p]$

AOT-theorem rel-neg-T:1: $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \neg [\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n] \downarrow \rangle$
by *cqt:2[lambda]*

AOT-theorem rel-neg-T:1[zero]: $\langle [\lambda \neg \varphi] \downarrow \rangle$

using $cqt:2[\lambda\text{lambda}0][\text{axiom-inst}]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem $\text{rel-neg-}T:2: \langle [\Pi]^- = [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \neg [\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n] \rangle$
using $=I(1)[\text{OF rel-neg-}T:1]$
by ($\text{rule} =_{df} I(1)[\text{OF df-relation-negation}, \text{OF rel-neg-}T:1]$)

AOT-theorem $\text{rel-neg-}T:2[\text{zero}]: \langle (\varphi)^- = [\lambda \neg \varphi] \rangle$
using $=I(1)[\text{OF rel-neg-}T:1[\text{zero}]]$
by ($\text{rule} =_{df} I(1)[\text{OF df-relation-negation[zero]}, \text{OF rel-neg-}T:1[\text{zero}]]$)

AOT-theorem $\text{rel-neg-}T:3: \langle [\Pi]^- \downarrow \rangle$
using $=_{df} I(1)[\text{OF df-relation-negation}, \text{OF rel-neg-}T:1]$
 $\text{rel-neg-}T:1$ **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem $\text{rel-neg-}T:3[\text{zero}]: \langle (\varphi)^- \downarrow \rangle$
using *log-prop-prop:2* **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-relation-negation:1}: \langle [F]^- x_1 \dots x_n \equiv \neg [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
proof –

AOT-have $\langle [F]^- x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \neg [F]x_1 \dots x_n]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
using $\text{rule}=E[\text{rotated}, \text{OF rel-neg-}T:2]$
 $\text{rule}=E[\text{rotated}, \text{OF rel-neg-}T:2[\text{THEN id-sym}]]$
 $\rightarrow I \equiv I$ **by** *fast*
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \neg [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
using $\text{beta-C-meta}[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{OF rel-neg-}T:1]$ **by** *fast*
finally show $?thesis$.

qed

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-relation-negation:2}: \langle \neg [F]^- x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
apply ($\text{AOT-subst} \langle [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle \langle \neg [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$)
apply ($\text{simp add: oth-class-taut:3:b}$)
apply ($\text{rule oth-class-taut:4:b}[\text{THEN} \equiv E(1)]$)
using *thm-relation-negation:1*.

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-relation-negation:3}: \langle ((p)^-) \equiv \neg p \rangle$

proof –
AOT-have $\langle (p)^- = [\lambda \neg p] \rangle$ **using** *rel-neg-}T:2[zero]* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle ((p)^-) \equiv [\lambda \neg p] \rangle$
using *df-relation-negation[zero] log-prop-prop:2*
 $oth\text{-class-taut:3:a rule-id-df:2:a}$ **by** *blast*
also AOT-have $\langle [\lambda \neg p] \equiv \neg p \rangle$
by ($\text{simp add: propositions-lemma:2}$)
finally show $?thesis$.
qed

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-relation-negation:4}: \langle (\neg((p)^-)) \equiv p \rangle$

using *thm-relation-negation:3[THEN} \equiv E(1)]*
thm-relation-negation:3[THEN} \equiv E(2)]
 $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ **RAA** **by** *metis*

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-relation-negation:5}: \langle [F] \neq [F]^- \rangle$

proof –
AOT-have $\langle \neg([F] = [F]^-) \rangle$
proof ($\text{rule RAA}(2)$)
AOT-show $\langle [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ **for** $x_1 x_n$
using *if-p-then-p*.
next
AOT-assume $\langle [F] = [F]^- \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle [F]^- = [F] \rangle$ **using** *id-sym* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle [F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv \neg [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ **for** $x_1 x_n$
using $\text{rule}=E \text{ thm-relation-negation:1}$ **by** *fast*
AOT-thus $\langle \neg([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow [F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$ **for** $x_1 x_n$
using $\equiv E$ **RAA** **by** *metis*

```

qed
thus ?thesis
  using  $\equiv_{df} I = -infix$  by blast
qed

AOT-theorem thm-relation-negation:6:  $\langle p \neq (p)^- \rangle$ 
proof -
  AOT-have  $\langle \neg(p = (p)^-) \rangle$ 
  proof (rule RAA(2))
    AOT-show  $\langle p \rightarrow p \rangle$ 
      using if-p-then-p.
  next
    AOT-assume  $\langle p = (p)^- \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle (p)^- = p \rangle$  using id-sym by blast
    AOT-hence  $\langle p \equiv \neg p \rangle$ 
      using rule=E thm-relation-negation:3 by fast
    AOT-thus  $\langle \neg(p \rightarrow p) \rangle$ 
      using  $\equiv E$  RAA by metis
  qed
  thus ?thesis
    using  $\equiv_{df} I = -infix$  by blast
  qed

AOT-theorem thm-relation-negation:7:  $\langle (p)^- = (\neg p) \rangle$ 
apply (rule df-relation-negation[zero][THEN  $=_{df} E(1)$ ])
using cqt:2[lambda0][axiom-inst] rel-neg-T:2[zero]
  propositions-lemma:1 id-trans by blast+

```

AOT-theorem thm-relation-negation:8: $\langle p = q \rightarrow (\neg p) = (\neg q) \rangle$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

- AOT-assume** $\langle p = q \rangle$
- moreover **AOT-have** $\langle (\neg p) \downarrow \rangle$ **using** log-prop-prop:2.
- moreover **AOT-have** $\langle (\neg p) = (\neg p) \rangle$ **using** calculation(2) =I by blast
- ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle (\neg p) = (\neg q) \rangle$
- using** rule=E by fast

qed

AOT-theorem thm-relation-negation:9: $\langle p = q \rightarrow (p)^- = (q)^- \rangle$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

- AOT-assume** $\langle p = q \rangle$
- AOT-hence** $\langle (\neg p) = (\neg q) \rangle$ **using** thm-relation-negation:8 $\rightarrow E$ by blast
- AOT-thus** $\langle (p)^- = (q)^- \rangle$
- using** thm-relation-negation:7 id-sym id-trans by metis

qed

AOT-define Necessary :: $\langle \Pi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{Necessary}'(-) \rangle$)

contingent-properties:1:

$$\langle \text{Necessary}([F]) \equiv_{df} \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$$

AOT-define Necessary0 :: $\langle \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{Necessary0}'(-) \rangle$)

contingent-properties:1[zero]:

$$\langle \text{Necessary0}(p) \equiv_{df} \Box p \rangle$$

AOT-define Impossible :: $\langle \Pi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{Impossible}'(-) \rangle$)

contingent-properties:2:

$$\langle \text{Impossible}([F]) \equiv_{df} F \downarrow \& \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$$

AOT-define Impossible0 :: $\langle \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{Impossible0}'(-) \rangle$)

contingent-properties:2[zero]:

$$\langle \text{Impossible0}(p) \equiv_{df} \Box \neg p \rangle$$

AOT-define NonContingent :: $\langle \Pi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{NonContingent}'(-) \rangle$)

contingent-properties:3:

$\langle \text{NonContingent}([F]) \equiv_{df} \text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F]) \rangle$

AOT-define $\text{NonContingent0} :: \langle \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \text{NonContingent0}'(-') \rangle)$
contingent-properties:3[zero]:
 $\langle \text{NonContingent0}(p) \equiv_{df} \text{Necessary0}(p) \vee \text{Impossible0}(p) \rangle$

AOT-define $\text{Contingent} :: \langle \Pi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \text{Contingent}'(-') \rangle)$
contingent-properties:4:
 $\langle \text{Contingent}([F]) \equiv_{df} F \downarrow \& \neg(\text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F])) \rangle$

AOT-define $\text{Contingent0} :: \langle \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \text{Contingent0}'(-') \rangle)$
contingent-properties:4[zero]:
 $\langle \text{Contingent0}(p) \equiv_{df} \neg(\text{Necessary0}(p) \vee \text{Impossible0}(p)) \rangle$

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-cont-prop:1}: \langle \text{NonContingent}([F]) \equiv \text{NonContingent}([F]^-) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \text{NonContingent}([F]) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F]) \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} E[\text{OF contingent-properties:3}]$ **by** *blast*
moreover {
 AOT-assume $\langle \text{Necessary}([F]) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n [F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} E[\text{OF contingent-properties:1}]$ **by** *blast*
 moreover AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ **for** $x_1 x_n$ **using** $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle \neg[F]^- x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ **for** $x_1 x_n$
by ($\text{meson} \equiv E(6)$ *oth-class-taut:3:a*
thm-relation-negation:2 $\equiv E(1)$)
 AOT-hence $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg[F]^- x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ **using** $\forall I$ **by** *fast*
 }
 ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Box(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg[F]^- x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
using RN[prem][where $\Gamma = \{\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n [F]x_1 \dots x_n\}$, simplified] **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle \text{Impossible}([F]^-) \rangle$
using $\equiv Df[\text{OF contingent-properties:2}, \text{THEN } \equiv S(1),$
OF rel-neg-T:3, THEN } \equiv E(2)]
by *blast*
 }
moreover {
 AOT-assume $\langle \text{Impossible}([F]) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
using $\equiv Df[\text{OF contingent-properties:2}, \text{THEN } \equiv S(1),$
OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst], THEN } \equiv E(1)]
by *blast*
 moreover AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ **for** $x_1 x_n$ **using** $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle [F]^- x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ **for** $x_1 x_n$
by ($\text{meson} \equiv E(6)$ *oth-class-taut:3:a*
thm-relation-negation:1 $\equiv E(1)$)
 AOT-hence $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n [F]^- x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ **using** $\forall I$ **by** *fast*
 }
 ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Box(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n [F]^- x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
using RN[prem][where $\Gamma = \{\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n\}$] **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle \text{Necessary}([F]^-) \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} I[\text{OF contingent-properties:1}]$ **by** *blast*
 }
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \text{Necessary}([F]^-) \vee \text{Impossible}([F]^-) \rangle$
using $\vee E(1) \vee I \rightarrow I$ **by** *metis*
AOT-thus $\langle \text{NonContingent}([F]^-) \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} I[\text{OF contingent-properties:3}]$ **by** *blast*

next

```

AOT-assume <NonContingent( $[F]^-$ )>
AOT-hence <Necessary( $[F]^-$ )  $\vee$  Impossible( $[F]^-$ )>
  using  $\equiv_{df} E[O\!F\ contingent\text{-}properties:3]$  by blast
moreover {
  AOT-assume <Necessary( $[F]^-$ )>
  AOT-hence < $\square(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n [F]^- x_1 \dots x_n)$ >
    using  $\equiv_{df} E[O\!F\ contingent\text{-}properties:1]$  by blast
  moreover AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-assume < $\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n [F]^- x_1 \dots x_n$ >
    AOT-hence < $[F]^- x_1 \dots x_n$ > for  $x_1 x_n$  using  $\forall E$  by blast
    AOT-hence < $\neg[F] x_1 \dots x_n$ > for  $x_1 x_n$ 
      by (meson  $\equiv E(6)$  oth-class-taut:3:a
           thm-relation-negation:1  $\equiv E(2)$ )
    AOT-hence < $\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg[F] x_1 \dots x_n$ > using  $\forall I$  by fast
  }
  ultimately AOT-have < $\square(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg[F] x_1 \dots x_n)$ >
    using RN[prem][where  $\Gamma = \{\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n [F]^- x_1 \dots x_n\}$ ] by blast
  AOT-hence <Impossible( $[F]$ )>
    using  $\equiv Df[O\!F\ contingent\text{-}properties:2, THEN \equiv S(1),$ 
           $O\!F\ cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst], THEN \equiv E(2)]$ 
      by blast
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume <Impossible( $[F]^-$ )>
  AOT-hence < $\square(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg[F]^- x_1 \dots x_n)$ >
    using  $\equiv Df[O\!F\ contingent\text{-}properties:2, THEN \equiv S(1),$ 
           $O\!F\ rel-neg-T:3, THEN \equiv E(1)]$ 
      by blast
  moreover AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-assume < $\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg[F]^- x_1 \dots x_n$ >
    AOT-hence < $\neg[F]^- x_1 \dots x_n$ > for  $x_1 x_n$  using  $\forall E$  by blast
    AOT-hence < $[F] x_1 \dots x_n$ > for  $x_1 x_n$ 
      using thm-relation-negation:1[THEN
           oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ], THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ]
           useful-tautologies:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
    AOT-hence < $\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n [F] x_1 \dots x_n$ > using  $\forall I$  by fast
  }
  ultimately AOT-have < $\square(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n [F] x_1 \dots x_n)$ >
    using RN[prem][where  $\Gamma = \{\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg[F]^- x_1 \dots x_n\}$ ] by blast
  AOT-hence <Necessary( $[F]$ )>
    using  $\equiv_{df} I[O\!F\ contingent\text{-}properties:1]$  by blast
}
ultimately AOT-have <Necessary( $[F]$ )  $\vee$  Impossible( $[F]$ )>
  using  $\vee E(1) \vee I \rightarrow E$  by metis
AOT-thus <NonContingent( $[F]$ )>
  using  $\equiv_{df} I[O\!F\ contingent\text{-}properties:3]$  by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem *thm-cont-prop:2*: <*Contingent*($[F]$) $\equiv \diamond \exists x [F]x \ \& \ \diamond \exists x \neg[F]x$ >

proof –

AOT-have <*Contingent*($[F]$) $\equiv \neg(\text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F]))$ >

using *contingent-properties:4*[*THEN* $\equiv Df$, *THEN* $\equiv S(1)$,

OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]]

by *blast*

also **AOT-have** < $\dots \equiv \neg\text{Necessary}([F]) \ \& \ \neg\text{Impossible}([F])$ >

using oth-class-taut:5:d by *fastforce*

also **AOT-have** < $\dots \equiv \neg\text{Impossible}([F]) \ \& \ \neg\text{Necessary}([F])$ >

by (simp add: Commutativity of $\&$)

also **AOT-have** < $\dots \equiv \diamond \exists x [F]x \ \& \ \neg\text{Necessary}([F])$ >

proof (rule oth-class-taut:4:e[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$])

AOT-have < $\neg\text{Impossible}([F]) \equiv \neg \square \neg \exists x [F]x$ >

apply (rule oth-class-taut:4:b[*THEN* $\equiv E(1)$])

apply (*AOT-subst* < $\exists x [F]x \leftrightarrow \forall x \neg[F]x$ >)

```

apply (simp add: conventions:4 ≡Df)
apply (AOT-subst (reverse) ⟨¬¬∀x ¬[F]x⟩ ⟨∀x ¬[F]x⟩)
apply (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:b)
using contingent-properties:2[THEN ≡Df, THEN ≡S(1),
                                OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]]
by blast
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ ◊∃x [F]x⟩
using conventions:5[THEN ≡Df, symmetric] by blast
finally AOT-show ⟨¬Impossible([F]) ≡ ◊∃x [F]x⟩ .
qed
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ ◊∃x [F]x & ◊∃x ¬[F]x⟩
proof (rule oth-class-taut:4:f[THEN →E])
AOT-have ⟨¬Necessary([F]) ≡ ¬□¬∃x ¬[F]x⟩
apply (rule oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)])
apply (AOT-subst ⟨∃x ¬[F]x⟩ ⟨¬ ∀x ¬¬[F]x⟩)
apply (simp add: conventions:4 ≡Df)
apply (AOT-subst (reverse) ⟨¬¬[F]x⟩ ⟨[F]x⟩ for: x)
apply (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:b)
apply (AOT-subst (reverse) ⟨¬¬∀x [F]x⟩ ⟨∀x [F]x⟩)
by (auto simp: oth-class-taut:3:b contingent-properties:1 ≡Df)
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ ◊∃x ¬[F]x⟩
using conventions:5[THEN ≡Df, symmetric] by blast
finally AOT-show ⟨¬Necessary([F]) ≡ ◊∃x ¬[F]x⟩.
qed
finally show ?thesis.
qed

AOT-theorem thm-cont-prop:3:
⟨Contingent([F]) ≡ Contingent([F]⁻)⟩ for F::⟨<κ> AOT-var⟩
proof –
{
  fix Π :: ⟨<κ>⟩
  AOT-assume ⟨Π↓⟩
  moreover AOT-have ⟨∀F (Contingent([F]) ≡ ◊∃x [F]x & ◊∃x ¬[F]x)⟩
    using thm-cont-prop:2 GEN by fast
  ultimately AOT-have ⟨Contingent([Π]) ≡ ◊∃x [Π]x & ◊∃x ¬[Π]x)⟩
    using thm-cont-prop:2 ∀E by fast
} note 1 = this
AOT-have ⟨Contingent([F]) ≡ ◊∃x [F]x & ◊∃x ¬[F]x⟩
  using thm-cont-prop:2 by blast
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ ◊∃x ¬[F]x & ◊∃x [F]x⟩
  by (simp add: Commutativity of &)
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ ◊∃x [F]⁻x & ◊∃x [F]x⟩
  by (AOT-subst ⟨[F]⁻x⟩ ⟨¬[F]x⟩ for: x)
    (auto simp: thm-relation-negation:1 oth-class-taut:3:a)
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ ◊∃x [F]⁻x & ◊∃x ¬[F]⁻x)⟩
  by (AOT-subst (reverse) ⟨[F]x⟩ ⟨¬[F]⁻x⟩ for: x)
    (auto simp: thm-relation-negation:2 oth-class-taut:3:a)
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ Contingent([F]⁻)⟩
  using 1[OF rel-neg-T:3, symmetric] by blast
finally show ?thesis.
qed

AOT-define concrete-if-concrete :: ⟨Π⟩ (⟨L⟩)
L-def: ⟨L =df [λx E!x → E!x]⟩
```

```

AOT-theorem thm-noncont-e-e:1: ⟨Necessary(L)⟩
proof –
AOT-modally-strict {
  fix x
  AOT-have ⟨[λx E!x → E!x]↓⟩ by cqt:2[lambda]
  moreover AOT-have ⟨x↓⟩ using cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] by blast
  moreover AOT-have ⟨E!x → E!x⟩ using if-p-then-p by blast
}
```

```

ultimately AOT-have <[ $\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x$ ]x>
  using  $\beta \leftarrow C$  by blast
}
AOT-hence 0: < $\square \forall x [\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x]$ x>
  using RN GEN by blast
show ?thesis
  apply (rule =df I(2)[OF L-def])
  apply cqt:2[lambda]
  by (rule contingent-properties:1[THEN ≡df I, OF 0])
qed

AOT-theorem thm-noncont-e-e:2: <Impossible([L]-)>
proof -
  AOT-modally-strict {
    fix x

    AOT-have 0: < $\forall F (\neg [F]^- x \equiv [F]x)$ >
      using thm-relation-negation:2 GEN by fast
    AOT-have < $\neg [\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x]^- x \equiv [\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x]$ x>
      by (rule 0[THEN  $\forall E(1)$ ]) cqt:2[lambda]
    moreover {
      AOT-have < $[\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x] \downarrow$  by cqt:2[lambda]
      moreover AOT-have < $x \downarrow$  using cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] by blast
      moreover AOT-have < $E!x \rightarrow E!x$  using if-p-then-p by blast
      ultimately AOT-have < $[\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x]$ x>
        using  $\beta \leftarrow C$  by blast
    }
    ultimately AOT-have < $\neg [\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x]^- x$ >
      using ≡E by blast
  }
  AOT-hence 0: < $\square \forall x \neg [\lambda x E!x \rightarrow E!x]^- x$ >
    using RN GEN by fast
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule =df I(2)[OF L-def])
    apply cqt:2[lambda]
    apply (rule contingent-properties:2[THEN ≡df I]; rule &I)
    using rel-neg-T:3
    apply blast
    using 0
    by blast
qed

AOT-theorem thm-noncont-e-e:3: <NonContingent(L)>
using thm-noncont-e-e:1
by (rule contingent-properties:3[THEN ≡df I, OF ∨I(1)])
```

AOT-theorem thm-noncont-e-e:4: <NonContingent([L]⁻)>

proof -

AOT-have 0: < $\forall F (\text{NonContingent}([F]) \equiv \text{NonContingent}([F]^-))$ >
 using thm-cont-prop:1 ∨ I by fast
 moreover AOT-have 1: < $L \downarrow$ >
 by (rule =_{df} I(2)[OF L-def]) cqt:2[lambda]+

AOT-show < $\text{NonContingent}([L]^-)$ >
 using ∀ E(1)[OF 0, OF 1, THEN ≡E(1), OF thm-noncont-e-e:3] by blast

qed

AOT-theorem thm-noncont-e-e:5:

< $\exists F \exists G (F \neq \langle G \rangle \wedge \text{NonContingent}([F]) \wedge \text{NonContingent}([G]))$ >

proof (rule ∃I)+

{

AOT-have < $\forall F [F] \neq [F]^-$ >
 using thm-relation-negation:5 GEN by fast
 moreover AOT-have < $L \downarrow$ >

```

    by (rule =df I(2)[OF L-def]) cqt:2[lambda] +
ultimately AOT-have <L ≠ [L]->
    using ∀ E by blast
}
AOT-thus <L ≠ [L]- & NonContingent(L) & NonContingent([L]-)>
    using thm-noncont-e-e:3 thm-noncont-e-e:4 & I by metis
next
AOT-show <[L]-↓
    using rel-neg-T:3 by blast
next
AOT-show <L↓
    by (rule =df I(2)[OF L-def]) cqt:2[lambda] +
qed

```

AOT-theorem lem-cont-e:1: $\langle \Diamond \exists x ([F]x \wedge \Diamond \neg[F]x) \equiv \Diamond \exists x (\neg[F]x \wedge \Diamond [F]x) \rangle$

proof –

- AOT-have $\langle \Diamond \exists x ([F]x \wedge \Diamond \neg[F]x) \equiv \exists x \Diamond ([F]x \wedge \Diamond \neg[F]x) \rangle$
 using $BF\Diamond CBF\Diamond \equiv I$ by blast
- also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \exists x (\Diamond [F]x \wedge \Diamond \neg[F]x) \rangle$
 by (AOT-subst $\langle \Diamond ([F]x \wedge \Diamond \neg[F]x) \rangle \langle \Diamond [F]x \wedge \Diamond \neg[F]x \rangle$ for: x)
 (auto simp: S5Basic:11 cqt-further:7)
- also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \exists x (\Diamond \neg[F]x \wedge \Diamond [F]x) \rangle$
 by (AOT-subst $\langle \Diamond \neg[F]x \wedge \Diamond [F]x \rangle \langle \Diamond [F]x \wedge \Diamond \neg[F]x \rangle$ for: x)
 (auto simp: Commutativity of & cqt-further:7)
- also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \exists x \Diamond (\neg[F]x \wedge \Diamond [F]x) \rangle$
 by (AOT-subst $\langle \Diamond (\neg[F]x \wedge \Diamond [F]x) \rangle \langle \Diamond \neg[F]x \wedge \Diamond [F]x \rangle$ for: x)
 (auto simp: S5Basic:11 oth-class-taut:3:a)
- also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \Diamond \exists x (\neg[F]x \wedge \Diamond [F]x) \rangle$
 using $BF\Diamond CBF\Diamond \equiv I$ by fast

finally show ?thesis.

qed

AOT-theorem lem-cont-e:2: $\langle \Diamond \exists x ([F]x \wedge \Diamond \neg[F]x) \equiv \Diamond \exists x ([F]^{\perp}x \wedge \Diamond \neg[F]^{\perp}x) \rangle$

proof –

- AOT-have $\langle \Diamond \exists x ([F]x \wedge \Diamond \neg[F]x) \equiv \Diamond \exists x (\neg[F]x \wedge \Diamond [F]x) \rangle$
 using lem-cont-e:1.
- also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \Diamond \exists x ([F]^{\perp}x \wedge \Diamond \neg[F]^{\perp}x) \rangle$
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle \neg[F]^{\perp}x \rangle \langle [F]x \rangle$ for: x)
 apply (simp add: thm-relation-negation:2)
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle [F]^{\perp}x \rangle \langle \neg[F]x \rangle$ for: x)
 apply (simp add: thm-relation-negation:1)
 by (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a)

finally show ?thesis.

qed

AOT-theorem thm-cont-e:1: $\langle \Diamond \exists x (E!x \wedge \Diamond \neg E!x) \rangle$

proof (rule CBF \Diamond [THEN → E])

- AOT-have $\langle \exists x \Diamond (E!x \wedge \neg \mathcal{A}E!x) \rangle$
 using qml:4[axiom-inst] BF \Diamond [THEN → E] by blast
- then AOT-obtain a where $\langle \Diamond (E!a \wedge \neg \mathcal{A}E!a) \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast
- AOT-hence $\vartheta: \langle \Diamond E!a \wedge \Diamond \neg \mathcal{A}E!a \rangle$
 using KBasic2:3[THEN → E] by blast
- AOT-have $\xi: \langle \Diamond E!a \wedge \Diamond \mathcal{A}\neg E!a \rangle$
 by (AOT-subst $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg E!a \rangle \langle \neg \mathcal{A}E!a \rangle$)
 (auto simp: logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst] ϑ)
- AOT-have $\zeta: \langle \Diamond E!a \wedge \mathcal{A}\neg E!a \rangle$
 by (AOT-subst $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg E!a \rangle \langle \Diamond \mathcal{A}\neg E!a \rangle$)
 (auto simp add: Act-Sub:4 ξ)
- AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond E!a \wedge \Diamond \neg E!a \rangle$
 using &E &I Act-Sub:3[THEN → E] by blast
- AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond (E!a \wedge \Diamond \neg E!a) \rangle$

using *S5Basic:11[THEN $\equiv E(2)$]* **by** *simp*

AOT-thus $\langle \exists x \Diamond(E!x \ \& \ \Diamond\neg E!x) \rangle$

using $\exists I(2)$ **by** *fast*

qed

AOT-theorem *thm-cont-e:2: $\langle \Diamond\exists x (\neg E!x \ \& \ \Diamond E!x) \rangle$*

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \forall F (\Diamond\exists x ([F]x \ \& \ \Diamond\neg [F]x) \equiv \Diamond\exists x (\neg[F]x \ \& \ \Diamond [F]x)) \rangle$

using *lem-cont-e:1 GEN* **by** *fast*

AOT-hence $\langle (\Diamond\exists x (E!x \ \& \ \Diamond\neg E!x) \equiv \Diamond\exists x (\neg E!x \ \& \ \Diamond E!x)) \rangle$

using $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*

thus ?*thesis* **using** *thm-cont-e:1 $\equiv E$* **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *thm-cont-e:3: $\langle \Diamond\exists x E!x \rangle$*

proof (*rule CBF \Diamond [THEN $\rightarrow E$])*

AOT-obtain *a* **where** $\langle \Diamond(E!a \ \& \ \Diamond\neg E!a) \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated, OF thm-cont-e:1[THEN BF \Diamond [THEN $\rightarrow E$]]}]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond E!a \rangle$

using *KBasic2:3[THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN &E(1)]* **by** *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle \exists x \Diamond E!x \rangle$ **using** $\exists I$ **by** *fast*

qed

AOT-theorem *thm-cont-e:4: $\langle \Diamond\exists x \neg E!x \rangle$*

proof (*rule CBF \Diamond [THEN $\rightarrow E$])*

AOT-obtain *a* **where** $\langle \Diamond(E!a \ \& \ \Diamond\neg E!a) \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated, OF thm-cont-e:1[THEN BF \Diamond [THEN $\rightarrow E$]]}]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond\Diamond\neg E!a \rangle$

using *KBasic2:3[THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN &E(2)]* **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond\neg E!a \rangle$

using $\Diamond\Diamond[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle \exists x \Diamond\neg E!x \rangle$ **using** $\exists I$ **by** *fast*

qed

AOT-theorem *thm-cont-e:5: $\langle \text{Contingent}([E!] \rangle$*

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \forall F (\text{Contingent}([F]) \equiv \Diamond\exists x [F]x \ \& \ \Diamond\exists x \neg[F]x) \rangle$

using *thm-cont-prop:2 GEN* **by** *fast*

AOT-hence $\langle \text{Contingent}([E!]) \equiv \Diamond\exists x E!x \ \& \ \Diamond\exists x \neg E!x \rangle$

using $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*

thus ?*thesis*

using *thm-cont-e:3 thm-cont-e:4 $\equiv E(2) \ \& I$* **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *thm-cont-e:6: $\langle \text{Contingent}([E!]^-) \rangle$*

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \forall F (\text{Contingent}([F::<\kappa>]) \equiv \text{Contingent}([F]^-)) \rangle$

using *thm-cont-prop:3 GEN* **by** *fast*

AOT-hence $\langle \text{Contingent}([E!]) \equiv \text{Contingent}([E!]^-) \rangle$

using $\forall E(2)$ **by** *fast*

thus ?*thesis* **using** *thm-cont-e:5 $\equiv E$* **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *thm-cont-e:7:*

$\langle \exists F \exists G (\text{Contingent}([F::<\kappa>]) \ \& \ \text{Contingent}([G]) \ \& \ F \neq G) \rangle$

proof (*rule $\exists I$*)

AOT-have $\langle \forall F [\langle F::<\kappa> \rangle \neq [F]^-] \rangle$

using *thm-relation-negation:5 GEN* **by** *fast*

AOT-hence $\langle [E!] \neq [E!]^- \rangle$

using $\forall E$ **by** *fast*

AOT-thus $\langle \text{Contingent}([E!]) \ \& \ \text{Contingent}([E!]^-) \ \& \ [E!] \neq [E!]^- \rangle$

using *thm-cont-e:5 thm-cont-e:6 &I* **by** *metis*

next

AOT-show $\langle E!^- \downarrow \rangle$

by (fact AOT)

qed(cqt:2)

AOT-theorem *property-facts:1:*

$\langle \text{NonContingent}([F]) \rightarrow \neg \exists G (\text{Contingent}([G]) \ \& \ G = F) \rangle$

proof (rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:2)

AOT-assume $\langle \text{NonContingent}([F]) \rangle$

AOT-hence 1: $\langle \text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F]) \rangle$

 using *contingent-properties:3*[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] **by** blast

AOT-assume $\langle \exists G (\text{Contingent}([G]) \ \& \ G = F) \rangle$

then AOT-obtain G **where** $\langle \text{Contingent}([G]) \ \& \ G = F \rangle$

 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \text{Contingent}([F]) \rangle$ **using** rule= E & E **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \neg(\text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F])) \rangle$

 using *contingent-properties:4*[THEN $\equiv Df$, THEN $\equiv S(1)$,

 OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst], THEN $\equiv E(1)$] **by** blast

AOT-thus $\langle (\text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F])) \ \&$

$\neg(\text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F])) \rangle$

using 1 & I **by** blast

qed

AOT-theorem *property-facts:2:*

$\langle \text{Contingent}([F]) \rightarrow \neg \exists G (\text{NonContingent}([G]) \ \& \ G = F) \rangle$

proof (rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:2)

AOT-assume $\langle \text{Contingent}([F]) \rangle$

AOT-hence 1: $\langle \neg(\text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F])) \rangle$

 using *contingent-properties:4*[THEN $\equiv Df$, THEN $\equiv S(1)$,

 OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst], THEN $\equiv E(1)$] **by** blast

AOT-assume $\langle \exists G (\text{NonContingent}([G]) \ \& \ G = F) \rangle$

then AOT-obtain G **where** $\langle \text{NonContingent}([G]) \ \& \ G = F \rangle$

 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \text{NonContingent}([F]) \rangle$

using rule= E & E **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F]) \rangle$

 using *contingent-properties:3*[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] **by** blast

AOT-thus $\langle (\text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F])) \ \&$

$\neg(\text{Necessary}([F]) \vee \text{Impossible}([F])) \rangle$

using 1 & I **by** blast

qed

AOT-theorem *property-facts:3:*

$\langle L \neq [L]^- \ \& \ L \neq E! \ \& \ L \neq E!^- \ \& \ [L]^- \neq [E!]^- \ \& \ E! \neq [E!]^- \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have noneqI: $\langle \Pi \neq \Pi' \rangle$ **if** $\langle \varphi\{\Pi\} \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\varphi\{\Pi'\} \rangle$ **for** φ **and** $\Pi \Pi' :: \langle \langle \kappa \rangle \rangle$

apply (rule $=-infix$ [THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]; rule raa-cor:2)

using rule= E [**where** $\varphi=\varphi$ **and** $\tau=\Pi$ **and** $\sigma=\Pi'$] **that** & I **by** blast

AOT-have contingent-denotes: $\langle \Pi \downarrow \rangle$ **if** $\langle \text{Contingent}([\Pi]) \rangle$ **for** $\Pi :: \langle \langle \kappa \rangle \rangle$

using *that contingent-properties:4*[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN & $E(1)$] **by** blast

AOT-have not-noncontingent-if-contingent:

$\langle \neg \text{NonContingent}([\Pi]) \rangle$ **if** $\langle \text{Contingent}([\Pi]) \rangle$ **for** $\Pi :: \langle \langle \kappa \rangle \rangle$

proof(rule RAA(2))

AOT-show $\langle \neg(\text{Necessary}([\Pi]) \vee \text{Impossible}([\Pi])) \rangle$

using *that contingent-properties:4*[THEN $\equiv Df$, THEN $\equiv S(1)$,

 OF contingent-denotes[*OF that*, THEN $\equiv E(1)$]

by blast

next

AOT-assume $\langle \text{NonContingent}([\Pi]) \rangle$

AOT-thus $\langle \text{Necessary}([\Pi]) \vee \text{Impossible}([\Pi]) \rangle$

using *contingent-properties:3*[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] **by** blast

qed

show ?thesis

```

proof (safe intro!: &I)
AOT-show < $L \neq [L]^-$ >
  apply (rule  $=_{df} I(2)[OF\ L\text{-}def]$ )
    apply cqt:2[lambda]
    apply (rule  $\forall E(1)[\text{where } \varphi = \lambda \Pi . \langle\!\langle \Pi \neq [\Pi]^- \rangle\!\rangle]$ )
      apply (rule GEN) apply (fact AOT)
      by cqt:2[lambda]
next
AOT-show < $L \neq E!^-$ >
  apply (rule noneqI)
  using thm-noncont-e-e:3
    not-noncontingent-if-contingent[OF thm-cont-e:5]
  by auto
next
AOT-show < $L \neq E!^-$ >
  apply (rule noneqI)
  using thm-noncont-e-e:3 apply fast
  apply (rule not-noncontingent-if-contingent)
  apply (rule  $\forall E(1)[$ 
    where  $\varphi = \lambda \Pi . \langle\!\langle \text{Contingent}([\Pi]) \equiv \text{Contingent}([\Pi]^-) \rangle\!\rangle$ ,
    rotated, OF contingent-denotes, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ , rotated])
  using thm-cont-prop:3 GEN apply fast
  using thm-cont-e:5 by fast+
next
AOT-show < $[L]^- \neq E!^-$ >
  apply (rule noneqI)
  using thm-noncont-e-e:4 apply fast
  apply (rule not-noncontingent-if-contingent)
  apply (rule  $\forall E(1)[$ 
    where  $\varphi = \lambda \Pi . \langle\!\langle \text{Contingent}([\Pi]) \equiv \text{Contingent}([\Pi]^-) \rangle\!\rangle$ ,
    rotated, OF contingent-denotes, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ , rotated])
  using thm-cont-prop:3 GEN apply fast
  using thm-cont-e:5 by fast+
next
AOT-show < $E! \neq E!^-$ >
  apply (rule  $=_{df} I(2)[OF\ L\text{-}def]$ )
    apply cqt:2[lambda]
    apply (rule  $\forall E(1)[\text{where } \varphi = \lambda \Pi . \langle\!\langle \Pi \neq [\Pi]^- \rangle\!\rangle]$ )
      apply (rule GEN) apply (fact AOT)
      by cqt:2
qed
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem thm-cont-propos:1:
  <NonContingent0(p)  $\equiv$  NonContingent0(((p) $^-$ ))>
proof(rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume <NonContingent0(p)>
  AOT-hence <Necessary0(p)  $\vee$  Impossible0(p)>
    using contingent-properties:3[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
  moreover {
    AOT-assume <Necessary0(p)>
    AOT-hence 1: < $\square p$ >
      using contingent-properties:1[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
    AOT-have < $\square \neg((p)^-)$ >
      by (AOT-subst < $\neg((p)^-)$ > < $p$ >)
        (auto simp add: 1 thm-relation-negation:4)
    AOT-hence <Impossible0(((p) $^-$ ))>
      by (rule contingent-properties:2[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
  }
  moreover {
    AOT-assume <Impossible0(p)>
    AOT-hence 1: < $\square \neg p$ >
      by (rule contingent-properties:2[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ])
  }

```

```

AOT-have  $\square((p)^-)$ 
  by (AOT-subst  $\langle((p)^-) \rangle \langle \neg p \rangle$ )
    (auto simp: 1 thm-relation-negation:3)
AOT-hence  $\langle \text{Necessary}0(((p)^-)) \rangle$ 
  by (rule contingent-properties:1[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
}
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \text{Necessary}0(((p)^-)) \vee \text{Impossible}0(((p)^-)) \rangle$ 
  using  $\vee E(1) \vee I \rightarrow I$  by metis
AOT-thus  $\langle \text{NonContingent}0(((p)^-)) \rangle$ 
  using contingent-properties:3[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] by blast
next
AOT-assume  $\langle \text{NonContingent}0(((p)^-)) \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \text{Necessary}0(((p)^-)) \vee \text{Impossible}0(((p)^-)) \rangle$ 
  using contingent-properties:3[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
moreover {
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Impossible}0(((p)^-)) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 1:  $\langle \square \neg ((p)^-) \rangle$ 
    by (rule contingent-properties:2[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ])
  AOT-have  $\langle \square p \rangle$ 
    by (AOT-subst (reverse)  $\langle p \rangle \langle \neg ((p)^-) \rangle$ )
      (auto simp: 1 thm-relation-negation:4)
  AOT-hence  $\langle \text{Necessary}0(p) \rangle$ 
    using contingent-properties:1[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] by blast
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Necessary}0(((p)^-)) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 1:  $\langle \square ((p)^-) \rangle$ 
    by (rule contingent-properties:1[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ])
  AOT-have  $\langle \square \neg p \rangle$ 
    by (AOT-subst (reverse)  $\langle \neg p \rangle \langle ((p)^-) \rangle$ )
      (auto simp: 1 thm-relation-negation:3)
  AOT-hence  $\langle \text{Impossible}0(p) \rangle$ 
    by (rule contingent-properties:2[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
}
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \text{Necessary}0(p) \vee \text{Impossible}0(p) \rangle$ 
  using  $\vee E(1) \vee I \rightarrow I$  by metis
AOT-thus  $\langle \text{NonContingent}0(p) \rangle$ 
  using contingent-properties:3[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-cont-propos:2}: \langle \text{Contingent}0(\varphi) \equiv \Diamond \varphi \ \& \ \Diamond \neg \varphi \rangle$

proof –

```

AOT-have  $\langle \text{Contingent}0(\varphi) \equiv \neg(\text{Necessary}0(\varphi) \vee \text{Impossible}0(\varphi)) \rangle$ 
  using contingent-properties:4[zero][THEN  $\equiv Df$ ] by simp
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv \neg \text{Necessary}0(\varphi) \ \& \ \neg \text{Impossible}0(\varphi) \rangle$ 
    by (fact AOT)
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv \neg \text{Impossible}0(\varphi) \ \& \ \neg \text{Necessary}0(\varphi) \rangle$ 
    by (fact AOT)
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv \Diamond \varphi \ \& \ \Diamond \neg \varphi \rangle$ 
    apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \Diamond \varphi \rangle \langle \neg \square \neg \varphi \rangle$ )
    apply (simp add: conventions:5  $\equiv Df$ )
    apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \text{Impossible}0(\varphi) \rangle \langle \square \neg \varphi \rangle$ )
    apply (simp add: contingent-properties:2[zero]  $\equiv Df$ )
    apply (AOT-subst (reverse)  $\langle \Diamond \neg \varphi \rangle \langle \neg \square \varphi \rangle$ )
    apply (simp add: KBasic:11)
    apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \text{Necessary}0(\varphi) \rangle \langle \square \varphi \rangle$ )
    apply (simp add: contingent-properties:1[zero]  $\equiv Df$ )
    by (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a)
  finally show ?thesis.
qed

```

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-cont-propos:3}: \langle \text{Contingent}0(p) \equiv \text{Contingent}0(((p)^-)) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \text{Contingent0}(p) \equiv \Diamond p \& \Diamond \neg p \rangle$ **using** thm-cont-propos:2 .
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \Diamond \neg p \& \Diamond p \rangle$ **by** (*fact AOT*)
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \Diamond((p)^-) \& \Diamond p \rangle$
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle ((p)^-) \rangle$ $\langle \neg p \rangle$)
(*auto simp: thm-relation-negation:3 oth-class-taut:3:a*)
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \Diamond((p)^-) \& \Diamond \neg((p)^-) \rangle$
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \neg((p)^-) \rangle$ $\langle p \rangle$)
(*auto simp: thm-relation-negation:4 oth-class-taut:3:a*)
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \text{Contingent0}(((p)^-)) \rangle$
using $\text{thm-cont-propos:2[symmetric]}$ **by** *blast*
finally show *?thesis*.
qed

AOT-define *noncontingent-prop* :: $\langle \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle p_0 \rangle$)
p₀-def: $(p_0) =_{df} (\forall x (E!x \rightarrow E!x))$

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-noncont-propos:1: } \langle \text{Necessary0}((p_0)) \rangle$
proof(rule contingent-properties:1[zero][THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])
AOT-show $\langle \Box(p_0) \rangle$
apply (rule $=_{df} I(2)$ [OF *p₀-def*])
using log-prop-prop:2 **apply** simp
using if-p-then-p RN GEN **by** fast
qed

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-noncont-propos:2: } \langle \text{Impossible0}(((p_0)^-)) \rangle$
proof(rule contingent-properties:2[zero][THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])
AOT-show $\langle \Box \neg((p_0)^-) \rangle$
apply (*AOT-subst* $\langle ((p_0)^-) \rangle$ $\langle \neg p_0 \rangle$)
using thm-relation-negation:3 GEN $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF log-prop-prop:2}]$
apply fast
apply (*AOT-subst* (reverse) $\langle \neg \neg p_0 \rangle$ $\langle p_0 \rangle$)
apply (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:b)
apply (rule $=_{df} I(2)$ [OF *p₀-def*])
using log-prop-prop:2 **apply** simp
using if-p-then-p RN GEN **by** fast
qed

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-noncont-propos:3: } \langle \text{NonContingent0}((p_0)) \rangle$
apply(rule contingent-properties:3[zero][THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])
using thm-noncont-propos:1 $\vee I$ **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-noncont-propos:4: } \langle \text{NonContingent0}(((p_0)^-)) \rangle$
apply(rule contingent-properties:3[zero][THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])
using thm-noncont-propos:2 $\vee I$ **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem $\text{thm-noncont-propos:5: }$
 $\langle \exists p \exists q (\text{NonContingent0}((p)) \& \text{NonContingent0}((q)) \& p \neq q) \rangle$
proof(rule $\exists I$)+
AOT-have 0: $\langle \varphi \neq (\varphi)^- \rangle$ **for** φ
using thm-relation-negation:6 $\forall I$
 $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF log-prop-prop:2}]$ **by** fast
AOT-thus $\langle \text{NonContingent0}((p_0)) \& \text{NonContingent0}(((p_0)^-)) \& (p_0) \neq (p_0)^- \rangle$
using thm-noncont-propos:3 thm-noncont-propos:4 &I **by** auto
qed(auto simp: log-prop-prop:2)

AOT-act-theorem *no-cnac*: $\langle \neg \exists x (E!x \& \neg \mathcal{A}E!x) \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume $\langle \exists x (E!x \& \neg \mathcal{A}E!x) \rangle$
then AOT-obtain *a* **where** *a*: $\langle E!a \& \neg \mathcal{A}E!a \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \neg E!a \rangle$
using &E logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \neg E!a \rangle$

```

using logic-actual[act-axiom-inst, THEN →E] by blast
AOT-hence ⟨E!a & ¬E!a⟩
  using a & E & I by blast
AOT-thus ⟨p & ¬p⟩ for p using raa-cor:1 by blast
qed

AOT-theorem pos-not-pna:1: ⟨¬A∃ x (E!x & ¬AE!x)⟩
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume ⟨A∃ x (E!x & ¬AE!x)⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨∃ x A(E!x & ¬AE!x)⟩
    using Act-Basic:10[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
  then AOT-obtain a where ⟨A(E!a & ¬AE!a)⟩
    using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
  AOT-hence 1: ⟨AE!a & A¬AE!a⟩
    using Act-Basic:2[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
  AOT-hence ⟨¬AAE!a⟩
    using &E(2) logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst, THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
  AOT-hence ⟨¬AE!a⟩
    using logic-actual-nec:4[axiom-inst, THEN ≡E(1)] RAA by blast
  AOT-thus ⟨p & ¬p⟩ for p using 1[THEN &E(1)] &I raa-cor:1 by blast
qed

AOT-theorem pos-not-pna:2: ⟨◊¬∃ x (E!x & ¬AE!x)⟩
proof (rule RAA(1))
  AOT-show ⟨¬A∃ x (E!x & ¬AE!x)⟩
    using pos-not-pna:1 by blast
next
  AOT-assume ⟨¬◊¬∃ x (E!x & ¬AE!x)⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨□∃ x (E!x & ¬AE!x)⟩
    using KBasic:12[THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
  AOT-thus ⟨A∃ x (E!x & ¬AE!x)⟩
    using nec-imp-act[THEN →E] by blast
qed

AOT-theorem pos-not-pna:3: ⟨∃ x (◊E!x & ¬AE!x)⟩
proof –
  AOT-obtain a where ⟨◊(E!a & ¬AE!a)⟩
    using qml:4[axiom-inst] BF◊[THEN →E] ∃ E[rotated] by blast
  AOT-hence θ: ⟨◊E!a⟩ and ξ: ⟨◊¬AE!a⟩
    using KBasic:3[THEN →E] &E by blast+
  AOT-have ⟨¬□AE!a⟩
    using ξ KBasic:11[THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
  AOT-hence ⟨¬AE!a⟩
    using Act-Basic:6[THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)],
      THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
  AOT-hence ⟨◊E!a & ¬AE!a⟩ using θ &I by blast
  thus ?thesis using ∃ I by fast
qed

AOT-define contingent-prop :: φ (⟨q₀⟩)
  q₀-def: ⟨(q₀) =df (∃ x (E!x & ¬AE!x))⟩

AOT-theorem q₀-prop: ⟨◊q₀ & ◊¬q₀⟩
  apply (rule =df I(2)[OF q₀-def])
  apply (fact log-prop-prop:2)
  apply (rule &I)
  apply (fact qml:4[axiom-inst])
  by (fact pos-not-pna:2)

AOT-theorem basic-prop:1: ⟨Contingent0((q₀))⟩
proof(rule contingent-properties:4[zero][THEN ≡ₐₑ I])
  AOT-have ⟨¬Necessary0((q₀)) & ¬Impossible0((q₀))⟩
  proof (rule &I;

```

```

rule =df I(2)[OF q0-def];
  (rule log-prop-prop:2 | rule raa-cor:2))
AOT-assume <Necessary0( $\exists x (E!x \& \neg\mathbf{A}E!x)$ )>
AOT-hence < $\square\exists x (E!x \& \neg\mathbf{A}E!x)$ >
  using contingent-properties:1[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
AOT-hence < $\mathbf{A}\exists x (E!x \& \neg\mathbf{A}E!x)$ >
  using Act-Basic:8[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
AOT-thus < $\mathbf{A}\exists x (E!x \& \neg\mathbf{A}E!x) \& \neg\mathbf{A}\exists x (E!x \& \neg\mathbf{A}E!x)$ >
  using pos-not-pna:1 & I by blast
next
AOT-assume <Impossible0( $\exists x (E!x \& \neg\mathbf{A}E!x)$ )>
AOT-hence < $\square\neg(\exists x (E!x \& \neg\mathbf{A}E!x))$ >
  using contingent-properties:2[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
AOT-hence < $\neg\Diamond(\exists x (E!x \& \neg\mathbf{A}E!x))$ >
  using KBasic2:1[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
AOT-thus < $\Diamond(\exists x (E!x \& \neg\mathbf{A}E!x)) \& \neg\Diamond(\exists x (E!x \& \neg\mathbf{A}E!x))$ >
  using qml:4[axiom-inst] & I by blast
qed
AOT-thus < $\neg(Necessary0((q_0)) \vee Impossible0((q_0)))$ >
  using oth-class-taut:5:d  $\equiv E(2)$  by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem basic-prop:2: < $\exists p Contingent0((p))$ >
 using $\exists I(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2]$ basic-prop:1 by blast

AOT-theorem basic-prop:3: < $Contingent0(((q_0)^-))$ >
 apply (AOT-subst < $((q_0)^-)$ > < $\neg q_0$ >)
 apply (insert thm-relation-negation:3 $\forall I$
 $\forall E(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2]; fast$)
 apply (rule contingent-properties:4[zero][THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])
 apply (rule oth-class-taut:5:d[THEN $\equiv E(2)$])
 apply (rule &I)
 apply (rule contingent-properties:1[zero][THEN df-rules-formulas[3],
 THEN useful-tautologies:5[THEN $\rightarrow E$], THEN $\rightarrow E$])
 apply (rule conventions:5[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$])
 apply (rule =_{df} E(2)[OF q0-def])
 apply (rule log-prop-prop:2)
 apply (rule q0-prop[THEN & E(1)])
 apply (rule contingent-properties:2[zero][THEN df-rules-formulas[3],
 THEN useful-tautologies:5[THEN $\rightarrow E$], THEN $\rightarrow E$])
 apply (rule conventions:5[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$])
 by (rule q0-prop[THEN & E(2)])

AOT-theorem basic-prop:4:
 < $\exists p \exists q (p \neq q \& Contingent0(p) \& Contingent0(q))$ >
proof(rule $\exists I$)+
 AOT-have 0: < $\varphi \neq (\varphi)^-$ for φ
 using thm-relation-negation:6 $\forall I$
 $\forall E(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2]$ by fast
 AOT-show < $(q_0) \neq (q_0)^- \& Contingent0(q_0) \& Contingent0(((q_0)^-))$ >
 using basic-prop:1 basic-prop:3 & I 0 by presburger
qed(auto simp: log-prop-prop:2)

AOT-theorem proposition-facts:1:
 < $\neg NonContingent0(p) \rightarrow \neg\exists q (Contingent0(q) \& q = p)$ >
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:2)
 AOT-assume < $\neg NonContingent0(p)$ >
 AOT-hence 1: < $Necessary0(p) \vee Impossible0(p)$ >
 using contingent-properties:3[zero][THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] by blast
 AOT-assume < $\exists q (Contingent0(q) \& q = p)$ >
 then AOT-obtain q where < $Contingent0(q) \& q = p$ >
 using $\exists E[rotated]$ by blast
 AOT-hence < $Contingent0(p)$ >

```

using rule=E &E by fast
AOT-thus <(Necessary0(p) ∨ Impossible0(p)) &
    ¬(Necessary0(p) ∨ Impossible0(p))>
using contingent-properties:4[zero][THEN ≡df E] 1 &I by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem proposition-facts:2:

```

<Contingent0(p) → ¬∃ q (NonContingent0(q) & q = p)>
proof(rule →I; rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume <Contingent0(p)>
AOT-hence 1: <¬(Necessary0(p) ∨ Impossible0(p))>
    using contingent-properties:4[zero][THEN ≡df E] by blast
AOT-assume <∃ q (NonContingent0(q) & q = p)>
then AOT-obtain q where <NonContingent0(q) & q = p>
    using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-hence <NonContingent0(p)>
    using rule=E &E by fast
AOT-thus <(Necessary0(p) ∨ Impossible0(p)) &
    ¬(Necessary0(p) ∨ Impossible0(p))>
    using contingent-properties:3[zero][THEN ≡df E] 1 &I by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem proposition-facts:3:

```

<(p0) ≠ (p0)- & (p0) ≠ (q0) & (p0) ≠ (q0)- & (p0)- ≠ (q0)- & (q0) ≠ (q0)->

```

proof –

```

{
    fix χ φ ψ
    AOT-assume <χ{φ}>
    moreover AOT-assume <¬χ{ψ}>
    ultimately AOT-have <¬(χ{φ} ≡ χ{ψ})>
        using RAA ≡E by metis
    moreover {
        AOT-have <∀ p ∀ q ((¬(χ{p}) ≡ χ{q})) → p ≠ q)>
            by (rule ∀ I; rule ∀ I; rule pos-not-equiv-ne:4[zero])
        AOT-hence <((¬(χ{φ}) ≡ χ{ψ})) → φ ≠ ψ)>
            using ∀ E log-prop-prop:2 by blast
    }
    ultimately AOT-have <φ ≠ ψ>
        using →E by blast
}
note 0 = this
AOT-have contingent-neg: <Contingent0(φ) ≡ Contingent0(((φ)-))> for φ
using thm-cont-propos:3 ∀ I
    ∀ E(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2] by fast
AOT-have not-noncontingent-if-contingent:
    <¬NonContingent0(φ)> if <Contingent0(φ)> for φ
    apply (rule contingent-properties:3[zero][THEN ≡Df,
        THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)], THEN ≡E(2)])]
    using that contingent-properties:4[zero][THEN ≡df E] by blast
show ?thesis
    apply (rule &I)+
    using thm-relation-negation:6 ∀ I
        ∀ E(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2]
            apply fast
            apply (rule 0)
    using thm-noncont-propos:3 apply fast
        apply (rule not-noncontingent-if-contingent)
        apply (fact AOT)
        apply (rule 0)
    apply (rule thm-noncont-propos:3)
        apply (rule not-noncontingent-if-contingent)
        apply (rule contingent-neg[THEN ≡E(1)])
        apply (fact AOT)
        apply (rule 0)

```

```

apply (rule thm-noncont-propos:4)
  apply (rule not-noncontingent-if-contingent)
  apply (rule contingent-neg[THEN ≡E(1)])
  apply (fact AOT)
  using thm-relation-negation:6  $\forall I$ 
     $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF log-prop-prop:2}]$  by fast
qed

AOT-define ContingentlyTrue ::  $\langle \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \text{ContingentlyTrue}'(-') \rangle)$ 
cont-tf:1:  $\langle \text{ContingentlyTrue}(p) \equiv_{df} p \& \Diamond \neg p \rangle$ 

AOT-define ContingentlyFalse ::  $\langle \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \text{ContingentlyFalse}'(-') \rangle)$ 
cont-tf:2:  $\langle \text{ContingentlyFalse}(p) \equiv_{df} \neg p \& \Diamond p \rangle$ 

AOT-theorem cont-true-cont:1:
   $\langle \text{ContingentlyTrue}((p)) \rightarrow \text{Contingent0}((p)) \rangle$ 
proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{ContingentlyTrue}((p)) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 1:  $\langle \neg p \rangle$  and 2:  $\langle \Diamond \neg p \rangle$  using cont-tf:1[THEN ≡_{df} E] & E by blast+
  AOT-have  $\langle \neg \text{Necessary0}((p)) \rangle$ 
  apply (rule contingent-properties:1[zero][THEN ≡Df,
    THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)], THEN ≡E(2)])
  using 2 KBasic:11[THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg \text{Impossible0}((p)) \rangle$ 
  apply (rule contingent-properties:2[zero][THEN ≡Df,
    THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)], THEN ≡E(2)])
  apply (rule conventions:5[THEN ≡_{df} E])
  using TDiamond[THEN →E, OF 1].
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \neg (\text{Necessary0}((p)) \vee \text{Impossible0}((p))) \rangle$ 
  using DeMorgan(2)[THEN ≡E(2)] & I by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \text{Contingent0}((p)) \rangle$ 
  using contingent-properties:4[zero][THEN ≡_{df} I] by blast
qed

AOT-theorem cont-true-cont:2:
   $\langle \text{ContingentlyFalse}((p)) \rightarrow \text{Contingent0}((p)) \rangle$ 
proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{ContingentlyFalse}((p)) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 1:  $\langle \neg p \rangle$  and 2:  $\langle \Diamond p \rangle$  using cont-tf:2[THEN ≡_{df} E] & E by blast+
  AOT-have  $\langle \neg \text{Necessary0}((p)) \rangle$ 
  apply (rule contingent-properties:1[zero][THEN ≡Df,
    THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)], THEN ≡E(2)])
  using KBasic:11[THEN ≡E(2)] TDiamond[THEN →E, OF 1] by blast
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg \text{Impossible0}((p)) \rangle$ 
  apply (rule contingent-properties:2[zero][THEN ≡Df,
    THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)], THEN ≡E(2)])
  apply (rule conventions:5[THEN ≡_{df} E])
  using 2.
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \neg (\text{Necessary0}((p)) \vee \text{Impossible0}((p))) \rangle$ 
  using DeMorgan(2)[THEN ≡E(2)] & I by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \text{Contingent0}((p)) \rangle$ 
  using contingent-properties:4[zero][THEN ≡_{df} I] by blast
qed

AOT-theorem cont-true-cont:3:
   $\langle \text{ContingentlyTrue}((p)) \equiv \text{ContingentlyFalse}((p^-)) \rangle$ 
proof(rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{ContingentlyTrue}((p)) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 0:  $\langle p \& \Diamond \neg p \rangle$  using cont-tf:1[THEN ≡_{df} E] by blast
  AOT-have 1:  $\langle \text{ContingentlyFalse}(\neg p) \rangle$ 
  apply (rule cont-tf:2[THEN ≡_{df} I])
  apply (AOT-subst (reverse)  $\langle \neg \neg p \rangle p$ )
  by (auto simp: oth-class-taut:3:b 0)

```

```

AOT-show <ContingentlyFalse(((p)-))>
  apply (AOT-subst <((p)-)> < $\neg p$ >)
  by (auto simp: thm-relation-negation:3 1)
next
  AOT-assume 1: <ContingentlyFalse(((p)-))>
  AOT-have <ContingentlyFalse( $\neg p$ )>
    by (AOT-subst (reverse) < $\neg p$ > <((p)-)>)
      (auto simp: thm-relation-negation:3 1)
  AOT-hence < $\neg\neg p \And \Diamond\neg p$ > using cont-tf:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
  AOT-hence < $p \And \Diamond\neg p$ >
    using &I &E useful-tautologies:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by metis
  AOT-thus <ContingentlyTrue((p))>
    using cont-tf:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] by blast
qed

AOT-theorem cont-true-cont:4:
<ContingentlyFalse((p))  $\equiv$  ContingentlyTrue(((p)-))>
proof(rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume <ContingentlyFalse(p)>
  AOT-hence 0: < $\neg p \And \Diamond p$ >
    using cont-tf:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
  AOT-have < $\neg p \And \Diamond\neg\neg p$ >
    by (AOT-subst (reverse) < $\neg\neg p$ > p)
      (auto simp: oth-class-taut:3:b 0)
  AOT-hence 1: <ContingentlyTrue( $\neg p$ )>
    by (rule cont-tf:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
  AOT-show <ContingentlyTrue(((p)-))>
    by (AOT-subst <((p)-)> < $\neg p$ >)
      (auto simp: thm-relation-negation:3 1)
next
  AOT-assume 1: <ContingentlyTrue(((p)-))>
  AOT-have <ContingentlyTrue( $\neg p$ )>
    by (AOT-subst (reverse) < $\neg p$ > <((p)-)>)
      (auto simp add: thm-relation-negation:3 1)
  AOT-hence 2: < $\neg p \And \Diamond\neg\neg p$ > using cont-tf:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
  AOT-have < $\Diamond p$ >
    by (AOT-subst p < $\neg\neg p$ >)
      (auto simp add: oth-class-taut:3:b 2[THEN &E(2)])
  AOT-hence < $\neg p \And \Diamond p$ > using 2[THEN &E(1)] &I by blast
  AOT-thus <ContingentlyFalse(p)>
    by (rule cont-tf:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
qed

AOT-theorem cont-true-cont:5:
<(ContingentlyTrue((p)) & Necessary0((q)))  $\rightarrow$  p  $\neq$  q>
proof (rule  $\rightarrow I$ ; frule &E(1); drule &E(2); rule raa-cor:1)
  AOT-assume <ContingentlyTrue((p))>
  AOT-hence < $\Diamond\neg p$ >
    using cont-tf:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast
  AOT-hence 0: < $\neg\Box p$ > using KBasic:11[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] by blast
  AOT-assume <Necessary0((q))>
  moreover AOT-assume < $\neg(p \neq q)$ >
  AOT-hence < $p = q$ >
    using =-infix[THEN  $\equiv Df$ ,
      THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ],
      THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ]
      useful-tautologies:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
  ultimately AOT-have <Necessary0((p))> using rule=E id-sym by blast
  AOT-hence < $\Box p$ >
    using contingent-properties:1[zero][THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
  AOT-thus < $\Box p \And \neg\Box p$ > using 0 &I by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem *cont-true-cont:6*:
 $\langle \text{ContingentlyFalse}((p)) \& \text{Impossible0}((q)) \rangle \rightarrow p \neq q$

proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *frule* &*E*(1); *drule* &*E*(2); *rule raa-cor:1*)

AOT-assume $\langle \text{ContingentlyFalse}((p)) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond p \rangle$

using *cont-tf:2*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$] &*E* **by** *blast*

AOT-hence 1: $\langle \neg \Box \neg p \rangle$

using *conventions:5*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$] **by** *blast*

AOT-assume $\langle \text{Impossible0}((q)) \rangle$

moreover AOT-assume $\langle \neg(p \neq q) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle p = q \rangle$

using *=-infix*[*THEN* $\equiv Df$,
 $\text{THEN } oth\text{-class-taut:4;b[THEN } \equiv E(1)\text{]},$
 $\text{THEN } \equiv E(1)$]
useful-tautologies:1[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$] **by** *blast*

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \text{Impossible0}((p)) \rangle$ **using** *rule=E id-sym* **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \Box \neg p \rangle$

using *contingent-properties:2*[*zero*][*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$] **by** *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle \Box \neg p \& \neg \Box \neg p \rangle$ **using** 1 &*I* **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-act-theorem *q0cf:1*: $\langle \text{ContingentlyFalse}(q_0) \rangle$

apply (*rule cont-tf:2*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} I$])

apply (*rule* $=_{df} I(2)[*OF q0-def*])$

apply (*fact log-prop-prop:2*)

apply (*rule &I*)

apply (*fact no-cnac*)

by (*fact qml:4*[*axiom-inst*])

AOT-act-theorem *q0cf:2*: $\langle \text{ContingentlyTrue}((q_0)^-) \rangle$

apply (*rule cont-tf:1*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} I$])

apply (*rule* $=_{df} I(2)[*OF q0-def*])$

apply (*fact log-prop-prop:2*)

apply (*rule &I*)

apply (*rule thm-relation-negation:3*
 $[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN \equiv E(2)]$)

apply (*fact no-cnac*)

apply (*rule rule=E*[*rotated*,
OF thm-relation-negation:7
 $[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN id-sym]]$)

apply (*AOT-subst* (*reverse*) $\langle \neg(\exists x (E!x \& \neg \mathbf{A}E!x)) \rangle \langle \exists x (E!x \& \neg \mathbf{A}E!x) \rangle$)

by (*auto simp: oth-class-taut:3;b qml:4*[*axiom-inst*])

AOT-theorem *cont-tf-thm:1*: $\langle \exists p \text{ ContingentlyTrue}(p) \rangle$

proof (*rule* $\vee E(1)$ [*OF exc-mid*]; *rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\exists I$)

AOT-assume $\langle q_0 \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle q_0 \& \Diamond \neg q_0 \rangle$ **using** *q0-prop*[*THEN* &*E*(2)] &*I* **by** *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle \text{ContingentlyTrue}(q_0) \rangle$

by (*rule cont-tf:1*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} I$])

next

AOT-assume $\langle \neg q_0 \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \neg q_0 \& \Diamond q_0 \rangle$ **using** *q0-prop*[*THEN* &*E*(1)] &*I* **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \text{ContingentlyFalse}(q_0) \rangle$

by (*rule cont-tf:2*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} I$])

AOT-thus $\langle \text{ContingentlyTrue}((q_0)^-) \rangle$

by (*rule cont-true-cont:4*[*unvarify p*,
OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$])

qed (*auto simp: log-prop-prop:2*)

AOT-theorem *cont-tf-thm:2*: $\langle \exists p \text{ ContingentlyFalse}(p) \rangle$

proof (*rule* $\vee E(1)$ [*OF exc-mid*]; *rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\exists I$)

AOT-assume $\langle q_0 \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle q_0 \& \Diamond \neg q_0 \rangle$ **using** $q_0\text{-prop}[THEN \& E(2)] \& I$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle ContingentlyTrue(q_0) \rangle$
 by (*rule cont-tf:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]*)
AOT-thus $\langle ContingentlyFalse((q_0^-)) \rangle$
 by (*rule cont-true-cont:3[unvarify p,*
 OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$])
next
 AOT-assume $\langle \neg q_0 \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \neg q_0 \& \Diamond q_0 \rangle$ **using** $q_0\text{-prop}[THEN \& E(1)] \& I$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-thus $\langle ContingentlyFalse(q_0) \rangle$
 by (*rule cont-tf:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]*)
qed(*auto simp: log-prop-prop:2*)

AOT-theorem *property-facts1:1:* $\langle \exists F \exists x ([F]x \& \Diamond \neg [F]x) \rangle$
proof –
 fix x
 AOT-obtain p_1 **where** $\langle ContingentlyTrue((p_1)) \rangle$
 using *cont-tf-thm:1* $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $1: \langle p_1 \& \Diamond \neg p_1 \rangle$ **using** *cont-tf:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]* **by** *blast*
 AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-have $\langle \text{for arbitrary } p: \vdash_{\Box} ([\lambda z p]x \equiv p) \rangle$
 by (*rule beta-C-cor:3[THEN $\forall E(2)$]*) *cqt-2-lambda-inst-prover*
 AOT-hence $\langle \text{for arbitrary } p: \vdash_{\Box} \Box ([\lambda z p]x \equiv p) \rangle$
 by (*rule RN*)
 AOT-hence $\langle \forall p \Box ([\lambda z p]x \equiv p) \rangle$ **using** *GEN* **by** *fast*
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box ([\lambda z p_1]x \equiv p_1) \rangle$ **using** $\forall E$ **by** *fast*
 } **note** $\mathcal{Q} = \text{this}$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box ([\lambda z p_1]x \equiv p_1) \rangle$ **using** $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda z p_1]x \rangle$
 using *I[THEN & E(1)] qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$]* $\equiv E(2)$ **by** *blast*
 moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \Diamond \neg [\lambda z p_1]x \rangle$
 using *2[THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$]]*
 apply (*AOT-subst* $\langle [\lambda z p_1]x \rangle \langle p_1 \rangle$)
 using *I[THEN & E(2)]* **by** *blast*
 ultimately AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z p_1]x \& \Diamond \neg [\lambda z p_1]x \rangle$ **using** $\& I$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle \exists x ([\lambda z p_1]x \& \Diamond \neg [\lambda z p_1]x) \rangle$ **using** $\exists I(\mathcal{Q})$ **by** *fast*
 moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z p_1] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** *cqt:2[lambda]*
 ultimately AOT-show $\langle \exists F \exists x ([F]x \& \Diamond \neg [F]x) \rangle$ **by** (*rule* $\exists I(1)$)
qed

AOT-theorem *property-facts1:2:* $\langle \exists F \exists x (\neg [F]x \& \Diamond [F]x) \rangle$
proof –
 fix x
 AOT-obtain p_1 **where** $\langle ContingentlyFalse((p_1)) \rangle$
 using *cont-tf-thm:2* $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $1: \langle \neg p_1 \& \Diamond p_1 \rangle$ **using** *cont-tf:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]* **by** *blast*
 AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-have $\langle \text{for arbitrary } p: \vdash_{\Box} ([\lambda z p]x \equiv p) \rangle$
 by (*rule beta-C-cor:3[THEN $\forall E(2)$]*) *cqt-2-lambda-inst-prover*
 AOT-hence $\langle \text{for arbitrary } p: \vdash_{\Box} (\neg [\lambda z p]x \equiv \neg p) \rangle$
 using *oth-class-taut:4:b* $\equiv E$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle \text{for arbitrary } p: \vdash_{\Box} \Box (\neg [\lambda z p]x \equiv \neg p) \rangle$
 by (*rule RN*)
 AOT-hence $\langle \forall p \Box (\neg [\lambda z p]x \equiv \neg p) \rangle$ **using** *GEN* **by** *fast*
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box (\neg [\lambda z p_1]x \equiv \neg p_1) \rangle$ **using** $\forall E$ **by** *fast*
 } **note** $\mathcal{Q} = \text{this}$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box (\neg [\lambda z p_1]x \equiv \neg p_1) \rangle$ **using** $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $3: \langle \neg [\lambda z p_1]x \rangle$
 using *I[THEN & E(1)] qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$]* $\equiv E(2)$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-have $\langle \text{for arbitrary } p: \vdash_{\Box} ([\lambda z p]x \equiv p) \rangle$
 by (*rule beta-C-cor:3[THEN $\forall E(2)$]*) *cqt-2-lambda-inst-prover*
 AOT-hence $\langle \text{for arbitrary } p: \vdash_{\Box} \Box ([\lambda z p]x \equiv p) \rangle$

```

    by (rule RN)
AOT-hence <math>\forall p \square([\lambda z p]x \equiv p)> using GEN by fast
AOT-hence <math>\square([\lambda z p_1]x \equiv p_1)> using <math>\forall E</math> by fast
} note 4 = this
AOT-have <math>\Diamond[\lambda z p_1]x>
using 4[THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E]]
apply (AOT-subst <math>[\lambda z p_1]x</math> <math>p_1</math>)
using 1[THEN &E(2)] by blast
AOT-hence <math>\neg[\lambda z p_1]x \& \Diamond[\lambda z p_1]x> using &I by blast
AOT-hence <math>\exists x (\neg[\lambda z p_1]x \& \Diamond[\lambda z p_1]x)> using \exists I(2) by fast
moreover AOT-have <math>[\lambda z p_1]\downarrow</math> by cqt:2[lambda]
ultimately AOT-show <math>\exists F \exists x (\neg[F]x \& \Diamond[F]x)> by (rule \exists I(1))
qed

```

```

context
begin

```

```

private AOT-lemma eqnotnec-123-Aux-ζ: <math>[L]x \equiv (E!x \rightarrow E!x)>
apply (rule =_df I(2)[OF L-def])
apply cqt:2[lambda]
apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E])
by cqt:2[lambda]

```

```

private AOT-lemma eqnotnec-123-Aux-ω: <math>[\lambda z \varphi]x \equiv \varphi>
by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E]) cqt:2[lambda]

```

```

private AOT-lemma eqnotnec-123-Aux-θ: <math>\varphi \equiv \forall x ([L]x \equiv [\lambda z \varphi]x)>
proof(rule ≡I; rule →I; (rule ∀I) ?)
fix x
AOT-assume 1: <math>\varphi</math>
AOT-have <math>[L]x \equiv (E!x \rightarrow E!x)> using eqnotnec-123-Aux-ζ.
also AOT-have <math>\dots \equiv \varphi</math>
using if-p-then-p 1 ≡I →I by simp
also AOT-have <math>\dots \equiv [\lambda z \varphi]x>
using Commutativity of ≡[THEN ≡E(1)] eqnotnec-123-Aux-ω by blast
finally AOT-show <math>[L]x \equiv [\lambda z \varphi]x>.

```

next

```

fix x
AOT-assume <math>\forall x ([L]x \equiv [\lambda z \varphi]x)>
AOT-hence <math>[L]x \equiv [\lambda z \varphi]x</math> using <math>\forall E</math> by blast
also AOT-have <math>\dots \equiv \varphi</math> using eqnotnec-123-Aux-ω.
finally AOT-have <math>\varphi \equiv [L]x</math>
using Commutativity of ≡[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
also AOT-have <math>\dots \equiv E!x \rightarrow E!x</math> using eqnotnec-123-Aux-ζ.
finally AOT-show <math>\varphi</math> using ≡E if-p-then-p by fast

```

qed

```

private lemmas eqnotnec-123-Aux-ξ =
eqnotnec-123-Aux-θ[THEN oth-class-taut:4;b[THEN ≡E(1)],
THEN conventions:3[THEN ≡Df, THEN ≡E(1), THEN &E(1)],
THEN RM◊]

```

```

private lemmas eqnotnec-123-Aux-ξ' =
eqnotnec-123-Aux-θ[
THEN conventions:3[THEN ≡Df, THEN ≡E(1), THEN &E(1)],
THEN RM◊]

```

```

AOT-theorem eqnotnec:1: <math>\exists F \exists G (\forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x))>
proof-

```

```

AOT-obtain p1 where <math>\text{ContingentlyTrue}(p_1)>
using cont-tf-thm:1 ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-hence <math>p_1 \& \Diamond \neg p_1> using cont-tf:1[THEN ≡_df E] by blast
AOT-hence <math>\forall x ([L]x \equiv [\lambda z p_1]x) \& \Diamond \neg \forall x ([L]x \equiv [\lambda z p_1]x)>
apply – apply (rule &I)
using &E eqnotnec-123-Aux-θ[THEN ≡E(1)]

```

$\text{eqnotnec-123-Aux-}\xi \rightarrow E$ by fast+

AOT-hence $\langle \exists G (\forall x([L]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \neg \forall x([L]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
 by (rule $\exists I$) cqt:2[lambda]

AOT-thus $\langle \exists F \exists G (\forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \neg \forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
 apply (rule $\exists I$)

 by (rule $=_{df} I(2)[OF\ L\text{-def}]$) cqt:2[lambda]+

qed

AOT-theorem eqnotnec:2: $\langle \exists F \exists G (\neg \forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
proof-

AOT-obtain p_1 where $\langle \text{ContingentlyFalse}(p_1) \rangle$
 using cont-tf-thm:2 $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \neg p_1 \& \Diamond p_1 \rangle$ using cont-tf:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \neg \forall x ([L]x \equiv [\lambda z p_1]x) \& \Diamond \forall x ([L]x \equiv [\lambda z p_1]x) \rangle$
 apply – apply (rule &I)

 using eqnotnec-123-Aux- ϑ [THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN $\equiv E(1)$],
 THEN $\equiv E(1)$]
 &E eqnotnec-123-Aux- ξ' $\rightarrow E$ by fast+

AOT-hence $\langle \exists G (\neg \forall x([L]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \forall x([L]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
 by (rule $\exists I$) cqt:2[lambda]

AOT-thus $\langle \exists F \exists G (\neg \forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
 apply (rule $\exists I$)

 by (rule $=_{df} I(2)[OF\ L\text{-def}]$) cqt:2[lambda]+

qed

AOT-theorem eqnotnec:3: $\langle \exists F \exists G (\mathcal{A} \neg \forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
proof-

AOT-have $\langle \neg \mathcal{A} q_0 \rangle$
 apply (rule $=_{df} I(2)[OF\ q_0\text{-def}]$)

 apply (fact log-prop-prop:2)

 by (fact AOT)

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \neg q_0 \rangle$
 using logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \neg \forall x ([L]x \equiv [\lambda z q_0]x) \rangle$
 using eqnotnec-123-Aux- ϑ [THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN $\equiv E(1)$],
 THEN conventions:3[THEN $\equiv Df$, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, THEN &E(1)],
 THEN RA[2], THEN act-cond[THEN $\rightarrow E$], THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast

moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \Diamond \forall x ([L]x \equiv [\lambda z q_0]x) \rangle$
 using eqnotnec-123-Aux- ξ' [THEN $\rightarrow E$] qo-prop[THEN &E(1)] by blast

ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A} \neg \forall x ([L]x \equiv [\lambda z q_0]x) \& \Diamond \forall x ([L]x \equiv [\lambda z q_0]x) \rangle$
 using &I by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \exists G (\mathcal{A} \neg \forall x([L]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \forall x([L]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
 by (rule $\exists I$) cqt:2[lambda]

AOT-thus $\langle \exists F \exists G (\mathcal{A} \neg \forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
 apply (rule $\exists I$)

 by (rule $=_{df} I(2)[OF\ L\text{-def}]$) cqt:2[lambda]+

qed

end

AOT-theorem eqnotnec:4: $\langle \forall F \exists G (\forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \neg \forall x([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
proof(rule GEN)

 fix F

AOT-have Aux-A: $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \psi \rightarrow \forall x([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x) \rangle$ for ψ

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; rule GEN)

AOT-modally-strict {

 fix x

AOT-assume $0: \langle \psi \rangle$

AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [F]x \& \psi \rangle$

 by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$]) cqt:2[lambda]

also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv [F]x \rangle$

 apply (rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)

 using $\vee E(3)[\text{rotated}, OF\ useful\text{-tautologies:2[THEN } \rightarrow E\text{]}, OF\ 0] \& E$

```

apply blast
using 0 &I by blast
finally AOT-show <[F]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ]x>
using Commutativity of ≡[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
}
qed

AOT-have Aux-B: <†□ ψ → ∀x([F]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]x)> for ψ
proof (rule →I; rule GEN)
AOT-modally-strict {
  fix x
  AOT-assume 0: <ψ>
  AOT-have <[λz ([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ]x ≡ (([F]x & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ)>
    by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E]) cqt:2[lambda]
  also AOT-have <... ≡ [F]x>
    apply (rule ≡I; rule →I)
    using ∨E(3)[rotated, OF useful-tautologies:2[THEN →E], OF 0]
      &E
    apply blast
    apply (rule ∨I(1)) using 0 &I by blast
    finally AOT-show <[λz ([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ]x>
      using Commutativity of ≡[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
}
qed

AOT-have Aux-C:
<†□ ◊¬ψ → ◊¬∀z([λz [F]z & ψ]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]z)> for ψ
proof(rule RM◊; rule →I; rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-assume 0: <¬ψ>
  AOT-assume <∀z ([λz [F]z & ψ]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]z)>
  AOT-hence <[λz [F]z & ψ]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]z> for z
    using ∀E by blast
  moreover AOT-have <[λz [F]z & ψ]z ≡ [F]z & ψ> for z
    by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E]) cqt:2[lambda]
  moreover AOT-have <[λz ([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ]z ≡ (([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ)> for z
    by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E]) cqt:2[lambda]
  ultimately AOT-have <[F]z & ψ ≡ (([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ)> for z
    using Commutativity of ≡[THEN ≡E(1)] ≡E(5) by meson
  moreover AOT-have <(([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ)> for z using 0 ∨I by blast
  ultimately AOT-have <ψ> using ≡E &E by metis
  AOT-thus <ψ & ¬ψ> using 0 &I by blast
}
qed

AOT-have Aux-D: <□∀z ([F]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ]z) →
  (<◊¬∀x ([λz [F]z & ψ]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]x) ≡
   ◊¬∀x ([F]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]x))> for ψ
proof (rule →I)
  AOT-assume A: <□∀z([F]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ]z)>
  AOT-show <◊¬∀x ([λz [F]z & ψ]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]x) ≡
    ◊¬∀x ([F]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]x)>
proof(rule ≡I; rule KBasic:13[THEN →E];
  rule RN[prem][where Γ={«∀z([F]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ]z)», simplified};
  (rule useful-tautologies:5[THEN →E]; rule →I)?)
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-assume <∀z ([F]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ]z)>
  AOT-hence 1: <[F]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ]z> for z
    using ∀E by blast
  AOT-assume <∀x ([F]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]x)>
  AOT-hence 2: <[F]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]z> for z
    using ∀E by blast
  AOT-have <[λz [F]z & ψ]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]z> for z

```

```

using  $\equiv E$  1 2 by meson
AOT-thus  $\langle \forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x) \rangle$ 
  by (rule GEN)
}
next
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-assume  $\langle \forall z ([F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 1:  $\langle [F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \rangle$  for z
    using  $\forall E$  by blast
  AOT-assume  $\langle \forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 2:  $\langle [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]z \rangle$  for z
    using  $\forall E$  by blast
  AOT-have  $\langle [F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]z \rangle$  for z
    using 1 2  $\equiv E$  by meson
  AOT-thus  $\langle \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x) \rangle$ 
    by (rule GEN)
}
qed(auto simp: A)
qed

AOT-obtain p1 where p1-prop:  $\langle p_1 \& \Diamond \neg p_1 \rangle$ 
  using cont-tf-thm:1  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ 
    cont-tf:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
{
  AOT-assume 1:  $\langle \Box \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x) \rangle$ 
  AOT-have 2:  $\langle \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1 \vee \neg p_1]x) \rangle$ 
    using Aux-B[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF p1-prop[THEN & E(1)]].
  AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond \neg \forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1 \vee \neg p_1]x) \rangle$ 
    using Aux-C[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF p1-prop[THEN & E(2)]].
  AOT-hence 3:  $\langle \Diamond \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1 \vee \neg p_1]x) \rangle$ 
    using Aux-D[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF 1, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1 \vee \neg p_1]x) \&$ 
     $\Diamond \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1 \vee \neg p_1]x) \rangle$ 
    using 2 &I by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists G (\forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$ 
    by (rule  $\exists I(1)$ ) cqt:2[lambda]
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume 2:  $\langle \neg \Box \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x) \rangle$ 
    using KBasic:11[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x) \& \Diamond \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x) \rangle$ 
    using Aux-A[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF p1-prop[THEN & E(1)]] &I by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists G (\forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$ 
    by (rule  $\exists I(1)$ ) cqt:2[lambda]
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \exists G (\forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$ 
  using  $\vee E(1)[OF \text{ exc-mid}] \rightarrow I$  by blast
qed

AOT-theorem eqnotnec:5:  $\langle \forall F \exists G (\neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$ 
proof(rule GEN)
  fix F
  AOT-have Aux-A:  $\langle \vdash \Box \Diamond \psi \rightarrow \Diamond \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x) \rangle$  for  $\psi$ 
  proof(rule RM $\Diamond$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ ; rule GEN)
    AOT-modally-strict {
      fix x
      AOT-assume 0:  $\langle \psi \rangle$ 
      AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [F]x \& \psi \rangle$ 
        by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]) cqt:2[lambda]
      also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv [F]x \rangle$ 
        apply (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
      using  $\vee E(3)[\text{rotated}, OF \text{ useful-tautologies:2[THEN } \rightarrow E], OF 0] \& E$ 
    }
}

```

```

apply blast
using 0 &I by blast
finally AOT-show <[F]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ]x>
using Commutativity of ≡[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
}
qed

AOT-have Aux-B: ⊢□ ◊ψ → ◊∀x([F]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]x) for ψ
proof (rule RM◊; rule →I; rule GEN)
AOT-modally-strict {
  fix x
  AOT-assume 0: <ψ>
  AOT-have <[λz ([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ]x ≡ (([F]x & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ)>
    by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E]) cqt:2[lambda]
  also AOT-have <... ≡ [F]x>
    apply (rule ≡I; rule →I)
    using ∨E(3)[rotated, OF useful-tautologies:2[THEN →E], OF 0] &E
      apply blast
    apply (rule ∨I(1)) using 0 &I by blast
  finally AOT-show <[F]x ≡ [λz ([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ]x>
    using Commutativity of ≡[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
}
qed

AOT-have Aux-C: ⊢□ ¬ψ → ¬∀z([λz [F]z & ψ]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]z) for ψ
proof(rule →I; rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-assume 0: <¬ψ>
  AOT-assume <∀z ([λz [F]z & ψ]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]z)>
  AOT-hence <[λz [F]z & ψ]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]z> for z
    using ∀E by blast
  moreover AOT-have <[λz [F]z & ψ]z ≡ [F]z & ψ> for z
    by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E]) cqt:2[lambda]
  moreover AOT-have <[λz ([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ]z ≡ (([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ)> for z
    by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E]) cqt:2[lambda]
  ultimately AOT-have <[F]z & ψ ≡ (([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ)> for z
    using Commutativity of ≡[THEN ≡E(1)] ≡E(5) by meson
  moreover AOT-have <(([F]z & ψ) ∨ ¬ψ)> for z
    using 0 ∨I by blast
  ultimately AOT-have <ψ> using ≡E &E by metis
  AOT-thus <ψ & ¬ψ> using 0 &I by blast
}
qed

AOT-have Aux-D: ∀z ([F]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ]z) →
  (¬∀x ([λz [F]z & ψ]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]x) ≡
   ¬∀x ([F]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]x)) for ψ
proof (rule →I; rule ≡I;
  (rule useful-tautologies:5[THEN →E]; rule →I) ?)
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-assume <∀z ([F]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ]z)>
  AOT-hence 1: <[F]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ]z> for z
    using ∀E by blast
  AOT-assume <∀x ([F]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]x)>
  AOT-hence 2: <[F]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]z> for z
    using ∀E by blast
  AOT-have <[λz [F]z & ψ]z ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]z> for z
    using ≡E 1 2 by meson
  AOT-thus <∀x ([λz [F]z & ψ]x ≡ [λz [F]z & ψ ∨ ¬ψ]x)>
    by (rule GEN)
}
next
AOT-modally-strict {

```

AOT-assume $\langle \forall z ([F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z) \rangle$
AOT-hence 1: $\langle [F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \rangle$ **for** z
 using $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-assume $\langle \forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x) \rangle$
AOT-hence 2: $\langle [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]z \rangle$ **for** z
 using $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-have $\langle [F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]z \rangle$ **for** z
 using 1 2 $\equiv E$ **by** *meson*
AOT-thus $\langle \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x) \rangle$
 by (*rule GEN*)
}

qed

AOT-obtain p_1 **where** $p_1\text{-prop}$: $\langle \neg p_1 \& \Diamond p_1 \rangle$
 using *cont-tf-thm*:2 $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ *cont-tf*:2[$\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E$] **by** *blast*
{

AOT-assume 1: $\langle \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x) \rangle$
AOT-have 2: $\langle \Diamond \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1 \vee \neg p_1]x) \rangle$
 using *Aux-B*[$\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$, *OF* $p_1\text{-prop}$ [$\text{THEN} \& E(2)$]].
AOT-have $\langle \neg \forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1 \vee \neg p_1]x) \rangle$
 using *Aux-C*[$\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$, *OF* $p_1\text{-prop}$ [$\text{THEN} \& E(1)$]].
AOT-hence 3: $\langle \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1 \vee \neg p_1]x) \rangle$
 using *Aux-D*[$\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$, *OF* 1, $\text{THEN} \equiv E(1)$] **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1 \vee \neg p_1]x) \&$
 $\Diamond \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1 \vee \neg p_1]x) \rangle$
 using 2 & I **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists G (\neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
 by (*rule* $\exists I(1)$) *cqt*:2[*lambda*]

}

moreover {

AOT-assume 2: $\langle \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x) \rangle$
 using *KBasic*:11[$\text{THEN} \equiv E(1)$] **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x) \&$
 $\Diamond \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& p_1]x) \rangle$
 using *Aux-A*[$\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$, *OF* $p_1\text{-prop}$ [$\text{THEN} \& E(2)$]] & I **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists G (\neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
 by (*rule* $\exists I(1)$) *cqt*:2[*lambda*]

}

ultimately AOT-show $\langle \exists G (\neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
 using $\vee E(1)[\text{OF exc-mid}] \rightarrow I$ **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *eqnotnec*:6: $\langle \forall F \exists G (\mathcal{A} \neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \Diamond \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$
proof(*rule GEN*)

fix F

AOT-have *Aux-A*: $\langle \vdash_{\Box} \Diamond \psi \rightarrow \Diamond \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x) \rangle$ **for** ψ

proof(*rule RM* \Diamond ; *rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule GEN*)

AOT-modally-strict {

fix x

AOT-assume 0: $\langle \psi \rangle$

AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [F]x \& \psi \rangle$
 by (*rule beta-C-meta*[$\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$]) *cqt*:2[*lambda*]

also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv [F]x \rangle$

apply (*rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)

using $\vee E(3)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF useful-tautologies}$:2[$\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$], *OF* 0]
 & E

apply *blast*

using 0 & I **by** *blast*

finally AOT-show $\langle [F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \rangle$

using *Commutativity of* \equiv [$\text{THEN} \equiv E(1)$] **by** *blast*

}

qed

AOT-have Aux-B: $\vdash_{\square} \Diamond \psi \rightarrow \Diamond \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]x) \text{ for } \psi$
proof (rule RM \Diamond ; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule GEN)
AOT-modally-strict {
 fix x
AOT-assume 0: $\langle \psi \rangle$
AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z ([F]z \& \psi) \vee \neg \psi]x \equiv (([F]x \& \psi) \vee \neg \psi) \rangle$
 by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$]) cqt:2[lambda]
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv [F]x \rangle$
 apply (rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
 using $\vee E(3)$ [rotated, OF useful-tautologies:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$], OF 0] & E
 apply blast
 apply (rule $\vee I(1)$) using 0 & I by blast
finally AOT-show $\langle [F]x \equiv [\lambda z ([F]z \& \psi) \vee \neg \psi]x \rangle$
 using Commutativity of \equiv [THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast
}
qed

AOT-have Aux-C:
 $\vdash_{\square} \mathcal{A} \neg \psi \rightarrow \mathcal{A} \neg \forall z ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]z) \text{ for } \psi$
proof (rule act-cond[THEN $\rightarrow E$]; rule RA[2]; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-assume 0: $\langle \neg \psi \rangle$
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall z ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]z) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]z \rangle \text{ for } z$
 using $\forall E$ by blast
 moreover **AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \equiv [F]z \& \psi \rangle \text{ for } z$
 by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$]) cqt:2[lambda]
 moreover **AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda z ([F]z \& \psi) \vee \neg \psi]z \equiv (([F]z \& \psi) \vee \neg \psi) \rangle \text{ for } z$
 by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$]) cqt:2[lambda]
 ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle [F]z \& \psi \equiv (([F]z \& \psi) \vee \neg \psi) \rangle \text{ for } z$
 using Commutativity of \equiv [THEN $\equiv E(1)$] $\equiv E(5)$ by meson
 moreover **AOT-have** $\langle (([F]z \& \psi) \vee \neg \psi) \rangle \text{ for } z$
 using 0 $\vee I$ by blast
 ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \psi \rangle$ using $\equiv E$ & E by metis
 AOT-thus $\langle \psi \& \neg \psi \rangle$ using 0 & I by blast
}
qed

AOT-have $\langle \square (\forall z ([F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z) \rightarrow$
 $(\neg \forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]x) \equiv$
 $\neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]x)) \rangle \text{ for } \psi$
proof (rule RN; rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall z ([F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z) \rangle$
 AOT-thus $\langle \neg \forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]x) \equiv$
 $\neg \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]x) \rangle$
 apply –
proof (rule $\equiv I$; (rule useful-tautologies:5[THEN $\rightarrow E$]; rule $\rightarrow I$) ?)
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall z ([F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z) \rangle$
 AOT-hence 1: $\langle [F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \rangle \text{ for } z$
 using $\forall E$ by blast
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]x) \rangle$
 AOT-hence 2: $\langle [F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]z \rangle \text{ for } z$
 using $\forall E$ by blast
 AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]z \rangle \text{ for } z$
 using $\equiv E$ 1 2 by meson
 AOT-thus $\langle \forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg \psi]x) \rangle$
 by (rule GEN)
next
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall z ([F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z) \rangle$
 AOT-hence 1: $\langle [F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \rangle \text{ for } z$
 using $\forall E$ by blast

```

AOT-assume  $\forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x)$ 
AOT-hence 2:  $\langle [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]z \rangle$  for  $z$ 
  using  $\forall E$  by blast
AOT-have  $\langle [F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]z \rangle$  for  $z$ 
  using 1 2  $\equiv E$  by meson
AOT-thus  $\langle \forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x) \rangle$ 
  by (rule GEN)
qed
}

qed
AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A}(\forall z ([F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z) \rightarrow$ 
   $(\neg\forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x) \equiv$ 
     $\neg\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x)) \rangle$  for  $\psi$ 
  using nec-imp-act[THEN → E] by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall z ([F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z) \rightarrow$ 
   $\mathcal{A}(\neg\forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x) \equiv$ 
     $\neg\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x)) \rangle$  for  $\psi$ 
  using act-cond[THEN → E] by blast
AOT-hence Aux-D:  $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall z ([F]z \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]z) \rightarrow$ 
   $(\mathcal{A}\neg\forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& \psi]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x) \equiv$ 
     $\mathcal{A}\neg\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& \psi \vee \neg\psi]x)) \rangle$  for  $\psi$ 
  by (auto intro!:  $\rightarrow I$  Act-Basic:5[THEN ≡ E(1)] dest!:  $\rightarrow E$ )
}

AOT-have  $\langle \neg\mathcal{A}q_0 \rangle$ 
apply (rule =df I(2)[OF q0-def])
apply (fact log-prop-prop:2)
by (fact AOT)
AOT-hence q0-prop-1:  $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg q_0 \rangle$ 
using logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst, THEN ≡ E(2)] by blast
{
  AOT-assume 1:  $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& q_0]x) \rangle$ 
  AOT-have 2:  $\langle \diamond\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& q_0 \vee \neg q_0]x) \rangle$ 
    using Aux-B[THEN → E, OF q0-prop[THEN & E(1)]].
  AOT-have  $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg\forall x ([\lambda z [F]z \& q_0]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& q_0 \vee \neg q_0]x) \rangle$ 
    using Aux-C[THEN → E, OF q0-prop-1].
  AOT-hence 3:  $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& q_0 \vee \neg q_0]x) \rangle$ 
    using Aux-D[THEN → E, OF 1, THEN ≡ E(1)] by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& q_0 \vee \neg q_0]x) \&$ 
     $\diamond\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& q_0 \vee \neg q_0]x) \rangle$ 
    using 2 & I by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists G (\mathcal{A}\neg\forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \diamond\forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$ 
    by (rule ∃ I(1)) cqt:2[lambda]
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume 2:  $\langle \neg\mathcal{A}\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& q_0]x) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& q_0]x) \rangle$ 
    using logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst, THEN ≡ E(2)] by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& q_0]x) \& \diamond\forall x ([F]x \equiv [\lambda z [F]z \& q_0]x) \rangle$ 
    using Aux-A[THEN → E, OF q0-prop[THEN & E(1)]] & I by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists G (\mathcal{A}\neg\forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \diamond\forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$ 
    by (rule ∃ I(1)) cqt:2[lambda]
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \exists G (\mathcal{A}\neg\forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \& \diamond\forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x)) \rangle$ 
using ∨E(1)[OF exc-mid]  $\rightarrow I$  by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem *oa-contingent:1*: $\langle O! \neq A! \rangle$
proof (*rule ≡_{df} I[OF =-infix]; rule raa-cor:2*)
fix x
AOT-assume 1: $\langle O! = A! \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda x \diamond E!x] = A! \rangle$
by (*rule =_{df} E(2)[OF AOT-ordinary, rotated]*) *cqt:2[lambda]*
AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda x \diamond E!x] = [\lambda x \neg\diamond E!x] \rangle$

```

by (rule =dfE(2)[OF AOT-abstract, rotated]) cqt:2[lambda]
moreover AOT-have <[λx ◊E!x]x ≡ ◊E!x>
  by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN → E]) cqt:2[lambda]
ultimately AOT-have <[λx ¬◊E!x]x ≡ ◊E!x>
  using rule=E by fast
moreover AOT-have <[λx ¬◊E!x]x ≡ ¬◊E!x>
  by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN → E]) cqt:2[lambda]
ultimately AOT-have <◊E!x ≡ ¬◊E!x>
  using ≡E(6) Commutativity of ≡[THEN ≡ E(1)] by blast
AOT-thus (◊E!x ≡ ¬◊E!x) & ¬(◊E!x ≡ ¬◊E!x)
  using oth-class-taut:3:c &I by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem oa-contingent:2: <O!x ≡ ¬A!x>

proof –

```

AOT-have <O!x ≡ [λx ◊E!x]x>
  apply (rule ≡I; rule →I)
  apply (rule =dfE(2)[OF AOT-ordinary])
    apply cqt:2[lambda]
    apply argo
    apply (rule =dfI(2)[OF AOT-ordinary])
      apply cqt:2[lambda]
      by argo
  also AOT-have <... ≡ ◊E!x>
    by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN → E]) cqt:2[lambda]
  also AOT-have <... ≡ ¬¬◊E!x>
    using oth-class-taut:3:b.
  also AOT-have <... ≡ ¬[λx ¬◊E!x]x>
    by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN → E,
      THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡ E(1)], symmetric])
      cqt:2
  also AOT-have <... ≡ ¬A!x>
    apply (rule ≡I; rule →I)
    apply (rule =dfI(2)[OF AOT-abstract])
      apply cqt:2[lambda]
      apply argo
    apply (rule =dfE(2)[OF AOT-abstract])
      apply cqt:2[lambda]
      by argo
  finally show ?thesis.
qed

```

AOT-theorem oa-contingent:3: <A!x ≡ ¬O!x>

```

by (AOT-subst <A!x> <¬¬A!x>)
  (auto simp add: oth-class-taut:3:b oa-contingent:2[THEN
    oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡ E(1)], symmetric])

```

AOT-theorem oa-contingent:4: <Contingent(O!)>

proof (rule thm-cont-prop:2[unvarify F, OF oa-exist:1, THEN ≡ E(2)];
 rule &I)

```

AOT-have <◊∃x E!x> using thm-cont-e:3 .
AOT-hence <∃x ◊E!x> using BF◊[THEN → E] by blast
then AOT-obtain a where <◊E!a> using ∃E[rotated] by blast
AOT-hence <[λx ◊E!x]a>
  by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN → E, THEN ≡ E(2), rotated]) cqt:2
AOT-hence <O!a>
  by (rule =dfI(2)[OF AOT-ordinary, rotated]) cqt:2
AOT-hence <∃x O!x> using ∃I by blast
AOT-thus <◊∃x O!x> using T◊[THEN → E] by blast
next
AOT-obtain a where <A!a>
  using A-objects[axiom-inst] ∃E[rotated] &E by blast
AOT-hence <¬O!a> using oa-contingent:3[THEN ≡ E(1)] by blast

```

AOT-hence $\langle \exists x \neg O!x \rangle$ **using** $\exists I$ **by** fast
AOT-thus $\langle \Diamond \exists x \neg O!x \rangle$ **using** $T\Diamond[THEN \rightarrow E]$ **by** blast
qed

AOT-theorem oa-contingent:5: $\langle Contingent(A!) \rangle$
proof (rule thm-cont-prop:2[unvarify F, OF oa-exist:2, THEN $\equiv E(2)$];
 rule &I)
AOT-obtain a where $\langle A!a \rangle$
 using A-objects[axiom-inst] $\exists E[rotated] \& E$ **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \exists x A!x \rangle$ **using** $\exists I$ **by** fast
AOT-thus $\langle \Diamond \exists x A!x \rangle$ **using** $T\Diamond[THEN \rightarrow E]$ **by** blast
next
AOT-have $\langle \Diamond \exists x E!x \rangle$ **using** thm-cont-e:3 .
AOT-hence $\langle \exists x \Diamond E!x \rangle$ **using** BF $\Diamond[THEN \rightarrow E]$ **by** blast
 then **AOT-obtain** a where $\langle \Diamond E!a \rangle$ **using** $\exists E[rotated]$ **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda x \Diamond E!x]a \rangle$
 by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\equiv E(2)$, rotated]) cqt:2[lambda]
AOT-hence $\langle O!a \rangle$
 by (rule =df I(2)[OF AOT-ordinary, rotated]) cqt:2[lambda]
AOT-hence $\langle \neg A!a \rangle$ **using** oa-contingent:2[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \exists x \neg A!x \rangle$ **using** $\exists I$ **by** fast
AOT-thus $\langle \Diamond \exists x \neg A!x \rangle$ **using** $T\Diamond[THEN \rightarrow E]$ **by** blast
qed

AOT-theorem oa-contingent:7: $\langle O!^-x \equiv \neg A!^-x \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle O!x \equiv \neg A!x \rangle$
 using oa-contingent:2 **by** blast
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv A!^-x \rangle$
 using thm-relation-negation:1[symmetric, unvarify F, OF oa-exist:2].
 finally AOT-have 1: $\langle O!x \equiv A!^-x \rangle$.

AOT-have $\langle A!x \equiv \neg O!x \rangle$
 using oa-contingent:3 **by** blast
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv O!^-x \rangle$
 using thm-relation-negation:1[symmetric, unvarify F, OF oa-exist:1].
 finally AOT-have 2: $\langle A!x \equiv O!^-x \rangle$.

AOT-show $\langle O!^-x \equiv \neg A!^-x \rangle$
 using 1[THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN $\equiv E(1)$]]
 oa-contingent:3[of - x] 2[symmetric]
 $\equiv E(5)$ **by** blast
qed

AOT-theorem oa-contingent:6: $\langle O!^- \neq A!^- \rangle$
proof (rule =-infix[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]; rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume 1: $\langle O!^- = A!^- \rangle$
fix x
AOT-have $\langle A!^-x \equiv O!^-x \rangle$
 apply (rule rule=E[rotated, OF 1])
 by (fact oth-class-taut:3:a)
AOT-hence $\langle A!^-x \equiv \neg A!^-x \rangle$
 using oa-contingent:7 $\equiv E$ **by** fast
AOT-thus $\langle (A!^-x \equiv \neg A!^-x) \& \neg(A!^-x \equiv \neg A!^-x) \rangle$
 using oth-class-taut:3:c &I **by** blast
qed

AOT-theorem oa-contingent:8: $\langle Contingent(O!^-) \rangle$
 using thm-cont-prop:3[unvarify F, OF oa-exist:1, THEN $\equiv E(1)$,
 OF oa-contingent:4].

AOT-theorem oa-contingent:9: $\langle Contingent(A!^-) \rangle$
 using thm-cont-prop:3[unvarify F, OF oa-exist:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$,

OF *oa-contingent*:5].

```

AOT-define WeaklyContingent ::  $\langle \Pi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \text{WeaklyContingent}'(-') \rangle)$ 
   $\text{df-cont-nec}:$ 
   $\langle \text{WeaklyContingent}([F]) \equiv_{df} \text{Contingent}([F]) \& \forall x (\Diamond[F]x \rightarrow \Box[F]x) \rangle$ 

AOT-theorem cont-nec-fact1:1:
   $\langle \text{WeaklyContingent}([F]) \equiv \text{WeaklyContingent}([F]^-) \rangle$ 
proof -
  AOT-have  $\langle \text{WeaklyContingent}([F]) \equiv \text{Contingent}([F]) \& \forall x (\Diamond[F]x \rightarrow \Box[F]x) \rangle$ 
    using df-cont-nec[THEN ≡ Df] by blast
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv \text{Contingent}([F]^-) \& \forall x (\Diamond[F]x \rightarrow \Box[F]x) \rangle$ 
    apply (rule oth-class-taut:8:f[THEN ≡ E(2)]; rule →I)
    using thm-cont-prop:3.
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv \text{Contingent}([F]^-) \& \forall x (\Diamond[F]^-x \rightarrow \Box[F]^-x) \rangle$ 
  proof (rule oth-class-taut:8:e[THEN ≡ E(2)]; rule →I; rule GEN; rule →I)
    fix x
    AOT-assume 0:  $\langle \forall x (\Diamond[F]x \rightarrow \Box[F]x) \rangle$ 
    AOT-assume 1:  $\langle \Diamond[F]^-x \rangle$ 
    AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond\neg[F]x \rangle$ 
      by (AOT-subst (reverse) ⟨¬[F]x⟩ ⟨[F]^-x⟩)
      (auto simp add: thm-relation-negation:1 1)
    AOT-hence 2:  $\langle \neg\Box[F]x \rangle$ 
      using KBasic:11[THEN ≡ E(2)] by blast
    AOT-show  $\langle \Box[F]^-x \rangle$ 
    proof (rule raa-cor:1)
      AOT-assume 3:  $\langle \neg\Box[F]^-x \rangle$ 
      AOT-have  $\langle \neg\Box\neg[F]x \rangle$ 
        by (AOT-subst (reverse) ⟨¬[F]x⟩ ⟨[F]^-x⟩)
        (auto simp add: thm-relation-negation:1 3)
      AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond[F]x \rangle$ 
        using conventions:5[THEN ≡ df I] by simp
      AOT-hence  $\langle \Box[F]x \rangle$  using 0  $\forall E \rightarrow E$  by fast
      AOT-thus  $\langle \Box[F]x \& \neg\Box[F]x \rangle$  using &I 2 by blast
    qed
  next
    fix x
    AOT-assume 0:  $\langle \forall x (\Diamond[F]^-x \rightarrow \Box[F]^-x) \rangle$ 
    AOT-assume 1:  $\langle \Diamond[F]x \rangle$ 
    AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond\neg[F]^-x \rangle$ 
      by (AOT-subst ⟨¬[F]^-x⟩ ⟨[F]x⟩)
      (auto simp: thm-relation-negation:2 1)
    AOT-hence 2:  $\langle \neg\Box[F]^-x \rangle$ 
      using KBasic:11[THEN ≡ E(2)] by blast
    AOT-show  $\langle \Box[F]x \rangle$ 
    proof (rule raa-cor:1)
      AOT-assume 3:  $\langle \neg\Box[F]x \rangle$ 
      AOT-have  $\langle \neg\Box\neg[F]^-x \rangle$ 
        by (AOT-subst ⟨¬[F]^-x⟩ ⟨[F]x⟩)
        (auto simp add: thm-relation-negation:2 3)
      AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond[F]^-x \rangle$ 
        using conventions:5[THEN ≡ df I] by simp
      AOT-hence  $\langle \Box[F]^-x \rangle$  using 0  $\forall E \rightarrow E$  by fast
      AOT-thus  $\langle \Box[F]^-x \& \neg\Box[F]^-x \rangle$  using &I 2 by blast
    qed
  qed
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv \text{WeaklyContingent}([F]^-) \rangle$ 
    using df-cont-nec[THEN ≡ Df, symmetric] by blast
  finally show ?thesis.
  qed

```

AOT-theorem *cont-nec-fact1:2*:

```

<( WeaklyContingent([F]) & ¬WeaklyContingent([G])) → F ≠ G>
proof (rule →I; rule =- infix[THEN ≡df I]; rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume 1: <WeaklyContingent([F]) & ¬WeaklyContingent([G])>
AOT-hence <WeaklyContingent([F])> using &E by blast
moreover AOT-assume <F = G>
ultimately AOT-have <WeaklyContingent([G])>
using rule=E by blast
AOT-thus <WeaklyContingent([G]) & ¬WeaklyContingent([G])>
using 1 &I &E by blast
qed

AOT-theorem cont-nec-fact2:1: <WeaklyContingent(O!)>
proof (rule df-cont-nec[THEN ≡df I]; rule &I)
AOT-show <Contingent(O!)>
using oa-contingent:4.
next
AOT-show <∀ x (◊[O!]x → □[O!]x)>
apply (rule GEN; rule →I)
using oa-facts:5[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
qed

AOT-theorem cont-nec-fact2:2: <WeaklyContingent(A!)>
proof (rule df-cont-nec[THEN ≡df I]; rule &I)
AOT-show <Contingent(A!)>
using oa-contingent:5.
next
AOT-show <∀ x (◊[A!]x → □[A!]x)>
apply (rule GEN; rule →I)
using oa-facts:6[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
qed

AOT-theorem cont-nec-fact2:3: <¬WeaklyContingent(E!)>
proof (rule df-cont-nec[THEN ≡Df,
THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)],
THEN ≡E(2)];
rule DeMorgan(1)[THEN ≡E(2)]; rule ∨I(2); rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-have <◊∃ x (E!x & ¬AE!x)> using qml:4[axiom-inst].
AOT-hence <∃ x ◊(E!x & ¬AE!x)> using BF◊[THEN →E] by blast
then AOT-obtain a where <◊(E!a & ¬AE!a)> using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-hence 1: <◊E!a & ◊¬AE!a> using KBasic2:3[THEN →E] by simp
moreover AOT-assume <∀ x (◊[E!]x → □[E!]x)>
ultimately AOT-have <□E!a> using &E ∀ E →E by fast
AOT-hence <AE!a> using nec-imp-act[THEN →E] by blast
AOT-hence <□AE!a> using qml-act:1[axiom-inst, THEN →E] by blast
moreover AOT-have <¬□AE!a>
using KBasic:11[THEN ≡E(2)] 1[THEN &E(2)] by meson
ultimately AOT-have <□AE!a & ¬□AE!a> using &I by blast
AOT-thus <p & ¬p> for p using raa-cor:1 by blast
qed

AOT-theorem cont-nec-fact2:4: <¬WeaklyContingent(L)>
apply (rule df-cont-nec[THEN ≡Df,
THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)],
THEN ≡E(2)];
rule DeMorgan(1)[THEN ≡E(2)]; rule ∨I(1))
apply (rule contingent-properties:4
[THEN ≡Df,
THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)],
THEN ≡E(2)])
apply (rule DeMorgan(1)[THEN ≡E(2)];
rule ∨I(2);
rule useful-tautologies:2[THEN →E])

```

using *thm-noncont-e-e:3*[*THEN contingent-properties:3*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$]].

AOT-theorem *cont-nec-fact2:5*: $\langle O! \neq E! \& O! \neq E!^- \& O! \neq L \& O! \neq L^- \rangle$
proof –

AOT-have 1: $\langle L \downarrow \rangle$
by (*rule* $=_{df} I(2)[OF\ L\text{-def}]) *cqt:2[lambda]* +
{
fix φ **and** $\Pi \Pi' :: \langle <\kappa> \rangle$
AOT-have A: $\langle \neg(\varphi\{\Pi'\} \equiv \varphi\{\Pi\}) \rangle$ **if** $\langle \varphi\{\Pi\} \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\varphi\{\Pi'\} \rangle$
proof (*rule raa-cor:2*)
AOT-assume $\langle \varphi\{\Pi'\} \equiv \varphi\{\Pi\} \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{\Pi'\} \rangle$ **using** *that(1) $\equiv E$ by blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \varphi\{\Pi'\} \& \neg\varphi\{\Pi'\} \rangle$ **using** *that(2) &I by blast*
qed
AOT-have $\langle \Pi' \neq \Pi \rangle$ **if** $\langle \Pi \downarrow \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Pi' \downarrow \rangle$ **and** $\langle \varphi\{\Pi\} \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\varphi\{\Pi'\} \rangle$
using *pos-not-equiv-ne:4[unverify F G, THEN $\rightarrow E$,*
OF that(1,2), OF A[OF that(3, 4)]].
}
note 0 = *this*
show ?*thesis*
apply (*safe intro!*: &*I*; *rule* 0)
apply *cqt:2*
using *oa-exist:1 apply blast*
using *cont-nec-fact2:3 apply fast*
apply (*rule useful-tautologies:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$]*)
using *cont-nec-fact2:1 apply fast*
using *rel-neg-T:3 apply fast*
using *oa-exist:1 apply blast*
using *cont-nec-fact1:1[THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN $\equiv E(1)$],*
THEN $\equiv E(1)$, rotated, OF cont-nec-fact2:3] apply fast
apply (*rule useful-tautologies:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$]*)
using *cont-nec-fact2:1 apply blast*
apply (*rule* $=_{df} I(2)[OF\ L\text{-def}]; *cqt:2[lambda]*)
using *oa-exist:1 apply fast*
using *cont-nec-fact2:4 apply fast*
apply (*rule useful-tautologies:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$]*)
using *cont-nec-fact2:1 apply fast*
using *rel-neg-T:3 apply fast*
using *oa-exist:1 apply fast*
apply (*rule cont-nec-fact1:1[unverify F,*
THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN $\equiv E(1)$],
THEN $\equiv E(1)$, rotated, OF cont-nec-fact2:4])
apply (*rule* $=_{df} I(2)[OF\ L\text{-def}]; *cqt:2[lambda]*)
apply (*rule useful-tautologies:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$]*)
using *cont-nec-fact2:1 by blast*
qed$$$

AOT-theorem *cont-nec-fact2:6*: $\langle A! \neq E! \& A! \neq E!^- \& A! \neq L \& A! \neq L^- \rangle$
proof –

AOT-have 1: $\langle L \downarrow \rangle$
by (*rule* $=_{df} I(2)[OF\ L\text{-def}]) *cqt:2[lambda]* +
{
fix φ **and** $\Pi \Pi' :: \langle <\kappa> \rangle$
AOT-have A: $\langle \neg(\varphi\{\Pi'\} \equiv \varphi\{\Pi\}) \rangle$ **if** $\langle \varphi\{\Pi\} \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\varphi\{\Pi'\} \rangle$
proof (*rule raa-cor:2*)
AOT-assume $\langle \varphi\{\Pi'\} \equiv \varphi\{\Pi\} \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{\Pi'\} \rangle$ **using** *that(1) $\equiv E$ by blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \varphi\{\Pi'\} \& \neg\varphi\{\Pi'\} \rangle$ **using** *that(2) &I by blast*
qed
AOT-have $\langle \Pi' \neq \Pi \rangle$ **if** $\langle \Pi \downarrow \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Pi' \downarrow \rangle$ **and** $\langle \varphi\{\Pi\} \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\varphi\{\Pi'\} \rangle$
using *pos-not-equiv-ne:4[unverify F G, THEN $\rightarrow E$,*
OF that(1,2), OF A[OF that(3, 4)]].
}
note 0 = *this*
show ?*thesis*$

```

apply(safe intro!: &I; rule 0)
apply cqt:2
using oa-exist:2 apply blast
using cont-nec-fact2:3 apply fast
apply (rule useful-tautologies:2[THEN  $\rightarrow$ E])
using cont-nec-fact2:2 apply fast
using rel-neg-T:3 apply fast
using oa-exist:2 apply blast
using cont-nec-fact1:1[THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN  $\equiv$ E(1)],
    THEN  $\equiv$ E(1), rotated, OF cont-nec-fact2:3] apply fast
apply (rule useful-tautologies:2[THEN  $\rightarrow$ E])
using cont-nec-fact2:2 apply blast
apply (rule =dfI(2)[OF L-def]; cqt:2[lambda])
using oa-exist:2 apply fast
using cont-nec-fact2:4 apply fast
apply (rule useful-tautologies:2[THEN  $\rightarrow$ E])
using cont-nec-fact2:2 apply fast
using rel-neg-T:3 apply fast
using oa-exist:2 apply fast
apply (rule cont-nec-fact1:1[unverify F,
    THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN  $\equiv$ E(1)],
    THEN  $\equiv$ E(1), rotated, OF cont-nec-fact2:4])
apply (rule =dfI(2)[OF L-def]; cqt:2[lambda])
apply (rule useful-tautologies:2[THEN  $\rightarrow$ E])
using cont-nec-fact2:2 by blast
qed

```

AOT-define necessary-or-contingently-false :: $\langle \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \Delta \rightarrow \rangle$ [49] 54)
 $\langle \Delta p \equiv_{df} \square p \vee (\neg A\varphi \& \Diamond p) \rangle$

AOT-theorem sixteen:

```

shows  $\exists F_1 \exists F_2 \exists F_3 \exists F_4 \exists F_5 \exists F_6 \exists F_7 \exists F_8 \exists F_9 \exists F_{10} \exists F_{11} \exists F_{12} \exists F_{13} \exists F_{14} \exists F_{15} \exists F_{16}$  (
     $F_1 :: \langle \kappa \rangle \neq F_2 \& F_1 \neq F_3 \& F_1 \neq F_4 \& F_1 \neq F_5 \& F_1 \neq F_6 \& F_1 \neq F_7 \&$ 
     $F_1 \neq F_8 \& F_1 \neq F_9 \& F_1 \neq F_{10} \& F_1 \neq F_{11} \& F_1 \neq F_{12} \& F_1 \neq F_{13} \&$ 
     $F_1 \neq F_{14} \& F_1 \neq F_{15} \& F_1 \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_2 \neq F_3 \& F_2 \neq F_4 \& F_2 \neq F_5 \& F_2 \neq F_6 \& F_2 \neq F_7 \& F_2 \neq F_8 \&$ 
     $F_2 \neq F_9 \& F_2 \neq F_{10} \& F_2 \neq F_{11} \& F_2 \neq F_{12} \& F_2 \neq F_{13} \& F_2 \neq F_{14} \&$ 
     $F_2 \neq F_{15} \& F_2 \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_3 \neq F_4 \& F_3 \neq F_5 \& F_3 \neq F_6 \& F_3 \neq F_7 \& F_3 \neq F_8 \& F_3 \neq F_9 \& F_3 \neq F_{10} \&$ 
     $F_3 \neq F_{11} \& F_3 \neq F_{12} \& F_3 \neq F_{13} \& F_3 \neq F_{14} \& F_3 \neq F_{15} \& F_3 \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_4 \neq F_5 \& F_4 \neq F_6 \& F_4 \neq F_7 \& F_4 \neq F_8 \& F_4 \neq F_9 \& F_4 \neq F_{10} \& F_4 \neq F_{11} \&$ 
     $F_4 \neq F_{12} \& F_4 \neq F_{13} \& F_4 \neq F_{14} \& F_4 \neq F_{15} \& F_4 \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_5 \neq F_6 \& F_5 \neq F_7 \& F_5 \neq F_8 \& F_5 \neq F_9 \& F_5 \neq F_{10} \& F_5 \neq F_{11} \& F_5 \neq F_{12} \&$ 
     $F_5 \neq F_{13} \& F_5 \neq F_{14} \& F_5 \neq F_{15} \& F_5 \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_6 \neq F_7 \& F_6 \neq F_8 \& F_6 \neq F_9 \& F_6 \neq F_{10} \& F_6 \neq F_{11} \& F_6 \neq F_{12} \& F_6 \neq F_{13} \&$ 
     $F_6 \neq F_{14} \& F_6 \neq F_{15} \& F_6 \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_7 \neq F_8 \& F_7 \neq F_9 \& F_7 \neq F_{10} \& F_7 \neq F_{11} \& F_7 \neq F_{12} \& F_7 \neq F_{13} \& F_7 \neq F_{14} \&$ 
     $F_7 \neq F_{15} \& F_7 \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_8 \neq F_9 \& F_8 \neq F_{10} \& F_8 \neq F_{11} \& F_8 \neq F_{12} \& F_8 \neq F_{13} \& F_8 \neq F_{14} \& F_8 \neq F_{15} \&$ 
     $F_8 \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_9 \neq F_{10} \& F_9 \neq F_{11} \& F_9 \neq F_{12} \& F_9 \neq F_{13} \& F_9 \neq F_{14} \& F_9 \neq F_{15} \& F_9 \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_{10} \neq F_{11} \& F_{10} \neq F_{12} \& F_{10} \neq F_{13} \& F_{10} \neq F_{14} \& F_{10} \neq F_{15} \& F_{10} \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_{11} \neq F_{12} \& F_{11} \neq F_{13} \& F_{11} \neq F_{14} \& F_{11} \neq F_{15} \& F_{11} \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_{12} \neq F_{13} \& F_{12} \neq F_{14} \& F_{12} \neq F_{15} \& F_{12} \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_{13} \neq F_{14} \& F_{13} \neq F_{15} \& F_{13} \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_{14} \neq F_{15} \& F_{14} \neq F_{16} \&$ 
     $F_{15} \neq F_{16} \rangle$ 

```

proof –

```

AOT-have Delta-pos:  $\langle \Delta \varphi \rightarrow \Diamond \varphi \rangle$  for  $\varphi$ 
proof(rule  $\rightarrow$ I)
AOT-assume  $\langle \Delta \varphi \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \square \varphi \vee (\neg A\varphi \& \Diamond \varphi) \rangle$ 
using  $\equiv_{df} E$ [OF necessary-or-contingently-false] by blast

```

```

moreover {
  AOT-assume  $\square\varphi$ 
  AOT-hence  $\diamond\varphi$ 
    by (metis  $B\diamond T\diamond$  vdash-properties:10)
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume  $\neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \ \& \ \diamond\varphi$ 
  AOT-hence  $\diamond\varphi$ 
    using &E by blast
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\diamond\varphi$ 
  by (metis  $\vee E(2)$  raa-cor:1)
qed

AOT-have act-and-not-nec-not-delta:  $\neg\Delta\varphi$  if  $\mathcal{A}\varphi$  and  $\neg\square\varphi$  for  $\varphi$ 
  using  $\equiv_{df} E \ \& \ E(1) \vee E(2)$  necessary-or-contingently-false
    raa-cor:3 that(1,2) by blast
AOT-have act-and-pos-not-not-delta:  $\neg\Delta\varphi$  if  $\mathcal{A}\varphi$  and  $\neg\diamond\neg\varphi$  for  $\varphi$ 
  using KBasic:11 act-and-not-nec-not-delta  $\equiv E(2)$  that(1,2) by blast
AOT-have impossible-delta:  $\neg\Delta\varphi$  if  $\neg\diamond\varphi$  for  $\varphi$ 
  using Delta-pos modus-tollens:1 that by blast
AOT-have not-act-and-pos-delta:  $\Delta\varphi$  if  $\neg\mathcal{A}\varphi$  and  $\diamond\varphi$  for  $\varphi$ 
  by (meson  $\equiv_{df} I \ \& \ I(2)$  necessary-or-contingently-false that(1,2))
AOT-have nec-delta:  $\Delta\varphi$  if  $\square\varphi$  for  $\varphi$ 
  using  $\equiv_{df} I \vee I(1)$  necessary-or-contingently-false that by blast

AOT-obtain a where a-prop:  $\langle A!a \rangle$ 
  using A-objects[axiom-inst]  $\exists E[\text{rotated}] \ \& \ E$  by blast
AOT-obtain b where b-prop:  $\langle \diamond[E!]b \ \& \ \neg\mathcal{A}[E!]b \rangle$ 
  using pos-not-pna:3 using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast

AOT-have b-ord:  $\langle [O!]b \rangle$ 
proof(rule = $df$  I(2)[OF AOT-ordinary])
  AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x \diamond[E!]x] \downarrow \rangle$  by cqt:2[lambda]
next
  AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x \diamond[E!]x]b \rangle$ 
  proof (rule  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ ; (cqt:2[lambda])?)
    AOT-show  $\langle b \downarrow \rangle$  by (rule cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
    AOT-show  $\langle \diamond[E!]b \rangle$  by (fact b-prop[THEN & E(1)])
  qed
qed

AOT-have nec-not-L-neg:  $\langle \square\neg[L^-]x \rangle$  for  $x$ 
  using thm-noncont-e-e:2 contingent-properties:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] & E
    CBF[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]  $\forall E$  by blast
AOT-have nec-L:  $\langle \square[L]x \rangle$  for  $x$ 
  using thm-noncont-e-e:1 contingent-properties:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ]
    CBF[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]  $\forall E$  by blast

AOT-have act-ord-b:  $\langle \mathcal{A}[O!]b \rangle$ 
  using b-ord  $\equiv E(1)$  oa-facts:7 by blast
AOT-have delta-ord-b:  $\langle \Delta[O!]b \rangle$ 
  by (meson  $\equiv_{df} I$  b-ord  $\vee I(1)$  necessary-or-contingently-false
    oa-facts:1  $\rightarrow E$ )
AOT-have not-act-ord-a:  $\langle \neg\mathcal{A}[O!]a \rangle$ 
  by (meson a-prop  $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(3)$  oa-contingent:3 oa-facts:7)
AOT-have not-delta-ord-a:  $\langle \neg\Delta[O!]a \rangle$ 
  by (metis Delta-pos  $\equiv E(4)$  not-act-ord-a oa-facts:3 oa-facts:7
    reductio-aa:1  $\rightarrow E$ )

AOT-have not-act-abs-b:  $\langle \neg\mathcal{A}[A!]b \rangle$ 
  by (meson b-ord  $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(3)$  oa-contingent:2 oa-facts:8)
AOT-have not-delta-abs-b:  $\langle \neg\Delta[A!]b \rangle$ 

```

```

proof(rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume ⟨ $\Delta[A!]bAOT-hence ⟨ $\Diamond[A!]bby (metis Delta-pos vdash-properties:10)
  AOT-thus ⟨ $[A!]b \& \neg[A!]bby (metis b-ord & I ≡ E(1) oa-contingent:2
      oa-facts:4 → E)
  qed
  AOT-have act-abs-a: ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[A!]ausing a-prop ≡ E(1) oa-facts:8 by blast
  AOT-have delta-abs-a: ⟨ $\Delta[A!]aby (metis ≡_df I a-prop oa-facts:2 → E ∨ I(1)
      necessary-or-contingently-false)

AOT-have not-act-concrete-b: ⟨ $\neg\mathcal{A}[E!]busing b-prop & E(2) by blast
AOT-have delta-concrete-b: ⟨ $\Delta[E!]bproof (rule ≡_df I[OF necessary-or-contingently-false];
  rule ∨ I(2); rule & I)
  AOT-show ⟨ $\neg\mathcal{A}[E!]b$  using b-prop & E(2) by blast
next
  AOT-show ⟨ $\Diamond[E!]b$  using b-prop & E(1) by blast
qed
AOT-have not-act-concrete-a: ⟨ $\neg\mathcal{A}[E!]aproof (rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[E!]aAOT-hence 1: ⟨ $\Diamond[E!]a$  by (metis Act-Sub:3 → E)
  AOT-have ⟨ $[A!]a$  by (simp add: a-prop)
  AOT-hence ⟨ $\lambda x \neg\Diamond[E!]x$  a⟩
    by (rule =_df E(2)[OF AOT-abstract, rotated]) cqt:2
  AOT-hence ⟨ $\neg\Diamond[E!]a$  using β→C(1) by blast
  AOT-thus ⟨ $\Diamond[E!]a \& \neg\Diamond[E!]a$  using 1 & I by blast
qed
AOT-have not-delta-concrete-a: ⟨ $\neg\Delta[E!]aproof (rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume ⟨ $\Delta[E!]aAOT-hence 1: ⟨ $\Diamond[E!]a$  by (metis Delta-pos vdash-properties:10)
  AOT-have ⟨ $[A!]a$  by (simp add: a-prop)
  AOT-hence ⟨ $\lambda x \neg\Diamond[E!]x$  a⟩
    by (rule =_df E(2)[OF AOT-abstract, rotated]) cqt:2[lambda]
  AOT-hence ⟨ $\neg\Diamond[E!]a$  using β→C(1) by blast
  AOT-thus ⟨ $\Diamond[E!]a \& \neg\Diamond[E!]a$  using 1 & I by blast
qed

AOT-have not-act-q-zero: ⟨ $\neg\mathcal{A}_{q_0}$ ⟩
  by (meson log-prop-prop:2 pos-not-pna:1
    q0-def reductio-aa:1 rule-id-df:2:a[zero])
AOT-have delta-q-zero: ⟨ $\Delta_{q_0}$ ⟩
proof(rule ≡_df I[OF necessary-or-contingently-false];
  rule ∨ I(2); rule & I)
  AOT-show ⟨ $\neg\mathcal{A}_{q_0}$  using not-act-q-zero.
  AOT-show ⟨ $\Diamond q_0$  by (meson & E(1) q0-prop)
qed
AOT-have act-not-q-zero: ⟨ $\mathcal{A}\neg q_0$ ⟩
  using Act-Basic:1 ∨ E(2) not-act-q-zero by blast
AOT-have not-delta-not-q-zero: ⟨ $\neg\Delta\neg q_0$ ⟩
  using ≡_df E conventions:5 Act-Basic:1 act-and-not-nec-not-delta
  & E(1) ∨ E(2) not-act-q-zero q0-prop by blast

AOT-have ⟨ $L^- \downarrow$  by (simp add: rel-neg-T:3)
moreover AOT-have ⟨ $\neg\mathcal{A}[L^-]b \& \neg\Delta[L^-]b \& \neg\mathcal{A}[L^-]a \& \neg\Delta[L^-]a$ ⟩
proof (safe intro!: & I)
  AOT-show ⟨ $\neg\mathcal{A}[L^-]b$ ⟩$$$$$$$$$$$ 
```

```

by (meson  $\equiv E(1)$  logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst] nec-imp-act
      nec-not-L-neg  $\rightarrow E$ )
AOT-show  $\neg\Delta[L^-]b$ 
  by (meson Delta-pos KBasic2:1  $\equiv E(1)$ 
        modulus-tollens:1 nec-not-L-neg)
AOT-show  $\neg\mathcal{A}[L^-]a$ 
  by (meson  $\equiv E(1)$  logic-actual-nec:1[axiom-inst]
        nec-imp-act nec-not-L-neg  $\rightarrow E$ )
AOT-show  $\neg\Delta[L^-]a$ 
  using Delta-pos KBasic2:1  $\equiv E(1)$  modulus-tollens:1
        nec-not-L-neg by blast
qed
ultimately AOT-obtain  $F_0$  where  $\neg\mathcal{A}[F_0]b \& \neg\Delta[F_0]b \& \neg\mathcal{A}[F_0]a \& \neg\Delta[F_0]a$ 
  using  $\exists I(1)[rotated, THEN \exists E[rotated]]$  by fastforce
AOT-hence  $\neg\mathcal{A}[F_0]b$  and  $\neg\Delta[F_0]b$  and  $\neg\mathcal{A}[F_0]a$  and  $\neg\Delta[F_0]a$ 
  using & $E$  by blast+
note props = this

let ?Pi = « $\lambda y [A!]y \& q_0$ »
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have  $\langle[\langle ?Pi \rangle]\downarrow$  by cqt:2[lambda]
} note 1 = this
moreover AOT-have  $\neg\mathcal{A}[\langle ?Pi \rangle]b \& \neg\Delta[\langle ?Pi \rangle]b \& \neg\mathcal{A}[\langle ?Pi \rangle]a \& \Delta[\langle ?Pi \rangle]a$ 
proof (safe intro!: & $I$ ; AOT-subst  $\langle[\lambda y A!y \& q_0]x\rangle$   $\langle A!x \& q_0\rangle$  for:  $x$ )
  AOT-show  $\neg\mathcal{A}([A!]b \& q_0)$ 
    using Act-Basic:2 & $E(1) \equiv E(1)$  not-act-abs-b raa-cor:3 by blast
  next AOT-show  $\neg\Delta([A!]b \& q_0)$ 
    by (metis Delta-pos KBasic2:3 & $E(1) \equiv E(4)$  not-act-abs-b
          oa-facts:4 oa-facts:8 raa-cor:3  $\rightarrow E$ )
  next AOT-show  $\neg\mathcal{A}([A!]a \& q_0)$ 
    using Act-Basic:2 & $E(2) \equiv E(1)$  not-act-q-zero
      raa-cor:3 by blast
  next AOT-show  $\Delta([A!]a \& q_0)$ 
    proof (rule not-act-and-pos-delta)
      AOT-show  $\neg\mathcal{A}([A!]a \& q_0)$ 
        using Act-Basic:2 & $E(2) \equiv E(4)$  not-act-q-zero
          raa-cor:3 by blast
  next AOT-show  $\Diamond([A!]a \& q_0)$ 
    by (metis & $I \rightarrow E$  Delta-pos KBasic:16 & $E(1)$  delta-abs-a
           $\equiv E(1)$  oa-facts:6 qo-prop)
  qed
qed(auto simp: beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF 1])
ultimately AOT-obtain  $F_1$  where  $\neg\mathcal{A}[F_1]b \& \neg\Delta[F_1]b \& \neg\mathcal{A}[F_1]a \& \Delta[F_1]a$ 
  using  $\exists I(1)[rotated, THEN \exists E[rotated]]$  by fastforce
AOT-hence  $\neg\mathcal{A}[F_1]b$  and  $\neg\Delta[F_1]b$  and  $\neg\mathcal{A}[F_1]a$  and  $\Delta[F_1]a$ 
  using & $E$  by blast+
note props = props this

let ?Pi = « $\lambda y [A!]y \& \neg q_0$ »
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have  $\langle[\langle ?Pi \rangle]\downarrow$  by cqt:2[lambda]
} note 1 = this
moreover AOT-have  $\neg\mathcal{A}[\langle ?Pi \rangle]b \& \neg\Delta[\langle ?Pi \rangle]b \& \mathcal{A}[\langle ?Pi \rangle]a \& \neg\Delta[\langle ?Pi \rangle]a$ 
proof (safe intro!: & $I$ ; AOT-subst  $\langle[\lambda y A!y \& \neg q_0]x\rangle$   $\langle A!x \& \neg q_0\rangle$  for:  $x$ )
  AOT-show  $\neg\mathcal{A}([A!]b \& \neg q_0)$ 
    using Act-Basic:2 & $E(1) \equiv E(1)$  not-act-abs-b raa-cor:3 by blast
  next AOT-show  $\neg\Delta([A!]b \& \neg q_0)$ 
    by (meson RM $\Diamond$  Delta-pos Conjunction Simplification(1)  $\equiv E(4)$ 
          modulus-tollens:1 not-act-abs-b oa-facts:4 oa-facts:8)
  next AOT-show  $\mathcal{A}([A!]a \& \neg q_0)$ 
    by (metis Act-Basic:1 Act-Basic:2 act-abs-a & $I \vee E(2)$ 
           $\equiv E(3)$  not-act-q-zero raa-cor:3)
  next AOT-show  $\neg\Delta([A!]a \& \neg q_0)$ 

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proof (rule act-and-not-nec-not-delta)
  AOT-show ⟨ $\mathcal{A}([A!]a \& \neg q_0)by (metis Act-Basic:1 Act-Basic:2 act-abs-a & I ∨ E(2)
       $\equiv E(3) \text{ not-act-q-zero raa-cor:3}$ )
  next
    AOT-show ⟨ $\neg \square([A!]a \& \neg q_0)by (metis KBasic2:1 KBasic:3 & E(1) & E(2) ≡ E(4)
         $q_0\text{-prop raa-cor:3}$ )
    qed
  qed(auto simp: beta-C-meta[THEN → E, OF 1])
  ultimately AOT-obtain  $F_2$  where ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[F_2]b \& \neg \Delta[F_2]b \& \mathcal{A}[F_2]a \& \neg \Delta[F_2]a$ ⟩
    using  $\exists I(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{ THEN } \exists E[\text{rotated}]]$  by fastforce
  AOT-hence ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[F_2]b$  and ⟨ $\neg \Delta[F_2]b$  and ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[F_2]a$  and ⟨ $\neg \Delta[F_2]a$ ⟩
    using &E by blast+
  note props = props this

AOT-have abstract-prop: ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[A!]b \& \neg \Delta[A!]b \& \mathcal{A}[A!]a \& \Delta[A!]a$ ⟩
  using act-abs-a & I delta-abs-a not-act-abs-b not-delta-abs-b
  by presburger
then AOT-obtain  $F_3$  where ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[F_3]b \& \neg \Delta[F_3]b \& \mathcal{A}[F_3]a \& \Delta[F_3]a$ ⟩
  using  $\exists I(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{ THEN } \exists E[\text{rotated}]]$  oa-exist:2 by fastforce
AOT-hence ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[F_3]b$  and ⟨ $\neg \Delta[F_3]b$  and ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[F_3]a$  and ⟨ $\Delta[F_3]a$ ⟩
  using &E by blast+
note props = props this

AOT-have ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[E!]b \& \Delta[E!]b \& \neg \mathcal{A}[E!]a \& \neg \Delta[E!]a$ ⟩
  by (meson & I delta-concrete-b not-act-concrete-a
    not-act-concrete-b not-delta-concrete-a)
then AOT-obtain  $F_4$  where ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[F_4]b \& \Delta[F_4]b \& \neg \mathcal{A}[F_4]a \& \neg \Delta[F_4]a$ ⟩
  using  $\exists I(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{ THEN } \exists E[\text{rotated}]]$ 
  by fastforce
AOT-hence ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[F_4]b$  and ⟨ $\Delta[F_4]b$  and ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[F_4]a$  and ⟨ $\neg \Delta[F_4]a$ ⟩
  using &E by blast+
note props = props this

AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have ⟨ $\lambda y q_0 \downarrow$  by cqt:2[lambda]
} note 1 = this
moreover AOT-have ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[\lambda y q_0]b \& \Delta[\lambda y q_0]b \& \neg \mathcal{A}[\lambda y q_0]a \& \Delta[\lambda y q_0]a$ ⟩
  by (safe intro!: &I; AOT-subst ⟨ $\lambda y q_0 \downarrow$  ⟩  $q_0$  for: b
    (auto simp: not-act-q-zero delta-q-zero beta-C-meta[THEN → E, OF 1]))
ultimately AOT-obtain  $F_5$  where ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[F_5]b \& \Delta[F_5]b \& \neg \mathcal{A}[F_5]a \& \Delta[F_5]a$ ⟩
  using  $\exists I(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{ THEN } \exists E[\text{rotated}]]$ 
  by fastforce
AOT-hence ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[F_5]b$  and ⟨ $\Delta[F_5]b$  and ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[F_5]a$  and ⟨ $\Delta[F_5]a$ ⟩
  using &E by blast+
note props = props this

let ?Π = « $\lambda y [E!]y \vee ([A!]y \& \neg q_0)$ »
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have ⟨«?Π» $\downarrow$  by cqt:2[lambda]
} note 1 = this
moreover AOT-have ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[\langle «?Π » \rangle]b \& \Delta[\langle «?Π » \rangle]b \& \mathcal{A}[\langle «?Π » \rangle]a \& \neg \Delta[\langle «?Π » \rangle]a$ ⟩
proof(safe intro!: &I;
  AOT-subst ⟨ $\lambda y E!y \vee (A!y \& \neg q_0) \rangle x$  ⟩  $E!x \vee (A!x \& \neg q_0)$  for: x)
  AOT-have ⟨ $\mathcal{A}\neg([A!]b \& \neg q_0)$ ⟩
    by (metis Act-Basic:1 Act-Basic:2 abstract-prop & E(1) ∨ E(2)
       $\equiv E(1) \text{ raa-cor:3}$ )
  moreover AOT-have ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[E!]b$ ⟩
    using b-prop & E(2) by blast
  ultimately AOT-have 2: ⟨ $\mathcal{A}(\neg [E!]b \& \neg ([A!]b \& \neg q_0))$ ⟩
    by (metis Act-Basic:2 Act-Sub:1 & I ≡ E(3) raa-cor:1)
  AOT-have ⟨ $\mathcal{A}\neg([E!]b \vee ([A!]b \& \neg q_0))$ ⟩$$ 
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by (AOT-subst  $\neg([E!]b \vee ([A!]b \& \neg q_0)) \rightarrow \neg[E!]b \& \neg([A!]b \& \neg q_0)$ )
  (auto simp: oth-class-taut:5;d 2)
AOT-thus  $\neg\mathcal{A}([E!]b \vee ([A!]b \& \neg q_0))$ 
  by (metis  $\neg I$  Act-Sub:1  $\equiv E(4)$ )
next
AOT-show  $\Delta([E!]b \vee ([A!]b \& \neg q_0))$ 
proof (rule not-act-and-pos-delta)
  AOT-show  $\neg\mathcal{A}([E!]b \vee ([A!]b \& \neg q_0))$ 
    by (metis Act-Basic:2 Act-Basic:9  $\vee E(2)$  raa-cor:3
        Conjunction Simplification(1)  $\equiv E(4)$ 
        modus-tollens:1 not-act-abs-b not-act-concrete-b)
next
AOT-show  $\Diamond([E!]b \vee ([A!]b \& \neg q_0))$ 
  using KBasic2:2 b-prop &  $E(1) \vee I(1) \equiv E(3)$  raa-cor:3 by blast
qed
next AOT-show  $\mathcal{A}([E!]a \vee ([A!]a \& \neg q_0))$ 
  by (metis Act-Basic:1 Act-Basic:2 Act-Basic:9 act-abs-a & I
       $\vee I(2) \vee E(2) \equiv E(3)$  not-act-q-zero raa-cor:1)
next AOT-show  $\neg\Delta([E!]a \vee ([A!]a \& \neg q_0))$ 
  proof (rule act-and-not-nec-not-delta)
  AOT-show  $\mathcal{A}([E!]a \vee ([A!]a \& \neg q_0))$ 
    by (metis Act-Basic:1 Act-Basic:2 Act-Basic:9 act-abs-a & I
         $\vee I(2) \vee E(2) \equiv E(3)$  not-act-q-zero raa-cor:1)
next
AOT-have  $\Box \neg [E!]a$ 
  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} I$  conventions:5 & I  $\vee I(2)$ 
        necessary-or-contingently-false
        not-act-concrete-a not-delta-concrete-a raa-cor:3)
moreover AOT-have  $\Diamond \neg ([A!]a \& \neg q_0)$ 
  by (metis KBasic2:1 KBasic:11 KBasic:3
      &  $E(1,2) \equiv E(1)$  q0-prop raa-cor:3)
ultimately AOT-have  $\Diamond (\neg [E!]a \& \neg ([A!]a \& \neg q_0))$ 
  by (metis KBasic:16 & I vdash-properties:10)
AOT-hence  $\Diamond \neg ([E!]a \vee ([A!]a \& \neg q_0))$ 
  by (metis RE $\Diamond \equiv E(2)$  oth-class-taut:5:d)
AOT-thus  $\neg \Box ([E!]a \vee ([A!]a \& \neg q_0))$ 
  by (metis KBasic:12  $\equiv E(1)$  raa-cor:3)
qed
qed(auto simp: beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF 1])
ultimately AOT-obtain  $F_6$  where  $\neg\mathcal{A}[F_6]b \& \Delta[F_6]b \& \mathcal{A}[F_6]a \& \neg\Delta[F_6]a$ 
  using  $\exists I(1)[rotated, THEN \exists E[rotated]]$  by fastforce
AOT-hence  $\neg\mathcal{A}[F_6]b$  and  $\Delta[F_6]b$  and  $\mathcal{A}[F_6]a$  and  $\neg\Delta[F_6]a$ 
  using &  $E$  by blast+
note props = props this

let ?Pi = « $\lambda y [A!]y \vee [E!]y$ »
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have «?Pi» $\downarrow$  by cqt:2[lambda]
} note 1 = this
moreover AOT-have  $\neg\mathcal{A}[\langle ?Pi \rangle]b \& \Delta[\langle ?Pi \rangle]b \& \mathcal{A}[\langle ?Pi \rangle]a \& \Delta[\langle ?Pi \rangle]a$ 
proof(safe intro!: &I; AOT-subst « $\lambda y A!y \vee E!y$ »x « $A!x \vee E!x$ » for: x)
  AOT-show  $\neg\mathcal{A}([A!]b \vee [E!]b)$ 
    using Act-Basic:9  $\vee E(2) \equiv E(4)$  not-act-abs-b
    not-act-concrete-b raa-cor:3 by blast
next AOT-show  $\Delta([A!]b \vee [E!]b)$ 
proof (rule not-act-and-pos-delta)
  AOT-show  $\neg\mathcal{A}([A!]b \vee [E!]b)$ 
    using Act-Basic:9  $\vee E(2) \equiv E(4)$  not-act-abs-b
    not-act-concrete-b raa-cor:3 by blast
next AOT-show  $\Diamond([A!]b \vee [E!]b)$ 
  using KBasic2:2 b-prop &  $E(1) \vee I(2) \equiv E(2)$  by blast
qed
next AOT-show  $\mathcal{A}([A!]a \vee [E!]a)$ 

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    by (meson Act-Basic:9 act-abs-a ∨ I(1) ≡ E(2))
next AOT-show ⟨Δ([A!]a ∨ [E!]a) ⟩
  proof (rule nec-delta)
    AOT-show ⟨□([A!]a ∨ [E!]a)⟩
      by (metis KBasic:15 act-abs-a act-and-not-nec-not-delta
           Disjunction Addition(1) delta-abs-a raa-cor:3 → E)
    qed
  qed(auto simp: beta-C-meta[THEN → E, OF 1])
ultimately AOT-obtain F7 where ⟨¬A[F7]b & Δ[F7]b & A[F7]a & Δ[F7]a⟩
  using ∃ I(1)[rotated, THEN ∃ E[rotated]] by fastforce
AOT-hence ⟨¬A[F7]b⟩ and ⟨Δ[F7]b⟩ and ⟨A[F7]a⟩ and ⟨Δ[F7]a⟩
  using &E by blast+
note props = props this

let ?Π = «[λy [O!]y & ¬[E!]y]»
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have ⟨[«?Π»]↓⟩ by cqt:2[lambda]
} note 1 = this
moreover AOT-have ⟨A[«?Π»]b & ¬Δ[«?Π»]b & ¬A[«?Π»]a & ¬Δ[«?Π»]a⟩
proof(safe intro!: &I; AOT-subst ⟨[λy O!y & ¬E!y]x⟩ ⟨O!x & ¬E!x⟩ for: x)
  AOT-show ⟨A([O!]b & ¬[E!]b)⟩
    by (metis Act-Basic:1 Act-Basic:2 act-ord-b &I ∨ E(2)
        ≡ E(3) not-act-concrete-b raa-cor:3)
next AOT-show ⟨¬Δ([O!]b & ¬[E!]b)⟩
  by (metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) conventions:5 Act-Sub:1 RM:1
       act-and-not-nec-not-delta act-conj-act:3
       act-ord-b b-prop &I &E(1) Conjunction Simplification(2)
       df-rules-formulas[3]
       ≡ E(3) raa-cor:1 → E)
next AOT-show ⟨¬A([O!]a & ¬[E!]a)⟩
  using Act-Basic:2 &E(1) ≡ E(1) not-act-ord-a raa-cor:3 by blast
next AOT-have ⟨¬◊([O!]a & ¬[E!]a)⟩
  by (metis KBasic2:3 &E(1) ≡ E(4) not-act-ord-a oa-facts:3
       oa-facts:7 raa-cor:3 vdash-properties:10)
AOT-thus ⟨¬Δ([O!]a & ¬[E!]a)⟩
  by (rule impossible-delta)
qed(auto simp: beta-C-meta[THEN → E, OF 1])
ultimately AOT-obtain F8 where ⟨A[F8]b & ¬Δ[F8]b & ¬A[F8]a & ¬Δ[F8]a⟩
  using ∃ I(1)[rotated, THEN ∃ E[rotated]] by fastforce
AOT-hence ⟨A[F8]b⟩ and ⟨¬Δ[F8]b⟩ and ⟨¬A[F8]a⟩ and ⟨¬Δ[F8]a⟩
  using &E by blast+
note props = props this

let ?Π = «[λy ¬[E!]y & ([O!]y ∨ q0)]»
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have ⟨[«?Π»]↓⟩ by cqt:2[lambda]
} note 1 = this
moreover AOT-have ⟨A[«?Π»]b & ¬Δ[«?Π»]b & ¬A[«?Π»]a & Δ[«?Π»]a⟩
proof(safe intro!: &I;
      AOT-subst ⟨[λy ¬E!y & (O!y ∨ q0)]x⟩ ⟨¬E!x & (O!x ∨ q0)⟩ for: x)
  AOT-show ⟨A(¬[E!]b & ([O!]b ∨ q0))⟩
    by (metis Act-Basic:1 Act-Basic:2 Act-Basic:9 act-ord-b &I
         ∨ I(1) ∨ E(2) ≡ E(3) not-act-concrete-b raa-cor:1)
next AOT-show ⟨¬Δ(¬[E!]b & ([O!]b ∨ q0))⟩
  proof (rule act-and-pos-not-not-delta)
    AOT-show ⟨A(¬[E!]b & ([O!]b ∨ q0))⟩
      by (metis Act-Basic:1 Act-Basic:2 Act-Basic:9 act-ord-b &I
           ∨ I(1) ∨ E(2) ≡ E(3) not-act-concrete-b raa-cor:1)
  next
    AOT-show ⟨◊¬(¬[E!]b & ([O!]b ∨ q0))⟩
    proof (AOT-subst ⟨¬(¬[E!]b & ([O!]b ∨ q0))⟩ ⟨[E!]b ∨ ¬([O!]b ∨ q0))⟩)
      AOT-modally-strict {
        AOT-show ⟨¬(¬[E!]b & ([O!]b ∨ q0)) ≡ [E!]b ∨ ¬([O!]b ∨ q0))⟩

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    by (metis &I &E(1,2) ∨I(1,2) ∨E(2)
         →I ≡I reductio-aa:1)
}
next
  AOT-show ⟨◊([E!]b ∨ ¬([O!]b ∨ q₀))⟩
  using KBasic2:2 b-prop &E(1) ∨I(1) ≡E(3)
    raa-cor:3 by blast
qed
qed
next
  AOT-show ⟨¬A(¬[E!]a & ([O!]a ∨ q₀))⟩
  using Act-Basic:2 Act-Basic:9 &E(2) ∨E(3) ≡E(1)
    not-act-ord-a not-act-q-zero reductio-aa:2 by blast
next
  AOT-show ⟨Δ(¬[E!]a & ([O!]a ∨ q₀))⟩
  proof (rule not-act-and-pos-delta)
    AOT-show ⟨¬A(¬[E!]a & ([O!]a ∨ q₀))⟩
    by (metis Act-Basic:2 Act-Basic:9 &E(2) ∨E(3) ≡E(1)
        not-act-ord-a not-act-q-zero reductio-aa:2)
next
  AOT-have ⟨□¬[E!]a⟩
  using KBasic2:1 ≡E(2) not-act-and-pos-delta not-act-concrete-a
    not-delta-concrete-a raa-cor:5 by blast
  moreover AOT-have ⟨◊([O!]a ∨ q₀)⟩
  by (metis KBasic2:2 &E(1) ∨I(2) ≡E(3) q₀-prop raa-cor:3)
  ultimately AOT-show ⟨◊(¬[E!]a & ([O!]a ∨ q₀))⟩
  by (metis KBasic:16 &I vdash-properties:10)
qed
qed(auto simp: beta-C-meta[THEN →E, OF 1])
ultimately AOT-obtain F₉ where ⟨A[F₉]b & ¬Δ[F₉]b & ¬A[F₉]a & Δ[F₉]a⟩
  using ∃ I(1)[rotated, THEN ∃ E[rotated]] by fastforce
AOT-hence ⟨A[F₉]b⟩ and ⟨¬Δ[F₉]b⟩ and ⟨¬A[F₉]a⟩ and ⟨Δ[F₉]a⟩
  using &E by blast+
note props = props this

AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have ⟨[λy ¬q₀]↓⟩ by cqt:2[lambda]
} note 1 = this
moreover AOT-have ⟨A[λy ¬q₀]b & ¬Δ[λy ¬q₀]b & A[λy ¬q₀]a & ¬Δ[λy ¬q₀]a⟩
  by (safe intro!: &I; AOT-subst ⟨[λy ¬q₀]x⟩ ⟨¬q₀⟩ for: x)
    (auto simp: act-not-q-zero not-delta-not-q-zero
      beta-C-meta[THEN →E, OF 1])
ultimately AOT-obtain F₁₀ where ⟨A[F₁₀]b & ¬Δ[F₁₀]b & A[F₁₀]a & ¬Δ[F₁₀]a⟩
  using ∃ I(1)[rotated, THEN ∃ E[rotated]] by fastforce
AOT-hence ⟨A[F₁₀]b⟩ and ⟨¬Δ[F₁₀]b⟩ and ⟨A[F₁₀]a⟩ and ⟨¬Δ[F₁₀]a⟩
  using &E by blast+
note props = props this

AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have ⟨[λy ¬[E!]y]↓⟩ by cqt:2[lambda]
} note 1 = this
moreover AOT-have ⟨A[λy ¬[E!]y]b & ¬Δ[λy ¬[E!]y]b &
  A[λy ¬[E!]y]a & Δ[λy ¬[E!]y]a⟩
proof (safe intro!: &I; AOT-subst ⟨[λy ¬[E!]y]x⟩ ⟨¬[E!]x⟩ for: x)
  AOT-show ⟨A¬[E!]b⟩
  using Act-Basic:1 ∨E(2) not-act-concrete-b by blast
next AOT-show ⟨¬Δ¬[E!]b⟩
  using ≡df E conventions:5 Act-Basic:1 act-and-not-nec-not-delta
    b-prop &E(1) ∨E(2) not-act-concrete-b by blast
next AOT-show ⟨A¬[E!]a⟩
  using Act-Basic:1 ∨E(2) not-act-concrete-a by blast
next AOT-show ⟨Δ¬[E!]a⟩
  using KBasic2:1 ≡E(2) nec-delta not-act-and-pos-delta

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not-act-concrete-a not-delta-concrete-a reductio–aa:1
by blast
qed(*auto simp: beta–C–meta[THEN →E, OF 1]*)
ultimately AOT-obtain F_{11} **where** $\langle \mathcal{A}[F_{11}]b \& \neg\Delta[F_{11}]b \& \mathcal{A}[F_{11}]a \& \Delta[F_{11}]a \rangle$
using $\exists I(1)[rotated, THEN \exists E[rotated]]$ **by** fastforce
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}[F_{11}]b \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\Delta[F_{11}]b \rangle$ **and** $\langle \mathcal{A}[F_{11}]a \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Delta[F_{11}]a \rangle$
using & E **by** blast+
note $props = props$ this

AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}[O!]b \& \Delta[O!]b \& \neg\mathcal{A}[O!]a \& \neg\Delta[O!]a \rangle$
by (*simp add: act-ord-b & I delta-ord-b not-act-ord-a not-delta-ord-a*)
then AOT-obtain F_{12} **where** $\langle \mathcal{A}[F_{12}]b \& \Delta[F_{12}]b \& \neg\mathcal{A}[F_{12}]a \& \neg\Delta[F_{12}]a \rangle$
using oa-exist:1 $\exists I(1)[rotated, THEN \exists E[rotated]]$ **by** fastforce
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}[F_{12}]b \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Delta[F_{12}]b \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\mathcal{A}[F_{12}]a \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\Delta[F_{12}]a \rangle$
using & E **by** blast+
note $props = props$ this

let $?Pi = \langle \lambda y [O!]y \vee q_0 \rangle$
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have $\langle \langle ?Pi \rangle \rangle$ **by** cqt:2[lambda]
} note 1 = this
moreover AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}[\langle ?Pi \rangle]b \& \Delta[\langle ?Pi \rangle]b \& \neg\mathcal{A}[\langle ?Pi \rangle]a \& \Delta[\langle ?Pi \rangle]a \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!: &I; AOT-subst ⟨λy O!y ∨ q₀⟩x ⟨O!x ∨ q₀⟩ for: x*)
AOT-show $\langle \mathcal{A}([O!]b \vee q_0) \rangle$
by (meson Act–Basic:9 act-ord-b ∨ $I(1) \equiv E(2)$)
next AOT-show $\langle \Delta([O!]b \vee q_0) \rangle$
by (meson KBasic:15 b-ord ∨ $I(1)$ nec-delta oa-facts:1 → E)
next AOT-show $\langle \neg\mathcal{A}([O!]a \vee q_0) \rangle$
using Act–Basic:9 ∨ $E(2) \equiv E(4)$ not-act-ord-a
not-act-q-zero raa–cor:3 by blast
next AOT-show $\langle \Delta([O!]a \vee q_0) \rangle$
proof (rule not-act-and-pos-delta)
AOT-show $\langle \neg\mathcal{A}([O!]a \vee q_0) \rangle$
using Act–Basic:9 ∨ $E(2) \equiv E(4)$ not-act-ord-a
not-act-q-zero raa–cor:3 by blast
next AOT-show $\langle \Diamond([O!]a \vee q_0) \rangle$
using KBasic2:2 & $E(1) \vee I(2) \equiv E(2)$ q0-prop **by** blast
qed
qed(*auto simp: beta–C–meta[THEN →E, OF 1]*)
ultimately AOT-obtain F_{13} **where** $\langle \mathcal{A}[F_{13}]b \& \Delta[F_{13}]b \& \neg\mathcal{A}[F_{13}]a \& \Delta[F_{13}]a \rangle$
using $\exists I(1)[rotated, THEN \exists E[rotated]]$ **by** fastforce
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}[F_{13}]b \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Delta[F_{13}]b \rangle$ **and** $\langle \neg\mathcal{A}[F_{13}]a \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Delta[F_{13}]a \rangle$
using & E **by** blast+
note $props = props$ this

let $?Pi = \langle \lambda y [O!]y \vee \neg q_0 \rangle$
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have $\langle \langle ?Pi \rangle \rangle$ **by** cqt:2[lambda]
} note 1 = this
moreover AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}[\langle ?Pi \rangle]b \& \Delta[\langle ?Pi \rangle]b \& \mathcal{A}[\langle ?Pi \rangle]a \& \neg\Delta[\langle ?Pi \rangle]a \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!: &I; AOT-subst ⟨λy O!y ∨ ¬q₀⟩x ⟨O!x ∨ ¬q₀⟩ for: x*)
AOT-show $\langle \mathcal{A}([O!]b \vee \neg q_0) \rangle$
by (meson Act–Basic:9 act-not-q-zero ∨ $I(2) \equiv E(2)$)
next AOT-show $\langle \Delta([O!]b \vee \neg q_0) \rangle$
by (meson KBasic:15 b-ord ∨ $I(1)$ nec-delta oa-facts:1 → E)
next AOT-show $\langle \mathcal{A}([O!]a \vee \neg q_0) \rangle$
by (meson Act–Basic:9 act-not-q-zero ∨ $I(2) \equiv E(2)$)
next AOT-show $\langle \neg\Delta([O!]a \vee \neg q_0) \rangle$
proof (rule act-and-pos-not-not-delta)
AOT-show $\langle \mathcal{A}([O!]a \vee \neg q_0) \rangle$
by (meson Act–Basic:9 act-not-q-zero ∨ $I(2) \equiv E(2)$)
next
AOT-have $\langle \Box \neg [O!]a \rangle$

```

using KBasic2:1 ≡E(2) not-act-and-pos-delta
not-act-ord-a not-delta-ord-a raa-cor:6 by blast
moreover AOT-have ⟨◊q₀⟩
  by (meson &E(1) q₀-prop)
ultimately AOT-have 2: ⟨◊(¬[O!]a & q₀)⟩
  by (metis KBasic:16 &I vdash-properties:10)
AOT-show ⟨◊¬([O!]a ∨ ¬q₀)⟩
proof (AOT-subst (reverse) ⟨¬([O!]a ∨ ¬q₀)⟩ ⟨¬[O!]a & q₀⟩)
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-show ⟨¬[O!]a & q₀ ≡ ¬([O!]a ∨ ¬q₀)⟩
      by (metis &I &E(1) &E(2) ∨I(1) ∨I(2)
           ∨E(3) deduction-theorem ≡I raa-cor:3)
  }
next
  AOT-show ⟨◊(¬[O!]a & q₀)⟩
    using 2 by blast
  qed
qed
qed(auto simp: beta-C-meta[THEN →E, OF 1])
ultimately AOT-obtain F₁₄ where ⟨A[F₁₄]b & Δ[F₁₄]b & A[F₁₄]a & ¬Δ[F₁₄]a⟩
  using ∃I(1)[rotated, THEN ∃E[rotated]] by fastforce
AOT-hence ⟨A[F₁₄]b⟩ and ⟨Δ[F₁₄]b⟩ and ⟨A[F₁₄]a⟩ and ⟨¬Δ[F₁₄]a⟩
  using &E by blast+
note props = props this

AOT-have ⟨[L]↓⟩
  by (rule =_df I(2)[OF L-def]) cqt:2[lambda]+
moreover AOT-have ⟨A[L]b & Δ[L]b & A[L]a & Δ[L]a⟩
proof (safe intro!: &I)
  AOT-show ⟨A[L]b⟩
    by (meson nec-L nec-imp-act vdash-properties:10)
  next AOT-show ⟨Δ[L]b⟩ using nec-L nec-delta by blast
  next AOT-show ⟨A[L]a⟩ by (meson nec-L nec-imp-act →E)
  next AOT-show ⟨Δ[L]a⟩ using nec-L nec-delta by blast
qed
ultimately AOT-obtain F₁₅ where ⟨A[F₁₅]b & Δ[F₁₅]b & A[F₁₅]a & Δ[F₁₅]a⟩
  using ∃I(1)[rotated, THEN ∃E[rotated]] by fastforce
AOT-hence ⟨A[F₁₅]b⟩ and ⟨Δ[F₁₅]b⟩ and ⟨A[F₁₅]a⟩ and ⟨Δ[F₁₅]a⟩
  using &E by blast+
note props = props this

show ?thesis
  by (rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₀]; rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₁];
       rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₂]; rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₃];
       rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₄]; rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₅];
       rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₆]; rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₇];
       rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₈]; rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₉];
       rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₁₀]; rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₁₁];
       rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₁₂]; rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₁₃];
       rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₁₄]; rule ∃I(2)[where β=F₁₅];
       safe intro!: &I)
  (match conclusion in [?v ⊨ [F] ≠ [G]] for F G ⇒ ⟨
    match props in A: [?v ⊨ ¬φ{F}] for φ ⇒ ⟨
      match (φ) in λa . ?p ⇒ ⟨fail⟩ | λa . a ⇒ ⟨fail⟩ | - ⇒ ⟨
        match props in B: [?v ⊨ φ{G}] ⇒ ⟨
          fact pos-not-equiv-ne:4[where F=F and G=G and φ=φ, THEN →E,
            OF oth-class-taut:4:h[THEN ≡E(2)],
            OF Disjunction Addition(2)[THEN →E],
            OF &I, OF A, OF B]⟩⟩⟩⟩+
  qed

```

8.11 The Theory of Objects

AOT-theorem $o\text{-objects-exist:1}$: $\langle \Box \exists x O!x \rangle$
proof (*rule RN*)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-obtain a **where** $\langle \Diamond(E!a \ \& \ \neg A[E!]a) \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}, OF qml:4[\text{axiom-inst}, THEN BF\Diamond[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E]]]$
by *blast*
AOT-hence 1: $\langle \Diamond E!a \rangle$ **by** (*metis KBasic2:3 &E(1) →E*)
AOT-have $\langle [\lambda x \Diamond[E!]x]a \rangle$
proof (*rule β←C(1); cqt:2[lambda]?*)
AOT-show $\langle a \downarrow \rangle$ **using** $cqt:2[\text{const-var}][\text{axiom-inst}]$ **by** *blast*
next
AOT-show $\langle \Diamond E!a \rangle$ **by** (*fact 1*)
qed
AOT-hence $\langle O!a \rangle$ **by** (*rule =df I(2)[OF AOT-ordinary, rotated]*) $cqt:2$
AOT-thus $\langle \exists x [O!]x \rangle$ **by** (*rule ∃I*)
}
qed

AOT-theorem $o\text{-objects-exist:2}$: $\langle \Box \exists x A!x \rangle$
proof (*rule RN*)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-obtain a **where** $\langle [A!]a \rangle$
using $A\text{-objects}[\text{axiom-inst}] \exists E[\text{rotated}] \ \& \ E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \exists x A!x \rangle$ **using** $\exists I$ **by** *blast*
}
qed

AOT-theorem $o\text{-objects-exist:3}$: $\langle \Box \neg \forall x O!x \rangle$
by (*rule RN*)
(*metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) ∃ E cqt-orig:1[const-var]*
 $\equiv E(4)$ *modus-tollens:1 o-objects-exist:2 oa-contingent:2*
 $qml:2[\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ reductio-aa:2}$)

AOT-theorem $o\text{-objects-exist:4}$: $\langle \Box \neg \forall x A!x \rangle$
by (*rule RN*)
(*metis (mono-tags, opaque-lifting) ∃ E cqt-orig:1[const-var]*
 $\equiv E(1)$ *modus-tollens:1 o-objects-exist:1 oa-contingent:2*
 $qml:2[\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow E$)

AOT-theorem $o\text{-objects-exist:5}$: $\langle \Box \neg \forall x E!x \rangle$
proof (*rule RN; rule raa-cor:2*)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-assume $\langle \forall x E!x \rangle$
moreover **AOT-obtain** a **where** $abs: \langle A!a \rangle$
using $o\text{-objects-exist:2}[\text{THEN } qml:2[\text{axiom-inst}, THEN \rightarrow E]]$
 $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle E!a \rangle$ **using** $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence 1: $\langle \Diamond E!a \rangle$ **by** (*metis T\Diamond →E*)
AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y \Diamond E!y]a \rangle$
proof (*rule β←C(1); cqt:2[lambda]?*)
AOT-show $\langle a \downarrow \rangle$ **using** $cqt:2[\text{const-var}][\text{axiom-inst}]$.
next
AOT-show $\langle \Diamond E!a \rangle$ **by** (*fact 1*)
qed
AOT-hence $\langle O!a \rangle$
by (*rule =df I(2)[OF AOT-ordinary, rotated]*) $cqt:2[\text{lambda}]$
AOT-hence $\langle \neg A!a \rangle$ **by** (*metis ≡E(1) oa-contingent:2*)
AOT-thus $\langle p \ \& \ \neg p \rangle$ **for** p **using** abs **by** (*metis raa-cor:3*)
}
qed

AOT-theorem *partition*: $\langle \neg \exists x (O!x \& A!x) \rangle$

proof(rule *raa-cor*:2)

AOT-assume $\langle \exists x (O!x \& A!x) \rangle$

then AOT-obtain *a* where $\langle O!a \& A!a \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ for *p*

by (*metis &E(1)*) *Conjunction Simplification(2)* $\equiv E(1)$

modus-tollens:1 oa-contingent:2 raa-cor:3)

qed

AOT-define *eq-E* :: $\langle \Pi \rangle (\langle' (=_{\text{E}}') \rangle)$

$= E: \langle (=_{\text{E}}) =_{df} [\lambda xy O!x \& O!y \& \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)] \rangle$

syntax *-AOT-eq-E-infix* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ (**infixl** $\langle =_{\text{E}} \rangle$ 50)

translations

-AOT-eq-E-infix $\kappa \kappa' == \text{CONST AOT-exe} (\text{CONST eq-E}) (\text{CONST Pair } \kappa \kappa')$

print-translation

AOT-syntax-print-translations

[(**const-syntax** *AOT-exe*, *fn ctxt => fn* [

Const (const-name $\langle =_{\text{E}} \rangle$, -),

Const (const-syntax *Pair*, -) \$ *lhs \$ rhs*

] => Const (syntax-const $\langle -\text{AOT-eq-E-infix} \rangle$, *dummyT*) \$ *lhs \$ rhs*)]

Note: Not explicitly mentioned as theorem in PLM.

AOT-theorem $= E[\text{denotes}]$: $\langle [(=_{\text{E}})] \downarrow \rangle$

by (rule $=_{df} I(2)[OF = E]$) *cqt:2[lambda]*+

AOT-theorem $= E-\text{simple}:1$: $\langle x =_{\text{E}} y \equiv (O!x \& O!y \& \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have 1: $\langle [\lambda xy [O!]x \& [O!]y \& \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** *cqt:2*

show *?thesis*

apply (rule $=_{df} I(2)[OF = E]$; *cqt:2[lambda]*?)

using *beta-C-meta*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF 1, unverify* $\nu_1 \nu_n$, *of* (-,-),

OF tuple-denotes[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} I$], *OF &I*,

OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst],

OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]]

by *fast*

qed

AOT-theorem $= E-\text{simple}:2$: $\langle x =_{\text{E}} y \rightarrow x = y \rangle$

proof (rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle x =_{\text{E}} y \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle O!x \& O!y \& \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$

using $= E-\text{simple}:1[\text{THEN } \equiv E(1)]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle x = y \rangle$

using $\equiv_{df} I[\text{OF identity:1}] \vee I$ **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *id-nec3:1*: $\langle x =_{\text{E}} y \equiv \Box(x =_{\text{E}} y) \rangle$

proof (rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle x =_{\text{E}} y \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle O!x \& O!y \& \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$

using $= E-\text{simple}:1 \equiv E$ **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \Box O!x \& \Box O!y \& \Box \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$

by (*metis S5Basic:6 &I &E(1) &E(2) \equiv E(4)*)

oa-facts:1 raa-cor:3 vdash-properties:10

AOT-hence $\langle \Box(O!x \& O!y \& \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)) \rangle$

by (*metis &E(1) &E(2) \equiv E(2) KBasic:3 &I*)

AOT-thus $\langle \Box(x =_{\text{E}} y) \rangle$

using $= E-\text{simple}:1$

by (*AOT-subst* $\langle x =_{\text{E}} y \rangle$ $\langle O!x \& O!y \& \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$) *auto*

next

AOT-assume $\langle \Box(x =_{\text{E}} y) \rangle$

AOT-thus $\langle x =_E y \rangle$ **using** $qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN \rightarrow E]$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem $id-nec3:2: \langle \Diamond(x =_E y) \equiv x =_E y \rangle$
by (*meson RE* $\Diamond S5Basic:2 id-nec3:1 \equiv E(1,5)$ *Commutativity of* \equiv)

AOT-theorem $id-nec3:3: \langle \Diamond(x =_E y) \equiv \Box(x =_E y) \rangle$
by (*meson id-nec3:1 id-nec3:2 \equiv E(5)*)

syntax $-AOT\text{-}non\text{-}eq\text{-}E :: \langle \Pi \rangle (\langle'(\neq_E')\rangle)$
translations

$(\Pi)(\neq_E) == (\Pi)(=_E)^-$

syntax $-AOT\text{-}non\text{-}eq\text{-}E\text{-}infix :: \langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ (**infixl** \neq_E 50)
translations

$-AOT\text{-}non\text{-}eq\text{-}E\text{-}infix \kappa \kappa' ==$

CONST AOT-exe (CONST relation-negation (CONST eq-E)) (CONST Pair $\kappa \kappa'$)

print-translation

AOT-syntax-print-translations

$[(const\text{-}syntax}\langle AOT\text{-}exe\rangle, fn\ ctxt \Rightarrow fn [$
 $Const\ (const\text{-}syntax}\langle relation\text{-}negation\rangle, -) \$ Const\ (const\text{-}name}\langle eq\text{-}E\rangle, -),$
 $Const\ (const\text{-}syntax}\langle Pair\rangle, -) \$ lhs \$ rhs$

$] \Rightarrow Const\ (syntax\text{-}const}\langle -AOT\text{-}non\text{-}eq\text{-}E\text{-}infix, dummyT\rangle \$ lhs \$ rhs)]\rangle$

AOT-theorem $thm\text{-}neg=E: \langle x \neq_E y \equiv \neg(x =_E y) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\vartheta: \langle [\lambda x_1\dots x_2 \neg(=_E)x_1\dots x_2] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** *cqt:2*

AOT-have $\langle x \neq_E y \equiv [\lambda x_1\dots x_2 \neg(=_E)x_1\dots x_2]xy \rangle$

by (*rule* $=_{df} I(1)[OF df\text{-}relation\text{-}negation, OF \vartheta])$

(meson oth-class-taut:3:a)

also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \neg(=_E)xy \rangle$

by (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *unverify* $\nu_1\nu_n$] *cqt:2*

tuple-denotes[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} I$] & *I*)

finally show *?thesis*.

qed

AOT-theorem $id-nec4:1: \langle x \neq_E y \equiv \Box(x \neq_E y) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle x \neq_E y \equiv \neg(x =_E y) \rangle$ **using** *thm-neg=E*.

also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \neg\Diamond(x =_E y) \rangle$

by (*meson id-nec3:2 \equiv E(1)* *Commutativity of* \equiv *oth-class-taut:4:b*)

also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \Box\neg(x =_E y) \rangle$

by (*meson KBasic2:1 \equiv E(2)* *Commutativity of* \equiv)

also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \Box(x \neq_E y) \rangle$

by (*AOT-subst* (*reverse*) $\langle \neg(x =_E y) \rangle$ $\langle x \neq_E y \rangle$)

(auto simp: thm-neg=E oth-class-taut:3:a)

finally show *?thesis*.

qed

AOT-theorem $id-nec4:2: \langle \Diamond(x \neq_E y) \equiv (x \neq_E y) \rangle$

by (*meson RE* $\Diamond S5Basic:2 id-nec4:1 \equiv E(2,5)$ *Commutativity of* \equiv)

AOT-theorem $id-nec4:3: \langle \Diamond(x \neq_E y) \equiv \Box(x \neq_E y) \rangle$

by (*meson id-nec4:1 id-nec4:2 \equiv E(5)*)

AOT-theorem $id-act2:1: \langle x =_E y \equiv \mathbf{Ax} =_E y \rangle$

by (*meson Act-Basic:5 Act-Sub:2 RA* [2] *id-nec3:2 \equiv E(1,6)*)

AOT-theorem $id-act2:2: \langle x \neq_E y \equiv \mathbf{Ax} \neq_E y \rangle$

by (*meson Act-Basic:5 Act-Sub:2 RA* [2] *id-nec4:2 \equiv E(1,6)*)

AOT-theorem $ord=Equiv:1: \langle O!x \rightarrow x =_E x \rangle$

proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume 1: $\langle O!x \rangle$

AOT-show $\langle x =_E x \rangle$

apply (*rule* $=_{df} I(2)[OF =E]) **apply** *cqt:2[lambda]*$

```

apply (rule  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ )
  apply  $cqt:2[\lambda]$ 
  apply (simp add: &I  $cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]$  prod-denotesI)
  by (simp add: 1 RN &I oth-class-taut:3:a universal-cor)
qed

AOT-theorem  $ord=Equiv:2: \langle x =_E y \rightarrow y =_E x \rangle$ 
proof (rule CP)
  AOT-assume 1:  $\langle x =_E y \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 2:  $\langle x = y \rangle$  by (metis =E-simple:2 vdash-properties:10)
  AOT-have  $\langle O!x \rangle$  using 1 by (meson &E(1) =E-simple:1  $\equiv E(1)$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle x =_E x \rangle$  using  $ord=Equiv:1 \rightarrow E$  by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle y =_E x \rangle$  using rule=E[rotated, OF 2] by fast
qed

AOT-theorem  $ord=Equiv:3: \langle (x =_E y \& y =_E z) \rightarrow x =_E z \rangle$ 
proof (rule CP)
  AOT-assume 1:  $\langle x =_E y \& y =_E z \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle x = y \& y = z \rangle$ 
    by (metis &I &E(1) &E(2) =E-simple:2 vdash-properties:6)
  AOT-hence  $\langle x = z \rangle$  by (metis id-eq:3 vdash-properties:6)
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle x =_E x \rangle$ 
    using I[THEN &E(1)] &E(1) =E-simple:1  $\equiv E(1)$ 
     $ord=Equiv:1 \rightarrow E$  by blast
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle x =_E z \rangle$ 
    using rule=E by fast
qed

AOT-theorem  $ord=-E=:1: \langle (O!x \vee O!y) \rightarrow \square(x = y \equiv x =_E y) \rangle$ 
proof (rule CP)
  AOT-assume  $\langle O!x \vee O!y \rangle$ 
  moreover {
    AOT-assume  $\langle O!x \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle \square O!x \rangle$  by (metis oa-facts:1 vdash-properties:10)
    moreover {
      AOT-modally-strict {
        AOT-have  $\langle O!x \rightarrow (x = y \equiv x =_E y) \rangle$ 
        proof (rule →I; rule ≡I; rule →I)
        AOT-assume  $\langle O!x \rangle$ 
        AOT-hence  $\langle x =_E x \rangle$  by (metis ord=Equiv:1 →E)
        moreover AOT-assume  $\langle x = y \rangle$ 
          ultimately AOT-show  $\langle x =_E y \rangle$  using rule=E by fast
      next
        AOT-assume  $\langle x =_E y \rangle$ 
        AOT-thus  $\langle x = y \rangle$  by (metis =E-simple:2 →E)
        qed
      }
      AOT-hence  $\langle \square O!x \rightarrow \square(x = y \equiv x =_E y) \rangle$  by (metis RM:1)
    }
    ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \square(x = y \equiv x =_E y) \rangle$  using →E by blast
  }
  moreover {
    AOT-assume  $\langle O!y \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle \square O!y \rangle$  by (metis oa-facts:1 vdash-properties:10)
    moreover {
      AOT-modally-strict {
        AOT-have  $\langle O!y \rightarrow (x = y \equiv x =_E y) \rangle$ 
        proof (rule →I; rule ≡I; rule →I)
        AOT-assume  $\langle O!y \rangle$ 
        AOT-hence  $\langle y =_E y \rangle$  by (metis ord=Equiv:1 →E)
        moreover AOT-assume  $\langle x = y \rangle$ 
          ultimately AOT-show  $\langle x =_E y \rangle$  using rule=E id-sym by fast
      next
    }
  }

```

```

AOT-assume ⟨ $x =_E yAOT-thus ⟨ $x = y$ ⟩ by (metis =E-simple:2 → E)
qed
}
AOT-hence ⟨ $\Box O!y \rightarrow \Box(x = y \equiv x =_E y)$ ⟩ by (metis RM:1)
}
ultimately AOT-have ⟨ $\Box(x = y \equiv x =_E y)$ ⟩ using → E by blast
}
ultimately AOT-show ⟨ $\Box(x = y \equiv x =_E y)$ ⟩ by (metis ∨E(3) raa-cor:1)
qed$ 
```

AOT-theorem ord=:=E=:2: ⟨ $O!y \rightarrow [\lambda x x = y] \downarrow$ ⟩
proof (rule →I; rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN → E]; rule &I)

AOT-show ⟨ $[\lambda x x =_E y] \downarrow$ ⟩ **by** cqt:2[lambda]

next

AOT-assume ⟨ $O!y$ ⟩

AOT-hence 1: ⟨ $\Box(x = y \equiv x =_E y)$ ⟩ **for** x

using ord=:=E=:1 → E ∨ I **by** blast

AOT-have ⟨ $\Box(x =_E y \equiv x = y)$ ⟩ **for** x

by (AOT-subst ⟨ $x =_E y \equiv x = y$ ⟩ ⟨ $x = y \equiv x =_E y$ ⟩)
(auto simp add: Commutativity of ≡ I)

AOT-hence ⟨ $\forall x \Box(x =_E y \equiv x = y)$ ⟩ **by** (rule GEN)

AOT-thus ⟨ $\Box \forall x (x =_E y \equiv x = y)$ ⟩ **by** (rule BF[THEN → E])

qed

AOT-theorem ord=:=E=:3: ⟨ $[\lambda xy O!x \& O!y \& x = y] \downarrow$ ⟩

proof (rule safe-ext[2][axiom-inst, THEN → E]; rule &I)

AOT-show ⟨ $[\lambda xy O!x \& O!y \& x =_E y] \downarrow$ ⟩ **by** cqt:2[lambda]

next

AOT-show ⟨ $\Box \forall x \forall y ([O!]x \& [O!]y \& x =_E y \equiv [O!]x \& [O!]y \& x = y)$ ⟩

proof (rule RN; rule GEN; rule GEN; rule ≡I; rule →I)

AOT-modally-strict {

AOT-show ⟨ $[O!]x \& [O!]y \& x = y$ ⟩ **if** ⟨ $[O!]x \& [O!]y \& x =_E y$ ⟩ **for** x y
by (metis &I &E(1) Conjunction Simplification(2) =E-simple:2
modus-tollens:1 raa-cor:1 that)

}

next

AOT-modally-strict {

AOT-show ⟨ $[O!]x \& [O!]y \& x =_E y$ ⟩ **if** ⟨ $[O!]x \& [O!]y \& x = y$ ⟩ **for** x y
apply(safe intro!: &I)
apply (metis that[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)])
apply (metis that[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)])
using rule=E[rotated, OF that[THEN &E(2)]]
ord=Equiv:1[THEN → E, OF that[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)]]
by fast

}

qed

qed

AOT-theorem ind-nec: ⟨ $\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)$ ⟩

proof(rule →I)

AOT-assume ⟨ $\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)$ ⟩

moreover AOT-have ⟨ $\lambda x \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \downarrow$ ⟩ **by** cqt:2[lambda]

ultimately AOT-have ⟨ $\lambda x \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) x \equiv [\lambda x \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)] y$ ⟩

using ∀ E **by** blast

moreover AOT-have ⟨ $\lambda x \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)] y$ ⟩

apply (rule β←C(1))

apply cqt:2[lambda]

apply (fact cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])

by (simp add: RN GEN oth-class-taut:3:a)

ultimately AOT-have ⟨ $\lambda x \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)] x$ ⟩ **using** ≡E **by** blast

AOT-thus ⟨ $\Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)$ ⟩

using $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem $ord=E:1$: $\langle (O!x \& O!y) \rightarrow (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow x =_E y) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)

- AOT-assume** $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
- AOT-hence** $\langle \square \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
- using** *ind-nec*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$] **by** *blast*
- moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle O!x \& O!y \rangle$
- ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle O!x \& O!y \& \square \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
- using** $\& I$ **by** *blast*
- AOT-thus** $\langle x =_E y \rangle$ **using** $=E\text{-simple}:1$ [*THEN* $\equiv E(2)$] **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem $ord=E:2$: $\langle (O!x \& O!y) \rightarrow (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow x = y) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)

- AOT-assume** $\langle O!x \& O!y \rangle$
- moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
- ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle x =_E y \rangle$
- using** $ord=E:1 \rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
- AOT-thus** $\langle x = y \rangle$ **using** $=E\text{-simple}:2$ [*THEN* $\rightarrow E$] **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem $ord=E2:1$:
 $\langle (O!x \& O!y) \rightarrow (x \neq y \equiv [\lambda z z =_E x] \neq [\lambda z z =_E y]) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$;
rule $\equiv_{df} I[OF =-infix]$; *rule* $raa-cor:2$)

- AOT-assume** 0 : $\langle O!x \& O!y \rangle$
- AOT-assume** $\langle x \neq y \rangle$
- AOT-hence** 1 : $\langle \neg(x = y) \rangle$ **using** $\equiv_{df} E[OF =-infix]$ **by** *blast*
- AOT-assume** $\langle [\lambda z z =_E x] = [\lambda z z =_E y] \rangle$
- moreover **AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda z z =_E x]x \rangle$
- apply** (*rule* $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$)
- apply** *cqt:2*[*lambda*]
- apply** (*fact* *cqt:2*[*const-var*][*axiom-inst*])
- using** $ord=Equiv:1$ [*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF* 0 [*THEN* $\& E(1)$]].
- ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda z z =_E y]x \rangle$ **using** *rule=E* **by** *fast*
- AOT-hence** $\langle x =_E y \rangle$ **using** $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ **by** *blast*
- AOT-hence** $\langle x = y \rangle$ **by** (*metis* $=E\text{-simple}:2$ *vdash-properties*:6)
- AOT-thus** $\langle x = y \& \neg(x = y) \rangle$ **using** $1 \& I$ **by** *blast*

next

- AOT-assume** $\langle [\lambda z z =_E x] \neq [\lambda z z =_E y] \rangle$
- AOT-hence** 0 : $\langle \neg([\lambda z z =_E x] = [\lambda z z =_E y]) \rangle$
- using** $\equiv_{df} E[OF =-infix]$ **by** *blast*
- AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda z z =_E x] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** *cqt:2*[*lambda*]
- AOT-hence** $\langle [\lambda z z =_E x] = [\lambda z z =_E x] \rangle$
- by** (*metis rule=I:1*)
- moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle x = y \rangle$
- ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda z z =_E x] = [\lambda z z =_E y] \rangle$
- using** *rule=E* **by** *fast*
- AOT-thus** $\langle [\lambda z z =_E x] = [\lambda z z =_E y] \& \neg([\lambda z z =_E x] = [\lambda z z =_E y]) \rangle$
- using** $0 \& I$ **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem $ord=E2:2$:
 $\langle (O!x \& O!y) \rightarrow (x \neq y \equiv [\lambda z z = x] \neq [\lambda z z = y]) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$;
rule $\equiv_{df} I[OF =-infix]$; *rule* $raa-cor:2$)

- AOT-assume** 0 : $\langle O!x \& O!y \rangle$
- AOT-assume** $\langle x \neq y \rangle$
- AOT-hence** 1 : $\langle \neg(x = y) \rangle$ **using** $\equiv_{df} E[OF =-infix]$ **by** *blast*
- AOT-assume** $\langle [\lambda z z = x] = [\lambda z z = y] \rangle$
- moreover **AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda z z = x]x \rangle$

```

apply (rule  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ )
apply (fact  $ord = E =: 2[THEN \rightarrow E, OF 0[THEN \& E(1)]]$ )
  apply (fact  $cqt: 2[const-var][axiom-inst]$ )
  by (simp add:  $id = eq: 1$ )
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \lambda z z = y \rangle x$  using rule= $E$  by fast
AOT-hence  $\langle x = y \rangle$  using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$  by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle x = y \& \neg(x = y) \rangle$  using  $1 \& I$  by blast
next
AOT-assume  $0: \langle O!x \& O!y \rangle$ 
AOT-assume  $\langle [\lambda z z = x] \neq [\lambda z z = y] \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $1: \langle \neg([\lambda z z = x] = [\lambda z z = y]) \rangle$ 
  using  $\equiv_{df} E[OF = -infix]$  by blast
AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda z z = x] \downarrow \rangle$ 
  by (fact  $ord = E =: 2[THEN \rightarrow E, OF 0[THEN \& E(1)]]$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda z z = x] = [\lambda z z = x] \rangle$ 
  by (metis rule= $I: 1$ )
moreover AOT-assume  $\langle x = y \rangle$ 
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda z z = x] = [\lambda z z = y] \rangle$ 
  using rule= $E$  by fast
AOT-thus  $\langle [\lambda z z = x] = [\lambda z z = y] \& \neg([\lambda z z = x] = [\lambda z z = y]) \rangle$ 
  using  $1 \& I$  by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem $ordnecfail: \langle O!x \rightarrow \square \neg \exists F x[F] \rangle$
by (*meson RM*: $1 \rightarrow I$ *nocoder*[*axiom-inst*] *oa-facts*: $1 \rightarrow E$)

AOT-theorem $ab-obey: 1: \langle (A!x \& A!y) \rightarrow (\forall F (x[F] \equiv y[F]) \rightarrow x = y) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-assume $1: \langle A!x \& A!y \rangle$
AOT-assume $\langle \forall F (x[F] \equiv y[F]) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle x[F] \equiv y[F] \rangle$ **for** *F* **using** $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \square(x[F] \equiv y[F]) \rangle$ **for** *F* **by** (*metis en-eq:6[1] = E(1)*)
AOT-hence $\langle \forall F \square(x[F] \equiv y[F]) \rangle$ **by** (*rule GEN*)
AOT-hence $\langle \square \forall F (x[F] \equiv y[F]) \rangle$ **by** (*rule BF[THEN → E]*)
AOT-thus $\langle x = y \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} I[OF\ identity: 1, OF \vee I(2)]$ $1 \& I$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem $ab-obey: 2:$
 $\langle (\exists F (x[F] \& \neg y[F]) \vee \exists F (y[F] \& \neg x[F])) \rightarrow x \neq y \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\equiv_{df} I[OF = -infix]$; *rule raa-cor:2*)
 AOT-assume $1: \langle x = y \rangle$
AOT-assume $\langle \exists F (x[F] \& \neg y[F]) \vee \exists F (y[F] \& \neg x[F]) \rangle$
moreover {
 AOT-assume $\langle \exists F (x[F] \& \neg y[F]) \rangle$
then AOT-obtain *F* **where** $\langle x[F] \& \neg y[F] \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-have $\langle y[F] \rangle$
using *calculation*[*THEN & E(1)*] 1 **rule**= E **by** *fast*
ultimately AOT-have $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ **for** *p*
by (*metis Conjunction Simplification(2) modus-tollens:2 raa-cor:3*)
 }
 moreover {
 AOT-assume $\langle \exists F (y[F] \& \neg x[F]) \rangle$
then AOT-obtain *F* **where** $\langle y[F] \& \neg x[F] \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-have $\langle \neg y[F] \rangle$
using *calculation*[*THEN & E(2)*] 1 **rule**= E **by** *fast*
ultimately AOT-have $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ **for** *p*
by (*metis Conjunction Simplification(1) modus-tollens:1 raa-cor:3*)
 }
 ultimately AOT-show $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ **for** *p*
by (*metis ∨E(3) raa-cor:1*)

qed

AOT-theorem encoders-are-abstract: $\langle \exists F x[F] \rightarrow A!x \rangle$
by (meson deduction-theorem $\equiv E(2)$ modus-tollens:2 nocoder
oa-contingent:3 vdash-properties:1[2])

AOT-theorem denote=:1: $\langle \forall H \exists x x[H] \rangle$
by (rule GEN; rule existence:2[1][THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]; cqt:2)

AOT-theorem denote=:2: $\langle \forall G \exists x_1 \dots \exists x_n x_1 \dots x_n[H] \rangle$
by (rule GEN; rule existence:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]; cqt:2)

AOT-theorem denote=:2[2]: $\langle \forall G \exists x_1 \exists x_2 x_1 x_2[H] \rangle$
by (rule GEN; rule existence:2[2][THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]; cqt:2)

AOT-theorem denote=:2[3]: $\langle \forall G \exists x_1 \exists x_2 \exists x_3 x_1 x_2 x_3[H] \rangle$
by (rule GEN; rule existence:2[3][THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]; cqt:2)

AOT-theorem denote=:2[4]: $\langle \forall G \exists x_1 \exists x_2 \exists x_3 \exists x_4 x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[H] \rangle$
by (rule GEN; rule existence:2[4][THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]; cqt:2)

AOT-theorem denote=:3: $\langle \exists x x[\Pi] \equiv \exists H (H = \Pi) \rangle$
using existence:2[1] free-thms:1 $\equiv E(2,5)$
Commutativity of \equiv $\equiv Df$ by blast

AOT-theorem denote=:4: $\langle (\exists x_1 \dots \exists x_n x_1 \dots x_n[\Pi]) \equiv \exists H (H = \Pi) \rangle$
using existence:2 free-thms:1 $\equiv E(6) \equiv Df$ by blast

AOT-theorem denote=:4[2]: $\langle (\exists x_1 \exists x_2 x_1 x_2[\Pi]) \equiv \exists H (H = \Pi) \rangle$
using existence:2[2] free-thms:1 $\equiv E(6) \equiv Df$ by blast

AOT-theorem denote=:4[3]: $\langle (\exists x_1 \exists x_2 \exists x_3 x_1 x_2 x_3[\Pi]) \equiv \exists H (H = \Pi) \rangle$
using existence:2[3] free-thms:1 $\equiv E(6) \equiv Df$ by blast

AOT-theorem denote=:4[4]: $\langle (\exists x_1 \exists x_2 \exists x_3 \exists x_4 x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4[\Pi]) \equiv \exists H (H = \Pi) \rangle$
using existence:2[4] free-thms:1 $\equiv E(6) \equiv Df$ by blast

AOT-theorem A-objects!: $\langle \exists !x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$
proof (rule uniqueness:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])

AOT-obtain a where a-prop: $\langle A!a \& \forall F (a[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$

using A-objects[axiom-inst] $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast

AOT-have $\langle (A!\beta \& \forall F (\beta[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rightarrow \beta = a \rangle$ for β

proof (rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume β -prop: $\langle A!\beta \& \forall F (\beta[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \beta[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\} \rangle$ for F

using $\forall E \& E$ by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \beta[F] \equiv a[F] \rangle$ for F

using a-prop[THEN & E(2)] $\forall E \equiv E(2,5)$

Commutativity of \equiv by fast

AOT-hence $\langle \forall F (\beta[F] \equiv a[F]) \rangle$ by (rule GEN)

AOT-thus $\langle \beta = a \rangle$

using ab-obey:1[THEN $\rightarrow E$,

OF & I[OF β -prop[THEN & E(1)], OF a-prop[THEN & E(1)],

THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast

qed

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \beta ((A!\beta \& \forall F (\beta[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rightarrow \beta = a) \rangle$ by (rule GEN)

AOT-thus $\langle \exists \alpha ((A!\alpha \& \forall F (\alpha[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \&$

$\forall \beta ((A!\beta \& \forall F (\beta[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \rangle$

using $\exists I$ using a-prop & I by fast

qed

AOT-theorem obj-oth:1: $\langle \exists !x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [F]y)) \rangle$
using A-objects! by fast

AOT-theorem *obj-oth:2:* $\langle \exists !x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [F]y \& [F]z)) \rangle$
 using *A-objects!* by *fast*

AOT-theorem *obj-oth:3:* $\langle \exists !x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [F]y \vee [F]z)) \rangle$
 using *A-objects!* by *fast*

AOT-theorem *obj-oth:4:* $\langle \exists !x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \square[F]y)) \rangle$
 using *A-objects!* by *fast*

AOT-theorem *obj-oth:5:* $\langle \exists !x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F = G)) \rangle$
 using *A-objects!* by *fast*

AOT-theorem *obj-oth:6:* $\langle \exists !x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \square\forall y([G]y \rightarrow [F]y))) \rangle$
 using *A-objects!* by *fast*

AOT-theorem *A-descriptions:* $\langle \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \downarrow \rangle$
 by (*rule A-Exists:2[THEN* $\equiv E(2)$ *]; rule RA[2]; rule A-objects!*)

AOT-act-theorem *thm-can-terms2:*
 $\langle y = \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rightarrow (A!y \& \forall F (y[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$
 using *y-in:2* by *blast*

AOT-theorem *can-ab2:* $\langle y = \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rightarrow A!y \rangle$
 proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle y = \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}(A!y \& \forall F (y[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$
 using *actual-desc:2[THEN* $\rightarrow E$ *] by blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}A!y \rangle$ by (*metis Act-Basic:2 & E(1) E(1)*)
AOT-thus $\langle A!y \rangle$ by (*metis E(2) oa-facts:8*)

qed

AOT-act-theorem *desc-encode:1:* $\langle \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [F] \equiv \varphi\{F\} \rangle$
 proof –

AOT-have $\langle \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \downarrow \rangle$
 by (*simp add: A-descriptions*)
AOT-hence $\langle A! \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \&$
 $\forall F (\iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$
 using *y-in:3[THEN* $\rightarrow E$ *] by blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [F] \equiv \varphi\{F\} \rangle$
 using *&E* *&E* by *blast*

qed

AOT-act-theorem *desc-encode:2:* $\langle \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [G] \equiv \varphi\{G\} \rangle$
 using *desc-encode:1.*

AOT-theorem *desc-nec-encode:1:*

$\langle \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [F] \equiv \mathcal{A}\varphi\{F\} \rangle$
 proof –
AOT-have 0: $\langle \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \downarrow \rangle$
 by (*simp add: A-descriptions*)
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}(A! \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \&$
 $\forall F (\iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$
 using *actual-desc:4[THEN* $\rightarrow E$ *] by blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall F (\iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$
 using *Act-Basic:2 & E(2) E(1)* by *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \forall F \mathcal{A}(\iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$
 using *E(1) logic-actual-nec:3 vdash-properties:1[2]* by *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}(\iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$
 using *&E* by *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [F] \equiv \mathcal{A}\varphi\{F\} \rangle$
 using *Act-Basic:5 E(1)* by *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [F] \equiv \mathcal{A}\varphi\{F\} \rangle$

using *en-eq:10[1][unverify x₁, OF 0] ≡E(6) by blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *desc-nec-encode:2:*

⟨ $\iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [G] \equiv \mathcal{A}\varphi\{G\}$ ⟩
using *desc-nec-encode:1.*

AOT-theorem *Box-desc-encode:1: ⟨□φ{G} → ∫x(A!x & ∀F (x[F] ≡ φ{G}))[G]⟩*
by (*rule →I; rule desc-nec-encode:2[THEN ≡E(2)]*)
(meson nec-imp-act vdash-properties:10)

AOT-theorem *Box-desc-encode:2:*

⟨ $\square\varphi\{G\} \rightarrow \square(\iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{G\})) [G] \equiv \varphi\{G\})$ ⟩
proof (*rule CP*)

AOT-assume ⟨ $\square\varphi\{G\}$ ⟩

AOT-hence ⟨ $\square\square\varphi\{G\}$ ⟩ **by** (*metis S5Basic:6 ≡E(1)*)

moreover AOT-have ⟨ $\square\square\varphi\{G\} \rightarrow \square(\iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{G\})) [G] \equiv \varphi\{G\})$ ⟩

proof (*rule RM; rule →I*)

AOT-modally-strict {

AOT-assume 1: ⟨ $\square\varphi\{G\}$ ⟩

AOT-hence ⟨ $\iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{G\})) [G]$ ⟩

using *Box-desc-encode:1 →E by blast*

moreover AOT-have ⟨ $\varphi\{G\}$ ⟩

using 1 **by** (*meson qml:2[axiom-inst] →E*)

ultimately AOT-show ⟨ $\iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{G\})) [G] \equiv \varphi\{G\}$ ⟩

using $\rightarrow I \equiv I$ **by** *simp*

}

qed

ultimately AOT-show ⟨ $\square(\iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{G\})) [G] \equiv \varphi\{G\})$ ⟩

using $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*

qed

definition *rigid-condition where*

⟨*rigid-condition* $\varphi \equiv \forall v . [v \models \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \square\varphi\{\alpha\})]$ ⟩

syntax *rigid-condition :: ⟨id-position ⇒ AOT-prop⟩ (RIGID'-CONDITION'(-))*

AOT-theorem *strict-can:1[E]:*

assumes ⟨*RIGID-CONDITION*(φ)⟩

shows ⟨ $\forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \square\varphi\{\alpha\})$ ⟩

using *assms[unfolded rigid-condition-def] by auto*

AOT-theorem *strict-can:1[I]:*

assumes ⟨ $\vdash \square \forall \alpha (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \square\varphi\{\alpha\})$ ⟩

shows ⟨*RIGID-CONDITION*(φ)⟩

using *assms rigid-condition-def by auto*

AOT-theorem *box-phi-a:1:*

assumes ⟨*RIGID-CONDITION*(φ)⟩

shows ⟨ $(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rightarrow \square(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}))$ ⟩

proof (*rule →I*)

AOT-assume a: ⟨ $A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})$ ⟩

AOT-hence b: ⟨ $\square A!x$ ⟩

by (*metis Conjunction Simplification(1) oa-facts:2 →E*)

AOT-have ⟨ $x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}$ ⟩ **for** F

using a[*THEN &E(2)*] $\forall E$ **by** *blast*

moreover AOT-have ⟨ $\square(x[F] \rightarrow \square x[F])$ ⟩ **for** F

by (*meson pre-en-eq:I[1] RN*)

moreover AOT-have ⟨ $\square(\varphi\{F\} \rightarrow \square\varphi\{F\})$ ⟩ **for** F

using *RN strict-can:1[E][OF assms] ∀ E by blast*

ultimately AOT-have ⟨ $\square(x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})$ ⟩ **for** F

using *sc-eq-box-box:5 qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E] →E &I by metis*

AOT-hence ⟨ $\square F \square(x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})$ ⟩ **by** (*rule GEN*)

AOT-hence ⟨ $\square \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})$ ⟩ **by** (*rule BF[THEN →E]*)

AOT-thus $\langle \square([A!]x \ \& \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$
using $b \ KBasic:3 \equiv S(1) \equiv E(2)$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *box-phi-a:2*:
assumes $\langle RIGID-CONDITION(\varphi) \rangle$
shows $\langle y = \iota x(A!x \ \& \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rightarrow (A!y \ \& \ \forall F (y[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle y = \iota x(A!x \ \& \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle A(A!y \ \& \ \forall F (y[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$
using *actual-desc:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$]* **by** *fast*
AOT-hence *abs: $\langle A A!y \rangle$ and $\langle A \forall F (y[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$*
using *Act-Basic:2 & E $\equiv E(1)$* **by** *blast+*
AOT-hence $\langle \forall F A(y[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$
by (*metis $\equiv E(1)$ logic-actual-nec:3 vdash-properties:1[2]*)
AOT-hence $\langle A(y[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$ **for** F
using $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle A y[F] \equiv A \varphi\{F\} \rangle$ **for** F
by (*metis Act-Basic:5 $\equiv E(1)$*)
AOT-hence $\langle y[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\} \rangle$ **for** F
using *sc-eq-fur:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$,*
OF strict-can:1[E][OF assms,
THEN $\forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=F, \ THEN RN]$]
by (*metis en-eq:10[1] $\equiv E(6)$*)
AOT-hence $\langle \forall F (y[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$ **by** (rule *GEN*)
AOT-thus $\langle [A!]y \ \& \ \forall F (y[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}) \rangle$
using *abs & I $\equiv E(2)$ oa-facts:8* **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *box-phi-a:3*:
assumes $\langle RIGID-CONDITION(\varphi) \rangle$
shows $\langle \iota x(A!x \ \& \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) [F] \equiv \varphi\{F\} \rangle$
using *desc-nec-encode:2*
sc-eq-fur:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$,
OF strict-can:1[E][OF assms,
THEN $\forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=F, \ THEN RN]$]
 $\equiv E(5)$ **by** *blast*

AOT-define *Null* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle Null'(-) \rangle$)
df-null-uni:1: $\langle Null(x) \equiv_{df} A!x \ \& \ \neg \exists F x[F] \rangle$

AOT-define *Universal* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle Universal'(-) \rangle$)
df-null-uni:2: $\langle Universal(x) \equiv_{df} A!x \ \& \ \forall F x[F] \rangle$

AOT-theorem *null-uni-uniq:1*: $\langle \exists !x Null(x) \rangle$
proof (rule *uniqueness:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]*)
AOT-obtain *a where a-prop: $\langle A!a \ \& \ \forall F (a[F] \equiv \neg(F = F)) \rangle$*
using *A-objects[axiom-inst] $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$* **by** *fast*
AOT-have *a-null: $\langle \neg a[F] \rangle$ for F*
proof (rule *raa-cor:2*)
AOT-assume $\langle a[F] \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \neg(F = F) \rangle$ **using** *a-prop[THEN & E(2)] $\forall E \equiv E$* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle F = F \ \& \ \neg(F = F) \rangle$ **by** (*metis id-eq:1 raa-cor:3*)
AOT-thus $\langle p \ \& \ \neg p \rangle$ **for** p **by** (*metis raa-cor:1*)
qed

AOT-have $\langle Null(a) \ \& \ \forall \beta (Null(\beta) \rightarrow \beta = a) \rangle$
proof (rule *& I*)
AOT-have $\langle \neg \exists F a[F] \rangle$
using *a-null* **by** (*metis instantiation reductio-aa:1*)
AOT-thus $\langle Null(a) \rangle$
using *df-null-uni:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] a-prop[THEN & E(1)] & I* **by** *metis*
next
AOT-show $\langle \forall \beta (Null(\beta) \rightarrow \beta = a) \rangle$

```

proof (rule GEN; rule →I)
  fix  $\beta$ 
  AOT-assume  $a: \langle \text{Null}(\beta) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\neg\exists F \beta[F]$ 
    using  $\text{df-null-uni}:1[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E] \& E \text{ by blast}$ 
  AOT-hence  $\beta\text{-null}: \neg\beta[F] \text{ for } F$ 
    by (metis existential:2[const-var] reductio-aa:1)
  AOT-have  $\forall F (\beta[F] \equiv a[F])$ 
    apply (rule GEN; rule ≡I; rule CP)
    using  $\text{raa-cor}:3 \beta\text{-null } a\text{-null by blast+}$ 
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle A!\beta \rangle$ 
    using  $a \text{ df-null-uni}:1[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E] \& E \text{ by blast}$ 
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \beta = a \rangle$ 
    using  $a\text{-prop}[\text{THEN} \& E(1)] ab\text{-obey}:1[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{ THEN} \rightarrow E]$ 
      &I by blast
  qed
  qed
  AOT-thus  $\langle \exists \alpha (\text{Null}(\alpha) \& \forall \beta (\text{Null}(\beta) \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists I(2) \text{ by fast}$ 
  qed

AOT-theorem  $\text{null-uni-uniq}:2: \langle \exists !x \text{ Universal}(x) \rangle$ 
proof (rule uniqueness:1[THEN] ≡_{df} I)
  AOT-obtain  $a \text{ where } a\text{-prop}: \langle A!a \& \forall F (a[F] \equiv F = F) \rangle$ 
    using  $A\text{-objects}[axiom-inst] \exists E[\text{rotated}] \text{ by fast}$ 
  AOT-hence  $aF: \langle a[F] \rangle \text{ for } F \text{ using } \& E \forall E \equiv E \text{ id-eq:1 by fast}$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \text{Universal}(a) \rangle$ 
    using  $\text{df-null-uni}:2[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} I] \& I a\text{-prop}[\text{THEN} \& E(1)] \text{ GEN by blast}$ 
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \forall \beta (\text{Universal}(\beta) \rightarrow \beta = a) \rangle$ 
  proof (rule GEN; rule →I)
    fix  $\beta$ 
    AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Universal}(\beta) \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\text{abs-}\beta: \langle A!\beta \rangle \text{ and } \langle \beta[F] \rangle \text{ for } F$ 
      using  $\text{df-null-uni}:2[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E] \& E \forall E \text{ by blast+}$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle \beta[F] \equiv a[F] \rangle \text{ for } F$ 
      using  $aF \text{ by } (\text{metis deduction-theorem } \equiv I)$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle \forall F (\beta[F] \equiv a[F]) \rangle \text{ by (rule GEN)}$ 
    AOT-thus  $\langle \beta = a \rangle$ 
      using  $a\text{-prop}[\text{THEN} \& E(1)] ab\text{-obey}:1[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{ THEN} \rightarrow E]$ 
        &I abs-}\beta \text{ by blast}
  qed
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \exists \alpha (\text{Universal}(\alpha) \& \forall \beta (\text{Universal}(\beta) \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \rangle$ 
    using  $\& I \exists I \text{ by fast}$ 
  qed

AOT-theorem  $\text{null-uni-uniq}:3: \langle \iota x \text{ Null}(x) \downarrow \rangle$ 
  using  $A\text{-Exists}:2 RA[2] \equiv E(2) \text{ null-uni-uniq:1 by blast}$ 

AOT-theorem  $\text{null-uni-uniq}:4: \langle \iota x \text{ Universal}(x) \downarrow \rangle$ 
  using  $A\text{-Exists}:2 RA[2] \equiv E(2) \text{ null-uni-uniq:2 by blast}$ 

AOT-define  $\text{Null-object} :: \langle \kappa_s \rangle (\langle a_\emptyset \rangle)$ 
   $\text{df-null-uni-terms:1: } a_\emptyset =_{df} \iota x \text{ Null}(x)$ 

AOT-define  $\text{Universal-object} :: \langle \kappa_s \rangle (\langle a_V \rangle)$ 
   $\text{df-null-uni-terms:2: } a_V =_{df} \iota x \text{ Universal}(x)$ 

AOT-theorem  $\text{null-uni-facts:1: } \langle \text{Null}(x) \rightarrow \square \text{Null}(x) \rangle$ 
proof (rule →I)
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Null}(x) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $x\text{-abs}: \langle A!x \rangle \text{ and } x\text{-null}: \neg\exists F x[F]$ 
    using  $\text{df-null-uni}:1[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E] \& E \text{ by blast+}$ 
  AOT-have  $\langle \neg x[F] \rangle \text{ for } F \text{ using } x\text{-null}$ 

```

```

using existential:2[const-var] reductio-aa:1
by metis
AOT-hence < $\square \neg x[F]$ > for F by (metis en-eq:7[1]  $\equiv E(1)$ )
AOT-hence < $\forall F \square \neg x[F]$ > by (rule GEN)
AOT-hence < $\square \forall F \neg x[F]$ > by (rule BF[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])
moreover AOT-have < $\square \forall F \neg x[F] \rightarrow \square \neg \exists F x[F]$ >
  apply (rule RM)
  by (metis (full-types) instantiation cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]
     $\rightarrow I$  reductio-aa:1 rule-ui:1)
ultimately AOT-have < $\square \neg \exists F x[F]$ >
  by (metis  $\rightarrow E$ )
moreover AOT-have < $\square A!x$ > using x-abs
  using oa-facts:2 vdash-properties:10 by blast
ultimately AOT-have r: < $\square(A!x \& \neg \exists F x[F])$ >
  by (metis KBasic:3 & I  $\equiv E(3)$  raa-cor:3)
AOT-show < $\square \text{Null}(x)$ >
  by (AOT-subst <Null(x)> < $A!x \& \neg \exists F x[F]$ >)
    (auto simp: df-null-uni:1  $\equiv Df r$ )
qed

```

AOT-theorem null-uni-facts:2: < $\text{Universal}(x) \rightarrow \square \text{Universal}(x)$ >

proof (rule $\rightarrow I$)

```

AOT-assume < $\text{Universal}(x)$ >
AOT-hence x-abs: < $A!x$ > and x-univ: < $\forall F x[F]$ >
  using df-null-uni:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] & E by blast+
AOT-have < $x[F]$ > for F using x-univ  $\forall F$  by blast
AOT-hence < $\square x[F]$ > for F by (metis en-eq:2[1]  $\equiv E(1)$ )
AOT-hence < $\forall F \square x[F]$ > by (rule GEN)
AOT-hence < $\square \forall F x[F]$ > by (rule BF[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])
moreover AOT-have < $\square A!x$ > using x-abs
  using oa-facts:2 vdash-properties:10 by blast
ultimately AOT-have r: < $\square(A!x \& \forall F x[F])$ >
  by (metis KBasic:3 & I  $\equiv E(3)$  raa-cor:3)
AOT-show < $\square \text{Universal}(x)$ >
  by (AOT-subst <Universal(x)> < $A!x \& \forall F x[F]$ >)
    (auto simp add: df-null-uni:2  $\equiv Df r$ )
qed

```

AOT-theorem null-uni-facts:3: < $\text{Null}(a_\emptyset)$ >

```

apply (rule =df I(2)[OF df-null-uni-terms:1])
  apply (simp add: null-uni-uniq:3)
using actual-desc:4[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF null-uni-uniq:3]
  sc-eq-fur:2[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ,
    OF null-uni-facts:1[unverify x, THEN RN, OF null-uni-uniq:3],
    THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ]
by blast

```

AOT-theorem null-uni-facts:4: < $\text{Universal}(a_V)$ >

```

apply (rule =df I(2)[OF df-null-uni-terms:2])
  apply (simp add: null-uni-uniq:4)
using actual-desc:4[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF null-uni-uniq:4]
  sc-eq-fur:2[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ,
    OF null-uni-facts:2[unverify x, THEN RN, OF null-uni-uniq:4],
    THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ]
by blast

```

AOT-theorem null-uni-facts:5: < $a_\emptyset \neq a_V$ >

```

proof (rule =df I(2)[OF df-null-uni-terms:1, OF null-uni-uniq:3];
  rule =df I(2)[OF df-null-uni-terms:2, OF null-uni-uniq:4];
  rule ≡df I[OF =-infix];
  rule raa-cor:2)

```

AOT-obtain x **where** nullx: < $\text{Null}(x)$ >
 by (metis instantiation df-null-uni-terms:1 existential:1

```

null-uni-facts:3 null-uni-uniq:3 rule-id-df:2:a[zero])
AOT-hence act-null: <ANull(x)>
  by (metis nec-imp-act null-uni-facts:1 →E)
AOT-assume <ux Null(x) = ux Universal(x)>
AOT-hence <A∀ x(Null(x) ≡ Universal(x))>
  using actual-desc:5[THEN →E] by blast
AOT-hence <∀ x A(Null(x) ≡ Universal(x))>
  by (metis ≡E(1) logic-actual-nec:3 vdash-properties:1[2])
AOT-hence <ANull(x) ≡ AUUniversal(x)>
  using Act-Basic:5 ≡E(1) rule-ui:3 by blast
AOT-hence <AUUniversal(x)> using act-null ≡E by blast
AOT-hence <Universal(x)>
  by (metis RN ≡E(1) null-uni-facts:2 sc-eq-fur:2 →E)
AOT-hence <∀ F x[F]> using ≡df E[OF df-null-uni:2] &E by metis
moreover AOT-have <¬∃ F x[F]>
  using nullx ≡df E[OF df-null-uni:1] &E by metis
ultimately AOT-show <p & ¬p> for p
  by (metis cqt-further:1 raa-cor:3 →E)
qed

```

AOT-theorem null-uni-facts:6: < $a_\emptyset = \lambda x(A!x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F))$ >

proof (rule ab-obey:1[unverify x y, THEN →E, THEN →E])

AOT-show < $\lambda x([A!]x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F))\downarrow$ >

 by (simp add: A-descriptions)

next

AOT-show < $a_\emptyset\downarrow$ >

 by (rule =df I(2)[OF df-null-uni-terms:1, OF null-uni-uniq:3])
 (simp add: null-uni-uniq:3)

next

AOT-have < $\lambda x([A!]x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F))\downarrow$ >

 by (simp add: A-descriptions)

AOT-hence 1: < $\lambda x([A!]x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F)) = \lambda x([A!]x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F))\downarrow$ >

 using rule=I:1 by blast

AOT-show <[A!] a_\emptyset & [A!] $\lambda x([A!]x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F))\downarrow$ >

 apply (rule =df I(2)[OF df-null-uni-terms:1, OF null-uni-uniq:3];
 rule &I)

 apply (meson ≡df E Conjunction_Simplification(1)

 df-null-uni:1 df-null-uni-terms:1 null-uni-facts:3

 null-uni-uniq:3 rule-id-df:2:a[zero] →E)

 using can-ab2[unverify y, OF A-descriptions, THEN →E, OF 1].

next

AOT-show < $\forall F (a_\emptyset[F] \equiv \lambda x([A!]x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F))[F])\downarrow$ >

proof (rule GEN)

 fix F

AOT-have < $\neg a_\emptyset[F]\downarrow$ >

 by (rule =df I(2)[OF df-null-uni-terms:1, OF null-uni-uniq:3])

 (metis (no-types, lifting) ≡df E &E(2) ∨I(2) ∨E(3) ∃I(2)

 df-null-uni:1 df-null-uni-terms:1 null-uni-facts:3

 raa-cor:2 rule-id-df:2:a[zero]

 russell-axiom[enc,1].ψ-denotes-asm)

 moreover AOT-have < $\neg\lambda x([A!]x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F))[F]\downarrow$ >

proof(rule raa-cor:2)

AOT-assume 0: < $\lambda x([A!]x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F))[F]\downarrow$ >

AOT-hence < $A(F \neq F)\downarrow$ >

 using desc-nec-encode:2[THEN ≡E(1), OF 0] by blast

 moreover AOT-have < $\neg A(F \neq F)\downarrow$ >

 using ≡df E id-act:2 id-eq:1 ≡E(2)

 = infix raa-cor:3 by blast

 ultimately AOT-show < $A(F \neq F) \wedge \neg A(F \neq F)\downarrow$ > by (rule &I)

qed

ultimately AOT-show < $a_\emptyset[F] \equiv \lambda x([A!]x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F))[F]\downarrow$ >

 using deduction-theorem ≡I raa-cor:4 by blast

qed

qed

AOT-theorem *null-uni-facts:7*: $\langle a_V = \iota x(A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F = F)) \rangle$
proof (*rule ab-obey:1[unverify x y, THEN →E, THEN →E]*)
 AOT-show $\langle \iota x([A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F = F)) \rangle \downarrow$
 by (*simp add: A-descriptions*)
next
 AOT-show $\langle a_V \downarrow \rangle$
 by (*rule =df I(2)[OF df-null-uni-terms:2, OF null-uni-uniq:4]*)
 (*simp add: null-uni-uniq:4*)
next
 AOT-have $\langle \iota x([A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F = F)) \rangle \downarrow$
 by (*simp add: A-descriptions*)
 AOT-hence 1: $\langle \iota x([A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F = F)) = \iota x([A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F = F)) \rangle$
 using rule=I:1 by blast
 AOT-show $\langle [A!]a_V \& [A!] \iota x([A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F = F)) \rangle$
 apply (*rule =df I(2)[OF df-null-uni-terms:2, OF null-uni-uniq:4]; rule &I*)
 apply (*meson ≡df E Conjunction Simplification(1) df-null-uni:2 df-null-uni-terms:2 null-uni-facts:4 null-uni-uniq:4 rule-id-df:2:a[zero] →E*)
 using can-ab2[unverify y, OF A-descriptions, THEN →E, OF 1].
next
 AOT-show $\langle \forall F (a_V[F] \equiv \iota x([A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F = F))[F]) \rangle$
 proof (*rule GEN*)
 fix F
 AOT-have $\langle a_V[F] \rangle$
 apply (*rule =df I(2)[OF df-null-uni-terms:2, OF null-uni-uniq:4]*)
 using $\equiv_{df} E \& E(2)$ *df-null-uni:2 df-null-uni-terms:2 null-uni-facts:4 null-uni-uniq:4 rule-id-df:2:a[zero]*
 rule-ui:3 by blast
 moreover AOT-have $\langle \iota x([A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F = F))[F] \rangle$
 using RA[2] desc-nec-encode:2 id-eq:1 ≡E(2) by fastforce
 ultimately AOT-show $\langle a_V[F] \equiv \iota x([A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F = F))[F] \rangle$
 using deduction-theorem ≡I by simp
 qed
qed

AOT-theorem *aclassical:1*:
 $\forall R \exists x \exists y (A!x \& A!y \& x \neq y \& [\lambda z [R]zx] = [\lambda z [R]zy])$
proof (*rule GEN*)
 fix R
 AOT-obtain a where a-prop:
 $\langle A!a \& \forall F (a[F] \equiv \exists y (A!y \& F = [\lambda z [R]zy] \& \neg y[F])) \rangle$
 using A-objects[axiom-inst] ∃ E[rotated] by fast
 AOT-have a-enc: ⟨a[λz[R]za]⟩
 proof (*rule raa-cor:1*)
 AOT-assume 0: $\langle \neg a[\lambda z [R]za] \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \neg \exists y (A!y \& [\lambda z [R]za] = [\lambda z [R]zy] \& \neg y[\lambda z [R]za]) \rangle$
 by (*rule a-prop[THEN & E(2), THEN ∀ E(1)[where τ=⟨[λz[R]za]⟩], THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)], THEN ≡E(1), rotated]*)
 cqt:2[lambda]
 AOT-hence $\langle \forall y \neg (A!y \& [\lambda z [R]za] = [\lambda z [R]zy] \& \neg y[\lambda z [R]za]) \rangle$
 using cqt-further:4 vdash-properties:10 by blast
 AOT-hence $\langle \neg (A!a \& [\lambda z [R]za] = [\lambda z [R]za] \& \neg a[\lambda z [R]za]) \rangle$
 using ∀ E by blast
 AOT-hence $\langle (A!a \& [\lambda z [R]za] = [\lambda z [R]za]) \rightarrow a[\lambda z [R]za] \rangle$
 by (*metis &I deduction-theorem raa-cor:3*)
 moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z [R]za] = [\lambda z [R]za] \rangle$
 by (*rule =I*) **cqt:2[lambda]**
 ultimately AOT-have $\langle a[\lambda z [R]za] \rangle$
 using a-prop[THEN & E(1)] →E &I by blast

AOT-thus $\langle a[\lambda z [R]za] \& \neg a[\lambda z [R]za] \rangle$
using $\theta \& I$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-hence $\langle \exists y(A!y \& [\lambda z [R]za] = [\lambda z [R]zy] \& \neg y[\lambda z [R]za]) \rangle$
by (*rule a-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN ∨ E(1), THEN ≡E(1), rotated]*)
cqt:2

then AOT-obtain b **where** $b\text{-prop}$:
 $\langle A!b \& [\lambda z [R]za] = [\lambda z [R]zb] \& \neg b[\lambda z [R]za] \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-have $\langle a \neq b \rangle$
apply (*rule ≡dfI[OF =- infix]*)
using $a\text{-enc } b\text{-prop[THEN &E(2)]}$
using $\neg\neg I$ *rule=E id-sym ≡E(4) oth-class-taut:3:a*
raa-cor:3 reductio-aa:1 by fast

AOT-hence $\langle A!a \& A!b \& a \neq b \& [\lambda z [R]za] = [\lambda z [R]zb] \rangle$
using $b\text{-prop} \& E$ $a\text{-prop} \& I$ **by** *meson*

AOT-hence $\langle \exists y (A!a \& A!y \& a \neq y \& [\lambda z [R]za] = [\lambda z [R]zy]) \rangle$ **by** (*rule ∃ I*)

AOT-thus $\langle \exists x \exists y (A!x \& A!y \& x \neq y \& [\lambda z [R]zx] = [\lambda z [R]zy]) \rangle$ **by** (*rule ∃ I*)

qed

AOT-theorem *a*classical:2:
 $\langle \forall R \exists x \exists y (A!x \& A!y \& x \neq y \& [\lambda z [R]xz] = [\lambda z [R]yz]) \rangle$

proof(*rule GEN*)
fix R

AOT-obtain a **where** $a\text{-prop}$:
 $\langle A!a \& \forall F (a[F] \equiv \exists y (A!y \& F = [\lambda z [R]yz] \& \neg y[F])) \rangle$
using $A\text{-objects[axiom-inst]} \exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *fast*

AOT-have $a\text{-enc}: \langle a[\lambda z [R]az] \rangle$
proof (*rule raa-cor:1*)

AOT-assume $0: \langle \neg a[\lambda z [R]az] \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \neg \exists y (A!y \& [\lambda z [R]az] = [\lambda z [R]yz] \& \neg y[\lambda z [R]az]) \rangle$
by (*rule a-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN ∨ E(1)[where τ=«[\lambda z [R]az]»], THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN ≡E(1)], THEN ≡E(1), rotated]*)
cqt:2[lambda]

AOT-hence $\langle \forall y \neg (A!y \& [\lambda z [R]az] = [\lambda z [R]yz] \& \neg y[\lambda z [R]az]) \rangle$
using *cqt-further:4 vdash-properties:10 by blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \neg (A!a \& [\lambda z [R]az] = [\lambda z [R]az] \& \neg a[\lambda z [R]az]) \rangle$
using $\forall E$ **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle (A!a \& [\lambda z [R]az] = [\lambda z [R]az]) \rightarrow a[\lambda z [R]az] \rangle$
by (*metis &I deduction-theorem raa-cor:3*)

moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z [R]az] = [\lambda z [R]az] \rangle$
by (*rule =I*) *cqt:2[lambda]*

ultimately AOT-have $\langle a[\lambda z [R]az] \rangle$
using $a\text{-prop[THEN &E(1)]} \rightarrow E \& I$ **by** *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle a[\lambda z [R]az] \& \neg a[\lambda z [R]az] \rangle$
using $\theta \& I$ **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-hence $\langle \exists y (A!y \& [\lambda z [R]az] = [\lambda z [R]yz] \& \neg y[\lambda z [R]az]) \rangle$
by (*rule a-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN ∨ E(1), THEN ≡E(1), rotated]*)
cqt:2

then AOT-obtain b **where** $b\text{-prop}$:
 $\langle A!b \& [\lambda z [R]az] = [\lambda z [R]bz] \& \neg b[\lambda z [R]az] \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-have $\langle a \neq b \rangle$
apply (*rule ≡dfI[OF =- infix]*)
using $a\text{-enc } b\text{-prop[THEN &E(2)]}$
using $\neg\neg I$ *rule=E id-sym ≡E(4) oth-class-taut:3:a*
raa-cor:3 reductio-aa:1 by fast

AOT-hence $\langle A!a \& A!b \& a \neq b \& [\lambda z [R]az] = [\lambda z [R]bz] \rangle$
using $b\text{-prop} \& E$ $a\text{-prop} \& I$ **by** *meson*

AOT-hence $\langle \exists y (A!a \& A!y \& a \neq y \& [\lambda z [R]az] = [\lambda z [R]zy]) \rangle$ **by** (*rule ∃ I*)

AOT-thus $\langle \exists x \exists y (A!x \& A!y \& x \neq y \& [\lambda z [R]xz] = [\lambda z [R]yz]) \rangle$ **by** (*rule ∃ I*)

qed

AOT-theorem *a*classical3:

```

⟨ $\forall F \exists x \exists y (A!x \& A!y \& x \neq y \& [\lambda [F]x = [\lambda [F]y])$ ⟩
proof(rule GEN)
  fix R
  AOT-obtain a where a-prop:
    ⟨ $A!a \& \forall F (a[F] \equiv \exists y (A!y \& F = [\lambda z [R]y] \& \neg y[F]))$ ⟩
    using A-objects[axiom-inst]  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by fast
  AOT-have den: ⟨ $[\lambda z [R]a] \downarrow$  by cqt:2[lambda]
  AOT-have a-enc: ⟨ $a[\lambda z [R]a]$ ⟩
  proof (rule raa-cor:1)
    AOT-assume 0: ⟨ $\neg a[\lambda z [R]a]$ ⟩
    AOT-hence ⟨ $\neg \exists y (A!y \& [\lambda z [R]a] = [\lambda z [R]y] \& \neg y[\lambda z [R]a])$ ⟩
      by (safe intro!: a-prop[THEN & E(2), THEN  $\forall E(1)[\text{where } \tau = \langle \langle [\lambda z [R]a] \rangle \rangle]$ , THEN oth-class-taut:4:b[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ], THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ , rotated] cqt:2)
    AOT-hence ⟨ $\forall y \neg (A!y \& [\lambda z [R]a] = [\lambda z [R]y] \& \neg y[\lambda z [R]a])$ ⟩
      using cqt-further:4 → E by blast
    AOT-hence ⟨ $\neg (A!a \& [\lambda z [R]a] = [\lambda z [R]a] \& \neg a[\lambda z [R]a])$ ⟩ using  $\forall E$  by blast
    AOT-hence ⟨ $(A!a \& [\lambda z [R]a] = [\lambda z [R]a]) \rightarrow a[\lambda z [R]a]$ ⟩
      by (metis &I deduction-theorem raa-cor:3)
    AOT-hence ⟨ $a[\lambda z [R]a]$ ⟩
      using a-prop[THEN & E(1)] → E &I
      by (metis rule=I:1 den)
    AOT-thus ⟨ $a[\lambda z [R]a] \& \neg a[\lambda z [R]a]$ ⟩ by (metis 0 raa-cor:3)
  qed
  AOT-hence ⟨ $\exists y (A!y \& [\lambda z [R]a] = [\lambda z [R]y] \& \neg y[\lambda z [R]a])$ ⟩
    by (rule a-prop[THEN & E(2), THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , OF den, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ , rotated])
  then AOT-obtain b where b-prop: ⟨ $A!b \& [\lambda z [R]a] = [\lambda z [R]b] \& \neg b[\lambda z [R]a]$ ⟩
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-have 1: ⟨ $a \neq b$ ⟩
    apply (rule  $\equiv_{df} I[OF = -infix]$ )
    using a-enc b-prop[THEN & E(2)]
    using  $\neg\neg I$  rule=E id-sym  $\equiv E(4)$  oth-class-taut:3:a
      raa-cor:3 reductio-aa:1 by fast
  AOT-have a: ⟨ $[\lambda [R]a] = ([R]a)$ ⟩
    apply (rule lambda-predicates:3[zero][axiom-inst, unverify p])
    by (meson log-prop-prop:2)
  AOT-have b: ⟨ $[\lambda [R]b] = ([R]b)$ ⟩
    apply (rule lambda-predicates:3[zero][axiom-inst, unverify p])
    by (meson log-prop-prop:2)
  AOT-have ⟨ $[\lambda [R]a] = [\lambda [R]b]$ ⟩
    apply (rule rule=E[rotated, OF a[THEN id-sym]])
    apply (rule rule=E[rotated, OF b[THEN id-sym]])
    apply (rule identity:4[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ , OF &I, rotated])
    using b-prop &E apply blast
    apply (safe intro!: &I)
    by (simp add: log-prop-prop:2) +
  AOT-hence ⟨ $A!a \& A!b \& a \neq b \& [\lambda [R]a] = [\lambda [R]b]$ ⟩
    using 1 a-prop[THEN & E(1)] b-prop[THEN & E(1), THEN & E(1)]
      &I by auto
  AOT-hence ⟨ $\exists y (A!a \& A!y \& a \neq y \& [\lambda [R]a] = [\lambda [R]y])$ ⟩ by (rule  $\exists I$ )
  AOT-thus ⟨ $\exists x \exists y (A!x \& A!y \& x \neq y \& [\lambda [R]x] = [\lambda [R]y])$ ⟩ by (rule  $\exists I$ )
  qed

```

AOT-theorem *a*classical2: ⟨ $\exists x \exists y (A!x \& A!y \& x \neq y \& \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y))$ ⟩

proof –

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  AOT-have ⟨ $\exists x \exists y ([A!]x \& [A!]y \& x \neq y \&$ 
     $[\lambda z [\lambda xy \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)]zx] =$ 
     $[\lambda z [\lambda xy \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)]zy]$ ⟩
  by (rule aclassical:1[THEN  $\forall E(1)[\text{where } \tau = \langle \langle [\lambda xy \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)] \rangle \rangle]$ ])
    cqt:2

```

then AOT-obtain x **where** $\langle \exists y ([A!]x \& [A!]y \& x \neq y \&$
 $[\lambda z [\lambda xy \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)]zx] =$
 $[\lambda z [\lambda xy \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)]zy]) \rangle$
using $\exists E[rotated]$ **by** *blast*
then AOT-obtain y **where** $0: \langle ([A!]x \& [A!]y \& x \neq y \&$
 $[\lambda z [\lambda xy \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)]zx] =$
 $[\lambda z [\lambda xy \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)]zy]) \rangle$
using $\exists E[rotated]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z [\lambda xy \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)]zx]x \rangle$
by (*auto intro!*: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ *cqt*:2
simp: & *I ex*:1:a *prod-denotesI rule-ui*:3
oth-class-taut:3:a *universal-cor*)
AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda z [\lambda xy \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)]zy]x \rangle$
by (*rule rule=E[rotated], OF 0[THEN & E(2)]*)
AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda xy \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)]xy \rangle$
by (*rule beta-C(1)*)
AOT-hence $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
using $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ *old.prod.case* **by** *fast*
AOT-hence $\langle [A!]x \& [A!]y \& x \neq y \& \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
using $0 \& E \& I$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists y ([A!]x \& [A!]y \& x \neq y \& \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)) \rangle$ **by** (*rule existsI*)
AOT-thus $\langle \exists x \exists y ([A!]x \& [A!]y \& x \neq y \& \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)) \rangle$ **by** (*rule existsI(2)*)
qed

AOT-theorem *kirchner-thm*:1:
 $\langle [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \equiv \square \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \square [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** (*metis exist-nec vdash-properties*:10)
moreover AOT-have $\langle \square [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rightarrow \square \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
proof (*rule RM*:1; *rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule GEN*; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-modally-strict {
 fix $x y$
AOT-assume $0: \langle [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$
moreover AOT-assume $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}]x \equiv [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}]y \rangle$
using $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$
using *beta-C-meta*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF 0*] $\equiv E(6)$ **by** *meson*
}
qed
ultimately AOT-show $\langle \square \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
next
AOT-have $\langle \square \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rightarrow$
 $\square \forall y (\exists x (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \& \varphi\{x\}) \equiv \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$
proof (*rule RM*:1; *rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule GEN*)
AOT-modally-strict{
AOT-assume $\langle \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
AOT-hence *indisc*: $\langle \varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\} \rangle$ **if** $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$ **for** $x y$
using $\forall E(2) \rightarrow E$ **that** **by** *blast*
AOT-show $\langle (\exists x (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \& \varphi\{x\}) \equiv \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$ **for** y
proof (*rule raa-cor*:1)
AOT-assume $\langle \neg (\exists x (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \& \varphi\{x\}) \equiv \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle (\exists x (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \& \varphi\{x\}) \& \neg \varphi\{y\}) \vee$
 $(\neg (\exists x (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \& \varphi\{x\})) \& \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$
using $\equiv E(1)$ *oth-class-taut*:4:h **by** *blast*
moreover {
AOT-assume $0: \langle \exists x (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \& \varphi\{x\}) \& \neg \varphi\{y\} \rangle$
AOT-obtain a **where** $\langle \forall F ([F]a \equiv [F]y) \& \varphi\{a\} \rangle$
using $\exists E[rotated]$, *OF 0[THEN & E(1)]* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{y\} \rangle$
using *indisc*[*THEN* $\equiv E(1)$] $\& E$ **by** *blast*

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AOT-hence  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for  $p$ 
  using  $0[\text{THEN} \& E(2)] \& I \text{ raa-cor:3 by blast}$ 
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume  $0: \langle (\neg(\exists x(\forall F([F]x \equiv [F]y) \& \varphi\{x\})) \& \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \forall x \neg(\forall F([F]x \equiv [F]y) \& \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$ 
    using  $\& E(1) \text{ cqt-further:4} \rightarrow E \text{ by blast}$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \neg(\forall F([F]y \equiv [F]y) \& \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$ 
    using  $\forall E$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \neg\forall F([F]y \equiv [F]y) \vee \neg\varphi\{y\} \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv E(1) \text{ oth-class-taut:5:c by blast}$ 
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \forall F([F]y \equiv [F]y) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a universal-cor)
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \neg\varphi\{y\} \rangle$  by (metis \neg\neg I \vee E(2))
  AOT-hence  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for  $p$ 
    using  $0[\text{THEN} \& E(2)] \& I \text{ raa-cor:3 by blast}$ 
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for  $p$ 
  using  $\vee E(3) \text{ raa-cor:1 by blast}$ 
qed
}
qed
moreover AOT-assume  $\langle \Box \forall x \forall y (\forall F([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$ 
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \Box \forall y (\exists x (\forall F([F]x \equiv [F]y) \& \varphi\{x\}) \equiv \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$ 
  using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$ 
  by (rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN →E, OF &I, rotated]) cqt:2
qed

```

AOT-theorem kirchner-thm:2:

```

 $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \equiv \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n$ 
   $(\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$ 
proof (rule ≡I; rule →I)
  AOT-assume  $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$  by (metis exist-nec →E)
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Box [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rightarrow \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n$ 
     $(\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$ 
  proof (rule RM:1; rule →I; rule GEN; rule GEN; rule →I)
    AOT-modally-strict {
      fix  $x_1 x_n y_1 y_n :: \langle 'a \text{ AOT-var} \rangle$ 
      AOT-assume  $0: \langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$ 
      moreover AOT-assume  $\langle \forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rangle$ 
      ultimately AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] x_1 \dots x_n \equiv$ 
         $[\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] y_1 \dots y_n \rangle$ 
      using  $\forall E$  by blast
      AOT-thus  $\langle (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \rangle$ 
        using beta-C-meta[THEN →E, OF 0] ≡E(6) by meson
    }
  qed
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n ($ 
     $\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})$ 
   $) \rangle$ 
  using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast

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next

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AOT-have  $\langle$ 
   $\Box (\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n$ 
     $(\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}))) \rangle$ 
   $\rightarrow \Box \forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n$ 
     $((\exists x_1 \dots \exists x_n (\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \& \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\})) \equiv$ 
       $\varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \rangle$ 
proof (rule RM:1; rule →I; rule GEN)
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-assume  $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n$ 

```

$(\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}))$
AOT-hence $\text{indisc: } \langle \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\} \rangle$
 if $\langle \forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rangle$ **for** $x_1 x_n y_1 y_n$
 using $\forall E(2) \rightarrow E$ that **by** *blast*
AOT-show $\langle (\exists x_1 \dots \exists x_n (\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \& \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\})) \equiv$
 $\varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \rangle$ **for** $y_1 y_n$
proof (*rule raa-cor:1*)
AOT-assume $\neg((\exists x_1 \dots \exists x_n (\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \& \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\})) \equiv$
 $\varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})$
AOT-hence $\langle ((\exists x_1 \dots \exists x_n (\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n)$
 $\& \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}))$
 $\& \neg\varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \vee$
 $(\neg(\exists x_1 \dots \exists x_n (\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \& \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}))$
 $\& \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})$
 using $\equiv E(1)$ *oth-class-taut:4:h* **by** *blast*
 moreover {
AOT-assume 0: $\langle (\exists x_1 \dots \exists x_n (\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \& \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}))$
 $\& \neg\varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})$
AOT-obtain $a_1 a_n$ **where** $\langle \forall F([F]a_1 \dots a_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \& \varphi\{a_1 \dots a_n\} \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}, OF 0[\text{THEN} \& E(1)]]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\} \rangle$
 using *indisc[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] & E* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ **for** p
 using $0[\text{THEN} \& E(2)] \& I$ *raa-cor:3* **by** *blast*
}
 moreover {
AOT-assume 0: $\neg(\exists x_1 \dots \exists x_n (\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \& \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}))$
 $\& \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})$
AOT-hence $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \neg(\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \& \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}) \rangle$
 using $\& E(1)$ *cqt-further:4* $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \neg(\forall F([F]y_1 \dots y_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \& \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \rangle$
 using $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \neg\forall F([F]y_1 \dots y_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \vee \neg\varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\} \rangle$
 using $\equiv E(1)$ *oth-class-taut:5:c* **by** *blast*
 moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \forall F([F]y_1 \dots y_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rangle$
 by (*simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a universal-cor*)
 ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \neg\varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\} \rangle$
 by (*metis \neg\negI \vee E(2)*)
AOT-hence $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ **for** p
 using $0[\text{THEN} \& E(2)] \& I$ *raa-cor:3* **by** *blast*
}
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ **for** p
 using $\vee E(3)$ *raa-cor:1* **by** *blast*
qed
}
qed
moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n$
 $(\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \Box \forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n$
 $((\exists x_1 \dots \exists x_n (\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \& \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\})) \equiv$
 $\varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$
 by (*rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF & I, rotated]*) *cqt:2*
qed

AOT-theorem *kirchner-thm-cor:1*:
 $\langle [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rightarrow \forall x \forall y (\forall F([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
proof (*rule $\rightarrow I$; rule GEN; rule GEN; rule $\rightarrow I$*)
 fix $x y$
AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \Box \forall x \forall y (\forall F([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
 by (*rule kirchner-thm:1[THEN $\equiv E(1)$]*)

AOT-hence $\langle \forall x \square \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
 using *CBF[THEN → E]* by *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \square \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
 using $\forall E$ by *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \forall y \square (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
 using *CBF[THEN → E]* by *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \square (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
 using $\forall E$ by *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \square \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow \square(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$
 using *qml:1[axiom-inst] vdash-properties:6* by *blast*
 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \square(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$ using $\rightarrow E$ *ind-nec* by *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *kirchner-thm-cor:2*:

$\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rightarrow \forall x_1 \dots x_n \forall y_1 \dots y_n$
 $(\forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow \square(\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; rule *GEN*; rule *GEN*; rule $\rightarrow I$)
fix $x_1 x_n y_1 y_n$
AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \square \forall x_1 \dots x_n \forall y_1 \dots y_n$
 $(\forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$
 by (rule *kirchner-thm:2[THEN ≡ E(1)]*)
AOT-have $\langle \forall x_1 \dots x_n \forall y_1 \dots y_n$
 $\square(\forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$
proof(rule *GEN*; rule *GEN*)
fix $x_1 x_n y_1 y_n$
AOT-show $\langle \square(\forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$
apply (rule *RM:1[THEN → E, rotated, OF 0]*; rule $\rightarrow I$)
using $\forall E$ by *blast*
qed
AOT-hence $\langle \forall y_1 \dots y_n \square(\forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow$
 $(\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$
using $\forall E$ by *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \square(\forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$
using $\forall E$ by *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \square(\forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$
using $\forall E$ by *blast*
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \square \forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow \square(\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \rangle$
using *qml:1[axiom-inst] vdash-properties:6* by *blast*
moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rangle$
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \square \forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n)] \downarrow \rangle$ by *cqt:2*
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \square \forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n)] x_1 \dots x_n \equiv$
 $[\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \square \forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n)] y_1 \dots y_n \rangle$
using $\forall E$ by *blast*
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \square \forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n)] y_1 \dots y_n \rangle$
apply (rule $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$)
apply *cqt:2[lambda]*
apply (fact *cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]*)
by (*simp add: RN GEN oth-class-taut:3:a*)
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \square \forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n)] x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
using *≡E(2)* by *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \square \forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rangle$
using $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ by *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \square(\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \rangle$ using $\rightarrow E$ 0 by *blast*
qed

8.12 Propositional Properties

AOT-define *propositional* :: $\langle \Pi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{Propositional}'(-') \rangle$)
prop-prop1: $\langle \text{Propositional}([F]) \equiv_{df} \exists p(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$

AOT-theorem *prop-prop2:1*: $\langle \forall p [\lambda y p] \downarrow \rangle$

by (rule GEN) cqt:2[lambda]

AOT-theorem prop-prop2:2: $\langle [\lambda\nu \varphi] \downarrow$
by cqt:2[lambda]

AOT-theorem prop-prop2:3: $\langle F = [\lambda y p] \rightarrow \square \forall x ([F]x \equiv p) \rangle$
proof (rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume 0: $\langle F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$
AOT-show $\langle \square \forall x ([F]x \equiv p) \rangle$
by (rule rule=E[rotated], OF 0[symmetric]);
rule RN; rule GEN; rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$])
cqt:2[lambda]

qed

AOT-theorem prop-prop2:4: $\langle \text{Propositional}([F]) \rightarrow \square \text{Propositional}([F]) \rangle$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \text{Propositional}([F]) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists p (F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} E[\text{OF prop-prop1}]$ by blast
then AOT-obtain p where $\langle F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \square(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
using id-nec:2 modus-tollens:1 raa-cor:3 by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \exists p \square(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
using $\exists I$ by fast
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \square \exists p (F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
by (metis Buridan vdash-properties:10)
AOT-thus $\langle \square \text{Propositional}([F]) \rangle$
using prop-prop1[THEN $\equiv Df$]
by (AOT-subst $\langle \text{Propositional}([F]) \rangle$ $\langle \exists p (F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$) auto

qed

AOT-define indiscriminate :: $\langle \Pi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{Indiscriminate}'(-') \rangle$)
prop-indis: $\langle \text{Indiscriminate}([F]) \equiv_{df} F \downarrow \& \square(\exists x [F]x \rightarrow \forall x [F]x) \rangle$

AOT-theorem prop-in-thm: $\langle \text{Propositional}([\Pi]) \rightarrow \text{Indiscriminate}([\Pi]) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \text{Propositional}([\Pi]) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists p \Pi = [\lambda y p] \rangle$ using $\equiv_{df} E[\text{OF prop-prop1}]$ by blast
then AOT-obtain p where $\Pi\text{-def}: \langle \Pi = [\lambda y p] \rangle$ using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast
AOT-show $\langle \text{Indiscriminate}([\Pi]) \rangle$
proof (rule $\equiv_{df} I[\text{OF prop-indis}]$; rule &I)
AOT-show $\langle \Pi \downarrow \rangle$
using $\Pi\text{-def}$ by (meson t=t-proper:1 vdash-properties:6)
next
AOT-show $\langle \square(\exists x [\Pi]x \rightarrow \forall x [\Pi]x) \rangle$
proof (rule rule=E[rotated], OF $\Pi\text{-def}[symmetric]$);
rule RN; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule GEN)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-assume $\langle \exists x [\lambda y p]x \rangle$
then AOT-obtain a where $\langle [\lambda y p]a \rangle$ using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast
AOT-hence 0: $\langle p \rangle$ by (metis $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$)
AOT-show $\langle [\lambda y p]x \rangle$ for x
apply (rule $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$)
apply cqt:2[lambda]
apply (fact cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
by (fact 0)
}
qed
qed
qed

AOT-theorem prop-in-f:1: $\langle \text{Necessary}([F]) \rightarrow \text{Indiscriminate}([F]) \rangle$

```

proof (rule →I)
AOT-assume ⟨Necessary([F])⟩
AOT-hence 0: ⟨□∀ x1...∀ xn [F]x1...xn⟩
  using ≡df E[OF contingent-properties:1] by blast
AOT-show ⟨Indiscriminate([F])⟩
  by (rule ≡df I[OF prop-indis])
    (metis 0 KBasic:1 &I ex:1:a rule-ui:2[const-var] →E)
qed

```

AOT-theorem prop-in-f:2: ⟨Impossible([F]) → Indiscriminate([F])⟩

```

proof (rule →I)
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-have ⟨∀ x ¬[F]x → (∃ x [F]x → ∀ x [F]x)⟩
    by (metis ∃ E cqt-orig:3 Hypothetical Syllogism →I raa-cor:3)
}
AOT-hence 0: ⟨□∀ x ¬[F]x → □(∃ x [F]x → ∀ x [F]x)⟩
  by (rule RM:1)
AOT-assume ⟨Impossible([F])⟩
AOT-hence ⟨□∀ x ¬[F]x⟩
  using ≡df E[OF contingent-properties:2] &E by blast
AOT-hence 1: ⟨□(∃ x [F]x → ∀ x [F]x)⟩
  using 0 →E by blast
AOT-show ⟨Indiscriminate([F])⟩
  by (rule ≡df I[OF prop-indis]; rule &I)
    (simp add: ex:1:a rule-ui:2[const-var] 1)+
qed

```

AOT-theorem prop-in-f:3:a: ⟨¬Indiscriminate([E!])⟩

```

proof (rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume ⟨Indiscriminate([E!])⟩
AOT-hence 0: ⟨□(∃ x [E!]x → ∀ x [E!]x)⟩
  using ≡df E[OF prop-indis] &E by blast
AOT-hence ⟨◊∃ x [E!]x → ◊∀ x [E!]x⟩
  using KBasic:13 vdash-properties:10 by blast
moreover AOT-have ⟨◊∃ x [E!]x⟩
  by (simp add: thm-cont-e:3)
ultimately AOT-have ⟨◊∀ x [E!]x⟩
  by (metis vdash-properties:6)
AOT-thus ⟨p & ¬p⟩ for p
  by (metis ≡df E conventions:5 o-objects-exist:5 reductio-aa:1)
qed

```

AOT-theorem prop-in-f:3:b: ⟨¬Indiscriminate([E!]⁻)⟩

```

proof (rule rule=E[rotated, OF rel-neg-T:2[symmetric]];
  rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume ⟨Indiscriminate([λx ¬[E!]x])⟩
AOT-hence 0: ⟨□(∃ x [λx ¬[E!]x]x → ∀ x [λx ¬[E!]x]x)⟩
  using ≡df E[OF prop-indis] &E by blast
AOT-hence ⟨□∃ x [λx ¬[E!]x]x → □∀ x [λx ¬[E!]x]x⟩
  using →E qml:1 vdash-properties:1[2] by blast
moreover AOT-have ⟨□∃ x [λx ¬[E!]x]x⟩
apply (AOT-subst ⟨[λx ¬E!]x⟩ ⟨¬E!]x for: x)
apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E])
apply cqt:2
by (metis (full-types) B◊ RN T◊ cqt-further:2
  o-objects-exist:5 →E)
ultimately AOT-have 1: ⟨□∀ x [λx ¬[E!]x]x⟩
  by (metis vdash-properties:6)
AOT-hence ⟨□∀ x ¬[E!]x⟩
  by (AOT-subst (reverse) ⟨¬[E!]x⟩ ⟨[λx ¬[E!]x]x⟩ for: x)
    (auto intro!: cqt:2 beta-C-meta[THEN →E])
AOT-hence ⟨∀ x □¬[E!]x⟩ by (metis CBF vdash-properties:10)
moreover AOT-obtain a where abs-a: ⟨O!a⟩

```

```

using  $\exists E \text{ o-objects-exist:1 qml:2[axiom-inst]} \rightarrow E \text{ by blast}$ 
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \square \neg [E!]a \rangle \text{ using } \forall E \text{ by blast}$ 
AOT-hence  $\mathcal{Q}: \langle \neg \Diamond [E!]a \rangle \text{ by } (\text{metis } \equiv_{df} E \text{ conventions:5 reductio-aa:1})$ 
AOT-have  $\langle A!a \rangle$ 
  apply (rule  $=_{df} I(2)[OF \text{ AOT-abstract}]$ )
  apply cqt:2[lambda]
  apply (rule  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ )
  apply cqt:2[lambda]
  using cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] apply blast
  by (fact  $\mathcal{Q}$ )
AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle \text{ for } p \text{ using } \text{abs-}a$ 
  by (metis  $\equiv E(1) \text{ oa-contingent:2 reductio-aa:1}$ )
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem prop-in-f:3:c: <¬Indiscriminate(O!)>
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Indiscriminate}(O!) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $0: \langle \square(\exists x O!x \rightarrow \forall x O!x) \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv_{df} E[OF \text{ prop-indis}] \& E \text{ by blast}$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \square \exists x O!x \rightarrow \square \forall x O!x \rangle$ 
    using qml:1[axiom-inst] vdash-properties:6 by blast
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \square \exists x O!x \rangle$ 
    using o-objects-exist:1 by blast
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \square \forall x O!x \rangle$ 
    by (metis vdash-properties:6)
  AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle \text{ for } p$ 
    by (metis o-objects-exist:3 qml:2[axiom-inst] raa-cor:3 → E)
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem prop-in-f:3:d: <¬Indiscriminate(A!)>
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Indiscriminate}(A!) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $0: \langle \square(\exists x A!x \rightarrow \forall x A!x) \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv_{df} E[OF \text{ prop-indis}] \& E \text{ by blast}$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \square \exists x A!x \rightarrow \square \forall x A!x \rangle$ 
    using qml:1[axiom-inst] vdash-properties:6 by blast
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \square \exists x A!x \rangle$ 
    using o-objects-exist:2 by blast
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \square \forall x A!x \rangle$ 
    by (metis vdash-properties:6)
  AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle \text{ for } p$ 
    by (metis o-objects-exist:4 qml:2[axiom-inst] raa-cor:3 → E)
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem prop-in-f:4:a: <¬Propositional(E!)>
using modus-tollens:1 prop-in-f:3:a prop-in-thm by blast

```

```

AOT-theorem prop-in-f:4:b: <¬Propositional(E!)>
using modus-tollens:1 prop-in-f:3:b prop-in-thm by blast

```

```

AOT-theorem prop-in-f:4:c: <¬Propositional(O!)>
using modus-tollens:1 prop-in-f:3:c prop-in-thm by blast

```

```

AOT-theorem prop-in-f:4:d: <¬Propositional(A!)>
using modus-tollens:1 prop-in-f:3:d prop-in-thm by blast

```

```

AOT-theorem prop-prop-nec:1: <¬◊∃p (F = [λy p]) → ∃p(F = [λy p])>
proof(rule →I)
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Diamond \exists p (F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\exists p \Diamond (F = [\lambda y p])$ 
    by (metis BF◊ → E)
  then AOT-obtain p where  $\langle \Diamond(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast

```

AOT-hence $\langle F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$
by (metis derived-S5-rules:2 emptyE id-nec:2 $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-thus $\langle \exists p(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **by** (rule $\exists I$)
qed

AOT-theorem prop-prop-nec:2: $\langle \forall p(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rightarrow \square \forall p(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \forall p(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle (F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **for** p
using $\forall E$ **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \square(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **for** p
by (rule id-nec2:2[unvarify β , THEN $\rightarrow E$, rotated]) cqt:2
AOT-hence $\langle \forall p \square(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **by** (rule GEN)
AOT-thus $\langle \square \forall p(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **using** BF[THEN $\rightarrow E$] **by** fast
qed

AOT-theorem prop-prop-nec:3: $\langle \exists p(F = [\lambda y p]) \rightarrow \square \exists p(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \exists p(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
then AOT-obtain p **where** $\langle (F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **using** $\exists E$ [rotated] **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \square(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **by** (metis id-nec:2 $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-hence $\langle \exists p \square(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **by** (rule $\exists I$)
AOT-thus $\langle \square \exists p(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **by** (metis Buridan $\rightarrow E$)
qed

AOT-theorem prop-prop-nec:4: $\langle \diamond \forall p(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rightarrow \forall p(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \diamond \forall p(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \forall p \diamond(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **by** (metis Buridan $\diamond \rightarrow E$)
AOT-hence $\langle \diamond(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **for** p
using $\forall E$ **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle F \neq [\lambda y p] \rangle$ **for** p
by (rule id-nec2:3[unvarify β , THEN $\rightarrow E$, rotated]) cqt:2
AOT-thus $\langle \forall p(F \neq [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ **by** (rule GEN)
qed

AOT-theorem enc-prop-nec:1:
 $\langle \diamond \forall F(x[F] \rightarrow \exists p(F = [\lambda y p])) \rightarrow \forall F(x[F] \rightarrow \exists p(F = [\lambda y p])) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; rule GEN; rule $\rightarrow I$)
fix F
AOT-assume $\langle \diamond \forall F(x[F] \rightarrow \exists p(F = [\lambda y p])) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \forall F \diamond(x[F] \rightarrow \exists p(F = [\lambda y p])) \rangle$
using Buridan \diamond vdash-properties:10 **by** blast
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \diamond(x[F] \rightarrow \exists p(F = [\lambda y p])) \rangle$ **using** $\forall E$ **by** blast
AOT-assume $\langle x[F] \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \square x[F] \rangle$ **by** (metis en-eq:2[I] $\equiv E(1)$)
AOT-hence $\langle \diamond \exists p(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
using 0 **by** (metis KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1)$ vdash-properties:10)
AOT-thus $\langle \exists p(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
using prop-prop-nec:1[THEN $\rightarrow E$] **by** blast
qed

AOT-theorem enc-prop-nec:2:
 $\langle \forall F(x[F] \rightarrow \exists p(F = [\lambda y p])) \rightarrow \square \forall F(x[F] \rightarrow \exists p(F = [\lambda y p])) \rangle$
using derived-S5-rules:1[**where** $\Gamma = \{\}$, simplified, OF enc-prop-nec:1]
by blast

9 Basic Logical Objects

AOT-define TruthValueOf :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{TruthValueOf}'(-,-) \rangle$)
 $tw-p$: $\langle \text{TruthValueOf}(x,p) \equiv_{df} A!x \& \forall F(x[F] \equiv \exists q((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$

AOT-theorem $p\text{-has-!tv:1: } \langle \exists x \text{ TruthValueOf}(x,p) \rangle$
using $tv-p[\text{THEN } \equiv Df]$
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \text{TruthValueOf}(x,p) \rangle$
 $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$ **for:** x)
(*simp add: A-objects[axiom-inst]*)

AOT-theorem $p\text{-has-!tv:2: } \langle \exists !x \text{ TruthValueOf}(x,p) \rangle$
using $tv-p[\text{THEN } \equiv Df]$
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \text{TruthValueOf}(x,p) \rangle$
 $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$ **for:** x)
(*simp add: A-objects!*)

AOT-theorem $uni\text{-tv: } \langle \iota x \text{ TruthValueOf}(x,p) \downarrow \rangle$
using $A\text{-Exists:2 RA[2] } \equiv E(2)$ $p\text{-has-!tv:2}$ **by** *blast*

AOT-define $\text{TheTruthValueOf} :: \langle \varphi \Rightarrow \kappa_s \rangle (\langle \circ - \rangle [100] 100)$
the-tv-p: $\langle \circ p =_{df} \iota x \text{ TruthValueOf}(x,p) \rangle$

AOT-define $\text{PropEnc} :: \langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\text{infixl } \langle \Sigma \rangle 40)$
prop-enc: $\langle x \Sigma p =_{df} x \downarrow \& x[\lambda y p] \rangle$

AOT-theorem $tv\text{-id:1: } \langle \circ p = \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]))) \rangle$
proof –

AOT-have $\langle \Box \forall x (\text{TruthValueOf}(x,p) \equiv A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]))) \rangle$
by (*rule RN; rule GEN; rule tv-p[THEN* $\equiv Df]$)
AOT-hence $\langle \iota x \text{ TruthValueOf}(x,p) = \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]))) \rangle$
using *equiv-desc-eq:3[THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF &I, OF uni-tv*] **by** *simp*
thus *?thesis*
using $=_{df} I(1)[OF \text{ the-tv-p, OF uni-tv}]$ **by** *fast*

qed

AOT-theorem $tv\text{-id:2: } \langle \circ p \Sigma p \rangle$

proof –

AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have $\langle (p \equiv p) \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y p] \rangle$
by (*auto simp: prop-prop2:2 rule=I:1 intro!:* $\equiv I \rightarrow I \& I$)
AOT-hence $\langle \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$
using $\exists I$ **by** *fast*

}
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$
using *RA[2]* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]))) [\lambda y p] \rangle$
by (*safe intro!: desc-nec-encode:1[unverify F, THEN* $\equiv E(2)$] *cqt:2*)
AOT-hence $\langle \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]))) \Sigma p \rangle$
by (*safe intro!: prop-enc[THEN* $\equiv df I$] *&I A-descriptions*)
AOT-thus $\langle \circ p \Sigma p \rangle$
by (*rule rule=E[rotated, OF tv-id:1[symmetric]]*)

qed

AOT-theorem $TV\text{-lem1:1: }$

$\langle p \equiv \forall F (\exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q]) \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$

proof(*safe intro!:* $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ *GEN*)

fix F

AOT-assume $\langle \exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$
then **AOT-obtain** q **where** $\langle q \& F = [\lambda y q] \rangle$ **using** $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
moreover **AOT-assume** p
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle (q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q] \rangle$
by (*metis &I &E(1) &E(2) deduction-theorem* $\equiv I$)
AOT-thus $\langle \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ **by** (*rule* $\exists I$)

```

next
fix F
AOT-assume ⟨ $\exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])q$  where ⟨ $(q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
moreover AOT-assume  $p$ 
ultimately AOT-have ⟨ $q \& F = [\lambda y q]\exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q])\forall F (\exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q]) \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]))\exists q (q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q])\exists q ((q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q])\exists q (q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q])q$  where ⟨ $q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-thus ⟨ $p$ 
```

AOT-theorem $TV\text{-}lem1:2$:

⟨ $\neg p \equiv \forall F (\exists q (\neg q \& F = [\lambda y q]) \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]))

proof(safe intro!: ≡I →I GEN)

```

fix F
AOT-assume ⟨ $\exists q (\neg q \& F = [\lambda y q])q$  where ⟨ $\neg q \& F = [\lambda y q]\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
moreover AOT-assume ⟨ $\neg p(q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]\exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])\exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])q$  where ⟨ $(q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
moreover AOT-assume ⟨ $\neg p\neg q \& F = [\lambda y q]\exists q (\neg q \& F = [\lambda y q])\forall F (\exists q (\neg q \& F = [\lambda y q]) \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]))\exists q (\neg q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q])\exists q ((q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q])\exists q (\neg q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q])q$  where ⟨ $\neg q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-thus ⟨ $\neg p$ 
```$

AOT-define $TruthValue :: \langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi, \langle TruthValue'(-') \rangle \rangle$

$T\text{-}value$: ⟨ $TruthValue(x) \equiv_{df} \exists p (TruthValueOf(x,p))$

AOT-act-theorem $T\text{-}lem:1$: ⟨ $TruthValueOf(op, p)

proof –

AOT-have ϑ : ⟨ $op = \iota x TruthValueOf(x, p)

using rule-id-df:1 the-tv-p uni-tv by blast

moreover AOT-have ⟨ $op \downarrow$$$

using $t=t\text{-proper}:1$ **calculation** $\vdash \text{properties}:10$ **by** *blast*
ultimately show $?thesis$ **by** (*metis rule=E id-sym* $\vdash \text{properties}:10$ $y\text{-in}:3$)
qed

AOT-act-theorem $T\text{-lem}:2$: $\langle \forall F (\circ p[F] \equiv \exists q((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$
using $T\text{-lem}:1[\text{THEN } tv-p[\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} E], \text{ THEN } \&E(2)]$.

AOT-act-theorem $T\text{-lem}:3$: $\langle \circ p \Sigma r \equiv (r \equiv p) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have ϑ : $\langle \circ p[\lambda y r] \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y r] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$

using $T\text{-lem}:2[\text{THEN } \forall E(1), \text{ OF prop-prop}:2]$.

show $?thesis$

proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \circ p \Sigma r \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \circ p[\lambda y r] \rangle$ **by** (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E \& E(2)$ *prop-enc*)

AOT-hence $\langle \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y r] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ **using** $\vartheta \equiv E(1)$ **by** *blast*

then AOT-obtain q **where** $\langle (q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y r] = [\lambda y q] \rangle$ **using** $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*

moreover AOT-have $\langle r = q \rangle$ **using** *calculation*

using $\& E(2) \equiv E(2)$ *p-identity-thm2:3* **by** *blast*

ultimately AOT-show $\langle r \equiv p \rangle$

by (*metis rule=E & E(1) ≡ E(6)* *oth-class-taut:3:a*)

next

AOT-assume $\langle r \equiv p \rangle$

moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y r] = [\lambda y r] \rangle$

by (*simp add: rule=I:1 prop-prop2:2*)

ultimately AOT-have $\langle (r \equiv p) \& [\lambda y r] = [\lambda y r] \rangle$ **using** $\& I$ **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y r] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ **by** (*rule* $\exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta=r]$)

AOT-hence $\langle \circ p[\lambda y r] \rangle$ **using** $\vartheta \equiv E(2)$ **by** *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle \circ p \Sigma r \rangle$

by (*metis* $\equiv_{df} I \& I$ *prop-enc russell-axiom[enc,1].ψ-denotes-asm*)

qed

qed

AOT-act-theorem $T\text{-lem}:4$: $\langle \text{TruthValueOf}(x, p) \equiv x = \circ p \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \forall x (x = \iota x \text{ TruthValueOf}(x, p) \equiv \forall z (\text{TruthValueOf}(z, p) \equiv z = x)) \rangle$

by (*simp add: fund-cont-desc GEN*)

moreover AOT-have $\langle \circ p \downarrow \rangle$

using $\equiv_{df} E$ *tv-id:2 & E(1) prop-enc* **by** *blast*

ultimately AOT-have

$\langle (\circ p = \iota x \text{ TruthValueOf}(x, p)) \equiv \forall z (\text{TruthValueOf}(z, p) \equiv z = \circ p) \rangle$

using $\forall E(1)$ **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \forall z (\text{TruthValueOf}(z, p) \equiv z = \circ p) \rangle$

using $\equiv E(1)$ *rule-id-df:1 the-tv-p uni-tv* **by** *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle \text{TruthValueOf}(x, p) \equiv x = \circ p \rangle$ **using** $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem $TV\text{-lem2:1}$:

$\langle (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q]))) \rightarrow \text{TruthValue}(x) \rangle$

proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$ *T-value[THEN ≡_{df} I]* *tv-p[THEN ≡_{df} I]*)

$\exists I(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{ OF log-prop-prop}:2]$

AOT-assume $\langle [A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$

AOT-thus $\langle [A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv (\forall p (p \rightarrow p))) \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$

apply (*AOT-subst* $\langle \exists q ((q \equiv (\forall p (p \rightarrow p))) \& F = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$)

$\langle \exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ **for:** $F :: \langle \kappa \rangle$)

apply (*AOT-subst* $\langle q \equiv \forall p (p \rightarrow p) \rangle$ $\langle q \rangle$ **for:** q)

apply (*metis (no-types, lifting)* $\rightarrow I \equiv I \equiv E(2)$ *GEN*)

by (*auto simp: cqt-further:7*)

qed

AOT-theorem *TV-lem2:2*:
 $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q (\neg q \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle \rightarrow \text{TruthValue}(x)$
proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I T\text{-value}[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} I]$ $tv-p[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} I]$
 $\quad \exists I(1)[\text{rotated}, OF \log\text{-prop}\text{-prop}:2])$
AOT-assume $\langle [A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q (\neg q \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$
AOT-thus $\langle [A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv (\exists p (p \& \neg p))) \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$
apply (AOT-subst $\langle \exists q ((q \equiv (\exists p (p \& \neg p))) \& F = [\lambda y q]))$
 $\quad \exists q (\neg q \& F = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ **for**: $F :: \langle \kappa \rangle$)
apply (AOT-subst $\langle q \equiv \exists p (p \& \neg p) \rangle$ $\langle \neg q \rangle$ **for**: q)
apply (metis (no-types, lifting)
 $\quad \rightarrow I \exists E \equiv E(1) \equiv I raa-cor:1 raa-cor:3)$
by (auto simp add: cqt-further:7)
qed

AOT-define *TheTrue* :: $\kappa_s (\langle \top \rangle)$
 $\text{the-true}:1: \langle \top =_{df} \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p (p \& F = [\lambda y p]))) \rangle$
AOT-define *TheFalse* :: $\kappa_s (\langle \perp \rangle)$
 $\text{the-true}:2: \langle \perp =_{df} \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p (\neg p \& F = [\lambda y p]))) \rangle$

AOT-theorem *the-true:3: $\langle \top \neq \perp \rangle$*
proof(safe intro!: ab-obey:2[unverify x y, THEN $\rightarrow E$, rotated 2, OF $\vee I(1)$]
 $\quad \exists I(1)[\text{where } \tau = \langle \langle \lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q) \rangle \rangle] \& I \text{ prop-prop}:2)$
AOT-have *false-def*: $\langle \perp = \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p (\neg p \& F = [\lambda y p]))) \rangle$
by (simp add: A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:2)
moreover **AOT-show** *false-den*: $\langle \perp \downarrow \rangle$
by (meson $\rightarrow E t=t\text{-proper}:1 A\text{-descriptions}$
rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:2)
ultimately **AOT-have** *false-prop*: $\langle \mathcal{A}(A!\perp \& \forall F (\perp[F] \equiv \exists p (\neg p \& F = [\lambda y p]))) \rangle$
using nec-hintikka-scheme[unverify x, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, THEN &E(1)] **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall F (\perp[F] \equiv \exists p (\neg p \& F = [\lambda y p])) \rangle$
using Act-Basic:2 &E(2) $\equiv E(1)$ **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \forall F \mathcal{A}(\perp[F] \equiv \exists p (\neg p \& F = [\lambda y p])) \rangle$
using $\equiv E(1)$ logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst] **by** blast
AOT-hence *false-enc-cond*:
 $\langle \mathcal{A}(\perp[\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] \equiv \exists p (\neg p \& [\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] = [\lambda y p])) \rangle$
using $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, OF \text{ prop-prop}:2]$ **by** blast

AOT-have *true-def*: $\langle \top = \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p (p \& F = [\lambda y p]))) \rangle$
by (simp add: A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:1)
moreover **AOT-show** *true-den*: $\langle \top \downarrow \rangle$
by (meson t=t-proper:1 A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:1 $\rightarrow E$)
ultimately **AOT-have** *true-prop*: $\langle \mathcal{A}(A!\top \& \forall F (\top[F] \equiv \exists p (p \& F = [\lambda y p]))) \rangle$
using nec-hintikka-scheme[unverify x, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, THEN &E(1)] **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall F (\top[F] \equiv \exists p (p \& F = [\lambda y p])) \rangle$
using Act-Basic:2 &E(2) $\equiv E(1)$ **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \forall F \mathcal{A}(\top[F] \equiv \exists p (p \& F = [\lambda y p])) \rangle$
using $\equiv E(1)$ logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst] **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}(\top[\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] \equiv \exists p (p \& [\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] = [\lambda y p])) \rangle$
using $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, OF \text{ prop-prop}:2]$ **by** blast
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}\exists p (p \& [\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
by (safe intro!: nec-imp-act[THEN $\rightarrow E$] RN $\exists I(1)[\text{where } \tau = \langle \forall q (q \rightarrow q) \rangle] \& I$
 $\quad GEN \rightarrow I \log\text{-prop}\text{-prop}:2$ rule=I:1 prop-prop:2)
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}(\top[\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)]) \rangle$
using Act-Basic:5 $\equiv E(1,2)$ **by** blast
AOT-thus $\langle \top[\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] \rangle$
using en-eq:10[1][unverify x1 F, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] true-den prop-prop:2 **by** blast

AOT-show $\langle \neg \perp[\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume $\langle \perp[\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\perp[\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] \rangle$
using en-eq:10[1][unverify x1 F, THEN $\equiv E(2)$]

```

    false-den prop-prop2:2 by blast
AOT-hence <math>\exists p (\neg p \wedge [\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] = [\lambda y p])>
  using false-enc-cond Act-Basic:5 <math>\equiv E(1)</math> by blast
AOT-hence <math>\exists p \mathcal{A}(\neg p \wedge [\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] = [\lambda y p])>
  using Act-Basic:10 <math>\equiv E(1)</math> by blast
then AOT-obtain p where p-prop: <math>\mathcal{A}(\neg p \wedge [\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] = [\lambda y p])>
  using <math>\exists E[\text{rotated}]</math> by blast
AOT-hence <math>\mathcal{A}[\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] = [\lambda y p]>
  by (metis Act-Basic:2 & E(2) <math>\equiv E(1)</math>)
AOT-hence <math>[\lambda x \forall q (q \rightarrow q)] = [\lambda y p]>
  using id-act:1[unvarify <math>\alpha \beta</math>, THEN <math>\equiv E(2)</math>] prop-prop2:2 by blast
AOT-hence <math>(\forall q (q \rightarrow q)) = p</math>
  using p-identity-thm2:3[unvarify p, THEN <math>\equiv E(2)</math>]
  log-prop-prop:2 by blast
moreover AOT-have <math>\mathcal{A}\neg p</math> using p-prop
  using Act-Basic:2 & E(1) <math>\equiv E(1)</math> by blast
ultimately AOT-have <math>\mathcal{A}\neg\forall q (q \rightarrow q)>
  by (metis Act-Sub:1 <math>\equiv E(1,2)</math> raa-cor:3 rule=E)
moreover AOT-have <math>\neg\mathcal{A}\neg\forall q (q \rightarrow q)>
  by (meson Act-Sub:1 RA[2] if-p-then-p <math>\equiv E(1)</math> universal-cor)
ultimately AOT-show <math>\mathcal{A}\neg\forall q (q \rightarrow q) \wedge \neg\mathcal{A}\neg\forall q (q \rightarrow q)>
  using &I by blast
qed
qed

```

AOT-act-theorem $T-T\text{-value}:1$: <math>\langle \text{TruthValue}(\top) \rangle

proof –

```

AOT-have true-def: <math>\top = \iota x (A!x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p (p \wedge F = [\lambda y p])))>
  by (simp add: A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:1)
AOT-hence true-den: <math>\top \downarrow</math>
  using t=t-proper:1 vdash-properties:6 by blast
AOT-show <math>\langle \text{TruthValue}(\top) \rangle
  using y-in:2[unvarify z, OF true-den, THEN <math>\rightarrow E</math>, OF true-def]
  TV-lem2:I[unvarify x, OF true-den, THEN <math>\rightarrow E</math>] by blast
qed

```

AOT-act-theorem $T-T\text{-value}:2$: <math>\langle \text{TruthValue}(\perp) \rangle

proof –

```

AOT-have false-def: <math>\perp = \iota x (A!x \wedge \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p (\neg p \wedge F = [\lambda y p])))>
  by (simp add: A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:2)
AOT-hence false-den: <math>\perp \downarrow</math>
  using t=t-proper:1 vdash-properties:6 by blast
AOT-show <math>\langle \text{TruthValue}(\perp) \rangle
  using y-in:2[unvarify z, OF false-den, THEN <math>\rightarrow E</math>, OF false-def]
  TV-lem2:2[unvarify x, OF false-den, THEN <math>\rightarrow E</math>] by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem $\text{two-}T$: <math>\exists x \exists y (\text{TruthValue}(x) \wedge \text{TruthValue}(y) \wedge x \neq y \wedge
 \forall z (\text{TruthValue}(z) \rightarrow z = x \vee z = y))>

proof –

```

AOT-obtain a where a-prop: <math>\langle A!a \wedge \forall F (a[F] \equiv \exists p (p \wedge F = [\lambda y p])) \rangle
  using A-objects[axiom-inst] <math>\exists E[\text{rotated}]</math> by fast
AOT-obtain b where b-prop: <math>\langle A!b \wedge \forall F (b[F] \equiv \exists p (\neg p \wedge F = [\lambda y p])) \rangle
  using A-objects[axiom-inst] <math>\exists E[\text{rotated}]</math> by fast
AOT-obtain p where p: p
  by (metis log-prop-prop:2 raa-cor:3 rule-ui:1 universal-cor)
show ?thesis
proof(rule <math>\exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta=a]; rule \exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta=b];>
  safe intro!: &I GEN <math>\rightarrow I</math>)
AOT-show <math>\langle \text{TruthValue}(a) \rangle
  using TV-lem2:1 a-prop vdash-properties:10 by blast
next
AOT-show <math>\langle \text{TruthValue}(b) \rangle

```

```

using TV-lem2:2 b-prop vdash-properties:10 by blast
next
AOT-show ⟨a ≠ b⟩
proof(rule ab-obey:2[THEN →E, OF ∨I(1)])
AOT-show ⟨∃ F (a[F] & ¬b[F])⟩
proof(rule ∃I(1)[where τ=⟨[λy p]⟩; rule &I prop-prop2:2]
AOT-show ⟨a[λy p]⟩
by(safe intro!: ∃I(2)[where β=p] &I p rule=I:1[OF prop-prop2:2]
a-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀E(1), THEN ≡E(2), OF prop-prop2:2])
next
AOT-show ⟨¬b[λy p]⟩
proof (rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume ⟨b[λy p]⟩
AOT-hence ⟨∃ q (¬q & [λy p] = [λy q])⟩
using ∀E(1)[rotated, OF prop-prop2:2, THEN ≡E(1)]
b-prop[THEN &E(2)] by fast
then AOT-obtain q where ⟨¬q & [λy p] = [λy q]⟩
using ∃E[rotated] by blast
AOT-hence ⟨¬p⟩
by (metis rule=E &E(1) &E(2) deduction-theorem ≡I
≡E(2) p-identity-thm2:3 raa-cor:3)
AOT-thus ⟨p & ¬p⟩ using p &I by blast
qed
qed
qed
next
fix z
AOT-assume ⟨TruthValue(z)⟩
AOT-hence ⟨∃ p (TruthValueOf(z, p))⟩
by (metis ≡df E T-value)
then AOT-obtain p where ⟨TruthValueOf(z, p)⟩ using ∃E[rotated] by blast
AOT-hence z-prop: ⟨A!z & ∀F (z[F] ≡ ∃ q ((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]))⟩
using ≡df E tv-p by blast
{
AOT-assume p: ⟨p⟩
AOT-have ⟨z = a⟩
proof(rule ab-obey:1[THEN →E, THEN →E, OF &I,
OF z-prop[THEN &E(1)], OF a-prop[THEN &E(1)];;
rule GEN])
fix G
AOT-have ⟨z[G] ≡ ∃ q ((q ≡ p) & G = [λy q])⟩
using z-prop[THEN &E(2)] ∀E(2) by blast
also AOT-have ⟨∃ q ((q ≡ p) & G = [λy q]) ≡ ∃ q (q & G = [λy q])⟩
using TV-lem1:1[THEN ≡E(1), OF p, THEN ∀E(2)[where β=G], symmetric].
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ a[G]⟩
using a-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀E(2)[where β=G], symmetric].
finally AOT-show ⟨z[G] ≡ a[G]⟩.
qed
AOT-hence ⟨z = a ∨ z = b⟩ by (rule ∨I)
}
moreover {
AOT-assume notp: ⟨¬p⟩
AOT-have ⟨z = b⟩
proof(rule ab-obey:1[THEN →E, THEN →E, OF &I,
OF z-prop[THEN &E(1)], OF b-prop[THEN &E(1)];;
rule GEN])
fix G
AOT-have ⟨z[G] ≡ ∃ q ((q ≡ p) & G = [λy q])⟩
using z-prop[THEN &E(2)] ∀E(2) by blast
also AOT-have ⟨∃ q ((q ≡ p) & G = [λy q]) ≡ ∃ q (¬q & G = [λy q])⟩
using TV-lem1:2[THEN ≡E(1), OF notp, THEN ∀E(2), symmetric].
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ b[G]⟩
using b-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀E(2), symmetric].

```

```

    finally AOT-show ⟨z[G] ≡ b[G]⟩.
qed
AOT-hence ⟨z = a ∨ z = b⟩ by (rule ∨I)
}
ultimately AOT-show ⟨z = a ∨ z = b⟩
    by (metis reductio-aa:1)
qed
qed

AOT-act-theorem valueof-facts:1: ⟨TruthValueOf(x, p) → (p ≡ x = ⊤)⟩
proof(safe intro!: →I dest!: tv-p[THEN ≡df E])
AOT-assume θ: ⟨[A!]x & ∀F (x[F] ≡ ∃q ((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]))⟩
AOT-have a: ⟨A!⊤⟩
    using ∃E T-T-value:1 T-value &E(1) ≡df E tv-p by blast
AOT-have true-def: ⟨⊤ = !x (A!x & ∀F (x[F] ≡ ∃p(p & F = [λy p])))⟩
    by (simp add: A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:1)
AOT-hence true-den: ⟨⊤↓⟩
    using t=t-proper:1 vdash-properties:6 by blast
AOT-have b: ⟨∀F (⊤[F] ≡ ∃q (q & F = [λy q]))⟩
    using y-in:2[unverify z, OF true-den, THEN →E, OF true-def] &E by blast
AOT-show ⟨p ≡ x = ⊤⟩
proof(safe intro!: ≡I →I)
AOT-assume p
AOT-hence ⟨∀F (exists q (q & F = [λy q]) ≡ ∃q ((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]))⟩
    using TV-lem1:1[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
AOT-hence ⟨∀F (⊤[F] ≡ ∃q ((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]))⟩
    using b cqt-basic:10[THEN →E, OF &I, OF b] by fast
AOT-hence c: ⟨∀F (exists q ((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]) ≡ ⊤[F])⟩
    using cqt-basic:11[THEN ≡E(1)] by fast
AOT-hence ⟨∀F (x[F] ≡ ⊤[F])⟩
    using cqt-basic:10[THEN →E, OF &I, OF θ[THEN &E(2)]] by fast
AOT-thus ⟨x = ⊤⟩
    by (rule ab-obey:1[unverify y, OF true-den, THEN →E, THEN →E,
        OF &I, OF θ[THEN &E(1)], OF a])
next
AOT-assume ⟨x = ⊤⟩
AOT-hence d: ⟨∀F (⊤[F] ≡ ∃q ((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]))⟩
    using rule=E θ[THEN &E(2)] by fast
AOT-have ⟨∀F (exists q (q & F = [λy q]) ≡ ∃q ((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]))⟩
    using cqt-basic:10[THEN →E, OF &I,
        OF b[THEN cqt-basic:11[THEN ≡E(1)]], OF d].
AOT-thus p using TV-lem1:1[THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
qed
qed

AOT-act-theorem valueof-facts:2: ⟨TruthValueOf(x, p) → (¬p ≡ x = ⊥)⟩
proof(safe intro!: →I dest!: tv-p[THEN ≡df E])
AOT-assume θ: ⟨[A!]x & ∀F (x[F] ≡ ∃q ((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]))⟩
AOT-have a: ⟨A!⊥⟩
    using ∃E T-T-value:2 T-value &E(1) ≡df E tv-p by blast
AOT-have false-def: ⟨⊥ = !x (A!x & ∀F (x[F] ≡ ∃p(¬p & F = [λy p])))⟩
    by (simp add: A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:2)
AOT-hence false-den: ⟨⊥↓⟩
    using t=t-proper:1 vdash-properties:6 by blast
AOT-have b: ⟨∀F (⊥[F] ≡ ∃q (¬q & F = [λy q]))⟩
    using y-in:2[unverify z, OF false-den, THEN →E, OF false-def] &E by blast
AOT-show ⟨¬p ≡ x = ⊥⟩
proof(safe intro!: ≡I →I)
AOT-assume ⟨¬p⟩
AOT-hence ⟨∀F (exists q (¬q & F = [λy q]) ≡ ∃q ((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]))⟩
    using TV-lem1:2[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
AOT-hence ⟨∀F (⊥[F] ≡ ∃q ((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]))⟩
    using b cqt-basic:10[THEN →E, OF &I, OF b] by fast

```

AOT-hence $c: \forall F (\exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]) \equiv \perp [F])$
using $cqt\text{-}basic:11[THEN \equiv E(1)]$ **by** *fast*

AOT-hence $\langle \forall F (x[F] \equiv \perp [F]) \rangle$
using $cqt\text{-}basic:10[THEN \rightarrow E, OF \& I, OF \vartheta[THEN \& E(2)]]$ **by** *fast*

AOT-thus $\langle x = \perp \rangle$
by (*rule ab-obey:1*[*unverify y, OF false-den, THEN → E, THEN → E, OF & I, OF θ[THEN & E(1)], OF a*])

next

AOT-assume $\langle x = \perp \rangle$

AOT-hence $d: \forall F (\perp [F] \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]))$
using $rule=E \vartheta[THEN \& E(2)]$ **by** *fast*

AOT-have $\forall F (\exists q (\neg q \& F = [\lambda y q]) \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]))$
using $cqt\text{-}basic:10[THEN \rightarrow E, OF \& I,$
 $OF b[THEN cqt\text{-}basic:11[THEN \equiv E(1)]]], OF d]$.

AOT-thus $\langle \neg p \rangle$ **using** $TV\text{-}lem1:2[THEN \equiv E(2)]$ **by** *blast*

qed

qed

AOT-act-theorem $q\text{-True}:1: \langle p \equiv (\circ p = \top) \rangle$
apply (*rule valueof-facts:1*[*unverify x, THEN → E, rotated, OF T-lem:1*])
using $\equiv_{df} E tv\text{-}id:2 \& E(1)$ **prop-enc** **by** *blast*

AOT-act-theorem $q\text{-True}:2: \langle \neg p \equiv (\circ p = \perp) \rangle$
apply (*rule valueof-facts:2*[*unverify x, THEN → E, rotated, OF T-lem:1*])
using $\equiv_{df} E tv\text{-}id:2 \& E(1)$ **prop-enc** **by** *blast*

AOT-act-theorem $q\text{-True}:3: \langle p \equiv \top \Sigma p \rangle$
proof(*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume p

AOT-hence $\langle \circ p = \top \rangle$ **by** (*metis* $\equiv E(1)$ $q\text{-True}:1$)

moreover AOT-have $\langle \circ p \Sigma p \rangle$
by (*simp add: tv-id:2*)

ultimately AOT-show $\langle \top \Sigma p \rangle$
using $rule=E T\text{-}lem:4$ **by** *fast*

next

AOT-have $true\text{-def}: \langle \top = \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p (p \& F = [\lambda y p]))) \rangle$
by (*simp add: A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:1*)

AOT-hence $true\text{-den}: \langle \top \downarrow \rangle$
using $t=t\text{-proper}:1 vdash\text{-}properties:6$ **by** *blast*

AOT-have $b: \forall F (\top [F] \equiv \exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q]))$
using $y\text{-in}:2[unverify z, OF true-den, THEN → E, OF true-def] \& E$ **by** *blast*

AOT-assume $\langle \top \Sigma p \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \top [\lambda y p] \rangle$ **by** (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E \& E(2)$ **prop-enc**)

AOT-hence $\langle \exists q (q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$
using $b[THEN \forall E(1), OF prop\text{-}prop2:2, THEN \equiv E(1)]$ **by** *blast*

then AOT-obtain q **where** $\langle q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q] \rangle$ **using** $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle p \rangle$
using $rule=E \& E(1) \& E(2)$ *id-sym* $\equiv E(2)$ $p\text{-identity-thm2:3}$ **by** *fast*

qed

AOT-act-theorem $q\text{-True}:5: \langle \neg p \equiv \perp \Sigma p \rangle$
proof(*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \neg p \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \circ p = \perp \rangle$ **by** (*metis* $\equiv E(1)$ $q\text{-True}:2$)

moreover AOT-have $\langle \circ p \Sigma p \rangle$
by (*simp add: tv-id:2*)

ultimately AOT-show $\langle \perp \Sigma p \rangle$
using $rule=E T\text{-}lem:4$ **by** *fast*

next

AOT-have $false\text{-def}: \langle \perp = \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p (\neg p \& F = [\lambda y p]))) \rangle$
by (*simp add: A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:2*)

AOT-hence *false-den*: $\langle \perp \downarrow \rangle$
using $t=t\text{-proper}:1$ $vDash\text{-properties}:6$ **by** *blast*

AOT-have b : $\langle \forall F (\perp[F] \equiv \exists q (\neg q \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$
using $y\text{-in}:2$ [*unvarify z*, *OF false-den*, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF false-def*] $\& E$ **by** *blast*

AOT-assume $\langle \perp \Sigma p \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \perp[\lambda y p] \rangle$ **by** (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E \& E(2)$ *prop-enc*)
AOT-hence $\langle \exists q (\neg q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$
using b [*THEN* $\forall E(1)$, *OF prop-prop*:2, *THEN* $\equiv E(1)$] **by** *blast*
then AOT-obtain q **where** $\langle \neg q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q] \rangle$ **using** $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \neg p \rangle$
using *rule=E* $\& E(1) \& E(2)$ *id-sym* $\equiv E(2)$ *p-identity-thm*:3 **by** *fast*

qed

AOT-act-theorem $q\text{-True}$:4: $\langle p \equiv \neg(\perp \Sigma p) \rangle$
using $q\text{-True}$:5
by (*metis deduction-theorem* $\equiv I \equiv E(2) \equiv E(4)$ *raa-cor*:3)

AOT-act-theorem $q\text{-True}$:6: $\langle \neg p \equiv \neg(\top \Sigma p) \rangle$
using $\equiv E(1)$ *oth-class-taut*:4:b $q\text{-True}$:3 **by** *blast*

AOT-define *ExtensionOf* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ (*ExtensionOf'(-,-')*)
exten-p: $\langle \text{ExtensionOf}(x,p) \equiv_{df} A!x \&$
 $\forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \text{Propositional}([F])) \&$
 $\forall q ((x \Sigma q) \equiv (q \equiv p)) \rangle$

AOT-theorem *extof-e*: $\langle \text{ExtensionOf}(x,p) \equiv \text{TruthValueOf}(x,p) \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ *tv-p* [*THEN* $\equiv_{df} I$] *exten-p* [*THEN* $\equiv_{df} I$]
dest!: *tv-p* [*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$] *exten-p* [*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$])
AOT-assume 1 : $\langle [A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \text{Propositional}([F])) \& \forall q (x \Sigma q \equiv (q \equiv p)) \rangle$
AOT-hence ϑ : $\langle [A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \exists q (F = [\lambda y q])) \& \forall q (x \Sigma q \equiv (q \equiv p)) \rangle$
by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \exists q (F = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ *Propositional*([F]) **for**: $F :: \langle \kappa \rangle$)
(auto simp add: df-rules-formulas[3] df-rules-formulas[4]
 $\equiv I$ *prop-prop* 1)
AOT-show $\langle [A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: $\& I$ *GEN* I [*THEN* $\& E(1)$, *THEN* $\& E(1)$] $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)
fix F
AOT-assume 0 : $\langle x[F] \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists q (F = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$
using ϑ [*THEN* $\& E(1)$, *THEN* $\& E(2)$] $\forall E(2) \rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
then AOT-obtain q **where** $q\text{-prop}$: $\langle F = [\lambda y q] \rangle$ **using** $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle x[\lambda y q] \rangle$ **using** 0 *rule=E* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle x \Sigma q \rangle$ **by** (*metis* $\equiv_{df} I \& I$ *ex*:1:a *prop-enc* *rule-ui*:3)
AOT-hence $\langle q \equiv p \rangle$ **using** ϑ [*THEN* $\& E(2)$] $\forall E(2) \equiv E(1)$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle (q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q] \rangle$ **using** $q\text{-prop} \& I$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ **by** (*rule* $\exists I$)
next
fix F
AOT-assume $\langle \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$
then AOT-obtain q **where** $q\text{-prop}$: $\langle (q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q] \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle x \Sigma q \rangle$ **using** ϑ [*THEN* $\& E(2)$] $\forall E(2) \& E \equiv E(2)$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle x[\lambda y q] \rangle$ **by** (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E \& E(2)$ *prop-enc*)
AOT-thus $\langle x[F] \rangle$ **using** $q\text{-prop}$ [*THEN* $\& E(2)$, *symmetric*] *rule=E* **by** *blast*
qed

next
AOT-assume 0 : $\langle [A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$
AOT-show $\langle [A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \text{Propositional}([F])) \& \forall q (x \Sigma q \equiv (q \equiv p)) \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: $\& I$ 0 [*THEN* $\& E(1)$] *GEN* $\rightarrow I$)
fix F
AOT-assume $\langle x[F] \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$
using 0 [*THEN* $\& E(2)$] $\forall E(2) \equiv E(1)$ **by** *blast*

```

then AOT-obtain q where  $\langle (q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q] \rangle$ 
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle F = [\lambda y q] \rangle$  using  $\&E(2)$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists q F = [\lambda y q] \rangle$  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
AOT-thus  $\langle \text{Propositional}([F]) \rangle$  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} I$  prop-prop1)
next
  AOT-show  $\langle x\Sigma r \equiv (r \equiv p) \rangle$  for r
  proof(rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
    AOT-assume  $\langle x\Sigma r \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle x[\lambda y r] \rangle$  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E \& E(2)$  prop-enc)
    AOT-hence  $\langle \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y r] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ 
      using 0[THEN &E(2), THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , OF prop-prop2:2, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
    then AOT-obtain q where  $\langle (q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y r] = [\lambda y q] \rangle$ 
      using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
    AOT-thus  $\langle r \equiv p \rangle$ 
      by (metis rule= $E \& E(1,2)$  id-sym  $\equiv E(2)$  Commutativity of  $\equiv$ 
           p-identity-thm2:3)
  next
    AOT-assume  $\langle r \equiv p \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle (r \equiv p) \& [\lambda y r] = [\lambda y r] \rangle$ 
      by (metis rule= $I:1 \equiv S(1) \equiv E(2)$  Commutativity of  $\&$  prop-prop2:2)
    AOT-hence  $\langle \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& [\lambda y r] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
    AOT-hence  $\langle x[\lambda y r] \rangle$ 
      using 0[THEN &E(2), THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , OF prop-prop2:2, THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] by blast
    AOT-thus  $\langle x\Sigma r \rangle$  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} I \& I$  ex:1:a prop-enc rule-ui:3)
qed
qed
qed

AOT-theorem ext-p-tv:1:  $\langle \exists !x \text{ ExtensionOf}(x, p) \rangle$ 
  by (AOT-subst  $\langle \text{ExtensionOf}(x, p) \rangle$   $\langle \text{TruthValueOf}(x, p) \rangle$  for: x)
  (auto simp: extof-e p-has-!tv:2)

AOT-theorem ext-p-tv:2:  $\langle \iota x(\text{ExtensionOf}(x, p)) \downarrow \rangle$ 
  using A-Exists:2 RA[2] ext-p-tv:1  $\equiv E(2)$  by blast

AOT-theorem ext-p-tv:3:  $\langle \iota x(\text{ExtensionOf}(x, p)) = \circ p \rangle$ 
proof -
  AOT-have 0:  $\langle \mathbf{A} \forall x(\text{ExtensionOf}(x, p) \equiv \text{TruthValueOf}(x, p)) \rangle$ 
    by (rule RA[2]; rule GEN; rule extof-e)
  AOT-have 1:  $\langle \circ p = \iota x \text{ TruthValueOf}(x, p) \rangle$ 
    using rule-id-df:1 the-tv-p uni-tv by blast
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule equiv-desc-eq:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF 0, THEN  $\forall E(1)$  [where  $\tau = \langle \circ p \rangle$ ]],
           THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ , symmetric])
    using 1 t=t-proper:1 vdash-properties:10 apply blast
    by (fact 1)
qed

```

10 Restricted Variables

```

locale AOT-restriction-condition =
  fixes  $\psi :: \langle 'a :: \text{AOT-Term-id-2} \Rightarrow \circ \rangle$ 
  assumes res-var:2[AOT]:  $\langle [v \models \exists \alpha \psi\{\alpha\}] \rangle$ 
  assumes res-var:3[AOT]:  $\langle [v \models \psi\{\tau\} \rightarrow \tau \downarrow] \rangle$ 

ML<
fun register-restricted-type (name:string, restriction:string) thy =
let
  val ctxt = thy
  val ctxt = setupStrictWorld ctxt
  val trm = Syntax.check-term ctxt (AOT-read-term @{nonterminal  $\varphi'$ } ctxt restriction)
  val free = case (Term.add-frees trm []) of [f] => f |

```

```

- => raise Term.TERM (Expected single free variable., [trm])
val trm = Term.absfree free trm
val localeTerm = Const (const-name`AOT-restriction-condition, dummyT) $ trm
val localeTerm = Syntax.check-term ctxt localeTerm
fun after-qed thms thy = let
  val st = Interpretation.global-interpretation
  (((@{locale AOT-restriction-condition}, ((name, true),
    (Expression.Named [(ψ, trm)], []))), [])) thy
  val st = Proof.refine-insert (flat thms) st
  val thy = Proof.global-immediate-proof st

  val thy = Local-Theory.background-theory
  (AOT-Constraints.map (Symtab.update
    (name, (term-of (snd free), term-of (snd free))))) thy
  val thy = Local-Theory.background-theory
  (AOT-Restriction.map (Symtab.update
    (name, (trm, Const (const-name`AOT-term-of-var, dummyT))))) thy

in thy end
in
Proof.theorem NONE after-qed [[(HOLogic.mk-Trueprop localeTerm, [])]] ctxt
end

val - =
Outer-Syntax.command
  command-keyword`AOT-register-restricted-type
  Register a restricted type.
  (((Parse.short-ident --| Parse.$$$ : ) -- Parse.term) >>
  (Toplevel.local-theory-to-proof NONE NONE o register-restricted-type));
>

locale AOT-rigid-restriction-condition = AOT-restriction-condition +
assumes rigid[AOT]: ⟨[v ⊨ ∀α(ψ{α} → □ψ{α})]⟩
begin
lemma rigid-condition[AOT]: ⟨[v ⊨ □(ψ{α} → □ψ{α})]⟩
  using rigid[THEN ∀E(2)] RN by simp
lemma type-set-nonempty[AOT-no-atp, no-atp]: ⟨∃x . x ∈ { α . [w₀ ⊨ ψ{α}] }⟩
  by (metis instantiation mem-Collect-eq res-var:2)
end

locale AOT-restricted-type = AOT-rigid-restriction-condition +
fixes Rep and Abs
assumes AOT-restricted-type-definition[AOT-no-atp]:
  ⟨type-definition Rep Abs { α . [w₀ ⊨ ψ{α}] }⟩
begin

AOT-theorem restricted-var-condition: ⟨ψ{«AOT-term-of-var (Rep α)»}⟩
proof -
  interpret type-definition Rep Abs { α . [w₀ ⊨ ψ{α}] }
  using AOT-restricted-type-definition.
  AOT-actually {
    AOT-have ⟨«AOT-term-of-var (Rep α)»⟩ and ⟨ψ{«AOT-term-of-var (Rep α)»}⟩
    using AOT-sem-imp Rep res-var:3 by auto
  }
  moreover AOT-actually {
    AOT-have ⟨ψ{α} → □ψ{α}⟩ for α
    using AOT-sem-box rigid-condition by presburger
    AOT-hence ⟨ψ{τ} → □ψ{τ}⟩ if ⟨τ↓⟩ for τ
    by (metis AOT-model.AOT-term-of-var-cases AOT-sem-denotes that)
  }
  ultimately AOT-show ⟨ψ{«AOT-term-of-var (Rep α)»}⟩
  using AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-imp by blast
qed

```

```

lemmas  $\psi = \text{restricted-var-condition}$ 

AOT-theorem GEN: assumes ⟨for arbitrary  $\alpha$ :  $\varphi\{\llbracket \text{AOT-term-of-var} (\text{Rep } \alpha) \rrbracket\}$ ⟩
  shows ⟨ $\forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\})$ ⟩
proof(rule GEN; rule →I)
  interpret type-definition Rep Abs {  $\alpha . [w_0 \models \psi\{\alpha\}]$  }
    using AOT-restricted-type-definition.
  fix  $\alpha$ 
  AOT-assume ⟨ $\psi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathbf{A}\psi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩
    by (metis AOT-model-axiom-def AOT-sem-box AOT-sem-imp act-closure rigid-condition)
  hence 0: ⟨ $[w_0 \models \psi\{\alpha\}]$ ⟩ by (metis AOT-sem-act)
  {
    fix  $\tau$ 
    assume  $\alpha\text{-def}: \langle \alpha = \text{Rep } \tau \rangle$ 
    AOT-have ⟨ $\varphi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩
      unfolding  $\alpha\text{-def}$ 
      using assms by blast
  }
  AOT-thus ⟨ $\varphi\{\alpha\}$ ⟩
    using Rep-cases[simplified, OF 0]
    by blast
  qed
  lemmas  $\forall I = \text{GEN}$ 

end

```

```

lemma AOT-restricted-type-intro[AOT-no-atp, no-atp]:
  assumes ⟨type-definition Rep Abs {  $\alpha . [w_0 \models \psi\{\alpha\}]$  }⟩
    and ⟨AOT-rigid-restriction-condition  $\psi$ ⟩
  shows ⟨AOT-restricted-type  $\psi$  Rep Abs⟩
  by (auto intro!: assms AOT-restricted-type-axioms.intro AOT-restricted-type.intro)

```

```

ML
fun register-rigid-restricted-type (name:string, restriction:string) thy =
let
val ctxt = thy
val ctxt = setupStrictWorld ctxt
val trm = Syntax.check-term ctxt (AOT-read-term @{nonterminal φ'} ctxt restriction)
val free = case (Term.add-frees trm []) of [f] => f
  | _ => raise Term.TERM (Expected single free variable., [trm])
val trm = Term.absfree free trm
val localeTerm = HOLogic.mk-Trueprop
  (Const (const-name⟨AOT-rigid-restriction-condition⟩, dummyT) $ trm)
val localeTerm = Syntax.check-prop ctxt localeTerm
val int-bnd = Binding.concealed (Binding.qualify true internal (Binding.name name))
val bnds = {Rep-name = Binding.qualify true name (Binding.name Rep),
            Abs-name = Binding.qualify true Abs int-bnd,
            type-definition-name = Binding.qualify true type-definition int-bnd}

fun after-qed witts thy = let
  val thms = (map (Element.conclude-witness ctxt) (flat witts))

  val typeset = HOLogic.mk-Collect (α, dummyT,
    const⟨AOT-model-valid-in⟩ $ const⟨w₀⟩ $ 
    (trm $ (Const (const-name⟨AOT-term-of-var⟩, dummyT) $ Bound 0)))
  val typeset = Syntax.check-term thy typeset
  val nonempty-thm = Drule.OF
    (@{thm AOT-rigid-restriction-condition.type-set-nonempty}, thms)

```

```

val ((-,st),thy) = TypeDef.add-typedef {overloaded=true}
  (Binding.name name, [], Mixfix.NoSyn) typeset (SOME bnds)
  (fn ctxt => (Tactic.resolve-tac ctxt ([nonempty-thm]) 1)) thy
val ({rep-type = -, abs-type = -, Rep-name = Rep-name, Abs-name = Abs-name,
      axiom-name = -},
     {inhabited = -, type-definition = type-definition, Rep = -,
      Rep-inverse = -, Abs-inverse = -, Rep-inject = -, Abs-inject = -,
      Rep-cases = -, Abs-cases = -, Rep-induct = -, Abs-induct = -}) = st

val locale-thm = Drule.OF (@{thm AOT-restricted-type-intro}, type-definition::thms)

val st = Interpretation.global-interpretation (((@{locale AOT-restricted-type},
  ((name, true), (Expression.Named [
    (ψ, trm),
    (Rep, Const (Rep-name, dummyT)),
    (Abs, Const (Abs-name, dummyT))), []))),
  [])) [] thy

val st = Proof.refine-insert [locale-thm] st
val thy = Proof.global-immediate-proof st

val thy = Local-Theory.background-theory (AOT-Constraints.map (
  Symtab.update (name, (term-of (snd free), term-of (snd free))))) thy
val thy = Local-Theory.background-theory (AOT-Restriction.map (
  Symtab.update (name, (trm, Const (Rep-name, dummyT))))) thy

in thy end
in
Element.witness-proof after-qed [[localeTerm]] thy
end

val - =
Outer-Syntax.command
command-keyword AOT-register-rigid-restricted-type
Register a restricted type.
(((Parse.short-ident --| Parse.*** :) -- Parse.term) >>
(Toplevel.local-theory-to-proof NONE NONE o register-rigid-restricted-type));
>

```

```

ML
fun get-instantiated-allI ctxt varname thm = let
  val trm = Thm.concl-of thm
  val trm = case trm of (@{const Trueprop} $ (@{const AOT-model-valid-in} $ - $ x)) => x
    | _ => raise Term.TERM (Expected simple theorem., [trm])
  fun extractVars (Const (const-name`AOT-term-of-var, t) $ (Const rep $ Var v)) =
    (if fst (fst v) = fst varname
     then [Const (const-name`AOT-term-of-var, t) $ (Const rep $ Var v)]
     else []) (* TODO: care about the index *)
  | extractVars (t1 $ t2) = extractVars t1 @ extractVars t2
  | extractVars (Abs (-, -, t)) = extractVars t
  | extractVars _ = []
  val vars = extractVars trm
  val vartrm = hd vars
  val vars = fold Term.add-vars vars []
  val var = hd vars
  val trmty = (case vartrm of (Const (-, Type (fun, [-, ty]))) $ -) => ty
    | _ => raise Match)
  val varty = snd var
  val tynname = fst (Term.dest-Type varty)
  val b = tynname ^ `I (* TODO: better way to find the theorem *)
  val thms = fst (Context.map-proof-result (fn ctxt => (Attrib.eval-thms ctxt
    [(Facts.Named ((b,Position.none),NONE),[])], ctxt)) ctxt)

```

```

val allthm = (case thms of (thm::-) => thm
  | _ => raise Fail Unknown restricted type.)
val trm = Abs (Term.string-of-vname (fst var), trmty, Term.abstract-over (vartrm, trm))
val trm = Thm.cterm-of (Context.proof-of ctxt) trm
val phi = hd (Term.add-vars (Thm.prop-of allthm) [])
val allthm = Drule.instantiate-normalize (TVars.empty, Vars.make [(phi,trm)]) allthm
in
allthm
end
>

```

attribute-setup unconstrain =
 $\langle Scan.lift (Scan.repeat1 Args.var) \rangle >> (fn args => Thm.rule-attribute []$
 $(fn ctxt => fn thm =>$
 $\quad let$
 $\quad val thm = fold (fn arg => fn thm => thm RS get-instantiated-allI ctxt arg thm)$
 $\quad \quad args thm$
 $\quad val thm = fold (fn - => fn thm => thm RS @{thm \forall E(2)}) args thm$
 $\quad in$
 $\quad \quad thm$
 $\quad end))$

Generalize a statement about restricted variables to a statement about unrestricted variables with explicit restriction condition.

context AOT-restricted-type
begin

AOT-theorem rule-ui:
assumes $\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
shows $\langle \varphi\{\text{«AOT-term-of-var } (Rep \alpha)\}\rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **if** $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α **using** assms[THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$] **that by** blast
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \psi\{\text{«AOT-term-of-var } (Rep \alpha)\}\rangle$
by (auto simp: ψ)
ultimately **show** ?thesis **by** blast
qed
lemmas $\forall E = rule-ui$

AOT-theorem instantiation:

assumes $\langle \text{for arbitrary } \beta: \varphi\{\text{«AOT-term-of-var } (Rep \beta)\}\vdash \chi \rangle$ **and** $\langle \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
shows $\langle \chi \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle \varphi\{\text{«AOT-term-of-var } (Rep \alpha)\}\rightarrow \chi \rangle$ **for** α
using assms(1)
by (simp add: deduction-theorem)
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow (\varphi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \chi)) \rangle$
using GEN **by** simp
moreover **AOT-obtain** α **where** $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **using** assms(2) $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** blast
ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \chi \rangle$ **using** AOT-PLM. $\forall E(2)[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E, \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E]$ &E **by** fast
qed
lemmas $\exists E = instantiation$

AOT-theorem existential: **assumes** $\langle \varphi\{\text{«AOT-term-of-var } (Rep \beta)\}\rangle$
shows $\langle \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (meson AOT-restricted-type.ψ AOT-restricted-type-axioms assms
&I existential.2[const-var])
lemmas $\exists I = existential$
end

context *AOT-rigid-restriction-condition*

begin

AOT-theorem *res-var-bound-reas[1]*:

$\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \forall \beta \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\}) \equiv \forall \beta \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\}) \rangle$

proof(*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ GEN)

fix $\beta \alpha$

AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \forall \beta \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \forall \beta \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\} \rangle$ **using** $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*

moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \forall \beta \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\} \rangle$ **using** $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\} \rangle$ **using** $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*

next

fix $\alpha \beta$

AOT-assume $\langle \forall \beta \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\}) \rangle$ **using** $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\} \rangle$ **using** $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*

moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \varphi\{\alpha, \beta\} \rangle$ **using** $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *res-var-bound-reas[BF]*:

$\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \Box \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \Box \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof(*safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \Box \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \Box \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α

using $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \Box (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ **for** α

by (*metis sc-eq-box-box:6 rigid-condition vdash-properties:6*)

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \Box (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*rule GEN*)

AOT-thus $\langle \Box \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*metis BF vdash-properties:6*)

qed

AOT-theorem *res-var-bound-reas[CBF]*:

$\langle \Box \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \Box \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof(*safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I$ GEN)

fix α

AOT-assume $\langle \Box \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \Box (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*metis CBF vdash-properties:6*)

AOT-hence 1: $\langle \Box (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

using $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*

AOT-assume $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \Box \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

by (*metis B◊ T◊ rigid-condition vdash-properties:6*)

AOT-thus $\langle \Box \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

using 1 *qml:I[axiom-inst, THEN → E, THEN → E]* **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *res-var-bound-reas[2]*:

$\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \mathcal{A} \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof(*safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α

using $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A} (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ **for** α

by (*metis sc-eq-box-box:7 rigid-condition vdash-properties:6*)

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \mathcal{A} (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*rule GEN*)

AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A} \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*metis ≡E(2) logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst]*)

qed

AOT-theorem *res-var-bound-reas[3]:*

$\langle \mathbf{A} \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \mathbf{A}\varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof(*safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I$ *GEN*)

fix α

AOT-assume $\langle \mathbf{A} \forall \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \mathbf{A}(\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*metis* $\equiv E(1)$ *logic-actual-nec*: $\exists[\text{axiom-inst}]$)

AOT-hence 1: $\langle \mathbf{A}(\psi\{\alpha\} \rightarrow \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ by (*metis rule-ui*: \exists)

AOT-assume $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \mathbf{A}\psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

by (*metis nec-imp-act qml*: $2[\text{axiom-inst}]$ *rigid-condition* $\rightarrow E$)

AOT-thus $\langle \mathbf{A}\varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

using 1 by (*metis act-cond* $\rightarrow E$)

qed

AOT-theorem *res-var-bound-reas[Buridan]:*

$\langle \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \Box \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \Box \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \Box \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

then **AOT-obtain** α where $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \& \Box \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \Box(\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*metis KBasic:11 KBasic:3 T* \Diamond $\& I \& E(1) \& E(2)$

$\equiv E(2)$ *reductio-aa*: 1 *rigid-condition vdash-properties*: 6)

AOT-hence $\langle \exists \alpha \Box(\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*rule* $\exists I$)

AOT-thus $\langle \Box \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*rule Buridan*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$])

qed

AOT-theorem *res-var-bound-reas[BF \Diamond]:*

$\langle \Diamond \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \Diamond \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists \alpha \Diamond(\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

using *BF* \Diamond [*THEN* $\rightarrow E$] by *blast*

then **AOT-obtain** α where $\langle \Diamond(\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ and $\langle \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

using *KBasic2:3 & E* $\rightarrow E$ by *blast+*

moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

using *calculation rigid-condition* by (*metis B* \Diamond *K* \Diamond $\rightarrow E$)

ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \& \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

using *& I* by *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*rule* $\exists I$)

qed

AOT-theorem *res-var-bound-reas[CBF \Diamond]:*

$\langle \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow \Diamond \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

then **AOT-obtain** α where $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \& \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \Box \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ and $\langle \Diamond \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

using *rigid-condition*[*THEN qml*: $2[\text{axiom-inst}, \text{THEN } \rightarrow E]$, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$] *& E* by *blast+*

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*metis KBasic:16 con-dis-taut*: $5 \rightarrow E$)

AOT-hence $\langle \exists \alpha \Diamond(\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

by (*rule* $\exists I$)

```

AOT-thus  $\langle \Diamond \exists \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
  using  $CBF \Diamond [THEN \rightarrow E]$  by fast
qed

AOT-theorem res-var-bound-reas[A-Exists:I]:
   $\langle \mathcal{A} \exists ! \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \equiv \exists ! \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle \mathcal{A} \exists ! \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists ! \alpha (\mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\} \& \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
    using A-Exists:I[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists ! \alpha (\mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\} \& \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
    apply(AOT-subst  $\langle \mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\} \& \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$   $\langle \mathcal{A} (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$  for:  $\alpha$ )
      apply (meson Act-Basic:2 intro-elim:3:f oth-class-taut:3:a)
    by simp
  AOT-thus  $\langle \exists ! \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
    apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$   $\langle \mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  for:  $\alpha$ )
    using Commutativity of  $\equiv$  intro-elim:3:b sc-eq-fur:2
       $\rightarrow E$  rigid-condition by blast
next
  AOT-assume  $\langle \exists ! \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists ! \alpha (\mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\} \& \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
    apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$   $\langle \psi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  for:  $\alpha$ )
    apply (meson sc-eq-fur:2  $\rightarrow E$  rigid-condition)
    by simp
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists ! \alpha (\mathcal{A} (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$ 
    apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \mathcal{A} (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$   $\langle \mathcal{A} \psi\{\alpha\} \& \mathcal{A} \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  for:  $\alpha$ )
    using Act-Basic:2 apply presburger
    by simp
  AOT-thus  $\langle \mathcal{A} \exists ! \alpha (\psi\{\alpha\} \& \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
    by (metis A-Exists:1 intro-elim:3:b)
qed

end

```

```

theory AOT-ExtendedRelationComprehension
  imports AOT-RestrictedVariables
begin

```

11 Extended Relation Comprehension

This theory depends on choosing extended models.

interpretation *AOT-ExtendedModel* **by** (*standard*; *auto*)

Auxiliary lemma: negations of denoting relations denote.

AOT-theorem *negation-denotes*: $\langle [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rightarrow [\lambda x \neg \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$

proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume θ : $\langle [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$

AOT-show $\langle [\lambda x \neg \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$

proof (*rule* *safe-ext*[*axiom-inst*, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF & I*])

AOT-show $\langle [\lambda x \neg [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] x] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** *cqt*:*2*

next

AOT-have $\langle \Box [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$

using θ *exist-nec*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$] **by** *blast*

moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \Box [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rightarrow \Box \forall x (\neg [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] x \equiv \neg \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$

by(*rule* *RM*; *safe intro!*: *GEN* $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ $\beta \rightarrow C(2)$ $\beta \leftarrow C(2)$ *cqt*:*2*)

ultimately AOT-show $\langle \Box \forall x (\neg [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] x \equiv \neg \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$

using $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*

qed

qed

Auxiliary lemma: conjunctions of denoting relations denote.

AOT-theorem *conjunction-denotes*: $\langle [\lambda x \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \& [\lambda x \psi\{x\}] \downarrow \rightarrow [\lambda x \varphi\{x\} \& \psi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$

```

proof(rule →I)
  AOT-assume 0: <[λx φ{x}]↓ & [λx ψ{x}]↓>
  AOT-show <[λx φ{x} & ψ{x}]↓>
    proof (rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN →E, OF & I])
      AOT-show <[λx [λx φ{x}]x & [λx ψ{x}]x]↓> by cqt:2
    next
      AOT-have <□([λx φ{x}]↓ & [λx ψ{x}]↓)>
      using 0 exist-nec[THEN →E] &E
        KBasic:3 df-simplify:2 intro-elim:3:b by blast
    moreover AOT-have
      <□([λx φ{x}]↓ & [λx ψ{x}]↓) → □∀x ([λx φ{x}]x & [λx ψ{x}]x ≡ φ{x} & ψ{x})>
      by(rule RM; auto intro!: GEN ≡I →I cqt:2 & I
        intro: β←C
        dest: &E β→C)
    ultimately AOT-show <□∀x ([λx φ{x}]x & [λx ψ{x}]x ≡ φ{x} & ψ{x})>
      using →E by blast
  qed
qed

```

AOT-register-rigid-restricted-type

Ordinary: <*O!κ*>

```

proof
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-show <∃x O!x>
      by (meson B◊ T◊ o-objects-exist:1 →E)
  }
next
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-show <O!κ → κ↓> for κ
      by (simp add: →I cqt:5:a[1][axiom-inst, THEN →E, THEN &E(2)])
  }
next
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-show <∀α(O!α → □O!α)>
      by (simp add: GEN oa-facts:1)
  }
qed

```

AOT-register-variable-names

Ordinary: *u v r t s*

In PLM this is defined in the Natural Numbers chapter, but since it is helpful for stating the comprehension principles, we already define it here.

```

AOT-define eqE :: <τ ⇒ τ ⇒ φ> (infixl <≡E> 50)
  eqE: <F ≡E G ≡df F↓ & G↓ & ∀u ([F]u ≡ [G]u)>

```

Derive existence claims about relations from the axioms.

```

AOT-theorem denotes-all: <[λx ∀ G (□G ≡E F → x[G])↓>
  and denotes-all-neg: <[λx ∀ G (□G ≡E F → ¬x[G])↓>
proof –
  AOT-have Aux: <∀ F (□F ≡E G → (x[F] ≡ x[G])), ¬(x[G] ≡ y[G])
    ⊢□ ∃ F([F]x & ¬[F]y) for x y G
proof –
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-assume 0: <∀ F (□F ≡E G → (x[F] ≡ x[G]))>
    AOT-assume G-prop: <¬(x[G] ≡ y[G])>
    {
      AOT-assume <¬∃ F([F]x & ¬[F]y)>
      AOT-hence 0: <∀ F ¬([F]x & ¬[F]y)>
        by (metis cqt-further:4 →E)
      AOT-have <∀ F ([F]x ≡ [F]y)>
      proof (rule GEN; rule ≡I; rule →I)
        fix F
    }
  }

```

```

AOT-assume  $\langle [F]x \rangle$ 
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg([F]x \ \& \ \neg[F]y) \rangle$ 
  using  $\theta[\text{THEN } \forall E(2)]$  by blast
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle [F]y \rangle$ 
  by (metis &I raa-cor:1)
next
  fix  $F$ 
  AOT-assume  $\langle [F]y \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \neg[\lambda x \ \neg[F]x]y \rangle$ 
    by (metis \neg I \beta \rightarrow C(2))
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg([\lambda x \ \neg[F]x]x \ \& \ \neg[\lambda x \ \neg[F]x]y) \rangle$ 
    apply (rule \theta[THEN \forall E(1)]) by cqt:2[lambda]
  ultimately AOT-have 1:  $\langle \neg[\lambda x \ \neg[F]x]x \rangle$ 
    by (metis &I raa-cor:3)
  {
    AOT-assume  $\langle \neg[F]x \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda x \ \neg[F]x]x \rangle$ 
      by (auto intro!: \beta \leftarrow C(1) cqt:2)
    AOT-hence  $\langle p \ \& \ \neg p \rangle$  for  $p$ 
      using  $1$  by (metis raa-cor:3)
  }
  AOT-thus  $\langle [F]x \rangle$  by (metis raa-cor:1)
qed
AOT-hence  $\langle \Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$ 
  using ind-nec[THEN → E] by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \forall F \Box ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$ 
  by (metis CBF → E)
} note indistI = this
{
  AOT-assume G-prop:  $\langle x[G] \ \& \ \neg y[G] \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence Ax:  $\langle !x \rangle$ 
    using  $\& E(1) \ \exists I(2) \rightarrow E$  encoders-are-abstract by blast

  {
    AOT-assume Ay:  $\langle A!y \rangle$ 
    {
      fix  $F$ 
      {
        AOT-assume  $\langle \forall u \Box ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$ 
        AOT-hence  $\langle \Box \forall u ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$ 
          using Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[BF][THEN → E] by simp
        AOT-hence  $\langle \Box F \equiv_E G \rangle$ 
          by (AOT-subst  $\langle F \equiv_E G \rangle$   $\langle \forall u ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$ )
            (auto intro!: eqE[THEN ≡ Df, THEN ≡ S(1), OF & I] cqt:2)
        AOT-hence  $\langle x[F] \equiv x[G] \rangle$ 
          using  $\theta[\text{THEN } \forall E(2)] \equiv E \rightarrow E$  by meson
        AOT-hence  $\langle x[F] \rangle$ 
          using G-prop & E ≡ E by blast
      }
      AOT-hence  $\langle \forall u \Box ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow x[F] \rangle$ 
        by (rule → I)
    }
    AOT-hence xprop:  $\langle \forall F (\forall u \Box ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow x[F]) \rangle$ 
      by (rule GEN)
  moreover AOT-have yprop:  $\langle \neg \forall F (\forall u \Box ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow y[F]) \rangle$ 
  proof (rule raa-cor:2)
    AOT-assume  $\langle \forall F (\forall u \Box ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow y[F]) \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle \forall F (\Box \forall u ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow y[F]) \rangle$ 
      apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \Box \forall u ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$   $\langle \forall u \Box ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$  for:  $F$ )
      using Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[BF]
        Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[CBF]
        intro-elim:2 apply presburger
      by simp
}

```

AOT-hence $A: \forall F (\square F \equiv_E G \rightarrow y[F])$
by (AOT-subst $\langle F \equiv_E G \rangle \langle \forall u ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$ **for:** F)
 $(auto intro!: eqE[THEN \equiv Df, THEN \equiv S(1), OF \& I] cqt:2)$

moreover AOT-have $\langle \square G \equiv_E G \rangle$
by (auto intro!: eqE[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] cqt:2 RN & I GEN $\rightarrow I \equiv I$)
ultimately AOT-have $\langle y[G] \rangle$ **using** $\forall E(2) \rightarrow E$ **by** blast
AOT-thus $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ **for** p **using** $G\text{-prop}$ & E **by** (metis raa-cor:3)
qed

AOT-have $\langle \exists F ([F]x \& \neg [F]y) \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:1)
AOT-assume $\langle \neg \exists F ([F]x \& \neg [F]y) \rangle$
AOT-hence $indist: \forall F \square ([F]x \equiv [F]y)$ **using** $indistI$ **by** blast
AOT-have $\langle \forall F (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow y[F]) \rangle$
using indistinguishable-ord-enc-all[axiom-inst], THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF & I,
OF & I, OF & I, OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst],
OF Ax, OF Ay, OF indist, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF xprop].
AOT-thus $\langle \forall F (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow y[F]) \& \neg \forall F (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow y[F]) \rangle$
using yprop & I **by** blast
qed
}
moreover {
AOT-assume notAy: $\langle \neg A!y \rangle$
AOT-have $\langle \exists F ([F]x \& \neg [F]y) \rangle$
apply (rule $\exists I(1)[\text{where } \tau = \langle \langle A! \rangle \rangle]$)
using Ax notAy & I **apply** blast
by (simp add: oa-exist:2)
}
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \exists F ([F]x \& \neg [F]y) \rangle$
by (metis raa-cor:1)
}
moreover {
AOT-assume G-prop: $\langle \neg x[G] \& y[G] \rangle$
AOT-hence Ay: $\langle A!y \rangle$
by (meson & E(2) encoders-are-abstract existential:2[const-var] $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-hence notOy: $\langle \neg O!y \rangle$
using $\equiv E(1)$ oa-contingent:3 **by** blast
{
AOT-assume Ax: $\langle A!x \rangle$
{
fix F
{
AOT-assume $\langle \square \forall u ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \square F \equiv_E G \rangle$
by (AOT-subst $\langle F \equiv_E G \rangle \langle \forall u ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$)
 $(auto intro!: eqE[THEN \equiv Df, THEN \equiv S(1), OF \& I] cqt:2)$
AOT-hence $\langle x[F] \equiv x[G] \rangle$
using 0[THEN $\forall E(2)$] $\equiv E \rightarrow E$ **by** meson
AOT-hence $\langle \neg x[F] \rangle$
using G-prop & E $\equiv E$ **by** blast
}
AOT-hence $\langle \square \forall u ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow \neg x[F] \rangle$
by (rule $\rightarrow I$)
}
AOT-hence x-prop: $\langle \forall F (\square \forall u ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow \neg x[F]) \rangle$
by (rule GEN)
AOT-have x-prop: $\langle \neg \exists F (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \& x[F]) \rangle$
proof (rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume $\langle \exists F (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \& x[F]) \rangle$
then AOT-obtain F **where** F-prop: $\langle \forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \& x[F] \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** blast
AOT-have $\langle \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$ **for** u
using F-prop[THEN & E(1), THEN Ordinary. $\forall E$].
AOT-hence $\langle \forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$

```

    by (rule Ordinary.GEN)
AOT-hence  $\square \forall u ([F]u \equiv [G]u)$ 
    by (metis Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[BF] → E)
AOT-hence  $\neg x[F]$ 
    using x-prop[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN → E] by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for p
    using F-prop[THEN & E(2)] by (metis raa-cor:3)
qed
AOT-have y-prop:  $\langle \exists F (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \& y[F]) \rangle$ 
proof (rule raa-cor:1)
    AOT-assume  $\neg \exists F (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \& y[F])$ 
    AOT-hence 0:  $\forall F \neg (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \& y[F])$ 
        using cqt-further:4[THEN → E] by blast
    {
        fix F
        {
            AOT-assume  $\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u)$ 
            AOT-hence  $\neg y[F]$ 
                using 0[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ ] & I raa-cor:1 by meson
        }
        AOT-hence  $\langle (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow \neg y[F]) \rangle$ 
            by (rule → I)
    }
    AOT-hence A:  $\forall F (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rightarrow \neg y[F])$ 
        by (rule GEN)
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \forall u \square ([G]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: RN oth-class-taut:3:a universal-cor → I)
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \neg y[G] \rangle$ 
    using ∀ E(2) → E by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for p
    using G-prop & E by (metis raa-cor:3)
qed
AOT-have  $\langle \exists F ([F]x \& \neg [F]y) \rangle$ 
proof (rule raa-cor:1)
    AOT-assume  $\neg \exists F ([F]x \& \neg [F]y)$ 
    AOT-hence indist:  $\forall F \square ([F]x \equiv [F]y)$ 
        using indistI by blast
    AOT-thus  $\langle \exists F (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \& x[F]) \& \neg \exists F (\forall u \square ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \& x[F]) \rangle$ 
        using indistinguishable-ord-enc-ex[axiom-inst, THEN → E, OF & I,
            OF & I, OF & I, OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst],
            OF Ax, OF Ay, OF indist, THEN ≡ E(2), OF y-prop]
            x-prop & I by blast
    qed
}
moreover {
    AOT-assume notAx:  $\neg A!x$ 
    AOT-hence Ox:  $\langle O!x \rangle$ 
        using ∨ E(3) oa-exist:3 by blast
    AOT-have  $\langle \exists F ([F]x \& \neg [F]y) \rangle$ 
        apply (rule ∃ I(1)[where τ=«O!»])
        using Ox notOy & I apply blast
        by (simp add: oa-exist:1)
}
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \exists F ([F]x \& \neg [F]y) \rangle$ 
    by (metis raa-cor:1)
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \exists F ([F]x \& \neg [F]y) \rangle$ 
    using G-prop by (metis & I → I ≡ I raa-cor:1)
}
qed

AOT-modally-strict {
    fix x y
}

```

AOT-assume *indist*: $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
AOT-hence *nec-indist*: $\langle \square \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
 using *ind-nec vdash-properties:10* by *blast*
AOT-hence *indist-nec*: $\langle \forall F \square ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
 using *CBF vdash-properties:10* by *blast*
AOT-assume 0: $\langle \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow x[G]) \rangle$
AOT-hence 1: $\langle \forall G (\square \forall u ([G]u \equiv [F]u) \rightarrow x[G]) \rangle$
 by (*AOT-subst (reverse)*) $\langle \forall u ([G]u \equiv [F]u) \rangle$ $\langle G \equiv_E F \rangle$ **for:** G
 (auto intro!: eqE[THEN $\equiv_D f$, THEN $\equiv S(1)$, OF & I] cqt:2)
AOT-have $\langle x[F] \rangle$
 by (safe intro!: 1[THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$] GEN $\rightarrow I$ RN $\equiv I$)
AOT-have $\langle \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow y[G]) \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:1)
 AOT-assume $\langle \neg \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow y[G]) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \exists G \neg (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow y[G]) \rangle$
 using *cqt-further:2 $\rightarrow E$* by *blast*
 then **AOT-obtain** G **where** $G\text{-prop}$: $\langle \neg (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow y[G]) \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *blast*
AOT-hence 1: $\langle \square G \equiv_E F \& \neg y[G] \rangle$
 by (metis $\equiv E(1)$ oth-class-taut:1:b)
AOT-have xG : $\langle x[G] \rangle$
 using 0[THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$] 1[THEN & E(1)] by *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle x[G] \& \neg y[G] \rangle$
 using 1[THEN & E(2)] & I by *blast*
AOT-hence B: $\langle \neg (x[G] \equiv y[G]) \rangle$
 using & E(2) $\equiv E(1)$ *reductio-aa:1* xG by *blast*
{
 fix H
 {
 AOT-assume $\langle \square H \equiv_E G \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \square (H \equiv_E G \& G \equiv_E F) \rangle$
 using 1 by (metis KBasic:3 con-dis-i-e:1 con-dis-i-e:2:a
 intro-elim:3:b)
 moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \square (H \equiv_E G \& G \equiv_E F) \rightarrow \square (H \equiv_E F) \rangle$
proof(rule RM)
 AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-show $\langle H \equiv_E G \& G \equiv_E F \rightarrow H \equiv_E F \rangle$
 proof (safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$ eqE[THEN $\equiv_D f$] & I cqt:2 Ordinary.GEN)
 fix u
 AOT-assume $\langle H \equiv_E G \& G \equiv_E F \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \forall u ([H]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$ **and** $\langle \forall u ([G]u \equiv [F]u) \rangle$
 using eqE[THEN $\equiv_D f$] & E by *blast*+
 AOT-thus $\langle [H]u \equiv [F]u \rangle$
 by (auto dest!: Ordinary. $\forall E$ dest: $\equiv E$)
 qed
 }
 qed
 ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \square (H \equiv_E F) \rangle$
 using $\rightarrow E$ by *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle x[H] \rangle$
 using 0[THEN $\forall E(2)$] $\rightarrow E$ by *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle x[H] \equiv x[G] \rangle$
 using $xG \equiv I \rightarrow I$ by *blast*
}
 AOT-hence $\langle \square H \equiv_E G \rightarrow (x[H] \equiv x[G]) \rangle$ **by** (rule $\rightarrow I$)
}
AOT-hence A: $\langle \forall H (\square H \equiv_E G \rightarrow (x[H] \equiv x[G])) \rangle$
 by (rule GEN)
then AOT-obtain F **where** $F\text{-prop}$: $\langle [F]x \& \neg [F]y \rangle$
 using Aux[OF A, OF B] $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *blast*
moreover AOT-have $\langle [F]y \rangle$
 using indist[THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF F-prop[THEN & E(1)]]
AOT-thus $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ **for** p

```

    using F-prop[THEN &E(2)] by (metis raa-cor:3)
qed
} note 0 = this
AOT-modally-strict {
  fix x y
  AOT-assume <math>\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)</math>
  moreover AOT-have <math>\forall F ([F]y \equiv [F]x)</math>
    by (metis calculation cqt-basic:11 &E(2))
  ultimately AOT-have <math>\forall G (\Box G \equiv_E F \rightarrow x[G]) \equiv \forall G (\Box G \equiv_E F \rightarrow y[G])</math>
    using 0 &equiv I → I by auto
} note 1 = this
AOT-show <math>\langle \lambda x \forall G (\Box G \equiv_E F \rightarrow x[G]) \rangle \downarrow</math>
  by (safe intro!: RN GEN → I 1 kirchner-thm:2[THEN &E(2)])
}

AOT-modally-strict {
  fix x y
  AOT-assume indist: <math>\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)</math>
  AOT-hence nec-indist: <math>\Box \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)</math>
    using ind-nec vdash-properties:10 by blast
  AOT-hence indist-nec: <math>\forall F \Box ([F]x \equiv [F]y)</math>
    using CBF vdash-properties:10 by blast
  AOT-assume 0: <math>\forall G (\Box G \equiv_E F \rightarrow \neg x[G])</math>
  AOT-hence 1: <math>\forall G (\Box \forall u ([G]u \equiv [F]u) \rightarrow \neg x[G])</math>
    by (AOT-subst (reverse)) <math>\langle \forall u ([G]u \equiv [F]u) \rangle \langle G \equiv_E F \rangle \text{ for: } G</math>
      (auto intro!: eqE[THEN &Df, THEN &S(1), OF &I] cqt:2)
  AOT-have <math>\neg x[F]</math>
    by (safe intro!: 1[THEN &E(2), THEN → E] GEN → I RN &equiv I)
  AOT-have <math>\forall G (\Box G \equiv_E F \rightarrow \neg y[G])</math>
  proof(rule raa-cor:1)
    AOT-assume <math>\neg \forall G (\Box G \equiv_E F \rightarrow \neg y[G])</math>
    AOT-hence <math>\exists G \neg (\Box G \equiv_E F \rightarrow \neg y[G])</math>
      using cqt-further:2 → E by blast
    then AOT-obtain G where G-prop: <math>\neg (\Box G \equiv_E F \rightarrow \neg y[G])</math>
      using ∃E[rotated] by blast
    AOT-hence 1: <math>\Box G \equiv_E F \& \neg \neg y[G]</math>
      by (metis &E(1) oth-class-taut:1:b)
    AOT-hence yG: <math>\langle y[G] \rangle</math>
      using G-prop → I raa-cor:3 by blast
    moreover AOT-hence 12: <math>\neg x[G]</math>
      using 0[THEN &E(2), THEN → E] 1[THEN &E(1)] by blast
    ultimately AOT-have <math>\neg x[G] \& y[G]</math>
      using &I by blast
    AOT-hence B: <math>\neg (x[G] \equiv y[G])</math>
      by (metis 12 &E(3) raa-cor:3 yG)
  {
    fix H
    {
      AOT-assume 3: <math>\Box H \equiv_E G</math>
      AOT-hence <math>\Box (H \equiv_E G \& G \equiv_E F)</math>
        using 1
        by (metis KBasic:3 con-dis-i-e:1 → I intro-elim:3:b
          reductio-aa:1 G-prop)
      moreover AOT-have <math>\Box (H \equiv_E G \& G \equiv_E F) \rightarrow \Box (H \equiv_E F)</math>
      proof (rule RM)
        AOT-modally-strict {
          AOT-show <math>H \equiv_E G \& G \equiv_E F \rightarrow H \equiv_E F</math>
          proof (safe intro!: → I eqE[THEN &Df I] &I cqt:2 Ordinary.GEN)
            fix u
            AOT-assume <math>H \equiv_E G \& G \equiv_E F</math>
            AOT-hence <math>\forall u ([H]u \equiv [G]u) \& \forall u ([G]u \equiv [F]u)</math>
              using eqE[THEN &Df E] &E by blast+
            AOT-thus <math>[H]u \equiv [F]u</math>
              by (auto dest!: Ordinary.∀ E dest: &equiv E)
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```

```

    qed
}
qed
ultimately AOT-have  $\square(H \equiv_E F)$ 
  using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\neg x[H]$ 
  using  $\theta[THEN \forall E(2)] \rightarrow E$  by blast
AOT-hence  $x[H] \equiv x[G]$ 
  using  $12 \equiv I \rightarrow I$  by (metis raa-cor:3)
}
AOT-hence  $\square H \equiv_E G \rightarrow (x[H] \equiv x[G])$ 
  by (rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
}
AOT-hence  $A: \forall H(\square H \equiv_E G \rightarrow (x[H] \equiv x[G]))$ 
  by (rule GEN)
then AOT-obtain  $F$  where  $F\text{-prop}: ([F]x \& \neg[F]y)$ 
  using Aux[OF A, OF B]  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\neg[F]y$ 
  using indist[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ , OF F-prop[THEN &E(1)]].
AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for  $p$ 
  using F-prop[THEN &E(2)] by (metis raa-cor:3)
qed
} note  $\theta = this$ 
AOT-modally-strict {
fix  $x y$ 
AOT-assume  $\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)$ 
moreover AOT-have  $\forall F ([F]y \equiv [F]x)$ 
  by (metis calculation cqt-basic:11  $\equiv E(2)$ )
ultimately AOT-have  $\forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow \neg x[G]) \equiv \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow \neg y[G])$ 
  using  $\theta \equiv I \rightarrow I$  by auto
} note  $I = this$ 
AOT-show  $\langle \lambda x \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow \neg x[G]) \rangle \downarrow$ 
  by (safe intro!: RN GEN  $\rightarrow I$  1 kirchner-thm:2[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ])
qed

```

Reformulate the existence claims in terms of their negations.

```

AOT-theorem denotes-ex:  $\langle \lambda x \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& x[G]) \rangle \downarrow$ 
proof (rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF &I])
AOT-show  $\langle \lambda x \neg \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow \neg x[G]) \rangle \downarrow$ 
  using denotes-all-neg[THEN negation-denotes[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]].
next
AOT-show  $\langle \square \forall x (\neg \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow \neg x[G]) \equiv \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& x[G])) \rangle$ 
  by (AOT-subst  $\langle \square G \equiv_E F \& x[G] \rangle \langle \neg (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow \neg x[G]) \rangle$  for:  $G x$ )
    (auto simp: conventions:1 rule-eq-df:1
      intro: oth-class-taut:4;b[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ]
      intro-elim:3:f[OF cqt-further:3, OF oth-class-taut:3:b]
      intro!: RN GEN)
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem denotes-ex-neg:  $\langle \lambda x \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& \neg x[G]) \rangle \downarrow$ 
proof (rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF &I])
AOT-show  $\langle \lambda x \neg \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow x[G]) \rangle \downarrow$ 
  using denotes-all[THEN negation-denotes[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]].
next
AOT-show  $\langle \square \forall x (\neg \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow x[G]) \equiv \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& \neg x[G])) \rangle$ 
  by (AOT-subst (reverse)  $\langle \square G \equiv_E F \& \neg x[G] \rangle \langle \neg (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow x[G]) \rangle$  for:  $G x$ )
    (auto simp: oth-class-taut:1;b
      intro: oth-class-taut:4;b[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ]
      intro-elim:3:f[OF cqt-further:3, OF oth-class-taut:3:b]
      intro!: RN GEN)
qed

```

Derive comprehension principles.

AOT-theorem Comprehension-1:

shows $\langle \square \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rightarrow [\lambda x \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& x[F])] \downarrow \rangle$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume *assm*: $\langle \square \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rangle$

AOT-modally-strict {

fix $x y$

AOT-assume 0: $\langle \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rangle$

AOT-assume *indist*: $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$

AOT-assume *x-prop*: $\langle \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& x[F]) \rangle$

then AOT-obtain *F* **where** *F-prop*: $\langle \varphi\{F\} \& x[F] \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \square F \equiv_E F \& x[F] \rangle$

by (*auto intro!*: $RN \text{ eqE}[T\text{HEN } \equiv_{df} I] \& I \text{ cqt}:2 GEN \equiv I \rightarrow I \text{ dest: } \& E$)

AOT-hence $\langle \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& x[G]) \rangle$

by (*rule* $\exists I$)

AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda x \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& x[G])]x \rangle$

by (*safe intro!*: $\beta \leftarrow C \text{ denotes-ex cqt}:2$)

AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda x \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& x[G])]y \rangle$

using *indist*[*THEN* $\forall E(1)$, *OF* **denotes-ex**, *THEN* $\equiv E(1)$] **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& y[G]) \rangle$

using $\beta \rightarrow C$ **by** *blast*

then AOT-obtain *G* **where** $\langle \square G \equiv_E F \& y[G] \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \varphi\{G\} \& y[G] \rangle$

using 0[*THEN* $\forall E(2)$, *THEN* $\forall E(2)$, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *THEN* $\equiv E(1)$]

F-prop[*THEN* $\& E(1)$] **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& y[F]) \rangle$

by (*rule* $\exists I$)

} note 1 = *this*

AOT-modally-strict {

AOT-assume 0: $\langle \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rangle$

{

fix $x y$

{

AOT-assume $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$

moreover AOT-have $\langle \forall F ([F]y \equiv [F]x) \rangle$

by (*metis calculation cqt-basic:11* $\equiv E(1)$)

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& y[F]) \rangle$

using 0 1[*OF* 0] $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ **by** *simp*

}

AOT-hence $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& y[F])) \rangle$

using $\rightarrow I$ **by** *blast*

}

AOT-hence $\langle \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& y[F]))) \rangle$

by (*auto intro!*: *GEN*)

} note 1 = *this*

AOT-hence $\langle \vdash_{\square} \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rightarrow$

$\forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& y[F]))) \rangle$

by (*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-hence $\langle \square \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rightarrow$

$\square \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& y[F]))) \rangle$

by (*rule* *RM*)

AOT-hence $\langle \square \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& y[F]))) \rangle$

using $\rightarrow E$ **assm** **by** *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle [\lambda x \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& x[F])] \downarrow \rangle$

by (*safe intro!*: *kirchner-thm:2*[*THEN* $\equiv E(2)$])

qed

AOT-theorem Comprehension-2:

shows $\langle \square \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rightarrow [\lambda x \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F])] \downarrow \rangle$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume *assm*: $\langle \square \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rangle$

AOT-modally-strict {

```

fix x y
AOT-assume 0:  $\forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\}))$ 
AOT-assume indist:  $\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)$ 
AOT-assume x-prop:  $\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F])$ 
then AOT-obtain F where F-prop:  $\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F]$ 
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\square F \equiv_E F \& \neg x[F]$ 
  by (auto intro!: RN eqE[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] &I cqt:2 GEN  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$  dest: &E)
AOT-hence  $\exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& \neg x[G])$ 
  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda x \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& \neg x[G])]x \rangle$ 
  by (safe intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C$  denotes-ex-neg cqt:2)
AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda x \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& \neg x[G])]y \rangle$ 
  using indist[THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , OF denotes-ex-neg, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
AOT-hence  $\exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& \neg y[G])$ 
  using  $\beta \rightarrow C$  by blast
then AOT-obtain G where  $\square G \equiv_E F \& \neg y[G]$ 
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \varphi\{G\} \& \neg y[G] \rangle$ 
  using 0[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ]
    F-prop[THEN &E(1)] &E &I by blast
AOT-hence  $\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg y[F])$ 
  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
} note 1 = this
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-assume 0:  $\forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\}))$ 
  {
    fix x y
    {
      AOT-assume  $\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y)$ 
      moreover AOT-have  $\forall F ([F]y \equiv [F]x)$ 
        by (metis calculation cqt-basic:11  $\equiv E(1)$ )
      ultimately AOT-have  $\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg y[F])$ 
        using 0 1[OF 0]  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$  by simp
    }
    AOT-hence  $\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg y[F]))$ 
      using  $\rightarrow I$  by blast
  }
  AOT-hence  $\forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg y[F])))$ 
    by (auto intro!: GEN)
} note 1 = this
AOT-hence  $\vdash_{\square} \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rightarrow$ 
   $\forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg y[F])))$ 
  by (rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
AOT-hence  $\vdash_{\square} \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rightarrow$ 
   $\square \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg y[F])))$ 
  by (rule RM)
AOT-hence  $\vdash_{\square} \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F]) \equiv \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg y[F])))$ 
  using  $\rightarrow E$  assm by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle [\lambda x \exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F])] \downarrow \rangle$ 
  by (safe intro!: kirchner-thm:2[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ])
qed

```

Derived variants of the comprehension principles above.

AOT-theorem Comprehension-1':

shows $\square \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rightarrow [\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \varphi\{F\})] \downarrow$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\square \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\}))$

AOT-hence 0: $\square \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\neg \varphi\{F\} \equiv \neg \varphi\{G\}))$

by (AOT-subst (reverse) $\langle \neg \varphi\{F\} \equiv \neg \varphi\{G\} \rangle$ $\langle \varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\} \rangle$, for: F G)
 (auto simp: oth-class-taut:4:b)

AOT-show $\langle [\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \varphi\{F\})] \downarrow \rangle$

proof(rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I])

```

AOT-show < $\lambda x \neg\exists F (\neg\varphi\{F\} \& x[F])\rangle\downarrow$ 
  using Comprehension-1[THEN → E, OF 0, THEN negation-denotes[THEN → E]].
next
AOT-show < $\square\forall x (\neg\exists F (\neg\varphi\{F\} \& x[F]) \equiv \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \varphi\{F\}))\rangle$ 
  by (AOT-subst (reverse) < $\neg\varphi\{F\} \& x[F]\rangle \langle\neg(x[F] \rightarrow \varphi\{F\})\rangle for: F x)
    (auto simp: oth-class-taut:1:b[THEN intro-elim:3:e,
      OF oth-class-taut:2:a]
     intro: intro-elim:3:f[OF cqt-further:3, OF oth-class-taut:3:a,
       symmetric]
     intro!: RN GEN)
qed
qed$ 
```

AOT-theorem Comprehension-2':

```

shows < $\square\forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rightarrow [\lambda x \forall F (\varphi\{F\} \rightarrow x[F])]\rangle\downarrow$ 
proof(rule → I)
AOT-assume 0: < $\square\forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\}))\rangle$ 
AOT-show < $\lambda x \forall F (\varphi\{F\} \rightarrow x[F])\rangle\downarrow$ 
proof(rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN → E, OF & I])
AOT-show < $\lambda x \neg\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F])\rangle\downarrow$ 
  using Comprehension-2[THEN → E, OF 0, THEN negation-denotes[THEN → E]].
next
AOT-show < $\square\forall x (\neg\exists F (\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F]) \equiv \forall F (\varphi\{F\} \rightarrow x[F]))\rangle$ 
  by (AOT-subst (reverse) < $\varphi\{F\} \& \neg x[F]\rangle \langle\neg(\varphi\{F\} \rightarrow x[F])\rangle for: F x)
    (auto simp: oth-class-taut:1:b
     intro: intro-elim:3:f[OF cqt-further:3, OF oth-class-taut:3:a,
       symmetric]
     intro!: RN GEN)
qed
qed$ 
```

Derive a combined comprehension principles.

AOT-theorem Comprehension-3:

```

< $\square\forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\})) \rightarrow [\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})]\rangle\downarrow$ 
proof(rule → I)
AOT-assume 0: < $\square\forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\varphi\{F\} \equiv \varphi\{G\}))\rangle$ 
AOT-show < $\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})\rangle\downarrow$ 
proof(rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN → E, OF & I])
AOT-show < $\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \varphi\{F\}) \& \forall F (\varphi\{F\} \rightarrow x[F])\rangle\downarrow$ 
  by (safe intro!: conjunction-denotes[THEN → E, OF & I]
    Comprehension-1'[THEN → E]
    Comprehension-2'[THEN → E] 0)
next
AOT-show < $\square\forall x (\forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \varphi\{F\}) \& \forall F (\varphi\{F\} \rightarrow x[F]) \equiv \forall F (x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\}))\rangle$ 
  by (auto intro!: RN GEN ≡ I → I & I dest: & E ∀ E(2) → E ≡ E(1,2))
qed
qed

```

```

notepad
begin

```

Verify that the original axioms are equivalent to $\vdash_{\square} [\lambda x \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& x[G])]\downarrow$ and $\vdash_{\square} [\lambda x \exists G (\square G \equiv_E F \& \neg x[G])]\downarrow$.

```

AOT-modally-strict {
  fix x y H
  AOT-have < $A!x \& A!y \& \forall F \square([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow$ 
    ( $\forall G (\forall z (O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [H]z)) \rightarrow x[G]) \equiv$ 
      $\forall G (\forall z (O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [H]z)) \rightarrow y[G]))\rangle$ 
  proof(rule → I)
  {
    fix x y
    AOT-assume < $A!x\rangle$ 
    AOT-assume < $A!y\rangle$ 

```

AOT-assume *indist*: $\langle \forall F \square([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
AOT-assume $\langle \forall G (\forall u \square([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rightarrow x[G]) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \forall G (\square \forall u ([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rightarrow x[G]) \rangle$
 using *Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas*[*BF*] *Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas*[*CBF*]
 intro-elim:2
 by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \square \forall u ([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rangle$ $\langle \forall u \square([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rangle$ **for:** *G*) **auto**
AOT-hence $\langle \forall G (\square G \equiv_E H \rightarrow x[G]) \rangle$
 by (*AOT-subst* $\langle G \equiv_E H \rangle$ $\langle \forall u ([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rangle$ **for:** *G*)
 (*safe intro!*: *eqE*[*THEN* $\equiv Df$, *THEN* $\equiv S(1)$, *OF & I*] *cqt*:2)
AOT-hence $\langle \neg \exists G (\square G \equiv_E H \& \neg x[G]) \rangle$
 by (*AOT-subst* (*reverse*) $\langle \square G \equiv_E H \& \neg x[G] \rangle$ $\langle \neg(\square G \equiv_E H \rightarrow x[G]) \rangle$ **for:** *G*)
 (*auto simp*: *oth-class-taut*:1:b *cqt-further*:3[*THEN* $\equiv E(1)$])
AOT-hence $\langle \neg[\lambda x \exists G (\square G \equiv_E H \& \neg x[G])]x \rangle$
 by (*auto intro*: $\beta \rightarrow C$)
AOT-hence $\langle \neg[\lambda x \exists G (\square G \equiv_E H \& \neg x[G])]y \rangle$
 using *indist*[*THEN* $\forall E(1)$, *OF denotes-ex-neg*,
 THEN qml:2[*axiom-inst*, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$],
 THEN $\equiv E(3)$] **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \neg \exists G (\square G \equiv_E H \& \neg y[G]) \rangle$
 by (*safe intro!*: $\beta \leftarrow C$ *denotes-ex-neg* *cqt*:2)
AOT-hence $\langle \forall G \neg(\square G \equiv_E H \& \neg y[G]) \rangle$
 using *cqt-further*:4[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$] **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \forall G (\square G \equiv_E H \rightarrow y[G]) \rangle$
 by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \square G \equiv_E H \rightarrow y[G] \rangle$ $\langle \neg(\square G \equiv_E H \& \neg y[G]) \rangle$ **for:** *G*)
 (*auto simp*: *oth-class-taut*:1:a)
AOT-hence $\langle \forall G (\square \forall u ([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rightarrow y[G]) \rangle$
 by (*AOT-subst* (*reverse*) $\langle \forall u ([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rangle$ $\langle G \equiv_E H \rangle$ **for:** *G*)
 (*safe intro!*: *eqE*[*THEN* $\equiv Df$, *THEN* $\equiv S(1)$, *OF & I*] *cqt*:2)
AOT-hence $\langle \forall G (\forall u \square([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rightarrow y[G]) \rangle$
 using *Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas*[*BF*] *Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas*[*CBF*]
 intro-elim:2
 by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \forall u \square([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rangle$ $\langle \square \forall u ([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rangle$ **for:** *G*) **auto**
} **note** *θ = this*
AOT-assume $\langle A!x \& A!y \& \forall F \square([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle A!x \rangle$ **and** $\langle A!y \rangle$ **and** $\langle \forall F \square([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
 using *& E* **by** *blast*+
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \forall F \square([F]y \equiv [F]x) \rangle$
 using *calculation*(3)
 apply (*safe intro!*: *CBF*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$] *dest!*: *BF*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$])
 using *RM*:3 *cqt-basic*:11 *intro-elim*:3:b **by** *fast*
ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \forall G (\forall u \square([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rightarrow x[G]) \equiv$
 $\forall G (\forall u \square([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rightarrow y[G]) \rangle$
 using *θ* **by** (*auto intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)
qed

AOT-have $\langle A!x \& A!y \& \forall F \square([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow$
 $(\exists G (\forall z (O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [H]z)) \& x[G]) \equiv \exists G (\forall z (O!z \rightarrow \square([G]z \equiv [H]z)) \& y[G])) \rangle$
proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)
{
 fix *x y*
 AOT-assume $\langle A!x \rangle$
 AOT-assume $\langle A!y \rangle$
 AOT-assume *indist*: $\langle \forall F \square([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
 AOT-assume *x-prop*: $\langle \exists G (\forall u \square([G]u \equiv [H]u) \& x[G]) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \exists G (\square \forall u ([G]u \equiv [H]u) \& x[G]) \rangle$
 using *Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas*[*BF*] *Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas*[*CBF*]
 intro-elim:2
 by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \square \forall u ([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rangle$ $\langle \forall u \square([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rangle$ **for:** *G*) **auto**
AOT-hence $\langle \exists G (\square G \equiv_E H \& x[G]) \rangle$
 by (*AOT-subst* $\langle G \equiv_E H \rangle$ $\langle \forall u ([G]u \equiv [H]u) \rangle$ **for:** *G*)
 (*safe intro!*: *eqE*[*THEN* $\equiv Df$, *THEN* $\equiv S(1)$, *OF & I*] *cqt*:2)
AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda x \exists G (\square G \equiv_E H \& x[G])]x \rangle$
 by (*safe intro!*: $\beta \leftarrow C$ *denotes-ex* *cqt*:2)

```

AOT-hence ⟨[λx ∃ G (□G ≡E H & x[G])]y⟩
  using indist[THEN ∀ E(1), OF denotes-ex,
    THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E],
    THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
AOT-hence ⟨∃ G (□G ≡E H & y[G])⟩
  by (rule β→C)
AOT-hence ⟨∃ G (□∀ u ([G]u ≡ [H]u) & y[G])⟩
  by (AOT-subst (reverse) ⟨∀ u ([G]u ≡ [H]u)⟩ ⟨G ≡E H⟩ for: G)
    (safe intro!: eqE[THEN ≡Df, THEN ≡S(1), OF &I] cqt:2)
AOT-hence ⟨∃ G (∀ u □([G]u ≡ [H]u) & y[G])⟩
  using Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[BF]
    Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[CBF]
    intro-elim:2
  by (AOT-subst ⟨∀ u □([G]u ≡ [H]u)⟩ ⟨□∀ u ([G]u ≡ [H]u)⟩ for: G) auto
} note 0 = this
AOT-assume ⟨A!x & A!y & ∀ F □([F]x ≡ [F]y)⟩
AOT-hence ⟨A!x⟩ and ⟨A!y⟩ and ⟨∀ F □([F]x ≡ [F]y)⟩
  using &E by blast+
moreover AOT-have ⟨∀ F □([F]y ≡ [F]x)⟩
  using calculation(β)
  apply (safe intro!: CBF[THEN →E] dest!: BF[THEN →E])
  using RM:3 cqt-basic:11 intro-elim:3:b by fast
ultimately AOT-show ⟨∃ G (∀ u □([G]u ≡ [H]u) & x[G]) ≡
  ∃ G (∀ u □([G]u ≡ [H]u) & y[G])⟩
  using 0 by (auto intro!: ≡I →I)
qed
}
end
end

```

12 Possible Worlds

```

AOT-define Situation :: ⟨τ ⇒ φ⟩ (⟨Situation'(-)⟩)
  situations: ⟨Situation(x) ≡df A!x & ∀ F (x[F] → Propositional([F]))⟩

AOT-theorem T-sit: ⟨TruthValue(x) → Situation(x)⟩
proof(rule →I)
  AOT-assume ⟨TruthValue(x)⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨∃ p TruthValueOf(x,p)⟩
    using T-value[THEN ≡df E] by blast
  then AOT-obtain p where ⟨TruthValueOf(x,p)⟩ using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
  AOT-hence ∃: ⟨A!x & ∀ F (x[F] ≡ ∃ q((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]))⟩
    using tv-p[THEN ≡df E] by blast
  AOT-show ⟨Situation(x)⟩
  proof(rule situations[THEN ≡df I]; safe intro!: &I GEN →I ∃: [THEN &E(1)])
    fix F
    AOT-assume ⟨x[F]⟩
    AOT-hence ⟨∃ q((q ≡ p) & F = [λy q])⟩
      using ∃: [THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(2)[where β=F], THEN ≡E(1)] by argo
    then AOT-obtain q where ⟨(q ≡ p) & F = [λy q]⟩ using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
    AOT-hence ⟨∃ p F = [λy p]⟩ using &E(2) ∃ I(2) by metis
    AOT-thus ⟨Propositional([F])⟩
      by (metis ≡df I prop-prop1)
    qed
  qed

```

```

AOT-theorem possit-sit:1: ⟨Situation(x) ≡ □Situation(x)⟩
proof(rule ≡I; rule →I)
  AOT-assume ⟨Situation(x)⟩
  AOT-hence 0: ⟨A!x & ∀ F (x[F] → Propositional([F]))⟩
    using situations[THEN ≡df E] by blast
  AOT-have 1: ⟨□(A!x & ∀ F (x[F] → Propositional([F])))⟩
  proof(rule KBasic:3[THEN ≡E(2)]; rule &I)

```

```

AOT-show  $\square A!x$  using 0[THEN &E(1)] by (metis oa-facts:2[THEN →E])
next
AOT-have  $\forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \text{Propositional}([F])) \rightarrow \square \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \text{Propositional}([F]))$ 
  by (AOT-subst ⟨Propositional([F])⟩ ⟨ $\exists p (F = [\lambda y p])for:  $F :: \langle \kappa \rangle$ )
    (auto simp: prop-prop1 ≡Df enc-prop-nec:2)
AOT-thus  $\square \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \text{Propositional}([F]))$ 
  using 0[THEN &E(2)] →E blast
qed
AOT-show  $\square \text{Situation}(x)$ 
  by (AOT-subst ⟨Situation(x)⟩ ⟨ $A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \text{Propositional}([F]))next
AOT-show ⟨Situation(x)⟩ if ⟨ $\square \text{Situation}(x)using qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E, OF that].
qed

AOT-theorem possit-sit:2: ⟨ $\Diamond \text{Situation}(x) \equiv \text{Situation}(x)using possit-sit:1
  by (metis RE◊ S5Basic:2 ≡E(1) ≡E(5) Commutativity of ≡)

AOT-theorem possit-sit:3: ⟨ $\Diamond \text{Situation}(x) \equiv \square \text{Situation}(x)using possit-sit:1 possit-sit:2 by (meson ≡E(5))

AOT-theorem possit-sit:4: ⟨ $\mathcal{A} \text{Situation}(x) \equiv \text{Situation}(x)by (meson Act-Basic:5 Act-Sub:2 RA[2] ≡E(1) ≡E(6) possit-sit:2)

AOT-theorem possit-sit:5: ⟨ $\text{Situation}(\circ p)proof (safe intro!: situations[THEN ≡df I] &I GEN →I prop-prop1[THEN ≡df I])
AOT-have ⟨ $\exists F \circ p[F]using tv-id:2[THEN prop-enc[THEN ≡df E], THEN &E(2)]
    existential:1 prop-prop2:2 blast
AOT-thus ⟨ $A! \circ pby (safe intro!: encoders-are-abstract[unverify x, THEN →E]
    t=proper:2[THEN →E, OF ext-p-tv:3])
next
fix F
AOT-assume ⟨ $\circ p[F]AOT-hence ⟨ $\iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])))$ ⟩[F]
  using tv-id:1 rule=E blast
AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathcal{A} \exists q ((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])$ ⟩
  using ≡E(1) desc-nec-encode:1 blast
AOT-hence ⟨ $\exists q \mathcal{A}((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])$ ⟩
  by (metis Act-Basic:10 ≡E(1))
then AOT-obtain q where ⟨ $\mathcal{A}((q \equiv p) \& F = [\lambda y q])$ ⟩ using ∃E[rotated] blast
AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathcal{A} F = [\lambda y q]$ ⟩ by (metis Act-Basic:2 con-dis-i-e:2:b intro-elim:3:a)
AOT-hence ⟨ $F = [\lambda y q]$ ⟩
  using id-act:1[unverify β, THEN ≡E(2)] by (metis prop-prop2:2)
AOT-thus ⟨ $\exists p F = [\lambda y p]$ ⟩
  using ∃I blast
qed

AOT-theorem possit-sit:6: ⟨ $\text{Situation}(\top)$ ⟩
proof –
AOT-have true-def: ⟨ $\vdash_{\square} \top = \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p (p \& F = [\lambda y p])))$ ⟩
  by (simp add: A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:1)
AOT-hence true-den: ⟨ $\vdash_{\square} \top \downarrow$ ⟩
  using t=proper:1 vdash-properties:6 blast
AOT-have ⟨ $\mathcal{A} \text{TruthValue}(\top)$ ⟩
  using actual-desc:2[unverify x, OF true-den, THEN →E, OF true-def]
  using TV-lem2:1[unverify x, OF true-den, THEN RA[2],
    THEN act-cond[THEN →E], THEN →E]
  by blast
AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathcal{A} \text{Situation}(\top)$ ⟩$$$$$$$$$$ 
```

```

using T-sit[unverify x, OF true-den, THEN RA[2],
            THEN act-cond[THEN →E], THEN →E] by blast
AOT-thus ⟨Situation(⊤)⟩
  using possit-sit:4[unverify x, OF true-den, THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
qed

AOT-theorem possit-sit:7: ⟨Situation(⊥)⟩
proof –
  AOT-have true-def: ⊢□ ⊥ = ∃x (A!x & ∀F (x[F] ≡ ∃p(¬p & F = [λy p])))  

    by (simp add: A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:2)
  AOT-hence true-den: ⊢□ ⊥↓
    using t=t-proper:1 vdash-properties:6 by blast
  AOT-have ⟨ATruthValue(⊥)⟩
    using actual-desc:2[unverify x, OF true-den, THEN →E, OF true-def]
    using TV-lem2:2[unverify x, OF true-den, THEN RA[2],
                  THEN act-cond[THEN →E], THEN →E]  

      by blast
  AOT-hence ⟨ASituation(⊥)⟩
    using T-sit[unverify x, OF true-den, THEN RA[2],
                THEN act-cond[THEN →E], THEN →E] by blast
  AOT-thus ⟨Situation(⊥)⟩
    using possit-sit:4[unverify x, OF true-den, THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
qed

AOT-register-rigid-restricted-type
  Situation: ⟨Situation(κ)⟩
proof
  AOT-modally-strict {
    fix p
    AOT-obtain x where ⟨TruthValueOf(x,p)⟩
      by (metis instantiation p-has-!tv:1)
    AOT-hence ⟨∃p TruthValueOf(x,p)⟩ by (rule ∃I)
    AOT-hence ⟨TruthValue(x)⟩ by (metis ≡df I T-value)
    AOT-hence ⟨Situation(x)⟩ using T-sit[THEN →E] by blast
    AOT-thus ⟨∃x Situation(x)⟩ by (rule ∃I)
  }
  next
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-show ⟨Situation(κ) → κ↓⟩ for κ
    proof (rule →I)
      AOT-assume ⟨Situation(κ)⟩
      AOT-hence ⟨A!κ⟩ by (metis ≡df E &E(1) situations)
      AOT-thus ⟨κ↓⟩ by (metis russell-axiom[exe,1].ψ-denotes-asm)
    qed
  }
  next
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-show ⟨∀α(Situation(α) → □Situation(α))⟩
    using possit-sit:1[THEN conventions:3[THEN ≡df E,
                                              THEN &E(1)] GEN] by fast
  }
qed

AOT-register-variable-names
  Situation: s
AOT-define TruthInSituation :: τ ⇒ φ ⇒ φ ⟨⟨- ≡ / -⟩ [100, 40] 100⟩
  true-in-s: ⟨s ≡df sΣp⟩

```

```

notepad
begin

```

```

fix x p q

```

```

have «« $x \models p \rightarrow q$ » = « $(x \models p) \rightarrow q$ »>
  by simp
have «« $x \models p \& q$ » = « $(x \models p) \& q$ »>
  by simp
have «« $x \models \neg p$ » = « $x \models (\neg p)$ »>
  by simp
have «« $x \models \Box p$ » = « $x \models (\Box p)$ »>
  by simp
have «« $x \models \mathcal{A}p$ » = « $x \models (\mathcal{A}p)$ »>
  by simp
have «« $\Box x \models p$ » = « $\Box(x \models p)$ »>
  by simp
have «« $\neg x \models p$ » = « $\neg(x \models p)$ »>
  by simp
end

```

AOT-theorem *lem1*: « $Situation(x) \rightarrow (x \models p \equiv x[\lambda y p])$ »

proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume « $Situation(x)$ »

AOT-assume « $x \models p$ »

AOT-hence « $x\Sigma p$ »

using *true-in-s*[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$] &*E* **by** *blast*

AOT-thus « $x[\lambda y p]$ » using *prop-enc*[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$] &*E* **by** *blast*

next

AOT-assume 1: « $Situation(x)$ »

AOT-assume « $x[\lambda y p]$ »

AOT-hence « $x\Sigma p$ »

using *prop-enc*[$THEN \equiv_{df} I$, *OF* &*I*, *OF* *cqt:2(1)*] **by** *blast*

AOT-thus « $x \models p$ »

using *true-in-s*[$THEN \equiv_{df} I$] 1 &*I* **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *lem2:1*: « $s \models p \equiv \Box s \models p$ »

proof –

AOT-have *sit*: « $Situation(s)$ »

by (*simp add*: *Situation.* ψ)

AOT-have « $s \models p \equiv s[\lambda y p]$ »

using *lem1*[$THEN \rightarrow E$, *OF sit*] **by** *blast*

also **AOT-have** « $\dots \equiv \Box s[\lambda y p]$ »

by (*rule en-eq:2[1][unverify F]*) *cqt:2[lambda]*

also **AOT-have** « $\dots \equiv \Box s \models p$ »

using *lem1*[$THEN RM$, $THEN \rightarrow E$, *OF possit-sit:1*[$THEN \equiv E(1)$, *OF sit*]]

by (*metis KBasic:6* $\equiv E(2)$ *Commutativity of* $\equiv \rightarrow E$)

finally show ?*thesis*.

qed

AOT-theorem *lem2:2*: « $\Diamond s \models p \equiv s \models p$ »

proof –

AOT-have « $\Box(s \models p \rightarrow \Box s \models p)$ »

using *possit-sit:1*[$THEN \equiv E(1)$, *OF Situation.* ψ]

lem2:1[$THEN$ *conventions:3*[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$, $THEN \& E(1)$]]

RM[*OF* $\rightarrow I$, $THEN \rightarrow E$] **by** *blast*

thus ?*thesis* **by** (*metis B* $\Diamond S5Basic:13$ *T* $\Diamond \equiv I \equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)

qed

AOT-theorem *lem2:3*: « $\Diamond s \models p \equiv \Box s \models p$ »

using *lem2:1 lem2:2* **by** (*metis* $\equiv E(5)$)

AOT-theorem *lem2:4*: « $\mathcal{A}(s \models p) \equiv s \models p$ »

proof –

AOT-have « $\Box(s \models p \rightarrow \Box s \models p)$ »

using *possit-sit:1*[$THEN \equiv E(1)$, *OF Situation.* ψ]

$\text{lem2:1[THEN conventions:3[THEN } \equiv_{df} E, \text{ THEN } \& E(1)]]$
 $\text{RM[OF } \rightarrow I, \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E] \text{ by blast}$
thus ?thesis
using sc-eq-fur:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$] **by** blast
qed

AOT-theorem lem2:5: $\neg s \models p \equiv \square \neg s \models p$
by (metis KBasic2:1 contraposition:1[2] $\rightarrow I \equiv I \equiv E(3) \equiv E(4)$ lem2:2)

AOT-theorem sit-identity: $s = s' \equiv \forall p(s \models p \equiv s' \models p)$
proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle s = s' \rangle$
moreover AOT-have $\langle \forall p(s \models p \equiv s \models p) \rangle$
by (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a universal-cor)
ultimately AOT-show $\langle \forall p(s \models p \equiv s' \models p) \rangle$
using rule=E **by** fast

next
AOT-assume a: $\langle \forall p(s \models p \equiv s' \models p) \rangle$
AOT-show $\langle s = s' \rangle$
proof(safe intro!: ab-obey:1[THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\rightarrow E$] &I GEN $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)
AOT-show $\langle A!s \rangle$ **using** Situation. $\psi \equiv_{df} E \& E(1)$ situations **by** blast

next
AOT-show $\langle A!s' \rangle$ **using** Situation. $\psi \equiv_{df} E \& E(1)$ situations **by** blast

next
fix F
AOT-assume 0: $\langle s[F] \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists p(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
using Situation. ψ [THEN situations[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$], THEN $\& E(2)$,
 $\text{THEN } \forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=F, \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E]$
prop-prop1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] **by** blast

then AOT-obtain p **where** F-def: $\langle F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$
using $\exists E$ **by** metis

AOT-hence $\langle s[\lambda y p] \rangle$
using 0 rule=E **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle s \models p \rangle$
using lem1[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF Situation. ψ , THEN $\equiv E(2)$] **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle s' \models p \rangle$
using a[THEN $\forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=p, \text{ THEN } \equiv E(1)]$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle s'[\lambda y p] \rangle$
using lem1[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF Situation. ψ , THEN $\equiv E(1)$] **by** blast

AOT-thus $\langle s'[F] \rangle$
using F-def[symmetric] rule=E **by** blast

next
fix F
AOT-assume 0: $\langle s'[F] \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists p(F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$
using Situation. ψ [THEN situations[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$], THEN $\& E(2)$,
 $\text{THEN } \forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=F, \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E]$
prop-prop1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] **by** blast

then AOT-obtain p **where** F-def: $\langle F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$
using $\exists E$ **by** metis

AOT-hence $\langle s'[\lambda y p] \rangle$
using 0 rule=E **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle s' \models p \rangle$
using lem1[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF Situation. ψ , THEN $\equiv E(2)$] **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle s \models p \rangle$
using a[THEN $\forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=p, \text{ THEN } \equiv E(2)]$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle s[\lambda y p] \rangle$
using lem1[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF Situation. ψ , THEN $\equiv E(1)$] **by** blast

AOT-thus $\langle s[F] \rangle$
using F-def[symmetric] rule=E **by** blast

qed
qed

AOT-define *PartOfSituation* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ (**infixl** \trianglelefteq 80)
sit-part-whole: $\langle s \trianglelefteq s' \equiv_{df} \forall p (s \models p \rightarrow s' \models p) \rangle$

AOT-theorem *part:1*: $\langle s \trianglelefteq s \rangle$
by (*rule sit-part-whole[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]*)
(*safe intro!: &I Situation. ψ GEN $\rightarrow I$*)

AOT-theorem *part:2*: $\langle s \trianglelefteq s' \& s \neq s' \rightarrow \neg(s' \trianglelefteq s) \rangle$
proof(*rule $\rightarrow I$; frule &E(1); drule &E(2); rule raa-cor:2*)
AOT-assume *0*: $\langle s \trianglelefteq s' \rangle$
AOT-hence *a*: $\langle s \models p \rightarrow s' \models p \rangle$ **for** *p*
 using $\forall E(2)$ *sit-part-whole[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]* &*E* **by** *blast*
AOT-assume $\langle s' \trianglelefteq s \rangle$
AOT-hence *b*: $\langle s' \models p \rightarrow s \models p \rangle$ **for** *p*
 using $\forall E(2)$ *sit-part-whole[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]* &*E* **by** *blast*
AOT-have $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv s' \models p) \rangle$
 using *a b* **by** (*simp add: $\equiv I$ universal-cor*)
AOT-hence *1*: $\langle s = s' \rangle$
 using *sit-identity[THEN $\equiv E(2)$]* **by** *metis*
AOT-assume $\langle s \neq s' \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \neg(s = s') \rangle$
 by (*metis $\equiv_{df} E =- infix$*)
AOT-thus $\langle s = s' \& \neg(s = s') \rangle$
 using *1 &I* **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *part:3*: $\langle s \trianglelefteq s' \& s' \trianglelefteq s'' \rightarrow s \trianglelefteq s'' \rangle$
proof(*rule $\rightarrow I$; frule &E(1); drule &E(2);*
 safe intro!: &I GEN $\rightarrow I$ sit-part-whole[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] Situation. ψ)
fix *p*
AOT-assume $\langle s \models p \rangle$
moreover AOT-assume $\langle s \trianglelefteq s' \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle s' \models p \rangle$
 using *sit-part-whole[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(2),*
 THEN $\forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=p]$, THEN $\rightarrow E$] **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-assume $\langle s' \trianglelefteq s'' \rangle$
ultimately AOT-show $\langle s'' \models p \rangle$
 using *sit-part-whole[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(2),*
 THEN $\forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=p]$, THEN $\rightarrow E$] **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *sit-identity2:1*: $\langle s = s' \equiv s \trianglelefteq s' \& s' \trianglelefteq s \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!: $\equiv I$ &I $\rightarrow I$*)
AOT-show $\langle s \trianglelefteq s' \rangle$ **if** $\langle s = s' \rangle$
 using *rule=E part:1 that by blast*
next
AOT-show $\langle s' \trianglelefteq s \rangle$ **if** $\langle s = s' \rangle$
 using *rule=E part:1 that[symmetric] by blast*
next
AOT-assume $\langle s \trianglelefteq s' \& s' \trianglelefteq s \rangle$
AOT-thus $\langle s = s' \rangle$ **using** *part:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I]*
 by (*metis $\equiv_{df} I$ &E(1) &E(2) =- infix raa-cor:3*)
qed

AOT-theorem *sit-identity2:2*: $\langle s = s' \equiv \forall s'' (s'' \trianglelefteq s \equiv s'' \trianglelefteq s') \rangle$
proof(*safe intro!: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ Situation.GEN sit-identity[THEN $\equiv E(2)$]
 GEN[where 'a=o]*)
AOT-show $\langle s'' \trianglelefteq s' \rangle$ **if** $\langle s'' \trianglelefteq s \rangle$ **and** $\langle s = s' \rangle$ **for** *s''*
 using *rule=E that by blast*
next
AOT-show $\langle s'' \trianglelefteq s \rangle$ **if** $\langle s'' \trianglelefteq s' \rangle$ **and** $\langle s = s' \rangle$ **for** *s''*
 using *rule=E id-sym that by blast*

next
AOT-show $\langle s' \models p \rangle$ **if** $\langle s \models p \rangle$ **and** $\langle \forall s'' (s'' \sqsubseteq s \equiv s'' \sqsubseteq s') \rangle$ **for** p
using *sit-part-whole*[$\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E$, $\text{THEN} \& E(2)$,
OF that(2)[$\text{THEN Situation.} \forall E$, $\text{THEN} \equiv E(1)$, *OF part:1*],
 $\text{THEN } \forall E(2)$, $\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$, *OF that*(1)].

next
AOT-show $\langle s \models p \rangle$ **if** $\langle s' \models p \rangle$ **and** $\langle \forall s'' (s'' \sqsubseteq s \equiv s'' \sqsubseteq s') \rangle$ **for** p
using *sit-part-whole*[$\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E$, $\text{THEN} \& E(2)$,
OF that(2)[$\text{THEN Situation.} \forall E$, $\text{THEN} \equiv E(2)$, *OF part:1*],
 $\text{THEN } \forall E(2)$, $\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$, *OF that*(1)].

qed

AOT-define *Persistent* :: $\langle \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{Persistent}'(-) \rangle$)
persistent: $\langle \text{Persistent}(p) \equiv_{df} \forall s (s \models p \rightarrow \forall s' (s \sqsubseteq s' \rightarrow s' \models p)) \rangle$

AOT-theorem *pers-prop*: $\langle \forall p \text{ Persistent}(p) \rangle$
by (*safe intro!*: *GEN[where 'a=o] Situation.GEN persistent[THEN} \equiv_{df} I]* $\rightarrow I$)
(*simp add*: *sit-part-whole[THEN} \equiv_{df} E, $\text{THEN} \& E(2)$, $\text{THEN } \forall E(2)$, $\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$)*

AOT-define *NullSituation* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{NullSituation}'(-) \rangle$)
df-null-trivial:1: $\langle \text{NullSituation}(s) \equiv_{df} \neg \exists p s \models p \rangle$

AOT-define *TrivialSituation* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{TrivialSituation}'(-) \rangle$)
df-null-trivial:2: $\langle \text{TrivialSituation}(s) \equiv_{df} \forall p s \models p \rangle$

AOT-theorem *thm-null-trivial:1*: $\langle \exists !x \text{ NullSituation}(x) \rangle$
proof (*AOT-subst* $\langle \text{NullSituation}(x) \rangle$ $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F) \rangle$ **for**: x)

AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-show $\langle \text{NullSituation}(x) \equiv A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F) \rangle$ **for** x
proof (*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ *df-null-trivial:1[THEN} \equiv_{df} I])
dest!: *df-null-trivial:1[THEN} \equiv_{df} E]*
AOT-assume 0: $\langle \text{Situation}(x) \& \neg \exists p x \models p \rangle$
AOT-have 1: $\langle A!x \rangle$
using 0[$\text{THEN} \& E(1)$, $\text{THEN situations[THEN} \equiv_{df} E]$, $\text{THEN} \& E(1)$].
AOT-have 2: $\langle x[F] \rightarrow \exists p F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$ **for** F
using 0[$\text{THEN} \& E(1)$, $\text{THEN situations[THEN} \equiv_{df} E]$,
 $\text{THEN} \& E(2)$, $\text{THEN } \forall E(2)$]
by (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E \rightarrow I$ *prop-prop1* $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-show $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F) \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: $\& I 1$ *GEN* $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)
fix F
AOT-assume $\langle x[F] \rangle$
moreover **AOT-obtain** p **where** $\langle F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$
using *calculation* 2[$\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$] $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle x[\lambda y p] \rangle$
by (*metis rule=E*)
AOT-hence $\langle x \models p \rangle$
using *lem1[THEN} \rightarrow E, *OF* 0[$\text{THEN} \& E(1)$], $\text{THEN} \equiv E(2)$] **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists p (x \models p) \rangle$
by (*rule* $\exists I$)
AOT-thus $\langle F \neq F \rangle$
using 0[$\text{THEN} \& E(2)$] *raa-cor:1* $\& I$ **by** *blast***

next

fix F :: $\langle \kappa \rangle$ *AOT-var*
AOT-assume $\langle F \neq F \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \neg(F = F) \rangle$ **by** (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E = -\text{infix}$)
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle F = F \rangle$
by (*simp add*: *id-eq:1*)
ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle x[F] \rangle$ **using** $\& I$ *raa-cor:1* **by** *blast*

qed

next

AOT-assume 0: $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle x[F] \equiv F \neq F \rangle$ **for** F

```

    using  $\forall E \& E$  by blast
AOT-hence 1:  $\langle \neg x[F] \rangle$  for  $F$ 
    using  $\equiv_{df} E id-eq:1 =-infix reductio-aa:1 \equiv E(1)$  by blast
AOT-show  $\langle Situation(x) \& \neg \exists p x \models p \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!: & $I$  situations[ $THEN \equiv_{df} I$ ] 0[ $THEN \& E(1)$ ]  $GEN \rightarrow I$ )
    AOT-show  $\langle Propositional([F]) \rangle$  if  $\langle x[F] \rangle$  for  $F$ 
        using that 1 & $I$  raa-cor:1 by fast
next
    AOT-show  $\langle \neg \exists p x \models p \rangle$ 
    proof(rule raa-cor:2)
        AOT-assume  $\langle \exists p x \models p \rangle$ 
        then AOT-obtain  $p$  where  $\langle x \models p \rangle$  using  $\exists E[rotated]$  by blast
        AOT-hence  $\langle x[\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
            using  $\equiv_{df} E \& E(1) \equiv E(1)$  lem1 modus-tollens:1
                raa-cor:3 true-in-s by fast
            moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg x[\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
                by (rule 1[unvarify  $F$ ]) cqt:2[lambda]
            ultimately AOT-show  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for  $p$  using & $I$  raa-cor:1 by blast
        qed
    qed
    qed
}
next
AOT-show  $\langle \exists !x ([A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \neq F)) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: A-objects!)
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem thm-null-trivial:2:  $\langle \exists !x TrivialSituation(x) \rangle$ 
proof (AOT-subst  $\langle TrivialSituation(x) \rangle$   $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$  for:  $x$ )
    AOT-modally-strict {
        AOT-show  $\langle TrivialSituation(x) \equiv A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$  for  $x$ 
        proof (safe intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I df-null-trivial:2[THEN \equiv_{df} I]$ 
            dest!: df-null-trivial:2[ $THEN \equiv_{df} E$ ])
        AOT-assume 0:  $\langle Situation(x) \& \forall p x \models p \rangle$ 
        AOT-have 1:  $\langle A!x \rangle$ 
            using 0[ $THEN \& E(1)$ ,  $THEN$  situations[ $THEN \equiv_{df} E$ ],  $THEN \& E(1)$ ].
        AOT-have 2:  $\langle x[F] \rightarrow \exists p F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$  for  $F$ 
            using 0[ $THEN \& E(1)$ ,  $THEN$  situations[ $THEN \equiv_{df} E$ ],
                 $THEN \& E(2)$ ,  $THEN \forall E(2)$ ]
            by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E deduction-theorem prop-prop1 \rightarrow E$ )
        AOT-show  $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ 
        proof (safe intro!: & $I$  1  $GEN \equiv I \rightarrow I$  2)
            fix  $F$ 
            AOT-assume  $\langle \exists p F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
            then AOT-obtain  $p$  where  $\langle F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
                using  $\exists E[rotated]$  by blast
            moreover AOT-have  $\langle x \models p \rangle$ 
                using 0[ $THEN \& E(2)$ ]  $\forall E$  by blast
            ultimately AOT-show  $\langle x[F] \rangle$ 
                by (metis 0 rule=E &E(1) id-sym  $\equiv E(2)$  lem1
                    Commutativity of  $\equiv \rightarrow E$ )
            qed
        next
            AOT-assume 0:  $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p F = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ 
            AOT-hence 1:  $\langle x[F] \equiv \exists p F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$  for  $F$ 
                using  $\forall E \& E$  by blast
            AOT-have 2:  $\langle Situation(x) \rangle$ 
            proof (safe intro!: & $I$  situations[ $THEN \equiv_{df} I$ ] 0[ $THEN \& E(1)$ ]  $GEN \rightarrow I$ )
                AOT-show  $\langle Propositional([F]) \rangle$  if  $\langle x[F] \rangle$  for  $F$ 
                    using 1[ $THEN \equiv E(1)$ , OF that]
                    by (metis  $\equiv_{df} I prop-prop1$ )
            qed

```

```

AOT-show <Situation(x) &  $\forall p (x \models p)$ >
proof (safe intro!: &I  $\not\sim 0$ [THEN &E(I)] GEN  $\rightarrow$ I)
  AOT-have < $x[\lambda y p] \equiv \exists q [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]$ > for p
    by (rule 1[unvarify F, where  $\tau=\llbracket [\lambda y p] \rrbracket$ ] cqt:2[lambda])
  moreover AOT-have < $\exists q [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]$ > for p
    by (rule  $\exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta=p]$ )
      (simp add: rule=I:1 prop-prop2:2)
  ultimately AOT-have < $x[\lambda y p]$ > for p by (metis  $\equiv E(2)$ )
  AOT-thus < $x \models p$ > for p
    by (metis  $\not\equiv E(2)$  lem1  $\rightarrow E$ )
  qed
  qed
}
next
AOT-show < $\exists !x ([A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p F = [\lambda y p]))$ >
  by (simp add: A-objects!)
qed

AOT-theorem thm-null-trivial:3: < $\iota x \text{ NullSituation}(x)$ >
by (meson A-Exists:2 RA[2]  $\equiv E(2)$  thm-null-trivial:1)

AOT-theorem thm-null-trivial:4: < $\iota x \text{ TrivialSituation}(x)$ >
using A-Exists:2 RA[2]  $\equiv E(2)$  thm-null-trivial:2 by blast

AOT-define TheNullSituation :: < $\kappa_s$ > (< $\mathbf{s}_\emptyset$ >)
df-the-null-sit:1:  $\mathbf{s}_\emptyset =_{df} \iota x \text{ NullSituation}(x)$ 

AOT-define TheTrivialSituation :: < $\kappa_s$ > (< $\mathbf{s}_V$ >)
df-the-null-sit:2:  $\mathbf{s}_V =_{df} \iota x \text{ TrivialSituation}(x)$ 

AOT-theorem null-triv-sc:1: < $\text{NullSituation}(x) \rightarrow \Box \text{NullSituation}(x)$ >
proof (safe intro!:  $\rightarrow I$  dest!: df-null-trivial:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ];
  frule &E(I); drule &E(2))
  AOT-assume 1: < $\neg \exists p (x \models p)$ >
  AOT-assume 0: <Situation(x)>
  AOT-hence < $\Box \text{Situation}(x)$ > by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$  possit-sit:1)
  moreover AOT-have < $\Box \neg \exists p (x \models p)$ >
  proof (rule raa-cor:1)
    AOT-assume < $\neg \Box \neg \exists p (x \models p)$ >
    AOT-hence < $\Diamond \exists p (x \models p)$ >
      by (metis  $\equiv_{df} I$  conventions:5)
    AOT-hence < $\exists p \Diamond (x \models p)$ > by (metis BF  $\Diamond \rightarrow E$ )
    then AOT-obtain p where < $\Diamond (x \models p)$ > using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
    AOT-hence < $x \models p$ >
      by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$  lem2:2[unconstrain s, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF 0])
    AOT-hence < $\exists p x \models p$ > using  $\exists I$  by fast
    AOT-thus < $\exists p x \models p \& \neg \exists p x \models p$ > using 1 & I by blast
  qed
  ultimately AOT-have 2: < $\Box (\text{Situation}(x) \& \neg \exists p x \models p)$ >
  by (metis KBasic:3 & I  $\equiv E(2)$ )
  AOT-show < $\Box \text{NullSituation}(x)$ >
    by (AOT-subst <NullSituation(x)> <Situation(x)> &  $\neg \exists p x \models p$ )
      (auto simp: df-null-trivial:1  $\equiv Df 2$ )
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem null-triv-sc:2: < $\text{TrivialSituation}(x) \rightarrow \Box \text{TrivialSituation}(x)$ >
proof (safe intro!:  $\rightarrow I$  dest!: df-null-trivial:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ];
  frule &E(I); drule &E(2))
  AOT-assume 0: <Situation(x)>
  AOT-hence 1: < $\Box \text{Situation}(x)$ > by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$  possit-sit:1)
  AOT-assume < $\forall p x \models p$ >
  AOT-hence < $x \models p$ > for p

```

using $\forall E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \Box x \models p \rangle$ **for** p
 using $\theta \equiv E(1)$ *lem2:1[unconstrain s, THEN $\rightarrow E$]* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \forall p \Box x \models p \rangle$
 by (*rule GEN*)
AOT-hence $\langle \Box \forall p x \models p \rangle$
 by (*rule BF[THEN $\rightarrow E$]*)
AOT-hence $2: \langle \Box(Situation(x) \& \forall p x \models p) \rangle$
 using 1 **by** (*metis KBasic:3 & I $\equiv E(2)$*)
AOT-show $\langle \Box TrivialSituation(x) \rangle$
 by (*AOT-subst* $\langle TrivialSituation(x) \rangle$ $\langle Situation(x) \& \forall p x \models p \rangle$)
 (*auto simp: df-null-trivial:2 $\equiv Df 2$*)

qed

AOT-theorem $null-triv-sc:3: \langle NullSituation(s_0) \rangle$
 by (*safe intro!*: $df-the-null-sit:1[THEN =_{df} I(2)]$ *thm-null-trivial:3*
 rule=I:1[OF thm-null-trivial:3]
 !box-desc:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\rightarrow E$, rotated, OF thm-null-trivial:1,
 OF $\forall I$, OF null-triv-sc:1, THEN $\forall E(1)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$])

AOT-theorem $null-triv-sc:4: \langle TrivialSituation(s_V) \rangle$
 by (*safe intro!*: $df-the-null-sit:2[THEN =_{df} I(2)]$ *thm-null-trivial:4*
 rule=I:1[OF thm-null-trivial:4]
 !box-desc:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\rightarrow E$, rotated, OF thm-null-trivial:2,
 OF $\forall I$, OF null-triv-sc:2, THEN $\forall E(1)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$])

AOT-theorem $null-triv-facts:1: \langle NullSituation(x) \equiv Null(x) \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ *df-null-uni:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]*
 df-null-trivial:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]
 dest!: df-null-uni:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] df-null-trivial:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$])
AOT-assume $0: \langle Situation(x) \& \neg \exists p x \models p \rangle$
AOT-have $1: \langle x[F] \rightarrow \exists p F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$ **for** F
 using $\theta[THEN \& E(1), THEN situations[THEN \equiv_{df} E], THEN \& E(2), THEN \forall E(2)]$
 by (*metis $\equiv_{df} E$ deduction-theorem prop-prop1 $\rightarrow E$*)
AOT-show $\langle A!x \& \neg \exists F x[F] \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: $\& I \theta[THEN \& E(1), THEN situations[THEN \equiv_{df} E],$
 THEN & E(1)];
 rule raa-cor:2)

AOT-assume $\langle \exists F x[F] \rangle$
then AOT-obtain F **where** $F\text{-prop}$: $\langle x[F] \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists p F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$
 using $I[THEN \rightarrow E]$ **by** *blast*
then AOT-obtain p **where** $\langle F = [\lambda y p] \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle x[\lambda y p] \rangle$
 by (*metis rule=E F-prop*)
AOT-hence $\langle x \models p \rangle$
 using *lem1[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF $\theta[THEN \& E(1)]$, THEN $\equiv E(2)$]* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists p x \models p \rangle$
 by (*rule $\exists I$*)
AOT-thus $\langle \exists p x \models p \& \neg \exists p x \models p \rangle$
 using $\theta[THEN \& E(2)] \& I$ **by** *blast*

qed

next

AOT-assume $0: \langle A!x \& \neg \exists F x[F] \rangle$
AOT-have $\langle Situation(x) \rangle$
 apply (*rule situations[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$, OF & I, OF $\theta[THEN \& E(1)]$]*; *rule GEN*)
 using $\theta[THEN \& E(2)]$ **by** (*metis $\rightarrow I$ existential:2[const-var] raa-cor:3*)
moreover AOT-have $\langle \neg \exists p x \models p \rangle$
proof (*rule raa-cor:2*)
 AOT-assume $\langle \exists p x \models p \rangle$
 then AOT-obtain p **where** $\langle x \models p \rangle$ **by** (*metis instantiation*)

AOT-hence $\langle x[\lambda y p] \rangle$ **by** (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E \& E(2)$ *prop-enc true-in-s*)
AOT-hence $\langle \exists F x[F] \rangle$ **by** (*rule* $\exists I$) *cqt:2[lambda]*
AOT-thus $\langle \exists F x[F] \& \neg \exists F x[F] \rangle$ **using** $\theta[THEN \& E(2)] \& I$ **by** *blast*
qed
ultimately AOT-show $\langle Situation(x) \& \neg \exists p x \models p \rangle$ **using** $\& I$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *null-triv-facts:2*: $\langle s_\emptyset = a_\emptyset \rangle$
apply (*rule* $=_{df} I(2)[OF df\text{-}the\text{-}null\text{-}sit:1]$)
apply (*fact* *thm-null-trivial:3*)
apply (*rule* $=_{df} I(2)[OF df\text{-}null\text{-}uni\text{-}terms:1]$)
apply (*fact* *null-uni-uniq:3*)
apply (*rule* *equiv-desc-eq:3[THEN → E]*)
apply (*rule* $\& I$)
apply (*fact* *thm-null-trivial:3*)
by (*rule* *RN*; *rule* *GEN*; *rule* *null-triv-facts:1*)

AOT-theorem *null-triv-facts:3*: $\langle s_V \neq a_V \rangle$
proof (*rule* $=\text{-}infix[THEN \equiv_{df} I]$)
AOT-have $\langle Universal(a_V) \rangle$
by (*simp add: null-uni-facts:4*)
AOT-hence $\theta: \langle a_V[A!] \rangle$
using *df-null-uni:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] & E ∀ E(1)*
by (*metis cqt:5:a vdash-properties:10 vdash-properties:1[2]*)
moreover AOT-have $1: \langle \neg s_V[A!] \rangle$
proof (*rule raa-cor:2*)
AOT-have $\langle Situation(s_V) \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} E \& E(1) df\text{-}null\text{-}trivial:2 null\text{-}triv\text{-}sc:4$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \forall F (s_V[F] \rightarrow Propositional([F])) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E \& E(2)$ *situations*)
moreover AOT-assume $\langle s_V[A!] \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle Propositional(A!) \rangle$
using $\forall E(1)[rotated, OF oa-exist:2] \rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle Propositional(A!) \& \neg Propositional(A!) \rangle$
using *prop-in-f:4:d & I* **by** *blast*
qed
AOT-show $\langle \neg(s_V = a_V) \rangle$
proof (*rule raa-cor:2*)
AOT-assume $\langle s_V = a_V \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle s_V[A!] \rangle$ **using** θ *rule=E id-sym* **by** *fast*
AOT-thus $\langle s_V[A!] \& \neg s_V[A!] \rangle$ **using** $1 \& I$ **by** *blast*
qed
qed

definition *ConditionOnPropositionalProperties* :: $\langle (\kappa \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow \text{bool} \rangle$ **where**
cond-prop: $\langle ConditionOnPropositionalProperties \equiv \lambda \varphi . \forall v . [v \models \forall F (\varphi\{F\} \rightarrow Propositional([F]))] \rangle$

syntax *ConditionOnPropositionalProperties* :: $\langle id\text{-}position \Rightarrow AOT\text{-}prop \rangle$
 $\langle CONDITION'\text{-}ON'\text{-}PROPOSITIONAL'\text{-}PROPERTIES'(-') \rangle$

AOT-theorem *cond-prop[E]*:
assumes $\langle CONDITION\text{-}ON\text{-}PROPOSITIONAL\text{-}PROPERTIES(\varphi) \rangle$
shows $\langle \forall F (\varphi\{F\} \rightarrow Propositional([F])) \rangle$
using *assms[unfolded cond-prop]* **by** *auto*

AOT-theorem *cond-prop[I]*:
assumes $\langle \vdash \forall F (\varphi\{F\} \rightarrow Propositional([F])) \rangle$
shows $\langle CONDITION\text{-}ON\text{-}PROPOSITIONAL\text{-}PROPERTIES(\varphi) \rangle$
using *assms cond-prop* **by** *metis*

AOT-theorem *pre-comp-sit*:
assumes $\langle CONDITION\text{-}ON\text{-}PROPOSITIONAL\text{-}PROPERTIES(\varphi) \rangle$

```

shows ⟨(Situation(x) & ∀ F (x[F] ≡ φ{F})) ≡ (A!x & ∀ F (x[F] ≡ φ{F}))⟩
proof(rule ≡I; rule →I)
  AOT-assume ⟨Situation(x) & ∀ F (x[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩
  AOT-thus ⟨A!x & ∀ F (x[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩
    using &E situations[THEN ≡df E] &I by blast
next
  AOT-assume 0: ⟨A!x & ∀ F (x[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩
  AOT-show ⟨Situation(x) & ∀ F (x[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩
  proof (safe intro!: situations[THEN ≡df I] &I)
    AOT-show ⟨A!x⟩ using 0[THEN &E(I)].
next
  AOT-show ⟨∀ F (x[F] → Propositional([F]))⟩
  proof(rule GEN; rule →I)
    fix F
    AOT-assume ⟨x[F]⟩
    AOT-hence ⟨φ{F}⟩
      using 0[THEN &E(2)] ∀ E ≡E by blast
    AOT-thus ⟨Propositional([F])⟩
      using cond-prop[E][OF assms] ∀ E →E by blast
qed
next
  AOT-show ⟨∀ F (x[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩ using 0 &E by blast
qed
qed

```

AOT-theorem comp-sit:1:

```

assumes ⟨CONDITION-ON-PROPOSITIONAL-PROPERTIES(φ)⟩
shows ⟨∃ s ∀ F(s[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩
by (AOT-subst ⟨Situation(x) & ∀ F(x[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩ ⟨A!x & ∀ F (x[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩ for: x)
  (auto simp: pre-comp-sit[OF assms] A-objects[where φ=φ, axiom-inst])

```

AOT-theorem comp-sit:2:

```

assumes ⟨CONDITION-ON-PROPOSITIONAL-PROPERTIES(φ)⟩
shows ⟨∃! s ∀ F(s[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩
by (AOT-subst ⟨Situation(x) & ∀ F(x[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩ ⟨A!x & ∀ F (x[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩ for: x)
  (auto simp: assms pre-comp-sit pre-comp-sit[OF assms] A-objects!)

```

AOT-theorem can-sit-desc:1:

```

assumes ⟨CONDITION-ON-PROPOSITIONAL-PROPERTIES(φ)⟩
shows ⟨ιs(∀ F (s[F] ≡ φ{F}))⟩
using comp-sit:2[OF assms] A-Exists:2 RA[2] ≡E(2) by blast

```

AOT-theorem can-sit-desc:2:

```

assumes ⟨CONDITION-ON-PROPOSITIONAL-PROPERTIES(φ)⟩
shows ⟨ιs(∀ F (s[F] ≡ φ{F})) = ιx(A!x & ∀ F (x[F] ≡ φ{F}))⟩
by (auto intro!: equiv-desc-eq:2[THEN →E, OF &I,
  OF can-sit-desc:1[OF assms]]
  RA[2] GEN pre-comp-sit[OF assms])

```

AOT-theorem strict-sit:

```

assumes ⟨RIGID-CONDITION(φ)⟩
  and ⟨CONDITION-ON-PROPOSITIONAL-PROPERTIES(φ)⟩
shows ⟨y = ιs(∀ F (s[F] ≡ φ{F})) → ∀ F (y[F] ≡ φ{F})⟩
using rule=E[rotated, OF can-sit-desc:2[OF assms(2), symmetric]]
  box-phi-a:2[OF assms(1)] →E →I &E by fast

```

AOT-define actual :: ⟨τ ⇒ φ⟩ ((Actual'(-))
 ⟨Actual(s) ≡df ∀ p (s ⊨ p → p)⟩

AOT-theorem act-and-not-pos: ⟨∃ s (Actual(s) & ◊¬Actual(s))⟩
proof –

```

AOT-obtain  $q_1$  where  $q_1\text{-prop}: \langle q_1 \& \Diamond\neg q_1 \rangle$ 
  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E$  instantiation  $cont\text{-tf}:1$   $cont\text{-tf-thm}:1$ )
AOT-have  $\langle \exists s (\forall F (s[F] \equiv F = [\lambda y q_1])) \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!:  $comp\text{-sit}:1$   $cond\text{-prop}[I]$   $GEN \rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-show  $\langle Propositional([F]) \rangle$  if  $\langle F = [\lambda y q_1] \rangle$  for  $F$ 
      using  $\equiv_{df} I$  existential:2[const-var]  $prop\text{-prop}1$  that by fastforce
  }
qed
then AOT-obtain  $s_1$  where  $s\text{-prop}: \langle \forall F (s_1[F] \equiv F = [\lambda y q_1]) \rangle$ 
  using Situation. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
AOT-have  $\langle Actual(s_1) \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!:  $actual[\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} I] \& I$   $GEN \rightarrow I$   $s\text{-prop Situation.}\psi$ )
  fix  $p$ 
  AOT-assume  $\langle s_1 \models p \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle s_1[\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
    by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E \& E(2)$   $prop\text{-enc true-in-s}$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q_1] \rangle$ 
    by (rule  $s\text{-prop}[\text{THEN } \forall E(1), \text{THEN } \equiv E(1), \text{rotated}]$ )  $cqt:2[\text{lambda}]$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle p = q_1 \rangle$  by (metis  $\equiv E(2)$   $p\text{-identity-thm2:3}$ )
  AOT-thus  $\langle p \rangle$  using  $q_1\text{-prop}[\text{THEN } \& E(1)]$   $rule=E id\text{-sym}$  by fast
qed
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond\neg Actual(s_1) \rangle$ 
proof (rule raa-cor:1; drule KBasic:12[ $\text{THEN } \equiv E(2)$ ])
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Box Actual(s_1) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box(Situation(s_1) \& \forall p (s_1 \models p \rightarrow p)) \rangle$ 
    using  $actual[\text{THEN } \equiv Df, \text{THEN conventions:3}[\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} E],$ 
       $\text{THEN } \& E(1), \text{THEN RM}, \text{THEN } \rightarrow E]$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box\forall p (s_1 \models p \rightarrow p) \rangle$ 
    by (metis  $RM:1$  Conjunction Simplification(2)  $\rightarrow E$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle \forall p \Box(s_1 \models p \rightarrow p) \rangle$ 
    by (metis  $CBF vdash\text{-properties:10}$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box(s_1 \models q_1 \rightarrow q_1) \rangle$ 
    using  $\forall E$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box s_1 \models q_1 \rightarrow \Box q_1 \rangle$ 
    by (metis  $\rightarrow E qml:1$  vdash-properties:1[2])
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle s_1 \models q_1 \rangle$ 
    using  $s\text{-prop}[\text{THEN } \forall E(1), \text{THEN } \equiv E(2),$ 
       $\text{THEN lem1}[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E, \text{OF Situation.}\psi, \text{THEN } \equiv E(2)]]$ 
       $rule=I:1 prop\text{-prop}2:2$  by blast
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \Box q_1 \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv_{df} E \& E(1) \equiv E(1)$   $lem2:1 true\text{-in-s } \rightarrow E$  by fast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \Diamond\neg q_1 \& \neg\Diamond\neg q_1 \rangle$ 
    using KBasic:12[ $\text{THEN } \equiv E(1)$ ]  $q_1\text{-prop}[\text{THEN } \& E(2)] \& I$  by blast
qed
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle (Actual(s_1) \& \Diamond\neg Actual(s_1)) \rangle$ 
  using  $s\text{-prop} \& I$  by blast
thus ?thesis
  by (rule Situation. $\exists I$ )
qed

```

AOT-theorem $actual\text{-s}:1: \langle \exists s Actual(s) \rangle$

proof –

```

AOT-obtain  $s$  where  $\langle (Actual(s) \& \Diamond\neg Actual(s)) \rangle$ 
  using act-and-not-pos Situation. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
AOT-hence  $\langle Actual(s) \rangle$  using  $\& E \& I$  by metis
  thus ?thesis by (rule Situation. $\exists I$ )
qed

```

AOT-theorem $actual\text{-s}:2: \langle \exists s \neg Actual(s) \rangle$

proof (*rule* $\exists I(1)[\text{where } \tau=\langle\langle s_V \rangle\rangle]; (\text{rule } \& I) ?$)

```

AOT-show  $\langle Situation(s_V) \rangle$ 
  using  $\equiv_{df} E \& E(1)$   $df\text{-null-trivial:2}$   $null\text{-triv-sc:4}$  by blast

```

```

next
AOT-show  $\neg \text{Actual}(\mathbf{s}_V)$ 
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume  $\theta$ :  $\text{Actual}(\mathbf{s}_V)$ 
  AOT-obtain  $p_1$  where  $\text{not}p_1$ :  $\neg p_1$ 
    by (metis  $\exists E \exists I(1) \log\text{-prop}\text{-prop}:2 \text{non-contradiction}$ )
  AOT-have  $\langle \mathbf{s}_V \models p_1 \rangle$ 
    using null-triv-sc:4[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E[\text{OF } df\text{-null-trivial}:2]$ , THEN  $\& E(2)$ ]
       $\forall E$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle p_1 \rangle$ 
    using  $\theta$ [THEN actual[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ], THEN  $\& E(2)$ , THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]
      by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for  $p$  using  $\text{not}p_1$  by (metis raa-cor:3)
qed
next
  AOT-show  $\langle \mathbf{s}_V \downarrow \rangle$ 
    using df-the-null-sit:2 rule-id-df:2:b[zero] thm-null-trivial:4 by blast
qed

AOT-theorem actual-s:3:  $\langle \exists p \forall s (\text{Actual}(s) \rightarrow \neg s \models p) \rangle$ 
proof –
  AOT-obtain  $p_1$  where  $\text{not}p_1$ :  $\neg p_1$ 
    by (metis  $\exists E \exists I(1) \log\text{-prop}\text{-prop}:2 \text{non-contradiction}$ )
  AOT-have  $\langle \forall s (\text{Actual}(s) \rightarrow \neg(s \models p_1)) \rangle$ 
  proof (rule Situation.GEN; rule  $\rightarrow I$ ; rule raa-cor:2)
    fix  $s$ 
    AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Actual}(s) \rangle$ 
    moreover AOT-assume  $\langle s \models p_1 \rangle$ 
    ultimately AOT-have  $\langle p_1 \rangle$ 
      using actual[THEN]  $\equiv_{df} E$ , THEN  $\& E(2)$ , THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
    AOT-thus  $\langle p_1 \& \neg p_1 \rangle$ 
      using  $\text{not}p_1 \& I$  by simp
  qed
  thus ?thesis by (rule  $\exists I$ )
qed

AOT-theorem comp:
 $\langle \exists s (s' \sqsubseteq s \& s'' \sqsubseteq s \& \forall s''' (s' \sqsubseteq s''' \& s'' \sqsubseteq s''' \rightarrow s \sqsubseteq s''')) \rangle$ 
proof –
  have cond-prop:  $\langle \text{ConditionOnPropositionalProperties} (\lambda \Pi . \langle\langle s'[\Pi] \vee s''[\Pi] \rangle\rangle) \rangle$ 
  proof(safe intro!: cond-prop[I] GEN oth-class-taut:8:c[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
    AOT-modally-strict {
      fix  $F$ 
      AOT-have  $\langle \text{Situation}(s') \rangle$ 
        by (simp add: Situation.restricted-var-condition)
      AOT-hence  $\langle s'[F] \rightarrow \text{Propositional}([F]) \rangle$ 
        using situations[THEN]  $\equiv_{df} E$ , THEN  $\& E(2)$ , THEN  $\forall E(2)$  by blast
      moreover AOT-assume  $\langle s'[F] \rangle$ 
      ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \text{Propositional}([F]) \rangle$ 
        using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
    }
next
  AOT-modally-strict {
    fix  $F$ 
    AOT-have  $\langle \text{Situation}(s'') \rangle$ 
      by (simp add: Situation.restricted-var-condition)
    AOT-hence  $\langle s''[F] \rightarrow \text{Propositional}([F]) \rangle$ 
      using situations[THEN]  $\equiv_{df} E$ , THEN  $\& E(2)$ , THEN  $\forall E(2)$  by blast
    moreover AOT-assume  $\langle s''[F] \rangle$ 
    ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \text{Propositional}([F]) \rangle$ 
      using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
  }

```

```

qed
AOT-obtain  $s_3$  where  $\vartheta: \langle \forall F (s_3[F] \equiv s'[F] \vee s''[F]) \rangle$ 
  using comp-sit:1[OF cond-prop] Situation. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
AOT-have  $\langle s' \sqsubseteq s_3 \wedge s'' \sqsubseteq s_3 \wedge \forall s''' (s' \sqsubseteq s''' \wedge s'' \sqsubseteq s''' \rightarrow s_3 \sqsubseteq s''') \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!: & $I \equiv_{df} I[\text{OF true-in-}s] \equiv_{df} I[\text{OF prop-enc}]$ 
  Situation.GEN GEN[where 'a=o]  $\rightarrow I$ 
  sit-part-whole[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ]
  Situation. $\psi$  cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
fix  $p$ 
AOT-assume  $\langle s' \models p \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle s'[\lambda x p] \rangle$ 
  by (metis &E(2) prop-enc  $\equiv_{df} E$  true-in- $s$ )
AOT-thus  $\langle s_3[\lambda x p] \rangle$ 
  using  $\vartheta[\text{THEN } \forall E(1), \text{OF prop-prop2:2}, \text{ THEN } \equiv E(2), \text{ OF } \vee I(1)]$  by blast
next
fix  $p$ 
AOT-assume  $\langle s'' \models p \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle s''[\lambda x p] \rangle$ 
  by (metis &E(2) prop-enc  $\equiv_{df} E$  true-in- $s$ )
AOT-thus  $\langle s_3[\lambda x p] \rangle$ 
  using  $\vartheta[\text{THEN } \forall E(1), \text{OF prop-prop2:2}, \text{ THEN } \equiv E(2), \text{ OF } \vee I(2)]$  by blast
next
fix  $s p$ 
AOT-assume  $\theta: \langle s' \sqsubseteq s \wedge s'' \sqsubseteq s \rangle$ 
AOT-assume  $\langle s_3 \models p \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle s_3[\lambda x p] \rangle$ 
  by (metis &E(2) prop-enc  $\equiv_{df} E$  true-in- $s$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle s'[\lambda x p] \vee s''[\lambda x p] \rangle$ 
  using  $\vartheta[\text{THEN } \forall E(1), \text{OF prop-prop2:2}, \text{ THEN } \equiv E(1)]$  by blast
moreover {
  AOT-assume  $\langle s'[\lambda x p] \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle s' \models p \rangle$ 
  by (safe intro!: prop-enc[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] true-in- $s$ [THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] & $I$ 
    Situation. $\psi$  cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle s' \models p \rightarrow s \models p \rangle$ 
    using sit-part-whole[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ , THEN &E(2)] 0[THEN &E(1)]
       $\forall E(2)$  by blast
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle s \models p \rangle$ 
    using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle s[\lambda x p] \rangle$ 
    using true-in- $s$ [THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] prop-enc[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume  $\langle s''[\lambda x p] \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle s'' \models p \rangle$ 
  by (safe intro!: prop-enc[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] true-in- $s$ [THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] & $I$ 
    Situation. $\psi$  cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle s'' \models p \rightarrow s \models p \rangle$ 
    using sit-part-whole[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ , THEN &E(2)] 0[THEN &E(2)]
       $\forall E(2)$  by blast
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle s \models p \rangle$ 
    using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle s[\lambda x p] \rangle$ 
    using true-in- $s$ [THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] prop-enc[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle s[\lambda x p] \rangle$ 
  by (metis  $\vee E(1) \rightarrow I$ )
qed
thus ?thesis
  using Situation. $\exists I$  by fast
qed

```

AOT-theorem act-sit:1: $\langle \text{Actual}(s) \rightarrow (s \models p \rightarrow [\lambda y p]s) \rangle$

```

proof (safe intro!: →I)
  AOT-assume ⟨Actual(s)⟩
  AOT-hence p if ⟨s ⊨ p⟩
    using actual[THEN ≡df E, THEN &E(2), THEN ∨E(2), THEN →E] that by blast
  moreover AOT-assume ⟨s ⊨ p⟩
  ultimately AOT-have p by blast
  AOT-thus ⟨[λy p]s⟩
    by (safe intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2)
qed

AOT-theorem act-sit:2:
  ⟨(Actual(s') & Actual(s'')) → ∃x (Actual(x) & s' ⊑ x & s'' ⊑ x)⟩
proof(rule →I; frule &E(1); drule &E(2))
  AOT-assume act-s': ⟨Actual(s')⟩
  AOT-assume act-s'': ⟨Actual(s'')⟩
  have cond-prop: ⟨ConditionOnPropositionalProperties
    (λ Π . «∃p (Π = [λy p] & (s' ⊨ p ∨ s'' ⊨ p))»)⟩
proof (safe intro!: cond-prop[I] ∀I →I prop-propI[THEN ≡df I])
  AOT-modally-strict {
    fix β
    AOT-assume ⟨∃p (β = [λy p] & (s' ⊨ p ∨ s'' ⊨ p))⟩
    then AOT-obtain p where ⟨β = [λy p]⟩ using ∃E[rotated] &E by blast
    AOT-thus ⟨∃p β = [λy p]⟩ by (rule ∃I)
  }
qed
have rigid: ⟨rigid-condition (λ Π . «∃p (Π = [λy p] & (s' ⊨ p ∨ s'' ⊨ p))»)⟩
proof (safe intro!: strict-can:I[1] →I GEN)
  AOT-modally-strict {
    fix F
    AOT-assume ⟨∃p (F = [λy p] & (s' ⊨ p ∨ s'' ⊨ p))⟩
    then AOT-obtain p1 where p1-prop: ⟨F = [λy p1] & (s' ⊨ p1 ∨ s'' ⊨ p1)⟩
      using ∃E[rotated] by blast
    AOT-hence ⟨□(F = [λy p1])⟩
      using &E(1) id-nec:2 vdash-properties:10 by blast
    moreover AOT-have ⟨□(s' ⊨ p1 ∨ s'' ⊨ p1)⟩
    proof(rule ∨E; (rule →I; rule KBasic:15[THEN →E])?)
      AOT-show ⟨s' ⊨ p1 ∨ s'' ⊨ p1)⟩ using p1-prop &E by blast
    next
      AOT-show ⟨□s' ⊨ p1 ∨ □s'' ⊨ p1)⟩ if ⟨s' ⊨ p1)⟩
        apply (rule ∨I(1))
        using ≡df E &E(1) ≡E(1) lem2:1 that true-in-s by blast
    next
      AOT-show ⟨□s' ⊨ p1 ∨ □s'' ⊨ p1)⟩ if ⟨s'' ⊨ p1)⟩
        apply (rule ∨I(2))
        using ≡df E &E(1) ≡E(1) lem2:1 that true-in-s by blast
    qed
    ultimately AOT-have ⟨□(F = [λy p1] & (s' ⊨ p1 ∨ s'' ⊨ p1))⟩
      by (metis KBasic:3 &I ≡E(2))
    AOT-hence ⟨∃p □(F = [λy p] & (s' ⊨ p ∨ s'' ⊨ p))⟩ by (rule ∃I)
    AOT-thus ⟨□∃p (F = [λy p] & (s' ⊨ p ∨ s'' ⊨ p))⟩
      using Buridan[THEN →E] by fast
  }
qed

AOT-have desc-den: ⟨ts(∀F (s[F] ≡ ∃p (F = [λy p] & (s' ⊨ p ∨ s'' ⊨ p))))⟩
  by (rule can-sit-desc:I[OF cond-prop])
AOT-obtain x0
  where x0-prop1: ⟨x0 = ts(∀F (s[F] ≡ ∃p (F = [λy p] & (s' ⊨ p ∨ s'' ⊨ p))))⟩
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) ∃E rule=I:1 desc-den ∃I(1) id-sym)
AOT-hence x0-sit: ⟨Situation(x0)⟩
  using actual-desc:3[THEN →E] Act-Basic:2 &E(1) ≡E(1)
  possit-sit:4 by blast

```

AOT-have 1: $\langle \forall F (x_0[F] \equiv \exists p (F = [\lambda y p] \& (s' \models p \vee s'' \models p))) \rangle$
using strict-sit[*OF rigid, OF cond-prop, THEN →E, OF x0-prop1*].
AOT-have 2: $\langle (x_0 \models p) \equiv (s' \models p \vee s'' \models p) \rangle$ **for** p
proof (*rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle x_0 \models p \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle x_0[\lambda y p] \rangle$ **using** lem1[*THEN →E, OF x0-sit, THEN ≡E(1)*] **by** blast
then AOT-obtain q **where** $\langle [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q] \& (s' \models q \vee s'' \models q) \rangle$
using 1[*THEN ∀ E(1)[where τ=«[λy p]»], OF prop-prop2:2, THEN ≡E(1)*]
 $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** blast
AOT-thus $\langle s' \models p \vee s'' \models p \rangle$
by (*metis rule=E &E(1) &E(2) ∨I(1) ∨I(2)*
 $\vee E(1) \text{ deduction-theorem id-sym } \equiv E(2) \text{ p-identity-thm2:3}$)

next

AOT-assume $\langle s' \models p \vee s'' \models p \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q] \& (s' \models p \vee s'' \models p) \rangle$
by (*metis rule=I:1 &I prop-prop2:2*)
AOT-hence $\langle \exists q ([\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q] \& (s' \models q \vee s'' \models q)) \rangle$
by (*rule* $\exists I$)
AOT-hence $\langle x_0[\lambda y p] \rangle$
using 1[*THEN ∀ E(1), OF prop-prop2:2, THEN ≡E(2)*] **by** blast
AOT-thus $\langle x_0 \models p \rangle$
by (*metis ≡df I &I ex:1:a prop-enc rule-ui:2[const-var]*
 $x_0\text{-sit true-in-s}$)

qed

AOT-have $\langle \text{Actual}(x_0) \& s' \sqsubseteq x_0 \& s'' \sqsubseteq x_0 \rangle$
proof(*safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I \& I \exists I(1) \text{ actual[THEN } \equiv_{df} I \text{] } x_0\text{-sit GEN}$
 $\text{sit-part-whole[THEN } \equiv_{df} I \text{]}$)
fix p
AOT-assume $\langle x_0 \models p \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle s' \models p \vee s'' \models p \rangle$
using 2 $\equiv E(1)$ **by** metis
AOT-thus $\langle p \rangle$
using act-s' act-s''
 $\text{actual[THEN } \equiv_{df} E, \text{ THEN } \& E(2), \text{ THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E]$
by (*metis ∨E(3) reductio-aa:1*)

next

AOT-show $\langle x_0 \models p \rangle$ **if** $\langle s' \models p \rangle$ **for** p
using 2[*THEN ≡E(2), OF ∨I(1), OF that*].

next

AOT-show $\langle x_0 \models p \rangle$ **if** $\langle s'' \models p \rangle$ **for** p
using 2[*THEN ≡E(2), OF ∨I(2), OF that*].

next

AOT-show $\langle \text{Situation}(s') \rangle$
using act-s'[*THEN actual[THEN } \equiv_{df} E] & E* **by** blast

next

AOT-show $\langle \text{Situation}(s'') \rangle$
using act-s''[*THEN actual[THEN } \equiv_{df} E] & E* **by** blast

qed

AOT-thus $\langle \exists x (\text{Actual}(x) \& s' \sqsubseteq x \& s'' \sqsubseteq x) \rangle$
by (*rule* $\exists I$)

qed

AOT-define Consistent :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \text{Consistent}'(-) \rangle$)
cons: $\langle \text{Consistent}(s) \equiv_{df} \neg \exists p (s \models p \& s \models \neg p) \rangle$

AOT-theorem sit-cons: $\langle \text{Actual}(s) \rightarrow \text{Consistent}(s) \rangle$
proof(*safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I \text{ cons[THEN } \equiv_{df} I \text{] } \& I \text{ Situation.}\psi$
 $\text{dest!: actual[THEN } \equiv_{df} E \text{]; frule } \& E(1); drule } \& E(2)$)
AOT-assume 0: $\langle \forall p (s \models p \rightarrow p) \rangle$
AOT-show $\langle \neg \exists p (s \models p \& s \models \neg p) \rangle$
proof (*rule raa-cor:2*)
AOT-assume $\langle \exists p (s \models p \& s \models \neg p) \rangle$

```

then AOT-obtain p where < $s \models p \& s \models \neg p$ >
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence < $p \& \neg p$ >
  using 0[THEN  $\forall E(1)[\text{where } \tau=\langle\langle \neg p \rangle\rangle, \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E]$ , OF log-prop-prop:2]
    0[THEN  $\forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=p, \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E]$  &E &I by blast
  AOT-thus < $p \& \neg p$ > for p by (metis raa-cor:1)
qed
qed

AOT-theorem cons-rigid:1: < $\neg \text{Consistent}(s) \equiv \square \neg \text{Consistent}(s)$ >
proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume < $\neg \text{Consistent}(s)$ >
  AOT-hence < $\exists p (s \models p \& s \models \neg p)$ >
    using cons[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ , OF &I, OF Situation. $\psi$ ]
    by (metis raa-cor:3)
  then AOT-obtain p where p-prop: < $s \models p \& s \models \neg p$ >
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-hence < $\square s \models p$ >
    using &E(1)  $\equiv E(1)$  lem2:1 by blast
  moreover AOT-have < $\square s \models \neg p$ >
    using p-prop T $\Diamond$  &E  $\equiv E(1)$ 
      modus-tollens:1 raa-cor:3 lem2:3[unvarify p]
      log-prop-prop:2 by metis
  ultimately AOT-have < $\square(s \models p \& s \models \neg p)$ >
    by (metis KBasic:3 &I  $\equiv E(2)$ )
  AOT-hence < $\exists p \square(s \models p \& s \models \neg p)$ >
    by (rule  $\exists I$ )
  AOT-hence < $\square \exists p (s \models p \& s \models \neg p)$ >
    by (metis Buridan vdash-properties:10)
  AOT-thus < $\square \neg \text{Consistent}(s)$ >
    apply (rule qml:1[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , rotated])
    apply (rule RN)
    using  $\equiv_{df} E \& E(2)$  cons deduction-theorem raa-cor:3 by blast
next
  AOT-assume < $\square \neg \text{Consistent}(s)$ >
  AOT-thus < $\neg \text{Consistent}(s)$ > using qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by auto
qed

AOT-theorem cons-rigid:2: < $\Diamond \text{Consistent}(x) \equiv \text{Consistent}(x)$ >
proof(rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume 0: < $\Diamond \text{Consistent}(x)$ >
  AOT-have < $\Diamond (\text{Situation}(x) \& \neg \exists p (x \models p \& x \models \neg p))$ >
    apply (AOT-subst < $\text{Situation}(x) \& \neg \exists p (x \models p \& x \models \neg p)$ > < $\text{Consistent}(x)$ >)
    using cons  $\equiv E(2)$  Commutativity of  $\equiv$   $\equiv Df$  apply blast
    by (simp add: 0)
  AOT-hence < $\Diamond \text{Situation}(x)$ > and 1: < $\Diamond \neg \exists p (x \models p \& x \models \neg p)$ >
    using RM $\Diamond$  Conjunction Simplification(1) Conjunction Simplification(2)
      modus-tollens:1 raa-cor:3 by blast+
  AOT-hence 2: < $\text{Situation}(x)$ > by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$  possit-sit:2)
  AOT-have 3: < $\neg \square \exists p (x \models p \& x \models \neg p)$ >
    using 2 using 1 KBasic:11  $\equiv E(2)$  by blast
  AOT-show < $\text{Consistent}(x)$ >
  proof (rule raa-cor:1)
    AOT-assume < $\neg \text{Consistent}(x)$ >
    AOT-hence < $\exists p (x \models p \& x \models \neg p)$ >
      using 0  $\equiv_{df} E$  conventions:5 2 cons-rigid:1[unconstrain s, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]
        modus-tollens:1 raa-cor:3  $\equiv E(4)$  by meson
    then AOT-obtain p where < $x \models p$ > and 4: < $x \models \neg p$ >
      using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  &E by blast
    AOT-hence < $\square x \models p$ >
      by (metis 2  $\equiv E(1)$  lem2:1[unconstrain s, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])
    moreover AOT-have < $\square x \models \neg p$ >
      using 4 lem2:1[unconstrain s, unvarify p, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]

```

```

by (metis 2 ≡E(1) log-prop-prop:2)
ultimately AOT-have ⟨□(x ⊨ p & x ⊨ ¬p)⟩
by (metis KBasic:3 &I ≡E(3) raa-cor:3)
AOT-hence ⟨∃ p □(x ⊨ p & x ⊨ ¬p)⟩
by (metis existential:1 log-prop-prop:2)
AOT-hence ⟨□∃ p (x ⊨ p & x ⊨ ¬p)⟩
by (metis Buridan vdash-properties:10)
AOT-thus ⟨p & ¬p⟩ for p
using 3 &I by (metis raa-cor:3)
qed
next
AOT-show ⟨◊Consistent(x)⟩ if ⟨Consistent(x)⟩
using T◊ that vdash-properties:10 by blast
qed

AOT-define possible :: ⟨τ ⇒ φ⟩ (⟨Possible'(-)⟩)
pos: ⟨Possible(s) ≡df ◊Actual(s)⟩

AOT-theorem sit-pos:1: ⟨Actual(s) → Possible(s)⟩
apply(rule →I; rule pos[THEN ≡df I]; rule &I)
apply (meson ≡df E actual &E(1))
using T◊ vdash-properties:10 by blast

AOT-theorem sit-pos:2: ⟨∃ p ((s ⊨ p) & ¬◊p) → ¬Possible(s)⟩
proof(rule →I)
AOT-assume ⟨∃ p ((s ⊨ p) & ¬◊p)⟩
then AOT-obtain p where a: ⟨(s ⊨ p) & ¬◊p⟩
using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-hence ⟨□(s ⊨ p)⟩
using &E by (metis T◊ ≡E(1) lem2:3 vdash-properties:10)
moreover AOT-have ⟨□¬p⟩
using a[THEN &E(2)] by (metis KBasic2:1 ≡E(2))
ultimately AOT-have ⟨□(s ⊨ p & ¬p)⟩
by (metis KBasic:3 &I ≡E(3) raa-cor:3)
AOT-hence ⟨∃ p □(s ⊨ p & ¬p)⟩
by (rule ∃I)
AOT-hence 1: ⟨□∃ q (s ⊨ q & ¬q)⟩
by (metis Buridan vdash-properties:10)
AOT-have ⟨□¬q (s ⊨ q → q)⟩
apply (AOT-subst ⟨s ⊨ q → q⟩ ⟨¬(s ⊨ q & ¬q)⟩ for: q)
apply (simp add: oth-class-taut:1:a)
apply (AOT-subst ⟨¬q (s ⊨ q & ¬q)⟩ ⟨q (s ⊨ q & ¬q)⟩)
by (auto simp: conventions:4 df-rules-formulas[3] df-rules-formulas[4] ≡I 1)
AOT-hence 0: ⟨¬◊q (s ⊨ q → q)⟩
by (metis ≡df E conventions:5 raa-cor:3)
AOT-show ⟨¬Possible(s)⟩
apply (AOT-subst ⟨Possible(s)⟩ ⟨Situation(s) & ◊Actual(s)⟩)
apply (simp add: pos ≡Df)
apply (AOT-subst ⟨Actual(s)⟩ ⟨Situation(s) & ∀ q (s ⊨ q → q)⟩)
using actual ≡Df apply presburger
by (metis 0 KBasic2:3 &E(2) raa-cor:3 vdash-properties:10)
qed

AOT-theorem pos-cons-sit:1: ⟨Possible(s) → Consistent(s)⟩
by (auto simp: sit-cons[THEN RM◊, THEN →E,
THEN cons-rigid:2[THEN ≡E(1)]]
intro!: →I dest!: pos[THEN ≡df E] &E(2))

AOT-theorem pos-cons-sit:2: ⟨∃ s (Consistent(s) & ¬Possible(s))⟩
proof –
AOT-obtain q1 where ⟨q1 & ◊¬q1⟩
using ≡df E instantiation cont-tf:1 cont-tf-thm:1 by blast
have cond-prop: ⟨ConditionOnPropositionalProperties

```

```

 $(\lambda \Pi . \langle \Pi = [\lambda y q_1 \& \neg q_1] \rangle)$ 
by (auto intro!: cond-prop[I] GEN →I prop-prop1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ]
       $\exists I(1)[\text{where } \tau = \langle \neg q_1 \& \neg q_1 \rangle, \text{ rotated}, \text{ OF log-prop-prop:2}]$ )
have rigid: ⟨rigid-condition ( $\lambda \Pi . \langle \Pi = [\lambda y q_1 \& \neg q_1] \rangle$ )⟩
by (auto intro!: strict-can:I[I] GEN →I simp: id-nec:2[THEN →E])

AOT-obtain x where x-prop: ⟨x = ts ( $\forall F (s[F] \equiv F = [\lambda y q_1 \& \neg q_1])$ )⟩
using ex:1:b[THEN ∀ E(1), OF can-sit-desc:1, OF cond-prop]
 $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence 0: ⟨A(Situation(x)) &  $\forall F (x[F] \equiv F = [\lambda y q_1 \& \neg q_1])$ )⟩
using →E actual-desc:2 by blast
AOT-hence ⟨A(Situation(x))⟩ by (metis Act-Basic:2 &E(1) ≡E(1))
AOT-hence s-sit: ⟨Situation(x)⟩ by (metis ≡E(1) possit-sit:4)
AOT-have s-enc-prop:  $\forall F (x[F] \equiv F = [\lambda y q_1 \& \neg q_1])$ 
using strict-sit[OF rigid, OF cond-prop, THEN →E, OF x-prop].
AOT-hence ⟨x[λy q_1 & ¬q_1]⟩
using ∀ E(1)[rotated, OF prop-prop2:2]
      rule=I:1[OF prop-prop2:2] ≡E by blast
AOT-hence ⟨x ⊨ (q_1 & ¬q_1)⟩
using lem1[THEN →E, OF s-sit, unverify p, THEN ≡E(2), OF log-prop-prop:2]
      by blast
AOT-hence ⟨□(x ⊨ (q_1 & ¬q_1))⟩
using lem2:1[unconstrain s, THEN →E, OF s-sit, unverify p,
      OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
moreover AOT-have ⟨□(x ⊨ (q_1 & ¬q_1) → ¬Actual(x))⟩
proof(rule RN; rule →I; rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-assume ⟨Actual(x)⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨∀ p (x ⊨ p → p)⟩
    using actual[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ , THEN &E(2)] by blast
  moreover AOT-assume ⟨x ⊨ (q_1 & ¬q_1)⟩
  ultimately AOT-show ⟨q_1 & ¬q_1⟩
    using ∀ E(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2] →E by metis
}
qed
ultimately AOT-have nec-not-actual-s: ⟨□¬Actual(x)⟩
using qml:1[axiom-inst, THEN →E, THEN →E] by blast
AOT-have 1: ⟨¬∃ p (x ⊨ p & x ⊨ ¬p)⟩
proof (rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume ⟨¬∃ p (x ⊨ p & x ⊨ ¬p)⟩
  then AOT-obtain p where ⟨x ⊨ p & x ⊨ ¬p⟩
    using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
  AOT-hence ⟨x[λy p] & x[λy ¬p]⟩
    using lem1[unverify p, THEN →E, OF log-prop-prop:2,
      OF s-sit, THEN ≡E(1)] &I &E by metis
  AOT-hence ⟨[λy p] = [λy q_1 & ¬q_1]⟩ and ⟨[λy ¬p] = [λy q_1 & ¬q_1]⟩
    by (auto intro!: prop-prop2:2 s-enc-prop[THEN ∀ E(1), THEN ≡E(1)]
      elim: &E)
  AOT-hence i: ⟨[λy p] = [λy ¬p]⟩ by (metis rule=E id-sym)
{
  AOT-assume 0: ⟨p⟩
  AOT-have ⟨[λy p]x⟩ for x
    by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 0)
  AOT-hence ⟨[λy ¬p]x⟩ for x using i rule=E by fast
  AOT-hence ⟨¬p⟩
    using β→C(1) by auto
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume 0: ⟨¬p⟩
  AOT-have ⟨[λy ¬p]x⟩ for x
    by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 0)
  AOT-hence ⟨[λy p]x⟩ for x using i[symmetric] rule=E by fast
  AOT-hence ⟨p⟩
}

```

```

    using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$  by auto
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for  $p$  by (metis raa-cor:1 raa-cor:3)
qed
AOT-have  $\vartheta: \neg \text{Possible}(x)$ 
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Possible}(x) \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond \text{Actual}(x) \rangle$ 
by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E \& E(\vartheta)$  pos)
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg \Diamond \text{Actual}(x) \rangle$  using nec-not-actual-s
using  $\equiv_{df} E$  conventions:5 reductio-aa:2 by blast
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \Diamond \text{Actual}(x) \& \neg \Diamond \text{Actual}(x) \rangle$  by (rule &I)
qed
show ?thesis
by(rule  $\exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta=x]$ ; safe intro!: &I 2 s-sit cons[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] 1)
qed

```

AOT-theorem sit-classical:1: $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \forall q (s \models \neg q \equiv \neg s \models q) \rangle$

```

proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ ; rule GEN)
fix q
AOT-assume  $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle s \models q \equiv q \rangle$  and  $\langle s \models \neg q \equiv \neg q \rangle$ 
using  $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, OF \log-prop-prop:2]$  by blast+
AOT-thus  $\langle s \models \neg q \equiv \neg s \models q \rangle$ 
by (metis deduction-theorem  $\equiv I \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2) \equiv E(4)$ )
qed

```

AOT-theorem sit-classical:2:

```

 $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \forall q \forall r ((s \models (q \rightarrow r)) \equiv (s \models q \rightarrow s \models r)) \rangle$ 
proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ ; rule GEN; rule GEN)
fix q r
AOT-assume  $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\vartheta: \langle s \models q \equiv q \rangle$  and  $\xi: \langle s \models r \equiv r \rangle$  and  $\zeta: \langle (s \models (q \rightarrow r)) \equiv (q \rightarrow r) \rangle$ 
using  $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, OF \log-prop-prop:2]$  by blast+
AOT-show  $\langle (s \models (q \rightarrow r)) \equiv (s \models q \rightarrow s \models r) \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ )
AOT-assume  $\langle s \models (q \rightarrow r) \rangle$ 
moreover AOT-assume  $\langle s \models q \rangle$ 
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle s \models r \rangle$ 
using  $\vartheta \xi \zeta$  by (metis  $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$  vdash-properties:10)
next
AOT-assume  $\langle s \models q \rightarrow s \models r \rangle$ 
AOT-thus  $\langle s \models (q \rightarrow r) \rangle$ 
using  $\vartheta \xi \zeta$  by (metis deduction-theorem  $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(2) \rightarrow E$ )
qed
qed

```

AOT-theorem sit-classical:3:

```

 $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((s \models \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \equiv \forall \alpha s \models \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
AOT-assume  $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\vartheta: \langle s \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  and  $\xi: \langle s \models \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  for  $\alpha$ 
using  $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, OF \log-prop-prop:2]$  by blast+
AOT-show  $\langle s \models \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \equiv \forall \alpha s \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$  GEN)
fix  $\alpha$ 
AOT-assume  $\langle s \models \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  using  $\xi \forall E(2) \equiv E(1)$  by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle s \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  using  $\vartheta \equiv E(2)$  by blast
next
AOT-assume  $\langle \forall \alpha s \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle s \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  for  $\alpha$  using  $\forall E(2)$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$  for  $\alpha$  using  $\vartheta \equiv E(1)$  by blast

```

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **by** (rule GEN)
AOT-thus $\langle s \models \forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **using** $\xi \equiv E(2)$ **by** blast
qed
qed

AOT-theorem sit-classical:4: $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \forall q (s \models \square q \rightarrow \square s \models q) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; rule GEN; rule $\rightarrow I$)
 fix q
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\vartheta: \langle s \models q \equiv q \rangle$ **and** $\xi: \langle s \models \square q \equiv \square q \rangle$
 using $\forall E(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2]$ **by** blast+
 AOT-assume $\langle s \models \square q \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \square q \rangle$ **using** $\xi \equiv E(1)$ **by** blast
 AOT-hence $\langle q \rangle$ **using** $qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN \rightarrow E]$ **by** blast
 AOT-hence $\langle s \models q \rangle$ **using** $\vartheta \equiv E(2)$ **by** blast
 AOT-thus $\langle \square s \models q \rangle$ **using** $\equiv_{df} E \& E(1) \equiv E(1) lem2:1 true-in-s$ **by** blast
qed

AOT-theorem sit-classical:5:
 $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \exists q (\square(s \models q) \& \neg(s \models \square q)) \rangle$
proof (rule $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-obtain r **where** $A: \langle r \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Diamond \neg r \rangle$
 by (metis & $E(1) \& E(2) \equiv_{df} E$ instantiation cont-tf:1 cont-tf-thm:1)
 AOT-hence $B: \langle \neg \square r \rangle$
 using KBasic:11 $\equiv E(2)$ **by** blast
 moreover **AOT-assume** $asm: \langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle s \models r \rangle$
 using $\forall E(2) A \equiv E(2)$ **by** blast
 AOT-hence $1: \langle \square s \models r \rangle$
 using $\equiv_{df} E \& E(1) \equiv E(1) lem2:1 true-in-s$ **by** blast
 AOT-have $\langle s \models \neg \square r \rangle$
 using $asm[THEN \forall E(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2], THEN \equiv E(2)] B$ **by** blast
 AOT-hence $\langle \neg s \models \square r \rangle$
 using sit-classical:1[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF asm ,
 $THEN \forall E(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2], THEN \equiv E(1)$] **by** blast
 AOT-hence $\langle \square s \models r \& \neg s \models \square r \rangle$
 using 1 & I **by** blast
 AOT-thus $\langle \exists r (\square s \models r \& \neg s \models \square r) \rangle$
 by (rule $\exists I$)
qed

AOT-theorem sit-classical:6:
 $\langle \exists s \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
proof –
 have cond-prop: $\langle ConditionOnPropositionalProperties$
 $(\lambda \Pi . \langle \exists q (q \& \Pi = [\lambda y q]) \rangle) \rangle$
 proof (safe intro!: cond-prop[I] GEN $\rightarrow I$)
 fix F
 AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-assume $\langle \exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$
 then **AOT-obtain** q **where** $\langle q \& F = [\lambda y q] \rangle$
 using $\exists E[rotated]$ **by** blast
 AOT-hence $\langle F = [\lambda y q] \rangle$
 using &E **by** blast
 AOT-hence $\langle \exists q F = [\lambda y q] \rangle$
 by (rule $\exists I$)
 AOT-thus $\langle Propositional([F]) \rangle$
 by (metis $\equiv_{df} I$ prop-propI)
 }
qed
AOT-have $\langle \exists s \forall F (s[F] \equiv \exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$
 using comp-sit:1[OF cond-prop].
then **AOT-obtain** s_0 **where** $s_0\text{-prop}: \langle \forall F (s_0[F] \equiv \exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q])) \rangle$

```

using Situation. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
AOT-have  $\forall p (s_0 \models p \equiv p)$ 
proof(safe intro!: GEN  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ )
  fix  $p$ 
  AOT-assume  $\langle s_0 \models p \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle s_0[\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
    using lem1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF Situation. $\psi$ , THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists q (q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ 
    using s0-prop[THEN  $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF prop-prop}2:2]$ , THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
  then AOT-obtain  $q_1$  where  $q_1\text{-prop}: \langle q_1 \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q_1] \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle p = q_1 \rangle$ 
    by (metis & $E(2) \equiv E(2)$  p-identity-thm2:3)
  AOT-thus  $\langle p \rangle$ 
    using  $q_1\text{-prop}[THEN \& E(1)]$  rule= $E$  id-sym by fast
next
  fix  $p$ 
  AOT-assume  $\langle p \rangle$ 
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: rule=I:1[OF prop-prop2:2])
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle p \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
    using & $I$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists q (q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ 
    by (rule  $\exists I$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle s_0[\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
    using s0-prop[THEN  $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF prop-prop}2:2]$ , THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle s_0 \models p \rangle$ 
    using lem1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF Situation. $\psi$ , THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] by blast
qed
AOT-hence  $\forall p (s_0 \models p \equiv p)$ 
  using & $I$  by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists s \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$ 
  by (rule Situation. $\exists I$ )
qed

```

AOT-define PossibleWorld :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \text{PossibleWorld}'(-) \rangle)$
 $\text{world}:1: \langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \equiv_{df} \text{Situation}(x) \& \Diamond \forall p(x \models p \equiv p) \rangle$

AOT-theorem world:2: $\langle \exists x \text{ PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$
proof –

```

AOT-obtain  $s$  where  $s\text{-prop}: \langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$ 
  using sit-classical:6 Situation. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
AOT-have  $\forall p (s \models p \equiv p)$ 
proof(safe intro!: GEN  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ )
  fix  $p$ 
  AOT-assume  $\langle s \models p \rangle$ 
  AOT-thus  $\langle p \rangle$ 
    using s-prop[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
next
  fix  $p$ 
  AOT-assume  $\langle p \rangle$ 
  AOT-thus  $\langle s \models p \rangle$ 
    using s-prop[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] by blast
qed
AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$ 
  by (metis T $\Diamond$ [THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])
AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$ 
  using s-prop & $I$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(s) \rangle$ 
  using world:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] Situation. $\psi$  & $I$  by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists x \text{ PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$ 
  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
qed

```

AOT-theorem *world:3*: $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(\kappa) \rightarrow \kappa \downarrow \rangle$

proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

- AOT-assume** $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(\kappa) \rangle$
- AOT-hence** $\langle \text{Situation}(\kappa) \rangle$
- using** *world:1*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$] & *E* **by** *blast*
- AOT-hence** $\langle A!_\kappa \rangle$
- by** (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E$ & *E(1)* *situations*)
- AOT-thus** $\langle \kappa \downarrow \rangle$
- by** (*metis russell-axiom[exe,1].ψ-denotes-asm*)

qed

AOT-theorem *rigid-pw:1*: $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \equiv \square \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$

proof (*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)

- AOT-assume** $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$
- AOT-hence** $\langle \text{Situation}(x) \& \diamond \forall p(x \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
- using** *world:1*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$] **by** *blast*
- AOT-hence** $\langle \square \text{Situation}(x) \& \square \diamond \forall p(x \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
- by** (*metis S5Basic:1 & I & E(1) & E(2) ≡ E(1) possit-sit:1*)
- AOT-hence** *0*: $\langle \square (\text{Situation}(x) \& \diamond \forall p(x \models p \equiv p)) \rangle$
- by** (*metis KBasic:3 ≡ E(2)*)
- AOT-show** $\langle \square \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$
- by** (*AOT-subst* $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$ $\langle \text{Situation}(x) \& \diamond \forall p(x \models p \equiv p) \rangle$)
- (auto simp: ≡Df world:1 0)**

next

- AOT-show** $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$ **if** $\langle \square \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$
- using** *that qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN → E]* **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *rigid-pw:2*: $\langle \diamond \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \equiv \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$

- using** *rigid-pw:1*
- by** (*meson RE\diamond S5Basic:2 ≡ E(2) ≡ E(6) Commutativity of ≡*)

AOT-theorem *rigid-pw:3*: $\langle \diamond \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \equiv \square \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$

- using** *rigid-pw:1 rigid-pw:2* **by** (*meson ≡ E(5)*)

AOT-theorem *rigid-pw:4*: $\langle \mathbf{A} \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \equiv \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$

- by** (*metis Act-Sub:3 → I ≡ I ≡ E(6) nec-imp-act rigid-pw:1 rigid-pw:2*)

AOT-register-rigid-restricted-type

PossibleWorld: $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(\kappa) \rangle$

proof

- AOT-modally-strict** {
- AOT-show** $\langle \exists x \text{ PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$ **using** *world:2*.
- }

next

- AOT-modally-strict** {
- AOT-show** $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(\kappa) \rightarrow \kappa \downarrow \rangle$ **for** κ **using** *world:3*.
- }

next

- AOT-modally-strict** {
- AOT-show** $\langle \forall \alpha (\text{PossibleWorld}(\alpha) \rightarrow \square \text{PossibleWorld}(\alpha)) \rangle$
- by** (*meson GEN → I ≡ E(1) rigid-pw:1*)
- }

qed

AOT-register-variable-names

PossibleWorld: *w*

AOT-theorem *world-pos*: $\langle \text{Possible}(w) \rangle$

proof (*safe intro!*: $\equiv_{df} E[\text{OF world:1}, \text{OF PossibleWorld.ψ}, \text{THEN } \& E(1)]$
 $\quad pos[\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} I] \& I$)

- AOT-have** $\langle \diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
- using** *world:1*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$, *OF PossibleWorld.ψ*, *THEN* & *E(2)*].

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \rightarrow p) \rangle$
proof (rule $RM\Diamond[THEN \rightarrow E]$, rotated); safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$ GEN)
AOT-modally-strict {
 fix p
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle w \models p \equiv p \rangle$ using $\forall E(2)$ by blast
 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle w \models p \rangle$
 ultimately **AOT-show** p using $\equiv E(1)$ by blast
}
qed

AOT-hence 0: $\langle \Diamond(Situation(w) \& \forall p (w \models p \rightarrow p)) \rangle$
 using world:1[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$, OF PossibleWorld. ψ , $THEN \& E(1)$,
 $THEN possit-sit:1[THEN \equiv E(1)]$]
 by (metis KBasic:16 &I vdash-properties:10)
AOT-show $\langle \Diamond Actual(w) \rangle$
 by (AOT-subst $\langle Actual(w) \rangle$ $\langle Situation(w) \& \forall p (w \models p \rightarrow p) \rangle$)
 (auto simp: actual $\equiv Df$ 0)
qed

AOT-theorem world-cons:1: $\langle Consistent(w) \rangle$
 using world-pos
 using pos-cons-sit:1[unconstrain s, $THEN \rightarrow E$, $THEN \rightarrow E$]
 by (meson $\equiv_{df} E$ &E(1) pos)

AOT-theorem world-cons:2: $\langle \neg TrivialSituation(w) \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
 AOT-assume $\langle TrivialSituation(w) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle Situation(w) \& \forall p w \models p \rangle$
 using df-null-trivial:2[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$] by blast
 AOT-hence 0: $\langle \Box w \models (\exists p (p \& \neg p)) \rangle$
 using &E
 by (metis Buridan \Diamond T \Diamond &E(2) $\equiv E(1)$ lem2:3[unconstrain s, $THEN \rightarrow E$]
 log-prop-prop:2 rule-ui:1 universal-cor $\rightarrow E$)
 AOT-have $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using PossibleWorld. ψ world:1[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$, $THEN \& E(2)$] by metis
 AOT-hence $\langle \forall p \Diamond (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using Buridan \Diamond [$THEN \rightarrow E$] by blast
 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(w \models (\exists p (p \& \neg p)) \equiv (\exists p (p \& \neg p))) \rangle$
 by (metis log-prop-prop:2 rule-ui:1)
 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(w \models (\exists p (p \& \neg p)) \rightarrow (\exists p (p \& \neg p))) \rangle$
 using $RM\Diamond[THEN \rightarrow E] \rightarrow I \equiv E(1)$ by meson
 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(\exists p (p \& \neg p)) \rangle$ using 0
 by (metis KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)
 moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \neg \Diamond(\exists p (p \& \neg p)) \rangle$
 by (metis instantiation KBasic2:1 RN $\equiv E(1)$ raa-cor:2)
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \Diamond(\exists p (p \& \neg p)) \& \neg \Diamond(\exists p (p \& \neg p)) \rangle$
 using &I by blast
qed

AOT-theorem rigid-truth-at:1: $\langle w \models p \equiv \Box w \models p \rangle$
 using lem2:1[unconstrain s, $THEN \rightarrow E$,
 OF PossibleWorld. ψ [$THEN$ world:1[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$], $THEN \& E(1)$]].

AOT-theorem rigid-truth-at:2: $\langle \Diamond w \models p \equiv w \models p \rangle$
 using lem2:2[unconstrain s, $THEN \rightarrow E$,
 OF PossibleWorld. ψ [$THEN$ world:1[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$], $THEN \& E(1)$]].

AOT-theorem rigid-truth-at:3: $\langle \Diamond w \models p \equiv \Box w \models p \rangle$
 using lem2:3[unconstrain s, $THEN \rightarrow E$,
 OF PossibleWorld. ψ [$THEN$ world:1[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$], $THEN \& E(1)$]].

AOT-theorem rigid-truth-at:4: $\langle \mathcal{A} w \models p \equiv w \models p \rangle$
 using lem2:4[unconstrain s, $THEN \rightarrow E$,

OF PossibleWorld. ψ [*THEN world:1[THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$, *THEN &E(1)]*].

AOT-theorem *rigid-truth-at:5*: $\langle \neg w \models p \equiv \square \neg w \models p \rangle$
using *lem2:5[unconstrain s, THEN →E]*,
OF PossibleWorld. ψ [*THEN world:1[THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$, *THEN &E(1)]*].

AOT-define *Maximal* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ (*Maximal'(-')*)
max: $\langle \text{Maximal}(s) \equiv_{df} \forall p (s \models p \vee s \models \neg p) \rangle$

AOT-theorem *world-max*: $\langle \text{Maximal}(w) \rangle$
proof(*safe intro!*): *PossibleWorld.* ψ [*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$ [*OF world:1*, *THEN &E(1)*]
GEN $\equiv_{df} I$ [*OF max* & *I*])

fix *q*
AOT-have $\langle \Diamond(w \models q \vee w \models \neg q) \rangle$
proof(*rule RM* \Diamond [*THEN →E*]; (*rule →I*)?)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle w \models q \equiv q \rangle$ **and** $\langle w \models \neg q \equiv \neg q \rangle$
using $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF log-prop-prop:2}]$ **by** *blast+*
AOT-thus $\langle w \models q \vee w \models \neg q \rangle$
by (*metis* $\vee I(1) \vee I(2) \equiv E(3)$ *reductio-aa:1*)
}

next

AOT-show $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
using *PossibleWorld.* ψ [*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$ [*OF world:1*, *THEN &E(2)*]].

qed

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond w \models q \vee \Diamond w \models \neg q \rangle$
using *KBasic2:2[THEN* $\equiv E(1)$]**by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle w \models q \vee w \models \neg q \rangle$
using *lem2:2[unconstrain s, THEN →E, unverify p]*,
OF PossibleWorld. ψ [*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$ [*OF world:1*, *THEN &E(1)*],
THEN $\equiv E(1)$, *OF log-prop-prop:2*]
by (*metis* $\vee I(1) \vee I(2) \vee E(3)$ *raa-cor:2*)

qed

AOT-theorem *world=maxpos:1*: $\langle \text{Maximal}(x) \rightarrow \square \text{Maximal}(x) \rangle$
proof (*AOT-subst* $\langle \text{Maximal}(x) \rangle$ *Situation(x) &* $\forall p (x \models p \vee x \models \neg p)$);
safe intro!: *max* $\equiv Df \rightarrow I$; *frule &E(1)*; *drule &E(2)*)

AOT-assume *sit-x*: $\langle \text{Situation}(x) \rangle$
AOT-hence *nec-sit-x*: $\langle \square \text{Situation}(x) \rangle$
by (*metis* $\equiv E(1)$ *possit-sit:1*)
AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (x \models p \vee x \models \neg p) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle x \models p \vee x \models \neg p \rangle$ **for** *p*
using $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF log-prop-prop:2}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \Box x \models p \vee \Box x \models \neg p \rangle$ **for** *p*
using *lem2:1[unconstrain s, THEN →E, OF sit-x, unverify p]*,
OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$
by (*metis* $\vee I(1) \vee I(2) \vee E(2)$ *raa-cor:1*)
AOT-hence $\langle \Box(x \models p \vee x \models \neg p) \rangle$ **for** *p*
by (*metis* *KBasic:15* $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-hence $\langle \forall p \Box(x \models p \vee x \models \neg p) \rangle$
by (*rule GEN*)
AOT-hence $\langle \Box \forall p (x \models p \vee x \models \neg p) \rangle$
by (*rule BF*[*THEN →E*])
AOT-thus $\langle \Box(\text{Situation}(x) \& \forall p (x \models p \vee x \models \neg p)) \rangle$
using *nec-sit-x* **by** (*metis* *KBasic:3 & I* $\equiv E(2)$)

qed

AOT-theorem *world=maxpos:2*: $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \equiv \text{Maximal}(x) \& \text{Possible}(x) \rangle$
proof(*safe intro!*): $\equiv I \rightarrow I \& I$ *world-pos[unconstrain w, THEN →E]*

world-max[unconstrain w, THEN →E];
frule &E(2); drule &E(1)

AOT-assume *pos-x*: $\langle \text{Possible}(x) \rangle$

```

AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond(Situation(x) \& \forall p(x \models p \rightarrow p)) \rangle$ 
  apply (AOT-subst (reverse)  $\langle Situation(x) \& \forall p(x \models p \rightarrow p) \rangle$   $\langle Actual(x) \rangle$ )
    using actual  $\equiv_{df}$  apply presburger
  using  $\equiv_{df} E \& E(2)$  pos pos-x by blast
AOT-hence 0:  $\langle \Diamond \forall p(x \models p \rightarrow p) \rangle$ 
  by (metis KBasic2:3 &E(2) vdash-properties:6)
AOT-assume max-x:  $\langle Maximal(x) \rangle$ 
AOT-hence sit-x:  $\langle Situation(x) \rangle$  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E$  max-x &E(1) max)
AOT-have  $\langle \Box Maximal(x) \rangle$  using world=maxpos:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF max-x] by simp
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Box Maximal(x) \rightarrow \Box(\forall p(x \models p \rightarrow p) \rightarrow \forall p(x \models p \equiv p)) \rangle$ 
  proof(safe intro!:  $\rightarrow I$  RM GEN)
    AOT-modally-strict {
      fix p
      AOT-assume 0:  $\langle Maximal(x) \rangle$ 
      AOT-assume 1:  $\langle \forall p(x \models p \rightarrow p) \rangle$ 
      AOT-show  $\langle x \models p \equiv p \rangle$ 
      proof(safe intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$  1[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]; rule raa-cor:1)
        AOT-assume  $\langle \neg x \models p \rangle$ 
        AOT-hence  $\langle x \models \neg p \rangle$ 
          using 0[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ [OF max], THEN &E(2), THEN  $\forall E(2)$ ]
            1 by (metis  $\vee E(2)$ )
        AOT-hence  $\langle \neg p \rangle$ 
          using 1[THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
        moreover AOT-assume p
          ultimately AOT-show  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  using &I by blast
      qed
    }
  qed
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \Box(\forall p(x \models p \rightarrow p) \rightarrow \forall p(x \models p \equiv p)) \rangle$ 
    using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond \forall p(x \models p \rightarrow p) \rightarrow \Diamond \forall p(x \models p \equiv p) \rangle$ 
    by (metis KBasic:13[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond \forall p(x \models p \equiv p) \rangle$ 
    using 0  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle PossibleWorld(x) \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv_{df} I$ [OF world:1, OF &I, OF sit-x] by blast
  qed

AOT-define NecImpl ::  $\langle \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$  (infixl  $\Leftrightarrow$  26)
  nec-impl-p:1:  $\langle p \Rightarrow q \equiv_{df} \Box(p \rightarrow q) \rangle$ 
AOT-define NecEquiv ::  $\langle \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$  (infixl  $\Leftrightarrow$  21)
  nec-impl-p:2:  $\langle p \Leftrightarrow q \equiv_{df} (p \Rightarrow q) \& (q \Rightarrow p) \rangle$ 

AOT-theorem nec-equiv-nec-im:  $\langle p \Leftrightarrow q \equiv \Box(p \equiv q) \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle p \Leftrightarrow q \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle (p \Rightarrow q) \text{ and } (q \Rightarrow p) \rangle$ 
    using nec-impl-p:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast+
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box(p \rightarrow q) \text{ and } \Box(q \rightarrow p) \rangle$ 
    using nec-impl-p:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast+
  AOT-thus  $\langle \Box(p \equiv q) \rangle$  by (metis KBasic:4 &I  $\equiv E(2)$ )
next
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Box(p \equiv q) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box(p \rightarrow q) \text{ and } \Box(q \rightarrow p) \rangle$ 
    using KBasic:4 &E  $\equiv E(1)$  by blast+
  AOT-hence  $\langle (p \Rightarrow q) \text{ and } (q \Rightarrow p) \rangle$ 
    using nec-impl-p:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] by blast+
  AOT-thus  $\langle p \Leftrightarrow q \rangle$ 
    using nec-impl-p:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] &I by blast
  qed

AOT-theorem world-closed-lem-1-a:

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$\langle (s \models (\varphi \& \psi)) \rightarrow (\forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow (s \models \varphi \& s \models \psi)) \rangle$

proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle s \models (\varphi \& \psi) \equiv (\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$ and $\langle s \models \varphi \equiv \varphi \rangle$ and $\langle s \models \psi \equiv \psi \rangle$

using $\forall E(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2]$ by blast+

moreover AOT-assume $\langle s \models (\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$

ultimately AOT-show $\langle s \models \varphi \& s \models \psi \rangle$

by (metis &I &E(1) &E(2) $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$)

qed

AOT-theorem world-closed-lem-1-b:

$\langle (s \models \varphi \& (\varphi \rightarrow q)) \rightarrow (\forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow s \models q) \rangle$

proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle s \models \varphi \equiv \varphi \rangle$ for φ

using $\forall E(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2]$ by blast

moreover AOT-assume $\langle s \models \varphi \& (\varphi \rightarrow q) \rangle$

ultimately AOT-show $\langle s \models q \rangle$

by (metis &E(1) &E(2) $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(2) \rightarrow E$)

qed

AOT-theorem world-closed-lem-1-c:

$\langle (s \models \varphi \& s \models (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \rightarrow (\forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow s \models \psi) \rangle$

proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle s \models \varphi \equiv \varphi \rangle$ for φ

using $\forall E(1)[rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2]$ by blast

moreover AOT-assume $\langle s \models \varphi \& s \models (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$

ultimately AOT-show $\langle s \models \psi \rangle$

by (metis &E(1) &E(2) $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(2) \rightarrow E$)

qed

AOT-theorem world-closed-lem:1[0]:

$\langle q \rightarrow (\forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow s \models q) \rangle$

by (meson $\rightarrow I \equiv E(2) log-prop-prop:2 rule-ui:1$)

AOT-theorem world-closed-lem:1[1]:

$\langle s \models p_1 \& (p_1 \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (\forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow s \models q) \rangle$

using world-closed-lem-1-b.

AOT-theorem world-closed-lem:1[2]:

$\langle s \models p_1 \& s \models p_2 \& ((p_1 \& p_2) \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (\forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow s \models q) \rangle$

using world-closed-lem-1-b world-closed-lem-1-a

by (metis (full-types) &I &E $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E$)

AOT-theorem world-closed-lem:1[3]:

$\langle s \models p_1 \& s \models p_2 \& s \models p_3 \& ((p_1 \& p_2 \& p_3) \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (\forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow s \models q) \rangle$

using world-closed-lem-1-b world-closed-lem-1-a

by (metis (full-types) &I &E $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E$)

AOT-theorem world-closed-lem:1[4]:

$\langle s \models p_1 \& s \models p_2 \& s \models p_3 \& s \models p_4 \& ((p_1 \& p_2 \& p_3 \& p_4) \rightarrow q) \rightarrow$

$(\forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow s \models q) \rangle$

using world-closed-lem-1-b world-closed-lem-1-a

by (metis (full-types) &I &E $\rightarrow I \rightarrow E$)

AOT-theorem coherent:1: $\langle w \models \neg p \equiv \neg w \models p \rangle$

proof(safe intro!: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume 1: $\langle w \models \neg p \rangle$

AOT-show $\langle \neg w \models p \rangle$

proof(rule raa-cor:2)

AOT-assume $\langle w \models p \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle w \models p \& w \models \neg p \rangle$ using 1 &I by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \exists q (w \models q \& w \models \neg q) \rangle$ **by** (rule $\exists I$)
moreover AOT-have $\langle \neg \exists q (w \models q \& w \models \neg q) \rangle$
 using world-cons:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E[OF cons]$, THEN &E(2)].
ultimately AOT-show $\langle \exists q (w \models q \& w \models \neg q) \& \neg \exists q (w \models q \& w \models \neg q) \rangle$
 using &I **by** blast
qed
next
AOT-assume $\langle \neg w \models p \rangle$
AOT-thus $\langle w \models \neg p \rangle$
 using world-max[THEN $\equiv_{df} E[OF max]$, THEN &E(2)]
 by (metis $\vee E(2)$ log-prop-prop:2 rule-ui:1)
qed

AOT-theorem coherent:2: $\langle w \models p \equiv \neg w \models \neg p \rangle$
 by (metis coherent:1 deduction-theorem $\equiv I \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$ raa-cor:3)

AOT-theorem act-world:1: $\langle \exists w \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-obtain s **where** s-prop: $\langle \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using sit-classical:6 Situation. $\exists E[rotated]$ **by** meson
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 by (metis T \Diamond vdash-properties:10)
AOT-hence $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(s) \rangle$
 using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] Situation. ψ &I **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(s) \& \forall p (s \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using &I s-prop **by** blast
thus ?thesis **by** (rule $\exists I$)

qed

AOT-theorem act-world:2: $\langle \exists !w \text{ Actual}(w) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-obtain w **where** w-prop: $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using act-world:1 PossibleWorld. $\exists E[rotated]$ **by** meson
AOT-have sit-s: $\langle \text{Situation}(w) \rangle$
 using PossibleWorld. ψ world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(1)] **by** blast
show ?thesis
proof (safe intro!: uniqueness:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] $\exists I(2) \& I \text{ GEN} \rightarrow I$
 PossibleWorld. ψ actual[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] sit-s
 sit-identity[unconstrain s, unconstrain s', THEN $\rightarrow E$,
 THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] $\equiv I$
 w-prop[THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\equiv E(1)$])
AOT-show $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(w) \rangle$ **using** PossibleWorld. ψ .

next

AOT-show $\langle \text{Situation}(w) \rangle$
 by (simp add: sit-s)

next

fix y p

AOT-assume w-asm: $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(y) \& \text{Actual}(y) \rangle$

AOT-assume $\langle w \models p \rangle$

AOT-hence p: $\langle p \rangle$

using w-prop[THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] **by** blast

AOT-show $\langle y \models p \rangle$

proof(rule raa-cor:1)

AOT-assume $\langle \neg y \models p \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle y \models \neg p \rangle$

by (metis coherent:1[unconstrain w, THEN $\rightarrow E$] &E(1) $\equiv E(2)$ w-asm)

AOT-hence $\langle \neg p \rangle$

using w-asm[THEN &E(2), THEN actual[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$], THEN &E(2),

 THEN $\forall E(1)$, rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2]

$\rightarrow E$ **by** blast

AOT-thus $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ **using** p &I **by** blast

qed

next

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AOT-show  $\langle w \models p \rangle$  if  $\langle y \models p \rangle$  and  $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(y) \& \text{Actual}(y) \rangle$  for  $p$   $y$ 
  using  $\text{that}(2)[\text{THEN} \& E(2), \text{THEN} \text{ actual}[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E], \text{THEN} \& E(2),$ 
     $\text{THEN} \forall E(2), \text{THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{OF that}(1)]$ 
     $w\text{-prop}[\text{THEN} \forall E(2), \text{THEN} \equiv E(2)]$  by blast
next
AOT-show  $\langle \text{Situation}(y) \rangle$  if  $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(y) \& \text{Actual}(y) \rangle$  for  $y$ 
  using  $\text{that}[\text{THEN} \& E(1)] \text{ world}:1[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E, \text{THEN} \& E(1)]$  by blast
next
AOT-show  $\langle \text{Situation}(w) \rangle$ 
  using sit-s by blast
qed(simp)
qed

AOT-theorem pre-walpha:  $\langle \iota w \text{ Actual}(w) \downarrow \rangle$ 
  using A-Exists:2 RA[2] act-world:2  $\equiv E(2)$  by blast

AOT-define TheActualWorld ::  $\langle \kappa_s \rangle$  ( $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha \rangle$ )
   $w\text{-alpha}$ :  $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha =_{df} \iota w \text{ Actual}(w) \rangle$ 

AOT-theorem true-in-truth-act-true:  $\langle \top \models p \equiv \mathcal{A}p \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-have true-def:  $\langle \vdash_{\square} \top = \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists p(p \& F = [\lambda y p]))) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: A-descriptions rule-id-df:1[zero] the-true:1)
  AOT-hence true-den:  $\langle \vdash_{\square} \top \downarrow \rangle$ 
    using t=t-proper:1 vdash-properties:6 by blast
{
  AOT-assume  $\langle \top \models p \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \top[\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
    by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E$  con-dis-i-e:2:b prop-enc true-in-s)
  AOT-hence  $\langle \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q]))) [\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
    using rule=E true-def true-den by fast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A} \exists q (q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv E(1)$  desc-nec-encode:1[unvarify F] prop-prop2:2 by fast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists q \mathcal{A} (q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ 
    by (metis Act-Basic:10  $\equiv E(1)$ )
  then AOT-obtain  $q$  where  $\langle \mathcal{A} (q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-hence actq:  $\langle \mathcal{A} q \& \langle \mathcal{A} [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q] \rangle \rangle$ 
    using Act-Basic:2 intro-elim:3:a & E by blast+
  AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q] \rangle$ 
    using id-act:1[unvarify  $\alpha \beta$ , THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] prop-prop2:2 by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle p = q \rangle$ 
    by (metis intro-elim:3:b p-identity-thm2:3)
  AOT-thus  $\langle \mathcal{A} p \rangle$ 
    using actq rule=E id-sym by blast
}
{
  AOT-assume  $\langle \mathcal{A} p \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A} (p \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y p]) \rangle$ 
    by (auto intro!: Act-Basic:2[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] & I
      intro: RA[2] = I(1)[OF prop-prop2:2])
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists q \mathcal{A} (q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists I$  by fast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A} \exists q (q \& [\lambda y p] = [\lambda y q]) \rangle$ 
    by (metis Act-Basic:10  $\equiv E(2)$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv \exists q (q \& F = [\lambda y q]))) [\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv E(2)$  desc-nec-encode:1[unvarify F] prop-prop2:2 by fast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \top[\lambda y p] \rangle$ 
    using rule=E true-def true-den id-sym by fast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \top \models p \rangle$ 
    by (safe intro!: true-in-s[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] & I possit-sit:6
      prop-enc[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] true-den)

```

}

qed

AOT-theorem $T\text{-world}: \langle \top = \mathbf{w}_\alpha \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have true-den: $\langle \vdash_{\square} \top \downarrow \rangle$

using Situation.res-var:3 possit-sit:6 $\rightarrow E$ by blast

AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall p (\top \models p \rightarrow p) \rangle$

proof (safe intro!: logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] GEN

logic-actual-nec:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] $\rightarrow I$)

fix p

AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}\top \models p \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \top \models p \rangle$

using lem2:4[unconstrain s , unverify β , OF true-den,

THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF possit-sit:6] $\equiv E(1)$ by blast

AOT-thus $\langle \mathcal{A}p \rangle$ using true-in-truth-act-true $\equiv E(1)$ by blast

qed

moreover AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(\text{Situation}(\kappa) \& \forall p (\kappa \models p \rightarrow p)) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\text{Actual}(\kappa) \rangle$ for κ

using actual[THEN $\equiv Df$, THEN conventions:3[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(2)],

THEN RA[2], THEN act-cond[THEN $\rightarrow E$]].

ultimately AOT-have act-act-true: $\langle \mathcal{A}\text{Actual}(\top) \rangle$

using possit-sit:4[unverify x , OF true-den, THEN $\equiv E(2)$, OF possit-sit:6]

Act-Basic:2[THEN $\equiv E(2)$, OF &I] $\rightarrow E$ by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \diamond \text{Actual}(\top) \rangle$ by (metis Act-Sub:3 vdash-properties:10)

AOT-hence $\langle \text{Possible}(\top) \rangle$

by (safe intro!: pos[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] &I possit-sit:6)

moreover AOT-have $\langle \text{Maximal}(\top) \rangle$

proof (safe intro!: max[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] &I possit-sit:6 GEN)

fix p

AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}p \vee \mathcal{A}\neg p \rangle$

by (simp add: Act-Basic:1)

moreover AOT-have $\langle \top \models p \rangle$ if $\langle \mathcal{A}p \rangle$

using that true-in-truth-act-true[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] by blast

moreover AOT-have $\langle \top \models \neg p \rangle$ if $\langle \mathcal{A}\neg p \rangle$

using that true-in-truth-act-true[unverify p , THEN $\equiv E(2)$]

log-prop-prop:2 by blast

ultimately AOT-show $\langle \top \models p \vee \top \models \neg p \rangle$

using $\vee I(3) \rightarrow I$ by blast

qed

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(\top) \rangle$

by (safe intro!: world=maxpos:2[unverify x , OF true-den, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] &I)

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\text{PossibleWorld}(\top) \rangle$

using rigid-pw:4[unverify x , OF true-den, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] by blast

AOT-hence 1: $\langle \mathcal{A}(\text{PossibleWorld}(\top) \& \text{Actual}(\top)) \rangle$

using act-act-true Act-Basic:2 df-simplify:2 intro-elim:3:b by blast

AOT-have $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha = \iota w(\text{Actual}(w)) \rangle$

using rule-id-df:1[zero][OF w-alpha, OF pre-walpha] by simp

moreover AOT-have w-act-den: $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha \downarrow \rangle$

using calculation t=t-proper:1 $\rightarrow E$ by blast

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \forall z (\mathcal{A}(\text{PossibleWorld}(z) \& \text{Actual}(z)) \rightarrow z = \mathbf{w}_\alpha) \rangle$

using nec-hintikka-scheme[unverify x] $\equiv E(1)$ &E by blast

AOT-thus $\langle \top = \mathbf{w}_\alpha \rangle$

using $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF true-den}] 1 \rightarrow E$ by blast

qed

AOT-act-theorem truth-at-alpha:1: $\langle p \equiv \mathbf{w}_\alpha = \iota x (\text{ExtensionOf}(x, p)) \rangle$

by (metis rule=E T-world deduction-theorem ext-p-tv:3 id-sym $\equiv I$

$\equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$ q-True:1)

AOT-act-theorem truth-at-alpha:2: $\langle p \equiv \mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \rangle$

using &E(1) pre-walpha rule-id-df:2:b[zero] $\rightarrow E$

$w\text{-alpha } y\text{-in}:3 \text{ by blast}$
AOT-hence $\text{sit-w-alpha}: \langle \text{Situation}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \rangle$
 by (metis $\equiv_{df} E \& E(1)$ world:1)
AOT-have $w\text{-alpha-den}: \langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha \downarrow \rangle$
 using pre-walp rule-id-df:2:b[zero] $w\text{-alpha}$ by blast
AOT-have $\langle p \equiv \top \Sigma p \rangle$
 using q-True:3 by force
moreover AOT-have $\langle \top = \mathbf{w}_\alpha \rangle$
 using T-world by auto
ultimately AOT-have $\langle p \equiv \mathbf{w}_\alpha \Sigma p \rangle$
 using rule=E by fast
moreover AOT-have $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha \Sigma p \equiv \mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p \rangle$
 using lem1[unvarify x, OF w-alpha-den, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF sit-w-alpha]
 using $\equiv S(1) \equiv E(1)$ Commutativity of $\equiv \equiv Df$ sit-w-alpha true-in-s by blast
ultimately AOT-show $\langle p \equiv \mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p \rangle$
 by (metis $\equiv E(5)$)
qed

AOT-theorem alpha-world:1: $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have 0: $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha = \iota w \text{ Actual}(w) \rangle$
 using pre-walp rule-id-df:1[zero] $w\text{-alpha}$ by blast
AOT-hence walp-den: $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha \downarrow \rangle$
 by (metis t=t-proper:1 vdash-properties:6)
AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(\text{PossibleWorld}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \& \text{Actual}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha)) \rangle$
 by (rule actual-desc:2[unvarify x, OF walp-den, THEN $\rightarrow E$]) (fact 0)
AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\text{PossibleWorld}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \rangle$
 by (metis Act-Basic:2 & E(1) $\equiv E(1)$)
AOT-thus $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \rangle$
 using rigid-pw:4[unvarify x, OF walp-den, THEN $\equiv E(1)$]
 by blast
qed

AOT-theorem alpha-world:2: $\langle \text{Maximal}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha \downarrow \rangle$
 using pre-walp rule-id-df:2:b[zero] $w\text{-alpha}$ by blast
then AOT-obtain x where $x\text{-def}: \langle x = \mathbf{w}_\alpha \rangle$
 by (metis instantiation rule=I:1 existential:1 id-sym)
AOT-hence $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$ using alpha-world:1 rule=E id-sym by fast
AOT-hence $\langle \text{Maximal}(x) \rangle$ by (metis world-max[unconstrain w, THEN $\rightarrow E$])
AOT-thus $\langle \text{Maximal}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \rangle$ using x-def rule=E by blast
qed

AOT-theorem t-at-alpha-strict: $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p \equiv \mathcal{A}p \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have 0: $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha = \iota w \text{ Actual}(w) \rangle$
 using pre-walp rule-id-df:1[zero] $w\text{-alpha}$ by blast
AOT-hence walp-den: $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha \downarrow \rangle$
 by (metis t=t-proper:1 vdash-properties:6)
AOT-have 1: $\langle \mathcal{A}(\text{PossibleWorld}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \& \text{Actual}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha)) \rangle$
 by (rule actual-desc:2[unvarify x, OF walp-den, THEN $\rightarrow E$]) (fact 0)
AOT-have walp-sit: $\langle \text{Situation}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \rangle$
 by (meson $\equiv_{df} E$ alpha-world:2 & E(1) max)
{
 fix p
AOT-have 2: $\langle \text{Situation}(x) \rightarrow (\mathcal{A}x \models p \equiv x \models p) \rangle$ for x
 using lem2:4[unconstrain s] by blast
AOT-assume $\langle \mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p \rangle$
AOT-hence $\vartheta: \langle \mathcal{A}\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p \rangle$
 using 2[unvarify x, OF walp-den, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF walp-sit, THEN $\equiv E(2)$]
 by argo
AOT-have 3: $\langle \mathcal{A}\text{Actual}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \rangle$

```

using 1 Act-Basic:2 &E(2) ≡E(1) by blast
AOT-have ⟨ $\mathcal{A}(\text{Situation}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \& \forall q (\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models q \rightarrow q))$ ⟩
apply (AOT-subst (reverse) ⟨ $\text{Situation}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha) \& \forall q (\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models q \rightarrow q)$ ⟩ ⟨ $\text{Actual}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha)$ ⟩)
using actual ≡Df apply blast
by (fact 3)
AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathcal{A} \forall q (\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models q \rightarrow q)$ ⟩ by (metis Act-Basic:2 &E(2) ≡E(1))
AOT-hence ⟨ $\forall q \mathcal{A}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models q \rightarrow q)$ ⟩
using logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst, THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathcal{A}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p \rightarrow p)$ ⟩ using  $\forall E(2)$  by blast
AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathcal{A}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}p$ ⟩ by (metis act-cond vdash-properties:10)
AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathcal{A}p$ ⟩ using  $\vartheta \rightarrow E$  by blast
}
AOT-hence 2: ⟨ $\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p \rightarrow \mathcal{A}p$ ⟩ for  $p$  by (rule →I)
AOT-have walpha-sit: ⟨ $\text{Situation}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha)$ ⟩
using  $\equiv_{df} E$  alpha-world:2 &E(1) max by blast
show ?thesis
proof(safe intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$  2)
AOT-assume actp: ⟨ $\mathcal{A}p$ ⟩
AOT-show ⟨ $\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p$ ⟩
proof(rule raa-cor:1)
AOT-assume ⟨ $\neg \mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p$ ⟩
AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models \neg p$ ⟩
using alpha-world:2[THEN max[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ], THEN &E(2), THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , OF log-prop-prop:2]
by (metis ∨E(2))
AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathcal{A}\neg p$ ⟩
using 2[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN →E] by blast
AOT-hence ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}p$ ⟩ by (metis ¬¬I Act-Sub:1 ≡E(4))
AOT-thus ⟨ $\mathcal{A}p \& \neg \mathcal{A}p$ ⟩ using actp &I by blast
qed
qed
qed

```

```

AOT-act-theorem not-act: ⟨ $w \neq \mathbf{w}_\alpha \rightarrow \neg \text{Actual}(w)$ ⟩
proof (rule →I; rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume ⟨ $w \neq \mathbf{w}_\alpha$ ⟩
AOT-hence 0: ⟨ $\neg(w = \mathbf{w}_\alpha)$ ⟩ by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E$  == infix)
AOT-have walpha-den: ⟨ $\mathbf{w}_\alpha \downarrow$ ⟩
using pre-walpha rule-id-df:2:b[zero] w-alpha by blast
AOT-have walpha-sit: ⟨ $\text{Situation}(\mathbf{w}_\alpha)$ ⟩
using  $\equiv_{df} E$  alpha-world:2 &E(1) max by blast
AOT-assume act-w: ⟨ $\text{Actual}(w)$ ⟩
AOT-hence w-sit: ⟨ $\text{Situation}(w)$ ⟩ by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E$  actual &E(1))
AOT-have sid: ⟨ $\text{Situation}(x') \rightarrow (w = x' \equiv \forall p (w \models p \equiv x' \models p))$ ⟩ for  $x'$ 
using sit-identity[unconstrain s', unconstrain s, THEN →E, OF w-sit]
by blast
AOT-have ⟨ $w = \mathbf{w}_\alpha$ ⟩
proof(safe intro!: GEN sid[unverify x', OF walpha-den, THEN →E, OF walpha-sit, THEN ≡E(2)] ≡I →I)
fix  $p$ 
AOT-assume ⟨ $w \models p$ ⟩
AOT-hence ⟨ $p$ ⟩
using actual[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ , OF act-w, THEN &E(2), THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN →E]
by blast
AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathcal{A}p$ ⟩
by (metis RA[1])
AOT-thus ⟨ $\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p$ ⟩
using t-at-alpha-strict[THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
next
fix  $p$ 
AOT-assume ⟨ $\mathbf{w}_\alpha \models p$ ⟩
AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathcal{A}p$ ⟩
using t-at-alpha-strict[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast

```

AOT-hence $p: \langle p \rangle$
using logic-actual[act-axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$] **by** blast
AOT-show $\langle w \models p \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:1)
AOT-assume $\langle \neg w \models p \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle w \models \neg p \rangle$
by (metis coherent:1 $\equiv E(2)$)
AOT-hence $\langle \neg p \rangle$
using actual[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF act-w, THEN &E(2), THEN $\forall E(1)$,
OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\rightarrow E$] **by** blast
AOT-thus $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ **using** p &I **by** blast
qed
qed
AOT-thus $\langle w = w_\alpha \& \neg(w = w_\alpha) \rangle$ **using** 0 &I **by** blast
qed

AOT-act-theorem w-alpha-part: $\langle \text{Actual}(s) \equiv s \trianglelefteq w_\alpha \rangle$
proof(safe intro!: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ sit-part-whole[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] &I GEN
dest!: sit-part-whole[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$])
AOT-show $\langle \text{Situation}(s) \rangle$ **if** $\langle \text{Actual}(s) \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} E$ actual &E(1) **that** **by** blast
next
AOT-show $\langle \text{Situation}(w_\alpha) \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} E$ alpha-world:2 &E(1) max **by** blast
next
fix p
AOT-assume $\langle \text{Actual}(s) \rangle$
moreover AOT-assume $\langle s \models p \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle p \rangle$
using actual[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(2), THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$] **by** blast
AOT-thus $\langle w_\alpha \models p \rangle$
by (metis $\equiv E(1)$ truth-at-alpha:2)
next
AOT-assume 0: $\langle \text{Situation}(s) \& \text{Situation}(w_\alpha) \& \forall p (s \models p \rightarrow w_\alpha \models p) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle s \models p \rightarrow w_\alpha \models p \rangle$ **for** p
using &E $\forall E(z)$ **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle s \models p \rightarrow p \rangle$ **for** p
by (metis $\rightarrow I \equiv E(2)$ truth-at-alpha:2 $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-hence $\langle \forall p (s \models p \rightarrow p) \rangle$ **by** (rule GEN)
AOT-thus $\langle \text{Actual}(s) \rangle$
using actual[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$, OF &I, OF 0[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)]] **by** blast
qed

AOT-act-theorem act-world2:1: $\langle w_\alpha \models p \equiv [\lambda y p]w_\alpha \rangle$
apply (AOT-subst $\langle [\lambda y p]w_\alpha \rangle p$)
apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF prop-prop:2, unverify $\nu_1 \nu_n$])
using pre-walpha rule-id-df:2:b[zero] w-alpha **apply** blast
using $\equiv E(2)$ Commutativity of \equiv truth-at-alpha:2 **by** blast

AOT-act-theorem act-world2:2: $\langle p \equiv w_\alpha \models [\lambda y p]w_\alpha \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle p \equiv [\lambda y p]w_\alpha \rangle$
apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF prop-prop:2,
unverify $\nu_1 \nu_n$, symmetric])
using pre-walpha rule-id-df:2:b[zero] w-alpha **by** blast
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv w_\alpha \models [\lambda y p]w_\alpha \rangle$
by (meson log-prop-prop:2 rule-ui:1 truth-at-alpha:2 universal-cor)
finally show ?thesis.
qed

AOT-theorem fund-lem:1: $\langle \Diamond p \rightarrow \Diamond \exists w (w \models p) \rangle$
proof (rule RM \Diamond ; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:1)
AOT-modally-strict {

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AOT-obtain w where w-prop:  $\forall q (w \models q \equiv q)$ 
  using act-world:1 PossibleWorld.  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
AOT-assume p:  $\langle p \rangle$ 
AOT-assume 0:  $\neg \exists w (w \models p)$ 
AOT-have  $\forall w \neg(w \models p)$ 
  apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rightarrow \neg x \models p \rangle$ 
     $\neg(\text{PossibleWorld}(x) \& x \models p)$  for: x)
  apply (metis & I & E(1) & E(2)  $\rightarrow I \equiv I$  modus-tollens:2)
  using 0 cqt-further:4 vdash-properties:10 by blast
AOT-hence  $\neg(w \models p)$ 
  using PossibleWorld.ψ rule-ui:3  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\neg p$ 
  using w-prop[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ]
  by (metis raa-cor:3)
AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ 
  using p & I by blast
}
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem fund-lem:2:  $\langle \Diamond \exists w (w \models p) \rightarrow \exists w (w \models p) \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Diamond \exists w (w \models p) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists w \Diamond (w \models p) \rangle$ 
    using PossibleWorld.res-var-bound-reas[BF $\Diamond$ ][THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by auto
  then AOT-obtain w where  $\langle \Diamond (w \models p) \rangle$ 
    using PossibleWorld.  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \text{Situation}(w) \rangle$ 
    by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E$  & E(1) pos world-pos)
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle w \models p \rangle$ 
    using lem2:2[unconstrain s, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]  $\equiv E$  by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \exists w w \models p \rangle$ 
    by (rule PossibleWorld.  $\exists I$ )
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem fund-lem:3:  $\langle p \rightarrow \forall s (\forall q (s \models q \equiv q) \rightarrow s \models p) \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!:  $\rightarrow I$  Situation.GEN)
  fix s
  AOT-assume  $\langle p \rangle$ 
  moreover AOT-assume  $\langle \forall q (s \models q \equiv q) \rangle$ 
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle s \models p \rangle$ 
    using  $\forall E(2) \equiv E(2)$  by blast
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem fund-lem:4:  $\langle \Box p \rightarrow \Box \forall s (\forall q (s \models q \equiv q) \rightarrow s \models p) \rangle$ 
  using fund-lem:3 by (rule RM)

```

```

AOT-theorem fund-lem:5:  $\langle \Box \forall s \varphi\{s\} \rightarrow \forall s \Box \varphi\{s\} \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!:  $\rightarrow I$  Situation.GEN)
  fix s
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Box \forall s \varphi\{s\} \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \forall s \Box \varphi\{s\} \rangle$ 
    using Situation.res-var-bound-reas[CBF][THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \Box \varphi\{s\} \rangle$ 
    using Situation.  $\forall E$  by fast
qed

```

Note: not explicit in PLM.

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AOT-theorem fund-lem:5[world]:  $\langle \Box \forall w \varphi\{w\} \rightarrow \forall w \Box \varphi\{w\} \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!:  $\rightarrow I$  PossibleWorld.GEN)
  fix w
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Box \forall w \varphi\{w\} \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \forall w \Box \varphi\{w\} \rangle$ 
    using PossibleWorld.res-var-bound-reas[CBF][THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast

```

```

AOT-thus  $\square\varphi\{w\}$ 
  using PossibleWorld.  $\forall E$  by fast
qed

AOT-theorem fund-lem:6:  $\langle \forall w w \models p \rightarrow \square\forall w w \models p \rangle$ 
proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle \forall w (w \models p) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 1:  $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(w) \rightarrow (w \models p) \rangle$  for w
    using  $\forall E(2)$  by blast
  AOT-show  $\langle \square\forall w w \models p \rangle$ 
  proof(rule raa-cor:1)
    AOT-assume  $\langle \neg\square\forall w w \models p \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond\neg\forall w w \models p \rangle$ 
      by (metis KBasic:11  $\equiv E(1)$ )
    AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond\exists x (\neg(\text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rightarrow x \models p)) \rangle$ 
      apply (rule RM $\Diamond$ [THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , rotated])
      by (simp add: cqt-further:2)
    AOT-hence  $\langle \exists x \Diamond(\neg(\text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rightarrow x \models p)) \rangle$ 
      by (metis BF $\Diamond$  vdash-properties:10)
    then AOT-obtain x where x-prop:  $\langle \Diamond\neg(\text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rightarrow x \models p) \rangle$ 
      using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
    AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond(\text{PossibleWorld}(x) \& \neg x \models p) \rangle$ 
      apply (AOT-subst  $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \& \neg x \models p \rangle$ 
         $\langle \neg(\text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rightarrow x \models p) \rangle$ )
      apply (meson  $\equiv E(6)$  oth-class-taut:1:b oth-class-taut:3:a)
      by (fact x-prop)
    AOT-hence 2:  $\langle \Diamond\text{PossibleWorld}(x) \& \Diamond\neg x \models p \rangle$ 
      by (metis KBasic2:3 vdash-properties:10)
    AOT-hence  $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rangle$ 
      using &E(1)  $\equiv E(1)$  rigid-pw:2 by blast
    AOT-hence  $\langle \square(x \models p) \rangle$ 
      using 2[THEN &E(2)] 1[unconstrain w, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]  $\rightarrow E$ 
        rigid-truth-at:1[unconstrain w, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]
      by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$ )
    moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg\square(x \models p) \rangle$ 
      using 2[THEN &E(2)] by (metis  $\neg\neg I$  KBasic:12  $\equiv E(4)$ )
    ultimately AOT-show  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for p
      by (metis raa-cor:3)
qed
qed

AOT-theorem fund-lem:7:  $\langle \square\forall w(w \models p) \rightarrow \square p \rangle$ 
proof(rule RM; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-obtain w where w-prop:  $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$ 
      using act-world:1 PossibleWorld.  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
    AOT-assume  $\langle \forall w (w \models p) \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle w \models p \rangle$ 
      using PossibleWorld.  $\forall E$  by fast
    AOT-thus  $\langle p \rangle$ 
      using w-prop[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
  }
qed

AOT-theorem fund:1:  $\langle \Diamond p \equiv \exists w w \models p \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Diamond p \rangle$ 
  AOT-thus  $\langle \exists w w \models p \rangle$ 
    by (metis fund-lem:1 fund-lem:2  $\rightarrow E$ )
next
  AOT-assume  $\langle \exists w w \models p \rangle$ 
  then AOT-obtain w where w-prop:  $\langle w \models p \rangle$ 
    using PossibleWorld.  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson

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AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(2)] PossibleWorld. ψ &E by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \forall p \Diamond (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 by (metis Buridan $\Diamond \rightarrow E$)
AOT-hence 1: $\langle \Diamond (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 by (metis log-prop-prop:2 rule-ui:1)
AOT-have $\langle \Diamond ((w \models p \rightarrow p) \& (p \rightarrow w \models p)) \rangle$
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle (w \models p \rightarrow p) \& (p \rightarrow w \models p) \rangle$ $\langle w \models p \equiv p \rangle$)
 apply (meson conventions:3 $\equiv E(6)$ oth-class-taut:3:a $\equiv Df$)
 by (fact 1)
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond (w \models p \rightarrow p) \rangle$
 by (metis RM \Diamond Conjunction Simplification(1) $\rightarrow E$)
 moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \Box (w \models p) \rangle$
 using w-prop by (metis $\equiv E(1)$ rigid-truth-at:1)
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \Diamond p \rangle$
 by (metis KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)
qed

AOT-theorem fund:2: $\langle \Box p \equiv \forall w (w \models p) \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have 0: $\langle \forall w (w \models \neg p \equiv \neg w \models p) \rangle$
 apply (rule PossibleWorld.GEN)
 using coherent:1 by blast
AOT-have $\langle \Diamond \neg p \equiv \exists w (w \models \neg p) \rangle$
 using fund:1[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2] by blast
 also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv \exists w \neg (w \models p) \rangle$
 proof(safe intro!: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \exists w w \models \neg p \rangle$
 then **AOT-obtain** w where w-prop: $\langle w \models \neg p \rangle$
 using PossibleWorld. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by meson
AOT-hence $\langle \neg w \models p \rangle$
 using 0[THEN PossibleWorld. $\forall E$, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] &E by blast
AOT-thus $\langle \exists w \neg w \models p \rangle$
 by (rule PossibleWorld. $\exists I$)
next
AOT-assume $\langle \exists w \neg w \models p \rangle$
 then **AOT-obtain** w where w-prop: $\langle \neg w \models p \rangle$
 using PossibleWorld. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by meson
AOT-hence $\langle w \models \neg p \rangle$
 using 0[THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] &E
 by (metis coherent:1 $\equiv E(2)$)
AOT-thus $\langle \exists w w \models \neg p \rangle$
 by (rule PossibleWorld. $\exists I$)
qed
finally AOT-have $\langle \neg \Diamond \neg p \equiv \neg \exists w \neg w \models p \rangle$
 by (meson $\equiv E(1)$ oth-class-taut:4:b)
AOT-hence $\langle \Box p \equiv \neg \exists w \neg w \models p \rangle$
 by (metis KBasic:12 $\equiv E(5)$)
 also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv \forall w w \models p \rangle$
 proof(safe intro!: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \neg \exists w \neg w \models p \rangle$
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \forall x (\neg(\text{PossibleWorld}(x) \& \neg x \models p)) \rangle$
 by (metis cqt-further:4 $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-show $\langle \forall w w \models p \rangle$
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rightarrow x \models p \rangle$
 $\langle \neg(\text{PossibleWorld}(x) \& \neg x \models p) \rangle$ for: x)
 using oth-class-taut:1:a apply presburger
 by (fact 0)
next
AOT-assume 0: $\langle \forall w w \models p \rangle$
AOT-have $\langle \forall x (\neg(\text{PossibleWorld}(x) \& \neg x \models p)) \rangle$
 by (AOT-subst (reverse) $\langle \neg(\text{PossibleWorld}(x) \& \neg x \models p) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(x) \rightarrow x \models p \rangle$ for: x)

```

(auto simp: oth-class-taut:1:a 0)
AOT-thus ⟨¬∃ w ¬w ⊨ p⟩
  by (metis ∃ E raa-cor:3 rule-ui:3)
qed
finally AOT-show ⟨□p ≡ ∀ w w ⊨ p⟩.
qed

AOT-theorem fund:3: ⟨¬◊p ≡ ¬∃ w w ⊨ p⟩
  by (metis (full-types) contraposition:1[1] →I fund:1 ≡I ≡E(1,2))

AOT-theorem fund:4: ⟨¬□p ≡ ∃ w ¬w ⊨ p⟩
  apply (AOT-subst ⟨∃ w ¬w ⊨ p⟩ ⟨¬ ∀ w w ⊨ p⟩)
  apply (AOT-subst ⟨PossibleWorld(x) → x ⊨ p⟩
    ⟨¬(PossibleWorld(x) & ¬x ⊨ p)⟩ for: x)
  by (auto simp add: oth-class-taut:1:a conventions:4 ≡Df RN
    fund:2 rule-sub-lem:1:a)

AOT-theorem nec-dia-w:1: ⟨□p ≡ ∃ w w ⊨ □p⟩
proof –
  AOT-have ⟨□p ≡ ◊□p⟩
  using S5Basic:2 by blast
  also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ ∃ w w ⊨ □p⟩
  using fund:1[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2] by blast
  finally show ?thesis.
qed

AOT-theorem nec-dia-w:2: ⟨□p ≡ ∀ w w ⊨ □p⟩
proof –
  AOT-have ⟨□p ≡ □□p⟩
  using 4 qml:2[axiom-inst] ≡I by blast
  also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ ∀ w w ⊨ □p⟩
  using fund:2[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2] by blast
  finally show ?thesis.
qed

AOT-theorem nec-dia-w:3: ⟨◊p ≡ ∃ w w ⊨ ◊p⟩
proof –
  AOT-have ⟨◊p ≡ ◊◊p⟩
  by (simp add: 4◊ T◊ ≡I)
  also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ ∃ w w ⊨ ◊p⟩
  using fund:1[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2] by blast
  finally show ?thesis.
qed

AOT-theorem nec-dia-w:4: ⟨◊p ≡ ∀ w w ⊨ ◊p⟩
proof –
  AOT-have ⟨◊p ≡ □◊p⟩
  by (simp add: S5Basic:1)
  also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ ∀ w w ⊨ ◊p⟩
  using fund:2[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2] by blast
  finally show ?thesis.
qed

AOT-theorem conj-dist-w:1: ⟨w ⊨ (p & q) ≡ ((w ⊨ p) & (w ⊨ q))⟩
proof(safe intro!: ≡I →I)
  AOT-assume ⟨w ⊨ (p & q)⟩
  AOT-hence 0: ⟨□w ⊨ (p & q)⟩
  using rigid-truth-at:1[unverify p, THEN ≡E(1), OF log-prop-prop:2]
  by blast
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-have ⟨∀ p (w ⊨ p ≡ p) → ((w ⊨ (φ & ψ)) → (w ⊨ φ & w ⊨ ψ))⟩ for w φ ψ
    proof(safe intro!: →I)
      AOT-assume ⟨∀ p (w ⊨ p ≡ p)⟩

```

AOT-hence $\langle w \models (\varphi \& \psi) \equiv (\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$ **and** $\langle w \models \varphi \equiv \varphi \rangle$ **and** $\langle w \models \psi \equiv \psi \rangle$
 using $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF log-prop-prop:2}]$ **by** *blast*+
 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle w \models (\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle w \models \varphi \& w \models \psi \rangle$
 by (*metis &I &E(1) &E(2) ≡E(1) ≡E(2)*)
qed
}

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond(w \models (\varphi \& \psi) \rightarrow w \models \varphi \& w \models \psi) \rangle$ **for** $w \varphi \psi$
 by (*rule RM*)
 moreover **AOT-have pos:** $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using *world:1[THEN ≡df E, OF PossibleWorld.ψ] &E* **by** *blast*
 ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \Diamond(w \models (p \& q) \rightarrow w \models p \& w \models q) \rangle$ **using** $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(w \models p) \& \Diamond(w \models q) \rangle$
 by (*metis 0 KBasic2:3 KBasic2:4 ≡E(1) vdash-properties:10*)
AOT-thus $\langle w \models p \& w \models q \rangle$
 using *rigid-truth-at:2[unvarify p, THEN ≡E(1), OF log-prop-prop:2]*
 &*E &I* **by** *meson*

next
AOT-assume $\langle w \models p \& w \models q \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \Box w \models p \& \Box w \models q \rangle$
 using *rigid-truth-at:1[unvarify p, THEN ≡E(1), OF log-prop-prop:2]*
 &*E &I* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $0: \langle \Box(w \models p \& w \models q) \rangle$
 by (*metis KBasic:3 ≡E(2)*)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((w \models \varphi \& w \models \psi) \rightarrow (w \models (\varphi \& \psi))) \rangle$ **for** $w \varphi \psi$
 proof(*safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle w \models (\varphi \& \psi) \equiv (\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$ **and** $\langle w \models \varphi \equiv \varphi \rangle$ **and** $\langle w \models \psi \equiv \psi \rangle$
 using $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF log-prop-prop:2}]$ **by** *blast*+
 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle w \models \varphi \& w \models \psi \rangle$
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle w \models (\varphi \& \psi) \rangle$
 by (*metis &I &E(1) &E(2) ≡E(1) ≡E(2)*)
qed
}

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond((w \models \varphi \& w \models \psi) \rightarrow w \models (\varphi \& \psi)) \rangle$ **for** $w \varphi \psi$
 by (*rule RM*)
 moreover **AOT-have pos:** $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using *world:1[THEN ≡df E, OF PossibleWorld.ψ] &E* **by** *blast*
 ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \Diamond((w \models p \& w \models q) \rightarrow w \models (p \& q)) \rangle$
 using $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(w \models (p \& q)) \rangle$
 by (*metis 0 KBasic2:4 ≡E(1) vdash-properties:10*)
AOT-thus $\langle w \models (p \& q) \rangle$
 using *rigid-truth-at:2[unvarify p, THEN ≡E(1), OF log-prop-prop:2]*
 by *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *conj-dist-w:2*: $\langle w \models (p \rightarrow q) \equiv ((w \models p) \rightarrow (w \models q)) \rangle$
 proof(*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle w \models (p \rightarrow q) \rangle$
AOT-hence $0: \langle \Box w \models (p \rightarrow q) \rangle$
 using *rigid-truth-at:1[unvarify p, THEN ≡E(1), OF log-prop-prop:2]*
 by *blast*
AOT-assume $\langle w \models p \rangle$
AOT-hence $1: \langle \Box w \models p \rangle$
 by (*metis TDiamond ≡E(1) rigid-truth-at:3 →E*)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((w \models (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \rightarrow (w \models \varphi \rightarrow w \models \psi)) \rangle$ **for** $w \varphi \psi$
 proof(*safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle w \models (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$ **and** $\langle w \models \varphi \equiv \varphi \rangle$ **and** $\langle w \models \psi \equiv \psi \rangle$
 using $\forall E(1)[\text{rotated}, \text{OF log-prop-prop:2}]$ **by** *blast*+
}

moreover AOT-assume $\langle w \models (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$
moreover AOT-assume $\langle w \models \varphi \rangle$
ultimately AOT-show $\langle w \models \psi \rangle$
 by (metis $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(2) \rightarrow E$)
qed
 }
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond(w \models (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (w \models \varphi \rightarrow w \models \psi)) \rangle$ for $w \varphi \psi$
 by (rule RM \Diamond)
moreover AOT-have pos: $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF PossibleWorld. ψ] &E by blast
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Diamond(w \models (p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (w \models p \rightarrow w \models q)) \rangle$
 using $\rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(w \models p \rightarrow w \models q) \rangle$
 by (metis 0 KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond w \models q \rangle$
 by (metis 1 KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)
AOT-thus $\langle w \models q \rangle$
 using rigid-truth-at:2[unvarify p , THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 &E &I by meson
next
AOT-assume $\langle w \models p \rightarrow w \models q \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \neg(w \models p) \vee w \models q \rangle$
 by (metis $\vee I(1) \vee I(2)$ reductio-aa:1 $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-hence $\langle w \models \neg p \vee w \models q \rangle$
 by (metis coherent:1 $\vee I(1) \vee I(2) \vee E(2) \equiv E(2)$ reductio-aa:1)
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \Box(w \models \neg p \vee w \models q) \rangle$
 using rigid-truth-at:1[unvarify p , THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 by (metis KBasic:15 $\vee I(1) \vee I(2) \vee E(2)$ reductio-aa:1 $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-have $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((w \models \neg \varphi \vee w \models \psi) \rightarrow (w \models (\varphi \rightarrow \psi))) \rangle$ for $w \varphi \psi$
 proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 moreover AOT-assume $\langle w \models \neg \varphi \vee w \models \psi \rangle$
 ultimately AOT-show $\langle w \models (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rangle$
 by (metis $\vee E(2) \rightarrow I \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$ log-prop-prop:2
 reductio-aa:1 rule-ui:1)
 qed
 }
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond((w \models \neg \varphi \vee w \models \psi) \rightarrow w \models (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \rangle$ for $w \varphi \psi$
 by (rule RM \Diamond)
moreover AOT-have pos: $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF PossibleWorld. ψ] &E by blast
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Diamond((w \models \neg p \vee w \models q) \rightarrow w \models (p \rightarrow q)) \rangle$
 using $\rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(w \models (p \rightarrow q)) \rangle$
 by (metis 0 KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)
AOT-thus $\langle w \models (p \rightarrow q) \rangle$
 using rigid-truth-at:2[unvarify p , THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 by blast
qed
AOT-theorem conj-dist-w:3: $\langle w \models (p \vee q) \equiv ((w \models p) \vee (w \models q)) \rangle$
proof(safe intro!: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)
 AOT-assume $\langle w \models (p \vee q) \rangle$
 AOT-hence 0: $\langle \Box w \models (p \vee q) \rangle$
 using rigid-truth-at:1[unvarify p , THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 by blast
AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-have $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((w \models (\varphi \vee \psi)) \rightarrow (w \models \varphi \vee w \models \psi)) \rangle$ for $w \varphi \psi$
 proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle w \models (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv (\varphi \vee \psi) \rangle$ and $\langle w \models \varphi \equiv \varphi \rangle$ and $\langle w \models \psi \equiv \psi \rangle$
 using $\forall E(1)$ [rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2] by blast+

moreover AOT-assume $\langle w \models (\varphi \vee \psi) \rangle$
ultimately AOT-show $\langle w \models \varphi \vee w \models \psi \rangle$
 by (metis $\vee I(1) \vee I(2) \vee E(3) \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$ reductio-aa:1)
qed
 $\}$
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond(w \models (\varphi \vee \psi) \rightarrow (w \models \varphi \vee w \models \psi)) \rangle$ for $w \varphi \psi$
 by (rule RM \Diamond)
moreover AOT-have pos: $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF PossibleWorld. ψ] &E by blast
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Diamond(w \models (p \vee q) \rightarrow (w \models p \vee w \models q)) \rangle$ using $\rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(w \models p \vee w \models q) \rangle$
 by (metis 0 KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1)$ vdash-properties:10)
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond w \models p \vee \Diamond w \models q \rangle$
 using KBasic2:2[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast
AOT-thus $\langle w \models p \vee w \models q \rangle$
 using rigid-truth-at:2[unvarify p , THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 by (metis $\vee I(1) \vee I(2) \vee E(2)$ reductio-aa:1)
next
AOT-assume $\langle w \models p \vee w \models q \rangle$
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \Box(w \models p \vee w \models q) \rangle$
 using rigid-truth-at:1[unvarify p , THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 by (metis KBasic:15 $\vee I(1) \vee I(2) \vee E(2)$ reductio-aa:1 $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((w \models \varphi \vee w \models \psi) \rightarrow (w \models (\varphi \vee \psi))) \rangle$ for $w \varphi \psi$
proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
moreover AOT-assume $\langle w \models \varphi \vee w \models \psi \rangle$
ultimately AOT-show $\langle w \models (\varphi \vee \psi) \rangle$
 by (metis $\vee I(1) \vee I(2) \vee E(2) \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$ log-prop-prop:2 reductio-aa:1 rule-ui:1)
qed
 $\}$
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond((w \models \varphi \vee w \models \psi) \rightarrow w \models (\varphi \vee \psi)) \rangle$ for $w \varphi \psi$
 by (rule RM \Diamond)
moreover AOT-have pos: $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF PossibleWorld. ψ] &E by blast
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Diamond((w \models p \vee w \models q) \rightarrow w \models (p \vee q)) \rangle$
 using $\rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(w \models (p \vee q)) \rangle$
 by (metis 0 KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)
AOT-thus $\langle w \models (p \vee q) \rangle$
 using rigid-truth-at:2[unvarify p , THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 by blast
qed
AOT-theorem conj-dist-w:4: $\langle w \models (p \equiv q) \equiv ((w \models p) \equiv (w \models q)) \rangle$
proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle w \models (p \equiv q) \rangle$
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \Box w \models (p \equiv q) \rangle$
 using rigid-truth-at:1[unvarify p , THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 by blast
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((w \models (\varphi \equiv \psi)) \rightarrow (w \models \varphi \equiv w \models \psi)) \rangle$ for $w \varphi \psi$
proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle w \models (\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv (\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$ and $\langle w \models \varphi \equiv \varphi \rangle$ and $\langle w \models \psi \equiv \psi \rangle$
 using $\forall E(1)$ [rotated, OF log-prop-prop:2] by blast+
moreover AOT-assume $\langle w \models (\varphi \equiv \psi) \rangle$
ultimately AOT-show $\langle w \models \varphi \equiv w \models \psi \rangle$
 by (metis $\equiv E(2) \equiv E(5)$ Commutativity of \equiv)
qed
 $\}$
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond(w \models (\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow (w \models \varphi \equiv w \models \psi)) \rangle$ for $w \varphi \psi$

by (rule $RM\Diamond$)
moreover AOT-have pos: $\Diamond\forall p (w \models p \equiv p)$
 using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF PossibleWorld. ψ] &E **by** blast
ultimately AOT-have $\Diamond(w \models (p \equiv q) \rightarrow (w \models p \equiv w \models q))$
 using $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast
AOT-hence 1: $\Diamond(w \models p \equiv w \models q)$
 by (metis 0 KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1)$ vdash-properties:10)
AOT-have $\Diamond((w \models p \rightarrow w \models q) \& (w \models q \rightarrow w \models p))$
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle (w \models p \rightarrow w \models q) \& (w \models q \rightarrow w \models p) \rangle \langle w \models p \equiv w \models q \rangle$)
 apply (meson $\equiv_{df} E$ conventions:3 $\rightarrow I$ df-rules-formulas[4] $\equiv I$)
 by (fact 1)
AOT-hence 2: $\Diamond(w \models p \rightarrow w \models q) \& \Diamond(w \models q \rightarrow w \models p)$
 by (metis KBasic2:3 vdash-properties:10)
AOT-have $\Diamond(\neg w \models p \vee w \models q)$ **and** $\Diamond(\neg w \models q \vee w \models p)$
 apply (AOT-subst (reverse) $\langle \neg w \models p \vee w \models q \rangle \langle w \models p \rightarrow w \models q \rangle$)
 apply (simp add: oth-class-taut:1:c)
 apply (fact 2[THEN &E(1)])
 apply (AOT-subst (reverse) $\langle \neg w \models q \vee w \models p \rangle \langle w \models q \rightarrow w \models p \rangle$)
 apply (simp add: oth-class-taut:1:c)
 by (fact 2[THEN &E(2)])
AOT-hence $\Diamond(\neg w \models p) \vee \Diamond w \models q$ **and** $\Diamond(\neg w \models q) \vee \Diamond w \models p$
 using KBasic2:2 $\equiv E(1)$ **by** blast+
AOT-hence $\neg \Box w \models p \vee \Diamond w \models q$ **and** $\neg \Box w \models q \vee \Diamond w \models p$
 by (metis KBasic:11 $\vee I(1) \vee I(2) \vee E(2) \equiv E(2)$ raa-cor:1)+
AOT-thus $w \models p \equiv w \models q$
 using rigid-truth-at:2[unvarify p, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 by (metis $\neg \neg I$ $T\Diamond \vee E(2) \rightarrow I \equiv I \equiv E(1)$ rigid-truth-at:3)
next
AOT-have $\Box \text{PossibleWorld}(w)$
 using $\equiv E(1)$ rigid-pw:1 PossibleWorld. ψ **by** blast
moreover {
 fix p
AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-have $\langle \text{PossibleWorld}(w) \rightarrow (w \models p \rightarrow \Box w \models p) \rangle$
 using rigid-truth-at:1 $\rightarrow I$
 by (metis $\equiv E(1)$)
 }
AOT-hence $\Box \text{PossibleWorld}(w) \rightarrow \Box(w \models p \rightarrow \Box w \models p)$
 by (rule RM)
}
ultimately AOT-have 1: $\Box(w \models p \rightarrow \Box w \models p)$ **for** p
 by (metis $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-assume $w \models p \equiv w \models q$
AOT-hence 0: $\Box(w \models p \equiv w \models q)$
 using sc-eq-box-box:5[THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$],
 THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I]
 by (metis 1)
AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-have $\forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((w \models \varphi \equiv w \models \psi) \rightarrow (w \models (\varphi \equiv \psi)))$ **for** w φ ψ
 proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-assume $\forall p (w \models p \equiv p)$
 moreover AOT-assume $w \models \varphi \equiv w \models \psi$
 ultimately AOT-show $w \models (\varphi \equiv \psi)$
 by (metis $\equiv E(2) \equiv E(6)$ log-prop-prop:2 rule-ui:1)
qed
}
AOT-hence $\Diamond\forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond((w \models \varphi \equiv w \models \psi) \rightarrow w \models (\varphi \equiv \psi))$ **for** w φ ψ
 by (rule $RM\Diamond$)
moreover AOT-have pos: $\Diamond\forall p (w \models p \equiv p)$
 using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF PossibleWorld. ψ] &E **by** blast
ultimately AOT-have $\Diamond((w \models p \equiv w \models q) \rightarrow w \models (p \equiv q))$
 using $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast
AOT-hence $\Diamond(w \models (p \equiv q))$

by (metis 0 KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)
AOT-thus $\langle w \models (p \equiv q) \rangle$
 using rigid-truth-at:2[unvarify p, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 by blast
qed

AOT-theorem conj-dist-w:5: $\langle w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \equiv (\forall \alpha (w \models \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$
proof(safe intro!: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ GEN)

- AOT-assume** $\langle w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
- AOT-hence** 0: $\langle \Box w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
using rigid-truth-at:1[unvarify p, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
by blast
- AOT-modally-strict** {
- AOT-have** $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$ **for** w
proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$ GEN)
- AOT-assume** $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α
 by (metis $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$ log-prop-prop:2 rule-ui:1 rule-ui:3)
qed

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond(w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$ **for** w
 by (rule RM \Diamond)

moreover **AOT-have** pos: $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF PossibleWorld. ψ] &E **by** blast

ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \Diamond(w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$ **using** $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(\forall \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
 by (metis 0 KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \Diamond w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 by (metis Buridan $\Diamond \rightarrow E$)

AOT-thus $\langle w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α
 using rigid-truth-at:2[unvarify p, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 $\forall E(2)$ **by** blast

next

AOT-assume $\langle \forall \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α **using** $\forall E(2)$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \Box w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **for** α
 using rigid-truth-at:1[unvarify p, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 &E &I **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \forall \alpha \Box w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **by** (rule GEN)

AOT-hence 0: $\langle \Box \forall \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ **by** (rule BF[THEN $\rightarrow E$])

AOT-modally-strict {

- AOT-have** $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((\forall \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}))) \rangle$ **for** w
proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)
- AOT-assume** $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \forall \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
 by (metis $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$ log-prop-prop:2 rule-ui:1 rule-ui:3 universal-cor)
qed

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond((\forall \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$ **for** w
 by (rule RM \Diamond)

moreover **AOT-have** pos: $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF PossibleWorld. ψ] &E **by** blast

ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \Diamond((\forall \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$
 by (metis 0 KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)

AOT-thus $\langle w \models (\forall \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
 using rigid-truth-at:2[unvarify p, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
 by blast

qed

AOT-theorem *conj-dist-w:6*: $\langle w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \equiv (\exists \alpha (w \models \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$

proof(safe intro!: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ GEN)

AOT-assume $\langle w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

AOT-hence 0: $\langle \Box w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

using rigid-truth-at:1[unverify p, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
by blast

AOT-modally-strict {

AOT-have $\forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rightarrow (\exists \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\}))$ for w

proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$ GEN)

AOT-assume $\forall p (w \models p \equiv p)$

moreover AOT-assume $\langle w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$

ultimately AOT-show $\langle \exists \alpha (w \models \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
by (metis $\exists E \exists I(2) \equiv E(1,2)$ log-prop-prop:2 rule-ui:1)

qed

}

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond(w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (\exists \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$ for w
by (rule RM \Diamond)

moreover AOT-have pos: $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$

using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF PossibleWorld. ψ] &E by blast

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Diamond(w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (\exists \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$ using $\rightarrow E$ by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(\exists \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
by (metis 0 KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)

AOT-hence $\langle \exists \alpha \Diamond w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
by (metis BF $\Diamond \rightarrow E$)

then AOT-obtain α where $\langle \Diamond w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast

AOT-hence $\langle w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
using rigid-truth-at:2[unverify p, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2] by blast

AOT-thus $\langle \exists \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ by (rule $\exists I$)

next

AOT-assume $\langle \exists \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

then AOT-obtain α where $\langle w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$ using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \Box w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
using rigid-truth-at:1[unverify p, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
&E &I by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \exists \alpha \Box w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
by (rule $\exists I$)

AOT-hence 0: $\langle \Box \exists \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
by (metis Buridan $\rightarrow E$)

AOT-modally-strict {

AOT-have $\forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow ((\exists \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow (w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\})))$ for w

proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\forall p (w \models p \equiv p)$

moreover AOT-assume $\langle \exists \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$

then AOT-obtain α where $\langle w \models \varphi\{\alpha\} \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast

ultimately AOT-show $\langle w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
by (metis $\exists I(2) \equiv E(1,2)$ log-prop-prop:2 rule-ui:1)

qed

}

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rightarrow \Diamond((\exists \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$ for w
by (rule RM \Diamond)

moreover AOT-have pos: $\langle \Diamond \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$

using world:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF PossibleWorld. ψ] &E by blast

ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Diamond((\exists \alpha w \models \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rightarrow w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond(w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\})) \rangle$
by (metis 0 KBasic2:4 $\equiv E(1) \rightarrow E$)

AOT-thus $\langle w \models (\exists \alpha \varphi\{\alpha\}) \rangle$
using rigid-truth-at:2[unverify p, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2]
by blast

qed

AOT-theorem *conj-dist-w:7*: $\langle (w \models \Box p) \rightarrow \Box w \models p \rangle$
proof(rule →I)
AOT-assume $\langle w \models \Box p \rangle$
AOT-hence $\exists w w \models \Box p$ by (rule PossibleWorld.∃ I)
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \Box p \rangle$ using fund:1[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN ≡E(2)]
 by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \Box p \rangle$
 by (metis 5◊ →E)
AOT-hence 1: $\langle \Box \Box p \rangle$
 by (metis S5Basic:6 ≡E(1))
AOT-have $\langle \Box \forall w w \models p \rangle$
 by (AOT-subst (reverse) $\langle \forall w w \models p \rangle$ $\langle \Box p \rangle$)
 (auto simp add: fund:2 1)
AOT-hence $\langle \forall w \Box w \models p \rangle$
 using fund-lem:5[world][THEN →E] by simp
AOT-thus $\langle \Box w \models p \rangle$
 using →E PossibleWorld.∀ E by fast
qed

AOT-theorem *conj-dist-w:8*: $\langle \exists w \exists p ((\Box w \models p) \& \neg w \models \Box p) \rangle$
proof –
AOT-obtain r where $A: r$ and $\langle \Diamond \neg r \rangle$
 by (metis &E(1) &E(2) ≡df E ∃ E cont-tf:1 cont-tf-thm:1)
AOT-hence $B: \neg \Box r$
 by (metis KBasic:11 ≡E(2))
AOT-have $\langle \Diamond r \rangle$
 using A T◊[THEN →E] by simp
AOT-hence $\exists w w \models r$
 using fund:1[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
then **AOT-obtain** w where $w: \langle w \models r \rangle$
 using PossibleWorld.∃ E[rotated] by meson
AOT-hence $\langle \Box w \models r \rangle$
 by (metis T◊ ≡E(1) rigid-truth-at:3 vdash-properties:10)
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \neg w \models \Box r \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume $\langle w \models \Box r \rangle$
AOT-hence $\exists w w \models \Box r$
 by (rule PossibleWorld.∃ I)
AOT-hence $\langle \Box r \rangle$
 by (metis ≡E(2) nec-dia-w:1)
AOT-thus $\langle \Box r \& \neg \Box r \rangle$
 using B &I by blast
qed
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \Box w \models r \& \neg w \models \Box r \rangle$
 by (rule &I)
AOT-hence $\exists p (\Box w \models p \& \neg w \models \Box p)$
 by (rule ∃ I)
thus ?thesis
 by (rule PossibleWorld.∃ I)
qed

AOT-theorem *conj-dist-w:9*: $\langle (\Diamond w \models p) \rightarrow w \models \Diamond p \rangle$
proof(rule →I; rule raa-cor:1)
AOT-assume $\langle \Diamond w \models p \rangle$
AOT-hence 0: $\langle w \models p \rangle$
 by (metis ≡E(1) rigid-truth-at:2)
AOT-assume $\langle \neg w \models \Diamond p \rangle$
AOT-hence 1: $\langle w \models \neg \Diamond p \rangle$
 using coherent:1[unvarify p, THEN ≡E(2), OF log-prop-prop:2] by blast
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle w \models (\neg \Diamond p \rightarrow \neg p) \rangle$
 using T◊[THEN contraposition:1[1], THEN RN]
 fund:2[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN ≡E(1), THEN ∀ E(2),

THEN $\rightarrow E$, rotated, OF PossibleWorld. ψ]
 by blast
ultimately AOT-have $\langle w \models \neg p \rangle$
 using conj-dist-w:2[unverify p q, OF log-prop-prop:2, OF log-prop-prop:2,
 THEN $\equiv E(1)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$]
 by blast
AOT-hence $\langle w \models p \& w \models \neg p \rangle$ using 0 &I by blast
AOT-thus $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$
 by (metis coherent:1 Conjunction Simplification(1,2) $\equiv E(4)$
 modus-tollens:1 raa-cor:3)
qed

AOT-theorem conj-dist-w:10: $\langle \exists w \exists p ((w \models \Diamond p) \& \neg \Diamond w \models p) \rangle$
proof –

AOT-obtain w where w: $\langle \forall p (w \models p \equiv p) \rangle$
 using act-world:1 PossibleWorld. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by meson
AOT-obtain r where $\langle \neg r \rangle$ and $\langle \Diamond r \rangle$
 using cont-tf-thm:2 cont-tf:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] &E $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by metis
AOT-hence $\langle w \models \neg r \rangle$ and 0: $\langle w \models \Diamond r \rangle$
 using w[THEN $\forall E(1)$, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] by blast+
AOT-hence $\langle \neg w \models r \rangle$ using coherent:1[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \neg \Diamond w \models r \rangle$ by (metis $\equiv E(4)$ rigid-truth-at:2)
AOT-hence $\langle w \models \Diamond r \& \neg \Diamond w \models r \rangle$ using 0 &I by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \exists p (w \models \Diamond p \& \neg \Diamond w \models p) \rangle$ by (rule $\exists I$)
 thus ?thesis by (rule PossibleWorld. $\exists I$)
qed

AOT-theorem two-worlds-exist:1: $\langle \exists p (\text{ContingentlyTrue}(p)) \rightarrow \exists w (\neg \text{Actual}(w)) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \exists p \text{ContingentlyTrue}(p) \rangle$
 then **AOT-obtain** p where $\langle \text{ContingentlyTrue}(p) \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast
AOT-hence p: $\langle p \& \Diamond \neg p \rangle$
 by (metis $\equiv_{df} E$ cont-tf:1)
AOT-hence $\langle \exists w w \models \neg p \rangle$
 using fund:1[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] &E by blast
 then **AOT-obtain** w where w: $\langle w \models \neg p \rangle$
 using PossibleWorld. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by meson
AOT-have $\langle \neg \text{Actual}(w) \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume $\langle \text{Actual}(w) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle w \models p \rangle$
 using p[THEN &E(1)] actual[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(2)]
 by (metis log-prop-prop:2 raa-cor:3 rule-ui:1 $\rightarrow E$ w)
 moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \neg (w \models p) \rangle$
 by (metis coherent:1 $\equiv E(4)$ reductio-aa:2 w)
ultimately AOT-show $\langle w \models p \& \neg (w \models p) \rangle$
 using &I by blast
qed
AOT-thus $\langle \exists w \neg \text{Actual}(w) \rangle$
 by (rule PossibleWorld. $\exists I$)
qed

AOT-theorem two-worlds-exist:2: $\langle \exists p (\text{ContingentlyFalse}(p)) \rightarrow \exists w (\neg \text{Actual}(w)) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \exists p \text{ContingentlyFalse}(p) \rangle$
 then **AOT-obtain** p where $\langle \text{ContingentlyFalse}(p) \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast
AOT-hence p: $\langle \neg p \& \Diamond p \rangle$
 by (metis $\equiv_{df} E$ cont-tf:2)
AOT-hence $\langle \exists w w \models p \rangle$
 using fund:1[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] &E by blast

then AOT-obtain w **where** $w: \langle w \models p \rangle$
using PossibleWorld. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** meson
moreover AOT-have $\langle \neg \text{Actual}(w) \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume $\langle \text{Actual}(w) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle w \models \neg p \rangle$
using $p[\text{THEN} \ \& \ E(1)]$ **actual**[$\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E$, $\text{THEN} \ \& \ E(2)$]
by (metis log-prop-prop:2 raa-cor:3 rule-ui:1 $\rightarrow E w$)
moreover AOT-have $\langle \neg(w \models p) \rangle$
using calculation **by** (metis coherent:1 $\equiv E(4)$ reductio-aa:2)
AOT-thus $\langle w \models p \ \& \ \neg(w \models p) \rangle$
using &I w **by** metis
qed
AOT-thus $\langle \exists w \ \neg \text{Actual}(w) \rangle$
by (rule PossibleWorld. $\exists I$)
qed

AOT-theorem two-worlds-exist:3: $\langle \exists w \ \neg \text{Actual}(w) \rangle$
using cont-tf-thm:1 two-worlds-exist:1 $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast

AOT-theorem two-worlds-exist:4: $\langle \exists w \exists w' (w \neq w') \rangle$
proof –
AOT-obtain w **where** $w: \langle \text{Actual}(w) \rangle$
using act-world:2[THEN uniqueness:1[$\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E$],
 $\text{THEN} \ cqt\text{-further}:5[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E]$]
PossibleWorld. $\exists E[\text{rotated}] \ \& \ E$
by blast
moreover AOT-obtain w' **where** $w': \langle \neg \text{Actual}(w') \rangle$
using two-worlds-exist:3 PossibleWorld. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** meson
AOT-have $\langle \neg(w = w') \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume $\langle w = w' \rangle$
AOT-thus $\langle p \ \& \ \neg p \rangle$ **for** p
using $w \ w' \ \& \ E$ **by** (metis rule=E raa-cor:3)
qed
AOT-hence $\langle w \neq w' \rangle$
by (metis $\equiv_{af} I = -\text{infix}$)
AOT-hence $\langle \exists w' w \neq w' \rangle$
by (rule PossibleWorld. $\exists I$)
thus ?thesis
by (rule PossibleWorld. $\exists I$)
qed

AOT-theorem w-rel:1: $\langle [\lambda x \ \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rightarrow [\lambda x \ w \models \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda x \ \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \Box [\lambda x \ \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$
by (metis exist-nec $\rightarrow E$)
moreover AOT-have
 $\langle \Box [\lambda x \ \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rightarrow \Box \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow ((w \models \varphi\{x\}) \equiv (w \models \varphi\{y\}))) \rangle$
proof (rule RM; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule GEN; rule GEN; rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-modally-strict {
fix $x \ y$
AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda x \ \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
using &E kirchner-thm-cor:I[$\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$] **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$
using $\forall E(2)$ **by** blast
moreover AOT-assume $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \Box(\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \forall w (w \models (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\})) \rangle$
 using fund:2[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast
AOT-hence $\langle w \models (\varphi\{x\} \equiv \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$
 using $\forall E(2)$ using PossibleWorld. $\psi \rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-thus $\langle (w \models \varphi\{x\}) \equiv (w \models \varphi\{y\}) \rangle$
 using conj-dist-w:4[unvarify p q, OF log-prop-prop:2,
 OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast
 }
qed
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \square \forall x \forall y (\forall F([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow ((w \models \varphi\{x\}) \equiv (w \models \varphi\{y\}))) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-thus $\langle [\lambda x w \models \varphi\{x\}] \downarrow \rangle$
using kirchner-thm:1[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] by fast
qed
AOT-theorem $w\text{-rel:2: } \langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rightarrow [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n w \models \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \square [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$
by (metis exist-nec $\rightarrow E$)
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \square [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rightarrow \square \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n (\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow ((w \models \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}) \equiv (w \models \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}))) \rangle$
proof (rule RM; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule GEN; rule GEN; rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-modally-strict {
fix $x_1 x_n y_1 y_n$
AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n (\forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow \square (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$
using &E kirchner-thm-cor:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow \square (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \rangle$
using $\forall E(2)$ by blast
moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle \forall F ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rangle$
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \square (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \forall w (w \models (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\})) \rangle$
using fund:2[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast
AOT-hence $\langle w \models (\varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\} \equiv \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \rangle$
using $\forall E(2)$ using PossibleWorld. $\psi \rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-thus $\langle (w \models \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}) \equiv (w \models \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}) \rangle$
using conj-dist-w:4[unvarify p q, OF log-prop-prop:2,
OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast
}
qed
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \square \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n (\forall F([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [F]y_1 \dots y_n) \rightarrow ((w \models \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}) \equiv (w \models \varphi\{y_1 \dots y_n\}))) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-thus $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n w \models \varphi\{x_1 \dots x_n\}] \downarrow \rangle$
using kirchner-thm:2[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] by fast
qed
AOT-theorem $w\text{-rel:3: } \langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n w \models [F]x_1 \dots x_n] \downarrow \rangle$
by (rule $w\text{-rel:2:}[THEN \rightarrow E]$) cqt:2[lambda]
AOT-define WorldIndexedRelation :: $\langle \Pi \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \Pi \rangle$ ($\langle \dashv \rangle$)
 $w\text{-index: } \langle [F]_w =_{df} [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n w \models [F]x_1 \dots x_n] \rangle$
AOT-define Rigid :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle Rigid'(-') \rangle$)
df-rigid-rel:1:
 $\langle Rigid(F) \equiv_{df} F \downarrow \& \square \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \square [F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
AOT-define Rigidifies :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle Rigidifies'(-,-') \rangle$)
df-rigid-rel:2:
 $\langle Rigidifies(F, G) \equiv_{df} Rigid(F) \& \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [G]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$

AOT-theorem *rigid-der:1*: $\langle [[F]_w]x_1\dots x_n \equiv w \models [F]x_1\dots x_n \rangle$

apply (*rule rule-id-df:2:b[2]*[**where** $\tau=\lambda (\Pi, \kappa)$. « $[\Pi]_\kappa$ » **and**
 $\sigma=\lambda(\Pi, \kappa)$. « $[\lambda x_1\dots x_n \kappa \models [\Pi]x_1\dots x_n]$ »,
simplified, OF w-index])

apply (*fact w-rel:3*)

apply (*rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E]*)

by (*fact w-rel:3*)

AOT-theorem *rigid-der:2*: $\langle Rigid([G]_w) \rangle$

proof (*safe intro!*: $\equiv_{df} I[OF df-rigid-rel:1] \& I$)

AOT-show $\langle [G]_w \downarrow \rangle$

by (*rule rule-id-df:2:b[2]*[**where** $\tau=\lambda (\Pi, \kappa)$. « $[\Pi]_\kappa$ » **and**
 $\sigma=\lambda(\Pi, \kappa)$. « $[\lambda x_1\dots x_n \kappa \models [\Pi]x_1\dots x_n]$ »,
simplified, OF w-index])

(fact w-rel:3) +

next

AOT-have $\langle \Box \forall x_1\dots \forall x_n ([[G]_w]x_1\dots x_n \rightarrow \Box [[G]_w]x_1\dots x_n) \rangle$

proof (*rule RN; safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I GEN$)

AOT-modally-strict {

AOT-have *assms*: $\langle PossibleWorld(w) \rangle$ **using** *PossibleWorld.ψ*.

AOT-hence *nec-pw-w*: $\langle \Box PossibleWorld(w) \rangle$
using $\equiv E(1)$ *rigid-pw:1* **by** *blast*

fix $x_1 x_n$

AOT-assume $\langle [[G]_w]x_1\dots x_n \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda x_1\dots x_n w \models [G]x_1\dots x_n]x_1\dots x_n \rangle$
using *rule-id-df:2:a[2]*[**where** $\tau=\lambda (\Pi, \kappa)$. « $[\Pi]_\kappa$ » **and**
 $\sigma=\lambda(\Pi, \kappa)$. « $[\lambda x_1\dots x_n \kappa \models [\Pi]x_1\dots x_n]$ »,
simplified, OF w-index, OF w-rel:3]

by *fast*

AOT-hence $\langle w \models [G]x_1\dots x_n \rangle$
by (*metis β→C(1)*)

AOT-hence $\langle \Box w \models [G]x_1\dots x_n \rangle$
using *rigid-truth-at:I[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN ≡E(1)]*
by *blast*

moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \Box w \models [G]x_1\dots x_n \rightarrow \Box [\lambda x_1\dots x_n w \models [G]x_1\dots x_n]x_1\dots x_n \rangle$

proof (*rule RM; rule →I*)

AOT-modally-strict {

AOT-assume $\langle w \models [G]x_1\dots x_n \rangle$

AOT-thus $\langle [\lambda x_1\dots x_n w \models [G]x_1\dots x_n]x_1\dots x_n \rangle$
by (*auto intro!*: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ *simp*: *w-rel:3 cqt:2*)

}

qed

ultimately **AOT-have** 1: $\langle \Box [\lambda x_1\dots x_n w \models [G]x_1\dots x_n]x_1\dots x_n \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*

AOT-show $\langle \Box [[G]_w]x_1\dots x_n \rangle$
by (*rule rule-id-df:2:b[2]*[**where** $\tau=\lambda (\Pi, \kappa)$. « $[\Pi]_\kappa$ » **and**
 $\sigma=\lambda(\Pi, \kappa)$. « $[\lambda x_1\dots x_n \kappa \models [\Pi]x_1\dots x_n]$ »,
simplified, OF w-index])

(auto simp: 1 w-rel:3)

}

qed

AOT-thus $\langle \Box \forall x_1\dots \forall x_n ([[G]_w]x_1\dots x_n \rightarrow \Box [[G]_w]x_1\dots x_n) \rangle$
using $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *rigid-der:3*: $\langle \exists F Rigidifies(F, G) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-obtain w **where** $w: \forall p (w \models p \equiv p)$
using *act-world:1 PossibleWorld.∃ E[rotated]* **by** *meson*

show *?thesis*

proof (*rule ∃ I(1)[where* $\tau=\langle\langle [G]_w \rangle\rangle$])

AOT-show $\langle Rigidifies([G]_w, [G]) \rangle$

```

proof(safe intro!:  $\equiv_{df} I[OF\ df-rigid-rel:2] \& I\ GEN$ )
  AOT-show  $\langle Rigid([G]_w) \rangle$ 
    using rigid-der:2 by blast
  next
    fix  $x_1 x_n$ 
    AOT-have  $\langle [[G]_w]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n w \models [G]x_1 \dots x_n]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ 
    proof(rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
      AOT-assume  $\langle [[G]_w]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ 
      AOT-thus  $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n w \models [G]x_1 \dots x_n]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ 
        by (rule rule-id-df:2:a[2]
          [where  $\tau = \lambda (\Pi, \kappa). \langle [\Pi]_\kappa \rangle$  and
            $\sigma = \lambda (\Pi, \kappa). \langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \kappa \models [\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n] \rangle$ ,
           simplified, OF w-index, OF w-rel:3])
      next
        AOT-assume  $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n w \models [G]x_1 \dots x_n]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ 
        AOT-thus  $\langle [[G]_w]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ 
          by (rule rule-id-df:2:b[2]
            [where  $\tau = \lambda (\Pi, \kappa). \langle [\Pi]_\kappa \rangle$  and
              $\sigma = \lambda (\Pi, \kappa). \langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \kappa \models [\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n] \rangle$ ,
             simplified, OF w-index, OF w-rel:3])
        qed
      also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv w \models [G]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ 
        by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN → E])
          (fact w-rel:3)
      also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv [G]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ 
        using  $w[THEN \forall E(1), OF log-prop-prop:2]$  by blast
      finally AOT-show  $\langle [[G]_w]x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [G]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ .
    qed
  next
    AOT-show  $\langle [G]_w \downarrow \rangle$ 
    by (rule rule-id-df:2:b[2] [where  $\tau = \lambda (\Pi, \kappa). \langle [\Pi]_\kappa \rangle$ 
      and  $\sigma = \lambda (\Pi, \kappa). \langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n \kappa \models [\Pi]x_1 \dots x_n] \rangle$ ,
      simplified, OF w-index])
    (auto simp: w-rel:3)
  qed
  qed

```

AOT-theorem *rigid-rel-thms:1*:

$$\langle \Box(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n)) \equiv \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n (\Diamond[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$$

proof(*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I\ GEN$)

fix $x_1 x_n$

AOT-assume $\langle \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \Box([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$

by (*metis → E GEN RM cqt-orig:3*)

AOT-hence $\langle \Box([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$

using $\forall E(2)$ **by blast**

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$

by (*metis ≡ E(1) sc-eq-box-box:1*)

moreover AOT-assume $\langle \Diamond[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$

ultimately AOT-show $\langle \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$

using $\rightarrow E$ **by blast**

next

AOT-assume $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n (\Diamond[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ **for** $x_1 x_n$

using $\forall E(2)$ **by blast**

AOT-hence $\langle \Box([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$ **for** $x_1 x_n$

by (*metis ≡ E(2) sc-eq-box-box:1*)

AOT-hence $\theta: \langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \Box([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$

by (*rule GEN*)

AOT-thus $\langle \Box(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n)) \rangle$

using *BF vdash-properties:10* **by blast**

qed

AOT-theorem *rigid-rel-thms:2*:
 $\langle \Box(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n)) \equiv \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n (\Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \vee \Box\neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
proof(safe intro!: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle \Box(\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n)) \rangle$
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \Box([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
 using CBF[THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast
AOT-show $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n (\Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \vee \Box\neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
proof(rule GEN)
 fix $x_1 x_n$
AOT-have 1: $\langle \Box([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
 using 0[THEN $\forall E(2)$].
AOT-hence 2: $\langle \Diamond[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 using $B\Diamond$ Hypothetical Syllogism $K\Diamond$ vdash-properties:10 by blast
AOT-have $\langle [F]x_1 \dots x_n \vee \neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 using exc-mid.
 moreover {
 AOT-assume $\langle [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 using 1[THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$], THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast
 }
 moreover {
 AOT-assume 3: $\langle \neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 AOT-have $\langle \Box\neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 proof(rule raa-cor:1)
 AOT-assume $\langle \neg\Box\neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 by (AOT-subst-def conventions:5)
 AOT-hence $\langle [F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ using 2[THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast
 AOT-thus $\langle [F]x_1 \dots x_n \& \neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 using 3 & I by blast
 qed
 }
 ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \vee \Box\neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 by (metis $\forall I(1,2)$ raa-cor:1)
qed
next
AOT-assume 0: $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n (\Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \vee \Box\neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
{
 fix $x_1 x_n$
 AOT-have $\langle \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \vee \Box\neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$ using 0[THEN $\forall E(2)$] by blast
 moreover {
 AOT-assume $\langle \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box\Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 using S5Basic:6[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
 using KBasic:1[THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast
 }
 moreover {
 AOT-assume $\langle \Box\neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
 using KBasic:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast
 }
 ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \Box([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
 using con-dis-i-e:4:b raa-cor:1 by blast
}
AOT-hence $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \Box([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
 by (rule GEN)
AOT-thus $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([F]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
 using BF[THEN $\rightarrow E$] by fast
qed

AOT-theorem *rigid-rel-thms:3*: $\langle \text{Rigid}(F) \equiv \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n (\Box[F]x_1 \dots x_n \vee \Box\neg[F]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
 by (AOT-subst-thm df-rigid-rel:1[THEN $\equiv Df$, THEN $\equiv S(1)$, OF cqt:2(1)];

*AOT-subst-thm rigid-rel-thms:2)
(simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a)*

13 Natural Numbers

AOT-define *CorrelatesOneToOne* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \cdot | : - \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rangle)$
 $1-1-cor: \langle R | : F \rightarrow G \equiv_{df} R \downarrow \& F \downarrow \& G \downarrow \&$
 $\forall x ([F]x \rightarrow \exists !y([G]y \& [R]xy)) \&$
 $\forall y ([G]y \rightarrow \exists !x([F]x \& [R]xy)) \rangle$

AOT-define *MapsTo* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \cdot | : - \rightarrow \rightarrow \rangle)$
 $fFG:1: \langle R | : F \rightarrow G \equiv_{df} R \downarrow \& F \downarrow \& G \downarrow \& \forall x ([F]x \rightarrow \exists !y([G]y \& [R]xy)) \rangle$

AOT-define *MapsToOneToOne* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \cdot | : - \rightarrow \rightarrow \rangle)$
 $fFG:2: \langle R | : F \rightarrow G \equiv_{df} R \downarrow \& F \downarrow \& G \downarrow \& \forall x \forall y \forall z (([F]x \& [F]y \& [G]z) \rightarrow ([R]xz \& [R]yz \rightarrow x = y)) \rangle$

AOT-define *MapsOnto* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \cdot | : - \rightarrow_{onto} \rightarrow \rangle)$
 $fFG:3: \langle R | : F \rightarrow_{onto} G \equiv_{df} R | : F \rightarrow G \& \forall y ([G]y \rightarrow \exists x ([F]x \& [R]xy)) \rangle$

AOT-define *MapsOneToOneOnto* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \cdot | : - \rightarrow_{onto} \rightarrow \rangle)$
 $fFG:4: \langle R | : F \rightarrow_{onto} G \equiv_{df} R | : F \rightarrow G \& R | : F \rightarrow_{onto} G \rangle$

AOT-theorem *eq-1-1*: $\langle R | : F \rightarrow G \equiv R | : F \rightarrow_{onto} G \rangle$
proof(rule $\equiv I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\langle R | : F \rightarrow G \rangle$
AOT-hence *A*: $\langle \forall x ([F]x \rightarrow \exists !y([G]y \& [R]xy)) \rangle$
and *B*: $\langle \forall y ([G]y \rightarrow \exists !x([F]x \& [R]xy)) \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} E[OF\ 1-1-cor] \& E$ by *blast*+
AOT-have *C*: $\langle R | : F \rightarrow G \rangle$
proof (rule $\equiv_{df} I[OF\ fFG:1]$; rule &*I*)
AOT-show $\langle R \downarrow \& F \downarrow \& G \downarrow \rangle$
using *cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]* &*I* by *metis*
next
AOT-show $\langle \forall x ([F]x \rightarrow \exists !y([G]y \& [R]xy)) \rangle$ by (rule *A*)
qed
AOT-show $\langle R | : F \rightarrow_{onto} G \rangle$
proof (rule $\equiv_{df} I[OF\ fFG:4]$; rule &*I*)
AOT-show $\langle R | : F \rightarrow G \rangle$
proof (rule $\equiv_{df} I[OF\ fFG:2]$; rule &*I*)
AOT-show $\langle R | : F \rightarrow G \rangle$ using *C*.
next
AOT-show $\langle \forall x \forall y \forall z (([F]x \& [F]y \& [G]z) \rightarrow ([R]xz \& [R]yz \rightarrow x = y)) \rangle$
proof(rule *GEN*; rule *GEN*; rule *GEN*; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
fix *x y z*
AOT-assume 1: $\langle [F]x \& [F]y \& [G]z \rangle$
moreover **AOT-assume** 2: $\langle [R]xz \& [R]yz \rangle$
ultimately **AOT-have** 3: $\langle \exists !x ([F]x \& [R]xz) \rangle$
using *B* &*E* $\forall E \rightarrow E$ by *fast*
AOT-show $\langle x = y \rangle$
by (rule *uni-most*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF* 3, *THEN* $\forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=x]$,
THEN $\forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=y]$, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$])
(*metis* &*I* &*E* 1 2)
qed
qed
next
AOT-show $\langle R | : F \rightarrow_{onto} G \rangle$
proof (rule $\equiv_{df} I[OF\ fFG:3]$; rule &*I*)
AOT-show $\langle R | : F \rightarrow G \rangle$ using *C*.
next
AOT-show $\langle \forall y ([G]y \rightarrow \exists x ([F]x \& [R]xy)) \rangle$
proof(rule *GEN*; rule $\rightarrow I$)

```

fix y
AOT-assume <[G]y>
AOT-hence < $\exists !x ([F]x \& [R]xy)$ >
  using  $B[\text{THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E]$  by blast
AOT-hence < $\exists x ([F]x \& [R]xy \& \forall \beta (([F]\beta \& [R]\beta y) \rightarrow \beta = x))$ >
  using uniqueness:1[ $\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
then AOT-obtain x where < $[F]x \& [R]xy$ >
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}] \& E$  by blast
AOT-thus < $\exists x ([F]x \& [R]xy)$ > by (rule  $\exists I$ )
qed
qed
qed
next
AOT-assume < $R : F \text{ } 1-1 \longrightarrow_{onto} G$ >
AOT-hence < $R : F \text{ } 1-1 \longrightarrow G$ > and < $R : F \longrightarrow_{onto} G$ >
  using  $\equiv_{df} E[\text{OF } fFG:4] \& E$  by blast+
AOT-hence C: < $R : F \longrightarrow G$ >
  and D: < $\forall x \forall y \forall z ([F]x \& [F]y \& [G]z \rightarrow ([R]xz \& [R]yz \rightarrow x = y))$ >
  and E: < $\forall y ([G]y \rightarrow \exists x ([F]x \& [R]xy))$ >
  using  $\equiv_{df} E[\text{OF } fFG:2] \equiv_{df} E[\text{OF } fFG:3] \& E$  by blast+
AOT-show < $R : F \text{ } 1-1 \longleftrightarrow G$ >
proof(rule 1-1-cor[ $\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} I$ ]; safe intro!: &I cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
AOT-show < $\forall x ([F]x \rightarrow \exists !y ([G]y \& [R]xy))$ >
  using  $\equiv_{df} E[\text{OF } fFG:1, \text{ OF } C] \& E$  by blast
next
AOT-show < $\forall y ([G]y \rightarrow \exists !x ([F]x \& [R]xy))$ >
proof (rule GEN; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  fix y
  AOT-assume 0: < $[G]y$ >
  AOT-hence < $\exists x ([F]x \& [R]xy)$ >
    using E  $\forall E \rightarrow E$  by fast
  then AOT-obtain a where a-prop: < $[F]a \& [R]ay$ >
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  moreover AOT-have < $\forall z ([F]z \& [R]zy \rightarrow z = a)$ >
  proof (rule GEN; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
    fix z
    AOT-assume < $[F]z \& [R]zy$ >
    AOT-thus < $z = a$ >
      using D[ $\text{THEN } \forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=z], \text{ THEN } \forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=a]$ ,
         $\text{THEN } \forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=y], \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E, \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E$ ]
      a-prop 0 &E &I by metis
  qed
  ultimately AOT-have < $\exists x ([F]x \& [R]xy \& \forall z ([F]z \& [R]zy \rightarrow z = x))$ >
    using &I  $\exists I(2)$  by fast
  AOT-thus < $\exists !x ([F]x \& [R]xy)$ >
    using uniqueness:1[ $\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} I$ ] by fast
qed
qed
qed

```

We have already introduced the restricted type of Ordinary objects in the Extended Relation Comprehension theory. However, make sure all variable names are defined as expected (avoiding conflicts with situations of possible world theory).

AOT-register-variable-names

Ordinary: u v r t s

```

AOT-theorem equi:I: < $\exists !u \varphi\{u\} \equiv \exists u (\varphi\{u\} \& \forall v (\varphi\{v\} \rightarrow v =_E u))$ >
proof(rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume < $\exists !u \varphi\{u\}$ >
  AOT-hence < $\exists !x (O!x \& \varphi\{x\})$ >.
  AOT-hence < $\exists x (O!x \& \varphi\{x\} \& \forall \beta (O!\beta \& \varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = x))$ >
    using uniqueness:1[ $\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
  then AOT-obtain x where x-prop: < $O!x \& \varphi\{x\} \& \forall \beta (O!\beta \& \varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta = x)$ >

```

```

using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
{
  fix  $\beta$ 
  AOT-assume  $\text{beta-ord}: \langle O!\beta \rangle$ 
  moreover AOT-assume  $\langle \varphi\{\beta\} \rangle$ 
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \beta =_E x \rangle$ 
    using  $x\text{-prop}[\text{THEN} \& E(2), \text{THEN } \forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=\beta]] \& I \rightarrow E$  by blast
    AOT-hence  $\langle \beta =_E x \rangle$ 
      using  $\text{ord-}=E=I[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E, OF \vee I(1)[OF \text{beta-ord}],$ 
           $\text{THEN } qml:2[\text{axiom-inst}, \text{THEN} \rightarrow E],$ 
           $\text{THEN } \equiv E(1)]$ 
        by blast
}
AOT-hence  $\langle (O!\beta \rightarrow (\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta =_E x)) \rangle$  for  $\beta$ 
  using  $\rightarrow I$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \forall \beta (O!\beta \rightarrow (\varphi\{\beta\} \rightarrow \beta =_E x)) \rangle$ 
  by (rule GEN)
AOT-hence  $\langle O!x \& \varphi\{x\} \& \forall y (O!y \rightarrow (\varphi\{y\} \rightarrow y =_E x)) \rangle$ 
  using  $x\text{-prop}[\text{THEN} \& E(1)] \& I$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle O!x \& (\varphi\{x\} \& \forall y (O!y \rightarrow (\varphi\{y\} \rightarrow y =_E x))) \rangle$ 
  using  $\& E \& I$  by meson
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists u (\varphi\{u\} \& \forall v (\varphi\{v\} \rightarrow v =_E u)) \rangle$ 
  using  $\exists I$  by fast
next
  AOT-assume  $\langle \exists u (\varphi\{u\} \& \forall v (\varphi\{v\} \rightarrow v =_E u)) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists x (O!x \& (\varphi\{x\} \& \forall y (O!y \rightarrow (\varphi\{y\} \rightarrow y =_E x))) \rangle$ 
    by blast
  then AOT-obtain  $x$  where  $x\text{-prop}: \langle O!x \& (\varphi\{x\} \& \forall y (O!y \rightarrow (\varphi\{y\} \rightarrow y =_E x))) \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-have  $\langle \forall y ([O!]y \& \varphi\{y\} \rightarrow y = x) \rangle$ 
  proof(rule GEN; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
    fix  $y$ 
    AOT-assume  $\langle O!y \& \varphi\{y\} \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle y =_E x \rangle$ 
      using  $x\text{-prop}[\text{THEN} \& E(2), \text{THEN } \& E(2), \text{THEN } \forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=y]]$ 
         $\rightarrow E \& E$  by blast
    AOT-thus  $\langle y = x \rangle$ 
    using  $\text{ord-}=E=I[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E, OF \vee I(2)[OF x\text{-prop}[\text{THEN} \& E(1)]],$ 
         $\text{THEN } qml:2[\text{axiom-inst}, \text{THEN} \rightarrow E], \text{THEN } \equiv E(2)]$  by blast
  qed
  AOT-hence  $\langle [O!]x \& \varphi\{x\} \& \forall y ([O!]y \& \varphi\{y\} \rightarrow y = x) \rangle$ 
    using  $x\text{-prop} \& E \& I$  by meson
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists x ([O!]x \& \varphi\{x\} \& \forall y ([O!]y \& \varphi\{y\} \rightarrow y = x)) \rangle$ 
    by (rule  $\exists I$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists !x (O!x \& \varphi\{x\}) \rangle$ 
    by (rule uniqueness: $I[\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} I]$ )
  AOT-thus  $\langle \exists !u \varphi\{u\} \rangle$ .
  qed

```

AOT-define *CorrelatesEOneToOne* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle \cdot | : \cdot \dashv \dashv \rightarrow_E \rightarrow \rangle$)
equi: 2 : $\langle R | : F \dashv \dashv_E G \equiv_{df} R \downarrow \& F \downarrow \& G \downarrow \&$
 $\forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v([G]v \& [R]uv)) \&$
 $\forall v ([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u([F]u \& [R]uv)) \rangle$

AOT-define *EquinumerousE* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ (**infixl** \approx_E 50)
equi: 3 : $\langle F \approx_E G \equiv_{df} \exists R (R | : F \dashv \dashv_E G) \rangle$

Note: not explicitly in PLM.

AOT-theorem *eq-den-1*: $\langle \Pi \downarrow \rangle$ **if** $\langle \Pi \approx_E \Pi' \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle \exists R (R | : \Pi \dashv \dashv_E \Pi') \rangle$
using *equi*: 3 [$\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} E$] **that** **by** *blast*
then AOT-obtain R **where** $\langle R | : \Pi \dashv \dashv_E \Pi' \rangle$

```

using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle \Pi \downarrow \rangle$ 
  using equi:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast
qed

```

Note: not explicitly in PLM.

```

AOT-theorem eq-den-2:  $\langle \Pi' \downarrow \rangle$  if  $\langle \Pi \approx_E \Pi' \rangle$ 
proof –
  AOT-have  $\langle \exists R (R |: \Pi \xrightarrow{1-1} \Pi') \rangle$ 
    using equi:3[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] that by blast
  then AOT-obtain R where  $\langle R |: \Pi \xrightarrow{1-1} \Pi' \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle \Pi \downarrow \rangle$ 
    using equi:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast+
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem eq-part:1:  $\langle F \approx_E F \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!: &I GEN  $\rightarrow I$  cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]
   $\equiv_{df} I[\text{OF equi:3}] \equiv_{df} I[\text{OF equi:2}] \exists I(1)$ )
  fix x
  AOT-assume 1:  $\langle O!x \rangle$ 
  AOT-assume 2:  $\langle [F]x \rangle$ 
  AOT-show  $\langle \exists !v ([F]v \& x =_E v) \rangle$ 
  proof(rule equi:1[THEN  $\equiv_E (\beta)$ ];
    rule  $\exists I(\beta)[\text{where } \beta=x]$ ;
    safe dest!: &E(2)
    intro!: &I  $\rightarrow I$  2 Ordinary.GEN ord=Equiv:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF 1])
  AOT-show  $\langle v =_E x \rangle$  if  $\langle x =_E v \rangle$  for v
    by (metis that ord=Equiv:2[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])
  qed
next
fix y
AOT-assume 1:  $\langle O!y \rangle$ 
AOT-assume 2:  $\langle [F]y \rangle$ 
AOT-show  $\langle \exists !u ([F]u \& u =_E y) \rangle$ 
  by(safe dest!: &E(2)
    intro!: equi:1[THEN  $\equiv_E (\beta)$ ]  $\exists I(\beta)[\text{where } \beta=y]$ 
    &I  $\rightarrow I$  2 GEN ord=Equiv:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF 1])
qed(auto simp: =E[denotes])

```

```

AOT-theorem eq-part:2:  $\langle F \approx_E G \rightarrow G \approx_E F \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists R R |: F \xrightarrow{1-1} G \rangle$ 
    using equi:3[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
  then AOT-obtain R where  $\langle R |: F \xrightarrow{1-1} G \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-hence 0:  $\langle R \downarrow \& F \downarrow \& G \downarrow \& \forall u ([G]u \rightarrow \exists !v([G]v \& [R]uv)) \&$ 
     $\forall v ([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u([F]u \& [R]uv)) \rangle$ 
    using equi:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast

  AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda xy [R]yx] \downarrow \& G \downarrow \& F \downarrow \& \forall u ([G]u \rightarrow \exists !v([F]v \& [\lambda xy [R]yx]uv)) \&$ 
     $\forall v ([F]v \rightarrow \exists !u([G]u \& [\lambda xy [R]yx]uv)) \rangle$ 
  proof (AOT-subst  $\langle [\lambda xy [R]yx]yx \rangle$   $\langle [R]xy \rangle$  for: x y;
    (safe intro!: &I cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] 0[THEN &E(2)]
      0[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)]; cqt:2[lambda]) ?)
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda xy [R]yx]xy \rangle$  if  $\langle [R]yx \rangle$  for y x
      by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2
        simp: &I ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3 that)
    moreover AOT-have  $\langle [R]yx \rangle$  if  $\langle [\lambda xy [R]yx]xy \rangle$  for y x
      using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ [where  $\varphi = \lambda(x,y). - (x,y)$  and  $\kappa_1 \kappa_n = (-,-)$ ,

```

simplified, OF that, simplified].

ultimately AOT-show $\langle [\lambda xy [R]yx]\alpha\beta \equiv [R]\beta\alpha \rangle$ **for** $\alpha \beta$
by (metis deduction-theorem $\equiv I$)
 }

qed

AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda xy [R]yx] : G \underset{1-1}{\longleftrightarrow_E} F \rangle$
using equi:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \exists R R : G \underset{1-1}{\longleftrightarrow_E} F \rangle$
by (rule $\exists I(1)$) cqt:2[lambda]

AOT-thus $\langle G \approx_E F \rangle$
using equi:3[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] **by** blast

qed

Note: not explicitly in PLM.

AOT-theorem eq-part:2[terms]: $\langle \Pi \approx_E \Pi' \rightarrow \Pi' \approx_E \Pi \rangle$
using eq-part:2[unverify $F G$] eq-den-1 eq-den-2 $\rightarrow I$ **by** meson
declare eq-part:2[terms][THEN $\rightarrow E$, sym]

AOT-theorem eq-part:3: $\langle (F \approx_E G \ \& \ G \approx_E H) \rightarrow F \approx_E H \rangle$
proof (rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle F \approx_E G \ \& \ G \approx_E H \rangle$
then AOT-obtain R_1 **and** R_2 **where**

- $\langle R_1 : F \underset{1-1}{\longleftrightarrow_E} G \rangle$
- and** $\langle R_2 : G \underset{1-1}{\longleftrightarrow_E} H \rangle$
- using** equi:3[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] & $E \exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** metis

AOT-hence $\vartheta: \forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists!v([G]v \ \& \ [R_1]uv)) \ \& \ \forall v ([G]v \rightarrow \exists!u([F]u \ \& \ [R_1]uv))$
and $\xi: \forall u ([G]u \rightarrow \exists!v([H]v \ \& \ [R_2]uv)) \ \& \ \forall v ([H]v \rightarrow \exists!u([G]u \ \& \ [R_2]uv))$
using equi:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(2)]
 equi:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)]
 & I **by** blast+

AOT-have $\langle \exists R R = [\lambda xy O!x \ \& \ O!y \ \& \ \exists v ([G]v \ \& \ [R_1]xv \ \& \ [R_2]vy)] \rangle$
by (rule free-thms:3[lambda]) cqt-2-lambda-inst-prover

then AOT-obtain R **where** $R\text{-def:}$ $\langle R = [\lambda xy O!x \ \& \ O!y \ \& \ \exists v ([G]v \ \& \ [R_1]xv \ \& \ [R_2]vy)] \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** blast

AOT-have 1: $\langle \exists!v (([H]v \ \& \ [R]uv)) \rangle$ **if** a: $\langle [O!]u \rangle$ **and** b: $\langle [F]u \rangle$ **for** u
proof (rule $\equiv E(2)[OF \text{ equi:1}]$)

AOT-obtain b **where**

- $b\text{-prop: } \langle [O!]b \ \& \ ([G]b \ \& \ [R_1]ub \ \& \ \forall v ([G]v \ \& \ [R_1]uv \rightarrow v =_E b)) \rangle$
- using** $\vartheta[\text{THEN} \ \& E(1), \text{THEN} \ \forall E(2), \text{THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{THEN} \rightarrow E,$
 OF a b, THEN $\equiv E(1)[OF \text{ equi:1}]$
- $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** blast

AOT-obtain c **where**

- $c\text{-prop: } \langle [O!]c \ \& \ ([H]c \ \& \ [R_2]bc \ \& \ \forall v ([H]v \ \& \ [R_2]bv \rightarrow v =_E c)) \rangle$
- using** $\xi[\text{THEN} \ \& E(1), \text{THEN} \ \forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=b], \text{THEN} \rightarrow E,$
 OF b-prop[THEN &E(1)], THEN $\rightarrow E,$
 OF b-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)],
 THEN $\equiv E(1)[OF \text{ equi:1}]$
- $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** blast

AOT-show $\langle \exists v ([H]v \ \& \ [R]uv \ \& \ \forall v' ([H]v' \ \& \ [R]uv' \rightarrow v' =_E v)) \rangle$
proof (safe intro!: &I GEN $\rightarrow I(2)[\text{where } \beta=c]$)

AOT-show $\langle O!c \rangle$ **using** c-prop &E **by** blast

next

AOT-show $\langle [H]c \rangle$ **using** c-prop &E **by** blast

next

AOT-have 0: $\langle [O!]u \ \& \ [O!]c \ \& \ \exists v ([G]v \ \& \ [R_1]uv \ \& \ [R_2]vc) \rangle$
by (safe intro!: &I a c-prop[THEN &E(1)] $\exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta=b]$
 b-prop[THEN &E(1)] b-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(1)]
 c-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)])

AOT-show $\langle [R]uc \rangle$
by (auto intro: rule=E[rotated], OF R-def[symmetric])
 intro!: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ cqt:2
 simp: &I ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3 0)

next

```

fix x
AOT-assume ordx: <O!x>
AOT-assume <[H]x & [R]ux>
AOT-hence hx: <[H]x> and <[R]ux> using &E by blast+
AOT-hence <[λxy O!x & O!y & ∃v ([G]v & [R1]xv & [R2]vy)]ux>
  using rule=E[rotated, OF R-def] by fast
AOT-hence <O!u & O!x & ∃v ([G]v & [R1]uv & [R2]vx)>
  by (rule β→C(1)[where φ=λ(κ,κ'). - κ κ' and κ1κn=(-,-), simplified])
then AOT-obtain z where z-prop: <O!z & ([G]z & [R1]uz & [R2]zx)>
  using &E ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-hence <z =E b>
  using b-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(2)[where β=z]]
  using &E →E by metis
AOT-hence <z = b>
  by (metis =E-simple:2[THEN →E])
AOT-hence <[R2]bx>
  using z-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(2)] rule=E by fast
AOT-thus <x =E c>
  using c-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(2)[where β=x],
    THEN →E, THEN →E, OF ordx]
  hx &I by blast
qed
qed
AOT-have 2: <∃!u (([F]u & [R]uv))> if a: <[O!]v> and b: <[H]v> for v
proof (rule ≡E(2)[OF equi:1])
AOT-obtain b where
  b-prop: <[O!]b & ([G]b & [R2]bv & ∀ u ([G]u & [R2]uv → u =E b))>
  using ε[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(2), THEN →E, THEN →E,
    OF a b, THEN ≡E(1)[OF equi:1]]
  ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-obtain c where
  c-prop: <[O!]c & ([F]c & [R1]cb & ∀ v ([F]v & [R1]vb → v =E c))>
  using θ[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(2)[where β=b], THEN →E,
    OF b-prop[THEN &E(1)], THEN →E,
    OF b-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)],
    THEN ≡E(1)[OF equi:1]]
  ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-show <∃ u (([F]u & [R]uv & ∀ v' ([F]v' & [R]v'v → v' =E u))>
proof (safe intro!: &I GEN →I ∃ I(2)[where β=c])
  AOT-show <O!c> using c-prop &E by blast
next
  AOT-show <[F]c> using c-prop &E by blast
next
  AOT-have <[O!]c & [O!]v & ∃ u ([G]u & [R1]cu & [R2]uv)>
  by (safe intro!: &I a ∃ I(2)[where β=b]
    c-prop[THEN &E(1)] b-prop[THEN &E(1)]
    b-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)]
    b-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)]
    c-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)])
AOT-thus <[R]cv>
  by (auto intro: rule=E[rotated, OF R-def[symmetric]]
    intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2
    simp: &I ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3)
next
  fix x
  AOT-assume ordx: <O!x>
  AOT-assume <[F]x & [R]xv>
  AOT-hence hx: <[F]x> and <[R]xv> using &E by blast+
  AOT-hence <[λxy O!x & O!y & ∃v ([G]v & [R1]xv & [R2]vy)]xv>
    using rule=E[rotated, OF R-def] by fast
  AOT-hence <O!x & O!v & ∃ u ([G]u & [R1]xu & [R2]uv)>
    by (rule β→C(1)[where φ=λ(κ,κ'). - κ κ' and κ1κn=(-,-), simplified])
  then AOT-obtain z where z-prop: <O!z & ([G]z & [R1]xz & [R2]zv)>
```

```

using &E  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle z =_E b \rangle$ 
  using b-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(2), THEN &E(2)[where  $\beta=z$ ]]
  using &E  $\rightarrow_E$  &I by metis
AOT-hence  $\langle z = b \rangle$ 
  by (metis =E-simple:2[THEN  $\rightarrow_E$ ])
AOT-hence  $\langle [R_1]xb \rangle$ 
  using z-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)] rule=E by fast
AOT-thus  $\langle x =_E c \rangle$ 
  using c-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(2), THEN &E(2)[where  $\beta=x$ ],
    THEN  $\rightarrow_E$ , THEN  $\rightarrow_E$ , OF ordx]
  hx &I by blast
qed
qed
AOT-show  $\langle F \approx_E H \rangle$ 
  apply (rule equi:3[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
  apply (rule  $\exists I(2)$ [where  $\beta=R$ ])
  by (auto intro!: 1 2 equi:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] &I cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]
    Ordinary.GEN  $\rightarrow_I$  Ordinary. $\psi$ )
qed

```

Note: not explicitly in PLM.

```

AOT-theorem eq-part:3[terms]:  $\langle \Pi \approx_E \Pi'' \rangle$  if  $\langle \Pi \approx_E \Pi' \rangle$  and  $\langle \Pi' \approx_E \Pi'' \rangle$ 
  using eq-part:3[unverify F G H, THEN  $\rightarrow_E$ ] eq-den-1 eq-den-2  $\rightarrow_I$  &I
  by (metis that(1) that(2))
declare eq-part:3[terms][trans]

```

```

AOT-theorem eq-part:4:  $\langle F \approx_E G \equiv \forall H (H \approx_E F \equiv H \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
proof(rule  $\equiv_I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow_I$ )

```

```

  AOT-assume 0:  $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 1:  $\langle G \approx_E F \rangle$  using eq-part:2[THEN  $\rightarrow_E$ ] by blast
  AOT-show  $\langle \forall H (H \approx_E F \equiv H \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
  proof (rule GEN; rule  $\equiv_I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow_I$ )
    AOT-show  $\langle H \approx_E G \rangle$  if  $\langle H \approx_E F \rangle$  for H using 0
    by (meson &I eq-part:3 that vdash-properties:6)

```

next

```

  AOT-show  $\langle H \approx_E F \rangle$  if  $\langle H \approx_E G \rangle$  for H using 1
  by (metis &I eq-part:3 that vdash-properties:6)

```

qed

next

```

  AOT-assume  $\langle \forall H (H \approx_E F \equiv H \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle F \approx_E F \equiv F \approx_E G \rangle$  using  $\forall E$  by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$  using eq-part:1  $\equiv_E$  by blast
qed

```

```

AOT-define MapsE ::  $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$  ( $\langle \cdot | : \cdot \longrightarrow E \cdot \rangle$ )
  equi-rem:1:
   $\langle R | : F \longrightarrow E G \equiv_{df} R \downarrow \& F \downarrow \& G \downarrow \& \forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]uv)) \rangle$ 

```

```

AOT-define MapsEOneToOne ::  $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$  ( $\langle \cdot | : \cdot_{1-1} \longrightarrow E \cdot \rangle$ )
  equi-rem:2:

```

```

   $\langle R | : F_{1-1} \longrightarrow E G \equiv_{df}$ 
   $R | : F \longrightarrow E G \& \forall t \forall u \forall v (([F]t \& [F]u \& [G]v) \rightarrow ([R]tv \& [R]uv \rightarrow t =_E u)) \rangle$ 

```

```

AOT-define MapsEOnto ::  $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$  ( $\langle \cdot | : \cdot \longrightarrow_{onto} E \cdot \rangle$ )
  equi-rem:3:

```

```

   $\langle R | : F \longrightarrow_{onto} E G \equiv_{df} R | : F \longrightarrow E G \& \forall v ([G]v \rightarrow \exists u ([F]u \& [R]uv)) \rangle$ 

```

```

AOT-define MapsEOneToOneOnto ::  $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$  ( $\langle \cdot | : \cdot_{1-1} \longrightarrow_{onto} E \cdot \rangle$ )
  equi-rem:4:

```

```

   $\langle R | : F_{1-1} \longrightarrow_{onto} E G \equiv_{df} R | : F_{1-1} \longrightarrow E G \& R | : F \longrightarrow_{onto} E G \rangle$ 

```

AOT-theorem equi-rem-thm:

$\langle R |: F_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow_E G \equiv R |: F_{1-1} \longrightarrow_{onto} E G \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle R |: F_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow_E G \equiv R |: [\lambda x O!x \& [F]x]_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow [\lambda x O!x \& [G]x] \rangle$
proof(safe intro!: $\equiv I \rightarrow I \& I$)
AOT-assume $\langle R |: F_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow_E G \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]uv)) \rangle$
 and $\langle \forall v ([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u ([F]u \& [R]uv)) \rangle$
 using equi:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] & E by blast+
AOT-hence a: $\langle ([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]uv)) \rangle$
 and b: $\langle ([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u ([F]u \& [R]uv)) \rangle$ for u v
 using Ordinary. $\forall E$ by fast+
AOT-have $\langle (\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x)x \rightarrow \exists !y ((\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x)y \& [R]xy) \rangle$ for x
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle \lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x \rangle$ $\langle [O!]x \& [F]x \rangle$)
 apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$])
 apply cqt:2[lambda]
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle \lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x \rangle$ $\langle [O!]x \& [G]x \rangle$ for: x)
 apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$])
 apply cqt:2[lambda]
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle O!y \& [G]y \& [R]xy \rangle$ $\langle O!y \& ([G]y \& [R]xy) \rangle$ for: y)
 apply (meson $\equiv E(6)$ Associativity of & oth-class-taut:3:a)
 apply (rule $\rightarrow I$) apply (frule & E(1)) apply (drule & E(2))
 by (fact a[unconstrain u, THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\rightarrow E$, of x])
AOT-hence A: $\langle \forall x ((\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x)x \rightarrow \exists !y ((\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x)y \& [R]xy)) \rangle$
 by (rule GEN)
AOT-have $\langle (\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x)y \rightarrow \exists !x ((\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x)x \& [R]xy) \rangle$ for y
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle \lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x \rangle$ $\langle [O!]y \& [G]y \rangle$)
 apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$])
 apply cqt:2[lambda]
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle \lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x \rangle$ $\langle [O!]x \& [F]x \rangle$ for: x)
 apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$])
 apply cqt:2[lambda]
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle O!x \& [F]x \& [R]xy \rangle$ $\langle O!x \& ([F]x \& [R]xy) \rangle$ for: x)
 apply (meson $\equiv E(6)$ Associativity of & oth-class-taut:3:a)
 apply (rule $\rightarrow I$) apply (frule & E(1)) apply (drule & E(2))
 by (fact b[unconstrain v, THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\rightarrow E$, of y])
AOT-hence B: $\langle \forall y ((\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x)y \rightarrow \exists !x ((\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x)x \& [R]xy)) \rangle$
 by (rule GEN)
AOT-show $\langle R |: [\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x]_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow [\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x] \rangle$
 by (safe intro!: 1-1-cor[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] & I
 cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] A B)
 cqt:2[lambda]+
next
AOT-assume $\langle R |: [\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x]_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow [\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x] \rangle$
AOT-hence a: $\langle ([\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x]x \rightarrow \exists !y ((\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x)y \& [R]xy)) \rangle$ and
 b: $\langle ([\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x]y \rightarrow \exists !x ((\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x)x \& [R]xy)) \rangle$ for x y
 using 1-1-cor[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] & E $\forall E(2)$ by blast+
AOT-have $\langle [F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]uv) \rangle$ for u
proof (safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume fu: $\langle [F]u \rangle$
AOT-have 0: $\langle [\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x]u \rangle$
 by (auto intro!: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ cqt:2 cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]
 Ordinary. ψ fu & I)
AOT-show $\langle \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]uv) \rangle$
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle [O!]x \& ([G]x \& [R]ux) \rangle$
 $\langle ([O!]x \& [G]x) \& [R]ux \rangle$ for: x)
 apply (simp add: Associativity of &)
 apply (AOT-subst (reverse) $\langle [O!]x \& [G]x \rangle$
 $\langle [\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x]x \rangle$ for: x)
 apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$])
 apply cqt:2[lambda]
 using a[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF 0] by blast
qed
AOT-hence A: $\langle \forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]uv)) \rangle$

```

by (rule Ordinary.GEN)
AOT-have <[G]v → ∃!u ([F]u & [R]uv)> for v
proof (safe intro!: →I)
  AOT-assume gu: <[G]v>
  AOT-have 0: <[λx [O!]x & [G]x]v>
    by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]
          Ordinary.ψ gu &I)
  AOT-show <∃!u ([F]u & [R]uv)>
    apply (AOT-subst <[O!]x & ([F]x & [R]xv)> <([O!]x & [F]x) & [R]xv> for: x)
      apply (simp add: Associativity of &)
    apply (AOT-subst (reverse) <[O!]x & [F]x><[λx [O!]x & [F]x]x> for: x)
      apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E])
      apply cqt:2[lambda]
      using b[THEN →E, OF 0] by blast
    qed
  AOT-hence B: <∀v ([G]v → ∃!u ([F]u & [R]uv))> by (rule Ordinary.GEN)
  AOT-show <R |: F 1-1↔→E G>
    by (safe intro!: equi:2[THEN ≡df I] &I A B cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])
  qed
also AOT-have <... ≡ R |: F 1-1→onto E G>
proof(safe intro!: ≡I →I &I)
  AOT-assume <R |: [λx [O!]x & [F]x] 1-1↔→ [λx [O!]x & [G]x]>
  AOT-hence a: <([λx [O!]x & [F]x]x → ∃!y ([λx [O!]x & [G]x]y & [R]xy))> and
    b: <([λx [O!]x & [G]x]y → ∃!x ([λx [O!]x & [F]x]x & [R]xy))> for x y
    using 1-1-cor[THEN ≡df E] &E ∀ E(2) by blast+
  AOT-show <R |: F 1-1→onto E G>
  proof (safe intro!: equi-rem:4[THEN ≡df I] &I equi-rem:3[THEN ≡df I]
        equi-rem:2[THEN ≡df I] equi-rem:1[THEN ≡df I]
        cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] Ordinary.GEN →I)
    fix u
    AOT-assume fu: <[F]u>
    AOT-have 0: <[λx [O!]x & [F]x]u>
      by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]
            Ordinary.ψ fu &I)
    AOT-hence 1: <∃!y ([λx [O!]x & [G]x]y & [R]uy)>
      using a[THEN →E] by blast
    AOT-show <∃!v ([G]v & [R]uv)>
      apply (AOT-subst <[O!]x & ([G]x & [R]ux)> <([O!]x & [G]x) & [R]ux> for: x)
        apply (simp add: Associativity of &)
      apply (AOT-subst (reverse) <[O!]x & [G]x> <[λx [O!]x & [G]x]x> for: x)
        apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E])
        apply cqt:2[lambda]
        by (fact 1)
    next
    fix t u v
    AOT-assume <[F]t & [F]u & [G]v> and rtv-tuv: <[R]tv & [R]uv>
    AOT-hence oft: <[λx O!x & [F]x]t> and
      ofu: <[λx O!x & [F]x]u> and
      ogv: <[λx O!x & [G]x]v>
      by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 &I
            simp: Ordinary.ψ dest: &E)
    AOT-hence <∃!x ([λx [O!]x & [F]x]x & [R]xv)>
      using b[THEN →E] by blast
    then AOT-obtain a where
      a-prop: <[λx [O!]x & [F]x]a & [R]av &
        ∀x (([λx [O!]x & [F]x]x & [R]xv) → x = a)>
      using uniqueness:1[THEN ≡df E] ∃ E[rotated] by blast
    AOT-hence ua: <u = a>
      using ofu rtv-tuv[THEN &E(2)] ∀ E(2) →E &I &E(2) by blast
    moreover AOT-have ta: <t = a>
      using a-prop oft rtv-tuv[THEN &E(1)] ∀ E(2) →E &I &E(2) by blast
    ultimately AOT-have <t = u> by (metis rule=E id-sym)
    AOT-thus <t =E u>

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using rule=E id-sym ord=Equiv:1 Ordinary.ψ ta ua →E by fast
next
fix u
AOT-assume ⟨[F]u⟩
AOT-hence ⟨[λx O!x & [F]x]u⟩
by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 &I
      simp: cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] Ordinary.ψ)
AOT-hence ⟨∃!y ([λx [O!]x & [G]x]y & [R]uy)⟩
using a[THEN →E] by blast
then AOT-obtain a where
a-prop: ⟨[λx [O!]x & [G]x]a & [R]ua &
          ∀x (([λx [O!]x & [G]x]x & [R]ux) → x = a)⟩
using uniqueness:I[THEN ≡df E] ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-have ⟨O!a & [G]a⟩
by (rule β→C(1)) (auto simp: a-prop[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)])
AOT-hence ⟨O!a⟩ and ⟨[G]a⟩ using &E by blast+
moreover AOT-have ⟨∀v ([G]v & [R]uv → v =E a)⟩
proof(safe intro!: Ordinary.GEN →I; frule &E(1); drule &E(2))
fix v
AOT-assume ⟨[G]v⟩ and ruv: ⟨[R]uv⟩
AOT-hence ⟨[λx O!x & [G]x]v⟩
by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 &I simp: Ordinary.ψ)
AOT-hence ⟨v = a⟩
using a-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(2), THEN →E, OF &I] ruv by blast
AOT-thus ⟨v =E a⟩
using rule=E ord=Equiv:1 Ordinary.ψ →E by fast
qed
ultimately AOT-have ⟨O!a & ([G]a & [R]ua & ∀v' ([G]v' & [R]uv' → v' =E a))⟩
using ∃ I &I a-prop[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)] by simp
AOT-hence ⟨∃v ([G]v & [R]uv & ∀v' ([G]v' & [R]uv' → v' =E v))⟩
by (rule ∃ I)
AOT-thus ⟨∃!v ([G]v & [R]uv)⟩
by (rule equi:I[THEN ≡E(2)])
next
fix v
AOT-assume ⟨[G]v⟩
AOT-hence ⟨[λx O!x & [G]x]v⟩
by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 &I Ordinary.ψ)
AOT-hence ⟨∃!x ([λx [O!]x & [F]x]x & [R]xv)⟩
using b[THEN →E] by blast
then AOT-obtain a where
a-prop: ⟨[λx [O!]x & [F]x]a & [R]av &
          ∀y (([λx [O!]x & [F]x]y & [R]yv → y = a)⟩
using uniqueness:I[THEN ≡df E, THEN ∃ E[rotated]] by blast
AOT-have ⟨O!a & [F]a⟩
by (rule β→C(1)) (auto simp: a-prop[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)])
AOT-hence ⟨O!a & ([F]a & [R]av)⟩
using a-prop[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)] &E &I by metis
AOT-thus ⟨∃u ([F]u & [R]uv)⟩
by (rule ∃ I)
qed
next
AOT-assume ⟨R |: F 1-1 →onto E G⟩
AOT-hence 1: ⟨R |: F 1-1 →E G⟩
and 2: ⟨R |: F →onto E G⟩
using equi-rem:4[THEN ≡df E] &E by blast+
AOT-hence 3: ⟨R |: F →E G⟩
and A: ⟨∀t ∀u ∀v ([F]t & [F]u & [G]v → ([R]tv & [R]uv → t =E u))⟩
using equi-rem:2[THEN ≡df E, OF 1] &E by blast+
AOT-hence B: ⟨∀u ([F]u → ∃!v ([G]v & [R]uv))⟩
using equi-rem:1[THEN ≡df E] &E by blast
AOT-have C: ⟨∀v ([G]v → ∃u ([F]u & [R]uv))⟩
using equi-rem:3[THEN ≡df E, OF 2] &E by blast

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AOT-show <R |:  $\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x$   $\downarrow\downarrow$   $\rightarrow$   $\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]xproof (rule 1-1-cor[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ]);
    safe intro!: &I cqt:2 GEN  $\rightarrow I$ )
fix x
AOT-assume 1: < $\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x$ x>
AOT-have < $O!x \& [F]x$ >
    by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ ) (auto simp: 1)
AOT-hence < $\exists !v ([G]v \& [R]xv)$ >
    using B[THEN  $\forall E(\beta)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] &E by blast
then AOT-obtain y where
    y-prop: < $O!y \& ([G]y \& [R]xy \& \forall u ([G]u \& [R]xu \rightarrow u =_E y))$ >
    using equi:1[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ]  $\exists E$ [rotated] by fastforce
AOT-hence < $\lambda x O!x \& [G]x$ y>
    by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 &I dest: &E)
moreover AOT-have < $\forall z ([\lambda x O!x \& [G]x]z \& [R]xz \rightarrow z = y)$ >
proof(safe intro!: GEN  $\rightarrow I$ ; frule &E(1); drule &E(2))
fix z
AOT-assume 1: < $\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x$ z>
AOT-have 2: < $O!z \& [G]z$ >
    by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ ) (auto simp: 1)
moreover AOT-assume < $[R]xz$ >
ultimately AOT-have < $z =_E y$ >
    using y-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(2), THEN  $\forall E(\beta)$ ,
        THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , rotated, OF &I] &E
    by blast
AOT-thus < $z = y$ >
    using 2[THEN &E(1)] by (metis =E-simple:2  $\rightarrow E$ )
qed
ultimately AOT-have < $\lambda x O!x \& [G]x$ y &  $[R]xy \&$ 
     $\forall z ([\lambda x O!x \& [G]x]z \& [R]xz \rightarrow z = y)$ >
using y-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)] &I by auto
AOT-hence < $\exists y ([\lambda x O!x \& [G]x]y \& [R]xy \&$ 
     $\forall z ([\lambda x O!x \& [G]x]z \& [R]xz \rightarrow z = y))$ >
by (rule  $\exists I$ )
AOT-thus < $\exists !y ([\lambda x O!]x \& [G]x)y \& [R]xy$ >
using uniqueness:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] by fast
next
fix y
AOT-assume 1: < $\lambda x [O!]x \& [G]x$ y>
AOT-have oy-gy: < $O!y \& [G]y$ >
    by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ ) (auto simp: 1)
AOT-hence < $\exists u ([F]u \& [R]uy)$ >
    using C[THEN  $\forall E(\beta)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] &E by blast
then AOT-obtain x where x-prop: < $O!x \& ([F]x \& [R]xy)$ >
    using  $\exists E$ [rotated] by blast
AOT-hence ofx: < $\lambda x O!x \& [F]x$ x>
    by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 &I dest: &E)
AOT-have < $\exists \alpha ([\lambda x O!]x \& [F]x]\alpha \& [R]\alpha y \&$ 
     $\forall \beta ([\lambda x O!]x \& [F]x]\beta \& [R]\beta y \rightarrow \beta = \alpha))$ >
proof (safe intro!:  $\exists I(2)$ [where  $\beta=x$ ] &I GEN  $\rightarrow I$ )
    AOT-show < $\lambda x O!x \& [F]x$ x> using ofx.
next
    AOT-show < $[R]xy$ > using x-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(2)].
next
    fix z
    AOT-assume 1: < $\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x$ z &  $[R]zy$ >
    AOT-have oz-fz: < $O!z \& [F]z$ >
        by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ ) (auto simp: 1[THEN &E(1)])
    AOT-have < $z =_E x$ >
        using A[THEN  $\forall E(\beta=z)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\forall E(\beta=x)$ [where  $\beta=x$ ],
            THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\forall E(\beta=y)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ,
            THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF oz-fz[THEN &E(1)],
            OF x-prop[THEN &E(1)], OF oy-gy[THEN &E(1)], OF &I, OF &I,$ 
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$\text{OF } oz\text{-}fz[\text{THEN} \& E(2)], \text{ OF } x\text{-}prop[\text{THEN} \& E(2), \text{ THEN} \& E(1)],$
 $\text{OF } oy\text{-}gy[\text{THEN} \& E(2)], \text{ OF } \& I, \text{ OF } 1[\text{THEN} \& E(2)],$
 $\text{OF } x\text{-}prop[\text{THEN} \& E(2), \text{ THEN} \& E(2)].$

AOT-thus $\langle z = x \rangle$

by (metis =E-simple:2 vdash-properties:10)

qed

AOT-thus $\langle \exists !x ([\lambda x [O!]x \& [F]x]x \& [R]xy) \rangle$

by (rule uniqueness:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])

qed

qed

finally show ?thesis.

qed

AOT-theorem empty-approx:1: $\langle (\neg \exists u [F]u \& \neg \exists v [H]v) \rightarrow F \approx_E H \rangle$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; frule &E(1); drule &E(2))

AOT-assume 0: $\langle \neg \exists u [F]u \rangle$ and 1: $\langle \neg \exists v [H]v \rangle$

AOT-have $\langle \forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([H]v \& [R]uv)) \rangle$ for R

proof(rule Ordinary.GEN; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:1)

fix u

AOT-assume $\langle [F]u \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists u [F]u \rangle$ using Ordinary. $\exists I \& I$ by fast

AOT-thus $\langle \exists u [F]u \& \neg \exists u [F]u \rangle$ using &I 0 by blast

qed

moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \forall v ([H]v \rightarrow \exists !u ([F]u \& [R]uv)) \rangle$ for R

proof(rule Ordinary.GEN; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule raa-cor:1)

fix v

AOT-assume $\langle [H]v \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists v [H]v \rangle$ using Ordinary. $\exists I \& I$ by fast

AOT-thus $\langle \exists v [H]v \& \neg \exists v [H]v \rangle$ using 1 &I by blast

qed

ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle R |: F_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow_E H \rangle$ for R

apply (safe intro!: equi:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] &I GEN cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst])

using $\forall E$ by blast+

AOT-hence $\langle \exists R R |: F_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow_E H \rangle$ by (rule $\exists I$)

AOT-thus $\langle F \approx_E H \rangle$

by (rule equi:3[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])

qed

AOT-theorem empty-approx:2: $\langle (\exists u [F]u \& \neg \exists v [H]v) \rightarrow \neg(F \approx_E H) \rangle$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; frule &E(1); drule &E(2); rule raa-cor:2)

AOT-assume 1: $\langle \exists u [F]u \rangle$ and 2: $\langle \neg \exists v [H]v \rangle$

AOT-obtain b where b-prop: $\langle O!b \& [F]b \rangle$

using 1 $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast

AOT-assume $\langle F \approx_E H \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists R R |: F_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow_E H \rangle$

by (rule equi:3[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$])

then **AOT-obtain** R where $\langle R |: F_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow_E H \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast

AOT-hence $\vartheta: \langle \forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([H]v \& [R]uv)) \rangle$

using equi:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] &E by blast+

AOT-have $\langle \exists !v ([H]v \& [R]bv) \rangle$ for u

using $\vartheta[\text{THEN } \forall E(2)[\text{where } \beta=b], \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E, \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E]$,

OF b-prop[THEN &E(1)], OF b-prop[THEN &E(2)].

AOT-hence $\langle \exists v ([H]v \& [R]bv \& \forall u ([H]u \& [R]bu \rightarrow u =_E v)) \rangle$

by (rule equi:1[THEN $\equiv E(1)$])

then **AOT-obtain** x where $\langle O!x \& ([H]x \& [R]bx \& \forall u ([H]u \& [R]bu \rightarrow u =_E x)) \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast

AOT-hence $\langle O!x \& [H]x \rangle$ using &E &I by blast

AOT-hence $\langle \exists v [H]v \rangle$ by (rule $\exists I$)

AOT-thus $\langle \exists v [H]v \& \neg \exists v [H]v \rangle$ using 2 &I by blast

qed

AOT-define $FminusU :: \langle \Pi \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \Pi \rangle (\langle \cdot \dashv \cdot \rangle)$

$F-u: \langle [F]^{-x} =_{df} [\lambda z [F]z \& z \neq_E x] \rangle$

Note: not explicitly in PLM.

AOT-theorem $F-u[den]: \langle [F]^{-x} \downarrow \rangle$

by (rule $=_{df} I(1)[OF F-u, \text{where } \tau_1\tau_n=(-,-), \text{simplified}; cqt:2[\text{lambda}]]$)

AOT-theorem $F-u[equiv]: \langle [[F]^{-x}]y \equiv ([F]y \& y \neq_E x) \rangle$

by (auto intro: $F-u[THEN =_{df} I(1), \text{where } \tau_1\tau_n=(-,-), \text{simplified}]$)

intro!: $cqt:2 \text{ beta-C-cor:2}[THEN \rightarrow E, THEN \forall E(2)]$)

AOT-theorem $eqP': \langle F \approx_E G \& [F]u \& [G]v \rightarrow [F]^{-u} \approx_E [G]^{-v} \rangle$

proof (rule $\rightarrow I; frule \& E(2); drule \& E(1); frule \& E(2); drule \& E(1)$)

AOT-assume $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists R R |: F \dashv \dashv_E G \rangle$

using equi:3[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$] by blast

then **AOT-obtain** R where $R\text{-prop}: \langle R |: F \dashv \dashv_E G \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast

AOT-hence $A: \langle \forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]uv)) \rangle$

and $B: \langle \forall v ([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u ([F]u \& [R]uv)) \rangle$

using equi:2[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$] & E by blast +

AOT-have $\langle R |: F \dashv \dashv_{onto} E G \rangle$

using equi-rem-thm[$THEN \equiv E(1)$, OF $R\text{-prop}$].

AOT-hence $\langle R |: F \dashv \dashv_E G \& R |: F \dashv \dashv_{onto} E G \rangle$

using equi-rem:4[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$] by blast

AOT-hence $C: \langle \forall t \forall u \forall v (([F]t \& [F]u \& [G]v) \rightarrow ([R]tv \& [R]uv \rightarrow t =_E u)) \rangle$

using equi-rem:2[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$] & E by blast

AOT-assume $fu: \langle [F]u \rangle$

AOT-assume $gv: \langle [G]v \rangle$

AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z [\Pi]z \& z \neq_E \kappa] \downarrow \text{for } \Pi \kappa$

by $cqt:2[\text{lambda}]$

note $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa I = \text{rule-id-df:2:b}[2]$ [

where $\tau = \langle (\lambda(\Pi, \kappa). \langle [\Pi]^{-\kappa} \rangle), \text{simplified}, OF F-u, simplified, OF this \rangle$

and $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa E = \text{rule-id-df:2:a}[2]$ [

where $\tau = \langle (\lambda(\Pi, \kappa). \langle [\Pi]^{-\kappa} \rangle), \text{simplified}, OF F-u, simplified, OF this \rangle$

AOT-have $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa\text{-den}: \langle [\Pi]^{-\kappa} \downarrow \text{for } \Pi \kappa$

by (rule $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa I$) $cqt:2[\text{lambda}]$ +

{

fix R

AOT-assume $R\text{-prop}: \langle R |: F \dashv \dashv_E G \rangle$

AOT-hence $A: \langle \forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]uv)) \rangle$

and $B: \langle \forall v ([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u ([F]u \& [R]uv)) \rangle$

using equi:2[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$] & E by blast +

AOT-have $\langle R |: F \dashv \dashv_{onto} E G \rangle$

using equi-rem-thm[$THEN \equiv E(1)$, OF $R\text{-prop}$].

AOT-hence $\langle R |: F \dashv \dashv_E G \& R |: F \dashv \dashv_{onto} E G \rangle$

using equi-rem:4[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$] by blast

AOT-hence $C: \langle \forall t \forall u \forall v (([F]t \& [F]u \& [G]v) \rightarrow ([R]tv \& [R]uv \rightarrow t =_E u)) \rangle$

using equi-rem:2[$THEN \equiv_{df} E$] & E by blast

AOT-assume $Ruv: \langle [R]uv \rangle$

AOT-have $\langle R |: [F]^{-u} \dashv \dashv_E [G]^{-v} \rangle$

proof(safe intro!: equi:2[$THEN \equiv_{df} I$] & I $cqt:2[\text{const-var}][\text{axiom-inst}]$

$\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa\text{-den Ordinary.GEN} \rightarrow I$)

fix u'

AOT-assume $\langle [F]^{-u}u' \rangle$

AOT-hence $0: \langle [\lambda z [F]z \& z \neq_E u]u' \rangle$

using $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa E$ by fast

AOT-have $0: \langle [F]u' \& u' \neq_E u \rangle$

by (rule $\beta \rightarrow C(1)[\text{where } \kappa_1\kappa_n = \text{AOT-term-of-var}(\text{Ordinary.Rep } u')]$) (fact 0)

AOT-have $\langle \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]u'v) \rangle$

using $A[THEN \text{Ordinary.}\forall E[\text{where } \alpha=u'], THEN \rightarrow E, OF 0[THEN \& E(1)]]$.

then **AOT-obtain** v' where

$v'\text{-prop}: \langle [G]v' \& [R]u'v' \& \forall t ([G]t \& [R]u't \rightarrow t =_E v') \rangle$

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using equi:1[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by fastforce

AOT-show  $\langle \exists !v' ([G]^{-v} v' \& [R]u'v') \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!: equi:1[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] Ordinary. $\exists I[\text{where } \beta=v']$ 
    &  $I$  Ordinary.GEN  $\rightarrow I$ )
AOT-show  $\langle [G]^{-v} v' \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa I$ ;
    safe intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 &  $I$  thm-neg= $E[\text{THEN } \equiv E(2)]$ )
AOT-show  $\langle [G]v' \rangle$  using  $v'\text{-prop}$  &  $E$  by blast
next
AOT-show  $\langle \neg v' =_E v \rangle$ 
proof (rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume  $\langle v' =_E v \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle v' = v \rangle$  by (metis =E-simple:2  $\rightarrow E$ )
AOT-hence  $Ruv' : \langle [R]uv' \rangle$  using rule= $E$  Ruu id-sym by fast
AOT-have  $\langle u' =_E u \rangle$ 
    by (rule C[THEN Ordinary. $\forall E$ , THEN Ordinary. $\forall E$ ,
        THEN Ordinary. $\forall E[\text{where } \alpha=v']$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])
    (safe intro!: &  $I$  0[THEN &  $E(1)$ ] fu
         $v'\text{-prop}$ [THEN &  $E(1)$ , THEN &  $E(1)$ ]
         $Ruv' v'\text{-prop}$ [THEN &  $E(1)$ , THEN &  $E(2)$ ])
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg(u' =_E u) \rangle$ 
    using 0 &  $E(2)$   $\equiv E(1)$  thm-neg= $E$  by blast
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle u' =_E u \& \neg u' =_E u \rangle$  using &  $I$  by blast
qed
qed
next
AOT-show  $\langle [R]u'v' \rangle$  using  $v'\text{-prop}$  &  $E$  by blast
next
fix t
AOT-assume t-prop:  $\langle [G]^{-v} t \& [R]u't \rangle$ 
AOT-have gt-t-noteq-v:  $\langle [G]t \& t \neq_E v \rangle$ 
    apply (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)[\text{where } \kappa_1\kappa_n = AOT\text{-term-of-var} (\text{Ordinary.Rep } t)]$ )
    apply (rule  $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa E$ )
    by (fact t-prop[THEN &  $E(1)$ ])
AOT-show  $\langle t =_E v' \rangle$ 
    using  $v'\text{-prop}$ [THEN &  $E(2)$ , THEN Ordinary. $\forall E$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ,
        OF &  $I$ , OF gt-t-noteq-v[THEN &  $E(1)$ ],
        OF t-prop[THEN &  $E(2)$ ]].
qed
next
fix v'
AOT-assume G-minus-v-v':  $\langle [G]^{-v} v' \rangle$ 
AOT-have gt-t-noteq-v:  $\langle [G]v' \& v' \neq_E v \rangle$ 
    apply (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)[\text{where } \kappa_1\kappa_n = AOT\text{-term-of-var} (\text{Ordinary.Rep } v')]$ )
    apply (rule  $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa E$ )
    by (fact G-minus-v-v')
AOT-have  $\langle \exists !u ([F]u \& [R]uv') \rangle$ 
    using B[THEN Ordinary. $\forall E$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF gt-t-noteq-v[THEN &  $E(1)$ ]].
then AOT-obtain u' where
    u'-prop:  $\langle [F]u' \& [R]u'v' \& \forall t ([F]t \& [R]tv' \rightarrow t =_E u') \rangle$ 
    using equi:1[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by fastforce
AOT-show  $\langle \exists !u' ([F]^{-u} u' \& [R]u'v') \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!: equi:1[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] Ordinary. $\exists I[\text{where } \beta=u']$  &  $I$ 
    u'-prop[THEN &  $E(1)$ , THEN &  $E(2)$ ] Ordinary.GEN  $\rightarrow I$ )
AOT-show  $\langle [F]^{-u} u' \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa I$ ;
    safe intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 &  $I$  thm-neg= $E[\text{THEN } \equiv E(2)]$ 
    u'-prop[THEN &  $E(1)$ , THEN &  $E(1)$ ]; rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume u'-eq-u:  $\langle u' =_E u \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle u' = u \rangle$ 
    using =E-simple:2 vdash-properties:10 by blast
AOT-hence  $Ru'v' : \langle [R]u'v' \rangle$  using rule= $E$  Ruu id-sym by fast

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AOT-have $\langle v' \neq_E v \rangle$
 using &E(2) *gt-t-noteq-v* by *blast*
AOT-hence $v' \text{-noteq-} v : \langle \neg(v' =_E v) \rangle$ by (*metis* $\equiv E(1)$ *thm-neg=E*)
AOT-have $\langle \exists u ([G]u \& [R]u'u \& \forall v ([G]v \& [R]u'v \rightarrow v =_E u)) \rangle$
 using *A[THEN Ordinary.* $\forall E$, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$,
OF u' -*prop*[*THEN* & *E(1)*, *THEN* & *E(1)*],
THEN equi:I[*THEN* $\equiv E(1)$]].
then AOT-obtain t where
t-prop: $\langle [G]t \& [R]u't \& \forall v ([G]v \& [R]u'v \rightarrow v =_E t) \rangle$
 using *Ordinary.* $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *meson*
AOT-have $\langle v =_E t \rangle$ if $\langle [G]v \rangle$ and $\langle [R]u'v \rangle$ for v
 using *t-prop*[*THEN* & *E(2)*, *THEN Ordinary.* $\forall E$, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$,
OF & *I*, *OF that*].
AOT-hence $\langle v' =_E t \rangle$ and $\langle v =_E t \rangle$
 by (*auto simp*: *gt-t-noteq-v*[*THEN* & *E(1)*] *Ru'v gv*
u'-prop[*THEN* & *E(1)*, *THEN* & *E(2)*])
AOT-hence $\langle v' =_E v \rangle$
 using *rule=E* = *E-simple:2 id-sym* $\rightarrow E$ by *fast*
AOT-thus $\langle v' =_E v \& \neg v' =_E v \rangle$
 using *v'-noteq-v* & *I* by *blast*
qed
next
fix t
AOT-assume $0: \langle [[F]]^{-u}t \& [R]tv' \rangle$
moreover AOT-have $\langle [F]t \& t \neq_E u \rangle$
apply (*rule* $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ [*where* $\kappa_1 \kappa_n = AOT\text{-term-of-var}$ (*Ordinary.Rep t*)])
apply (*rule* $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa E$)
by (*fact* 0 [*THEN* & *E(1)*])
ultimately AOT-show $\langle t =_E u' \rangle$
using *u'-prop*[*THEN* & *E(2)*, *THEN Ordinary.* $\forall E$, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF* & *I*]
& *E* by *blast*
qed
qed
AOT-hence $\langle \exists R R : [F]^{-u} \underset{1-1}{\longleftrightarrow} [G]^{-v} \rangle$
by (*rule* $\exists I$)
} note 1 = *this*
moreover {
AOT-assume *not-Ruv*: $\neg[R]uv$
AOT-have $\langle \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]uv) \rangle$
using *A[THEN Ordinary.* $\forall E$, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF fu*].
then AOT-obtain b where
b-prop: $\langle O!b \& ([G]b \& [R]ub \& \forall t ([G]t \& [R]ut \rightarrow t =_E b)) \rangle$
using *equi:I*[*THEN* $\equiv E(1)$] $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *fastforce*
AOT-hence *ob*: $\langle O!b \rangle$ and *gb*: $\langle [G]b \rangle$ and *Rub*: $\langle [R]ub \rangle$
using &*E* by *blast+*
AOT-have $\langle O!t \rightarrow ([G]t \& [R]ut \rightarrow t =_E b) \rangle$ for t
using *b-prop* & *E(2)* $\forall E(2)$ by *blast*
AOT-hence *b-unique*: $\langle t =_E b \rangle$ if $\langle O!t \rangle$ and $\langle [G]t \rangle$ and $\langle [R]ut \rangle$ for t
by (*metis Adjunction modus-tollens:1 reductio-aa:1 that*)
AOT-have *not-v-eq-b*: $\langle \neg(v =_E b) \rangle$
proof(*rule raa-cor:2*)
AOT-assume $\langle v =_E b \rangle$
AOT-hence $0: \langle v = b \rangle$
by (*metis* = *E-simple:2* $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-have $\langle [R]uv \rangle$
using *b-prop*[*THEN* & *E(2)*, *THEN* & *E(1)*, *THEN* & *E(2)*]
rule=E[*rotated*, *OF 0[symmetric]*] by *fast*
AOT-thus $\langle [R]uv \& \neg[R]uv \rangle$
using *not-Ruv* & *I* by *blast*
qed
AOT-have *not-b-eq-v*: $\langle \neg(b =_E v) \rangle$
using *modus-tollens:1 not-v-eq-b ord=Equiv:2* by *blast*
AOT-have $\langle \exists !u ([F]u \& [R]uv) \rangle$

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using  $B[THEN Ordinary.\forall E, THEN \rightarrow E, OF gv]$ .
then AOT-obtain  $a$  where
   $a\text{-prop}: \langle O!a \& ([F]a \& [R]av \& \forall t([F]t \& [R]tv \rightarrow t =_E a)) \rangle$ 
  using  $\text{equi:1}[THEN \equiv E(1)] \exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by  $\text{fastforce}$ 
AOT-hence  $Oa: \langle O!a \rangle$  and  $fa: \langle [F]a \rangle$  and  $Rav: \langle [R]av \rangle$ 
  using  $\&E$  by  $\text{blast+}$ 
AOT-have  $\langle O!t \rightarrow ([F]t \& [R]tv \rightarrow t =_E a) \rangle$  for  $t$ 
  using  $a\text{-prop} \& E$   $\forall E(2)$  by  $\text{blast}$ 
AOT-hence  $a\text{-unique}: \langle t =_E a \rangle$  if  $\langle O!t \rangle$  and  $\langle [F]t \rangle$  and  $\langle [R]tv \rangle$  for  $t$ 
  by ( $\text{metis Adjunction modus-tollens:1 reductio-aa:1 that}$ )
AOT-have  $\text{not-}u\text{-eq-}a: \langle \neg(u =_E a) \rangle$ 
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume  $\langle u =_E a \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $0: \langle u = a \rangle$ 
    by ( $\text{metis }=E\text{-simple:2 } \rightarrow E$ )
  AOT-have  $\langle [R]uv \rangle$ 
    using  $a\text{-prop}[THEN \& E(2), THEN \& E(1), THEN \& E(2)]$ 
    rule= $E[\text{rotated}, OF 0[\text{symmetric}]]$  by  $\text{fast}$ 
  AOT-thus  $\langle [R]uv \& \neg[R]uv \rangle$ 
    using  $\text{not-}Ruv \& I$  by  $\text{blast}$ 
qed
AOT-have  $\text{not-}a\text{-eq-}u: \langle \neg(a =_E u) \rangle$ 
  using  $\text{modus-tollens:1 not-}u\text{-eq-}a$   $\text{ord}=E\text{equiv:2}$  by  $\text{blast}$ 
let  $?R = \langle\langle [\lambda u'v' (u' \neq_E u \& v' \neq_E v \& [R]u'v') \vee (u' =_E a \& v' =_E b) \vee (u' =_E u \& v' =_E v) ]\rangle\rangle$ 
AOT-have  $\langle \langle ?R \rangle \rangle \downarrow$  by  $cqt:2[\text{lambda}]$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists \beta \beta = \langle \langle ?R \rangle \rangle \rangle$ 
  using  $\text{free-thms:1 } \equiv E(1)$  by  $\text{fast}$ 
then AOT-obtain  $R_1$  where  $R_1\text{-def}: \langle R_1 = \langle \langle ?R \rangle \rangle \rangle$ 
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by  $\text{blast}$ 
AOT-have  $Rxy1: \langle [R]xy \rangle$  if  $\langle [R_1]xy \rangle$  and  $\langle x \neq_E u \rangle$  and  $\langle x \neq_E a \rangle$  for  $x y$ 
proof –
  AOT-have  $0: \langle \langle ?R \rangle \rangle xy$ 
    by ( $\text{rule rule=E}[\text{rotated}, OF R_1\text{-def}]$ ) ( $\text{fact that}(1)$ )
  AOT-have  $\langle (x \neq_E u \& y \neq_E v \& [R]xy) \vee (x =_E a \& y =_E b) \vee (x =_E u \& y =_E v) \rangle$ 
    using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)[OF 0]$  by  $\text{simp}$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle x \neq_E u \& y \neq_E v \& [R]xy \rangle$  using  $\text{that}(2,3)$ 
    by ( $\text{metis } \vee E(3)$   $\text{Conjunction Simplification}(1) \equiv E(1)$ 
       $\text{modus-tollens:1 thm-neg=}E$ )
  AOT-thus  $\langle [R]xy \rangle$  using  $\&E$  by  $\text{blast+}$ 
qed
AOT-have  $Rxy2: \langle [R]xy \rangle$  if  $\langle [R_1]xy \rangle$  and  $\langle y \neq_E v \rangle$  and  $\langle y \neq_E b \rangle$  for  $x y$ 
proof –
  AOT-have  $0: \langle \langle ?R \rangle \rangle xy$ 
    by ( $\text{rule rule=E}[\text{rotated}, OF R_1\text{-def}]$ ) ( $\text{fact that}(1)$ )
  AOT-have  $\langle (x \neq_E u \& y \neq_E v \& [R]xy) \vee (x =_E a \& y =_E b) \vee (x =_E u \& y =_E v) \rangle$ 
    using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)[OF 0]$  by  $\text{simp}$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle x \neq_E u \& y \neq_E v \& [R]xy \rangle$ 
    using  $\text{that}(2,3)$ 
    by ( $\text{metis } \vee E(3)$   $\text{Conjunction Simplification}(2) \equiv E(1)$ 
       $\text{modus-tollens:1 thm-neg=}E$ )
  AOT-thus  $\langle [R]xy \rangle$  using  $\&E$  by  $\text{blast+}$ 
qed
AOT-have  $R_1xy: \langle [R_1]xy \rangle$  if  $\langle [R]xy \rangle$  and  $\langle x \neq_E u \rangle$  and  $\langle y \neq_E v \rangle$  for  $x y$ 
  by ( $\text{rule rule=E}[\text{rotated}, OF R_1\text{-def}[\text{symmetric}]]$ )
    ( $\text{auto intro!: } \beta \leftarrow C(1) cqt:2$ 
       $\text{simp: } \&I \text{ ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3 that } \vee I(1)$ )
AOT-have  $R_1ab: \langle [R_1]ab \rangle$ 
  apply ( $\text{rule rule=E}[\text{rotated}, OF R_1\text{-def}[\text{symmetric}]]$ )
  apply ( $\text{safe intro!: } \beta \leftarrow C(1) cqt:2 \text{ prod-denotesI } \&I$ )
  by ( $\text{meson a-prop b-prop } \& I \& E(1) \vee I(1) \vee I(2)$   $\text{ord}=E\text{quiv:1 } \rightarrow E$ )
AOT-have  $R_1uv: \langle [R_1]uv \rangle$ 

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apply (rule rule=E[rotated], OF R1-def[symmetric]])
apply (safe intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 prod-denotesI &I)
by (meson &I ∨I(2) ord=Equiv:1 Ordinary.ψ →E)
moreover AOT-have ⟨R1 |: F1-1↔E G⟩
proof (safe intro!: equi:2[THEN ≡df I] &I cqt:2 Ordinary.GEN →I)
  fix u'
  AOT-assume fu': ⟨[F]u'⟩
  {
    AOT-assume not-u'-eq-u: ⟨¬(u' =E u)⟩ and not-u'-eq-a: ⟨¬(u' =E a)⟩
    AOT-hence u'-noteq-u: ⟨u' ≠E u⟩ and u'-noteq-a: ⟨u' ≠E a⟩
      by (metis ≡E(2) thm-neg=E)+
    AOT-have ⟨∃!v ([G]v & [R]u'v)⟩
      using A[THEN Ordinary.∀ E, THEN →E, OF fu'].
    AOT-hence ⟨∃ v ([G]v & [R]u'v & ∀ t ([G]t & [R]u't → t =E v))⟩
      using equi:1[THEN ≡E(1)] by simp
    then AOT-obtain v' where
      v'-prop: ⟨[G]v' & [R]u'v' & ∀ t ([G]t & [R]u't → t =E v')⟩
      using Ordinary.∃ E[rotated] by meson
    AOT-hence gv': ⟨[G]v'⟩ and Ru'v': ⟨[R]u'v'⟩
      using &E by blast+
    AOT-have not-v'-eq-v: ⟨¬v' =E v⟩
    proof (rule raa-cor:2)
      AOT-assume ⟨v' =E v⟩
      AOT-hence ⟨v' = v⟩
        by (metis =E-simple:2 →E)
      AOT-hence Ru'v: ⟨[R]u'v⟩
        using rule=E Ru'v' by fast
      AOT-have ⟨u' =E a⟩
        using a-unique[OF Ordinary.ψ, OF fu', OF Ru'v].
      AOT-thus ⟨u' =E a & ¬u' =E a⟩
        using not-u'-eq-a &I by blast
    qed
    AOT-hence v'-noteq-v: ⟨v' ≠E v⟩
      using ≡E(2) thm-neg=E by blast
    AOT-have ⟨∀ t ([G]t & [R]u't → t =E v')⟩
      using v'-prop &E by blast
    AOT-hence ⟨[G]t & [R]u't → t =E v'⟩ for t
      using Ordinary.∀ E by meson
    AOT-hence v'-unique: ⟨t =E v'⟩ if ⟨[G]t⟩ and ⟨[R]u't⟩ for t
      by (metis &I that →E)

    AOT-have ⟨[G]v' & [R1]u'v' & ∀ t ([G]t & [R1]u't → t =E v')⟩
    proof (safe intro!: &I gv' R1xy Ru'v' u'-noteq-u u'-noteq-a →I
      Ordinary.GEN thm-neg=E[THEN ≡E(2)] not-v'-eq-v)
      fix t
      AOT-assume 1: ⟨[G]t & [R1]u't⟩
      AOT-have ⟨[R]u't⟩
        using RxyI[OF 1[THEN &E(2)], OF u'-noteq-u, OF u'-noteq-a].
      AOT-thus ⟨t =E v'⟩
        using v'-unique 1[THEN &E(1)] by blast
    qed
    AOT-hence ⟨∃ v ([G]v & [R1]u'v & ∀ t ([G]t & [R1]u't → t =E v))⟩
      by (rule Ordinary.∃ I)
    AOT-hence ⟨∃!v ([G]v & [R1]u'v)⟩
      by (rule equi:1[THEN ≡E(2)])
  }
  moreover {
    AOT-assume θ: ⟨u' =E u⟩
    AOT-hence u'-eq-u: ⟨u' = u⟩
      using =E-simple:2 →E by blast
    AOT-have ⟨∃!v ([G]v & [R1]u'v)⟩
    proof (safe intro!: equi:1[THEN ≡E(2)] Ordinary.∃ I[where β=v]
      &I Ordinary.GEN →I gv)
  
```

```

AOT-show <[R1]u'v>
  apply (rule rule=E[rotated, OF R1-def[symmetric]])
  apply (safe intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 &I prod-denotesI)
  by (safe intro!: ∃I(2) &I 0 ord=Equiv:1[THEN →E, OF Ordinary.ψ])
next
  fix v'
  AOT-assume <[G]v' & [R1]u'v'>
  AOT-hence 0: <[R1]uv'>
    using rule=E[rotated, OF u'-eq-u] &E(2) by fast
  AOT-have 1: <[«?R»]uv'
    by (rule rule=E[rotated, OF R1-def]) (fact 0)
  AOT-have 2: <(u ≠E u & v' ≠E v & [R]uv') ∨
    (u =E a & v' =E b) ∨
    (u =E u & v' =E v)>
    using β→C(1)[OF 1] by simp
  AOT-have <¬u ≠E u>
    using ≡E(4) modus-tollens:1 ord=Equiv:1 Ordinary.ψ
      reductio-aa:2 thm-neg=E by blast
  AOT-hence <¬(u ≠E u & v' ≠E v & [R]uv') ∨ (u =E a & v' =E b)>
    using not-u-eq-a
    by (metis ∨E(2) Conjunction Simplification(1)
      modus-tollens:1 reductio-aa:1)
  AOT-hence <(u =E u & v' =E v)>
    using 2 by (metis ∨E(2))
  AOT-thus <v' =E v>
    using &E by blast
qed
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume 0: <u' =E a>
  AOT-hence u'-eq-a: <u' = a>
    using =E-simple:2 →E by blast
  AOT-have ∃!v ([G]v & [R1]u'v)>
  proof (safe intro!: equi:I[THEN ≡E(2)] ∃I(2)[where β=b] &I
    Ordinary.GEN →I b-prop[THEN &E(1)]
    b-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)])
  AOT-show <[R1]u'b>
    apply (rule rule=E[rotated, OF R1-def[symmetric]])
    apply (safe intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 &I prod-denotesI)
    apply (rule ∨I(1); rule ∨I(2); rule &I)
    apply (fact 0)
    using b-prop &E(1) ord=Equiv:1 →E by blast
next
  fix v'
  AOT-assume gv'-R1u'v': <[G]v' & [R1]u'v'>
  AOT-hence 0: <[R1]av'>
    using u'-eq-a by (meson rule=E &E(2))
  AOT-have 1: <[«?R»]av'
    by (rule rule=E[rotated, OF R1-def]) (fact 0)
  AOT-have <(a ≠E u & v' ≠E v & [R]av') ∨
    (a =E a & v' =E b) ∨
    (a =E u & v' =E v)>
    using β→C(1)[OF 1] by simp
moreover {
  AOT-assume 0: <a ≠E u & v' ≠E v & [R]av'>
  AOT-have ∃!v ([G]v & [R]u'v)
    using A[THEN Ordinary.∀ E, THEN →E, OF fu].
  AOT-hence ∃!v ([G]v & [R]av)
    using u'-eq-a rule=E by fast
  AOT-hence ∃v ([G]v & [R]av & ∀ t ([G]t & [R]at → t =E v)))
    using equi:I[THEN ≡E(1)] by fast
  then AOT-obtain s where
    s-prop: <[G]s & [R]as & ∀ t ([G]t & [R]at → t =E s)>

```

```

    using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
AOT-have  $\langle v' =_E s \rangle$ 
    using s-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN Ordinary. $\forall E$ ]
        gv'-R1u' $v'$ [THEN &E(1)] 0[THEN &E(2)]
    by (metis &I vdash-properties:10)
moreover AOT-have  $\langle v =_E s \rangle$ 
    using s-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN Ordinary. $\forall E$ ] gv Rav
    by (metis &I  $\rightarrow E$ )
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle v' =_E v \rangle$ 
    by (metis &I ord=Equiv:2 ord=Equiv:3  $\rightarrow E$ )
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg(v' =_E v) \rangle$ 
    using 0[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)]
    by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$  thm-neg=E)
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle v' =_E b \rangle$ 
    by (metis raa-cor:3)
}
moreover {
    AOT-assume  $\langle a =_E u \& v' =_E v \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle v' =_E b \rangle$ 
        by (metis &E(1) not-a-eq-u reductio-aa:1)
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle v' =_E b \rangle$ 
    by (metis &E(2)  $\vee E(3)$  reductio-aa:1)
qed
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \exists !v ([G]v \& [R_1]u'v) \rangle$ 
    by (metis raa-cor:1)
next
fix  $v'$ 
AOT-assume gv':  $\langle [G]v' \rangle$ 
{
    AOT-assume not-v'-eq-v:  $\langle \neg(v' =_E v) \rangle$ 
        and not-v'-eq-b:  $\langle \neg(v' =_E b) \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence v'-noteq-v:  $\langle v' \neq_E v \rangle$ 
        and v'-noteq-b:  $\langle v' \neq_E b \rangle$ 
        by (metis  $\equiv E(2)$  thm-neg=E) +
    AOT-have  $\langle \exists !u ([F]u \& [R]uv') \rangle$ 
        using B[THEN Ordinary. $\forall E$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF gv'].
    AOT-hence  $\langle \exists u ([F]u \& [R]uv' \& \forall t ([F]t \& [R]tv' \rightarrow t =_E u)) \rangle$ 
        using equi:1[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by simp
then AOT-obtain  $u'$  where
    u'-prop:  $\langle [F]u' \& [R]u'v' \& \forall t ([F]t \& [R]tv' \rightarrow t =_E u') \rangle$ 
    using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
AOT-hence fu':  $\langle [F]u' \rangle$  and Ru'v':  $\langle [R]u'v' \rangle$ 
    using &E by blast+
AOT-have not-u'-eq-u:  $\langle \neg u' =_E u \rangle$ 
proof (rule raa-cor:2)
    AOT-assume  $\langle u' =_E u \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle u' = u \rangle$ 
        by (metis  $= E\text{-simple}:2 \rightarrow E$ )
    AOT-hence Ruv':  $\langle [R]uv' \rangle$ 
        using rule=E Ru'v' by fast
    AOT-have  $\langle v' =_E b \rangle$ 
        using b-unique[OF Ordinary. $\psi$ , OF gv', OF Ruv'].
    AOT-thus  $\langle v' =_E b \& \neg v' =_E b \rangle$ 
        using not-v'-eq-b &I by blast
qed
AOT-hence u'-noteq-u:  $\langle u' \neq_E u \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv E(2)$  thm-neg=E by blast
AOT-have  $\langle \forall t ([F]t \& [R]tv' \rightarrow t =_E u') \rangle$ 
    using u'-prop &E by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle [F]t \& [R]tv' \rightarrow t =_E u' \rangle$  for t
    using Ordinary. $\forall E$  by meson

```

AOT-hence u' -unique: $\langle t =_E u' \rangle$ if $\langle [F]t \rangle$ and $\langle [R]tv' \rangle$ for t
by (metis & I that $\rightarrow E$)

AOT-have $\langle [F]u' \& [R_1]u'v' \& \forall t ([F]t \& [R_1]tv' \rightarrow t =_E u') \rangle$
proof (safe intro!: &I gv' R₁xy Ru'v' u'-noteq-u Ordinary.GEN $\rightarrow I$
thm-neg=E[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] not-v'-eq-v fu')
fix t
AOT-assume 1: $\langle [F]t \& [R_1]tv' \rangle$
AOT-have $\langle [R]tv' \rangle$
using Rxy2[OF 1[THEN & E(2)], OF v'-noteq-v, OF v'-noteq-b].
AOT-thus $\langle t =_E u' \rangle$
using u'-unique 1[THEN & E(1)] by blast
qed

AOT-hence $\exists u (\langle [F]u \& [R_1]uv' \& \forall t ([F]t \& [R_1]tv' \rightarrow t =_E u) \rangle)$
by (rule Ordinary.∃ I)
AOT-hence $\exists !u (\langle [F]u \& [R_1]uv' \rangle)$
by (rule equi:I[THEN $\equiv E(2)$])
}
moreover {
AOT-assume 0: $\langle v' =_E v \rangle$
AOT-hence u' -eq-u: $\langle v' = v \rangle$
using =E-simple:2 $\rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-have $\langle \exists !u (\langle [F]u \& [R_1]uv' \rangle)$
proof (safe intro!: equi:I[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] Ordinary.∃ I[where β=u]
&I Ordinary.GEN $\rightarrow I$ fu)
AOT-show $\langle [R_1]uv' \rangle$
by (rule rule=E[rotated, OF R₁-def[symmetric]])
(safe intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 &I prod-denotesI Ordinary.ψ
 $\vee I(2)$ 0 ord=Equiv:I[THEN $\rightarrow E$])
next
fix u'
AOT-assume $\langle [F]u' \& [R_1]u'v' \rangle$
AOT-hence 0: $\langle [R_1]u'v' \rangle$
using rule=E[rotated, OF u'-eq-u] &E(2) by fast
AOT-have 1: $\langle [\langle ?R \rangle]u'v' \rangle$
by (rule rule=E[rotated, OF R₁-def]) (fact 0)
AOT-have 2: $\langle (u' \neq_E u \& v \neq_E v \& [R]u'v') \vee$
 $(u' =_E a \& v =_E b) \vee$
 $(u' =_E u \& v =_E v) \rangle$
using β→C(1)[OF 1, simplified] by simp
AOT-have $\langle \neg v \neq_E v \rangle$
using ≡E(4) modus-tollens:1 ord=Equiv:1 Ordinary.ψ
reductio-aa:2 thm-neg=E by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \neg((u' \neq_E u \& v \neq_E v \& [R]u'v') \vee (u' =_E a \& v =_E b)) \rangle$
by (metis &E(1) &E(2) ∨E(3) not-v-eq-b raa-cor:3)
AOT-hence $\langle (u' =_E u \& v =_E v) \rangle$
using 2 by (metis ∨E(2))
AOT-thus $\langle u' =_E u \rangle$
using &E by blast
qed
}
moreover {
AOT-assume 0: $\langle v' =_E b \rangle$
AOT-hence v'-eq-b: $\langle v' = b \rangle$
using =E-simple:2 $\rightarrow E$ by blast
AOT-have $\langle \exists !u (\langle [F]u \& [R_1]uv' \rangle)$
proof (safe intro!: equi:I[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] ∃ I(2)[where β=a] &I
Ordinary.GEN $\rightarrow I$ b-prop[THEN &E(1)] Oa fa
b-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)])
AOT-show $\langle [R_1]av' \rangle$
apply (rule rule=E[rotated, OF R₁-def[symmetric]])
apply (safe intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 &I prod-denotesI)
apply (rule ∨I(1); rule ∨I(2); rule &I)

```

using Oa ord=Equiv:1 →E apply blast
using 0 by blast
next
fix u'
AOT-assume fu'-R1u'v': <[F]u' & [R1]u'v'>
AOT-hence 0: <[R1]u'b>
  using v'-eq-b by (meson rule=E & E(2))
AOT-have 1: <[«?R»]u'b>
  by (rule rule=E[rotated, OF R1-def]) (fact 0)
AOT-have <(u' ≠E u & b ≠E v & [R]u'b) ∨
  (u' =E a & b =E b) ∨
  (u' =E u & b =E v)>
  using β→C(I)[OF 1, simplified] by simp
moreover {
  AOT-assume 0: <u' ≠E u & b ≠E v & [R]u'b>
  AOT-have <∃!u ([F]u & [R]uv')>
    using B[THEN Ordinary.∀ E, THEN →E, OF gv'].
  AOT-hence <∃!u ([F]u & [R]ub)>
    using v'-eq-b rule=E by fast
  AOT-hence <∃ u ([F]u & [R]ub & ∀ t ([F]t & [R]tb → t =E u))>
    using equi:I[THEN ≡E(1)] by fast
  then AOT-obtain s where
    s-prop: <[F]s & [R]sb & ∀ t ([F]t & [R]tb → t =E s)>
    using Ordinary.∃ E[rotated] by meson
  AOT-have <u' =E s>
    using s-prop[THEN & E(2), THEN Ordinary.∀ E]
      fu'-R1u'v'[THEN & E(1)] 0[THEN & E(2)]
    by (metis & I →E)
  moreover AOT-have <u =E s>
    using s-prop[THEN & E(2), THEN Ordinary.∀ E] fu Rub
    by (metis & I →E)
  ultimately AOT-have <u' =E u>
    by (metis & I ord=Equiv:2 ord=Equiv:3 →E)
  moreover AOT-have <¬(u' =E u)>
    using 0[THEN & E(1), THEN & E(1)] by (metis ≡E(1) thm-neg=E)
  ultimately AOT-have <u' =E a>
    by (metis raa-cor:3)
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume <u' =E u & b =E v>
  AOT-hence <u' =E a>
    by (metis & E(2) not-b-eq-v reductio-aa:1)
}
ultimately AOT-show <u' =E a>
  by (metis & E(1) ∨ E(3) reductio-aa:1)
qed
}
ultimately AOT-show <∃!u ([F]u & [R1]uv')>
  by (metis raa-cor:1)
qed
ultimately AOT-have <∃ R R |: [F]⁻¹⁻¹ →E [G]⁻¹>
  using 1 by blast
}
ultimately AOT-have <∃ R R |: [F]⁻¹⁻¹ →E [G]⁻¹>
  using R-prop by (metis reductio-aa:2)
AOT-thus <[F]⁻¹⁻¹ ≈E [G]⁻¹>
  by (rule equi:3[THEN ≡df I])
qed

```

AOT-theorem $P' \text{-eq}: <[F]^{-u} \approx_E [G]^{-v} \& [F]u \& [G]v \rightarrow F \approx_E G>$
proof(safe intro!: →I; frule & E(1); drule & E(2);
frule & E(1); drule & E(2))

AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z \Pi]z \& z \neq_E \kappa \downarrow \rangle$ **for** $\Pi \kappa$ **by** $cqt:2[\lambda]$
note $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa I = rule-id-df:2:b[2]$
where $\tau = \langle (\lambda(\Pi, \kappa). \langle [\Pi]^{-\kappa} \rangle), simplified, OF F-u, simplified, OF this \rangle$
and $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa E = rule-id-df:2:a[2]$
where $\tau = \langle (\lambda(\Pi, \kappa). \langle [\Pi]^{-\kappa} \rangle), simplified, OF F-u, simplified, OF this \rangle$
AOT-have $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa\text{-den}: \langle [\Pi]^{-\kappa} \downarrow \rangle$ **for** $\Pi \kappa$
by ($rule \Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa I$) $cqt:2[\lambda]$ +

AOT-have $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa E 1: \langle [\Pi]\kappa' \rangle$
and $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa E 2: \langle \kappa' \neq_E \kappa \rangle$ **if** $\langle [\Pi]^{-\kappa} \kappa' \rangle$ **for** $\Pi \kappa \kappa'$
proof -
AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z \Pi]z \& z \neq_E \kappa \kappa' \rangle$
using $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa E$ **that** **by** *fast*
AOT-hence $\langle [\Pi]\kappa' \& \kappa' \neq_E \kappa \rangle$
by ($rule \beta \rightarrow C(1)$)
AOT-thus $\langle [\Pi]\kappa' \rangle$ **and** $\langle \kappa' \neq_E \kappa \rangle$
using $\&E$ **by** *blast+*
qed
AOT-have $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa I': \langle [\Pi]^{-\kappa} \kappa' \rangle$ **if** $\langle [\Pi]\kappa' \rangle$ **and** $\langle \kappa' \neq_E \kappa \rangle$ **for** $\Pi \kappa \kappa'$
proof -
AOT-have $\kappa'\text{-den}: \langle \kappa' \downarrow \rangle$
by ($metis russell-axiom[exe,1].\psi\text{-denotes-asm that}(1)$)
AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z \Pi]z \& z \neq_E \kappa \kappa' \rangle$
by ($safe intro!: \beta \leftarrow C(1) cqt:2 \kappa'\text{-den} \& I$ **that**)
AOT-thus $\langle [\Pi]^{-\kappa} \kappa' \rangle$
using $\Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa I$ **by** *fast*
qed

AOT-assume $Gv: \langle [G]v \rangle$
AOT-assume $Fu: \langle [F]u \rangle$
AOT-assume $\langle [F]^{-u} \approx_E [G]^{-v} \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists R R |: [F]^{-u} \xrightarrow{1-1} [G]^{-v} \rangle$
using $equi:3[THEN \equiv_{df} E]$ **by** *blast*
then AOT-obtain R **where** $R\text{-prop}: \langle R |: [F]^{-u} \xrightarrow{1-1} [G]^{-v} \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $Fact1: \langle \forall r ([F]^{-u} r \rightarrow \exists! s ([G]^{-v} s \& [R]rs)) \rangle$
and $Fact1': \langle \forall s ([G]^{-v} s \rightarrow \exists! r ([F]^{-u} r \& [R]rs)) \rangle$
using $equi:2[THEN \equiv_{df} E] \& E$ **by** *blast+*
AOT-have $\langle R |: [F]^{-u} \xrightarrow{1-1} [G]^{-v} \rangle$
using $equi\text{-rem-thm}[unvarify F G, OF \Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa\text{-den}, OF \Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa\text{-den}, THEN \equiv E(1), OF R\text{-prop}]$.
AOT-hence $\langle R |: [F]^{-u} \xrightarrow{1-1} [G]^{-v} \& R |: [F]^{-u} \xrightarrow{\text{onto}} [G]^{-v} \rangle$
using $equi\text{-rem:4}[THEN \equiv_{df} E]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $Fact2: \langle \forall r \forall s \forall t (([F]^{-u} r \& [F]^{-u} s \& [G]^{-v} t) \rightarrow ([R]rt \& [R]st \rightarrow r =_E s)) \rangle$
using $equi\text{-rem:2}[THEN \equiv_{df} E] \& E$ **by** *blast*

let $?R = \langle \langle [\lambda xy ([F]^{-u} x \& [G]^{-v} y \& [R]xy) \vee (x =_E u \& y =_E v)] \rangle \rangle$
AOT-have $R\text{-den}: \langle \langle ?R \rangle \rangle$ **by** $cqt:2[\lambda]$

AOT-show $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$
**proof(safe intro!: equi:3[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] $\exists I(1)[\text{where } \tau = ?R]$ $R\text{-den}$
 $equi:2[THEN \equiv_{df} I] \& I cqt:2 Ordinary.GEN \rightarrow I)$
fix r
AOT-assume $Fr: \langle [F]r \rangle$
{
AOT-assume $not-r\text{-eq-}u: \langle \neg(r =_E u) \rangle$
AOT-hence $r\text{-noteq-}u: \langle r \neq_E u \rangle$
using $\equiv E(2)$ $thm\text{-}neg=E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-have $\langle [F]^{-u} r \rangle$
by ($rule \Pi\text{-minus-}\kappa I; safe intro!: \beta \leftarrow C(1) cqt:2 \& I Fr r\text{-noteq-}u$)
AOT-hence $\langle \exists! s ([G]^{-v} s \& [R]rs) \rangle$
using $Fact1[THEN \forall E(2)] \rightarrow E Ordinary.\psi$ **by** *blast***

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AOT-hence  $\exists s \langle [[G]^{-v}]s \& [R]rs \& \forall t \langle [[G]^{-v}]t \& [R]rt \rightarrow t =_E s \rangle \rangle$ 
  using equi:1[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by simp
then AOT-obtain  $s$  where  $s\text{-prop}$ :  $\langle [[G]^{-v}]s \& [R]rs \& \forall t \langle [[G]^{-v}]t \& [R]rt \rightarrow t =_E s \rangle \rangle$ 
  using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
AOT-hence  $G\text{-minus-}v\text{-s}$ :  $\langle [[G]^{-v}]s \rangle$  and  $Rrs$ :  $\langle [R]rs \rangle$ 
  using &E by blast+
AOT-have  $s\text{-unique}$ :  $\langle t =_E s \rangle$  if  $\langle [[G]^{-v}]t \rangle$  and  $\langle [R]rt \rangle$  for  $t$ 
  using s-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN Ordinary. $\forall E$ ,  $THEN \rightarrow E$ ,  $OF \& I$ ,  $OF \text{ that}$ ].
AOT-have  $Gs$ :  $\langle [G]s \rangle$ 
  using II-minus- $\kappa E$ 1[ $OF G\text{-minus-}v\text{-s}$ ].
AOT-have  $s\text{-noteq-}v$ :  $\langle s \neq_E v \rangle$ 
  using II-minus- $\kappa E$ 2[ $OF G\text{-minus-}v\text{-s}$ ].
AOT-have  $\exists s \langle [G]s \& [\ll ?R\rr]rs \& (\forall t \langle [G]t \& [\ll ?R\rr]rt \rightarrow t =_E s \rangle \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!: Ordinary. $\exists I[\text{where } \beta=s]$  &I  $Gs$  Ordinary.GEN  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-show  $\langle [\ll ?R\rr]rs \rangle$ 
    by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 &I  $\vee I(1)$  II-minus- $\kappa I'$  Fr  $Gs$ 
      s-noteq-v  $Rrs$  r-noteq-u
      simp: &I ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3)
next
  fix  $t$ 
  AOT-assume  $0$ :  $\langle [G]t \& [\ll ?R\rr]rt \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle ([F]^{-u})r \& [[G]^{-v}]t \& [R]rt \rangle \vee (r =_E u \& t =_E v)$ 
    using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)[OF 0[THEN \&E(2)], simplified]$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $1$ :  $\langle ([F]^{-u})r \& [[G]^{-v}]t \& [R]rt \rangle$ 
    using not-r-eq-u by (metis &E(1)  $\vee E(3)$  reductio-aa:1)
  AOT-show  $\langle t =_E s \rangle$  using s-unique 1 &E by blast
qed
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume  $r\text{-eq-}u$ :  $\langle r =_E u \rangle$ 
  AOT-have  $\exists s \langle [G]s \& [\ll ?R\rr]rs \& (\forall t \langle [G]t \& [\ll ?R\rr]rt \rightarrow t =_E s \rangle \rangle$ 
  proof(safe intro!: Ordinary. $\exists I[\text{where } \beta=v]$  &I  $Gv$  Ordinary.GEN  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-show  $\langle [\ll ?R\rr]rv \rangle$ 
    by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 &I  $\vee I(2)$  II-minus- $\kappa I'$  Fr  $r\text{-eq-}u$ 
      ord=Equiv:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] Ordinary. $\psi$ 
      simp: &I ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3)
next
  fix  $t$ 
  AOT-assume  $0$ :  $\langle [G]t \& [\ll ?R\rr]rt \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle ([F]^{-u})r \& [[G]^{-v}]t \& [R]rt \rangle \vee (r =_E u \& t =_E v)$ 
    using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)[OF 0[THEN \&E(2)], simplified]$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle r =_E u \& t =_E v \rangle$ 
    using r-eq-u II-minus- $\kappa E$ 2
    by (metis &E(1)  $\vee E(2)$   $\equiv E(1)$  reductio-aa:1 thm-neg=E)
  AOT-thus  $\langle t =_E v \rangle$  using &E by blast
qed
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\exists !s \langle [G]s \& [\ll ?R\rr]rs \rangle$ 
  using reductio-aa:2 equi:1[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] by fast
next
  fix  $s$ 
  AOT-assume  $Gs$ :  $\langle [G]s \rangle$ 
{
  AOT-assume  $not\text{-}s\text{-eq-}v$ :  $\langle \neg(s =_E v) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $s\text{-noteq-}v$ :  $\langle s \neq_E v \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv E(2)$  thm-neg=E by blast
  AOT-have  $\langle [[G]^{-v}]s \rangle$ 
    by (rule II-minus- $\kappa I$ ; auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 &I  $Gs$  s-noteq-v)
  AOT-hence  $\exists !r \langle ([F]^{-u})r \& [R]rs \rangle$ 
    using Fact1'[THEN Ordinary. $\forall E$ ,  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\exists r \langle ([F]^{-u})r \& [R]rs \& \forall t \langle ([F]^{-u})t \& [R]ts \rightarrow t =_E r \rangle \rangle$ 
    using equi:1[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by simp

```

```

then AOT-obtain r where
  r-prop: <[[F]-u]r & [R]rs & ∀ t ([[F]-u]t & [R]ts → t =E r)>
    using Ordinary.∃ E[rotated] by meson
  AOT-hence F-minus-u-r: <[[F]-u]r> and Rrs: <[R]rs>
    using &E by blast+
  AOT-have r-unique: <t =E r> if <[[F]-u]t> and <[R]ts> for t
    using r-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN Ordinary.∀ E,
      THEN →E, OF &I, OF that].
  AOT-have Fr: <[F]r>
    using Π-minus-κE1[OF F-minus-u-r].
  AOT-have r-noteq-u: <r ≠E u>
    using Π-minus-κE2[OF F-minus-u-r].
  AOT-have ∃ r ([F]r & [[?R]]rs & (∀ t ([F]t & [[?R]]ts → t =E r)))>
proof(safe intro!: Ordinary.∃ I[where β=r] & I Fr Ordinary.GEN →I)
  AOT-show <[[?R]]rs>
    by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 &I ∨I(1) Π-minus-κI' Fr
        Gs s-noteq-v Rrs r-noteq-u
        simp: &I ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3)
next
  fix t
  AOT-assume 0: <[F]t & [[?R]]ts>
  AOT-hence <([[F]-u]t & [[G]-v]s & [R]ts) ∨ (t =E u & s =E v)>
    using β→C(1)[OF 0[THEN &E(2)], simplified] by blast
  AOT-hence 1: <[[F]-u]t & [[G]-v]s & [R]ts>
    using not-s-eq-v by (metis &E(2) ∨E(3) reductio-aa:1)
  AOT-show <t =E r> using r-unique 1 &E by blast
qed
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume s-eq-v: <s =E v>
  AOT-have ∃ r ([F]r & [[?R]]rs & (∀ t ([F]t & [[?R]]ts → t =E r)))>
proof(safe intro!: Ordinary.∃ I[where β=u] & I Fu Ordinary.GEN →I)
  AOT-show <[[?R]]us>
    by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2 &I prod-denotesI ∨I(2)
        Π-minus-κI' Gs s-eq-v Ordinary.ψ
        ord=EqEquiv:1[THEN →E])
next
  fix t
  AOT-assume 0: <[F]t & [[?R]]ts>
  AOT-hence 1: <([[F]-u]t & [[G]-v]s & [R]ts) ∨ (t =E u & s =E v)>
    using β→C(1)[OF 0[THEN &E(2)], simplified] by blast
  moreover AOT-have <¬([[F]-u]t & [[G]-v]s & [R]ts)>
    proof (rule raa-cor:2)
      AOT-assume <([[F]-u]t & [[G]-v]s & [R]ts)>
      AOT-hence <[[G]-v]s> using &E by blast
      AOT-thus <s =E v & ¬(s =E v)>
        by (metis Π-minus-κE2 ≡E(4) reductio-aa:1 s-eq-v thm-neg=E)
    qed
    ultimately AOT-have <t =E u & s =E v>
      by (metis ∨E(2))
    AOT-thus <t =E u> using &E by blast
  qed
}
ultimately AOT-show ∃!r ([F]r & [[?R]]rs)>
  using ≡E(2) equi:1 reductio-aa:2 by fast
qed
qed

```

AOT-theorem approx-cont:1: <∃ F∃ G ◊(F ≈_E G & ◊¬F ≈_E G)>
proof –

```

let ?P = <<[λx E!x & ¬A E!x]>>
AOT-have <◊q0 & ◊¬q0> by (metis q0-prop)

```

AOT-hence 1: $\langle \Diamond \exists x(E!x \wedge \neg \mathbf{A}E!x) \wedge \Diamond \neg \exists x(E!x \wedge \neg \mathbf{A}E!x) \rangle$
by (rule $q_0\text{-def}[THEN =_{df} E(2), rotated]$)
 (simp add: log-prop-prop:2)
AOT-have ϑ : $\langle \Diamond \exists x[\llbracket ?P \rrbracket x] \wedge \Diamond \neg \exists x[\llbracket ?P \rrbracket x] \rangle$
 apply (AOT-subst $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket x] \rangle$ $\langle E!x \wedge \neg \mathbf{A}E!x \rangle$ **for**: x)
 apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$]; cqt:2[lambda])
 by (fact 1)
show ?thesis
proof (rule $\exists I(1)$)
AOT-have $\langle \Diamond [L]^- \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \wedge \Diamond \neg [L]^- \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \rangle$
proof (rule &I; rule RM \Diamond [THEN $\rightarrow E$]; (rule $\rightarrow I$)?)
 AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-assume A : $\langle \neg \exists x[\llbracket ?P \rrbracket x] \rangle$
 AOT-show $\langle [L]^- \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \rangle$
 proof (safe intro!: empty-approx:1[unverify F H, THEN $\rightarrow E$]
 rel-neg-T:3 &I)
 AOT-show $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** cqt:2[lambda]
 next
 AOT-show $\langle \neg \exists u [L^-]u \rangle$
 proof (rule raa-cor:2)
 AOT-assume $\langle \exists u [L^-]u \rangle$
 then AOT-obtain u **where** $\langle [L^-]u \rangle$
 using Ordinary. $\exists E$ [rotated] **by** blast
 moreover AOT-have $\langle \neg [L^-]u \rangle$
 using thm-noncont-e-e:2[THEN contingent-properties:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$],
 THEN &E(2)]
 by (metis qml:2[axiom-inst] rule-ui:3 $\rightarrow E$)
 ultimately AOT-show $\langle p \wedge \neg p \rangle$ **for** p
 by (metis raa-cor:3)
 qed
 next
 AOT-show $\langle \neg \exists v [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]v \rangle$
 proof (rule raa-cor:2)
 AOT-assume $\langle \exists v [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]v \rangle$
 then AOT-obtain u **where** $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]u \rangle$
 using Ordinary. $\exists E$ [rotated] **by** blast
 AOT-hence $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]u \rangle$
 using &E **by** blast
 AOT-hence $\langle \exists x[\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$
 by (rule $\exists I$)
 AOT-thus $\langle \exists x[\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \wedge \neg \exists x[\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$
 using A &I **by** blast
 qed
 qed
 }
next
 AOT-show $\langle \Diamond \neg \exists x[\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$
 using ϑ &E **by** blast
next
 AOT-modally-strict {
 AOT-assume A : $\langle \exists x[\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$
 AOT-have B : $\langle \neg [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \approx_E [L]^- \rangle$
 proof (safe intro!: empty-approx:2[unverify F H, THEN $\rightarrow E$]
 rel-neg-T:3 &I)
 AOT-show $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \downarrow \rangle$
 by cqt:2[lambda]
 next
 AOT-obtain x **where** Px : $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$
 using A $\exists E$ **by** blast
 AOT-hence $\langle E!x \wedge \neg \mathbf{A}E!x \rangle$
 by (rule $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$)
 AOT-hence 1: $\langle \Diamond E!x \rangle$
 by (metis T \Diamond &E(1) vdash-properties:10)

```

AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda x \Diamond E!x]x \rangle$ 
  by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 1)
AOT-hence  $\langle O!x \rangle$ 
  by (rule AOT-ordinary[THEN =df I(2), rotated]) cqt:2[lambda]
AOT-hence  $\langle O!x \& [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$ 
  using Px & I by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists u [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]u \rangle$ 
  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
next
AOT-show  $\langle \neg \exists u [L^-]u \rangle$ 
proof (rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume  $\langle \exists u [L^-]u \rangle$ 
  then AOT-obtain  $u$  where  $\langle [L^-]u \rangle$ 
    using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg [L^-]u \rangle$ 
    using thm-noncont-e-e:2[THEN contingent-properties:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ]]
      by (metis qml:2[axiom-inst] rule-ui:3  $\rightarrow E \& E(2)$ )
    ultimately AOT-show  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for  $p$ 
      by (metis raa-cor:3)
qed
AOT-show  $\langle \neg [L]^- \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \rangle$ 
proof (rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume  $\langle [L]^- \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \approx_E [L]^- \rangle$ 
    apply (rule eq-part:2[unvarify F G, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , rotated 2])
      apply cqt:2[lambda]
      by (simp add: rel-neg-T:3)
    AOT-thus  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \approx_E [L]^- \& \neg [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \approx_E [L]^- \rangle$ 
      using B & I by blast
  qed
}
next
AOT-show  $\langle \Diamond \exists x [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$ 
  using  $\vartheta \& E$  by blast
qed
AOT-thus  $\langle \Diamond ([L]^- \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]) \& \Diamond \neg [L]^- \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \rangle$ 
  using S5Basic:11  $\equiv E(2)$  by blast
next
AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x [E!]x \& \neg \mathbf{A}[E!]x] \downarrow \rangle$ 
  by cqt:2
next
AOT-show  $\langle [L]^- \downarrow \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: rel-neg-T:3)
qed
qed
AOT-theorem approx-cont:2:
 $\langle \exists F \exists G \Diamond ([\lambda z \mathbf{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \& \Diamond \neg [\lambda z \mathbf{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
proof -
  let  $?P = \langle \llbracket [\lambda x E!x \& \neg \mathbf{A}E!x] \rrbracket \rangle$ 
  AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond q_0 \& \Diamond \neg q_0 \rangle$  by (metis q0-prop)
  AOT-hence 1:  $\langle \Diamond \exists x (E!x \& \neg \mathbf{A}E!x) \& \Diamond \neg \exists x (E!x \& \neg \mathbf{A}E!x) \rangle$ 
    by (rule q0-def[THEN =df E(2), rotated])
    (simp add: log-prop-prop:2)
  AOT-have  $\vartheta: \langle \Diamond \exists x [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \& \Diamond \neg \exists x [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$ 
    apply (AOT-subst  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$   $\langle E!x \& \neg \mathbf{A}E!x \rangle$  for:  $x$ )
      apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]; cqt:2)
      by (fact 1)
    show ?thesis
  proof (rule  $\exists I(1)$ )+
    AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond [\lambda z \mathbf{A}[L^-]z] \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \& \Diamond \neg [\lambda z \mathbf{A}[L^-]z] \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \rangle$ 

```

```

proof (rule &I; rule  $RM\Diamond[THEN \rightarrow E]$ ; (rule  $\rightarrow I$ ) ?)
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-assume A:  $\langle \neg \exists x [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$ 
  AOT-show  $\langle \lambda z A[L^-]z \rangle \approx_E \langle \llbracket ?P \rrbracket \rangle$ 
  proof (safe intro!: empty-approx:I[unverify F H, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]
    rel-neg-T:3 &I)
    AOT-show  $\langle \llbracket ?P \rrbracket \rangle \downarrow$  by cqt:2
  next
    AOT-show  $\langle \neg \exists u [\lambda z A[L^-]z]u \rangle$ 
    proof (rule raa-cor:2)
      AOT-assume  $\langle \exists u [\lambda z A[L^-]z]u \rangle$ 
      then AOT-obtain u where  $\langle [\lambda z A[L^-]z]u \rangle$ 
        using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
      AOT-hence  $\langle A[L^-]u \rangle$ 
        using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$  &E by blast
      moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Box \neg [L^-]u \rangle$ 
        using thm-noncont-e-e:2[THEN contingent-properties:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ]]
        by (metis RN qml:2[axiom-inst] rule-ui:3  $\rightarrow E$  &E(2))
      ultimately AOT-show  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for p
        by (metis Act-Sub:3 KBasic2:1  $\equiv E(1)$  raa-cor:3  $\rightarrow E$ )
    qed
  next
    AOT-show  $\langle \neg \exists v [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]v \rangle$ 
    proof (rule raa-cor:2)
      AOT-assume  $\langle \exists v [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]v \rangle$ 
      then AOT-obtain u where  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]u \rangle$ 
        using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
      AOT-hence  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]u \rangle$ 
        using &E by blast
      AOT-hence  $\langle \exists x [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$ 
        by (rule  $\exists I$ )
      AOT-thus  $\langle \exists x [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \& \neg \exists x [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$ 
        using A &I by blast
    qed
  next
    AOT-show  $\langle \lambda z A[L^-]z \rangle \downarrow$  by cqt:2
    qed
  }
  next
    AOT-show  $\langle \Diamond \neg \exists x [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$  using v &E by blast
  next
    AOT-modally-strict {
      AOT-assume A:  $\langle \exists x [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$ 
      AOT-have B:  $\langle \neg [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \rangle \approx_E [\lambda z A[L^-]z]$ 
      proof (safe intro!: empty-approx:2[unverify F H, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]
        rel-neg-T:3 &I)
        AOT-show  $\langle \llbracket ?P \rrbracket \rangle \downarrow$  by cqt:2
      next
        AOT-obtain x where Px:  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$ 
          using A  $\exists E$  by blast
        AOT-hence  $\langle E!x \& \neg A E!x \rangle$ 
          by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ )
        AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond E!x \rangle$ 
          by (metis T $\Diamond$  &E(1)  $\rightarrow E$ )
        AOT-hence  $\langle \lambda x \Diamond E!x \rangle$ 
          by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2)
        AOT-hence  $\langle O!x \rangle$ 
          by (rule AOT-ordinary[THEN  $=_{df} I(2)$ , rotated]) cqt:2
        AOT-hence  $\langle O!x \& [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$ 
          using Px &I by blast
        AOT-thus  $\langle \exists u [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]u \rangle$ 
          by (rule  $\exists I$ )
      next
    }

```

```

AOT-show  $\neg\exists u [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[L^-]z]u$ 
proof (rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume  $\exists u [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[L^-]z]u$ 
  then AOT-obtain  $u$  where  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[L^-]z]u \rangle$ 
    using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A}[L^-]u \rangle$ 
    using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1) \& E$  by blast
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Box \neg [L^-]u \rangle$ 
    using thm-noncont-e-e:2[THEN contingent-properties:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ]]
    by (metis RN qml:2[axiom-inst] rule-ui:3  $\rightarrow E$  & E(2))
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for  $p$ 
    by (metis Act-Sub:3 KBasic2:1  $\equiv E(1)$  raa-cor:3  $\rightarrow E$ )
  qed
next
  AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[L^-]z] \downarrow \rangle$  by cqt:2
  qed
  AOT-show  $\langle \neg [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[L^-]z] \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \rangle$ 
  proof (rule raa-cor:2)
    AOT-assume  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[L^-]z] \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[L^-]z] \rangle$ 
      by (rule eq-part:2[unverify F G, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , rotated 2])
      cqt:2+
    AOT-thus  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[L^-]z] \& \neg [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[L^-]z] \rangle$ 
      using B & I by blast
    qed
  }
next
  AOT-show  $\langle \Diamond \exists x [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]x \rangle$ 
    using v & E by blast
  qed
  AOT-thus  $\langle \Diamond ([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[L^-]z] \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \& \Diamond \neg [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[L^-]z] \approx_E [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]) \rangle$ 
    using S5Basic:11  $\equiv E(2)$  by blast
next
  AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x [E!]x \& \neg \mathcal{A}[E!]x] \downarrow \rangle$  by cqt:2
next
  AOT-show  $\langle [L]^- \downarrow \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: rel-neg-T:3)
  qed
qed

notepad
begin

```

We already have defined being equivalent on the ordinary objects in the Extended Relation Comprehension theory.

```

AOT-have  $\langle F \equiv_E G \equiv_{df} F \downarrow \& G \downarrow \& \forall u ([F]u \equiv [G]u) \rangle$  for  $F G$ 
  using eqE by blast
end

```

```

AOT-theorem apE-eqE:1:  $\langle F \equiv_E G \rightarrow F \approx_E G \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $0: \langle F \equiv_E G \rangle$ 
  AOT-have  $\langle \exists R R \mid: F \underset{1-1}{\longleftrightarrow}_E G \rangle$ 
  proof (safe intro!:  $\exists I(1)[\text{where } \tau = \llbracket (=_E) \rrbracket]$  equi:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] & I
     $= E[\text{denotes}] \text{ cqt:2[const-var]}[\text{axiom-inst}] \text{ Ordinary.GEN}$ 
     $\rightarrow I \text{ equi:1[THEN } \equiv E(2)]\text{}}$ 
  fix  $u$ 
  AOT-assume  $Fu: \langle [F]u \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $Gu: \langle [G]u \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv_{df} E[O \text{f } eqE, O \text{f } 0, \text{THEN } \& E(2),$ 
       $\text{THEN } \text{Ordinary.} \forall E[\text{where } \alpha = u], \text{THEN } \equiv E(1)]$ 
       $\text{Ordinary.} \psi Fu \text{ by } blast$ 
  AOT-show  $\langle \exists v ([G]v \& u =_E v \& \forall v' ([G]v' \& u =_E v' \rightarrow v' =_E v)) \rangle$ 

```

by (*safe intro!*: Ordinary. $\exists I[\text{where } \beta=u] \& I \text{ GEN} \rightarrow I$ Ordinary. ψ Gu
 $ord=Equiv:1[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E, OF \text{ Ordinary.} \psi]$
 $ord=Equiv:2[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E] dest!: \& E(2)$)
next
fix v
AOT-assume $Gv: \langle [G]v \rangle$
AOT-hence $Fv: \langle [F]v \rangle$
using $\equiv_{df} E[OF eqE, OF 0, THEN \& E(2),$
 $THEN \text{ Ordinary.} \forall E[\text{where } \alpha=v], THEN \equiv E(2)]$
 $\text{Ordinary.} \psi Gv \text{ by blast}$
AOT-show $\exists u ([F]u \& u=_E v \& \forall v' ([F]v' \& v'=_E v \rightarrow v'=_E u))$
by (*safe intro!*: Ordinary. $\exists I[\text{where } \beta=v] \& I \text{ GEN} \rightarrow I$ Ordinary. ψ Fv
 $ord=Equiv:1[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E, OF \text{ Ordinary.} \psi]$
 $ord=Equiv:2[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E] dest!: \& E(2)$)
qed
AOT-thus $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$
by (*rule equi:3*[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$])
qed

AOT-theorem $apE-eqE:2: \langle (F \approx_E G \& G \equiv_E H) \rightarrow F \approx_E H \rangle$
proof(*rule $\rightarrow I$*)
AOT-assume $\langle F \approx_E G \& G \equiv_E H \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$ **and** $\langle G \approx_E H \rangle$
using $apE-eqE:1[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E] \& E$ **by** *blast*+
AOT-thus $\langle F \approx_E H \rangle$
by (*metis Adjunction eq-part:3 vdash-properties:10*)
qed

AOT-act-theorem $eq-part-act:1: \langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \equiv_E F \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: $eqE[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} I] \& I cqt:2$ Ordinary. $\text{GEN} \rightarrow I$)
fix u
AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]u \equiv \mathcal{A}[F]u \rangle$
by (*rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$]*) $cqt:2[\text{lambda}]$
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv [F]u \rangle$
using $act-conj-act:4$ *logic-actual[act-axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$]* **by** *blast*
finally AOT-show $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]u \equiv [F]u \rangle$.
qed

AOT-act-theorem $eq-part-act:2: \langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E F \rangle$
by (*safe intro!*: $apE-eqE:1[\text{unverify } F, THEN \rightarrow E] eq-part-act:1$) $cqt:2$

AOT-theorem $actuallyF:1: \langle \mathcal{A}(F \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]) \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have 1: $\langle \mathcal{A}([F]x \equiv \mathcal{A}[F]x) \rangle$ **for** x
by (*meson Act-Basic:5 act-conj-act:4 $\equiv E(2)$ Commutativity of \equiv*)
AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}([F]x \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]x) \rangle$ **for** x
apply (*AOT-subst* $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]x \rangle$ $\langle \mathcal{A}[F]x \rangle$)
apply (*rule beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$]*)
apply $cqt:2[\text{lambda}]$
by (*fact 1*)
AOT-hence $\langle O!x \rightarrow \mathcal{A}([F]x \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]x) \rangle$ **for** x
by (*metis $\rightarrow I$*)
AOT-hence $\langle \forall u \mathcal{A}([F]u \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]u) \rangle$
using $\forall I$ **by** *fast*
AOT-hence 1: $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall u ([F]u \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]u) \rangle$
by (*metis Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[2] $\rightarrow E$*)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** $cqt:2$
}
**} note $\mathcal{Z} = \text{this}$
AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(F \equiv_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]) \rangle$
apply (*AOT-subst* $\langle F \equiv_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \rangle$ $\langle \forall u ([F]u \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]u) \rangle$)**

```

using eqE[THEN  $\equiv Df$ , THEN  $\equiv S(1)$ , OF &I,
          OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst], OF 2]
by (auto simp: 1)
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \mathcal{A}(F \equiv_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \rightarrow F \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]) \rangle$ 
  using apE-eqE:1[unverify G, THEN RA[2], OF 2] by metis
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \mathcal{A}F \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \rangle$ 
  by (metis act-cond  $\rightarrow E$ )
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem actuallyF:2:  $\langle Rigid([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]) \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!: GEN  $\rightarrow I$  df-rigid-rel:I[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] &I)

```

```

  AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \downarrow \rangle$  by cqt:2

```

```

next

```

```

  AOT-show  $\langle \Box \forall x ([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]x \rightarrow \Box [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]x) \rangle$ 

```

```

  proof(rule RN; rule GEN; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )

```

```

    AOT-modally-strict {

```

```

      fix x

```

```

      AOT-assume  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]x \rangle$ 

```

```

      AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A}[F]x \rangle$ 

```

```

        by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ )

```

```

      AOT-hence 1:  $\langle \Box \mathcal{A}[F]x \rangle$  by (metis Act-Basic:6  $\equiv E(1)$ )

```

```

      AOT-show  $\langle \Box [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]x \rangle$ 

```

```

        apply (AOT-subst  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]x \rangle$   $\langle \mathcal{A}[F]x \rangle$ )

```

```

        apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])

```

```

        apply cqt:2[lambda]

```

```

        by (fact 1)

```

```

    }

```

```

qed

```

```

qed

```

```

AOT-theorem approx-nec:1:  $\langle Rigid(F) \rightarrow F \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \rangle$ 

```

```

proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ )

```

```

  AOT-assume  $\langle Rigid([F]) \rangle$ 

```

```

  AOT-hence A:  $\langle \Box \forall x ([F]x \rightarrow \Box [F]x) \rangle$ 

```

```

    using df-rigid-rel:I[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ , THEN &E(2)] by blast

```

```

  AOT-hence 0:  $\langle \forall x \Box ([F]x \rightarrow \Box [F]x) \rangle$ 

```

```

    using CBF[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast

```

```

  AOT-hence 1:  $\langle \forall x ([F]x \rightarrow \Box [F]x) \rangle$ 

```

```

    using A qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast

```

```

  AOT-have act-F-den:  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \downarrow \rangle$ 

```

```

    by cqt:2

```

```

  AOT-show  $\langle F \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \rangle$ 

```

```

  proof (safe intro!: apE-eqE:1[unverify G, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] eqE[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] &I

```

```

    cqt:2 act-F-den Ordinary.GEN  $\rightarrow I \equiv I$ )

```

```

    fix u

```

```

    AOT-assume  $\langle [F]u \rangle$ 

```

```

    AOT-hence  $\langle \Box [F]u \rangle$ 

```

```

    using 1[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast

```

```

    AOT-hence act-F-u:  $\langle \mathcal{A}[F]u \rangle$ 

```

```

    by (metis nec-imp-act  $\rightarrow E$ )

```

```

    AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]u \rangle$ 

```

```

    by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 act-F-u)

```

```

next

```

```

    fix u

```

```

    AOT-assume  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]u \rangle$ 

```

```

    AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A}[F]u \rangle$ 

```

```

    by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ )

```

```

    AOT-thus  $\langle [F]u \rangle$ 

```

```

    using 0[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ ]

```

```

    by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$  sc-eq-fur:2  $\rightarrow E$ )

```

```

qed

```

```

qed

```

AOT-theorem *approx-nec:2*:
 $\langle F \approx_E G \equiv \forall H ([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \approx_E F \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\equiv I$; *rule* $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-assume 0: $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$
 AOT-assume 0: $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \forall H (H \approx_E F \equiv H \approx_E G) \rangle$
 using *eq-part:4*[*THEN* $\equiv E(1)$, *OF* 0] **by** *blast*
 AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \approx_E F \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \approx_E G \rangle$ **for** *H*
 by (*rule* $\forall E(1)[OF eq-part:4[THEN \equiv E(1), OF 0]]$) *cqt:2*
 AOT-thus $\langle \forall H ([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \approx_E F \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$
 by (*rule* *GEN*)
next
 AOT-assume 0: $\langle \forall H ([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \approx_E F \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$
 AOT-obtain *H* **where** $\langle Rigid(H, F) \rangle$
 using *rigid-der:3* $\exists E$ **by** *metis*
 AOT-hence *H*: $\langle Rigid(H) \& \forall x ([H]x \equiv [F]x) \rangle$
 using *df-rigid-rel:2*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$] **by** *blast*
 AOT-have *H-rigid*: $\langle \Box \forall x ([H]x \rightarrow \Box[H]x) \rangle$
 using *H*[*THEN* & *E*(1), *THEN* *df-rigid-rel:1*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$], *THEN* & *E*(2)].
 AOT-hence $\langle \forall x \Box([H]x \rightarrow \Box[H]x) \rangle$
 using *CBF vdash-properties:10* **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box([H]x \rightarrow \Box[H]x) \rangle$ **for** *x* **using** $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence *rigid*: $\langle [H]x \equiv \mathcal{A}[H]x \rangle$ **for** *x*
 by (*metis* $\equiv E(6)$ *oth-class-taut:3:a* *sc-eq-fur:2* $\rightarrow E$)
 AOT-have $\langle H \equiv_E F \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: *eqE*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} I$] & *I* *cqt:2 Ordinary.GEN* $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-show $\langle [H]u \equiv [F]u \rangle$ **for** *u* **using** *H*[*THEN* & *E*(2)] $\forall E(2)$ **by** *fast*
qed
 AOT-hence $\langle H \approx_E F \rangle$
 by (*rule* *apE-eqE:2*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF* & *I*, *rotated*])
 (*simp add:* *eq-part:1*)
 AOT-hence *F-approx-H*: $\langle F \approx_E H \rangle$
 by (*metis* *eq-part:2* $\rightarrow E$)
 moreover **AOT-have** *H-eq-act-H*: $\langle H \equiv_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: *eqE*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} I$] & *I* *cqt:2 Ordinary.GEN* $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-show $\langle [H]u \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z]u \rangle$ **for** *u*
 apply (*AOT-subst* $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z]u \rangle$ $\langle \mathcal{A}[H]u \rangle$)
 apply (*rule* *beta-C-meta*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$])
 apply *cqt:2*[*lambda*]
 using *rigid* **by** *blast*
qed
 AOT-have *a*: $\langle F \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \rangle$
 apply (*rule* *apE-eqE:2*[*unverify* *H*, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$])
 apply *cqt:2*[*lambda*]
 using *F-approx-H* *H-eq-act-H* & *I* **by** *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \approx_E F \rangle$
 apply (*rule* *eq-part:2*[*unverify* *G*, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *rotated*])
 by *cqt:2*[*lambda*]
 AOT-hence *b*: $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \approx_E G \rangle$
 by (*rule* 0[*THEN* $\forall E(1)$, *THEN* $\equiv E(1)$, *rotated*]) *cqt:2*
 AOT-show $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$
 by (*rule* *eq-part:3*[*unverify* *G*, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *rotated*, *OF* & *I*, *OF a*, *OF b*])
 cqt:2
qed

AOT-theorem *approx-nec:3*:
 $\langle (Rigid(F) \& Rigid(G)) \rightarrow \Box(F \approx_E G \rightarrow \Box F \approx_E G) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$)
 AOT-assume $\langle Rigid(F) \& Rigid(G) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box \forall x ([F]x \rightarrow \Box[F]x) \rangle$ **and** $\langle \Box \forall x ([G]x \rightarrow \Box[G]x) \rangle$
 using *df-rigid-rel:1*[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} E$, *THEN* & *E*(2)] & *E* **by** *blast*+
 AOT-hence $\langle \Box(\Box \forall x ([F]x \rightarrow \Box[F]x) \& \Box \forall x ([G]x \rightarrow \Box[G]x)) \rangle$

using *KBasic:3* $\& I \equiv E(2)$ **vdash-properties:10** **by** *meson*
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \square(\square \forall x([F]x \rightarrow \square[F]x) \& \square \forall x([G]x \rightarrow \square[G]x)) \rightarrow$
 $\square(F \approx_E G \rightarrow \square F \approx_E G) \rangle$
proof(rule *RM*; rule $\rightarrow I$; rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-assume $\langle \square \forall x([F]x \rightarrow \square[F]x) \& \square \forall x([G]x \rightarrow \square[G]x) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \square \forall x([F]x \rightarrow \square[F]x) \rangle$ **and** $\langle \square \forall x([G]x \rightarrow \square[G]x) \rangle$
using $\& E$ **by** *blast*+
AOT-hence $\langle \forall x \square([F]x \rightarrow \square[F]x) \rangle$ **and** $\langle \forall x \square([G]x \rightarrow \square[G]x) \rangle$
using *CBF[THEN $\rightarrow E$]* **by** *blast*+
AOT-hence *F-nec*: $\langle \square([F]x \rightarrow \square[F]x) \rangle$
and *G-nec*: $\langle \square([G]x \rightarrow \square[G]x) \rangle$ **for** *x*
using $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*+
AOT-assume $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists R R |: F \underset{1-1}{\longleftrightarrow}_E G \rangle$
by (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E$ *equi:3*)
then **AOT-obtain** *R* **where** $\langle R |: F \underset{1-1}{\longleftrightarrow}_E G \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence *C1*: $\langle \forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]uv)) \rangle$
and *C2*: $\langle \forall v ([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u ([F]u \& [R]uv)) \rangle$
using *equi:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]* $\& E$ **by** *blast*+
AOT-obtain *R'* **where** $\langle \text{Rigidifies}(R', R) \rangle$
using *rigid-der:3* $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence *1*: $\langle \text{Rigid}(R') \& \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([R']x_1 \dots x_n \equiv [R]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
using *df-rigid-rel:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \square \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([R']x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \square[R']x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
using *df-rigid-rel:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]* $\& E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n (\Diamond [R']x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \square[R']x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
using $\equiv E(1)$ *rigid-rel-thms:1* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence *D*: $\langle \forall x_1 \forall x_2 (\Diamond [R']x_1 x_2 \rightarrow \square[R']x_1 x_2) \rangle$
using *tuple-forall[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]* **by** *blast*
AOT-have *E*: $\langle \forall x_1 \forall x_2 ([R']x_1 x_2 \equiv [R]x_1 x_2) \rangle$
using *tuple-forall[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, OF 1[THEN & E(2)]]* **by** *blast*
AOT-have $\langle \forall u \square([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv)) \rangle$
and $\langle \forall v \square([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u ([F]u \& [R']uv)) \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: *Ordinary.GEN* $\rightarrow I$)
fix *u*
AOT-show $\langle \square([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv)) \rangle$
proof (rule *raa-cor:1*)
AOT-assume $\langle \neg \square([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv)) \rangle$
AOT-hence *1*: $\langle \Diamond \neg([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv)) \rangle$
using *KBasic:11* $\equiv E(1)$ **by** *blast*
AOT-have $\langle \Diamond ([F]u \& \neg \exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv)) \rangle$
apply (*AOT-subst* $\langle [F]u \& \neg \exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv) \rangle$
 $\langle \neg ([F]u \rightarrow \exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv)) \rangle$)
apply (*meson* $\equiv E(6)$ *oth-class-taut:1:b* *oth-class-taut:3:a*)
by (*fact 1*)
AOT-hence *A*: $\langle \Diamond [F]u \& \Diamond \neg \exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv) \rangle$
using *KBasic2:3* $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \square [F]u \rangle$
using *F-nec* $\& E(1) \equiv E(1)$ *sc-eq-box-box:1* $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle [F]u \rangle$
by (*metis* *qml:2[axiom-inst]* $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-hence $\langle \exists !v ([G]v \& [R]uv) \rangle$
using *C1[THEN Ordinary.∀ E, THEN $\rightarrow E$]* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists v ([G]v \& [R]uv \& \forall v' ([G]v' \& [R]uv' \rightarrow v' =_E v)) \rangle$
using *equi:1[THEN $\equiv E(1)$]* **by** *auto*
then **AOT-obtain** *a* **where**
a-prop: $\langle O!a \& ([G]a \& [R]ua \& \forall v' ([G]v' \& [R]uv' \rightarrow v' =_E a)) \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-have $\langle \exists v \square([G]v \& [R]uv \& \forall v' ([G]v' \& [R]uv' \rightarrow v' =_E v)) \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: $\exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta=a] \& I$ *a-prop[THEN & E(1)]*
KBasic:3[THEN $\equiv E(2)$])

AOT-show $\square[G]a$
 using $a\text{-prop}[THEN \& E(2), THEN \& E(1), THEN \& E(1)]$
 by (metis $G\text{-nec } qml:2[\text{axiom-inst}] \rightarrow E$)

next
AOT-show $\square[R']ua$
 using $D[THEN \forall E(2), THEN \forall E(2), THEN \rightarrow E]$
 $E[THEN \forall E(2), THEN \forall E(2), THEN \equiv E(2),$
 $OF a\text{-prop}[THEN \& E(2), THEN \& E(1), THEN \& E(2)]]$
 by (metis $T\Diamond \rightarrow E$)

next
AOT-have $\forall v' \square([G]v' \& [R']uv' \rightarrow v' =_E a)$
proof (rule Ordinary.GEN; rule raa-cor:1)
 fix v'
AOT-assume $\neg\square([G]v' \& [R']uv' \rightarrow v' =_E a)$
AOT-hence $\Diamond\neg([G]v' \& [R']uv' \rightarrow v' =_E a)$
 by (metis KBasic:11 $\equiv E(1)$)
AOT-hence $\Diamond([G]v' \& [R']uv' \& \neg v' =_E a)$
 by (AOT-subst $\langle [G]v' \& [R']uv' \& \neg v' =_E a \rangle$
 $\langle \neg([G]v' \& [R']uv' \rightarrow v' =_E a) \rangle$)
 (meson $\equiv E(6)$ oth-class-taut:1:b oth-class-taut:3:a)
AOT-hence 1: $\Diamond[G]v'$ and 2: $\Diamond[R']uv'$ and 3: $\Diamond\neg v' =_E a$
 using KBasic2:3[THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN & E(1)]
 $KBasic2:3[THEN \rightarrow E, THEN \& E(2)]$ by blast+

AOT-have $Gv': \langle [G]v' \rangle$ using G-nec 1
 by (meson $B\Diamond KBasic:13 \rightarrow E$)

AOT-have $\square[R']uv'$
 using 2 D[THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast

AOT-hence $R'uv': \langle [R']uv' \rangle$
 by (metis $B\Diamond T\Diamond \rightarrow E$)

AOT-hence $\langle [R]uv' \rangle$
 using $E[THEN \forall E(2), THEN \forall E(2), THEN \equiv E(1)]$ by blast

AOT-hence $\langle v' =_E a \rangle$
 using a-prop[THEN & E(2), THEN & E(2), THEN Ordinary.∀ E,
 $THEN \rightarrow E, OF \& I, OF Gv']$ by blast

AOT-hence $\square(v' =_E a)$
 by (metis id-nec3:1 $\equiv E(4)$ raa-cor:3)

moreover **AOT-have** $\neg\square(v' =_E a)$
 using 3 KBasic:11 $\equiv E(2)$ by blast

ultimately AOT-show $\square(v' =_E a) \& \neg\square(v' =_E a)$
 using &I by blast

qed

AOT-thus $\square\forall v'([G]v' \& [R']uv' \rightarrow v' =_E a)$
 using Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[BF] $\rightarrow E$ by fast

qed

AOT-hence $\square\exists v ([G]v \& [R']uv \& \forall v' ([G]v' \& [R']uv' \rightarrow v' =_E v))$
 using Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[Buridan] $\rightarrow E$ by fast

AOT-hence $\square\exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv)$
 by (AOT-subst-thm equi:1)

moreover AOT-have $\neg\square\exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv)$
 using A[THEN & E(2)] KBasic:11[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] by blast

ultimately AOT-show $\square\exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv) \& \neg\square\exists !v ([G]v \& [R']uv)$
 by (rule &I)

qed

next
 fix v
AOT-show $\square([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u ([F]u \& [R']uv))$
proof (rule raa-cor:1)

AOT-assume $\neg\square([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u ([F]u \& [R']uv)))$
AOT-hence 1: $\Diamond\neg([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u ([F]u \& [R']uv)))$
 using KBasic:11 $\equiv E(1)$ by blast

AOT-hence $\Diamond([G]v \& \neg\exists !u ([F]u \& [R']uv))$
 by (AOT-subst $\langle [G]v \& \neg\exists !u ([F]u \& [R']uv) \rangle$
 $\langle \neg([G]v \rightarrow \exists !u ([F]u \& [R']uv)) \rangle$)

$(meson \equiv E(6) \text{ oth-class-taut:1:b oth-class-taut:3:a})$
AOT-hence $A: \Diamond[G]v \& \Diamond \neg \exists!u ([F]u \& [R']uv)$
 using $KBasic2:3 \rightarrow E$ **by** $blast$
AOT-hence $\Box[G]v$
 using $G\text{-nec} \& E(1) \equiv E(1) \text{ sc-eq-box-box:1} \rightarrow E$ **by** $blast$
AOT-hence $\langle [G]v \rangle$ **by** $(metis qml:2[axiom-inst] \rightarrow E)$
AOT-hence $\exists!u ([F]u \& [R]uv)$
 using $C2[\text{THEN Ordinary.}\forall E, \text{ THEN} \rightarrow E]$ **by** $blast$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists u ([F]u \& [R]uv \& \forall u' ([F]u' \& [R]u'v \rightarrow u' =_E u)) \rangle$
 using $equi:1[\text{THEN} \equiv E(1)]$ **by** $auto$
then AOT-obtain a **where**
 $a\text{-prop: } \langle O!a \& ([F]a \& [R]av \& \forall u' ([F]u' \& [R]u'v \rightarrow u' =_E a)) \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** $blast$
AOT-have $\langle \exists u \Box([F]u \& [R']uv \& \forall u' ([F]u' \& [R']u'v \rightarrow u' =_E u)) \rangle$
proof(safe intro!: $\exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta=a] \& I a\text{-prop}[THEN \& E(1)]$)
 $KBasic:3[\text{THEN} \equiv E(2)]$
AOT-show $\Box[F]a$
 using $a\text{-prop}[THEN \& E(2), THEN \& E(1), THEN \& E(1)]$
 by $(metis F\text{-nec} qml:2[axiom-inst] \rightarrow E)$
next
AOT-show $\Box[R']av$
 using $D[\text{THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN} \rightarrow E]$
 $E[\text{THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN} \equiv E(2),$
 $OF a\text{-prop}[THEN \& E(2), THEN \& E(1), THEN \& E(2)]]$
 by $(metis T\Diamond \rightarrow E)$
next
AOT-have $\langle \forall u' \Box([F]u' \& [R']u'v \rightarrow u' =_E a) \rangle$
proof (*rule Ordinary.GEN; rule raa-cor:1*)
 fix u'
 AOT-assume $\langle \neg \Box([F]u' \& [R']u'v \rightarrow u' =_E a) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond \neg ([F]u' \& [R']u'v \rightarrow u' =_E a) \rangle$
 by $(metis KBasic:11 \equiv E(1))$
 AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond ([F]u' \& [R']u'v \& \neg u' =_E a) \rangle$
 by $(AOT\text{-subst} \langle [F]u' \& [R']u'v \& \neg u' =_E a \rangle$
 $\langle \neg ([F]u' \& [R']u'v \rightarrow u' =_E a) \rangle)$
 $(meson \equiv E(6) \text{ oth-class-taut:1:b oth-class-taut:3:a})$
 AOT-hence 1: $\langle \Diamond [F]u' \rangle$ **and** 2: $\langle \Diamond [R']u'v \rangle$ **and** 3: $\langle \Diamond \neg u' =_E a \rangle$
 using $KBasic2:3[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{ THEN} \& E(1)]$
 $KBasic2:3[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{ THEN} \& E(2)]$ **by** $blast+$
AOT-have $Fu': \langle [F]u' \rangle$ **using** $F\text{-nec 1}$
 by $(meson B\Diamond KBasic:13 \rightarrow E)$
AOT-have $\Box[R']u'v$
 using 2 $D[\text{THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN} \rightarrow E]$ **by** $blast$
AOT-hence $R'u'v: \langle [R']u'v \rangle$
 by $(metis B\Diamond T\Diamond \rightarrow E)$
AOT-hence $\langle [R]u'v \rangle$
 using $E[\text{THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN} \equiv E(1)]$ **by** $blast$
AOT-hence $\langle u' =_E a \rangle$
 using $a\text{-prop}[THEN \& E(2), THEN \& E(2), \text{ THEN Ordinary.}\forall E,$
 $\text{ THEN} \rightarrow E, OF \& I, OF Fu']$ **by** $blast$
AOT-hence $\langle \Box(u' =_E a) \rangle$
 by $(metis id-nec3:1 \equiv E(4) raa-cor:3)$
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \neg \Box(u' =_E a) \rangle$
 using 3 $KBasic:11 \equiv E(2)$ **by** $blast$
ultimately **AOT-show** $\langle \Box(u' =_E a) \& \neg \Box(u' =_E a) \rangle$
 using &I **by** $blast$
qed
AOT-thus $\langle \Box \forall u' ([F]u' \& [R']u'v \rightarrow u' =_E a) \rangle$
 using $Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[BF] \rightarrow E$ **by** $fast$
qed
AOT-hence 1: $\langle \Box \exists u ([F]u \& [R']uv \& \forall u' ([F]u' \& [R']u'v \rightarrow u' =_E u)) \rangle$
 using $Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[Buridan] \rightarrow E$ **by** $fast$
AOT-hence $\langle \Box \exists !u ([F]u \& [R']uv) \rangle$

```

    by (AOT-subst-thm equi:1)
  moreover AOT-have <math>\neg\Box\exists!u ([F]u \& [R']uv)>
    using A[THEN \& E(2)] KBasic:11[THEN ≡ E(2)] by blast
  ultimately AOT-show <math>\Box\exists!u ([F]u \& [R']uv) \& \neg\Box\exists!u ([F]u \& [R']uv)>
    by (rule &I)
qed
qed
AOT-hence <math>\Box\forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists!v ([G]v \& [R']uv))>
  and <math>\Box\forall v ([G]v \rightarrow \exists!u ([F]u \& [R']uv))>
    using Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[BF][THEN → E] by auto
  moreover AOT-have <math>\Box[R']\downarrow \& \Box[F]\downarrow \& \Box[G]\downarrow>
    by (simp-all add: ex:2:a)
  ultimately AOT-have <math>\Box([R']\downarrow \& [F]\downarrow \& [G]\downarrow \& \forall u ([F]u \rightarrow \exists!v ([G]v \& [R']uv)) \&
    \forall v ([G]v \rightarrow \exists!u ([F]u \& [R']uv)))>
    using KBasic:3 & I ≡ E(2) by meson
AOT-hence <math>\Box R' |: F_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow_E G>
  by (AOT-subst-def equi:2)
AOT-hence <math>\exists R \Box R |: F_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow_E G>
  by (rule \exists I(2))
AOT-hence <math>\Box\exists R R |: F_{1-1} \longleftrightarrow_E G>
  by (metis Buridan → E)
AOT-thus <math>\Box F \approx_E G>
  by (AOT-subst-def equi:3)
}
qed
ultimately AOT-show <math>\Box(F \approx_E G \rightarrow \Box F \approx_E G)>
  using → E by blast
qed

```

AOT-define numbers :: $\tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi$ ($\langle \text{Numbers}'(_, _) \rangle$)
 $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, G) \equiv_{df} A!x \& G\downarrow \& \forall F(x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$

AOT-theorem numbers[den]:
 $\Pi \downarrow \rightarrow (\text{Numbers}(\kappa, \Pi) \equiv A!\kappa \& \forall F(\kappa[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E \Pi))$
apply (safe intro!: numbers[THEN ≡ df I] & I ≡ I → I cqt:2
dest!: numbers[THEN ≡ df E])
using &E by blast+

AOT-theorem num-tran:1:
 $\langle G \approx_E H \rightarrow (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \equiv \text{Numbers}(x, H)) \rangle$
proof (safe intro!: → I ≡ I)
 AOT-assume 0: $\langle G \approx_E H \rangle$
 AOT-assume $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$
 AOT-hence Ax: $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$
 using numbers[THEN ≡ df E] & E by blast+
 AOT-show $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, H) \rangle$
proof(safe intro!: numbers[THEN ≡ df I] & I Ax cqt:2 GEN)
fix F
 AOT-have $\langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rangle$
 using &T[THEN ∀ E(2)].
 also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E H \rangle$
 using 0 approx-nec:2[THEN ≡ E(1), THEN ∀ E(2)] by metis
 finally AOT-show $\langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E H \rangle$.

qed
next
 AOT-assume $\langle G \approx_E H \rangle$
 AOT-hence 0: $\langle H \approx_E G \rangle$
 by (metis eq-part:2 → E)
 AOT-assume $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, H) \rangle$
 AOT-hence Ax: $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E H) \rangle$
 using numbers[THEN ≡ df E] & E by blast+
 AOT-show $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$

```

proof(safe intro!: numbers[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] &I Ax cqt:2 GEN)
  fix F
  AOT-have  $\langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E H \rangle$ 
    using  $\vartheta[\text{THEN } \forall E(2)]$ .
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rangle$ 
    using  $\theta \text{ approx-nec:2}[\text{THEN } \equiv E(1), \text{ THEN } \forall E(2)]$  by metis
    finally AOT-show  $\langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rangle$ .
  qed
qed

```

AOT-theorem *num-tran:2*:

```

 $\langle (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \& \text{Numbers}(x, H)) \rightarrow G \approx_E H \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\rightarrow I$ ; frule &E(1); drule &E(2))
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\forall F \langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rangle$ 
    using numbers[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast
  AOT-hence 1:  $\langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rangle$  for F
    using  $\forall E(2)$  by blast
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, H) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\forall F \langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E H \rangle$ 
    using numbers[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E H \rangle$  for F
    using  $\forall E(2)$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E H \rangle$  for F
    by (metis 1  $\equiv E(6)$ )
  AOT-thus  $\langle G \approx_E H \rangle$ 
    using approx-nec:2[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ , OF GEN] by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem *num-tran:3*:

```

 $\langle G \equiv_E H \rightarrow (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \equiv \text{Numbers}(x, H)) \rangle$ 
using apE-eqE:1 Hypothetical Syllogism num-tran:1 by blast

```

AOT-theorem *pre-Hume*:

```

 $\langle (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \& \text{Numbers}(y, H)) \rightarrow (x = y \equiv G \approx_E H) \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!:  $\rightarrow I \equiv I$ ; frule &E(1); drule &E(2))
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$ 
  moreover AOT-assume  $\langle x = y \rangle$ 
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \text{Numbers}(y, G) \rangle$  by (rule rule=E)
  moreover AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Numbers}(y, H) \rangle$ 
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle G \approx_E H \rangle$  using num-tran:2  $\rightarrow E$  &I by blast
next
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence Ax:  $\langle A!x \text{ and } xF: \forall F \langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rangle \rangle$ 
    using numbers[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast+
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Numbers}(y, H) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence Ay:  $\langle A!y \text{ and } yF: \forall F \langle y[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E H \rangle \rangle$ 
    using numbers[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast+
  AOT-assume G-approx-H:  $\langle G \approx_E H \rangle$ 
  AOT-show  $\langle x = y \rangle$ 
  proof(rule ab-obey:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF &I, OF Ax, OF Ay]; rule GEN)
    fix F
    AOT-have  $\langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rangle$ 
      using xF[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ ].
    also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E H \rangle$ 
      using approx-nec:2[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ , OF G-approx-H, THEN  $\forall E(2)$ ].
    also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv y[F] \rangle$ 
      using yF[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , symmetric].
    finally AOT-show  $\langle x[F] \equiv y[F] \rangle$ .
  qed
qed

```

AOT-theorem *two-num-not*:

$\langle \exists u \exists v (u \neq v) \rightarrow \exists x \exists G \exists H (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \& \text{Numbers}(x, H) \& \neg G \equiv_E H) \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-have *eqE-den*: $\langle [\lambda x x =_E y] \downarrow \text{for } y \text{ by } cqt:2$
AOT-assume $\langle \exists u \exists v (u \neq v) \rangle$
then AOT-obtain *c* **where** *Oc*: $\langle O!c \rangle$ **and** $\langle \exists v (c \neq v) \rangle$
using $\& E \exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
then AOT-obtain *d* **where** *Od*: $\langle O!d \rangle$ **and** *c-noteq-d*: $\langle c \neq d \rangle$
using $\& E \exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence *c-noteqE-d*: $\langle c \neq_E d \rangle$
using $=_E\text{-simple}:2[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E] =_E\text{-simple}:2 \equiv_E(2)$ *modus-tollens:1*
 $=_infix \equiv_{df} E \text{ thm-neg}=_E$ **by** *fast*
AOT-hence *not-c-eqE-d*: $\langle \neg c =_E d \rangle$
using $\equiv_E(1)$ *thm-neg}=_E* **by** *blast*
AOT-have $\langle \exists x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathbf{A}[F]z] \approx_E [\lambda x x =_E c])) \rangle$
by (*simp add*: *A-objects[axiom-inst]*)
then AOT-obtain *a* **where** *a-prop*: $\langle A!a \& \forall F (a[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathbf{A}[F]z] \approx_E [\lambda x x =_E c]) \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-have $\langle \exists x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathbf{A}[F]z] \approx_E [\lambda x x =_E d])) \rangle$
by (*simp add*: *A-objects vdash-properties:1[2]*)
then AOT-obtain *b* **where** *b-prop*: $\langle A!b \& \forall F (b[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathbf{A}[F]z] \approx_E [\lambda x x =_E d]) \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-have *num-a-eq-c*: $\langle \text{Numbers}(a, [\lambda x x =_E c]) \rangle$
by (*safe intro!*: *numbers[THEN} \equiv_{df} I]* **&I** *a-prop[THEN &E(1)]*
a-prop[THEN &E(2)] **cqt:2**
moreover AOT-have *num-b-eq-d*: $\langle \text{Numbers}(b, [\lambda x x =_E d]) \rangle$
by (*safe intro!*: *numbers[THEN} \equiv_{df} I]* **&I** *b-prop[THEN &E(1)]*
b-prop[THEN &E(2)] **cqt:2**
moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda x x =_E c] \approx_E [\lambda x x =_E d] \rangle$
proof (*rule equi:3[THEN} \equiv_{df} I]*)
let *?R* = $\langle \langle [\lambda xy (x =_E c \& y =_E d)] \rangle \rangle$
AOT-have *Rcd*: $\langle [\langle ?R \rangle] cd \rangle$
by (*auto intro!*: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ **cqt:2** **&I** *prod-denotesI*
ord=Equiv:1[THEN} \rightarrow E] **Od** *Oc*)
AOT-show $\langle \exists R R : [\lambda x x =_E c] \underset{1-1}{\longleftrightarrow}_E [\lambda x x =_E d] \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: $\exists I(1)[\text{where } \tau = \langle ?R \rangle]$ *equi:2[THEN} \equiv_{df} I]* **&I**
eqE-den Ordinary.GEN} \rightarrow I)
AOT-show $\langle \langle ?R \rangle \downarrow \rangle$ **by** *cqt:2*
next
fix *u*
AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda x x =_E c] u \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle u =_E c \rangle$
by (*metis* $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$)
AOT-hence *u-is-c*: $\langle u = c \rangle$
by (*metis* $=_E\text{-simple}:2 \rightarrow E$)
AOT-show $\langle \exists !v ([\lambda x x =_E d] v \& [\langle ?R \rangle] uv) \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: *equi:1[THEN} \equiv_E(2)]* $\exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta = d]$ **&I**
Od Ordinary.GEN} \rightarrow I)
AOT-show $\langle [\lambda x x =_E d] d \rangle$
by (*auto intro!*: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ **cqt:2** *ord=Equiv:1[THEN} \rightarrow E]*, *OF Od*)
next
AOT-show $\langle [\langle ?R \rangle] ud \rangle$
using *u-is-c[symmetric]* *Rcd rule=E* **by** *fast*
next
fix *v*
AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda x x =_E d] v \& [\langle ?R \rangle] uv \rangle$
AOT-thus $\langle v =_E d \rangle$
by (*metis* $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ **&E(1)**)
qed
next
fix *v*
AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda x x =_E d] v \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle v =_E d \rangle$
by (*metis* $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$)

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AOT-hence v-is-d:  $\langle v = d \rangle$ 
  by (metis =E-simple:2 →E)
AOT-show  $\langle \exists !u ([\lambda x x =_E c]u \& [\ll ?R \rr]uv) \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!: equi:1[THEN ≡E(2)] ∃ I(2)[where  $\beta=c$ ] &I
  Oc Ordinary.GEN →I)
AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x x =_E c]c \rangle$ 
  by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 ord=Equiv:1[THEN →E, OF Oc])
next
AOT-show  $\langle [\ll ?R \rr]cv \rangle$ 
  using v-is-d[symmetric] Rcd rule=E by fast
next
fix u
AOT-assume  $\langle [\lambda x x =_E c]u \& [\ll ?R \rr]uv \rangle$ 
AOT-thus  $\langle u =_E c \rangle$ 
  by (metis  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$  &E(1))
qed
next
AOT-show  $\langle \ll ?R \rr \downarrow \rangle$ 
  by cqt:2
qed
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle a = b \rangle$ 
  using pre-Hume[unverify G H, OF eqE-den, OF eqE-den, THEN →E,
    OF &I, THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
AOT-hence num-a-eq-d:  $\langle \text{Numbers}(a, [\lambda x x =_E d]) \rangle$ 
  using num-b-eq-d rule=E id-sym by fast
AOT-have not-equiv:  $\langle \neg[\lambda x x =_E c] \equiv_E [\lambda x x =_E d] \rangle$ 
proof (rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume  $\langle [\lambda x x =_E c] \equiv_E [\lambda x x =_E d] \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda x x =_E c]c \equiv [\lambda x x =_E d]c \rangle$ 
    using eqE[THEN ≡df E, THEN &E(2), THEN ∀E(2), THEN →E] Oc by blast
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda x x =_E c]c \rangle$ 
    by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 ord=Equiv:1[THEN →E, OF Oc])
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda x x =_E d]c \rangle$ 
    using ≡E(1) by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle c =_E d \rangle$ 
    by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ )
  AOT-thus  $\langle c =_E d \& \neg c =_E d \rangle$ 
    using not-c-eqE-d &I by blast
qed
AOT-show  $\langle \exists x \exists G \exists H (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \& \text{Numbers}(x, H) \& \neg G \equiv_E H) \rangle$ 
  apply (rule ∃ I(2)[where  $\beta=a$ ])
  apply (rule ∃ I(1)[where  $\tau=\ll [\lambda x x =_E c] \rr$ ])
  apply (rule ∃ I(1)[where  $\tau=\ll [\lambda x x =_E d] \rr$ ])
  by (safe intro!: eqE-den &I num-a-eq-c num-a-eq-d not-equiv)
qed

AOT-theorem num:1:  $\langle \exists x \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$ 
by (AOT-subst  $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$  ⟨[A!]x & ∀F (x[F] ≡ [λz A[F]z] ≈E G)⟩ for: x)
  (auto simp: numbers[den][THEN →E, OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]]
  A-objects[axiom-inst])
AOT-theorem num:2:  $\langle \exists !x \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$ 
by (AOT-subst  $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$  ⟨[A!]x & ∀F (x[F] ≡ [λz A[F]z] ≈E G)⟩ for: x)
  (auto simp: numbers[den][THEN →E, OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]]
  A-objects!)
AOT-theorem num-cont:1:
   $\langle \exists x \exists G (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \& \neg \Box \text{Numbers}(x, G)) \rangle$ 
proof –
  AOT-have  $\langle \exists F \exists G \Diamond ([\lambda z \text{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \& \Diamond \neg [\lambda z \text{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
    using approx-cont:2.
  then AOT-obtain F where  $\langle \exists G \Diamond ([\lambda z \text{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \& \Diamond \neg [\lambda z \text{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 

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using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
then AOT-obtain  $G$  where  $\langle \Diamond([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \ \& \ \Diamond\neg[\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\vartheta: \langle \Diamond([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$  and  $\zeta: \langle \Diamond\neg[\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rangle$ 
  using KBasic2:3[THEN  $\rightarrow$  E] & E  $\Diamond$ [THEN  $\rightarrow$  E] by blast+
AOT-obtain  $a$  where  $\langle \text{Numbers}(a, G) \rangle$ 
  using num:1  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \neg\Box \text{Numbers}(a, G) \rangle$ 
proof (rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-assume  $\langle \Box \text{Numbers}(a, G) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box([A!]a \ \& \ G \downarrow \ \& \ \forall F (a[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G)) \rangle$ 
    by (AOT-subst-def (reverse) numbers)
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box A!a \ \& \ \langle \Box \forall F (a[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
    using KBasic:3[THEN  $\equiv$  E(1)] & E by blast+
  AOT-hence  $\langle \forall F \Box(a[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
    using CBF[THEN  $\rightarrow$  E] by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box(a[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
    using  $\forall E(2)$  by blast
  AOT-hence A:  $\langle \Box(a[F] \rightarrow [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
    and B:  $\langle \Box([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rightarrow a[F]) \rangle$ 
    using KBasic:4[THEN  $\equiv$  E(1)] & E by blast+
  AOT-have  $\langle \Box(\neg[\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rightarrow \neg a[F]) \rangle$ 
    apply (AOT-subst  $\neg[\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rightarrow \neg a[F]$ )  $\langle a[F] \rightarrow [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rangle$ 
    using  $\equiv I$  useful-tautologies:4 useful-tautologies:5 apply presburger
    by (fact A)
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond\neg a[F] \rangle$ 
    by (metis KBasic:13  $\zeta \rightarrow$  E)
  AOT-hence  $\langle \neg a[F] \rangle$ 
    by (metis KBasic:11 en-eq:2[1]  $\equiv$  E(2)  $\equiv$  E(4))
  AOT-hence  $\langle \neg\Diamond a[F] \rangle$ 
    by (metis en-eq:3[1]  $\equiv$  E(4))
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond a[F] \rangle$ 
    by (meson B  $\vartheta$  KBasic:13  $\rightarrow$  E)
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \Diamond a[F] \ \& \ \neg\Diamond a[F] \rangle$ 
    using &I by blast
qed

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ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \text{Numbers}(a, G) \ \& \ \neg\Box \text{Numbers}(a, G) \rangle$ 
  using &I by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists G (\text{Numbers}(a, G) \ \& \ \neg\Box \text{Numbers}(a, G)) \rangle$ 
  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists x \exists G (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \ \& \ \neg\Box \text{Numbers}(x, G)) \rangle$ 
  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem num-cont:2:
   $\langle \text{Rigid}(G) \rightarrow \Box \forall x (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \rightarrow \Box \text{Numbers}(x, G)) \rangle$ 
proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Rigid}(G) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box \forall z ([G]z \rightarrow \Box[G]z) \rangle$ 
    using df-rigid-rel:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ , THEN &E(2)] by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box \Box \forall z ([G]z \rightarrow \Box[G]z) \rangle$  by (metis S5Basic:6  $\equiv$  E(1))
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \Box \Box \forall z ([G]z \rightarrow \Box[G]z) \rightarrow \Box \forall x (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \rightarrow \Box \text{Numbers}(x, G)) \rangle$ 
  proof(rule RM; safe intro!:  $\rightarrow I$  GEN)
    AOT-modally-strict {
      AOT-have act-den:  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \downarrow \text{for } F \text{ by cqt:2[lambda]}$ 
        fix x
      AOT-assume G-nec:  $\langle \Box \forall z ([G]z \rightarrow \Box[G]z) \rangle$ 
      AOT-hence G-rigid:  $\langle \text{Rigid}(G) \rangle$ 
        using df-rigid-rel:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ , OF &I] cqt:2
        by blast
      AOT-assume  $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$ 
      AOT-hence  $\langle [A!]x \ \& \ G \downarrow \ \& \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
    }
  
```

```

using numbers[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] by blast
AOT-hence Ax:  $\langle [A!]x \rangle$  and  $\langle \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
  using &E by blast+
AOT-hence  $\langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rangle$  for F
  using  $\forall E(2)$  by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \square([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \rightarrow \square[\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$  for F
  using approx-nec:3[unvarify F, OF act-den, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF &I,
    OF actuallyF:2, OF G-rigid].
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \square(x[F] \rightarrow \square x[F]) \rangle$  for F
  by (simp add: RN pre-en-eq:1[1])
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \square(x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$  for F
  using sc-eq-box-box:5  $\rightarrow E$  qml:2[axiom-inst] &I by meson
AOT-hence  $\langle \forall F \square(x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
  by (rule  $\forall I$ )
AOT-hence 1:  $\langle \square \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$ 
  using BF[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by fast
AOT-have  $\langle \square G \downarrow \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: ex:2:a)
moreover AOT-have  $\langle \square[A!]x \rangle$ 
  using Ax oa-facts:2  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \square(A!x \& G \downarrow) \rangle$ 
  by (metis KBasic:3 &I  $\equiv E(2)$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle \square(A!x \& G \downarrow \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G)) \rangle$ 
  using 1 KBasic:3 &I  $\equiv E(2)$  by fast
AOT-thus  $\langle \square \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$ 
  by (AOT-subst-def numbers)
}
qed
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \square \forall x (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \rightarrow \square \text{Numbers}(x, G)) \rangle$ 
  using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem num-cont:3:
 $\langle \square \forall x (\text{Numbers}(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z]) \rightarrow \square \text{Numbers}(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z])) \rangle$
by (rule num-cont:2[unvarify G, THEN $\rightarrow E$];
 (cqt:2[lambda] | rule actuallyF:2))

AOT-theorem num-uniq: $\langle \iota x \text{Numbers}(x, G) \downarrow \rangle$
using $\equiv E(2)$ A-Exists:2 RA[2] num:2 **by** blast

AOT-define num :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \kappa_s \rangle$ ($\langle \# \rangle$ - [100] 100)
 num-def:1: $\langle \# G =_{df} \iota x \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$

AOT-theorem num-def:2: $\langle \# G \downarrow \rangle$
using num-def:1[THEN $=_{df} I(1)$] num-uniq **by** simp

AOT-theorem num-can:1:
 $\langle \# G = \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G)) \rangle$
proof –
AOT-have $\langle \square \forall x (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \equiv [A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G)) \rangle$
by (safe intro!: RN GEN numbers[den][THEN $\rightarrow E$] cqt:2)
AOT-hence $\langle \iota x \text{Numbers}(x, G) = \iota x ([A!]x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G)) \rangle$
using num-uniq equiv-desc-eq:3[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I] **by** auto
thus ?thesis
by (rule =_{df} I(1)[OF num-def:1, OF num-uniq])
qed

AOT-theorem num-can:2: $\langle \# G = \iota x (A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E G)) \rangle$
proof (rule id-trans[OF num-can:1]; rule equiv-desc-eq:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$];
 safe intro!: &I A-descriptions GEN Act-Basic:5[THEN $\equiv E(2)$])

logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst, THEN $\equiv E(2)$])

AOT-have act-den: $\langle \vdash_{\square} [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \downarrow \rangle$ **for** F
by cqt:2

AOT-have *eq-part:3[terms]*: $\vdash_{\square} F \approx_E G \ \& \ F \approx_E H \rightarrow G \approx_E H \text{ for } F \ G \ H$
by (*metis &I eq-part:2 eq-part:3 →I &E →E*)
fix *x*
{
 fix *F*
AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(F \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]) \rangle$
 by (*simp add: actuallyF:1*)
moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}((F \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]) \rightarrow ([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \equiv F \approx_E G)) \rangle$
 by (*auto intro!: RA[2] →I ≡I*
 simp: eq-part:3[unverify G, OF act-den, THEN →E, OF &I]
 eq-part:3[terms][unverify G, OF act-den, THEN →E, OF &I])
ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle \mathcal{A}([\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \equiv F \approx_E G) \rangle$
 using *logic-actual-nec:2[axiom-inst, THEN ≡E(1), THEN →E]* **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}[\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \equiv \mathcal{A}F \approx_E G \rangle$
 by (*metis Act-Basic:5 ≡E(1)*)
AOT-hence *0*: $\langle (\mathcal{A}x[F] \equiv \mathcal{A}[\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \equiv (\mathcal{A}x[F] \equiv \mathcal{A}F \approx_E G) \rangle$
 by (*auto intro!: ≡I →I elim: ≡E*)
AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \equiv (\mathcal{A}x[F] \equiv \mathcal{A}[\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$
 by (*simp add: Act-Basic:5*)
also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv (\mathcal{A}x[F] \equiv \mathcal{A}F \approx_E G) \rangle$ **using** *0*.
also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv \mathcal{A}((x[F] \equiv F \approx_E G)) \rangle$
 by (*meson Act-Basic:5 ≡E(6) oth-class-taut:3:a*)
finally **AOT-have** *0*: $\langle \mathcal{A}(x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \equiv \mathcal{A}((x[F] \equiv F \approx_E G)) \rangle$.
} note *0 = this*
AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \equiv \forall F \mathcal{A}(x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \rangle$
 using *logic-actual-nec:3 vdash-properties:1[2]* **by** *blast*
also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv \forall F \mathcal{A}((x[F] \equiv F \approx_E G)) \rangle$
 apply (*safe intro!: ≡I →I GEN*)
 using *0 ≡E(1) ≡E(2) rule-ui:3* **by** *blast+*
also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv \mathcal{A}(\forall F (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E G)) \rangle$
 using *≡E(6) logic-actual-nec:3[axiom-inst] oth-class-taut:3:a* **by** *fast*
finally **AOT-have** *0*: $\langle \mathcal{A}\forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G) \equiv \mathcal{A}(\forall F (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E G)) \rangle$.
AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}([A!]x \ \& \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G)) \equiv$
 (*AA!x & A∀F (x[F] ≡ [λz A[F]z] ≈_E G)*)
 by (*simp add: Act-Basic:2*)
also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv \mathcal{A}[A!]x \ \& \ \mathcal{A}(\forall F (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E G)) \rangle$
 using *0 oth-class-taut:4:f →E* **by** *blast*
also **AOT-have** $\langle \dots \equiv \mathcal{A}(A!x \ \& \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E G)) \rangle$
 using *Act-Basic:2 ≡E(6) oth-class-taut:3:a* **by** *blast*
finally **AOT-show** $\langle \mathcal{A}([A!]x \ \& \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G)) \equiv$
 (*A![A!]x & ∀F (x[F] ≡ F ≈_E G)*).
qed

AOT-define *NaturalCardinal* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ (*NaturalCardinal'(-')*)
card: $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \equiv_{df} \exists G(x = \#G) \rangle$

AOT-theorem *natcard-nec*: $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rightarrow \square \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rangle$
proof(*rule →I*)
AOT-assume $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists G(x = \#G) \rangle$ **using** *card[THEN ≡df E]* **by** *blast*
then **AOT-obtain** *G* **where** $\langle x = \#G \rangle$ **using** *∃E[rotated]* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \square x = \#G \rangle$ **by** (*metis id-nec:2 →E*)
AOT-hence $\langle \exists G \ \square x = \#G \rangle$ **by** (*rule ∃I*)
AOT-hence $\langle \square \exists G x = \#G \rangle$ **by** (*metis Buridan →E*)
AOT-thus $\langle \square \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rangle$
 by (*AOT-subst-def card*)
qed

AOT-act-theorem *hume:1*: $\langle \text{Numbers}(\#G, G) \rangle$
apply (*rule =df I(1)[OF num-def:1]*)
apply (*simp add: num-uniq*)
using *num-uniq vdash-properties:10 y-in:3* **by** *blast*

AOT-act-theorem hume:2: $\langle \#F = \#G \equiv F \approx_E G \rangle$
 by (safe intro!: pre-Hume[unverify x y, OF num-def:2,
 OF num-def:2, THEN \rightarrow_E] &I hume:1)

AOT-act-theorem hume:3: $\langle \#F = \#G \equiv \exists R (R : F \approx_E G) \rangle$
 using equi-rem-thm
 apply (AOT-subst (reverse) $\langle R : F \approx_E G \rangle$
 $\langle R : F \approx_E G \rangle$ for: $R :: \langle \kappa \times \kappa \rangle$)
 using equi:3 hume:2 $\equiv_E (5)$ $\equiv_D f$ by blast

AOT-act-theorem hume:4: $\langle F \equiv_E G \rightarrow \#F = \#G \rangle$
 by (metis apE-eqE:1 deduction-theorem hume:2 $\equiv_E (2) \rightarrow_E$)

AOT-theorem hume-strict:1:
 $\langle \exists x (\text{Numbers}(x, F) \& \text{Numbers}(x, G)) \equiv F \approx_E G \rangle$
 proof(safe intro!: $\equiv_I \rightarrow_I$)
 AOT-assume $\langle \exists x (\text{Numbers}(x, F) \& \text{Numbers}(x, G)) \rangle$
 then AOT-obtain a where $\langle \text{Numbers}(a, F) \& \text{Numbers}(a, G) \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast
 AOT-thus $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$
 using num-tran:2 \rightarrow_E by blast
 next
 AOT-assume 0: $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$
 moreover AOT-obtain b where num-b-F: $\langle \text{Numbers}(b, F) \rangle$
 by (metis instantiation num:1)
 moreover AOT-have num-b-G: $\langle \text{Numbers}(b, G) \rangle$
 using calculation num-tran:1[THEN \rightarrow_E , THEN $\equiv_E (1)$] by blast
 ultimately AOT-have $\langle \text{Numbers}(b, F) \& \text{Numbers}(b, G) \rangle$
 by (safe intro!: &I)
 AOT-thus $\langle \exists x (\text{Numbers}(x, F) \& \text{Numbers}(x, G)) \rangle$
 by (rule $\exists I$)
 qed

AOT-theorem hume-strict:2:
 $\langle \exists x \exists y (\text{Numbers}(x, F) \&$
 $\forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, F) \rightarrow z = x) \&$
 $\text{Numbers}(y, G) \&$
 $\forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, G) \rightarrow z = y) \&$
 $x = y) \equiv$
 $F \approx_E G \rangle$
 proof(safe intro!: $\equiv_I \rightarrow_I$)
 AOT-assume $\langle \exists x \exists y (\text{Numbers}(x, F) \& \forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, F) \rightarrow z = x) \&$
 $\text{Numbers}(y, G) \& \forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, G) \rightarrow z = y) \& x = y) \rangle$
 then AOT-obtain x where
 $\langle \exists y (\text{Numbers}(x, F) \& \forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, F) \rightarrow z = x) \& \text{Numbers}(y, G) \&$
 $\forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, G) \rightarrow z = y) \& x = y) \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast
 then AOT-obtain y where
 $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, F) \& \forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, F) \rightarrow z = x) \& \text{Numbers}(y, G) \&$
 $\forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, G) \rightarrow z = y) \& x = y) \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast
 AOT-hence $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, F) \rangle$ and $\langle \text{Numbers}(y, G) \rangle$ and $\langle x = y \rangle$
 using &E by blast+
 AOT-hence $\langle \text{Numbers}(y, F) \& \text{Numbers}(y, G) \rangle$
 using &I rule=E by fast
 AOT-hence $\langle \exists y (\text{Numbers}(y, F) \& \text{Numbers}(y, G)) \rangle$
 by (rule $\exists I$)
 AOT-thus $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$
 using hume-strict:1[THEN $\equiv_E (1)$] by blast
 next
 AOT-assume $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \exists x (\text{Numbers}(x, F) \& \text{Numbers}(x, G)) \rangle$

```

using hume-strict:1[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] by blast
then AOT-obtain x where <Numbers(x, F) & Numbers(x, G)>
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
moreover AOT-have < $\forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, F) \rightarrow z = x)$ >
  and < $\forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, G) \rightarrow z = x)$ >
using calculation
by (auto intro!: GEN  $\rightarrow I$  pre-Hume[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF &I, THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ,
  rotated 2, OF eq-part:1] dest: &E)
ultimately AOT-have <Numbers(x, F) &  $\forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, F) \rightarrow z = x) \&$ 
   $\text{Numbers}(x, G) \& \forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, G) \rightarrow z = x) \& x = x$ >
by (auto intro!: &I id-eq:1 dest: &E)
AOT-thus < $\exists x \exists y (\text{Numbers}(x, F) \& \forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, F) \rightarrow z = x) \& \text{Numbers}(y, G) \&$ 
   $\forall z (\text{Numbers}(z, G) \rightarrow z = y) \& x = y)$ >
by (auto intro!:  $\exists I$ )
qed

```

AOT-theorem unotEu: < $\neg \exists y [\lambda x O!x \& x \neq_E x] y$ >

proof(rule raa-cor:2)

```

AOT-assume < $\exists y [\lambda x O!x \& x \neq_E x] y$ >
then AOT-obtain y where < $[\lambda x O!x \& x \neq_E x] y$ >
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence 0: < $O!y \& y \neq_E y$ >
  by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ )
AOT-hence < $\neg(y =_E y)$ >
  using &E(2)  $\equiv E(1)$  thm-neg=E by blast
moreover AOT-have < $y =_E y$ >
  by (metis 0[THEN &E(1)] ord=Eqquiv:1  $\rightarrow E$ )
ultimately AOT-show < $p \& \neg p$ > for p
  by (metis raa-cor:3)
qed

```

AOT-define zero :: < κ_s > <(0)>

zero:1: < $0 =_{df} \#[\lambda x O!x \& x \neq_E x]$ >

AOT-theorem zero:2: < $0 \downarrow$ >

by (rule =_{df} I(2)[OF zero:1]; rule num-def:2[unvarify G]; cqt:2)

AOT-theorem zero-card: < $\text{NaturalCardinal}(0)$ >

```

apply (rule =df I(2)[OF zero:1])
apply (rule num-def:2[unvarify G]; cqt:2)
apply (rule card[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
apply (rule  $\exists I(1)[\text{where } \tau = \langle \langle \lambda x [O!]x \& x \neq_E x \rangle \rangle]$ )
apply (rule rule=I:1; rule num-def:2[unvarify G]; cqt:2)
by cqt:2

```

AOT-theorem eq-num:1:

< $\mathcal{A}\text{Numbers}(x, G) \equiv \text{Numbers}(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z])$ >

proof –

```

AOT-have act-den: < $\vdash_{\square} [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \downarrow$  for F by cqt:2
AOT-have  $\square(\exists x (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \& \text{Numbers}(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z])) \equiv G \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z])$ 
  using hume-strict:1[unvarify G, OF act-den, THEN RN].
AOT-hence < $\mathcal{A}(\exists x (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \& \text{Numbers}(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z])) \equiv G \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z])$ >
  using nec-imp-act[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by fast
AOT-hence < $\mathcal{A}(\exists x (\text{Numbers}(x, G) \& \text{Numbers}(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z])))$ >
  using actuallyF:1 Act-Basic:5  $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$  by fast
AOT-hence < $\exists x \mathcal{A}((\text{Numbers}(x, G) \& \text{Numbers}(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z])))$ >
  by (metis Act-Basic:10 intro-elim:3:a)
then AOT-obtain a where < $\mathcal{A}(\text{Numbers}(a, G) \& \text{Numbers}(a, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z]))$ >
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence act-a-num-G: < $\mathcal{A}\text{Numbers}(a, G)$ >
  and act-a-num-actG: < $\mathcal{A}\text{Numbers}(a, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z])$ >
  using Act-Basic:2 &E  $\equiv E(1)$  by blast+
AOT-hence num-a-act-g: < $\text{Numbers}(a, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[G]z])$ >

```

```

using num-cont:2[unvarify G, OF act-den, THEN →E, OF actuallyF:2,
    THEN CBF[THEN →E], THEN ∀ E(2)]
by (metis ≡E(1) sc-eq-fur:2 vdash-properties:6)
AOT-have 0: ⋄-□ Numbers(x, G) & Numbers(y, G) → x = y for y
    using pre-Hume[THEN →E, THEN ≡E(2), rotated, OF eq-part:1]
        →I by blast
show ?thesis
proof(safe intro!: ≡I →I)
AOT-assume ⟨ANumbers(x, G)⟩
AOT-hence ⟨Ax = a⟩
    using 0[THEN RA[2], THEN act-cond[THEN →E], THEN →E,
        OF Act-Basic:2[THEN ≡E(2)], OF &I]
            act-a-num-G by blast
AOT-hence ⟨x = a⟩ by (metis id-act:1 ≡E(2))
AOT-hence ⟨a = x⟩ using id-sym by auto
AOT-thus ⟨Numbers(x, [λz A[G]z])⟩
    using rule=E num-a-act-g by fast
next
AOT-assume ⟨Numbers(x, [λz A[G]z])⟩
AOT-hence ⟨a = x⟩
    using pre-Hume[unvarify G H, THEN →E, OF act-den, OF act-den, OF &I,
        OF num-a-act-g, THEN ≡E(2)]
            eq-part:1[unvarify F, OF act-den] by blast
AOT-thus ⟨ANumbers(x, G)⟩
    using act-a-num-G rule=E by fast
qed
qed

```

AOT-theorem eq-num:2: ⟨Numbers(x, [λz A[G]z]) ≡ x = #G⟩

proof –

```

AOT-have 0: ⋄-□ x = ux Numbers(x, G) ≡ ∀ y (Numbers(y, [λz A[G]z]) ≡ y = x) for x
    by (AOT-subst (reverse) ⟨Numbers(x, [λz A[G]z])⟩ ⟨ANumbers(x, G)⟩ for: x)
        (auto simp: eq-num:1 descriptions[axiom-inst])
AOT-have ⟨#G = ux Numbers(x, G) ≡ ∀ y (Numbers(y, [λz A[G]z]) ≡ y = #G)⟩
    using 0[unvarify x, OF num-def:2].
    moreover AOT-have ⟨#G = ux Numbers(x, G)⟩
        using num-def:1 num-uniq rule-id-df:1 by blast
    ultimately AOT-have ⟨∀ y (Numbers(y, [λz A[G]z]) ≡ y = #G)⟩
        using ≡E by blast
    thus ?thesis using ∀ E(2) by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem eq-num:3: ⟨Numbers(#G, [λy A[G]y])⟩

proof –

```

AOT-have ⟨#G = #G⟩
    by (simp add: rule=I:1 num-def:2)
    thus ?thesis
    using eq-num:2[unvarify x, OF num-def:2, THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem eq-num:4:

```

⟨A!#G & ∀ F (#G[F] ≡ [λz A[F]z] ≈E [λz A[G]z])⟩
by (auto intro!: &I eq-num:3[THEN numbers[THEN ≡df E],
    THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)]
        eq-num:3[THEN numbers[THEN ≡df E], THEN &E(2)])

```

AOT-theorem eq-num:5: ⟨#G[G]⟩

```

by (auto intro!: eq-num:4[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ≡E(2)]
    eq-part:1[unvarify F] simp: cqt:2)

```

AOT-theorem eq-num:6: ⟨Numbers(x, G) → NaturalCardinal(x)⟩

proof(rule →I)

```

AOT-have act-den: ⋄-□ [λz A[F]z]↓ for F

```

by *cqt:2*
AOT-obtain *F* **where** $\langle \text{Rigidifies}(F, G) \rangle$
by (*metis instantiation rigid-der:3*)
AOT-hence $\vartheta: \langle \text{Rigid}(F) \rangle$ **and** $\langle \forall x ([F]x \equiv [G]x) \rangle$
using *df-rigid-rel:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(2)]*
df-rigid-rel:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(1)]
by *blast+*
AOT-hence $\langle F \equiv_E G \rangle$
by (*auto intro!: eqE[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] &I cqt:2 GEN →I elim: ∀ E(2)*)
moreover AOT-assume $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, G) \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, F) \rangle$
using *num-tran:3[THEN →E, THEN $\equiv_E(2)$] by blast*
moreover AOT-have $\langle F \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \rangle$
using ϑ *approx-nec:1 →E by blast*
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]) \rangle$
using *num-tran:1[unverify H, OF act-den, THEN →E, THEN $\equiv_E(1)$] by blast*
AOT-hence $\langle x = \#F \rangle$
using *eq-num:2[THEN $\equiv_E(1)$] by blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists F x = \#F \rangle$
by (*rule ∃I*)
AOT-thus $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rangle$
using *card[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] by blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *eq-df-num*: $\langle \exists G (x = \#G) \equiv \exists G (\text{Numbers}(x, G)) \rangle$
proof(*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \exists G (x = \#G) \rangle$
then AOT-obtain *P* **where** $\langle x = \#P \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[P]z]) \rangle$
using *eq-num:2[THEN $\equiv_E(2)$] by blast*
moreover AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[P]z] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** *cqt:2*
ultimately AOT-show $\langle \exists G(\text{Numbers}(x, G)) \rangle$ **by** (*rule ∃I*)

next

AOT-assume $\langle \exists G (\text{Numbers}(x, G)) \rangle$
then AOT-obtain *Q* **where** $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, Q) \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rangle$
using *eq-num:6[THEN →E] by blast*
AOT-thus $\langle \exists G (x = \#G) \rangle$
using *card[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] by blast*
qed

AOT-theorem *card-en*: $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rightarrow \forall F (x[F] \equiv x = \#F) \rangle$
proof(*rule →I; rule GEN*)

AOT-have *act-den*: $\langle \vdash_{\square} [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \downarrow \rangle$ **for** *F* **by** *cqt:2*
fix *F*
AOT-assume $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists F x = \#F \rangle$
using *card[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] by blast*
then AOT-obtain *P* **where** *x-def*: $\langle x = \#P \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence *num-x-act-P*: $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[P]z]) \rangle$
using *eq-num:2[THEN $\equiv_E(2)$] by blast*
AOT-have $\langle \#P[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[P]z] \rangle$
using *eq-num:4[THEN &E(2), THEN ∀ E(2)] by blast*
AOT-hence $\langle x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[P]z] \rangle$
using *x-def[symmetric] rule=E by fast*
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \text{Numbers}(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]) \rangle$
using *num-tran:1[unverify G H, OF act-den, OF act-den]*
using *num-tran:2[unverify G H, OF act-den, OF act-den]*
by (*metis &I deduction-theorem ≡I ≡E(2) num-x-act-P*)
also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv x = \#F \rangle$

```

using eq-num:2 by blast
finally AOT-show <x[F] ≡ x = #F>.
qed

AOT-theorem 0F:1: <¬∃ u [F]u ≡ Numbers(0, F)>
proof –
  AOT-have unotEu-act-ord: <¬∃ v[λx O!x & Ax ≠E x]v>
  proof(rule raa-cor:2)
    AOT-assume <∃ v[λx O!x & Ax ≠E x]v>
    then AOT-obtain y where <[λx O!x & Ax ≠E x]y>
      using ∃ E[rotated] & E by blast
    AOT-hence 0: <O!y & Ay ≠E y>
      by (rule β→C(1))
    AOT-have <A¬(y =E y)>
      apply (AOT-subst <¬(y =E y)> <y ≠E y>)
        apply (meson ≡E(2) Commutativity of ≡ thm-neg=E)
        by (fact 0[THEN & E(2)])
    AOT-hence <¬(y =E y)>
      by (metis ¬¬I Act-Sub:1 id-act2:1 ≡E(4))
    moreover AOT-have <y =E y>
      by (metis 0[THEN & E(1)] ord=Equiv:1 →E)
    ultimately AOT-show <p & ¬p> for p
      by (metis raa-cor:3)
  qed
  AOT-have <Numbers(0, [λy A[λx O!x & x ≠E x]y])>
    apply (rule =df I(2)[OF zero:1])
    apply (rule num-def:2[unverify G]; cqt:2)
    apply (rule eq-num:3[unverify G])
    by cqt:2[lambda]
  AOT-hence numbers0: <Numbers(0, [λx [O!]x & Ax ≠E x])>
  proof (rule num-tran:3[unverify x G H, THEN →E, THEN ≡E(1), rotated 4])
    AOT-show <[λy A[λx O!x & x ≠E x]y] ≡E [λx [O!]x & Ax ≠E x]>
    proof (safe intro!: eqE[THEN ≡df I] & I Ordinary.GEN →I cqt:2)
      fix u
      AOT-have <[λy A[λx O!x & x ≠E x]y]u ≡ A[λx O!x & x ≠E x]u>
        by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E]; cqt:2[lambda])
      also AOT-have <... ≡ A(O!u & u ≠E u)>
        apply (AOT-subst <[λx O!x & x ≠E x]u> <O!u & u ≠E u>)
          apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E]; cqt:2[lambda])
          by (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a)
      also AOT-have <... ≡ (AO!u & Au ≠E u)>
        by (simp add: Act-Basic:2)
      also AOT-have <... ≡ (O!u & Au ≠E u)>
        by (metis Ordinary.ψ & I & E(2) →I ≡I ≡E(1) oa-facts:7)
      also AOT-have <... ≡ [λx [O!]x & Ax ≠E x]u>
        by (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E, symmetric]; cqt:2[lambda])
      finally AOT-show <[λy A[λx O!x & x ≠E x]y]u ≡ [λx [O!]x & Ax ≠E x]u>.
    qed
    qed(fact zero:2 | cqt:2)+
    show ?thesis
    proof(safe intro!: ≡I →I)
      AOT-assume <¬∃ u [F]u>
      moreover AOT-have <¬∃ v [λx [O!]x & Ax ≠E x]v>
        using unotEu-act-ord.
      ultimately AOT-have 0: <F ≈E [λx [O!]x & Ax ≠E x]>
        by (rule empty-approx:1[unverify H, THEN →E, rotated, OF & I]) cqt:2
      AOT-thus <Numbers(0, F)>
        by (rule num-tran:1[unverify x H, THEN →E,
          THEN ≡E(2), rotated, rotated])
        (fact zero:2 numbers0 | cqt:2[lambda])+
```

next

AOT-assume <Numbers(0, F)>

AOT-hence 1: <F ≈_E [λx [O!]x & Ax ≠_E x]>

```

by (rule num-tran:2[unverify x H, THEN →E, rotated 2, OF &I])
  (fact numbers0 zero:2 | cqt:2[lambda])+
AOT-show ⟨¬∃ u [F]u⟩
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
  AOT-have 0: ⟨[λx [O!]x & Ax ≠E x]⟩ by cqt:2[lambda]
  AOT-assume ∃ u [F]u
  AOT-hence ⟨¬(F ≈E [λx [O!]x & Ax ≠E x])⟩
    by (rule empty-approx:2[unverify H, OF 0, THEN →E, OF &I])
      (rule unotEu-act-ord)
  AOT-thus ⟨F ≈E [λx [O!]x & Ax ≠E x] & ¬(F ≈E [λx [O!]x & Ax ≠E x])⟩
    using 1 &I by blast
  qed
  qed
qed

AOT-theorem 0F:2: ⟨¬∃ u A[F]u ≡ #F = 0⟩
proof(rule ≡I; rule →I)
  AOT-assume 0: ⟨¬∃ u A[F]u⟩
  AOT-have ⟨¬∃ u [λz A[F]z]u⟩
  proof(rule raa-cor:2)
    AOT-assume ∃ u [λz A[F]z]u
    then AOT-obtain u where ⟨[λz A[F]z]u⟩
      using Ordinary.∃ E[rotated] by blast
    AOT-hence ⟨A[F]u⟩
      by (metis betaC:1:a)
    AOT-hence ⟨∃ u A[F]u⟩
      by (rule Ordinary.∃ I)
    AOT-thus ⟨∃ u A[F]u & ¬∃ u A[F]u⟩
      using 0 &I by blast
    qed
  AOT-hence ⟨Numbers(0,[λz A[F]z])⟩
    by (safe intro!: 0F:1[unverify F, THEN ≡E(1)]) cqt:2
  AOT-hence ⟨0 = #F⟩
    by (rule eq-num:2[unverify x, OF zero:2, THEN ≡E(1)])
  AOT-thus ⟨#F = 0⟩ using id-sym by blast
next
  AOT-assume ⟨#F = 0⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨0 = #F⟩ using id-sym by blast
  AOT-hence ⟨Numbers(0,[λz A[F]z])⟩
    by (rule eq-num:2[unverify x, OF zero:2, THEN ≡E(2)])
  AOT-hence 0: ⟨¬∃ u [λz A[F]z]u⟩
    by (safe intro!: 0F:1[unverify F, THEN ≡E(2)]) cqt:2
  AOT-show ⟨¬∃ u A[F]u⟩
  proof(rule raa-cor:2)
    AOT-assume ∃ u A[F]u
    then AOT-obtain u where ⟨A[F]u⟩
      using Ordinary.∃ E[rotated] by meson
    AOT-hence ⟨[λz A[F]z]u⟩
      by (auto intro!: β←C cqt:2)
    AOT-hence ⟨∃ u [λz A[F]z]u⟩
      using Ordinary.∃ I by blast
    AOT-thus ⟨∃ u [λz A[F]z]u & ¬∃ u [λz A[F]z]u⟩
      using &I 0 by blast
  qed
qed

AOT-theorem 0F:3: ⟨□¬∃ u [F]u → #F = 0⟩
proof(rule →I)
  AOT-assume ⟨□¬∃ u [F]u⟩
  AOT-hence 0: ⟨¬◊∃ u [F]u⟩
    using KBasic2:1 ≡E(1) by blast
  AOT-have ⟨¬∃ u [λz A[F]z]u⟩
  proof(rule raa-cor:2)

```

```

AOT-assume  $\langle \exists u [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]u \rangle$ 
then AOT-obtain  $u$  where  $\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]u \rangle$ 
  using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A}[F]u \rangle$ 
  by (metis betaC:1;a)
AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond[F]u \rangle$ 
  by (metis Act-Sub:3  $\rightarrow E$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists u \Diamond[F]u \rangle$ 
  by (rule Ordinary. $\exists I$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond \exists u [F]u \rangle$ 
  using Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[CBF $\Diamond$ ][THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle \Diamond \exists u [F]u \& \neg \Diamond \exists u [F]u \rangle$ 
  using 0 &I by blast
qed
AOT-hence  $\langle \text{Numbers}(0, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]) \rangle$ 
  by (safe intro!: OF:1[unvarify F, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] cqt:2
AOT-hence  $\langle 0 = \#F \rangle$ 
  by (rule eq-num:2[unvarify x, OF zero:2, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ])
AOT-thus  $\langle \#F = 0 \rangle$  using id-sym by blast
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem OF:4:  $\langle w \models \neg \exists u [F]u \equiv \#[F]_w = 0 \rangle$ 
proof (rule rule-id-df:2:b[OF w-index, where  $\tau_1\tau_n=(-,-)$ , simplified])
  AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x_1 \dots x_n w \models [F]x_1 \dots x_n] \downarrow \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: w-rel:3)
next
  AOT-show  $\langle w \models \neg \exists u [F]u \equiv \#[\lambda x w \models [F]x] = 0 \rangle$ 
  proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
    AOT-assume  $\langle w \models \neg \exists u [F]u \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $0: \langle \neg w \models \exists u [F]u \rangle$ 
      using coherent:1[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
    AOT-have  $\langle \neg \exists u \mathcal{A}[\lambda x w \models [F]x]u \rangle$ 
    proof(rule raa-cor:2)
      AOT-assume  $\langle \exists u \mathcal{A}[\lambda x w \models [F]x]u \rangle$ 
      then AOT-obtain  $u$  where  $\langle \mathcal{A}[\lambda x w \models [F]x]u \rangle$ 
        using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson
      AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A}w \models [F]u \rangle$ 
        by (AOT-subst (reverse)  $\langle w \models [F]u \rangle$   $\langle [\lambda x w \models [F]x]u \rangle$ ;
          safe intro!: beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] w-rel:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])
        cqt:2
      AOT-hence 1:  $\langle w \models [F]u \rangle$ 
        using rigid-truth-at:4[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ]
        by blast
      AOT-have  $\langle \Box([F]u \rightarrow \exists u [F]u) \rangle$ 
        using Ordinary. $\exists I \rightarrow I RN$  by simp
      AOT-hence  $\langle w \models ([F]u \rightarrow \exists u [F]u) \rangle$ 
        using fund:2[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ]
          PossibleWorld. $\forall E$  by fast
      AOT-hence  $\langle w \models \exists u [F]u \rangle$ 
        using 1 conj-dist-w:2[unvarify p q, OF log-prop-prop:2,
          OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ,
          THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
      AOT-thus  $\langle w \models \exists u [F]u \& \neg w \models \exists u [F]u \rangle$ 
        using 0 &I by blast
qed
AOT-thus  $\langle \#[\lambda x w \models [F]x] = 0 \rangle$ 
  by (safe intro!: OF:2[unvarify F, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] w-rel:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])
  cqt:2
next
  AOT-assume  $\langle \#[\lambda x w \models [F]x] = 0 \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $0: \langle \neg \exists u \mathcal{A}[\lambda x w \models [F]x]u \rangle$ 
    by (safe intro!: OF:2[unvarify F, THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] w-rel:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])
    cqt:2

```

AOT-have $\neg w \models \exists u [F]u$
proof (*rule raa-cor:2*)
AOT-assume $w \models \exists u [F]u$
AOT-hence $\exists x w \models (O!x \& [F]x)$
 using *conj-dist-w:6[THEN $\equiv E(1)$]* by *fast*
 then **AOT-obtain** x where $w \models (O!x \& [F]x)$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *blast*
AOT-hence $w \models O!x$ and $Fx\text{-in-}w$: $w \models [F]x$
 using *conj-dist-w:1[unverify p q] $\equiv E(1)$* *log-prop-prop:2*
 & E by *blast+*
AOT-hence $\Diamond O!x$
 using *fund:1[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(2)$]*
 PossibleWorld.3 I by *simp*
AOT-hence $ord\text{-}x$: $O!x$
 using *oa-facts:3[THEN $\rightarrow E$]* by *blast*
AOT-have $\mathcal{A}w \models [F]x$
 using *rigid-truth-at:4[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(2)$]*
 Fx-in-w by *blast*
AOT-hence $\mathcal{A}[\lambda x w \models [F]x]x$
 by (*AOT-subst* $\langle \lambda x w \models [F]x \rangle$ $\langle w \models [F]x \rangle$;
 safe intro!: *beta-C-meta[THEN $\rightarrow E$]* *w-rel:1[THEN $\rightarrow E$]*) *cqt:2*
AOT-hence $O!x \& \mathcal{A}[\lambda x w \models [F]x]x$
 using *ord-x & I* by *blast*
AOT-hence $\exists x (O!x \& \mathcal{A}[\lambda x w \models [F]x]x)$
 using $\exists I$ by *fast*
AOT-thus $\exists u (\mathcal{A}[\lambda x w \models [F]x]u) \& \neg \exists u \mathcal{A}[\lambda x w \models [F]x]u$
 using *O & I* by *blast*
qed
AOT-thus $w \models \neg \exists u [F]u$
 using *coherent:1[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(2)$]* by *blast*
qed
qed

AOT-act-theorem *zero=:1*:
 $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rightarrow \forall F (x[F] \equiv \text{Numbers}(x, F)) \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I$ *GEN*)
 fix F
 AOT-assume $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\forall F (x[F] \equiv x = \#F)$
 by (*metis card-en $\rightarrow E$*)
 AOT-hence 1: $\langle x[F] \equiv x = \#F \rangle$
 using $\forall E(2)$ by *blast*
 AOT-have 2: $\langle x[F] \equiv x = \iota y(\text{Numbers}(y, F)) \rangle$
 by (*rule num-def:1[THEN $=_{df} E(1)$]*)
 (*auto simp: 1 num-uniq*)
 AOT-have $\langle x = \iota y(\text{Numbers}(y, F)) \rightarrow \text{Numbers}(x, F) \rangle$
 using *y-in:1* by *blast*
 moreover **AOT-have** $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, F) \rightarrow x = \iota y(\text{Numbers}(y, F)) \rangle$
proof (*rule $\rightarrow I$*)
 AOT-assume 1: $\langle \text{Numbers}(x, F) \rangle$
 moreover **AOT-obtain** z where $z\text{-prop}$: $\langle \forall y (\text{Numbers}(y, F) \rightarrow y = z) \rangle$
 using *num:2[THEN uniqueness:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]]* $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ & E by *blast*
 ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle x = z \rangle$
 using $\forall E(2) \rightarrow E$ by *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle \forall y (\text{Numbers}(y, F) \rightarrow y = x) \rangle$
 using *z-prop rule=E id-sym* by *fast*
 AOT-thus $\langle x = \iota y(\text{Numbers}(y, F)) \rangle$
 by (*rule hintikka[THEN $\equiv E(2)$, OF &I, rotated]*)
 (*fact 1*)
qed
 ultimately **AOT-have** $\langle x = \iota y(\text{Numbers}(y, F)) \equiv \text{Numbers}(x, F) \rangle$
 by (*metis $\equiv I$*)
AOT-thus $\langle x[F] \equiv \text{Numbers}(x, F) \rangle$

using 2 **by** (*metis* $\equiv E(5)$)
qed

AOT-act-theorem *zero* $=:2$: $\langle \theta[F] \equiv \neg \exists u[F]u \rangle$
proof –

AOT-have $\langle \theta[F] \equiv \text{Numbers}(0, F) \rangle$
using *zero* $=:1$ [*unverify* *x*, *OF* *zero* $=:2$, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$,
OF *zero-card*, *THEN* $\forall E(2)$].

also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \neg \exists u[F]u \rangle$
using *OF* $=:1$ [*symmetric*].

finally show ?*thesis*.

qed

AOT-act-theorem *zero* $=:3$: $\langle \neg \exists u[F]u \equiv \#F = 0 \rangle$
proof –

AOT-have $\langle \neg \exists u[F]u \equiv \theta[F] \rangle$ **using** *zero* $=:2$ [*symmetric*].

also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv 0 = \#F \rangle$
using *card-en*[*unverify* *x*, *OF* *zero* $=:2$, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$,
OF *zero-card*, *THEN* $\forall E(2)$].

also AOT-have $\langle \dots \equiv \#F = 0 \rangle$
by (*simp add: deduction-theorem id-sym* $\equiv I$)
finally show ?*thesis*.

qed

AOT-define *Heredity* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ (*Heredity'(-,-)*)

hered $=:1$:

$\langle \text{Heredity}(F, R) \equiv_{df} R \downarrow \& F \downarrow \& \forall x \forall y ([R]xy \rightarrow ([F]x \rightarrow [F]y)) \rangle$

AOT-theorem *hered* $=:2$:

$\langle [\lambda xy \forall F ((\forall z ([R]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \& \text{Heredity}(F, R)) \rightarrow [F]y)] \downarrow \rangle$
by *cqt* $=:2$ [*lambda*]

AOT-define *StrongAncestral* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \Pi \rangle$ (*-**)

ances-df:

$\langle R^* =_{df} [\lambda xy \forall F ((\forall z ([R]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \& \text{Heredity}(F, R)) \rightarrow [F]y)] \rangle$

AOT-theorem *ances*:

$\langle [R^*]xy \equiv \forall F ((\forall z ([R]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \& \text{Heredity}(F, R)) \rightarrow [F]y) \rangle$
apply (*rule* $=_{df} I(1)[*OF* *ances-df*])
apply *cqt* $=:2$ [*lambda*]
apply (*rule beta-C-meta*[*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF* *hered* $=:2$, *unverify* $\nu_1 \nu_n$,
where $\tau = \langle (-,-) \rangle$, *simplified*])
by (*simp add: &I ex* $=:1$:*a prod-denotesI rule-ui* $=:3$)$

AOT-theorem *anc-her* $=:1$:

$\langle [R]xy \rightarrow [R^*]xy \rangle$

proof (*safe intro!* $\rightarrow I$ *ances*[*THEN* $\equiv E(2)$] *GEN*)

fix *F*

AOT-assume $\langle \forall z ([R]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \& \text{Heredity}(F, R) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle [R]xy \rightarrow [F]y \rangle$

using $\forall E(2) \& E$ **by** *blast*

moreover AOT-assume $\langle [R]xy \rangle$

ultimately AOT-show $\langle [F]y \rangle$

using $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *anc-her* $=:2$:

$\langle ([R^*]xy \& \forall z ([R]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \& \text{Heredity}(F, R)) \rightarrow [F]y \rangle$

proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; (*frule* $\& E(1)$; *drule* $\& E(2)$))+

AOT-assume $\langle [R^*]xy \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle (\forall z ([R]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \& \text{Heredity}(F, R)) \rightarrow [F]y \rangle$

using *ances*[*THEN* $\equiv E(1)$] $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*

moreover AOT-assume $\langle \forall z ([R]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \rangle$

moreover AOT-assume $\langle \text{Hereditary}(F, R) \rangle$
ultimately AOT-show $\langle [F]y \rangle$
 using $\rightarrow E \ \& I$ **by** *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem anc-her:3 :
 $\langle ([F]x \ \& \ [R^*]xy \ \& \ \text{Hereditary}(F, R)) \rightarrow [F]y \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; (frule $\& E(1)$; drule $\& E(2)$))+
 AOT-assume 1: $\langle [F]x \rangle$
 AOT-assume 2: $\langle \text{Hereditary}(F, R) \rangle$
 AOT-hence 3: $\langle \forall x \ \forall y \ ([R]xy \rightarrow ([F]x \rightarrow [F]y)) \rangle$
 using *hered:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] & E by blast*
 AOT-have $\langle \forall z \ ([R]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \rangle$,
 proof (rule *GEN*; rule $\rightarrow I$)
 fix z
 AOT-assume $\langle [R]xz \rangle$
 moreover AOT-have $\langle [R]xz \rightarrow ([F]x \rightarrow [F]z) \rangle$
 using 3 $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*
 ultimately AOT-show $\langle [F]z \rangle$
 using 1 $\rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
qed
 moreover AOT-assume $\langle [R^*]xy \rangle$
 ultimately AOT-show $\langle [F]y \rangle$
 by (*auto intro!*: 2 $\text{anc-her:2[THEN } \rightarrow E\text{]}$ $\& I$)
qed

AOT-theorem anc-her:4 : $\langle ([R]xy \ \& \ [R^*]yz) \rightarrow [R^*]xz \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; frule $\& E(1)$; drule $\& E(2)$)+
 AOT-assume 0: $\langle [R^*]yz \rangle$ **and** 1: $\langle [R]xy \rangle$
 AOT-show $\langle [R^*]xz \rangle$
 proof(safe intro!: *ances[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] GEN & I $\rightarrow I$* ;
 frule $\& E(1)$; drule $\& E(2)$)
 fix F
 AOT-assume $\langle \forall z \ ([R]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \rangle$
 AOT-hence 1: $\langle [F]y \rangle$
 using 1 $\forall E(2) \rightarrow E$ **by** *blast*
 AOT-assume 2: $\langle \text{Hereditary}(F, R) \rangle$
 AOT-show $\langle [F]z \rangle$
 by (*rule anc-her:3[THEN } $\rightarrow E\text{]$* ; *auto intro!*: $\& I$ 1 2 0)
 qed
qed

AOT-theorem anc-her:5 : $\langle [R^*]xy \rightarrow \exists z \ [R]zy \rangle$
proof (*rule $\rightarrow I$*)
 AOT-have 0: $\langle [\lambda y \ \exists x \ [R]xy] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** *cqt:2*
 AOT-assume 1: $\langle [R^*]xy \rangle$
 AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y \exists x \ [R]xy]y \rangle$
proof(rule *anc-her:2[unverify F, OF 0, THEN } $\rightarrow E\text{]$* ;
 safe intro!: $\& I$ *GEN $\rightarrow I$* *hered:1[THEN } $\equiv_{df} I\text{]$* cqt:2 0)
 AOT-show $\langle [R^*]xy \rangle$ **using** 1.
next
 fix z
 AOT-assume $\langle [R]xz \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \exists x \ [R]xz \rangle$ **by** (*rule $\exists I$*)
 AOT-thus $\langle [\lambda y \exists x \ [R]xy]z \rangle$
 by (*auto intro!*: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ cqt:2)
next
 fix $x \ y$
 AOT-assume $\langle [R]xy \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle \exists x \ [R]xy \rangle$ **by** (*rule $\exists I$*)
 AOT-thus $\langle [\lambda y \ \exists x \ [R]xy]y \rangle$
 by (*auto intro!*: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ cqt:2)
qed

AOT-thus $\langle \exists z [R]zy \rangle$
by (rule $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$)
qed

AOT-theorem $anc-her:6: \langle ([R^*]xy \ \& \ [R^*]yz) \rightarrow [R^*]xz \rangle$
proof (rule $\rightarrow I$; $frule \ \& E(1)$; $drule \ \& E(2)$)

AOT-assume $\langle [R^*]xy \rangle$
AOT-hence $\vartheta: \forall z ([R]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \ \& \ Hereditary(F,R) \rightarrow [F]y$ **for** F
using $\forall E(2)$ $ances[THEN \equiv E(1)]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-assume $\langle [R^*]yz \rangle$
AOT-hence $\xi: \forall z ([R]yz \rightarrow [F]z) \ \& \ Hereditary(F,R) \rightarrow [F]z$ **for** F
using $\forall E(2)$ $ances[THEN \equiv E(1)]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-show $\langle [R^*]xz \rangle$
proof (rule $ances[THEN \equiv E(2)]$; $safe\ intro!: GEN \rightarrow I$)
fix F
AOT-assume $\zeta: \forall z ([R]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \ \& \ Hereditary(F,R)$
AOT-show $\langle [F]z \rangle$
proof (rule $\xi[THEN \rightarrow E, OF \ \& I]$)
AOT-show $\langle Hereditary(F,R) \rangle$
using $\zeta[THEN \ \& E(2)]$.
next
AOT-show $\langle \forall z ([R]yz \rightarrow [F]z) \rangle$
proof (rule GEN ; rule $\rightarrow I$)
fix z
AOT-assume $\langle [R]yz \rangle$
moreover AOT-have $\langle [F]y \rangle$
using $\vartheta[THEN \rightarrow E, OF \ \zeta]$.
ultimately AOT-show $\langle [F]z \rangle$
using $\zeta[THEN \ \& E(2), THEN\ hered:1[THEN \equiv_{df} E],$
 $THEN \ \& E(2), THEN \forall E(2), THEN \forall E(2),$
 $THEN \rightarrow E, THEN \rightarrow E]$
by *blast*
qed
qed
qed
qed

AOT-define $OneToOne :: \langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle 1-1'(-') \rangle)$
 $df-1-1:1: \langle 1-1(R) \equiv_{df} R \downarrow \ \& \ \forall x \forall y \forall z ([R]xz \ \& \ [R]yz \rightarrow x = y) \rangle$

AOT-define $RigidOneToOne :: \langle \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle Rigid_{1-1}'(-') \rangle)$
 $df-1-1:2: \langle Rigid_{1-1}(R) \equiv_{df} 1-1(R) \ \& \ Rigid(R) \rangle$

AOT-theorem $df-1-1:3: \langle Rigid_{1-1}(R) \rightarrow \Box 1-1(R) \rangle$
proof (rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle Rigid_{1-1}(R) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle 1-1(R) \rangle$ **and** $RigidR: \langle Rigid(R) \rangle$
using $df-1-1:2[THEN \equiv_{df} E] \ \& E$ **by** *blast*+
AOT-hence $1: \langle [R]xz \ \& \ [R]yz \rightarrow x = y \rangle$ **for** $x \ y \ z$
using $df-1-1:1[THEN \equiv_{df} E] \ \& E(2) \ \forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*
AOT-have $1: \langle [R]xz \ \& \ [R]yz \rightarrow \Box x = y \rangle$ **for** $x \ y \ z$
by (**AOT-subst** (**reverse**) $\langle \Box x = y \rangle$ $\langle x = y \rangle$)
(**auto simp**: $1\ id-nec:2 \equiv I\ qml:2[axiom-inst]$)
AOT-have $\langle \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ([R]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box [R]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
using $df-rigid-rel:1[THEN \equiv_{df} E, OF\ RigidR] \ \& E$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \Box ([R]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box [R]x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$
using $CBF[THEN \rightarrow E]$ **by** *fast*
AOT-hence $\langle \forall x_1 \forall x_2 \Box ([R]x_1 x_2 \rightarrow \Box [R]x_1 x_2) \rangle$
using $tuple-forall[THEN \equiv_{df} E]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \Box ([R]xy \rightarrow \Box [R]xy) \rangle$ **for** $x \ y$
using $\forall E(2)$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \Box ([R]xz \rightarrow \Box [R]xz) \ \& \ ([R]yz \rightarrow \Box [R]yz) \rangle$ **for** $x \ y \ z$
by (**metis** $KBasic:3 \ \& I \equiv E(3) \ raa-cor:3$)

moreover AOT-have $\langle \square((R)_{xz} \rightarrow \square(R)_{xz}) \& ((R)_{yz} \rightarrow \square(R)_{yz}) \rangle \rightarrow$
 $\square((R)_{xz} \& (R)_{yz}) \rightarrow \square((R)_{xz} \& (R)_{yz})) \text{ for } x \ y \ z$
by (rule RM) (metis $\rightarrow I$ KBasic:3 & I & E(1) & E(2) $\equiv E(2) \rightarrow E$)
ultimately AOT-have 2: $\langle \square((R)_{xz} \& (R)_{yz}) \rightarrow \square((R)_{xz} \& (R)_{yz})) \rangle \text{ for } x \ y \ z$
using $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast
AOT-hence 3: $\langle \square((R)_{xz} \& (R)_{yz} \rightarrow x = y) \rangle \text{ for } x \ y \ z$
using sc-eq-box-box:6[THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF 2, OF 1] **by** blast
AOT-hence 4: $\langle \square \forall x \forall y \forall z ((R)_{xz} \& (R)_{yz} \rightarrow x = y) \rangle$
by (safe intro!: GEN BF[THEN $\rightarrow E$] 3)
AOT-thus $\langle \square 1-1(R) \rangle$
by (AOT-subst-thm df-1-1:1[THEN $\equiv Df$, THEN $\equiv S(1)$,
OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]])

qed

AOT-theorem df-1-1:4: $\langle \forall R (Rigid_{1-1}(R) \rightarrow \square Rigid_{1-1}(R)) \rangle$

proof(rule GEN; rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-modally-strict {

fix R

AOT-assume 0: $\langle Rigid_{1-1}(R) \rangle$

AOT-hence 1: $\langle R \downarrow \rangle$

by (meson $\equiv_{df} E \& E(1)$ df-1-1:1 df-1-1:2)

AOT-hence 2: $\langle \square R \downarrow \rangle$

using exist-nec $\rightarrow E$ **by** blast

AOT-have 4: $\langle \square 1-1(R) \rangle$

using df-1-1:3[unverify R, OF 1, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF 0].

AOT-have $\langle Rigid(R) \rangle$

using 0 $\equiv_{df} E$ [OF df-1-1:2] & E **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \square \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ((R)_{x_1 \dots x_n} \rightarrow \square(R)_{x_1 \dots x_n}) \rangle$

using df-rigid-rel:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$] & E **by** blast

AOT-hence $\langle \square \square \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ((R)_{x_1 \dots x_n} \rightarrow \square(R)_{x_1 \dots x_n}) \rangle$

by (metis S5Basic:6 $\equiv E(1)$)

AOT-hence $\langle \square Rigid(R) \rangle$

apply (AOT-subst-def df-rigid-rel:1)

using 2 KBasic:3 $\equiv S(2) \equiv E(2)$ **by** blast

AOT-thus $\langle \square Rigid_{1-1}(R) \rangle$

apply (AOT-subst-def df-1-1:2)

using 4 KBasic:3 $\equiv S(2) \equiv E(2)$ **by** blast

}

qed

AOT-define InDomainOf :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle InDomainOf'(-,-') \rangle)$

df-1-1:5: $\langle InDomainOf(x, R) \equiv_{df} \exists y [R]xy \rangle$

AOT-register-rigid-restricted-type

RigidOneToOneRelation: $\langle Rigid_{1-1}(\Pi) \rangle$

proof

AOT-modally-strict {

AOT-show $\langle \exists \alpha Rigid_{1-1}(\alpha) \rangle$

proof (rule $\exists I(1)$ [where $\tau = \langle \langle (=E) \rangle \rangle$])

AOT-show $\langle Rigid_{1-1}((=E)) \rangle$

proof (safe intro!: df-1-1:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] & I df-1-1:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]

$GEN \rightarrow I$ df-rigid-rel:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I = E$ [denotes]])

fix x y z

AOT-assume $\langle x =_E z \& y =_E z \rangle$

AOT-thus $\langle x = y \rangle$

by (metis rule=E & E(1) Conjunction Simplification(2)

=E-simple:2 id-sym $\rightarrow E$)

next

AOT-have $\langle \forall x \forall y \square(x =_E y \rightarrow \square x =_E y) \rangle$

proof(rule GEN; rule GEN)

AOT-show $\langle \square(x =_E y \rightarrow \square x =_E y) \rangle \text{ for } x \ y$

by (meson RN deduction-theorem id-nec3:1 $\equiv E(1)$)

qed

```

AOT-hence < $\forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \square[(=_E)]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \square[(=_E)]x_1 \dots x_n$ >
  by (rule tuple-forall[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
AOT-thus < $\square \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ((=_E)]x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \square[(=_E)]x_1 \dots x_n)$ >
  using BF[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by fast
qed
qed(fact = $E$ [denotes])
}

next
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-show < $Rigid_{1-1}(\Pi) \rightarrow \Pi \downarrow$  for  $\Pi$ 
  proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
    AOT-assume < $Rigid_{1-1}(\Pi)$ >
    AOT-hence < $1-1(\Pi)$ >
      using df-1-1:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast
    AOT-thus < $\Pi \downarrow$ 
      using df-1-1:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast
    qed
}
next
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-show < $\forall F (Rigid_{1-1}(F) \rightarrow \square Rigid_{1-1}(F))$ >
  by (safe intro!: GEN df-1-1:4[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ ])
}
qed
AOT-register-variable-names
RigidOneToOneRelation:  $\mathcal{R}$   $\mathcal{S}$ 

AOT-define IdentityRestrictedToDomain :: < $\tau \Rightarrow \Pi$  > ('(=))
id-d-R: < $(=_\mathcal{R}) =_{df} [\lambda xy \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]xz \& [\mathcal{R}]yz)]$ >

syntax -AOT-id-d-R-infix :: < $\tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi$  > ('(- =-/ -)) [50, 51, 51] 50
translations
-AOT-id-d-R-infix  $\kappa \Pi \kappa' ==$ 
CONST AOT-exe (CONST IdentityRestrictedToDomain  $\Pi$ ) ( $\kappa, \kappa'$ )

AOT-theorem id-R-thm:1: < $x =_\mathcal{R} y \equiv \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]xz \& [\mathcal{R}]yz)$ >
proof -
  AOT-have 0: < $[\lambda xy \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]xz \& [\mathcal{R}]yz)] \downarrow$  by cqt:2
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule = $df I(1)[OF id-d-R]$ )
    apply (fact 0)
    apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF 0, unvarify  $\nu_1 \nu_n$ ,
      where  $\tau = (-, -)$ , simplified])
    by (simp add: &I ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3)
qed

AOT-theorem id-R-thm:2:
< $x =_\mathcal{R} y \rightarrow (InDomainOf(x, \mathcal{R}) \& InDomainOf(y, \mathcal{R}))$ >
proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume < $x =_\mathcal{R} y$ >
  AOT-hence < $\exists z ([\mathcal{R}]xz \& [\mathcal{R}]yz)$ >
    using id-R-thm:1[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by simp
    then AOT-obtain z where z-prop: < $[\mathcal{R}]xz \& [\mathcal{R}]yz$ >
    using  $\exists E[rotated]$  by blast
  AOT-show < $InDomainOf(x, \mathcal{R}) \& InDomainOf(y, \mathcal{R})$ >
  proof (safe intro!: &I df-1-1:5[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
    AOT-show < $\exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy$ >
      using z-prop[THEN &E(1)]  $\exists I$  by fast
  next
    AOT-show < $\exists z [\mathcal{R}]yz$ >
      using z-prop[THEN &E(2)]  $\exists I$  by fast
  qed
qed

```

AOT-theorem *id-R-thm:3*: $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rightarrow x = y \rangle$

proof(*rule* →*I*)

AOT-assume $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]xz \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]yz) \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:1*[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by *simp*

then AOT-obtain *z* where *z-prop*: $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xz \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]yz \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle x = y \rangle$

using *df-1-1:3*[THEN →*E*, OF *RigidOneToOneRelation*.ψ,

THEN *qml:2*[*axiom-inst*, THEN →*E*],

THEN $\equiv_{df} E$ [OF *df-1-1:1*], THEN &*E*(2),

THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\forall E(2)$,

THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN →*E*]

by *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *id-R-thm:4*:
 $\langle (\text{InDomainOf}(x, \mathcal{R}) \vee \text{InDomainOf}(y, \mathcal{R})) \rightarrow (x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \equiv x = y) \rangle$

proof (*rule* →*I*)

AOT-assume $\langle \text{InDomainOf}(x, \mathcal{R}) \vee \text{InDomainOf}(y, \mathcal{R}) \rangle$

moreover {

AOT-assume $\langle \text{InDomainOf}(x, \mathcal{R}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists z [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$

by (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E$ *df-1-1:5*)

then AOT-obtain *z* where *z-prop*: $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *blast*

AOT-have $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \equiv x = y \rangle$

proof(*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ *id-R-thm:3*[THEN →*E*])

AOT-assume $\langle x = y \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]yz \rangle$

using *z-prop rule=E* by *fast*

AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xz \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]yz \rangle$

using *z-prop &I* by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]xz \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]yz) \rangle$

by (*rule* $\exists I$)

AOT-thus $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:1* $\equiv E(2)$ by *blast*

qed

}

moreover {

AOT-assume $\langle \text{InDomainOf}(y, \mathcal{R}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists z [\mathcal{R}]yz \rangle$

by (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E$ *df-1-1:5*)

then AOT-obtain *z* where *z-prop*: $\langle [\mathcal{R}]yz \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *blast*

AOT-have $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \equiv x = y \rangle$

proof(*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ *id-R-thm:3*[THEN →*E*])

AOT-assume $\langle x = y \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$

using *z-prop rule=E id-sym* by *fast*

AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xz \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]yz \rangle$

using *z-prop &I* by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]xz \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]yz) \rangle$

by (*rule* $\exists I$)

AOT-thus $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:1* $\equiv E(2)$ by *blast*

qed

}

ultimately AOT-show $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \equiv x = y \rangle$

by (*metis* $\vee E(2)$ *raa-cor:1*)

qed

AOT-theorem *id-R-thm:5*: $\langle \text{InDomainOf}(x, \mathcal{R}) \rightarrow x =_{\mathcal{R}} x \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle \text{InDomainOf}(x, \mathcal{R}) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists z [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$

by (*metis* $\equiv_{df} E$ $df-1-1:5$)

then AOT-obtain *z* where *z-prop*: $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$

using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xz \& [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$

using $\& I$ by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]xz \& [\mathcal{R}]xz) \rangle$

using $\exists I$ by *fast*

AOT-thus $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} x \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:1* $\equiv E(2)$ by *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem *id-R-thm:6*: $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rightarrow y =_{\mathcal{R}} x \rangle$

proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume *0*: $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$

AOT-hence *1*: $\langle \text{InDomainOf}(x, \mathcal{R}) \& \text{InDomainOf}(y, \mathcal{R}) \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:2* [*THEN* $\rightarrow E$] by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \equiv x = y \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:4* [*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF* $\vee I(1)$] $\& E$ by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle x = y \rangle$

using *0* by (*metis* $\equiv E(1)$)

AOT-hence $\langle y = x \rangle$

using *id-sym* by *blast*

moreover AOT-have $\langle y =_{\mathcal{R}} x \equiv y = x \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:4* [*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF* $\vee I(2)$] *1* $\& E$ by *blast*

ultimately AOT-show $\langle y =_{\mathcal{R}} x \rangle$

by (*metis* $\equiv E(2)$)

qed

AOT-theorem *id-R-thm:7*: $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \& y =_{\mathcal{R}} z \rightarrow x =_{\mathcal{R}} z \rangle$
proof (*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *frule* $\& E(1)$; *drule* $\& E(2)$)

AOT-assume *0*: $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$

AOT-hence *1*: $\langle \text{InDomainOf}(x, \mathcal{R}) \& \text{InDomainOf}(y, \mathcal{R}) \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:2* [*THEN* $\rightarrow E$] by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \equiv x = y \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:4* [*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF* $\vee I(1)$] $\& E$ by *blast*

AOT-hence *x-eq-y*: $\langle x = y \rangle$

using *0* by (*metis* $\equiv E(1)$)

AOT-assume *2*: $\langle y =_{\mathcal{R}} z \rangle$

AOT-hence *3*: $\langle \text{InDomainOf}(y, \mathcal{R}) \& \text{InDomainOf}(z, \mathcal{R}) \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:2* [*THEN* $\rightarrow E$] by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle y =_{\mathcal{R}} z \equiv y = z \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:4* [*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF* $\vee I(1)$] $\& E$ by *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle y = z \rangle$

using *2* by (*metis* $\equiv E(1)$)

AOT-hence *x-eq-z*: $\langle x = z \rangle$

using *x-eq-y id-trans* by *blast*

AOT-have $\langle \text{InDomainOf}(x, \mathcal{R}) \& \text{InDomainOf}(z, \mathcal{R}) \rangle$

using *1 3 & I & E* by *meson*

AOT-hence $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} z \equiv x = z \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:4* [*THEN* $\rightarrow E$, *OF* $\vee I(1)$] $\& E$ by *blast*

AOT-thus $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} z \rangle$

using *x-eq-z* $\equiv E(2)$ by *blast*

qed

AOT-define *WeakAncestral* :: $\langle \Pi \Rightarrow \Pi \rangle (\cdot^{-+})$

w-ances-df: $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ =_{df} [\lambda xy [\mathcal{R}]^* xy \vee x =_{\mathcal{R}} y] \rangle$

AOT-theorem *w-ances-df[den1]*: $\langle [\lambda xy [\Pi]^* xy \vee x =_{\Pi} y] \downarrow \rangle$

by *cqt:2*

AOT-theorem $w\text{-ances-df}[den2]: \langle [\Pi]^+ \downarrow \rangle$
using $w\text{-ances-df}[den1] =_{df} I(1)[OF w\text{-ances-df}]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem $w\text{-ances}: \langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \equiv ([\mathcal{R}]^* xy \vee x =_{\mathcal{R}} y) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have 0: $\langle [\lambda xy [\mathcal{R}]^* xy \vee x =_{\mathcal{R}} y] \downarrow \rangle$
by *cqt:2*
AOT-have 1: $\langle \langle (AOT\text{-term-of-var } x, AOT\text{-term-of-var } y) \rangle \rangle \downarrow$
by (*simp add: &I ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3*)
have 2: $\langle \langle [\lambda \mu_1 \dots \mu_n [\mathcal{R}]^* \mu_1 \dots \mu_n \vee [(\mathcal{R})] \mu_1 \dots \mu_n] xy \rangle \rangle$
 $\langle \langle [\lambda xy [\mathcal{R}]^* xy \vee [(\mathcal{R})] xy] xy \rangle \rangle$
by (*simp add: cond-case-prod-eta*)
show ?thesis
apply (*rule =df I(1)[OF w-ances-df]*)
apply (*fact w-ances-df[den1]*)
using *beta-C-meta[THEN →E, OF 0, unverify ν₁νₙ,*
where τ=⟨(·, ·)⟩, simplified, OF 1] 2 **by** *simp*

qed

AOT-theorem $w\text{-ances-her:1}: \langle [\mathcal{R}]xy \rightarrow [\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \rangle$

proof(*rule →I*)

AOT-assume $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xy \rangle$
using *anc-her:1[THEN →E]* **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \rangle$
using *w-ances[THEN ≡E(2)] ∨I* **by** *blast*

qed

AOT-theorem $w\text{-ances-her:2}: \langle [F]x \& [\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \& Hereditary(F, \mathcal{R}) \rightarrow [F]y \rangle$

proof(*rule →I; (frule &E(1); drule &E(2))+*)

AOT-assume 0: $\langle [F]x \rangle$
AOT-assume 1: $\langle Hereditary(F, \mathcal{R}) \rangle$
AOT-assume $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xy \vee x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$
using *w-ances[THEN ≡E(1)]* **by** *simp*
moreover {
AOT-assume $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xy \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle [F]y \rangle$
using *anc-her:3[THEN →E, OF &I, OF &I]* 0 1 **by** *blast*
}
moreover {
AOT-assume $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle x = y \rangle$
using *id-R-thm:3[THEN →E]* **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle [F]y \rangle$
using 0 *rule=E* **by** *blast*
}
ultimately AOT-show $\langle [F]y \rangle$
by (*metis ∨E(3) raa-cor:1*)

qed

AOT-theorem $w\text{-ances-her:3}: \langle ([\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \& [\mathcal{R}]yz) \rightarrow [\mathcal{R}]^* xz \rangle$

proof(*rule →I; frule &E(1); drule &E(2)*)

AOT-assume $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \rangle$
moreover AOT-assume *Ryz: ⟨[\mathcal{R}]yz ⟩*
ultimately AOT-have $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xy \vee x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$
using *w-ances[THEN ≡E(1)]* **by** *metis*
moreover {
AOT-assume *R-star-xy: ⟨[\mathcal{R}]^* xy ⟩*
AOT-have $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xz \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!: ances[THEN ≡E(2)] →I GEN*)
fix *F*

AOT-assume 0: $\langle \forall z ([\mathcal{R}]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \& \text{Hereditary}(F, \mathcal{R}) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle [F]y \rangle$
 using $R\text{-star-}xy$ $\text{ances}[\text{THEN} \equiv E(1), \text{OF } R\text{-star-}xy,$
 $\text{THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E]$ by *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle [F]z \rangle$
 using $\text{hered:1}[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E, \text{OF } 0[\text{THEN} \& E(2)], \text{ THEN } \& E(2)]$
 $\forall E(2) \rightarrow E$ Ryz by *blast*
qed
}

moreover {
 AOT-assume $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle x = y \rangle$
 using $\text{id-}R\text{-thm:3}[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E]$ by *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$
 using Ryz $\text{rule=}E$ id-sym by *fast*
 AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \rangle$
 by (*metis* $\text{anc-her:1}[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E]$)
}
ultimately AOT-show $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \rangle$
 by (*metis* $\vee E(3)$ raa-cor:1)
qed

AOT-theorem $w\text{-ances-her:4: } \langle ([\mathcal{R}]^*xy \& [\mathcal{R}]yz) \rightarrow [\mathcal{R}]^+xz \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; $\text{frule} \& E(1)$; $\text{drule} \& E(2)$)
 AOT-assume $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xy \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xy \vee x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$
 using $\vee I$ by *blast*
 AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+xy \rangle$
 using $w\text{-ances}[\text{THEN} \equiv E(2)]$ by *blast*
 moreover **AOT-assume** $\langle [\mathcal{R}]yz \rangle$
 ultimately AOT-have $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \rangle$
 using $w\text{-ances-her:3}[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E, \text{ OF } \& I]$ by *simp*
 AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \vee x =_{\mathcal{R}} z \rangle$
 using $\vee I$ by *blast*
 AOT-thus $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+xz \rangle$
 using $w\text{-ances}[\text{THEN} \equiv E(2)]$ by *blast*
qed

AOT-theorem $w\text{-ances-her:5: } \langle ([\mathcal{R}]xy \& [\mathcal{R}]^+yz) \rightarrow [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; $\text{frule} \& E(1)$; $\text{drule} \& E(2)$)
 AOT-assume 0: $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$
 AOT-assume $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+yz \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*yz \vee y =_{\mathcal{R}} z \rangle$
 by (*metis* $\equiv E(1)$ $w\text{-ances}$)
 moreover {
 AOT-assume $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*yz \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \rangle$
 using 0 by (*metis* $\text{anc-her:4 Adjunction } \rightarrow E$)
}
 moreover {
 AOT-assume $\langle y =_{\mathcal{R}} z \rangle$
 AOT-hence $\langle y = z \rangle$
 by (*metis* $\text{id-}R\text{-thm:3 } \rightarrow E$)
 AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$
 using 0 $\text{rule=}E$ by *fast*
 AOT-hence $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \rangle$
 by (*metis* $\text{anc-her:1 } \rightarrow E$)
}
ultimately AOT-show $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \rangle$ by (*metis* $\vee E(2)$ reductio-aa:1)
qed

AOT-theorem $w\text{-ances-her:6: } \langle ([\mathcal{R}]^+xy \& [\mathcal{R}]^+yz) \rightarrow [\mathcal{R}]^+xz \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; $\text{frule} \& E(1)$; $\text{drule} \& E(2)$)

```

AOT-assume 0:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \rangle$ 
AOT-hence 1:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xy \vee x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$ 
  by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$  w-ances)
AOT-assume 2:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ yz \rangle$ 
{
  AOT-assume  $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle x = y \rangle$ 
    by (metis id-R-thm:3  $\rightarrow E$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \rangle$ 
    using 2 rule=E id-sym by fast
}
moreover {
  AOT-assume  $\langle \neg(x =_{\mathcal{R}} y) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 3:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xy \rangle$ 
    using 1 by (metis  $\vee E(3)$ )
  AOT-have  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* yz \vee y =_{\mathcal{R}} z \rangle$ 
    using 2 by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$  w-ances)
  moreover {
    AOT-assume  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* yz \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xz \rangle$ 
      using 3 by (metis anc-her:6 Adjunction  $\rightarrow E$ )
    AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \rangle$ 
      by (metis  $\vee I(1) \equiv E(2)$  w-ances)
  }
  moreover {
    AOT-assume  $\langle y =_{\mathcal{R}} z \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle y = z \rangle$ 
      by (metis id-R-thm:3  $\rightarrow E$ )
    AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \rangle$ 
      using 0 rule=E id-sym by fast
  }
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \rangle$ 
  by (metis  $\vee E(3)$  reductio-aa:1)
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \rangle$ 
  by (metis reductio-aa:1)
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem w-ances-her:7:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xy \rightarrow \exists z([\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \& [\mathcal{R}]zy) \rangle$ 
proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume 0:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xy \rangle$ 
  AOT-have 1:  $\forall z ([\mathcal{R}]xz \rightarrow [\Pi]z) \& \text{Hereditary}(\Pi, \mathcal{R}) \rightarrow [\Pi]y$  if  $\langle \Pi \downarrow \rangle$  for  $\Pi$ 
    using ances[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ , THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , OF 0] that by blast
  AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda y \exists z([\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \& [\mathcal{R}]zy)]y \rangle$ 
  proof (rule 1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]; cqt:2[lambda] ?;
    safe intro!: &I GEN  $\rightarrow I$  hered:I[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] cqt:2)
  fix z
  AOT-assume 0:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists z [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle \text{InDomainOf}(x, \mathcal{R}) \rangle$  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} I$  df-1-1:5)
  AOT-hence  $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} x \rangle$  by (metis id-R-thm:5  $\rightarrow E$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xx \rangle$  by (metis  $\vee I(2) \equiv E(2)$  w-ances)
  AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xx \& [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$  using 0 &I by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists y ([\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \& [\mathcal{R}]yz) \rangle$  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
  AOT-thus  $\langle [\lambda y \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \& [\mathcal{R}]zy)]z \rangle$ 
    by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2)
next
  fix x' y
  AOT-assume Rx'y:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]x'y \rangle$ 
  AOT-assume  $\langle [\lambda y \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \& [\mathcal{R}]zy)]x' \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \& [\mathcal{R}]zx') \rangle$ 
    using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$  by blast
  then AOT-obtain c where c-prop:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xc \& [\mathcal{R}]cx' \rangle$ 

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```

using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xx' \rangle$ 
  by (meson  $Rx'y \text{anc-her}:1 \text{anc-her}:6 \text{ Adjunction } \rightarrow E w-\text{ances-her}:3$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xx' \vee x =_{\mathcal{R}} x' \rangle$  by (rule VI)
AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xx' \rangle$  by (metis  $\equiv E(2)$   $w-\text{ances}$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xx' \& [\mathcal{R}]x'y \rangle$  using  $Rx'y$  by (metis & I)
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \& [\mathcal{R}]zy) \rangle$  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
AOT-thus  $\langle [\lambda y \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \& [\mathcal{R}]zy)]y \rangle$ 
  by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2)
qed
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists z ([\mathcal{R}]^+ xz \& [\mathcal{R}]zy) \rangle$ 
  using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$  by fast
qed

```

AOT-theorem 1–1–R:1: $\langle ([\mathcal{R}]xy \& [\mathcal{R}]^* zy) \rightarrow [\mathcal{R}]^+ zx \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; *frule* & $E(1)$; *drule* & $E(2)$)
AOT-assume $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* zy \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists x ([\mathcal{R}]^+ zx \& [\mathcal{R}]xy) \rangle$
using $w-\text{ances-her}:7[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E]$ **by** *simp*
then AOT-obtain a **where** $a\text{-prop: }$ $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ za \& [\mathcal{R}]ay \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
moreover AOT-assume $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle x = a \rangle$
using $df-1-1:2[\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} E, \text{ OF RigidOneToOneRelation.}\psi, \text{ THEN } \& E(1),$
 $\text{ THEN } \equiv_{df} E[\text{OF } df-1-1:1], \text{ THEN } \& E(2), \text{ THEN } \forall E(2),$
 $\text{ THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN } \forall E(2), \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E, \text{ OF } \& I]$
& E by *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ zx \rangle$
using $a\text{-prop}[\text{THEN } \& E(1)]$ rule= E id-sym **by** *fast*
qed

AOT-theorem 1–1–R:2: $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xy \rightarrow (\neg [\mathcal{R}]^* xx \rightarrow \neg [\mathcal{R}]^* yy) \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$; rule useful-tautologies:5[$\text{THEN } \rightarrow E$]; rule $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-assume $\theta: \langle [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$
moreover AOT-assume $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* yy \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ yx \rangle$
using 1–1–R:1[$\text{THEN } \rightarrow E$, *OF* & I] **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^* xx \rangle$
using θ **by** (metis & I $\rightarrow E$ $w-\text{ances-her}:5$)
qed

AOT-theorem 1–1–R:3: $\langle \neg [\mathcal{R}]^* xx \rightarrow ([\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \rightarrow \neg [\mathcal{R}]^* yy) \rangle$
proof(safe intro!: $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-have $0: \langle [\lambda z \neg [\mathcal{R}]^* zz] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** cqt:2
AOT-assume $1: \langle \neg [\mathcal{R}]^* xx \rangle$
AOT-assume $2: \langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \rangle$
AOT-have $\langle [\lambda z \neg [\mathcal{R}]^* zz]y \rangle$
proof(rule $w-\text{ances-her}:2[\text{unverify } F, \text{ OF } 0, \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E]$;
 safe intro!: & I hered:1[$\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} I$] cqt:2 GEN $\rightarrow I$)
AOT-show $\langle [\lambda z \neg [\mathcal{R}]^* zz]x \rangle$
by (auto intro!: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ cqt:2 simp: 1)
next
AOT-show $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ xy \rangle$ **by** (fact 2)
next
fix $x y$
AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda z \neg [\mathcal{R}]^* zz]x \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \neg [\mathcal{R}]^* xx \rangle$ **by** (rule $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$)
moreover AOT-assume $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$
ultimately AOT-have $\langle \neg [\mathcal{R}]^* yy \rangle$
using 1–1–R:2[$\text{THEN } \rightarrow E$, $\text{ THEN } \rightarrow E$] **by** *blast*
AOT-thus $\langle [\lambda z \neg [\mathcal{R}]^* zz]y \rangle$
by (auto intro!: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ cqt:2)
qed

```

AOT-thus  $\neg[\mathcal{R}]^*yy$ 
  using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$  by blast
qed

AOT-theorem 1–1–R:4:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xy \rightarrow InDomainOf(x,\mathcal{R}) \rangle$ 
proof(rule →I; rule df–1–1:5[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
  AOT-assume 1:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xy \rangle$ 
  AOT-have  $\langle \lambda z [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \rightarrow \exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy]y \rangle$ 
  proof (safe intro!: anc–her:2[unvarify F, THEN →E];
    safe intro!: cqt:2 & I GEN →I hered:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
  AOT-show  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xy \rangle$  by (fact 1)
next
  fix z
  AOT-assume  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xz \rangle$ 
  AOT-thus  $\langle \lambda z [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \rightarrow \exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy]z \rangle$ 
    by (safe intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2)
    (meson →I existential:2[const-var])
next
  fix x' y
  AOT-assume Rx'y:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]x'y \rangle$ 
  AOT-assume  $\langle \lambda z [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \rightarrow \exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy]x' \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 0:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xx' \rightarrow \exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$  by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ )
  AOT-have 1:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xy \rightarrow \exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$ 
  proof(rule →I)
    AOT-assume  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xy \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+xx' \rangle$  by (metis Rx'y & I 1–1–R:1 →E)
    AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xx' \vee x =_{\mathcal{R}} x' \rangle$  by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$  w–ances)
    moreover {
      AOT-assume  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xx' \rangle$ 
      AOT-hence  $\langle \exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$  using 0 by (metis →E)
    }
    moreover {
      AOT-assume  $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} x' \rangle$ 
      AOT-hence  $\langle x = x' \rangle$  by (metis id–R–thm:3 →E)
      AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$  using Rx'y rule=E id-sym by fast
      AOT-hence  $\langle \exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$  by (rule ∃ I)
    }
    ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$ 
      by (metis ∨E(3) reductio–aa:1)
qed
  AOT-show  $\langle \lambda z [\mathcal{R}]^*xz \rightarrow \exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy]y \rangle$ 
    by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 I)
qed
  AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xy \rightarrow \exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$  by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$ )
  AOT-thus  $\langle \exists y [\mathcal{R}]xy \rangle$  using 1 →E by blast
qed

AOT-theorem 1–1–R:5:  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+xy \rightarrow InDomainOf(x,\mathcal{R}) \rangle$ 
proof (rule →I)
  AOT-assume  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+xy \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xy \vee x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$ 
    by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$  w–ances)
  moreover {
    AOT-assume  $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^*xy \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle InDomainOf(x,\mathcal{R}) \rangle$ 
      using 1–1–R:4 →E by blast
  }
  moreover {
    AOT-assume  $\langle x =_{\mathcal{R}} y \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle InDomainOf(x,\mathcal{R}) \rangle$ 
      by (metis Conjunction Simplification(1) id–R–thm:2 →E)
  }
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle InDomainOf(x,\mathcal{R}) \rangle$ 

```

by (*metis* $\vee E(3)$ *reductio-aa:1*)
qed

AOT-theorem *pre-ind*:

$\langle ([F]z \ \& \ \forall x \forall y (([\mathcal{R}]^+ zx \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]^+ zy) \rightarrow ([\mathcal{R}]xy \rightarrow ([F]x \rightarrow [F]y)))) \rightarrow$
 $\forall x ([\mathcal{R}]^+ zx \rightarrow [F]x) \rangle$

proof(*safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I$ *GEN*)

AOT-have *den*: $\langle [\lambda y [F]y \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]^+ zy] \downarrow \rangle$ **by** *cqt:2*

fix *x*

AOT-assume ϑ : $\langle [F]z \ \& \ \forall x \forall y (([\mathcal{R}]^+ zx \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]^+ zy) \rightarrow ([\mathcal{R}]xy \rightarrow ([F]x \rightarrow [F]y))) \rangle$

AOT-assume θ : $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ zx \rangle$

AOT-have $\langle [\lambda y [F]y \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]^+ zy]x \rangle$

proof (*rule w-ances-her:2*[*unify F, OF den, THEN →E*]; *safe intro!*: $\& I$)

AOT-show $\langle [\lambda y [F]y \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]^+ zy]z \rangle$

proof (*safe intro!*: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ *cqt:2 & I*)

AOT-show $\langle [F]z \rangle$ **using** $\vartheta \ \& E$ **by** *blast*

next

AOT-show $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ zz \rangle$

by (*rule w-ances[THEN ≡ E(2), OF ∨I(2)]*)

(*meson 0 id-R-thm:5 1-1-R:5 →E*)

qed

next

AOT-show $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ zx \rangle$ **by** (*fact 0*)

next

AOT-show $\langle \text{Hereditary}([\lambda y [F]y \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]^+ zy], \mathcal{R}) \rangle$

proof (*safe intro!*: *hered:1*[*THEN ≡ df I*] $\& I$ *cqt:2 GEN →I*)

fix *x' y*

AOT-assume $1: \langle [\mathcal{R}]x'y \rangle$

AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda y [F]y \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]^+ zy]x' \rangle$

AOT-hence $2: \langle [F]x' \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]^+ zx' \rangle$, **by** (*rule β → C(1)*)

AOT-have $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ zy \rangle$ **using** $1 \ 2$ [*THEN & E(2)*]

by (*metis Adjunction modus-tollens:1 reductio-aa:1 w-ances-her:3*)

AOT-hence $3: \langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ zy \rangle$ **by** (*metis ∨I(1) ≡ E(2) w-ances*)

AOT-show $\langle [\lambda y [F]y \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]^+ zy]y \rangle$

proof (*safe intro!*: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ *cqt:2 & I 3*)

AOT-show $\langle [F]y \rangle$

proof (*rule θ[THEN & E(2), THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ∨ E(2),*

THEN →E, THEN →E, THEN →E])

AOT-show $\langle [\mathcal{R}]^+ zx' \ \& \ [\mathcal{R}]^+ zy \rangle$

using $2 \ 3 \ \& E \ \& I$ **by** *blast*

next

AOT-show $\langle [\mathcal{R}]x'y \rangle$ **by** (*fact 1*)

next

AOT-show $\langle [F]x' \rangle$ **using** $2 \ \& E$ **by** *blast*

qed

qed

qed

AOT-thus $\langle [F]x \rangle$ **using** $\beta \rightarrow C(1) \ \& E(1)$ **by** *fast*

qed

The following is not part of PLM, but a theorem of AOT. It states that the predecessor relation coexists with numbering a property. We will use this fact to derive the predecessor axiom, which asserts that the predecessor relation denotes, from the fact that our models validate that numbering a property denotes.

AOT-theorem *pred-coex*:

$\langle [\lambda xy \exists F \exists u ([F]u \ \& \ \text{Numbers}(y,F) \ \& \ \text{Numbers}(x,[F]^{-u}))] \downarrow \equiv \forall F ([\lambda x \text{Numbers}(x,F)] \downarrow) \rangle$

proof(*safe intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ *GEN*)

fix *F*

let $?P = \langle \langle [\lambda xy \exists F \exists u ([F]u \ \& \ \text{Numbers}(y,F) \ \& \ \text{Numbers}(x,[F]^{-u}))] \rangle \rangle$

AOT-assume $\langle \langle ?P \rangle \rangle \downarrow$

AOT-hence $\langle \square \langle \langle ?P \rangle \rangle \downarrow \rangle$

using *exist-nec →E* **by** *blast*

```

moreover AOT-have
   $\square[\llbracket ?P \rrbracket] \downarrow \rightarrow \square(\forall x \forall y (\forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rightarrow (\text{Numbers}(x,F) \equiv \text{Numbers}(y,F))))$ 
proof(rule RM; safe intro!: →I GEN)
AOT-modally-strict {
  fix  $x y$ 
AOT-assume  $\text{pred-den}: \llbracket \llbracket ?P \rrbracket \rrbracket \downarrow$ 
AOT-hence  $\text{pred-equiv}:$ 
   $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]xy \equiv \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& \text{Numbers}(y,F) \& \text{Numbers}(x,[F]^{-u})) \rangle$  for  $x y$ 
  by (safe intro!: beta-C-meta[unvarify ν1νn, where τ=(-, -), THEN →E, rotated, OF pred-den, simplified]
    tuple-denotes[THEN ≡df I] & I cqt:2)

```

We show as a subproof that any natural cardinal that is not zero has a predecessor.

```

AOT-have CardinalPredecessor:
   $\langle \exists y [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx \rangle$  if  $\text{card-}x$ :  $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rangle$  and  $x\text{-nonzero}$ :  $\langle x \neq 0 \rangle$  for  $x$ 
proof –
  AOT-have  $\langle \exists G x = \#G \rangle$ 
    using  $\text{card}[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E, \text{OF card-}x]$ .
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists G \text{Numbers}(x,G) \rangle$ 
    using  $\text{eq-df-num}[\text{THEN} \equiv E(1)]$  by blast
  then AOT-obtain  $G'$  where  $\text{numx}G': \langle \text{Numbers}(x,G') \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-obtain  $G$  where  $\langle \text{Rigidifies}(G,G') \rangle$ 
    using  $\text{rigid-der}:3 \exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast

  AOT-hence  $H: \langle \text{Rigid}(G) \& \forall x ([G]x \equiv [G']x) \rangle$ 
    using  $\text{df-rigid-rel}:2[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E]$  by blast
  AOT-have  $H\text{-rigid}: \langle \square \forall x ([G]x \rightarrow \square[G]x) \rangle$ 
    using  $H[\text{THEN} \& E(1), \text{THEN df-rigid-rel}:1[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} E], \text{THEN} \& E(2)]$ .
  AOT-hence  $\langle \forall x \square([G]x \rightarrow \square[G]x) \rangle$ 
    using  $\text{CBF} \rightarrow E$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $R: \langle \square([G]x \rightarrow \square[G]x) \rangle$  for  $x$  using  $\forall E(2)$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\text{rigid}: \langle [G]x \equiv \mathcal{A}[G]x \rangle$  for  $x$ 
    by (metis  $\equiv E(6)$  oth-class-taut:3:a sc-eq-fur:2 → E)
  AOT-have  $\langle G \equiv_E G' \rangle$ 
  proof (safe intro!:  $\text{eqE}[\text{THEN} \equiv_{df} I] \& I \text{cqt}:2 \text{GEN} \rightarrow I$ )
    AOT-show  $\langle [G]x \equiv [G']x \rangle$  for  $x$  using  $H[\text{THEN} \& E(2)] \forall E(2)$  by fast
  qed
  AOT-hence  $\langle G \approx_E G' \rangle$ 
    by (rule apE-eqE:2[ $\text{THEN} \rightarrow E$ , OF &I, rotated])
      (simp add: eq-part:1)
  AOT-hence  $\text{numx}G: \langle \text{Numbers}(x,G) \rangle$ 
    using  $\text{num-tran}:1[\text{THEN} \rightarrow E, \text{THEN} \equiv E(2)] \text{ numx}G'$  by blast

  {
    AOT-assume  $\neg \exists y (y \neq x \& [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx)$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle \forall y \neg(y \neq x \& [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx) \rangle$ 
      using  $\text{cqt-further}:4 \rightarrow E$  by blast
    AOT-hence  $\langle \neg(y \neq x \& [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx) \rangle$  for  $y$ 
      using  $\forall E(2)$  by blast
    AOT-hence  $0: \langle \neg y \neq x \vee \neg [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx \rangle$  for  $y$ 
      using  $\neg\neg E \text{ intro-elim}:3:c \text{ oth-class-taut}:5:a$  by blast
    {
      fix  $y$ 
      AOT-assume  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx \rangle$ 
      AOT-hence  $\langle \neg y \neq x \rangle$ 
        using  $0 \neg\neg I \text{ con-dis-i-e}:4:c$  by blast
      AOT-hence  $\langle y = x \rangle$ 
        using  $=-\text{infix} \equiv_{df} I \text{ raa-cor}:4$  by blast
    } note  $Pxy\text{-imp-eq} = \text{this}$ 
    AOT-have  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]xx \rangle$ 
    proof (rule raa-cor:1)
      AOT-assume  $\text{notPxx}: \langle \neg [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]xx \rangle$ 

```

```

AOT-hence  $\neg\exists F \exists u ([F]u \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,F) \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,[F]^{-u}))$ 
  using pred-equiv intro-elim:3:c by blast
AOT-hence  $\forall F \neg\exists u ([F]u \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,F) \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,[F]^{-u}))$ 
  using cqt-further:4[THEN →E] by blast
AOT-hence  $\neg\exists u ([F]u \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,F) \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,[F]^{-u}))$  for F
  using ∀ E(2) by blast
AOT-hence  $\forall y \neg(O!y \wedge ([F]y \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,F) \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,[F]^{-y})))$  for F
  using cqt-further:4[THEN →E] by blast
AOT-hence 0:  $\neg(O!u \wedge ([F]u \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,F) \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,[F]^{-u})))$  for F u
  using ∀ E(2) by blast
AOT-have  $\square\neg\exists u [G]u$ 
proof(rule raa-cor:1)
  AOT-assume  $\neg\square\neg\exists u [G]u$ 
  AOT-hence  $\Diamond\exists u [G]u$ 
    using ≡df I conventions:5 by blast
  AOT-hence  $\exists u \Diamond[G]u$ 
    by (metis Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[BFDiamond][THEN →E])
  then AOT-obtain u where posGu:  $\Diamond[G]u$ 
    using Ordinary.Ǝ E[rotated] by meson
  AOT-hence Gu:  $\langle [G]u \rangle$ 
    by (meson BDiamond KDiamond →E R)
AOT-have  $\neg([G]u \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,G) \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,[G]^{-u}))$ 
  using 0 Ordinary.ψ
  by (metis con-dis-i-e:1 raa-cor:1)
AOT-hence notnumx:  $\neg\text{Numbers}(x,[G]^{-u})$ 
  using Gu numxG con-dis-i-e:1 raa-cor:5 by metis
AOT-obtain y where numy:  $\langle \text{Numbers}(y,[G]^{-u}) \rangle$ 
  using num:1[unverify G, OF F-u[den]] Ǝ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle [G]u \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,G) \wedge \text{Numbers}(y,[G]^{-u}) \rangle$ 
  using Gu numxG &I by blast
AOT-hence  $\exists u ([G]u \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,G) \wedge \text{Numbers}(y,[G]^{-u}))$ 
  by (rule Ordinary.Ǝ I)
AOT-hence  $\exists G \exists u ([G]u \wedge \text{Numbers}(x,G) \wedge \text{Numbers}(y,[G]^{-u}))$ 
  by (rule Ǝ I)
AOT-hence  $\langle [\ll ?P \rr]yx \rangle$ 
  using pred-equiv[THEN ≡E(2)] by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle y = x \rangle$  using Pxy-imp-eq by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \text{Numbers}(x,[G]^{-u}) \rangle$ 
  using numy rule=E by fast
AOT-thus  $\langle p \wedge \neg p \rangle$  for p using notnumx reductio-aa:1 by blast
qed
AOT-hence  $\neg\exists u [G]u$ 
  using qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E] by blast
AOT-hence num0G:  $\langle \text{Numbers}(0, G) \rangle$ 
  using 0F:1[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle x = 0 \rangle$ 
  using pre-Hume[unverify x, THEN →E, OF zero:2, OF &I,
    THEN ≡E(2), OF num0G, OF numxG, OF eq-part:1]
  id-sym by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\neg x = 0$ 
  using x-nonzero
  using =-infix ≡df E by blast
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle p \wedge \neg p \rangle$  for p using reductio-aa:1 by blast
qed
}
AOT-hence  $\langle [\ll ?P \rr]xx \vee \exists y (y \neq x \wedge [\ll ?P \rr]yx) \rangle$ 
  using con-dis-i-e:3:a con-dis-i-e:3:b raa-cor:1 by blast
moreover {
  AOT-assume  $\langle [\ll ?P \rr]xx \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\exists y [\ll ?P \rr]yx$ 
    by (rule Ǝ I)
}
moreover {

```

```

AOT-assume  $\langle \exists y (y \neq x \& [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx) \rangle$ 
then AOT-obtain  $y$  where  $\langle y \neq x \& [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx \rangle$ 
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx \rangle$ 
  using  $\&E$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists y [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx \rangle$ 
  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
}
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle \exists y [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx \rangle$ 
  using  $\vee E(1) \rightarrow I$  by blast
qed

```

Given above lemma, we can show that if one of two indistinguishable objects numbers a property, the other one numbers this property as well.

```

AOT-assume indist:  $\langle \forall F ([F]x \equiv [F]y) \rangle$ 
AOT-assume numxF:  $\langle \text{Numbers}(x,F) \rangle$ 
AOT-hence 0:  $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \rangle$ 
  by (metis eq-num:6 vdash-properties:10)

```

We show by case distinction that x equals y . As first case we consider x to be non-zero.

```

{
AOT-assume  $\langle \neg(x = 0) \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle x \neq 0 \rangle$ 
  by (metis =-infix  $\equiv_{df} I$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists y [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]yx \rangle$ 
  using CardinalPredecessor 0 by blast
then AOT-obtain  $z$  where  $Pxz$ :  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]zx \rangle$ 
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda y [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]zy]x \rangle$ 
  by (safe intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C$  cqt:2)
AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda y [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]zy]y \rangle$ 
  by (safe intro!: indist[THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] cqt:2)
AOT-hence  $Pyz$ :  $\langle [\llbracket ?P \rrbracket]zy \rangle$ 
  using  $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& \text{Numbers}(y,F) \& \text{Numbers}(z,[F]^{-u})) \rangle$ 
  using Pyz pred-equiv[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
then AOT-obtain  $F_1$  where  $\langle \exists u ([F_1]u \& \text{Numbers}(y,F_1) \& \text{Numbers}(z,[F_1]^{-u})) \rangle$ 
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
then AOT-obtain  $u$  where  $u\text{-prop}$ :  $\langle [F_1]u \& \text{Numbers}(y,F_1) \& \text{Numbers}(z,[F_1]^{-u}) \rangle$ 
  using Ordinary.3 E[rotated] by meson
AOT-have  $\langle \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& \text{Numbers}(x,F) \& \text{Numbers}(z,[F]^{-u})) \rangle$ 
  using Pxz pred-equiv[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
then AOT-obtain  $F_2$  where  $\langle \exists u ([F_2]u \& \text{Numbers}(x,F_2) \& \text{Numbers}(z,[F_2]^{-u})) \rangle$ 
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
then AOT-obtain  $v$  where  $v\text{-prop}$ :  $\langle [F_2]v \& \text{Numbers}(x,F_2) \& \text{Numbers}(z,[F_2]^{-v}) \rangle$ 
  using Ordinary.3 E[rotated] by meson
AOT-have  $\langle [F_2]^{-v} \approx_E [F_1]^{-u} \rangle$ 
  using hume-strict:1[unverify F G, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ , OF F-u[den], OF F-u[den], OF  $\exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta=z]$ , OF &I]
     $v\text{-prop } u\text{-prop } \& E$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle F_2 \approx_E F_1 \rangle$ 
  using P'-eq[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF &I, OF &I]
     $u\text{-prop } v\text{-prop } \& E$  by meson
AOT-hence  $\langle x = y \rangle$ 
  using pre-Hume[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ , OF &I]
     $v\text{-prop } u\text{-prop } \& E$  by blast
}

```

The second case handles x being equal to zero.

```

moreover {
  fix  $u$ 
  AOT-assume  $x\text{-is-zero}$ :  $\langle x = 0 \rangle$ 
  moreover AOT-have  $\langle \text{Numbers}(0, [\lambda z z =_E u]^{-u}) \rangle$ 

```

```

proof (safe intro!:  $OF:1[unvarify F, THEN \equiv E(1)] cqt:2 raa-cor:2$   

 $F-u[den][unvarify F]$ )  

AOT-assume  $\langle \exists v [[\lambda z z =_E u]^{-u}]v \rangle$   

then AOT-obtain  $v$  where  $\langle [[\lambda z z =_E u]^{-u}]v \rangle$   

using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson  

AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda z z =_E u]v \& v \neq_E u \rangle$   

by (auto intro!:  $F-u[THEN =_{df} E(1)$ , where  $\tau_1\tau_n=(-,-)$ , simplified]  

intro!:  $cqt:2 F-u[equiv][unvarify F, THEN \equiv E(1)]$   

 $F-u[den][unvarify F]$ )  

AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for  $p$   

using  $\beta \rightarrow C$  thm-neg=E[ $THEN \equiv E(1)$ ]  $\& E \& I$   

 $raa-cor:3$  by fast  

qed  

ultimately AOT-have  $0$ :  $\langle Numbers(x, [\lambda z z =_E u]^{-u}) \rangle$   

using rule=E id-sym by fast  

AOT-have  $\langle \exists y Numbers(y, [\lambda z z =_E u]) \rangle$   

by (safe intro!: num:1[unvarify G]  $cqt:2$ )  

then AOT-obtain  $z$  where  $\langle Numbers(z, [\lambda z z =_E u]) \rangle$   

using  $\exists E$  by metis  

moreover AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda z z =_E u]u \rangle$   

by (safe intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C$   $cqt:2 ord=Equiv:1[THEN \rightarrow E]$  Ordinary. $\psi$ )  

ultimately AOT-have  

 $1$ :  $\langle [\lambda z z =_E u]u \& Numbers(z, [\lambda z z =_E u]) \& Numbers(x, [\lambda z z =_E u]^{-u}) \rangle$   

using  $0 \& I$  by auto  

AOT-hence  $\langle \exists v ([\lambda z z =_E u]v \& Numbers(z, [\lambda z z =_E u]) \& Numbers(x, [\lambda z z =_E u]^{-v})) \rangle$   

by (rule Ordinary. $\exists I$ )  

AOT-hence  $\langle \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(z, [F]) \& Numbers(x, [F]^{-u})) \rangle$   

by (rule  $\exists I$ ;  $cqt:2$ )  

AOT-hence  $Px1$ :  $\langle [\ll ?P\rr]xz \rangle$   

using beta-C-cor:2[THEN → E, OF pred-den,  

THEN tuple-forall[THEN ≡ df E], THEN ∀ E(2),  

THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ≡ E(2)] by simp  

AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda y [\ll ?P\rr]yz]x \rangle$   

by (safe intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C$   $cqt:2$ )  

AOT-hence  $\langle [\lambda y [\ll ?P\rr]yz]y \rangle$   

by (safe intro!: indist[THEN ∀ E(1), THEN ≡ E(1)]  $cqt:2$ )  

AOT-hence  $Py1$ :  $\langle [\ll ?P\rr]yz \rangle$   

using  $\beta \rightarrow C$  by blast  

AOT-hence  $\langle \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(z, [F]) \& Numbers(y, [F]^{-u})) \rangle$   

using  $\beta \rightarrow C$  by fast  

then AOT-obtain  $G$  where  $\langle \exists u ([G]u \& Numbers(z, [G]) \& Numbers(y, [G]^{-u})) \rangle$   

using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast  

then AOT-obtain  $v$  where  $2$ :  $\langle [G]v \& Numbers(z, [G]) \& Numbers(y, [G]^{-v}) \rangle$   

using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson  

with  $1\ 2$  AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda z z =_E u] \approx_E G \rangle$   

by (auto intro!: hume-strict:1[unvarify F, THEN ≡ E(1), rotated,  

OF ∃ I(2)[where β=z], OF & I]  $cqt:2$   

dest: & E)  

AOT-hence  $3$ :  $\langle [\lambda z z =_E u]^{-u} \approx_E [G]^{-v} \rangle$   

using  $1\ 2$   

by (safe-step intro!: eqP'[unvarify F, THEN → E])  

(auto dest: & E intro!: cqt:2 & I)  

with  $1\ 2$  AOT-have  $\langle x = y \rangle$   

by (auto intro!: pre-Hume[unvarify G H, THEN → E,  

THEN ≡ E(2), rotated 3, OF 3]  

 $F-u[den][unvarify F]$   $cqt:2 \& I$   

dest: & E)  

}  

ultimately AOT-have  $\langle x = y \rangle$   

using  $\vee E(1) \rightarrow I$  reductio-aa:1 by blast

```

Now since x numbers F , so does y .

AOT-hence $\langle Numbers(y, F) \rangle$

```

    using numxF rule=E by fast
} note 0 = this

```

The only thing left is to generalize this result to a biconditional.

```

AOT-modally-strict {
  fix x y
  AOT-assume <[«?P»]↓
  moreover AOT-assume <∀ F([F]x ≡ [F]y)›
  moreover AOT-have <∀ F([F]y ≡ [F]x)›
    by (metis cqt-basic:11 intro-elim:3:a calculation(2))
  ultimately AOT-show <Numbers(x,F) ≡ Numbers(y,F)›
    using 0 ≡I →I by auto
}
qed
ultimately AOT-show <[λx Numbers(x,F)]↓
  using kirchner-thm:1[THEN ≡E(2)] →E by fast
next

```

The converse can be shown by coexistence.

```

AOT-assume <∀ F [λx Numbers(x,F)]↓›
AOT-hence <[λx Numbers(x,F)]↓ for F
  using ∀ E(2) by blast
AOT-hence <□[λx Numbers(x,F)]↓ for F
  using exist-nec[THEN →E] by blast
AOT-hence <∀ F □[λx Numbers(x,F)]↓›
  by (rule GEN)
AOT-hence <□∀ F [λx Numbers(x,F)]↓›
  using BF[THEN →E] by fast
moreover AOT-have
  <□∀ F [λx Numbers(x,F)]↓ →
  □∀ x ∀ y (exists F ∃ u ([F]u & [λz Numbers(z,F)]y & [λz Numbers(z,[F]⁻ᵘ)]x) ≡
    ∃ F ∃ u ([F]u & Numbers(y,F) & Numbers(x,[F]⁻ᵘ)))›
proof(rule RM; safe intro!: →I GEN)
AOT-modally-strict {
  fix x y
  AOT-assume 0: <∀ F [λx Numbers(x,F)]↓›
  AOT-show <∃ F ∃ u ([F]u & [λz Numbers(z,F)]y & [λz Numbers(z,[F]⁻ᵘ)]x) ≡
    ∃ F ∃ u ([F]u & Numbers(y,F) & Numbers(x,[F]⁻ᵘ))›
  proof(safe intro!: ≡I →I)
    AOT-assume <∃ F ∃ u ([F]u & [λz Numbers(z,F)]y & [λz Numbers(z,[F]⁻ᵘ)]x)›
    then AOT-obtain F where
      <exists u ([F]u & [λz Numbers(z,F)]y & [λz Numbers(z,[F]⁻ᵘ)]x)›
      using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
    then AOT-obtain u where <[F]u & [λz Numbers(z,F)]y & [λz Numbers(z,[F]⁻ᵘ)]x›
      using Ordinary.∃ E[rotated] by meson
    AOT-hence <[F]u & Numbers(y,F) & Numbers(x,[F]⁻ᵘ)›,
      by (auto intro!: &I dest: &E β→C)
    AOT-thus <∃ F ∃ u ([F]u & Numbers(y,F) & Numbers(x,[F]⁻ᵘ))›
      using ∃ I Ordinary.∃ I by fast
  next
  AOT-assume <∃ F ∃ u ([F]u & Numbers(y,F) & Numbers(x,[F]⁻ᵘ))›
  then AOT-obtain F where <exists u ([F]u & Numbers(y,F) & Numbers(x,[F]⁻ᵘ))›
    using ∃ E[rotated] by blast
  then AOT-obtain u where <[F]u & Numbers(y,F) & Numbers(x,[F]⁻ᵘ)›
    using Ordinary.∃ E[rotated] by meson
  AOT-hence <[F]u & [λz Numbers(z,F)]y & [λz Numbers(z,[F]⁻ᵘ)]x›
    by (auto intro!: &I β←C 0[THEN ∀ E(1)] F-u[den]
      dest: &E intro: cqt:2)
  AOT-hence <exists u ([F]u & [λz Numbers(z,F)]y & [λz Numbers(z,[F]⁻ᵘ)]x)›
    by (rule Ordinary.∃ I)
  AOT-thus <∃ F ∃ u ([F]u & [λz Numbers(z,F)]y & [λz Numbers(z,[F]⁻ᵘ)]x)›
    by (rule ∃ I)
}
qed

```

```

    }
qed
ultimately AOT-have
<math>\square \forall x \forall y (\exists F \exists u ([F]u \& [\lambda z Numbers(z,F)]y \& [\lambda z Numbers(z,[F]^{-u})]x) \equiv
\exists F \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(y,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u})))>
using →E by blast
AOT-thus <math>\langle \lambda xy \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(y,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u})) \rangle \downarrow>
by (rule safe-ext[2][axiom-inst, THEN →E, OF & I, rotated]) cqt:2
qed

```

The following is not part of PLM, but a consequence of extended relation comprehension and can be used to *derive* the predecessor axiom.

```

AOT-theorem numbers-prop-den: <math>\langle [\lambda x Numbers(x,G)] \downarrow >
proof (rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN →E, OF & I])
AOT-show <math>\langle [\lambda x A!x \& [\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G)]x] \downarrow >
by cqt:2
next
AOT-have 0: <math>\vdash_{\square} [\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G)] \downarrow >
proof(safe intro!: Comprehension-3[THEN →E] →I RN GEN)
AOT-modally-strict {
fix F H
AOT-assume <math>\langle \square H \equiv_E F \rangle
AOT-hence <math>\langle \square \forall u ([H]u \equiv [F]u) \rangle
by (AOT-subst (reverse) &forall u ([H]u \equiv [F]u) & H \equiv_E F)
(safe intro!: eqE[THEN ≡Df, THEN ≡S(1), OF & I] cqt:2)
AOT-hence <math>\langle \forall u \square ([H]u \equiv [F]u) \rangle
by (metis Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[CBF] →E)
AOT-hence <math>\langle \square ([H]u \equiv [F]u) \rangle \text{ for } u
using Ordinary.∀ E by fast
AOT-hence <math>\langle \mathcal{A}([H]u \equiv [F]u) \rangle \text{ for } u
by (metis nec-imp-act →E)
AOT-hence <math>\langle \mathcal{A}([F]u \equiv [H]u) \rangle \text{ for } u
by (metis Act-Basic:5 Commutativity of ≡ intro-elim:3:b)
AOT-hence <math>\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \equiv_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \rangle
by (safe intro!: eqE[THEN ≡df I] & I cqt:2 Ordinary.GEN;
AOT-subst <math>\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z]u \rangle \langle \mathcal{A}[F]u \rangle \text{ for: } u F)
(auto intro!: beta-C-meta[THEN →E] cqt:2
Act-Basic:5[THEN ≡E(1)])
AOT-hence <math>\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \rangle
by (safe intro!: apE-eqE:I[unverify F G, THEN →E] cqt:2)
AOT-thus <math>\langle [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[H]z] \approx_E G \rangle
using ≡I eq-part:2[terms] eq-part:3[terms] →E →I
by metis
}
qed
AOT-show <math>\langle \square \forall x (A!x \& [\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G)]x \equiv Numbers(x,G)) \rangle
proof (safe intro!: RN GEN)
AOT-modally-strict {
fix x
AOT-show <math>\langle A!x \& [\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \equiv [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[F]z] \approx_E G)]x \equiv Numbers(x,G) \rangle
by (AOT-subst-def numbers; AOT-subst-thm beta-C-meta[THEN →E, OF 0])
(auto intro!: beta-C-meta[THEN →E, OF 0] ≡I →I & I cqt:2
dest: &E)
}
qed
qed

```

The two theorems above allow us to derive the predecessor axiom of PLM as theorem.

```

AOT-theorem pred: <math>\langle \lambda xy \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(y,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u})) \rangle \downarrow >
using pred-coex numbers-prop-den[∀ I G] ≡E by blast

```

```

AOT-define Predecessor :: ⟨Π⟩ (⟨P⟩)
pred-thm:1:

```

$\langle \mathbb{P} =_{df} [\lambda xy \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(y,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u}))] \rangle$

AOT-theorem $pred-thm:2: \langle \mathbb{P} \downarrow \rangle$
using $pred pred-thm:1 rule-id-df:2:b[zero]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-theorem $pred-thm:3:$

$\langle [\mathbb{P}]xy \equiv \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(y,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u})) \rangle$
by (*auto intro!*: *beta-C-meta[unverify* $\nu_1\nu_n$, **where** $\tau=(-,-)$, *THEN* $\rightarrow E$,
rotated, *OF pred, simplified*]
tuple-denotes[*THEN* $\equiv_{df} I$] & *I cqt:2 pred*
intro: $=_{df} I(2)[OF pred-thm:1]$)

AOT-theorem $pred-1-1:1: \langle [\mathbb{P}]xy \rightarrow \square[\mathbb{P}]xy \rangle$

proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-assume $\langle [\mathbb{P}]xy \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(y,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u})) \rangle$
using $\equiv E(1)$ *pred-thm:3 by fast*
then AOT-obtain F **where** $\langle \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(y,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u})) \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
then AOT-obtain u **where** *props*: $\langle [F]u \& Numbers(y,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u}) \rangle$
using *Ordinary.* $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *meson*
AOT-obtain G **where** *Ridigifies-G-F*: $\langle \text{Rigidifies}(G, F) \rangle$
by (*metis instantiation rigid-der:3*)
AOT-hence $\xi: \langle \square \forall x ([G]x \rightarrow \square[G]x) \rangle$ **and** $\zeta: \langle \forall x ([G]x \equiv [F]x) \rangle$
using *df-rigid-rel:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(1),*
THEN $\equiv_{df} E[OF df-rigid-rel:1]$, THEN &E(2)]
df-rigid-rel:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$, THEN &E(2)] **by** *blast+*

AOT-have *rigid-num-nec*: $\langle Numbers(x,F) \& \text{Rigidifies}(G,F) \rightarrow \square Numbers(x,G) \rangle$

for $x G F$

proof(*rule* $\rightarrow I$; *frule* &*E(1)*; *drule* &*E(2)*)

fix $G F x$

AOT-assume *Numbers-xF*: $\langle Numbers(x,F) \rangle$

AOT-assume $\langle \text{Rigidifies}(G,F) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\xi: \langle \text{Rigid}(G) \rangle$ **and** $\zeta: \langle \forall x ([G]x \equiv [F]x) \rangle$
using *df-rigid-rel:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} E$]* &*E* **by** *blast+*

AOT-thus $\langle \square Numbers(x,G) \rangle$

proof (*safe intro!*):

num-cont:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF ξ , THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$],
*THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$]
num-tran:3[THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\equiv E(1)$, rotated, OF Numbers-xF]
eqE[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]
*&I cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] Ordinary.GEN $\rightarrow I$**

AOT-show $\langle [F]u \equiv [G]u \rangle$ **for** u

using $\zeta[\text{THEN } \forall E(2)]$ **by** (*metis* $\equiv E(6)$ *oth-class-taut:3:a*)

qed

qed

AOT-have $\langle \square Numbers(y,G) \rangle$

using *rigid-num-nec*[*THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I, OF props[*THEN &E(1)*, *THEN &E(2)*],*
OF Ridigifies-G-F].

moreover {

AOT-have $\langle \text{Rigidifies}([G]^{-u}, [F]^{-u}) \rangle$

proof (*safe intro!*: *df-rigid-rel:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]* *df-rigid-rel:2[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$]*
&I F-u[den] GEN $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)

AOT-have $\langle \square \forall x ([G]x \rightarrow \square[G]x) \rightarrow \square \forall x ([G]^{-u}x \rightarrow \square[G]^{-u}x) \rangle$

proof (*rule RM*; *safe intro!*: $\rightarrow I$ *GEN*)

AOT-modally-strict {

fix x

AOT-assume $0: \langle \forall x ([G]x \rightarrow \square[G]x) \rangle$

AOT-assume $1: \langle [[G]^{-u}]x \rangle$

AOT-have $\langle [\lambda x [G]x \& x \neq_E u]x \rangle$

apply (*rule F-u[THEN $\equiv_{df} E(1)$, where $\tau_1\tau_n=(-,-)$, simplified]*)

apply *cqt:2[lambda]*

```

    by (fact 1)
AOT-hence <[G]x & x ≠E u>
    by (rule β→C(1))
AOT-hence 2: <□[G]x> and 3: <□x ≠E u>
    using &E 0[THEN ∀ E(2), THEN →E] id-nec4:1 ≡E(1) by blast+
AOT-show <□[[G]¬u]x>
    apply (AOT-subst <[[G]¬u]x> <[G]x & x ≠E u>)
    apply (rule F-u[THEN =df I(1), where τ1τn=(-,-), simplified])
        apply cqt:2[lambda]
        apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E])
        apply cqt:2[lambda]
    using 2 3 KBasic:3 ≡S(2) ≡E(2) by blast
}
qed
AOT-thus <□∀ x([[G]¬u]x → □[[G]¬u]x)> using ξ →E by blast
next
fix x
AOT-assume <[[G]¬u]x>
AOT-hence <[λx [G]x & x ≠E u]x>
    by (auto intro: F-u[THEN =df E(1), where τ1τn=(-,-), simplified]
        intro!: cqt:2)
AOT-hence <[G]x & x ≠E u>
    by (rule β→C(1))
AOT-hence <[F]x & x ≠E u>
    using ζ & I & E(1) & E(2) ≡E(1) rule-ui:3 by blast
AOT-hence <[λx [F]x & x ≠E u]x>
    by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2)
AOT-thus <[[F]¬u]x>
    by (auto intro: F-u[THEN =df I(1), where τ1τn=(-,-), simplified]
        intro!: cqt:2)
next
fix x
AOT-assume <[[F]¬u]x>
AOT-hence <[λx [F]x & x ≠E u]x>
    by (auto intro: F-u[THEN =df E(1), where τ1τn=(-,-), simplified]
        intro!: cqt:2)
AOT-hence <[F]x & x ≠E u>
    by (rule β→C(1))
AOT-hence <[G]x & x ≠E u>
    using ζ & I & E(1) & E(2) ≡E(2) rule-ui:3 by blast
AOT-hence <[λx [G]x & x ≠E u]x>
    by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2)
AOT-thus <[[G]¬u]x>
    by (auto intro: F-u[THEN =df I(1), where τ1τn=(-,-), simplified]
        intro!: cqt:2)
qed
AOT-hence <□Numbers(x,[G]¬u)>
    using rigid-num-nec[unverify F G, OF F-u[den], OF F-u[den], THEN →E,
        OF &I, OF props[THEN &E(2)]] by blast
}
moreover AOT-have <□[G]u>
    using props[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1), THEN ζ[THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ≡E(2)]]
        ξ[THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN →E], THEN ∀ E(2), THEN →E]
    by blast
ultimately AOT-have <□([G]u & Numbers(y,G) & Numbers(x,[G]¬u))>
    by (metis KBasic:3 &I ≡E(2))
AOT-hence <∃ u (□([G]u & Numbers(y,G) & Numbers(x,[G]¬u)))>
    by (rule Ordinary.∃ I)
AOT-hence <□∃ u ([G]u & Numbers(y,G) & Numbers(x,[G]¬u))>
    using Ordinary.res-var-bound-reas[Buridan] →E by fast
AOT-hence <∃ F □∃ u ([F]u & Numbers(y,F) & Numbers(x,[F]¬u))>
    by (rule ∃ I)
AOT-hence 0: <□∃ F ∃ u ([F]u & Numbers(y,F) & Numbers(x,[F]¬u))>

```

using Buridan vdash-properties:10 **by** fast

AOT-show $\langle \square[\mathbb{P}]xy \rangle$
by (AOT-subst $\langle [\mathbb{P}]xy \rangle \langle \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(y,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u})) \rangle$;
 simp add: pred-thm:3 0)

qed

AOT-theorem pred-1-1:2: $\langle Rigid(\mathbb{P}) \rangle$
by (safe intro!: df-rigid-rel:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] pred-thm:2 &I
 RN tuple-forall[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$];
 safe intro!: GEN pred-1-1:1)

AOT-theorem pred-1-1:3: $\langle 1-1(\mathbb{P}) \rangle$
proof (safe intro!: df-1-1:1[THEN $\equiv_{df} I$] pred-thm:2 &I GEN $\rightarrow I$;
 frule &E(1); drule &E(2))

fix $x y z$

AOT-assume $\langle [\mathbb{P}]xz \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(z,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u})) \rangle$
 using pred-thm:3[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] **by** blast

then AOT-obtain F **where** $\langle \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(z,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u})) \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** blast

then AOT-obtain u **where** $u\text{-prop}$: $\langle [F]u \& Numbers(z,F) \& Numbers(x,[F]^{-u}) \rangle$
 using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** meson

AOT-assume $\langle [\mathbb{P}]yz \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& Numbers(z,F) \& Numbers(y,[F]^{-u})) \rangle$
 using pred-thm:3[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] **by** blast

then AOT-obtain G **where** $\langle \exists u ([G]u \& Numbers(z,G) \& Numbers(y,[G]^{-u})) \rangle$
 using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** blast

then AOT-obtain v **where** $v\text{-prop}$: $\langle [G]v \& Numbers(z,G) \& Numbers(y,[G]^{-v}) \rangle$
 using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** meson

AOT-show $\langle x = y \rangle$
proof (rule pre-Hume[unvarify G H, OF F-u[den], OF F-u[den],
 THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I, THEN $\equiv E(2)$])

AOT-show $\langle Numbers(x, [F]^{-u}) \rangle$
 using $u\text{-prop}$ &E **by** blast

next

AOT-show $\langle Numbers(y, [G]^{-v}) \rangle$
 using $v\text{-prop}$ &E **by** blast

next

AOT-have $\langle F \approx_E G \rangle$
 using $u\text{-prop}$ [THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)]
 using $v\text{-prop}$ [THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)]
 using num-tran:2[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I] **by** blast

AOT-thus $\langle [F]^{-u} \approx_E [G]^{-v} \rangle$
 using $u\text{-prop}$ [THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)]
 using $v\text{-prop}$ [THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)]
 using eqP'[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I, OF &I]
 by blast

qed

qed

AOT-theorem pred-1-1:4: $\langle Rigid_{1-1}(\mathbb{P}) \rangle$
by (meson $\equiv_{df} I$ &I df-1-1:2 pred-1-1:2 pred-1-1:3)

AOT-theorem assume-anc:1:
 $\langle [\mathbb{P}]^* = [\lambda xy \forall F ((\forall z ([\mathbb{P}]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \& Hereditary(F,\mathbb{P})) \rightarrow [F]y)] \rangle$
apply (rule =df I(1)[OF ances-df])
 apply cqt:2[lambda]
 apply (rule =I(1))
 by cqt:2[lambda]

AOT-theorem assume-anc:2: $\langle \mathbb{P}^* \downarrow \rangle$
using t=t-proper:1 assume-anc:1 vdash-properties:10 **by** blast

AOT-theorem *assume-anc:3*:
 $\langle [\mathbb{P}^*]xy \equiv \forall F((\forall z([\mathbb{P}]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \ \& \ \forall x' \forall y'([\mathbb{P}]x'y' \rightarrow ([F]x' \rightarrow [F]y')))) \rightarrow [F]y\rangle$

proof –

AOT-have *prod-den*: $\vdash_{\square} \langle (AOT\text{-term-of-var } x_1, AOT\text{-term-of-var } x_2) \rangle \downarrow$
for $x_1 \ x_2 :: \langle \kappa \ AOT\text{-var} \rangle$
by (*simp add: &I ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3*)
AOT-have *den*: $\langle [\lambda xy \ \forall F((\forall z([\mathbb{P}]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \ \& \ Hereditary(F,\mathbb{P})) \rightarrow [F]y)] \downarrow$
by *cqt:2[lambda]*
AOT-have *1*: $\langle [\mathbb{P}^*]xy \equiv \forall F((\forall z([\mathbb{P}]xz \rightarrow [F]z) \ \& \ Hereditary(F,\mathbb{P})) \rightarrow [F]y)\rangle$
apply (*rule rule=E[rotated], OF assume-anc:1[symmetric]*)
by (*rule beta-C-meta[unverify $\nu_1 \nu_n$, OF prod-den, THEN $\rightarrow E$, simplified, OF den, simplified]*)
show *?thesis*
apply (*AOT-subst (reverse) $\forall x' \forall y' ([\mathbb{P}]x'y' \rightarrow ([F]x' \rightarrow [F]y'))$*
Hereditary(F,P) **for**: $F :: \langle \kappa \rangle$)
using *hered:1[THEN ≡ Df, THEN ≡ S(1), OF &I, OF pred-thm:2, OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst]] apply blast*
by (*fact 1*)
qed

AOT-theorem *no-pred-0:1*: $\langle \neg \exists x \ [\mathbb{P}]x \ 0 \rangle$

proof(*rule raa-cor:2*)

AOT-assume $\langle \exists x \ [\mathbb{P}]x \ 0 \rangle$
then AOT-obtain *a* **where** $\langle [\mathbb{P}]a \ 0 \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists F \exists u ([F]u \ \& \ Numbers(0, F) \ \& \ Numbers(a, [F]^{-u})) \rangle$
using *pred-thm:3[unverify y, OF zero:2, THEN ≡ E(1)] by blast*
then AOT-obtain *F* **where** $\langle \exists u ([F]u \ \& \ Numbers(0, F) \ \& \ Numbers(a, [F]^{-u})) \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
then AOT-obtain *u* **where** $\langle [F]u \ \& \ Numbers(0, F) \ \& \ Numbers(a, [F]^{-u}) \rangle$
using *Ordinary.∃ E[rotated] by meson*
AOT-hence $\langle [F]u \rangle$ **and** *num0-F*: $\langle Numbers(0, F) \rangle$
using $\&E \ \& I$ **by** *blast+*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists u [F]u \rangle$
using *Ordinary.∃ I by fast*
moreover AOT-have $\langle \neg \exists u [F]u \rangle$
using *num0-F ≡ E(2) OF:1 by blast*
ultimately AOT-show $\langle p \ \& \ \neg p \rangle$ **for** *p*
by (*metis raa-cor:3*)
qed

AOT-theorem *no-pred-0:2*: $\langle \neg \exists x \ [\mathbb{P}^*]x \ 0 \rangle$

proof(*rule raa-cor:2*)

AOT-assume $\langle \exists x \ [\mathbb{P}^*]x \ 0 \rangle$
then AOT-obtain *a* **where** $\langle [\mathbb{P}^*]a \ 0 \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle \exists z \ [\mathbb{P}]z \ 0 \rangle$
using *anc-her:5[unverify R y, OF zero:2, OF pred-thm:2, THEN → E] by auto*
AOT-thus $\langle \exists z \ [\mathbb{P}]z \ 0 \ \& \ \neg \exists z \ [\mathbb{P}]z \ 0 \rangle$
by (*metis no-pred-0:1 raa-cor:3*)
qed

AOT-theorem *no-pred-0:3*: $\langle \neg [\mathbb{P}^*]0 \ 0 \rangle$

by (*metis existential:1 no-pred-0:2 reductio-aa:1 zero:2*)

AOT-theorem *assume1:1*: $\langle (=_{\mathbb{P}}) = [\lambda xy \ \exists z ([\mathbb{P}]xz \ \& \ [\mathbb{P}]yz)] \rangle$
apply (*rule =df I(1)[OF id-d-R]*)
apply *cqt:2[lambda]*
apply (*rule =I(1)*)
by *cqt:2[lambda]*

AOT-theorem *assume1:2*: $\langle x =_{\mathbb{P}} y \equiv \exists z ([\mathbb{P}]xz \ \& \ [\mathbb{P}]yz) \rangle$

```

proof (rule rule=E[rotated, OF assume1:1[symmetric]])
AOT-have prod-den:  $\vdash \square ((AOT\text{-term-of-var } x_1, AOT\text{-term-of-var } x_2) \rightarrow$ 
  for  $x_1 x_2 :: \kappa AOT\text{-var}$ 
  by (simp add: &I ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3)
AOT-have 1:  $\langle [\lambda xy \exists z ([\mathbb{P}]xz \& [\mathbb{P}]yz)] \rangle \downarrow$ 
  by cqt:2
AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda xy \exists z ([\mathbb{P}]xz \& [\mathbb{P}]yz)]xy \equiv \exists z ([\mathbb{P}]xz \& [\mathbb{P}]yz) \rangle$ 
  using beta-C-meta[THEN →E, OF 1, unverify ν₁νₙ, OF prod-den, simplified] by blast
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem assume1:3:  $\langle [\mathbb{P}]^+ = [\lambda xy [\mathbb{P}]^*xy \vee x =_{\mathbb{P}} y] \rangle$ 
apply (rule =df I(1)[OF w-ances-df])
apply (simp add: w-ances-df[den1])
apply (rule rule=E[rotated, OF assume1:1[symmetric]])
apply (rule =df I(1)[OF id-d-R])
apply cqt:2[lambda]
apply (rule =I(1))
by cqt:2[lambda]

```

```

AOT-theorem assume1:4:  $\langle [\mathbb{P}]^+ \downarrow \rangle$ 
using w-ances-df[den2].

```

```

AOT-theorem assume1:5:  $\langle [\mathbb{P}]^+xy \equiv [\mathbb{P}]^*xy \vee x =_{\mathbb{P}} y \rangle$ 

```

```

proof –
AOT-have 0:  $\langle [\lambda xy [\mathbb{P}]^*xy \vee x =_{\mathbb{P}} y] \downarrow \rangle$  by cqt:2
AOT-have prod-den:  $\vdash \square ((AOT\text{-term-of-var } x_1, AOT\text{-term-of-var } x_2) \rightarrow$ 
  for  $x_1 x_2 :: \kappa AOT\text{-var}$ 
  by (simp add: &I ex:1:a prod-denotesI rule-ui:3)
show ?thesis
apply (rule rule=E[rotated, OF assume1:3[symmetric]])
using beta-C-meta[THEN →E, OF 0, unverify ν₁νₙ, OF prod-den, simplified]
by (simp add: cond-case-prod-eta)
qed

```

```

AOT-define NaturalNumber ::  $\langle \tau \rangle (\langle \mathbb{N} \rangle)$ 
nnumber:1:  $\langle \mathbb{N} =_{df} [\lambda x [\mathbb{P}]^+ 0x] \rangle$ 

```

```

AOT-theorem nnumber:2:  $\langle \mathbb{N} \downarrow \rangle$ 
by (rule =df I(2)[OF nnumber:1]; cqt:2[lambda])

```

```

AOT-theorem nnumber:3:  $\langle [\mathbb{N}]x \equiv [\mathbb{P}]^+ 0x \rangle$ 
apply (rule =df I(2)[OF nnumber:1])
apply cqt:2[lambda]
apply (rule beta-C-meta[THEN →E])
by cqt:2[lambda]

```

```

AOT-theorem 0-n:  $\langle [\mathbb{N}]0 \rangle$ 

```

```

proof (safe intro!: nnumber:3[unverify x, OF zero:2, THEN ≡E(2)]
  assume1:5[unverify x y, OF zero:2, OF zero:2, THEN ≡E(2)]
   $\vee I(2) \text{ assume1:2[unverify x y, OF zero:2, OF zero:2, THEN } \equiv E(2))$ 
  fix u
AOT-have den:  $\langle [\lambda x O!x \& x =_E u] \downarrow \rangle$  by cqt:2[lambda]
AOT-obtain a where a-prop:  $\langle \text{Numbers}(a, [\lambda x O!x \& x =_E u]) \rangle$ 
  using num:1[unverify G, OF den] ∃ E[rotated] by blast
AOT-have  $\langle [\mathbb{P}]0a \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!: pred-thm:3[unverify x, OF zero:2, THEN ≡E(2)]
   $\exists I(1)[\text{where } \tau = \langle \langle [\lambda x O!x \& x =_E u] \rangle \rangle]$ 
  Ordinary. ∃ I[where β=u] & I den
  OF:1[unverify F, OF F-u[den], unverify F,
  OF den, THEN ≡E(1)])
AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x [O!]x \& x =_E u]u \rangle$ 
by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 &I ord=Equiv:1[THEN →E])

```

$\text{Ordinary.}\psi)$
next
AOT-show $\langle \text{Numbers}(a, [\lambda x [O!]x \& x =_E u]) \rangle$
using $a\text{-prop.}$
next
AOT-show $\langle \neg \exists v [[\lambda x [O!]x \& x =_E u]^{-u}]v \rangle$
proof(rule raa-cor:2)
AOT-assume $\langle \exists v [[\lambda x [O!]x \& x =_E u]^{-u}]v \rangle$
then AOT-obtain v **where** $\langle [[\lambda x [O!]x \& x =_E u]^{-u}]v \rangle$
using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}] \& E$ **by** blast
AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda z [\lambda x [O!]x \& x =_E u]z \& z \neq_E u]v \rangle$
apply (rule F-u[THEN =_{df} E(1), **where** $\tau_1\tau_n=(-,-)$, simplified, rotated])
by cqt:2[lambda]
AOT-hence $\langle [\lambda x [O!]x \& x =_E u]v \& v \neq_E u \rangle$
by (rule $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$)
AOT-hence $\langle v =_E u \rangle$ **and** $\langle v \neq_E u \rangle$
using $\beta \rightarrow C(1) \& E$ **by** blast+
AOT-hence $\langle v =_E u \& \neg(v =_E u) \rangle$
by (metis $\equiv E(4)$ reductio-aa:1 thm-neg=E)
AOT-thus $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$ **for** p
by (metis raa-cor:1)
qed
qed
AOT-thus $\langle \exists z ([\mathbb{P}]0z \& [\mathbb{P}]0z) \rangle$
by (safe intro!: &I $\exists I(2)$ [**where** $\beta=a$])
qed

AOT-theorem mod-col-num:1: $\langle [\mathbb{N}]x \rightarrow \square[\mathbb{N}]x \rangle$
proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

AOT-have nec0N: $\langle [\lambda x \square[\mathbb{N}]x]0 \rangle$
by (auto intro!: $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$ cqt:2 simp: zero:2 RN 0-n)

AOT-have 1: $\langle [\lambda x \square[\mathbb{N}]x]0 \&$
 $\forall x \forall y ([[P]^+]0x \& [[P]^+]0y \rightarrow ([P]xy \rightarrow ([\lambda x \square[\mathbb{N}]x]x \rightarrow [\lambda x \square[\mathbb{N}]x]y))) \rightarrow$
 $\forall x ([[P]^+]0x \rightarrow [\lambda x \square[\mathbb{N}]x]x) \rangle$
by (auto intro!: cqt:2
 intro: pre-ind[unconstrain R, unvarify β , OF pred-thm:2,
 THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF pred-1-1:4, unvarify z , OF zero:2,
 unvarify F])

AOT-have $\langle \forall x ([[P]^+]0x \rightarrow [\lambda x \square[\mathbb{N}]x]x) \rangle$
proof (rule 1[THEN $\rightarrow E$]; safe intro!: &I GEN $\rightarrow I$ nec0N;
 frule &E(1); drule &E(2))

fix $x y$
AOT-assume $\langle [P]xy \rangle$
AOT-hence 0: $\langle \square[P]xy \rangle$
by (metis pred-1-1:1 $\rightarrow E$)

AOT-assume $\langle [\lambda x \square[\mathbb{N}]x]x \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \square[\mathbb{N}]x \rangle$
by (rule $\beta \rightarrow C(1)$)

AOT-hence $\langle \square([P]xy \& [\mathbb{N}]x) \rangle$
by (metis 0 KBasic:3 Adjunction $\equiv E(2) \rightarrow E$)

moreover AOT-have $\langle \square([P]xy \& [\mathbb{N}]x) \rightarrow \square[\mathbb{N}]y \rangle$
proof (rule RM; rule $\rightarrow I$; frule &E(1); drule &E(2))

AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-assume 0: $\langle [P]xy \rangle$
AOT-assume $\langle [\mathbb{N}]x \rangle$
AOT-hence 1: $\langle [[P]^+]0x \rangle$
by (metis $\equiv E(1)$ nnumber:3)

AOT-show $\langle [\mathbb{N}]y \rangle$
apply (rule nnumber:3[THEN $\equiv E(2)$])
apply (rule assume1:5[unvarify x , OF zero:2, THEN $\equiv E(2)$])
apply (rule $\vee I(1)$)
apply (rule w-ances-her:3[unconstrain R, unvarify β , OF pred-thm:2,
 THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF pred-1-1:4, unvarify x ,

```

OF zero:2, THEN →E])
apply (rule &I)
  apply (fact 1)
  by (fact 0)
}
qed
ultimately AOT-have ⟨□[N]y⟩
  by (metis →E)
AOT-thus ⟨[λx □[N]x]y⟩
  by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2)
qed
AOT-hence 0: ⟨[[P]+]0x → [λx □[N]x]x⟩
  using ∀ E(2) by blast
AOT-assume ⟨[N]x⟩
AOT-hence ⟨[[P]+]0x⟩
  by (metis ≡E(1) nnumber:3)
AOT-hence ⟨[λx □[N]x]x⟩
  using 0[THEN →E] by blast
AOT-thus ⟨□[N]x⟩
  by (rule β→C(1))
qed

```

AOT-theorem mod-col-num:2: ⟨Rigid(N)⟩
 by (safe intro!: df-rigid-rel:1[THEN ≡df I] &I RN GEN
 mod-col-num:1 nnumber:2)

AOT-register-rigid-restricted-type

Number: ⟨[N]κ⟩

proof

```

AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-show ⟨∃ x [N]x⟩
    by (rule ∃ I(1)[where τ=⟨⟨0⟩⟩]; simp add: 0-n zero:2)
}
next
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-show ⟨[N]κ → κ↓⟩ for κ
    by (simp add: →I cqt:5:a[1][axiom-inst, THEN →E, THEN &E(2)])
}
next
AOT-modally-strict {
  AOT-show ⟨∀ x ([N]x → □[N]x)⟩
    by (simp add: GEN mod-col-num:1)
}
qed

```

AOT-register-variable-names

Number: m n k i j

AOT-theorem 0-pred: ⟨¬∃ n [P]n 0⟩

proof (rule raa-cor:2)

```

AOT-assume ⟨∃ n [P]n 0⟩
then AOT-obtain n where ⟨[P]n 0⟩
  using Number.∃ E[rotated] by meson
AOT-hence ⟨∃ x [P]x 0⟩
  using &E ∃ I by fast
AOT-thus ⟨∃ x [P]x 0 & ¬∃ x [P]x 0⟩
  using no-pred-0:1 &I by auto
qed

```

AOT-theorem no-same-succ:
 ⟨∀ n ∀ m ∀ k ([P]nk & [P]mk → n = m)⟩

proof(safe intro!: Number.GEN →I)

```

fix n m k
AOT-assume ⟨[P]nk & [P]mk⟩

```

AOT-thus $\langle n = m \rangle$
by (safe intro!: cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst] df-1-1:3[
 unverify R, OF pred-thm:2,
 THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF pred-1-1:4, THEN qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$],
 THEN $\equiv_{df} E[OF df-1-1:1]$, THEN &E(2), THEN $\forall E(1)$, THEN $\forall E(1)$,
 THEN $\forall E(1)[\text{where } \tau = \langle AOT\text{-term-of-var } (\text{Number}.Rep\ k) \rangle]$, THEN $\rightarrow E$])

qed

AOT-theorem induction:

$\langle \forall F([F]0 \ \& \ \forall n \forall m([\mathbb{P}]nm \rightarrow ([F]n \rightarrow [F]m)) \rightarrow \forall n[F]n) \rangle$
proof (safe intro!: GEN[where 'a=⟨κ⟩] Number.GEN &I;
 frule &E(1); drule &E(2))

fix F n

AOT-assume F0: ⟨[F]0⟩

AOT-assume 0: ⟨ $\forall n \forall m([\mathbb{P}]nm \rightarrow ([F]n \rightarrow [F]m))$ ⟩

{

fix x y

AOT-assume ⟨ $[[\mathbb{P}]^+]0x \ \& \ [[\mathbb{P}]^+]0y$ ⟩

AOT-hence ⟨[N]x⟩ and ⟨[N]y⟩

using &E $\equiv E(2)$ nnumber:3 by blast+

moreover **AOT-assume** ⟨[P]xy⟩

moreover **AOT-assume** ⟨[F]x⟩

ultimately **AOT-have** ⟨[F]y⟩

using 0[THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$,
 THEN $\rightarrow E$, THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast

} note 1 = this

AOT-have 0: ⟨ $[[\mathbb{P}]^+]0n$ ⟩

by (metis $\equiv E(1)$ nnumber:3 Number.ψ)

AOT-show ⟨[F]n⟩

apply (rule pre-ind[unconstrain R, unverify β, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF pred-thm:2,

OF pred-1-1:4, unverify z, OF zero:2, THEN $\rightarrow E$,

THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\rightarrow E$];

safe intro!: 0 &I GEN → I F0)

using 1 by blast

qed

AOT-theorem suc-num:1: ⟨ $[\mathbb{P}]nx \rightarrow [\mathbb{N}]x$ ⟩

proof(rule → I)

AOT-have ⟨ $[[\mathbb{P}]^+]0n$ ⟩

by (meson Number.ψ $\equiv E(1)$ nnumber:3)

moreover **AOT-assume** ⟨[P]nx⟩

ultimately **AOT-have** ⟨ $[[\mathbb{P}]^+]0x$ ⟩

using w-ances-her:3[unconstrain R, unverify β, OF pred-thm:2, THEN $\rightarrow E$,
 OF pred-1-1:4, unverify x, OF zero:2,

THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I]

by blast

AOT-hence ⟨ $[[\mathbb{P}]^+]0x$ ⟩

using assume1:5[unverify x, OF zero:2, THEN $\equiv E(2)$, OF ∨I(1)]

by blast

AOT-thus ⟨[N]x⟩

by (metis $\equiv E(2)$ nnumber:3)

qed

AOT-theorem suc-num:2: ⟨ $[[\mathbb{P}]^*]nx \rightarrow [\mathbb{N}]x$ ⟩

proof(rule → I)

AOT-have ⟨ $[[\mathbb{P}]^+]0n$ ⟩

using Number.ψ $\equiv E(1)$ nnumber:3 by blast

AOT-assume ⟨ $[[\mathbb{P}]^*]n$ ⟩

AOT-hence $\forall F(\forall z ([\mathbb{P}]nz \rightarrow [F]z) \ \& \ \forall x \forall y' ([\mathbb{P}]x'y' \rightarrow ([F]x' \rightarrow [F]y')) \rightarrow [F]x)$

using assume-anc:3[THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast

AOT-hence $\vartheta: \forall z ([\mathbb{P}]nz \rightarrow [\mathbb{N}]z) \ \& \ \forall x \forall y' ([\mathbb{P}]x'y' \rightarrow ([\mathbb{N}]x' \rightarrow [\mathbb{N}]y')) \rightarrow [\mathbb{N}]x$

using ∀ E(1) nnumber:2 by blast

AOT-show ⟨[N]x⟩

```

proof (safe intro!:  $\vartheta[THEN \rightarrow E]$ ) GEN  $\rightarrow I \& I$ 
  AOT-show  $\langle [N]z \rangle$  if  $\langle [P]nz \rangle$  for  $z$ 
    using Number. $\psi$  suc-num:1 that  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
  next
    AOT-show  $\langle [N]y \rangle$  if  $\langle [P]xy \rangle$  and  $\langle [N]x \rangle$  for  $x y$ 
      using suc-num:1[unconstrain n, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] that  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
  qed
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem suc-num:3:  $\langle [P]^+ nx \rightarrow [N]x \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle [P]^+ nx \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle [P]^* nx \vee n =_P x \rangle$ 
    by (metis assume1:5  $\equiv E(1)$ )
  moreover {
    AOT-assume  $\langle [P]^* nx \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle [N]x \rangle$ 
      by (metis suc-num:2  $\rightarrow E$ )
  }
  moreover {
    AOT-assume  $\langle n =_P x \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle n = x \rangle$ 
      using id-R-thm:3[unconstrain R, unverify  $\beta$ , OF pred-thm:2,
        THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF pred-1-1:4, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
    AOT-hence  $\langle [N]x \rangle$ 
      by (metis rule=E Number. $\psi$ )
  }
  ultimately AOT-show  $\langle [N]x \rangle$ 
    by (metis  $\vee E(3)$  reductio-aa:1)
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem pred-num:  $\langle [P]xn \rightarrow [N]x \rangle$ 
proof (rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\theta$ :  $\langle [P]xn \rangle$ 
  AOT-have  $\langle [[P]]^+ \theta n \rangle$ 
    using Number. $\psi$   $\equiv E(1)$  nnumber:3 by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle [[P]]^* \theta n \vee \theta =_P n \rangle$ 
    using assume1:5[unverify  $x$ , OF zero:2] by (metis  $\equiv E(1)$ )
  moreover {
    AOT-assume  $\langle \theta =_P n \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle \exists z ([P]0z \& [P]nz) \rangle$ 
      using assume1:2[unverify  $x$ , OF zero:2, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
    then AOT-obtain  $a$  where  $\langle [P]0a \& [P]na \rangle$  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
    AOT-hence  $\langle \theta = n \rangle$ 
      using pred-1-1:3[THEN df-1-1:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ], THEN  $\& E(2)$ ,
        THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , OF zero:2, THEN  $\forall E(2)$ ,
        THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
    AOT-hence  $\langle [P]x \theta \rangle$ 
      using  $\theta$  rule=E id-sym by fast
    AOT-hence  $\langle \exists x [P]x \theta \rangle$ 
      by (rule  $\exists I$ )
    AOT-hence  $\langle \exists x [P]x \theta \& \neg \exists x [P]x \theta \rangle$ 
      by (metis no-pred-0:1 raa-cor:3)
  }
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle [[P]]^* \theta n \rangle$ 
    by (metis  $\vee E(3)$  raa-cor:1)
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists z ([[P]]^+ \theta z \& [P]zn) \rangle$ 
    using w-ances-her:7[unconstrain R, unverify  $\beta$ , OF pred-thm:2,
      THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF pred-1-1:4, unverify  $x$ ,
      OF zero:2, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
  then AOT-obtain  $b$  where  $b\text{-prop}$ :  $\langle [[P]]^+ \theta b \& [P]bn \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle [N]b \rangle$ 

```

```

by (metis &E(1) ≡E(2) nnumber:3)
moreover AOT-have ⟨x = busing pred-1-1:3[THEN df-1-1:1[THEN ≡df E], THEN &E(2),
    THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ∀ E(2), THEN →E,
    OF &I, OF 0, OF b-prop[THEN &E(2)]].
ultimately AOT-show ⟨[N]x⟩
  using rule=E id-sym by fast
qed

AOT-theorem nat-card: <[N]x → NaturalCardinal(x)>
proof(rule →I)
  AOT-assume ⟨[N]x⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨[P]+0x⟩
    by (metis ≡E(1) nnumber:3)
  AOT-hence ⟨[P]*0x ∨ 0 =P x⟩
    using assume1:5[unvarify x, OF zero:2, THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
  moreover {
    AOT-assume ⟨[P]*0x⟩
    then AOT-obtain a where ⟨[P]ax⟩
      using anc-her:5[unvarify R x, OF zero:2, OF pred-thm:2, THEN →E]
         $\exists E[\text{rotated}] \text{ by blast}$ 
    AOT-hence ⟨ $\exists F \exists u ([F]u \& \text{Numbers}(x,F) \& \text{Numbers}(a,[F]^{-u}))using pred-thm:3[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
    then AOT-obtain F where ⟨ $\exists u ([F]u \& \text{Numbers}(x,F) \& \text{Numbers}(a,[F]^{-u}))using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}] \text{ by blast}$ 
    then AOT-obtain u where ⟨ $[F]u \& \text{Numbers}(x,F) \& \text{Numbers}(a,[F]^{-u})using Ordinary.3 E[rotated] by meson
    AOT-hence ⟨NaturalCardinal(x)⟩
      using eq-num:6[THEN →E] &E by blast
  }
  moreover {
    AOT-assume ⟨ $0 =_P x$ ⟩
    AOT-hence ⟨ $0 = x$ ⟩
      using id-R-thm:3[unconstrain R, unvarify β, OF pred-thm:2,
        THEN →E, OF pred-1-1:4, unvarify x,
        OF zero:2, THEN →E] by blast
    AOT-hence ⟨NaturalCardinal(x)⟩
      by (metis rule=E zero-card)
  }
  ultimately AOT-show ⟨NaturalCardinal(x)⟩
  by (metis ∨E(2) raa-cor:1)
qed

AOT-theorem pred-func:1: <[P]xy & [P]xz → y = z>
proof (rule →I; frule &E(1); drule &E(2))
  AOT-assume ⟨[P]xy⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨ $\exists F \exists u ([F]u \& \text{Numbers}(y,F) \& \text{Numbers}(x,[F]^{-u}))using pred-thm:3[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
  then AOT-obtain F where ⟨ $\exists u ([F]u \& \text{Numbers}(y,F) \& \text{Numbers}(x,[F]^{-u}))using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}] \text{ by blast}$ 
  then AOT-obtain a where
    Oa: ⟨O!a⟩
    and a-prop: <[F]a & Numbers(y,F) & Numbers(x,[F]^{-a})>
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}] \& E \text{ by blast}$ 
  AOT-assume ⟨[P]xz⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨ $\exists F \exists u ([F]u \& \text{Numbers}(z,F) \& \text{Numbers}(x,[F]^{-u}))using pred-thm:3[THEN ≡E(1)] by blast
  then AOT-obtain G where ⟨ $\exists u ([G]u \& \text{Numbers}(z,G) \& \text{Numbers}(x,[G]^{-u}))using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}] \text{ by blast}$ 
  then AOT-obtain b where Ob: ⟨O!b⟩
    and b-prop: <[G]b & Numbers(z,G) & Numbers(x,[G]^{-b})>
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}] \& E \text{ by blast}$ 
  AOT-have ⟨ $[F]^{-a} \approx_E [G]^{-b}$ ⟩$$$$$$$ 
```

```

using num-tran:2[unvarify G H, OF F-u[den], OF F-u[den],
    THEN →E, OF &I, OF a-prop[THEN &E(2)],
    OF b-prop[THEN &E(2)]].
AOT-hence ⟨F ≈E G⟩
using P'-eq[unconstrain u, THEN →E, OF Oa, unconstrain v, THEN →E,
    OF Ob, THEN →E, OF &I, OF &I]
    a-prop[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)]
    b-prop[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)] by blast
AOT-thus ⟨y = z⟩
using pre-Hume[THEN →E, THEN ≡E(2), OF &I,
    OF a-prop[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)],
    OF b-prop[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2)]]]
by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem pred-func:2: ⟨[P]nm & [P]nk → m = k⟩
using pred-func:1.

```

AOT-theorem being-number-of-den: ⟨[λx x = #G]↓
proof (rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN →E]; safe intro!: &I GEN RN)
    AOT-show ⟨[λx Numbers(x,[λz A[G]z])]↓
        by (rule numbers-prop-den[unvarify G]) cqt:2[lambda]
next
    AOT-modally-strict {
        AOT-show ⟨Numbers(x,[λz A[G]z]) ≡ x = #G) for x
        using eq-num:2.
    }
qed

```

axiomatization ω-nat :: ⟨ω ⇒ nat⟩ **where** ω-nat: ⟨surj ω-nat⟩

Unfortunately, since the axiom requires the type ω to have an infinite domain, **nitpick** can only find a potential model and no genuine model. However, since we could trivially choose ω as a copy of *nat*, we can still be assured that above axiom is consistent.

lemma ⟨True⟩ **nitpick**[satisfy, user-axioms, card nat=1, expect = potential] ..

```

AOT-axiom modal-axiom:
    ⟨∃x([N]x & x = #G) → ◊∃y([E!]y & ∀u (A[G]u → u ≠E y))⟩
proof(rule AOT-model-axiomI) AOT-modally-strict {

```

The actual extension on the ordinary objects of a property is the set of ordinary urelements that exemplifies the property in the designated actual world.

```

define act-ωext :: ⟨<κ> ⇒ ω set⟩ where
    ⟨act-ωext ≡ λΠ . {x :: ω . [w0 ⊨ [Π]«ωκ x»]}⟩

```

Encoding a property with infinite actual extension on the ordinary objects denotes a property by extended relation comprehension.

```

AOT-have enc-finite-act-ωext-den:
    ⟨⊤□ [λx ∃F(¬εo w. finite (act-ωext F)) & x[F])]↓
proof(safe intro!: Comprehension-1[THEN →E] RN GEN →I)
    AOT-modally-strict {
        fix F G
        AOT-assume ⟨□G ≡E F⟩
        AOT-hence ⟨A[G] ≡E F⟩
            using nec-imp-act[THEN →E] by blast
        AOT-hence ⟨A(G↓ & F↓ & ∀u([G]u ≡ [F]u))⟩
            by (AOT-subst-def (reverse) eqE)
        hence ⟨[w0 ⊨ [G]«ωκ x»] = [w0 ⊨ [F]«ωκ x»]⟩ for x
            by (auto dest!: ∀E(1) →E
                simp: AOT-model-denotes-κ-def AOT-sem-denotes AOT-sem-conj
                AOT-model-ωκ-ordinary AOT-sem-act AOT-sem-equiv)
        AOT-thus ⟨¬εo w. finite (act-ωext (AOT-term-of-var F))⟩ ≡

```

```

     $\neg \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } (\text{AOT-term-of-var } G)) \rrbracket$ 
  by (simp add: AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-equiv act-wext-def
        AOT-model-prop-choice-simp)
}
qed

```

By coexistence, encoding only properties with finite actual extension on the ordinary objects denotes.

```

AOT-have  $\langle \lambda x \forall F(x[F] \rightarrow \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } F) \rrbracket) \rangle$ 
proof(rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]; safe intro!: &I RN GEN)
AOT-show  $\langle \lambda x \neg \llbracket \lambda x \exists F(\neg \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } F) \rrbracket \& x[F]) \rangle$ 
  by cqt:2
next
AOT-modally-strict {
  fix x
  AOT-show  $\langle \neg \llbracket \lambda x \exists F(\neg \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } F) \rrbracket \& x[F]) \rangle x \equiv$ 
     $\forall F(x[F] \rightarrow \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } F) \rrbracket)$ 
  by (AOT-subst  $\langle \lambda x \exists F(\neg \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } F) \rrbracket \& x[F]) \rangle x$ 
     $\langle \exists F(\neg \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } F) \rrbracket \& x[F]) \rangle;$ 
    (rule beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])?
  (auto simp: enc-finite-act-wext-den AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-not
    AOT-sem-forall AOT-sem-imp AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-exists)
}
qed

```

We show by induction that any property encoded by a natural number has a finite actual extension on the ordinary objects.

```

AOT-hence  $\langle \lambda x \forall F(x[F] \rightarrow \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } F) \rrbracket) \rangle n$  for n
proof(rule induction[THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN Number. $\forall E$ ];
  safe intro!: &I Number.GEN  $\beta \leftarrow C$  zero:2  $\rightarrow I$  cqt:2
  dest!:  $\beta \rightarrow C$ )
AOT-show  $\langle \forall F(0[F] \rightarrow \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } F) \rrbracket) \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!: GEN  $\rightarrow I$ )
  fix F
  AOT-assume  $\langle 0[F] \rangle$ 
  AOT-actually {
    AOT-hence  $\langle \neg \exists u [F]u \rangle$ 
      using zero=:2 intro-elim:3:a AOT-sem-enc-nec by blast
    AOT-hence  $\langle \forall x \neg(O!x \& [F]x) \rangle$ 
      using cqt-further:4 vdash-properties:10 by blast
    hence  $\langle \neg([w_0 \models [F]\llbracket \omega\kappa x \rrbracket] \rangle$  for x
      by (auto dest!:  $\forall E(1)$ [where  $\tau = \langle \omega\kappa x \rangle$ ]
        simp: AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-conj AOT-model- $\omega\kappa$ -ordinary
        russell-axiom[exe,1].psi-denotes-asm)
  }
  AOT-thus  $\langle \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } (\text{AOT-term-of-var } F)) \rrbracket \rangle$ 
    by (auto simp: AOT-model-prop-choice-simp act-wext-def)
  qed
next
fix n m
AOT-assume  $\langle [P]nm \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists F \exists u ([F]u \& \text{Numbers}(m,F) \& \text{Numbers}(n,[F]^{-u})) \rangle$ 
  using pred-thm:3[THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
then AOT-obtain G where  $\langle \exists u ([G]u \& \text{Numbers}(m,G) \& \text{Numbers}(n,[G]^{-u})) \rangle$ 
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
then AOT-obtain u where 0:  $\langle [G]u \& \text{Numbers}(m,G) \& \text{Numbers}(n,[G]^{-u}) \rangle$ 
  using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by meson

AOT-assume n-prop:  $\langle \forall F(n[F] \rightarrow \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } F) \rrbracket) \rangle$ 
AOT-show  $\langle \forall F(m[F] \rightarrow \llbracket \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite}(\text{act-wext } F) \rrbracket) \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!: GEN  $\rightarrow I$ )
  fix F
  AOT-assume  $\langle m[F] \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence 1:  $\langle \lambda x \mathcal{A}[F]x \approx_E G \rangle$ 

```

```

using 0[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(2), THEN numbers[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ],
         THEN &E(2), THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by auto
AOT-show « $\varepsilon_o$  w. finite (act-wext (AOT-term-of-var F))»
proof(rule raa-cor:1)
  AOT-assume « $\neg \varepsilon_o$  w. finite (act-wext (AOT-term-of-var F))»
  hence inf: «infinite (act-wext (AOT-term-of-var F))»
    by (auto simp: AOT-sem-not AOT-model-prop-choice-simp)
  then AOT-obtain v where act-F-v: « $\mathcal{A}[F]v$ »
    unfolding AOT-sem-act act-wext-def
    by (metis AOT-term-of-var-cases AOT-model-wk-ordinary
        AOT-model-denotes-k-def Ordinary.Rep-cases  $\kappa$ .disc(7)
        mem-Collect-eq not-finite-existsD)
  AOT-hence « $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[F]x$ »
    by (safe intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C$  cqt:2)
  AOT-hence « $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[F]x \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »
    by (safe intro!: eqP'[unvarify F, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] &I cqt:2 1
        0[THEN &E(1), THEN &E(1)])
  moreover AOT-have « $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[F]x \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »
  proof(safe intro!: apE-eqE:1[unvarify F G, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] cqt:2
        F-u[den][unvarify F] eqE[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] &I
        Ordinary.GEN)
    fix u
    AOT-have « $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[F]x \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »
      by (safe intro!: beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] cqt:2)
    also AOT-have « $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[F]x \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »
      by (AOT-subst « $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[F]x \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »)
        (safe intro!: beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] cqt:2
          oth-class-taut:3:a)
    also AOT-have « $\mathcal{A}[F]u \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »
      using id-act2:2 AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-equiv AOT-sem-act by auto
    also AOT-have « $\mathcal{A}[F]u \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »
      by (AOT-subst « $\lambda y [F]y \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »)
        (safe intro!: beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] cqt:2
          oth-class-taut:3:a)
    also AOT-have « $\mathcal{A}[F]u \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »
      by (safe intro!: beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] cqt:2)
    finally AOT-show « $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[F]x \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »
      by (auto intro!: cqt:2
            intro: rule-id-df:2:b[OF F-u, where  $\tau_1\tau_n = \langle(-,-)\rangle$ , simplified])
  qed
  ultimately AOT-have « $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[F]x \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »
    using eq-part:2[terms] eq-part:3[terms]  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
  AOT-hence « $n[\lambda y [F]y \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u]$ »
    by (safe intro!: 0[THEN &E(2), THEN numbers[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ],
                  THEN &E(2), THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] cqt:2)
  hence finite: «finite (act-wext « $\lambda y [F]y \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »)»
    by (safe intro!: n-prop[THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ,
                           simplified AOT-model-prop-choice-simp]
        cqt:2)
  obtain y where y-def: « $\omega_k y = AOT\text{-term-of-var} (\text{Ordinary.Rep } v)$ »
    by (metis AOT-model-ordinary-wk Ordinary.restricted-var-condition)
  AOT-actually {
    fix x
    AOT-assume « $\lambda y [F]y \sim^v \mathcal{A}[G] \sim^u$ »
    AOT-hence « $[F] \langle\langle \omega_k x \rangle\rangle$ »
      by (auto dest!:  $\beta \rightarrow C$  &E(1))
  }
  moreover AOT-actually {
    AOT-have « $[F] \langle\langle \omega_k y \rangle\rangle$ »
      unfolding y-def using act-F-v AOT-sem-act by blast
  }
  moreover AOT-actually {
    fix x
  }

```

```

assume noteq:  $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ 
AOT-assume  $\langle [F] \llcorner \omega\kappa x \rangle$ 
moreover AOT-have  $\omega\kappa\text{-}x\text{-}den: \langle \llcorner \omega\kappa x \rangle \downarrow$ 
  using AOT-sem-exe calculation by blast
moreover {
  AOT-have  $\langle \neg(\llcorner \omega\kappa x) =_E v \rangle$ 
  proof(rule raa-cor:2)
    AOT-assume  $\langle \llcorner \omega\kappa x =_E v \rangle$ 
    AOT-hence  $\langle \llcorner \omega\kappa x = v \rangle$ 
      using =E-simple:2[unverify x, THEN →E, OF  $\omega\kappa\text{-}x\text{-}den$ ]
      by blast
    hence  $\langle \omega\kappa x = \omega\kappa y \rangle$ 
      unfolding y-def AOT-sem-eq
      by meson
    hence  $\langle x = y \rangle$ 
      by blast
    AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for p using noteq by blast
  qed
  AOT-hence  $\langle \llcorner \omega\kappa x \rangle \neq_E v \rangle$ 
    by (safe intro!: thm-neg=E[unverify x, THEN ≡E(2)]  $\omega\kappa\text{-}x\text{-}den$ )
}
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle [\lambda y [F]y \& y \neq_E v] \llcorner \omega\kappa x \rangle$ 
  by (auto intro!: β←C cqt:2 &I)
}
ultimately have  $\langle (\text{insert } y (\text{act-}\omega\text{-ext} \langle [\lambda y [F]y \& y \neq_E v] \rangle)) =$ 
   $\langle \text{act-}\omega\text{-ext} (\text{AOT-term-of-var } F) \rangle$ 
  unfolding act-ω-ext-def
  by auto
hence  $\langle \text{finite} (\text{act-}\omega\text{-ext} (\text{AOT-term-of-var } F)) \rangle$ 
  using finite.insertI by metis
AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for p
  using inf by blast
qed
qed
qed
AOT-hence nat-enc-finite:  $\langle \forall F (n[F] \rightarrow \langle \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite} (\text{act-}\omega\text{-ext } F) \rangle) \rangle$  for n
  using β→C(1) by blast

```

The main proof can now generate a witness, since we required the domain of ordinary objects to be infinite.

```

AOT-show  $\langle \exists x ([\mathbb{N}]x \& x = \#G) \rightarrow \Diamond \exists y (E!y \& \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E y)) \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!: →I)
  AOT-assume  $\langle \exists x ([\mathbb{N}]x \& x = \#G) \rangle$ 
  then AOT-obtain n where  $\langle n = \#G \rangle$ 
    using Number.∃ E[rotated] by meson
  AOT-hence  $\langle \text{Numbers}(n, [\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x]) \rangle$ 
    using eq-num:3 rule=E id-sym by fast
  AOT-hence  $\langle n[G] \rangle$ 
    by (auto intro!: numbers[THEN ≡df E, THEN &E(2),
      THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ≡E(2)]
      eq-part:1[unverify F] cqt:2)
  AOT-hence  $\langle \langle \varepsilon_o w. \text{finite} (\text{act-}\omega\text{-ext} (\text{AOT-term-of-var } G)) \rangle \rangle$ 
    using nat-enc-finite[THEN ∀ E(2), THEN →E] by blast
  hence finite:  $\langle \text{finite} (\text{act-}\omega\text{-ext} (\text{AOT-term-of-var } G)) \rangle$ 
    by (auto simp: AOT-model-proposition-choice-simp)
  AOT-have  $\langle \exists u \neg \mathcal{A}[G]u \rangle$ 
  proof(rule raa-cor:1)
    AOT-assume  $\langle \neg \exists u \neg \mathcal{A}[G]u \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \forall x \neg (O!x \& \neg \mathcal{A}[G]x) \rangle$ 
    by (metis cqt-further:4 →E)
  AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{A}[G]x \rangle$  if  $\langle O!x \rangle$  for x
    using ∀ E(2) AOT-sem-conj AOT-sem-not that by blast
  hence  $\langle [w_0 \models [G] \llcorner \omega\kappa x] \rangle$  for x

```

```

by (metis AOT-term-of-var-cases AOT-model- $\omega\kappa$ -ordinary
      AOT-model-denotes- $\kappa$ -def AOT-sem-act  $\kappa.disc(7)$ )
hence ⟨⟨act- $\omega$ ext (AOT-term-of-var G)⟩ = UNIV⟩
unfolding act- $\omega$ ext-def by auto
moreover have ⟨infinite (UNIV: $\omega$  set)⟩
  by (metis  $\omega$ -nat finite-imageI infinite-UNIV-char-0)
ultimately have ⟨infinite (act- $\omega$ ext (AOT-term-of-var G))⟩
  by simp
AOT-thus ⟨ $p \& \neg p$ ⟩ for  $p$  using finite by blast
qed
then AOT-obtain  $x$  where  $x$ -prop: ⟨ $O!x \& \neg \mathcal{A}[G]x$ ⟩
  using  $\exists E[rotated]$  by blast
AOT-hence ⟨ $\Diamond E!x$ ⟩
  by (metis betaC:1:a con-dis-i-e:2:a AOT-sem-ordinary)
moreover AOT-have ⟨ $\Box \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E x)$ ⟩
proof(safe intro!: RN GEN → I)
AOT-modally-strict {
  fix  $y$ 
  AOT-assume ⟨ $O!y$ ⟩
  AOT-assume  $\theta$ : ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[G]y$ ⟩
  AOT-show ⟨ $y \neq_E x$ ⟩
  proof (safe intro!: thm-neg=E[THEN ≡ E(2)] raa-cor:2)
    AOT-assume ⟨ $y =_E x$ ⟩
    AOT-hence ⟨ $y = x$ ⟩
      by (metis =E-simple:2 vdash-properties:10)
    hence ⟨ $y = x$ ⟩
      by (simp add: AOT-sem-eq AOT-term-of-var-inject)
    AOT-hence ⟨ $\neg \mathcal{A}[G]y$ ⟩
      using  $x$ -prop &  $E$  AOT-sem-not AOT-sem-act by metis
    AOT-thus ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[G]y \& \neg \mathcal{A}[G]y$ ⟩
      using  $\theta \& I$  by blast
  qed
}
qed
ultimately AOT-have ⟨ $\Diamond (\forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E x) \& E!x)$ ⟩
  using KBasic:16[THEN → E, OF & I] by blast
AOT-hence ⟨ $\Diamond (E!x \& \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E x))$ ⟩
  by (AOT-subst ⟨ $E!x \& \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E x)$ ⟩ ⟨ $\forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E x) \& E!x$ ⟩)
    (auto simp: oth-class-taut:2:a)
AOT-hence ⟨ $\exists y \Diamond (E!y \& \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E y))$ ⟩
  using  $\exists I$  by fast
AOT-thus ⟨ $\Diamond \exists y (E!y \& \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E y))$ ⟩
  using CBF $\Diamond$ [THEN → E] by fast
qed
} qed

AOT-theorem modal-lemma:
⟨ $\Diamond \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E v) \rightarrow \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E v)$ ⟩
proof(safe intro!: → I Ordinary.GEN)
AOT-modally-strict {
  fix  $u$ 
  AOT-assume act- $Gu$ : ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[G]u$ ⟩
  AOT-have ⟨ $\forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E v) \rightarrow u \neq_E v$ ⟩
  proof(rule → I)
    AOT-assume ⟨ $\forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E v)$ ⟩
    AOT-hence ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E v$ ⟩
      using Ordinary.∀ E by fast
    AOT-thus ⟨ $u \neq_E v$ ⟩
      using act- $Gu \rightarrow E$  by blast
  qed
} note  $\theta =$  this
AOT-have  $\vartheta$ : ⟨ $\Box (\forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E v) \rightarrow u \neq_E v)$ ⟩ if ⟨ $\Box \mathcal{A}[G]u$ ⟩ for  $u$ 
proof –

```

```

AOT-have  $\langle \Box \mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow \Box(\forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E v) \rightarrow u \neq_E v) \rangle$ 
  apply (rule RM) using 0 &  $E \rightarrow I$  by blast
  thus ?thesis using that  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
qed
fix u
AOT-assume 1:  $\langle \Diamond \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E v) \rangle$ 
AOT-assume  $\langle \mathcal{A}[G]u \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \Box \mathcal{A}[G]u \rangle$ 
  by (metis Act-Basic:6  $\equiv E(1)$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle \Box(\forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E v) \rightarrow u \neq_E v) \rangle$ 
  using Ordinary. $\psi$  0 by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond u \neq_E v \rangle$ 
  using 1  $K\Diamond[THEN \rightarrow E, THEN \rightarrow E]$  by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle u \neq_E v \rangle$ 
  by (metis id-nec4:2  $\equiv E(1)$ )
qed

```

```

AOT-theorem th-succ:  $\langle \forall n \exists !m [\mathbb{P}]nm \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!: Number.GEN  $\rightarrow I$  uniqueness:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
  fix n
  AOT-have  $\langle \text{NaturalCardinal}(n) \rangle$ 
    by (metis nat-card Number. $\psi \rightarrow E$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists G(n = \#G) \rangle$ 
    by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E$  card)
  then AOT-obtain G where n-num-G:  $\langle n = \#G \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists n (n = \#G) \rangle$ 
    by (rule Number. $\exists I$ )
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond \exists y ([E!]y \& \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E y)) \rangle$ 
    using modal-axiom[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists y \Diamond ([E!]y \& \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E y)) \rangle$ 
    using BF $\Diamond[THEN \rightarrow E]$  by auto
  then AOT-obtain y where  $\langle \Diamond ([E!]y \& \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E y)) \rangle$ 
    using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond E!y \rangle$  and 2:  $\langle \Diamond \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E y) \rangle$ 
    using KBasic2:3 &  $E \rightarrow E$  by blast+
  AOT-hence Oy:  $\langle O!y \rangle$ 
    by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2 intro: AOT-ordinary[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I(2)$ ])
  AOT-have 0:  $\langle \forall u (\mathcal{A}[G]u \rightarrow u \neq_E y) \rangle$ 
    using 2 modal-lemma[unconstrain v, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF Oy, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by simp
  AOT-have 1:  $\langle [\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x \vee x =_E y] \downarrow \rangle$ 
    by cqt:2
  AOT-obtain b where b-prop:  $\langle \text{Numbers}(b, [\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x \vee x =_E y]) \rangle$ 
    using num:1[unverify G, OF 1]  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-have Pnb:  $\langle [\mathbb{P}]nb \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!: pred-thm:3[THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ])
   $\exists I(1)[\text{where } \tau = \langle \langle [\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x \vee x =_E y] \rangle \rangle]$ 
   $1 \exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta = y] \& I Oy \text{ b-prop}$ 
AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x \vee x =_E y]y \rangle$ 
  by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C(1)$  cqt:2  $\vee I(2)$ 
    ord=Equiv:1[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF Oy])
next
AOT-have equinum:  $\langle [\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x \vee x =_E y]^{-y} \approx_E [\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x] \rangle$ 
proof(rule apE-eqE:1[unverify F G, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ];
  (cqt:2[lambda] | rule F-u[den][unverify F]; cqt:2[lambda])?)
AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x \vee x =_E y]^{-y} \equiv_E [\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x] \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!: eqE[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] & I F-u[den][unverify F]
  Ordinary.GEN  $\rightarrow I$ ; cqt:2?)
fix u
AOT-have  $\langle [[\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x \vee [(=_E)xy]^{-y}]u \equiv ([\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x \vee x =_E y]u) \& u \neq_E y] \rangle$ 
  apply (rule F-u[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I(1)$ ][where  $\tau_1\tau_n = \langle (\cdot, \cdot) \rangle$ , simplified]; cqt:2?)
  by (rule beta-C-cor:2[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN  $\forall E(2)$ ]; cqt:2)
  also AOT-have  $\langle \dots \equiv (\mathcal{A}[G]u \vee u =_E y) \& u \neq_E y \rangle$ 

```

```

apply (AOT-subst ⟨[ $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x \vee [=_E]xy]u$ ⟩ ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[G]u \vee u =_E y$ ⟩)
  apply (rule beta-C-cor:2[THEN →E, THEN ∀E(2)]; cqt:2)
  using oth-class-taut:3:a by blast
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡  $\mathcal{A}[G]u$ ⟩
proof(safe intro!: ≡I →I)
  AOT-assume ⟨( $\mathcal{A}[G]u \vee u =_E y$ ) &  $u \neq_E y$ ⟩
  AOT-thus ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[G]u$ ⟩
    by (metis &E(1) &E(2) ∨E(3) ≡E(1) thm-neg=E)
next
  AOT-assume ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[G]u$ ⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨ $u \neq_E y$ ⟩ and ⟨ $\mathcal{A}[G]u \vee u =_E y$ ⟩
    using 0[THEN ∀E(2), THEN →E, OF Ordinary. $\psi$ , THEN →E]
      ∨I by blast+
  AOT-thus ⟨( $\mathcal{A}[G]u \vee u =_E y$ ) &  $u \neq_E y$ ⟩
    using &I by simp
qed
also AOT-have ⟨... ≡ [ $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x$ ]u⟩
  by (rule beta-C-cor:2[THEN →E, THEN ∀E(2), symmetric]; cqt:2)
  finally AOT-show ⟨[ $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x \vee [=_E]xy]^{-y}u$ ⟩ ≡ [ $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x$ ]u.
qed
qed
AOT-have 2: ⟨[ $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x$ ]↓ by cqt:2[lambda]
AOT-show ⟨Numbers(n, [ $\lambda x \mathcal{A}[G]x \vee x =_E y$ ]-y)⟩
  using num-tran:1[unvarify G H, OF 2, OF F-u[den][unvarify F, OF 1],
    THEN →E, OF equinum, THEN ≡E(2),
    OF eq-num:2[THEN ≡E(2), OF n-num-G]].
qed
AOT-show ⟨ $\exists \alpha ([\mathbb{N}]\alpha \& [\mathbb{P}]n\alpha \& \forall \beta ([\mathbb{N}]\beta \& [\mathbb{P}]n\beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha))$ ⟩
proof(safe intro!:  $\exists I(2)[\text{where } \beta=b] \& I Pnb \rightarrow I \text{ GEN}$ )
  AOT-show ⟨ $[\mathbb{N}]b$ ⟩ using suc-num:1[THEN →E, OF Pnb].
next
  fix y
  AOT-assume 0: ⟨ $[\mathbb{N}]y \& [\mathbb{P}]ny$ ⟩
  AOT-show ⟨ $y = b$ ⟩
    apply (rule pred-func:1[THEN →E])
    using 0[THEN &E(2)] Pnb &I by blast
qed
qed

```

AOT-define Successor :: ⟨ $\tau \Rightarrow \kappa_s$ ⟩ (⟨-''⟩ [100] 100)
def-suc: ⟨ $n' =_{df} \iota m([\mathbb{P}]nm)$ ⟩

Note: not explicitly in PLM

AOT-theorem def-suc[den1]: ⟨ $\iota m([\mathbb{P}]nm)$ ↓
using *A-Exists:2 RA[2]* ≡*E*(2) *th-succ[THEN Number.∀ E]* **by** *blast*

Note: not explicitly in PLM

AOT-theorem def-suc[den2]: shows ⟨ n' ↓
by (*rule def-suc[THEN =_{df} I(1)]*)
 (*auto simp: def-suc[den1]*)

AOT-theorem suc-eq-desc: ⟨ $n' = \iota m([\mathbb{P}]nm)$ ⟩
by (*rule def-suc[THEN =_{df} I(1)]*)
 (*auto simp: def-suc[den1] rule=I:1*)

AOT-theorem suc-fact: ⟨ $n = m \rightarrow n' = m'$ ⟩
proof (*rule →I*)

AOT-assume 0: ⟨ $n = m$ ⟩
AOT-show ⟨ $n' = m'$ ⟩
apply (*rule rule=E[rotated, OF 0]*)
by (*rule =I(1)[OF def-suc[den2]]*)

qed

AOT-theorem *ind-gnd*: $\langle m = 0 \vee \exists n(m = n') \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle [[\mathbb{P}]^+]0m \rangle$

using *Number.* $\psi \equiv E(1)$ *nnumber:3* **by** *blast*

AOT-hence $\langle [[\mathbb{P}]^*]0m \vee 0 =_{\mathbb{P}} m \rangle$

using *assume1:5[unverify x, OF zero:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$]* **by** *blast*

moreover {

AOT-assume $\langle [[\mathbb{P}]^*]0m \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \exists z ([[\mathbb{P}]^+]0z \& [\mathbb{P}]zm) \rangle$

using *w-ances-her:7[unconstrain R, unverify β x, OF zero:2, OF pred-thm:2, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF pred-1-1:4, THEN $\rightarrow E$]*

by *blast*

then AOT-obtain *z* **where** $\vartheta: \langle [[\mathbb{P}]^+]0z \rangle$ **and** $\xi: \langle [\mathbb{P}]zm \rangle$

using $\&E \exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*

AOT-have *Nz: $\langle [\mathbb{N}]z \rangle$*

using $\vartheta \equiv E(2)$ *nnumber:3* **by** *blast*

moreover AOT-have $\langle m = z' \rangle$

proof (*rule def-suc[THEN $=_{df} I(1)$];*

safe intro! *def-suc[den1][unconstrain n, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF Nz]*

nec-hintikka-scheme[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] $\&I$

GEN $\rightarrow I$ Act-Basic:2[THEN $\equiv E(2)$])

AOT-show $\langle \mathcal{A}[\mathbb{N}]m \rangle$ **using** *Number.* ψ

by (*meson mod-col-num:1 nec-imp-act $\rightarrow E$*)

next

AOT-show $\langle \mathcal{A}[\mathbb{P}]zm \rangle$ **using** ξ

by (*meson nec-imp-act pred-1-1:1 $\rightarrow E$*)

next

fix *y*

AOT-assume $\langle \mathcal{A}([\mathbb{N}]y \& [\mathbb{P}]zy) \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}[\mathbb{N}]y \rangle$ **and** $\langle \mathcal{A}[\mathbb{P}]zy \rangle$

using *Act-Basic:2 &E $\equiv E(1)$ by blast+*

AOT-hence $\langle 0: \langle [\mathbb{P}]zy \rangle$

by (*metis RN $\equiv E(1)$ pred-1-1:1 sc-eq-fur:2 $\rightarrow E$*)

AOT-thus $\langle y = m \rangle$

using *pred-func:1[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I]* ξ **by** *metis*

qed

ultimately AOT-have $\langle [\mathbb{N}]z \& m = z' \rangle$

by (*rule &I*)

AOT-hence $\langle \exists n m = n' \rangle$

by (*rule $\exists I$*)

hence *?thesis*

by (*rule $\vee I$*)

}

moreover {

AOT-assume $\langle 0 =_{\mathbb{P}} m \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle 0 = m \rangle$

using *id-R-thm:3[unconstrain R, unverify β x, OF zero:2, OF pred-thm:2, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF pred-1-1:4, THEN $\rightarrow E$]*

by *auto*

hence *?thesis* **using** *id-sym $\vee I$* **by** *blast*

}

ultimately show *?thesis*

by (*metis $\vee E(2)$ raa-cor:1*)

qed

AOT-theorem *suc-thm*: $\langle [\mathbb{P}]n n' \rangle$

proof –

AOT-obtain *x* **where** *m-is-n: $\langle x = n' \rangle$*

using *free-thms:1[THEN $\equiv E(1)$, OF def-suc[den2]]*

using $\exists E$ **by** *metis*

```

AOT-have < $\mathcal{A}([\mathbb{N}]n' \& [\mathbb{P}]n n')$ >
  apply (rule rule=E[rotated, OF suc-eq-desc[symmetric]])
  apply (rule actual-desc:4[THEN →E])
  by (simp add: def-suc[den1])
AOT-hence < $\mathcal{A}[\mathbb{N}]n'$ > and < $\mathcal{A}[\mathbb{P}]n n'$ >
  using Act-Basic:2 ≡E(1) &E by blast+
AOT-hence < $\mathcal{A}[\mathbb{P}]nx$ >
  using m-is-n[symmetric] rule=E by fast+
AOT-hence < $\mathbb{P}nx$ >
  by (metis RN ≡E(1) pred-1-1:1 sc-eq-fur:2 →E)
  thus ?thesis
  using m-is-n rule=E by fast
qed

```

```

AOT-define Numeral1 :: < $\kappa_s$ > (<1>)
  numerals:1: <1 =df 0'>

```

```

AOT-theorem prec-facts:1: < $[\mathbb{P}]0 1$ >
  by (auto intro: numerals:1[THEN rule-id-df:2:b[zero],
    OF def-suc[den2][unconstrain n, unverify β,
    OF zero:2, THEN →E, OF 0-n]],
    suc-thm[unconstrain n, unverify β, OF zero:2,
    THEN →E, OF 0-n])

```

```

AOT-define Finite :: < $\tau \Rightarrow \varphi$ > (< $\text{Finite}'(-)$ >)
  inf-card:1: < $\text{Finite}(x) \equiv_{df} \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \& [\mathbb{N}]x$ >
AOT-define Infinite :: < $\tau \Rightarrow \varphi$ > (< $\text{Infinite}'(-)$ >)
  inf-card:2: < $\text{Infinite}(x) \equiv_{df} \text{NaturalCardinal}(x) \& \neg \text{Finite}(x)$ >

```

```

AOT-theorem inf-card-exist:1: < $\text{NaturalCardinal}(\#O!)$ >
  by (safe intro!: card[THEN ≡df I] ∃I(1)[where τ=«O!»] =I
    num-def:2[unverify G] oa-exist:1)

```

```

AOT-theorem inf-card-exist:2: < $\text{Infinite}(\#O!)$ >
  proof (safe intro!: inf-card:2[THEN ≡df I] &I inf-card-exist:1)
    AOT-show < $\neg \text{Finite}(\#O!)$ >
    proof(rule raa-cor:2)
      AOT-assume < $\text{Finite}(\#O!)$ >
      AOT-hence 0: < $[\mathbb{N}]\#O!$ >
        using inf-card:1[THEN ≡df E] &E(2) by blast
      AOT-have < $\text{Numbers}(\#O!, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}O!z])$ >
        using eq-num:3[unverify G, OF oa-exist:1].
      AOT-hence < $\#O! = \#O!$ >
        using eq-num:2[unverify x G, THEN ≡E(1), OF oa-exist:1,
          OF num-def:2[unverify G], OF oa-exist:1]
        by blast
      AOT-hence < $[\mathbb{N}]\#O! \& \#O! = \#O!$ >
        using 0 &I by blast
      AOT-hence < $\exists x ([\mathbb{N}]x \& x = \#O!)$ >
        using num-def:2[unverify G, OF oa-exist:1] ∃I(1) by fast
      AOT-hence < $\Diamond \exists y ([E!]y \& \forall u (\mathcal{A}[O!]u \rightarrow u \neq_E y))$ >
        using modal-axiom[axiom-inst, unverify G, THEN →E, OF oa-exist:1] by blast
      AOT-hence < $\exists y \Diamond ([E!]y \& \forall u (\mathcal{A}[O!]u \rightarrow u \neq_E y))$ >
        using BF◊[THEN →E] by blast
      then AOT-obtain b where < $\Diamond ([E!]b \& \forall u (\mathcal{A}[O!]u \rightarrow u \neq_E b))$ >
        using ∃E[rotated] by blast
      AOT-hence < $\Diamond [E!]b$ > and 2: < $\Diamond \forall u (\mathcal{A}[O!]u \rightarrow u \neq_E b)$ >
        using KBasic2:3[THEN →E] &E by blast+
      AOT-hence < $[\lambda x \Diamond [E!]x]b$ >
        by (auto intro!: β←C(1) cqt:2)

```

```

moreover AOT-have  $\langle O! = [\lambda x \diamond [E!]x] \rangle$ 
  by (rule rule-id-df:1[zero][OF oa:1]) cqt:2
ultimately AOT-have b-ord:  $\langle O!b \rangle$ 
  using rule=E id-sym by fast
AOT-hence  $\langle \mathcal{AO}!b \rangle$ 
  by (meson ≡E(1) oa-facts:7)
moreover AOT-have 2:  $\langle \forall u (\mathcal{A}[O!]u \rightarrow u \neq_E b) \rangle$ 
  using modal-lemma[unverify G, unconstrain v, OF oa-exist:1,
    THEN →E, OF b-ord, THEN →E, OF 2].
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle b \neq_E b \rangle$ 
  using Ordinary.∀ E[OF 2, unconstrain α, THEN →E,
    OF b-ord, THEN →E] by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \neg(b =_E b) \rangle$ 
  by (metis ≡E(1) thm-neg=E)
moreover AOT-have  $\langle b =_E b \rangle$ 
  using ord=Equiv:1[THEN →E, OF b-ord].
ultimately AOT-show  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for p
  by (metis raa-cor:3)
qed
qed

```

```

theory AOT-misc
imports AOT-NaturalNumbers
begin

```

14 Miscellaneous Theorems

```

AOT-theorem PossiblyNumbersEmptyPropertyImpliesZero:
   $\langle \diamond Numbers(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rightarrow x = 0 \rangle$ 
proof(rule →I)
  AOT-have  $\langle Rigid([\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$ 
  proof (safe intro!: df-rigid-rel:1[THEN ≡df I] &I cqt:2;
    rule RN; safe intro!: GEN →I)
    AOT-modally-strict {
      fix x
      AOT-assume  $\langle [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]x \rangle$ 
      AOT-hence  $\langle O!x \& x \neq_E x \rangle$  by (rule β→C)
      moreover AOT-have  $\langle x =_E x \rangle$  using calculation[THEN &E(1)]
        by (metis ord=Equiv:1 vdash-properties:10)
      ultimately AOT-have  $\langle x =_E x \& \neg x =_E x \rangle$ 
        by (metis con-dis-i-e:1 con-dis-i-e:2:b intro-elim:3:a thm-neg=E)
      AOT-thus  $\langle \Box[\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]x \rangle$  using raa-cor:1 by blast
    }
  qed
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box\forall x (Numbers(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rightarrow \Box Numbers(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z])) \rangle$ 
    by (safe intro!: num-cont:2[unverify G, THEN →E] cqt:2)
  AOT-hence  $\langle \forall x \Box(Numbers(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rightarrow \Box Numbers(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z])) \rangle$ 
    using BFs:2[THEN →E] by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle \Box(Numbers(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rightarrow \Box Numbers(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z])) \rangle$ 
    using ∀ E(2) by auto
  moreover AOT-assume  $\langle \diamond Numbers(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$ 
  ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \mathcal{A}Numbers(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$ 
    using sc-eq-box-box:1[THEN ≡E(1), THEN →E, THEN nec-imp-act[THEN →E]]
    by blast
  AOT-hence  $\langle Numbers(x, [\lambda z \mathcal{A}[\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]z]) \rangle$ 
    by (safe intro!: eq-num:1[unverify G, THEN ≡E(1)] cqt:2)
  AOT-hence  $\langle x = \#[\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z] \rangle$ 
    by (safe intro!: eq-num:2[unverify G, THEN ≡E(1)] cqt:2)
  AOT-thus  $\langle x = 0 \rangle$ 
    using cqt:2(1) rule-id-df:2:b[zero] rule=E zero:1 by blast
qed

```

AOT-define *Numbers'* :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle \text{Numbers}'''(-,-') \rangle)$
 $\langle \text{Numbers}'(x, G) \equiv_{df} A!x \& G \downarrow \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E G) \rangle$

AOT-theorem *Numbers'equiv:* $\langle \text{Numbers}'(x, G) \equiv A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E G) \rangle$
by (AOT-subst-def *Numbers'*)
(auto intro!: $\equiv I \rightarrow I \& I \ cqt:2 \ dest: \& E$)

AOT-theorem *Numbers'DistinctZeroes:*
 $\langle \exists x \exists y (\Diamond \text{Numbers}'(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \& \Diamond \text{Numbers}'(y, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \& x \neq y) \rangle$

proof –

AOT-obtain w_1 where $\langle \exists w w_1 \neq w \rangle$
using two-worlds-exist:4 PossibleWorld. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by fast
then AOT-obtain w_2 where distinct-worlds: $\langle w_1 \neq w_2 \rangle$
using PossibleWorld. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by blast

AOT-obtain x where $x\text{-prop}:$
 $\langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv w_1 \models F \approx_E [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$
using A-objects[axiom-inst] $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by fast

moreover AOT-obtain y where $y\text{-prop}:$
 $\langle A!y \& \forall F (y[F] \equiv w_2 \models F \approx_E [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$
using A-objects[axiom-inst] $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ by fast

moreover {
fix $x w$
AOT-assume $x\text{-prop}: \langle A!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv w \models F \approx_E [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$
AOT-have $\langle \forall F w \models (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$
**proof(safe intro!: GEN conj-dist-w:4[unvarify p q, OF log-prop-prop:2,
OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] $\equiv I \rightarrow I$)**
fix F
AOT-assume $\langle w \models x[F] \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \Diamond x[F] \rangle$
using fund:1[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(2)$,
OF PossibleWorld. $\exists I$] by blast
AOT-hence $\langle x[F] \rangle$
by (metis en-eq:3[1] intro-elim:3:a)
AOT-thus $\langle w \models (F \approx_E [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$
using x-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast

next

fix F
AOT-assume $\langle w \models (F \approx_E [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle x[F] \rangle$
using x-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN $\forall E(2)$, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] by blast
AOT-hence $\langle \Box x[F] \rangle$
using pre-en-eq:1[1][THEN $\rightarrow E$] by blast
AOT-thus $\langle w \models x[F] \rangle$
using fund:2[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$]
PossibleWorld. $\forall E$ by fast

qed

AOT-hence $\langle w \models \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$
using conj-dist-w:5[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] by fast

moreover {
AOT-have $\langle \Box [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z] \downarrow \rangle$
by (safe intro!: RN cqt:2)
AOT-hence $\langle w \models [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z] \downarrow \rangle$
using fund:2[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$,
THEN PossibleWorld. $\forall E$] by blast

}
moreover {
AOT-have $\langle \Box A!x \rangle$
using x-prop[THEN &E(1)] by (metis oa-facts:2 $\rightarrow E$)
AOT-hence $\langle w \models A!x \rangle$
using fund:2[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2,
THEN $\equiv E(1)$, THEN PossibleWorld. $\forall E$] by blast

}
ultimately AOT-have $\langle w \models (A!x \& [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z] \downarrow) \&$

```

 $\forall F (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]))$ 
using conj-dist-w:I[unverify p q, OF log-prop-prop:2,
OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ , OF &I] by auto
AOT-hence  $\langle \exists w w \models (A!x \& [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z] \downarrow \&$ 
 $\forall F (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z])) \rangle$ 
using PossibleWorld. $\exists I$  by auto
AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond(A!x \& [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z] \downarrow \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv F \approx_E [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z])) \rangle$ 
using fund:1[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \Diamond \text{Numbers}'(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$ 
by (AOT-subst-def Numbers')
}
ultimately AOT-have  $\langle \Diamond \text{Numbers}'(x, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$ 
and  $\langle \Diamond \text{Numbers}'(y, [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z]) \rangle$ 
by auto
moreover AOT-have  $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ 
proof (rule ab-obey:2[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ])
AOT-have  $\langle \Box \neg \exists u [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z] u \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!: RN raa-cor:2)
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-assume  $\langle \exists u [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z] u \rangle$ 
then AOT-obtain u where  $\langle [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z] u \rangle$ 
using Ordinary. $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle O!u \& u \neq_E u \rangle$ 
by (rule  $\beta \rightarrow C$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle \neg(u =_E u) \rangle$ 
by (metis con-dis-taut:2 intro-elim:3:d modus-tollens:1
raa-cor:3 thm-neg= $E$ )
AOT-hence  $\langle u =_E u \& \neg u =_E u \rangle$ 
by (metis modus-tollens:1 ord=Equiv:1 raa-cor:3 Ordinary. $\psi$ )
AOT-thus  $\langle p \& \neg p \rangle$  for p
by (metis raa-cor:1)
}
qed
AOT-hence nec-not-ex:  $\langle \forall w w \models \neg \exists u [\lambda z O!z \& z \neq_E z] u \rangle$ 
using fund:2[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
AOT-have  $\langle \Box([\lambda y p]x \equiv p) \rangle$  for x p
by (safe intro!: RN beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] cqt:2)
AOT-hence  $\langle \forall w w \models ([\lambda y p]x \equiv p) \rangle$  for x p
using fund:2[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ] by blast
AOT-hence world-prop-beta:  $\langle \forall w (w \models [\lambda y p]x \equiv w \models p) \rangle$  for x p
using conj-dist-w:4[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN  $\equiv E(1)$ ]
PossibleWorld. $\forall E$  PossibleWorld. $\forall I$  by meson

AOT-have  $\langle \exists p (w_1 \models p \& \neg w_2 \models p) \rangle$ 
proof(rule raa-cor:1)
AOT-assume 0:  $\langle \neg \exists p (w_1 \models p \& \neg w_2 \models p) \rangle$ 
AOT-have 1:  $\langle w_1 \models p \rightarrow w_2 \models p \rangle$  for p
proof(safe intro!: GEN  $\rightarrow I$ )
AOT-assume  $\langle w_1 \models p \rangle$ 
AOT-thus  $\langle w_2 \models p \rangle$ 
using 0 con-dis-i-e:1  $\exists I(2)$  raa-cor:4 by fast
qed
moreover AOT-have  $\langle w_2 \models p \rightarrow w_1 \models p \rangle$  for p
proof(safe intro!: GEN  $\rightarrow I$ )
AOT-assume  $\langle w_2 \models p \rangle$ 
AOT-hence  $\langle \neg w_2 \models \neg p \rangle$ 
using coherent:2 intro-elim:3:a by blast
AOT-hence  $\langle \neg w_1 \models \neg p \rangle$ 
using 1[ $\forall I p$ , THEN  $\forall E(1)$ , OF log-prop-prop:2]
by (metis modus-tollens:1)
AOT-thus  $\langle w_1 \models p \rangle$ 
using coherent:1 intro-elim:3:b reductio-aa:1 by blast
qed

```

ultimately AOT-have $\langle w_1 \models p \equiv w_2 \models p \rangle$ **for** p
by (*metis intro-elim:2*)
AOT-hence $\langle w_1 = w_2 \rangle$
using *sit-identity[unconstrain s, THEN $\rightarrow E$,
 $OF\ PossibleWorld.\psi[THEN\ world:1[THEN\ \equiv_{df} E],\ THEN\ \&E(1)],$
 $unconstrain\ s',\ THEN\ \rightarrow E,$
 $OF\ PossibleWorld.\psi[THEN\ world:1[THEN\ \equiv_{df} E],\ THEN\ \&E(1)],$
 $THEN\ \equiv E(2)]\ GEN\ by\ fast$]*
AOT-thus $\langle w_1 = w_2 \& \neg w_1 = w_2 \rangle$
using $=-infix\ \equiv_{df} E\ con-dis-i-e:1\ distinct-worlds\ by\ blast$
qed
then AOT-obtain p **where** θ : $\langle w_1 \models p \& \neg w_2 \models p \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-have $\langle y[\lambda y\ p] \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!: y-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN $\forall E(1)$, THEN $\equiv E(2)$] cqt:2*)
AOT-show $\langle w_2 \models [\lambda y\ p] \approx_E [\lambda z\ O!z \& z \neq_E z] \rangle$
proof (*safe intro!: cqt:2 empty-approx:1[unvarify F H, THEN RN,
 $THEN\ fund:2[unvarify\ p,\ OF\ log-prop-prop:2,\ THEN\ \equiv E(1)],$
 $THEN\ PossibleWorld.\forall\ E,$
 $THEN\ conj-dist-w:2[unvarify\ p\ q,\ OF\ log-prop-prop:2,$
 $OF\ log-prop-prop:2,\ THEN\ \equiv E(1)],$
 $THEN\ \rightarrow E]$
 $conj-dist-w:1[unvarify\ p\ q,\ OF\ log-prop-prop:2,$
 $OF\ log-prop-prop:2,\ THEN\ \equiv E(2)]\ \&I$)*
AOT-have $\langle \neg w_2 \models \exists u\ [\lambda y\ p]u \rangle$
proof (*rule raa-cor:2*)
AOT-assume $\langle w_2 \models \exists u\ [\lambda y\ p]u \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \exists x\ w_2 \models (O!x \& [\lambda y\ p]x) \rangle$
by (*metis conj-dist-w:6 intro-elim:3:a*)
then AOT-obtain x **where** $\langle w_2 \models (O!x \& [\lambda y\ p]x) \rangle$
using $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$ **by** *blast*
AOT-hence $\langle w_2 \models [\lambda y\ p]x \rangle$
using *conj-dist-w:1[unvarify p q, OF log-prop-prop:2,
 $OF\ log-prop-prop:2,\ THEN\ \equiv E(1),\ THEN\ \&E(2)]\ by\ blast$*
AOT-hence $\langle w_2 \models p \rangle$
using *world-prop-beta[THEN PossibleWorld. $\forall E$, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast*
AOT-thus $\langle w_2 \models p \& \neg w_2 \models p \rangle$
using $\theta[\text{THEN}\ \&E(2)]\ \&I\ by\ blast$
qed
AOT-thus $\langle w_2 \models \neg \exists u\ [\lambda y\ p]u \rangle$
by (*safe intro!: coherent:1[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2,
 $THEN\ \equiv E(2)]$)
next
AOT-show $\langle w_2 \models \neg \exists v\ [\lambda z\ O!z \& z \neq_E z]v \rangle$
using *nec-not-ex[THEN PossibleWorld. $\forall E$] by blast*
qed
qed
moreover AOT-have $\langle \neg x[\lambda y\ p] \rangle$
proof (*rule raa-cor:2*)
AOT-assume $\langle x[\lambda y\ p] \rangle$
AOT-hence $w_1 \models [\lambda y\ p] \approx_E [\lambda z\ O!z \& z \neq_E z]$
using *x-prop[THEN &E(2), THEN $\forall E(1)$, THEN $\equiv E(1)$]
 $prop-prop2:2\ by\ blast$*
AOT-hence $\neg w_1 \models \neg [\lambda y\ p] \approx_E [\lambda z\ O!z \& z \neq_E z]$
using *coherent:2[unvarify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN $\equiv E(1)$] by blast*
moreover AOT-have $w_1 \models \neg([\lambda y\ p] \approx_E [\lambda z\ O!z \& z \neq_E z])$
proof (*safe intro!: cqt:2 empty-approx:2[unvarify F H, THEN RN,
 $THEN\ fund:2[unvarify\ p,\ OF\ log-prop-prop:2,\ THEN\ \equiv E(1)],$
 $THEN\ PossibleWorld.\forall\ E,$
 $THEN\ conj-dist-w:2[unvarify\ p\ q,\ OF\ log-prop-prop:2,$
 $OF\ log-prop-prop:2,\ THEN\ \equiv E(1)],\ THEN\ \rightarrow E]$
 $conj-dist-w:1[unvarify\ p\ q,\ OF\ log-prop-prop:2,$
 $OF\ log-prop-prop:2,\ THEN\ \equiv E(2)]\ \&I$)**

```

fix u
AOT-have ⟨w1 ⊨ O!u
  using Ordinary.ψ[THEN RN,
    THEN fund:2[unverify p, OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN ≡E(1)],
    THEN PossibleWorld.∀ E] by simp
  moreover AOT-have ⟨w1 ⊨ [λy p]u
    by (safe intro!: world-prop-beta[THEN PossibleWorld.∀ E, THEN ≡E(2)]
      0[THEN &E(1)])
  ultimately AOT-have ⟨w1 ⊨ (O!u & [λy p]u)
    using conj-dist-w:1[unverify p q, OF log-prop-prop:2,
      OF log-prop-prop:2, THEN ≡E(2),
      OF &I] by blast
  AOT-hence ⟨∃x w1 ⊨ (O!x & [λy p]x)⟩
    by (rule ∃I)
  AOT-thus ⟨w1 ⊨ ∃u [λy p]u
    by (metis conj-dist-w:6 intro-elim:3:b)
next
AOT-show ⟨w1 ⊨ ¬∃v [λz O!z & z ≠E z]v
  using PossibleWorld.∀ E nec-not-ex by fastforce
qed
ultimately AOT-show ⟨p & ¬p⟩ for p
  using raa-cor:3 by blast
qed
ultimately AOT-have ⟨y[λy p] & ¬x[λy p]⟩
  using &I by blast
AOT-hence ⟨∃F (y[F] & ¬x[F])⟩
  by (metis existential:1 prop-prop2:2)
AOT-thus ⟨∃F (x[F] & ¬y[F]) ∨ ∃F (y[F] & ¬x[F])⟩
  by (rule ∨I)
qed
ultimately AOT-have ⟨◊Numbers'(x,[λz O!z & z ≠E z]) &
  ◊Numbers'(y,[λz O!z & z ≠E z]) & x ≠ y⟩
  using &I by blast
AOT-thus ⟨∃x∃y (◊Numbers'(x,[λz O!z & z ≠E z]) &
  ◊Numbers'(y,[λz O!z & z ≠E z]) & x ≠ y)⟩
  using ∃I(2)[where β=x] ∃I(2)[where β=y] by auto
qed

```

AOT-theorem restricted-identity:

```

⟨x =R y ≡ (InDomainOf(x,R) & InDomainOf(y,R) & x = y)⟩
by (auto intro!: ≡I →I &I
  dest: id-R-thm:2[THEN →E] &E
  id-R-thm:3[THEN →E]
  id-R-thm:4[THEN →E, OF ∨I(1), THEN ≡E(2)])

```

AOT-theorem induction': ⟨∀ F ([F]0 & ∀ n([F]n → [F]n') → ∀ n [F]n)⟩

proof(rule GEN; rule →I)

fix F n

AOT-assume A: ⟨[F]0 & ∀ n([F]n → [F]n')⟩

AOT-have ⟨∀ n∀ m([P]nm → ([F]n → [F]m))⟩

proof(safe intro!: Number.GEN →I)

fix n m

AOT-assume ⟨[P]nm⟩

moreover **AOT-have** ⟨[P]n n'⟩

using suc-thm.

ultimately **AOT-have** m-eq-suc-n: ⟨m = n'⟩

using pred-func:1[unverify z, OF def-suc[den2], THEN →E, OF &I]

by blast

AOT-assume ⟨[F]n⟩

AOT-hence ⟨[F]n'⟩

using A[THEN &E(2), THEN Number.∀ E, THEN →E] by blast

AOT-thus ⟨[F]m⟩

using m-eq-suc-n[symmetric] rule=E by fast

```

qed
AOT-thus < $\forall n[F]n$ >
  using induction[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF &I, OF A[THEN &E(1)]]
  by simp
qed

AOT-define ExtensionOf :: < $\tau \Rightarrow \Pi \Rightarrow \varphi$ > (< $\text{ExtensionOf}'(-,-')$ >
exten-property:1: < $\text{ExtensionOf}(x,[G]) \equiv_{df} A!x \& G\downarrow \& \forall F(x[F] \equiv \forall z([F]z \equiv [G]z))$ >

AOT-define OrdinaryExtensionOf :: < $\tau \Rightarrow \Pi \Rightarrow \varphi$ > (< $\text{OrdinaryExtensionOf}'(-,-')$ >
< $\text{OrdinaryExtensionOf}(x,[G]) \equiv_{df} A!x \& G\downarrow \& \forall F(x[F] \equiv \forall z(O!z \rightarrow ([F]z \equiv [G]z)))$ >

AOT-theorem BeingOrdinaryExtensionOfDenotes:
  < $\lambda x \text{ OrdinaryExtensionOf}(x,[G])$ >↓
proof(rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF &I])
  AOT-show < $[\lambda x A!x \& G\downarrow \& [\lambda x \forall F(x[F] \equiv \forall z(O!z \rightarrow ([F]z \equiv [G]z)))]x$ >↓
  by cqt:2
next
  AOT-show < $\square \forall x (A!x \& G\downarrow \& [\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \equiv \forall z (O!z \rightarrow ([F]z \equiv [G]z))))]x \equiv$ 
    < $\text{OrdinaryExtensionOf}(x,[G])$ >↓
  proof(safe intro!: RN GEN)
    AOT-modally-strict {
      fix x
      AOT-modally-strict {
        AOT-have < $[\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \equiv \forall z (O!z \rightarrow ([F]z \equiv [G]z)))]$ >↓
        proof (safe intro!: Comprehension-3[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] RN GEN
          → I ≡ I Ordinary.GEN)
        AOT-modally-strict {
          fix F H u
          AOT-assume < $\square H \equiv_E F$ >
          AOT-hence < $\forall u([H]u \equiv [F]u)$ >
            using eqE[THEN ≡df E, THEN &E(2)] qml:2[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ]
            by blast
          AOT-hence 0: < $[H]u \equiv [F]u$ > using Ordinary.∀ E by fast
          {
            AOT-assume < $\forall u([F]u \equiv [G]u)$ >
            AOT-hence 1: < $[F]u \equiv [G]u$ > using Ordinary.∀ E by fast
            AOT-show < $[G]u$ > if < $[H]u$ > using 0 1 ≡ E(1) that by blast
            AOT-show < $[H]u$ > if < $[G]u$ > using 0 1 ≡ E(2) that by blast
          }
          {
            AOT-assume < $\forall u([H]u \equiv [G]u)$ >
            AOT-hence 1: < $[H]u \equiv [G]u$ > using Ordinary.∀ E by fast
            AOT-show < $[G]u$ > if < $[F]u$ > using 0 1 ≡ E(1,2) that by blast
            AOT-show < $[F]u$ > if < $[G]u$ > using 0 1 ≡ E(1,2) that by blast
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
AOT-thus <(A!x & G↓ &  $[\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \equiv \forall z (O!z \rightarrow ([F]z \equiv [G]z)))]x$ )>≡
  < $\text{OrdinaryExtensionOf}(x,[G])$ >
  apply (AOT-subst-def OrdinaryExtensionOf)
  apply (AOT-subst < $[\lambda x \forall F (x[F] \equiv \forall z (O!z \rightarrow ([F]z \equiv [G]z)))]x$ >
    < $\forall F (x[F] \equiv \forall z (O!z \rightarrow ([F]z \equiv [G]z)))$ >)
  by (auto intro!: beta-C-meta[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] simp: oth-class-taut:3:a)
}
qed
qed

```

Fragments of PLM's theory of Concepts.

```

AOT-define FimpG :: < $\Pi \Rightarrow \Pi \Rightarrow \varphi$ > (infixl < $\Rightarrow$ > 50)
F-imp-G: < $[G] \Rightarrow [F] \equiv_{df} F\downarrow \& G\downarrow \& \square \forall x ([G]x \rightarrow [F]x)$ >

```

```

AOT-define concept :: < $\Pi$  ( $C!$ )>
concepts:  $\langle C! =_{df} A! \rangle$ 

AOT-register-rigid-restricted-type
Concept:  $\langle C!\kappa \rangle$ 
proof
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have  $\langle \exists x A!x \rangle$ 
  using o-objects-exist:2 qml:2[axiom-inst]  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
AOT-thus  $\langle \exists x C!x \rangle$ 
  using rule-id-df:1[zero][OF concepts, OF oa-exist:2] rule=E id-sym
  by fast
}
next
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-show  $\langle C!\kappa \rightarrow \kappa\downarrow \text{for } \kappa \rangle$ 
  using cqt:5:a[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , THEN &E(2)]  $\rightarrow I$ 
  by blast
}
next
AOT-modally-strict {
AOT-have  $\langle \forall x(A!x \rightarrow \Box A!x) \rangle$ 
  by (simp add: oa-facts:2 GEN)
AOT-thus  $\langle \forall x(C!x \rightarrow \Box C!x) \rangle$ 
  using rule-id-df:1[zero][OF concepts, OF oa-exist:2] rule=E id-sym
  by fast
}
qed

```

AOT-register-variable-names
Concept: c d e

AOT-theorem concept-comp:1: $\langle \exists x(C!x \& \forall F(x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$
using concepts[THEN rule-id-df:1[zero], OF oa-exist:2, symmetric]
 A-objects[axiom-inst]
 rule=E **by** fast

AOT-theorem concept-comp:2: $\langle \exists !x(C!x \& \forall F(x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$
using concepts[THEN rule-id-df:1[zero], OF oa-exist:2, symmetric]
 A-objects!
 rule=E **by** fast

AOT-theorem concept-comp:3: $\langle \iota x(C!x \& \forall F(x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \downarrow \rangle$
using concept-comp:2 A-Exists:2[THEN $\equiv E(2)$] RA[2] **by** blast

AOT-theorem concept-comp:4:
 $\langle \iota x(C!x \& \forall F(x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) = \iota x(A!x \& \forall F(x[F] \equiv \varphi\{F\})) \rangle$
using =I(1)[OF concept-comp:3]
 rule=E[rotated]
 concepts[THEN rule-id-df:1[zero], OF oa-exist:2]
 by fast

AOT-define conceptInclusion :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ (infixl \preceq 100)
con:1: $\langle c \preceq d \equiv_{df} \forall F(c[F] \rightarrow d[F]) \rangle$

AOT-define conceptOf :: $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle$ ($\langle ConceptOf'(-,-') \rangle$)
concept-of-G: $\langle ConceptOf(c,G) \equiv_{df} G\downarrow \& \forall F (c[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F]) \rangle$

AOT-theorem ConceptOfOrdinaryProperty: $\langle ([H] \Rightarrow O!) \rightarrow [\lambda x ConceptOf(x,H)] \downarrow \rangle$
proof(rule →I)
AOT-assume $\langle [H] \Rightarrow O! \rangle$
AOT-hence $\langle \Box \forall x([H]x \rightarrow O!x) \rangle$

```

using F-imp-G[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast
AOT-hence  $\square \square \forall x([H]x \rightarrow O!x)$ 
  using S5Basic:6[THEN  $\equiv_E (1)$ ] by blast
moreover AOT-have  $\square \square \forall x([H]x \rightarrow O!x) \rightarrow$ 
   $\square \forall F \forall G(\square(G \equiv_E F) \rightarrow ([H] \Rightarrow [F] \equiv [H] \Rightarrow [G]))$ 
proof(rule RM; safe intro!: →I GEN ≡I)
  AOT-modally-strict {
    fix F G
    AOT-assume 0:  $\square \forall x([H]x \rightarrow O!x)$ 
    AOT-assume  $\square G \equiv_E F$ 
    AOT-hence 1:  $\square \forall u([G]u \equiv [F]u)$ 
      by (AOT-subst-thm eqE[THEN ≡Df, THEN ≡S(1), OF &I,
        OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst],
        OF cqt:2[const-var][axiom-inst], symmetric])
    {
      AOT-assume  $[H] \Rightarrow [F]$ 
      AOT-hence  $\square \forall x([H]x \rightarrow [F]x)$ 
        using F-imp-G[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast
      moreover AOT-modally-strict {
        AOT-assume  $\forall x([H]x \rightarrow O!x)$ 
        moreover AOT-assume  $\forall u([G]u \equiv [F]u)$ 
        moreover AOT-assume  $\forall x([H]x \rightarrow [F]x)$ 
        ultimately AOT-have  $[H]x \rightarrow [G]x$  for x
          by (auto intro!: →I dest!: ∀ E(2) dest: →E ≡E)
        AOT-hence  $\forall x([H]x \rightarrow [G]x)$ 
          by (rule GEN)
      }
      ultimately AOT-have  $\square \forall x([H]x \rightarrow [G]x)$ 
        using RN[prem][where
           $\Gamma = \{ \forall x([H]x \rightarrow O!x), \forall u([G]u \equiv [F]u), \forall x([H]x \rightarrow [F]x) \}$ 
        using 0 1 by fast
      AOT-thus  $[H] \Rightarrow [G]$ 
        by (AOT-subst-def F-imp-G)
        (safe intro!: cqt:2 &I)
    }
    {
      AOT-assume  $[H] \Rightarrow [G]$ 
      AOT-hence  $\square \forall x([H]x \rightarrow [G]x)$ 
        using F-imp-G[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E by blast
      moreover AOT-modally-strict {
        AOT-assume  $\forall x([H]x \rightarrow O!x)$ 
        moreover AOT-assume  $\forall u([G]u \equiv [F]u)$ 
        moreover AOT-assume  $\forall x([H]x \rightarrow [G]x)$ 
        ultimately AOT-have  $[H]x \rightarrow [F]x$  for x
          by (auto intro!: →I dest!: ∀ E(2) dest: →E ≡E)
        AOT-hence  $\forall x([H]x \rightarrow [F]x)$ 
          by (rule GEN)
      }
      ultimately AOT-have  $\square \forall x([H]x \rightarrow [F]x)$ 
        using RN[prem][where
           $\Gamma = \{ \forall x([H]x \rightarrow O!x), \forall u([G]u \equiv [F]u), \forall x([H]x \rightarrow [G]x) \}$ 
        using 0 1 by fast
      AOT-thus  $[H] \Rightarrow [F]$ 
        by (AOT-subst-def F-imp-G)
        (safe intro!: cqt:2 &I)
    }
  }
qed
ultimately AOT-have  $\square \forall F \forall G(\square(G \equiv_E F) \rightarrow ([H] \Rightarrow [F] \equiv [H] \Rightarrow [G]))$ 
  using →E by blast
AOT-hence 0:  $\lambda x \forall F(x[F] \equiv ([H] \Rightarrow [F])) \downarrow$ 
  using Comprehension-3[THEN →E] by blast
AOT-show  $\lambda x \text{ConceptOf}(x, H) \downarrow$ 

```

```

proof (rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN →E, OF &I])
  AOT-show ⟨ $\lambda x \ C!x \ \& \ [\lambda x \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv [H] \Rightarrow [F])]x \downarrow$  by cqt:2
next
  AOT-show ⟨ $\square \forall x (C!x \ \& \ [\lambda x \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv [H] \Rightarrow [F])]x \equiv \text{ConceptOf}(x,H))$ ⟩
  proof (rule RN[prem][where  $\Gamma = \langle \{ \langle \lambda x \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv ([H] \Rightarrow [F])) \rangle \downarrow \} \rangle$ , simplified])
    AOT-modally-strict {
      AOT-assume 0: ⟨ $\lambda x \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv [H] \Rightarrow [F]) \downarrow$ ⟩
      AOT-show ⟨ $\forall x (C!x \ \& \ [\lambda x \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv [H] \Rightarrow [F])]x \equiv \text{ConceptOf}(x,H))$ ⟩
      proof (safe intro!: GEN  $\equiv I \rightarrow I \ \& I$ )
        fix x
        AOT-assume ⟨ $C!x \ \& \ [\lambda x \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv [H] \Rightarrow [F])]x \downarrow$ ⟩
        AOT-thus ⟨ $\text{ConceptOf}(x,H)$ ⟩
          by (AOT-subst-def concept-of-G)
          (auto intro!:  $\& I \ cqt:2 \ dest: \ \& E \ \beta \rightarrow C$ )
      next
        fix x
        AOT-assume ⟨ $\text{ConceptOf}(x,H)$ ⟩
        AOT-hence ⟨ $C!x \ \& \ (H \downarrow \ \& \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv [H] \Rightarrow [F]))$ ⟩
          by (AOT-subst-def (reverse) concept-of-G)
        AOT-thus ⟨ $C!x$  and ⟨ $\lambda x \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv [H] \Rightarrow [F])x \downarrow$ ⟩
          by (auto intro!:  $\beta \leftarrow C \ 0 \ cqt:2 \ dest: \ \& E$ )
        qed
      }
    next
      AOT-show ⟨ $\square [\lambda x \ \forall F (x[F] \equiv ([H] \Rightarrow [F]))] \downarrow$ ⟩
        using exist-nec[THEN →E] 0 by blast
      qed
    qed
  qed

```

AOT-theorem *con-exists:1*: ⟨ $\exists c \ \text{ConceptOf}(c,G)$ ⟩

```

proof –
  AOT-obtain c where ⟨ $\forall F (c[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F])$ ⟩
    using concept-comp:1 Concept.Ǝ E[rotated] by meson
  AOT-hence ⟨ $\text{ConceptOf}(c,G)$ ⟩
    by (auto intro!: concept-of-G[THEN ≡df I] &I cqt:2 Concept.ψ)
    thus ?thesis by (rule Concept.Ǝ I)
  qed

```

AOT-theorem *con-exists:2*: ⟨ $\exists !c \ \text{ConceptOf}(c,G)$ ⟩

```

proof –
  AOT-have ⟨ $\exists !c \ \forall F (c[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F])$ ⟩
    using concept-comp:2 by simp
  moreover {
    AOT-modally-strict {
      fix x
      AOT-assume ⟨ $\forall F (x[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F])$ ⟩
      moreover AOT-have ⟨ $[G] \Rightarrow [G]$ ⟩
        by (safe intro!: F-imp-G[THEN ≡df I] &I cqt:2 RN GEN →I)
      ultimately AOT-have ⟨ $x[G]$ ⟩
        using  $\forall E(?) \equiv E$  by blast
      AOT-hence ⟨ $A!x$ ⟩
        using encoders-are-abstract[THEN →E, OF Ǝ I(?)] by simp
      AOT-hence ⟨ $C!x$ ⟩
        using concepts[THEN rule-id-df:1[zero], OF oa-exist:2, symmetric]
          rule=E[rotated]
        by fast
    }
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by (AOT-subst ConceptOf(c,G) ⟨ $\forall F (c[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F])$ ⟩ for: c;
    AOT-subst-def concept-of-G)
    (auto intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I \ \& I \ cqt:2 \ Concept.ψ \ dest: \ \& E$ )

```

qed

AOT-theorem $\text{con_exists}:3: \langle \iota c \text{ ConceptOf}(c, G) \downarrow \rangle$
by (*safe intro!*: $A - \text{Exists}:2[\text{THEN } \equiv E(2)]$ $\text{con_exists}:2[\text{THEN } RA[2]]$)

AOT-define $\text{theConceptOfG} :: \langle \tau \Rightarrow \kappa_s \rangle (\langle \mathbf{c}_- \rangle)$
 $\text{concept_G}: \langle \mathbf{c}_G =_{df} \iota c \text{ ConceptOf}(c, G) \rangle$

AOT-theorem $\text{concept_G}[den]: \langle \mathbf{c}_G \downarrow \rangle$
by (*auto intro!*: $\text{rule_id_df}:1[\text{OF concept_G}]$
 $t=t_proper:1[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E]$
 $\text{con_exists}:3$)

AOT-theorem $\text{concept_G}[concept]: \langle C!\mathbf{c}_G \rangle$

proof –

AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A}(C!\mathbf{c}_G \& \text{ConceptOf}(\mathbf{c}_G, G)) \rangle$
by (*auto intro!*: $\text{actual_desc}:2[\text{unvarify } x, \text{ THEN } \rightarrow E]$
 $\text{rule_id_df}:1[\text{OF concept_G}]$
 $\text{concept_G}[den]$
 $\text{con_exists}:3$)

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}C!\mathbf{c}_G \rangle$

by (*metis Act-Basic*:2 $\text{con_dis_i_e}:2:a$ $\text{intro_elim}:3:a$)

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}A!\mathbf{c}_G \rangle$

using $\text{rule_id_df}:1[\text{zero}][\text{OF concepts}, \text{ OF oa_exist}:2]$
 $\text{rule}=E$ **by** *fast*

AOT-hence $\langle A!\mathbf{c}_G \rangle$

using $\text{oa_facts}:8[\text{unvarify } x, \text{ THEN } \equiv E(2)]$ $\text{concept_G}[den]$ **by** *blast*

thus $?thesis$

using $\text{rule_id_df}:1[\text{zero}][\text{OF concepts}, \text{ OF oa_exist}:2, \text{ symmetric}]$
 $\text{rule}=E$ **by** *fast*

qed

AOT-theorem $\text{conG_strict}: \langle \mathbf{c}_G = \iota c \forall F(c[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F]) \rangle$

proof (*rule id_eq*:3 [$\text{unvarify } \alpha \beta \gamma$, $\text{ THEN } \rightarrow E$])

AOT-have $\langle \Box \forall x (C!x \& \text{ConceptOf}(x, G) \equiv C!x \& \forall F (x[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F])) \rangle$

by (*auto intro!*: $\text{concept_of_G}:1[\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} I]$ $\text{RN GEN} \equiv I \rightarrow I \& I \text{ cqt}:2$
 $\text{dest: } \& E;$

$\text{auto dest: } \forall E(2) \equiv E(1,2) \text{ dest!: } \& E(2) \text{ concept_of_G}:1[\text{THEN } \equiv_{df} E]$)

AOT-thus $\langle \mathbf{c}_G = \iota c \text{ ConceptOf}(c, G) \& \iota c \text{ ConceptOf}(c, G) = \iota c \forall F(c[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F]) \rangle$

by (*auto intro!*: $\& I \text{ rule_id_df}:1[\text{OF concept_G}]$ $\text{con_exists}:3$
 $\text{equiv_desc_eq}:3[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E])$

qed(*auto simp*: $\text{concept_G}[den]$ $\text{con_exists}:3$ $\text{concept_comp}:3$)

AOT-theorem $\text{conG_lemma}:1: \langle \forall F(\mathbf{c}_G[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F]) \rangle$

proof (*safe intro!*: $\text{GEN} \equiv I \rightarrow I$)

fix F

AOT-have $\langle \mathcal{A} \forall F(\mathbf{c}_G[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F]) \rangle$

using $\text{actual_desc}:4[\text{THEN } \rightarrow E, \text{ OF concept_comp}:3,$
 $\text{THEN Act-Basic}:2[\text{THEN } \equiv E(1)],$
 $\text{THEN } \& E(2)]$

$\text{conG_strict}[\text{symmetric}] \text{ rule}=E$ **by** *fast*

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}(\mathbf{c}_G[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F]) \rangle$

using $\text{logic_actual_nec}:3[\text{axiom_inst}, \text{ THEN } \equiv E(1)] \forall E(2)$
 by *blast*

AOT-hence $0: \langle \mathcal{A}\mathbf{c}_G[F] \equiv \mathcal{A}[G] \Rightarrow [F] \rangle$

using $\text{Act-Basic}:5[\text{THEN } \equiv E(1)]$ **by** *blast*

{

AOT-assume $\langle \mathbf{c}_G[F] \rangle$

AOT-hence $\langle \mathcal{A}\mathbf{c}_G[F] \rangle$

by (*safe intro!*: $\text{en_eq}:10[1][\text{unvarify } x_1, \text{ THEN } \equiv E(2)]$)

```

concept-G[den])

AOT-hence <A[G] ⇒ [F]>
  using 0[THEN ≡ E(1)] by blast
AOT-hence <A(F↓ & G↓ & □∀x([G]x → [F]x))>
  by (AOT-subst-def (reverse) F-imp-G)
AOT-hence <A□∀x([G]x → [F]x)>
  using Act-Basic:2[THEN ≡ E(1)] & E by blast
AOT-hence <□∀x([G]x → [F]x)>
  using qml-act:2[axiom-inst, THEN ≡ E(2)] by simp
AOT-thus <[G] ⇒ [F]>
  by (AOT-subst-def F-imp-G; auto intro!: &I cqt:2)
}

{
AOT-assume <[G] ⇒ [F]>
AOT-hence <□∀x([G]x → [F]x)>
  by (safe dest!: F-imp-G[THEN ≡df E] & E(2))
AOT-hence <A□∀x([G]x → [F]x)>
  using qml-act:2[axiom-inst, THEN ≡ E(1)] by simp
AOT-hence <A(F↓ & G↓ & □∀x([G]x → [F]x))>
  by (auto intro!: Act-Basic:2[THEN ≡ E(2)] & I cqt:2
      intro: RA[2])
AOT-hence <A([G] ⇒ [F])>
  by (AOT-subst-def F-imp-G)
AOT-hence <AcG[F]>
  using 0[THEN ≡ E(2)] by blast
AOT-thus <cG[F]>
  by(safe intro!: en-eq:10[1][unvarify x1, THEN ≡ E(1)]
      concept-G[den])
}
qed

```

AOT-theorem *conH-enc-ord*:

```

<([H] ⇒ O!) → □∀F ∀G (□G ≡E F → (cH[F] ≡ cH[G]))>
proof(rule →I)
  AOT-assume 0: <[H] ⇒ O!>
  AOT-have 0: <□([H] ⇒ O!)>
    apply (AOT-subst-def F-imp-G)
    using 0[THEN ≡df E[O F-imp-G]]
    by (auto intro!: KBasic:3[THEN ≡ E(2)] & I exist-nec[THEN → E]
        dest: & E 4[THEN → E])
  moreover AOT-have <□([H] ⇒ O!) → □∀F ∀G (□G ≡E F → (cH[F] ≡ cH[G]))>
  proof(rule RM; safe intro!: →I GEN)
    AOT-modally-strict {
      fix F G
      AOT-assume <[H] ⇒ O!>
      AOT-hence 0: <□∀x ([H]x → O!x)>
        by (safe dest!: F-imp-G[THEN ≡df E] & E(2))
      AOT-assume 1: <□G ≡E F>
      AOT-assume <cH[F]>
      AOT-hence <[H] ⇒ [F]>
        using conG-lemma:1[THEN ∀E(2), THEN ≡ E(1)] by simp
      AOT-hence 2: <□∀x ([H]x → [F]x)>
        by (safe dest!: F-imp-G[THEN ≡df E] & E(2))
      AOT-modally-strict {
        AOT-assume 0: <∀x ([H]x → O!x)>
        AOT-assume 1: <∀x ([H]x → [F]x)>
        AOT-assume 2: <G ≡E F>
        AOT-have <∀x ([H]x → [G]x)>
        proof(safe intro!: GEN →I)
          fix x
          AOT-assume <[H]x>
          AOT-hence <O!x> and <[F]x>
            using 0 1 ∀ E(2) → E by blast+
      }
    }
  
```

```

AOT-thus <[G]x>
  using 2[THEN eqE[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ], THEN &E(2)]
     $\forall E(2) \rightarrow E \equiv E(2)$  calculation by blast
  qed
}
AOT-hence < $\square \forall x ([H]x \rightarrow [G]x)$ >
  using RN[prem][where  $\Gamma = \{\langle\forall x ([H]x \rightarrow O!x)\rangle,$ 
     $\langle\forall x ([H]x \rightarrow [F]x)\rangle,$ 
     $\langle G \equiv_E F \rangle\}$ , simplified] 0 1 2 by fast
AOT-hence < $[H] \Rightarrow [G]$ >
  by (safe intro!: F-imp-G[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] &I cqt:2)
AOT-hence < $\mathbf{c}_H[G]$ >
  using conG-lemma:1[THEN  $\forall E(2)$ , THEN  $\equiv E(2)$ ] by simp
} note 0 = this
AOT-modally-strict {
  fix F G
  AOT-assume < $[H] \Rightarrow O!$ >
  moreover AOT-assume < $\square G \equiv_E F$ >
  moreover AOT-have < $\square F \equiv_E G$ >
    by (AOT-subst < $F \equiv_E G$ > < $G \equiv_E F$ >)
    (auto intro!: calculation(2)
      eqE[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ]
       $\equiv I \rightarrow I \& I$  cqt:2 Ordinary.GEN
      dest!: eqE[THEN  $\equiv_{df} E$ ] &E(2)
      dest:  $\equiv E(1,2)$  Ordinary. $\forall E$ )
  ultimately AOT-show <(cH[F]  $\equiv$  cH[G])>
    using 0  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$  by auto
}
qed
ultimately AOT-show < $\square \forall F \forall G (\square G \equiv_E F \rightarrow (\mathbf{c}_H[F] \equiv \mathbf{c}_H[G]))$ >
  using  $\rightarrow E$  by blast
qed

```

AOT-theorem concept-inclusion-denotes-1:

$$\langle ([H] \Rightarrow O!) \rightarrow [\lambda x \mathbf{c}_H \preceq x] \downarrow \rangle$$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

- AOT-assume** 0: < $[H] \Rightarrow O!$ >
- AOT-show** < $[\lambda x \mathbf{c}_H \preceq x] \downarrow$ >
- proof**(rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I])
- AOT-show** < $[\lambda x C!x \& \forall F (\mathbf{c}_H[F] \rightarrow x[F])] \downarrow$ >
 by (safe intro!: conjunction-denotes[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I]
 Comprehension-2'[THEN $\rightarrow E$]
 conH-enc-ord[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF 0]) cqt:2

next

- AOT-show** < $\square \forall x (C!x \& \forall F (\mathbf{c}_H[F] \rightarrow x[F]) \equiv \mathbf{c}_H \preceq x)$ >
 by (safe intro!: RN GEN; AOT-subst-def con:1)
 (*auto intro!*: $\equiv I \rightarrow I \& I$ concept-G[concept] dest: &E)

qed

qed

AOT-theorem concept-inclusion-denotes-2:

$$\langle ([H] \Rightarrow O!) \rightarrow [\lambda x x \preceq \mathbf{c}_H] \downarrow \rangle$$

proof(rule $\rightarrow I$)

- AOT-assume** 0: < $[H] \Rightarrow O!$ >
- AOT-show** < $[\lambda x x \preceq \mathbf{c}_H] \downarrow$ >
- proof**(rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I])
- AOT-show** < $[\lambda x C!x \& \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \mathbf{c}_H[F])] \downarrow$ >
 by (safe intro!: conjunction-denotes[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF &I]
 Comprehension-1'[THEN $\rightarrow E$]
 conH-enc-ord[THEN $\rightarrow E$, OF 0]) cqt:2

next

- AOT-show** < $\square \forall x (C!x \& \forall F (x[F] \rightarrow \mathbf{c}_H[F]) \equiv x \preceq \mathbf{c}_H)$ >
 by (safe intro!: RN GEN; AOT-subst-def con:1)

```

(auto intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I \ \& \ I \ concept - G[concept] \ dest: \& E$ )
qed
qed

AOT-define ThickForm ::  $\langle \tau \Rightarrow \tau \Rightarrow \varphi \rangle (\langle FormOf'(-,-') \rangle)$ 
tform-of:  $\langle FormOf(x,G) \equiv_{df} A!x \ \& \ G \downarrow \ \& \ \forall F(x[F] \equiv [G] \Rightarrow [F]) \rangle$ 

AOT-theorem FormOfOrdinaryProperty:  $\langle ([H] \Rightarrow O!) \rightarrow [\lambda x FormOf(x,H)] \downarrow \rangle$ 
proof(rule  $\rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume 0:  $\langle [H] \Rightarrow [O!] \rangle$ 
  AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x FormOf(x,H)] \downarrow \rangle$ 
  proof (rule safe-ext[axiom-inst, THEN  $\rightarrow E$ , OF & I])
    AOT-show  $\langle [\lambda x ConceptOf(x,H)] \downarrow \rangle$ 
    using 0 ConceptOfOrdinaryProperty[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by blast
    AOT-show  $\langle \Box \forall x (ConceptOf(x,H) \equiv FormOf(x,H)) \rangle$ 
    proof(safe intro!: RN GEN)
      AOT-modally-strict {
        fix x
        AOT-modally-strict {
          AOT-have  $\langle A!x \equiv A!x \rangle$ 
          by (simp add: oth-class-taut:3:a)
          AOT-hence  $\langle C!x \equiv A!x \rangle$ 
          using rule-id-df:1[zero][OF concepts, OF oa-exist:2]
            rule=E id-sym by fast
        }
        AOT-thus  $\langle ConceptOf(x,H) \equiv FormOf(x,H) \rangle$ 
        by (AOT-subst-def tform-of;
            AOT-subst-def concept-of-G;
            AOT-subst  $\langle C!x \rangle \langle A!x \rangle$ )
        (auto intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I \ \& \ I \ dest: \& E$ )
      }
    qed
  qed
qed

AOT-theorem equal-E-rigid-one-to-one:  $\langle Rigid_{1-1}((=_E)) \rangle$ 
proof (safe intro!: df-1-1:2[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] &I df-1-1:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ]
  GEN  $\rightarrow I$  df-rigid-rel:1[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ] =E[denotes])
fix x y z
AOT-assume  $\langle x =_E z \ \& \ y =_E z \rangle$ 
AOT-thus  $\langle x = y \rangle$ 
  by (metis rule=E &E(1) Conjunction Simplification(2)
    =E-simple:2 id-sym  $\rightarrow E$ )
next
AOT-have  $\langle \forall x \forall y \Box (x =_E y \rightarrow \Box x =_E y) \rangle$ 
proof(rule GEN; rule GEN)
  AOT-show  $\langle \Box (x =_E y \rightarrow \Box x =_E y) \rangle$  for x y
  by (meson RN deduction-theorem id-nec3:1  $\equiv E(1)$ )
qed
AOT-hence  $\langle \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n \Box ((=_E)x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box (=_E)x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$ 
  by (rule tuple-forall[THEN  $\equiv_{df} I$ ])
AOT-thus  $\langle \Box \forall x_1 \dots \forall x_n ((=_E)x_1 \dots x_n \rightarrow \Box (=_E)x_1 \dots x_n) \rangle$ 
  using BF[THEN  $\rightarrow E$ ] by fast
qed

AOT-theorem equal-E-domain:  $\langle InDomainOf(x,(=_E)) \equiv O!x \rangle$ 
proof(safe intro!:  $\equiv I \rightarrow I$ )
  AOT-assume  $\langle InDomainOf(x,(=_E)) \rangle$ 
  AOT-hence  $\langle \exists y x =_E y \rangle$ 
  by (metis  $\equiv_{df} E$  df-1-1:5)
  then AOT-obtain y where  $\langle x =_E y \rangle$ 
  using  $\exists E[\text{rotated}]$  by blast
  AOT-thus  $\langle O!x \rangle$ 

```

```

using =E-simple:1[THEN ≡ E(1)] &E by blast
next
  AOT-assume ⟨O!x⟩
  AOT-hence ⟨x =E x⟩
    by (metis ord=Equiv:1[THEN → E])
  AOT-hence ⟨∃y x =E y⟩
    using ∃ I(2) by fast
  AOT-thus ⟨InDomainOf(x,(=E))⟩
    by (metis ≡df I df-1-1:5)
qed

AOT-theorem shared-urelement-projection-identity:
  assumes ⟨∀y [λx (y[λz [R]zx])]↓⟩
  shows ⟨∀F([F]a ≡ [F]b) → [λz [R]za] = [λz [R]zb]⟩
  proof(rule →I)
    AOT-assume 0: ⟨∀ F([F]a ≡ [F]b)⟩
    {
      fix z
      AOT-have ⟨[λx (z[λz [R]zx])]↓⟩
        using assms[THEN ∀ E(2)].
      AOT-hence 1: ⟨∀ x ∀ y (forall F ([F]x ≡ [F]y) → □(z[λz [R]zx] ≡ z[λz [R]zy]))⟩
        using kirchner-thm-cor:1[THEN → E]
        by blast
      AOT-have ⟨□(z[λz [R]za] ≡ z[λz [R]zb])⟩
        using 1[THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ∀ E(2), THEN →E, OF 0] by blast
    }
    AOT-hence ⟨∀ z □(z[λz [R]za] ≡ z[λz [R]zb])⟩
      by (rule GEN)
    AOT-hence ⟨□∀ z(z[λz [R]za] ≡ z[λz [R]zb])⟩
      by (rule BF[THEN → E])
    AOT-thus ⟨[λz [R]za] = [λz [R]zb]⟩
      by (AOT-subst-def identity:2)
      (auto intro!: &I cqt:2)
qed

AOT-theorem shared-urelement-exemplification-identity:
  assumes ⟨∀y [λx (y[λz [G]x])]↓⟩
  shows ⟨∀F([F]a ≡ [F]b) → ([G]a) = ([G]b)⟩
  proof(rule →I)
    AOT-assume 0: ⟨∀ F([F]a ≡ [F]b)⟩
    {
      fix z
      AOT-have ⟨[λx (z[λz [G]x])]↓⟩
        using assms[THEN ∀ E(2)].
      AOT-hence 1: ⟨∀ x ∀ y (forall F ([F]x ≡ [F]y) → □(z[λz [G]x] ≡ z[λz [G]y]))⟩
        using kirchner-thm-cor:1[THEN → E]
        by blast
      AOT-have ⟨□(z[λz [G]a] ≡ z[λz [G]b])⟩
        using 1[THEN ∀ E(2), THEN ∀ E(2), THEN →E, OF 0] by blast
    }
    AOT-hence ⟨∀ z □(z[λz [G]a] ≡ z[λz [G]b])⟩
      by (rule GEN)
    AOT-hence ⟨□∀ z(z[λz [G]a] ≡ z[λz [G]b])⟩
      by (rule BF[THEN → E])
    AOT-hence ⟨[λz [G]a] = [λz [G]b]⟩
      by (AOT-subst-def identity:2)
      (auto intro!: &I cqt:2)
    AOT-thus ⟨([G]a) = ([G]b)⟩
      by (safe intro!: identity:4[THEN ≡df I] &I log-prop-prop:2)
qed

```

The assumptions of the theorems above are derivable, if the additional introduction rules for the upcoming extension of *AOT-instance-of-cqt-2* $\varphi \implies [\lambda\nu_1\dots\nu_n \varphi\{\nu_1\dots\nu_n\}] \downarrow \in \Lambda_\square$ are explicitly allowed (while they are currently not part of the abstraction layer).

```

notepad
begin
  AOT-modally-strict {
    AOT-have  $\langle \forall R \forall y [\lambda x (y[\lambda z [R]zx]) \downarrow \rangle$ 
      by (safe intro!: GEN cqt:2 AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro-next)
    AOT-have  $\langle \forall G \forall y [\lambda x (y[\lambda z [G]x]) \downarrow \rangle$ 
      by (safe intro!: GEN cqt:2 AOT-instance-of-cqt-2-intro-next)
  }
end

end

```